



# 50-State Comparison

## Vouchers

### Enrollment limits

March 2021

STATE	Program Name	Enrollment limits
Arkansas	Succeed Scholarship Program	No.
District of Columbia	Opportunity Scholarship Program	No. However, the following eligible students must be given priority: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Students attending a school that has been identified for comprehensive or targeted support and improvement.</li><li>- Students awarded a scholarship in a previous year.</li><li>- Students with a sibling who has received a scholarship through the program.</li></ul>
Florida	John M. McKay Scholarship for Students with Disabilities Program	No
	Family Empowerment Scholarship	No.
Georgia	Georgia Special Needs Scholarship Program	No.
Indiana	Choice Scholarship Program	No. However, the department shall establish the standards used to allocate choice scholarships among eligible choice scholarship students.

STATE	Program Name	Enrollment limits
Louisiana	Student Scholarships for Educational Excellence	No. However, when applications exceed capacity, students attending schools with a D or F letter grade must be given priority. Students attending a public school with a letter grade C are entered into a lottery. Preference may be given to siblings, students enrolled in the school's Pre K program, and students residing in the parish.
	School Choice Program for Certain Students with Exceptionalities	No.
Maine	Town Tuitioning Program	No.
Maryland	Broadening Options and Opportunities for Students Today (BOOST) Program	No. However, student applications are ranked based on family income and federal poverty levels to determine priority for participation in the program.
Mississippi	Nate Rogers Scholarship for Students with Disabilities Program/ Speech-Language Therapy Scholarship for Students with Speech-Language Impairments Program	No.
	Dyslexia Therapy Scholarship for Students with Dyslexia Program	No.
New Hampshire	Town Tuitioning Program	No.
North Carolina	Opportunity Scholarship	<p>No. However, beginning with the 2017-18 school year, the state may award vouchers to at least 2,000 more eligible students than were served in the prior year. In addition, the program is subject to appropriations by the General Fund to the Opportunity Scholarship Grant Fund Reserve.</p> <p>The state may create a lottery system for applicants, giving first priority to students who were prior recipients of scholarships. After that, at least 50% of remaining funds must be used to students with a household income at or below the income guidelines for free or reduced-price meal programs.</p>

STATE	Program Name	Enrollment limits
	Special Education Scholarships for Children with Disabilities	No. However, the state gives preference to students who received a scholarship during the previous year, then children meeting any of the other eligibility requirements, with last preference to children with a disability who have lived in the state for six months but meet no other criteria.
Ohio	Educational Choice Scholarship Program	60,000 students
	EdChoice Expansion Program	It is unclear if the Education Choice Scholarship Program limits apply to the EdChoice Expansion Program. However, the number of voucher awards given is dependent on appropriations.
	Autism Scholarship Program	No.
	Joh Peterson Special Needs Scholarship Program	5% or less of students living in the state identified as having a disability.
	Cleveland Scholarship Program	No. However, vouchers and tutoring grants are subject to available funding.
Oklahoma	Lindsey Nicole Henry Scholarship for Students with Disabilities Program	No
Utah	Carson Smith Scholarship Program	No. However, if money is not available to pay for all requested scholarships, they must be distributed randomly with preference for students receiving a scholarship the previous year.
Vermont	Town Tuitioning Program	No
Wisconsin	Milwaukee Parental Choice Program	No.
	Racine Parental Private School Choice Program	No.

STATE	Program Name	Enrollment limits
	Wisconsin Parental Choice Program	<p>Starting in the 2017-18 school year, the enrollment cap was automatically increased from one to two percent. Every school year after 2017-18, the enrollment cap increases by one percent. For the 2021-22 school year, there is an enrollment cap of 5%. Automatic increases to the enrollment cap will end at start of the 2026-27 school year, totaling 10%. If the enrollment cap is reached, the Department of Public Instruction selects students through a random drawing.</p>
	Wisconsin Special Needs Scholarship Program	No.