## Supplementary File 3: MEDIATE CMOC Coding Framework

Overarching Conceptual Theme	Parent Node	Child Node	Notes for researchers
	Coercion:		Pressure to follow advice against own wishes/may include threat of Mental Health Act
	Independent decision-making		
		By provider	often when the provider deems the client incapable of making rational decisions
Decision Making		By client	includes autonomy, control, empowerment over own decisions
	Shared decision-making:		evidence and options are discussed between client and provider-client's input is equally valued and considered by the provider
	Decisional factors-		often manifest during conflict/dilemma, new decision or change in condition
		Available information:	includes insufficient or sufficient info or access to info
		Family, peer roles/accountabilities	may be positive or negative
		Cultural and social influences	
		Stigma	stigma against SMI
		Other contextual considerations,	such as time and space for consultations, team-based care/inter- disciplinary approaches

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		Client insight or personal awareness- user/capacity/unwell			
<u>Therapeutic</u>	relational factors			D	Deleted: Therapeutic alliance/encounter/relationship-
<u>Alliance</u>		Patient approaches and perceptions	motivational interviewing, informed consent		
		Provider approaches			
		and perceptions	-		
		Strategies/interventions:			
	Positive experiences and outcomes				
Med Management	Negative experiences and outcomes				
Interventions	Orals (+/- experiences)		Types of medications		
		_			
	Injectables [LAIs] (+/- experiences)				
	Theories		E.g., Example: Common sense or self-regulation theory in Pinfold Stages of SDM and their barriers in Grunwald & Thompson Personal identity formation		
	Background Information		with conceptual/operational definitions of key terms and stats		

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