



# Introduction of Human Body Communication

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Human Body Communication SoC Team**

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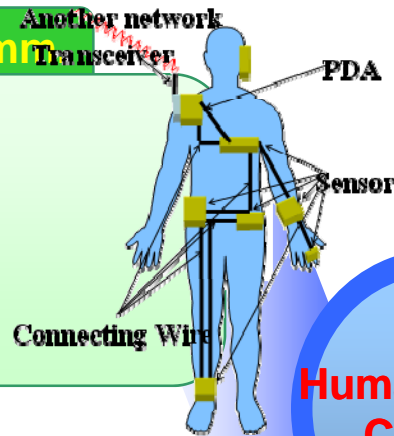
- 1 Introduction
- 2 Challenge
- 3 HBC System Review
- 4 Summary

## What is HBC ?

- BAN Communication Technology to transfer information through a human body

### Wireline Comm.

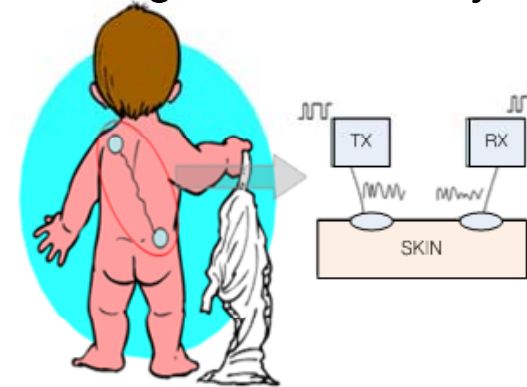
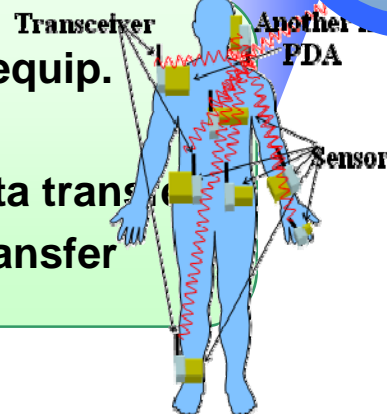
- Heavy wiring
- Uncomfortable
- High S/N ratio
- High data rate



### Human Body Comm.

### Wireless Comm.

- Heavy wireless equip.
- Uncomfortable
- Low efficient data trans
- Errors in data transfer



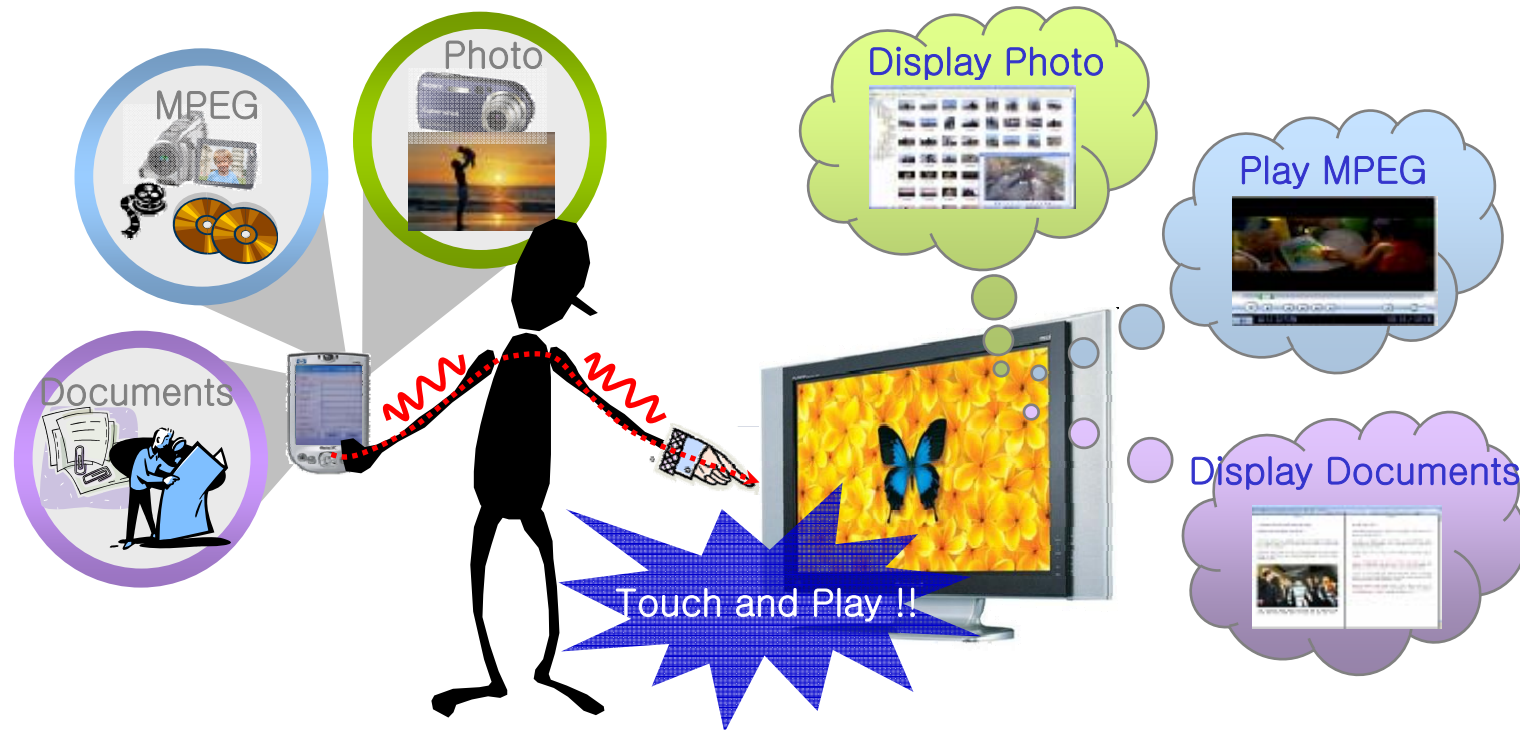
- Less expensive
- No wiring
- Small size
- Small power consumption
- High data rates
- High signal to noise ratio

## HBC Application

- Build up Network among a lot of digital equipments (by mobile terminals)
  - Loaded in Mobile phone, TV, MP3 Player, Digital Camera, Notebook, Printer, Smart Home Network, Endoscope, ...
  - Support Ubiquitous Service by intuitive touching



## HBC Application



## Why HBC ?

### ● Competition Service

- Bluetooth, ZigBee, UWB, NFC ...
- Takes long times to setup a call
- Power Consumption by using RF signaling

### ● Requirements...

#### ▪ Protocol:

- Context Aware Service, Intuitive Service, Quick Development
- Expandability, Coexistence with Other Technology
- Ad hoc Sensor Monitoring

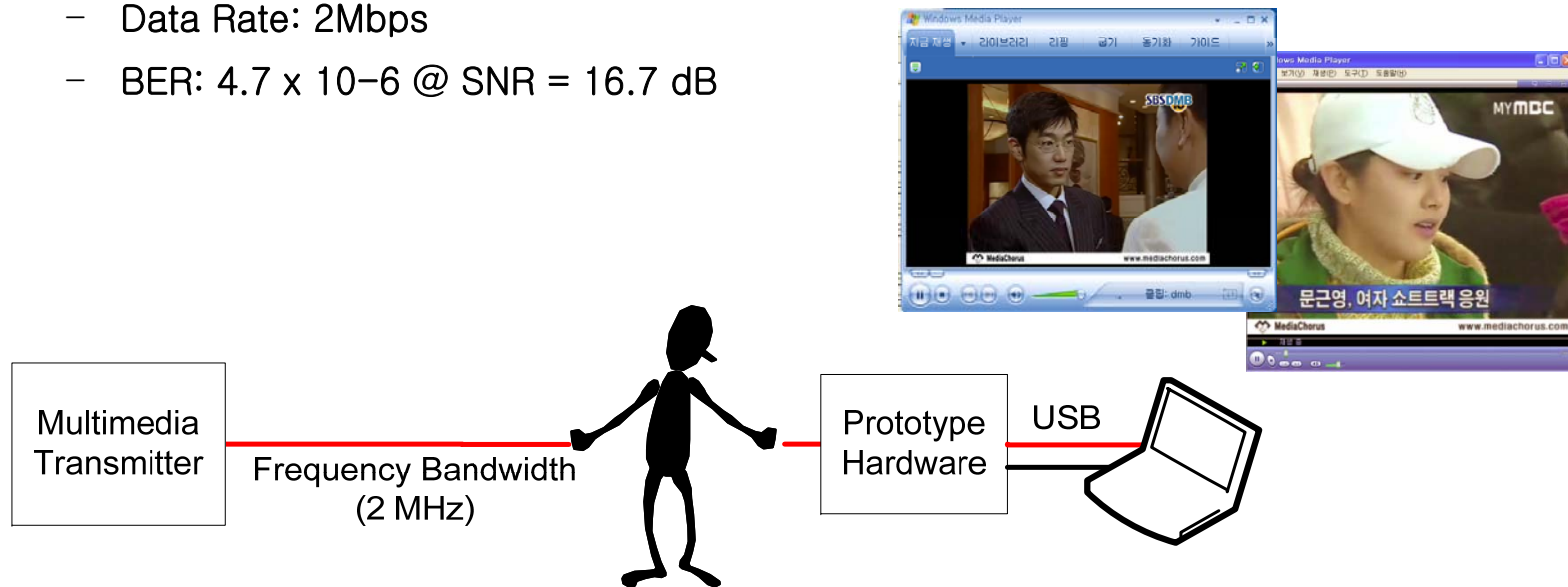
#### ▪ PHY

- Low Power Consumption for Mobile Equipment
- Support High Data Rate

## Human Body as a Channel?

### ● The First Try...

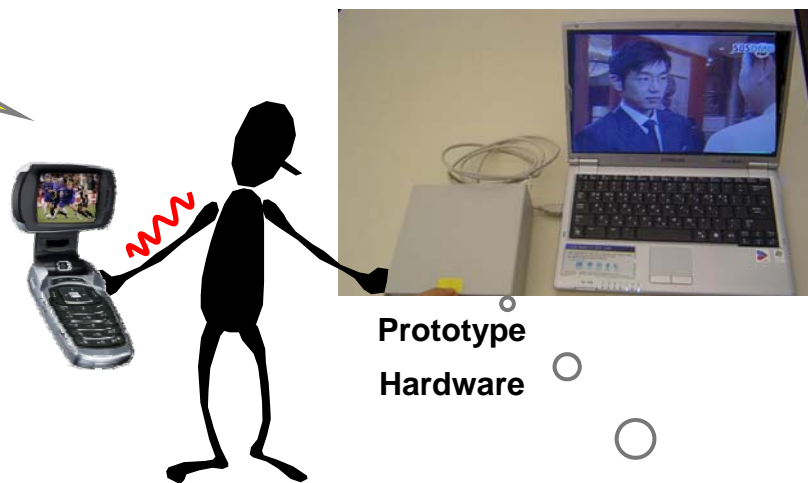
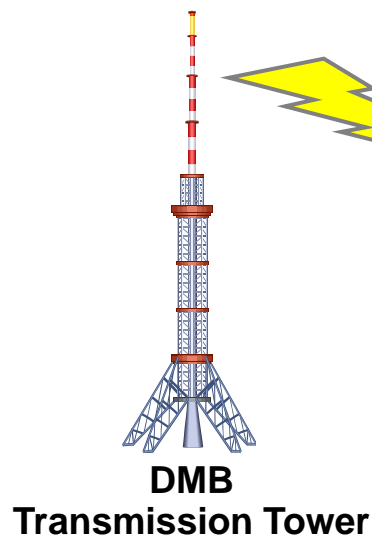
- Source: Multimedia Transmitter
- Connect IF Signal of Multimedia Transmitter to the Human Body
- Play the received Movie at Notebook
  - Data Rate: 2Mbps
  - BER:  $4.7 \times 10^{-6}$  @ SNR = 16.7 dB



## Human Body as a Channel?

### ● The Second Try...

- Source: Mobile Phone to support DMB service



$BER \leq 10^{-3}$  @  
 $SNR > 6$  dB

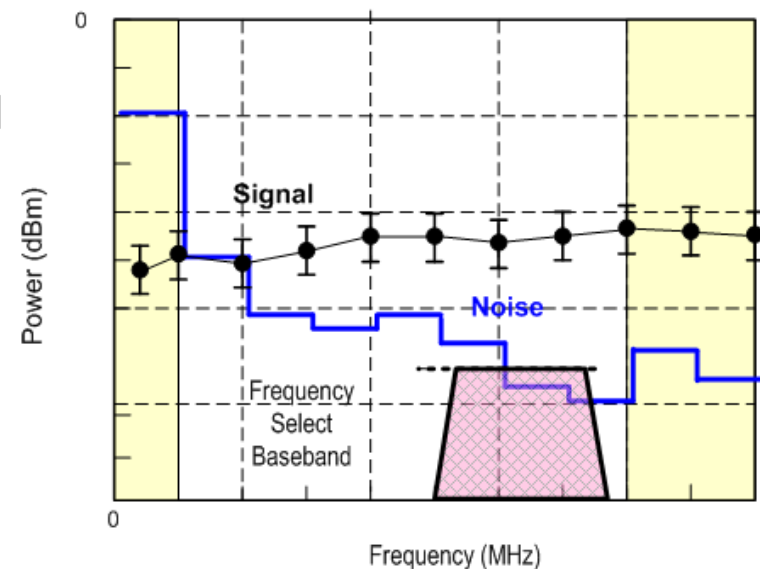


## Demo



## Characteristics of Signal and Noise

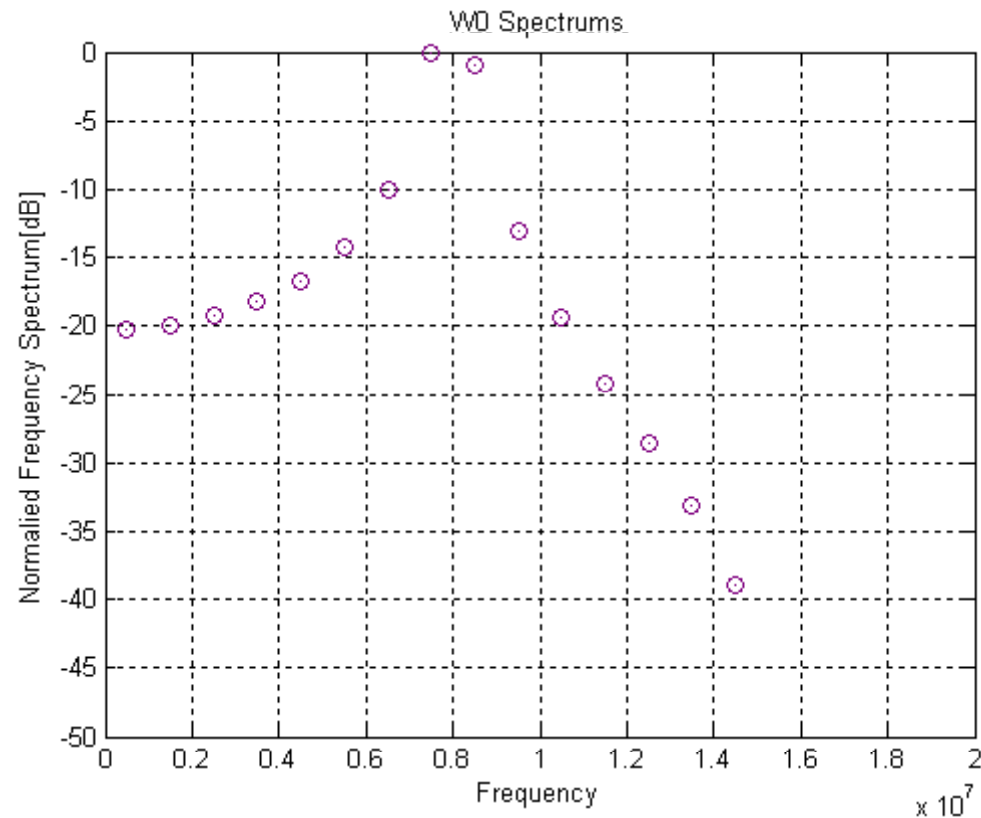
- Noise
  - Heavy amount noise in Low Frequency,
  - Need to escape Low Frequency Band
- Signal
  - Emit Bigger power outside body as Frequency increase
  - Body become antenna
  - Need to specify the effective band





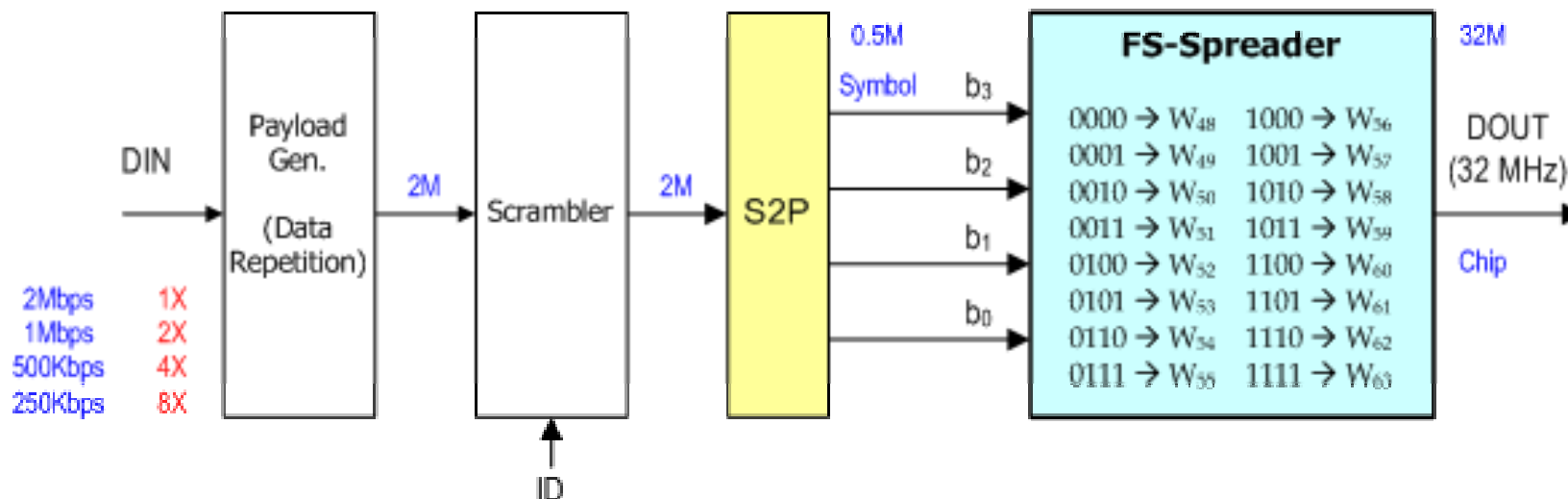
## Characteristics of Walsh 64

- Each Walsh Code has the major frequency components
- Select the 4<sup>th</sup> sub-group of Walsh 64



## FS-CDMA

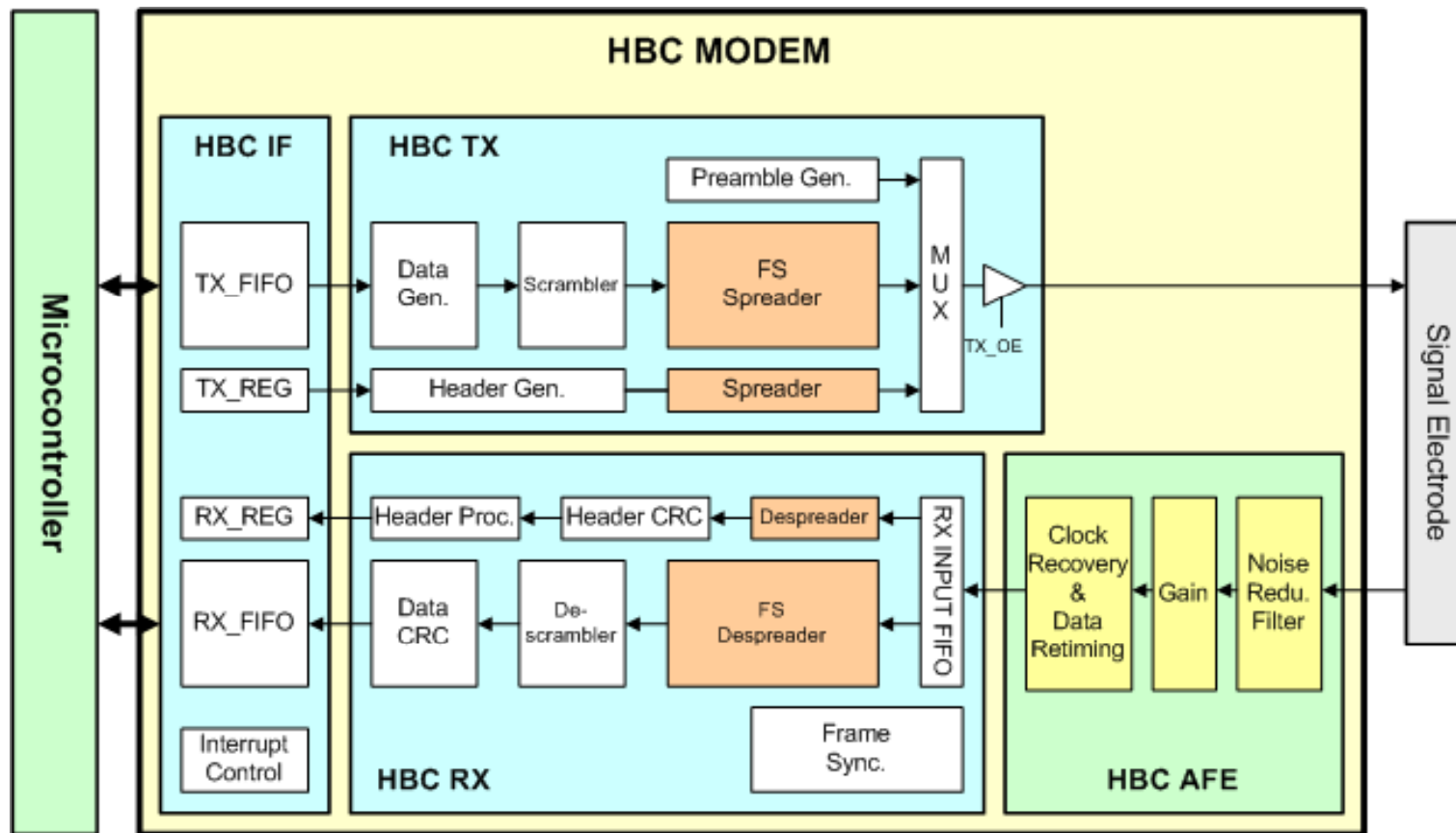
- Method to transfer the baseband signal by using the characteristics of Walsh code
- S2P make 4bit symbols, then the symbols become the index of Walsh code
- FS-Spreader output the one code of the 4<sup>th</sup> sub-group



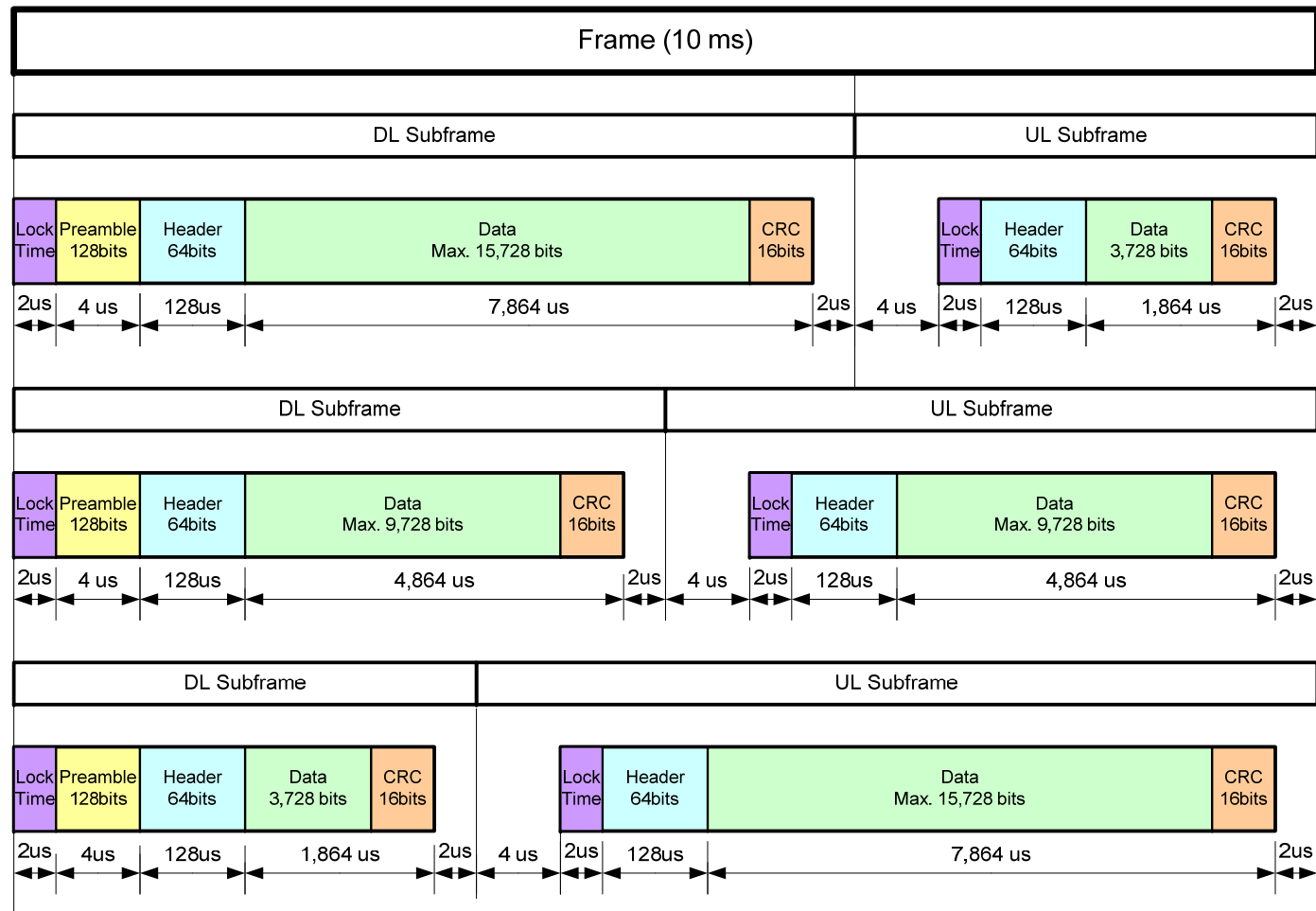
## Physical Parameter

Parameters	Values
Bandwidth	Frequency Selective Baseband (12 MHz ~ 16 MHz)
Comm. Env	Intra Body Communication
TX Method	Direct Digital Transmission
Duplex	TDD
Frame Length	10 ms
Preamble	$P(z) = z^6 + z^5 + 1$
Scrambling	32bit PRBS generator : $P(z) = z^{32} + z^{31} + z^{11} + 1$
Spreading	Frequency Selective 64 chip Walsh Modulation
Data Rate	2 Mbps ~ 250 Kbps

## Block Diagram of HBC PHY



## Frame Structure





## Demo of Video transmission



- 2Mbps FS-CDMA System

- Developed the Modules of HBC Controller
- Obtained BER of  $10^{-6}$
- Verified some applications: transfer Video, transfer high quality Picture, transfer photograph from UMPC to Printer, ...
- Developed the chips of HBC Controller, being verified by some applications



- 10Mbps FS-CMDA System

- Developed the Modules of HBC Controller
- Being verified by some applications



- What is Human Body Communication?
  - BAN Communication Technology to transmit information through a human body
  - Introduce some applications...
- Human body as a channel?
  - It is possible to transfer digital signals through a human body
- HBC System Review
  - Specify the effective Band
  - Use Walsh Code to minimize interference → FS-CDMA
- Currently Status of HBC System
  - Developed The 2Mbps modules and chips
  - Developed The 10Mbps modules



Thank you for your attentions!