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**IEEE P802.18**  
**Radio Regulatory Technical Advisory Group (RR-TAG)**

Proposed Response to Japan’s Ministry of Internal Affairs and  
Communications for Frequency Realignment Action Plan (2023  
Edition)

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This document drafts a proposed response to the Japan MIC’s consultation “Frequency Realignment Action Plan (2023 Edition)”.

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5 Electronic filing

November 2, 2023

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7 Re: Consultation “Frequency Realignment Action Plan (2023 Edition)”

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9 Dear Radio Department, Radio Policy Division, Telecommunications Infrastructure Bureau,

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11 IEEE 802 LAN/MAN Standards Committee (LMSC) thanks Japan’s Ministry of Internal Affairs  
12 and Communications (MIC) for issuing the consultation that call for comments on “Frequency  
13 Realignment Action Plan (2023 Edition)” and for the opportunity to provide feedback.

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15 IEEE 802 LMSC is a leading consensus-based industry standards body, producing standards for  
16 wireless networking devices, including wireless local area networks (“WLANs”), wireless  
17 specialty networks (“WSNs”), wireless metropolitan area networks (“Wireless MANs”), and  
18 wireless regional area networks (“WRANs”). We also produce standards for wired Ethernet  
19 networks, and technologies produced by implementers of our standards are critical for all  
20 networked applications today.

21  
22 IEEE 802 LMSC is a committee of the IEEE Standards Association and Technical Activities, two  
23 of the Major Organizational Units of the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE).  
24 IEEE has about 400,000 members in over 160 countries. IEEE’s core purpose is to foster  
25 technological innovation and excellence for the benefit of humanity. In submitting this document,  
26 IEEE 802 LMSC acknowledges and respects that other components of IEEE Organizational Units  
27 may have perspectives that differ from, or compete with, those of IEEE 802 LMSC. Therefore,  
28 this submission should not be construed as representing the views of IEEE as a whole<sup>1</sup>.

29  
30 IEEE 802 LMSC follows Japan’s regulatory activities regarding radio local area networks  
31 (RLANs) and supports MIC proceedings on enabling Standard Power (SP) using Automatic  
32 Frequency Control (AFC) for spectrum sharing with fixed communication systems operating in  
33 5925 MHz to 7125 MHz and authorizing 6425 MHz to 7125 MHz for Very Low Power (VLP) and  
34 Low Power Indoor (LPI) modes of operation.

35  
36 IEEE 802 LMSC applauds and appreciates MIC’s progress in finalizing technical conditions on  
37 Client-to-Client (C2C) communications as well as the coverage for 320 MHz channel bandwidth  
38 in the 6 GHz band published in September 2023. In particular, IEEE 802 LMSC recognizes MIC  
39 for its global leadership in finalizing detailed technical specifications for C2C. As we stated in our  
40 filing in August 2023, C2C is critical to efficient spectrum utilization and enabling a diverse set of  
41 different Wi-Fi applications, use cases, industry segments and business models in the 6 GHz band  
42 (i.e., 5925 MHz to 7125 MHz) across the globe.

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44 Please find below IEEE 802 LMSC’s specific comments on this consultation focusing on the  
45 aspect of the consultation related to the 6 GHz band.

46  
47 **Target for Securing over 1 GHz of License Exempt Spectrum for Wi-Fi by the End of 2025**

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49 IEEE 802 LMSC applauds MIC’s progressive approach in committing to allocation of over 1 GHz  
50 of license exempt spectrum for Wi-Fi to enable 10 Gbps services by utilizing Wi-Fi 6 and Wi-Fi

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<sup>1</sup> This document solely represents the views of IEEE 802 LMSC and does not necessarily represent a position of either the IEEE or the IEEE Standards Association.

51 7 technologies, which are developed by IEEE 802 standards, in the 6 GHz band. MIC's  
52 commitment makes Japan along with the United States of America the global champions for low  
53 cost wireless connectivity.

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### 55 **6 GHz as a Priority Initiative**

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57 IEEE 802 LMSC appreciates MIC's identification of 6 GHz regulatory expansion as a priority  
58 initiative for the action plan and recognizes MIC's determination in the introduction and  
59 enablement of Wi-Fi 7 technology based on IEEE P802.11be [1] and spectrum sharing for SP  
60 operation using sharing mechanisms such as AFC to improve system coverage and system  
61 throughput performance.

62 Both the Wi-Fi 7 technology and the SP operation using AFC heavily rely on the availability of  
63 sufficient spectrum (e.g., of over 1 GHz) to accommodate multiple 160 MHz and 320 MHz  
64 channels. In the case of Wi-Fi 7, enterprise deployments and scaled deployment of advanced  
65 applications such as augmented reality (AR)/virtual reality (VR), for example in education and  
66 health industries require multiple 320 MHz channels to fully utilize the advantages of the  
67 technology. In the case of SP operation with an AFC system, without extending the band to upper  
68 6 GHz band (i.e., 6425 MHz to 7125 MHz) and considering limited spectrum availability from an  
69 AFC system, the channel bandwidth may be limited to 20 MHz for enterprise indoor and outdoor  
70 deployments. Please note that even with additional shared spectrum in the upper 6 GHz authorized  
71 for license exempt operation, only a part of the license exempt spectrum will be accessible at each  
72 location because of the AFC system frequency availability calculation.

73 Today, AFC technology is mature. AFC systems are going through detailed certification processes  
74 in the United States of America and Canada and SP deployments are imminent. Various chipset  
75 vendors and original equipment manufacturers (OEMs) have been demonstrating and promoting  
76 their Wi-Fi 7 products, some of which have already emerged in the market. IEEE 802 LMSC  
77 respectfully encourages MIC to finalize expansion of the 6 GHz band to the upper 6 GHz band,  
78 including the authorization of outdoor use for Wi-Fi operation.

79

### 80 **7025 MHz to 7125 MHz Band**

81 With regards to MIC's consideration of 7025 MHz to 7125 MHz band as related to the World  
82 Radiocommunications Conference 2023 (WRC 2023), IEEE 802 LMSC recommends allocation  
83 of the band to license exempt operation.

84

85 Full allocation of the 6 GHz band will enable Wi-Fi utilization of 7 x 160 MHz channels for indoor  
86 enterprise deployment with reuse pattern 7. In the case that the last 100 MHz is not available to  
87 Wi-Fi, such reuse pattern is not feasible in deployments.

88

89 With MIC's continued sharing studies for outdoor operation at 6425 MHz to 6570 MHz and 6870  
90 MHz to 7125 MHz (to accommodate presence of Field Pick-up Units (FPUs) and broadcast mobile  
91 services incumbent operation in the band), we understand that outdoor IMT operation will be even  
92 more challenging than that of Wi-Fi due to higher power transmission.

93

### 94 **Conclusion**

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96 IEEE 802 LMSC supports MIC's renewed commitment to allocation of over 1 GHz of license  
97 exempt spectrum and prioritization of the expansion of 6 GHz regulations enabling SP using AFC  
98 for spectrum sharing with fixed communication systems operated in 5925 MHz to 7125 MHz and  
99 authorizing 6425 MHz to 7125 MHz for VLP and LPI modes of operation. We respectfully request  
100 MIC to consider our comments listed in this response and hope that the new regulation will be  
101 enacted in a timely manner.

102  
103 Respectfully submitted

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105 By: /s/.  
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111 References:

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113 [1] "IEEE Draft Standard for Information technology--Telecommunications and information  
114 exchange between systems Local and metropolitan area networks--Specific requirements -  
115 Part 11: Wireless LAN Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY)  
116 Specifications Amendment: Enhancements for Extremely High Throughput (EHT)," IEEE  
117 P802.11be/D4.1, September 2023.