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Title	Clarification on power control for HR-MS to HR-MS direct communication over IEEE 802.16.1a
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Re:	"IEEE 802.16-12-400-00-Gdoc," in response to Letter Ballot Recirc #38b on P802.16.1a/D3
Abstract	Comments on power control for HR-MS to HR-MS direct communication in GRIDMAN Draft Standard
Purpose	To discuss and adopt the proposed text in the draft amendment document on GRIDMAN
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# Clarification on power control for HR-MS to HR-MS direct communication over IEEE 802.16.1a

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## 1. Introduction

This document provides clarification on the power control under HR-MS to HR-MS direct communication over IEEE 802.16.1a focusing on the removing unnecessary sentence and fixing typos.

## 2. References

- [1] IEEE 802.16-12-0132-00, GRIDMAN System Requirement Document including SARM annex, January 2012.
- [2] IEEE P802.16n<sup>TM</sup>/D3, Air Interface for Broadband Wireless Access Systems Draft Amendment: Higher Reliability Networks, June 2012.
- [3] IEEE P802.16.1a<sup>TM</sup>/D3, WirelessMAN-Advanced Air Interface for Broadband Access Systems Draft Amendment: Higher Reliability Networks, June 2012.
- [4] EEE P802.16Rev3/D6, IEEE Draft Standard for Local and metropolitan area networks; Part 16: Air Interface for Fixed and Mobile Broadband Wireless Access Systems," April 2012.
- [5] IEEE P802.16.1<sup>TM</sup>/D6, IEEE Draft for WirelessMAN-Advanced Air Interface for Broadband Wireless Access Systems, April 2012.

# 3. Proposed Text on the IEEE 802.16.1a Amendment Draft Standard

[------Start of Text Proposal------]

[Remedy: change section 6.12.2.2.2.3 (line #4, page 129 to line#13, page 131) in P802.16.1a/D3 as follows:]

## 6.12.2.2.3 Power control for mobile to mobile communications

## 6.12.2.2.3.1 Power control for at least one HR-MS associated with an HR-BS

The transmission power of a forwarding HR-MS transmitting data or control channels to another HR-MS is controlled by messages from the receiving HR MS that are derived from HR-BS-controls.

The HR-BS signals power control parameters to all HR-MS with active links. HR-MS may be instructed by the HR-BS to estimate path loss between HR-MSs. The receiver of data generates offset controls that are based on constraints or parameters, signaled from HR BS.

Cross link interference is handled by augmenting the PC to include SIR measured on crosslink resources. The same procedure is applied for BS-controlled FTN and BS-controlled direct communication.

Power control parameters that are generated by thean HR-BS are sent directly to both HR-MS provided both have a link to the HR-BS. When one of the HR-MSHR-MSs does not have a link to the HR-BS, then its power control parameters are transmitted by an HR-MS associating the HR-BS directly to the HR-MS having no link to the HR-BS signaled to the one that does. The associated HR-MS signals them to the forwarded HR-MS.

The operation of power control requires that measurements be performed by the forwarding and forwarded HR-MS.

#### 6.12.2.2.3.1.1 Power control for control channels

Power control is performed as in 6.3.8.4.2 except as detailed in this section.

Power control for control channels transmitted between HR-MS:

SINRTarget parameters are the same as those used per AAI-OFDMA. If the transmitting HR-MS is associated with the HR-BS then it receives them from HR-BS directly. If it is not, then the transmitting HR-MS shall receive them from the receiving HR-MS which in turn receives them from the HR-BS.

NI is generated by the transmitting HR-MS from an IoTIOT C value included in AAI-HR-PCC message described in <u>6.2.3.65.14</u> signaled to it from the receiving HR-MS.

Offset Offset C is a correction term derived by the receiving HR-MS based on Offset MIN FWD C and Offset<sub>MAX FWD C</sub> constraints, which are included in AAI-SCD message described in 6.2.3.31, signaled by the HR-BS on a modified AAI-SCD message such that

Offset<sub>MIN FWD C</sub>  $\leq \frac{\text{Offset} Offset}{C} \leq \text{Offset}_{MAX FWD C}$ .

A receiving HR-BSHR-MS that is directly associated with the HR-BS receives Offset<sub>MIN FWD C</sub> and Offset<sub>MAX FWD C</sub> from it. A receiving HR-BSHR-MS that is not directly associated with the HR-BS receives #Offset<sub>MIN FWD C</sub> and Offset<sub>MAX FWD C</sub> from the one HR-MS that is which in turn receives #Offset<sub>MIN FWD C</sub> and Offset<sub>MAX</sub> FWD C from the HR-BS.

#### 6.12.2.2.3.1.2 Power control for data channels

Power control is performed as in 6.3.8.4.3 except as detailed in this section.

Determination of target SINR follows a modified equation  $\frac{292}{303}$  as follows:

$$SINR_{Target} = 10\log_{10} \left[ \max \left( 10^{SINR_{MIN}(dB)} \right)_{10}, \gamma_{IoT}SIR_{DL} + \delta_{XL}SIR_{XL} - \alpha \right) \right] - 10\beta \log_{10} \left( (TNS) \right)$$

 Where the following descriptors <u>included in AAI-SCD message</u> are added <u>and rest parameters are described in 6.3.8.4.1</u>:

- $\delta_{\rm XL}$  is a fairness parameters for interference to other MS-MS transmissions, and
- SIR XL sent as DeltaXL X is the linear ratio of the signal to interference power as received by the power controlled MS, measured on HR-MS preamble of the HR-MS it is transmitting to.

Power control of data channels transmitted to the HR-BS

This case is applicable to any HR-MS in DC or FTN states if it transmits any data channels to the HR-BS. Power is

controlled as per AAI-OFDMA as modified by equation xxx where SIR <sub>XI</sub> is calculated on the HR-MS preamble. All control parameters are sent as per AAI-OFDMA other than as defined below:

 $\underline{\delta_{XL}}$  is also sent by the HR-BS on AAI-SCD as DeltaXL\_T.

Power control for data channels transmitted between HR-MS-

Power control parameters in equation xxx are sent to the forwarding HR-MS in AAI-SCD message in .  $\delta_{XI}$  is sent as DeltaXL\_X. If the transmitting HR-MS is associated with the HR-BS then it receives them from it directly. If it is not then the transmitting HR-MS shall receive them from the receiving HR-MS which in turn receives them from the HR-BS.

*M* is generated by the transmitting HR-MS from an <a href="IOT\_D">IoT\_D</a> value <a href="included in AAI-HR-PCC message described in 6.2.3.65.14">included in AAI-HR-PCC message described in 6.2.3.65.14</a> signaled to it from the receiving HR-MS.

Offset\_Offset\_D is a correction term derived by the receiving HR-MS based on Offset\_MIN\_FWD\_D and Offset\_MAX\_FWD\_D constraints, which are included in AAI-SCD message described in 6.2.3.31, signaled by the HR-BS on a modified AAI-SCD message such that

 $Offset_{MIN FWD D} \le \frac{Offset_{D}}{Offset_{D}} \le Offset_{MAX FWD D}$ 

A receiving HR-BSHR-MS that is directly associated with the HR-BS receives Offset<sub>MIN\_FWD\_C</sub>Offset<sub>MIN\_FWD\_D</sub> and Offset<sub>MAX\_FWD\_D</sub> from it. A receiving HR-BSHR-MS that is not directly associated with the HR-BS receives itOffset<sub>MIN\_FWD\_D</sub> and Offset<sub>MAX\_FWD\_D</sub> from the oneHR-MS that is which in turn receives itOffset<sub>MIN\_FWD\_D</sub> and Offset<sub>MAX\_FWD\_D</sub> from the HR-BS.

# 6.12.2.2.3.2 Forwarding of MAC messages to and from the HR-BS

A forwarding HR-MS shall forward power and measurement control and related messages from the HR-BS to the forwarded HR-MS and measurement results from the forwarded HR-MS to the HR-BS.

#### 6.12.2.2.3.3 Measurements used for HR-MS power control

The HR-BS may request HR-MS that have a direct link to other HR-MS to perform the following measurements and report their results. In addition the HR-BS may define conditions for event based reporting. The allowed conditions for event based reporting are the same as for the corresponding measurements performed on HR-BS signals.

Average CINR C mean is the average CINR of an HR-MS with which the reporting HR-MS has a direct communication link; RSSI-C mean is the received signal strength from the HR-MS. BLER C is the average BLER of a channel received from the HR-MS. 7 These measurements are requested and reported as described in 6.3.8.4. 9 [-------End of Text Proposal------] 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37