IEEE P802.15 Wireless Personal Area Networks

Project	IEEE P802.15 Working Group for Wireless Personal Area Networks (WPANs)							
Title	LB97 resolutions - Kivinen							
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Re:	LB97 resolutions							
Abstract	LB 97 resolutions to CIDs 1028, 1150, 1026, 1145, 1146, 1148, 1147, 1153, 1101, 1151, 1105, 1104, 1154, R41 and R42							
Purpose	LB97 resolutions							
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CID 1028

Robert	Verizon	313	9.2	16	Still need state machines for security flow	Provide state machine figures
Moskowitz						

Outbound state machine done, see CID 1150 for it. Inbound state machine done, see CIDs 1153, 1101, R41, R42 for it.

CID 1150

Tero Kivinen	INSIDE 313 Secure	9.2.1 37	Swap steps c) and b). There is no point of checking length of the data expansion length if we are not protecting the frame. See CID 565.	Swap steps c) and b).
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New version of the Outbound state machine:

The inputs to this procedure are the frame to be secured and the SecurityLevel, KeyIdMode, KeySource, and KeyIndex parameters from the originating primitive or automatic request PIB attributes. The outputs from this procedure are the status of the procedure and, if this status is SUCCESS, the secured frame.

The outgoing frame security procedure involves the following steps:

a) Do we need to secure the packet?

If the SecurityLevel parameter is zero, the procedure shall set the secured frame to be the frame to be secured and return with a status of SUCCESS.

b) Do we have security enabled?

If the *macSecurityEnabled* attribute is set to FALSE the procedure shall return with a status of UNSUPPORTED SECURITY.

c) Fetch the KeyDescriptor.

The procedure shall obtain the KeyDescriptor using the KeyDescriptor lookup procedure as described in 9.2.2 with the device addressing mode set to Destination Addressing Mode field, the device PAN ID set to Destination PAN Identifier field, and the device address set to Destination Address field. If that procedure fails, the procedure shall return with a status of UNAVAILABLE KEY.

d) Fetch frame counter.

If using TSCH mode, then ASN is used instead of frame counter, and this step is skipped. If the *FrameCounterPerKey* in the KeyDescriptor is set to FALSE, then the procedure shall set the frame counter to the *macFrameCounter* attribute, otherwise the procedure shall set the frame counter to the *KeyFrameCounter* of the KeyDescriptor. If the frame counter has the value 0xffffffff, the procedure shall return with a status of COUNTER ERROR.

e) Insert and fill auxiliary security header.

The procedure shall insert the auxiliary security header into the frame, with fields set as follows:

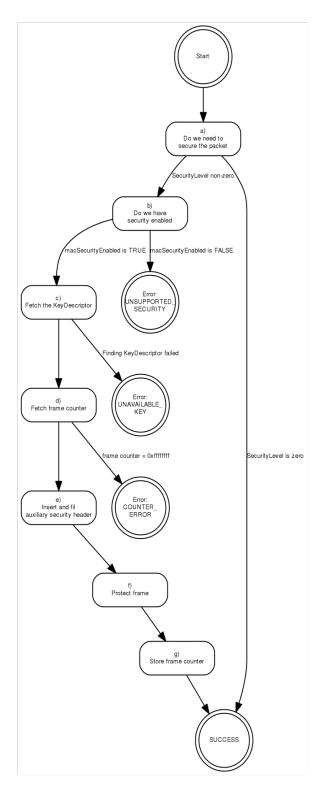
- 1) The Security Level field of the Security Control field shall be set to the SecurityLevel parameter.
- 2) The Key Identifier Mode field of the Security Control field shall be set to the KeyIdMode parameter.
- 3) If using TSCH mode Frame Counter Suppression field of the Security Control field is set to one, otherwise the Frame Counter field shall be set to the frame counter and Frame Counter Suppression field of the Security Control field is set to zero.
- 4) If the KeyIdMode parameter is set to a value not equal to zero, the Key Source and Key Index fields of the Key Identifier field shall be set to the KeySource and KeyIndex parameters, respectively.

f) Protect frame.

For frames specified in the Table 146, the Private Payload field and Open Payload field shall be set as indicated there. For frames not specified in Table 146, the Private Payload field shall be set to contain all MAC payload fields, and the Open Payload field shall be empty. The procedure shall then use the Private Payload field, the Open Payload field, the macExtendedAddress, the frame counter, the SecurityLevel parameter, and the Key element of the KeyDescriptor to produce the secured frame according to the CCM* transformation process defined in 9.3.4.

g) Store frame counter

If not using TSCH mode, the procedure shall increment the frame counter by one and store it back (either to the *macFrameCounter* attribute or to the *KeyFrameCounter* of the KeyDescriptor).



h) The procedure shall return with a status of SUCCESS.

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New version of section 9.2.2 KeyDescriptor lookup procedure

The inputs to this procedure are the KeyIdMode, KeySource, KeyIndex, device addressing mode, device PAN ID, and device address. The outputs from this procedure are a status and, if passed, a KeyDescriptor.

The procedure involves the following steps:

- a) If the KeyldMode parameter is set to 0x00, then for each KeyldLookupDescriptor in the *macKeyldLookupList*:
 - 1) If the device addressing mode is set to NONE, then the device PAN ID shall be set to *macPANId*. Otherwise, the device PAN ID shall be the value passed to the procedure.
 - 2) If the device addressing mode is set to NONE and the frame type is beacon, then the device address shall be *macCoordExtendedAddress*.
 - 3) If the device addressing mode is set to NONE and the frame type is not beacon, then:
 - i) If the *macCoordShortAddress* attribute is set to 0xfffe, then the device address shall be set to the *macCoordExtendedAddress*.
 - ii) If the *macCoordShortAddress* attribute is set to a value of 0x0000–0xfffd, then the device address shall be set to the *macCoordShortAddress*.
 - iii) If the *macCoordShortAddress* attribute is set to 0xffff, the procedure shall return with a failed status.
 - 4) If the device addressing mode is set to SHORT or EXTENDED, then the device address shall be the value passed to the procedure.
 - 5) If the device addressing mode, device PAN ID, and device address match the DeviceAddrMode, DevicePANId, and DeviceAddress of a KeyIdLookupDescriptor, then the procedure returns with the corresponding KeyDescriptor and passed status.
- b) If the KeylDmode parameter is set to 0x01 and the KeySource matches *macDefaultKeySource*, then for each KeyldLookupDescriptor in the *macKeyldLookupList*, if the KeyIndex matches the *KeyIndex* of a KeyldLookupDescriptor, then the procedure returns with the corresponding KeyDescriptor and passed status.
- c) If the KeylDmode parameter is set to 0x02 or 0x03, then for each KeyldLookupDescriptor in the *macKeyldLookupList*, if the KeySource and KeyIndex match the *KeySource* and *KeyIndex* of a KeyldLookupDescriptor, then the procedure returns with the KeyDescriptor and passed status.
- d) The procedure shall return with a failed status.

CID 1026, 1145, 1146, 1148, 1147

This is already done in the DF3 draft.

Toyoyuk i Kato	Anritsu Engineering Co.,Ltd,	314	9.2.1	17	"Table 146" is incorrect.	Correct it appropriately.
Tero Kivinen	INSIDE Secure	314	9.2.1	25	In Table 146 we say that in beacons following fields are not encrypted: superface specifications, gts info, pending address, and both header IEs and Payload IEs. Are Payload IEs really meant to be sent unencrypted?	Add Payload IEs to the private payload fields.
Tero Kivinen	INSIDE Secure	314	9.2.1	26	In Table 146 we say that in Data only the Data Payload field is encrypted, all other fields are unencrypted. This includes both header and Payload IEs. I would assume we want to make Payload IEs encrypted.	Add Payload IEs to the private payload fields.
Tero Kivinen	INSIDE Secure	314	9.2.1	31	In Table 146 we say that there is no Open Payload fields for the MAC Command frame with version number >= 2, but the private payload fields does not list command identifier. So we do not include Command Identifier in either column, so we do not know whether it is open or private field?	Add Command Identifier to the Private Payload field column.
Tero Kivinen	INSIDE Secure	314	9.2.1	33	In Table 146 we say that for Acknowledgement frames the full Information Elements field is encrypted, this includes both Header IE and Payload IE fields. Is this intended, or should we only include Payload IE here? If Header IE field is also included to be protected, then we most likely want to protect them also in other frame formats.	Clarify.

Change inbound and outbound processing rules to say that Table 146 only contains exceptions to the generic rule, and that generic rule is that Private Payload Field contains all MAC Payload fields, and Open Payload Field is empty. Change the Table 146 to contain:

Frame type	Private Payload Field	Open Payload Field
Beacon (Frame Version < 2)	Beacon Payload	All other fields in the MAC Payload
MAC Command (Frame Version < 2)	Content	Command Identifier

CID 1153, 1101, R41, R42

Tero Kivinen	INSIDE Secure	315	9.2.3	49	Both steps c) and steps e) will set "key identifier mode" / "KeyldMode", "key source" / "Keylndex" and "key index" / "Keylndex". I think we need to do this only once.	Modify the step c) so it will copy the values out from the auxiliary security header, and remove the copying from step e), so all auxiliary security header processing is in one step. We need to check which names of those local variables needs to be used in the rest of the processing steps, and perhaps also change them to use separate typographical look.
Tero Kivinen	INSIDE Secure	316	9.2.3	50	CID 470 was not done: In step I) the step will check the frame counter value of 0xffffffff. With TSCH mode the frame counter is not used, instead of 5-octet absolute slot number ASN is used, this test is not needed. Actually the current draft accidently did that change for step i) not for step I), so move the text from step "i) procedure shall determine whether the frame to be unsecured" to step "I) The procedure shall set frame counter".	Add "If not using TSCH mode" in front of step 1.
Tero Kivinen	INSIDE Secure	316	9.2.3	35	Steps i), j) and k) should be folded in to the step h. It is stupid to call subprocedure to fetch the SecurityLevelDescriptor and then check it here, as we could call SecurityLevelDescriptor validation procedure, that will get that SecurityLevelDescriptor and verify the packet is according to it, and then either return error (either UNAVAILABLE_SECURITY_LEVEL or IMPROVED_SECURITY_LEVEL) or SUCCESS, or pass forward.	As described in the Comment section.
Tero Kivinen	INSIDE Secure	316	9.2.3	49	Steps I and m should be combined.	Replace with "If not using TSCH mode, the procedure shall set frame counter to the Frame Counter field of the frame to be unsecured. If frame counter has the value 0xffffffff, or if the frame counter is less than the FrameCounter element of the DeviceDescriptor, the procedure shall return with a status of COUNTER_ERROR."

The input to this procedure is the *frame to be unsecured*. The outputs from this procedure are the *status* of the procedure and, if this *status* is SUCCESS, the *unsecured frame*, the *security level*, the *key identifier mode*, the *key source*, and the *key index*.

All outputs of this procedure are assumed to be invalid unless and until explicitly set in this procedure.

The incoming frame security procedure involves the following steps:

a) Do we have secured frame?

If the Security Enabled field of the *frame to be unsecured* is set to zero, the procedure shall use procedure described in section 9.2.3b.

b) Legacy security?

If the Frame Version field of the *frame to be unsecured* is set to zero, the procedure shall return with a status of UNSUPPORTED LEGACY.

c) Check for macSecurityEnabled

If the *macSecurityEnabled* attribute is set to FALSE, the procedure shall return status of UNSUPPORTED SECURITY.

d) Parse Auxiliary Security Header

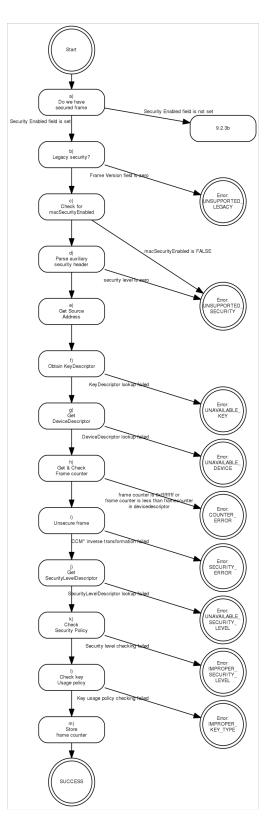
The procedure shall set the *security level* and the *key identifier mode* to the corresponding fields of the Security Control field of the auxiliary security header of the *frame to be unsecured*, and the *key source* and *key index* to the corresponding fields of the Key Identifier field of the auxiliary security header of the *frame to be unsecured*, if present. If the resulting *security level* is zero, the procedure shall return with a status of UNSUPPORTED SECURITY

e) Get Source Address

The *device PAN ID* shall be set to the Source PAN Identifier field, if it is present. If the PAN ID compression field is set to one, then the *device PAN ID* shall be set to the Destination PAN Identifier field. The *device addressing mode* shall be set according to the Source Addressing Mode field, as defined in Table 147. The *device address* shall be set to the Source Address, if present.

f) Obtain KeyDescriptor

The procedure shall obtain the *KeyDescriptor* using the KeyDescriptor lookup procedure as described in 9.2.2 with using the *key identifier mode* as KeyIdMode, *key index* as KeyIndex, *key source* as KeySource, *device addressing mode*, *device PAN ID*, and *device address*. If that procedure fails the procedure shall return with a status of



UNAVAILABLE KEY.

g) Get DeviceDescriptor

The procedure shall obtain the *DeviceDescriptor* using the DeviceDescriptor lookup procedure described in 9.2.4. If that procedure fails, then the procedure shall return with a status of UNAVAILABLE DEVICE.

h) Get & Check Frame Counter

If not using TSCH mode, the procedure shall set *frame counter* to the Frame Counter field of the *frame to be unsecured*. If *frame counter* has the value 0xffffffff, or if the *frame counter* is less than the FrameCounter element of the *DeviceDescriptor*, the procedure shall return with a status of COUNTER_ERROR.

i) Unsecure frame

For frames specified in the Table 146 the *Private Payload field* and *Open Payload field* shall be set as indicate there. For frames not specified in Table 146 the *Private Payload field* shall be set to contain all MAC payload fields, and the *Open Payload field* shall be empty. The procedure shall then use the *Private Payload field*, the *Open Payload field*, the ExtAddress element of the *DeviceDescriptor*, *frame counter*, the *security level*, and the Key element of the *KeyDescriptor* to produce the *unsecured frame*, according to the CCM* inverse transformation process described in the security operations, as described in 9.3.5. If the CCM* inverse transformation process fails, the procedure shall return with a status of SECURITY_ERROR.

j) Get SecurityLevelDescriptor

The procedure shall obtain the *SecurityLevelDescriptor* by passing the frame type and, if the frame is a MAC command, the Command Identifier, to the SecurityLevelDescriptor lookup procedure described in 9.2.5. If that procedure fails, the procedure shall return with a status of UNAVAILABLE_SECURITY_LEVEL.

k) Check Security Policy

The procedure shall determine whether the *frame to be unsecured* conforms to the security level policy by passing the *SecurityLevelDescriptor* and the *security level* to the incoming security level checking procedure, as described in 9.2.6. If that procedure returns with a failed status, the procedure shall return with a status of IMPROPER_SECURITY_LEVEL.

I) Check Key Usage Policy

The procedure shall determine whether the *frame to be unsecured* conforms to the key usage policy by passing the *KeyDescriptor*, the frame type, and, if the frame is a MAC command, the Command Identifier field, to the incoming key usage policy checking procedure, as described in 9.2.7. If that procedure fails, the procedure shall return with a status of IMPROPER KEY TYPE.

m) Store frame counter

If not using TSCH mode, the procedure shall increment *frame counter* by one and set the FrameCounter element of the *DeviceDescriptor* to the resulting value.

n) Return SUCCESS

The procedure shall return with a status of SUCCESS.

9.2.3b Incoming frame security procedure for security level zero frames

This procedure is used to process the frames which has security level of zero. The input to this procedure is the *frame to be unsecured*. The outputs from this procedure are the status of the procedure and, if this status is SUCCESS, the *unsecured frame*.

The incoming frame security procedure for security level zero frames involves following steps:

a) Check for macSecurityEnabled

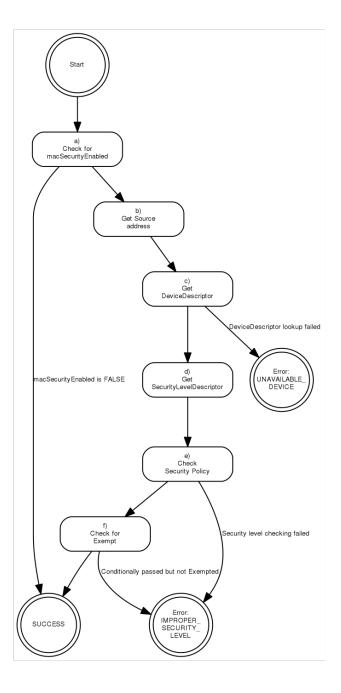
if the *macSecurityEnabled* attribute is set to FALSE, the procedure shall set the *unsecured frame* to be the *frame to be unsecured* and return with a status of SUCCESS.

b) Get Source Address

See identically named step of the section 9.2.3.

c) Get DeviceDescriptor

The procedure shall obtain the *DeviceDescriptor* using the DeviceDescriptor lookup procedure described in 9.2.4 using *security level* set to zero. If that procedure fails, then the procedure shall return with a status of



UNAVAILABLE DEVICE.

d) Get SecurityLevelDescriptor

See identically named step of section 9.2.3.

e) Check Security Policy

The procedure shall determine whether the *frame to be unsecured* conforms to the security level policy by passing the *SecurityLevelDescriptor* and the *security level* of zero to the incoming security level checking procedure, as described in 9.2.6. If that procedure returns with a failed status, the procedure shall return with a status of IMPROPER SECURITY LEVEL.

f) Check for Exempt

If the incoming security level checking procedure of step e) had as output the 'conditionally passed' status and the Exempt element of the *DeviceDescriptor* is set to FALSE, the procedure shall return with status of IMPROPER SECURITY LEVEL.

g) Return SUCCESS

The procedure shall set the *unsecured frame* to be the *frame to be unsecured* and return with a status of SUCCESS.

<u>CID1151</u>

This is already done in the DF3 draft.

Tero Kivinen	INSIDE Secure	324	9.4.1.3	34		Replace " is either an incrementing shared global frame counter such as ASN." with " is an incrementing shared global frame counter such as ASN.".
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Accept, as described in Proposed Change column.

<u>CID1105</u>

Tero Kivinen	INSIDE	325	9.5	39	R29 was not done properly. The table 153	In table 153, change macDeviceTable to
	Secure				still refers to table 157 (DeviceDescriptor), when it should refer to 158	macDeviceExemptTable, and change reference to table 158 instead of 157. Change description
						"DeviceDescriptorSecLevelZero for each device
					link to table 157 is broken:-). Also the	which is allowed to be exempted for the
						security." Change Type of DeviceDescriptorList
					refer to the table 157 (DeviceDescriptor).	to "Set of DeviceDescriptors, as defined in Table
						157."

Accept, as described in Proposed Change column.

<u>CID1104</u>

Tero Kivinen	INSIDE Secure	325	9.5		R28 was not done. Move the macFrameCounter from the table 153 to KeyDescriptor table, i.e. table 154	Move the macFrameCounter from the table 153 to KeyDescriptor table, i.e. table 154
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Accept, as described in Proposed Change column.

CID1154

Tero Kivinen INSIDE Secure 23.3.2 14 The security of the fragmentation is still completely broken. It needs to be fixed. It needs a generation format.
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Add new subsection 9.3.2.3:

9.3.2.3 CCM* nonce for Fragments

The CCM* nonce for the fragments shall be formatted as shown in Figure xxx. The Source Address and security level as set as in defined in 9.3.2.1, and the Fragment Frame Counter is set to match the *phyFragmentFrameCounter*, and the Fragment number is set to match the fragment number of the fragment. Fragment indicator shall be set to 1.

Figure xxx – CCM* nonce for fragments

Octets: 8	Bits: 0-25	26-31	32-35	36	37-39
Source Address	Fragment frame counter	Fragment number	Reserved	Fragment indicator	Security level

We might want to split the security level field in the 9.3.2.1 to have 3 bits of security level and 5 bits of reserved just to be clear how the 3-bit security level field is formatted inside the 1-octet space reserved for it.

I am not sure whether it is good idea to refer to the phyFragmentFrameCounter here, or whether we should just use term Fragment frame counter, and modify the text in section 23.3.1 to match. The section 23.3 might need even more changes, it still needs to be checked properly.