



# State Report on the Implementation of the Gun- Free Schools Act

U.S. States and Other Jurisdictions  
2018–19 School Year

May 2021



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# **State Report on the Implementation of the Gun- Free Schools Act**

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2018–19 School Year**

**May 2021**

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This report was produced under U.S. Department of Education Contract No. ED-ESE-16-A-0002 by Victoria Stuart-Cassel, Brissa Nuñez, and Youjin Chung of EMT Associates Inc. in collaboration with staff at the American Institutes for Research via the National Center on Safe Supportive Learning Environments (NCSSLE). Earl Myers served as the contracting officer's representative for NCSSLE.

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# EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The federal Gun-Free Schools Act (GFSA) was introduced into law as part of the Improving America's Schools Act of 1994. The federal law requires states funded under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) of 1965 to have a state law in effect that requires local education agencies (LEAs) to expel students for firearm offenses for a period of no less than 1 year. School administrators may modify these expulsions on a case-by-case basis for students with disabilities in compliance with the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA). The GFSA also mandates that states and LEAs enact policies to refer students to the criminal justice system when they are in possession of a firearm on school property. Under the provisions of the GFSA, U.S. public school systems must report any incident when a student brings a firearm to school or is in possession of a firearm on school property. The Gun-Free Schools requirement applies to all 50 states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico; the Bureau of Indian Education (BIE); and the insular areas of American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI), Guam, and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

The Office of Safe and Supportive Schools (OSSS) within the U.S. Department of Education's (Department's) Office of Elementary and Secondary Education (OESE) is responsible for compiling information on firearm offenses. The data collection falls under the Student Support and Academic Enrichment grant program authorized under Title IV, Part A of the ESEA. States submit GFSA data through the Department's *EDFacts* Submission System (ESS), a centralized system for obtaining and validating K–12 performance data for education planning, policymaking, management, and budget decision making. Since the school year (SY) 2015–16 annual data collection, the OSSS has been collaborating with the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) and the National Center on Safe Supportive Learning Environments (NCSSLE) to establish a data quality review and state feedback process to provide technical assistance to state education agencies (SEAs) to help enhance data quality and completeness.

The SY 2018–19 report describes the GFSA quality review process and the results of the initial quality assessment, including a summary of improvements in data submissions resulting from review and feedback to states. The report also summarizes data on firearm incidents for SY 2018–19, including detail on the number of incidents reported by student grade level, weapon type, and disciplinary action resulting from violations of the law. The report presents comparisons to incident counts and rates from previous reporting periods to explore trends in incident rates across time.

## Data Quality Review Process

The SY 2018–19 data collection was the fourth consecutive year that NCSSLE partnered with the OSSS and NCES to review, analyze, and report on implementation of the GFSA and integrate the GFSA data collection into the *EDFacts* Data Management System (DMS). The DMS is a web-based system that allows the Department, Department contractors, and SEA staff to review SEA data submissions, determine appropriate business rules and edits for processing data, communicate about data issues, and view data summary and submission reports. SY 2017–18 was the first year that the GFSA data collection was fully integrated into the DMS. This process involved instituting a formal quality review process, including the application of 18 separate business rules to detect issues related to data completeness and accuracy. The goal of the review process was to strengthen the overall quality and reliability of GFSA data submissions and the quality of information available on student firearm possession in U.S. schools.

Fifty-five states and other jurisdictions submitted all SY 2018–19 reports as part of the GFSA data collection. These included all 50 U.S. states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico; the BIE, and the insular areas Guam and the U.S. Virgin Islands. Two other insular areas—CNMI and American Samoa—participated in one of the three mandatory GFSA data collection components for SY 2018–19.

## Common Types of Data Quality Concerns

The DMS identified 4,937 total errors in the state data submissions (8,359 errors were in the prior school year). Forty-one states or jurisdictions were flagged with one or more issues identified through the data quality review. Fourteen states and jurisdictions—BIE, Delaware, the District of Columbia, Florida, Guam, Hawaii, Indiana, Missouri, Montana, Ohio, Rhode Island, South Dakota, West Virginia, and Wyoming—submitted data files that were free from errors, so no further action was required.

### Timeliness

Five states and outlying areas—the BIE, South Dakota, Utah, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and Vermont—failed to upload one or more data files by the submission deadline. Four states and jurisdictions flagged for timeliness submitted complete files within a few days of the submission deadline, and data from these states and jurisdictions were included in the initial data transfer to NCSSLE. Utah delayed its submission of firearm incident data until midway through the state outreach window,

although files were submitted in time to be reviewed and all data errors were resolved.

## Accuracy

Thirteen business rules were applied to GFSA data submissions to assess for accuracy. Business rules related to accuracy identified different types of potential errors, including internal inconsistencies within data files, discrepancies in data reported across files, or unexpected values requiring further verification. There were 779 data flags in the DMS for errors related to data accuracy. By the conclusion of the state feedback process, only 13 unresolved accuracy errors remained in the final file submissions.

The most common type of error involved inconsistencies between GFSA status reports at the LEA level and GFSA status reports for the schools within those LEAs (G24). For example, districts were flagged when schools within a district reported one or more firearm incidents, but the district reported no offenses. Twenty-four states (44%) experienced these types of accuracy errors. The second most common type of error involved a mismatch between incident counts reported by weapon type and grade level and incident counts reported by discipline method (G5). Eight states (15%) were flagged for these errors.

States also were flagged for inconsistencies in data reports between the previous and current reporting periods. Twelve states (22%) were flagged when the number of student firearm incidents increased by 10 students and 20% from year to year. States were asked to confirm that data reported for the current year were accurate before counts were included in the SY 2018–19 analysis. States often indicated that increased monitoring and surveillance of student behavior at the school level and enhancements to state data reporting systems resulted in changes in incident counts across time. One exception was Illinois. The state was flagged for year-to-year inconsistencies triggered by a substantial increase in incident counts relative to the previous reporting period. Although the *EDFacts* coordinator from Illinois confirmed that the data were accurate, the full analysis showed that incident rates were out of range relative to other states. Subsequent follow-up discussions with the state uncovered a reporting error where incident counts had been artificially inflated by including other weapon types, such as knives. With the magnitude of the error, data reported by Illinois have been systematically excluded from the data tables and exhibits.

## Completeness

Five GFSA business rules were applied during the data quality review process to identify issues concerning completeness of the data reports. GFSA data files were flagged as incomplete when uploaded files were missing certain data elements, such as detail on weapon type, student grade level, or discipline method, or when one or more operational LEAs or schools failed to report their firearm incidents to the SEA. States also were flagged as having an incomplete submission when a GFSA status report indicated

that an LEA had one or more firearm offenses, but no student count was reported.

The DMS generated 4,158 data flags for errors related to completeness. By the conclusion of the state feedback process, only 56 unresolved errors remained. The most common errors related to incomplete data (G14) resulting from states reporting missing or invalid GFSA status reports for operational districts and schools. Errors included misuse of the “no” value option (e.g., states used the “no” value to indicate that no offenses had occurred rather than reporting “yes, with no reported offenses”), as well as overuse of the “not applicable” status. Seventeen states (31%) were flagged for these types of completeness errors. Special school districts, such as career and technical education or alternative programs, that do not report membership, often mistakenly concluded that their schools and districts were exempt from GFSA reporting. This represents an area where further guidance may be needed to clarify reporting expectations. In all, using the DMS to manage the GFSA quality review process helped streamline the review and facilitated communication with states regarding their data quality concerns. Thirty-two states ultimately resubmitted corrected files in response to the team’s request for review, verification, and revision. This contributed to substantial improvement in the overall quality and completeness of firearm incident data reported for U.S. public school systems.

## GFSA Incidence for the United States and Other Jurisdictions: Key Findings

The GFSA report uses data compiled from state GFSA data submissions to assess the prevalence of firearm possession on U.S. public elementary and secondary school campuses. The following information summarizes findings related to the proportion of LEAs nationally that reported any firearm-related incidents in SY 2018–19 compared with SY 2017–18 and SY 2016–17. The discussion includes data on the number of students involved in firearm-related incidents, with detail by student grade level, weapon type, and method of discipline.

### **Districts Reporting Any Firearm Incidents**

The analysis of GFSA incident reports for SY 2018–19 showed that 1,222 operational LEAs across the United States reported having one or more students involved in a firearm incident at school. This excludes data for districts in Illinois. Districts with firearm incidents account for about 6.6% of the 18,455 operational LEAs included in the GFSA analysis sample. This represents an approximate 23% decrease in the proportion of schools with any firearm incidents reported in the previous school year and an 11% decrease from SY 2015–16. The U.S. Virgin Islands was the only reporting jurisdiction in SY 2018–19 with no firearm-related incidents. The number of LEAs with any incident report varied slightly from the number of LEAs submitting GFSA status reports showing any firearm offenses



( $n = 1,227$  versus 1,222) because of inconsistencies in state data reporting across the file types.

The data showed considerable variation in the proportion of LEAs with students involved in firearm offenses. Among states and jurisdictions with more than one operational school district, those with the highest proportion of LEAs reporting any incidents in SY 2018–19 included Florida (59.2%), South Carolina (34.3%), Tennessee (25.2%), Guam (25%), Nevada (23.8%). Four of the five jurisdictions with the highest proportion of districts with firearm offenses reported rates that were consistent with the high rates observed for the SY 2017–18 reporting period. Hawaii and Puerto Rico each operate a single LEA that reported firearm offenses (100%).

### ***Students Involved With Firearm Incidents***

The GFSA analysis also measured the total number of students involved in firearm incidents at the state and LEA levels relative to the size of the enrolled student population. LEAs must report the unduplicated count of students involved in firearm incidents to the SEA by grade level, weapon type, and discipline method for offenses occurring within each 12-month reporting period. To compare counts of firearm incidents across time or geographic areas with different school enrollments, counts are standardized to a rate per 100,000 students enrolled.

In SY 2018–19, 2,894 students brought a firearm to school or were in possession of a firearm on school property. This figure translates to a rate of 5.9 incidents per 100,000 students enrolled. In SY 2017–18, 3,490 students were involved in firearm incidents, which is the equivalent of 6.8 incidents per 100,000 enrolled students. Although rates had been gradually increasing since SY 2015–16, between SY 2017–18 and SY 2018–19, this trend reversed, with the incident rate declining by approximately 13% from 6.8 to 5.9 incidents per 100,000 students.

Considerable variation existed in incident rates across reporting jurisdictions. The highest rates per 100,000 students were reported for Arkansas (25.4 incidents), Louisiana (27.8 incidents), Utah (17.3 incidents), and the District of Columbia (11.7 incidents). States and jurisdictions with the lowest incident rate per 100,000 students included the U.S. Virgin Islands (no incidents), New Jersey (0.43 incidents), Missouri (0.44 incidents), Idaho (0.64 incidents), and Vermont (1.1 incidents). Among the 54 reporting states and jurisdictions with comparative data for both SY 2017–18 and SY 2018–19, 36 states (67%) reported decreases in firearm incidents, 13 states (24%) reported increases, and five jurisdictions (9%)—Alaska, Hawaii, BIE, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands—had no changes in rates across time.

More than half of all students (54%) disciplined for firearm possession in U.S. schools in SY 2018–19 were high school students enrolled in Grades 9–12, and another quarter (24%) were middle school students in Grades 6–8. Elementary school students in Grades K–5 accounted for 13% of all incidents, and students in other and unknown grade levels accounted for the remaining 9%.

Almost half of all students disciplined (51.6%) were in possession of a handgun. Only about 6.6% of recorded incidents involved possession of a rifle or shotgun, and 2% involved more than one category of weapon. Forty percent of the incidents involved other types of firearms, which likely resulted from districts defaulting to use of the “other weapon” category when the type of weapon was not known. The percentage of incidents involving other weapons decreased from 65% in SY 2015–16, suggesting improved accuracy in reporting across time. This issue persists as a data quality concern for both states and districts.

The GFSA data collection also records detailed information on the discipline method applied to students who commit firearm offenses. The SY 2018–19 data collection included 2,894 reported firearm incidents. Information on the discipline method was complete for all states and LEAs. About 52% of the firearm incidents resulted in the student’s expulsion; 40% of the incidents resulted in other disciplinary actions; 3% of the incidents resulted in no disciplinary action; and 4% of the incidents resulted in the student’s removal from school for other reasons, such as withdrawal, death, or incarceration. The analysis also shows substantial variation in the discipline method across states with respect to the percentage of students who were removed from school because of expulsion in accordance with GFSA provisions. More specifically, 16 states reported that 80% or more of all school firearm incidents resulted in the student’s expulsion, compared with 10 states where 80% or more of the incidents resulted in other disciplinary actions or no action taken.

States and other reporting jurisdictions also are required to provide detail on whether each expelled student received alternative education services following a disciplinary action. Under IDEA, all students with disabilities who are expelled for firearm incidents must be provided alternative education placements, whereas non-IDEA students may or may not be eligible depending on the provisions in their state laws or regulations. GFSA firearm incident data shows that U.S. school systems expelled 1,511 students for either bringing a firearm to school or possessing a firearm on school property in SY 2018–19. Seventy-nine percent of all students who were expelled in SY 2018–19 were non-IDEA students, and 21% were students with disabilities. All expelled IDEA students received alternative education services in compliance with the law. Of the 1,199 non-IDEA students expelled from the general education population, 631 students (53%) did not receive alternative education services during the period of expulsion.

The GFSA survey component of the GFSA data collection also requires states to report on their state laws and regulatory requirements regarding the provisions of alternative education services for students involved in firearm incidents. Specifically, the GFSA survey asks state coordinators to report whether districts are encouraged or required to provide alternative education under the provisions in state law. GFSA survey responses show that 32 states and outlying areas (56%) have laws that encourage LEAs to provide alternative education to students expelled for firearm offenses. Fourteen others (25%) require districts

to provide alternative education. The remaining 11 states and insular areas (19%) indicated that alternative education was not addressed in their state statutes or regulations. No state reported any changes to their laws or regulations within the 12-month reporting time frame.

## Summary and Next Steps

The SY 2018–19 data collection was the fourth consecutive year that the Department supported the systematic data quality review, analysis, and reporting of school firearm incident data to monitor implementation of the federal GFSA. The OSSS within the OESE led a collaborative team consisting of NCES and NCSSE to work to strengthen the GFSA reporting infrastructure by instituting a new data quality review and feedback process that is now fully integrated into the DMS. This integration allowed the Department to use DMS functionality when processing GFSA data reports and, ultimately, improve the completeness and accuracy of GFSA data submissions.

This report documents the quality improvement process for the SY 2018–19 data collection. The GFSA data review highlighted substantial improvements in the accuracy and completeness of file submission between the initial and final submission deadlines and between the current and previous reporting years. The review also confirmed that states are continuing to encounter reporting challenges that may limit the reliability and validity of GFSA data reports; therefore, the information on firearm incidents presented in this report should be interpreted with caution. It also should be noted that firearm data reported by districts and schools measure the enforcement of local policy and state and federal law concerning student firearm possession on school campuses.

The data do not capture possible incidents of student firearm possession in schools that go undetected or unreported.

A multiyear analysis of student firearm incidence data from SY 2015–16 through SY 2018–19 indicates that after experiencing a 3-year upward trend in rates of student firearm possession, rates of firearm possession on U.S. school campuses sharply declined between SY 2017–18 and SY 2018–19. This may reflect real changes in rates of firearm possession at the school and district levels or changes in the accuracy and completeness of the reporting of school firearm incidents because of increased federal oversight in data reporting. Future data reports will continue to monitor these trends.

Findings from the analysis also suggest that states may not be fully adhering to federal guidelines with respect to the mandatory 1-year suspension and may be exercising greater discretion with respect to modifying expulsion periods. This may reflect current trends in state policy environments, demonstrating a shift toward the use of alternatives to school expulsion rather than more punitive discipline practices. These strategies are designed to keep students engaged in school and out of the criminal justice system. Notably, less than half of the non-IDEA students who were expelled for firearm violations received alternative education services during the expulsion period. A continued focus on quality improvement of data measuring disciplinary responses to firearm incidents may help guide future educational policy and practice within states. Similarly, efforts to continuously strengthen data system capacity and reliability of information can inform data-driven planning and policymaking concerning the possession of weapons on school campuses and potential threats of gun violence in U.S. schools.

# INTRODUCTION

The federal Gun-Free Schools Act (GFSA) was introduced into law as part of the Improving America's Schools Act of 1994. The federal law requires states funded under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (ESEA) to have a state law in effect that requires local education agencies (LEAs) to expel students for firearm offenses for a period of no less than 1 year. School administrators may modify these expulsions on a case-by-case basis for students with disabilities in compliance with the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act of 2004 (IDEA). The GFSA also mandates that states and LEAs enact policies to refer students to the criminal justice system when they are in possession of a firearm on school property. Under the provisions of the GFSA, U.S. public school systems must report any incident when a student brings a firearm to school or is in possession of a firearm on school property.

The GFSA requirement applies to all 50 states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico; the Bureau of Indian Education (BIE); and the insular areas of American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI), Guam, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. State education agencies (SEAs) must annually submit data to the secretary of education that reports the number of students who were expelled for firearm offenses in schools during the 12-month reporting period.

The Office of Safe and Supportive Schools (OSSS) within the U.S. Department of Education's (Department's) Office of Elementary and Secondary Education (OESE) is responsible for compiling information on firearm offenses. The data collection falls under the Student Support and Academic Enrichment grant program authorized under Title IV, Part A of the ESEA. States submit GFSA data through the Department's *EDFacts* Submission System (ESS), a centralized information management system for

obtaining and validating K–12 performance data for the purposes of education planning, policymaking, management, and budget decision making.

The OSSS has partnered with the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) and the National Center on Safe Supportive Learning Environments (NCSSLE) each year since the school year (SY) 2015–16 reporting period to incorporate the GFSA data collection into the *EDFacts* Data Management System (DMS), which is used to review and process the Department's Common Core of Data. The DMS is a web-based system that allows the Department, Department contractors, and SEA staff to review SEA data submissions, determine appropriate business rules and edits for processing data, communicate about data issues, and view data summary and submission reports. SY 2017–18 was the first year that the GFSA data collection was fully integrated into the DMS. This process involved instituting a formal quality review process, including the application of 18 separate business rules to detect issues related to data completeness and accuracy. The goal of the review process was to strengthen the overall quality and reliability of GFSA data submissions and the quality of information available on student firearm possession in U.S. schools.

The SY 2018–19 report describes the GFSA quality review process and the results of the initial quality assessment, including a summary of improvements in data submissions resulting from review and feedback to states. This report also summarizes data on firearm incidents for SY 2018–19, including detail on the number of incidents reported by student grade level, weapon type, and disciplinary action resulting from violations of the law. The report presents comparisons to incident counts and rates from previous reporting periods to explore trends in incident rates across time.

# GFSA REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Any SEA or LEA that receives funding under ESEA must document the incidence of student involvement with firearms on school grounds as required under the law. For GFSA reporting purposes, the federal law (Title 18 U.S.C. § 921) defines a firearm as follows:

- Any weapon that will expel a projectile by the action of an explosive, or any weapon, frame, or receiver of any such weapon, that is designed to expel, or may readily be converted to expel, a projectile by the action of an explosive
- Any firearm muffler or firearm silencer
- Any destructive device, such as an explosive, incendiary device, or poison gas

The definition of firearm excludes toy guns, cap guns, BB guns, or pellet guns.

GFSA reporting includes three mandatory components. The first component requires SEAs to submit state- and district-level counts of the number of students involved in firearm incidents. The second component requires SEAs to report on levels of local district and school compliance with reporting expectations. The third component involves a survey of state *EDFacts* coordinators regarding implementation of the GFSA in their states. More detailed descriptions of the GFSA data collection components are presented in the sections that follow.

## Students Involved With Firearms (CO86/DG596)

The *Students Involved With Firearms* file records the unduplicated count of students who possessed a firearm on school property, the grade level of the students involved, the type of weapons in the students' possession (i.e., handguns, rifles/shotguns, multiple, or other), and the methods used to discipline students with (IDEA) or without (non-IDEA) disabilities.

## GFSA Reporting Status (C163/DG603)

The *GFSA Reporting Status* files document whether LEAs and schools (a) submitted a GFSA report to the state as required by law and (b) had any firearm offenses reported during the 12-month reporting period. The files include status reports for the universe of operational LEAs and schools. This excludes any future districts or schools or districts or schools with an operational status of closed or inactive. For each LEA and school, the files include one of the following permitted values: (a) one or more students had a firearm offense, (b) no students had a firearm offense, (c) the LEA or school did not submit a report, or (d) the GFSA reporting requirement was “not applicable” to the LEA or school.

## GFSA Survey

The third component of the GFSA data collection is a survey completed by the *EDFacts* coordinator in each state who provides information on each state's GFSA laws and administrative regulations. The GFSA survey is completed in the *EDFacts* Metadata and Process System—an online tool that facilitates SEA reporting of information on state policies, plans, and metadata to aid in the analysis of the data collected. The GFSA survey asks states to document levels of LEA compliance with the law, report whether provisions in the law encourage or require districts to offer alternative education services for expelled students, and report whether the law was amended during the past 12-month reporting period. The survey cannot be completed until the SEA and LEA firearm data files have been submitted and approved through the ESS. GFSA reporting is managed by a federal contractor for the Department that operates the *EDFacts* system.

# INTEGRATION OF THE GFSA INTO THE EDFACTS DATA MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

SY 2018–19 was the fourth consecutive year that NCSSELE partnered with the OSSS and NCES to review, analyze, and report on implementation of the GFSA across the United States and other jurisdictions. This partnership involved instituting a formal quality review process, including the application of a set of business rules to detect issues related to data completeness and accuracy. The goal of this review process is to strengthen the overall quality and reliability of GFSA data submissions. The effort also has focused on formally integrating the GFSA data collection into the DMS to streamline feedback mechanisms, reduce the reporting burden on states, and create greater uniformity of datasets across program offices. This full integration was completed in SY 2018–19.

NCSSELE staff, with support from the Department and NCES, led the GFSA state outreach and quality review process. The team met bimonthly throughout 2019 and 2020 to oversee the DMS integration, including further refining GFSA business rules, establishing timelines and protocols to guide the state outreach process, and structuring communications with states.

For the SY 2018–19 data collection, the deadline for states to submit GFSA firearm data through the ESS was February 5, 2020, and the deadline to submit the GFSA survey was March 2020. The GFSA state outreach process was officially launched on April 22, 2020, when states were formally notified that GFSA data submission had been reviewed, and error flags resulting from the application of business rules were available to view in the DMS. States had a 30-day window to address any outstanding errors or inconsistencies. The NCSSELE review team provided state

EDFacts coordinators with technical assistance throughout the 30-day window to help them address issues flagged for their states. State EDFacts coordinators were encouraged to resubmit files during this period to resolve any errors or explain data irregularities. Any questions or issues raised by states related to data reporting expectations that had not been explicitly addressed in the GFSA file specifications were escalated to the Department program office for review and consideration. The final deadline for states to resubmit corrected files was May 20, 2020. The deadline was extended on a case-by-case basis for states that were actively working with NCSSELE to resolve data errors and reupload data files.

Fifty-five states and other jurisdictions participated in all components of the SY 2018–19 GFSA data collection. All 50 U.S. states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico; the BIE, and the insular areas of Guam and the U.S. Virgin Islands submitted data in compliance with all GFSA reporting requirements. Two insular areas—American Samoa and CNMI—participated in only the GFSA survey.

The GFSA data quality review process involved the application of 18 business rules to detect errors related to completeness and accuracy of school firearms data. Business rules have been refined each year since the quality review process was initiated in SY 2015–16. Exhibit 1 lists each rule and describes the nature of the errors detected. The exhibit also reports the number of errors identified for each rule, the number and percentage of states flagged for each type of error at the time of the initial data submission, and the number of flags remaining after the state feedback process concluded.

**Exhibit 1. Number of errors, and number and percentage of states flagged with errors: By error category and error type, SY 2018–19**

Error name	Error category	Error type	Number of errors	Number of states and jurisdictions	Percentage of states and jurisdictions	Number of remaining errors
<b>All GFSA DMS business rules</b>			<b>4,937</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>75.0</b>	<b>71</b>
G2	Completeness	Insufficient detail for grade and weapon type	162	10	18.0	56
G3	Completeness	Insufficient detail for discipline method (IDEA)	11	2	4.0	0
G4	Completeness	Insufficient detail for discipline method (non-IDEA)	11	3	5.0	0
G5	Accuracy	Inconsistencies in SEA incident counts between weapon/grade level and discipline method	50	8	15.0	0
G6	Accuracy	Unexpected values when compared with prior year's reports (weapon/grade)	27	12	22.0	0
G7	Accuracy	Unexpected values when compared with prior year's reports (discipline)	12	12	22.0	0
G10	Completeness	Missing firearm incident reports for districts reporting one or more offenses	779	4	7.0	2
G12	Accuracy	Inconsistencies between total SEA counts and the sum of LEA counts (weapon/grade)	2	1	2.0	0
G13	Accuracy	Inconsistencies between total SEA counts and the sum of LEA counts (IDEA discipline)	5	4	7.0	0
G14	Completeness	Invalid GFSA status reports ("no" or "not applicable")	3,195	17	31.0	0
G15	Accuracy	Inconsistencies between LEA status reports and LEA incident counts (weapon/grade)	1	1	2.0	0
G16	Accuracy	Inconsistencies between LEA status reports and LEA incident counts	3	1	2.0	0
G17	Accuracy	Inconsistencies between LEA and school status reports (LEAs with offenses)	15	3	5.0	1
G18	Accuracy	Inclusion of nonoperational districts	0	0	0.0	0
G19	Accuracy	Inconsistencies between total SEA counts and the sum of LEA counts (non-IDEA discipline)	1	1	2.0	0
G20	Accuracy	Inconsistencies between LEA status reports and LEA incident counts (weapon/grade level)	16	6	11.0	5
G21	Accuracy	Inconsistencies between LEA status reports and LEA incident counts (discipline method)	17	7	13.0	5
G24	Accuracy	Inconsistencies between LEA and school status reports (LEAs with no offenses)	630	24	44.0	2

Note. Data includes 50 states, the District of Columbia, the BIE, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. Source: U.S. Department of Education, ED<sup>Facts</sup> DMS.

As shown in Exhibit 1, the DMS data quality review identified 4,937 errors in the state data submissions. Forty-one states or jurisdictions were flagged with one or more issues at the start of the review process. Fourteen states or jurisdictions—BIE, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Guam, Hawaii, Indiana, Missouri, Montana, Ohio, Rhode Island, South Dakota, West Virginia, and Wyoming—submitted complete data files with no detectable data quality concerns.

## Timeliness

Five states and outlying areas—the BIE, South Dakota, Utah, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and Vermont—failed to upload one or more data files by the submission deadline. Four states and jurisdictions flagged for timeliness submitted complete files within a few days of the submission deadline, and data from these states and jurisdictions were included in an initial data transfer to NCSSLE. Utah was more delayed in submitting missing GFSA files, although data were eventually uploaded midway through the state outreach window, and all data errors were ultimately resolved.

## Accuracy

Thirteen business rules were applied to GFSA data submissions to assess for accuracy. Business rules related to accuracy identified different types of potential errors, including internal inconsistencies within data files,

discrepancies in data reported across files, or unexpected values requiring further verification. There were 779 data flags generated in the DMS for errors related to data accuracy. By the conclusion of the state feedback process, only 13 unresolved accuracy errors remained in the final file submissions.

The most common type of error involved inconsistencies between GFSA status reports at the LEA level and GFSA status reports for the schools within those LEAs (G24). For example, districts were flagged when schools within a district reported one or more firearm incidents, but the district reported no offenses. Twenty-four states (44%) experienced these types of accuracy errors. The second most common type of error involved a mismatch between incident counts reported by weapon type and grade level and incident counts reported by discipline method (G5). Eight states (15%) were flagged for these types of errors.

States also were flagged for inconsistencies in data reports between the previous and current reporting periods. Twelve states (22%) were flagged when the number of student firearm incidents increased by 10 students and 20% from year to year. In most instances, states confirmed that data reported for the current year were accurate, and counts were included in the SY 2018–19 analysis. States often indicated that increased monitoring and surveillance of student behavior at the school level and enhancements to state data reporting systems resulted in changes in incident counts across time. One exception was Illinois. The state was flagged for year-to-year inconsistencies triggered by a

substantial increase in incident counts relative to the previous reporting period. Although the ED*Facts* coordinator from Illinois confirmed that the data were accurate, the full analysis showed that incident rates were out of range relative to other states. Subsequent discussion with the state uncovered a reporting error, where incident counts had been artificially inflated by including other weapon types, such as knives. With the magnitude of the error, data reported by Illinois have been systematically excluded from the data tables and exhibits.

## Completeness

Five GFSA business rules were applied during the data quality review process to identify issues concerning completeness of the data submissions. GFSA data files were flagged as incomplete when uploaded files were missing certain data elements, such as detail on weapon type, student grade level, or discipline method, or when one or more operational LEAs or schools failed to report their firearm incidents to the SEA. States also were flagged as having an incomplete submission when a GFSA status report indicated that an LEA had one or more firearm offenses, but no student count was reported.

The DMS generated 4,158 data flags for errors related to completeness. By the conclusion of the state feedback process, only 56 outstanding errors for completion remained. The most common errors related to incomplete data (G14) resulted from states reporting missing or invalid GFSA status reports for operational districts and schools. Errors included misuse of the “no” value option (e.g., states used the “no” value to indicate that no offenses had occurred rather than “yes, with no reported offenses”) as well as overuse of the “not applicable” status. Seventeen states (31%) were flagged for these types of completeness errors. Special school districts, such as career and technical education, or alternative programs, that do not report membership, often mistakenly concluded that their schools and districts were exempt from GFSA reporting. This represents an area where further guidance may be needed to clarify reporting expectations.

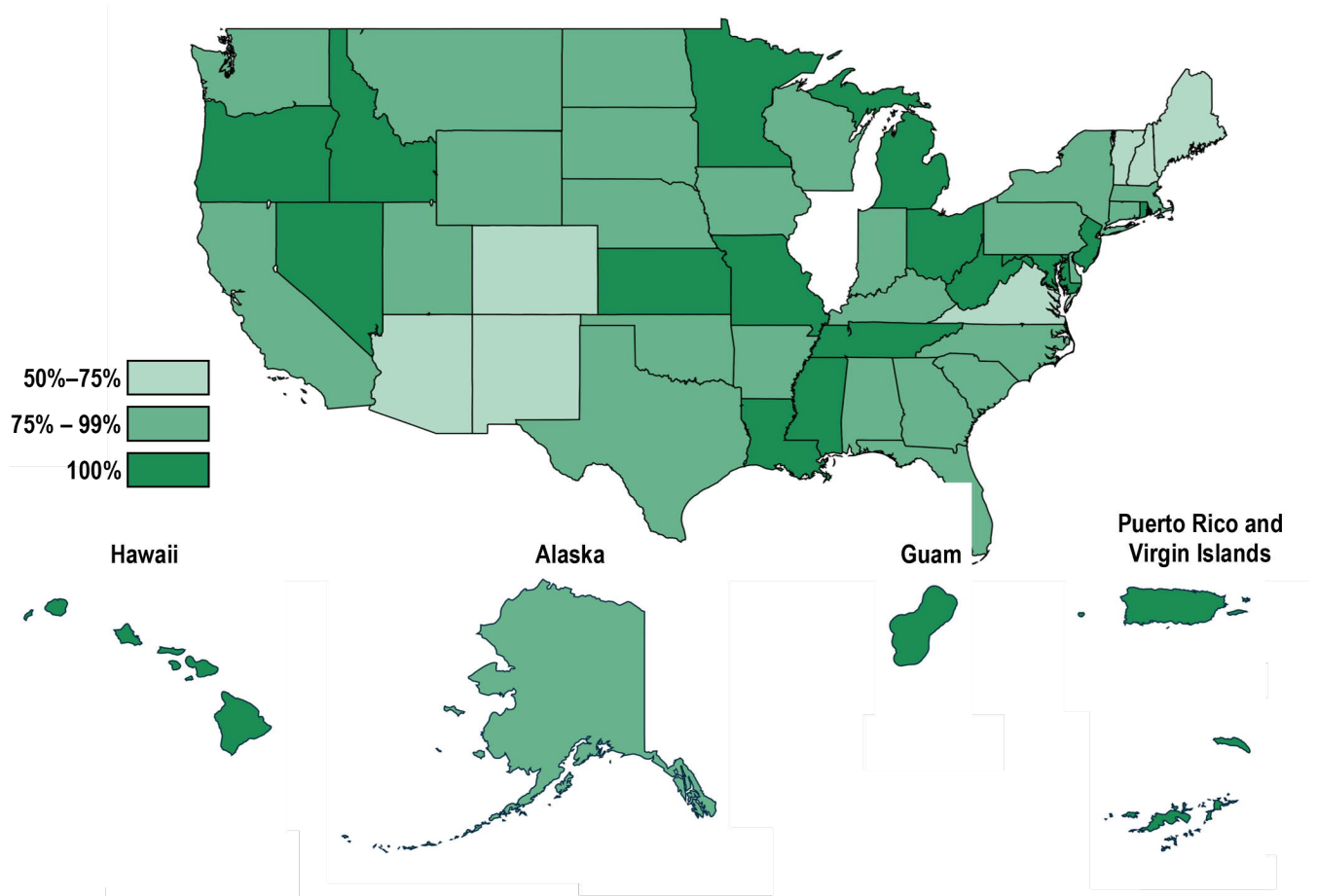
In all, use of the DMS to manage the GFSA quality review process helped streamline the review and facilitated communication with states regarding their data quality concerns. Thirty-two states ultimately resubmitted corrected files in response to the team’s request for review, verification, and revision. This contributed to substantial improvement in overall quality and completeness of firearm incident data reported for U.S. public school systems.

## LEA and School Compliance With Reporting Expectations by State

The *GFSA Reporting Status* is the mandatory component of the GFSA data collection that documents whether (a) LEAs and schools submitted a GFSA report in compliance with federal law and (b) any firearm incidents occurred on their school campuses during the 12-month reporting period. LEAs and schools are expected to submit a response of “yes, with no reported offenses” or “yes, with one or more offenses” to be counted as having a valid report. As noted in the previous section, LEAs and schools may fail to submit a report to the state or indicate that GFSA requirements are not applicable to their school or district. Exhibit 2 depicts the proportion of LEAs within each state that submitted a valid GFSA status report. Exhibits 3 and 4 present detailed data on the total number of operational LEAs and schools nationally and the percentage reporting within each status category for the SY 2018–19 data collection. Compliance rates are based on an analysis of GFSA data submitted by states after receiving feedback through the NCSSE state outreach process.

The data indicate that 18,455 operational LEAs across the United States were represented in the GFSA data collection for SY 2018–19 (Exhibit 3). This excludes 1,056 operational LEAs from Illinois that were removed from the analysis sample. The Department defines “operational” as any district or school with a student enrollment that was open and active during the reporting period, which excludes any future districts or districts that are designated as inactive or closed. Any districts or schools that do not meet the operational criteria are not required to participate in GFSA reporting. Nationally, 16,972 operational LEAs, or 92% of all districts, submitted a valid GFSA report in compliance with the law. Six percent had a missing status report or indicated that the law was “not applicable” to their educational entity. Two percent of the districts failed to submit a GFSA report. Across states and other jurisdictions, the percentage of operational LEAs represented in the data collection with valid GFSA status reports ranged from 55% to 100%. Forty states or jurisdictions achieved reporting compliance among 90% or more of their districts, and 16 states had all districts (100%) reporting. States with lower rates of compliance often had a proportionately high number of status reports submitted as “not applicable.”

**Exhibit 2. Percentage of operational LEAs that submitted a GFSA report indicating “Yes, with reporting of one or more students for an offense” or “Yes, with no reported offenses”: By state or jurisdiction, SY 2018–19**



*Note.* The BIE is not geographically defined, so BIE data are not represented in the map. The percentage for Illinois is not shown because of problems in the data submitted by the state. *Source:* U.S. Department of Education, Office of Elementary and Secondary Education, Discipline File DG603 (2018–19).



**Exhibit 3. Number and percentage of operational LEAs submitting a GFSA report, by response category: By state or jurisdiction, SY 2018–19**

State or jurisdiction	Total operational LEAs	“Yes, with reporting of one or more students for an offense”		“Yes, with no reported offenses”		“No”		“Not applicable” or Missing	
		Number	Percentage of total	Number	Percentage of total	Number	Percentage of total	Number	Percentage of total
<b>Total</b>	<b>18,455</b>	<b>1,222</b>	<b>6.6</b>	<b>15,750</b>	<b>85.3</b>	<b>380</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>1,103</b>	<b>6.0</b>
Alabama	177	12	6.8	127	71.8	0	0.0	38	21.5
Alaska	54	4	7.4	49	90.7	1	1.9	0	0.0
Arizona	705	14	2.0	374	53.0	299	42.4	18	2.6
Arkansas	294	44	15.0	220	74.8	0	0.0	30	10.2
California	2,170	139	6.4	1,971	90.8	0	0.0	60	2.8
Colorado	270	13	4.8	172	63.7	0	0.0	85	31.5
Connecticut	205	13	6.3	183	89.3	0	0.0	9	4.4
Delaware	45	2	4.4	40	88.9	0	0.0	3	6.7
District of Columbia	68	6	8.8	62	91.2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Florida	76	44	57.9	29	38.2	0	0.0	3	3.9
Georgia	232	50	21.6	163	70.3	0	0.0	19	8.2
Hawaii	1	1	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Idaho	167	2	1.2	164	98.2	0	0.0	1	0.6
Illinois	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Indiana	431	41	9.5	376	87.2	0	0.0	14	3.2
Iowa	339	27	8.0	303	89.4	0	0.0	9	2.7
Kansas	311	27	8.7	284	91.3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Kentucky	186	16	8.6	160	86.0	0	0.0	10	5.4
Louisiana	204	40	19.6	162	79.4	0	0.0	2	1.0
Maine	276	6	2.2	183	66.3	23	8.3	64	23.2
Maryland	25	5	20.0	20	80.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Massachusetts	432	16	3.7	390	90.3	0	0.0	26	6.0
Michigan	895	58	6.5	837	93.5	0	0.0	0	0.0
Minnesota	564	16	2.8	548	97.2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Mississippi	155	8	5.2	146	94.2	0	0.0	1	0.6
Missouri	567	4	0.7	560	98.8	0	0.0	3	0.5
Montana	487	9	1.8	394	80.9	0	0.0	84	17.2
Nebraska	279	13	4.7	236	84.6	0	0.0	30	10.8
Nevada	21	5	23.8	16	76.2	0	0.0	0	0.0
New Hampshire	308	7	2.3	185	60.1	0	0.0	116	37.7
New Jersey	687	6	0.9	681	99.1	0	0.0	0	0.0
New Mexico	146	6	4.1	93	63.7	0	0.0	47	32.2
New York	1,057	98	9.3	948	89.7	6	0.6	5	0.5
North Carolina	330	45	13.6	262	79.4	0	0.0	23	7.0
North Dakota	225	7	3.1	169	75.1	49	21.8	0	0.0
Ohio	1,043	31	3.0	1,012	97.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Oklahoma	597	24	4.0	517	86.6	0	0.0	56	9.4
Oregon	222	29	13.1	192	86.5	0	0.0	1	0.5
Pennsylvania	789	16	2.0	706	89.5	0	0.0	67	8.5
Rhode Island	64	1	1.6	63	98.4	0	0.0	0	0.0
South Carolina	102	35	34.3	65	63.7	0	0.0	2	2.0
South Dakota	166	7	4.2	142	85.5	0	0.0	17	10.2
Tennessee	147	37	25.2	110	74.8	0	0.0	0	0.0
Texas	1,226	103	8.4	1,094	89.2	0	0.0	29	2.4
Utah	161	32	19.9	123	76.4	0	0.0	6	3.7
Vermont	235	1	0.4	146	62.1	0	0.0	88	37.4
Virginia	215	26	12.1	108	50.2	0	0.0	81	37.7
Washington	336	39	11.6	274	81.5	0	0.0	23	6.8
West Virginia	57	7	12.3	50	87.7	0	0.0	0	0.0
Wisconsin	463	20	4.3	422	91.1	2	0.4	19	4.1
Wyoming	62	7	11.3	41	66.1	0	0.0	14	22.6
Bureau of Indian Education	174	1	0.6	173	99.4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Guam	4	1	25.0	3	75.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Puerto Rico	1	1	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
U.S. Virgin Islands	2	0	0.0	2	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0

+ Table excludes data for Illinois because of out-of-range values.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, Office of Elementary and Secondary Education, Discipline File DG603 (2018–19).

**Exhibit 4. Number and percentage of operational schools submitting a GFSA report, by response category: By state or jurisdiction, SY 2018-19**

State or jurisdiction	Total operational schools	“Yes, with reporting of one or more students for an offense”		“Yes, with no reported offenses”		“No”		“Not applicable” or Missing	
		Number	Percentage of total	Number	Percentage of total	Number	Percentage of total	Number	Percentage of total
<b>Total</b>	<b>97,014</b>	<b>2,008</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>92,935</b>	<b>95.8</b>	<b>1,131</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>1.0</b>
Alabama	1,682	26	1.5	1,310	77.9	141	8.4	205	12.2
Alaska	506	7	1.4	486	96.0	13	2.6	0	0.0
Arizona	2,351	22	0.9	1,600	68.1	727	30.9	2	0.1
Arkansas	1,081	62	5.7	992	91.8	5	0.5	22	2.0
California	10,730	224	2.1	10,506	97.9	0	0.0	0	0.0
Colorado	1,915	28	1.5	1,872	97.8	0	0.0	15	0.8
Connecticut	1,039	14	1.3	1,008	97.0	0	0.0	17	1.6
Delaware	255	4	1.6	220	86.3	0	0.0	31	12.2
District of Columbia	240	9	3.8	231	96.3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Florida	4,604	120	2.6	4,484	97.4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Georgia	2,385	122	5.1	2,162	90.6	0	0.0	101	4.2
Hawaii	292	13	4.5	279	95.5	0	0.0	0	0.0
Idaho	748	2	0.3	744	99.5	0	0.0	2	0.3
Illinois	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Indiana	1,925	56	2.9	1,869	97.1	0	0.0	0	0.0
Iowa	1,316	39	3.0	1,277	97.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Kansas	1,314	34	2.6	1,280	97.4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Kentucky	1,535	28	1.8	1,507	98.2	0	0.0	0	0.0
Louisiana	1,383	89	6.4	1,280	92.6	4	0.3	10	0.7
Maine	599	7	1.2	532	88.8	60	10.0	0	0.0
Maryland	1,427	7	0.5	1,420	99.5	0	0.0	0	0.0
Massachusetts	1,851	18	1.0	1,828	98.8	0	0.0	5	0.3
Michigan	3,817	73	1.9	3,743	98.1	0	0.0	1	0.0
Minnesota	2,819	18	0.6	2,786	98.8	8	0.3	7	0.2
Mississippi	1,052	9	0.9	1,031	98.0	0	0.0	12	1.1
Missouri	2,451	4	0.2	2,447	99.8	0	0.0	0	0.0
Montana	829	9	1.1	814	98.2	0	0.0	6	0.7
Nebraska	1,081	19	1.8	962	89.0	32	3.0	68	6.3
Nevada	722	21	2.9	699	96.8	0	0.0	2	0.3
New Hampshire	494	7	1.4	477	96.6	0	0.0	10	2.0
New Jersey	2,572	6	0.2	2,566	99.8	0	0.0	0	0.0
New Mexico	882	10	1.1	868	98.4	0	0.0	4	0.5
New York	4,796	162	3.4	4,572	95.3	25	0.5	37	0.8
North Carolina	2,706	92	3.4	2,558	94.5	1	0.0	55	2.0
North Dakota	531	7	1.3	478	90.0	46	8.7	0	0.0
Ohio	3,566	46	1.3	3,520	98.7	0	0.0	0	0.0
Oklahoma	1,807	30	1.7	1,777	98.3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Oregon	1,256	34	2.7	1,222	97.3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Pennsylvania	2,963	18	0.6	2,875	97.0	0	0.0	70	2.4
Rhode Island	329	1	0.3	328	99.7	0	0.0	0	0.0
South Carolina	1,263	63	5.0	1,200	95.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
South Dakota	697	8	1.1	681	97.7	0	0.0	8	1.1
Tennessee	1,862	77	4.1	1,785	95.9	0	0.0	0	0.0
Texas	8,979	143	1.6	8,826	98.3	0	0.0	10	0.1
Utah	1,062	51	4.8	1,009	95.0	0	0.0	2	0.2
Vermont	311	1	0.3	306	98.4	0	0.0	4	1.3
Virginia	2,113	42	2.0	1,846	87.4	67	3.2	158	7.5
Washington	2,445	69	2.8	2,343	95.8	0	0.0	33	1.3
West Virginia	721	11	1.5	708	98.2	0	0.0	2	0.3
Wisconsin	2,256	28	1.2	2,186	96.9	2	0.1	40	1.8
Wyoming	363	7	1.9	355	97.8	0	0.0	1	0.3
Bureau of Indian Education	174	1	0.6	173	99.4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Guam	44	1	2.3	43	97.7	0	0.0	0	0.0
Puerto Rico	847	9	1.1	838	98.9	0	0.0	0	0.0
U.S. Virgin Islands	26	0	0.0	26	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0

+ Table excludes data for Illinois because of out-of-range values.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, Office of Elementary and Secondary Education, Discipline File DG603 (2018–19).

As shown in Exhibit 4, 97,014 operational schools across the United States were represented in the GFSA data collection, excluding schools from Illinois. Compliance with school reporting requirements was relatively high, with 50 states and jurisdictions achieving 90% reporting compliance or greater and 30 (100%) achieving full compliance. The four states with a compliance rate less than 90% were Alabama, Arizona, Delaware, and Virginia.

## Data Limitations

Findings from the quality review and state outreach process for SY 2018–19 show that the systematic review of GFSA data reports in the DMS and the request for states to verify and resubmit corrected data files resulted in substantial improvements in the accuracy and reliability of the GFSA reports, as well as improved state and local compliance with GFSA data reporting requirements. This section of the report also highlighted many of the outstanding issues related to data quality that have implications for the accuracy and interpretability of the data findings. Despite improvements in both completeness and accuracy, the data on firearm incidents presented in the following sections has known limitations related to reliability and validity; the findings should be viewed and interpreted with caution.

# STUDENT FIREARM POSSESSION IN U.S. SCHOOLS

The first section of this report summarized findings from the GFSA data quality review and state feedback process, along with findings related to district and school reporting compliance. This section presents an analysis of the incidence of firearm possession among students on U.S. public elementary and secondary school campuses. It documents the proportion of U.S. school districts that reported any firearm-related incidents in SY 2018–19 compared with the three previous reporting periods (SY 2017–18, SY 2016–17, and SY 2015–16). It also presents data on the number of students involved in firearm-related incidents with detail on student grade level, weapon type, and method of discipline.

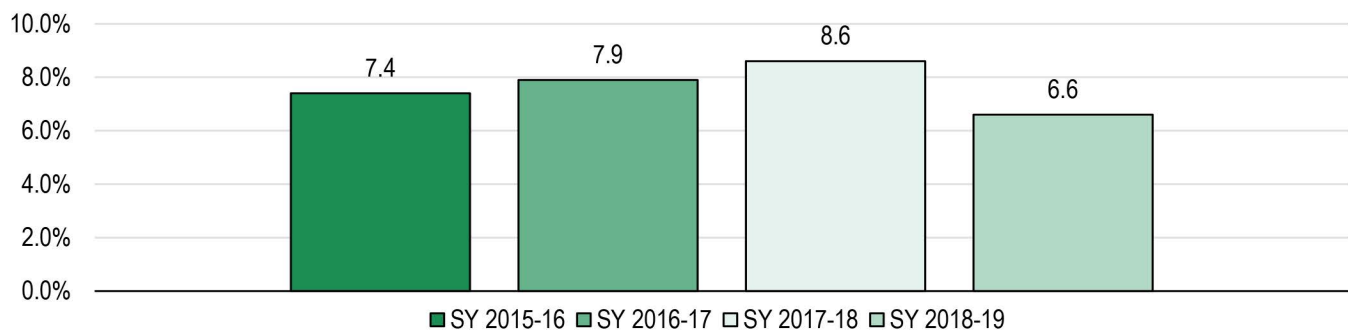
## Districts Reporting Any Firearm Incidents

The analysis of GFSA incident reports for SY 2018–19 showed that 1,227 operational LEAs across the United States reported having one or more students involved in a firearm incident at school. This excludes data for districts in Illinois. (The count of LEAs with any incident report varied slightly from the number of LEAs that submitted GFSA

status reports showing any firearm offenses reported previously ( $n = 1,222$  versus 1,227) because of inconsistencies in state data reporting across files.

Exhibit 5 shows that the number of LEAs with one or more incidents accounts for about 6.6% of the 18,455 operational LEAs included in the GFSA analysis sample. This rate represents an approximate 23% decrease in the proportion of schools with any firearm incidents reported in the previous school year and an 11% decrease from SY 2015–16. The data showed considerable variation across states and jurisdictions in the proportion of LEAs with students involved in firearm offenses. As shown in Exhibit 6, among states with more than one operational school district, those with the highest proportion of LEAs reporting any incidents in SY 2018–19 included Florida (59.2%), South Carolina (34.3%), Tennessee (25.2%), Guam (25%), and Nevada (23.8%). Four of the five jurisdictions with the highest proportion of districts reporting incidents showed rates that were consistent with the high rates observed for the SY 2017–18 reporting period. Hawaii and Puerto Rico each operate a single LEA that reported firearm offenses (100%). The U.S. Virgin Islands was the only reporting jurisdiction in SY 2018–19 with no firearm-related incidents.

**Exhibit 5. Percentage of operational LEAs that reported one or more firearm incidents: SY 2015–16, SY 2016–17, SY 2017–18, and SY 2018–19**



Source: U.S. Department of Education, Office of Elementary and Secondary Education, Students Involved With Firearms (DG596; 2018–19).

**Exhibit 6. Number and percentage of operational LEAs that reported one or more firearm incidents: By state or jurisdiction, SY 2017–18 and SY 2018–19**

State or jurisdiction	SY 2017–18			SY 2018–19		
	Total operational LEAs	Number of LEAs with one or more firearm incidents	Percentage of LEAs with one or more firearm incidents	Total operational LEAs	Number of LEAs with one or more firearm incidents	Percentage of LEAs with one or more firearm incidents
Total	17,014	1,455	8.6	18,455	1,227	6.6
Alabama	138	13	9.4	177	12	6.8
Alaska	54	4	7.4	54	4	7.4
Arizona	671	24	3.6	705	14	2.0
Arkansas	262	55	21.0	294	44	15.0
California	1,027	145	14.1	2,170	139	6.4
Colorado	185	17	9.2	270	13	4.8
Connecticut	203	11	5.4	205	13	6.3
Delaware	43	5	11.6	45	2	4.4
District of Columbia	68	5	7.4	68	6	8.8
Florida	76	37	48.7	76	45	59.2
Georgia	213	54	25.4	232	50	21.6
Hawaii	1	1	100.0	1	1	100.0
Idaho	159	7	4.4	167	2	1.2
Illinois	954	83	8.7	+	+	+
Indiana	403	38	9.4	431	41	9.5
Iowa	333	23	6.9	339	27	8.0
Kansas	290	25	8.6	311	27	8.7
Kentucky	176	18	10.2	186	16	8.6
Louisiana	199	47	23.6	204	40	19.6
Maine	226	6	2.7	276	7	2.5
Maryland	25	6	24.0	25	5	20.0
Massachusetts	406	13	3.2	432	16	3.7
Michigan	889	72	8.1	895	58	6.5
Minnesota	527	24	4.6	564	16	2.8
Mississippi	157	14	8.9	155	8	5.2
Missouri	561	8	1.4	567	4	0.7
Montana	401	12	3.0	487	9	1.8
Nebraska	249	12	4.8	279	13	4.7
Nevada	20	7	35.0	21	5	23.8
New Hampshire	190	10	5.3	308	5	1.6
New Jersey	656	5	0.8	687	6	0.9
New Mexico	150	15	10.0	146	11	7.5
New York	1,005	106	10.5	1,057	98	9.3
North Carolina	292	50	17.1	330	45	13.6
North Dakota	177	12	6.8	225	7	3.1
Ohio	960	41	4.3	1,043	31	3.0
Oklahoma	543	29	5.3	597	24	4.0
Oregon	206	30	14.6	222	29	13.1
Pennsylvania	721	18	2.5	789	16	2.0
Rhode Island	60	0	0.0	64	1	1.6
South Carolina	88	40	45.5	102	35	34.3
South Dakota	150	11	7.3	166	7	4.2
Tennessee	147	33	22.4	147	37	25.2
Texas	1,203	106	8.8	1,226	103	8.4
Utah	150	24	16.0	161	32	19.9
Vermont	212	4	1.9	235	1	0.4
Virginia	134	36	26.9	215	26	12.1
Washington	317	59	18.6	336	39	11.6
West Virginia	55	9	16.4	57	7	12.3
Wisconsin	445	25	5.6	463	20	4.3
Wyoming	59	4	6.8	62	7	11.3
Bureau of Indian Education	174	1	0.6	174	1	0.6
Guam	1	0	0.0	4	1	25.0
Puerto Rico	1	1	100.0	1	1	100.0
Virgin Islands	2	0	0.0	2	0	0.0

+ Table excludes data for Illinois because of out-of-range values.

*Note.* Eight LEAs submitted status reports indicating “yes, with one or more offenses” that did not submit incident counts. In addition, five LEAs submitted incident counts but were missing the GFSA status reports. This creates a discrepancy between the total number of reporting districts in the GFSA status reports and the total number represented in the incident counts. *Source:* U.S. Department of Education, Office of Elementary and Secondary Education, Students Involved With Firearms (DG596; 2018–19).

## Students Involved in Firearm Incidents

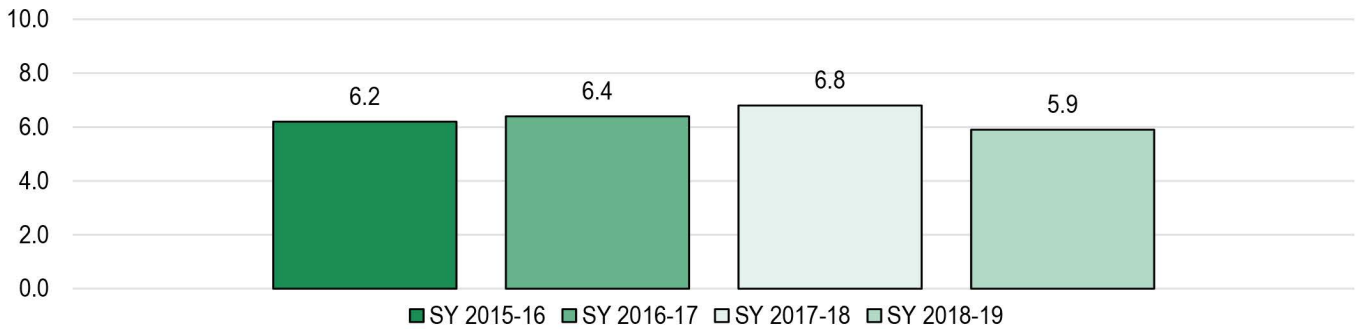
The GFSA analysis also measured the total number of students involved in firearm incidents at the state and LEA levels relative to student enrollment. LEAs must report the unduplicated count of students involved in firearm incidents to the SEA by grade level, weapon type, and discipline method for all student offenses occurring during each 12-month reporting period. To compare counts of firearm incidents across time or geographic areas with different school enrollments, counts are standardized to a rate per 100,000 students enrolled.

In SY 2018–19, 2,894 students brought a firearm to school or were in possession of a firearm on school property. This figure translates to a rate of 5.9 incidents per 100,000 enrolled students, as shown in Exhibit 7. In the previous reporting year, 3,490 students were involved in firearm incidents, or the equivalent of 6.8 incidents per 100,000 enrolled students. Although rates had been gradually increasing since SY 2015–16, between SY 2017–18 and SY 2018–19, the trend reversed, with the incident

rate declining by approximately 13% from 6.8 to 5.9 incidents per 100,000 enrolled students.

Considerable variation existed in incident rates across reporting jurisdictions as shown in Exhibits 8 and 9. The highest rates per 100,000 students were reported for Arkansas (25.4 incidents), Louisiana (27.8 incidents), Utah (17.3 incidents), and the District of Columbia (11.7 incidents). States and jurisdictions with the lowest incident rate per 100,000 students included the U.S. Virgin Islands (no incidents), New Jersey (0.43 incidents), Missouri (0.44 incidents), Idaho (0.64 incidents), and Vermont (1.1 incidents). Among the 54 reporting states and jurisdictions with comparative data for both SY 2017–18 and SY 2018–19, 36 states (67%) reported decreases in firearm incidents, 13 states (24%) reported increases, and five jurisdictions (9%)—Alaska, Hawaii, BIE, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands—had no changes in rates across time.

**Exhibit 7. Number of students as a rate per 100,000 enrolled students found to have brought a firearm to school or possessed a firearm in school: SY 2015–16, SY 2016–17, SY 2017–18, and SY 2018–19**



*Note.* The incident rate reported for SY 2018–19 may not be comparable to previous school years because of the exclusion of incidents from Illinois.  
*Source:* U.S. Department of Education, Office of Elementary and Secondary Education, Students Involved With Firearms (DG596; 2018–19).

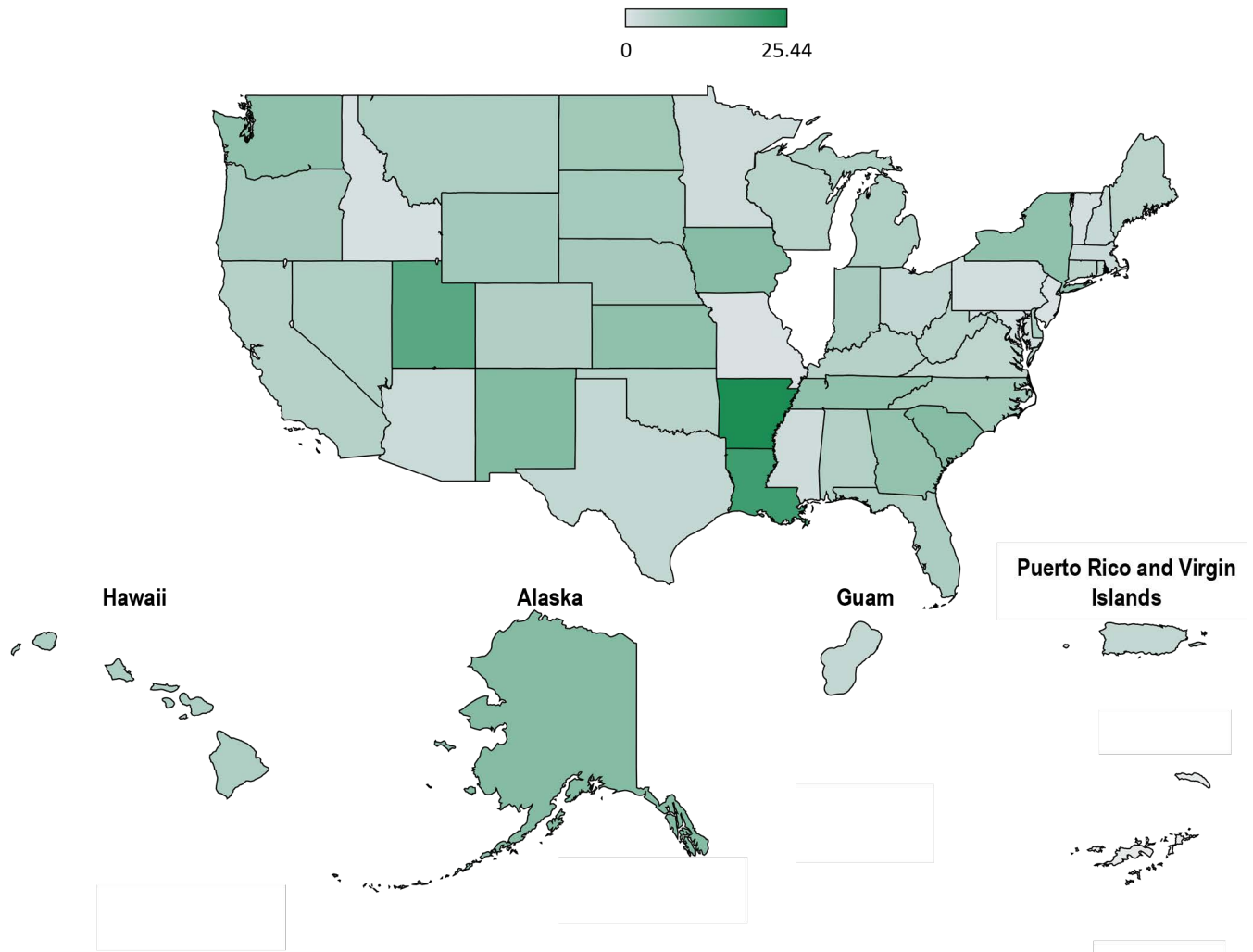
**Exhibit 8. Total enrollment and number of students found to have brought a firearm to school or possessed a firearm in school and rate per 100,000 enrolled students: By state or jurisdiction, SY 2017–18 and SY 2018–19**

State or jurisdiction	SY 2017–18			SY 2018–19		
	Students involved with firearms	Total enrollment	Rate per 100,000 students enrolled	Students involved with firearms	Total enrollment	Rate per 100,000 students enrolled
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,490</b>	<b>51,048,563</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>2,894</b>	<b>49,029,082</b>	<b>5.90</b>
Alabama	40	742,444	5.4	40	739,716	5.41
Alaska	10	132,872	7.5	8	130,963	6.11
Arizona	41	1,110,851	3.7	27	1,141,511	2.37
Arkansas	148	496,085	29.8	126	495,291	25.44
California	376	6,220,413	6.0	310	6,186,278	5.01
Colorado	48	910,280	5.3	51	911,536	5.59
Connecticut	22	531,288	4.1	23	526,634	4.37
Delaware	6	136,293	4.4	8	138,405	5.78
District of Columbia	14	92,266	15.2	11	93,741	11.73
Florida	172	2,832,424	6.1	181	2,846,444	6.36
Georgia	203	1,768,642	11.5	167	1,767,214	9.45
Hawaii	26	180,837	14.4	21	181,278	11.58
Idaho	7	301,186	2.3	2	310,522	0.64
Illinois	190	2,005,153	9.5	+	+	+
Indiana	74	1,054,187	7.0	72	1,055,706	6.82
Iowa	38	512,976	7.4	58	514,833	11.27
Kansas	42	497,088	8.4	50	497,733	10.05
Kentucky	45	680,978	6.6	34	678,133	5.01
Louisiana	179	715,135	25.0	148	711,783	20.79
Maine	6	180,473	3.3	8	180,461	4.43
Maryland	15	893,684	1.7	12	896,827	1.34
Massachusetts	22	964,791	2.3	25	962,297	2.60
Michigan	134	1,516,398	8.8	85	1,504,194	5.65
Minnesota	33	884,944	3.7	18	889,304	2.02
Mississippi	18	478,321	3.8	9	471,298	1.91
Missouri	9	915,472	1.0	4	913,441	0.44
Montana	12	149,474	8.0	9	148,844	6.05
Nebraska	19	323,766	5.9	23	326,392	7.05
Nevada	28	492,435	5.7	28	498,614	5.62
New Hampshire	16	179,433	8.9	5	178,515	2.80
New Jersey	8	1,408,102	0.6	6	1,400,069	0.43
New Mexico	58	334,345	17.3	39	333,537	11.69
New York	277	2,724,663	10.2	265	2,699,331	9.82
North Carolina	124	1,553,513	8.0	117	1,552,497	7.54
North Dakota	18	111,920	16.1	9	113,845	7.91
Ohio	70	1,704,399	4.1	58	1,695,762	3.42
Oklahoma	41	695,092	5.9	33	698,891	4.72
Oregon	51	608,467	8.4	43	607,761	7.08
Pennsylvania	27	1,726,809	1.6	22	1,730,757	1.27
Rhode Island	0	142,949	0.0	5	143,436	3.49
South Carolina	117	777,507	15.0	90	780,882	11.53
South Dakota	16	137,823	11.6	10	138,975	7.20
Tennessee	128	1,001,967	12.8	99	1,007,624	9.83
Texas	195	5,401,341	3.6	182	5,433,471	3.35
Utah	47	668,274	7.0	117	677,031	17.28
Vermont	5	88,291	5.7	1	87,359	1.14
Virginia	73	1,291,462	5.7	51	1,289,367	3.96
Washington	156	1,110,367	14.0	111	1,127,532	9.84
West Virginia	19	272,266	7.0	13	267,976	4.85
Wisconsin	55	860,753	6.4	41	859,333	4.77
Wyoming	4	94,258	4.2	7	94,313	7.42
Bureau of Indian Education	1	46,330	2.2	1	43,706	2.29
Guam	0	30,112	0.0	1	29,719	3.36
Puerto Rico	7	346,096	2.0	10	307,282	3.25
U.S. Virgin Islands	0	10,868	0.0	0	10,718	0.00

+ Table excludes data for Illinois because of out-of-range values.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, Office of Elementary and Secondary Education, Students Involved With Firearms (DG596; 2018–19).

**Exhibit 9. Students found to have brought a firearm to school or possessed a firearm in school as a rate per 100,000 students enrolled in operational LEAs: SY 2018–19**



*Note.* The BIE is not geographically defined, so BIE data are not represented in the map. Incident rates for Illinois are not shown because of values falling outside the expected value range.  
*Source:* U.S. Department of Education, Office of Elementary and Secondary Education, Students Involved With Firearms (DG596; 2018–19).

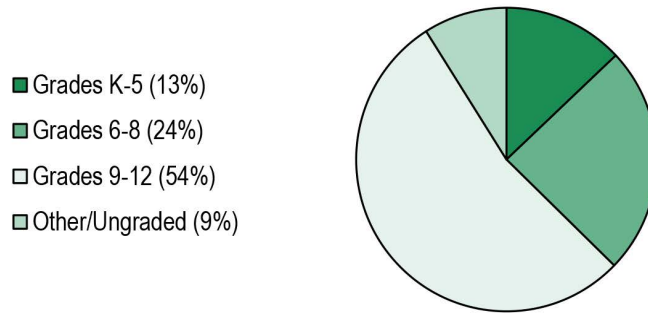
### Students Involved With Firearms by Grade Level

States also reported firearm incident counts by student grade level, as shown in Exhibits 10 and 11. All states and reporting jurisdictions except New York submitted firearm incident data that included the required grade-level detail.

More than half of all students (54%) disciplined for firearm possession in U.S. schools in SY 2018–19 were high school students enrolled in Grades 9–12, and another quarter (24%) were middle school students in Grades 6–8. Elementary school students in Grades K–5 accounted for another 13% of all incidents, and students in other and unknown grade levels accounted for the remaining 9%.



**Exhibit 10. Percentage of students found to have brought a firearm to school or possessed a firearm in school, by grade level: SY 2018–19**



Source: U.S. Department of Education, Office of Elementary and Secondary Education, Students Involved With Firearms (DG596; 2018–19).

**Exhibit 11. Number and percentage of students found to have brought a firearm to school or possessed a firearm in school, by grade level: By state or jurisdiction, SY 2018–19**

State or jurisdiction	Total	Grades K–5		Grades 6–8		Grades 9–12		Other/Ungraded	
		Number	Percentage of total	Number	Percentage of total	Number	Percentage of total	Number	Percentage of total
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,894</b>	<b>364</b>	<b>12.6</b>	<b>702</b>	<b>24.3</b>	<b>1,561</b>	<b>53.9</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>9.2</b>
Alabama	40	2	5.0	10	25.0	28	70.0	0	0.0
Alaska	8	2	25.0	1	12.5	5	62.5	0	0.0
Arizona	27	7	25.9	5	18.5	15	55.6	0	0.0
Arkansas	126	24	19.0	25	19.8	77	61.1	0	0.0
California	310	57	18.4	113	36.5	140	45.2	0	0.0
Colorado	51	2	3.9	5	9.8	44	86.3	0	0.0
Connecticut	23	0	0.0	1	4.3	22	95.7	0	0.0
Delaware	8	0	0.0	6	75.0	2	25.0	0	0.0
District of Columbia	11	2	18.2	1	9.1	8	72.7	0	0.0
Florida	181	14	7.7	48	26.5	119	65.7	0	0.0
Georgia	167	21	12.6	44	26.3	102	61.1	0	0.0
Hawaii	21	2	9.5	12	57.1	7	33.3	0	0.0
Idaho	2	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	100.0	0	0.0
Illinois	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Indiana	72	7	9.7	24	33.3	41	56.9	0	0.0
Iowa	58	5	8.6	20	34.5	33	56.9	0	0.0
Kansas	50	2	4.0	6	12.0	42	84.0	0	0.0
Kentucky	34	1	2.9	4	11.8	29	85.3	0	0.0
Louisiana	148	47	31.8	38	25.7	63	42.6	0	0.0
Maine	8	0	0.0	3	37.5	5	62.5	0	0.0
Maryland	12	1	8.3	2	16.7	9	75.0	0	0.0
Massachusetts	25	4	16.0	8	32.0	13	52.0	0	0.0
Michigan	85	18	21.2	27	31.8	38	44.7	2	2.4
Minnesota	18	2	11.1	2	11.1	14	77.8	0	0.0
Mississippi	9	1	11.1	1	11.1	7	77.8	0	0.0
Missouri	4	1	25.0	0	0.0	3	75.0	0	0.0
Montana	9	2	22.2	1	11.1	6	66.7	0	0.0
Nebraska	23	3	13.0	1	4.3	19	82.6	0	0.0
Nevada	28	1	3.6	2	7.1	25	89.3	0	0.0
New Hampshire	5	1	20.0	1	20.0	3	60.0	0	0.0
New Jersey	6	1	16.7	1	16.7	4	66.7	0	0.0
New Mexico	39	5	12.8	19	48.7	15	38.5	0	0.0
New York	265	++	++	++	++	++	++	265	100.0
North Carolina	117	15	12.8	37	31.6	65	55.6	0	0.0
North Dakota	9	1	11.1	0	0.0	8	88.9	0	0.0
Ohio	58	5	8.6	15	25.9	38	65.5	0	0.0
Oklahoma	33	3	9.1	6	18.2	24	72.7	0	0.0
Oregon	43	4	9.3	15	34.9	24	55.8	0	0.0
Pennsylvania	22	2	9.1	8	36.4	12	54.5	0	0.0
Rhode Island	5	0	0.0	5	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
South Carolina	90	14	15.6	14	15.6	62	68.9	0	0.0
South Dakota	10	0	0.0	3	30.0	7	70.0	0	0.0
Tennessee	99	15	15.2	25	25.3	59	59.6	0	0.0
Texas	182	9	4.9	28	15.4	145	79.7	0	0.0
Utah	117	20	17.1	61	52.1	36	30.8	0	0.0

State or jurisdiction	Total	Grades K-5		Grades 6-8		Grades 9-12		Other/Ungraded	
		Number	Percentage of total	Number	Percentage of total	Number	Percentage of total	Number	Percentage of total
Vermont	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	100.0	0	0.0
Virginia	51	6	11.8	10	19.6	35	68.6	0	0.0
Washington	111	20	18.0	20	18.0	71	64.0	0	0.0
West Virginia	13	3	23.1	1	7.7	9	69.2	0	0.0
Wisconsin	41	9	22.0	13	31.7	19	46.3	0	0.0
Wyoming	7	1	14.3	3	42.9	3	42.9	0	0.0
Bureau of Indian Education	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	100.0	0	0.0
Guam	1	1	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Puerto Rico	10	1	10.0	7	70.0	2	20.0	0	0.0
Virgin Islands	0	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—

+ Table excludes data for Illinois because of out-of-range values.

++ New York does not report firearm incident data by grade level.

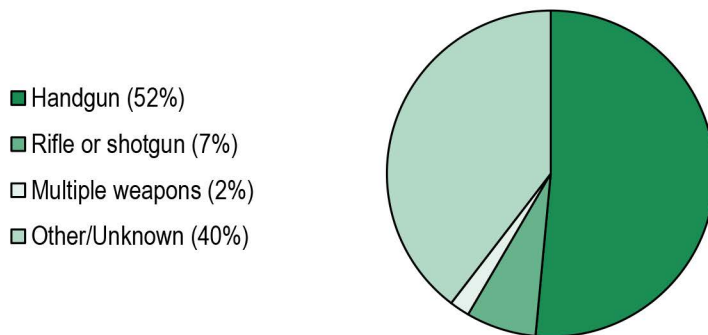
— Total number of incidents equals 0. Percentages were not calculated.

Note. Data indicating the number of firearm incidents by grade level do not require the application of suppression rules for low incident counts. Source: U.S. Department of Education, Office of Elementary and Secondary Education, Students Involved With Firearms (DG596; 2018–19).

## Students Involved With Firearms by Weapon Type

Exhibits 12 and 13 report the number and percentage of students involved in firearm incidents by firearm or weapon type. The categories of firearms reported included handguns, rifles or shotguns, and other types of firearms. The GFSA data collection also allows for reporting of incidents in which multiple weapon types were involved. There were 2,894 students disciplined for firearm-related incidents in SY 2018–19. Almost half of all students disciplined (51.6%) were in possession of a handgun. Only about 6.6% of recorded incidents involved possession of a rifle or shotgun, and 2% of the incidents involved more than one category of weapon. Forty percent of the incidents involved other types of firearms, which likely resulted from districts defaulting to use the “other weapon” category when the type of weapon was not known. The percentage of incidents involving other weapons decreased from 65% in SY 2015–16,<sup>1</sup> suggesting improved accuracy in reporting across time. This issue persists as a data quality concern for states and districts.

**Exhibit 12. Percentage of students found to have brought a firearm to school or possessed a firearm in school, by type of firearm: SY 2018–19**



Source: U.S. Department of Education, Office of Elementary and Secondary Education, Students Involved With Firearms (DG596; 2018–19).

<sup>1</sup> U.S. Department of Education, Office of Elementary and Secondary Education, Students Involved With Firearms (DG596; 2015–16).

**Exhibit 13. Number and percentage of students found to have brought a firearm to school or possessed a firearm in school by type of firearm: By state or jurisdiction, SY 2018–19**

State or jurisdiction	Total	Handgun		Rifle or shotgun		Multiple weapons		Other/Unknown	
		Number	Percentage of total	Number	Percentage of total	Number	Percentage of total	Number	Percentage of total
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,894</b>	<b>1,494</b>	<b>51.6</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>6.6</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>1,160</b>	<b>40.1</b>
Alabama	40	16	40.0	1	2.5	0	0.0	23	57.5
Alaska	8	7	87.5	1	12.5	0	0.0	0	0.0
Arizona	27	18	66.7	1	3.7	0	0.0	8	29.6
Arkansas	126	62	49.2	10	7.9	0	0.0	54	42.9
California	310	131	42.3	10	3.2	25	8.1	144	46.5
Colorado	51	45	88.2	2	3.9	2	3.9	2	3.9
Connecticut	23	23	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Delaware	8	7	87.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	12.5
District of Columbia	11	7	63.6	0	0.0	0	0.0	4	36.4
Florida	181	69	38.1	17	9.4	5	2.8	90	49.7
Georgia	167	105	62.9	12	7.2	0	0.0	50	29.9
Hawaii	21	1	4.8	0	0.0	0	0.0	20	95.2
Idaho	2	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	50.0	1	50.0
Illinois	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Indiana	72	47	65.3	7	9.7	0	0.0	18	25.0
Iowa	58	36	62.1	7	12.1	0	0.0	15	25.9
Kansas	50	22	44.0	11	22.0	1	2.0	16	32.0
Kentucky	34	28	82.4	5	14.7	0	0.0	1	2.9
Louisiana	148	74	50.0	3	2.0	0	0.0	71	48.0
Maine	8	1	12.5	1	12.5	0	0.0	6	75.0
Maryland	12	12	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Massachusetts	25	13	52.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	12	48.0
Michigan	85	38	44.7	5	5.9	2	2.4	40	47.1
Minnesota	18	9	50.0	8	44.4	0	0.0	1	5.6
Mississippi	9	9	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Missouri	4	3	75.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	25.0
Montana	9	5	55.6	2	22.2	0	0.0	2	22.2
Nebraska	23	15	65.2	3	13.0	0	0.0	5	21.7
Nevada	28	24	85.7	1	3.6	1	3.6	2	7.1
New Hampshire	5	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	5	100.0
New Jersey	6	6	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
New Mexico	39	17	43.6	6	15.4	0	0.0	16	41.0
New York	265	23	8.7	2	0.8	0	0.0	240	90.6
North Carolina	117	62	53.0	4	3.4	0	0.0	51	43.6
North Dakota	9	0	0.0	6	66.7	0	0.0	3	33.3
Ohio	58	58	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Oklahoma	33	28	84.8	3	9.1	0	0.0	2	6.1
Oregon	43	14	32.6	3	7.0	1	2.3	25	58.1
Pennsylvania	22	17	77.3	5	22.7	0	0.0	0	0.0
Rhode Island	5	5	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
South Carolina	90	57	63.3	4	4.4	0	0.0	29	32.2
South Dakota	10	1	10.0	5	50.0	1	10.0	3	30.0
Tennessee	99	60	60.6	15	15.2	0	0.0	24	24.2
Texas	182	156	85.7	14	7.7	4	2.2	8	4.4
Utah	117	63	53.8	5	4.3	0	0.0	49	41.9
Vermont	1	0	0.0	1	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Virginia	51	23	45.1	4	7.8	0	0.0	24	47.1
Washington	111	46	41.4	1	0.9	2	1.8	62	55.9
West Virginia	13	10	76.9	1	7.7	2	15.4	0	0.0
Wisconsin	41	14	34.1	3	7.3	3	7.3	21	51.2
Wyoming	7	4	57.1	1	14.3	0	0.0	2	28.6
Bureau of Indian Education	1	1	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Guam	1	1	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Puerto Rico	10	1	10.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	9	90.0
Virgin Islands	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0

+ Table excludes data for Illinois because of out-of-range values.

Note. Data indicating the number of firearm incidents by firearm type do not require the application of suppression rules for low incident counts. Source: U.S. Department of Education, Office of Elementary and Secondary Education, Students Involved With Firearms (DG596; 2018–19).

## Students Involved With Firearms by Discipline Method

As required by the GFSA, districts must expel any student who brings a gun to school or who possesses a firearm on school property for a period of no less than 1 year. The GFSA authorizes the chief administering officer in an LEA to modify, in writing, any expulsion for a firearm incident on a case-by-case basis, for example, by shortening the length of the expulsion requirement to less than 1 year. This provision ensures that GFSA requirements are implemented consistently and in accordance with rules governing the disciplining of students with disabilities under IDEA. When reporting information on firearm incidents in schools, districts must provide detail regarding the discipline method imposed for each incident, including the number of incidents resulting in mandatory expulsions

and the number of incidents with modified expulsions for students with and without disabilities.

The SY 2018–19 data collection included 2,894 reported firearm incidents. Information on discipline method was complete for all states and LEAs. As shown in Exhibit 14, about 52% of the firearm incidents resulted in the student's expulsion; 40% of the incidents resulted in other disciplinary actions; 3% of the incidents resulted in no disciplinary action; and 4% of the incidents resulted in the student's removal from school for other reasons, such as withdrawal, death, or incarceration. Exhibit 14 also shows substantial variation in discipline method across states with respect to the percentage of students who were removed from school through expulsion in accordance with GFSA provisions. More specifically, 16 states reported that 80% or more of all school firearm incidents resulted in the student's expulsion, compared with 10 states where 80% or more of the incidents resulted in other disciplinary actions or no action being taken.

**Exhibit 14. Number and percentage of disciplinary actions involving students found to have brought a firearm to school or possessed a firearm, by discipline method: By state or jurisdiction, SY 2018–19**

State or jurisdiction	Total disciplinary actions	Expelled		Other disciplinary actions		No disciplinary action		Removed from school	
		Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,894</b>	<b>1,511</b>	<b>52.2</b>	<b>1,171</b>	<b>40.5</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>4.4</b>
Alabama	40	39	97.5	*	*	*	*	*	*
Alaska	8	7	87.5	*	*	*	*	*	*
Arizona	27	7	25.9	19	70.4	*	*	*	*
Arkansas	126	115	91.3	10	7.9	*	*	*	*
California	310	91	29.4	219	70.6	0	0.0	0	0.0
Colorado	51	35	68.6	16	31.4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Connecticut	23	12	52.2	8	34.8	0	0.0	3	13.0
Delaware	8	0	0.0	8	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
District of Columbia	11	5	45.5	6	54.5	0	0.0	0	0.0
Florida	181	91	50.3	89	49.2	*	*	*	*
Georgia	167	19	11.4	65	38.9	0	0.0	83	49.7
Hawaii	21	21	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Idaho	<3	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Illinois	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Indiana	72	65	90.3	7	9.7	0	0.0	0	0.0
Iowa	58	10	17.2	48	82.8	0	0.0	0	0.0
Kansas	50	24	48.0	25	50.0	*	*	*	*
Kentucky	34	6	17.6	25	73.5	0	0.0	3	8.8
Louisiana	148	43	29.1	105	70.9	0	0.0	0	0.0
Maine	8	*	*	6	75.0	*	*	*	*
Maryland	12	9	75.0	*	*	*	*	*	*
Massachusetts	25	23	92.0	*	*	*	*	*	*
Michigan	85	25	29.4	60	70.6	0	0.0	0	0.0
Minnesota	18	*	*	15	83.3	*	*	*	*
Mississippi	9	3	33.3	6	66.7	0	0.0	0	0.0
Missouri	4	4	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Montana	9	*	*	7	77.8	*	*	*	*
Nebraska	23	17	73.9	6	26.1	0	0.0	0	0.0
Nevada	28	20	71.4	8	28.6	0	0.0	0	0.0
New Hampshire	5	*	*	4	80.0	*	*	*	*
New Jersey	6	5	83.3	*	*	*	*	*	*
New Mexico	39	38	97.4	*	*	*	*	*	*
New York	265	144	54.3	117	44.2	*	*	*	*
North Carolina	117	112	95.7	3	2.6	*	*	*	*
North Dakota	9	*	*	8	88.9	*	*	*	*
Ohio	58	58	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Oklahoma	33	33	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Oregon	43	10	23.3	33	76.7	0	0.0	0	0.0
Pennsylvania	22	3	13.6	19	86.4	0	0.0	0	0.0
Rhode Island	5	0	0.0	5	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
South Carolina	90	39	43.3	36	40.0	*	*	*	*
South Dakota	10	4	40.0	6	60.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Tennessee	99	88	88.9	11	11.1	0	0.0	0	0.0
Texas	182	167	91.8	5	2.7	4	2.2	6	3.3
Utah	117	0	0.0	46	39.3	71	60.7	0	0.0
Vermont	<3	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Virginia	51	20	39.2	31	60.8	0	0.0	0	0.0
Washington	111	68	61.3	34	30.6	*	*	*	*
West Virginia	13	6	46.2	7	53.8	0	0.0	0	0.0
Wisconsin	41	10	24.4	31	75.6	0	0.0	0	0.0
Wyoming	7	5	71.4	*	*	*	*	*	*
Bureau of Indian Education	<3	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Guam	<3	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Puerto Rico	10	*	*	8	80.0	*	*	*	*
Virgin Islands	0	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-

+ Table excludes data for Illinois because of out-of-range values.

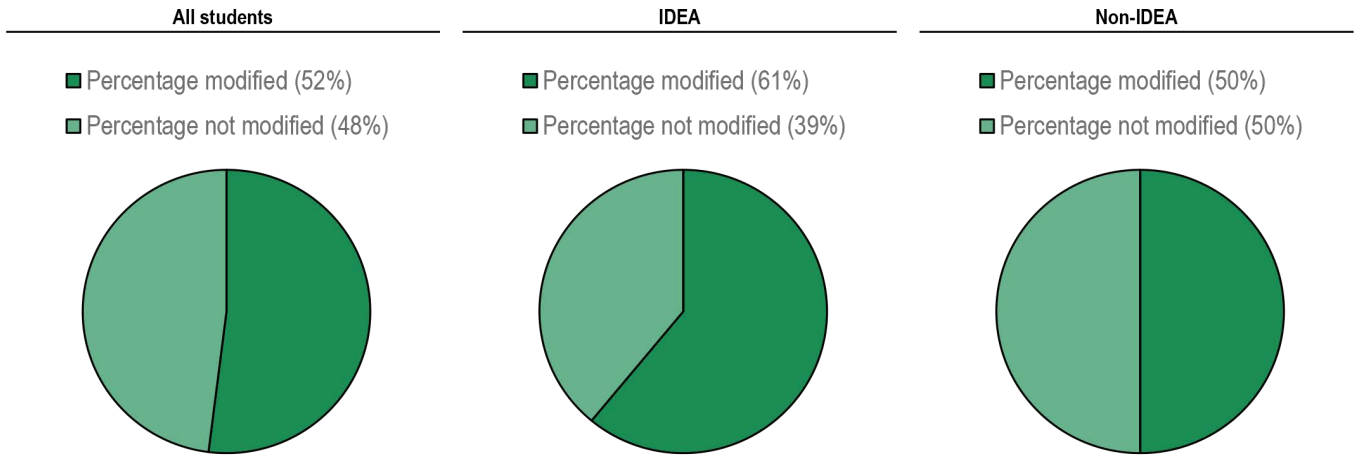
\* Data are suppressed for states or jurisdictions with fewer than three incidents. If only one state or jurisdiction was suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data also were suppressed for the state or jurisdiction with the next lowest number of incidents. If a state had only one discipline method suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data were suppressed for the discipline method with the next lowest number of incidents.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, Office of Elementary and Secondary Education, Students Involved With Firearms (DG596; 2018–19).

Of the 1,511 students who received mandatory expulsions in compliance with the law, 21% were students with disabilities who were eligible for services under IDEA, and 79% were students in the general education population. Among all students who were expelled, 52% had expulsions modified by district administrators, whereas 48% were

expelled for the minimum of one full school year, without modification. About 61% of IDEA students and 50% of non-IDEA students had their expulsions modified. Differences in the proportion of expulsions modified by IDEA and non-IDEA designation within each state are reported in Exhibits 15 and 16.

**Exhibit 15. Percentage of expulsions modified, by student disability status: SY 2018–19**



Source: U.S. Department of Education, Office of Elementary and Secondary Education, Students Involved With Firearms (DG596; 2018–19).

**Exhibit 16. Number and percentage of expulsions for students found to have brought a firearm to school or possessed a firearm in school with modified expulsions, by student disability status: By state or jurisdiction, SY 2018–19**

State or jurisdiction	All students			IDEA			Non-IDEA		
	Number of expulsions	Number modified	Percentage modified	Number of expulsions	Number modified	Percentage modified	Number of expulsions	Number modified	Percentage modified
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,511</b>	<b>784</b>	<b>51.9</b>	<b>312</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>60.9</b>	<b>1,199</b>	<b>594</b>	<b>49.5</b>
Alabama	39	32	82.1	5	5	100.0	34	27	79.4
Alaska	7	5	71.4	*	*	*	*	*	*
Arizona	7	0	0.0	0	—	—	7	0	0.0
Arkansas	115	92	80.0	23	20	87.0	92	72	78.3
California	91	15	16.5	18	4	22.2	73	11	15.1
Colorado	35	17	48.6	8	6	75.0	27	11	40.7
Connecticut	12	3	25.0	5	*	*	7	*	*
Delaware	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	—
District of Columbia	5	0	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	*
Florida	91	59	64.8	22	16	72.7	69	43	62.3
Georgia	19	*	*	5	*	*	14	0	0.0
Hawaii	21	15	71.4	*	*	*	*	*	*
Idaho	<3	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Illinois	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Indiana	65	15	23.1	14	*	*	51	14	27.5
Iowa	10	8	80.0	0	—	—	10	8	80.0
Kansas	24	8	33.3	5	*	*	19	6	31.6
Kentucky	6	4	66.7	*	*	*	*	*	*
Louisiana	43	43	100.0	7	7	100.0	36	36	100.0
Maine	<3	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Maryland	9	9	100.0	4	4	100.0	5	5	100.0
Massachusetts	23	23	100.0	7	7	100.0	16	16	100.0
Michigan	25	9	36.0	7	3	42.9	18	6	33.3
Minnesota	<3	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Mississippi	3	0	0.0	0	—	—	3	0	0.0
Missouri	4	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Montana	<3	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Nebraska	17	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Nevada	20	9	45.0	4	*	*	*	*	*
New Hampshire	<3	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
New Jersey	5	0	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	*
New Mexico	38	23	60.5	11	3	27.3	27	20	74.1
New York	144	120	83.3	38	30	78.9	106	90	84.9
North Carolina	112	85	75.9	22	18	81.8	90	67	74.4
North Dakota	<3	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Ohio	58	3	5.2	11	*	*	47	*	*
Oklahoma	33	7	21.2	7	*	*	26	*	*
Oregon	10	5	50.0	*	*	*	*	*	*
Pennsylvania	3	*	*	0	—	—	3	*	*
Rhode Island	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	—
South Carolina	39	17	43.6	5	5	100.0	34	12	35.3
South Dakota	4	3	75.0	*	*	*	*	*	*
Tennessee	88	52	59.1	13	11	84.6	75	41	54.7
Texas	167	45	26.9	20	8	40.0	147	37	25.2
Utah	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	—
Vermont	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	—
Virginia	20	4	20.0	5	*	*	15	*	*
Washington	68	41	60.3	25	20	80.0	43	21	48.8
West Virginia	6	*	*	3	*	*	3	*	*
Wisconsin	10	0	0.0	0	—	—	10	0	0.0
Wyoming	5	*	*	0	—	—	5	*	*
Bureau of Indian Education	<3	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Guam	<3	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Puerto Rico	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	—
U.S. Virgin Islands	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	—

+ Table excludes data for Illinois because of out-of-range values.

— Total expulsions were 0. Percentages were not calculated.

\* Data are suppressed for states or jurisdictions with fewer than three incidents. If only one state or jurisdiction was suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data also were suppressed for the state or jurisdiction with the next lowest number of incidents. If a state had only one discipline method suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data were suppressed for the discipline method with the next lowest number of incidents. If one subgroup was suppressed for representing less than three incidents, then data were suppressed for the other subgroup and only the total number of students expelled is represented in the display if the total count is greater than or equal to three incidents.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, Office of Elementary and Secondary Education, Students Involved With Firearms (DG596; 2018–19).

## Students Removed From School With or Without Alternative Education

The federal GFSA requirement authorizes LEAs to provide education services in an alternative setting to students who have been expelled from the regular school setting. For IDEA students with disabilities who are expelled for firearm incidents, access to alternative education placement is mandated under federal law. Non-IDEA students may or may not be eligible for alternative education depending on their state laws or regulations.

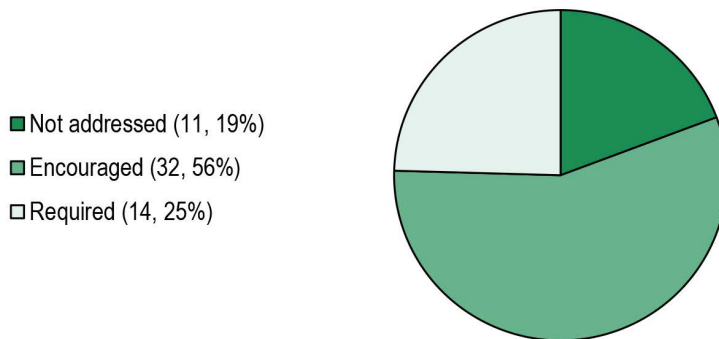
States and other reporting jurisdictions must report the discipline method that was imposed in response to a firearm incident, including detail on whether each student who was expelled received alternative education services following a disciplinary action. GFSA firearm incident data show that U.S. school systems expelled 1,511 students for either bringing a firearm to school or possessing a firearm on school property in SY 2018–19. Seventy-nine percent of all students who were expelled in SY 2018–19 were non-IDEA students, and 21% were students with disabilities. All IDEA students expelled for firearm offenses received alternative education services in accordance with federal law. However, of the 1,199 non-IDEA students expelled from

the general education population, 631 students, or more than half of those expelled (53%), did not receive alternative education services during the period of expulsion (see Exhibits 17 and 18).

The GFSA survey component of the GFSA data collection also requires states to report on their state laws and regulatory requirements regarding the provisions of alternative education services for students involved in firearm incidents. Specifically, the GFSA survey asks state coordinators to report whether districts are encouraged or required to provide alternative education under provisions in state law.

GFSA survey responses show that 32 states and insular areas (56%) have laws that encourage LEAs to provide alternative education to students expelled for firearm offenses. Fourteen others require districts to provide alternative education. The remaining 11 states and insular areas indicated that alternative education was not addressed in their state statutes or regulations. No state reported any changes to their state laws within the 12-month reporting time frame.

**Exhibit 17. Percentage of participating states and jurisdictions with laws addressing alternative education for expelled students and providing funding for alternative education: SY 2018–19**



*Note.* GFSA State Survey 2018–19 sample includes 57 states and jurisdictions, including 57 U.S. states, the District of Columbia, BIE, and the five insular areas of American Samoa, the CNMI, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. *Source:* U.S. Department of Education, Office of Elementary and Secondary Education, GFSA State Survey 2018–19.



**Exhibit 18. Number and percentage of non-IDEA expulsions with or without alternative education services: By state or jurisdiction, SY 2018–19**

State or jurisdiction	Non-IDEA expulsions by alternative education				
	Total expulsions	Expulsions with alternative education services	Percentage of expulsions with education services	Expulsions with no alternative education services	Percentage of expulsions with no alternative education services
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,199</b>	<b>568</b>	<b>47.4</b>	<b>631</b>	<b>52.6</b>
Alabama	34	13	38.2	21	61.8
Alaska	5	*	*	*	*
Arizona	7	0	0.0	7	100.0
Arkansas	92	0	0.0	92	100.0
California	73	38	52.1	35	47.9
Colorado	27	13	48.1	14	51.9
Connecticut	7	*	*	*	*
Delaware	0	0	—	0	—
District of Columbia	4	*	*	*	*
Florida	69	52	75.4	17	24.6
Georgia	14	4	28.6	10	71.4
Hawaii	19	19	100.0	0	0.0
Idaho	0	0	—	0	—
Illinois	+	+	+	+	+
Indiana	51	16	31.4	35	68.6
Iowa	10	0	0.0	10	100.0
Kansas	19	6	31.6	13	68.4
Kentucky	5	5	100.0	0	0.0
Louisiana	36	32	88.9	4	11.1
Maine	<3	*	*	*	*
Maryland	5	0	0.0	5	100.0
Massachusetts	16	10	62.5	6	37.5
Michigan	18	11	61.1	7	38.9
Minnesota	<3	*	*	*	*
Mississippi	3	0	0.0	3	100.0
Missouri	<3	*	*	*	*
Montana	<3	*	*	*	*
Nebraska	15	15	100.0	0	0.0
Nevada	16	16	100.0	0	0.0
New Hampshire	0	0	-	0	-
New Jersey	<3	*	*	*	*
New Mexico	27	3	11.1	24	88.9
New York	106	89	84.0	17	16.0
North Carolina	90	9	10.0	81	90.0
North Dakota	<3	*	*	*	*
Ohio	47	0	0.0	47	100.0
Oklahoma	26	12	46.2	14	53.8
Oregon	9	3	33.3	6	66.7
Pennsylvania	3	*	*	*	*
Rhode Island	0	0	—	0	—
South Carolina	34	12	35.3	22	64.7
South Dakota	3	*	*	*	*
Tennessee	75	31	41.3	44	58.7
Texas	147	104	70.7	43	29.3
Utah	0	0	—	0	—
Vermont	0	0	—	0	—
Virginia	15	7	46.7	8	53.3
Washington	43	19	44.2	24	55.8
West Virginia	3	3	100.0	0	0.0
Wisconsin	10	7	70.0	3	30.0
Wyoming	5	*	*	*	*
Bureau of Indian Education	<3	*	*	*	*
Guam	<3	*	*	*	*
Puerto Rico	0	0	—	0	—
Virgin Islands	0	0	—	0	—

+ Table excludes data for Illinois because of out-of-range values.

— Total expulsions were 0. Percentages were not calculated.

\* Data are suppressed for states or jurisdictions with fewer than three incidents. If only one state or jurisdiction was suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data also were suppressed for the state or jurisdiction with the next lowest number of incidents. If a state had only one discipline method suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data were suppressed for the discipline method with the next lowest number of incidents.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, Office of Elementary and Secondary Education, Students Involved With Firearms (DG596; 2018–19).

## SUMMARY AND NEXT STEPS

SY 2018–19 was the fourth consecutive year that the Department partnered with NCES and NCSSLE to support a data quality review, analysis, and reporting process for school firearm incident data to monitor implementation of the federal GFSA. This collaborative team worked to strengthen the GFSA reporting infrastructure by instituting a formal data quality review and state feedback process that is now fully integrated into the DMS. This integration allowed the Department to improve the completeness and accuracy of GFSA data submissions and reduce reporting burden on states.

This report documents the quality improvement process for the SY 2018–19 data collection. The GFSA data quality review highlighted substantial improvements in the accuracy and completeness of data between the initial and final state data submissions and between current and previous reporting years. However, the review also confirmed that states continue to encounter reporting challenges that may limit the reliability and validity of GFSA data reports; as such, the information on firearm incidents should be interpreted with caution. It also should be noted that firearm data reported by districts and schools measure the enforcement of local policy and state and federal law concerning student firearm possession on school campuses. The data do not capture possible incidents of student firearm possession in schools that go undetected or unreported.

A multiyear analysis of student firearm incidence data from SY 2015–16 through SY 2018–19 indicates that after

a 3-year upward trend in rates of student firearm possession on U.S. school campuses, rates sharply declined between SY 2017–18 and SY 2018–19. This may reflect either real changes in rates of firearm possession at the school and district levels or changes in the accuracy and completeness of reporting of school firearm incidents because of increased federal oversight in reporting. Future data reports will continue to monitor these trends.

Findings from the analysis also suggest that states may not be fully adhering to federal guidelines with respect to the mandatory 1-year suspension and may be exercising greater discretion with respect to modifying expulsion periods. This may reflect current trends in state policy environments, demonstrating a shift toward the use of alternatives to school expulsion in place of more punitive discipline practices. These strategies are designed to keep students engaged in school and out of the criminal justice system. Notably, less than half of the non-IDEA students who were expelled for firearm violations received alternative education services during the expulsion period. A continued focus on quality improvement of data measuring disciplinary responses to firearm incidents may help guide future educational policy and practice within states. Similarly, efforts to continuously strengthen data system capacity and reliability of information can inform data-driven planning and policymaking concerning the possession of weapons on school campuses and potential threats of gun violence in U.S. schools.

# **ATTACHMENT A: GUN-FREE SCHOOLS ACT STATE PROFILES<sup>2</sup>**

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<sup>2</sup> Data for Illinois are excluded because of out-of-range values.

## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## Alabama

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Alabama		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		177		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA report		78.5%		—	
Total operational schools		1,682		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA report		79.4%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Alabama		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		40		2,894	
Total enrollment		739,716		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		5.4		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Alabama		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		40	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		2	5.0%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		10	25.0%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		28	70.0%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		0	0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Alabama		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		40	—	2,894	—
Handgun		16	40.0%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		1	2.5%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		0	0.0%	50	1.7%
Other		23	57.5%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		Alabama		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		40	—	2,894	—
Expelled		39	98.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		*	*	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		*	*	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		*	*	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		Alabama		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		39	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		32	82.1%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		5	100.0%	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		27	79.4%	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Alabama		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		34	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		13	38.2%	568	47.4%

Note. The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator. The asterisk signifies the following: Data are suppressed for states or jurisdictions with fewer than three incidents. If only one state or jurisdiction was suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data also were suppressed for the state or jurisdiction with the next lowest number of incidents. If a state had only one discipline method suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data were suppressed for the discipline method with the next lowest number of incidents.

## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## Alaska

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Alaska		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		54		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA report		98.1%		—	
Total operational schools		506		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA report		97.4%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Alaska		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		8		2,894	
Total enrollment		130,963		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		6.1		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Alaska		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	8	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	2	25.0%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	1	12.5%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	5	62.5%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Alaska		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	8	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	7	87.5%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	1	12.5%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	0	0.0%	50	1.7%	
Other	0	0.0%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		Alaska		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	8	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	7	88.0%	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	*	*	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	*	*	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	*	*	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		Alaska		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	7	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	*	*	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	*	*	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	*	*	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Alaska		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	5	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	*	*	568	47.4%	

*Note.* The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator. The asterisk signifies the following: Data are suppressed for states or jurisdictions with fewer than three incidents. If only one state or jurisdiction was suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data also were suppressed for the state or jurisdiction with the next lowest number of incidents. If a state had only one discipline method suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data were suppressed for the discipline method with the next lowest number of incidents.

## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

Arizona

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Arizona		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		705		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		55.0%		—	
Total operational schools		2,351		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		69.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Arizona		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		27		2,894	
Total enrollment		1,141,511		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		2.4		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Arizona		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		27	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		7	25.9%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		5	18.5%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		15	55.6%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		0	0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Arizona		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		27	—	2,894	—
Handgun		18	66.7%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		1	3.7%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		0	0.0%	50	1.7%
Other		8	29.6%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		Arizona		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		27	—	2,894	—
Expelled		7	26.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		19	70.0%	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		*	*	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		*	*	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		Arizona		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		7	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		0	0.0%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		0	0.0%	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		0	0.0%	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Arizona		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		7	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		0	0.0%	568	47.4%

*Note.* The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator. The asterisk signifies the following: Data are suppressed for states or jurisdictions with fewer than three incidents. If only one state or jurisdiction was suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data also were suppressed for the state or jurisdiction with the next lowest number of incidents. If a state had only one discipline method suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data were suppressed for the discipline method with the next lowest number of incidents.

## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## Arkansas

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Arkansas		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		294		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		89.8%		—	
Total operational schools		1,081		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		97.5%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Arkansas		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		126		2,894	
Total enrollment		495,291		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		25.4		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Arkansas		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	126	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	24	19.0%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	25	19.8%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	77	61.1%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Arkansas		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	126	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	62	49.2%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	10	7.9%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	0	0.0%	50	1.7%	
Other	54	42.9%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		Arkansas		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	126	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	115	91.0%	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	10	8.0%	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	*	*	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	*	*	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		Arkansas		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	115	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	92	80.0%	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	20	87.0%	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	72	78.3%	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Arkansas		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	92	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	0	0.0%	568	47.4%	

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## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## California

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		California		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		2,170		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		97.2%		—	
Total operational schools		10,730		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		California		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		310		2,894	
Total enrollment		6,186,278		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		5.0		5.	
Firearm incidents by grade level		California		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		310	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		57	18.4%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		113	36.5%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		140	45.2%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		0	0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		California		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		310	—	2,894	—
Handgun		131	42.3%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		10	3.2%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		25	8.1%	50	1.7%
Other		144	46.5%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		California		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		310	—	2,894	—
Expelled		91	29.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		219	71.0%	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		0	0.0%	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		0	0.0%	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		California		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		91	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		15	16.5%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		4	22.2%	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		11	15.1%	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		California		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		73	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		38	52.1%	568	47.4%

Note. The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator.



## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## Colorado

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Colorado		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		270		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		68.5%		—	
Total operational schools		1,915		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		99.2%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Colorado		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		51		2,894	
Total enrollment		911,536		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		5.6		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Colorado		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		51	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		2	3.9%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		5	9.8%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		44	86.3%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded			0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Colorado		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		51	—	2,894	—
Handgun		45	88.2%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		2	3.9%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		2	3.9%	50	1.7%
Other		2	3.9%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		Colorado		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		51	—	2,894	—
Expelled		35	69.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		16	31.0%	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		0	0.0%	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		0	0.0%	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		Colorado		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		35	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		17	48.6%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		6	75.0%	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		11	40.7%	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Colorado		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		27	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		13	48.1%	568	47.4%

Note. The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator.

## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## Connecticut

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Connecticut		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		205		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		95.6%		—	
Total operational schools		1,039		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		98.4%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Connecticut		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		23		2,894	
Total enrollment		526,634		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		4.4		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Connecticut		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	23	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	0	0.0%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	1	4.3%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	22	95.7%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Connecticut		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	23	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	23	100.0%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	0	0.0%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	0	0.0%	50	1.7%	
Other	0	0.0%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		Connecticut		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	23	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	12	52.0%	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	8	35.0%	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	0	0.0%	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	3	13.0%	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		Connecticut		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	12	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	3	25.0%	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	*	*	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	*	*	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Connecticut		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	7	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	*	*	568	47.4%	

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## Delaware

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Delaware		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		45		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		93.3%		—	
Total operational schools		255		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		87.8%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Delaware		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		8		2,894	
Total enrollment		138,405		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		5.8		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Delaware		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	8	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	0	0.0%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	6	75.0%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	2	25.0%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Delaware		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	8	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	7	87.5%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	0	0.0%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	0	0.0%	50	1.7%	
Other	1	12.5%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		Delaware		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	8	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	0	0.0%	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	8	100.0%	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	0	0.0%	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons		0.0%	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		Delaware		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	0	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	0	0.0%	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	0	0.0%	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	0	0.0%	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Delaware		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	0	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	0	0.0%	568	47.4%	

Note. The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator.

## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## District of Columbia

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		District of Columbia		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		68		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Total operational schools		240		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		District of Columbia		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		11		2,894	
Total enrollment		93,741		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		11.7		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		District of Columbia		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	11	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	2	18.2%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	1	9.1%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	8	72.7%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		District of Columbia		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	11	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	7	63.6%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	0	0.0%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	0	0.0%	50	1.7%	
Other	4	36.4%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		District of Columbia		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	11	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	5	45.0%	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	6	55.0%	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	0	0.0%	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	0	0.0%	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		District of Columbia		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	5	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	*	*	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	*	*	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	*	*	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		District of Columbia		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	*	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	*	*	568	47.4%	

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## Florida

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Florida		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		76		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		96.1%		—	
Total operational schools		4,604		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Florida		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		181		2,894	
Total enrollment		2,846,444		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		6.4		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Florida		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		181	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		14	7.7%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		48	26.5%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		119	65.7%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded			0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Florida		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		181	—	2,894	—
Handgun		69	38.1%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		17	9.4%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		5	2.8%	50	1.7%
Other		90	49.7%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		Florida		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		181	—	2,894	—
Expelled		91	50.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		89	49.0%	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		*	*	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		*	*	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		Florida		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		91	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		59	64.8%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		16	72.7%	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		43	62.3%	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Florida		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		69	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		52	75.4%	568	47.4%

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Georgia

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Georgia		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		232		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		91.8%		—	
Total operational schools		2,385		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		95.8%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Georgia		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		167		2,894	
Total enrollment		1,767,214		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		9.5		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Georgia		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		167	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		21	12.6%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		44	26.3%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		102	61.1%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		0	0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Georgia		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		167	—	2,894	—
Handgun		105	62.9%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		12	7.2%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		0	0.0%	50	1.7%
Other		50	29.9%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		Georgia		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		167	—	2,894	—
Expelled		19	11.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		65	39.0%	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		0	0.0%	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		83	50.0%	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		Georgia		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		19	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		*	*	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		*	*	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		*	*	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Georgia		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		14	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		4	28.6%	568	47.4%

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## Hawaii

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Hawaii		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		1		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Total operational schools		292		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Hawaii		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		21		2,894	
Total enrollment		181,278		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		11.6		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Hawaii		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		21	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		2	9.5%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		12	57.1%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		7	33.3%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		0	0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Hawaii		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		21	—	2,894	—
Handgun		1	4.8%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		0	0.0%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		0	0.0%	50	1.7%
Other		20	95.2%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		Hawaii		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		21	—	2,894	—
Expelled		21	100.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		0	0.0%	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		0	0.0%	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		0	0.0%	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		Hawaii		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		21	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		15	71.4%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		*	*	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		*	*	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Hawaii		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		19	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		19	100.0%	568	47.4%

*Note.* The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator. The asterisk signifies the following: Data are suppressed for states or jurisdictions with fewer than three incidents. If only one state or jurisdiction was suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data also were suppressed for the state or jurisdiction with the next lowest number of incidents. If a state had only one discipline method suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data were suppressed for the discipline method with the next lowest number of incidents.

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Idaho

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Idaho		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		167		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		99.4%		—	
Total operational schools		748		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		99.7%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Idaho		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		2		2,894	
Total enrollment		310,522		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		0.6		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Idaho		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	2	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	0	0.0%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	0	0.0%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	2	100.0%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Idaho		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	2	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	0	0.0%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	0	0.0%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	1	50.0%	50	1.7%	
Other	1	50.0%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		Idaho		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	<3	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	*	*	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	*	*	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	*	*	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	*	*	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		Idaho		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	<3	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	*	*	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	*	*	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	*	*	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Idaho		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	0	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	0	0.0%	568	47.4%	

*Note.* The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator. The asterisk signifies the following: Data are suppressed for states or jurisdictions with fewer than three incidents. If only one state or jurisdiction was suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data also were suppressed for the state or jurisdiction with the next lowest number of incidents. If a state had only one discipline method suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data were suppressed for the discipline method with the next lowest number of incidents.



## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## Indiana

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Indiana		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		431		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		96.8%		—	
Total operational schools		1,925		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Indiana		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		72		2,894	
Total enrollment		1,055,706		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		6.8		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Indiana		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		72	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		7	9.7%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		24	33.3%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		41	56.9%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		0	0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Indiana		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		72	—	2,894	—
Handgun		47	65.3%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		7	9.7%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		0	0.0%	50	1.7%
Other		18	25.0%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		Indiana		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		72	—	2,894	—
Expelled		65	90.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		7	10.0%	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		0	0.0%	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		0	0.0%	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		Indiana		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		65	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		15	23.1%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		*	*	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		14	27.5%	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Indiana		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		51	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		16	31.4%	568	47.4%

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## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

Iowa

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Iowa		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		339		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		97.3%		—	
Total operational schools		1,316		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Iowa		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		58		2,894	
Total enrollment		514,833		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		11.3		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Iowa		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	58	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	5	8.6%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	20	34.5%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	33	56.9%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Iowa		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	58	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	36	62.1%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	7	12.1%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	0	0.0%	50	1.7%	
Other	15	25.9%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		Iowa		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	58	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	10	17.0%	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	48	83.0%	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	0	0.0%	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	0	0.0%	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		Iowa		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	10	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	8	80.0%	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	0	—	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	8	80.0%	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Iowa		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	10	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	0	0.0%	568	47.4%	

Note. The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator.

## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## Kansas

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Kansas		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		311		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Total operational schools		1,314		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Kansas		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		50		2,894	
Total enrollment		497,733		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		10.1		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Kansas		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		50	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		2	4.0%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		6	12.0%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		42	84.0%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		0	0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Kansas		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		50	—	2,894	—
Handgun		22	44.0%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		11	22.0%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		1	2.0%	50	1.7%
Other		16	32.0%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		Kansas		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		50	—	2,894	—
Expelled		24	48.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		25	50.0%	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		*	*	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		*	*	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		Kansas		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		24	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		8	33.3%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		*	*	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		6	31.6%	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Kansas		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		19	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		6	31.6%	568	47.4%

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## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## Kentucky

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Kentucky		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		186		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		94.6%		—	
Total operational schools		1,535		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Kentucky		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		34		2,894	
Total enrollment		678,133		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		5.0		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Kentucky		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		34	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		1	2.9%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		4	11.8%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		29	85.3%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		0	0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Kentucky		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		34	—	2,894	—
Handgun		28	82.4%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		5	14.7%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		0	0.0%	50	1.7%
Other		1	2.9%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		Kentucky		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		34	—	2,894	—
Expelled		6	18.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		25	74.0%	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		0	0.0%	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		3	9.0%	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		Kentucky		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		6	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		4	66.7%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		*	*	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		*	*	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Kentucky		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		5	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		5	100.0%	568	47.4%

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## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## Louisiana

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Louisiana		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		204		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		99.0%		—	
Total operational schools		1,383		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		99.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Louisiana		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		148		2,894	
Total enrollment		711,783		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		20.8		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Louisiana		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		148	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		47	31.8%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		38	25.7%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		63	42.6%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		0	0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Louisiana		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		148	—	2,894	—
Handgun		74	50.0%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		3	2.0%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		0	0.0%	50	1.7%
Other		71	48.0%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		Louisiana		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		148	—	2,894	—
Expelled		43	29.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		105	71.0%	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		0	0.0%	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		0	0.0%	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		Louisiana		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		43	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		43	100.0%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		7	100.0%	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		36	100.0%	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Louisiana		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		36	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		32	88.9%	568	47.4%

Note. The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator.

## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

Maine

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Maine		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		276		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		68.5%		—	
Total operational schools		599		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		90.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Maine		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		8		2,894	
Total enrollment		180,461		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		4.4		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Maine		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	8	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	0	0.0%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	3	37.5%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	5	62.5%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Maine		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	8	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	1	12.5%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	1	12.5%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	0	0.0%	50	1.7%	
Other	6	75.0%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		Maine		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	8	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	*	*	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	6	75.0%	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	*	*	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	*	*	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		Maine		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	<3	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	*	*	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	*	*	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	*	*	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Maine		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	<3	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	*	*	568	47.4%	

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## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## Maryland

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Maryland		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		25		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Total operational schools		1,427		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Maryland		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		12		2,894	
Total enrollment		896,827		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		1.3		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Maryland		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		12	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		1	8.3%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		2	16.7%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		9	75.0%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		0	0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Maryland		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		12	—	2,894	—
Handgun		12	100.0%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		0	0.0%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		0	0.0%	50	1.7%
Other		0	0.0%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		Maryland		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		12	—	2,894	—
Expelled		9	75.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		*	*	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		*	*	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		*	*	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		Maryland		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		9	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		9	100.0%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		4	100.0%	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		5	100.0%	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Maryland		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		5	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		0	0.0%	568	47.4%

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## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## Massachusetts

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Massachusetts		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		432		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		94.0%		—	
Total operational schools		1,851		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		99.7%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Massachusetts		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		25		2,894	
Total enrollment		962,297		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		2.6		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Massachusetts		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	25	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	4	16.0%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	8	32.0%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	13	52.0%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Massachusetts		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	25	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	13	52.0%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	0	0.0%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	0	0.0%	50	1.7%	
Other	12	48.0%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		Massachusetts		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	25	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	23	92.0%	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	*	*	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	*	*	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	*	*	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		Massachusetts		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	23	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	23	100.0%	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	7	100.0%	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	16	100.0%	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Massachusetts		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	16	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	10	62.5%	568	47.4%	

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## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## Michigan

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Michigan		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		895		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Total operational schools		3,817		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Michigan		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		85		2,894	
Total enrollment		1,504,194		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		5.7		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Michigan		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		85	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		18	21.2%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		27	31.8%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		38	44.7%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		2	2.4%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Michigan		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		85	—	2,894	—
Handgun		38	44.7%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		5	5.9%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		2	2.4%	50	1.7%
Other		40	47.1%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		Michigan		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		85	—	2,894	—
Expelled		25	29.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		60	71.0%	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		0	0.0%	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		0	0.0%	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		Michigan		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		25	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		9	36.0%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		3	42.9%	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		6	33.3%	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Michigan		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		18	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		11	61.1%	568	47.4%

Note. The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator.

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## Minnesota

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Minnesota		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		564		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Total operational schools		2,819		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		99.5%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Minnesota		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		18		2,894	
Total enrollment		889,304		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		2.0		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Minnesota		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	18	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	2	11.1%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	2	11.1%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	14	77.8%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Minnesota		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	18	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	9	50.0%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	8	44.4%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	0	0.0%	50	1.7%	
Other	1	5.6%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		Minnesota		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	18	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	*	*	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	15	83.0%	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	*	*	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	*	*	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		Minnesota		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	<3	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	*	*	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	*	*	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	*	*	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Minnesota		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	<3	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	*	*	568	47.4%	

*Note.* The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator. The asterisk signifies the following: Data are suppressed for states or jurisdictions with fewer than three incidents. If only one state or jurisdiction was suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data also were suppressed for the state or jurisdiction with the next lowest number of incidents. If a state had only one discipline method suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data were suppressed for the discipline method with the next lowest number of incidents.

## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## Mississippi

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Mississippi		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		155		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		99.4%		—	
Total operational schools		1,052		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		98.9%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Mississippi		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		9		2,894	
Total enrollment		471,298		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		1.9		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Mississippi		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		9	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		1	11.1%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		1	11.1%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		7	77.8%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		0	0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Mississippi		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		9	—	2,894	—
Handgun		9	100.0%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		0	0.0%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		0	0.0%	50	1.7%
Other		0	0.0%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		Mississippi		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		9	—	2,894	—
Expelled		3	33.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		6	67.0%	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		0	0.0%	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		0	0.0%	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		Mississippi		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		3	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		0	0.0%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		0	0.0%	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		0	0.0%	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Mississippi		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		3	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		0	0.0%	568	47.4%

Note. The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator.

## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## Missouri

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Missouri		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		567		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		99.5%		—	
Total operational schools		2,451		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Missouri		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		4		2,894	
Total enrollment		913,441		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		0.4		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Missouri		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	4	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	1	25.0%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	0	0.0%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	3	75.0%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Missouri		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	4	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	3	75.0%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	0	0.0%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	0	0.0%	50	1.7%	
Other	1	25.0%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		Missouri		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	4	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	4	100.0%	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	0	0.0%	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	0	0.0%	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	0	0.0%	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		Missouri		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	4	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	*	*	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	*	*	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	*	*	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Missouri		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	<3	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	*	*	568	47.4%	

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## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## Montana

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Montana		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		487		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		82.8%		—	
Total operational schools		829		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		99.3%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Montana		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		9		2,894	
Total enrollment		148,844		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		6.0		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Montana		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	9	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	2	22.2%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	1	11.1%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	6	66.7%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Montana		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	9	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	5	55.6%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	2	22.2%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	0	0.0%	50	1.7%	
Other	2	22.2%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		Montana		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	9	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	*	*	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	7	78.0%	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	*	8	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	*	*	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		Montana		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	<3	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	*	*	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	*	*	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	*	*	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Montana		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	<3	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	*	*	568	47.4%	

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# Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

# Nebraska

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Nebraska		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		279		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		89.2%		—	
Total operational schools		1,081		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		90.7%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Nebraska		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		23		2,894	
Total enrollment		326,392		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		7.1		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Nebraska		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	23	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	3	13.0%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	1	4.3%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	19	82.6%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Nebraska		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	23	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	15	65.2%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	3	13.0%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	0	0.0%	50	1.7%	
Other	5	21.7%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		Nebraska		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	23	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	17	74.0%	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	6	26.0%	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	0	0.0%	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	0	0.0%	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		Nebraska		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	17	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	*	*	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	*	*	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	*	*	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Nebraska		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	15	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	15	100.0%	568	47.4%	

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## Nevada

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Nevada		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		21		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Total operational schools		722		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		99.7%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Nevada		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		28		2,894	
Total enrollment		498,614		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		5.6		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Nevada		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		28	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		1	3.6%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		2	7.1%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		25	89.3%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		0	0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Nevada		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		28	—	2,894	—
Handgun		24	85.7%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		1	3.6%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		1	3.6%	50	1.7%
Other		2	7.1%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		Nevada		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		28	—	2,894	—
Expelled		20	71.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		8	29.0%	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		0	0.0%	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		0	0.0%	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		Nevada		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		20	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		9	45.0%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		*	*	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		*	*	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Nevada		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		16	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		16	100.0%	568	47.4%

Note. The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator.

## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## New Hampshire

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		New Hampshire		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		308		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		62.3%		—	
Total operational schools		494		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		98.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		New Hampshire		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		5		2,894	
Total enrollment		178,515		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		2.8		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		New Hampshire		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	5	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	1	20.0%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	1	20.0%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	3	60.0%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded		0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		New Hampshire		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	5	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	0	0.0%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	0	0.0%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	0	0.0%	50	1.7%	
Other	5	100.0%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		New Hampshire		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	5	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	*	*	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	4	80.0%	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	*	*	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	*	*	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		New Hampshire		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	<3	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	*	*	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	*	*	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	*	*	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		New Hampshire		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	0	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	0	0.0%	568	47.4%	

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## New Jersey

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		New Jersey		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		687		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Total operational schools		2,572		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		New Jersey		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		6		2,894	
Total enrollment		1,400,069		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		0.4		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		New Jersey		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	6	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	1	16.7%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	1	16.7%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	4	66.7%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		New Jersey		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	6	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	6	100.0%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	0	0.0%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	0	0.0%	50	1.7%	
Other	0	0.0%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		New Jersey		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	6	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	5	83.0%	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	*	*	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	*	*	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	*	*	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		New Jersey		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	5	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	0	0.0%	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	*	*	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	*	*	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		New Jersey		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	<3	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	*	*	568	47.4%	

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## New Mexico

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		New Mexico		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		146		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		67.8%		—	
Total operational schools		882		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		99.5%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		New Mexico		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		39		2,894	
Total enrollment		333,537		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		11.7		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		New Mexico		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		39	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		5	12.8%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		19	48.7%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		15	38.5%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		0	0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		New Mexico		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		39	—	2,894	—
Handgun		17	43.6%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		6	15.4%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		0	0.0%	50	1.7%
Other		16	41.0%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		New Mexico		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		39	—	2,894	—
Expelled		38	97.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		*	*	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		*	*	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		*	*	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		New Mexico		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		38	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		23	60.5%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		3	27.3%	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		20	74.1%	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		New Mexico		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		27	—	1,199	—
Expulsions with educational services		3	11.1%	568	47.4%

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## New York

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		New York		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		1,057		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		99.0%		—	
Total operational schools		4,796		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		98.7%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		New York		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		265		2,894	
Total enrollment		2,699,331		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		9.8		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		New York		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		265	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		0	0.0%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		0	0.0%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		0	0.0%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		265	100.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		New York		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		265	—	2,894	—
Handgun		23	8.7%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		2	0.8%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		0	0.0%	50	1.7%
Other		240	90.6%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		New York		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		265	—	2,894	—
Expelled		144	54.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		117	44.0%	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		*	*	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		*	*	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		New York		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		144	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		120	83.3%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		30	78.9%	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		90	84.9%	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		New York		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		106	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		89	84.0%	568	47.4%

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# North Carolina

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		North Carolina		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		330		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		93.0%		—	
Total operational schools		2,706		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		97.9%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		North Carolina		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		117		2,894	
Total enrollment		1,552,497		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		7.5		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		North Carolina		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	117	—		2,894	—
Grades K–5	15	12.8%		364	13.0%
Grades 6–8	37	31.6%		702	24.0%
Grades 9–12	65	55.6%		1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%		267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		North Carolina		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	117	—		2,894	—
Handgun	62	53.0%		1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun	4	3.4%		190	6.6%
Multiple weapons	0	0.0%		50	1.7%
Other	51	43.6%		1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		North Carolina		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	117	—		2,894	—
Expelled	112	96.0%		1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions	3	3.0%		1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions	*	*		85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons	*	*		127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		North Carolina		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	112	—		1,511	—
Modified (all students)	85	75.9%		784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)	18	81.8%		190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)	67	74.4%		594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		North Carolina		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	90	—		1,199	—
Expelled with educational services	9	10.0%		568	47.4%

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## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## North Dakota

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		North Dakota		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		225		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		78.2%		—	
Total operational schools		531		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		91.3%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		North Dakota		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		9		2,894	
Total enrollment		113,845		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		7.9		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		North Dakota		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	9	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	1	11.1%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	0	0.0%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	8	88.9%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		North Dakota		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	9	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	0	0.0%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	6	66.7%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	0	0.0%	50	1.7%	
Other	3	33.3%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		North Dakota		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	9	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	*	*	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	8	89.0%	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	*	*	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	*	*	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		North Dakota		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	<3	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	*	*	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	*	*	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	*	*	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		North Dakota		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	<3	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	*	*	568	47.4%	

*Note.* The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator. The asterisk signifies the following: Data are suppressed for states or jurisdictions with fewer than three incidents. If only one state or jurisdiction was suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data also were suppressed for the state or jurisdiction with the next lowest number of incidents. If a state had only one discipline method suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data were suppressed for the discipline method with the next lowest number of incidents.

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Ohio

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Ohio		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		1,043		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Total operational schools		3,566		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Ohio		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		58		2,894	
Total enrollment		1,695,762		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		3.4		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Ohio		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		58	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		5	8.6%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		15	25.9%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		38	65.5%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		0	0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Ohio		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		58	—	2,894	—
Handgun		58	100.0%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		0	0.0%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		0	0.0%	50	1.7%
Other		0	0.0%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		Ohio		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		58	—	2,894	—
Expelled		58	100.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		0	0.0%	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		0	0.0%	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		0	0.0%	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		Ohio		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		58	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		3	5.2%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		*	*	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		*	*	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Ohio		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		47	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		0	0.0%	568	47.4%

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## Oklahoma

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Oklahoma		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		597		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		90.6%		—	
Total operational schools		1,807		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Oklahoma		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		33		2,894	
Total enrollment		698,891		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		4.7		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Oklahoma		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		33	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		3	9.1%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		6	18.2%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		24	72.7%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		0	0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Oklahoma		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		33	—	2,894	—
Handgun		28	84.8%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		3	9.1%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		0	0.0%	50	1.7%
Other		2	6.1%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		Oklahoma		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		33	—	2,894	—
Expelled		33	100.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		0	0.0%	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		0	0.0%	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		0	0.0%	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		Oklahoma		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		33	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		7	21.2%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		*	*	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		*	*	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Oklahoma		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		26	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		12	46.2%	568	47.4%

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## Oregon

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Oregon		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		222		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		99.5%		—	
Total operational schools		1,256		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Oregon		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		43		2,894	
Total enrollment		607,761		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		7.1		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Oregon		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		43	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		4	9.3%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		15	34.9%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		24	55.8%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		0	0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Oregon		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		43	—	2,894	—
Handgun		14	32.6%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		3	7.0%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		1	2.3%	50	1.7%
Other		25	58.1%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		Oregon		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		43	—	2,894	—
Expelled		10	23.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		33	77.0%	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		0	0.0%	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		0	0.0%	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		Oregon		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		10	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		5	50.0%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		0	0.0%	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		5	55.6%	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Oregon		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		9	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		3	33.3%	568	47.4%

Note. The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator.



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## Pennsylvania

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Pennsylvania		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		789		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		91.5%		—	
Total operational schools		2,963		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		97.6%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Pennsylvania		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		22		2,894	
Total enrollment		1,730,757		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		1.3		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Pennsylvania		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	22	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	2	9.1%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	8	36.4%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	12	54.5%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Pennsylvania		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	22	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	17	77.3%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	5	22.7%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	0	0.0%	50	1.7%	
Other	0	0.0%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		Pennsylvania		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	22	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	3	14.0%	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	19	86.0%	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	0	0.0%	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	0	0.0%	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		Pennsylvania		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	3	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	*	*	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	0	—	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	*	*	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Pennsylvania		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	3	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	*	*	568	47.4%	

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## Rhode Island

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Rhode Island		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		64		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Total operational schools		329		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Rhode Island		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		5		2,894	
Total enrollment		143,436		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		3.5		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Rhode Island		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		5	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		0	0.0%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		5	100.0%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		0	0.0%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		0	0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Rhode Island		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		5	—	2,894	—
Handgun		5	100.0%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		0	0.0%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		0	0.0%	50	1.7%
Other		0	0.0%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		Rhode Island		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		5	—	2,894	—
Expelled		0	0.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		5	100.0%	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		0	0.0%	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		0	0.0%	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		Rhode Island		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		0	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		0	0.0%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		0	0.0%	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		0	0.0%	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Rhode Island		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		0	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		0	0.0%	568	47.4%

Note. The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator.

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## South Carolina

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		South Carolina		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		102		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		98.0%		—	
Total operational schools		1,263		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		South Carolina		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		90		2,894	
Total enrollment		780,882		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		11.5		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		South Carolina		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		90	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		14	15.6%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		14	15.6%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		62	68.9%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		0	0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		South Carolina		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		90	—	2,894	—
Handgun		57	63.3%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		4	4.4%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		0	0.0%	50	1.7%
Other		29	32.2%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		South Carolina		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		90	—	2,894	—
Expelled		39	43.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		36	40.0%	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		*	*	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		*	*	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		South Carolina		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		39	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		17	43.6%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		5	100.0%	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		12	35.3%	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		South Carolina		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		34	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		12	35.3%	568	47.4%

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## South Dakota

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		South Dakota		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		166		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		89.8%		—	
Total operational schools		697		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		98.9%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		South Dakota		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		10		2,894	
Total enrollment		138,975		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		7.2		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		South Dakota		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	10	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	0	0.0%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	3	30.0%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	7	70.0%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		South Dakota		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	10	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	1	10.0%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	5	50.0%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	1	10.0%	50	1.7%	
Other	3	30.0%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		South Dakota		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	10	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	4	40.0%	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	6	60.0%	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	0	0.0%	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	0	0.0%	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		South Dakota		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	4	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	3	75.0%	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	*	*	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	*	*	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		South Dakota		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	3	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	*	*	568	47.4%	

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## Tennessee

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Tennessee		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		147		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Total operational schools		1,862		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Tennessee		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		99		2,894	
Total enrollment		1,007,624		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		9.8		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Tennessee		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	99	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	15	15.2%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	25	25.3%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	59	59.6%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Tennessee		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	99	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	60	60.6%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	15	15.2%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	0	0.0%	50	1.7%	
Other	24	24.2%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		Tennessee		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	99	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	88	89.0%	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	11	11.0%	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	0	0.0%	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	0	0.0%	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		Tennessee		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	88	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	52	59.1%	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	11	84.6%	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	41	54.7%	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Tennessee		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	75	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	31	41.3%	568	47.4%	

Note. The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator.

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## Texas

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Texas		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		1,226		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		97.6%		—	
Total operational schools		8,979		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		99.9%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Texas		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		182		2,894	
Total enrollment		5,433,471		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		3.4		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Texas		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	182	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	9	4.9%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	28	15.4%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	145	79.7%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Texas		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	182	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	156	85.7%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	14	7.7%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	4	2.2%	50	1.7%	
Other	8	4.4%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		Texas		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	182	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	167	92.0%	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	5	3.0%	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	4	2.0%	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	6	3.0%	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		Texas		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	167	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	45	26.9%	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	8	40.0%	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	37	25.2%	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Texas		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	147	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	104	70.7%	568	47.4%	

Note. The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator.

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Utah

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Utah		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		161		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		96.3%		—	
Total operational schools		1,062		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		99.8%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Utah		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		117		2,894	
Total enrollment		677,031		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		17.3		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Utah		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		117	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		20	17.1%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		61	52.1%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		36	30.8%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		0	0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Utah		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		117	—	2,894	—
Handgun		63	53.8%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		5	4.3%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		0	0.0%	50	1.7%
Other		49	41.9%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		Utah		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		117	—	2,894	—
Expelled		0	0.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		46	39.0%	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		71	61.0%	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		0	0.0%	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		Utah		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		0	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		0	0.0%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		0	0.0%	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		0	0.0%	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Utah		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		0	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		0	0.0%	568	47.4%

Note. The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator.

## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## Vermont

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Vermont		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		235		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		62.6%		—	
Total operational schools		311		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		98.7%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Vermont		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		1		2,894	
Total enrollment		87,359		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		1.1		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Vermont		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	1	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	0	0.0%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	0	0.0%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	1	100.0%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Vermont		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	1	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	0	0.0%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	1	100.0%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	0	0.0%	50	1.7%	
Other	0	0.0%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		Vermont		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	<3	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	*	*	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	*	*	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	*	*	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	*	*	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		Vermont		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	0	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	0	0.0%	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	0	0.0%	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	0	0.0%	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Vermont		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	0	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	0	0.0%	568	47.4%	

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## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## Virginia

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Virginia		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		215		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		62.3%		—	
Total operational schools		2,113		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		89.4%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Virginia		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		51		2,894	
Total enrollment		1,289,367		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		4.0		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Virginia		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		51	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		6	11.8%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		10	19.6%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		35	68.6%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		0	0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Virginia		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		51	—	2,894	—
Handgun		23	45.1%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		4	7.8%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		0	0.0%	50	1.7%
Other		24	47.1%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		Virginia		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		51	—	2,894	—
Expelled		20	39.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		31	61.0%	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		0	0.0%	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		0	0.0%	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		Virginia		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		20	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		4	20.0%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		*	*	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		*	*	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Virginia		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		15	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		7	46.7%	568	47.4%

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# Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

# Washington

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Washington		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		336		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		93.2%		—	
Total operational schools		2,445		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		98.7%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Washington		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		111		2,894	
Total enrollment		1,127,532		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		9.8		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Washington		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	111	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	20	18.0%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	20	18.0%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	71	64.0%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Washington		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	111	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	46	41.4%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	1	0.9%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	2	1.8%	50	1.7%	
Other	62	55.9%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		Washington		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	111	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	68	61.0%	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	34	31.0%	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	*	*	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	*	*	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		Washington		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	68	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	41	60.3%	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	20	80.0%	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	21	48.8%	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Washington		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	43	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	19	44.2%	568	47.4%	

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## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## West Virginia

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		West Virginia		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		57		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Total operational schools		721		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		99.7%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		West Virginia		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		13		2,894	
Total enrollment		267,976		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		4.9		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		West Virginia		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		13	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		3	23.1%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		1	7.7%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		9	69.2%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		0	0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		West Virginia		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		13	—	2,894	—
Handgun		10	76.9%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		1	7.7%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		2	15.4%	50	1.7%
Other		0	0.0%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		West Virginia		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		13	—	2,894	—
Expelled		6	46.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		7	54.0%	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		0	0.0%	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		0	0.0%	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		West Virginia		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		6	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		*	*	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		*	*	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		*	*	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		West Virginia		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		3	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		3	100.0%	568	47.4%

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# Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

# Wisconsin

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Wisconsin		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		463		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		95.5%		—	
Total operational schools		2,256		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		98.1%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Wisconsin		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		41		2,894	
Total enrollment		859,333		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		4.8		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Wisconsin		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		41	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		9	22.0%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		13	31.7%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		19	46.3%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		0	0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Wisconsin		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		41	—	2,894	—
Handgun		14	34.1%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		3	7.3%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		3	7.3%	50	1.7%
Other		21	51.2%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		Wisconsin		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		41	—	2,894	—
Expelled		10	24.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		31	76.0%	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		0	0.0%	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		0	0.0%	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		Wisconsin		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		10	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		0	0.0%	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		0	0.0%	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		0	0.0%	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Wisconsin		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		10	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		7	70.0%	568	47.4%

Note. The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator.

## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## Wyoming

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Wyoming		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		62		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		77.4%		—	
Total operational schools		363		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		99.7%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Wyoming		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		7		2,894	
Total enrollment		94,313		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		7.4		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Wyoming		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		7	—	2,894	—
Grades K–5		1	14.3%	364	13.0%
Grades 6–8		3	42.9%	702	24.0%
Grades 9–12		3	42.9%	1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded		0	0.0%	267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Wyoming		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		7	—	2,894	—
Handgun		4	57.1%	1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun		1	14.3%	190	6.6%
Multiple weapons		0	0.0%	50	1.7%
Other		2	28.6%	1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		Wyoming		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions		7	—	2,894	—
Expelled		5	71.0%	1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions		*	*	1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions		*	*	85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons		*	*	127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		Wyoming		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions		5	—	1,511	—
Modified (all students)		*	*	784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)		*	*	190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)		*	*	594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Wyoming		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions		5	—	1,199	—
Expelled with educational services		3	60.0%	568	47.4%

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BIE

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		BIE		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		174		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Total operational schools		174		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		BIE		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		1		2,894	
Total enrollment		43,706		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		2.3		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		BIE		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	1	—		2,894	—
Grades K–5	0	0.0%		364	13.0%
Grades 6–8	0	0.0%		702	24.0%
Grades 9–12	1	100.0%		1,561	54.0%
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%		267	9.0%
Firearm incidents by weapon type		BIE		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	1	—		2,894	—
Handgun	1	100.0%		1,494	51.6%
Rifle or shotgun	0	0.0%		190	6.6%
Multiple weapons	0	0.0%		50	1.7%
Other	0	0.0%		1,160	40.1%
Disciplinary actions by method		BIE		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	<3	—		2,894	—
Expelled	*	*		1,511	52.2%
Other disciplinary actions	*	*		1,171	40.5%
No disciplinary actions	*	*		85	2.9%
Removed from school for other reasons	*	*		127	4.4%
Modified expulsions		BIE		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	<3	—		1,511	—
Modified (all students)	*	*		784	51.9%
Modified (IDEA students)	*	*		190	60.9%
Modified (non-IDEA students)	*	*		594	49.5%
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		BIE		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	<3	—		1,199	—
Expelled with educational services	*	*		568	47.4%

*Note.* The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator. The asterisk signifies the following: Data are suppressed for states or jurisdictions with fewer than three incidents. If only one state or jurisdiction was suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data also were suppressed for the state or jurisdiction with the next lowest number of incidents. If a state had only one discipline method suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data were suppressed for the discipline method with the next lowest number of incidents.

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Guam

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Guam		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		4		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Total operational schools		44		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Guam		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		1		2,894	
Total enrollment		29,719		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		3.4		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Guam		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	1	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	1	100.0%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	0	0.0%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	0	0.0%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Guam		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	1	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	1	100.0%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	0	0.0%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	0	0.0%	50	1.7%	
Other	0	0.0%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		Guam		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	<3	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	*	*	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	*	*	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	*	*	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	*	*	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		Guam		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	<3	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	*	*	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	*	*	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	*	*	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Guam		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	<3	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	*	*	568	47.4%	

*Note.* The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator. The asterisk signifies the following: Data are suppressed for states or jurisdictions with fewer than three incidents. If only one state or jurisdiction was suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data also were suppressed for the state or jurisdiction with the next lowest number of incidents. If a state had only one discipline method suppressed for having fewer than three incidents, then data were suppressed for the discipline method with the next lowest number of incidents.

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## Puerto Rico

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Puerto Rico		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		1		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Total operational schools		847		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Puerto Rico		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		10		2,894	
Total enrollment		307,282		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		3.3		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Puerto Rico		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	10	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	1	10.0%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	7	70.0%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	2	20.0%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Puerto Rico		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	10	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	1	10.0%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	0	0.0%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	0	0.0%	50	1.7%	
Other	9	90.0%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		Puerto Rico		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	10	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	0	0.0%	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	8	80.0%	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	*	*	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	*	*	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		Puerto Rico		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	0	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	0	—	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	0	—	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	0	—	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Puerto Rico		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	0	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	0	—	568	47.4%	

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## Gun-Free Schools Act 2018–19 Profile

## Virgin Islands

GFSA LEA and school reporting compliance		Virgin Islands		U.S. total	
Total operational LEAs		2		—	
Percentage of LEAs that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Total operational schools		26		—	
Percentage of schools that submitted a GFSA Report		100.0%		—	
Students involved in firearm incidents		Virgin Islands		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents		0		2,894	
Total enrollment		10,718		49,029,082	
Rate per 100,000 students enrolled		0.0		5.9	
Firearm incidents by grade level		Virgin Islands		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	0	—	2,894	—	
Grades K–5	0	0.0%	364	13.0%	
Grades 6–8	0	0.0%	702	24.0%	
Grades 9–12	0	0.0%	1,561	54.0%	
Other/ungraded	0	0.0%	267	9.0%	
Firearm incidents by weapon type		Virgin Islands		U.S. total	
Number of firearm incidents	0	—	2,894	—	
Handgun	0	0.0%	1,494	51.6%	
Rifle or shotgun	0	0.0%	190	6.6%	
Multiple weapons	0	0.0%	50	1.7%	
Other	0	0.0%	1,160	40.1%	
Disciplinary actions by method		Virgin Islands		U.S. total	
Number of disciplinary actions	0	—	2,894	—	
Expelled	0	—	1,511	52.2%	
Other disciplinary actions	0	—	1,171	40.5%	
No disciplinary actions	0	—	85	2.9%	
Removed from school for other reasons	0	—	127	4.4%	
Modified expulsions		Virgin Islands		U.S. total	
Number of expulsions	0	—	1,511	—	
Modified (all students)	0	—	784	51.9%	
Modified (IDEA students)	0	—	190	60.9%	
Modified (non-IDEA students)	0	—	594	49.5%	
Expulsions with educational services (non-IDEA)		Virgin Islands		U.S. total	
Number of non-IDEA expulsions	0	—	1,199	—	
Expelled with educational services	0	—	568	47.4%	

Note. The em dash signifies that no number or percentage was calculated for this indicator.

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# **ATTACHMENT B: 20 U.S. CODE § 7961 GUN-FREE REQUIREMENTS**

## 20 U.S.C.S. § 7961. Gun-Free Requirements

(a) SHORT TITLE- This subpart may be cited as the Gun-Free Schools Act'.

(b) REQUIREMENTS-

(1) IN GENERAL- Each State receiving Federal funds under any title of this Act shall have in effect a State law requiring local educational agencies to expel from school for a period of not less than 1 year a student who is determined to have brought a firearm to a school, or to have possessed a firearm at a school, under the jurisdiction of local educational agencies in that State, except that such State law shall allow the chief administering officer of a local educational agency to modify such expulsion requirement for a student on a case-by-case basis if such modification is in writing.

(2) CONSTRUCTION- Nothing in this subpart shall be construed to prevent a State from allowing a local educational agency that has expelled a student from such a student's regular school setting from providing educational services to such student in an alternative setting.

(3) DEFINITION- For the purpose of this section, the term firearm' has the same meaning given such term in section 921(a) of title 18, United States Code.

(c) SPECIAL RULE- The provisions of this section shall be construed in a manner consistent with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.

(d) REPORT TO STATE- Each local educational agency requesting assistance from the State educational agency that is to be provided from funds made available to the State under any title of this Act shall provide to the State, in the application requesting such assistance —

(1) an assurance that such local educational agency is in compliance with the State law required by subsection (b); and

(2) a description of the circumstances surrounding any expulsions imposed under the State law required by subsection (b), including —

(A) the name of the school concerned;

(B) the number of students expelled from such school; and

(C) the type of firearms concerned.

(e) REPORTING- Each State shall report the information described in subsection (d) to the Secretary on an annual basis.

(f) DEFINITION- For the purpose of subsection (d), the term school' means any setting that is under the control and supervision of the local educational agency for the purpose of student activities approved and authorized by the local educational agency.

(g) EXCEPTION- Nothing in this section shall apply to a firearm that is lawfully stored inside a locked vehicle on school property, or if it is for activities approved and authorized by the local educational agency and the local educational agency adopts appropriate safeguards to ensure student safety.

(h) POLICY REGARDING CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM REFERRAL-

(1) IN GENERAL- No funds shall be made available under any title of this Act to any local educational agency unless such agency has a policy requiring referral to the criminal justice or juvenile delinquency system of any student who brings a firearm or weapon to a school served by such agency.

(2) DEFINITION- For the purpose of this subsection, the term school' has the same meaning given to such term by section 921(a) of title 18, United States Code.

# **ATTACHMENT C: STATE STATUTES AND REGULATIONS ADDRESSING GUN-FREE SCHOOLS ACT REQUIREMENTS**

## U.S. State Statutes and Regulations Addressing the Federal Gun-Free Schools Act

State or jurisdiction	State statute
Alabama	Code of Ala. 16-1-24.1. Firearms Code of Ala. 16-1-24.3. Discipline plan; safe, drug-free schools
Alaska	Alaska Stat. 14.03.160. Suspension or expulsion of students for possessing weapons Alaska Stat. 11.61.210. Misconduct involving weapons in the fourth degree
Arizona	A.R.S. 15-341. General powers and duties; immunity; delegation A.R.S. 15-841. Responsibilities of pupils; expulsion; alternative education programs; community service; placement review committee
Arkansas	A.C.A. 6-18-507. Suspension — Expulsion — Definitions
California	Cal Ed Code 48900. Grounds for suspension or expulsion Cal. Educ. Code 48915. Grounds for expulsion; Recommendation; Order by governing board Cal. Educ. Code 48902. Notification of law enforcement authorities of certain acts by students; Immunity
Colorado	Colo. Rev. Stat. 22-33-106. Grounds for suspension, expulsion, and denial of admission
Connecticut	Conn. Gen. Stat. 10-233c. Suspension of pupils Conn. Gen. Stat. 10-233d. Expulsion of pupils
Delaware	14-600 Del. Code Regs. § 1.0. School Climate and Discipline
District of Columbia	D.C. Code 38-231. Expulsion of students who bring weapons into public schools D.C. Code 38-232. Reference to criminal justice or juvenile delinquency system D.C. Code 38-233. Alternative educational programs D.C. Code 38-234. Definitions
Florida	Fla. Stat. Ann. 1006.13. Policy of zero tolerance for crime and victimization
Georgia	Ga. Code Ann. 20-2-751.1. Expulsion and disciplinary policy for students bringing weapons to school
Hawaii	Haw. Rev. Stat. Ann. 302A-1134. Exclusion from school Haw. Code R. 8-19-6. Prohibited student conduct; class offenses
Idaho	Idaho Code 33-205. Denial of school attendance Idaho Admin. Code r. 08.02.03.160. Safe Environment and Discipline
Illinois	105 Ill. Comp. Stat. Ann. 5/10-27.1A. Firearms in schools 105 Ill. Comp. Stat. Ann. 5/10-22.6. Suspension or expulsion of pupils; school searches
Indiana	Ind. Code Ann. 20-33-8-16. Expulsion for firearms, destructive devices, or weapons
Iowa	Iowa Code 280.17A. Procedures for handling dangerous weapons Iowa Code 280.17B. Students suspended or expelled for possession of dangerous weapons Iowa Code 280.21B. Expulsion — weapons in school
Kansas	Kan. Stat. Ann. 72-6132. Policies requiring expulsion of pupils for possession of weapons, adoption, filing; hearings; modification of requirement authorized; referral procedure; annual report; circumstances when policy not applicable
Kentucky	Ky. Rev. Stat. 158.150. Suspension or expulsion of pupils Ky. Rev. Stat. 158.154. Principal's duty to report certain acts to local law enforcement agency Ky. Rev. Stat. 158.155. Reporting of specified incidents of student conduct — Notation on school records — Report to law enforcement of certain student conduct — Immunity
Louisiana	La. Rev. Stat. Ann. 17:416. Discipline of students; suspension; expulsion
Maine	20-A M.R.S. 1001. Duties of school boards
Maryland	Md. Code Ann., Educ. 7-305. Suspension and expulsion Md. Code Regs. 13A.08.01.12-1. Bringing or Possessing a Firearm on School Property
Massachusetts	Mass. Ann. Laws ch. 71, 37L. Conduct — Child Abuse; Dangerous Weapons; Record of Suspension and Criminal Act Mass. Ann. Laws ch. 71, 37H. Conduct — Policies Governing Teachers and Students — Publication
Michigan	Mich. Comp. Laws Serv. 380.1308. Statewide school safety information policy Mich. Comp. Laws Serv. 380.1311. Suspension or expulsion of pupils Mich. Comp. Laws Serv. 380.1313. Dangerous weapon found in possession of pupil; report; confiscation by school official; determination of legal owner; "dangerous weapon" defined
Minnesota	Minn. Stat. Ann. 121A.05. Policy to Refer Firearms Possessor Minn. Stat. Ann. 121A.44. Expulsion for Possession of Firearm Minn. Stat. Ann. 121A.47. Exclusion and Expulsion Procedures Minn. Stat. Ann. 121A.55. Policies to be Established
Mississippi	Miss. Code Ann. 37-11-18. Expulsion of student possessing controlled substance or weapon or committing violent act on school property Miss. Code Ann. 37-11-29. Reporting of unlawful activity or violent act on educational property or during school related activity; authority of law enforcement officers; reporting of disposition of charges against student; liability of school personnel participating in reporting Miss. Code Ann. 37-13-92. Alternative school program for compulsory-school-age students; placement of children in alternative school; transportation of students; expenses; annual report

State or jurisdiction	State statute
Missouri	Mo. Rev. Stat. 160.261. Discipline, written policy established by local boards of education — contents — reporting requirements — additional restrictions for certain suspensions — weapons offense, mandatory suspension or expulsion — no civil liability for authorized personnel — spanking not child abuse, when — investigation procedure — officials falsifying reports, penalty
Montana	Mont. Code Ann. 20-5-202. Suspension and expulsion
Nebraska	R.R.S. Neb. 28-1204.04. Unlawful possession of a firearm at a school; penalty; exceptions; confiscation of certain firearms; disposition Neb. Rev. Stat. Ann 79-283. Hearing; final disposition; written notice; effect; period of expulsion; review; when; procedure; readmittance
Nevada	Nev. Rev. Stat. Ann. 392.466. Suspension or expulsion of pupil for battery on employee of school, possession of firearm or dangerous weapon, sale or distribution of controlled substance or status as habitual disciplinary problem; limitations for pupils with disabilities; modification to suspension or expulsion requirement; limitations for pupils with disabilities
New Hampshire	N.H. Rev. Stat. Ann. 193-D:4. Written Report Required N.H. Rev. Stat. Ann. 193:13. Suspension and Expulsion of Pupils
New Jersey	N.J. Stat. 18A:37-8. Offense by pupil involving firearm, removal from school's regular education program N.J. Stat. 18A:37-9. Responsibility for removal, report N.J. Stat. 18A:37-10. Hearing
New Mexico	N.M. Stat. Ann. 32A-2-33. Child in possession of a firearm on school premises; detention; hearing N.M. Stat. Ann. 22-5-4.7. Additional student discipline policies; weapon-free schools
New York	N.Y. Educ. Law § 3214. Student placement, suspensions and transfers
North Carolina	N.C. Gen. Stat. 115C-288. Powers and duties of principal N.C. Gen. Stat. 115C-390.10. 365-day suspension for gun possession
North Dakota	N.D. Cent. Code 15.1-19-09. Students — Suspension and expulsion — Rules N.D. Cent. Code 15.1-19-10. Possession of a weapon — Policy — Expulsion from school
Ohio	Ohio Rev. Code Ann. 3313.66. Suspension, expulsion or permanent exclusion; removal from curricular or extracurricular activities Ohio Rev. Code Ann. 3319.45. Principal to report certain serious violations by pupil to superintendent and law enforcement officer
Oklahoma	Okla. Stat. tit. 70, 24-101.3. Out-of-School Suspensions—Right to Appeal Okla. Stat. tit. 70, 24-132.1. Immediate Report and Delivery of Confiscated Firearm to Law Enforcement Authority
Oregon	Or. Rev. Stat. Ann. 339.250. Duty of student to comply with rules; discipline, suspension, expulsion, removal and counseling; written information on alternative programs required
Pennsylvania	24 Pa. Stat. Ann. 13-1317.2. Possession of weapons prohibited
Rhode Island	16 R.I. Gen. Laws 21-18. Students prohibited from bringing or possessing firearms on school premises
South Carolina	S.C. Code Ann. 59-63-240. Expulsion for remainder of year; hearings S.C. Code Ann. 59-63-235. Expulsion of student determined to have brought firearm to school
South Dakota	S.D. Codified Laws 13-32-4. School board cooperation in enforcement of discipline — Suspension and expulsion by the board — Grounds — Length of firearm-related suspension — Due process — Local authorities — Alternative solutions
Tennessee	Tenn. Code Ann. 49-6-4301. School officials to report student offenses Tenn. Code Ann. 49-6-3401. Suspension of students -- Expulsion of students -- Exception for self-defense
Texas	Tex. Educ. Code 37.007. Expulsion for Serious Offenses Tex. Educ. Code 37.015. Reports to Local Law Enforcement; Liability
Utah	Utah Code Ann. 53G-8-205. Grounds for suspension or expulsion from a public school Utah Code Ann. 53G-8-510. Notification of teachers of weapons on school property — Immunity from civil and criminal liability
Vermont	Vt. Stat. Ann. tit. 16, 1166. Possession of a firearm at school 22-000-009 Vt. Code R.1. PUPILS (4000)
Virginia	Va. Code Ann. 22.1-279.6. Board of Education guidelines and model policies for codes of student conduct; school board regulations
Washington	Wash. Rev. Code Ann. 28A.600.420. Firearms on school premises, transportation, or facilities — Penalty — Exemptions Rev. Code Wash. (ARCW) 9.41.280. Possessing dangerous weapons on school facilities — Penalty — Exceptions
West Virginia	W. Va. Code R. 126-99-5. Severability
Wisconsin	Wis. Stat. Ann. 120.13. School board powers
Wyoming	Wyo. Stat. Ann. 21-4-305. Suspension or expulsion; authority; procedure Wyo. Stat. Ann. 21-4-306. Suspension or expulsion; grounds
Bureau of Indian Education	--
Guam	9 GCA 71.20. Definitions 9 GCA 71.30. Person Not Allowed to Possess Firearms 9 GCA 71.40. Prohibition on Discharge of Firearm 9 GCA 71.60. Punishment 9 GCA 71.61. Information for sentencing
Puerto Rico	Regulation Num. 8115. Article IX, E. Entries and searches
Virgin Islands	14 V.I.C. 2253. Carrying of firearms; openly or concealed; evidence of intent to commit crime of violence; definitions 17 V.I.C. 91. Expulsion of pupils; appeal

