#### Making the Case for Open, Softwarized, Data-Driven 802.11 Networks

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#### What is the current threat

Risk of doing things the way it is now

How a softwarized, data-driven 802.11 architecture will drive costs down

#### **Emerging new markets**

#### Enhancement of existing 802.11 business models Creation of new 802.11 business opportunities

#### What is the current threat?

#### Strategy to improve 802.11 routers?

• Increase Bandwidth (2x)

160 MHz (802.11ax)

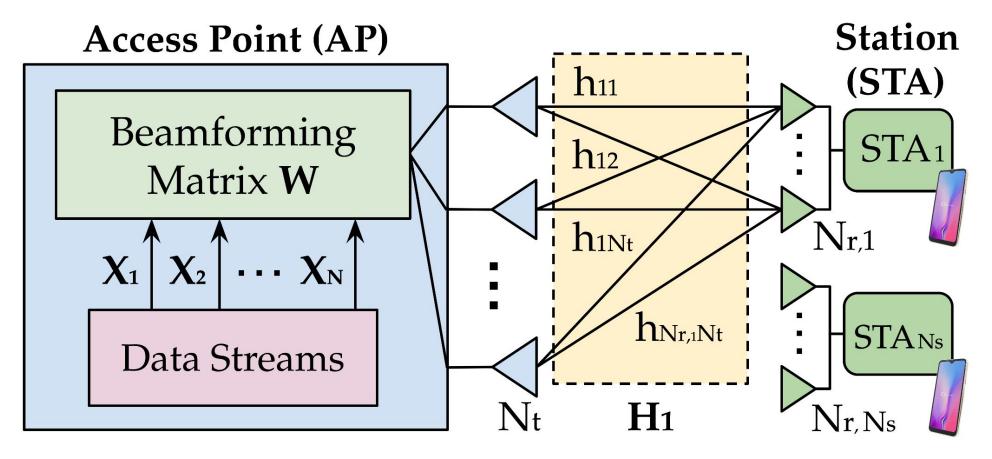
320 MHz (802.11be) Increase Spatial Streams

(2x) ((•)) ...

- For better performance? Is it really needed?
- No 802.11ac routers that do 8x8 MIMO! Why?

#### **Complexity of MIMO in Wi-Fi Systems**

Optimal waveform generation requires the usage of MU-MIMO and beamforming techniques



8 x 8 @ 160 MHz, BM report is (486 subcarriers x 56 angles/subcarrier x 16 bits/angle) ~ 54.43 KB If BM reports are sent back every 10 ms, the airtime overhead is 435,456 / 0.01 ~ 43.55 Mbit/s

- Increasing complexity
- Makes cost go UP!



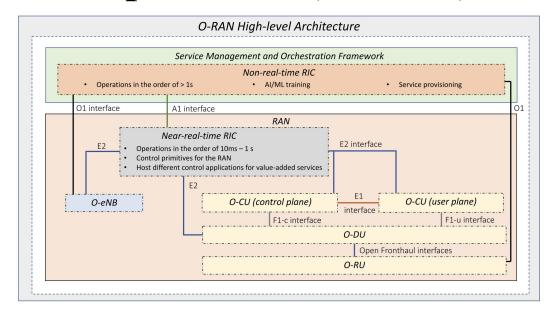
- Routers are becoming very expensive
- With respect to a 802.11ac router
  - A Wi-Fi 6E router is ~6x more expensive
  - A tri-band Wi-Fi router is ~15x more expensive

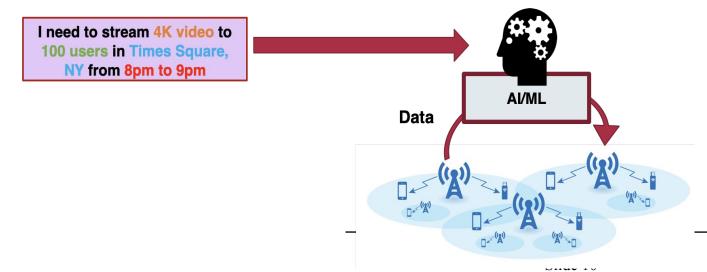
Ry Christ (CNET). Wi-Fi 6E routers are here, and we're not ready for them https://www.cnet.com/home/internet/wi-fi-6e-routers-are-here-and-were-not-ready-for-them/

# Threat: Fewer People Buy the New, Fancy, Expensive Routers

### What's going on in the 5G/Cellular Community?

#### The Open RAN (O-RAN) Paradigm





- (1) Disaggregation of RAN hardware and software
- (2) **RAN Intelligent Controller** (RIC) operating at different granularity levels
  - Control is hardware- and vendor-agnostic, so software runs in any O-RAN compliant network
  - Zero-touch AI-based control is natively supported,
    - best performance
    - o self-adaptation

#### Advantages of Open, Virtualized Networks

- I. Interoperability reduces CAPEX (60%)
- 2. Future-proof no rip and replace infrastructure
- 3. Easier maintenance results in reduced OPEX (65%)
- 4. Faster deployments, higher throughput, coverage and capacity

O-RAN market is estimated to attain a revenue of USD 419.51 Million in 2021 and USD 21,371.47 Million in 2028, CAGR of 83.1%

https://www.researchnester.com/reports/open-radio-access-network-market/2781

Parallel Wireless, "OpenRAN – 7 vital benefits for MNOs," https://www.parallelwireless.com/blog/openran-7-vital-benefits-for-mnos/

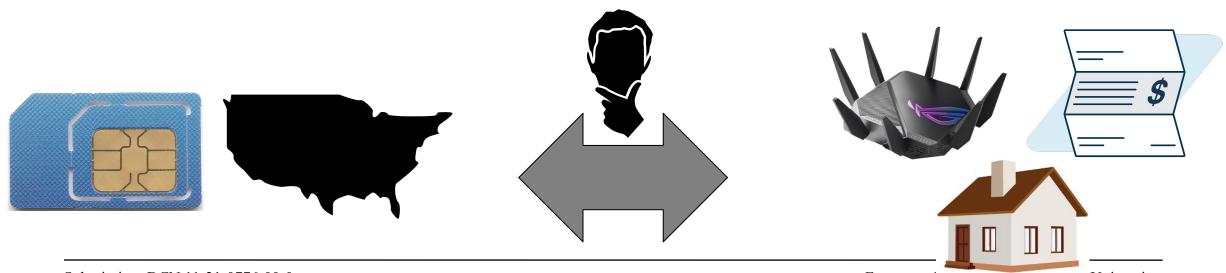
#### **Apply the Same Concepts to Wi-Fi?**

# Do more with less antennas and BW (SW vs HW), yet more devices (unlicensed bands!)

Router costs can be contained (why? less complexity, less maintenance costs)

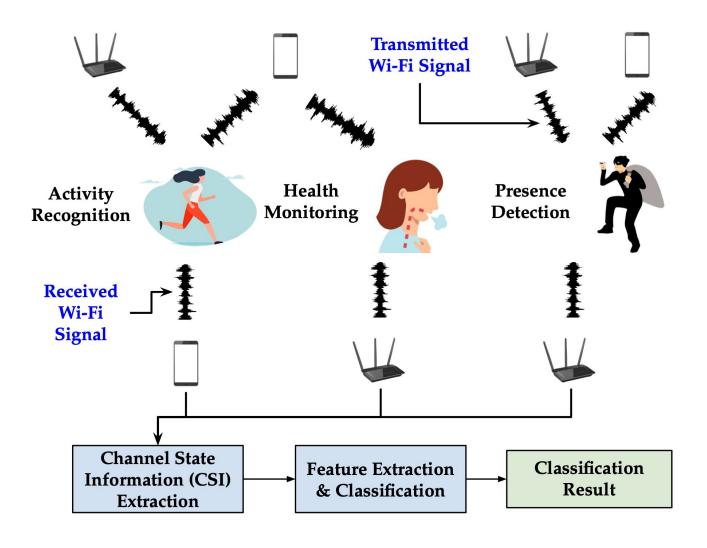
#### **Apply the Same Concepts to Wi-Fi?**

# Good performance with less costs! (People will choose 802.11 and not 5/6G networks)



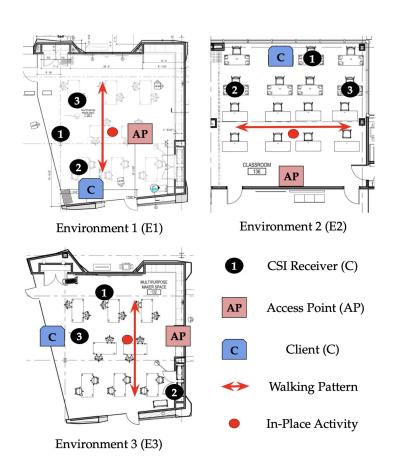
### **Emerging New Markets**

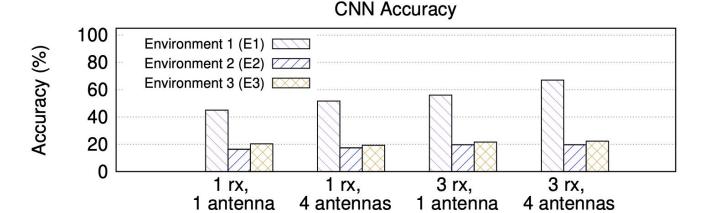
#### New Market: 802.11bf



- The research community has worked on these topics for ~10 years
- First "See Through Walls With Wi-Fi!" paper in 2013
- Extreme commercial potential, that's why 802.11bf was created

#### **Problems: Generalization, Robustness**

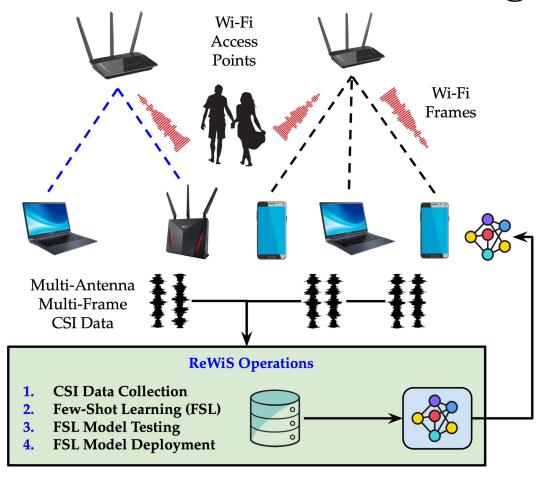


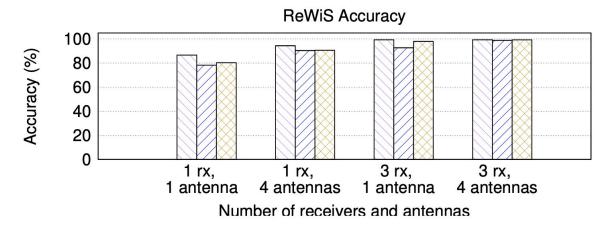


- Trained and tested in different environments
- Performance does not generalize to different environments
- Clients may not buy the product if it's a one-trick pony
- Some Wi-Fi sensing devices have been shown to experience problems in actual deployments [1]

[1] Christopher Null (TechHive). "Aura review: This home monitoring system is more trouble than it's worth." <a href="https://www.techhive.com/article/583109/aura-review.html">https://www.techhive.com/article/583109/aura-review.html</a>, December 27, 2017.

#### **Better Performance Through Cooperation**





- Through CSI fusion, we are able to generalize among different environments
- Ultimately, more sales because the product satisfies the customer better!

N. Bahadori, J. Ashdown, and F. Restuccia, "ReWiS: Reliable Wi-Fi Sensing Through Few-Shot Multi-Antenna Multi-Receiver CSI Learning," to appear in IEEE WOWMOM 2022. Preprint available at https://arxiv.org/abs/2201.00869

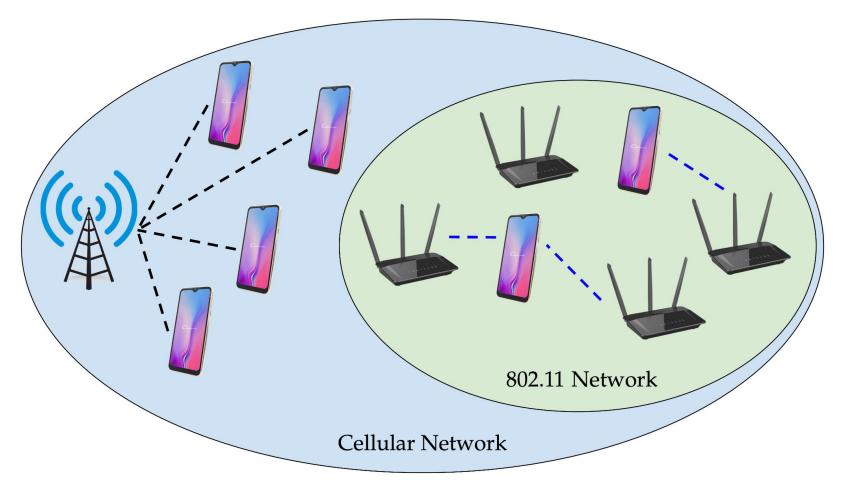
### Today, it's very hard to extract CSI from routers

Tool	IEEE Std	Data points/CSI
CSI Tool [4]	802.11n	30
Atheros CSI Tool [8]	802.11n	56
Nexmon CSI [3]	802.11ac	up to 4096
AX-CSI [2]	802.11ax	up to 32768

### CSI fusion techniques are not supported by today's 802.11 standards

New companies that can be centered around CSI sensing are hindered

#### New Market: AI-Driven Wi-Fi Offloading



Claus Hetting, Cisco VNI predicts bright future for Wi-Fi, https://wifinowglobal.com/news-and-blog/new-cisco-vni-numbers-predict-bright-future-for-wi-fi-towards-2022/

- 5G will offload a whopping 71% of its traffic to Wi-Fi by 2022
- Reduces costs for providers, and ultimately, for customers
- Improves service, so more customer experience and less churning

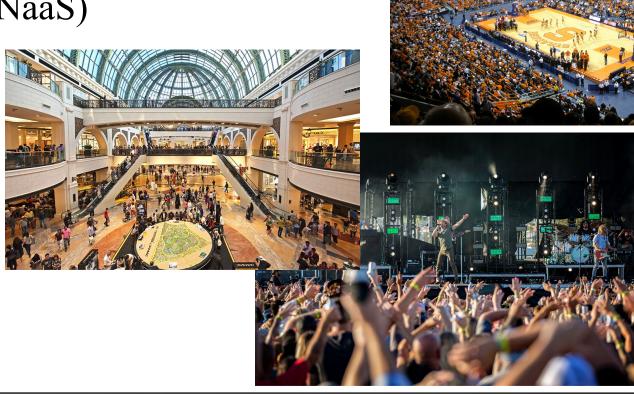
#### New Market: AI-Driven Wi-Fi Offloading

#### Exciting business opportunity

- Much cheaper for MNOs than deploying femtocells
- Wi-Fi APs are ubiquitous in indoor settings
- Networking-as-a-Service (NaaS)

#### Killer use cases:

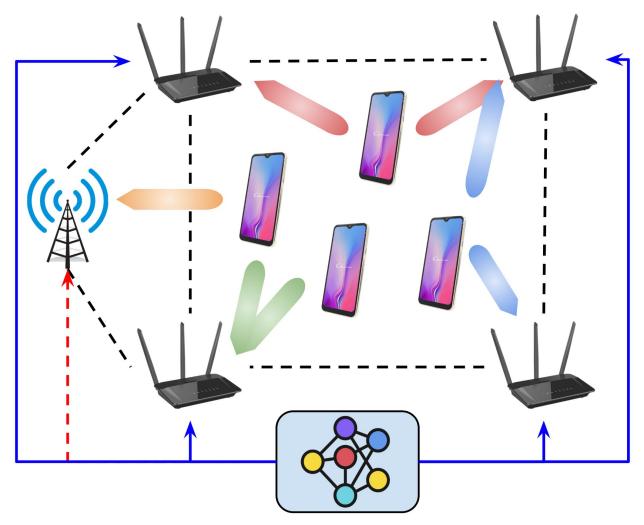
- Shopping Malls
- Stadiums
- Concerts
- O ...
- Crowded Places



#### **Problem: Wi-Fi at Scale**

- Wi-Fi is not made for many users
  - o DL MU-MIMO is limited to 8 users in 802.11ax, 4 is 802.11ac
  - o Maximum of 4 SS/user in 802.11ax, 2 SS/user in 802.11ac
- Not scalable for these applications!
  - More antennas, more BW is **not** the solution!
  - We cannot transform an **AP** in a femtocell!
  - We need **cost-effective** solutions

#### Solution: Cooperative AI-Driven Wi-Fi Offloading



- Cheaper APs, but smarter (AI) and cooperative!
- Target: deploy more
   APs, bring complexity
   (and costs down)
- Sharing spectrum and network information with 5G networks

#### To Summarize

## 802 networks should adopt open, softwarized, AI-driven strategies to remain competitive

## 802 networks should learn to coexist with other technologies and embed AI by design into their architecture

#### How can the 802 RM evolve? **Application LSAPs** Upper layer Presentation Upper layer protocols protocols Session **MSAPs** Optional **Transport MSAPs** LLC sublayer LLC sublayer **PSAPs** Network MAC sublayer Optional MAC sublayer and options Data link **PSAPs** and options **Physical Physical Physical** Medium Medium Figure 3—IEEE 802 RM for end stations **Interfaces** for MAC control & monitoring Modules and

Modules for distributed & centralized control of MAC/PHY,

- for current 802network
- o across 802 networks
- different networks(e.g., O-RAN)
- If **centralized**, interfaces from/to central controller (e.g., AP in Wi-Fi)

• Interfaces for radio control & monitoring (e.g., beams, modulation, coding, etc) and channel

**Interfaces** 

(beams, modulation, coding, etc) and

channel control (CSI)

### Thanks! Questions?