## IEEE P802.18 Radio Regulatory Technical Advisory Group (RR-TAG)

Draft response to Ofcom's consultation: Expanding access to the 6 GHz band for commercial mobile and Wi-Fi services				
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This document contains a proposed response to UK Ofcom's consultation "Expanding access to the 6 GHz band for commercial mobile and Wi-Fi services".

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## **Consultation response form**

6 Please complete this form in full and return to <a href="mailto:sharingupper6ghz@ofcom.org.uk">sharingupper6ghz@ofcom.org.uk</a>

Consultation title	Consultation: Expanding access to the 6 GHz band for commercial mobile and Wi-Fi services
Full name	James Gilb
Contact phone number	N/A
Representing (delete as appropriate)	Organisation
Organisation name	IEEE 802 LAN/MAN Standards Committee
Email address	gilb_ieee@tuta.com

## 7 Confidentiality

- 8 We ask for your contact details along with your response so that we can engage with you on this
- 9 consultation. For further information about how Ofcom handles your personal information and your
- 10 corresponding rights, see Ofcom's General Privacy Statement.

Your details: We will keep your contact number and email address confidential. Is there anything else you want to keep confidential? Delete as appropriate.	Nothing
Your response: Please indicate how much of your response you want to keep confidential. Delete as appropriate.	None
For confidential responses, can Ofcom publish a reference to the contents of your response?	Yes

## 12 Your response

Question	Your response
Question 1: What interest do you have in deploying outdoor or standard power Wi-Fi or other licence exempt RLANs in the Lower 6 GHz band? Please provide details of the types of expected deployments.	Confidential – N  IEEE 802 LMSC is a leading consensus-based open standards development committee for networking standards that are used by industry globally. It produces standards for networking devices, including wired and wireless local area networks ("LANs" and "WLANs"), wireless specialty networks ("WSNs"), wireless

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Question	Your response	
	metropolitan area networks ("Wireless MANs"), and wireless regional area networks ("WRANs"). Technologies produced by implementers of our standards are a critical element for all networked applications today.	
	IEEE 802 LMSC is a committee of the IEEE Standards Association and of Technical Activities, two of the Major Organizational Units of the IEEE. IEEE has over 460,000 members in more than 190 countries and its core purpose is to foster technological innovation and excellence for the benefit of humanity. IEEE is also a major accredited standards development organization whose standards are recognized worldwide. In submitting this document, IEEE 802 LMSC acknowledges that other components of IEEE Organizational Units may have perspectives that differ from, or compete with, those of IEEE 802 LMSC <sup>1</sup> .	
	IEEE 802 LMSC is highly supportive of deploying and Standard Power (SP) Wi-Fi technology (based on IEEE 802.11 standards) in the lower 6 GHz band (i.e., 5925 MHz to 6425 MHz) under the control of Automated Frequency Coordination (AFC) system. There is a strong opportunity along with high market demand to extend high-capacity wireless broadband to a broad range of environments, both indoors and outdoors. Among others <sup>2</sup> , some important SP Wi-Fi deployments include the following:	
	- Enterprise and campus networks: Enabling robust, high-throughput indoor and outdoor networks for large corporate campuses, and smart city infrastructure.	
	- Rural and underserved areas: Bridging the digital divide by delivering reliable outdoor Wi-Fi service in areas where wired connectivity is limited.	
	- Automation in industries — Industry manufacturing, transportation, and logistics rely on Wi-Fi service for static and mobile robots used for production as well as supply chain and warehouse operations.	
Question 2: Are you interested in providing or developing AFC databases for use in the Lower 6 GHz band in the UK?	Confidential – N N/A	
<b>Question 3</b> : Do you have any views on the operational considerations of setting up and running AFC databases?	Confidential – N  IEEE 802 LMSC strongly believes that collaboration between AFC system operators, Wi-Fi equipment manufacturers and Ofcom is required for smooth operation	

<sup>1</sup> This document solely represents the views of IEEE 802 LMSC and does not necessarily represent a position of either IEEE or the IEEE Standards Association or IEEE Technical Activities.

<sup>2</sup> Relevant Wi-Fi use cases and deployments for 6 GHz. (https://www.hpe.com/uk/en/resource-library.html/restype/white-

protecting incumbent services.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Wi-Fi Alliance: 6 GHz AFC resources, Specifications, test plans, and training modules to enable implementation of the 6 GHz standard power devices under AFC system control (<a href="https://www.wi-fi.org/discover-wi-fi/6-ghz-afc-resources">https://www.wi-fi.org/discover-wi-fi/6-ghz-afc-resources</a>) [Accessed: 17 April 2025].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Wireless Innovation Forum: Specifications (https://oghz.wirelessinnovation.org/baseline-standards) [Accessed: 17 April 2025].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> 6 GHz Automated Frequency Coordination Systems Interference Reporting Portal (<a href="https://www.fcc.gov/ecfs/document/104180485219308/1">https://www.fcc.gov/ecfs/document/104180485219308/1</a>) [Accessed: 17 April 2025]

Question	Your response
	In anticipation of deployment of indoor SP access points and to improve interoperability with various client device types, IEEE 802.11 recently updated its sets of supported regulatory capability signaling <sup>6</sup> to distinguish indoor SP access points amongst other improvements and expansion in the regulatory signaling.
	Indoor SP mode of Wi-Fi operation is critical in delivering next generation consumer connectivity experiences, healthcare <sup>7</sup> and industry training via AR/VR/XR.
	Additionally, as indoor SP access points are operating indoors, they should be entitled to an additional Building Entry Loss (BEL) credit to be considered in an AFC System's calculation of spectrum availability and maximum permissible transmit power. FCC allows indoor SP operation and also considers BEL credit for such operation using waiver request. Hence, IEEE 802 LMSC recommends Ofcom to consider enabling indoor SP mode in its rules for the 6 GHz band.
Question 6: Do you have any comments on our proposal to use a "phased" approach, or on the alternative to wait for European harmonisation?	Confidential – N  IEEE 802 LMSC agrees with the phased approach because it benefits the UK consumer and businesses, by enabling immediate LPI Wi-Fi access to upper 6 GHz spectrum while European harmonisation discussions continue. By adopting a phased strategy proactively, the industry can accelerate investment in Wi Fi infrastructure, and ensure that consumer demand for faster, more reliable wireless connectivity is met. As an example, adoption of Wi-Fi in the upper 6 GHz band would promote deployment of Wi-Fi in wider bandwidths like 160 MHz and 320 MHz channels. With access to additional 320 MHz channels, Wi-Fi devices can build upon IEEE Std. 802.11az-20228 to offer sub-1 meter positioning accuracy, which results in new innovative use cases such as micro-targeting for retail and warehouse asset tracking. The availability of a greater number of channels at various channel widths (from 20 MHz to 320 MHz) will facilitate more modular and flexible deployments that allow scaled operation of services. Some examples include multi-layer operation,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See "IEEE Draft Standard for Information Technology -- Telecommunications and Information Exchange Between Systems Local and Metropolitan Area Networks -- Specific Requirements - Part 11: Wireless Local Area Network (LAN) Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) Specifications," in IEEE P802.11-REVme/D5.0, February 2024, vol., no., pp.1-6203, 18 March 2024.

2025]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See Wi-Fi Alliance: Wi-Fi Alliance® demonstrates the impact of 6 GHz Wi-Fi® for advanced AR/VR in healthcare (<a href="https://www.wi-fi.org/beacon/the-beacon/wi-fi-alliance-demonstrates-the-impact-of-6-ghz-wi-fi-for-advanced-arvr-in">https://www.wi-fi.org/beacon/the-beacon/wi-fi-alliance-demonstrates-the-impact-of-6-ghz-wi-fi-for-advanced-arvr-in</a>) [Accessed: 17 April 2025].

<sup>8</sup> IEEE Standard for Information Technology--Telecommunications and Information Exchange between Systems Local and Metropolitan Area Networks--Specific Requirements Part 11: Wireless LAN Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) Specifications Amendment 4: Enhancements for Positioning," in IEEE Std 802.11az-2022 (Amendment to IEEE Std 802.11-2020 as amended by IEEE Std 802.11ax-2021, IEEE Std 802.11ay-2021, IEEE Std 802.11ba-2021, and IEEE Std 802.11-2020/Cor 1-2022), vol., no., pp.1-248, 3 March 2023, doi: 10.1109/IEEESTD.2023.10058117.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Selected examples of frequency-band-agnostic new services and architectures include smart automation facilities, (<a href="https://community.hpe.com/t5/networking/hyper-aware-facilities-will-drive-the-future-of-smart-automation/ba-p/7219007">https://community.hpe.com/t5/networking/hyper-aware-facilities-will-drive-the-future-of-smart-automation/ba-p/7219007</a>) [accessed: 8 April

<sup>10</sup> See Plum Consulting's Wi-Fi spectrum requirements whitepaper, (<a href="https://plumconsulting.co.uk/wi-fi-spectrum-requirements/">https://plumconsulting.co.uk/wi-fi-spectrum-requirements/</a>) [Accessed: 17 April 2025].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> See Bundesnetzagentur für Elektrizität, Gas, Telekommunikation, Post und Eisenbahnen: Jahresbericht Telekommunikation 2023, 16 May 2024, (https://data.bundesnetzagentur.de/Bundesnetzagentur/SharedDocs/Mediathek/Berichte/2023/240515 JB TK 23 web barrierefrei.pdf) [Accessed: 17 April 2025]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> See Ofcom: Communications Market Report 2024, 18 July 2024, (https://www.ofcom.org.uk/phones-and-broadband/service-quality/communications-market-2024/) [Accessed: 17 April 2025] ("Seventy-one per cent of broadband connections were provided using fibre technologies at the end of 2023.")

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> See Bundesnetzagentur für Elektrizität, Gas, Telekommunikation, Post und Eisenbahnen: Press release of Jahresbericht Telekommunikation 2023, 16 May 2024, (<a href="https://www.bundesnetzagentur.de/SharedDocs/Pressemitteilungen/DE/2024/2024/0516\_JB\_TK2023.html?nn=659670">https://www.bundesnetzagentur.de/SharedDocs/Pressemitteilungen/DE/2024/2024/0516\_JB\_TK2023.html?nn=659670</a>) [Accessed: 17 April 2025] ("In 2023, a total data volume of around 132 billion GB was transmitted in fixed networks in Germany. This corresponds to an average data volume of around 287 GB per connection per month. Compared to 2022, the data volume transmitted in fixed networks in Germany increased by around 11 billion GB.") and ("According to surveys by the Federal Network Agency, the data volume transmitted via mobile networks in Germany in 2023 amounted to 9,118 million GB, compared to 6,714 million GB in 2022.")

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> See Arthur D Little: The evolution of data grow in Europe, (<a href="https://www.adlittle.com/en/insights/report/evolution-data-growth-europe">https://www.adlittle.com/en/insights/report/evolution-data-growth-europe</a>) [Accessed: 17 April 2025] ("We expect average fixed data consumption to grow from approximately 225 GB/month in 2022 to 900 GB/month per home by 2030, accounting for an overall annual growth rate of 20%, similar to past elevated levels.") and ("We expect Europe's mobile data consumption per user to continue growing in the coming years, increasing from the 2022 level of approximately 15 GB/month to 75 GB/month by 2030, creating an annual growth rate of 25%.")

experiences across the connected ecosystem.

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Commission, United States of America, 13 December 2024, Third Report and Order, Federal Communications

(https://docs.fcc.gov/public/attachments/FCC-24-125A1.pdf) [Accessed: 17 April 2025].

Submission

Improving spectrum for Wi-Fi: Spectrum use in the 5 GHz and access (https://www.ofcom.org.uk/siteassets/resources/documents/consultations/category-2-6-weeks/189812-improving-spectrum-access-for-wi-fi---spectrum-use-in-the-5-and-6-ghz-bands/associated-documents/6ghz-statement.pdf?v=325088) [Accessed: 17 April 2025].

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"high density" areas (such as urban

centres) to other bands?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> See Sharing and compatibility studies related to Wireless Access Systems including Radio Local Area Networks (WAS/RLAN) in the frequency band 5925-6425 MHz, (https://docdb.cept.org/download/1397) [Accessed: 17 April 2025]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> See Sharing and compatibility studies related to Wireless Access Systems including Radio Local Area Networks (WAS/RLAN) in the frequency band 6425-7125 MHz, (https://docdb.cept.org/download/4610) [Accessed: 17 April 2025]

Question	Your response
Question 23: Do you have any comments on our initial assessment of our likely approach to coexistence between future mobile use and current users in the Upper 6 GHz band?	Confidential – N N/A
Question 24: Do you have any other comments on our policy proposals or any of the issues raised in this document?	Confidential – N N/A

Please complete this form in full and return to <a href="mailto:sharingupper6ghz@ofcom.org.uk">sharingupper6ghz@ofcom.org.uk</a>

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