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REPORT ON INTERNATIONAL
EDUCATIONAL EXCHANGE



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REPORT ON INTERNATIONAL EDUCATIONAL EXCHANGE

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Institute of International Education



CONTENTS

Overview: International Students in the U.S.:	The Big Picture	2	Their Origins	4				
Leading Place of Origin Trends	6	U.S. Destinations	8	Colleges and Universities	10			
Fields of Study and Student Profile	12	Financial Contributions	14	<i>U.S. Students Abroad</i>	16			
<i>Community Colleges and International Education</i>	21	<i>International Scholars in the U.S.</i>	24					
<i>International Education and Science and Technology Enrollment</i>	26	<i>Intensive English Programs in the U.S.</i>	28					
<i>Global Student Mobility</i>	30	<i>U.S. Branch Campuses Overseas</i>	31	<i>U.S. International Exchange Balance</i>	32			
<i>Fast Facts</i>	33							
Data Tables:	International Students	35	Study Abroad	63	International Scholars	80	Intensive English Programs	87
Methodology	95	Acknowledgments	104					

OPEN DOORS is a long-standing, comprehensive information resource on the 582,984 international students in the United States in 2006/07 and on the 223,534 U.S. students who studied abroad for academic credit in 2005/06. The Institute of International Education, one of the largest and most experienced U.S. higher education exchange agencies, has conducted an annual statistical survey of the internationally mobile student population in the United States since 1948, with support from the U.S. Department of State's Bureau of Educational & Cultural Affairs since 1972.

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FOREWORD

Academic year 2006/07 was a turning point in the United States' history of hosting international students. After a four-year period of concern that the U.S. higher education system was losing its attractiveness to international students, reflected in declining numbers of students from many countries, 2007 saw an annual increase of 3.2% in the total number of international students in the U.S., and an even larger increase of 10% in the enrollment of new, incoming international students. The U.S. continues to host more international students than any other country, and its large and diverse higher education infrastructure provides ample capacity to substantially expand international enrollments in response to continued growth in demand. At the same time, an increasing number of U.S. students are participating in study abroad to further their knowledge of other cultures and their educational and professional competence in a flattening world.

The Institute of International Education carefully documents these mobility trends each year in the form of the *Open Doors* Project. The Project and accompanying publication is supported by the U.S. Department of State's Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs, an agency that plays a critical and unique role in internationalizing U.S. higher education. We also rely heavily on the cooperation of U.S. higher education institutions, who respond to the *Open Doors* survey each year. This year, we are pleased to share with you an expanded and improved version of the *Open Doors 2007: Report on International Educational Exchange*. In addition to our standard features, this year's report includes new analyses on timely and relevant topics such as the role of community colleges in international education; trends in science and engineering international exchange; global student mobility; and U.S. branch campuses overseas.

We at the Institute of International Education hope that *Open Doors 2007* will serve as a useful resource to inform critical thinking and policy in international education at the local, state, and national levels in the U.S. and overseas. We encourage you to actively engage with the data and information presented in this report and on the accompanying website, and to share with us your questions and comments, as well as your own research on this topic, so that we may continue to make *Open Doors* as useful as possible, and continue to expand the dialogue and information resources available.

Dr. Allan E. Goodman
President and CEO
Institute of International Education

New York City
December 2007

Opening
Minds
to the
World®

582,984 international studying in the U.S. in 2006/07, over the previous year.

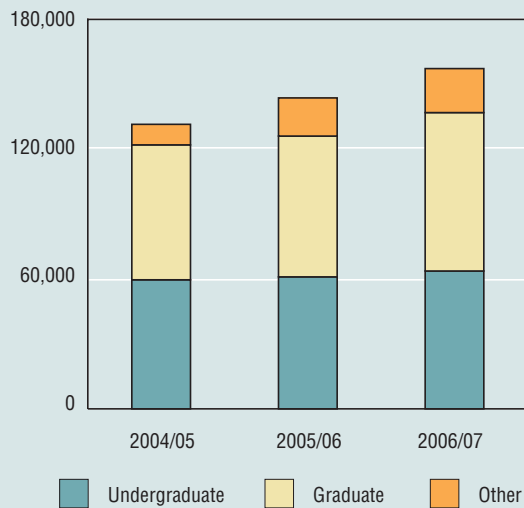


Figure 1A: New International Student Enrollments, 2004/05 – 2006/07

Year	Int'l Students	Annual % Change	Total Enrollment ¹	% Int'l
1976/77	203,068	13.2	11,121,400	1.8
1977/78	235,509	16.0	11,415,000	2.1
1978/79	263,940	12.1	11,392,000	2.3
1979/80	286,343	8.5	11,707,000	2.4
1980/81	311,882	8.9	12,087,200	2.6
1981/82	326,299	4.6	12,371,700	2.6
1982/83	336,985	3.3	12,425,800	2.7
1983/84	338,894	0.6	12,393,700	2.7
1984/85	342,113	0.9	12,467,700	2.7
1985/86	343,777	0.5	12,387,700	2.8
1986/87	349,609	1.7	12,410,500	2.8
1987/88	356,187	1.9	12,808,487	2.8
1988/89	366,354	2.9	13,322,576	2.7
1989/90	386,851	5.6	13,824,592	2.8
1990/91	407,529	5.3	13,975,408	2.9
1991/92	419,585	3.0	14,360,965	2.9
1992/93	438,618	4.5	14,422,975	3.0
1993/94	449,749	2.5	14,473,106	3.1
1994/95	452,635	0.6	14,554,016	3.1
1995/96	453,787	0.3	14,419,252	3.1
1996/97	457,984	0.9	14,286,478	3.1
1997/98	481,280	5.1	13,294,221	3.6
1998/99	490,933	2.0	13,391,401	3.6
1999/00	514,723	4.8	13,584,998	3.8
2000/01	547,867	6.4	14,046,659	3.9
2001/02	582,996	6.4	13,511,149	4.3
2002/03	586,323	0.6	12,853,627	4.6
2003/04	572,509	-2.4	13,383,553	4.3
2004/05	565,039	-1.3	13,994,869	4.0
2005/06	564,766	-0.05	14,528,728	3.9
2006/07	582,984	3.2	15,023,346	3.9

¹ Data from the National Center for Education Statistics and the College Board Annual Survey of Colleges.

² The data collection process was changed in 1974/75. Refugees were counted from 1975/76 to 1990/91.

Figure 1B: International Student Enrollment and U.S. Higher Education Enrollment Trends, Selected Years 1959/60 – 2006/07

students were a 30% increase

THE BIG PICTURE

According to the *Open Doors International Student Census*, the number of international students studying in the U.S. rebounded to a total of 582,984 students in 2006/07, the first substantial increase in enrollment since 2001/02 (Fig. 1B). At the same time, the enrollment of new international students (students enrolling for the first time at a U.S. campus) increased by 10% to 157,178 students in 2006/07 (Fig.1A). This increase builds upon the 8% increase in new students seen last year. Taken together, the rebounding of total international student enrollment and the significant increase in new enrollments suggest that the declines in international student enrollment witnessed in recent years have been reversed. These findings are consistent with an online survey conducted in October 2007 by IIE, in conjunction with seven national higher education associations, that provides an early snapshot of what campuses are experiencing in fall 2007: 57% of respondents reported increases in total international enrollments, and 55% reported increases in new international enrollments.

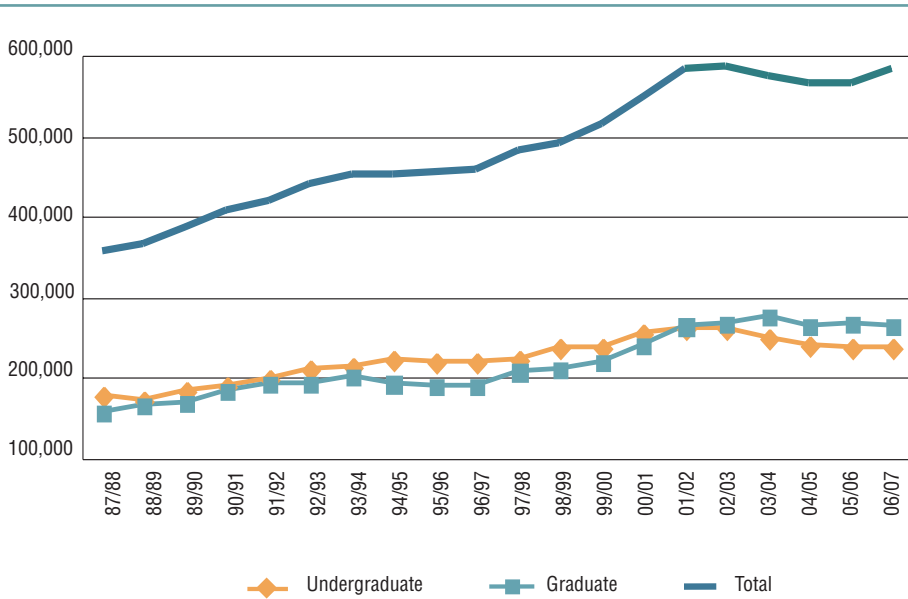


Figure 1C: International Student Enrollment Trends by Academic Level, 1987/88 – 2006/07

Academic Level	2006/07 Int'l Students	% of Int'l Total	Total U.S. Higher Education Enrollment*	% Int'l
Associate's	67,855	11.6	4,880,729	1.4
Bachelor's	170,195	29.2	7,935,274	2.1
Graduate**	264,288	45.4	2,207,343	12.0
Other***	38,986	6.7	-	-
Optional Practical Training	41,660	7.1	-	-
Total	582,984	100.0	15,023,346	3.9

* College Board Annual Survey of Colleges data on U.S. higher education enrollment.

** Includes first professional degree programs.

***Includes students in intensive English programs and other non-degree students.

Figure 1D: International Student Enrollment and U.S. Higher Education Enrollment by Academic Level, 2006/07

Total International Enrollment by Academic Level

Although there are over half a million international students in the U.S., they still account for less than 4% of the total enrollment in U.S. higher education (Fig. 1B). This suggests that there is considerable room for U.S. institutions to accommodate more international students. However, the percentage of international students in U.S. higher education varied by academic level; international graduate students, who outnumbered international undergraduate students, constituted 12% of the total U.S. graduate student population (Fig. 1D). Meanwhile, international undergraduates constituted only 2% of the total U.S. undergraduate enrollment.

India, China and South Korea

and

were the top places of origin in 2006/07.

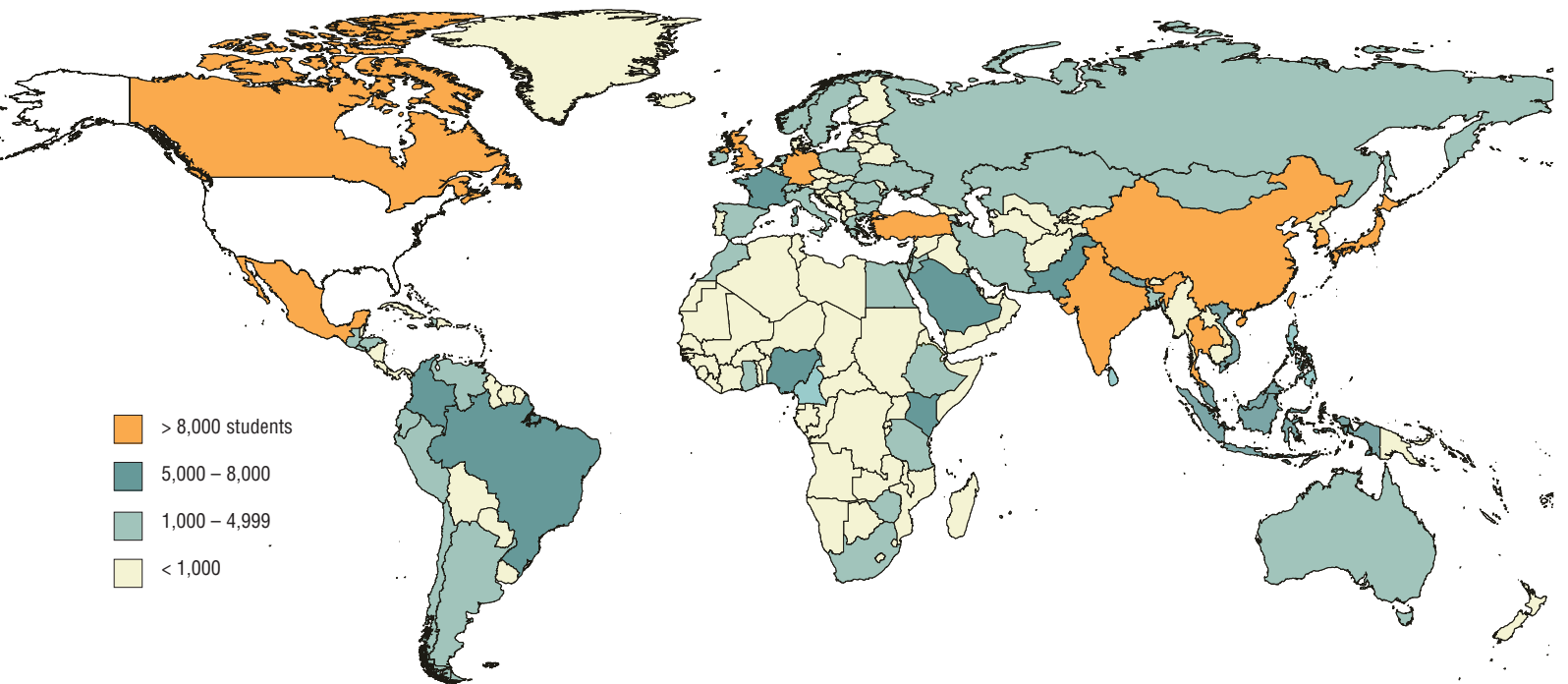


Figure 2A: Global View of International Student Origins, 2006/07

THEIR ORIGINS

India remained the leading place of origin for the sixth consecutive year, with a 10% increase this year, reversing last year's 5% decline (Fig. 2B). In 2006/07, 14% of all international students in the U.S. came

from India. China, South Korea, and Japan were the next three leading places of origin, also for the sixth year in a row, with 12%, 11%, and 6% of the total, respectively. The number of international students

from Taiwan increased by 4%, with Taiwan surpassing Canada as the fifth leading place of origin, the first time since 2002/03 that all top five places of origin have been in Asia.

Rank	Place of Origin	2005/06	2006/07	2006/07 % of Int'l Total	% Change
	WORLD TOTAL	564,766	582,984	-	3.2
1	India	76,503	83,833	14.4	9.6
2	China	62,582	67,723	11.6	8.2
3	Korea, Rep. of (South)	59,022	62,392	10.7	5.7
4	Japan	38,712	35,282	6.1	-8.9
5	Taiwan	27,876	29,094	5.0	4.4
6	Canada	28,202	28,280	4.9	0.3
7	Mexico	13,931	13,826	2.4	-0.8
8	Turkey	11,622	11,506	2.0	-1.0
9	Thailand	8,765	8,886	1.5	1.4
10	Germany	8,829	8,656	1.5	-2.0
11	United Kingdom	8,274	8,438	1.4	2.0
12	Saudi Arabia	3,448	7,886	1.4	128.7
13	Nepal	6,061	7,754	1.3	27.9
14	Hong Kong	7,849	7,722	1.3	-1.6
15	Indonesia	7,575	7,338	1.3	-3.1
16	Brazil	7,009	7,126	1.2	1.7
17	Colombia	6,835	6,750	1.2	-1.2
18	France	6,640	6,704	1.1	1.0
19	Kenya	6,559	6,349	1.1	-3.2
20	Vietnam	4,597	6,036	1.0	31.3

Figure 2B: Top 20 Places of Origin of International Students, 2005/06 & 2006/07

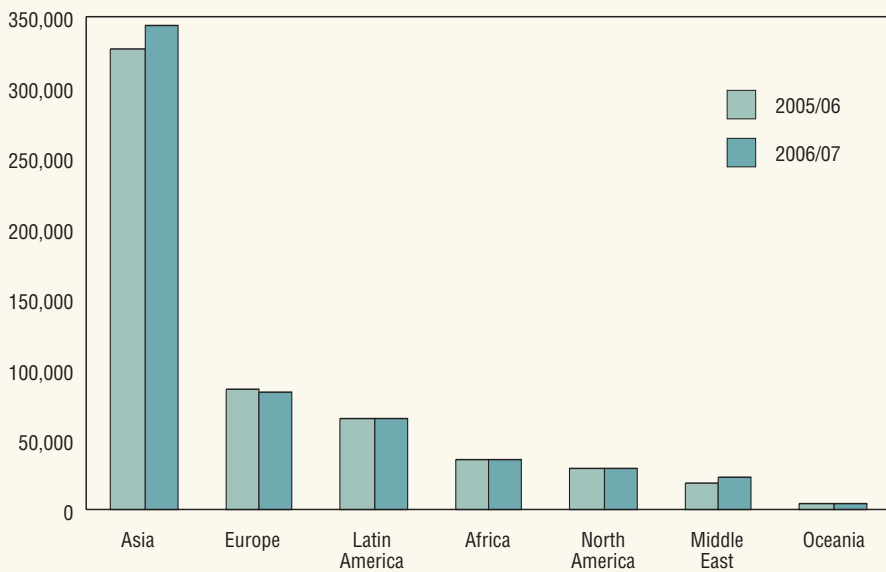


Figure 2C: Number of International Students by World Region, 2005/06 & 2006/07

These five Asian places of origin accounted for 48% of all international students in the U.S. Four of the five (India, China, South Korea, and Taiwan) saw significant growth, ranging from 4% for Taiwan to 10% for India. Japan, in contrast, saw a 9% decline, following an 8% decline the previous year.

The overall increase in international students was reflected in most of the top 20 places of origin (Fig. 2B), with only Japan showing a substantial decline. New to the top 20 this year is Saudi Arabia at #12, with 7,886 students, a 129% increase over the previous year. This large increase is primarily due to a large Saudi Arabian government scholarship program launched in 2005 to encourage more Saudi students to study abroad. Another significant addition to the top 20 this year is Vietnam, replacing Pakistan in 20th place, with a 31% increase over the previous year. Nigeria dropped out of the top 20 this year, leaving Kenya as the only African country in the top 20.

International Students by World Region

Asia remains the largest sending region, with 5% more Asian students studying in the U.S. in 2006/07 compared to the previous year (Fig. 2C). With 59% of the total, students from Asia vastly outnumbered students from all other regions. The second largest group of international students came from Europe (15%), which saw a slight decline of 2% this year. The number of students from the Middle East increased by 25% due to the large increase in students from Saudi Arabia (although increases were also seen from Iran, Iraq, and the Palestinian Authority). However, students from the Middle East still constitute only 4% of total international enrollment. Oceania saw a large decline of 9%, Africa saw a small decline of 1%, and Latin America saw a decline of less than 1%.

Trends in International Student Enrollment

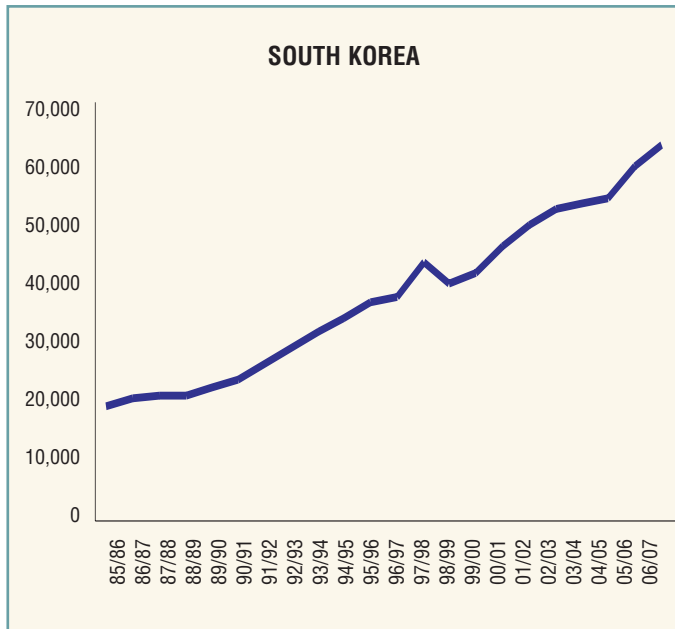


Figure 3A: Trends in International Students from South Korea, 1985/86 – 2006/07

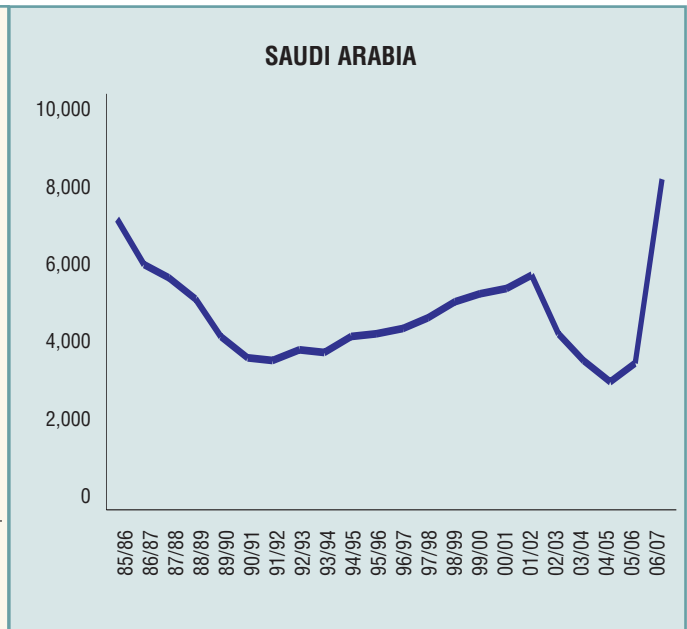


Figure 3B: Trends in International Students from Saudi Arabia, 1985/86 – 2006/07

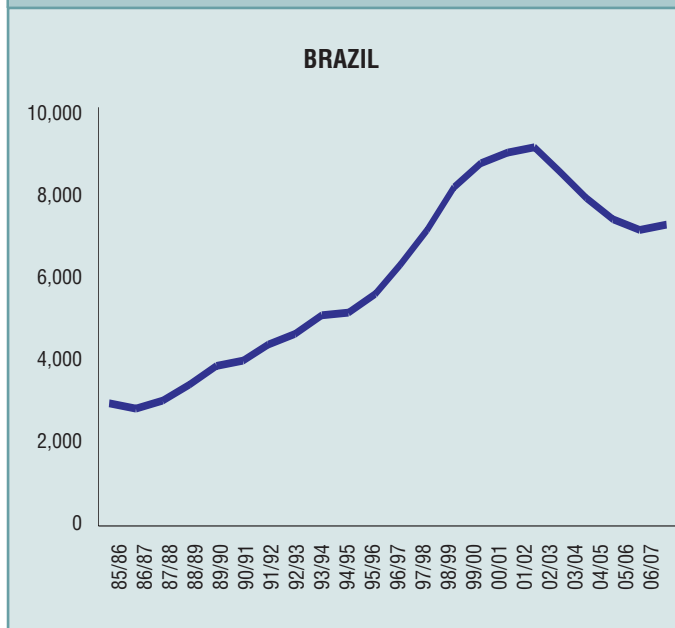


Figure 3D: Trends in International Students from Brazil, 1985/86 – 2006/07

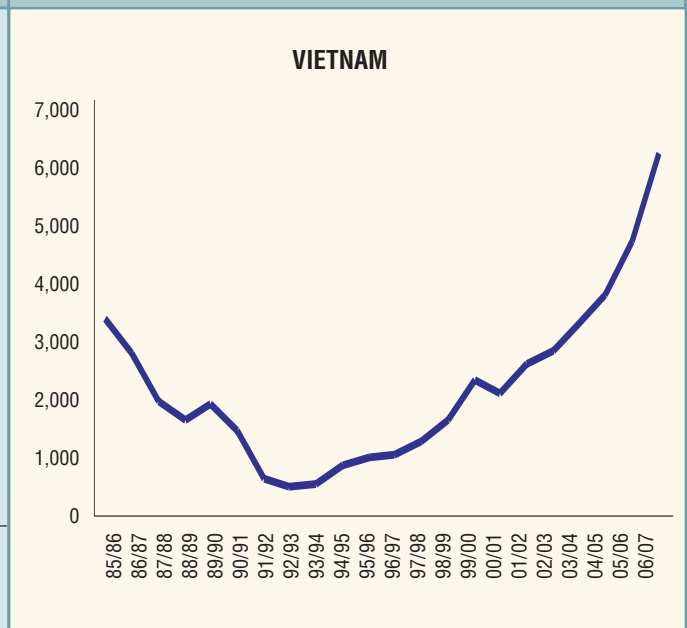


Figure 3E: Trends in International Students from Vietnam, 1985/86 – 2006/07

LEADING PLACE OF ORIGIN TRENDS

This section presents international student enrollment trends over a two-decade period for selected places of origin from each world region. Last year, trends for India, China,

Mexico, Turkey, Germany, and Kenya were presented. While India and China continue to be the top two places of origin for international students, enrollment patterns for six different places are presented this year to highlight a variety of places and trends.

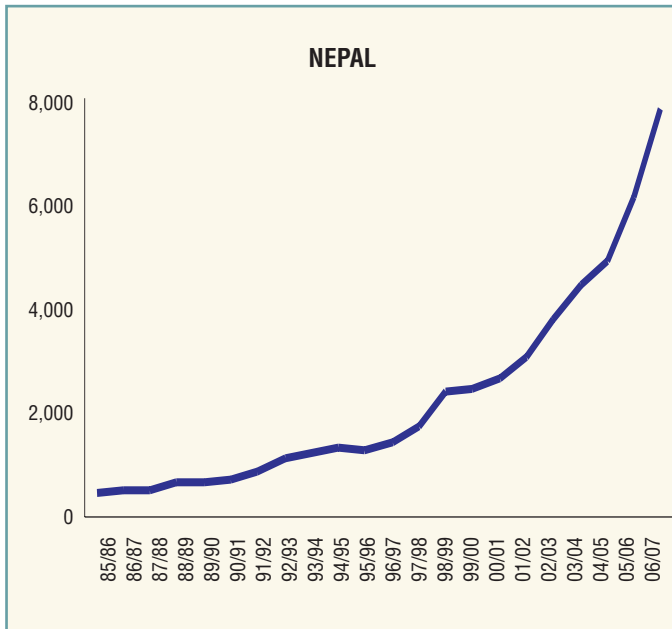


Figure 3C: Trends in International Students from Nepal, 1985/86 – 2006/07

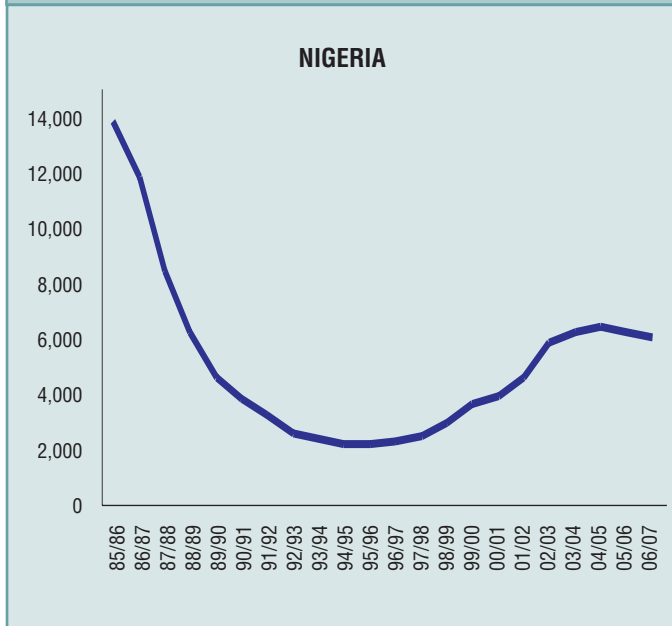


Figure 3F: Trends in International Students from Nigeria, 1985/86 – 2006/07

South Korea has remained among the top five sending places of origin since 1984/85 (Fig. 3A). Students from South Korea have increased steadily over the past two decades, with the exception of 1998/99 when their enrollment dipped by 9%, reflecting the Asian financial crisis. This year's enrollment of 62,392, a 6% increase over the previous year, is the largest ever.

Enrollment from **Saudi Arabia** declined following the 1980/81 peak of 10,440 students, but rose again in the 1990s before declining quite sharply after 2001/02 (Fig. 3B). A slow recovery began in 2005/06, followed by a surge in enrollment in 2006/07, primarily due to a Saudi Arabian government program of scholarships for study abroad. Because of this initiative, this past year (2006/07) saw the highest enrollment of Saudi students in the U.S. in over two decades.

Nepal has sent a steadily increasing number of stu-

dents to the U.S. over the past two decades, with particularly large increases seen over the past two years (Fig. 3C). Due to this large recent growth, Nepal has been one of the top 20 places of origin for the past two years, with enrollment peaking this year at 7,754 students. Two decades ago, in 1985/86, there were only 480 Nepali students in the U.S.

After a period of steady growth, student enrollment from **Brazil** increased sharply between 1995/96 and 2001/02 (Fig. 3D). This period of large growth was followed by a decline from 2002/03 until 2005/06, after which numbers from Brazil increased by 2%. The peak year for Brazil was 2001/02, when the U.S. hosted 8,972 Brazilian students.

Enrollments from **Vietnam** in the 1970s and 1980s were largely refugees, who ceased to be counted in *Open Doors* after 1990/91. An increasing number of students from Vietnam began to enroll in U.S. institutions beginning in 1994/95 (Fig. 3E). That trend has continued to date (with the exception of a small dip in 2000/01), culminating in the large increase of 31% this year that placed Vietnam among the top 20 places of origin.

Nigeria's student enrollments rose steadily during the oil-rich 1970s and 1980s and peaked in 1982/83 at 20,710 students. Thereafter, the number of students from Nigeria declined steadily until 1996/97 when enrollments began to slowly recover. Nigerian students continued to enroll in the U.S. in increasing numbers after 2001/02, but enrollments seem to have leveled off in the last few years (Fig. 3F).

The top 5 states all international students

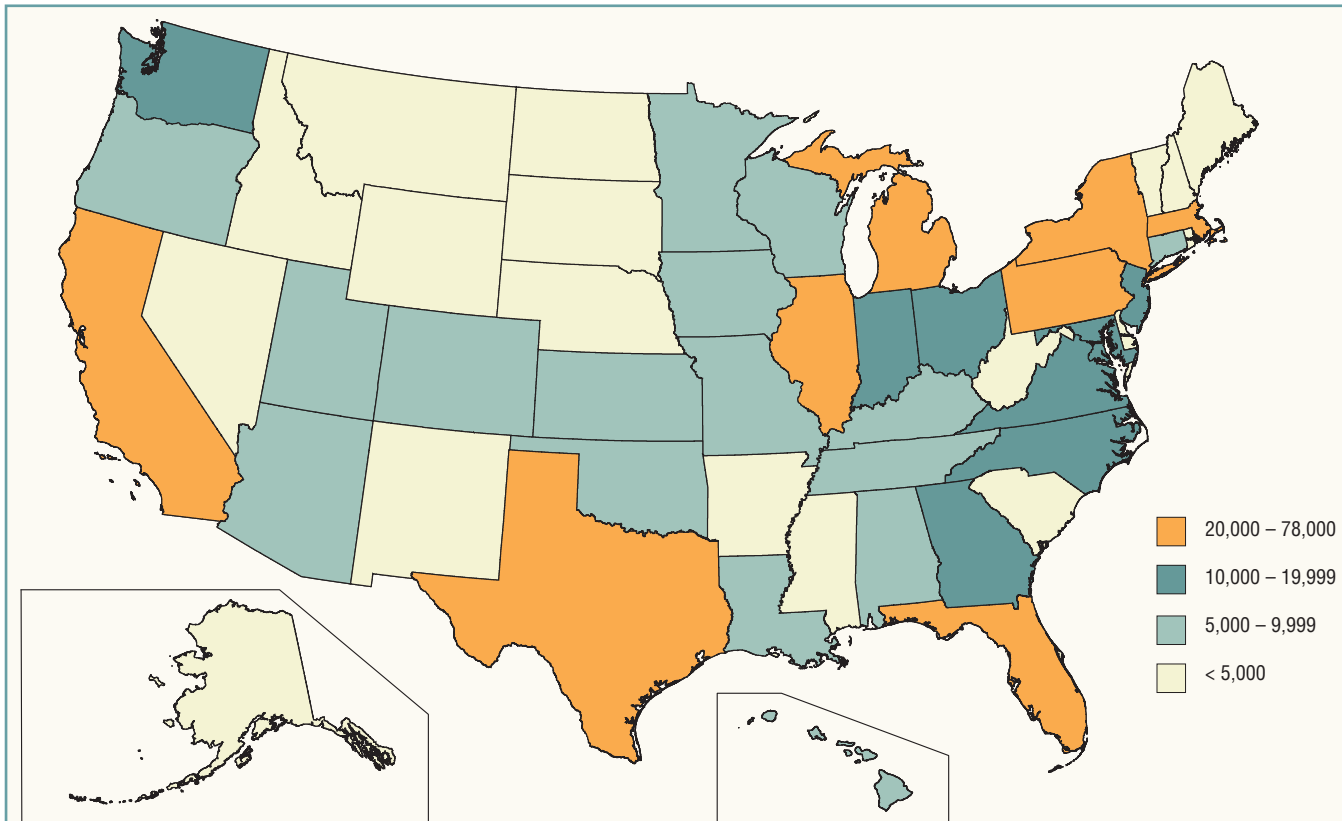


Figure 4A: International Students by U.S. State, 2006/07

U.S. DESTINATIONS

Although international students were living and studying in all 50 states, in D.C., and in Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands, they were concentrated in certain states and metropolitan areas. In 2006/07, as in the past several years, California, New York, Texas,

Massachusetts, and Florida were the leading host states for international students (Fig. 4A). Together, these five states hosted 248,507 or 43% of all international students. Overall, increases in international student enrollment were reported in all but two states in 2006/07. Louisiana saw

the largest increase (19%), as institutions affected by Hurricane Katrina have recovered their capacity to host both domestic and international students.

Different states attract international students from different world regions. For

hosted 43% of in the U.S.

Rank	Metropolitan Statistical Area	2005/06 Total	2006/07 Total	% Change
1	New York, NY	50,542	51,973	2.8
2	Los Angeles, CA	34,700	35,870	3.4
3	Boston, MA	23,325	23,818	2.1
4	Washington, DC	17,576	18,207	3.6
5	Chicago, IL	15,683	15,934	1.6
6	Dallas, TX	12,260	13,290	8.4
7	Philadelphia, PA	12,556	13,021	3.7
8	San Francisco, CA	12,355	12,918	4.6
9	Houston, TX	11,633	12,079	3.8
10	Miami, FL	11,177	11,278	0.9
	Top 10 Total	201,807	208,388	3.3
11	San Jose, CA	9,197	9,490	3.2
12	Seattle, WA	8,133	8,445	3.8
13	Atlanta, GA	7,968	8,204	3.0
14	Austin, TX	7,300	7,528	3.1
15	Buffalo, NY	6,591	6,835	3.7
16	Baltimore, MD	5,867	6,288	7.2
17	San Diego, CA	5,945	6,169	3.8
18	Ann Arbor, MI	5,597	5,810	3.8
18	Columbus, OH	5,597	5,810	3.8
20	Lafayette, IN	5,562	5,774	3.8
	Top 20 Total	269,564	278,741	3.4

Figure 4B: Top 20 Metropolitan Statistical Areas Hosting International Students, 2005/06 & 2006/07

example, many students from Asia chose to study in West Coast states such as California, Washington, and Oregon, while Florida and Texas hosted large numbers of students from Latin America. The

northern tier states of Michigan, Minnesota, and North Dakota attracted large numbers of students from across the border in Canada, as did New York. These patterns suggest that international stu-

dents often select host institutions based on linguistic, cultural, and geographic factors.

The top ten Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs)* hosted over a third (36%) of all international students in the U.S. in 2006/07 (Fig. 4B). The top 20 MSAs hosted nearly half (48%) of all international students. The leading MSA, New York City, hosted 51,973 international students, a 3% increase over the previous year, followed by Los Angeles, Boston, Washington, DC, and Chicago. As in past years, four of the top ten MSAs were located in the Northeast between Boston and Washington, DC; two were on the West Coast; three were in the South, and one in the Midwest.

Most international students were attending institutions located in urban areas in 2006/07: 70% were in large- or mid-sized cities, 20% were in the fringes or suburbs of cities, and 10% studied at institutions in smaller towns and rural areas.

*The United States Office of Management & Budget (OMB) defines these areas as a core area containing a large population nucleus, together with adjacent counties having a high degree of economic and social integration with that core. Due to changes made by OMB in 2003 in the county compositions for many Metropolitan Statistical Areas, as well as the creation of Micropolitan Statistical Areas, comparisons with data prior to that in *Open Doors 2004* are not feasible.

The leading 25 institutions hosted 19% of all international students in the U.S.

COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

W

ith several thousand accredited institutions of all types offering a wide variety of programs and degrees, the U.S. higher education system has the capacity to accommodate a vast number of both domestic and international students. Although international students were enrolled in all types of higher education institutions in 2006/07, they tended to be concentrated in a relatively small number of institutions.

Almost 60% of the 582,984 international students in the U.S. in 2006/07 (335,791 students), attended just 156 institutions (Table 14). These institutions were generally large doctoral/research institutions, each of

Rank	Institution	City	State	Total Int'l Students	Total Enrollment
1	University of Southern California	Los Angeles	CA	7,115	33,389
2	Columbia University	New York	NY	5,937	24,417
3	New York University	New York	NY	5,827	50,917
4	University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign	Champaign	IL	5,685	41,342
5	Purdue University, Main Campus	West Lafayette	IN	5,581	39,228
6	University of Michigan – Ann Arbor	Ann Arbor	MI	5,429	40,025
7	University of Texas at Austin	Austin	TX	5,303	49,738
8	University of California – Los Angeles	Los Angeles	CA	4,704	38,218
9	Harvard University	Cambridge	MA	4,514	20,042
10	Boston University	Boston	MA	4,484	31,574
10	University of Pennsylvania	Philadelphia	PA	4,484	23,704
12	Ohio State University, Main Campus	Columbus	OH	4,345	51,818
13	SUNY – University at Buffalo	Buffalo	NY	4,103	26,668
14	Arizona State University – Tempe	Tempe	AZ	4,062	51,234
15	Indiana University at Bloomington	Bloomington	IN	3,976	38,247
16	Michigan State University	East Lansing	MI	3,968	45,520
17	University of Florida	Gainesville	FL	3,921	50,953
18	Texas A&M University	College Station	TX	3,857	40,654
19	University of Wisconsin – Madison	Madison	WI	3,829	41,466
20	Stanford University	Stanford	CA	3,751	15,703
21	Cornell University	Ithaca	NY	3,746	19,639
22	University of Minnesota – Twin Cities	Minneapolis	MN	3,701	50,402
23	Penn State University – University Park	University Park	PA	3,681	42,914
24	University of Maryland College Park	College Park	MD	3,476	35,102
25	Wayne State University	Detroit	MI	3,362	33,137

Figure 5A: Top 25 Institutions Hosting International Students, 2006/07

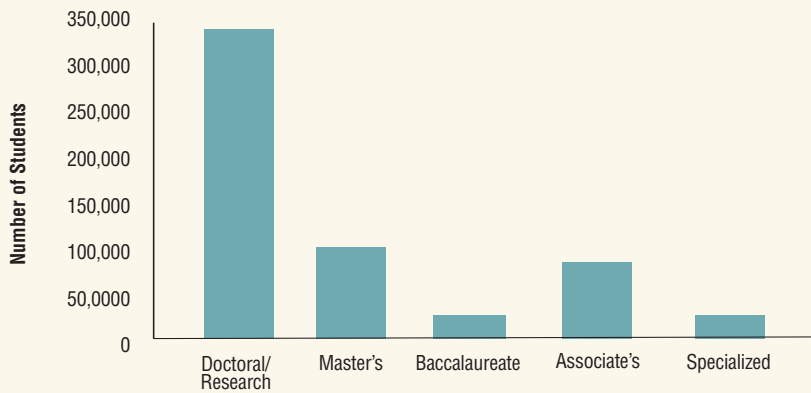


Figure 5B: International Student Enrollment by Institutional Type, 2006/07

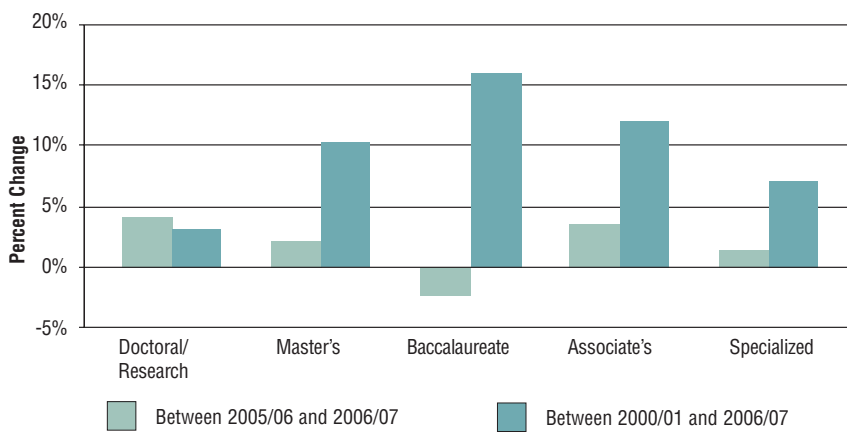


Figure 5C: Percent Changes in International Student Enrollment by Institutional Type, 2000/01 – 2006/07

Sector	Percent of International Student Enrollment				
	Undergraduate	Graduate	Other	OPT	Total
Public	70.6	62.7	63.2	70.8	66.1
Private not-for-profit	27.7	36.6	35.5	28.5	32.7
Private for-profit	1.7	0.7	1.3	0.7	1.2
Size of Institution					
Small (4,999 or fewer students)	17.0	9.6	8.6	9.9	14.2
Medium (5,000 – 9,999 students)	17.0	11.3	12.0	13.0	14.4
Large (10,000 or more students)	66.0	79.1	79.4	77.1	71.4
Total students	238,050	264,288	38,986	41,660	582,984

Figure 5D: Percent of International Students by Sector and Size of Institution, 2006/07

which hosted more than 1,000 international students. The leading 25 institutions, all large doctoral/research institutions, hosted 19% of all international students (Fig. 5A) and were located in just 14 states. In addition, many master's and associate's institutions also hosted large numbers of international students (Fig. 5B).

Figure 5C presents the percent change in the enrollment of international students at different types of institutions over the past year and over the past five years. While all institutional types have seen an increase in international enrollment compared to five years ago, compared to last year, all institutional types except baccalaureate institutions saw an increase, ranging from 1% for specialized institutions to 4% for doctoral/research institutions. The increase for doctoral/research institutions is especially worth noting as it offsets the small declines in enrollment seen over the past four years.

Compared to five years ago, there has been a small overall increase for doctoral/research institutions, but large gains for all other types of institutions. International student enrollment at associate's institutions increased 12% compared to 2000/01. International student enrollment at baccalaureate institutions increased 16%.

International student enrollment also varies by other institutional characteristics such as the sector and the size of the institution. Public institutions, which tend also to be larger institutions, host the majority (66%) of international students, while private institutions host a smaller number (Fig. 5D).

Business & and Engineering for international students.

FIELDS OF STUDY

Business and management and engineering continue to be the top two fields of study chosen by international students (Fig. 6A), as has been the case for over a decade. One-third of all international students in the U.S. in 2006/07 were studying these two fields (18% in business and management and 15% in engineering). Other popular fields of study included physical & life sciences (9%), social sciences (8%), and mathematics & computer science (8%). Intensive English experienced a 30% increase in 2006/07.

As in past years, the science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) fields were very popular among international students in 2006/07, with 37% of all international students enrolled in these fields. STEM fields were especially predominant at the graduate level, where 53% of international students were studying

these fields (Fig. 6B), and at doctoral/research institutions where 41% of international students were in the STEM fields (Table 17). In contrast, at master's institutions and baccalaureate institutions, more international students

were studying Business and Management (28% and 19%, respectively) than the STEM fields (26% and 17%, respectively). More information on science and technology can be found on pages 26-27.

Field of Study	2005/06 Int'l Students	2006/07 Int'l Students	2006/07 % of Total	% Change
Business & Management	100,881	103,641	17.8	2.7
Engineering	88,460	89,137	15.3	0.8
Physical & Life Sciences	50,168	51,863	8.9	3.4
Social Sciences	46,132	48,978	8.4	6.2
Math & Computer Science	45,518	46,019	7.9	1.1
Fine & Applied Arts	29,509	29,588	5.1	0.3
Health Professions	27,124	28,294	4.9	4.3
Intensive English Language	17,239	22,417	3.8	30.0
Education	16,546	16,825	2.9	1.7
Humanities	16,480	16,189	2.8	-1.8
Agriculture	7,883	7,461	1.3	-5.4
Other	59,404	59,144	10.1	-0.4
Undeclared	17,888	19,545	3.4	9.3
OPT	41,535	43,883	7.5	5.7
TOTAL	564,766	582,984	100.0	3.2

Figure 6A: Fields of Study of International Students, 2005/06 & 2006/07

Management are the top 2 fields of study

Field of Study	Percent of International Students		
	Undergraduate	Graduate	Other
Business & Management	25.0	15.8	6.7
Engineering	11.5	22.7	1.7
Physical & Life Sciences	6.8	13.1	1.0
Social Sciences	9.4	9.4	3.6
Math & Computer Science	5.8	11.9	1.4
Fine & Applied Arts	8.0	4.3	1.7
Health Professions	5.8	5.2	2.3
Intensive English Language	0.7	0.1	57.1
Education	1.8	4.5	1.0
Humanities	1.9	4.0	1.6
Agriculture	0.6	2.2	0.2
Other	17.0	6.4	7.9
Undeclared	5.7	0.4	13.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

Figure 6B: Percent of International Students by Academic Level and Fields of Study, 2006/07

STUDENT PROFILE

In 2006/07, 45% of international students were female (Fig. 6C), continuing a gradual but steady trend towards a balanced gender ratio. Ten years ago 41% of international students were female; twenty years ago, only 31% of international students were female. The gender ratio varies according to academic level. While gender parity is almost achieved at the undergraduate level (49% female versus 51% male), at the graduate level, male international students still significantly outnumber female international students (59% male versus 41% female) (Table 18).

The proportion of married international students has been slowly declining over the past two decades: 13% of international students were married in 2006/07, compared to 16% in 1996/97 and 20% in 1986/87 (Fig. 6C). Marital status varies according to academic level as well. While only 4% of undergraduate international students are married, 21% of graduate international students have spouses (Table 18).

Most international students come to the U.S. on an F (student) visa (87% in 2006/07), as has been the case for decades. While J (exchange visitor) visas peaked in the late 1980s, with almost 13% of the total in 1989/90, only 5% of international students had J visas in 2006/07. Among international students in non-degree and intensive English language programs, 22% held J visas in 2006/07 (Table 18).

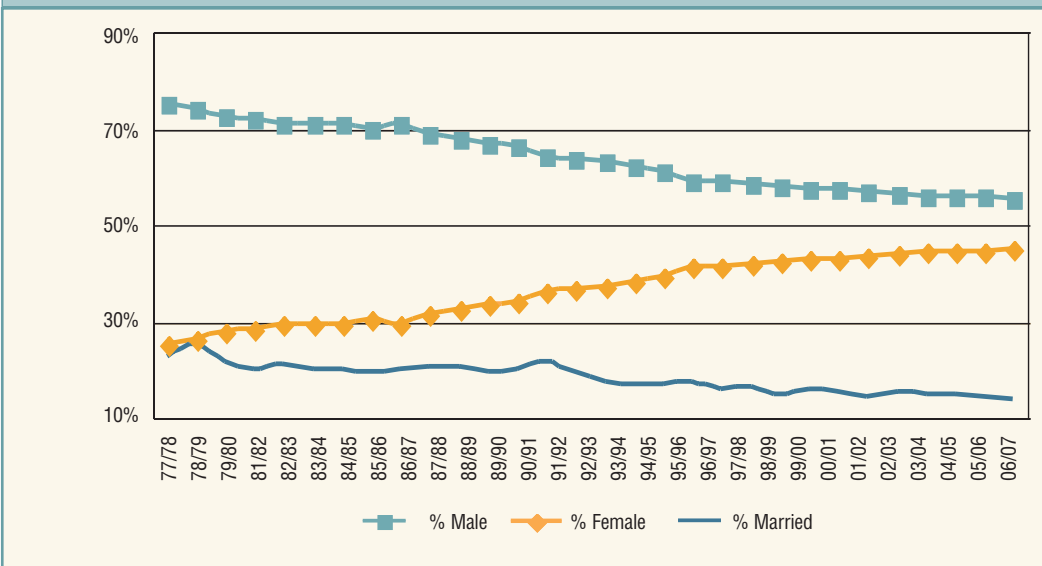


Figure 6C: Personal Characteristics of International Students, 1977/78 – 2006/07

International students contributed \$14.5 billion to the U.S. economy in 2006/07.

State	2006/07 Total Int'l Students	Tuition & Fees ¹ (millions)	Living Exp. & Dependents ² (millions)	U.S. Support ³ (millions)	Total Contribution ⁴ (millions)	State	2006/07 Total Int'l Students	Tuition & Fees ¹ (millions)	Living Exp. & Dependents ² (millions)	U.S. Support ³ (millions)	Total Contribution ⁴ (millions)
Alabama	6,933	\$73.1	\$97.2	\$52.2	\$118.1	Nebraska	3,796	\$44.1	\$54.8	\$24.7	\$74.2
Alaska	452	\$5.1	\$6.5	\$1.7	\$9.9	Nevada	3,170	\$32.5	\$57.4	\$20.0	\$70.0
Arizona	9,993	\$127.4	\$159.0	\$77.7	\$208.7	New Hampshire	2,099	\$50.5	\$42.4	\$29.2	\$63.7
Arkansas	2,899	\$33.1	\$42.7	\$20.8	\$54.9	New Jersey	13,111	\$233.9	\$289.5	\$154.2	\$369.2
California	77,987	\$1,270.9	\$1,684.2	\$766.1	\$2,189.0	New Mexico	2,194	\$27.7	\$31.1	\$21.2	\$37.6
Colorado	5,315	\$97.9	\$90.7	\$58.5	\$130.1	New York	65,884	\$1,247.6	\$1,447.3	\$829.0	\$1,865.8
Connecticut	7,403	\$168.8	\$163.9	\$115.1	\$217.6	North Carolina	10,064	\$182.7	\$169.7	\$121.4	\$231.0
Delaware	1,964	\$31.3	\$32.6	\$21.9	\$42.0	North Dakota	1,795	\$21.4	\$22.2	\$13.5	\$30.0
D.C.	7,905	\$199.0	\$214.3	\$135.3	\$278.1	Ohio	18,607	\$337.4	\$334.9	\$245.2	\$427.1
Florida	26,875	\$441.4	\$490.4	\$253.1	\$678.7	Oklahoma	8,364	\$94.2	\$122.6	\$55.6	\$161.2
Georgia	12,183	\$201.0	\$212.3	\$127.4	\$285.9	Oregon	5,767	\$93.2	\$104.3	\$52.3	\$145.3
Guam	66	\$0.6	\$1.2	\$0.3	\$1.6	Pennsylvania	23,182	\$540.3	\$452.1	\$331.4	\$661.0
Hawaii	6,032	\$55.0	\$109.1	\$40.3	\$123.8	Puerto Rico	945	\$5.9	\$11.4	\$3.7	\$13.6
Idaho	1,969	\$18.3	\$26.3	\$12.9	\$31.6	Rhode Island	3,629	\$85.6	\$71.0	\$41.8	\$114.8
Illinois	25,594	\$522.7	\$492.2	\$353.5	\$661.5	South Carolina	3,556	\$58.0	\$54.0	\$36.7	\$75.4
Indiana	14,450	\$272.2	\$250.4	\$172.8	\$349.8	South Dakota	732	\$6.0	\$8.1	\$4.9	\$9.2
Iowa	7,799	\$128.4	\$118.2	\$79.0	\$167.6	Tennessee	6,033	\$99.9	\$98.6	\$66.2	\$132.3
Kansas	6,139	\$71.8	\$82.3	\$42.5	\$111.6	Texas	49,081	\$590.5	\$780.7	\$375.7	\$995.4
Kentucky	5,156	\$67.3	\$68.2	\$41.2	\$94.3	Utah	6,122	\$55.3	\$82.8	\$37.2	\$100.9
Louisiana	5,619	\$77.2	\$82.4	\$53.5	\$106.1	Vermont	983	\$23.8	\$16.2	\$12.0	\$28.0
Maine	1,388	\$26.6	\$23.5	\$17.0	\$33.0	Virgin Islands	94	\$1.0	\$1.7	\$0.4	\$2.2
Maryland	13,562	\$245.8	\$277.2	\$159.1	\$363.9	Virginia	11,991	\$207.9	\$188.6	\$119.4	\$277.1
Massachusetts	28,680	\$739.6	\$669.6	\$471.6	\$937.6	Washington	11,663	\$152.2	\$186.5	\$70.6	\$268.1
Michigan	21,143	\$362.8	\$333.1	\$224.3	\$471.6	West Virginia	2,531	\$30.2	\$36.5	\$21.4	\$45.3
Minnesota	9,048	\$134.3	\$136.1	\$84.0	\$186.4	Wisconsin	7,383	\$137.3	\$107.6	\$80.4	\$164.6
Mississippi	2,274	\$22.2	\$30.2	\$17.9	\$34.5	Wyoming	617	\$5.1	\$9.4	\$3.9	\$10.5
Missouri	9,805	\$157.4	\$161.4	\$101.4	\$217.5						
Montana	958	\$13.3	\$13.4	\$6.7	\$20.1	U.S. TOTAL	582,984	\$9,928.6	\$10,850.2	\$6,279.7	\$14,499.1

Figure 7A: Financial Contribution of International Students by U.S. State, 2006/07

¹ 2006/07 tuition, living, and miscellaneous expenses data obtained from Peterson's. These expenses are computed separately for undergraduate and graduate students and the sum of the two groups is reported here.

² See Table 18 for *Open Doors* estimate of percent of international students who are married. The number of spouses in the U.S. is approximated at 85% of the number of married students. The number of children is estimated to be six for every ten couples in the U.S. The presence of a spouse increases living expenses by 25%. The presence of a child increases living expenses by 20%.

³ U.S. support (mainly campus-based funding) is computed based on institutional type.

⁴ Total contribution is calculated by subtracting U.S. support from the sum of tuition & fees and living expenses & dependents.

Courtesy of NAFSA: Association of International Educators. Analysis prepared by Jason Baumgartner of Indiana University – Bloomington using enrollment data from the Open Doors 2006/07 International Student Census. For more information, go to <http://www.nafsa.org/eis2007>.

FINANCIAL CONTRIBUTIONS

In 2006/07, international students contributed \$14.5 billion to the U.S. economy through living expenses for themselves and accompanying dependents, as well as through expenditures on tuition, books, fees, and other education-related expenses. At the state level, international students' financial contributions ranged from \$9.9 million to almost \$2.2 billion (Fig. 7A).

Overall, approximately two-thirds of funding for international students originated outside the United States. These funds include students' personal and family funds; support from the home government or home university; funds from private foreign sponsors; and funds from international organizations (Fig. 7B).

The majority of international students funded their U.S. studies through personal and family funds in 2006/07. This was the case at all institutional types and for all academic levels except graduate students (Fig. 7C). An almost equal proportion of graduate international students relied on personal and family funds (45%) and on U.S. university funds (47%), including teaching and research assistantships that often represent federal government research grants disbursed to the student through the institution. In contrast, 82% of students at the undergraduate level paid for their U.S. education using personal and family funds.

Although the majority of international students support themselves primarily through personal and family funds, the extent to which they do so varies by institutional type. For example, at doctoral/research institutions, just over half of all international students relied on personal and family funds, whereas at associate's institutions, over 90% of international students were on personal and family funds (Fig. 7D).

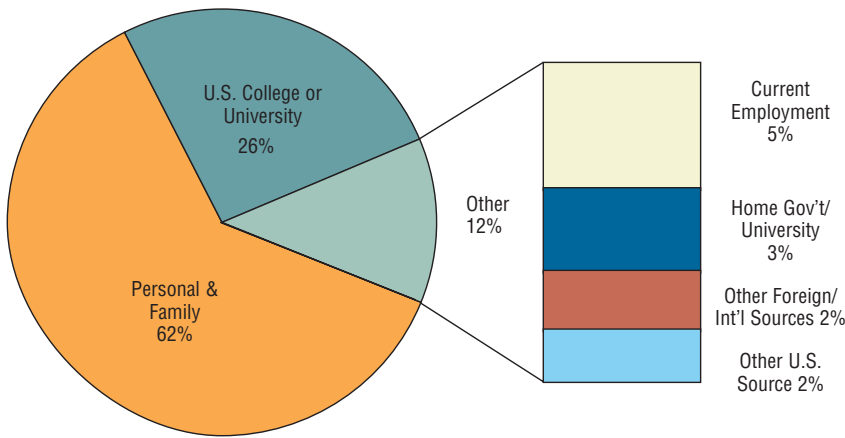


Figure 7B: Primary Source of Funding of International Students, 2006/07

Primary Source of Funds	2006/07 % of Total	% Undergraduate	% Graduate	% Other	% OPT
Personal & Family	61.5	81.6	45.4	68.3	44.9
U.S. College or University	26.1	10.6	46.6	12.8	8.7
Home Government/University	3.2	2.9	2.6	12.4	0.6
U.S. Government	0.6	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.1
U.S. Private Sponsor	1.4	1.9	0.9	2.2	0.4
Foreign Private Sponsor	1.1	1.2	1.0	2.1	6.0
International Organization	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.1
Current Employment	5.0	0.2	1.3	1.2	43.4
Other Sources	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.1	1.3
Total Students	582,984	238,050	264,288	38,986	41,660

Figure 7C: Primary Source of Funding by Academic Level, 2006/07

Primary Source of Funds	Percent of International Students				
	Doctoral	Master's	Baccalaureate	Associate's	Specialized
Personal & Family	50.1	78.2	59.1	91.2	69.4
U.S. College or University	35.2	12.0	32.6	2.1	18.1
Home Government/University	3.8	3.4	1.8	0.8	2.5
U.S. Government	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.3	1.1
U.S. Private Sponsor	0.7	1.4	2.5	3.5	3.2
Foreign Private Sponsor	1.1	1.4	0.7	1.2	1.1
International Organization	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	1.6
Current Employment	6.9	2.8	2.5	0.8	2.9
Other Sources	1.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1
Total Students	341,971	101,321	26,457	86,179	26,691

Figure 7D: Primary Source of Funding by Institutional Type, 2006/07

223,534 U.S. students studied abroad for academic credit in 2005/06, an 8.5% increase over the previous year.

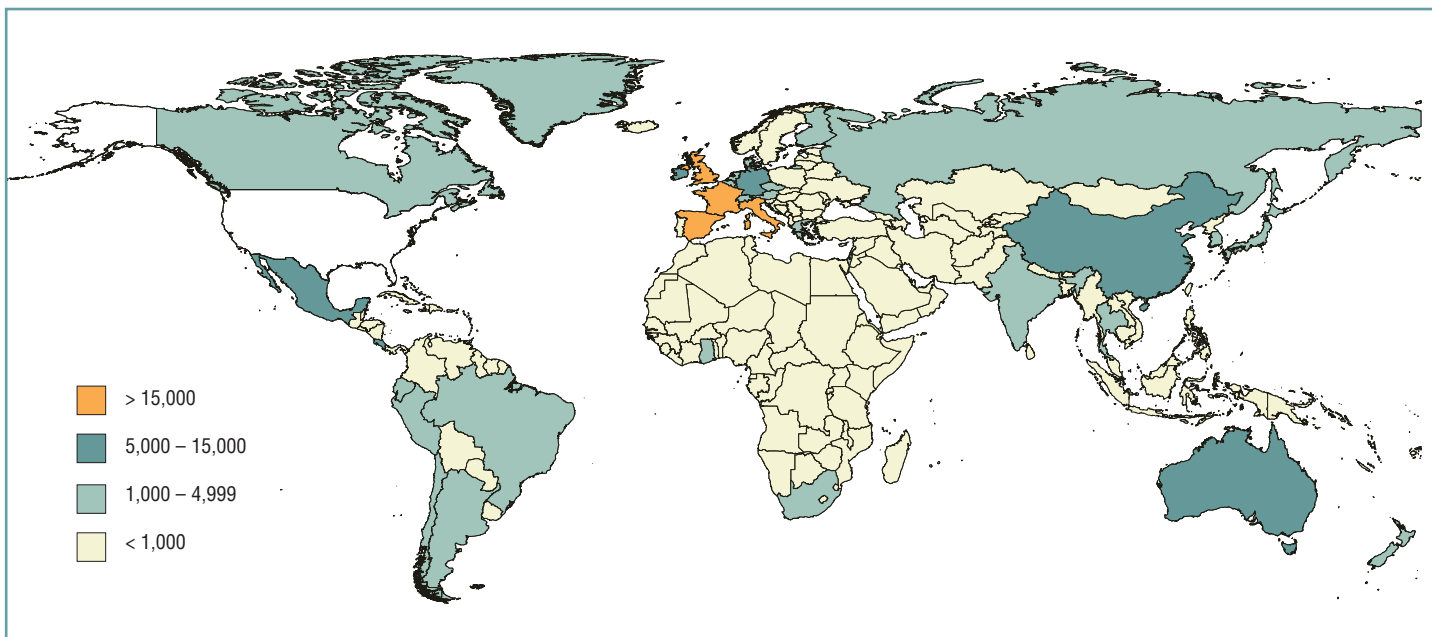


Figure 8A: Global View of U.S. Study Abroad Destinations, 2005/06

U.S. STUDY ABROAD

The number of U.S. students receiving academic credit for study abroad in the 2005/06 academic year (including summer 2006) increased by 8.5%, to a record high of 223,534. This increase follows a 7.7% increase the previous year, and is part of a two-decade long steady upward trend in the number of students studying

abroad for credit. The number of study abroad students has increased 150% in the past decade – from fewer than 90,000 students in 1995/96 – and 360% since 1985/86, when fewer than 50,000 students received credit for study abroad (Fig. 8B).

These numbers reflect the growing recognition by students and educators that an international experience is not only personally enriching but also valuable in the increasingly competitive global marketplace, where

language and cultural skills can help an applicant stand out to prospective employers.

U.S. campuses have also significantly increased their study abroad numbers by creating shorter programs of eight weeks or less, attracting students whose personal obligations and/or majors restrict their ability to participate in semester or year-long programs. However, while short-term programs may expand the numbers of Americans studying abroad, longer pro-

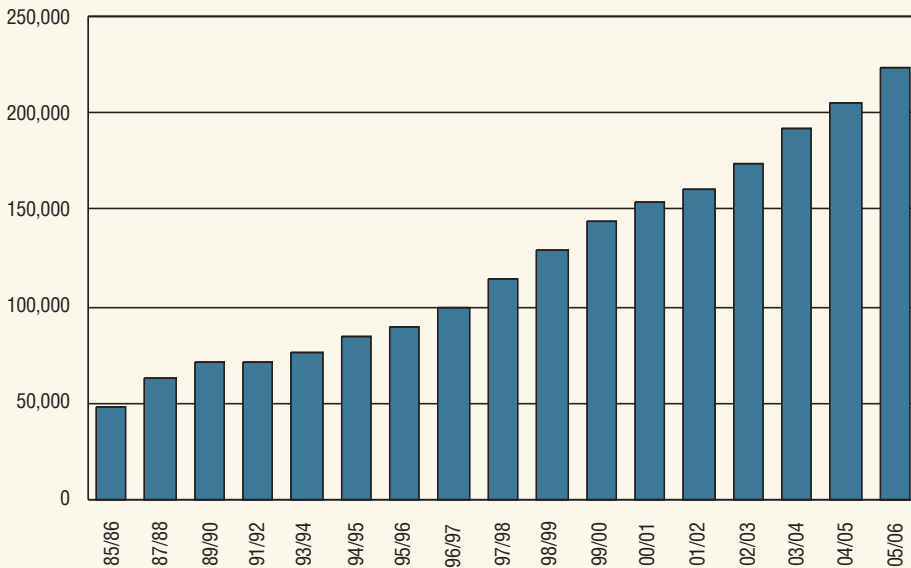


Figure 8B: U.S. Study Abroad Trends, Selected Years 1985/86 – 2005/06

grams abroad provide better opportunities for language acquisition and cultural immersion.

In line with the overall growth in study abroad, almost all of the top twenty destinations chosen by U.S. study abroad students hosted more students in 2005/06 than in 2004/05 (Fig. 8C). Four destinations in the top twenty showed an increase of more than 20% in 2005/06: Argentina (42%), China (38%), Greece (32%), and Ecuador (27%).

The top five destinations for U.S. study abroad remained the same as the previous year: the United Kingdom, Italy, Spain, France, and Australia, the only non-European destination in the top five.

In recent years, there has been a stronger interest in non-traditional study abroad destinations. The number of students going to the Middle East increased by 31% in 2005/06; students going to Asia increased by 26%, to Africa by 19%, and to Latin America by 14%. While the total number of students studying abroad in Europe has increased, the percent of U.S. students going to Europe continued to decline (down 2% compared to last year, and down 7% from a decade ago). Nevertheless, the majority of U.S. study abroad students still choose Europe (58%). Latin America hosted 15% of all study abroad students, followed by Asia (9%), Oceania (6%), and Africa (4%) (Table 20). The percent of students who studied abroad in one of the top 20 destinations where English is not the primary language increased slightly from 69% to 70% in 2005/06.

Rank	Destination	2004/05	2005/06	2005/06 % of Total	% Change
	WORLD TOTAL	205,983	223,534	100.0	8.5
1	United Kingdom	32,071	32,109	14.4	0.1
2	Italy	24,858	26,078	11.7	4.9
3	Spain	20,806	21,881	9.8	5.2
4	France	15,374	15,602	7.0	1.5
5	Australia	10,813	10,980	4.9	1.5
6	Mexico	9,244	10,022	4.5	8.4
7	China	6,389	8,830	4.0	38.2
8	Germany	6,557	6,858	3.1	4.6
9	Costa Rica	4,887	5,518	2.5	12.9
10	Ireland	5,083	5,499	2.5	8.2
11	Japan	4,100	4,411	2.0	7.6
12	Greece	2,445	3,227	1.4	32.0
13	Argentina	2,013	2,865	1.3	42.3
14	Czech Republic	2,494	2,846	1.3	14.1
15	Austria	2,757	2,792	1.2	1.3
16	Chile	2,393	2,578	1.2	7.7
17	New Zealand	2,657	2,542	1.1	-4.3
18	South Africa	2,304	2,512	1.1	9.0
19	Brazil	1,994	2,328	1.0	16.8
20	Ecuador	1,711	2,171	1.0	26.9

Figure 8C: Top 20 Destinations of U.S. Study Abroad Students, 2004/05 & 2005/06

Short-term and mid-length study abroad continue to grow.

U.S. STUDY ABROAD CONT.

Although large institutions tend to send higher total numbers of students abroad, many smaller institutions reported a much higher percentage of their students participating in a study abroad experience at some time during their undergraduate careers. In 2005/06, 19 institutions had an estimated undergraduate study abroad participation rate of more than 80% (Fig. 9A). 40 U.S. campuses, primarily large research institutions, awarded academic credit for study abroad to more than 1,000 students in 2005/06. Figure 9B lists the top 20 institutions by study abroad total.

Duration of study abroad

While the absolute number of students participating in long-term study abroad programs (an academic or calendar year abroad) has remained steady over the past decade, the number of students participating in short-term programs (summer, January term, or any program of eight weeks or less during the school year) has risen sharply (Fig. 9C). The number of students participating in mid-length programs (one semester or one or two quarters) has also increased steadily. The “semester-abroad” model now attracts 37% of those studying abroad, while more than half (52%) of U.S. students choose short-term programs. In 2005/06 only 6% spent a full academic or calendar year abroad. Figure 10A lists the top 10 institutions by duration of study abroad and institutional type.

While the majority of study abroad students at all types of institutions participated in short-term study abroad, there are differences worth noting. Specialized institutions sent a higher than average percentage of students on long-term programs, while baccalaureate institutions

Institution	City	State	Undergraduate Study Abroad Students
Arcadia University	Glenside	PA	383
Austin College	Sherman	TX	314
Centre College	Danville	KY	259
Colby College	Waterville	ME	407
Colorado College	Colorado Springs	CO	430
DePauw University	Greencastle	IN	491
Dickinson College	Carlisle	PA	415
Earlham College	Richmond	IN	261
Elon University	Elon College	NC	1,056
Hartwick College	Oneonta	NY	300
Kalamazoo College	Kalamazoo	MI	237
Lee University	Cleveland	TN	732
Lewis and Clark College	Portland	OR	370
Linfield College	McMinnville	OR	306
Luther College	Decorah	IA	419
Saint Olaf College	Northfield	MN	632
Transylvania University	Lexington	KY	198
Willamette University	Salem	OR	250
Wofford College	Spartanburg	SC	236

Figure 9A: Institutions with an Estimated Undergraduate Study Abroad Participation Rate of More than 80%, Listed Alphabetically, 2005/06

Rank	Institution	City	State	Total
1	New York University	New York	NY	2,809
2	Michigan State University	East Lansing	MI	2,558
3	University of Texas – Austin	Austin	TX	2,244
4	Penn State University – University Park	University Park	PA	2,168
5	University of Illinois – Urbana-Champaign	Champaign	IL	1,988
6	University of Minnesota – Twin Cities	Minneapolis	MN	1,981
7	University of California – Los Angeles	Los Angeles	CA	1,966
8	University of Florida	Gainesville	FL	1,926
9	University of Georgia	Athens	GA	1,916
10	Florida State University	Tallahassee	FL	1,826
11	University of Pennsylvania	Philadelphia	PA	1,815
12	University of Washington	Seattle	WA	1,724
13	University of Virginia – Main Campus	Charlottesville	VA	1,712
14	University of Michigan – Ann Arbor	Ann Arbor	MI	1,701
15	Brigham Young University	Provo	UT	1,637
16	University of Wisconsin – Madison	Madison	WI	1,616
17	Indiana University – Bloomington	Bloomington	IN	1,613
18	University of Arizona	Tucson	AZ	1,611
19	University of Delaware	Newark	DE	1,573
20	Boston University	Boston	MA	1,518

Figure 9B: Top 20 Institutions Awarding Credit for Study Abroad, Ranked by Student Total, 2005/06

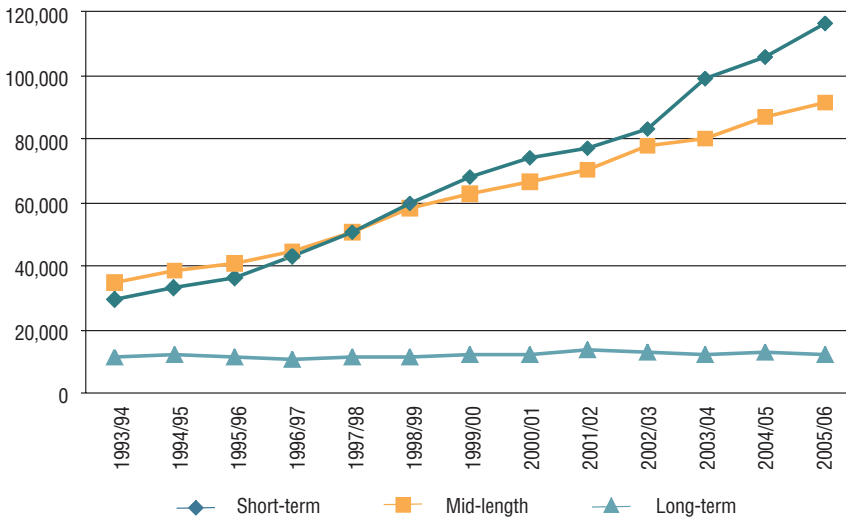


Figure 9C: U.S. Study Abroad by Program Length, 1993/94 – 2005/06

Institutional Type	Short-term	Mid-length	Long-term	Total Study Abroad Students
Doctoral/Research	52.5%	41.8%	5.7%	132,600
Master's	58.7%	36.8%	4.5%	47,952
Baccalaureate	43.4%	49.9%	6.7%	34,839
Associate's	76.1%	23.5%	0.4%	6,321
Specialized	55.4%	35.8%	8.8%	1,822
All Institutional Types	52.8%	41.7%	5.5%	223,534

Figure 9D: Duration of Study Abroad by Institutional Type, 2005/06

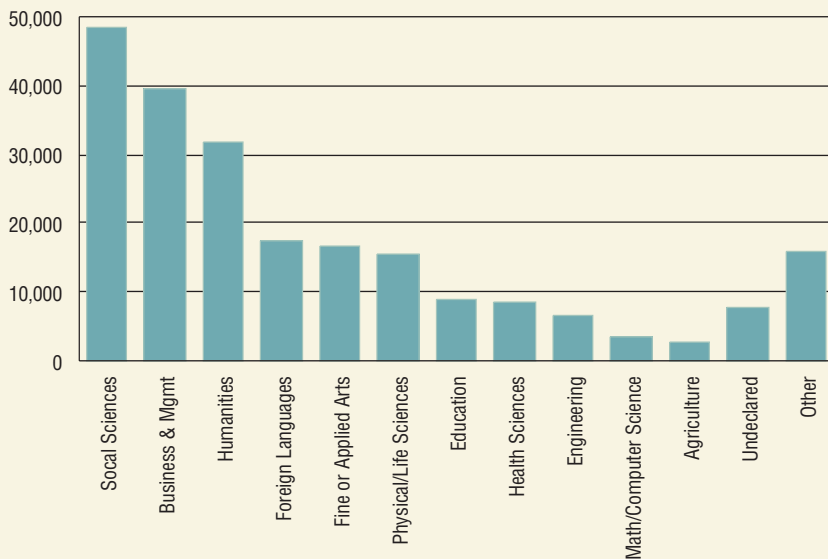


Figure 9E: Fields of Study of U.S. Study Abroad Students, 2005/06

sent more students on mid-length programs, and associate's institutions sent a much higher percentage on short-term programs. (Fig. 9D)

Fields of Study

The top three major fields of study for U.S. students studying abroad in 2005/06 were social sciences, business and management, and humanities (Fig. 9E). Together, these three fields accounted for 54% of study abroad students. While the proportion of students majoring in the social sciences and humanities has remained constant over the past decade, business and management majors have increased from 14% to 18%.

Student Profile

U.S. students were most likely to participate in study abroad during their junior year of college. In 2005/06, 34% went abroad during their junior year, 20% during their senior year, 13% during their sophomore year, 4% during their freshman year, and 10% as graduate students (Table 24).

In 2005/06, 65.5% of study abroad students were female and 34.5% were male. This gender ratio has remained constant over the past two decades: in 1995/96, 65.3% of study abroad students were female and 34.7% were male; and in 1985/86, 63.8% were female and 36.2% were male.

The racial/ethnic breakdown of study abroad students has also remained relatively constant over the past decade. In 2005/06, 83% of study abroad students were Caucasian, 6% Asian-American, 5% Hispanic-American, and 3.5% African-American. Ten years ago, 84% were Caucasian, 5% Asian-American, 5% Hispanic-American, and 3% African-American. The percentage of multiracial students declined from 2.3% in 1995/96 to 1.2% in 2005/06 (Table 24).

Rank	Doctoral/Research Institutions	Master's Institutions	Baccalaureate Institutions
LONG-TERM DURATION OF STUDY ABROAD			
1	Yeshiva University	Touro College	Smith College
2	University of California – San Diego	San Francisco State University	SUNY Fashion Institute of Technology
3	New York University	Gonzaga University	Middlebury College Language Schools
4	University of Washington	California State University – Chico	College of the Holy Cross
5	George Mason University	Fairleigh Dickinson University*	Dickinson College
6	University of Wisconsin – Madison	Cal Poly – San Luis Obispo	Sarah Lawrence College
7	University of Illinois – Urbana-Champaign	Loyola College in Maryland	Mount Holyoke College
8	Pepperdine University	University of Minnesota – Duluth	Middlebury College
9	University of California – Berkeley	California State University – Long Beach	Wellesley College
10	University of California – Los Angeles	Hamline University*	Kenyon College
MID-LENGTH DURATION OF STUDY ABROAD			
1	New York University	Loyola Marymount University	College of Saint Benedict/Saint John's University
2	University of Washington	Cal Poly – San Luis Obispo	Colgate University
3	Boston University	James Madison University	Lewis and Clark College
4	Penn State University – University Park	Loyola College in Maryland	Skidmore College
5	University of Wisconsin – Madison	Ithaca College	Wesleyan University
6	Ohio State University – Main Campus	Santa Clara University	Middlebury College
7	University of Colorado – Boulder	University of Wisconsin – Eau Claire	Bucknell University
8	Syracuse University	Villanova University	Colby College
9	University of Minnesota – Twin Cities*	Elon University	University of Richmond
10	Indiana University – Bloomington	Truman State University	Dickinson College
SHORT-TERM DURATION OF STUDY ABROAD			
1	Michigan State University	Elon University	Lee University
2	University of Georgia	Appalachian State University	Saint Olaf College
3	University of Texas – Austin	University of Wisconsin – Whitewater	DePauw University
4	University of Delaware	University of North Florida	Gustavus Adolphus College
5	University of California – Los Angeles	Villanova University	Calvin College
6	Penn State University – University Park	James Madison University	Concordia College – Moorhead
7	George Mason University	Hamline University	Luther College
8	Arizona State University	Rollins College	Hartwick College
9	Brigham Young University	Pacific Lutheran University	Eckerd College
10	University of Minnesota – Twin Cities	Texas State University – San Marcos	University of Richmond

* Tied with institution listed above

Definitions:
 Long-term: Study abroad programs that take place for an academic or calendar year
 Mid-length: Study abroad programs that take place for one semester, one quarter or two quarters
 Short-term: Study abroad programs that take place during the summer, January term, or are for 8 weeks or less during the academic year

Figure 10A: Leading Institutions by Duration of Study Abroad and Institutional Type, Ranked by Student Total, 2005/06

STUDY ABROAD AT COMMUNITY COLLEGES

The number of students at community colleges (associate's institutions) participating in study abroad for academic credit has grown substantially in recent years. In 2005/06, 6,321 community college stu-

dents studied abroad, an increase of 31% over the previous year (Fig. 10B).

Like study abroad students at all institutions, most community college study abroad students choose Europe as their study abroad destination (58%). However, non-traditional destinations have become more popular for community college stu-

dents as well, with more students choosing to study in Asia, Latin America and Oceania compared to the previous year.

The most popular host countries for community college study abroad students were Italy, Spain, and Mexico (Fig. 10B). These three destinations accounted for 32% of study abroad at associate's institutions in

6,321 community college students studied abroad in 2005/06.

Rank	Destination	2004/05	2005/06	% Change
	WORLD TOTAL	4,823	6,321	31.1
1	Italy	893	750	-16.0
2	Spain	420	705	67.9
3	Mexico	348	561	61.2
4	United Kingdom	575	518	-9.9
5	France	224	464	107.1
6	Costa Rica	228	297	30.3
7	Greece	30	209	596.7
8	China	136	185	36.0
9	Japan	82	117	42.7
10	Czech Republic	31	94	203.2

Figure 10B: Top 10 Destinations of Community College Study Abroad Students, 2004/05 & 2005/06

Rank	Institution	State	Total
1	College of Du Page	IL	256
2	Cabrillo College	CA	229
3	St. Louis Community College	MO	203
4	SUNY Broome Community College	NY	200
5	Santa Barbara City College	CA	196
6	Citrus College	CA	180
7	Sierra College	CA	175
8	Chaffey College	CA	171
9	Glendale Community College	CA	164
10	City College of San Francisco	CA	142
11	Santa Monica College	CA	128
12	Napa Valley College	CA	118
12	Pasadena City College	CA	118
14	Riverside Community College	CA	114
15	Brookdale Community College	NJ	107
15	Mesa Community College	AZ	107
17	Kirkwood Community College	IA	106

Figure 10C: Associate's Institutions with Over 100 Study Abroad Students, Ranked by Student Total, 2005/06

2005/06. Four of the top ten most popular destinations in 2005/06 were outside Europe.

Over three-quarters (76%) of community college study abroad students chose short-term study abroad programs (summer, January term or eight weeks or less during the school year), 23% more than the overall average of 53%. A substantial number of community college study abroad students also participated in mid-length programs of one semester or one or two quarters (23.5%, significantly less than the overall average of 42%). Less than 1% of community college study abroad students participated in long-term programs of an academic or calendar year (Fig. 9D).

The gender ratio of study abroad students at community colleges is similar to that of their peers at other institutions: 66% of community college study abroad students were female and 34% were male. However, the racial/ethnic breakdown of study abroad students at community colleges is more diverse than the overall average: 13% of community college study abroad students were Hispanic, compared to 5% overall; 9% were multiracial, compared to 1% overall; and 5% were African-American, compared to 3.5% overall. 69% of community college study abroad students were Caucasian, compared to 80% overall, and 3% were Asian-American, compared to 5% overall.

More than one-fifth (21%) of community college study abroad students were undeclared majors, followed by business and management (16%), humanities (13%), foreign languages (10.5%), and health sciences (10%). Compared to all institutions, where social sciences are the most popular field of study (22%), there were very few social science majors among community college study abroad students (7%).

Community colleges in California sent the largest number of students abroad in 2005/06: seven of the top ten community colleges ranked by total study abroad students are in California (Fig. 10C).

Community Colleges hosted 86,179 or 15% of all international students in 2006/07.

INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS AT COMMUNITY COLLEGES

Two-year community colleges are a unique aspect of the U.S. higher education system that many students from other countries utilize as a first step toward fulfilling their long-term educational goals in the U.S. International student enrollment at community colleges (associate's institutions) increased 4% in 2006/07, to 86,149 international students (Fig. 11A).

Like other types of academic institutions, associate's institutions saw a decrease in international enrollment following September 11, 2001. However, international enrollment rebounded sooner at community colleges, than at all institutions combined (2004/05 vs. 2006/07).

Over the past seven years, international student enrollment at associate's institutions has grown by over 22%, a much higher rate of growth than for all institutions combined (13%). Due to the large number of two-year institutions in the U.S., community colleges are easily able to absorb this high rate of growth. Despite their

Year	International Students	Annual % Change	Total U.S. Two-Year Higher Education Enrollment*	% Int'l
1999/00	70,616	-	5,088,666	1.4
2000/01	76,834	8.8	5,380,548	1.4
2001/02	82,932	7.9	4,754,674	1.7
2002/03	82,123	-1.0	3,771,388	2.2
2003/04	75,830	-7.7	4,380,618	1.7
2004/05	84,376	11.3	4,592,854	1.8
2005/06	83,160	-1.4	4,706,691	1.8
2006/07	86,179	3.6	4,880,729	1.8

* College Board Annual Survey of Colleges data.

Figure 11A: International Student Enrollment at Associate's Institutions, 1999/00 – 2006/07

increased presence, international students still constitute less than 2% of total enrollment at community colleges, compared to 4% at all institutions combined.

While the number of Japanese students studying in the U.S. has declined in the last few years, Japan remains the top sending place of origin for international students at community colleges, followed closely by South Korea (Fig. 11B). Mexico, Vietnam, and Hong Kong round out the top five. Japanese students constituted 13% of all international students at community colleges in 2006/07, but only 6% at institu-

tions. A higher proportion of students from Mexico were enrolled at community colleges (4%), compared to all institutions (2%). India, the top sending place of origin for all institutions, is in 8th place for community colleges. China, the #2 place of origin for international students at all institutions, is in 7th place for community colleges this year.

International students at community colleges are less highly concentrated from the top places of origin than their peers at all institutions. While the top 10 places of origin account for 60% of international enroll-

Rank	Place of Origin	2005/06	2006/07	% Change
	WORLD TOTAL	83,160	86,179	3.6
1	Japan	8,532	7,230	-15.3
2	Korea, Rep. of (South)	6,424	6,953	8.2
3	Mexico	2,283	2,266	-0.7
4	Vietnam	1,243	1,969	58.4
5	Hong Kong	1,826	1,885	3.2
6	Taiwan	1,864	1,884	1.1
7	China	1,942	1,695	-12.7
8	India	1,590	1,551	-2.5
9	Indonesia	1,354	1,461	7.9
10	Nepal	996	1,451	45.7

Figure 11B: Top 10 Places of Origin of International Students at Community Colleges, 2005/06 & 2006/07

Field of Study	% Enrollment
Business & Management	22.3
Health Professions	10.3
Intensive English Language	7.5
Mathematics & Computer Sciences	5.8
Engineering	5.5
Fine & Applied Arts	5.2
Physical & Life Sciences	3.8
Social Sciences	3.2
Education	1.6
Humanities	1.3
Agriculture	0.3
Other	29.6
Undeclared	3.6
Total	100.0

Figure 11C: Fields of Study of International Students at Associate's Institutions, 2006/07

Characteristic	% Enrollment	Characteristic	% Enrollment
Sex		Marital Status	
Female	55.5	Single	94.9
Male	44.5	Married	5.1
Enrollment Status		Visa Type	
Full-Time	78.0	F Visa	82.4
Part-Time	17.9	J Visa	1.5
OPT	4.1	Other Visa	16.1

Figure 11D: Personal and Academic Characteristics of International Students at Associate's Institutions, 2006/07

ment at all institutions, the top 10 places of origin at community colleges account for only 33% of their total international enrollment.

Fields of Study

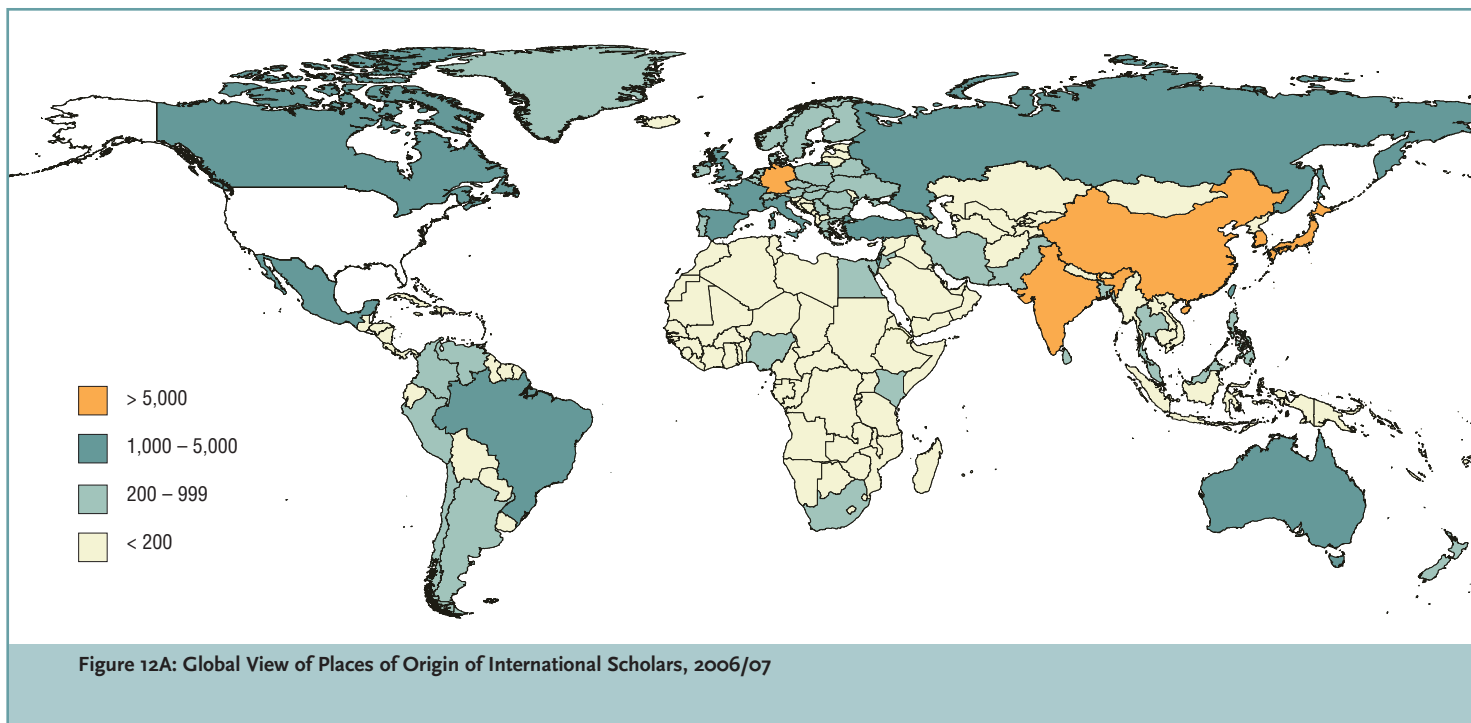
The top three fields of study for international students at community colleges are business & management (22%), health professions (10%), and intensive English (7.5%) (Fig. 11C). Less than 6% of international students at community colleges are studying engineering, in contrast to 15% at all institutions. Just over 25% are in STEM fields (including health professions), compared to 37% at all institutions.

Personal and Academic Characteristics

The personal and academic characteristics of international students at community colleges are quite different from those of international students at all institutions. At all institutions combined, male international students outnumber females (55% to 45%). However, at community colleges, this ratio is reversed – 55% of international students at community colleges are female, compared to 45% male (Fig. 11D). There are also far fewer married international students enrolled at community colleges (5% vs. 13% overall), and twice as many part-time students (18%), compared to all institutions (9%). The majority of international students at community colleges are in the U.S. on an F-1 student visa, as is the case at all institutions combined.

More information on international exchange at community colleges is available on line at: <http://opendoors.iienetwork.org/>.

There were **98,239** international scholars in the U.S. in 2006/07, a 1.3% increase over the previous year.



INTERNATIONAL SCHOLARS

Doctoral degree-granting institutions in the U.S. hosted 98,239 international scholars in 2006/07*. The small

* The *Open Doors* Scholars Survey includes only scholars at U.S. doctoral degree-granting institutions. It does not include scholars at national laboratories or in other non-academic settings.

increase of 1.3% this year represents a slowing of the 8% growth seen over the past two years. Prior to this, the number of international scholars in the U.S. had experienced two years of slight declines in the years immediately following 9/11/01.

The top five places of origin of international scholars remained the same this year (Fig. 12C), with China topping the list with over 20,000 scholars. Korea and India followed, each with over 9,000 scholars. Japan and Germany round out

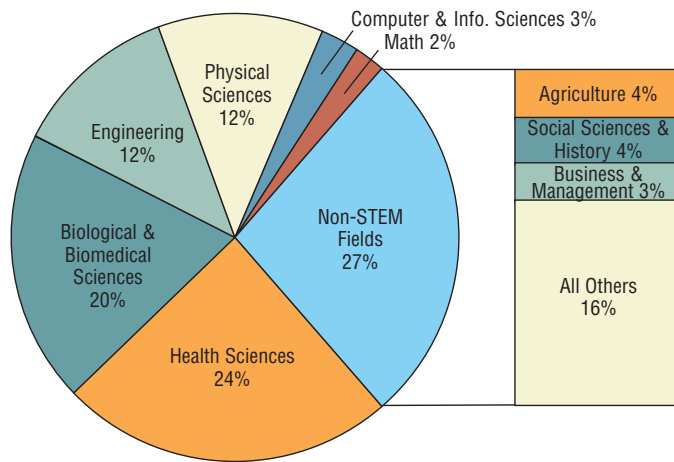


Figure 12B: Leading Fields of Specialization of International Scholars, 2006/07

Rank	Place of Origin	2005/06	2006/07	2006/07 % of Total	% Change
	WORLD TOTAL	96,981	98,239	-	1.3
1	China	19,017	20,149	20.5	6.0
2	Korea, Rep. of (South)	8,907	9,291	9.5	4.3
3	India	8,836	9,138	9.3	3.4
4	Japan	5,600	5,557	5.7	-0.8
5	Germany	5,117	5,039	5.1	-1.5
6	Canada	4,496	4,398	4.5	-2.2
7	France	3,380	3,588	3.7	6.1
8	Italy	2,983	3,148	3.2	5.5
9	United Kingdom	3,334	2,877	2.9	-13.7
10	Spain	2,185	2,193	2.2	0.4
11	Russia	2,402	2,102	2.1	-12.5
12	Brazil	1,711	1,862	1.9	8.8
13	Taiwan	1,737	1,813	1.8	4.4
14	Israel	1,618	1,591	1.6	-1.7
15	Turkey	1,355	1,362	1.4	0.5
16	Mexico	1,250	1,218	1.2	-2.6
17	Australia	1,265	1,175	1.2	-7.1
18	Netherlands	996	959	1.0	-3.7
19	Poland	983	877	0.9	-10.8
20	Argentina	864	834	0.8	-3.5

Figure 12C: Top 20 Places of Origin of International Scholars, 2005/06 & 2006/07

the top five. These top five places of origin accounted for over 50% of the international scholars in the U.S in 2006/07; scholars from China alone accounted for over 20%. The increase in the number of scholars from many Asian countries in 2006/07 was offset by declining numbers of scholars from several European countries. Expanded opportunities within Europe, where many European Union programs support inter-European scholarly exchange, may be partly responsible for these declines.

As in the past, the fields of specialization of international scholars in the U.S. were heavily concentrated in the science, technology, engineering and mathematics (STEM) fields (Fig. 12B). International scholars on U.S. campuses were mainly conducting research (73%), with just 11% engaged in teaching, and 8% engaged in both teaching and research. Male international scholars outnumbered female international scholars (64% to 36%). Most internationals scholars were on J visas (56%), while 36.5% had H-1B status.

In 2006/07 Harvard University was once again the U.S. campus hosting the most international scholars (3,419), followed by Stanford University (2,550), the University of California, Berkeley (2,398), Columbia University (2,346), and the University of California, Davis (2,261) (Table 33).

Trends in Science &

SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY EDUCATIONAL EXCHANGE

U.S. higher education enrollments in science and engineering disciplines have received considerable attention in the past decade primarily because of their implications for U.S. progress and competitiveness in a global economy that is increasingly knowledge-driven. This section focuses on trends regarding international students and scholars in the Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics (STEM) fields*. According to the National Science Foundation, in 2006, non-U.S. citizens earned 45% of all doctorates in the STEM fields, and constituted more than half of all doctorate recipients in the fields of engineering, computer science, mathematics and physics.

International Students in the STEM fields

In 2006/07, engineering continued to be one of the most popular fields of study for international students, chosen by 89,137 (15%) of all international students in the U.S. The sciences (including physical and life sciences, and health professions) accounted for an additional 80,000 students (14%), and mathematics and computer science were selected by 46,000 more (8%) (Fig. 6A). Together, these STEM fields enrolled 37% of all international students.

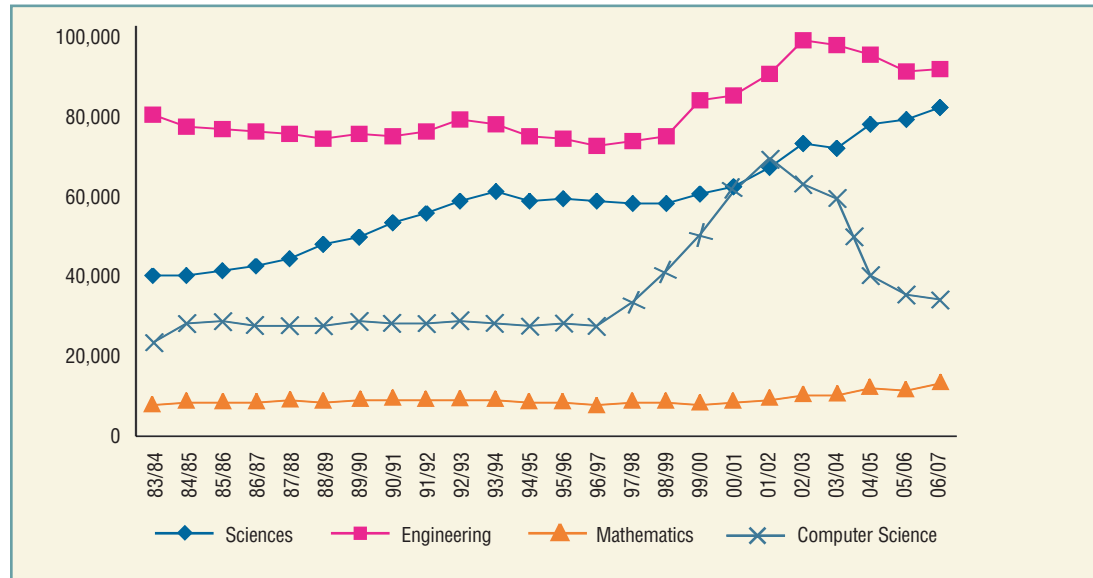


Figure 13A: International Students in STEM Fields, 1983/84 – 2006/07

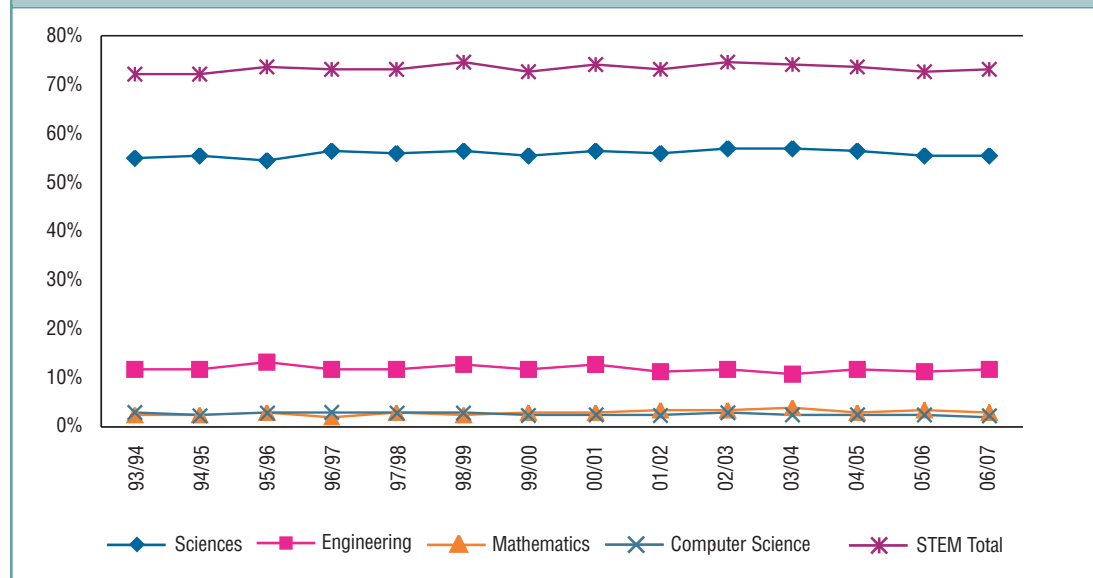


Figure 13B: Percent of International Scholars Specializing in STEM Fields, 1993/94 – 2006/07

Enrollment in these fields over the last two decades shows differing trends for the four STEM fields (Fig. 13A). International student enrollment in engi-

neering increased sharply between 1998/99 and 2002/03, reaching a high of almost 97,000. A few years of decline fol-

* Social sciences and agriculture are not included.

Technology exchange

Year	Physical or Life Sciences	Health Sciences	Engineering	Mathematics & Computer Science	STEM Total	Total Study Abroad Students
1995/96	6.8	2.3	2.1	1.3	12.5	89,242
1996/97	6.8	2.7	1.9	1.6	13.0	99,448
1997/98	7.0	3.2	2.7	1.6	14.5	113,959
1998/99	7.4	3.8	2.8	1.8	15.8	129,770
1999/00	7.4	2.8	2.9	2.0	15.1	143,590
2000/01	7.1	3.2	2.7	2.0	15.0	154,168
2001/02	7.6	3.0	2.9	2.2	15.7	160,920
2002/03	7.1	3.1	2.9	2.4	15.5	174,629
2003/04	7.1	3.4	2.9	1.7	15.1	191,321
2004/05	7.1	3.4	2.9	1.7	15.1	205,983
2005/06	6.9	3.8	2.9	1.5	15.1	223,534

Figure 13C: Percent of U.S. Study Abroad Students Majoring in the STEM fields, 1995/96-2005/06

lowed, with numbers again beginning to rise slowly in 2006/07. Unsurprisingly, the decline in engineering enrollments has paralleled the recent declines in overall international enrollments, as a large proportion of international students study engineering, especially at the graduate level. However, despite its continuing popularity, the proportion of international students enrolled in engineering has declined from 25% in the late 1970s to 15% in 2006/07.

With the exception of a small dip in 2003/04, enrollments in the sciences have increased at a steady pace: in 1983/84 only 39,000 international students were enrolled in the sciences (11.5% of the total); today there are close to 80,000 (14% of the total).

While international enrollment in **mathematics** has remained relatively steady over time, the number of international students studying **computer science** began to increase sharply in 1996/97, reaching an all-time high of almost 68,000 in 2001/02. Following this peak, the number of international students in computer science plummeted, but the most current data (2006/07) shows the numbers have leveled off, with only 3% fewer international students enrolling in computer science compared to the previous year.

International Scholars in STEM fields
 Almost three-quarters (73%) of all international scholars engaged in research or teaching on a U.S. campus in 2006/07 had one of the STEM fields as their field of spe-

cialization (Fig. 13B). The sciences alone accounted for 56% of all international scholars, followed by engineering (12%), computer science (3%), and mathematics (2%). The percentage of international scholars in these fields of specialization has remained relatively constant since 1993/94 (Fig. 13B).

U.S. Study Abroad in the STEM fields

Relatively few U.S. students enrolled in the STEM fields pursue a study abroad experience for which they receive academic credit. Only 15% of study abroad students are majoring in the STEM fields (Fig. 13C), compared to the 23% of all U.S. undergraduates who plan to major in the STEM fields (NSF, 2006). Study abroad students were mostly in the physical/life sciences (7%), followed by the health sciences (4%), engineering (3%), and computer science (1.5%). Although the absolute numbers of study abroad participants from STEM fields have increased over time, their relative share compared to other study abroad fields has remained fairly constant over the past decade.

Compared to their peers in other disciplines, U.S. students majoring in the STEM fields typically face more barriers to studying abroad, ranging from highly structured and sequential coursework, to inadequate alignment between science courses taken overseas and at the home institution. Despite the overall low rates of study abroad in these fields, some exemplary campus-based programs have been successful in increasing the numbers of U.S. students going abroad for STEM-related study.

Intensive English Programs
enrolled **45,167**
international students
in 2006, a 3.6% increase
over the previous year.

Rank	Place of Origin	2005 Total Students	2006 Total Students	% Change	2005 Student- Weeks	2006 Student- Weeks	% Change
	WORLD TOTAL	43,580	45,167	3.6	557,311	636,522	14.2
1	Korea, Rep. of (South)	9,612	10,026	4.3	133,549	141,336	5.8
2	Japan	8,984	7,453	-17.0	130,426	94,649	-27.4
3	Saudi Arabia	1,540	5,047	227.7	20,100	126,996	531.8
4	Taiwan	4,971	4,748	-4.5	62,696	68,868	9.8
5	Brazil	1,127	1,572	39.5	7,933	14,351	80.9
6	China	1,267	1,461	15.3	19,092	18,686	-2.1
7	France	653	1,008	54.4	5,170	7,688	48.7
8	Thailand	1,028	975	-5.2	15,281	13,105	-14.2
9	Turkey	826	969	17.3	10,921	12,095	10.7
10	Switzerland	1,001	936	-6.5	9,286	9,030	-2.8
11	Mexico	984	827	-16.0	9,818	8,837	-10.0
12	Italy	973	769	-21.0	6,262	4,626	-26.1
13	Spain	708	679	-4.1	5,299	4,420	-16.6
14	Colombia	797	668	-16.2	8,710	8,429	-3.2
15	Venezuela	387	561	45.0	4,973	8,008	61.0
16	Germany	694	535	-22.9	8,571	5,704	-33.5
17	Vietnam	630	517	-17.9	7,598	9,821	29.3
18	Chile	183	340	85.8	1,532	2,642	72.5
19	Hong Kong	227	283	24.7	3,852	4,244	10.2
20	Kazakhstan	135	250	85.2	1,151	3,730	224.1

Figure 14A: Top 20 Places of Origin of IEP Students, 2005 & 2006

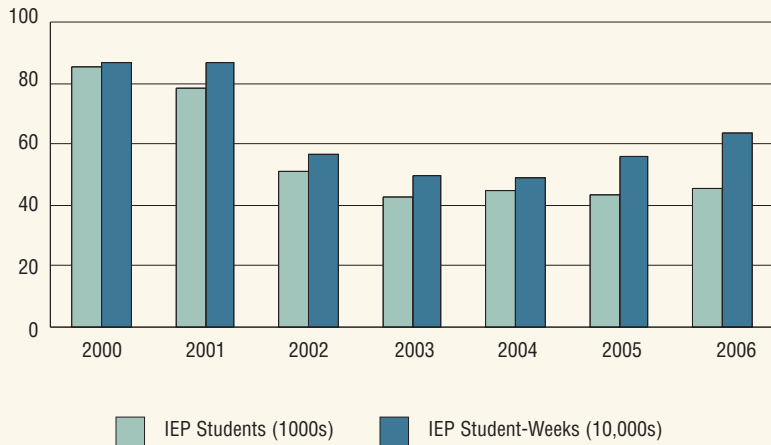


Figure 14B: IEP Enrollment by Total Students and Total Student-Weeks, 2000 – 2006

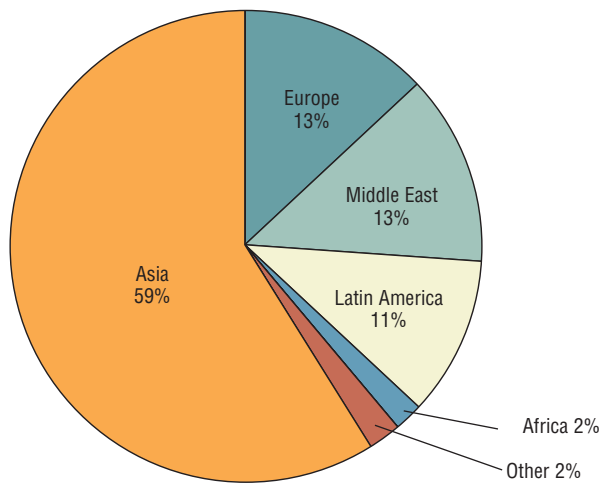


Figure 14C: World Region of Origin of IEP Students, 2006

in 2006, following a similar increase the previous year (Fig 14B).

Students from South Korea again constituted the largest group of IEP students in 2006. More than 10,000 students from South Korea studied intensive English in the U.S. in 2006, accounting for over one-fifth (22%) of total IEP student enrollment (Fig. 14A). Japanese students remained in second place, despite a 17% drop in the total number of students from Japan. With a 228% increase in total enrollment, students from Saudi Arabia now outnumber students from Taiwan as the third largest group of IEP students. In addition, Saudi Arabia now ranks second (behind South Korea) in total student-weeks. These increases are largely due to Saudi students studying English on a Saudi Arabian government-sponsored scholarship program in preparation for entry into academic degree programs.

While students from Asia still make up close to 60% of total IEP enrollments (Fig. 14C), their percent share declined from 67% in 2005. Europe is the second most popular region of origin of IEP students, with 13% of the total, down from 15% in 2005. The Middle East increased to 13% from 5% in 2005. Latin America (11%), and Africa (2%) sent the same share as in 2005.

reversing last year's decline of 2.2% (Fig. 14A). Enrollment in IEPs peaked at 85,238 students in 2000 (Fig. 14B).

The IEP data reported in this section includes enrollments at private language schools, as well as the IEP enrollments at colleges and universities.*

leges and universities.*

IEP enrollment data is broken down by both total students and total student-weeks (one student studying for one week). These two measures together provide a more complete picture of IEP enrollments in the U.S. While total student enrollment increased by 3.6%, total student-weeks increased by 14.2%

INTENSIVE ENGLISH

The number of international students enrolled in Intensive English Programs (IEPs) in the U.S. increased by 3.6% to 45,167 students in calendar year 2006,

* Findings regarding intensive English studies in the international student census and in the Intensive English Programs survey are not always congruent as they cover different populations. The American Association of Intensive English Programs (AAIIEP) and University and College Intensive English Programs (UCIEP) assisted with the IEP survey.

Global Student Mobility

According to current UNESCO data, over 2.7 million students are pursuing higher education outside their home country, up from 2.5 million in 2005, and up 54% since 1999. Not only has there been a large increase in the total number of international students worldwide, but more students are also seeking an international education in non-traditional destinations in Asia, Africa, and Latin America. Several countries in these regions have positioned themselves as key actors in the global economy, and are also expanding their role in the international education sector.

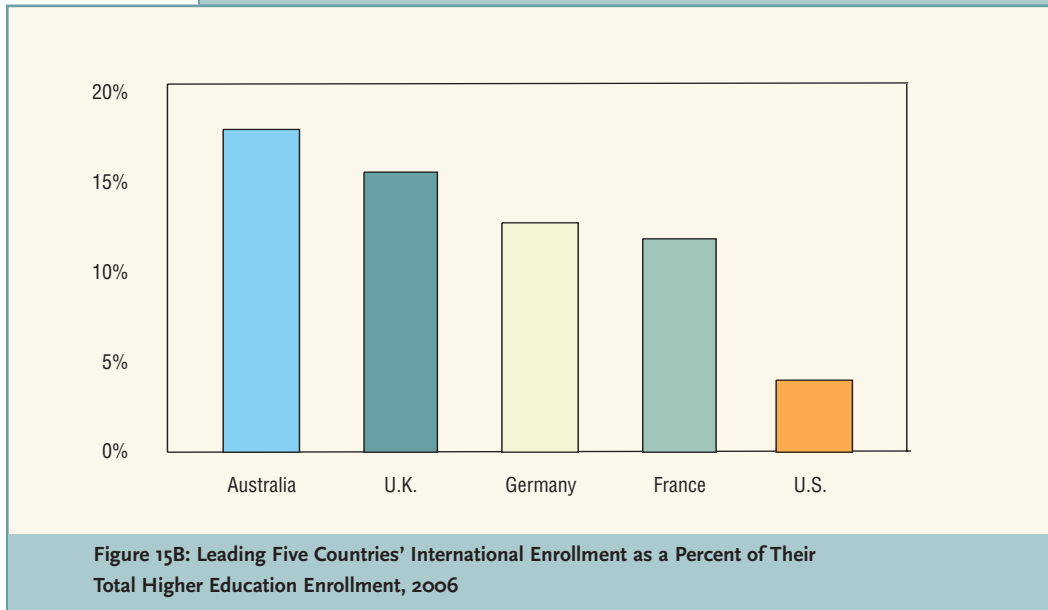
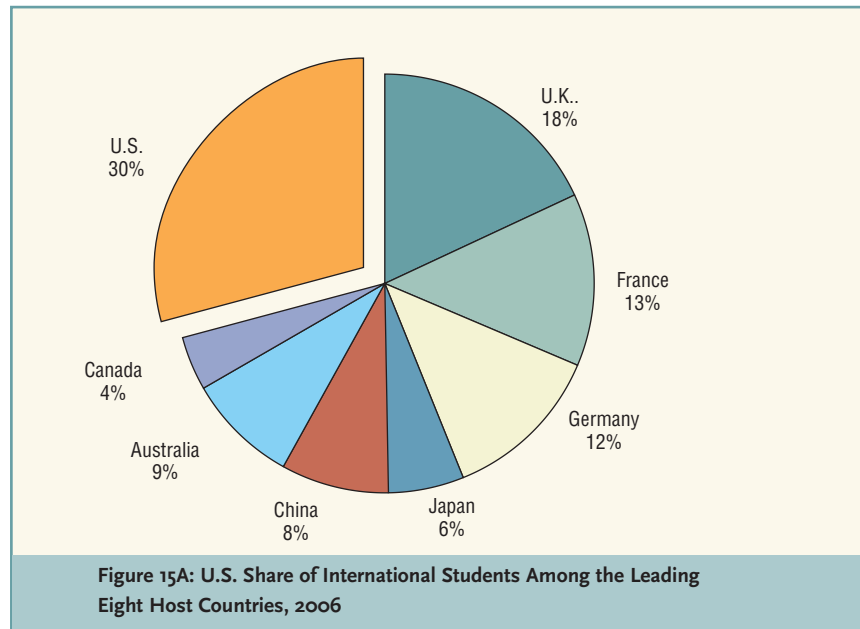
Despite the expansion of the overall “pie” of globally mobile students and the rise of non-traditional destinations, the U.S. continues to host the largest percentage of international students. In 2006, the U.S. attracted 30% of internationally mobile students among the leading eight host countries (Fig. 15A). While this proportion reflects a lower share for the U.S. than in previous years, it is still significantly larger than the share of any other host country, with the U.S. hosting 22% of all internationally mobile students worldwide. The shift in the U.S. share is due to factors such as the increased higher education capacity in many non-traditional destinations, especially in Asia; strong national-level internationalization policies and strategies in competing host countries; and the rise of non-traditional forms of educational delivery such as distance learning and cross-border education, including joint/dual degree programs and branch campuses.

Compared to other leading host coun-

tries, the U.S. has a large untapped capacity to absorb significant future growth in international student enrollment (Fig. 15B). While Australia’s international student enrollment has reached nearly 20% of the country’s total higher education enrollment (15% in the U.K.),

international students in the U.S. accounted for less than 4% of total higher education enrollment in 2006/07 (with higher proportions at the graduate level).

Source of data: Project Atlas 2006 (atlas.iienetwork.org); UNESCO/OECD 2005; IAU World Higher Education data base.



19 U.S. branch campuses host 9,357 students; 4,917 are international.

Region of Branch Campus	Number of campuses	Total Enrollment	Int'l Enrollment	% Int'l
Middle East (Qatar, U.A.E., Israel)	6	3,709	3,032	81.7
Asia/Pacific (China, Japan, Singapore, Australia)	5	4,128	1,073	26.0
Europe (Belgium, Hungary, Cyprus, Netherlands)	4	649	527	81.2
Latin America (Mexico, Panama)	3	853	270	31.7
North America (Canada)	1	18	15	83.3
TOTAL	19	9,357	4,917	52.5

Figure 15C: Student Enrollment at Select U.S. Branch Campuses Overseas, 2007

vey, ranging from fewer than 50 students at a newly opened campus to a high of 3,000 students at Temple University in Japan. Other institutions with large enrollments include: the American University in Dubai, the LNU-MSU College of International Business in China, and Florida State University in Panama.

The majority of the branch campuses surveyed hosted a large proportion of international students (students that are not citizens or permanent residents of the country in which the campus is located)(Fig. 15C). Overall, 52.5% of the students enrolled at these branch campuses were international students. The proportion of the international student body ranged from a low of 14% at the LNU-MSU College of International Business in China, to a high of 97% at Boston University in Belgium, where many U.S. students are enrolled. The four branch campuses in Asia hosted a smaller proportion of international students compared to campuses in the Middle East and Europe, where the institutions attracted large numbers of students from neighboring countries and/or from the U.S.

Students from the U.S. often constituted the largest group of international students on these campuses. Many students also came from Egypt, India, Iran, Lebanon, Nigeria, Pakistan, and South Korea. Geographic proximity and cultural similarities clearly play a role in students' selection of U.S. branch campuses abroad. Students from other Middle Eastern countries made up 45% of the international student population at the American University in Dubai.

The top three fields of study among international students were: business & management, social sciences, and technology (engineering, mathematics, and computer science).

¹ Please see <http://opendoors.iienetwork.org/?p=BranchCampuses> for a list of responding institutions.

One of the most significant recent developments in alternative forms of international education has been the advent of the “branch campus”, also referred to as Trans-National Education (TNE), borderless education, or cross-border education. According to current estimates, U.S. institutions account for more than half of all such overseas higher education, followed by Australia, the U.K., and Ireland (Verbik & Merkley, 2006). Key host countries for overseas campuses include Singapore and China in Asia, and Qatar and the United Arab Emirates in the Middle East.

Although U.S. branch campuses are rapidly expanding, there continue to be considerable gaps in information regarding the precise number and types of such institutions, as well as their institutional and student characteristics. In fall 2007, IIE launched a pilot effort to collect data on the characteristics of students that attend U.S. branch campuses. We began by con-

tacting overseas staff at 43 institutions that were identified by the Observatory of Borderless Higher Education as “brick-and-mortar” branch campuses; joint degrees programs and other educational exchanges were not included. By press time, about half had responded and this section presents a preliminary snapshot of these 19 schools; it does not necessarily present findings that are representative of all U.S. branch campuses overseas.

Most reporting institutions were located in the Middle East, Europe, Asia and Latin America¹ (Fig. 15C) and offered both degree and non-degree study. Most students (international students included) were enrolled at the undergraduate level, followed by graduate-level enrollment. Few students were enrolled in non-degree programs, except at Florida State University in Panama and Temple University in Japan.

A total of 9,357 students were enrolled in the branch campuses covered by the sur-

International Exchange Balance

A comparison of *Open Doors* data on the flows of students into the U.S. with data on the number of U.S. students studying abroad shows an immediate imbalance, with inbound international students far outnumbering outbound American students. While this comparison represents one attempt at comparing flows of students in and out of the U.S., it is limited because the two populations being compared are not identical. Most international students in the U.S. are completing entire degree programs in the U.S. The American study abroad students captured in the *Open Doors* survey, on the other hand, are receiving credit for their study abroad, but they are not enrolled in degree programs overseas, and they are generally abroad for less than one academic year. Nevertheless, comparing these two populations can give us insights into the dynamics of international exchange in the U.S.

Two and a half times more international students came to study in the U.S. than American students studied abroad in 2005/06, the most recent year for which data is available for both groups. A decade earlier, in 1995/96, there were five times more international students than U.S. students studying abroad, and two decades ago, in 1985/86, there were seven times more international students than U.S. students studying abroad. While the gap has been steadily

shrinking over the past twenty years, the current number of Americans studying abroad is still far below the number of international students studying in the U.S.

This exchange imbalance varies depending on world region. While Europe is the most popular destination for American study abroad students, Asia is the top sending region of international students to the U.S. The number of Asian students studying in the U.S. exceeded the number of U.S. students studying abroad in Asia by more than 300,000 students in 2005/06 (Fig. 16A). In contrast, the number of U.S. students studying abroad in Europe exceeded the number of Europeans studying in the U.S. by over 45,000 during the same period. Europe and Oceania are the only regions where there are

more Americans studying abroad than international students coming to the U.S.

Europe is also one of the few regions where there are substantial numbers of Americans pursuing degree programs overseas. However, the number of Americans enrolled in degree programs abroad remains small compared to the number of students studying abroad for academic credit from their U.S. home institution. This has been the case for many years. For example, in 2000/01, just under 7,000 Americans were pursuing degree programs in the United Kingdom, compared to over 30,000 who received credit from their U.S. home campus for study abroad in the U.K. that year.

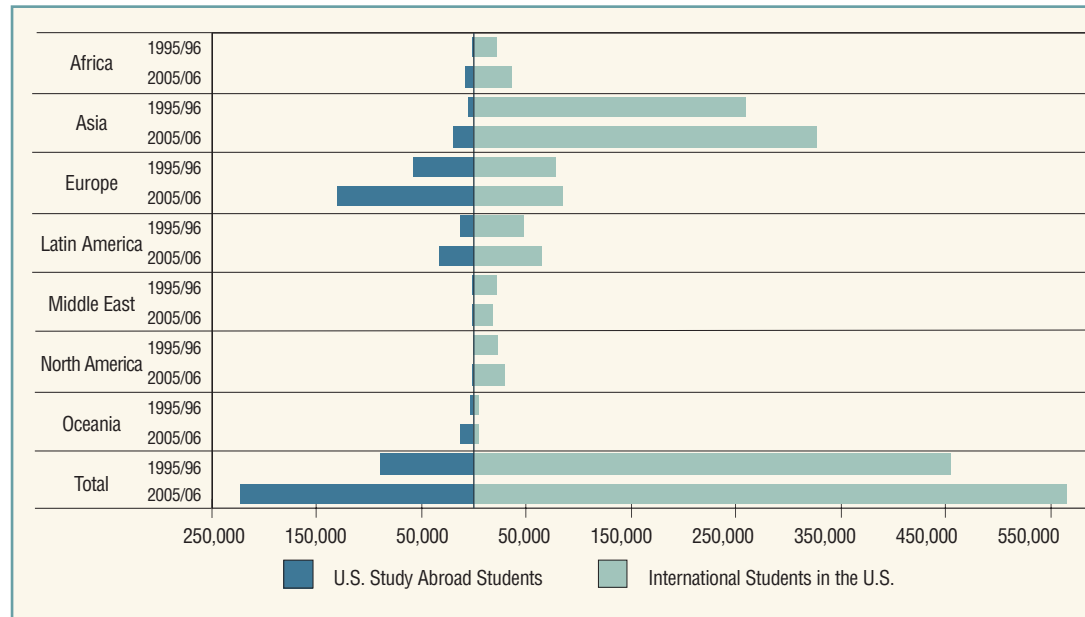


Figure 16A: U.S. International Exchange Balance, 1995/96, and 2005/06

Source of data: *Open Doors 2007* and *Project Atlas 2006* (atlas.iienetwork.org).

opendoors 2007 Fast Facts

INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS IN THE U.S.

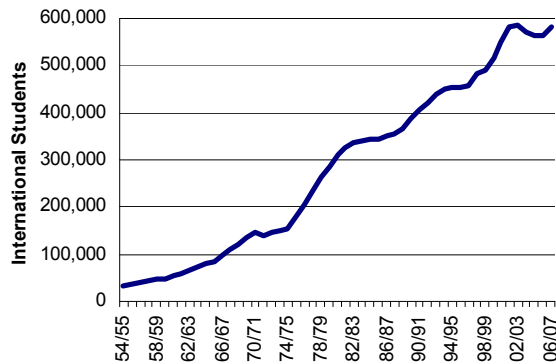
A. NEW INTERNATIONAL STUDENT ENROLLMENT, 2006/07

New international enrollment – students enrolling for the first time at an institution in Fall 2006 – increased 9.97% from the previous year.

Year	Total	% Change
2004/05	131,946	-
2005/06	142,923	8.3%
2006/07	157,178	10.0%

B. TOTAL INTERNATIONAL STUDENT ENROLLMENT TRENDS

In 2006/07, the number of international students studying in the U.S. grew by 3.2% over the previous year, totaling 582,984.



Year	Int'l Students	Annual % Change	Total Enrollment	% Int'l
1959/60	48,486	2.6	3,402,300	1.4
1969/70	134,959	11.2	7,978,400	1.7
1979/80	286,343	8.5	11,707,000	2.4
1989/90	386,851	5.6	13,824,592	2.8
2000/01	547,867	6.4	14,046,659	3.9
2001/02	582,996	6.4	13,511,149	4.3
2002/03	586,323	0.6	12,853,627	4.6
2003/04	572,509	-2.4	13,383,553	4.3
2004/05	565,039	-1.3	13,994,869	4.0
2005/06	564,766	-0.05	14,528,728	3.9
2006/07	582,984	3.2	15,023,346*	3.9

* College Board Annual Survey of Colleges 2007 data on U.S. higher education enrollment.

C. LEADING PLACES OF ORIGIN of International Students, 2005/06 & 2006/07

Students from the top four places of origin - India, China, South Korea and Japan - comprise 43% of all international students enrolled in U.S. higher education.

Rank	Place of Origin	2005/06	2006/07	% of Total	% Change
WORLD TOTAL		564,766	582,984	-	3.2
1	India	76,503	83,833	14.4	9.6
2	China	62,582	67,723	11.6	8.2
3	Korea, Rep. of (South)	59,022	62,392	10.7	5.7
4	Japan	38,712	35,282	6.1	-8.9
5	Taiwan	27,876	29,094	5.0	4.4
6	Canada	28,202	28,280	4.9	0.3
7	Mexico	13,931	13,826	2.4	-0.8
8	Turkey	11,622	11,506	2.0	-1.0
9	Thailand	8,765	8,886	1.5	1.4
10	Germany	8,829	8,656	1.5	-2.0
11	United Kingdom	8,274	8,438	1.4	2.0
12	Saudi Arabia	3,448	7,886	1.4	128.7
13	Nepal	6,061	7,754	1.3	27.9
14	Hong Kong	7,849	7,722	1.3	-1.6
15	Indonesia	7,575	7,338	1.3	-3.1
16	Brazil	7,009	7,126	1.2	1.7
17	Colombia	6,835	6,750	1.2	-1.2
18	France	6,640	6,704	1.1	1.0
19	Kenya	6,559	6,349	1.1	-3.2
20	Vietnam	4,597	6,036	1.0	31.3

The Institute of International Education (IIE) has conducted an annual census of international students in the United States since its founding in 1919. *Open Doors* has been published by the Institute since 1949, and began receiving support from the Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs, part of the U.S. Department of State, in the early 1970s. *Open Doors 2007 "Fast Facts"* contains selections from this year's statistics. For complete data and more information, please visit <http://opendoors.iienetwork.org>. The *Open Doors 2007* publication can be ordered online at www.iiebooks.org.

D. STATES

with the Most International Students, 2005/06 & 2006/07

Rank	State	2005/06	2006/07	% Change
1	California	75,385	77,987	3.5
2	New York	64,283	65,884	2.5
3	Texas	46,869	49,081	4.7
4	Massachusetts	28,007	28,680	2.4
5	Florida	26,058	26,875	3.1
6	Illinois	25,116	25,594	1.9
7	Pennsylvania	22,418	23,182	3.4
8	Michigan	20,827	21,143	1.5
9	Ohio	18,002	18,607	3.4
10	Indiana	13,992	14,450	3.3
11	Maryland	12,887	13,562	5.2
12	New Jersey	12,779	13,111	2.6
13	Georgia	11,921	12,183	2.2
14	Virginia	11,701	11,991	2.5
15	Washington	11,234	11,663	3.8
16	North Carolina	9,507	10,064	5.9
17	Arizona	9,617	9,993	3.9
18	Missouri	9,641	9,805	1.7
19	Minnesota	8,709	9,048	3.9
20	Oklahoma	8,149	8,364	2.6

E. U.S. INSTITUTIONS

with the Largest Number of International Students, 2006/07

Rank	Institution	City	State	# of Int'l Students
1	University of Southern California	Los Angeles	CA	7,115
2	Columbia University	New York	NY	5,937
3	New York University	New York	NY	5,827
4	University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign	Champaign	IL	5,685
5	Purdue University Main Campus	West Lafayette	IN	5,581
6	University of Michigan - Ann Arbor	Ann Arbor	MI	5,429
7	University of Texas at Austin	Austin	TX	5,303
8	University of California - Los Angeles	Los Angeles	CA	4,704
9	Harvard University	Cambridge	MA	4,514
10	Boston University	Boston	MA	4,484
10	University of Pennsylvania	Philadelphia	PA	4,484
12	Ohio State University - Main Campus	Columbus	OH	4,345
13	SUNY at Buffalo	Buffalo	NY	4,103
14	Arizona State University - Tempe Campus	Tempe	AZ	4,062
15	Indiana University at Bloomington	Bloomington	IN	3,976
16	Michigan State University	East Lansing	MI	3,968
17	University of Florida	Gainesville	FL	3,921
18	Texas A&M University	College Station	TX	3,857
19	University of Wisconsin - Madison	Madison	WI	3,829
20	Stanford University	Stanford	CA	3,751

INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS IN THE U.S. (CONTINUED)

F. PRIMARY SOURCE OF FUNDING of International Students, 2006/07

Primary Source of Funds	Int'l Students	% of Total
Personal & Family	358,281	61.5
U.S. College or University	152,017	26.1
Current Employment	29,262	5.0
Home Government/University	18,704	3.2
U.S. Private Sponsor	8,003	1.4
Foreign Private Sponsor	6,682	1.1
U.S. Government	3,450	0.6
International Organization	1,685	0.3
Other Sources	4,901	0.8
TOTAL	582,984	100.0

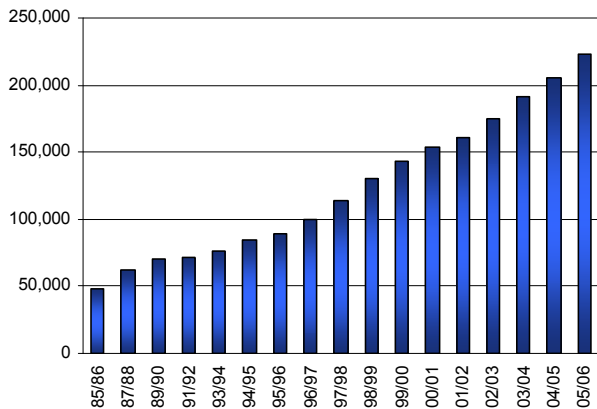
G. TOP FIELDS OF STUDY of International Students, 2005/06 & 2006/07

Rank	Field of Study	2005/06 Students	2006/07 Int'l Students	2006/07 % of Total	% Change
1	Business & Management	100,881	103,641	17.8	2.7
2	Engineering	88,460	89,137	15.3	0.8
3	Physical & Life Sciences	50,168	51,863	8.9	3.4
4	Social Sciences	46,132	48,978	8.4	6.2
5	Math & Computer Science	45,518	46,019	7.9	1.1
6	Fine & Applied Arts	29,509	29,588	5.1	0.3
7	Health Professions	27,124	28,294	4.9	4.3
8	Intensive English Language	17,239	22,417	3.8	30.0
9	Education	16,546	16,825	2.9	1.7
10	Humanities	16,480	16,189	2.8	-1.8

U.S. STUDENTS & STUDY ABROAD

H. U.S. STUDY ABROAD TRENDS

223,534 U.S. students studied abroad for academic credit in 2005/06. U.S. student participation in study abroad has grown 150% over the past decade.



Based on estimated figures for 2006/07 from over 800 institutions, the number of U.S. students studying abroad for credit is projected to continue its steady increase in 2006/07.

K. FIELDS OF STUDY of U.S. Study Abroad Students, 2004/05 & 2005/06

Field of Study	2004/05 Total	2004/05 %	2005/06 Total	2005/06 %	% Change
Social Sciences	46,552	22.6	48,537	21.7	4.3
Business & Mgmt.	36,047	17.5	39,478	17.7	9.5
Humanities	27,396	13.3	31,810	14.2	16.1
Foreign Languages	15,449	7.5	17,547	7.8	13.6
Fine or Applied Arts	15,655	7.6	16,829	7.5	7.5
Physical/Life Sci.	14,625	7.1	15,457	6.9	5.7
Education	8,445	4.1	9,056	4.1	7.2
Health Sciences	7,003	3.4	8,540	3.8	21.9
Engineering	5,974	2.9	6,556	2.9	9.7
Math or Comp. Sci.	3,502	1.7	3,318	1.5	-5.3
Agriculture	2,472	1.2	2,818	1.3	14.0
Undeclared	7,003	3.4	7,583	3.4	8.3
Other	16,067	7.7	16,005	7.2	-0.4
Total	205,983	100.0	223,534	100.0	8.5

I. LEADING DESTINATIONS, 2004/05 & 2005/06

Rank	Destination	2004/05 TOTAL	2005/06 TOTAL	2005/06 % of Total	% Change
1	United Kingdom	32,071	32,109	14.4	0.1
2	Italy	24,858	26,078	11.7	4.9
3	Spain	20,806	21,881	9.8	5.2
4	France	15,374	15,602	7.0	1.5
5	Australia	10,813	10,980	4.9	1.5
6	Mexico	9,244	10,022	4.5	8.4
7	China	6,389	8,830	4.0	38.2
8	Germany	6,557	6,858	3.1	4.6
9	Costa Rica	4,887	5,518	2.5	12.9
10	Ireland	5,083	5,499	2.5	8.2
11	Japan	4,100	4,411	2.0	7.6
12	Greece	2,445	3,227	1.4	32.0
13	Argentina	2,013	2,865	1.3	42.3
14	Czech Republic	2,494	2,846	1.3	14.1
15	Austria	2,757	2,792	1.2	1.3
16	Chile	2,393	2,578	1.2	7.7
17	New Zealand	2,657	2,542	1.1	-4.3
18	South Africa	2,304	2,512	1.1	9.0
19	Brazil	1,994	2,328	1.0	16.8
20	Ecuador	1,711	2,171	1.0	26.9

J. HOST REGIONS of U.S. Study Abroad Students, 2004/05 & 2005/06

Host Region	2004/05 Total	2004/05 %	2005/06 Total	2005/06 %
Africa	7,100	3.5	8,459	3.8
Asia	16,571	8.0	20,811	9.3
Europe*	124,292	60.3	130,274	58.3
Latin America	29,655	14.4	33,902	15.2
Middle East	1,977	1.0	2,585	1.2
North America**	1,121	0.5	1,151	0.5
Oceania	13,787	6.7	14,033	6.3
Multiple Regions	11,480	5.6	12,319	5.5
Total	205,983	100.0	223,534	100.0

*Cyprus and Turkey were re-classified into the Europe region in 2004/05.
** Includes Antarctica.

L. DURATION of Study Abroad, 2004/05 & 2005/06

Duration	2004/05 % of total	2005/06 % of total
Short-term (summer, January term, or fewer than 8 weeks)	51.4	52.8
Mid-length (one or two quarters, or one semester)	42.3	41.7
Long-term (academic or calendar year)	6.3	5.5

I N T E R N A T I O N A L S T U D E N T S

I N T H I S S E C T I O N

T A B L E		P A G E
Table 1	International Student Totals by Place of Origin, 2005/06 & 2006/07	36
Table 2	International Students by Academic Level and Place of Origin, 2006/07	39
Table 3	International Students by Academic Level, 2005/06 & 2006/07	45
Table 4	International Students by Academic Level, Selected Years 1954/55 – 2006/07	45
Table 5	Top 20 Places of Origin of International Students by Institutional Type, 2006/07	46
Table 6	Top 50 Metropolitan Statistical Areas Hosting International Students, 2006/07	47
Table 7	International Students in U.S. States and Regions, 1999/00 – 2006/07	48
Table 8	International Student Enrollments by Institutional Type, 2000/01 – 2006/07	50
Table 9	International Students by Institutional Type: Top 40 Doctoral/Research Institutions, 2006/07	51
Table 10	International Students by Institutional Type: Top 40 Master’s Institutions, 2006/07	52
Table 11	International Students by Institutional Type: Top 40 Baccalaureate Institutions, 2006/07	53
Table 12	International Students by Institutional Type: Top 40 Associate’s Institutions, 2006/07	54
Table 13	International Students by Institutional Type: Top 40 Specialized Institutions, 2006/07	55
Table 14	Institutions with 1,000 or More International Students, 2006/07	56
Table 15	International Students by Primary Source of Funding, 2005/06 & 2006/07	59
Table 16	International Students by Field of Study, 2005/06 & 2006/07	60
Table 17	Fields of Study by Institutional Type, 2006/07	61
Table 18	Personal and Academic Characteristics of International Students by Academic Level, 2006/07	62
Table 19	Personal Characteristics of International Students, 1980/81 – 2006/07	62

Place of Origin	2005/06	2006/07	% Change	Place of Origin	2005/06	2006/07	% Change
AFRICA	36,308	35,802	-1.4	Namibia	89	61	-31.5
Africa, Unspecified	0	3	-	South Africa	1,709	1,665	-2.6
East Africa	13,635	13,374	-1.9	Swaziland	98	114	16.3
Burundi	78	85	9.0	West Africa	13,846	13,344	-3.6
Comoros	29	39	34.5	Benin	217	253	16.6
Djibouti	15	14	-6.7	Burkina Faso	339	423	24.8
Eritrea	199	184	-7.5	Cape Verde	40	76	90.0
Ethiopia	1,266	1,328	4.9	Côte d'Ivoire/Ivory Coast	656	657	0.2
Kenya	6,559	6,349	-3.2	Gambia	403	372	-7.7
Madagascar	112	136	21.4	Ghana	3,160	2,961	-6.3
Malawi	347	321	-7.5	Guinea	218	181	-17.0
Mauritius	210	205	-2.4	Guinea-Bissau	5	19	280.0
Mozambique	98	80	-18.4	Liberia	364	336	-7.7
Reunion	11	6	-45.5	Mali	402	455	13.2
Rwanda	215	210	-2.3	Mauritania	63	64	1.6
Seychelles	2	6	200.0	Niger	359	258	-28.1
Somalia	50	78	56.0	Nigeria	6,192	5,943	-4.0
Tanzania	1,239	1,196	-3.5	Senegal	666	681	2.3
Uganda	685	743	8.5	Sierra Leone	297	299	0.7
Zambia	816	876	7.4	St. Helena	14	0	-100.0
Zimbabwe	1,704	1,518	-10.9	Togo	448	366	-18.3
Central Africa	2,825	3,257	15.3	West Africa, Unspecified	3	0	-100.0
Angola	415	442	6.5	ASIA	327,785	344,495	5.1
Cameroon	1,582	1,799	13.7	East Asia	197,576	204,023	3.3
Central African Republic	34	47	38.2	China	62,582	67,723	8.2
Chad	73	120	64.4	Hong Kong, China	7,849	7,722	-1.6
Congo	86	143	66.3	Japan	38,712	35,282	-8.9
Congo/Zaire, Former	308	271	-12.0	Korea, DPR of (North)	201	266	32.3
Equatorial Guinea	160	196	22.5	Korea, Rep. of (South)	59,022	62,392	5.7
Gabon	161	230	42.9	Macau, China	407	388	-4.7
São Tomé & Príncipe	6	9	50.0	Mongolia	927	1,156	24.7
North Africa	3,770	3,700	-1.9	Taiwan	27,876	29,094	4.4
Algeria	132	145	9.8	South & Central Asia	94,965	104,457	10.0
Egypt	1,509	1,664	10.3	Afghanistan	175	268	53.1
Libya	38	93	144.7	Bangladesh	2,581	2,410	-6.6
Morocco	1,502	1,202	-20.0	Bhutan	77	83	7.8
Sudan	309	321	3.9	India	76,503	83,833	9.6
Tunisia	277	274	-1.1	Kazakhstan	626	1,212	93.6
North Africa, Unspecified	3	1	-66.7	Kyrgyzstan	189	209	10.6
Southern Africa	2,232	2,124	-4.8	Maldives	26	26	0.0
Botswana	284	227	-20.1	Nepal	6,061	7,754	27.9
Lesotho	52	57	9.6	Pakistan	5,759	5,401	-6.2

1 INTERNATIONAL STUDENT TOTALS BY PLACE OF ORIGIN, 2005/06 & 2006/07

<u>Place of Origin</u>	<u>2005/06</u>	<u>2006/07</u>	<u>% Change</u>	<u>Place of Origin</u>	<u>2005/06</u>	<u>2006/07</u>	<u>% Change</u>
Sri Lanka	2,157	2,373	10.0	Czech Republic	927	914	-1.4
Tajikistan	185	164	-11.4	Denmark	900	963	7.0
Turkmenistan	154	143	-7.1	Estonia	321	240	-25.2
Uzbekistan	472	581	23.1	Finland	608	566	-6.9
Southeast Asia	35,244	36,015	2.2	France	6,640	6,704	1.0
Brunei	12	24	100.0	Georgia	343	353	2.9
Cambodia	364	329	-9.6	Germany	8,829	8,656	-2.0
East Timor	34	16	-52.9	Gibraltar	6	8	33.3
Indonesia	7,575	7,338	-3.1	Greece	2,088	1,986	-4.9
Laos	65	45	-30.8	Hungary	831	735	-11.6
Malaysia	5,515	5,281	-4.2	Iceland	438	422	-3.7
Myanmar	650	625	-3.8	Ireland	1,100	1,081	-1.7
Philippines	3,758	3,730	-0.7	Italy	3,224	3,342	3.7
Singapore	3,909	3,705	-5.2	Kosovo	70	56	-20.0
Thailand	8,765	8,886	1.4	Latvia	382	430	12.6
Vietnam	4,597	6,036	31.3	Liechtenstein	14	6	-57.1
MIDDLE EAST	17,806	22,321	25.4	Lithuania	653	536	-17.9
Bahrain	373	392	5.1	Luxembourg	51	56	9.8
Iran	2,420	2,795	15.5	Macedonia	362	345	-4.7
Iraq	190	262	37.9	Malta	38	27	-28.9
Israel	3,419	3,269	-4.4	Moldova	359	365	1.7
Jordan	1,733	1,726	-0.4	Monaco	24	21	-12.5
Kuwait	1,703	1,633	-4.1	Montenegro**	0	58	-
Lebanon	1,950	1,852	-5.0	Netherlands	1,567	1,587	1.3
Oman	337	254	-24.6	Norway	1,297	1,191	-8.2
Palestinian Authority	309	361	16.8	Poland	3,020	2,810	-7.0
Qatar	254	296	16.5	Portugal	845	854	1.1
Saudi Arabia	3,448	7,886	128.7	Romania	3,225	3,134	-2.8
Syria	446	462	3.6	Russia	4,801	4,751	-1.0
United Arab Emirates	978	885	-9.5	San Marino	3	2	-33.3
Yemen	246	248	0.8	Serbia	971	1,074	10.6
EUROPE	84,697	82,731	-2.3	Slovakia	697	592	-15.1
Albania	904	841	-7.0	Slovenia	219	199	-9.1
Andorra	6	3	-50.0	Spain	3,455	3,575	3.5
Armenia	408	427	4.7	Sweden	3,212	2,920	-9.1
Austria	843	843	0.0	Switzerland	1,276	1,241	-2.7
Azerbaijan	337	286	-15.1	Turkey*	11,622	11,506	-1.0
Belarus	458	496	8.3	Ukraine	1,805	1,692	-6.3
Belgium	754	703	-6.8	United Kingdom	8,274	8,438	2.0
Bosnia & Herzegovina	369	413	11.9	Vatican City/Holy See	6	3	-50.0
Bulgaria	3,633	3,478	-4.3	Yugoslavia, Former	621	294	-52.7
Croatia	639	629	-1.6	Europe, Unspecified	111	2	-98.2
Cyprus*	1,111	877	-21.1	LATIN AMERICA	64,769	64,579	-0.3
				Caribbean	13,855	13,854	0.0

1 (cont'd) INTERNATIONAL STUDENT TOTALS BY PLACE OF ORIGIN, 2005/06 & 2006/07

Place of Origin	2005/06	2006/07	% Change	Place of Origin	2005/06	2006/07	% Change
Anguilla	44	49	11.4	Falkland Islands	1	33	3,200.0
Antigua & Barbuda	226	203	-10.2	French Guiana	3	2	-33.3
Aruba	91	90	-1.1	Guyana	349	343	-1.7
Bahamas	1,631	1,681	3.1	Paraguay	321	340	5.9
Barbados	467	440	-5.8	Peru	3,519	3,701	5.2
British Virgin Islands	188	138	-26.6	Suriname	117	101	-13.7
Cayman Islands	223	210	-5.8	Uruguay	509	476	-6.5
Cuba	119	99	-16.8	Venezuela	4,792	4,523	-5.6
Dominica	376	327	-13.0				
Dominican Republic	875	961	9.8	NORTH AMERICA	28,699	28,756	0.2
Grenada	376	297	-21.0	Bermuda	497	476	-4.2
Guadeloupe	13	10	-23.1	Canada	28,202	28,280	0.3
Haiti	1,029	1,163	13.0				
Jamaica	4,166	4,110	-1.3	OCEANIA	4,702	4,300	-8.5
Martinique	15	8	-46.7	Australia	2,806	2,797	-0.3
Montserrat	17	24	41.2	Cook Islands	12	3	-75.0
Netherlands Antilles	147	190	29.3	Fiji	177	112	-36.7
St. Kitts & Nevis	265	271	2.3	French Polynesia	87	21	-75.9
St. Lucia	342	331	-3.2	Kiribati	34	58	70.6
St. Vincent & Grenadines	140	139	-0.7	Marshall Islands	90	54	-40.0
Trinidad & Tobago	2,924	2,912	-0.4	Micronesia	156	231	48.1
Turks & Caicos Islands	166	199	19.9	Nauru	8	5	-37.5
Caribbean, Unspecified	15	2	-86.7	New Caledonia	21	5	-76.2
				New Zealand	929	870	-6.4
Central America & Mexico	19,709	19,743	0.2	Niue	5	5	0.0
Belize	462	454	-1.7	Norfolk Island	1	0	-100.0
Costa Rica	896	939	4.8	Palau	34	22	-35.3
El Salvador	939	1,031	9.8	Papua New Guinea	64	27	-57.8
Guatemala	1,006	1,014	0.8	Samoa	87	27	-69.0
Honduras	1,042	1,097	5.3	Solomon Islands	12	6	-50.0
Mexico	13,931	13,826	-0.8	Tonga	168	47	-72.0
Nicaragua	410	409	-0.2	Tuvalu	1	3	200.0
Panama	1,023	973	-4.9	Vanuatu	9	5	-44.4
				Wallis & Futuna	1	2	100.0
South America	31,205	30,982	-0.7	WORLD TOTAL	564,766	582,984	3.2
Argentina	3,032	2,813	-7.2				
Bolivia	995	993	-0.2				
Brazil	7,009	7,126	1.7				
Chile	1,550	1,570	1.3				
Colombia	6,835	6,750	-1.2				
Ecuador	2,173	2,211	1.7				

* Cyprus and Turkey were moved from the Middle East category to Europe in 2005/06.

** Reported as a separate category in 2006/07.

1 (cont'd) INTERNATIONAL STUDENT TOTALS BY PLACE OF ORIGIN, 2005/06 & 2006/07

Place of Origin	Under-graduate	% Under-graduate	Graduate	% Graduate	OPT	% OPT	Other	% Other	Total
AFRICA	21,321	59.6	10,938	30.6	2,400	6.7	1,143	3.2	35,802
Africa, Unspecified	2	66.7	1	33.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	3
East Africa	8,396	62.8	3,796	28.4	922	6.9	260	1.9	13,374
Burundi	61	71.8	14	16.5	5	5.9	5	5.9	85
Comoros	21	53.8	13	33.3	0	0.0	5	12.8	39
Djibouti	2	14.3	12	85.7	0	0.0	0	0.0	14
Eritrea	57	31.0	118	64.1	8	4.3	1	0.5	184
Ethiopia	888	66.9	335	25.2	74	5.6	31	2.3	1,328
Kenya	4,068	64.1	1,729	27.2	435	6.9	117	1.8	6,349
Madagascar	81	59.6	43	31.6	8	5.9	4	2.9	136
Malawi	187	58.3	99	30.8	31	9.7	4	1.2	321
Mauritius	114	55.6	64	31.2	21	10.2	6	2.9	205
Mozambique	35	43.8	34	42.5	5	6.3	6	7.5	80
Reunion	2	33.3	4	66.7	0	0.0	0	0.0	6
Rwanda	122	58.1	74	35.2	8	3.8	6	2.9	210
Seychelles	5	83.3	1	16.7	0	0.0	0	0.0	6
Somalia	68	87.2	8	10.3	0	0.0	2	2.6	78
Tanzania	750	62.7	340	28.4	92	7.7	14	1.2	1,196
Uganda	338	45.5	338	45.5	51	6.9	16	2.2	743
Zambia	622	71.0	187	21.3	55	6.3	12	1.4	876
Zimbabwe	975	64.2	383	25.2	129	8.5	31	2.0	1,518
Central Africa	2,271	69.7	674	20.7	119	3.7	193	5.9	3,257
Angola	307	69.5	45	10.2	12	2.7	78	17.6	442
Cameroon	1,200	66.7	466	25.9	83	4.6	50	2.8	1,799
Central African Republic	34	72.3	7	14.9	0	0.0	6	12.8	47
Chad	81	67.5	22	18.3	2	1.7	15	12.5	120
Congo	94	65.7	37	25.9	3	2.1	9	6.3	143
Congo/Zaire, Former	197	72.7	51	18.8	13	4.8	10	3.7	271
Equatorial Guinea	177	90.3	9	4.6	0	0.0	10	5.1	196
Gabon	175	76.1	34	14.8	6	2.6	15	6.5	230
São Tomé & Príncipe	6	66.7	3	33.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	9
North Africa	1,521	41.1	1,724	46.6	262	7.1	193	5.2	3,700
Algeria	69	47.6	54	37.2	9	6.2	13	9.0	145
Egypt	442	26.6	1,037	62.3	127	7.6	58	3.5	1,664
Libya	36	38.7	27	29.0	5	5.4	25	26.9	93
Morocco	634	52.7	404	33.6	97	8.1	67	5.6	1,202
Sudan	233	72.6	72	22.4	8	2.5	8	2.5	321
Tunisia	106	38.7	130	47.4	16	5.8	22	8.0	274
North Africa, Unspecified	1	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1
Southern Africa	1,188	55.9	715	33.7	146	6.9	75	3.5	2,124

Place of Origin	Under-graduate	% Under-graduate	Graduate	% Graduate	OPT	% OPT	Other	% Other	Total
Botswana	96	42.3	104	45.8	23	10.1	4	1.8	227
Lesotho	32	56.1	23	40.4	0	0.0	2	3.5	57
Namibia	37	60.7	18	29.5	5	8.2	1	1.6	61
South Africa	946	56.8	542	32.6	111	6.7	66	4.0	1,665
Swaziland	77	67.5	28	24.6	7	6.1	2	1.8	114
West Africa	7,943	59.5	4,028	30.2	951	7.1	422	3.2	13,344
Benin	142	56.1	73	28.9	12	4.7	26	10.3	253
Burkina Faso	277	65.5	71	16.8	24	5.7	51	12.1	423
Cape Verde	66	86.8	8	10.5	1	1.3	1	1.3	76
Cote d'Ivoire/Ivory Coast	430	65.4	136	20.7	47	7.2	44	6.7	657
Gambia	310	83.3	49	13.2	8	2.2	5	1.3	372
Ghana	1,371	46.3	1,284	43.4	258	8.7	48	1.6	2,961
Guinea	127	70.2	22	12.2	14	7.7	18	9.9	181
Guinea-Bissau	17	89.5	2	10.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	19
Liberia	257	76.5	66	19.6	8	2.4	5	1.5	336
Mali	264	58.0	84	18.5	21	4.6	86	18.9	455
Mauritania	44	68.8	14	21.9	4	6.3	2	3.1	64
Niger	174	67.4	63	24.4	7	2.7	14	5.4	258
Nigeria	3,569	60.1	1,820	30.6	483	8.1	71	1.2	5,943
Senegal	435	63.9	181	26.6	35	5.1	30	4.4	681
Sierra Leone	199	66.6	81	27.1	14	4.7	5	1.7	299
Togo	261	71.3	74	20.2	15	4.1	16	4.4	366
ASIA	117,221	34.0	176,748	51.3	32,999	9.6	17,527	5.1	344,495
East Asia	74,131	36.3	97,545	47.8	17,733	8.7	14,614	7.2	204,023
China, PRC	9,988	14.7	47,968	70.8	7,171	10.6	2,596	3.8	67,723
Hong Kong, China	5,148	66.7	1,594	20.6	640	8.3	340	4.4	7,722
Japan	22,247	63.1	7,008	19.9	2,350	6.7	3,677	10.4	35,282
Korea, DPR of (North)	191	71.8	59	22.2	4	1.5	12	4.5	266
Korea, Rep. of (South)	28,228	45.2	23,950	38.4	4,497	7.2	5,717	9.2	62,392
Macau, China	271	69.8	70	18.0	29	7.5	18	4.6	388
Mongolia	728	63.0	217	18.8	49	4.2	162	14.0	1,156
Taiwan	7,330	25.2	16,679	57.3	2,993	10.3	2,092	7.2	29,094
South & Central Asia	24,110	23.1	66,796	63.9	12,143	11.6	1,408	1.3	104,457
Afghanistan	167	62.3	55	20.5	8	3.0	38	14.2	268
Bangladesh	931	38.6	1,223	50.7	233	9.7	23	1.0	2,410
Bhutan	37	44.6	41	49.4	3	3.6	2	2.4	83
India	12,581	15.0	59,570	71.1	10,703	12.8	979	1.2	83,833
Kazakhstan	769	63.4	360	29.7	34	2.8	49	4.0	1,212
Kyrgyzstan	86	41.1	91	43.5	12	5.7	20	9.6	209
Maldives	17	65.4	9	34.6	0	0.0	0	0.0	26

2 (cont'd) INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS BY ACADEMIC LEVEL AND PLACE OF ORIGIN, 2006/07

<u>Place of Origin</u>	<u>Under-graduate</u>	<u>% Under-graduate</u>	<u>Graduate</u>	<u>% Graduate</u>	<u>OPT</u>	<u>% OPT</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>% Other</u>	<u>Total</u>
Nepal	5,187	66.9	2,033	26.2	427	5.5	107	1.4	7,754
Pakistan	2,826	52.3	1,997	37.0	487	9.0	91	1.7	5,401
Sri Lanka	1,074	45.3	1,090	45.9	184	7.8	25	1.1	2,373
Tajikistan	82	50.0	44	26.8	3	1.8	35	21.3	164
Turkmenistan	84	58.7	50	35.0	5	3.5	4	2.8	143
Uzbekistan	269	46.3	233	40.1	44	7.6	35	6.0	581
Southeast Asia	18,980	52.7	12,407	34.4	3,123	8.7	1,505	4.2	36,015
Brunei	13	54.2	9	37.5	1	4.2	1	4.2	24
Cambodia	204	62.0	89	27.1	15	4.6	21	6.4	329
East Timor	6	37.5	1	6.3	8	50.0	1	6.3	16
Indonesia	4,583	62.5	1,709	23.3	908	12.4	138	1.9	7,338
Laos	19	42.2	21	46.7	1	2.2	4	8.9	45
Malaysia	3,338	63.2	1,288	24.4	581	11.0	74	1.4	5,281
Myanmar	417	66.7	142	22.7	52	8.3	14	2.2	625
Philippines	2,035	54.6	1,350	36.2	264	7.1	81	2.2	3,730
Singapore	1,899	51.3	1,305	35.2	361	9.7	140	3.8	3,705
Thailand	2,344	26.4	5,149	57.9	733	8.3	660	7.4	8,886
Vietnam	4,122	68.3	1,344	22.3	199	3.3	371	6.3	6,036
MIDDLE EAST	9,048	40.5	8,269	37.0	1,026	4.6	3,978	17.8	22,321
Bahrain	280	71.4	85	21.7	14	3.6	13	3.3	392
Iran	643	23.0	1,866	66.8	196	7.0	90	3.2	2,795
Iraq	109	41.6	130	49.6	4	1.5	19	7.3	262
Israel	1,183	36.2	1,673	51.2	293	9.0	120	3.7	3,269
Jordan	434	25.1	1,103	63.9	101	5.9	88	5.1	1,726
Kuwait	1,050	64.3	421	25.8	35	2.1	127	7.8	1,633
Lebanon	618	33.4	974	52.6	205	11.1	55	3.0	1,852
Oman	139	54.7	79	31.1	13	5.1	23	9.1	254
Palestinian Authority	142	39.3	159	44.0	17	4.7	43	11.9	361
Qatar	201	67.9	27	9.1	6	2.0	62	20.9	296
Saudi Arabia	3,394	43.0	1,270	16.1	76	1.0	3,146	39.9	7,886
Syria	196	42.4	191	41.3	41	8.9	34	7.4	462
United Arab Emirates	523	59.1	202	22.8	17	1.9	143	16.2	885
Yemen	136	54.8	89	35.9	8	3.2	15	6.0	248
EUROPE	33,367	40.3	35,648	43.1	6,027	7.3	7,689	9.3	82,731
Albania	444	52.8	295	35.1	80	9.5	22	2.6	841
Andorra	1	33.3	1	33.3	1	33.3	0	0.0	3
Armenia	136	31.9	249	58.3	15	3.5	27	6.3	427
Austria	317	37.6	309	36.7	55	6.5	162	19.2	843
Azerbaijan	120	42.0	127	44.4	19	6.6	20	7.0	286
Belarus	241	48.6	199	40.1	47	9.5	9	1.8	496
Belgium	273	38.8	334	47.5	43	6.1	53	7.5	703

2 (cont'd) INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS BY ACADEMIC LEVEL AND PLACE OF ORIGIN, 2006/07

Place of Origin	Under-graduate	% Under-graduate	Graduate	% Graduate	OPT	% OPT	Other	% Other	Total
Bosnia & Herzegovina	246	59.6	123	29.8	30	7.3	14	3.4	413
Bulgaria	1,899	54.6	1,205	34.6	313	9.0	61	1.8	3,478
Croatia	298	47.4	268	42.6	48	7.6	15	2.4	629
Cyprus*	352	40.1	437	49.8	79	9.0	9	1.0	877
Czech Republic	439	48.0	345	37.7	48	5.3	82	9.0	914
Denmark	418	43.4	250	26.0	36	3.7	259	26.9	963
Estonia	120	50.0	89	37.1	19	7.9	12	5.0	240
Finland	306	54.1	148	26.1	26	4.6	86	15.2	566
France	2,201	32.8	2,848	42.5	591	8.8	1,064	15.9	6,704
Georgia	109	30.9	203	57.5	27	7.6	14	4.0	353
Germany	3,218	37.2	3,702	42.8	427	4.9	1,309	15.1	8,656
Gibraltar	5	62.5	3	37.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	8
Greece	396	19.9	1,317	66.3	212	10.7	61	3.1	1,986
Hungary	332	45.2	302	41.1	62	8.4	39	5.3	735
Iceland	130	30.8	237	56.2	29	6.9	26	6.2	422
Ireland	464	42.9	427	39.5	43	4.0	147	13.6	1,081
Italy	874	26.2	1,783	53.4	274	8.2	411	12.3	3,342
Kosovo	41	73.2	10	17.9	5	8.9	0	0.0	56
Latvia	279	64.9	106	24.7	33	7.7	12	2.8	430
Liechtenstein	5	83.3	1	16.7	0	0.0	0	0.0	6
Lithuania	316	59.0	163	30.4	45	8.4	12	2.2	536
Luxembourg	27	48.2	21	37.5	5	8.9	3	5.4	56
Macedonia	179	51.9	129	37.4	29	8.4	8	2.3	345
Malta	11	40.7	12	44.4	1	3.7	3	11.1	27
Moldova	207	56.7	118	32.3	23	6.3	17	4.7	365
Monaco	12	57.1	5	23.8	3	14.3	1	4.8	21
Montenegro**	36	62.1	15	25.9	7	12.1	0	0.0	58
Netherlands	752	47.4	539	34.0	67	4.2	229	14.4	1,587
Norway	630	52.9	377	31.7	66	5.5	118	9.9	1,191
Poland	1,511	53.8	882	31.4	219	7.8	198	7.0	2,810
Portugal	331	38.8	408	47.8	71	8.3	44	5.2	854
Romania	947	30.2	1,819	58.0	294	9.4	74	2.4	3,134
Russia	1,884	39.7	2,308	48.6	329	6.9	230	4.8	4,751
San Marino	1	50.0	1	50.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2
Serbia	463	43.1	474	44.1	112	10.4	25	2.3	1,074
Slovakia	312	52.7	207	35.0	44	7.4	29	4.9	592
Slovenia	87	43.7	84	42.2	16	8.0	12	6.0	199
Spain	1,157	32.4	1,595	44.6	267	7.5	556	15.6	3,575
Sweden	1,900	65.1	544	18.6	152	5.2	324	11.1	2,920
Switzerland	484	39.0	478	38.5	102	8.2	177	14.3	1,241
Turkey*	3,305	28.7	6,587	57.2	897	7.8	717	6.2	11,506
Ukraine	636	37.6	868	51.3	123	7.3	65	3.8	1,692
United Kingdom	4,357	51.6	2,581	30.6	572	6.8	928	11.0	8,438
Vatican City/Holy See	0	0.0	2	66.7	0	0.0	1	33.3	3

2 (cont'd) INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS BY ACADEMIC LEVEL AND PLACE OF ORIGIN, 2006/07

Place of Origin	Under-graduate	% Under-graduate	Graduate	% Graduate	OPT	% OPT	Other	% Other	Total
Yugoslavia, Former	156	53.1	113	38.4	21	7.1	4	1.4	294
Europe, Unspecified	2	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2
LATIN AMERICA	36,716	56.9	20,768	32.2	3,992	6.2	3,103	4.8	64,579
Caribbean	9,484	68.5	3,389	24.5	760	5.5	221	1.6	13,854
Anguilla	41	83.7	8	16.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	49
Antigua & Barbuda	148	72.9	38	18.7	16	7.9	1	0.5	203
Aruba	62	68.9	20	22.2	6	6.7	2	2.2	90
Bahamas	1,276	75.9	314	18.7	82	4.9	9	0.5	1,681
Barbados	279	63.4	128	29.1	28	6.4	5	1.1	440
British Virgin Islands	116	84.1	18	13.0	3	2.2	1	0.7	138
Cayman Islands	184	87.6	22	10.5	4	1.9	0	0.0	210
Cuba	66	66.7	31	31.3	1	1.0	1	1.0	99
Dominica	234	71.6	69	21.1	23	7.0	1	0.3	327
Dominican Republic	621	64.6	249	25.9	51	5.3	40	4.2	961
Grenada	228	76.8	49	16.5	17	5.7	3	1.0	297
Guadeloupe	8	80.0	1	10.0	0	0.0	1	10.0	10
Haiti	962	82.7	137	11.8	20	1.7	44	3.8	1,163
Jamaica	2,495	60.7	1,251	30.4	294	7.2	70	1.7	4,110
Martinique	2	25.0	6	75.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	8
Montserrat	11	45.8	12	50.0	1	4.2	0	0.0	24
Netherlands Antilles	132	69.5	41	21.6	7	3.7	10	5.3	190
St. Kitts & Nevis	199	73.4	57	21.0	14	5.2	1	0.4	271
St. Lucia	215	65.0	83	25.1	29	8.8	4	1.2	331
St. Vincent & Grenadines	98	70.5	33	23.7	7	5.0	1	0.7	139
Trinidad & Tobago	1,934	66.4	804	27.6	147	5.0	27	0.9	2,912
Turks & Caicos Islands	172	86.4	18	9.0	9	4.5	0	0.0	199
Caribbean, Unspecified	1	50.0	1	50.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2
Central America & Mexico	11,931	60.4	5,724	29.0	1,038	5.3	1,050	5.3	19,743
Belize	250	55.1	166	36.6	34	7.5	4	0.9	454
Costa Rica	456	48.6	379	40.4	62	6.6	42	4.5	939
El Salvador	772	74.9	160	15.5	42	4.1	57	5.5	1,031
Guatemala	715	70.5	228	22.5	50	4.9	21	2.1	1,014
Honduras	828	75.5	187	17.0	54	4.9	28	2.6	1,097
Mexico	7,985	57.8	4,311	31.2	682	4.9	848	6.1	13,826
Nicaragua	275	67.2	89	21.8	22	5.4	23	5.6	409
Panama	650	66.8	204	21.0	92	9.5	27	2.8	973
South America	15,301	49.4	11,655	37.6	2,194	7.1	1,832	5.9	30,982
Argentina	939	33.4	1,513	53.8	251	8.9	110	3.9	2,813
Bolivia	653	65.8	246	24.8	50	5.0	44	4.4	993
Brazil	3,520	49.4	2,653	37.2	478	6.7	475	6.7	7,126

Place of Origin	Under-graduate	% Under-graduate	Graduate	% Graduate	OPT	% OPT	Other	% Other	Total
Chile	437	27.8	888	56.6	110	7.0	135	8.5	1,570
Colombia	3,031	44.9	2,796	41.4	473	7.0	450	6.7	6,750
Ecuador	1,380	62.4	561	25.4	148	6.7	122	5.5	2,211
Falkland Islands	32	97.0	1	3.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	33
French Guiana	2	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2
Guyana	214	62.4	103	30.0	21	6.1	5	1.5	343
Paraguay	207	60.9	93	27.4	19	5.6	21	6.2	340
Peru	1,950	52.7	1,339	36.2	256	6.9	156	4.2	3,701
Suriname	67	66.3	28	27.7	6	5.9	0	0.0	101
Uruguay	178	37.4	247	51.9	33	6.9	18	3.8	476
Venezuela	2,691	59.5	1,187	26.2	349	7.7	296	6.5	4,523
NORTH AMERICA	13,932	48.4	12,562	43.7	1,669	5.8	593	2.1	28,756
Bermuda	386	81.1	71	14.9	16	3.4	3	0.6	476
Canada	13,546	47.9	12,491	44.2	1,653	5.8	590	2.1	28,280
OCEANIA	2,184	50.8	1,394	32.4	280	6.5	442	10.3	4,300
Australia	1,341	47.9	895	32.0	186	6.6	375	13.4	2,797
Cook Islands	2	66.7	0	0.0	1	33.3	0	0.0	3
Fiji	81	72.3	27	24.1	4	3.6	0	0.0	112
French Polynesia	14	66.7	5	23.8	1	4.8	1	4.8	21
Kiribati	42	72.4	10	17.2	1	1.7	5	8.6	58
Marshall Islands	49	90.7	5	9.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	54
Micronesia	181	78.4	37	16.0	8	3.5	5	2.2	231
Nauru	4	80.0	1	20.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	5
New Caledonia	4	80.0	1	20.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	5
New Zealand	367	42.2	377	43.3	72	8.3	54	6.2	870
Niue	1	20.0	3	60.0	1	20.0	0	0.0	5
Palau	20	90.9	1	4.5	0	0.0	1	4.5	22
Papua New Guinea	20	74.1	7	25.9	0	0.0	0	0.0	27
Samoa	18	66.7	6	22.1	3	11.1	0	0.0	27
Solomon Islands	2	33.3	4	66.7	0	0.0	0	0.0	6
Tonga	32	68.1	13	27.7	2	4.3	0	0.0	47
Tuvalu	2	66.7	0	0.0	1	33.3	0	0.0	3
Vanuatu	3	60.0	1	20.0	0	0.0	1	20.0	5
Wallis & Futuna	1	50.0	1	50.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2
WORLD TOTAL ***	238,050	40.8	264,288	45.4	41,660	7.1	38,986	6.7	582,984

* Cyprus and Turkey were moved from the Middle East category to Europe in 2005/06.

** Reported as a separate category in 2006/07.

*** Academic level totals by place of origin differ from the official academic level totals reported in Table 4 and throughout due to differences in responses to the nationality and academic level questions on the survey. Percent distribution may not total 100% due to rounding.

Academic Level	2005/06 Int'l Students	2005/06 % of Total	2006/07 Int'l Students	2006/07 % of Total	% Change
Associate's	63,598	11.3	67,855	11.6	6.7
Bachelor's	172,744	30.6	170,195	29.2	-1.5
Freshman	34,545	6.1	36,060	6.2	4.4
Sophomore	27,075	4.8	26,562	4.6	-1.9
Junior	32,607	5.8	31,523	5.4	-3.3
Senior	44,451	7.9	43,236	7.3	-2.7
Bachelor's, Unspecified	34,066	6.0	32,814	5.7	-3.7
Graduate	259,717	46.0	264,288	45.4	1.8
Master's	115,434	20.4	122,385	21.0	6.0
Doctoral	107,993	19.1	108,033	18.5	0.0
Professional	8,463	1.5	7,415	1.3	-12.4
Graduate, Unspecified	27,827	4.9	26,455	4.6	-4.9
Other	30,611	5.4	38,986	6.7	27.4
Non-Degree	15,394	2.7	19,167	3.3	24.5
Intensive English Language	15,217	2.7	19,819	3.4	30.2
Optional Practical Training (OPT)	38,096	6.7	41,660	7.1	9.4
TOTAL	564,766	100.0	582,984	100.0	3.2

3 INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS BY ACADEMIC LEVEL, 2005/06 & 2006/07

Year	Undergraduate	Graduate	Other	OPT*	Year	Undergraduate	Graduate	Other	OPT*
1954/55	19,101	12,118	3,012		1995/96	218,620	190,092	45,075	
1959/60	25,164	18,910	4,412		1996/97	218,743	190,244	48,997	
1964/65	38,130	35,096	8,774		1997/98	223,276	207,510	50,494	
1969/70	63,296	59,112	12,551		1998/99	235,802	211,426	43,706	
1975/76	95,949	83,395	18,073		1999/00	237,211	218,219	59,293	
1979/80	172,378	94,207	19,758		2000/01	254,429	238,497	54,941	
1984/85	197,741	122,476	21,895		2001/02	261,079	264,749	57,168	
1989/90	184,527	169,827	32,495		2002/03	260,103	267,876	58,344	
1990/91	189,900	182,130	35,500		2003/04	248,200	274,310	49,999	
1991/92	197,070	191,330	31,190		2004/05	239,212	264,410	61,417	
1992/93	210,080	193,330	35,210		2005/06	236,342	259,717	30,611	38,096
1993/94	213,610	201,030	35,110		2006/07	238,050	264,288	38,986	41,660
1994/95	221,500	191,738	39,396						

* Reported as a separate category in 2005/06 and 2006/07.

4 INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS BY ACADEMIC LEVEL, SELECTED YEARS 1954/55 – 2006/07

RANK	DOCTORAL/RESEARCH INSTITUTIONS		MASTER'S INSTITUTIONS		BACCALAUREATE INSTITUTIONS		ASSOCIATE'S INSTITUTIONS		SPECIALIZED INSTITUTIONS	
	Place of Origin	% of Enrollment	Place of Origin	% of Enrollment	Place of Origin	% of Enrollment	Place of Origin	% of Enrollment	Place of Origin	% of Enrollment
1	India	17.4	India	13.9	Canada	11.6	Japan	12.8	Korea, Rep. of (South)	16.7
2	China	15.1	Japan	9.2	Japan	9.0	Korea, Rep. of (South)	12.3	Canada	12.7
3	Korea, Rep. of (South)	11.2	Korea, Rep. of (South)	6.5	Korea, Rep. of (South)	8.1	Mexico	4.0	India	8.4
4	Taiwan	5.2	China	6.2	India	5.0	Vietnam	3.5	Taiwan	7.3
5	Canada	4.4	Taiwan	5.7	China	4.8	Hong Kong	3.3	China	6.5
6	Japan	4.0	Canada	5.0	Nepal	3.8	Taiwan	3.3	Japan	5.6
7	Turkey	2.3	Nepal	3.1	United Kingdom	2.5	China	3.0	Thailand	2.7
8	Mexico	2.1	Mexico	2.8	Kenya	2.3	India	2.7	Mexico	1.7
9	Thailand	1.5	Saudi Arabia	2.3	Bulgaria	2.3	Indonesia	2.6	Germany	1.6
10	Germany	1.5	Kenya	2.0	Jamaica	2.2	Nepal	2.6	Turkey	1.6
11	United Kingdom	1.4	Turkey	1.8	Germany	1.8	Kenya	2.4	Indonesia	1.5
12	Saudi Arabia	1.4	Thailand	1.7	Ghana	1.6	Canada	2.4	United Kingdom	1.4
13	France	1.3	Germany	1.6	Nigeria	1.4	Colombia	2.2	Colombia	1.2
14	Brazil	1.1	United Kingdom	1.5	Bahamas	1.4	Brazil	2.0	Kenya	1.1
15	Hong Kong	1.1	Nigeria	1.4	Vietnam	1.3	Philippines	1.6	Israel	1.0
16	Colombia	1.0	Indonesia	1.3	Brazil	1.3	Peru	1.5	Brazil	1.0
17	Malaysia	1.0	Brazil	1.2	Taiwan	1.2	Venezuela	1.4	Venezuela	1.0
18	Indonesia	1.0	Hong Kong	1.1	Pakistan	1.2	Thailand	1.3	Nigeria	0.8
19	Nigeria	0.9	Jamaica	1.1	Mexico	1.2	Germany	1.2	Hong Kong	0.8
20	Pakistan	0.9	Pakistan	1.0	France	1.1	Poland	1.1	Malaysia	0.8
WORLD TOTAL		341,971	101,321	26,457	86,179	26,691				

5 TOP 20 PLACES OF ORIGIN OF INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS BY INSTITUTIONAL TYPE, 2006/07

Rank	Metropolitan Statistical Area*	Total Int'l Students
1	New York-Newark-Edison, NY-NJ-PA	51,973
2	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA	35,870
3	Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH	23,818
4	Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV	18,207
5	Chicago-Naperville-Joliet, IL-IN-WI	15,934
6	Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	13,290
7	Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD	13,021
8	San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA	12,918
9	Houston-Baytown-Sugar Land, TX	12,079
10	Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Miami Beach, FL	11,278
11	San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA	9,490
12	Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA	8,445
13	Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA	8,204
14	Austin-Round Rock, TX	7,528
15	Buffalo-Cheektowaga-Tonawanda, NY	6,835
16	Baltimore-Towson, MD	6,288
17	San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos, CA	6,169
18	Ann Arbor, MI	5,810
18	Columbus, OH	5,810
20	Lafayette, IN	5,774
21	Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI	5,760
22	Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, AZ	5,657
23	Pittsburgh, PA	5,647
24	Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI	5,470
25	Champaign-Urbana, IL	5,415
26	Honolulu, HI	5,359
27	St. Louis, MO-IL	4,586
28	Oklahoma City, OK	4,280
29	Gainesville, FL	4,210
30	Ithaca, NY	4,145
31	Providence-New Bedford-Fall River, RI-MA	4,010
32	Lansing-East Lansing, MI	3,845
33	College Station-Bryan, TX	3,741
34	Bloomington, IN	3,726
35	State College, PA	3,686
36	Tucson, AZ	3,649
37	Durham, NC	3,641
38	Madison, WI	3,627
39	Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	3,183
40	Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA	3,181
41	Cincinnati-Middletown, OH-KY-IN	3,096
42	Sacramento--Arden-Arcade--Roseville, CA	3,003
43	Orlando, FL	2,997
44	Provo-Orem, UT	2,958
45	Rochester, NY	2,870
46	Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor, OH	2,818
47	Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, CT	2,773
48	Springfield, MA	2,749
49	New Haven-Milford, CT	2,746
50	Syracuse, NY	2,695

* Due to changes made by OMB in 2003 in county compositions for many Metropolitan Statistical Areas, MSA comparisons prior to *Open Doors 2004* are not feasible.

State/Region*	1999/00	2000/01	2001/02	2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	2005/06	2006/07	% Change from 2005/06
Northeast	130,387	137,757	145,692	146,367	144,223	139,909	142,613	146,359	2.6
Connecticut	7,110	7,358	8,050	6,603	7,655	7,138	7,185	7,403	3.0
Maine	1,282	1,256	1,357	1,383	1,730	1,530	1,474	1,388	-5.8
Massachusetts	28,192	29,395	29,988	30,039	28,634	27,985	28,007	28,680	2.4
New Hampshire	2,068	2,301	2,436	2,359	2,128	2,061	2,031	2,099	3.4
New Jersey	12,179	12,558	13,516	13,644	13,163	12,571	12,779	13,111	2.6
New York	55,085	58,286	62,053	63,773	63,313	61,944	64,283	65,884	2.5
Pennsylvania	20,336	22,279	24,014	24,470	23,428	22,773	22,418	23,182	3.4
Rhode Island	3,176	3,375	3,370	3,193	3,337	3,043	3,477	3,629	4.4
Vermont	959	949	908	903	835	864	960	983	2.4
South	151,776	159,739	174,013	174,174	171,540	174,083	170,019	176,990	4.1
Alabama	5,441	5,600	6,040	6,384	6,386	6,359	6,750	6,933	2.7
Arkansas	2,317	2,649	2,758	2,679	2,781	2,784	2,655	2,899	9.2
Delaware	2,016	2,091	1,975	2,230	2,142	2,317	1,892	1,964	3.8
D.C.	8,202	9,094	9,241	8,892	8,532	7,763	7,609	7,905	3.9
Florida	24,827	25,366	28,303	27,270	25,861	26,264	26,058	26,875	3.1
Georgia	9,901	10,844	11,991	12,267	12,010	12,111	11,921	12,183	2.2
Kentucky	4,201	4,778	4,789	5,018	4,751	4,792	4,972	5,156	3.7
Louisiana	6,305	6,400	6,312	6,533	6,621	6,744	4,695	5,619	19.7
Maryland	11,941	12,409	13,947	12,749	12,633	13,439	12,887	13,562	5.2
Mississippi	2,263	2,331	2,381	2,143	2,280	2,266	2,216	2,274	2.6
North Carolina	7,848	7,957	8,960	8,599	8,826	9,029	9,507	10,064	5.9
Oklahoma	8,041	8,263	8,818	9,026	8,764	8,454	8,149	8,364	2.6
South Carolina	3,523	3,573	3,731	3,977	3,919	3,559	3,620	3,556	-1.8
Tennessee	5,244	5,835	5,867	5,687	5,846	5,767	5,995	6,033	0.6
Texas	35,860	37,735	44,192	45,672	45,150	47,367	46,869	49,081	4.7
Virginia	11,616	12,782	12,600	12,875	12,531	12,501	11,701	11,991	2.5
West Virginia	2,230	2,032	2,108	2,173	2,507	2,567	2,523	2,531	0.3
Midwest	113,597	121,601	128,645	130,173	126,629	122,943	123,363	126,291	2.4
Illinois	22,807	24,229	25,498	27,116	25,609	25,021	25,116	25,594	1.9
Indiana	11,654	12,019	12,871	13,529	13,586	13,149	13,992	14,450	3.3
Iowa	7,218	7,840	7,896	7,815	7,699	7,675	7,659	7,799	1.8
Kansas	6,050	6,533	7,240	7,000	6,573	6,217	6,097	6,139	0.7
Michigan	19,151	21,120	23,103	22,873	22,277	20,879	20,827	21,143	1.5
Minnesota	7,888	8,473	8,651	8,985	9,142	8,491	8,709	9,048	3.9
Missouri	9,182	10,042	10,281	10,181	9,973	9,540	9,641	9,805	1.7
Nebraska	3,317	3,223	3,874	3,689	3,524	3,915	3,716	3,796	2.2
North Dakota	991	1,126	1,376	1,485	1,595	1,641	1,735	1,795	3.5
Ohio	16,806	18,502	19,384	18,668	18,770	17,952	18,002	18,607	3.4
South Dakota	700	745	770	774	739	665	703	732	4.1
Wisconsin	7,833	7,749	7,701	8,058	7,142	7,798	7,166	7,383	3.0

State/Region*	1999/00	2000/01	2001/02	2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	2005/06	2006/07	% Change from 2005/06
West	118,087	127,832	133,636	134,594	129,172	126,961	127,661	132,239	3.6
Alaska	392	518	479	393	427	439	424	452	6.6
Arizona	9,405	9,912	10,511	10,325	9,907	10,011	9,617	9,993	3.9
California	66,305	74,281	78,741	80,487	77,186	75,032	75,385	77,987	3.5
Colorado	6,461	6,442	6,692	6,295	5,943	5,496	5,183	5,315	2.5
Hawaii	5,430	5,344	5,289	5,437	5,371	5,485	5,693	6,032	6.0
Idaho	1,271	1,448	1,578	1,727	1,727	1,923	1,909	1,969	3.1
Montana	1,011	998	944	871	872	966	934	958	2.6
Nevada	2,450	2,755	2,927	2,702	2,743	2,846	3,065	3,170	3.4
New Mexico	1,672	1,629	1,893	1,978	2,111	2,151	2,115	2,194	3.7
Oregon	6,404	6,612	6,560	6,436	5,855	5,490	5,607	5,767	2.8
Utah	5,834	6,077	5,950	6,022	5,781	5,918	5,904	6,122	3.7
Washington	10,965	11,370	11,624	11,430	10,756	10,674	11,234	11,663	3.8
Wyoming	487	446	448	491	493	530	591	617	4.4
Other	876	938	1,010	1,014	945	1,143	1,110	1,105	-0.4
Guam	106	161	162	161	69	63	63	66	4.9
Puerto Rico	621	672	743	853	876	976	956	945	-1.1
Virgin Islands	149	105	105	**	**	104	91	94	3.3
U.S. TOTAL	514,723	547,867	582,996	586,323	572,509	565,039	564,766	582,984	3.2

* Beginning with *Open Doors 2007*, U.S. regions have been re-classified to reflect the four geographic regions used by the U.S. Census Bureau.

** Did not report.

7 (cont'd) INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS IN U.S. STATES AND REGIONS, SELECTED YEARS 1999/00 – 2006/07

Institutional Type	2000/01	2001/02	2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	2005/06	2006/07	% Changes from 2005/06
Doctoral/Research Institutions	331,452	353,438	358,941	354,839	331,971	328,575	341,971	4.1
Doctoral/Research Extensive	273,974	291,137	296,269	293,072	272,251	269,725	281,070	4.2
Doctoral/Research Intensive	57,478	62,301	62,672	61,767	59,720	58,850	60,901	3.5
Master's Institutions	91,822	97,129	95,620	93,687	97,359	99,232	101,321	2.1
Master's I	86,299	91,749	90,999	88,791	90,929	92,384	94,953	2.8
Master's II	5,523	5,380	4,621	4,896	6,430	6,848	6,368	-7.0
Baccalaureate Institutions	22,820	24,436	25,147	25,376	26,724	27,096	26,457	-2.4
Baccalaureate - Liberal Arts	9,864	11,046	11,028	11,139	11,775	11,953	12,073	1.0
Baccalaureate - General	10,186	10,719	11,370	11,555	12,334	12,588	11,828	-6.0
Baccalaureate/Associate's	2,770	2,671	2,749	2,682	2,615	2,555	2,556	0.0
Associate's Institutions	76,834	82,932	82,123	75,830	84,376	83,160	86,179	3.6
Specialized Institutions	24,939	25,061	24,492	22,777	24,609	26,351	26,691	1.3
Religious	2,856	2,888	3,081	3,027	3,764	4,044	3,842	-5.0
Medical	1,781	1,934	2,182	2,271	2,682	2,912	3,023	3.8
Other Health	3,088	3,385	2,331	2,377	2,802	2,965	2,473	-16.6
Engineering	2,188	2,353	2,292	2,093	2,315	1,803	1,824	1.2
Business	5,103	4,964	4,923	3,755	3,598	3,498	3,818	9.1
Fine Arts	8,602	8,308	8,318	7,973	8,333	8,945	9,254	3.5
Law	278	243	240	239	316	385	396	2.9
Teachers	113	94	95	51	89	85	27	-68.2
Other Specialized	928	890	1,029	990	705	1,708	2,032	19.0
Tribal Colleges	2	2	1	1	5	6	2	-66.7
Classification Not Available	-	-	-	-	-	352	365	3.7
ALL INSTITUTIONS	547,867	582,996	586,323	572,509	565,039	564,766	582,984	3.2

8 INTERNATIONAL STUDENT ENROLLMENTS BY INSTITUTIONAL TYPE, 2000/01 – 2006/07

Rank	Institution	City	State	Total Int'l Students	Total Enrollment
1	University of Southern California	Los Angeles	CA	7,115	33,389
2	Columbia University	New York	NY	5,937	24,417
3	New York University	New York	NY	5,827	50,917
4	University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign	Champaign	IL	5,685	41,342
5	Purdue University, Main Campus	West Lafayette	IN	5,581	39,228
6	University of Michigan – Ann Arbor	Ann Arbor	MI	5,429	40,025
7	University of Texas at Austin	Austin	TX	5,303	49,738
8	University of California – Los Angeles	Los Angeles	CA	4,704	38,218
9	Harvard University	Cambridge	MA	4,514	20,042
10	Boston University	Boston	MA	4,484	31,574
10	University of Pennsylvania	Philadelphia	PA	4,484	23,704
12	Ohio State University, Main Campus	Columbus	OH	4,345	51,818
13	SUNY University at Buffalo	Buffalo	NY	4,103	26,668
14	Arizona State University – Tempe	Tempe	AZ	4,062	51,234
15	Indiana University at Bloomington	Bloomington	IN	3,976	38,247
16	Michigan State University	East Lansing	MI	3,968	45,520
17	University of Florida	Gainesville	FL	3,921	50,953
18	Texas A&M University	College Station	TX	3,857	40,654
19	University of Wisconsin – Madison	Madison	WI	3,829	41,466
20	Stanford University	Stanford	CA	3,751	15,703
21	Cornell University	Ithaca	NY	3,746	19,639
22	University of Minnesota – Twin Cities	Minneapolis	MN	3,701	50,402
23	Penn State University – University Park	University Park	PA	3,681	42,914
24	University of Maryland – College Park	College Park	MD	3,476	35,102
25	Wayne State University	Detroit	MI	3,362	33,137
26	Georgia Institute of Technology	Atlanta	GA	3,274	17,935
27	Florida International University	Miami	FL	3,271	38,537
28	University of California – Berkeley	Berkeley	CA	3,167	33,933
29	University of Houston	Houston	TX	3,159	34,329
30	Massachusetts Institute of Technology	Cambridge	MA	3,042	11,032
31	University of Arizona	Tucson	AZ	2,930	36,805
32	University of Washington	Seattle	WA	2,884	42,974
33	Carnegie Mellon University	Pittsburgh	PA	2,767	10,120
34	Illinois Institute of Technology	Chicago	IL	2,753	6,795
35	Johns Hopkins University	Baltimore	MD	2,635	19,505
36	Rutgers University – New Brunswick	New Brunswick	NJ	2,495	34,500
37	Iowa State University of Science and Technology	Ames	IA	2,460	25,462
38	SUNY Stony Brook University	Stony Brook	NY	2,393	22,514
39	University of Texas – Dallas	Richardson	TX	2,376	14,523
40	Northwestern University	Evanston	IL	2,318	18,506

Rank	Institution	City	State	Total Int'l Students	Total Enrollment
1	San Francisco State University	San Francisco	CA	2,496	28,950
2	California State University – Northridge	Northridge	CA	1,963	34,560
3	San Jose State University	San Jose	CA	1,889	29,975
4	California State University – Fullerton	Fullerton	CA	1,668	35,921
5	CUNY Baruch College	New York	NY	1,587	15,756
6	California State University – Long Beach	Long Beach	CA	1,585	35,576
7	CUNY Hunter College	New York	NY	1,551	20,679
8	NY Institute of Technology – Old Westbury	Old Westbury	NY	1,438	11,681
9	University of Central Oklahoma	Edmond	OK	1,281	15,953
10	Johnson & Wales University	Providence	RI	1,280	10,171
11	Hawaii Pacific University	Honolulu	HI	1,247	8,080
12	Rochester Institute of Technology	Rochester	NY	1,239	15,200
13	CUNY The City College of New York	New York	NY	1,218	13,244
14	California State University – East Bay	Hayward	CA	1,173	12,700
15	Strayer University	Washington	DC	1,138	31,217
16	Fairleigh Dickinson University	Teaneck	NJ	1,108	12,112
17	St. Cloud State University	St. Cloud	MN	1,084	16,172
18	Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti	MI	1,009	23,486
19	University of Texas at San Antonio	San Antonio	TX	976	28,833
20	University of Texas – Pan American	Edinburg	TX	889	17,337
21	University of North Carolina – Charlotte	Charlotte	NC	838	22,000
22	California State University – Los Angeles	Los Angeles	CA	835	19,000
23	University of Nebraska at Omaha	Omaha	NE	774	14,693
24	California State Polytechnic University – Pomona	Pomona	CA	769	19,885
25	Troy University	Troy	AL	767	28,255
26	University of the District of Columbia	Washington	DC	759	5,534
27	National University	La Jolla	CA	750	26,000
28	Suffolk University	Boston	MA	741	7,219
29	Montclair State University	Upper Montclair	NJ	737	16,076
30	University of North Alabama	Florence	AL	724	6,950
31	Liberty University	Lynchburg	VA	715	9,600
32	Oklahoma City University	Oklahoma City	OK	701	3,713
33	University of Findlay	Findlay	OH	696	4,700
34	California State University – Fresno	Fresno	CA	673	22,098
35	Towson University	Towson	MD	652	18,921
36	Western Kentucky University	Bowling Green	KY	607	18,600
37	CUNY Queens College	Flushing	NY	600	17,639
38	California State University – Sacramento	Sacramento	CA	589	28,529
39	Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University	Daytona Beach	FL	573	4,999
40	Kennesaw State University	Kennesaw	GA	549	17,183

10 INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS BY INSTITUTIONAL TYPE: TOP 40 MASTER'S INSTITUTIONS, 2006/07

<u>Rank</u>	<u>Institution</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>Total Int'l Students</u>	<u>Total Enrollment</u>
1	Brigham Young University – Hawaii	Laie	HI	1,201	2,492
2	SUNY – Fashion Institute of Technology	New York	NY	1,046	10,010
3	University of Hawaii at Hilo	Hilo	HI	411	3,507
4	University of Dallas	Irving	TX	405	3,050
5	Mount Holyoke College	South Hadley	MA	403	2,100
6	Calvin College	Grand Rapids	MI	336	4,199
7	Daemen College	Amherst	NY	332	2,414
8	University of Maine at Fort Kent	Fort Kent	ME	328	1,339
9	Middlebury College	Middlebury	VT	289	2,401
10	Wesleyan University	Middletown	CT	272	3,455
11	Macalester College	St. Paul	MN	255	1,918
12	Dickinson State University	Dickinson	ND	253	2,468
13	Ramapo College of New Jersey	Mahwah	NJ	251	5,499
14	Southwest Minnesota State University	Marshall	MN	250	3,195
15	Lee University	Cleveland	TN	212	4,012
16	University of Richmond	Richmond	VA	211	2,857
17	Wellesley College	Wellesley	MA	210	2,249
18	Smith College	Northampton	MA	202	3,093
19	Mercyhurst College	Erie	PA	196	3,200
20	College of St. Benedict/St. John's University	Collegeville	MN	192	4,103
21	Oberlin College	Oberlin	OH	185	2,829
22	Graceland University	Lamoni	IA	172	2,386
23	Lakeland College	Sheboygan	WI	166	4,138
23	Franklin & Marshall College	Lancaster	PA	166	2,068
25	Ohio Wesleyan University	Delaware	OH	165	1,820
26	Grinnell College	Grinnell	IA	161	1,551
26	Willamette University	Salem	OR	161	2,740
28	Drew University	Madison	NJ	159	2,647
29	Vassar College	Poughkeepsie	NY	155	2,450
30	Morehouse College	Atlanta	GA	150	3,032
31	Bard College	Annandale-on-Hudson	NY	148	1,858
32	Colgate University	Hamilton	NY	147	2,859
33	Concordia College – Moorhead	Moorhead	MN	146	2,724
33	Lewis and Clark College	Portland	OR	146	3,641
35	Berea College	Berea	KY	140	1,466
36	Lafayette College	Easton	PA	137	2,381
37	Lawrence University	Appleton	WI	132	1,485
38	Saint Lawrence University	Canton	NY	130	2,182
39	College of Wooster	Wooster	OH	129	1,882
40	Colby College	Waterville	ME	127	1,865

Rank	Institution	City	State	Total Int'l Students	Total Enrollment
1	Houston Community College System	Houston	TX	3,378	54,216
2	Montgomery College	Rockville	MD	3,055	29,527
3	Santa Monica College	Santa Monica	CA	2,851	28,473
4	De Anza College	Cupertino	CA	2,155	23,000
5	CUNY Borough of Manhattan Community College	New York	NY	1,841	18,457
6	North Harris Montgomery Community College District	The Woodlands	TX	1,676	41,200
7	Northern Virginia Community College	Annandale	VA	1,530	38,166
8	City College of San Francisco	San Francisco	CA	1,220	32,058
9	Nassau Community College	Garden City	NY	1,212	21,229
10	CUNY Queensborough Community College	Bayside	NY	1,105	10,695
11	Foothill College	Los Altos Hills	CA	1,077	14,000
12	North Lake College	Irving	TX	1,040	9,041
13	Miami-Dade College	Miami	FL	1,037	54,769
14	Pasadena City College	Pasadena	CA	1,003	24,884
15	CUNY LaGuardia Community College	Long Island City	NY	938	13,489
16	Richland College	Dallas	TX	912	14,794
16	Diablo Valley College	Pleasant Hill	CA	912	19,133
18	Austin Community College	Austin	TX	857	30,502
19	Seattle Central Community College	Seattle	WA	821	9,852
20	Green River Community College	Auburn	WA	819	9,212
21	El Camino College	Torrance	CA	780	26,000
22	Los Angeles City College	Los Angeles	CA	770	16,000
23	Seminole Community College	Sanford	FL	764	17,503
24	Community College of Southern Nevada	Las Vegas	NV	740	36,000
25	Collin County Community College District	McKinney	TX	730	19,332
26	Bellevue Community College	Bellevue	WA	729	18,291
27	Edmonds Community College	Lynnwood	WA	728	10,500
28	Valencia Community College	Orlando	FL	710	29,544
29	Broward Community College	Fort Lauderdale	FL	660	36,172
30	Mission College	Santa Clara	CA	653	8,737
31	Orange Coast College	Costa Mesa	CA	652	24,833
32	Shoreline Community College	Shoreline	WA	643	7,570
33	Georgia Perimeter College	Clarkston	GA	642	19,967
34	Bunker Hill Community College	Boston	MA	640	8,212
35	Santa Barbara City College	Santa Barbara	CA	637	18,206
36	Kapiolani Community College	Honolulu	HI	632	7,409
37	Brookhaven College	Farmers Branch	TX	616	10,000
38	Glendale Community College	Glendale	CA	610	15,565
39	Oakland Community College	Waterford	MI	600	24,287
40	Grossmont College	El Cajon	CA	558	16,451

12 **INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS BY INSTITUTIONAL TYPE: TOP 40 ASSOCIATE'S INSTITUTIONS, 2006/07**

Rank	Institution	City	State	Total Int'l Students	Total Enrollment
1	Academy of Art University	San Francisco	CA	2,045	8,702
2	D'Youville College	Buffalo	NY	1,146	3,206
3	Pratt Institute	Brooklyn	NY	958	5,128
4	Berklee College of Music	Boston	MA	864	3,794
5	Savannah College of Art and Design	Savannah	GA	724	8,236
6	Southern New Hampshire University	Manchester	NH	717	6,373
7	School of Visual Arts	New York	NY	711	3,715
8	Babson College	Babson Park	MA	685	3,381
9	Golden Gate University	San Francisco	CA	604	3,891
10	University of Texas Health Science Center at Houston	Houston	TX	529	3,651
11	School of the Art Institute of Chicago	Chicago	IL	522	2,706
12	Rhode Island School of Design	Providence	RI	422	2,253
13	Fuller Theological Seminary	Pasadena	CA	404	3,010
14	Southwestern Baptist Theological Seminary	Fort Worth	TX	389	3,535
15	Southern Polytechnic State University	Marietta	GA	366	4,206
16	University of Medicine & Dentistry of New Jersey	Newark	NJ	350	5,400
17	Manhattan School of Music	New York	NY	314	823
18	Thunderbird School of Global Management	Glendale	AZ	310	548
19	The Art Institute of Fort Lauderdale	Fort Lauderdale	FL	292	3,052
20	Franklin University	Columbus	OH	280	7,467
21	Tufts University – The Fletcher School	Medford	MA	250	400
22	Alliant International University – San Diego	San Diego	CA	246	1,370
23	U. of Texas, Southwestern Medical Center at Dallas	Dallas	TX	242	1,905
24	Miami International University of Art & Design	Miami	FL	227	1,567
25	Lincoln University	Oakland	CA	225	250
26	Northwood University, Michigan Campus	Midland	MI	222	4,125
27	Baylor College of Medicine	Houston	TX	220	1,358
28	Tufts University – School of Medicine	Boston	MA	217	650
29	Juilliard School	New York	NY	216	805
30	Northwood University, Florida Campus	West Palm Beach	FL	212	911
31	Soka University of America	Aliso Viejo	CA	206	364
32	Arizona State University – Polytechnic Campus	Mesa	AZ	196	6,545
33	Davenport University	Grand Rapids	MI	195	50,000
34	CUNY John Jay College of Criminal Justice	New York	NY	186	14,674
35	Teikyo Loretto Heights University	Denver	CO	169	337
36	Asbury Theological Seminary	Wilmore	KY	165	1,662
37	Trinity Evangelical Divinity School	Deerfield	IL	156	1,231
38	California Institute of the Arts	Valencia	CA	154	1,334
39	San Francisco Theological Seminary	San Anselmo	CA	153	459
40	Walsh College	Troy	MI	150	3,242

Rank	Institution	City	State	Total Int'l Students	Total Enrollment
1	University of Southern California	Los Angeles	CA	7,115	33,389
2	Columbia University	New York	NY	5,937	24,417
3	New York University	New York	NY	5,827	50,917
4	University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign	Champaign	IL	5,685	41,342
5	Purdue University, Main Campus	West Lafayette	IN	5,581	39,228
6	University of Michigan – Ann Arbor	Ann Arbor	MI	5,429	40,025
7	University of Texas at Austin	Austin	TX	5,303	49,738
8	University of California – Los Angeles	Los Angeles	CA	4,704	38,218
9	Harvard University	Cambridge	MA	4,514	20,042
10	Boston University	Boston	MA	4,484	31,574
10	University of Pennsylvania	Philadelphia	PA	4,484	23,704
12	The Ohio State University, Main Campus	Columbus	OH	4,345	51,818
13	SUNY – University at Buffalo	Buffalo	NY	4,103	26,668
14	Arizona State University – Tempe	Tempe	AZ	4,062	51,234
15	Indiana University at Bloomington	Bloomington	IN	3,976	38,247
16	Michigan State University	East Lansing	MI	3,968	45,520
17	University of Florida	Gainesville	FL	3,921	50,953
18	Texas A&M University	College Station	TX	3,857	40,654
19	University of Wisconsin – Madison	Madison	WI	3,829	41,466
20	Stanford University	Stanford	CA	3,751	15,703
21	Cornell University	Ithaca	NY	3,746	19,639
22	University of Minnesota – Twin Cities	Minneapolis	MN	3,701	50,402
23	Penn State University – University Park	University Park	PA	3,681	42,914
24	University of Maryland College Park	College Park	MD	3,476	35,102
25	Houston Community College System	Houston	TX	3,378	54,216
26	Wayne State University	Detroit	MI	3,362	33,137
27	Georgia Institute of Technology	Atlanta	GA	3,274	17,935
28	Florida International University	Miami	FL	3,271	38,537
29	University of California – Berkeley	Berkeley	CA	3,167	33,933
30	University of Houston	Houston	TX	3,159	34,329
31	Montgomery College	Rockville	MD	3,055	29,527
32	Massachusetts Institute of Technology	Cambridge	MA	3,042	11,032
33	University of Arizona	Tucson	AZ	2,930	36,805
34	University of Washington	Seattle	WA	2,884	42,974
35	Santa Monica College	Santa Monica	CA	2,851	28,473
36	Carnegie Mellon University	Pittsburgh	PA	2,767	10,120
37	Illinois Institute of Technology	Chicago	IL	2,753	6,795
38	Johns Hopkins University	Baltimore	MD	2,635	19,505
39	San Francisco State University	San Francisco	CA	2,496	28,950
40	Rutgers University – New Brunswick	New Brunswick	NJ	2,495	34,500
41	Iowa State University	Ames	IA	2,460	25,462
42	SUNY – Stony Brook University	Stony Brook	NY	2,393	22,514
43	University of Texas at Dallas	Richardson	TX	2,376	14,523
44	Northwestern University	Evanston	IL	2,318	18,506
45	University of Texas at Arlington	Arlington	TX	2,305	24,825

14 INSTITUTIONS WITH 1,000 OR MORE INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS:
RANKED BY INTERNATIONAL STUDENT TOTAL, 2006/07

Rank	Institution	City	State	Total Int'l Students	Total Enrollment
46	Virginia Polytechnic Institute & State University	Blacksburg	VA	2,257	28,470
47	Northeastern University	Boston	MA	2,223	23,385
48	Brigham Young University	Provo	UT	2,212	32,920
49	University of Iowa	Iowa City	IA	2,189	29,979
50	De Anza College	Cupertino	CA	2,155	23,000
51	University of Texas at El Paso	El Paso	TX	2,137	19,842
52	University of Illinois at Chicago	Chicago	IL	2,098	25,000
53	University of North Texas	Denton	TX	2,086	33,550
54	Syracuse University	Syracuse	NY	2,070	19,082
55	Academy of Art University	San Francisco	CA	2,045	8,702
56	University of Cincinnati	Cincinnati	OH	2,037	35,527
57	Yale University	New Haven	CT	2,026	11,416
58	The New School	New York	NY	1,990	9,001
59	University of California – Davis	Davis	CA	1,985	30,475
60	University of Hawaii at Manoa	Honolulu	HI	1,984	20,644
61	California State University – Northridge	Northridge	CA	1,963	34,560
62	University of Virginia, Main Campus	Charlottesville	VA	1,946	20,397
63	University of California – San Diego	La Jolla	CA	1,892	26,876
64	San Jose State University	San Jose	CA	1,889	29,975
65	Duke University & Medical Center	Durham	NC	1,880	13,792
66	George Washington University	Washington	DC	1,863	24,531
67	Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge	LA	1,857	29,317
68	CUNY Borough of Manhattan Community College	New York	NY	1,841	18,457
69	Temple University	Philadelphia	PA	1,836	34,218
70	George Mason University	Fairfax	VA	1,822	29,728
71	University of South Florida	Tampa	FL	1,820	44,251
72	University of Kansas	Lawrence	KS	1,771	29,613
73	Oklahoma State University, Main Campus	Stillwater	OK	1,770	23,461
74	SUNY – Binghamton University	Binghamton	NY	1,741	14,373
75	University of Massachusetts at Amherst	Amherst	MA	1,739	25,093
76	North Carolina State University	Raleigh	NC	1,717	30,149
77	Georgetown University	Washington	DC	1,676	14,148
77	North Harris Montgomery Community College District	The Woodlands	TX	1,676	41,200
79	California State University – Fullerton	Fullerton	CA	1,668	35,921
80	University of Pittsburgh, Main Campus	Pittsburgh	PA	1,657	26,559
81	University of Missouri – Columbia	Columbia	MO	1,651	27,985
82	University of Central Florida	Orlando	FL	1,635	46,719
83	University of Connecticut	Storrs	CT	1,616	28,481
84	University of Miami	Coral Gables	FL	1,608	15,670
85	University of California – Irvine	Irvine	CA	1,599	25,871
86	University of Oregon	Eugene	OR	1,596	20,388
87	University of Nebraska – Lincoln	Lincoln	NE	1,587	22,106
87	CUNY Baruch College	New York	NY	1,587	15,756
89	California State University – Long Beach	Long Beach	CA	1,585	35,576

14 (cont'd) INSTITUTIONS WITH 1,000 OR MORE INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS:
RANKED BY INTERNATIONAL STUDENT TOTAL, 2006/07

Rank	Institution	City	State	Total Int'l Students	Total Enrollment
90	Drexel University	Philadelphia	PA	1,582	19,885
91	Washington University in St. Louis	St. Louis	MO	1,567	13,527
92	Florida State University	Tallahassee	FL	1,566	40,474
93	CUNY Hunter College	New York	NY	1,551	20,679
94	Northern Virginia Community College	Annandale	VA	1,530	38,166
95	New Jersey Institute of Technology	Newark	NJ	1,520	8,209
96	University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill	Chapel Hill	NC	1,495	27,538
97	San Diego State University	San Diego	CA	1,494	34,305
98	University of Oklahoma – Norman	Norman	OK	1,493	26,994
99	University of Utah	Salt Lake City	UT	1,478	28,619
100	Southern Illinois University Carbondale	Carbondale	IL	1,445	21,003
101	University of Nevada, Las Vegas	Las Vegas	NV	1,443	27,912
102	NY Institute of Technology – Old Westbury	Old Westbury	NY	1,438	11,681
103	Washington State University	Pullman	WA	1,430	23,756
104	University of Bridgeport	Bridgeport	CT	1,423	4,018
105	Georgia State University	Atlanta	GA	1,414	25,523
106	West Virginia University	Morgantown	WV	1,413	27,115
107	University of Delaware	Newark	DE	1,411	18,657
108	University of Rochester	Rochester	NY	1,396	8,588
109	Western Michigan University	Kalamazoo	MI	1,391	24,841
110	Portland State University	Portland	OR	1,383	25,483
111	University of Kentucky	Lexington	KY	1,373	27,009
112	Princeton University	Princeton	NJ	1,365	7,242
113	Old Dominion University	Norfolk	VA	1,291	21,623
114	University of Central Oklahoma	Edmond	OK	1,281	15,953
115	Johnson & Wales University	Providence	RI	1,280	10,171
116	Texas Tech University	Lubbock	TX	1,275	28,001
117	Ohio University Main Campus	Athens	OH	1,273	19,500
118	The University of Georgia	Athens	GA	1,267	33,959
119	Hawaii Pacific University	Honolulu	HI	1,247	8,080
120	Rochester Institute of Technology	Rochester	NY	1,239	15,200
121	CUNY The City College of New York	New York	NY	1,235	13,244
122	Florida Atlantic University	Boca Raton	FL	1,230	25,657
123	City College of San Francisco	San Francisco	CA	1,220	32,058
124	Emory University	Atlanta	GA	1,219	12,338
125	Nassau Community College	Garden City	NY	1,212	21,229
126	Kansas State University	Manhattan	KS	1,201	23,141
126	Brigham Young University – Hawaii	Laie	HI	1,201	2,492
128	Wichita State University	Wichita	KS	1,197	14,298
129	Oregon State University	Corvallis	OR	1,185	19,362
130	California State University – East Bay	Hayward	CA	1,173	12,700
131	Case Western Reserve University	Cleveland	OH	1,155	9,897
132	University of Colorado at Boulder	Boulder	CO	1,152	29,395
133	Howard University	Washington	DC	1,150	10,745
134	D'Youville College	Buffalo	NY	1,146	3,206

14 (cont'd) INSTITUTIONS WITH 1,000 OR MORE INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS:
RANKED BY INTERNATIONAL STUDENT TOTAL, 2006/07

Rank	Institution	City	State	Total Int'l Students	Total Enrollment
135	University of California – Santa Barbara	Santa Barbara	CA	1,142	21,082
136	Strayer University	Washington	DC	1,138	31,217
137	Virginia Commonwealth University	Richmond	VA	1,128	30,000
138	St. John's University	Jamaica	NY	1,118	20,069
139	University of South Carolina – Columbia	Columbia	SC	1,114	27,390
140	Fairleigh Dickinson University	Teaneck	NJ	1,108	12,112
141	CUNY Queensborough Community College	Bayside	NY	1,105	10,695
142	St. Cloud State University	St Cloud	MN	1,084	16,172
143	Foothill College	Los Altos Hills	CA	1,077	14,000
144	CUNY – The Graduate Center	New York	NY	1,075	4,364
145	Brown University	Providence	RI	1,073	8,125
146	University of Tennessee at Knoxville	Knoxville	TN	1,053	26,038
147	SUNY – Fashion Institute of Technology	New York	NY	1,046	10,010
148	University of California – Riverside	Riverside	CA	1,045	16,875
149	North Lake College	Irving	TX	1,040	9,041
150	Miami-Dade College	Miami	FL	1,037	54,769
151	Colorado State University	Fort Collins	CO	1,033	26,723
152	Indiana U – Purdue University at Indianapolis	Indianapolis	IN	1,029	29,993
153	University of Alabama at Birmingham	Birmingham	AL	1,011	16,561
154	Eastern Michigan University	Ypsilanti	MI	1,009	23,486
155	Pasadena City College	Pasadena	CA	1,003	24,884

**14 (cont'd) INSTITUTIONS WITH 1,000 OR MORE INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS:
RANKED BY INTERNATIONAL STUDENT TOTAL, 2006/07**

Primary Source of Funding	2005/06 Int'l Students	2005/06 % of Total	2006/07 Int'l Students	2006/07 % of Total	% Change
Personal & Family Funds	358,318	63.4	358,281	61.5	0.0
U.S. College or University	146,211	25.9	152,017	26.1	4.0
Home Government/University	14,476	2.6	18,704	3.2	29.2
U.S. Government	2,501	0.4	3,450	0.6	37.9
U.S. Private Sponsor	8,367	1.5	8,003	1.4	-4.4
Foreign Private Sponsor	8,661	1.5	6,682	1.1	-22.9
International Organization	1,326	0.2	1,685	0.3	27.1
Current Employment	21,745	3.9	29,262	5.0	34.6
Other Sources	3,161	0.6	4,901	0.8	55.0
Total	564,766	100.0	582,984	100.0	3.23

15 INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS BY PRIMARY SOURCE OF FUNDING, 2005/06 & 2006/07

Field of Study	2005/06 Int'l Students	2006/07 Int'l Students	2006/07 % of Total	% Change
Agriculture, Total	7,883	7,461	1.3	-5.4
Agriculture, Agriculture Operations, and Related Sciences	5,475	5,114	0.9	-6.6
Natural Resources and Conservation	2,408	2,347	0.4	-2.5
Business and Management, Total	100,881	103,641	17.8	2.7
Business, Management, Marketing, and Related Support Services	99,382	102,506	17.6	3.1
Personal and Culinary Services	1,498	1,135	0.2	-24.2
Education	16,546	16,825	2.9	1.7
Engineering, Total	88,460	89,137	15.3	0.8
Engineering	82,884	84,126	14.4	1.5
Engineering Technologies/Technicians	4,161	3,864	0.7	-7.1
Transportation and Materials Moving	813	617	0.1	-24.1
Mechanic and Repair Technologies/Technicians	292	348	0.1	19.2
Construction Trades	290	160	0.0	-44.8
Precision Production	20	22	0.0	10.0
Fine and Applied Arts, Total	29,509	29,588	5.1	0.3
Visual and Performing Arts	23,472	23,846	4.1	1.6
Architecture and Related Services	6,036	5,742	1.0	-4.9
Health Professions	27,124	28,294	4.9	4.3
Humanities, Total	16,480	16,189	2.8	-1.8
Foreign Languages, Literatures, and Linguistics	6,005	6,053	1.0	0.8
English Language and Literature/Letters	4,908	4,751	0.8	-3.2
Theology and Religious Vocations	3,954	2,942	0.5	-25.6
Philosophy and Religious Studies	1,613	2,443	0.4	51.5
Mathematics and Computer Science, Total	45,518	46,019	7.9	1.1
Computer and Information Sciences and Support Services	34,318	33,437	5.7	-2.6
Mathematics and Statistics	11,200	12,582	2.2	12.3
Physical and Life Sciences, Total	50,168	51,863	8.9	3.4
Biological and Biomedical Sciences	27,233	28,315	4.9	4.0
Physical Sciences	21,655	22,497	3.9	3.9
Science Technologies/Technicians	1,281	1,051	0.2	-18.0
Social Sciences, Total	46,132	48,978	8.4	6.2
Social Sciences	25,039	27,056	4.6	8.1
Psychology	8,021	8,307	1.4	3.6
Public Administration and Social Service Professions	4,934	5,389	0.9	9.2
Parks, Recreation, Leisure, and Fitness Studies	3,025	3,103	0.5	2.6
Area, Ethnic, Cultural, and Gender Studies	2,373	2,353	0.4	-0.8
History	1,868	1,878	0.3	0.5
Security and Protective Services	871	892	0.2	2.4

Field of Study	2005/06 Int'l Students	2006/07 Int'l Students	2006/07 % of Total	% Change
Other, Total	59,404	59,144	10.1	-0.4
Liberal Arts and Sciences and General Studies	29,865	30,371	5.2	1.7
Communication, Journalism, and Related Programs	9,573	9,127	1.6	-4.7
Legal Professions and Studies	6,114	6,368	1.1	4.2
Multi/Interdisciplinary Studies	6,557	6,996	1.2	6.7
Family and Consumer Sciences/Human Sciences	3,264	2,720	0.5	-16.7
Communications Technologies/Technicians and Support Services	2,517	2,367	0.4	-6.0
Library Sciences	729	724	0.1	-0.7
Residency Programs	580	429	0.1	-26.0
Military Technologies (includes ROTC and JROTC)	203	42	0.0	-79.3
Intensive English Language	17,239	22,417	3.8	30.0
Undeclared	17,888	19,545	3.4	9.3
Optional Practical Training (OPT)	41,535	43,883	7.5	5.7
TOTAL	564,766	582,984	100.0	3.2

16 (cont'd) INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS BY FIELD OF STUDY, 2005/06 & 2006/07

Field of Study	% Enrollment				
	Doctoral/Research Institutions	Master's Institutions	Baccalaureate Institutions	Associate's Institutions	Specialized Institutions
Agriculture	1.7	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.1
Business & Management	14.3	29.3	20.0	21.3	17.5
Education	2.6	4.0	5.1	1.6	4.1
Engineering	19.9	8.7	2.0	5.2	3.9
Fine & Applied Arts	3.9	3.6	4.1	4.9	30.4
Health Professions	3.9	4.9	2.8	9.8	8.6
Humanities	2.7	2.5	3.9	1.2	8.4
Intensive English Language	2.9	6.5	2.5	7.2	1.4
Mathematics & Computer Sciences	8.6	8.5	4.9	5.6	2.6
Physical & Life Sciences	10.8	5.1	8.3	3.7	7.4
Social Sciences	9.5	7.9	14.1	3.1	2.9
Other*	8.0	7.5	13.7	28.3	6.1
Undeclared	3.0	3.1	13.3	3.4	0.3
Optional Practical Training (OPT)	8.2	7.8	4.7	4.4	6.3

* Other mainly includes Liberal/General Studies, Communications & Journalism; Multi/Interdisciplinary Studies; and Law/Legal Studies.

17 FIELDS OF STUDY BY INSTITUTIONAL TYPE, 2006/07

Characteristic	% Under-graduate	% Graduate	% Other	OPT	Characteristic	% Under-graduate	% Graduate	% Other	OPT
Sex					Marital Status				
Male	51.0	59.0	51.0	54.0	Single	96.0	79.0	91.0	83.0
Female	49.0	41.0	49.0	46.0	Married	4.0	21.0	9.0	17.0
Enrollment Status					Visa Type				
Full-Time	91.0	89.0	86.0	-	F Visa	86.0	88.0	66.0	100.0
Part-Time	9.0	11.0	14.0	0.0	J Visa	3.0	6.0	22.0	0.0
OPT	-	-	-	100.0	Other Visa	11.0	6.0	12.0	0.0

18 PERSONAL AND ACADEMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS BY ACADEMIC LEVEL, 2006/07

Year	% Male	% Female	% Single	% F Visa	% J Visa	% Other Visa	Total Int'l Students
1980/81	71.7	28.3	80.1	82.9	6.7	5.6	311,882
1981/82	71.0	29.0	79.3	84.3	6.8	4.9	326,299
1982/83	70.9	29.1	80.1	84.0	7.2	5.2	336,985
1983/84	70.6	29.4	80.1	83.2	8.2	5.2	338,894
1984/85	69.8	30.2	80.4	83.5	8.4	5.1	342,113
1985/86	70.7	29.3	80.0	81.5	9.2	5.7	343,777
1986/87	68.9	31.1	79.7	81.0	11.0	5.2	349,609
1987/88	67.7	32.3	79.8	79.4	12.1	6.1	356,187
1988/89	66.5	33.5	80.9	79.0	12.5	6.5	366,354
1989/90	66.1	33.9	80.1	78.5	12.7	6.4	386,851
1990/91	64.0	36.0	78.5	80.6	11.0	6.4	407,529
1991/92	63.7	36.3	80.7	84.6	9.5	6.0	419,585
1992/93	63.0	37.0	82.5	85.5	8.5	6.1	438,618
1993/94	62.1	37.9	83.1	86.4	7.7	5.9	449,749
1994/95	60.9	39.1	83.4	85.8	7.7	6.4	452,635
1995/96	58.9	41.1	82.6	84.9	7.7	7.3	453,787
1996/97	59.0	41.0	84.4	85.6	6.8	7.6	457,984
1997/98	58.1	41.9	83.6	86.8	6.7	6.5	481,280
1998/99	58.0	42.0	85.2	87.3	6.3	6.4	490,933
1999/00	57.5	42.5	84.2	85.6	5.8	8.6	514,723
2000/01	57.1	42.9	84.7	85.8	5.8	8.4	547,867
2001/02	57.0	43.0	86.0	86.2	5.1	8.7	582,996
2002/03	56.2	43.8	85.0	86.0	4.9	9.1	586,323
2003/04	55.8	44.2	85.3	85.7	5.1	9.2	572,509
2004/05	55.6	44.4	85.4	86.7	5.1	8.2	565,039
2005/06	55.6	44.4	86.1	86.6	5.2	8.1	564,766
2006/07	55.0	45.0	86.6	87.2	5.2	7.5	582,984

19 PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS OF INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS, 1980/81 – 2006/07

I N T H I S S E C T I O N

T A B L E		P A G E
Table 20	Host Regions of U.S. Study Abroad Students, 1995/96 – 2005/06	64
Table 21	Host Regions and Destinations of U.S. Study Abroad Students, 2004/05 & 2005/06	64
Table 22	Fields of Study of U.S. Study Abroad Students, 1995/96 – 2005/06	67
Table 23	Duration of U.S. Study Abroad, 1995/96 – 2005/06	67
Table 24	Profile of U.S. Study Abroad Students, 1995/96 – 2005/06	68
Table 25	Home Institutional Type, 1999/00 – 2005/06; For-Credit Internships and Work Abroad, 1999/00 – 2005/06; Program Sponsorship, 1999/00 – 2005/06; Financial Support for U.S. Study Abroad Students, 2004/05 & 2005/06	69
Table 26	Study Abroad by U.S. State, 2004/05 & 2005/06	70
Table 27A	Institutions by Undergraduate Participation in Study Abroad: Top 40 Doctoral/Research Institutions, 2005/06	71
Table 27B	Institutions by Total Number of Study Abroad Students: Top 40 Doctoral/Research Institutions, 2005/06	72
Table 28A	Institutions by Undergraduate Participation in Study Abroad: Top 40 Master’s Institutions, 2005/06	73
Table 28B	Institutions by Total Number of Study Abroad Students: Top 40 Master’s Institutions, 2005/06	74
Table 29A	Institutions by Undergraduate Participation in Study Abroad: Top 40 Baccalaureate Institutions, 2005/06	75
Table 29B	Institutions by Total Number of Study Abroad Students: Top 40 Baccalaureate Institutions, 2005/06	76
Table 30A	Leading Institutions by Long-term Duration of Study Abroad and Institutional Type, 2005/06	77
Table 30B	Leading Institutions by Mid-length Duration of Study Abroad and Institutional Type, 2005/06	78
Table 30C	Leading Institutions by Short-term Duration of Study Abroad and Institutional Type, 2005/06	79

PERCENT OF U.S. STUDY ABROAD STUDENTS

Host Region	1995/96	1996/97	1997/98	1998/99	1999/00	2000/01	2001/02	2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	2005/06
Africa	2.3	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.8	3.0	3.5	3.8
Asia	6.4	6.1	6.0	6.0	6.2	6.0	6.8	5.6	6.9	8.0	9.3
Europe*	64.8	64.5	63.7	62.7	62.4	63.1	62.6	62.9	60.9	60.3	58.3
Latin America	15.4	15.3	15.6	15.0	14.0	14.5	14.5	15.3	15.2	14.4	15.2
Middle East	2.1	1.9	2.0	2.8	2.9	1.1	0.8	0.4	0.5	1.0	1.2
North America**	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.5
Oceania	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.9	5.0	6.0	6.8	7.3	7.4	6.7	6.3
Multiple Destinations	4.0	4.6	4.8	5.2	5.8	5.6	4.9	5.1	5.5	5.6	5.5
Total	89,242	99,448	113,959	129,770	143,590	154,168	160,920	174,629	191,321	205,983	223,534

* Cyprus and Turkey were previously classified in the Middle East category but were moved to the Europe category in 2004/05.

** Includes Antarctica from 2002/03 onward.

20 HOST REGIONS OF U.S. STUDY ABROAD STUDENTS, 1995/96 – 2005/06

Destination	2004/05	2005/06	% Change	Destination	2004/05	2005/06	% Change
AFRICA	7,100	8,459	19.1	North Africa	1,176	1,451	23.4
East Africa	1,558	2,135	37.0	Algeria	0	1	-
Angola	0	1	-	Egypt	807	983	21.8
Burundi	1	0	-100.0	Morocco	339	370	9.1
Eritrea	14	8	-42.9	Sudan	1	43	4,200.0
Ethiopia	33	56	69.7	Tunisia	29	54	86.2
Kenya	661	694	5.0	Southern Africa	2,631	2,900	10.2
Madagascar	73	120	64.4	Botswana	102	130	27.5
Malawi	12	64	433.3	Lesotho	11	54	390.9
Mauritius	1	122	12,100.0	Namibia	188	181	-3.7
Mozambique	27	19	-29.6	South Africa	2,304	2,512	9.0
Reunion	2	1	-50.0	Swaziland	26	23	-11.5
Rwanda	14	44	214.3	West Africa	1,648	1,888	14.6
Somalia	1	1	0.0	Benin	11	26	136.4
Tanzania	467	557	19.3	Burkina Faso	40	19	-52.5
Uganda	159	327	105.7	Cape Verde	0	14	-
Zambia	86	112	30.2	Côte d'Ivoire/Ivory Coast	17	12	-29.4
Zimbabwe	7	9	28.6	Gambia	36	31	-13.9
Central Africa	87	85	-2.3	Ghana	1,125	1,205	7.1
Cameroon	75	66	-12.0	Guinea	1	1	0.0
Central African Republic	7	0	-100.0	Guinea-Bissau	0	1	-
Congo/Zaire, Former	0	3	-	Liberia	0	3	-
Equatorial Guinea	5	11	120.0	Mali	55	66	20.0
Gabon	0	5	-	Mauritania	0	1	-
				Niger	24	22	-8.3
				Nigeria	14	37	164.3

21 HOST REGIONS AND DESTINATIONS OF U.S. STUDY ABROAD STUDENTS, 2004/05 & 2005/06

<u>Destination</u>	<u>2004/05</u>	<u>2005/06</u>	<u>% Change</u>	<u>Destination</u>	<u>2004/05</u>	<u>2005/06</u>	<u>% Change</u>
Senegal	320	440	37.5	Bulgaria	43	97	125.6
Sierra Leone	3	8	166.7	Croatia	102	177	73.5
Togo	2	2	0.0	Cyprus*	129	125	-3.1
ASIA	16,571	20,811	25.6	Czech Republic	2,494	2,846	14.1
East Asia	12,459	15,882	27.5	Denmark	1,529	1,624	6.2
China	6,389	8,830	38.2	Estonia	8	20	150.0
Hong Kong	748	915	22.3	Finland	260	150	-42.3
Japan	4,100	4,411	7.6	France	15,374	15,602	1.5
Korea, Republic of (South)	962	1,267	31.7	Georgia	26	20	-23.1
Mongolia	66	92	39.4	Germany	6,557	6,858	4.6
Taiwan	194	367	89.2	Gibraltar	15	8	-46.7
South & Central Asia	1,964	2,417	23.1	Greece	2,445	3,227	32.0
Bangladesh	34	55	61.8	Hungary	645	720	11.6
Bhutan	1	38	3,700.0	Iceland	118	82	-30.5
India	1,767	2,115	19.7	Ireland	5,083	5,499	8.2
Kazakhstan	9	22	144.4	Italy	24,858	26,078	4.9
Kyrgyzstan	0	1	-	Kosovo	1	0	-100.0
Maldives	0	1	-	Latvia	20	14	-30.0
Nepal	77	41	-46.8	Liechtenstein	1	0	-100.0
Pakistan	3	13	333.3	Lithuania	41	97	136.6
Sri Lanka	67	123	83.6	Luxembourg	369	424	14.9
Tajikistan	0	3	-	Macedonia	2	14	600.0
Turkmenistan	1	0	-100.0	Malta	100	133	33.0
Uzbekistan	5	5	0.0	Moldova	0	2	-
Southeast Asia	2,148	2,512	16.9	Monaco	35	12	-65.7
Brunei	0	1	-	Montenegro**	0	16	-
Cambodia	63	79	25.4	Netherlands	1,740	1,785	2.6
East Timor	6	1	-83.3	Norway	291	311	6.9
Indonesia	28	57	103.6	Poland	511	626	22.5
Laos	2	22	1,000.0	Portugal	140	101	-27.9
Malaysia	77	108	40.3	Romania	188	206	9.6
Myanmar	2	26	1,200.0	Russia	1,743	1,923	10.3
Philippines	119	100	-16.0	Serbia	8	25	212.5
Singapore	377	423	12.2	Slovakia	16	52	225.0
Thailand	1,128	1,305	15.7	Slovenia	25	19	-24.0
Vietnam	346	390	12.7	Spain	20,806	21,881	5.2
EUROPE	124,292	130,274	4.8	Sweden	769	856	11.3
Albania	31	36	16.1	Switzerland	1,428	1,589	11.3
Armenia	60	61	1.7	Turkey*	454	694	52.9
Austria	2,757	2,792	1.3	Ukraine	89	172	93.3
Azerbaijan	3	9	200.0	United Kingdom	32,071	32,109	0.1
Belarus	4	1	-75.0	Vatican City/Holy See	0	7	-
Belgium	876	1,126	28.5	LATIN AMERICA	29,655	33,902	14.3
Bosnia & Herzegovina	27	48	77.8	Caribbean	3,121	3,164	1.4
				Anguilla	39	5	-87.2
				Aruba	1	5	400.0
				Antigua & Barbuda	25	0	-100.0

<u>Destination</u>	<u>2004/05</u>	<u>2005/06</u>	<u>% Change</u>	<u>Destination</u>	<u>2004/05</u>	<u>2005/06</u>	<u>% Change</u>
Bahamas	417	515	23.5	MIDDLE EAST	1,977	2,585	30.8
Barbados	202	143	-29.2	Bahrain	3	1	-66.7
British Virgin Islands	110	112	1.8	Iran	2	7	250.0
Cayman Islands	26	19	-26.9	Iraq	1	0	-100.0
Cuba	169	140	-17.2	Israel	1,617	1,981	22.5
Dominica	82	112	36.6	Jordan	171	309	80.7
Dominican Republic	724	922	27.3	Kuwait	2	1	-50.0
Grenada	42	5	-88.1	Lebanon	43	46	7.0
Guadeloupe	38	0	-100.0	Oman	2	23	1,050.0
Haiti	19	3	-84.2	Palestinian Authority	23	25	8.7
Jamaica	555	727	31.0	Qatar	7	2	-71.4
Martinique	141	82	-41.8	Saudi Arabia	1	1	0.0
Montserrat	17	13	-23.5	Syria	19	39	105.3
Netherlands Antilles	60	81	35.0	United Arab Emirates	84	146	73.8
St. Kitts & Nevis	25	24	-4.0	Yemen	2	4	100.0
St. Lucia	21	16	-23.8	NORTH AMERICA	1,121	1,094	-2.4
St. Vincent & Grenadines	3	0	-100.0	Bermuda	92	79	-14.1
Trinidad & Tobago	261	144	-44.8	Canada	1,029	1,015	-1.4
Turks & Caicos Islands	144	74	-48.6	ANTARCTICA	0	57	-
Caribbean, Unspecified	0	22	-	OCEANIA	13,787	14,033	1.8
Central America & Mexico	16,982	19,086	12.4	Australia	10,813	10,980	1.5
Belize	941	812	-13.7	Cook Islands	24	2	-91.7
Costa Rica	4,887	5,518	12.9	Micronesia, Fed. States of	17	24	41.2
El Salvador	269	261	-3.0	Fiji	143	314	119.6
Guatemala	702	710	1.1	French Polynesia	83	72	-13.3
Honduras	399	649	62.7	Marshall Islands	3	4	33.3
Mexico	9,244	10,022	8.4	New Caledonia	4	0	-100.0
Nicaragua	312	463	48.4	New Zealand	2,657	2,542	-4.3
Panama	228	651	185.5	Niue	0	5	-
South America	9,552	11,652	22.0	Norfolk Island	0	1	-
Argentina	2,013	2,865	42.3	Palau	2	11	450.0
Bolivia	187	225	20.3	Papua New Guinea	11	2	-81.8
Brazil	1,994	2,328	16.8	Samoa	27	62	129.6
Chile	2,393	2,578	7.7	Tonga	3	12	300.0
Colombia	42	37	-11.9	Tuvalu	0	1	-
Ecuador	1,711	2,171	26.9	Vanuatu	0	1	-
French Guiana	22	2	-90.9	MULTI-DESTINATION	11,480	12,319	7.3
Guyana	29	29	0.0	TOTAL	205,983	223,534	8.5
Paraguay	56	34	-39.3				
Peru	867	1,135	30.9				
Suriname	9	12	33.3				
Uruguay	82	91	11.0				
Venezuela	147	145	-1.4				

* Cyprus and Turkey were previously classified in the Middle East category but were moved to the Europe category in 2004/05.

** Reported as a separate category in 2005/06.

PERCENT OF U.S. STUDY ABROAD STUDENTS

<u>Field of Study</u>	<u>1995/96</u>	<u>1996/97</u>	<u>1997/98</u>	<u>1998/99</u>	<u>1999/00</u>	<u>2000/01</u>	<u>2001/02</u>	<u>2002/03</u>	<u>2003/04</u>	<u>2004/05</u>	<u>2005/06</u>
Social Sciences	-	-	-	20.3	20.1	20.3	21.9	21.3	22.6	22.6	21.7
Business & Management	13.9	14.6	15.6	17.7	17.7	18.1	17.6	17.7	17.5	17.5	17.7
Humanities	-	-	-	14.6	14.5	14.5	13.8	13.3	13.3	13.3	14.2
Foreign Languages	10.7	9.3	8.0	8.1	8.2	8.2	8.5	7.9	7.5	7.5	7.8
Fine or Applied Arts	6.8	7.1	7.7	8.0	8.6	8.5	8.5	9.0	7.6	7.6	7.5
Physical or Life Sciences	6.8	6.8	7.0	7.4	7.4	7.1	7.6	7.1	7.1	7.1	6.9
Education	3.7	4.3	4.5	4.2	4.2	4.4	3.9	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1
Health Sciences	2.3	2.7	3.2	3.8	2.8	3.2	3.0	3.1	3.4	3.4	3.8
Undeclared	3.9	3.9	4.2	4.3	5.1	4.5	3.8	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.4
Engineering	2.1	1.9	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.7	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9
Math or Computer Sciences	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.4	1.7	1.7	1.5
Agriculture	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.1	1.5	1.2	1.2	1.3
Other	7.5	7.8	4.8	5.6	5.1	4.9	5.2	6.4	7.8	7.8	7.2
Social Sciences & Humanities*	35.2	34.0	34.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dual Major	4.7	4.9	4.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	89,242	99,448	113,959	129,770	143,590	154,168	160,920	174,629	191,321	205,983	223,534

* Social Sciences & Humanities were combined until 1998/99.

22 FIELDS OF STUDY OF U.S. STUDY ABROAD STUDENTS, 1995/96 – 2005/06

PERCENT OF U.S. STUDY ABROAD STUDENTS

<u>Duration of Study</u>	<u>1995/96</u>	<u>1996/97</u>	<u>1997/98</u>	<u>1998/99</u>	<u>1999/00</u>	<u>2000/01</u>	<u>2001/02</u>	<u>2002/03</u>	<u>2003/04</u>	<u>2004/05</u>	<u>2005/06</u>
Summer Term	31.4	32.8	33.8	34.6	34.2	33.7	34.4	32.7	37.0	37.2	37.2
One Semester	39.4	40.2	38.4	39.8	38.1	38.5	39.0	40.3	38.1	37.5	36.9
8 Weeks or Less	3.5	3.3	4.2	4.8	7.3	7.4	7.3	9.4	8.9	8.0	9.5
January Term	5.6	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.0	7.0	6.0	5.6	5.7	6.0	5.4
Academic Year	12.1	10.7	9.5	8.6	8.2	7.3	7.8	6.7	6.0	6.0	5.3
One Quarter	5.1	4.0	4.8	4.1	4.7	4.1	3.9	3.8	3.3	3.3	3.3
Two Quarters	0.9	0.9	1.1	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.5	1.3	0.9
Calendar Year	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.2
Other	1.3	1.2	1.0	0.8	0.4	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.5	1.3
Total	89,242	99,448	113,959	129,770	143,590	154,168	160,920	174,629	191,321	205,983	223,534

23 DURATION OF U.S. STUDY ABROAD, 1995/96 – 2005/06

PERCENT OF U.S. STUDY ABROAD STUDENTS

Characteristic	1995/96	1996/97	1997/98	1998/99	1999/00	2000/01	2001/02	2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	2005/06
Academic level											
Junior	41.6	41.3	42.2	40.3	39.8	38.9	40.7	38.0	34.7	35.8	34.2
Senior	16.2	18.3	17.7	19.0	17.7	20.0	20.4	20.2	19.3	19.6	19.8
Bachelor's, Unspecified	18.1	14.7	13.2	13.3	15.6	13.5	11.0	15.3	16.3	15.2	14.9
Sophomore	12.1	12.8	13.4	13.2	13.6	14.0	13.6	11.8	12.0	12.2	12.8
Master's	3.7	4.2	5.1	4.5	5.0	4.5	4.7	4.8	4.1	3.4	4.8
Freshman	2.0	2.4	2.7	2.5	3.2	3.1	3.2	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.7
Graduate, Unspecified	3.2	3.3	2.6	3.2	2.7	3.1	3.3	3.4	2.4	3.4	3.0
Associate's	2.0	1.9	2.3	2.5	0.9	0.9	1.5	2.1	1.6	2.7	2.7
Graduate, Professional*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.6	1.7	1.8
Doctoral	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.5	0.4	0.4
Other	0.7	0.8	0.5	1.1	1.0	1.1	0.8	0.7	4.2	2.5	1.9
Sex											
Female	65.3	64.9	64.8	65.2	64.6	65.0	64.9	64.7	65.6	65.5	65.5
Male	34.7	35.1	35.2	34.8	35.4	35.0	35.1	35.3	34.4	34.5	34.5
Race/Ethnicity											
Caucasian	84.4	83.9	84.5	85.0	83.7	84.3	82.9	83.2	83.7	83.0	83.0
Asian/Pacific Islander	5.1	5.0	4.8	4.4	4.8	5.4	5.8	6.0	6.1	6.3	6.3
Hispanic	5.0	5.1	5.5	5.2	5.0	5.4	5.4	5.1	5.0	5.6	5.4
African-American	2.9	3.5	3.8	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.5
Multiracial	2.3	2.1	0.8	1.2	0.9	0.9	2.0	1.8	1.3	1.2	1.2
Native American	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.9	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.6
Visa Students**	-	-	-	-	1.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	89,242	99,448	113,959	129,770	143,590	154,168	160,920	174,629	191,231	205,983	223,534

* Captured for the first time in 2003/04.

** Separate data on visa students (students who are not U.S. citizens or permanent residents) was collected in 1999/00.

PERCENT OF U.S. STUDY ABROAD

<u>Home Institutional Type</u>	<u>1999/00</u>	<u>2000/01</u>	<u>2001/02</u>	<u>2002/03</u>	<u>2003/04</u>	<u>2004/05</u>	<u>2005/06</u>
Doctoral/Research	57.9	57.9	58.6	60.1	59.7	59.4	59.6
Master's	19.8	20.5	20.5	20.5	20.4	21.4	21.3
Baccalaureate	18.5	18.0	17.6	16.6	16.0	15.9	15.4
Associate's	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.1	3.0	2.3	2.7
Specialized	1.4	1.2	1.0	8.0	0.8	1.0	0.9
Total Students	143,590	154,168	160,920	174,629	191,321	205,983	223,534

<u>For-Credit Internships or Work Abroad by Institutional Type</u>	<u>1999/00</u>	<u>2000/01</u>	<u>2001/02</u>	<u>2002/03</u>	<u>2003/04</u>	<u>2004/05</u>	<u>2005/06</u>
Doctoral/Research	56.8	51.1	56.7	52.1	62.9	61.7	62.5
Master's	17.3	21.8	17.0	24.1	16.5	21.1	16.7
Baccalaureate	22.4	24.4	19.1	19.3	17.3	14.5	18.7
Associate's	1.3	0.5	1.9	2.3	1.4	1.4	1.8
Specialized	2.2	2.3	5.3	2.1	1.8	1.3	0.2
Total Students	5,584	6,950	7,331	8,477	8,021	9,077	10,193

<u>Program Sponsorship</u>	<u>1999/00</u>	<u>2000/01</u>	<u>2001/02</u>	<u>2002/03</u>	<u>2003/04</u>	<u>2004/05</u>	<u>2005/06</u>
Solely Own Institution	73.9	72.3	73.1	71.6	72.6	72.1	72.3
Other Institutions/Organizations	26.1	27.7	26.9	28.3	27.4	27.9	27.7
Total Students	143,590	154,168	160,920	174,629	191,321	205,983	223,534

<u>Type of Financial Support</u>	<u>2004/05</u>			<u>2005/06</u>		
	<u>Institution's Own Programs</u>	<u>Approved Outside Programs</u>	<u>Other Programs</u>	<u>Institution's Own Programs</u>	<u>Approved Outside Programs</u>	<u>Other Programs</u>
Federal Aid	94.5	95.0	50.4	94.7	94.6	49.4
State Aid	91.0	89.1	39.7	91.2	88.1	38.9
Need-Based Institutional Aid	89.4	75.7	23.5	89.9	77.0	23.5
Merit-Based Institutional Aid	86.9	72.3	21.2	89.4	74.8	22.1
Other Aid	90.8	84.6	34.2	91.4	86.9	36.6
Number of Responding Institutions	621	559	389	607	560	393

25 HOME INSTITUTIONAL TYPE, 1999/00 – 2005/06; FOR-CREDIT INTERNSHIPS OR WORK ABROAD, 1999/00 – 2005/06; PROGRAM SPONSORSHIP, 1999/00 – 2005/06; FINANCIAL SUPPORT FOR U.S. STUDY ABROAD STUDENTS, 2004/05 & 2005/06

State	2004/05	2005/06	% Change	State	2004/05	2005/06	% Change
Alabama	1,140	788	-30.9	Nebraska	1,361	1,499	10.1
Alaska	117	46	-60.7	Nevada	690	748	8.4
Arizona	3,238	3,770	16.4	New Hampshire	1,311	1,437	9.6
Arkansas	796	686	-13.8	New Jersey	2,498	2,443	-2.2
California	19,408	22,683	16.9	New Mexico	823	880	6.9
Colorado	3,673	3,217	-12.4	New York	15,933	18,563	16.5
Connecticut	2,300	2,352	2.3	North Carolina	7,501	8,089	7.8
Delaware	1,462	1,671	14.3	North Dakota	323	418	29.4
District of Columbia	3,453	3,226	-6.6	Ohio	8,948	9,753	9.0
Florida	7,140	8,146	14.1	Oklahoma	1,056	1,228	16.3
Georgia	6,097	7,348	20.5	Oregon	3,029	3,544	17.0
Hawaii	697	648	-7.0	Pennsylvania	13,378	14,058	5.1
Idaho	395	150	-62.0	Rhode Island	1,918	1,723	-10.2
Illinois	6,769	8,039	18.8	South Carolina	2,493	2,635	5.7
Indiana	7,369	8,034	9.0	South Dakota	165	228	38.2
Iowa	4,804	4,705	-2.1	Tennessee	2,735	2,893	5.8
Kansas	2,048	2,250	9.9	Texas	9,866	8,901	-9.8
Kentucky	2,126	2,509	18.0	Utah	2,295	2,769	20.7
Louisiana	1,542	1,850	20.0	Vermont	1,578	1,694	7.4
Maine	1,248	1,260	1.0	Virginia	7,561	7,942	5.0
Maryland	3,359	4,067	21.1	Washington	4,545	5,294	16.5
Massachusetts	9,186	9,991	8.8	West Virginia	634	756	19.2
Michigan	7,774	8,293	6.7	Wisconsin	5,762	6,318	9.6
Minnesota	8,182	8,614	5.3	Wyoming	150	*	-
Mississippi	947	857	-9.5	Puerto Rico	*	11	-
Missouri	3,645	4,246	16.5				
Montana	515	264	-48.7	Total	205,983	223,534	8.5

* Data not available.

<u>Rank</u>	<u>Institution</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>Undergraduate Study Abroad Students</u>	<u>Total UG Degrees Conferred IPEDS 2005</u>	<u>Estimated % UG Participation In Study Abroad</u>
1	Yeshiva University	New York	NY	650	865	75.1
2	University of Denver	Denver	CO	623	992	62.8
3	Dartmouth College	Hanover	NH	627	1,029	60.9
4	Wake Forest University	Winston-Salem	NC	609	1,003	60.7
5	University of Saint Thomas	Saint Paul	MN	659	1,089	60.5
6	University of Notre Dame	Notre Dame	IN	1,194	2,072	57.6
7	Pepperdine University	Malibu	CA	512	900	56.9
8	Georgetown University	Washington	DC	937	1,705	55.0
9	American University	Washington	DC	745	1,456	51.2
10	Duke University	Durham	NC	740	1,469	50.4
11	Worcester Polytechnic Institute	Worcester	MA	307	641	47.9
12	Stanford University	Stanford	CA	831	1,756	47.3
13	Tufts University	Medford	MA	626	1,423	44.0
14	George Washington University	Washington	DC	1,062	2,509	42.3
15	Syracuse University	Syracuse	NY	1,122	2,662	42.1
16	University of Delaware	Newark	DE	1,540	3,760	41.0
17	Brandeis University	Waltham	MA	313	776	40.3
18	Tulane University	New Orleans	LA	374	940	39.8
19	Emory University	Atlanta	GA	698	1,806	38.6
20	Loyola University of Chicago	Chicago	IL	638	1,722	37.0
21	University of Vermont	Burlington	VT	666	1,807	36.9
22	University of Virginia – Main Campus	Charlottesville	VA	1,241	3,422	36.3
23	Vanderbilt University	Nashville	TN	538	1,499	35.9
24	New York University	New York	NY	1,915	5,372	35.6
25	University of North Carolina – Chapel Hill	Chapel Hill	NC	1,324	3,773	35.1
26	University of San Diego	San Diego	CA	403	1,153	35.0
27	Washington University in St. Louis	St. Louis	MO	570	1,650	34.5
28	University of Pennsylvania	Philadelphia	PA	981	2,870	34.2
29	Miami University – Oxford Campus	Oxford	OH	1,279	3,841	33.3
30	Lehigh University	Bethlehem	PA	380	1,147	33.1
31	Baylor University	Waco	TX	699	2,209	31.6
32	Clark University	Worcester	MA	160	508	31.5
33	Boston University	Boston	MA	1,262	4,088	30.9
34	Northwestern University	Evanston	IL	646	2,097	30.8
34	Princeton University	Princeton	NJ	346	1,125	30.8
36	Georgia Institute of Technology	Atlanta	GA	746	2,477	30.1
37	Southern Methodist University	Dallas	TX	461	1,583	29.1
38	University of Kansas	Lawrence	KS	1,032	3,560	29.0
38	Michigan State University	East Lansing	MI	2,247	7,755	29.0
40	Harvard University	Cambridge	MA	506	1,763	28.7

**27A INSTITUTIONS BY UNDERGRADUATE PARTICIPATION IN STUDY ABROAD:
TOP 40 DOCTORAL/RESEARCH INSTITUTIONS, 2005/06**

<u>Rank</u>	<u>Institution</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>Total Study Abroad Students</u>
1	New York University	New York	NY	2,809
2	Michigan State University	East Lansing	MI	2,558
3	University of Texas – Austin	Austin	TX	2,244
4	Penn State University – University Park	University Park	PA	2,168
5	University of Illinois – Urbana-Champaign	Champaign	IL	1,988
6	University of Minnesota – Twin Cities	Minneapolis	MN	1,981
7	University of California – Los Angeles	Los Angeles	CA	1,966
8	University of Florida	Gainesville	FL	1,926
9	University of Georgia	Athens	GA	1,916
10	Florida State University	Tallahassee	FL	1,826
11	University of Pennsylvania	Philadelphia	PA	1,815
12	University of Washington	Seattle	WA	1,724
13	University of Virginia – Main Campus	Charlottesville	VA	1,712
14	University of Michigan – Ann Arbor	Ann Arbor	MI	1,701
15	Brigham Young University	Provo	UT	1,637
16	University of Wisconsin – Madison	Madison	WI	1,616
17	Indiana University – Bloomington	Bloomington	IN	1,613
18	University of Arizona	Tucson	AZ	1,611
19	University of Delaware	Newark	DE	1,573
20	Boston University	Boston	MA	1,518
21	Arizona State University – Tempe	Tempe	AZ	1,491
22	Ohio State University – Main Campus	Columbus	OH	1,477
23	San Diego State University	San Diego	CA	1,440
24	Miami University – Oxford Campus	Oxford	OH	1,422
25	University of North Carolina – Chapel Hill	Chapel Hill	NC	1,410
26	University of Southern California	Los Angeles	CA	1,399
27	University of Notre Dame	Notre Dame	IN	1,361
28	University of Kansas	Lawrence	KS	1,346
29	University of Maryland – College Park	College Park	MD	1,270
30	University of Colorado – Boulder	Boulder	CO	1,265
31	Syracuse University	Syracuse	NY	1,239
32	University of Pittsburgh – Main Campus	Pittsburgh	PA	1,223
33	Cornell University	Ithaca	NY	1,216
34	George Washington University	Washington	DC	1,204
35	Texas A&M University	College Station	TX	1,162
36	University of Iowa	Iowa City	IA	1,103
37	Iowa State University of Science and Technology	Ames	IA	1,023
38	Emory University	Atlanta	GA	1,014
39	University of California – San Diego	La Jolla	CA	1,000
40	Boston College	Chestnut Hill	MA	996

**27B INSTITUTIONS BY TOTAL NUMBER OF STUDY ABROAD STUDENTS:
TOP 40 DOCTORAL/RESEARCH INSTITUTIONS, 2005/06**

<u>Rank</u>	<u>Institution</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>Undergraduate Study Abroad Students</u>	<u>Total UG Degrees Conferred IPEDS 2005</u>	<u>Estimated % UG Participation in Study Abroad</u>
1	Elon University	Elon College	NC	1,056	1,049	100.7
2	Arcadia University	Glenside	PA	383	398	96.2
3	Lynn University	Boca Raton	FL	314	399	78.7
4	Hamline University	Saint Paul	MN	330	452	73.0
4	University of Dubuque	Dubuque	IA	162	222	73.0
6	Warren Wilson College	Ashville	NC	107	152	70.4
7	Loyola College in Maryland	Baltimore	MD	562	815	69.0
8	Pacific Lutheran University	Tacoma	WA	449	733	61.3
9	Franciscan University of Steubenville	Steubenville	OH	275	462	59.5
10	University of Evansville	Evansville	IN	265	499	53.1
11	Whitworth College	Spokane	WA	238	453	52.5
12	Chapman University	Orange	CA	388	764	50.8
13	Loyola Marymount University	Los Angeles	CA	612	1,270	48.2
14	Samford University	Birmingham	AL	266	576	46.2
15	Truman State University	Kirksville	MO	526	1,149	45.8
16	Point Loma Nazarene University	San Diego	CA	237	520	45.6
17	Bethel University	Saint Paul	MN	328	756	43.4
18	Queens University of Charlotte	Charlotte	NC	150	358	41.9
19	University of Portland	Portland	OR	282	678	41.6
20	University of Saint Thomas	Houston	TX	135	339	39.8
21	Rollins College	Winter Park	FL	254	639	39.7
22	Saint Bonaventure University	St. Bonaventure	NY	190	484	39.3
23	Gonzaga University	Spokane	WA	335	894	37.5
24	Meredith College	Raleigh	NC	144	394	36.5
25	Butler University	Indianapolis	IN	236	660	35.8
26	Villanova University	Villanova	PA	639	1,796	35.6
27	Ithaca College	Ithaca	NY	488	1,396	35.0
28	Saint Michael's College	Colchester	VT	172	502	34.3
29	Marygrove College	Detroit	MI	36	106	34.0
30	Augsburg College	Minneapolis	MN	164	484	33.9
31	Marist College	Poughkeepsie	NY	386	1,141	33.8
32	Trinity University	San Antonio	TX	196	595	32.9
33	Saint Mary's College of California	Moraga	CA	286	884	32.4
34	Loyola University in New Orleans	New Orleans	LA	170	533	31.9
35	Santa Clara University	Santa Clara	CA	383	1,293	29.6
36	University of Tampa	Tampa	FL	273	925	29.5
37	University of Mary Washington	Fredericksburg	VA	273	933	29.3
38	Slippery Rock University of Pennsylvania	Slippery Rock	PA	346	1,252	27.6
39	Philadelphia University	Philadelphia	PA	142	517	27.5
40	Spring Arbor University	Spring Arbor	MI	197	719	27.4

**28A INSTITUTIONS BY UNDERGRADUATE PARTICIPATION IN STUDY ABROAD:
TOP 40 MASTER'S INSTITUTIONS, 2005/06**

<u>Rank</u>	<u>Institution</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>Total Study Abroad Students</u>
1	Elon University	Elon College	NC	1,056
2	California Polytechnic State University – San Luis Obispo	San Luis Obispo	CA	817
3	Loyola Marymount University	Los Angeles	CA	741
4	James Madison University	Harrisonburg	VA	720
5	Villanova University	Villanova	PA	681
6	Loyola College in Maryland	Baltimore	MD	651
7	Appalachian State University	Boone	NC	589
8	Truman State University	Kirksville	MO	557
9	University of Wisconsin – Whitewater	Whitewater	WI	539
10	College of Charleston	Charleston	SC	517
11	Texas State University – San Marcos	San Marcos	TX	509
12	Grand Valley State University	Allendale	MI	499
13	Ithaca College	Ithaca	NY	492
14	University of Wisconsin – Eau Claire	Eau Claire	WI	484
15	Pace University – Pleasantville Campus	Pleasantville	NY	469
16	University of North Florida	Jacksonville	FL	459
17	Pacific Lutheran University	Tacoma	WA	449
18	Chapman University	Orange	CA	448
19	California State University – Long Beach	Long Beach	CA	435
20	University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Falls	IA	431
21	Rollins College	Winter Park	FL	429
22	Arcadia University	Glenside	PA	425
23	Seattle University	Seattle	WA	418
24	St. Cloud State University	St. Cloud	MN	408
25	Hamline University	Saint Paul	MN	407
26	Gonzaga University	Spokane	WA	402
27	University of Wisconsin – La Crosse	La Crosse	WI	401
28	University of Wisconsin – Stevens Point	Stevens Point	WI	396
29	Touro College	New York	NY	395
30	Marist College	Poughkeepsie	NY	386
31	Santa Clara University	Santa Clara	CA	383
32	San Francisco State University	San Francisco	CA	372
33	University of Minnesota – Duluth	Duluth	MN	368
34	Slippery Rock University of Pennsylvania	Slippery Rock	PA	360
35	Johnson and Wales University	Providence	RI	343
36	Kennesaw State University	Kennesaw	GA	335
37	Bethel University	Saint Paul	MN	330
38	Towson University	Towson	MD	321
38	Saint Joseph's University	Philadelphia	PA	321
40	Lynn University	Boca Raton	FL	314
40	University of North Carolina – Wilmington	Wilmington	NC	314

**28B INSTITUTIONS BY TOTAL NUMBER OF STUDY ABROAD STUDENTS:
TOP 40 MASTER'S INSTITUTIONS, 2005/06**

<u>Rank</u>	<u>Institution</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>Undergraduate Study Abroad Students</u>	<u>Total UG Degrees Conferred IPEDS 2005</u>	<u>Estimated % UG Participation in Study Abroad</u>
1	Lee University	Cleveland	TN	732	616	118.8
2	Earlham College	Richmond	IN	261	223	117.0
3	Hartwick College	Oneonta	NY	300	268	111.9
4	Austin College	Sherman	TX	314	316	99.4
5	Centre College	Danville	KY	259	270	95.9
6	Saint Olaf College	Northfield	MN	632	715	88.4
7	Lewis and Clark College	Portland	OR	370	424	87.3
8	Kalamazoo College	Kalamazoo	MI	237	272	87.1
9	Colby College	Waterville	ME	407	469	86.8
10	Colorado College	Colorado Springs	CO	430	501	85.8
11	Linfield College	McMinnville	OR	306	359	85.2
12	Wofford College	Spartanburg	SC	236	279	84.6
13	Dickinson College	Carlisle	PA	415	500	83.0
14	Transylvania University	Lexington	KY	198	239	82.8
15	Willamette University	Salem	OR	250	304	82.2
16	DePauw University	Greencastle	IN	491	609	80.6
16	Luther College	Decorah	IA	419	520	80.6
18	Rhodes College	Memphis	TN	256	323	79.3
19	Concordia College – Moorhead	Moorhead	MN	435	555	78.4
20	Goucher College	Baltimore	MD	213	275	77.5
21	Berea College	Berea	KY	209	273	76.6
22	Bates College	Lewiston	ME	296	387	76.5
23	Taylor University	Upland	IN	304	401	75.8
24	University of Dallas	Irving	TX	168	224	75.0
25	Oberlin College	Oberlin	OH	510	685	74.5
26	Eckerd College	St. Petersburg	FL	387	540	71.7
27	Union College	Schenectady	NY	355	505	70.3
28	Macalester College	Saint Paul	MN	287	413	69.5
29	Gustavus Adolphus College	St. Peter	MN	476	689	69.1
30	Carleton College	Northfield	MN	316	470	67.2
30	Skidmore College	Saratoga Sprngs	NY	416	619	67.2
32	Drew University	Madison	NJ	233	355	65.6
33	Lafayette College	Easton	PA	360	549	65.6
34	Davidson College	Davidson	NC	288	457	63.0
35	Pitzer College	Claremont	CA	137	220	62.3
36	Messiah College	Grantham	PA	423	682	62.0
36	Chatham University	Pittsburgh	PA	57	92	62.0
38	Alma College	Alma	MI	175	283	61.8
39	Wartburg College	Waverly	IA	234	382	61.3
40	College of St. Benedict/ St. John's University	St. Joseph	MN	515	846	60.9

29A INSTITUTIONS BY UNDERGRADUATE PARTICIPATION IN STUDY ABROAD:
TOP 40 BACCALAUREATE INSTITUTIONS, 2005/06

<u>Rank</u>	<u>Institution</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>Total Study Abroad Students</u>
1	Lee University	Cleveland	TN	732
2	Saint Olaf College	Northfield	MN	638
3	University of Richmond	Richmond	VA	560
4	College of Saint Benedict/Saint John's University	St. Joseph	MN	515
5	Oberlin College	Oberlin	OH	510
6	Calvin College	Grand Rapids	MI	509
7	DePauw University	Greencastle	IN	491
8	Gustavus Adolphus College	St. Peter	MN	476
9	Concordia College – Moorhead	Moorhead	MN	435
10	Colorado College	Colorado Springs	CO	430
11	Messiah College	Grantham	PA	423
12	Bucknell University	Lewisburg	PA	421
13	Luther College	Decorah	IA	419
14	Skidmore College	Saratoga Sprngs	NY	416
15	Dickinson College	Carlisle	PA	415
16	Colby College	Waterville	ME	407
17	Eckerd College	St. Petersburg	FL	387
18	Middlebury College	Middlebury	VT	382
19	Colgate University	Hamilton	NY	378
20	Lewis and Clark College	Portland	OR	370
21	Lafayette College	Easton	PA	360
22	Union College	Schenectady	NY	355
23	Austin College	Sherman	TX	322
24	Smith College	Northampton	MA	317
25	Carleton College	Northfield	MN	316
25	Hope College	Holland	MI	316
27	Wesleyan University	Middletown	CT	312
28	Linfield College	McMinnville	OR	306
28	Taylor University	Upland	IN	306
30	Hartwick College	Oneonta	NY	300
30	Trinity College	Hartford	CT	300
32	Bates College	Lewiston	ME	296
33	Davidson College	Davidson	NC	288
34	Macalester College	Saint Paul	MN	287
35	Wheaton College	Wheaton	IL	272
36	Gettysburg College	Gettysburg	PA	268
37	Illinois Wesleyan University	Bloomington	IL	267
38	Middlebury College – Language Schools	Middlebury	VT	264
39	Earlham College	Richmond	IN	261
39	University of Puget Sound	Tacoma	WA	261
40	Centre College	Danville	KY	259

**29B INSTITUTIONS BY TOTAL NUMBER OF STUDY ABROAD STUDENTS:
TOP 40 BACCALAUREATE INSTITUTIONS, 2005/06**

Rank	Doctoral/Research Institutions	City	State	Study Abroad Students
1	Yeshiva University	New York	NY	650
2	University of California – San Diego	La Jolla	CA	243
3	New York University	New York	NY	207
4	University of Washington	Seattle	WA	200
5	George Mason University	Fairfax	VA	197
6	University of Wisconsin – Madison	Madison	WI	173
7	University of Illinois – Urbana-Champaign	Champaign	IL	159
8	Pepperdine University	Malibu	CA	145
9	University of California – Berkeley	Berkeley	CA	142
10	University of California – Los Angeles	Los Angeles	CA	134
11	University of Oklahoma – Norman	Norman	OK	129
12	University of Arizona	Tucson	AZ	120
13	University of California – Santa Cruz	Santa Cruz	CA	118
14	Tufts University	Medford	MA	111
15	University of Notre Dame	Notre Dame	IN	109
16	University of Texas – Austin	Austin	TX	103
17	University of Massachusetts – Amhers	Amhers	MA	102
18	University of Minnesota – Twin Cities	Minneapolis	MN	99
19	Georgetown University	Washington	DC	96
20	University of Oregon	Eugene	OR	95
20	University of California – Irvine	Irvine	CA	95

Rank	Master's Institutions	City	State	Study Abroad Students
1	Touro College	New York	NY	345
2	San Francisco State University	San Francisco	CA	177
3	Gonzaga University	Spokane	WA	116
4	California State University – Chico	Chico	CA	100
4	Fairleigh Dickinson University – Madison Campus	Madison	NJ	100
6	California Polytechnic State University – San Luis Obispo	San Luis Obispo	CA	99
7	Loyola College in Maryland	Baltimore	MD	89
8	University of Minnesota – Duluth	Duluth	MN	61
9	California State University – Long Beach	Long Beach	CA	58
9	Hamline University	Saint Paul	MN	58
11	University of Portland	Portland	OR	41
12	Grand Valley State University	Allendale	MI	28
12	Western Washington University	Bellingham	WA	28
14	University of Alaska – Anchorage	Anchorage	AK	25
15	University of Tennessee – Chattanooga	Chattanooga	TN	24
16	Central Washington University	Ellensburg	WA	18
17	Boise State University	Boise	ID	17
18	University of Wisconsin – La Crosse	La Crosse	WI	15
19	California State University – Fullerton	Fullerton	CA	14

Rank	Baccalaureate Institutions	City	State	Study Abroad Students
1	Smith College	Northampton	MA	150
2	SUNY Fashion Institute of Technology	New York	NY	143
3	Middlebury College – Language Schools	Middlebury	VT	133
4	College of the Holy Cross	Worcester	MA	110
5	Dickinson College	Carlisle	PA	102
6	Sarah Lawrence College	Bronxville	NY	85
7	Mount Holyoke College	South Hadley	MA	72
8	Middlebury College	Middlebury	VT	68
9	Wellesley College	Wellesley	MA	66
10	Kenyon College	Gambier	OH	44
11	University of Puget Sound	Tacoma	WA	42
12	Trinity College	Hartford	CT	40
13	Vassar College	Poughkeepsie	NY	36
14	Bates College	Lewiston	ME	35
15	Hamilton College	Clinton	NY	32
15	Lewis and Clark College	Portland	OR	32
17	Bowdoin College	Brunswick	ME	30
17	Oakwood College	Huntsville	AL	30
19	Colby College	Waterville	ME	29
19	Kalamazoo College	Kalamazoo	MI	29
19	Randolph-Macon Woman's College	Lynchburg	VA	29

Rank	Doctoral/Research Institution	City	State	Study Abroad Students
1	New York University	New York	NY	1,590
2	University of Washington	Seattle	WA	1,185
3	Boston University	Boston	MA	1,024
4	Penn State University – University Park	University Park	PA	982
5	University of Wisconsin – Madison	Madison	WI	962
6	Ohio State University – Main Campus	Columbus	OH	955
7	University of Colorado – Boulder	Boulder	CO	951
8	University of Minnesota – Twin Cities	Minneapolis	MN	889
9	Syracuse University	Syracuse	NY	889
10	Indiana University – Bloomington	Bloomington	IN	872
11	George Washington University	Washington	DC	846
12	University of Notre Dame	Notre Dame	IN	818
13	University of Illinois – Urbana-Champaign	Champaign	IL	727
14	Boston College	Chestnut Hill	MA	719
15	Cornell University	Ithaca	NY	688
16	University of North Carolina – Chapel Hill	Chapel Hill	NC	676
17	American University	Washington	DC	652
18	University of Texas – Austin	Austin	TX	635
19	Dartmouth College	Hanover	NH	635
20	University of Pennsylvania	Philadelphia	PA	627
Rank	Master's Institutions	City	State	Study Abroad Students
1	Loyola Marymount University	Los Angeles	CA	420
2	California Polytechnic State University – San Luis Obispo	San Luis Obispo	CA	366
3	James Madison University	Harrisonburg	VA	349
4	Loyola College in Maryland	Baltimore	MD	349
5	Ithaca College	Ithaca	NY	320
6	Santa Clara University	Santa Clara	CA	317
7	University of Wisconsin – Eau Claire	Eau Claire	WI	305
8	Villanova University	Villanova	PA	303
9	Elon University	Elon College	NC	299
10	Truman State University	Kirksville	MO	296
11	Franciscan University of Steubenville	Steubenville	OH	289
12	College of Charleston	Charleston	SC	244
13	Western Washington University	Bellingham	WA	220
14	Bentley College	Waltham	MA	217
15	Fairfield University	Fairfield	CT	203
16	Marist College	Poughkeepsie	NY	196
17	University of Wisconsin – La Crosse	La Crosse	WI	185
18	Arcadia University	Glenside	PA	185
19	University of Redlands	Redlands	CA	180
20	Point Loma Nazarene University	San Diego	CA	176
Rank	Baccalaureate Institutions	City	State	Study Abroad Students
1	College of Saint Benedict/Saint John's University	St. Joseph	MN	393
2	Colgate University	Hamilton	NY	355
3	Lewis and Clark College	Portland	OR	316
4	Skidmore College	Saratoga Sprngs	NY	306
5	Wesleyan University	Middletown	CT	290
6	Middlebury College	Middlebury	VT	282
7	Bucknell University	Lewisburg	PA	273
8	Colby College	Waterville	ME	268
9	University of Richmond	Richmond	VA	265
10	Dickinson College	Carlisle	PA	237
11	Gettysburg College	Gettysburg	PA	234
12	Macalester College	Saint Paul	MN	233
13	Oberlin College	Oberlin	OH	232
14	Trinity College	Hartford	CT	230
15	Bates College	Lewiston	ME	224
16	Saint Olaf College	Northfield	MN	218
17	Willamette University	Salem	OR	218
18	Kalamazoo College	Kalamazoo	MI	218
19	Colorado College	Colorado Springs	CO	209
20	Stonehill College	Easton	MA	209

30B LEADING INSTITUTIONS BY MID-LENGTH DURATION OF STUDY ABROAD AND INSTITUTIONAL TYPE, 2005/06

Rank	Doctoral/Research Institution	City	State	Study Abroad Students
1	Michigan State University	East Lansing	MI	2,223
2	University of Georgia	Athens	GA	1,633
3	University of Texas – Austin	Austin	TX	1,506
4	University of Delaware	Newark	DE	1,423
5	University of California – Los Angeles	Los Angeles	CA	1,210
6	Penn State University – University Park	University Park	PA	1,202
7	George Mason University	Fairfax	VA	1,117
8	Arizona State University – Tempe	Tempe	AZ	1,083
9	Brigham Young University	Provo	UT	1,079
10	University of Minnesota – Twin Cities	Minneapolis	MN	1,013
11	New York University	New York	NY	1,012
12	Miami University – Oxford Campus	Oxford	OH	953
13	University of Arizona	Tucson	AZ	938
14	University of Pennsylvania	Philadelphia	PA	937
15	University of Illinois – Urbana-Champaign	Champaign	IL	914
16	Texas A&M University	College Station	TX	904
17	University of Kansas	Lawrence	KS	879
18	Florida State University	Tallahassee	FL	876
19	University of Virginia – Main Campus	Charlottesville	VA	859
20	Purdue University – Main Campus	West Lafayette	IN	820

Rank	Master's Institutions	City	State	Study Abroad Students
1	Elon University	Elon College	NC	757
2	Appalachian State University	Boone	NC	478
3	University of Wisconsin – Whitewater	Whitewater	WI	477
4	University of North Florida	Jacksonville	FL	430
5	Villanova University	Villanova	PA	387
6	James Madison University	Harrisonburg	VA	371
7	Hamline University	Saint Paul	MN	368
8	Rollins College	Winter Park	FL	357
9	Pacific Lutheran University	Tacoma	WA	350
10	Texas State University – San Marcos	San Marcos	TX	346
11	California Polytechnic State University – San Luis Obispo	San Luis Obispo	CA	342
12	Chapman University	Orange	CA	326
13	Grand Valley State University	Allendale	MI	324
14	University of Northern Iowa	Cedar Falls	IA	322
15	Loyola Marymount University	Los Angeles	CA	321
16	Kennesaw State University	Kennesaw	GA	311
17	Slippery Rock University of Pennsylvania	Slippery Rock	PA	310
18	Pace University – Pleasantville Campus	Pleasantville	NY	304
19	Seattle University	Seattle	WA	284
20	Samford University	Birmingham	AL	267

Rank	Baccalaureate Institutions	City	State	Study Abroad Students
1	Lee University	Cleveland	TN	522
2	Saint Olaf College	Northfield	MN	426
3	DePauw University	Greencastle	IN	358
4	Gustavus Adolphus College	St. Peter	MN	352
5	Calvin College	Grand Rapids	MI	347
6	Concordia College – Moorhead	Moorhead	MN	334
7	Luther College	Decorah	IA	333
8	Hartwick College	Oneonta	NY	298
9	Eckerd College	St. Petersburg	FL	296
10	University of Richmond	Richmond	VA	282
11	Austin College	Sherman	TX	259
12	Oberlin College	Oberlin	OH	256
13	Colorado College	Colorado Springs	CO	241
14	Messiah College	Grantham	PA	229
15	Lafayette College	Easton	PA	223
16	Carleton College	Northfield	MN	220
17	Simpson College	Indianola	IA	218
18	Wartburg College	Waverly	IA	213
19	Hope College	Holland	MI	200
20	Linfield College	McMinnville	OR	197

INTERNATIONAL SCHOLARS

IN THIS SECTION

T A B L E		P A G E
Table 31	International Scholar Totals by Place of Origin, 2005/06 & 2006/07	81
Table 32	International Scholars by State, 1996/97 – 2006/07	83
Table 33	Leading Institutions Hosting International Scholars, 2006/07	85
Table 34	Visa Status, Sex, and Primary Function of International Scholars, 1996/97 – 2006/07	86
Table 35	Major Field of Specialization of International Scholars, 1996/97 – 2006/07	86

Place of Origin	2005/06	2006/07	% Change
AFRICA	2,421	2,591	7.0
East Africa	564	597	5.9
Burundi	1	2	100.0
Comoros	0	1	-
Eritrea	14	12	-14.3
Ethiopia	93	88	-5.4
Kenya	205	228	11.2
Madagascar	12	17	41.7
Malawi	11	12	9.1
Mauritius	19	15	-21.1
Mozambique	5	10	100.0
Rwanda	4	12	200.0
Somalia	2	1	-50.0
Tanzania	53	49	-7.5
Uganda	44	56	27.3
Zambia	31	31	0.0
Zimbabwe	70	62	-11.4
Central Africa	119	119	0.0
Angola	1	3	200.0
Cameroon	84	82	-2.4
Central African Republic	0	2	-
Chad	1	2	100.0
Congo	15	16	6.7
Congo/Zaire, Former	6	3	-50.0
Equatorial Guinea	7	6	-14.3
Gabon	5	5	0.0
North Africa	820	986	20.2
Algeria	72	50	-30.6
Egypt	543	738	35.9
Libya	9	10	11.1
Morocco	120	104	-13.3
Sudan	11	20	81.8
Tunisia	65	63	-3.1
Southern Africa	344	307	-10.8
Botswana	12	8	-33.3
Lesotho	22	6	-72.7
Namibia	2	3	50.0
South Africa	304	280	-7.9
Swaziland	4	10	150.0
West Africa	574	582	1.4
Benin	9	9	0.0
Burkina Faso	16	14	-12.5
Côte d'Ivoire (Ivory Coast)	27	32	18.5
Gambia	7	16	128.6
Ghana	132	139	5.3
Guinea	4	3	-25.0
Guinea-Bissau	0	1	-

Place of Origin	2005/06	2006/07	% Change
Liberia	9	7	-22.2
Mali	17	8	-52.9
Mauritania	4	2	-50.0
Niger	2	6	200.0
Nigeria	265	273	3.0
Senegal	56	52	-7.1
Sierra Leone	14	15	7.1
Togo	12	6	-50.0
ASIA	47,813	49,549	3.6
East Asia	35,688	37,155	4.1
China	19,017	20,149	6.0
Hong Kong	271	253	-6.6
Japan	5,600	5,557	-0.8
Korea, DPR of (North)	62	32	-48.4
Korea, Rep. of (South)	8,907	9,291	4.3
Macau	41	10	-75.6
Mongolia	53	51	-3.8
Taiwan	1,737	1,813	4.4
South & Central Asia	10,247	10,450	2.0
Afghanistan	26	12	-53.8
Bangladesh	293	235	-19.8
Bhutan	5	6	20.0
India	8,836	9,138	3.4
Kazakhstan	86	65	-24.4
Kyrgyzstan	38	28	-26.3
Maldives	5	2	-60.0
Nepal	128	144	12.5
Pakistan	529	539	1.9
Sri Lanka	195	203	4.1
Tajikistan	19	10	-47.4
Turkmenistan	9	7	-22.2
Uzbekistan	78	61	-21.8
Southeast Asia	1,878	1,943	3.5
Brunei	1	0	-100.0
Cambodia	17	9	-47.1
Indonesia	210	184	-12.4
Laos	1	5	400.0
Malaysia	220	256	16.4
Myanmar	22	27	22.7
Philippines	365	392	7.4
Singapore	197	226	14.7
Thailand	676	653	-3.4
Vietnam	169	193	14.2
EUROPE	31,243	30,458	-2.5
Albania	57	43	-24.6
Armenia	68	74	8.8
Austria	436	448	2.8
Azerbaijan	42	35	-16.7

Place of Origin	2005/06	2006/07	% Change	Place of Origin	2005/06	2006/07	% Change
Belarus	109	104	-4.6	Dominica	17	8	-52.9
Belgium	396	457	15.4	Dominican Republic	31	28	-9.7
Bosnia & Herzegovina	42	37	-11.9	Grenada	2	7	250.0
Bulgaria	294	272	-7.5	Haiti	19	26	36.8
Croatia	133	129	-3.0	Jamaica	88	127	44.3
Cyprus*	57	82	43.9	Martinique	1	0	-100.0
Czech Republic	349	291	-16.6	Montserrat	1	1	0.0
Denmark	486	496	2.1	Netherlands Antilles	6	10	66.7
Estonia	41	35	-14.6	St. Kitts & Nevis	4	5	25.0
Finland	305	289	-5.2	St. Lucia	5	8	60.0
France	3,380	3,588	6.2	St. Vincent & the Grenadines	4	5	25.0
Georgia	111	112	0.9	Trinidad & Tobago	69	86	24.6
Germany	5,117	5,039	-1.5	Turks & Caicos Islands	0	1	-
Gibraltar	2	0	-100.0				
Greece	605	646	6.8	Central America & Mexico	1,547	1,576	1.9
Hungary	408	401	-1.7	Belize	6	17	183.3
Iceland	49	62	26.5	Costa Rica	91	104	14.3
Ireland	440	397	-9.8	El Salvador	25	43	72.0
Italy	2,983	3,148	5.5	Guatemala	53	60	13.2
Latvia	46	29	-37.0	Honduras	43	54	25.6
Liechtenstein	1	1	0.0	Mexico	1,250	1,218	-2.6
Lithuania	78	50	-35.9	Nicaragua	27	27	0.0
Luxembourg	11	17	54.5	Panama	52	52	0.0
Macedonia	67	44	-34.3				
Malta	6	3	-50.0	South America	4,498	4,597	2.2
Moldova	75	82	9.3	Argentina	864	834	-3.5
Monaco	0	7	-	Bolivia	46	53	15.2
Montenegro**	-	10	-	Brazil	1,711	1,862	8.8
Netherlands	996	959	-3.7	Chile	364	433	19.0
Norway	320	307	-4.1	Colombia	611	626	2.5
Poland	983	877	-10.8	Ecuador	116	107	-7.8
Portugal	355	365	2.8	Guyana	16	17	6.3
Romania	719	688	-4.3	Paraguay	21	12	-42.9
Russia	2,402	2,102	-12.5	Peru	285	257	-9.8
San Marino	4	7	75.0	Suriname	1	2	100.0
Serbia	248	220	-11.3	Uruguay	94	85	-9.6
Slovakia	127	121	-4.7	Venezuela	369	309	-16.3
Slovenia	94	80	-14.9				
Spain	2,185	2,193	0.4	MIDDLE EAST	2,988	3,128	4.7
Sweden	690	690	0.0	Bahrain	14	14	0.0
Switzerland	702	663	-5.6	Iran	532	572	7.5
Turkey*	1,355	1,362	0.5	Iraq	58	57	-1.7
Ukraine	535	519	-3.0	Israel	1,618	1,591	-1.7
United Kingdom	3,334	2,877	-13.7	Jordan	206	308	49.5
				Kuwait	20	23	15.0
LATIN AMERICA	6,371	6,588	3.4	Lebanon	289	314	8.7
				Oman	12	23	91.7
Caribbean	326	415	27.3	Palestinian Authority	19	25	31.6
Antigua & Barbuda	9	6	-33.3	Qatar	5	9	80.0
Aruba	1	6	500.0	Saudi Arabia	41	44	7.3
Bahamas	27	34	25.9	Syria	154	127	-17.5
Barbados	23	36	56.5	United Arab Emirates	4	8	100.0
British Virgin Islands	2	0	-100.0	Yemen	16	14	-12.5
Cuba	17	22	29.4				

31 (cont'd) INTERNATIONAL SCHOLAR TOTALS BY PLACE OF ORIGIN, 2004/05 & 2005/06

Place of Origin	2005/06	2006/07	% Change	Place of Origin	2005/06	2006/07	% Change
NORTH AMERICA	4,502	4,406	-2.1	Samoa	7	11	57.1
Bermuda	6	8	33.3	Tonga	0	1	-
Canada	4,496	4,398	-2.2				
OCEANIA	1,643	1,511	-8.0	STATELESS	0	8	-
Australia	1,265	1,175	-7.1	WORLD TOTAL	96,981	98,239	1.3
Fiji	4	3	-25.0				
French Polynesia	2	1	-50.0				
New Zealand	360	314	-12.8				
Papua New Guinea	5	5	0.0				

* Cyprus and Turkey were previously classified in the Middle East category but were moved to the Europe category in 2005/06.
 ** Reported as a separate category in 2006/07.

31 (cont'd) INTERNATIONAL SCHOLAR TOTALS BY PLACE OF ORIGIN, 2005/06 & 2006/07

State	1996/97 Total	1997/98 Total	1998/99 Total	1999/00 Total	2000/01 Total	2001/02 Total	2002/03 Total	2003/04 Total	2004/05 Total	2005/06 Total	2006/07 Total	% Change from 06/07
Alabama	659	765	507	763	898	893	979	960	895	866	868	0.2
Alaska	31	31	0*	0*	0*	0*	0*	0*	0*	0*	0*	-
Arizona	887	889	1,095	1,199	1,191	1,168	1,308	1,121	1,111	1,243	1,272	2.3
Arkansas	157	199	138	126	161	175	197	379	216	240	323	34.6
California	10,485	11,530	13,311	13,641	13,365	16,236	14,097	15,313	16,101	17,806	18,745	5.3
Colorado	946	920	1,109	1,122	1,272	1,376	1,412	1,400	1,315	1,745	1,772	1.5
Connecticut	1,040	1,100	1,060	1,321	1,360	1,834	1,637	1,770	1,874	2,069	1,968	-4.9
Delaware	366	327	374	677	386	455	455	421	421	403	630	56.3
District of Columbia	742	544	741	776	648	610	511	525	545	641	822	28.2
Florida	1,822	1,858	1,770	2,114	2,436	2,552	2,427	2,987	3,409	3,352	2,954	-11.9
Georgia	1,434	1,592	1,809	1,844	1,780	1,852	1,730	2,045	2,071	1,765	2,043	15.8
Hawaii	234	293	296	296	376	446	446	457	532	562	586	4.3
Idaho	272	76	64	103	113	136	167	141	31	162	162	0.0
Illinois	2,847	2,892	3,379	3,545	4,048	4,392	4,144	2,849	3,599	3,976	3,868	-2.7
Indiana	1,672	1,754	1,600	1,994	1,826	1,950	2,036	1,735	1,881	2,044	1,824	-10.8
Iowa	1,139	941	1,260	1,276	1,500	1,441	1,511	1,105	1,885	1,668	1,670	0.1
Kansas	413	343	423	425	581	451	423	651	486	437	598	36.8
Kentucky	482	517	580	412	600	635	387	580	637	673	637	-5.3
Louisiana	486	591	567	851	626	713	743	746	596	1,100	885	-19.5
Maine	28	34	81	75	116	159	110	107	3	103	102	-1.0
Maryland	1,117	1,647	1,059	1,417	1,506	1,965	1,970	1,444	1,505	1,260	1,322	4.9
Massachusetts	5,044	5,219	5,184	5,181	6,180	6,340	5,858	6,798	7,164	7,466	7,330	-1.8
Michigan	2,430	2,253	2,356	2,694	2,930	3,137	3,204	3,260	3,218	2,984	2,950	-1.1
Minnesota	1,197	1,255	1,281	1,260	1,271	1,475	1,348	1,312	1,196	1,203	1,346	11.9
Mississippi	164	161	232	302	285	347	229	364	208	350	381	8.9
Missouri	1,485	1,509	1,387	1,454	1,681	1,706	2,137	2,025	2,341	2,598	2,730	5.1
Montana	128	112	132	133	248	234	129	225	224	315	432	37.1
Nebraska	357	207	538	312	537	599	594	655	687	723	842	16.5
Nevada	167	173	285	185	199	257	216	298	335	347	395	13.8
New Hampshire	234	324	355	443	468	437	440	494	536	533	473	-11.3

32 INTERNATIONAL SCHOLARS BY STATE, 1996/97 – 2006/07

<u>State</u>	<u>1996/97 Total</u>	<u>1997/98 Total</u>	<u>1998/99 Total</u>	<u>1999/00 Total</u>	<u>2000/01 Total</u>	<u>2001/02 Total</u>	<u>2002/03 Total</u>	<u>2003/04 Total</u>	<u>2004/05 Total</u>	<u>2005/06 Total</u>	<u>2006/07 Total</u>	<u>% Change from 06/07</u>
New Jersey	472	558	630	564	1,209	1,195	1,223	1,516	1,366	1,453	1,442	-0.8
New Mexico	168	257	239	237	304	340	260	439	456	782	403	-48.5
New York	4,311	4,468	5,262	5,309	5,728	5,847	6,246	6,009	6,450	6,455	6,970	8.0
North Carolina	1,414	1,776	1,684	1,968	2,145	2,581	2,929	2,944	3,164	3,182	3,332	4.7
North Dakota	98	87	85	91	139	129	230	256	182	509	349	-31.4
Ohio	2,103	2,525	2,500	2,646	2,559	2,330	2,311	2,187	3,370	3,209	2,803	-12.7
Oklahoma	456	432	659	548	472	388	352	319	232	263	282	7.2
Oregon	729	756	762	763	794	837	775	772	814	858	861	0.3
Pennsylvania	4,012	3,858	4,357	4,557	4,655	5,463	5,517	5,020	5,741	6,689	5,916	-11.6
Rhode Island	449	434	408	383	528	528	425	0*	0*	42	478	1,038.1
South Carolina	547	964	913	1,021	810	746	726	269	1,044	936	1,027	9.7
South Dakota	35	14	21	8	18	17	8	8	27	16	32	100.0
Tennessee	1,087	893	1,055	1,169	1,751	1,663	1,676	869	789	1,895	1,607	-15.2
Texas	3,616	3,636	4,288	4,686	4,349	4,885	5,502	4,956	5,824	5,455	6,481	18.8
Utah	505	511	558	567	669	492	393	389	749	474	399	-15.8
Vermont	189	209	203	228	231	0*	0*	0*	0*	227	235	3.5
Virginia	1,042	1,191	1,427	1,423	1,553	1,438	1,227	1,128	879	1,359	1,577	16.0
Washington	1,397	1,465	1,585	1,659	1,809	1,786	2,133	2,137	2,193	2,391	2,416	1.0
West Virginia	28	33	32	33	44	38	60	74	74	221	205	-7.2
Wisconsin	1,077	1,243	730	652	1,191	1,247	1,281	1,261	1,179	1,409	1,346	-4.5
Wyoming	83	83	85	85	71	66	107	107	0*	0*	0*	-
Puerto Rico	71	45	45	33	34	28	55	78	79	119	148	24.4
U.S. TOTAL	62,354	65,494	70,501	74,571	79,651	86,015	84,281	82,905	89,634	96,981	98,239	1.3

* No international scholars reported.

<u>Rank</u>	<u>Institution</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>2006/07</u>
1	Harvard University	Cambridge	MA	3,419
2	Stanford University	Stanford	CA	2,550
3	University of California – Berkeley	Berkeley	CA	2,398
4	Columbia University	New York	NY	2,346
5	University of California – Davis	Davis	CA	2,261
6	University of California – Los Angeles	Los Angeles	CA	2,258
7	University of Pennsylvania	Philadelphia	PA	2,162
8	University of California – San Diego	La Jolla	CA	1,966
9	University of Washington	Seattle	WA	1,954
10	Yale University	New Haven	CT	1,828
11	University of California – San Francisco	San Francisco	CA	1,701
12	Massachusetts Institute of Technology	Cambridge	MA	1,654
13	University of Florida	Gainesville	FL	1,610
14	Ohio State University – Main Campus	Columbus	OH	1,503
15	University of Southern California	Los Angeles	CA	1,465
16	University of Illinois – Urbana-Champaign	Champaign	IL	1,438
17	Washington University in St. Louis	St. Louis	MO	1,415
18	University of Minnesota – Twin Cities	Minneapolis	MN	1,337
19	Duke University, Medical Center & Health System	Durham	NC	1,290
20	Cornell University	Ithaca	NY	1,276
21	University of California – Irvine	Irvine	CA	1,270
22	University of Michigan – Ann Arbor	Ann Arbor	MI	1,162
23	University of Wisconsin – Madison	Madison	WI	1,150
24	University of Illinois at Chicago	Chicago	IL	1,111
25	University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill	Chapel Hill	NC	1,110
26	Texas A&M University	College Station	TX	1,107
27	Boston University	Boston	MA	1,105
28	Emory University	Atlanta	GA	1,103
29	University of Pittsburgh	Pittsburgh	PA	1,056
30	University of Texas at Austin	Austin	TX	1,050
31	University of Missouri – Columbia	Columbia	MO	1,026
32	Michigan State University	East Lansing	MI	957
33	University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center at Dallas	Dallas	TX	942
34	Pennsylvania State University – University Park	University Park	PA	907
34	University of Maryland – College Park	College Park	MD	907
36	Iowa State University of Science & Technology	Ames	IA	898
37	Purdue University – Main Campus	West Lafayette	IN	892
38	University of California – Santa Barbara	Santa Barbara	CA	875
39	SUNY at Buffalo	Buffalo	NY	861
40	California Institute of Technology	Pasadena	CA	854

33 LEADING INSTITUTIONS HOSTING INTERNATIONAL SCHOLARS, 2006/07

Characteristic	PERCENT OF INTERNATIONAL SCHOLARS										
	1996/97	1997/98	1998/99	1999/00	2000/01	2001/02	2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	2005/06	2006/07
Visa Status											
J (All)	75.9	73.2	74.3
J-1	.	.	.	69.0	68.5	64.0	56.7	53.6	51.0	51.7	54.0
J-1 Other	.	.	.	2.6	2.3	2.7	3.7	2.5	3.0	2.2	1.9
H-1B	17.6	18.3	18.8	20.5	22.0	24.6	31.0	34.7	37.4	38.6	36.5
TN	.	.	.	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.3	2.3	1.4	1.4	1.3
O-1	.	.	.	0.8	1.1	1.2	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.6
Other	6.5	8.5	6.8	5.5	4.4	5.9	6.2	6.0	6.4	5.4	5.7
Sex											
Male	74.2	73.7	72.0	71.8	70.5	69.3	68.2	67.0	66.5	65.4	64.4
Female	25.8	26.3	28.0	28.2	29.5	30.7	31.8	33.0	33.5	34.6	35.6
Primary Function											
Research	81.9	83.1	81.0	76.5	79.2	77.2	74.2	75.8	73.2	75.4	73.4
Teaching	11.5	11.5	10.9	10.4	10.8	11.7	12.2	13.4	13.3	12.0	11.4
Both Research & Teaching	6.6	5.4	8.1	7.8	5.0	4.9	7.1	5.9	7.1	7.3	8.3
Other	.	.	.	5.3	5.0	6.2	6.5	5.0	6.4	5.3	6.9
TOTAL SCHOLARS	62,354	65,494	70,501	74,571	79,651	86,015	84,281	82,905	89,634	96,981	98,239

34 VISA STATUS, SEX, AND PRIMARY FUNCTION OF INTERNATIONAL SCHOLARS, 1996/97 – 2006/07

Major Field of Specialization	PERCENT OF INTERNATIONAL SCHOLARS										
	1996/97	1997/98	1998/99	1999/00	2000/01	2001/02	2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	2005/06	2006/07
Health Sciences	27.1	26.9	26.2	23.8	26.9	27.4	25.0	20.8	21.9	20.2	24.3
Biological and Biomedical Sciences	15.4	14.4	15.4	16.8	14.7	14.6	17.5	23.2	21.5	23.2	19.7
Engineering	11.8	11.7	12.6	11.9	12.6	11.4	11.8	10.7	11.6	11.4	12.0
Physical Sciences	13.8	14.5	15.0	14.8	14.7	14.0	14.3	13.2	13.2	12.1	11.7
Agriculture	4.1	4.0	3.4	3.6	3.9	3.4	3.9	3.1	3.7	3.1	4.0
Social Sciences & History	4.6	4.6	4.3	3.9	3.6	4.5	4.1	3.3	4.0	3.6	3.7
Business & Management	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.6	3.1	2.9	3.8	2.8	3.3	3.0
Computer & Information Sciences	2.2	2.9	2.5	2.9	2.7	3.3	3.2	3.7	3.1	3.3	3.0
Other	1.6	2.2	1.5	3.3	2.8	2.4	1.9	2.2	2.7	4.2	2.4
Foreign Languages & Literature	2.3	1.9	2.3	2.8	1.9	2.0	2.5	1.9	1.9	2.2	2.3
Mathematics	2.8	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.2
Education	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.6
Area & Ethnic Studies	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Psychology	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.5
Letters	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.1	1.4	1.0	1.0	1.3
Law & Legal Studies	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.2	1.2	1.2
Visual & Performing Arts	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.2
Public Administration and Social Service	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	1.2	0.8	0.8	0.8
Communications	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6
Philosophy & Religion	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6
Architecture & Environmental Design	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.6
Family and Consumer Sciences	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.5
Library Sciences	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
TOTAL SCHOLARS	62,354	65,494	70,501	74,571	79,651	86,015	84,281	82,905	89,634	96,981	98,239

35 MAJOR FIELD OF SPECIALIZATION OF INTERNATIONAL SCHOLARS, 1996/97 – 2006/07

I N T E N S I V E E N G L I S H

I N T H I S S E C T I O N

T A B L E		P A G E
Table 36	IEP Students and Student-Weeks by Place of Origin, 2005 & 2006	88
Table 37	IEP Students and Student-Weeks by U.S. State, 2005 & 2006	91
Table 38	Leading Places of Origin of IEP Students in Selected States, 2006	92
Table 39	IEP Students and Student-Weeks by Enrollment Status for Selected States, 2006	93
Table 40	IEP Students and Student-Weeks by Percentage of Students Intending to Continue Further (Non-IEP) Study in the U.S., 2006	93
Table 41	IEP Students and Student-Weeks by Program Type and Affiliation, 2006	94

Place of Origin	2005 Students	2006 Students	% Change	2005 Student-Weeks	2006 Student-Weeks	% Change	Place of Origin	2005 Students	2006 Students	% Change	2005 Student-Weeks	2006 Student-Weeks	% Change
AFRICA	962	895	-7.0	12,165	13,409	10.2	West Africa	450	322	-28.4	6,297	6,411	1.8
East Africa	109	83	-23.9	899	898	-0.1	Benin	20	28	40.0	384	434	13.0
Burundi	11	13	18.2	140	199	42.1	Burkina Faso	51	36	-29.4	763	550	-27.9
Comoros	3	0	-100.0	2	0	-100.0	Cote d'Ivoire	59	54	-8.5	1,034	1,109	7.3
Eritrea	3	1	-66.7	2	19	850.0	Gambia	3	2	-33.3	51	21	-58.8
Ethiopia	15	13	-13.3	174	142	-18.4	Ghana	55	4	-92.7	97	50	-48.5
Kenya	22	13	-40.9	151	134	-11.3	Guinea	13	26	100.0	200	328	64.0
Madagascar	6	6	0.0	57	20	-64.9	Guinea-Bissau	1	2	100.0	26	33	26.9
Malawi	1	1	0.0	2	12	500.0	Liberia	4	2	-50.0	26	*	-
Mauritius	3	1	-66.7	3	29	866.7	Mali	71	47	-33.8	1,194	782	-34.5
Mozambique	10	4	-60.0	137	20	-85.4	Mauritania	15	11	-26.7	151	86	-43.0
Rwanda	9	7	-22.2	120	123	2.5	Niger	74	38	-48.6	676	590	-12.7
Somalia	4	2	-50.0	2	9	350.0	Nigeria	18	7	-61.1	676	136	-79.9
Tanzania	15	16	6.7	17	132	676.5	Senegal	29	38	31.0	371	1,942	423.5
Uganda	1	3	200.0	2	22	1,000.0	Sierra Leone	6	2	-66.7	193	42	-78.2
Zambia	5	2	-60.0	88	14	-84.1	Togo	31	25	-19.4	455	308	-32.3
Zimbabwe	1	1	0.0	2	23	1,050.0	ASIA	27,964	26,670	-4.6	387,288	368,593	-4.8
Central Africa	183	308	68.3	2,813	4,007	42.4	East Asia	25,353	24,142	-4.8	352,543	331,442	-6.0
Angola	28	90	221.4	592	1,294	118.6	China	1,267	1,461	15.3	19,092	18,686	-2.1
Cameroon	62	50	-19.4	855	816	-4.6	Hong Kong	227	283	24.7	3,852	4,244	10.2
Central African Rep.	3	2	-33.3	3	21	600.0	Japan	8,984	7,453	-17.0	130,426	94,649	-27.4
Chad	18	8	-55.6	245	147	-40.0	Korea, DPR of	110	37	-66.4	760	1,624	113.7
Congo	20	14	-30.0	254	209	-17.7	Korea, Rep. of	9,612	10,026	4.3	133,549	141,336	5.8
Congo/Zaire, Former	10	9	-10.0	153	229	49.7	Macau	5	5	0.0	91	71	-22.0
Equatorial Guinea	27	26	-3.7	553	438	-20.8	Mongolia	177	129	-27.1	2,077	1,964	-5.4
Gabon	14	78	457.1	156	853	446.8	Taiwan	4,971	4,748	-4.5	62,696	68,868	9.8
São Tomé & Príncipe	1	31	3,000.0	2	*	-	South/Central Asia	566	669	18.2	6,988	9,276	32.7
North Africa	201	171	-14.9	2,026	2,029	0.1	Afghanistan	39	48	23.1	505	479	-5.1
Algeria	10	3	-70.0	121	26	-78.5	Bangladesh	17	19	11.8	308	189	-38.6
Egypt	50	45	-10.0	363	492	35.5	Bhutan	4	2	-50.0	49	19	-61.2
Libya	24	52	116.7	223	754	238.1	India	168	194	15.5	2,455	2,648	7.9
Morocco	69	41	-40.6	678	316	-53.4	Kazakhstan	135	250	85.2	1,151	3,730	224.1
Sudan	29	15	-48.3	410	244	-40.5	Kyrgyzstan	17	20	17.6	146	339	132.2
Tunisia	19	15	-21.1	231	197	-14.7	Maldives	1	0	-100.0	2	0	-100.0
Southern Africa	19	11	-42.1	130	64	-50.8	Nepal	27	24	-11.1	466	281	-39.7
Botswana	3	2	-33.3	25	9	-64.0	Pakistan	47	40	-14.9	806	504	-37.5
Lesotho	3	0	-100.0	51	0	-100.0	Sri Lanka	31	27	-12.9	405	552	36.3
Namibia	3	2	-33.3	26	24	-7.7	Tajikistan	22	10	-54.5	245	163	-33.5
South Africa	9	5	-44.4	26	12	-53.8	Turkmenistan	19	4	-78.9	31	54	74.2
Swaziland	1	2	100.0	2	19	850.0	Uzbekistan	39	31	-20.5	419	318	-24.1

Place of Origin	2005 Students	2006 Students	% Change	2005 Student-Weeks	2006 Student-Weeks	% Change
Southeast Asia	2,045	1,859	-9.1	27,757	27,875	0.4
Brunei	1	0	-100.0	2	0	-100.0
Cambodia	43	36	-16.3	589	741	25.8
Indonesia	201	244	21.4	2,507	3,124	24.6
Laos	6	12	100.0	85	118	38.8
Malaysia	37	36	-2.7	607	544	-10.4
Myanmar	13	3	-76.9	105	62	-41.0
Philippines	73	29	-60.3	844	271	-67.9
Singapore	13	7	-46.2	139	89	-36.0
Thailand	1,028	975	-5.2	15,281	13,105	-14.2
Vietnam	630	517	-17.9	7,598	9,821	29.3
MIDDLE EAST	2,258	5,842	158.7	28,904	138,785	380.2
Bahrain	11	7	-36.4	103	129	25.2
Iran	57	66	15.8	553	949	71.6
Iraq	33	24	-27.3	469	334	-28.8
Israel	94	50	-46.8	634	836	31.9
Jordan	73	83	13.7	708	976	37.9
Kuwait	88	129	46.6	1,536	2,042	32.9
Lebanon	22	16	-27.3	263	226	-14.1
Oman	24	26	8.3	442	424	-4.1
Palestinian Authority	55	46	-16.4	549	689	25.5
Qatar	37	55	48.6	393	1,005	155.7
Saudi Arabia	1,540	5,047	227.7	20,100	126,996	531.8
Syria	20	38	90.0	252	479	90.1
United Arab Emirates	176	216	22.7	2,608	3,087	18.4
Yemen	28	39	39.3	294	613	108.5
EUROPE	6,274	6,012	-4.2	61,055	55,401	-9.3
Albania	25	10	-60.0	313	126	-59.7
Armenia	14	5	-64.3	126	149	18.3
Austria	45	37	-17.8	222	299	34.7
Azerbaijan	14	15	7.1	136	119	-12.5
Belarus	11	6	-45.5	109	43	-60.6
Belgium	25	30	20.0	243	326	34.2
Bosnia&Herzegovina	25	24	-4.0	292	304	4.1
Bulgaria	51	32	-37.3	599	451	-24.7
Croatia	10	11	10.0	97	112	15.5
Cyprus	17	3	-82.4	194	26	-86.6
Czech Republic	75	63	-16.0	619	531	-14.2
Denmark	8	13	62.5	39	77	97.4
Estonia	4	4	0.0	46	58	26.1
Finland	15	7	-53.3	162	30	-81.5

Place of Origin	2005 Students	2006 Students	% Change	2005 Student-Weeks	2006 Student-Weeks	% Change
France	653	1,008	54.4	5,170	7,688	48.7
Georgia	6	13	116.7	11	102	827.3
Germany	694	535	-22.9	8,571	5,704	-33.5
Gibraltar	1	0	-100.0	2	0	-100.0
Greece	52	23	-55.8	401	266	-33.7
Hungary	37	71	91.9	384	390	1.6
Iceland	13	3	-76.9	100	22	-78.0
Ireland	3	1	-66.7	85	*	-
Italy	973	769	-21.0	6,262	4,626	-26.1
Kosovo	3	1	-66.7	8	9	12.5
Latvia	3	15	400.0	6	74	1,133.3
Liechtenstein	3	3	0.0	8	22	175.0
Lithuania	11	7	-36.4	111	78	-29.7
Luxembourg	6	3	-50.0	51	54	5.9
Macedonia	10	6	-40.0	118	49	-58.5
Malta	1	0	-100.0	2	0	-100.0
Moldova	8	3	-62.5	35	97	177.1
Monaco	5	0	-100.0	28	0	-100.0
Netherlands	15	12	-20.0	179	175	-2.2
Norway	14	23	64.3	149	226	51.7
Poland	376	227	-39.6	4,769	2,702	-43.3
Portugal	13	19	46.2	148	181	22.3
Romania	60	16	-73.3	376	188	-50.0
Russia	233	223	-4.3	2,693	2,424	-10.0
San Marino	1	3	200.0	2	*	-
Serbia	14	16	14.3	77	166	115.6
Slovakia	20	16	-20.0	193	183	-5.2
Slovenia	6	3	-50.0	51	33	-35.3
Spain	708	679	-4.1	5,299	4,420	-16.6
Sweden	76	72	-5.3	1,038	654	-37.0
Switzerland	1,001	936	-6.5	9,286	9,030	-2.8
Turkey	826	969	17.3	10,921	12,095	10.7
Ukraine	78	70	-10.3	1,065	994	-6.7
United Kingdom	11	7	-36.4	257	98	-61.9
Vatican City/Holy See	1	0	-100.0	2	0	-100.0

LATIN AMERICA 4,813 5,138 6.8 47,003 55,027 17.1

Caribbean	208	150	-27.9	1,986	1,471	-25.9
Antigua	1	0	-100.0	2	0	-100.0
Aruba	1	2	100.0	2	32	1,500.0
Bahamas	3	0	-100.0	12	0	-100.0
Barbados	1	0	-100.0	2	0	-100.0

Place of Origin	2005 Students	2006 Students	% Change	2005 Student-Weeks	2006 Student-Weeks	% Change	Place of Origin	2005 Students	2006 Students	% Change	2005 Student-Weeks	2006 Student-Weeks	% Change
British Virgin Islands	1	0	-100.0	2	0	-100.0	Guyana	1	0	-100.0	2	0	-100.0
Cuba	15	13	-13.3	140	222	58.6	Paraguay	46	51	10.9	681	727	6.8
Dominica	1	2	100.0	2	*	-	Peru	260	168	-35.4	2,880	1,971	-31.6
Dominican Republic	104	82	-21.2	1,146	727	-36.6	Suriname	1	0	-100.0	2	0	-100.0
Grenada	1	0	-100.0	2	0	-100.0	Uruguay	11	14	27.3	85	105	23.5
Guadeloupe	1	2	100.0	2	*	-	Venezuela	387	561	45.0	4,973	8,008	61.0
Haiti	56	36	-35.7	607	411	-32.3							
Jamaica	15	0	-100.0	51	0	-100.0	NORTH AMERICA	47	41	-12.8	286	430	50.3
Martinique	1	12	1,100.0	2	79	3,850.0	Bermuda	1	0	-100.0	2	0	-100.0
Montserrat	1	0	-100.0	2	0	-100.0	Canada	46	41	-10.9	284	430	51.4
Netherlands Antilles	1	1	0.0	2	*	-							
St. Kitts & Nevis	1	0	-100.0	2	0	-100.0	OCEANIA	147	97	-34.0	3,483	2,091	-40.0
St. Lucia	1	0	-100.0	2	0	-100.0	Australia	3	1	-66.7	2	18	800.0
St. Vincent/Grenadines	1	0	-100.0	2	0	-100.0	Cook Islands	0	4	-	0	98	-
Trinidad & Tobago	1	0	-100.0	2	0	-100.0	Fiji	15	10	-33.3	205	180	-12.2
Turks & Caicos	1	0	-100.0	2	0	-100.0	French Polynesia	27	13	-51.9	738	207	-72.0
							Kiribati	13	0	-100.0	316	0	-100.0
Central America & Mexico	1,260	1,124	-10.8	12,753	12,632	-0.9	Micronesia	0	5	-	0	147	-
Belize	1	4	300.0	2	*	-	New Caledonia	4	3	-25.0	63	83	31.7
Costa Rica	61	46	-24.6	586	578	-1.4	New Zealand	5	1	-80.0	119	41	-65.5
El Salvador	41	41	0.0	445	546	22.7	Niue	1	0	-100.0	26	0	-100.0
Guatemala	43	48	11.6	446	448	0.4	Papua New Guinea	5	4	-20.0	54	100	85.2
Honduras	34	29	-14.7	361	452	25.2	Samoa	17	19	11.8	353	392	11.0
Mexico	984	827	-16.0	9,818	8,837	-10.0	Tonga	57	35	-38.6	1,607	785	-51.2
Nicaragua	29	25	-13.8	378	414	9.5	Tuvalu	0	1	-	0	16	-
Panama	67	104	55.2	717	1,357	89.3	Vanuatu	0	1	-	0	24	-
							STATELESS	8	0	-100.0	88	0	-100.0
South America	3,345	3,864	15.5	32,264	40,924	26.8	UNKNOWN	1,107	472	-57.4	17,039	2,786	-83.6
Argentina	181	176	-2.8	1,381	1,358	-1.7	WORLD TOTAL	43,580	45,167	3.6	557,311	636,522	14.2
Bolivia	60	78	30.0	843	645	-23.5							
Brazil	1,127	1,572	39.5	7,933	14,351	80.9							
Chile	183	340	85.8	1,532	2,642	72.5							
Colombia	797	668	-16.2	8,710	8,429	-3.2							
Ecuador	290	236	-18.6	3,240	2,688	-17.0							
Falkland Islands	1	0	-100.0	2	0	-100.0							

* Data not available.

State	2005 Reporting Programs	2005 Total Students	2005 Student-Weeks	2006 Reporting Programs	2006 Total Students	2006 Student-Weeks	State	2005 Reporting Programs	2005 Total Students	2005 Student-Weeks	2006 Reporting Programs	2006 Total Students	2006 Student-Weeks
Alabama	3	364	5,379	2	414	7,854	Nebraska	0	0	0	0	0	0
Alaska	0	0	0	0	0	0	Nevada	1	239	3,523	1	230	4,312
Arizona	2	378	4,924	2	518	8,631	New Hampshire	1	98	849	0	*	*
Arkansas	1	273	3,420	2	530	8,825	New Jersey	1	110	1,295	0	*	*
California	21	10,698	107,730	25	8,889	112,940	New Mexico	0	0	0	0	0	0
Colorado	5	293	3,418	4	1,145	10,649	New York	10	3,424	31,815	12	2,600	27,352
Connecticut	2	245	3,392	1	104	1,971	North Carolina	2	184	5,553	4	516	8,703
Delaware	1	789	25,484	1	1,301	13,243	North Dakota	1	61	650	2	142	2,975
D.C.	2	570	5,826	2	630	4,858	Ohio	9	814	7,167	7	1,270	21,114
Florida	8	2,722	27,362	8	2,192	33,992	Oklahoma	3	292	2,655	6	674	9,957
Georgia	2	435	7,796	2	642	17,515	Oregon	3	537	7,482	7	1,041	20,978
Hawaii	6	1,982	32,939	7	2,190	30,204	Pennsylvania	7	1,828	17,687	8	2,421	32,518
Idaho	0	0	0	1	77	2,181	Rhode Island	0	0	0	1	251	3,675
Illinois	7	1,399	16,050	9	1,843	22,584	South Carolina	1	233	2,912	1	309	7,009
Indiana	3	659	8,011	2	667	13,090	South Dakota	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iowa	2	166	1,732	2	246	7,481	Tennessee	4	410	5,159	3	381	5,863
Kansas	2	425	5,657	2	675	11,309	Texas	9	1,936	26,119	8	2,945	43,191
Kentucky	2	297	3,957	0	*	*	Utah	3	783	17,523	2	198	3,801
Louisiana	1	47	376	1	81	957	Vermont	1	258	1,652	1	200	1,526
Maine	1	29	402	1	30	562	Virginia	2	196	2,057	0	*	*
Maryland	1	154	2,403	1	172	3,160	Washington	11	2,770	81,435	8	3,383	55,589
Massachusetts	7	5,905	48,185	6	3,478	27,881	West Virginia	1	127	2,195	1	156	2,761
Michigan	3	403	5,766	4	666	9,215	Wisconsin	2	325	5,133	2	709	13,800
Minnesota	1	113	1,424	1	405	6,982	Wyoming	1	11	115	1	92	1,779
Mississippi	1	78	1,304	0	*	*							
Missouri	6	415	6,987	7	580	12,087	U.S. TOTAL	164	43,580	557,311	169	45,167	636,522
Montana	1	105	4,411	1	174	1,448							

* Data not available. Programs with multiple locations in different states that did not provide separate data for each program are not included in the state breakdown.

CALIFORNIA					NEW YORK				
Rank	Place of Origin	Total Students	Student-Weeks	% of Students	Rank	Place of Origin	Total Students	Student-Weeks	% of Students
STATE TOTAL		8,889	112,940	100.0	STATE TOTAL		2,600	27,352	100.0
1	Korea, Rep. of	1,987	53,610	22.4	1	Korea, Rep. of	711	7,406	27.3
2	Japan	1,822	40,506	20.5	2	Japan	377	4,667	14.5
3	Taiwan	1,316	26,974	14.8	3	Taiwan	329	3,180	12.6
4	Switzerland	566	10,512	6.4	4	China	208	925	8.0
5	Saudi Arabia	560	22,769	6.3	5	Saudi Arabia	117	3,060	4.5
6	Brazil	401	6,547	4.5	6	Brazil	90	613	3.5
7	Italy	259	3,029	2.9	7	Italy	77	407	3.0
8	Germany	249	7,369	2.8	8	Turkey	73	823	2.8
9	China	242	4,724	2.7	9	Kazakhstan	61	1,428	2.4
10	Thailand	212	4,829	2.4	10	Thailand	57	656	2.2
11	France	201	3,470	2.3	11	Spain	49	301	1.9
12	Turkey	192	3,388	2.2	12	Hungary	48	*	1.8
13	Spain	148	2,319	1.7	12	Colombia	27	234	1.1
14	Vietnam	76	2,281	0.9	14	Russia	27	173	1.1
15	Mexico	68	1,394	0.8	15	France	24	146	0.9
TEXAS					FLORIDA				
Rank	Place of Origin	Total Students	Student-Weeks	% of Students	Rank	Place of Origin	Total Students	Student-Weeks	% of Students
STATE TOTAL		2,945	43,191	100.0	STATE TOTAL		2,192	33,992	100.0
1	Korea, Rep. of	792	11,228	26.9	1	Saudi Arabia	472	14,204	21.5
2	Taiwan	339	5,076	11.5	2	Brazil	228	2,287	10.4
3	Saudi Arabia	284	8,110	9.6	3	Korea, Rep. of	213	3,783	9.7
4	Japan	238	3,771	8.1	4	France	144	1,345	6.6
5	Mexico	175	2,078	6.0	5	Japan	132	2,291	6.0
6	Turkey	134	2,012	4.6	6	Venezuela	106	1,694	4.8
7	Brazil	97	1,152	3.3	7	Taiwan	72	1,161	3.3
7	Angola	75	1,011	2.5	8	Turkey	72	916	3.3
9	Thailand	75	997	2.5	9	Colombia	54	733	2.5
10	Venezuela	70	1,249	2.4	10	Italy	45	502	2.1
11	Colombia	63	1,108	2.2	11	Switzerland	38	705	1.7
12	United Arab Emirates	58	89	2.0	12	Peru	37	211	1.7
13	China	49	563	1.6	13	Thailand	36	642	1.6
14	Kazakhstan	44	177	1.5	14	Spain	31	283	1.4
15	São Tomé & Príncipe	31	*	1.0	14	Ecuador	30	460	1.3

* Data not available.

	ALL STATES	CALIFORNIA	FLORIDA	NEW YORK	TEXAS
	<u>% of Students</u>	<u>% of Students</u>	<u>% of Students</u>	<u>% of Students</u>	<u>% of Students</u>
Full-Time*	84.1	91.2	89.5	93.0	87.7
Part-Time	15.9	8.8	10.5	7.0	12.3
Total Students	45,167	8,889	2,192	2,600	2,945
	<u>% Student-Weeks</u>	<u>% Student-Weeks</u>	<u>% Student-Weeks</u>	<u>% Student-Weeks</u>	<u>% Student-Weeks</u>
Full-Time	89.4	94.7	91.5	93.3	90.1
Part-Time	10.6	5.3	8.5	6.7	9.9
Total Student-Weeks	636,522	112,940	33,992	27,352	43,191

* Full-time enrollment is 18 or more class hours per week.

39 IEP STUDENTS AND STUDENT-WEEKS BY ENROLLMENT STATUS FOR SELECTED STATES, 2006

<u>% of Students Intending Further Study</u>	<u># of Programs</u>	<u>Average # of Students Per Program</u>	<u>Total Students All Programs</u>	<u>Average # of Student-Weeks Per Program</u>	<u>Total Student-Weeks All Programs</u>
30% or Less	28	271	7,590	2,697	75,523
31% to 60%	62	339	21,044	4,601	285,250
61% or Greater	66	180	11,882	2,782	183,594
All Reporting Programs*	156	260	40,516	3,490	544,367
All Programs	170	266	45,167	3,744	636,522

*14 programs did not provide data on students intending further study.

40 IEP STUDENTS AND STUDENT-WEEKS BY PERCENTAGE OF STUDENTS INTENDING TO CONTINUE FURTHER (NON-IEP) STUDY IN THE U.S., 2006

	<u>Reporting Programs</u>	<u>Total Students</u>	<u>Students Taking Fewer Than 18 Hours</u>	<u>Students Taking 18 Hours or More</u>	<u>Total Student-Weeks</u>	<u>Student-Weeks With Fewer Than 18 Hours</u>	<u>Student-Weeks With 18 Hours or More</u>
Program Type							
Independent for-profit affiliated by contract with an institution of higher education	39	8,278	209	8,235	124,872	1,695	123,177
Independent for-profit not affiliated by contract with an institution of higher education	21	9,043	1,611	7,625	86,434	9,407	77,027
Independent not-for-profit affiliated by contract with an institution of higher education	7	4,525	638	3,974	98,258	11,728	86,530
Independent not-for-profit not affiliated by contract with an institution of higher education	5	1,418	118	1,331	21,290	1,329	19,961
Private college- or university-governed	34	6,350	827	5,338	84,464	13,156	71,308
Public college- or university-governed	64	15,553	2,764	12,497	221,204	30,106	191,098
ALL PROGRAMS	170	45,167	6,167	39,000	636,522	67,421	569,101
Affiliation							
AAIEP Only	49	13,241	2,732	10,399	166,612	23,011	133,152
UCIEP Only	7	2,161	490	1,562	32,202	7,690	23,255
Both AAIEP & UCIEP	17	9,484	575	9,105	170,494	8,009	166,666
Neither	97	20,281	2,370	17,934	267,214	28,711	246,028
ALL PROGRAMS	170	45,167	6,167	39,000	636,522	67,421	569,101
41 IEP STUDENTS AND STUDENT-WEEKS BY PROGRAM TYPE AND AFFILIATION, 2006							

M E T H O D O L O G Y

I N T H I S S E C T I O N

T A B L E		P A G E
Table 42	Place of Origin Codes by World Region	96
Table 43	Field of Study Codes	98
Table 44	Institutions Surveyed and Response Rates: International Student Census, Selected Years 1964/65 – 2006/07	101
Table 45	Response Rate for Individual Variables: International Student Census, 1997/98 – 2006/07	102
Table 46	Response Rate for Individual Variables: Study Abroad Survey, 1996/97 – 2005/06	102
Table 47	Response Rate for Individual Variables: International Scholar Survey, 1997/98 – 2006/07	102
Table 48	Response Rate for Individual Variables: Intensive English Program Survey, 2006	103

ABOUT
THE
SURVEY

History of the Census

Since its founding in 1919, the Institute of International Education (IIE) has conducted an annual census of international students in the United States. For the first 30 years, IIE and the Committee on Friendly Relations Among Foreign Students carried out this effort jointly. IIE's first independent publication of the results of the annual census was *Education for One World*, containing data for the 1948/49 academic year. It was renamed the *Open Doors Report on International Educational Exchange* in 1954/55, and began receiving support from the Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs in USIA (now part of the U.S. Department of State) in the early 1970s. *Open Doors* has long been regarded as a comprehensive source for basic trends in international students, international scholars, and international students in Intensive English Programs in the U.S., as well as U.S. students studying abroad.

Country Classification System

The classification of places of origin into regional groupings that is used throughout this report is based primarily on the Department of State's definitions of world regions and states¹ (see Table 42). Beginning with *Open Doors 2006*, a few changes were made to the classification of world regions: the Eastern and Western Europe sub-regions were collapsed into a single Europe category

¹ See www.state.gov for more information.

1000	AFRICA	1515	Gambia
1100	Eastern Africa	1520	Ghana
1115	Burundi	1525	Guinea
1120	Comoros	1530	Guinea-Bissau
1105	Djibouti	1540	Liberia
1195	Eritrea	1545	Mali
1125	Ethiopia	1550	Mauritania
1130	Kenya	1555	Niger
1135	Madagascar	1560	Nigeria
1140	Malawi	1570	Senegal
1145	Mauritius	1575	Sierra Leone
1150	Mozambique	1565	St. Helena
1155	Reunion	1580	Togo
1165	Rwanda		
1170	Seychelles		
1175	Somalia		
1180	Tanzania		
1185	Uganda		
1190	Zambia		
1160	Zimbabwe		
1200	Central Africa	2000	ASIA
1210	Angola	2100	East Asia
1220	Cameroon	2110	China
1230	Central African Republic	2130	Hong Kong
1240	Chad	2140	Japan
1250	Congo	2150	Korea, North
1290	Congo/Zaire, Former	2160	Korea, South
1260	Equatorial Guinea	2170	Macao
1270	Gabon	2180	Mongolia
1280	São Tomé & Príncipe	2120	Taiwan
1300	North Africa	2200	South & Central Asia
1310	Algeria	2205	Afghanistan
1330	Egypt	2210	Bangladesh
1340	Libya	2215	Bhutan
1350	Morocco	2220	India
1370	Sudan	2260	Kazakhstan
1380	Tunisia	2265	Kyrgyzstan
1400	Southern Africa	2225	Maldives
1410	Botswana	2230	Nepal
1420	Lesotho	2235	Pakistan
1430	Namibia	2245	Sri Lanka
1440	South Africa	2270	Tajikistan
1450	Swaziland	2250	Turkmenistan
1500	Western Africa	2255	Uzbekistan
1510	Benin	2300	Southeast Asia
1585	Burkina Faso	2305	Brunei
1505	Cape Verde	2320	Cambodia
1535	Côte d'Ivoire/Ivory Coast	2370	East Timor
		2315	Indonesia
		2325	Laos
		2330	Malaysia
		2310	Myanmar
		2335	Philippines
		2345	Singapore

2350	Thailand	3192	Slovenia
2360	Vietnam	3280	Spain
		3283	Sweden
3000	EUROPE	3286	Switzerland
3110	Albania	3288	Turkey*
3203	Andorra	3182	Ukraine
3189	Armenia	3290	United Kingdom
3206	Austria	3240	Vatican City/Holy See
3174	Azerbaijan	3190	Yugoslavia, Former**
3181	Belarus		
3210	Belgium	4000	LATIN AMERICA
3193	Bosnia & Herzegovina	4100	Caribbean
3120	Bulgaria	4155	Anguilla
3191	Croatia	4151	Antigua & Barbuda
3125	Cyprus*	4103	Aruba
3131	Czech Republic	4105	Bahamas
3213	Denmark	4110	Barbados
3183	Estonia	4152	British Virgin Islands
3220	Finland	4115	Cayman Islands
3223	France	4120	Cuba
3188	Georgia	4191	Dominica
3226	Germany	4125	Dominican Republic
3233	Gibraltar	4192	Grenada
3236	Greece	4130	Guadeloupe
3150	Hungary	4135	Haiti
3243	Iceland	4140	Jamaica
3246	Ireland	4160	Martinique
3250	Italy	4153	Montserrat
3142	Kosovo	4170	Netherlands Antilles
3184	Latvia	4154	St. Kitts & Nevis
3253	Liechtenstein	4193	St. Lucia
3185	Lithuania	4194	St. Vincent & the Grenadines
3256	Luxembourg	4180	Trinidad & Tobago
3194	Macedonia	4185	Turks & Caicos Islands
3260	Malta	4200	Central America & Mexico
3187	Moldova	4210	Belize
3263	Monaco	4230	Costa Rica
3197	Montenegro	4240	El Salvador
3266	Netherlands	4250	Guatemala
3270	Norway	4260	Honduras
3160	Poland	4270	Mexico
3273	Portugal	4280	Nicaragua
3170	Romania	4290	Panama
3186	Russia	4300	South America
3276	San Marino	4305	Argentina
3172	Serbia	4310	Bolivia
3132	Slovakia	4315	Brazil

and Turkey and Cyprus, which were previously classified in the Middle East, were reclassified in the Europe category.

Fields of Study

The fields of study used in this book are from *A Classification of Instructional Programs, 2000*, published by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) of the U.S. Department of Education. See Table 43 for a list of major fields of study. In addition to the CIP 2000 codes, IIE created a separate category for Intensive English Programs. Optional Practical Training has been listed as a separate IIE category since *Open Doors 2005*.

Carnegie Classification System

Since *Open Doors 2004* IIE has used the 2000 Carnegie Classifications for institutional type.³ Prior to 2004, IIE used the 1994 codes. Due to the Carnegie Foundation's revision of its Carnegie Classifications, some institutions were reclassified into different institutional categories. As a result, comparison to previous editions of *Open Doors* cannot always be made.⁴

About the Annual Census of International Students

For the purposes of the Census, an international student is defined as an individual who is enrolled for courses at a higher education institution in the United States on a temporary visa, and who is not an immigrant (permanent resident with an I-151 or

² For detailed information about CIP codes, see <http://www.nces.ed.gov/pubs2002/cip2000/>

³ Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching, *The Carnegie Classifications of Institutions of Higher Education, 2000 Edition* Fourth Revision, 2003.

⁴ See <http://www.carnegiefoundation.org/classification/> for a fuller discussion of the Carnegie Classification system.

“Green Card”), a citizen, an illegal alien (undocumented immigrant), or a refugee. Since *Open Doors 2004*, individuals participating in Optional Practical Training (OPT) have been counted separately. These individuals are considered students in the Department of Homeland Security’s Student and Exchange Visitor Information System (SEVIS).

The International Student Census is made available to respondents as a detailed survey downloadable as a Word document on the *Open Doors* website, along with detailed instructions and institutional codes. This year the survey was streamlined into one survey form, replacing the two-part online and downloadable surveys used the previous two years. The Census was administered in Winter 2007 to 2,702 institutions with follow-ups continuing through Summer 2007. Closed institutions and long-term non-respondents were excluded this year. 1,763 institutions responded to the survey for a 65.2% response rate (Table 44). This year’s response rate was obtained through four rounds of mailings, as well as several rounds of e-mail and telephone follow-ups by IIE, with the assistance of NAFSA: Association of International Educators and the American Association of Community Colleges (AACC). A decline in the response rate to *Open Doors* surveys parallels the introduction of other campus-based data collection on international enrollments, in particular the phasing in of mandatory campus reporting to the U.S. Department of Homeland Security’s Student Exchange Visitor Information System (SEVIS). When compared with SEVIS totals that have been adjusted for differences in the data collection schedule and

4320	Chile
4325	Colombia
4330	Ecuador
4335	Falkland Islands
4340	French Guiana
4345	Guyana
4350	Paraguay
4355	Peru
4360	Suriname
4365	Uruguay
4370	Venezuela

2400 MIDDLE EAST

2405	Bahrain
2415	Iran
2420	Iraq
2425	Israel
2430	Jordan
2435	Kuwait
2440	Lebanon
2445	Oman
2443	Palestinian Authority
2450	Qatar
2455	Saudi Arabia
2460	Syria
2470	United Arab Emirates
2485	Yemen

5000 NORTH AMERICA

5110	Bermuda
5120	Canada

6000 OCEANIA

6110	Australia
6120	New Zealand
6210	Cook Islands
6215	Fiji
6220	French Polynesia
6225	Kiribati
6227	Marshall Islands
6260	Micronesia
6230	Nauru
6235	New Caledonia
6250	Niue
6255	Norfolk Island
6263	Palau
6240	Papua New Guinea
6280	Samoa
6205	Solomon Islands
6270	Tonga
6271	Tuvalu
6245	Vanuatu
6275	Wallis & Futuna

7000 ANTARCTICA

9999 UNKNOWN

Note: New code for Montenegro added this year.
 * Cyprus and Turkey were previously classified in the Middle East category but were reclassified in the Europe category in 2005/06.
 ** Some students still reported under former country classifications.

42 (cont'd) PLACE OF ORIGIN CODES BY WORLD REGION

AGRICULTURE

01	Agriculture, Agriculture Operations, and Related Sciences
03	Natural Resources and Conservation

ARCHITECTURE AND RELATED PROGRAMS

04	Architecture and Related Services
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AREA, ETHNIC, CULTURAL, AND GENDER STUDIES

05	Area, Ethnic, Cultural, and Gender Studies
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BUSINESS MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES

52	Business, Management, Marketing, and Related Support Services
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COMMUNICATIONS

09	Communication, Journalism, and Related Programs
10	Communication Technologies/Technicians and Support Services

43 FIELD OF STUDY CODES

COMPUTER AND INFORMATION SCIENCES

11 Computer and Information Sciences and Support Services

PERSONAL AND CULINARY SERVICES

12 Personal and Culinary Services

EDUCATION

13 Education

ENGINEERING

14 Engineering

15 Engineering Technologies/Technicians

FOREIGN LANGUAGES AND LITERATURE

16 Foreign Languages, Literatures, and Linguistics

HEALTH

51 Health Professions and Related Clinical Services

HOME ECONOMICS

19 Family and Consumer Sciences/Human Sciences

LAW AND LEGAL STUDIES

22 Legal Professions and Studies

ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE/LETTERS

23 English Language and Literature/Letters

LIBERAL/GENERAL STUDIES

24 Liberal Arts and Sciences and General Studies

LIBRARY SCIENCES

25 Library Sciences

LIFE SCIENCES

26 Biological and Biomedical Sciences

MATHEMATICS

27 Mathematics and Statistics

MILITARY TECHNOLOGIES

28 R.O.T.C. (Reserve Officer Training Corps)

29 Military Technologies

MULTI/INTERDISCIPLINARY STUDIES

30 Multi/Interdisciplinary Studies

PARKS, RECREATION, LEISURE, AND FITNESS STUDIES

31 Parks, Recreation, Leisure, and Fitness Studies

PHILOSOPHY AND RELIGIOUS STUDIES

38 Philosophy and Religious Studies

39 Theology and Religious Vocations

PHYSICAL SCIENCES

40 Physical Sciences

41 Science Technologies/Technicians

43 (cont'd) FIELD OF STUDY CODES

response categories, *Open Doors* figures are closely congruent with those reported by SEVIS.

1,691 institutions (96% of responding institutions) reported enrolling international students in 2006/07 (Table 44). Of these, 1,589 institutions (94%) provided detailed information on students' place of origin, field of study, academic level, sex, and other characteristics. Data on academic level was available for almost 100% of the institutions. For other key variables – visa status, field of study, gender, place of origin, and enrollment status – the response rate was over 90%. Response rates for primary source of funding and marital status were 53% and 38%, respectively (Table 45).

About the U.S. Study Abroad Survey

The U.S. study abroad population is defined as U.S. citizens and permanent residents, enrolled for a degree at an accredited higher education institution in the U.S., who received academic credit for study abroad from their home institution upon their return. Students studying abroad without receiving academic credit are not included, nor are U.S. students enrolled for a degree overseas. Hence, the figures presented here give a conservative picture of U.S. study abroad activity.

Data for the Study Abroad Survey lags one year behind International Students Census data due to the time required for credit transfer to take place.

The Study Abroad Survey was made available to respondents as a downloadable Word document accompanied by detailed instructions and institutional codes on the *Open*

Doors website. The survey was administered in Spring and Summer 2007. Study abroad data was obtained from 973 or 70% of the 1,387 institutions surveyed. As with the International Student Census, closed institutions and long-term non-respondents were excluded this year. The improved response rate this year is the result of our mailings, and four rounds of phone and e-mail follow-ups, conducted by IIE with assistance from the NAFSA Education Abroad Data Collection Sub-Committee and the American Association of Community Colleges (AACCC).

Most of the institutions provided detailed information about the characteristics of the students (Table 46). The proportion of institutions that gave breakdowns for individual variables ranged from 57.8% for race/ethnicity to 97.9% for host destination.

Study abroad participation rates The undergraduate participation rate is a proxy estimate of the proportion of students in two- or four-year cohorts that go through a study abroad experience at least once during their academic careers. Undergraduate completions data from the U.S. Department of Education's Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) are used to calculate the undergraduate participation rates. The participation rate is calculated by dividing the total number of undergraduates who studied abroad in a given year (as reported in the Study Abroad survey), by the total number of undergraduate completions (from IPEDS). Due to various factors, such as students studying abroad more than once, students dropping out before graduation (non-completions), and differing cohort sizes from year

PSYCHOLOGY	
42	Psychology
SECURITY AND PROTECTIVE SERVICES	
43	Security and Protective Services
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND SOCIAL SERVICE PROFESSIONS	
44	Public Administration and Social Service Professions
SOCIAL SCIENCES AND HISTORY	
45	Social Sciences
54	History
TRADE AND INDUSTRIAL	
46	Construction Trades
47	Mechanic and Repair Technologies/Technicians
48	Precision Production
49	Transportation and Materials Moving
VISUAL AND PERFORMING ARTS	
50	Visual and Performing Arts
RESIDENCY PROGRAMS	
60	Residency Programs
UNDECLARED	
90	Undeclared
OPTIONAL PRACTICAL TRAINING	
95*	Optional Practical Training
INTENSIVE ENGLISH	
96*	Intensive English
* IIE code	
Source: National Center for Education Statistics, <i>Classification of Instructional Programs, 2000</i> (Washington, D.C.: NCES, 2001). Web address: www.nces.ed.gov/pubs2002/cip2000/ .	
43 (cont'd) FIELD OF STUDY CATEGORY CODES	

to year, participation rates may exceed 100%. The IPEDS data used lags one year behind the *Open Doors* data because the corresponding year is not available at the time of analysis, data release, and publication.

About the International Scholar Survey

For the purposes of this survey, international scholars are defined as non-immigrant, non-student academics (i.e., teachers and/or researchers) at U.S. doctoral degree-granting

institutions. Scholars may also be affiliated with these institutions for activities such as conferences, colloquia, observations, or consultations. The survey is limited to doctoral degree-granting institutions where most J visa scholars are based, and does not include scholars affiliated with public or private institutes or think tanks. This web-based survey captured data for the period beginning on July 1, 2006 and ending June 30, 2007. Institutions were asked to report on the pri-

Year	Institutions Surveyed	Institutions w/ Int'l Students	Institutions w/o Int'l Students	Total Responding Institutions	% Response
1964/65	2,556	1,859	434	2,293	89.7
1969/70	2,859	1,734	265	1,999	69.9
1974/75	3,085	1,760	148	1,908	61.8
1979/80	3,186	2,651	299	2,950	92.6
1984/85	2,833	2,492	274	2,766	97.6
1989/90	2,891	2,546	294	2,840	98.2
1990/91	2,879	2,543	241	2,784	96.7
1991/92	2,823	2,436	228	2,646	94.4
1992/93	2,783	2,417	166	2,583	92.8
1993/94	2,743	2,451	163	2,614	95.3
1994/95	2,758	2,517	167	2,684	97.3
1995/96	2,715	2,403	176	2,579	95.7
1996/97	2,732	2,428	185	2,613	95.6
1997/98	2,726	2,394	177	2,571	94.3
1998/99	2,708	2,446	142	2,588	95.6
1999/00	2,696	2,367	126	2,493	92.5
2000/01	2,699	2,344	120	2,464	91.3
2001/02	2,697	2,284	100	2,384	88.4
2002/03	2,697	2,307	113	2,420	90.0
2003/04	2,685	2,225	118	2,345	87.3
2004/05	2,898	1,958	84	2,042	70.5
2005/06	2,877	1,913	91	2,004	69.7
2006/07	2,702	1,691	71	1,763	65.2

44 INSTITUTIONS SURVEYED AND RESPONSE RATES: INTERNATIONAL STUDENT CENSUS, SELECTED YEARS, 1964/65 – 2006/07

Variable	1997/98 %	1998/99 %	1999/00 %	2000/01 %	2001/02 %	2002/03 %	2003/04 %	2004/05 %	2005/06 %	2006/07 %
Academic Level	84.7	82.7	82.7	85.4	88.1	83.5	90.9	99.8	99.9	98.7
Enrollment Status	71.8	75.9	72.2	79.3	78.6	74.0	79.5	91.8	91.9	93.2
Gender	81.3	79.4	75.2	81.3	81.9	75.6	86.4	92.6	92.9	93.5
Marital Status	45.9	42.5	40.3	41.7	38.3	36.3	40.5	41.2	40.3	37.9
Visa Status	75.1	76.0	73.8	79.2	81.0	73.1	78.8	93.6	93.9	96.7
Source of Funds	40.3	38.9	39.0	41.9	40.0	36.9	43.3	51.2	48.9	52.5
Field of Study	80.3	79.0	74.6	81.3	82.9	78.7	87.8	93.2	99.8	95.9
Place of Origin	83.0	80.9	75.8	83.6	84.9	82.0	84.5	99.6	91.7	93.4
Total Reported	481,280	490,933	514,723	547,867	582,996	586,323	572,509	565,039	564,766	582,984

45 RESPONSE RATE FOR INDIVIDUAL VARIABLES: INTERNATIONAL STUDENT CENSUS, 1997/98 – 2006/07

mary function of the scholars (research, teaching, both, or other); place of origin; academic field of specialization; gender; and visa status. Responses were received from 242 of the 353 institutions polled, for a response rate of 69%, slightly lower than last year's rate of 71%. The response rate was

obtained through four rounds of mailings and e-mail and telephone follow-ups.

Most institutions reporting international scholars in 2006/07 were able to provide detailed information on the characteristics of their scholars (Table 47). The proportion of

institutions that provided breakdowns for individual variables ranged from 92.6% for immigration (visa) status to 86.8% for gender.

About the Intensive English Program Survey

IIE and two leading professional intensive English program (IEP) associations, the American Association of Intensive English Programs (AAIEP) and University and College Intensive English Programs (UCIEP), collaborated to collect national data on IEP activity in the U.S. The survey reflects student enrollments during the 2006 calendar year (January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2006). Reporting institutions include university and college-affiliated programs as well as for-profit entities that offer English language training. Data elements in this survey include place

of origin, program sponsorship, percentage of students intending to continue further (non-IEP) study in the U.S., and program duration (18 hours or more, fewer than 18 hours). Both total student enrollment and total

“student-weeks” (one student studying for one week) are captured.

Non-AAIEP and non-UCIEP programs were also invited to participate in the survey. These programs were taken from IIE's *Intensive English USA 2007* directory.

Variable	1996/97 %	1997/98 %	1998/99 %	1999/00 %	2000/01 %	2001/02 %	2002/03 %	2003/04 %	2004/05 %	2005/06 %
Academic Level	78.5	78.1	79.2	82.5	83.1	80.2	62.2	95.7	95.5	99.9
Gender	75.1	75.9	76.3	81.0	80.3	80.2	78.2	85.2	85.1	89.3
Race/Ethnicity	40.9	42.6	44.8	45.7	50.3	47.7	57.2	54.8	54.4	57.8
Major Field of Study	62.8	65.1	65.6	75.1	80.5	77.6	55.3	84.8	84.1	88.4
Host Destination	88.4	80.6	86.3	92.2	91.4	91.0	86.3	95.4	97.3	97.9
Program Sponsorship	88.7	86.2	87.2	91.0	89.6	90.0	67.4	93.5	91.8	95.1
Duration	89.8	85.9	89.5	92.5	92.1	93.0	69.9	96.5	95.6	97.5
Total Reported	99,448	113,959	129,770	143,590	154,168	160,920	174,629	191,321	205,983	223,534

46 RESPONSE RATE FOR INDIVIDUAL VARIABLES: STUDY ABROAD SURVEY, 1996/97 – 2005/06

Variable	1997/98 %	1998/99 %	1999/00 %	2000/01 %	2001/02 %	2002/03 %	2003/04 %	2004/05 %	2005/06 %	2006/07 %
Primary Function	69.2	81.9	67.7	76.9	70.3	57.4	78.3	79.2	77.2	88.0
Visa Status	84.2	94.8	70.4	85.5	76.7	66.1	89.6	98.8	100.0	92.6
Gender	80.2	82.9	64.8	79.4	70.8	58.0	89.6	87.8	88.1	86.8
Major Field of Specialization	84.0	87.8	65.9	78.9	67.3	56.1	68.8	81.9	86.7	88.0
Place of Origin	83.6	88.9	94.5	82.3	71.7	63.6	77.4	90.9	91.9	88.8
Total Reported	65,494	70,501	74,571	79,651	86,015	84,281	82,905	89,634	96,981	98,239

47 RESPONSE RATE FOR INDIVIDUAL VARIABLES: INTERNATIONAL SCHOLAR SURVEY, 1997/98 - 2006/07

In all, 606 programs were contacted by e-mail and returns were obtained from 170 programs for an overall response rate of 28%, a slight increase over last year's rate of 27%. The response rate was obtained through three e-mail follow-ups, as well as reminders sent out by the two associations to their members. As with the other surveys, not all programs were able to provide data for every variable; responses ranged from 100% for total number of students to 91.8% for percent of students pursuing further study (Table 48).

Imputation and Estimation

Throughout this publication, total international student enrollments, U.S. study abroad totals, international scholar totals, IEP totals, and the various percentages herein are calculated directly from campus-based survey responses. Other student counts are determined by imputation, since not all campuses are able to provide detailed breakdowns for all variables, such as place of origin, field of study, etc. Estimates of the number of students for each of the variables collected by the various surveys are imputed from the total number of students reported. For each imputation, base or raw counts are

multiplied by a correction factor that reflects the ratio of difference between the sum of the categories being imputed and the total number of students reported by institutions. For this reason, student totals may vary slightly within this publication. For example, differences exist between the sum of the undergraduate and graduate breakdowns by place of origin in Table 2 and the "official" undergraduate and graduate breakdowns in Table 4. While most institutions report academic level breakdowns by place of origin, others are unable to do so. *Open Doors* does not adjust further for this discrepancy, and uses the overall

Variable	# of Reporting Programs	% of Reporting Programs
Total Number of Students	170	100.0
Total Number of Student-Weeks	168	98.8
Number of Students by Place of Origin	167	98.2
Number of Student-Weeks by Place of Origin	159	93.5
Duration of Study, Number of Students	166	97.6
Duration of Study, Number of Student-Weeks	163	95.9
Percent of Students Pursuing Further Study	156	91.8
Program Type	168	98.8

48 RESPONSE RATE FOR INDIVIDUAL VARIABLES: INTENSIVE ENGLISH PROGRAM SURVEY, 2006

academic level breakdowns, not the academic level by place of origin, as the basis for calculating changes from year to year and for analyses. In addition, due to rounding, percentages may not always add up to 100.0% (regardless of whether or not numbers are imputed).

The data collection methodology was designed to produce stable, national estimates of international education activity. Analysis for units that reflect relatively small numbers of students (such as certain places of origin, fields of study, sources of financial support), and especially those that are cut by other variables, may reflect greater error variation than variables with a larger response base. In addition, to account for potential instability in annual institution-level counts, estimates based on counts from the previous reporting year are sometimes used to account for non-reporting institutions who have a history of reporting to the *Open Doors* surveys and whose previous year's figures were not themselves estimated. For International

Students and Study Abroad, these estimates are based upon the prior year's number adjusted by the average percent change among institutions that reported in both the prior and current years. For International Scholars counts, estimates to account for non-reporting campuses are based on numbers reported in the previous year (if available and not estimated itself), with no additional adjustment. Unlike the other survey data presented in this volume, and consistent with past years' practices, no estimates were produced to account for non-reporting in the Intensive English survey. While estimation refinements were made for this edition and will continue to be made for future editions, the general practice of estimating based on previous years' numbers is entirely consistent with past years' *Open Doors* analysis protocols.

In the past, the reporting of students on post-completion Optional Practical Training (OPT) in the International Student Census was optional and left to

each reporting institution. While these students are no longer enrolled in classes, they are still under the visa sponsorship of their (former) school and are reported as such in the Department of Homeland Security's Student and Exchange Visitor Information System (SEVIS). This year, in order to make the reporting of OPT more consistent and to more closely match the data reported to SEVIS, all institutions were asked to break out their students on OPT, and to report them separately. Modest adjustments were made to the OPT data to account for inconsistencies in reporting due to this change.

Please visit us online at <http://opendoors.iienetwork.org/> where you will find additional data tables and special analyses not printed in this report.

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The American Association of Collegiate Registrars and Admissions Officers (AACRAO), the College Board, Council of Graduate Schools and NAFSA: Association of International Educators, serve on the advisory committee for *Open Doors*. NAFSA regional chairs assisted to improve reporting for the surveys. Glenn Cerosaletti, Chair, and the rest of NAFSA's Education Abroad Data Collection Sub-committee, worked tirelessly to improve reporting for the Study Abroad Survey. Judith Irwin, Director of International Programs and Services at the American Association of Community Colleges (AACC), also assisted to improve survey reporting. Rosalind Latiner Raby, Director of California Colleges for International Education (CCIE), provided study abroad data for California community colleges. Jason Baumgartner of Indiana University Bloomington analyzed the economic impact of international students in the U.S. Catherine Serico, Associate Director of Data Management at the College Board, provided the U.S. higher education enrollment data. Jeff Hutcheson,

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Several individuals outside of the Institute assisted throughout the production process. Lenora Komlacevs at DRS Imaging oversaw the data entry. Renée Meyer, of Renée Meyer Graphics, designed the finished product. Jane Cruz and Alan Flint at Automated Graphic Systems assisted with the printing process.

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We hope that *Open Doors* continues to serve as a valuable information resource for higher education professionals, as well as for policy makers, researchers, and others with an interest in academic mobility and international educational exchange.