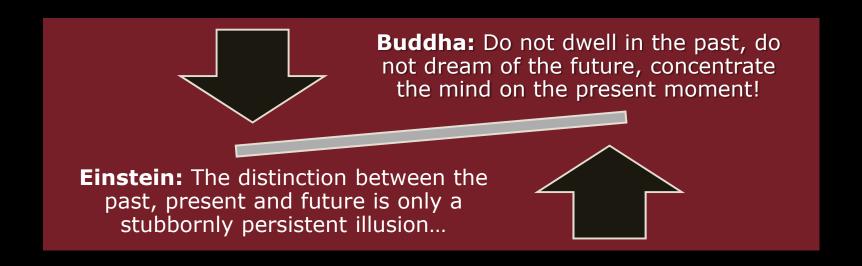
Stereoscopic-3D Looking at the Next Decade



Sunil Jain Lead Architect & Strategist Intel Corporation

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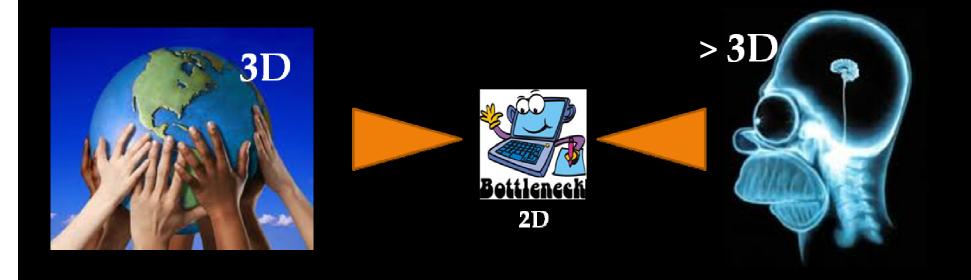
"While I take inspiration from the past, like most Americans, I live for the future" - Ronald Reagan

Sunil Jain is Lead Architect and Strategist at Intel. As part of the PC Client Group, Sunil is responsible for bringing innovative technologies to PC platforms such as Desktops, Notebooks, and handheld devices. Sunil joined Intel in 1999 and has played several roles - chip Architect, platform Architect, Manager of the Video and Display Architecture teams, Director Strategic Technology Programs, and he is the Lead Architect and Strategist. Sunil started his career in 1985 at Siemens Medical and served as founder managing-director of Span Mechnotronix Ltd. from 1991-98. Sunil has multiple patents and innovations to his credit including world's first power-analog-mixed signal SoC for Intel Atom based X-86 and first universal systems, true stereoscopic 3D glasses that work for Active and Passive and PC and CE in many:many usage scenarios.

Agenda

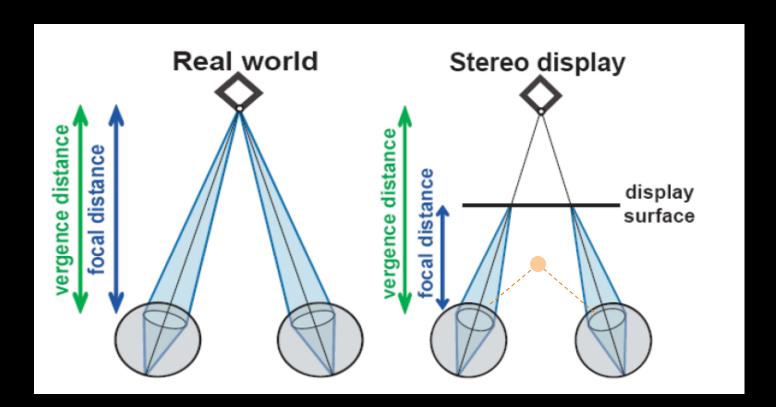
- 3D Terminology & Basics... [15 mins]
- 3D State of Union in 2011... [15 mins]
- What's feasible in the decade ahead... [15 mins]
- Q&A and discussions...

3D Terminology & Basics



If Simpson has to watch Homer in 2D, blame it on IEEE... Compute & Display engineers are too slow to solve trivial problems...

Modern displays cause visual discomfort









Accommodation: Ability of our eyes to focus on points of interest at different distances

Con-Divergence: Angle between the lines of sight of both eyes linked by muscle reflex

Clear & single binocular vision - for normal human visual dev - is achieved through accommodation & vergence

Prolonged Acc-Vergence conflict = viewing discomfort, eye strain, fatigue

Stereoscopy >150 yrs of Novelty!

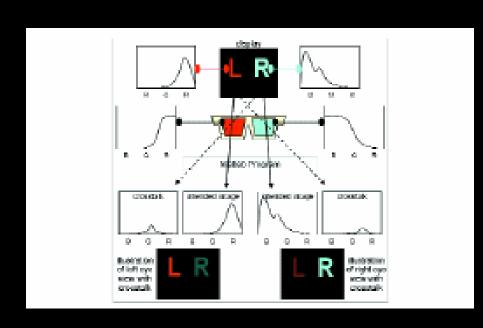


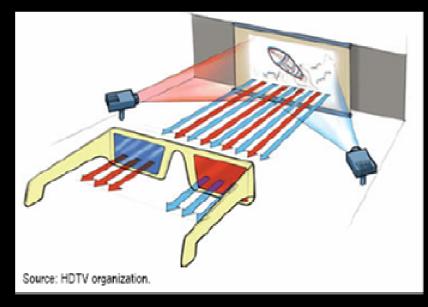
In 1838 Sir Charles Wheatstone described the theory of stereoscopic vision

Simple concept:
Present each eye with a slightly different image; and brain will compute depth from the parallax



Spectral Barrier (a.k.a Anaglyph)



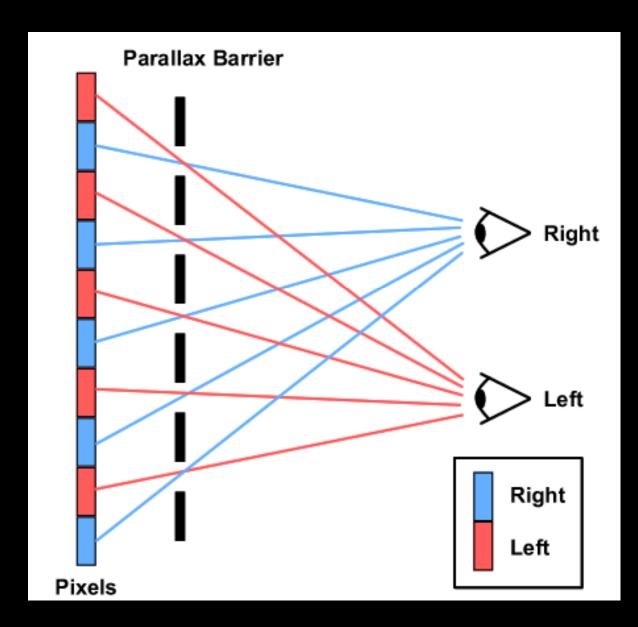


1853: W. Rollman illustrated Anaglyph **1891:** Louis Hauron printed Anaglyphs

1889: William Friese-Green created the first 3D Anaglyphic motion picture

Parallax Barrier





1896:

Berthier, Auguste "Images stéréoscopiques de grand format"

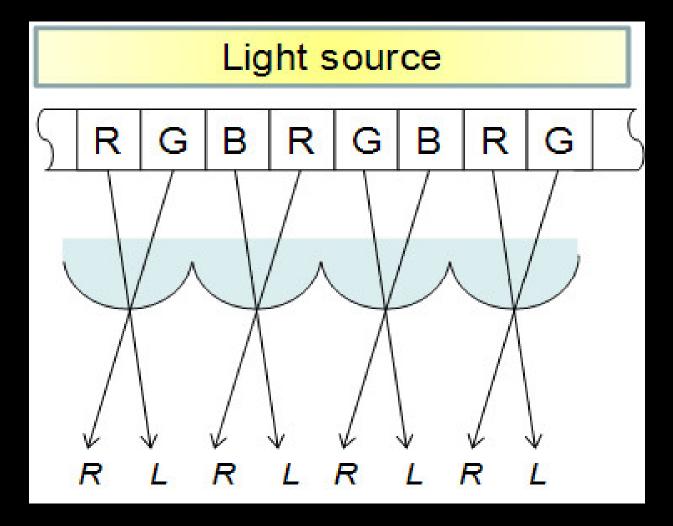
1902:

Ives, Frederic E.
"A novel
stereogram".

Journal of the
Franklin Institute

Lenticular Barrier



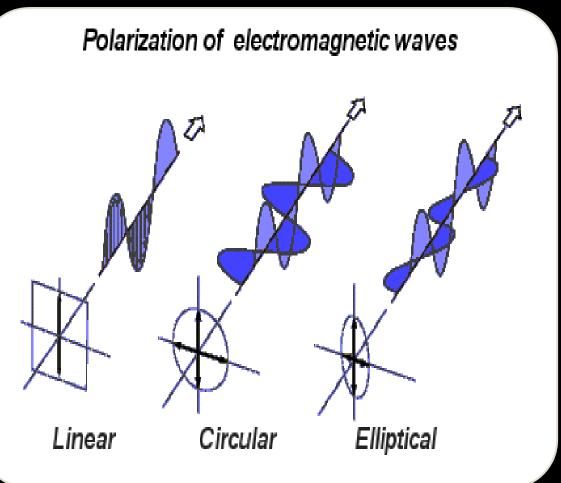


1908: Lippmann, M. G. "Épreuves réversibles. Photographies intégrales"

1915: Patent #1128979, Hess, Walter, "Stereoscopic picture"



Polarization Barrier

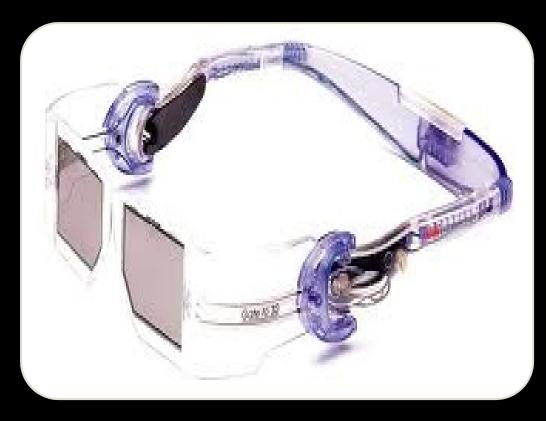








LCD Shutter/ Retarder





- First proven by Stephen McAllister in the mid-1970s
- Active Shutter & Active Retarder popular in 3DTV, 3DPC and Cinema



S3D Technology Summary (2011 snapshot)

	3D Technology	Display	Glasses	VQ	Suitability	Cost
	Anaglyph	Any	Spectral	Bad	PC, TV, Projector	Low
0	Passive Polar	Polarizer	Polarizer	Half Res		Mid
8	Active Retarder	Shutter+Polarizer	Polarizer	<full res<="" th=""><th>High</th></full>		High
	Active Shutter	Any <2ms	Shutters	Full Res		Mid
was a second	Auto-Stereo (BL-temporal)	Optical Barrier (Active or Passive)	-	<full res<="" th=""><th>Phone, Tablet</th><th>Mid</th></full>	Phone, Tablet	Mid
	Auto-Stereo (eye-tracking)				PC, TV, Projector	High
100 Bu	Multi-View 3D					High
	Holo-Video	TBD?	-	Low?	Signage, Misc	R&D
	Volumetric	TBD?	-	Low?	Signage, Misc.	R&D

Quick Recap

- Humans perceive depth using 4 physiological factors:
 - a) Binocular disparity b)Motion parallax c) Accommodation, and d) Vergence
- 3D rendering is possible with fundamentally two different approaches:
 - a) Stereoscopic Viewing (each eye is presented with a different image)
 - b) Natural Viewing (both eyes look at the light field in a normal manner)
- Conventional 3D schemes are based on:
 - a) Two view (a.k.a. Stereoscopic-3D or S3D) b) Multi-view (a.k.a. Multi-scopic)
 - Accommodation-vergence conflict and cross talk result into visual discomfort in viewing 3D. Visual quality can be improved or compensated for at each stage - Content generation, processing & rendering
- Stereoscopy requires each eye to be presented with a different image. This requires creating some kind of optical barrier between the eyes, through:
 - a) Special eyewear (Anaglyph, Spectral, Passive Polarized, Active Retarder, Active Shutter)
 - b) Special optics on the display screen (a.k.a Auto-stereo)
- Holographic and Volumetric approaches emulate natural 3D viewing. Both approaches in R&D, require special transducers and extensive computations.

Key challenge and opportunity in the decade ahead is to deliver realism in 3D viewing.

Agenda

- 3D Terminology & Basics... [15 mins]
- 3D State of Union in 2011... [15 mins]
- What's feasible in the decade ahead... [15 mins]
- Q&A and discussions...

3D Technology is at an inflection point



World class events from all walks of life

- U2 3D(IMAX as well as Real-D theaters)
- English Ballet
- 3. Orange Bowl 2009
- 4. BCS Bowl 2009
- 5. French Open 2009
- 6. English Ballet Swan Lake
- /. Jonas Brothers
- v. Keane
- Step Up 3D
- 10. 10 Broadway Musical will be shot in Stereo 3D Fugobi
- 11. Michael Jackson Concert
- 12. Brittany Spears
- 13. USC Ohio State Game 2009 ESPN
- 14. NBA All Star Game 2009
- 15. Hannah Montana/Miley Cyrus: Best of Both Worlds

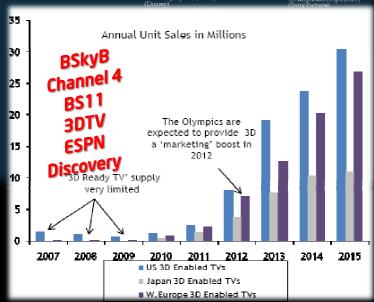
97 S3D Movie Titles and still counting....

- . Mars needs Mom Disney
- The Forever War Ridley Scott
- The Child Eye in 3D
 Pang Brothers
- Cane Toads 2
- Journey to Center of the Earth 2
- 6. Ocean 3D into the Deep
- Puppet Master
- 8. Humpty Dumpty Amber Entertainment
- Final Destination : Death trip 3D
- o. Spiderman 4
- Battle Angel James
 Cameron
- Tintin Peter Jackson
- The Legend of Spyro 3D
- 14. Hairspray 2
- 5. Rendezvous with Rama
- 6. Star Trek 3D
- i7. Step Up 3D
- 18. The Ushers Green Knight Ventures
- e. Friends Life
- 20. Call of the Wild
- Piranha 3-D (Alexandre Aja) (Dimension Films
- 22. RIO Blue Skv/Fox
- zs. HappyFee
- Gear of War 3D
 - Hubble3D

- 54. Journey to the Center of the Earth 3D (July 11th, 2008) (New Line) 53. Fly Me to the Moon 3D (August
- Harry Potter and the Half Blood Prince (November 21, 2008) (Warner Bros)
- (Disney) (Chris Williams, Director) (Score by John Powell) 9. Coraline (Limited December 2008 Release) (Laika / Focus
- My Bloody Valentine 3D (January 16, 2009) (Lionsga Entertainment)
- at. Under the Sea 3D (Spring)
 (IMAX) UNDER THE SEA 3D
- Pixar)

 60. Ice Age: Dawn of the Dinosa
- 64. G-Force (July 24th, 2009) (Disney)

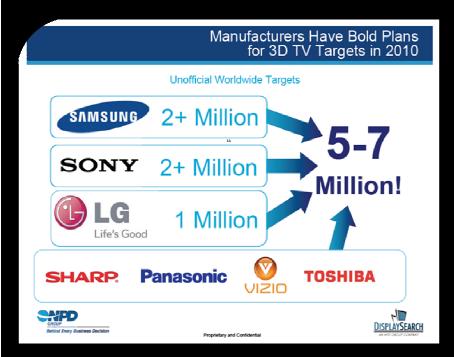
- Alicein Wonderland (March 19th, 2010)(Tim Burton / Disney) How To Train Your
- Dragon (March 26th, 2009) (Dreamworks Animation)
- Alpha And Omega (April 16th, 2010) (Lionsgate)
- (Dreamworks Animation) BlueMan IMAX
- 3D June 2010 Toy Story 3 (June 18th 2010) (Dispey)
- 2010) (Disney) Rapunzel (Christmas
- Boat (2010) (Gaumont) Around The World in 50
- Cereal Heroes (2010) (Fable Works LDC)
- Studios) Cloudy With A Chance

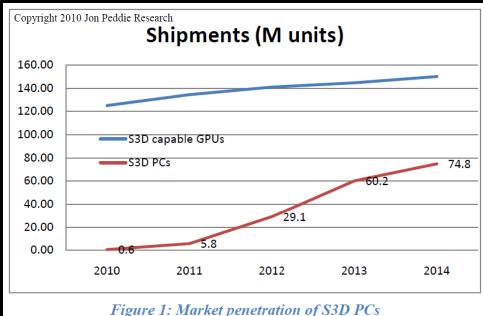


Decade ahead: Realism in 3D at PC & CE Price Points!

3DTV and 3DPC - Analyst Projections

(2011 Snapshot)

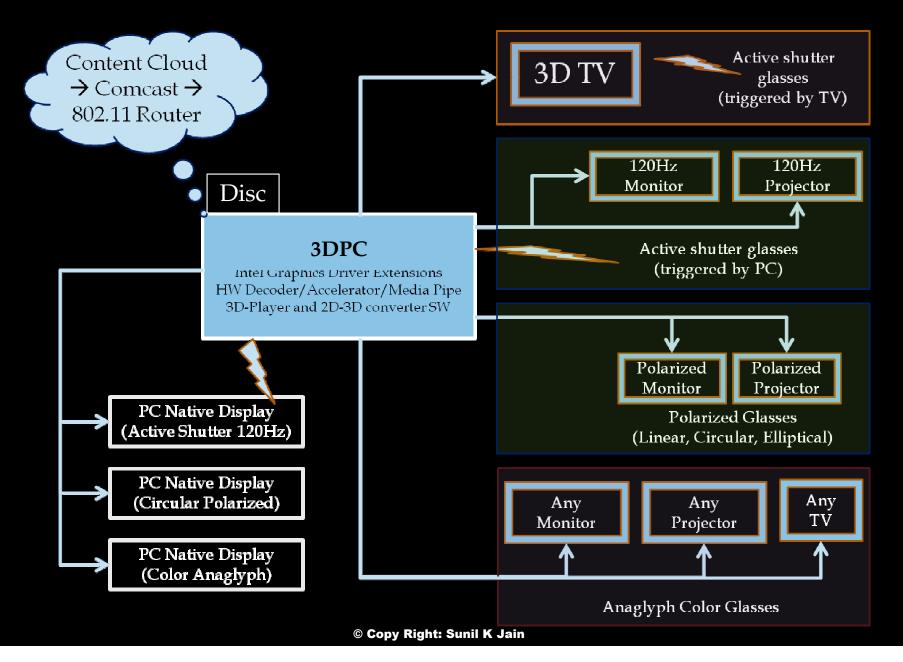




Actual 3D shipments in 2010: Lower than projected?

New Technology Challenges: 3D Content, System Cost, Bulky Glasses, Fragmented Solutions

Practical 3D-PC configurations (2011 snapshot)

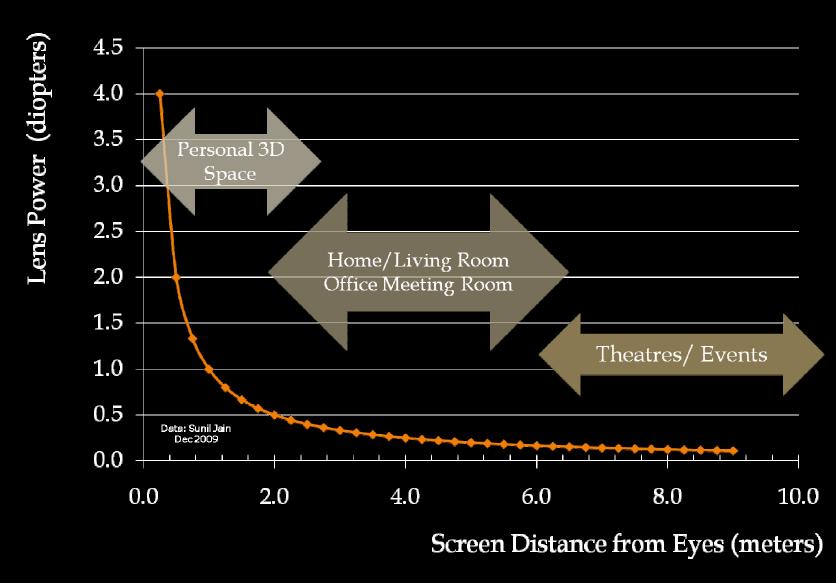


Expected Worldwide PC Sales (in Million Units)

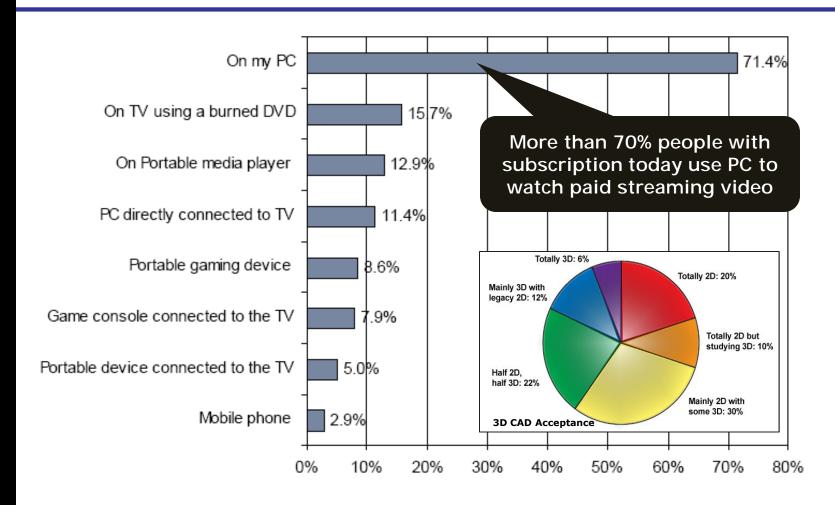
[Market for 3DPC could be significant - still early]



Personal-3D: Focus-Fixation challenge gets harder



Which device(s) did you use to watch the show(s) you purchased and downloaded from the Internet? (Select all that apply)

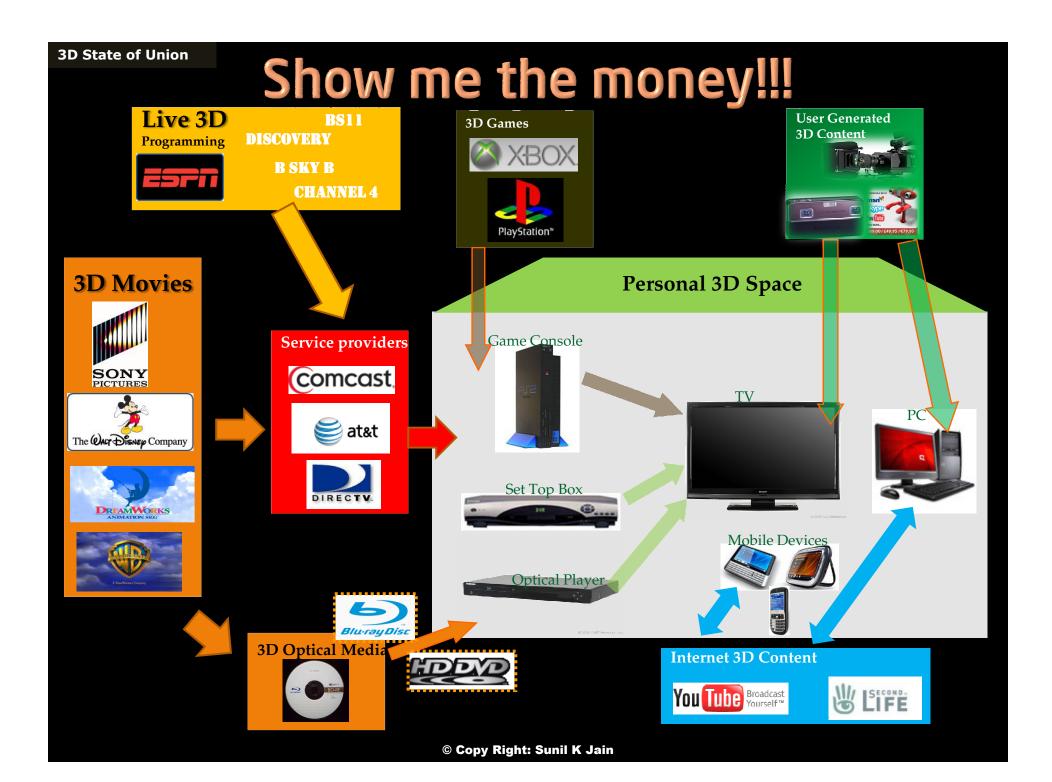


Streaming 3D Video content and CAD could be big drivers for 3DPC

(Source: ABI Research)

S =140

(This represents the number out of our total sample of 1155 who purchased video online to watch on a device at home)



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Agenda

- 3D Terminology & Basics... [15 mins]
- 3D Challenges & Opportunities... [15 mins]
- What's feasible in the decade ahead... [15 mins]
- Q&A and discussions...

S3D Key Technical Challenges

- **1. Crosstalk** = Func {Leakage of images between L/R}
 - Optical barriers are limited by geometry, and result in crosstalk
 - > Mechanical Stereoscope quality can be matched by Binocular displays, closely followed by Active Shutter based Eyewear
- **2. Acc-Vergence** = Func {Distance-Size, Content, Display}
 - Conflict between acc-vergence dilutes 3D realism + adds discomfort
 - > Careful content generation, Distance-Resolution adaptive algorithms; Holo-video & Volumetric display approaches could lead to realism in 3D
- **3. Resolution** = Func {pixel density and # of frames}
 - To act as barriers, state of the art optical barriers cut resolution ⊗
 - > Resolution can be recovered by combo of faster, higher pixel density displays as well as synthetic pixel enhancements algorithms

What's feasible in the decade ahead...

- 1. Auto-S3D widely deployed in handheld & wearable compute
- 2. Full HD resolution 3D waterfall to mainstream PC and TV
- 3. Content distribution & monetization models figured out
- 4. Ubiquitous tools/techniques for user generated 3D content
- 5. Real time Viewer & Usage Adaptive quality enhancements
- 6. Fully stereo and multi-view enabled browsers and OS
- 7. 3D realism via dense viewing zones in Auto-S/MV-3D (pitch of viewing zone smaller than pupil diameter pitch)
- 2K, 4K and 8K resolution 3D displays built with variety of technologies - LCD, OLED, MEMS, and laser projection
- 9. Practical Holo-video & Volumetric displays @ premium
- 10. Proof points for human size volumetric displays and immersive holo-decks for rendering; camera array capture

"The best way to predict the future is to invent it" - Alan Kay

3D State of Union – Envisioned in 2020



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Questions?

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What's unique about IA-SIT Glasses?

Applications:

- **■ Devices: 3D-PC, 3D-TV, 3D-Monitor**
- <u>Technologies</u>: Active Shutter, Active Retarder, Passive
- Usage: 1-1, 1-many, many-many

Unique features:

- Universal Optical Stack: display technology agnostic
- Semi-intelligent IR sniffing: protocol agnostic algorithm
- Scalable design: Refresh rate agnostic (48hz-480Hz)

Other salient features:

- Stylish: Ergonomics, Weight, Ambient Light, Quality
- RF based: Many-many usage, program pair and lock
- Affordable: PC Peripheral Price Points, lower solution cost

Universal S3D Glasses for PC & CE Interoperability

(Based on Intel Adaptive Stable Image Technology)

Intel S3D Solution





Validated
Panels/Monitors
(IA-SIT Spec Compliant)



OEM or Intel partnered 3D content portals



Intel-based PCs featuring Intel® InTru3D™ technology











3D games via conversion MW Support for 3D Blu-ray playback



Intel Eyewear (IA-SIT Spec Compliant)



Support for HDMI 1.4 S3D-Ready TVs

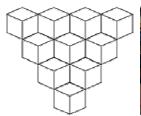
Stereoscopic 3D Terminology

<u>60 Second Experiment</u>





- Focus on this pattern
- Cover your Left eye and observe the pattern for 1-2 seconds with your Right eye.
- Now alternate; Cover your Right eye and observe the pattern for 1-2 seconds with your Left eye.
- Did you notice the pattern moved?
- This movement is because of the two different perspectives that both eyes separated by ~6.5cms present.
- Refined since childhood, algorithms to determine quality and accuracy of depth are embedded in brain.
- 3D viewing on 2D surfaces is about artificial stimulation of brain.
- One popular technique involves separately presenting Left & Right images at fast enough speed.
- Challenge is to stop leakage (crosstalk) between the Left & Right





3D Artistic Perspective

L/R Separation Techniques	Pros	Cons
Spectral Color Anaglyph: Filtered Left-Right images are presented simultaneously {Examples:Intel Super Ball Ads}	Low Cost, Works on any existing PC/TV, with color Eyewear	Cross Talk, Color Accuracy, Brightness
Spatial Optical Polarized: Linear or Circular, each eye gets only one polarization {Examples: 3D Cinema, Acer NB}	Add Polarized Display AND Eyewear to any PC/TV design	Half Resolution, Costly display due to low-yield Cross -Talk
Temporal R L R L R L Sequential: Alternate L-R full frames, matching eyewear Actively shutters {Examples: nVidia 3D vision, Xpand}	Full Resolution, 120Hz Refresh, Electronics	Low brightness due to short duty cycle of stable image, Different eyewear across PC-TV.
Auto-Stereo (Eyewear Free) Micro Ienses on display, multi-views {Examples:Fuji Camera; Phones}	Eyewear Free	Technology in infancy

