IEEE P802.11
Wireless LANs

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| CR for PHY related comments  |
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Abstract

This submission addresses the CIDs related with sections 28.3.19a, 28.3.17b, and 28.3.17c in 11az Draft 1.0

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| CID | Page | Clause  | Comment | Proposed Change | Resolution |
| 1335 | 159 | 28.3.19a | For SU PPDU, when the num\_user is more than 1? | as in the comment | RejectIn the secured mode of trigger-based ranging sequence, the DL HE ranging NDP can be shared by multiple ISTA, and each ISTA is allocated separate HE-LTF field for security protection purpose, and for this cae, the num\_usre is more 1.    |
| 1368 | 151 | 28.3.19a | Tgaz should have secure ranging as a mandatory feature. We already have non-secure FTM ranging in 802.11-2016. Mandating secure ranging will simplify the spec and the testing associated with it. | Add the following text to the sentence "It is mandatory to support the 2x HE-LTF with 0.8 us GI and 2x HE-LTF with 1.6 us GI. The other combinations of HE-LTF modes and GI duration are disallowed." : "It is also mandatory to support Secure HE-LTFs with randomized LTF sequence " | Reject The non-secured ranging mode in 11az has lower complexity and better efficieny, and the secured ranging mode has higher complexity and lower efficiency, but this mode provide enhanced security protection for PHY layers, and also sets a high bar for the implementation of the RSTA and ISTA. Setting secured ranging as optional mode helps to accelerate the implementation and deployment of first wave of 11az poduct.  |

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| CID | Page | Clause  | Comment | Proposed Change | Resolution |
| 1370 | 151 | 28.3.19a | We should remove the 4us Packet Extension associated with the HE Ranging NDP. It seems inefficient use of the medium. | Remove the sentence "Has a Packet Extension (PE) field that is 4 us in duration; when using Secure HE-LTFs with randomized LTF sequence, the PE will start with a zero-power GI." | RejectThe 4us Packet Extenstion field is defined in the HE sounding NDP frame in 11ax, and since the HE Raning NDP in 11az resuses the HE sounding NDP frame format, the 4us Packet Extension field should be kept. The 4us PE also gives the ISTA or RSTA more time for preparing the LMR. |
| 2517 | 153 | 28.3.17c | How to generate b\_i is not defined, and is just said to be a 'randomized' LTF. In that case, how can a receiver know what the LTF sequence is? | Either delete the randomized LTF sequence mode (does not work as receiver does not know the sequence used by the transmitter), or properly define it. | Revised There is a related CID 1821, which also commented on the generation of the random bits for LTF sequence. The generation of b\_i is defined in the document IEEE 11-19-0326r1 which is the CR for CID 1821. The receiver can identify the random LTF sequence based on the SAC field included in the trigger frame for UL NDP in TB or the NDPA frame in NTBTGaz editor make changes as specified in 11-19/0326r1 [already done] for CIDs 2517, and 1821. |