IEEE P802.11  
Wireless LANs

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| EAPoL-Key Notation | | | | |
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Background

This contribution deals with updating EAPoL-Key notation. This addresses CIDs 6040 and 6590.

R3: Addressed offline comments and updated OCI KDE which was missing from some of the flows.

R4: Further offline comment updates and incorporate the resolution for CID 6605 on top of these proposed changes, where necessary. Consolidated the unchanged text copied from the baseline draft.

### Discussion:

The updated EAPoL-key notation, particularly for the Key Data field requires every possible Key Data combination of elements to be shown. Following this update, the notation needs to document every combination of possible values for Key Data rather than to just show which KDEs are mandatory/optional.

This document was posted to address previous comments in the CC and WG LB rounds.

Notation:

* The Key Data field value is denoted by {…}
* Optional key data elements are denoted by […, ]

Other issues:

* There are two PMKID entries in the list of key data KDEs/elements
  + From Jouni: That duplicated PMKID line (and also the entry following it) seems to be editing issue in REVmd/D3.0. CID 2541 was resolved with editing instructions asking the two entries to be added to the list at REVmd/D2.0 P2626 L35 which is the "Here, the following assumptions apply" list in 12.7.6.1. These two lines were added incorrectly into 12.7.4 (REVmd/D2.0 P2625 L32). Those two entries should be moved to the correct list to fix this.

### Proposed Resolution:

Revised. Update the EAPoL-key notation for Key Data to make it less cumbersome and more extensible in <this>

***Update the following text in this clause as follows:***

* EAPOL-Key PDU notation(#1836)

[a] means that a is optionally or conditionally present in {Key Data}

***Update the following text in this clause as follows:***

* 4-way handshake
* General

***Update the following text at the beginning of the clause:***

RSNA defines a protocol using EAPOL-Key frames called the *4-way handshake*. The handshake completes the IEEE 802.1X authentication process. The information flow of the 4-way handshake is as follows:

~~Message 1: Authenticator ® Supplicant: EAPOL-Key(0,0,1,0,P,0,0,ANonce,0,{} or {PMKID})~~

Message 1: Authenticator ® Supplicant: EAPOL-Key(0,0,1,0,P,0,0,ANonce,0, {[PMKID]})

~~Message 2: Supplicant ® Authenticator: EAPOL-Key(0,1,0,0,P,0,0,SNonce,MIC,{RSNE} or {RSNE, OCI KDE} or {RSNE, RSNXE} or {RSNE, OCI KDE, RSNXE})~~

Message 2: Supplicant ® Authenticator: EAPOL-Key(0,1,0,0,P,0,0,SNonce,MIC, {RSNE [, RSNXE]} [, OCI])

~~Message 3: Authenticator®Supplicant:   
EAPOL-Key(1,1,1,1,P,0,KeyRSC,ANonce,MIC,{RSNE,GTK[N]} or   
{RSNE, GTK[N], OCI KDE} or {RSNE, GTK[N], RSNXE} or   
{RSNE, GTK[N], OCI KDE, RSNXE})~~

Message 3: Authenticator®Supplicant:   
EAPOL-Key(1,1,1,1,P,0,KeyRSC,ANonce,MIC,{ RSNE [, RSNXE] [, OCI], GTK(N) [, IGTK(M, IPN)] [, BIGTK(Q, BIPN)] [, WIGTK(R, WIPN)]})

Message 4: Supplicant ® Authenticator: EAPOL-Key(1,1,0,0,P,0,0,0,MIC,{}).

The receiver of an EAPOL-Key message shall accept elements and KDEs in the Key Data field in any order.

***Append the items below to the end of the list as shown below:***

The following apply:

* EAPOL-Key(·) denotes an (#1836)EAPOL-Key PDU conveying the specified argument list, usingthe notation introduced in 12.7.4 (EAPOL-Key PDU notation(#1836)).

…

* PMKID identifies the PMKSA selected by the Authenticator
* “[, a]” identifies that element “a” is conditionally present in {Key Data}
* Group key handshake
* General

***Update the following text at the beginning of this clause as follows:***

The Authenticator uses the Group key handshake to send a new GTK and, if management frame protection is negotiated, a new IGTK, and if beacon protection is enabled, a new BIGTK to the -Supplicant.

The Authenticator may initiate the exchange when a Supplicant is disassociated or deauthenticated.

Message 1: Authenticator ® Supplicant:

~~EAPOL-Key(1,1,1,0,G,0,Key RSC,0, MIC, {GTK[N], IGTK[M], BIGTK[Q]})~~

EAPOL-Key(1,1,1,0,G,0,Key RSC,0, MIC, {GTK(N) [, OCI] [, IGTK(M, IPN)] [, BIGTK(Q, BIPN)] [, WIGTK(R, WIPN)]})

Message 2: Supplicant ® Authenticator: EAPOL-Key(1,1,0,0,G,0,0,0,MIC,{ [OCI]})

NOTE --- Elements and KDEs in the key data field can be included in any order.

* FT initial mobility domain association
* Overview

The FT initial mobility domain association is the first (re)association in the mobility domain, where the SME of the STA enables its future use of the FT procedures.

FT initial mobility domain association is typically the first association within the ESS. In addition to Association Request and Response frames, Reassociation Request and Response frames are supported in the initial mobility domain association to enable both FT and non-FT APs to be present in a single ESS.

* FT initial mobility domain association in an RSN

***Update the following text at the beginning of this clause as follows:***

The R1KH and S1KH then perform an FT 4-way handshake. The EAPOL-Key frame notation is defined in 12.7.4 (EAPOL-Key frame notation).

R1KH®S1KH: EAPOL-Key(0, 0, 1, 0, P, 0, 0, ANonce, 0, {})

~~S1KH®R1KH: EAPOL-Key(0, 1, 0, 0, P, 0, 0, SNonce, MIC, {RSNE[PMKR1Name], MDE, FTE, RSNXE})~~

S1KH®R1KH: EAPOL-Key(0, 1, 0, 0, P, 0, 0, SNonce, MIC, {RSNE(PMKR1Name) [, RSNXE], MDE, FTE})

~~R1KH®S1KH: EAPOL-Key(1, 1, 1, 1, P, 0, 0, ANonce, MIC, {RSNE[PMKR1Name], MDE, GTK[N], IGTK[M], BIGTK[Q], FTE, TIE[ReassociationDeadline], TIE[KeyLifetime], RSNXE})~~

R1KH®S1KH: EAPOL-Key(1, 1, 1, 1, P, 0, 0, ANonce, MIC, {RSNE(PMKR1Name) [, RSNXE], [, OCI], MDE, FTE, TIE(ReassociationDeadline), TIE(KeyLifetime), GTK(N) [, IGTK(M, IPN)] [, BIGTK(Q, BIPN)] [, WIGTK(R, WIPN)]})

S1KH®R1KH: EAPOL-Key(1, 1, 0, 0, P, 0, 0, 0, MIC, {})

NOTE --- Elements and KDEs in the key data field can be included in any order.

The message sequence is described in 12.7.6 (4-way handshake).