### **IEEE P802.11 Wireless LANs**

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| PDT for Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Type and Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Index in CSI Report | | |
| Date: 2022-12-01 | | |
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**Revisions**

* R0: Created by Julia Feng based on D0.5 to add Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Type and Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Index
* R1: Modified by Julia Feng on Rx OP index definition. Modified by Julia to add Rui’s changes for Rx gain index definition.

**Introduction**

This document provides proposed draft text for IEEE 802.11bf D0.5.

The following Motions apply to this PDT:

(Motion 186, 11-22/1254r3) Add fields RX\_OP\_Gain\_Type and Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Index along with CSI in 11bf sub-7GHz sensing measurement report to indicate the Rx OP index or Rx gain index.

* RX\_OP\_Gain\_Type: 2 bits (b1b0)

• 00: neither Rx OP index nor Rx gain index is reported, and Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Index values are invalid

• 01: Rx OP index is reported in Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Index. The details of receiver OP categorization method(s) are TBD

• 10: Rx gain index is reported in Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Index. The details of Rx gain index definition are TBD

• 11: reserved

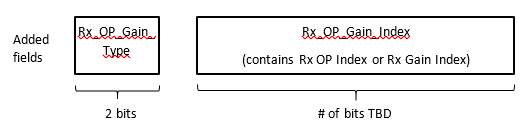
• Note: Receiver determines value of Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Type as it sees the best fit. Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Type value doesn’t change during a sensing measurement setup. No need of capability info to use this field. No need of initiator assigning the use of this field.

* Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Index:

• It’s a fixed size field, number of bits TBD.

• Its content depends on the value of RX\_OP\_Gain\_Type

• Reporting value per receive antenna is TBD



***TGbf editor: Please make the following changes in Clause 9.4.1.75.3:***

* Sensing Measurement Report Control field(Motion 125)

The Sensing Measurement Report Control field provides the information needed to process the Sensing Measurement Report field. The Sensing Measurement Report Control field signals the channel width (CW), the number of transmit antennas (), the number of receive antennas (), the number of bits () used for each encoded CSI value, an indicator () of the subcarrier grouping, and an indicator of reporting receiver operating point (OP) index or gain index (Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Type).

The fields of the Sensing Measurement Report Control field are specified in Table 9-127g (Sensing Measurement Report Control field definition).

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| * Sensing Measurement Report Control field definition | | | |
| Field | Size (bits) | Definition | Meaning |
| Report Control Length | 8 | Indicates the number of octets in the Sensing Measurement Report Control field, including the one octet for the Report Control Length subfield | Set to the number of octets in the Sensing Measurement Report Control field. |
| Presence & Control Bitmap | 8 | Includes fields to indicate presence of optional subfields in the Sensing Measurement Report Control field, or other control bits | The fields of the Presence and Control Bitmap field are specified in Figure 9-144m (Presence & Control Bitmap field format) |
| CW | 4 | Channel width | (Encoding of CW subfield is TBD) |
|  | 3 | Indicates the number of transmit antennas | Set to the number of transmit antennas minus 1. |
|  | 3 | Indicates the number of receive antennas | Set to the number of receive antennas minus 1. |
|  | 1 | Indicates the number of bits for each CSI value | Set to 0 for an 8-bit word size. Set to 1 for a 10-bit word size. |
|  | 1 | Indicates the subcarrier grouping setting | Set to 0 to indicate a subcarrier grouping of  if there are less than or equal to four transmit antennas.  Set to 0 to indicate a subcarrier grouping of  if there are five or more transmit antennas and the channel width is 80 MHz or less.  Set to 0 to indicate a subcarrier grouping  if there are five or more transmit antennas and the channel width is 160 MHz.  Set to 1 to indicate a subcarrier grouping of .  NOTE:  is optionally supported. |
| Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Type | 2 | Indicates the type of report in Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Index | Set to ‘00’ to indicate neither Rx OP index nor Rx gain index is reported, and value in Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Index field is invalid.  Set to ‘01’ to indicate Rx OP index is reported in Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Index.  Set to ‘10’ to indicate Rx gain index is reported in Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Index.  Set to ‘11’ to indicate this field is reserved. |
| Reserved | 2 |  |  |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | Last SBP Report | Reserved |
| Bits: | 1 | 7 |
| * Presence & Control Bitmap field format | | |

The Last SBP Report field indicates the last SBP report in the current availability window. The Last SBP Report subfield is set to 1 in an SBP Report frame sent in the SBP reporting procedure, if there is no more SBP Report frame to be sent in the current sensing availability window. Otherwise, it is set to 0. This subfield is reserved if sent in a Sensing Measurement Report frame.

Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Type is reported by the sensing receiver to indicate the type of index reported in Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Index.

The same type of index is indicated for all receive antenna, and it can be OP index, gain index, or not reported. The sensing receiver determines the value of Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Type as it sees the best fit based on its implementation. Once set, the sensing receiver won’t change Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Type value during a sensing measurement setup.

* Sensing Measurement Report field(Motion 125)

The size of the Sensing Measurement Report field depends on the values in the Sensing Measurement Report Control field. The Sensing Measurement Report field contains a Sensing Measurement Report information or successive portions thereof in the case of segmented sensing measurement report (see 11.55.1.5.3.4 (Rules for generating segmented sensing measurement reports(#294))).

Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Index fields are contained in the Sensing Measurement Report field. The Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Index fields are ordered by receive antenna index. Each 8-bits Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Index field indicates a receive antenna’s OP index or gain index used to obtain CSIs in this sensing measurement report field depending on the setting of Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Type field in the Sensing Measurement Report Control field (see Table 9-127g (Sensing Measurement Report Control field definition)).

When Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Type field is set to value ‘01’, each Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Index field represents a Rx OP index. The sensing receiver’s implementation impairments may have different degrees of degradation on CSI estimation when changes occur in receive signal strength level, channel bandwidth, environment, or interferences. The Rx OP index is derived by categorizing these impairments and underlying operating conditions into operating points (OPs), and mapping the OPs to indexes. The change of Rx OP index value indicates the change of receiver operating point, and thus the change of receiver’s effects on the estimated CSIs. During one sensing session, Rx OP index value may vary from one to another sensing instance for the same sensing measurement setup. If the same Rx OP index value is reported for 2 sensing instances with the same sensing measurement setup in a sensing session, it indicates the receiver implementation impairments affect the CSIs reported for these 2 instances in the same way.

When Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Type field is set to value ‘10’, each Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Index field represents a Rx gain index. The Rx gain index indicates sensing receiver’s RF/analog and digital gains. Among the 8 bits representing a RX gain index, B0-B5 contain the RF/analog gain index, and B6-B7 contain the digital gain index. The RF/analog gain index is defined as a mapping of the gain in analog domain mainly contains the gain of AGC and other components. The digital gain index is defined as a mapping index of the gain in digital domain. The difference between each two adjacent gain indexes is set based on the sensing receiver’s implementation (e.g. by considering its maximum gain value and the maximum indexes could be used). If the sensing receiver is not able to report the RF gain index and digital gain index separately, it could report receiver’s gain index in B0-B5 of Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Index field and set B6-B7 to reserved value. Rx gain index value may vary from one to another sensing instance for the same sensing measurement setup and the change of Rx gain index value indicates the change of receiver gain setting.

The scaled and quantized CSI values are contained in the Sensing Measurement Report information.

The fields of the Sensing Measurement Report information are specified in Table 9-127h (Sensing Measurement Report information).

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| * Sensing Measurement Report information | | |
| Field | Size (bits) | Meaning |
| Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Index(1) | 8 | Rx OP index or gain index for receive Antenna 1 |
| Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Index(2) | 8 | Rx OP index or gain index for receive Antenna 2 |
|  |  |  |
| Rx\_OP\_Gain\_Index() | 8 | Rx OP index or gain index for receive Antenna |
|  | 12 | Scaling factor for transmit antenna 1 and receive antenna 1. |
|  | 12 | Scaling factor for transmit antenna 1 and receive antenna 2. |
| … | … | … |
|  | 12 | Scaling factor for transmit antenna 1 and receive antenna . |
|  | 12 | Scaling factor for transmit antenna 2 and receive antenna 1. |
|  | 12 | Scaling factor for transmit antenna 2 and receive antenna 2. |
| … | ... | … |
|  | 12 | Scaling factor for transmit antenna 2 and receive antenna . |
| … | ... | … |
|  | 12 | Scaling factor for transmit antenna and receive antenna 1. |
|  | 12 | Scaling factor for transmit antenna and receive antenna 2. |
| … | ... | … |
|  | 12 | Scaling factor for transmit antenna and receive antenna . |
| Padding | 0 or 4 | The Padding subfield is used so that the next subfield is aligned on an octet boundary. |
|  |  | CSI for transmit antenna 1 and receive antenna 1, for subcarrier |
|  |  | CSI for transmit antenna 1 and receive antenna 2, for subcarrier |
| … | … | … |
|  |  | CSI for transmit antenna 1 and receive antenna , for subcarrier |
|  |  | CSI for transmit antenna 2 and receive antenna 1, for subcarrier |
|  |  | CSI for transmit antenna 2 and receive antenna 2, for subcarrier |
| … | … | … |
|  |  | CSI for transmit antenna 2 and receive antenna , for subcarrier |
| … | … | … |
|  |  | CSI for transmit antenna  and receive antenna 1, for subcarrier |
|  |  | CSI for transmit antenna  and receive antenna 2, for subcarrier |
|  |  | CSI for transmit antenna  and receive antenna , for subcarrier |

The subcarrier indices for  and  are provided in Table 9-124 (Subcarrier indices for compressed beamforming feedback matrix). The subcarrier indices for a channel width of 160 MHz and  are provided in Table 9-127i (Number of subcarriers as a function of channel width and Ng).

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| * Number of subcarriers as a function of channel width and Ng | | |
| Channel width | Ng | Number of subcarriers |
| 20 MHz | 4 | 64 |
| 16 | 20 |
| 40 MHz | 4 | 122 |
| 16 | 32 |
| 80 MHz | 4 | 250 |
| 16 | 64 |
| 160 MHz | 8 | 252 |
| 16 | 128 |

Since the scaling and quantization is performed for each TX/RX antenna pair, the scaled and quantized CSI values are ordered by TX/RX pair. The set of scaling factors for each TX/RX antenna pair is ordered before CSI values in the Sensing Measurement report field.

For each TX/RX-antenna pair there is a 12-bit positive scaling factor. If there is an odd number of scaling factors, then the set of scaling factors is followed by a 4-bit padding subfield.

For each TX/RX-antenna pair the in-phase (real) component of the CSI is entered first and followed by the quadrature (imaginary) component of the CSI. This begins with the lowest frequency subcarrier, and is repeated for each subcarrier. The number of subcarriers  depends on the channel width and the value of . The number of subcarriers is provided in Table 9-127j (Subcarrier indices for Sensing CSI field for channel width of 160 MHz and Ng = 8).

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| * Subcarrier indices for Sensing CSI field for channel width of 160 MHz and Ng = 8 | | |
| Channel width | Ng | Meaning |
| 160 MHz | 8 | -1012, -1004, … -20, -12, 12, 20, … 1004, 1012 |

NOTE—Thesize of the Sensing Measurement Report information, in octets, is given by Equation (9-5f).



NOTE—The size of the Sensing Measurement Report information increases with the number of transmit antennas, the number of receive antennas, the channel width, the smaller subcarrier grouping size, and the larger number of quantization bits for each real and imaginary component of CSI. The smallest Sensing Measurement Report field is 43 octets, and the largest Sensing Measurement Report field is 40417 octets.