

# 2019

## ANNUAL DISABILITY COMPENDIUM



DISABILITY STATISTICS & DEMOGRAPHICS  
REHABILITATION RESEARCH & TRAINING CENTER

# Acknowledgements

Special thanks to the following individuals who have contributed to the success of this effort: Deb Brucker, Erin Dame, Kate Filanoski, Megan Henly, Kim Phillips, Marisa Rafal, Toni Sumner-Beebe, and Karen Volle.

Funding for this publication is made possible by:

The Rehabilitation Research and Training Center on Disability Statistics and Demographics (StatsRRTC), funded by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Community Living, National Institute on Disability, Independent Living, and Rehabilitation Research (NIDILRR), grant number 90RTGE0001-01-00; and the Rehabilitation Research and Training Center on Employment Policy and Measurement (EPM-RRTC), also funded by NIDILRR, grant number 90RT5037-03-00. The information developed by the StatsRRTC and EPM-RRTC does not necessarily represent the policies of the Department of Health and Human Services, and you should not assume endorsement by the Federal Government (Edgar, 75.620 (b)).

The StatsRRTC and EPM-RRTC are part of the Institute on Disability at the University of New Hampshire. The Institute on Disability/UCED (IOD) was established in 1987 to provide a university-based focus for the improvement of knowledge, policies, and practices related to the lives of people with disabilities and their families and is New Hampshire's University Center for Excellence in Disability (UCED). Located within the University of New Hampshire, the IOD is a federally designated center authorized by the Developmental Disabilities Act. Through innovative and interdisciplinary research, academic, service, and dissemination initiatives, the IOD builds local, state, and national capacities to respond to the needs of individuals with disabilities and their families.

## Institute on Disability / UCED



10 West Edge Drive, Suite 101 | Durham, NH 03284  
603.862.4320 | relay: 711 | [contact.iod@unh.edu](mailto:contact.iod@unh.edu) | <https://www.iod.unh.edu>

### Stay Connected:



Copyright 2020. Institute on Disability. University of New Hampshire.

# **2019 Annual Disability Statistics Compendium**

**Rehabilitation Research and Training Center on  
Disability Statistics and Demographics  
A NIDILRR-Funded Center**



# Table of Contents

<b>Introduction</b> .....	1
<b>Iconography</b> .....	3
<b>Sample Table</b> .....	4
<b>List of Tables</b> .....	5
<b>Section 1: Population and Prevalence</b> .....	15
<b>Section 2: Functioning</b> .....	26
<b>Section 3: Employment</b> .....	36
<b>Section 4: Industry and Occupation</b> .....	48
<b>Section 5: Earnings</b> .....	60
<b>Section 6: Poverty</b> .....	62
<b>Section 7: Home Environment</b> .....	67
<b>Section 8: Veterans</b> .....	78
<b>Section 9: Health Insurance Coverage</b> .....	86
<b>Section 10: Rural</b> .....	89
<b>Section 11: Health</b> .....	101
<b>Section 12: Social Security Administration Program</b> .....	106
<b>Section 13: Education</b> .....	129
<b>Section 14: Vocational Rehabilitation</b> .....	142
<b>Section 15: Employment Policy</b> .....	149
<b>Glossary</b> .....	154
<b>About the Center</b> .....	169



# Introduction

**Overview.** Statistics are a powerful tool - in research, policymaking, program evaluation, and advocacy. They are used to frame issues, monitor current circumstances and progress, judge the effectiveness of policies and programs, make projections about the future, and predict the costs of potential policy changes.

In the United States, disability statistics – information about the population with disabilities and about the government programs that serve people with disabilities – are often difficult to find. Numerous government agencies generate and publish disability statistics, and as a result, the data are scattered across various federal government documents and websites.

The *Annual Disability Statistics Compendium* and its complement, the *Annual Disability Statistics Supplement*, are summaries of statistics about people with disabilities and about the government programs which serve them. The *Compendium*, available both in hard copy and online (at [www.disabilitycompendium.org](http://www.disabilitycompendium.org)) presents key overall statistics on topics including the prevalence of disability, employment among persons with disabilities, rates of participation in disability income and social insurance programs, and other statistics. The *Annual Disability Statistics Supplement*, only available online (also at [www.disabilitycompendium.org](http://www.disabilitycompendium.org)), presents tables with over 150 additional categorizations of data for each section highlighted in the *Compendium*.

**New this year.** The 2019 *Annual Disability Statistics Compendium* includes several new sections:

- The Research and Training Center on Disability in Rural Communities sponsored a new section with national estimates of sociodemographic information about people with disabilities in the rural US;
- Focusing on factors in the social and physical environments, sections have been added on the intersection of functional difficulties and activities of daily living and housing (e.g., housing quality, year built, type). Housing quality estimates were based on a Census Bureau index that includes adequacy of kitchen and bathroom facilities, overcrowding, and cost burden; and
- Industry and occupation for people with disabilities were added, and the four most prevalent industries and occupations were stratified by state.

**Additional Resources.** A companion *Annual Report* is available, providing graphic representations of key findings. The *Annual Report* highlights trend data related to specific tables in the *Compendium* and *Supplement*. The statistics presented here, as well as those in the *Supplement* and *Annual Report*, can be viewed and downloaded at <https://www.disabilitycompendium.org>.

Help navigating any of the resources described here can be found in the **Frequently Asked Questions** section at <https://www.DisabilityCompendium.org/faq>. Assistance interpreting and locating additional statistics is available via our toll-free number, 866.538.9521, or by email at [disability.statistics@unh.edu](mailto:disability.statistics@unh.edu). For more information about our research projects, please visit <https://www.ResearchonDisability.org>

**Suggested Citation.** Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J., 2020. *Annual Disability Statistics Compendium: 2019*. Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability.

# Iconography

Icons have been added to facilitate navigation. These were created or derived based on the icons available at <https://www.thenounproject.com>. Derived icons are free from copyright restrictions under the Creative Commons Organization Public Domain Mark 1.0 (<https://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/mark/1.0/>) unless otherwise noted.

Icon	Icon Representation
	Population and Prevalence
	Functioning
	Employment
	Industry and Occupation
	Earnings
	Poverty
	Home Environment
	Veterans
	Health Insurance Coverage
	Rural
	Health
<b>SSA</b>	Social Security Administration
	Education
<b>VR</b>	Vocational Rehabilitation
	Employment Policy
Attributions: Health Insurance Coverage icon ("Medical Clipboard") by the Noun Project, altered by Nichole Guntz. Education icon ("Graduate Cap" symbol) by Ben Langholz from the Noun Project, altered by Nichole Guntz.	

# Sample Table

**Section Icon**

**Table Title**

**Data Source & Link**

State	a1	Disability	Count	Vision %	Total Disability %	State	Total	Disability	Count		Vision % Total Disability %		
									Count	Total	Disability	Count	
U.S.	32,721	40,675,305	7,536,691	2.3	18.5	MO	6,006	403	900	518	153,137	2.5	17.0
AL	532	794,656	151,174	3.2	19.0	MT	1,036	512	142	887	23,929	2.3	16.8
AK	592	92,086	17,616	2.5	19.1	NE	1,892	212	231	662	39,335	2.1	17.0
AZ	516	889,172	170,261	2.5	19.1	NV	2,961	838	363	442	85,089	2.9	23.4
AR	813	530,756	102,355	3.5	19.3	NH	1,325	207	169	772	26,255	2.0	15.5
CA	3,156	4,147,243	781,052	2.0	18.8	NJ	8,903	054	912	159	167,335	1.9	18.3
CO	225	595,222	104,585	1.9	17.6	NM	2,054	508	323	332	70,400	3.4	21.8
CT	144	389,835	62,211	1.8	16.0	NY	19,608	509	2,272	927	405,955	2.1	17.9
DE	351	103,375	18,730	2.0	18.1	NC	10,071	642	1,344	880	257,459	2.6	19.1
DC	684,065	91,020	27,562	4.0	30.3	ND	738,859	76,117	14,126	1.9	18.6		
FL	20,683,330	2,817,179	542,994	2.6	19.3	OH	11,485	462	1,614	808	269,796	2.3	16.7
GA	10,246,239	1,251,435	629	2.4	19.9	OK	3,851	546	642	887	138,573	3.6	21.6
HI	1,370,850	148,895	97	2.0	18.8	OR	4,103	141	571	644	90,830	2.2	15.9
ID	1,696,598	241,552	14	2.8	19.5	PA	12,602	223	1,795	777	301,239	2.4	16.8
IL	12,625,584	1,400,753	849	2.0	18.1	RI	1,044	426	144	941	22,053	2.1	15.2
IN	6,568,754	912,728	128	2.4	17.4	SC	4,933	516	728	764	145,928	3.0	20.0
IA	3,103,193	336,214	34	1.5	14.1	SD	852,604	95,051	18,247	2.1	19.2		
KS	2,856,162	376,013	96	2.5	18.6	TN	6,614,699	1,027,425	204,593	3.1	19.9		
KY	4,372,996	766,301	617	3.7	21.1	TX	27,844	511	3,164	535	679,880	2.4	21.5
LA	4,580,488	681,241	210	3.3	21.9	UT	3,076	547	302,991	49,784	1.6	16.4	
ME	1,322,156	217,906	14	2.0	11.8	VT	617,936	89,911	12,367	2.0	13.8		
MD	5,959,960	652,671	661	1.8	16.9	VA	8,257	571	974	742	188,253	2.3	19.3
MA	6,786,014	804,562	477	1.8	15.6	WA	7,301	382	931	008	155,882	2.1	16.7
MI	9,853,848	1,389,051	698	2.2	15.8	WV	1,787	062	366	538	76,654	4.3	20.9
MN	5,520,151	609,564	87	1.7	15.2	WI	5,725	670	676	102	97,664	1.7	14.4
MS	2,922,300	491,664	661	3.9	22.9	WY	568,664	81,361	12,516	2.2	15.4		

Census Bureau, 2017 American Community Survey, Public Use Microdata Sample.  
 Data represents the civilian, institutional population. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

# List of Tables

## Section 1: Population and Prevalence

- Table 1.1 Resident Population – States: 2015 to 2018
- Table 1.2 State Resident Population – Projections: 2015 to 2030
- Table 1.3 Civilians Living in the Community for the United States and States, by Disability Status: 2018
- Table 1.4 Civilians Living in the Community for the United States and States – Hearing Disability: 2018
- Table 1.5 Civilians Living in the Community for the United States and States – Vision Disability: 2018
- Table 1.6 Civilians Living in the Community for the United States and States – Cognitive Disability: 2018
- Table 1.7 Civilians Living in the Community for the United States and States – Ambulatory Disability: 2018
- Table 1.8 Civilians Living in the Community for the United States and States – Self-Care Disability: 2018
- Table 1.9 Civilians Living in the Community for the United States and States – Independent Living Disability: 2018

## Section 2: Functioning

- Table 2.1 Functioning – Civilians Ages 21-64 Living in the Community with Vision Disabilities and Self-Care Disabilities or Independent Living Disabilities for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 2.2 Functioning – Civilians Ages 21-64 Living in the Community with Vision Disabilities and Both or Only Self-Care Disabilities and Independent Living Disabilities for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 2.3 Functioning – Civilians Ages 21-64 Living in the Community with Hearing Disabilities and Self-Care Disabilities or Independent Living Disabilities for the United States and States: 2018

- Table 2.4 Functioning – Civilians Ages 21-64 Living in the Community with Hearing Disabilities and Both or Only Self-Care Disabilities and Independent Living Disabilities for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 2.5 Functioning – Civilians Ages 21-64 Living in the Community with Ambulatory Disabilities and Self-Care Disabilities or Independent Living Disabilities for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 2.6 Functioning – Civilians Ages 21-64 Living in the Community with Ambulatory Disabilities and Both or Only Self-Care Disabilities and Independent Living Disabilities for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 2.7 Functioning – Civilians Ages 21-64 Living in the Community with Cognitive Disabilities and Self-Care Disabilities or Independent Living Disabilities for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 2.8 Functioning – Civilians Ages 21-64 Living in the Community with Cognitive Disabilities and Both or Only Self-Care Disabilities and Independent Living Disabilities for the United States and States: 2018

### **Section 3: Employment**

- Table 3.1 Employment – Civilians with Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 3.2 Employment – Civilians without Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 3.3 Employment – Civilians with Hearing Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 3.4 Employment – Civilians with Vision Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 3.5 Employment – Civilians with Cognitive Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2018

- Table 3.6 Employment – Civilians with Ambulatory Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 3.7 Employment – Civilians with Self-Care Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 3.8 Employment – Civilians with Independent Living Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 3.9 Employment Gap – Civilians Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States, by Disability Status: 2018
- Table 3.10 Change in Employment Gap – Civilians Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States, by Disability Status: 2017 to 2018

## **Section 4: Industry and Occupation**

- Table 4.1 Industry and Occupation – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 16 Years and Over Living in the Community Employed by Industry for the United States: 2018
- Table 4.2 Industry and Occupation – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 16 Years and Over Living in the Community Employed by Occupation for the United States: 2018 the United States: 2018
- Table 4.3 Industry and Occupation – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 16 Years and Over Living in the Community Employed in the Education Services Industry for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 4.4 Industry and Occupation – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 16 Years and Over Living in the Community Employed in the Manufacturing Industry for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 4.5 Industry and Occupation – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 16 Years and Over Living in the Community Employed in the Retail Trade Industry for the United States and States: 2018

- Table 4.6 Industry and Occupation – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 16 Years and Over Living in the Community Employed in the Health Care and Social Assistance Industry for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 4.7 Industry and Occupation – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 16 Years and Over Living in the Community Employed in Office and Administrative Support Occupations for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 4.8 Industry and Occupation – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 16 Years and Over Living in the Community Employed in Sales and Related Occupations for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 4.9 Industry and Occupation – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 16 Years and Over Living in the Community Employed in Transportation and Material Moving Occupations for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 4.10 Industry and Occupation – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 16 Years and Over Living in the Community Employed in Management Occupations for the United States and States: 2018

## **Section 5: Earnings**

- Table 5.1 Earnings – Annual Median Earnings of Full-time, Full-year Civilian Workers Ages 16 Years and Over for the United States and States, by Disability Status (in 2018 inflation-adjusted dollars): 2018

## **Section 6: Poverty**

- Table 6.1 Poverty – Civilians with Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 6.2 Poverty – Civilians without Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 6.3 Poverty Gap – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States, by Disability Status: 2018

- Table 6.4 Change in Poverty Gap – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2017 and 2018

## **Section 7: Home Environment**

- Table 7.1 Home Environment – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 15 Years and Over Living in the Community in a Home Environment that Lacks a Complete Kitchen for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 7.2 Home Environment – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 15 Years and Over Living in the Community in a Home Environment that Lacks Complete Plumbing for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 7.3 Home Environment – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 15 Years and Over Living in the Community in an Overcrowded Home Environment for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 7.4 Home Environment – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 15 Years and Over Living in the Community Experiencing Housing Cost Burden for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 7.5 Home Environment – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 15 Years and Over Living in the Community in Poor Housing for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 7.6 Home Environment – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 15 Years and Over Living in the Community in Housing Built in 1990 or Later for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 7.7 Home Environment – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 15 Years and Over Living in the Community in Houses for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 7.8 Home Environment – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 15 Years and Over Living in the Community in Apartments for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 7.9 Home Environment – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 15 Years and Over Living in the Community in Mobile Homes or Other Building Types for the United States and States: 2018

## **Section 8: Veterans**

- Table 8.1 Service-Connected Disability Rating – Civilian Veterans Ages 18 Years and Over Living in the Community, by Disability Status: 2018
- Table 8.2 Civilian Veterans Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States, by Disability Status: 2018
- Table 8.3 Poverty – Civilian Veterans with Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 8.4 Poverty – Civilian Veterans without Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2018
- Table 8.5 Poverty Gap – Civilian Veterans Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States, by Disability Status: 2018
- Table 8.6 Veterans Benefits Administration – Compensation and Pension Benefits Paid to Disabled Veterans and their Survivors: Federal Fiscal Year 2018

## **Section 9: Health Insurance Coverage**

- Table 9.1 Health Insurance Coverage – Civilians with Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States, by Disability Status: 2018
- Table 9.2 Health Insurance Coverage – Civilians with Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States, by Type of Coverage: 2018

## **Section 10: Rural**

- Table 10.1 Rural Comparison – Prevalence and Population of Civilians Living in the Community with and without Disabilities, by Metropolitan, Micropolitan, and Noncore Status for the United States
- Table 10.2a Rural Comparison – Demographics of Civilians Living in the Community with and without Disabilities, by Metropolitan, Micropolitan, and Noncore Status for the United States
- Table 10.2b Rural Comparison – Demographics of Civilians Living in the Community with and without Disabilities, by Metropolitan, Micropolitan, and Noncore Status for the United States

- Table 10.3 Rural Comparison – Employment of Civilians Living in the Community with and without Disabilities, by Metropolitan, Micropolitan, and Noncore Status for the United States
- Table 10.4 Rural Comparison – Poverty and Median Earnings of Civilians Living in the Community with and without Disabilities, by Metropolitan, Micropolitan, and Noncore Status for the United States
- Table 10.5 Rural Comparison – Insurance Coverage for Civilians Living in the Community with and without Disabilities, by Metropolitan, Micropolitan, and Noncore Status for the United States

## **Section 11: Health**

- Table 11.1 Health – Persons Ages 18 and Over Living in the Community, by Disability Status: 2018
- Table 11.2 Health – Smoking among Persons Ages 18 and Over, by Disability Status: 2018
- Table 11.3 Health – Obesity among Persons 18 and Over, by Disability Status: 2018
- Table 11.4 Health – Binge Drinking among Persons Ages 18 and Over, by Disability Status: 2018

## **Section 12: Social Security Administration Program**

- Table 12.1 Supplemental Security Income – Number of Recipients of Federally Administered Payments: December 2018
- Table 12.2 Supplemental Security Income – Total Federally Administered Payments: December 2018
- Table 12.3 Supplemental Security Income – Number of Recipients of Federally Administered Payments under Age 18: December 2018
- Table 12.4 Supplemental Security Income – Number of Awards of Federally Administered Payments, by Age: December 2018
- Table 12.5a Social Security Disability Insurance – Number of Beneficiaries: December 2018
- Table 12.5b Social Security Disability Insurance – Number of Beneficiaries, by Disability Type: December 2018

- Table 12.5c Social Security Disability Insurance – Number of Beneficiaries, by Disability Type: December 2018
- Table 12.5d Social Security Disability Insurance – Number of Beneficiaries, by Disability Type: December 2018
- Table 12.5e Social Security Disability Insurance – Number of Beneficiaries, by Disability Type: December 2018
- Table 12.5f Social Security Disability Insurance – Number of Beneficiaries, by Disability Type: December 2018
- Table 12.5g Social Security Disability Insurance – Number of Beneficiaries, by Disability Type: December 2018
- Table 12.6 Social Security Disability Insurance – Total Annual Benefits: December 2018
- Table 12.7a Supplemental Security Income – Change in the Number of Recipients of Federally Administered Payments, by Total and Age: 2017 to 2018
- Table 12.7b Supplemental Security Income – Change in the Number of Recipients of Federally Administered Payments, by Blind and Disabled: 2017 to 2018
- Table 12.8a Social Security Disability Insurance – Change in the Number of Beneficiaries of Federally Administered Payments, by Total and Disabled Worker: 2017 to 2018
- Table 12.8b Social Security Disability Insurance – Change in the Number of Beneficiaries of Federally Administered Payments: 2017 to 2018
- Table 12.9 Social Security Disability Insurance – Monthly Number of Applicants: January 2003 to July 2007
- Table 12.10 Social Security Disability Insurance – Monthly Number of Applicants: August 2007 to February 2012
- Table 12.11 Social Security Disability Insurance – Monthly Number of Applicants: March 2012 to September 2016
- Table 12.12 Social Security Disability Insurance – Monthly Number of Applicants: October 2016 to October 2019

## **Section 13: Education**

- Table 13.1 Special Education – Students Ages 6 to 21 Served under Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, as a Percentage of the Population: Fall 2017
- Table 13.2 Special Education – Students Served under Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, by Age: Fall 2017
- Table 13.3a Special Education – Students Ages 6 to 21 Served under Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, by Select Diagnostic Categories: Fall 2017
- Table 13.3b Special Education – Students Ages 6 to 21 Served under Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, by Select Diagnostic Categories: Fall 2017
- Table 13.3c Special Education – Students Ages 6 to 21 Served under Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, by Select Diagnostic Categories: Fall 2017
- Table 13.3d Special Education – Students Ages 6 to 21 Served under Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, by Select Diagnostic Categories: Fall 2017
- Table 13.4 Special Education – Educational Environment – Students Ages 6 to 21 Served under Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, that Spent 40 Percent or More Time Inside Regular Class: Fall 2017
- Table 13.5 Education – People Ages 25 and Over with Less Than a High School Education, by Disability Status: 2018
- Table 13.6 Education – People Ages 25 and Over with Only a High School Education, by Disability Status: 2018
- Table 13.7 Education – People Ages 25 and Over with a 4-year College Degree, by Disability Status: 2018
- Table 13.8 Education – People Ages 25 and Over with More Than a 4-year College Degree, by Disability Status: 2018

## **Section 14: Vocational Rehabilitation**

- Table 14.1 Vocational Rehabilitation – Number of Participants Served, Number of Cases Closed with and without Employment by State Agency: 2016
- Table 14.2 Vocational Rehabilitation – Number of Participants with Significant Disabilities Served and Employed by State Agency: 2016
- Table 14.3 Vocational Rehabilitation – Percent of Participants Employed at Closure by State Agency: 2016
- Table 14.4 Vocational Rehabilitation – Number of Participants Whose Primary Support is Own Income at Application and Closure by State Agency: 2016
- Table 14.5 Vocational Rehabilitation – State Agencies with Individuals on Order of Selection at Fiscal Year-End: 2012 to 2016
- Table 14.6 Vocational Rehabilitation – Average Hourly Wage of Employed Participants by State Agency: 2016

## **Section 15: Employment Policy**

- Table 15.1 Employment Policy – Social Security Disability Insurance Allowance Rate for People Living in the United States, by State: 2018
- Table 15.2 Employment Policy – State Earned Income Tax Credits for People Living in the United States: 2018
- Table 15.3 Employment Policy – Monthly Supplemental Security Income Supplementary Payments for People Living in the United States, by State: 2011
- Table 15.4 Employment Policy – Minimum Wage Rates for People Living in the United States, by State: 2018



# Section 1: Population and Prevalence

This section presents statistics on the United States **resident population**, **projected population**, and **people with disabilities**. The **prevalence** statistics describe disability frequency by **disability type**. The principal source of these data is the **U.S. Census Bureau**, specifically the **American Community Survey**. For these tables, statistics for people with disabilities (**disability status** or **disability type**) are based on having responded 'yes' to a series of questions within the **American Community Survey** (see the glossary for more details).

## Tables

**Table 1.1:** In 2018, the **resident population** in the United States was estimated to be 327,167,439 individuals, up from 325,719,178 individuals in 2017. The state with the largest **population** in 2018 was California, with 39,557,045 individuals. The state with the smallest **population** in 2018 was Wyoming, with 577,737 individuals.

**Table 1.2:** The projected 2030 **resident population** in the United States is 363,584,435 individuals, up from 349,439,199 individuals in 2025 and 335,804,546 individuals in 2020. The state with the largest projected **population** in 2030 is California, with 46,444,861 individuals. The geography with the smallest projected **population** in 2030 is the District of Columbia, with 433,414 individuals.

**Table 1.3:** Based on data from the **American Community Survey**, in 2018 there were 322,249,485 individuals **living in the community**, 40,637,764 of which were individuals with disabilities—12.6 percent. The state with the largest number of individuals with disabilities was California, with 4,066,171 individuals, while the state with the smallest number of individuals with disabilities was Wyoming, with 72,441 individuals.

**Table 1.4:** In 2018, there were 40,550,656 individuals **living in the community with disabilities**, 11,514,337 of which were individuals with a **hearing disability**—28.4 percent. For this **disability type**, Wyoming had the highest percentage, 37.3 percent, while the District of Columbia had the lowest percentage, 15.4 percent.

**Table 1.5:** In 2018, there were 40,550,656 individuals **living in the community with disabilities**, 7,568,212 of which were individuals with a **vision disability**—18.7 percent. For this **disability type**, the District of Columbia and Mississippi had the highest percentage, 23.6 percent, while Delaware had the lowest percentage, 13.9 percent.



**Table 1.6:** In 2018, there were 40,550,656 individuals **living in the community with disabilities**, 15,370,865 of which were individuals with a **cognitive disability**—37.9 percent. For this **disability type**, Rhode Island had the highest percentage, 42.9 percent, while Wyoming had the lowest percentage, 32.8 percent.

**Table 1.7:** In 2018, there were 40,550,656 individuals **living in the community with disabilities**, 20,589,097 of which were individuals with an **ambulatory disability**—50.8 percent. For this **disability type**, West Virginia had the highest percentage, 56.1 percent, while Alaska had the lowest percentage, 38.6 percent.

**Table 1.8:** In 2018, there were 40,550,656 individuals **living in the community with disabilities**, 7,954,852 of which were individuals with a **self-care disability**—19.6 percent. For this **disability type**, California had the highest percentage, 23.7 percent, while North Dakota had the lowest percentage, 11.6 percent.

**Table 1.9:** In 2018, there were 40,550,656 individuals **living in the community with disabilities**, 14,693,295 of which were individuals with an **independent living disability**—36.2 percent. For this **disability type**, California had the highest percentage, 40.8 percent, while North Dakota had the lowest percentage, 25.5 percent.

**Table 1.1 Resident Population – States: 2015 to 2018**

State	2015	2016	2017	2018	State	2015	2016	2017	2018
<b>U.S.</b>	<b>321,039,839</b>	<b>323,405,935</b>	<b>325,719,178</b>	<b>327,167,439</b>	<b>MO</b>	<b>6,072,640</b>	<b>6,091,176</b>	<b>6,113,532</b>	<b>6,126,452</b>
<b>AL</b>	<b>4,850,858</b>	<b>4,860,545</b>	<b>4,874,747</b>	<b>4,887,871</b>	<b>MT</b>	<b>1,028,317</b>	<b>1,038,656</b>	<b>1,050,493</b>	<b>1,062,305</b>
<b>AK</b>	<b>737,979</b>	<b>741,522</b>	<b>739,795</b>	<b>737,438</b>	<b>NE</b>	<b>1,893,564</b>	<b>1,907,603</b>	<b>1,920,076</b>	<b>1,929,268</b>
<b>AZ</b>	<b>6,802,262</b>	<b>6,908,642</b>	<b>7,016,270</b>	<b>7,171,646</b>	<b>NV</b>	<b>2,883,057</b>	<b>2,939,254</b>	<b>2,998,039</b>	<b>3,034,392</b>
<b>AR</b>	<b>2,975,626</b>	<b>2,988,231</b>	<b>3,004,279</b>	<b>3,013,825</b>	<b>NH</b>	<b>1,330,134</b>	<b>1,335,015</b>	<b>1,342,795</b>	<b>1,356,458</b>
<b>CA</b>	<b>39,032,444</b>	<b>39,296,476</b>	<b>39,536,653</b>	<b>39,557,045</b>	<b>NJ</b>	<b>8,960,001</b>	<b>8,978,416</b>	<b>9,005,644</b>	<b>8,908,520</b>
<b>CO</b>	<b>5,440,445</b>	<b>5,530,105</b>	<b>5,607,154</b>	<b>5,695,564</b>	<b>NM</b>	<b>2,082,264</b>	<b>2,085,432</b>	<b>2,088,070</b>	<b>2,095,428</b>
<b>CT</b>	<b>3,593,862</b>	<b>3,587,685</b>	<b>3,588,184</b>	<b>3,572,665</b>	<b>NY</b>	<b>19,819,347</b>	<b>19,836,286</b>	<b>19,849,399</b>	<b>19,542,209</b>
<b>DE</b>	<b>944,107</b>	<b>952,698</b>	<b>961,939</b>	<b>967,171</b>	<b>NC</b>	<b>10,041,769</b>	<b>10,156,689</b>	<b>10,273,419</b>	<b>10,383,620</b>
<b>DC</b>	<b>672,736</b>	<b>684,336</b>	<b>693,972</b>	<b>702,455</b>	<b>ND</b>	<b>754,859</b>	<b>755,548</b>	<b>755,393</b>	<b>760,077</b>
<b>FL</b>	<b>20,268,567</b>	<b>20,656,589</b>	<b>20,984,400</b>	<b>21,299,325</b>	<b>OH</b>	<b>11,606,027</b>	<b>11,622,554</b>	<b>11,658,609</b>	<b>11,689,442</b>
<b>GA</b>	<b>10,199,533</b>	<b>10,313,620</b>	<b>10,429,379</b>	<b>10,519,475</b>	<b>OK</b>	<b>3,904,353</b>	<b>3,921,207</b>	<b>3,930,864</b>	<b>3,943,079</b>
<b>HI</b>	<b>1,426,320</b>	<b>1,428,683</b>	<b>1,427,538</b>	<b>1,420,491</b>	<b>OR</b>	<b>4,016,537</b>	<b>4,085,989</b>	<b>4,142,776</b>	<b>4,190,713</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>1,649,324</b>	<b>1,680,026</b>	<b>1,716,943</b>	<b>1,754,208</b>	<b>PA</b>	<b>12,791,124</b>	<b>12,787,085</b>	<b>12,805,537</b>	<b>12,807,060</b>
<b>IL</b>	<b>12,862,051</b>	<b>12,835,726</b>	<b>12,802,023</b>	<b>12,741,080</b>	<b>RI</b>	<b>1,055,916</b>	<b>1,057,566</b>	<b>1,059,639</b>	<b>1,057,315</b>
<b>IN</b>	<b>6,610,596</b>	<b>6,634,007</b>	<b>6,666,818</b>	<b>6,691,878</b>	<b>SC</b>	<b>4,892,423</b>	<b>4,959,822</b>	<b>5,024,369</b>	<b>5,084,127</b>
<b>IA</b>	<b>3,118,473</b>	<b>3,130,869</b>	<b>3,145,711</b>	<b>3,156,145</b>	<b>SD</b>	<b>854,036</b>	<b>861,542</b>	<b>869,666</b>	<b>882,235</b>
<b>KS</b>	<b>2,905,789</b>	<b>2,907,731</b>	<b>2,913,123</b>	<b>2,911,510</b>	<b>TN</b>	<b>6,590,726</b>	<b>6,649,404</b>	<b>6,715,984</b>	<b>6,770,010</b>
<b>KY</b>	<b>4,422,057</b>	<b>4,436,113</b>	<b>4,454,189</b>	<b>4,468,402</b>	<b>TX</b>	<b>27,454,880</b>	<b>27,904,862</b>	<b>28,304,596</b>	<b>28,701,845</b>
<b>LA</b>	<b>4,671,211</b>	<b>4,686,157</b>	<b>4,684,333</b>	<b>4,659,978</b>	<b>UT</b>	<b>2,984,917</b>	<b>3,044,321</b>	<b>3,101,833</b>	<b>3,161,105</b>
<b>ME</b>	<b>1,327,787</b>	<b>1,330,232</b>	<b>1,335,907</b>	<b>1,338,404</b>	<b>VT</b>	<b>624,455</b>	<b>623,354</b>	<b>623,557</b>	<b>626,299</b>
<b>MD</b>	<b>6,000,561</b>	<b>6,024,752</b>	<b>6,052,177</b>	<b>6,042,718</b>	<b>VA</b>	<b>8,366,767</b>	<b>8,414,380</b>	<b>8,470,020</b>	<b>8,517,685</b>
<b>MA</b>	<b>6,794,002</b>	<b>6,823,721</b>	<b>6,859,819</b>	<b>6,902,149</b>	<b>WA</b>	<b>7,152,818</b>	<b>7,280,934</b>	<b>7,405,743</b>	<b>7,535,591</b>
<b>MI</b>	<b>9,918,170</b>	<b>9,933,445</b>	<b>9,962,311</b>	<b>9,995,915</b>	<b>WV</b>	<b>1,839,767</b>	<b>1,828,637</b>	<b>1,815,857</b>	<b>1,805,832</b>
<b>MN</b>	<b>5,483,238</b>	<b>5,525,050</b>	<b>5,576,606</b>	<b>5,611,179</b>	<b>WI</b>	<b>5,759,744</b>	<b>5,772,917</b>	<b>5,795,483</b>	<b>5,813,568</b>
<b>MS</b>	<b>2,985,297</b>	<b>2,985,415</b>	<b>2,984,100</b>	<b>2,986,530</b>	<b>WY</b>	<b>586,102</b>	<b>584,910</b>	<b>579,315</b>	<b>577,737</b>

Citation: U.S. Census Bureau. (2015-2018). American community survey. In Lauer, E.A., Boeger S.L., Houtenville, A.J., (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 1.1). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability . Data for this table can be found at <https://data.census.gov>. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

**Table 1.2 State Resident Population – Projections: 2015 to 2030**

State	2015	2020	2025	2030	State	2015	2020	2025	2030
U.S.	322,365,787	335,804,546	349,439,199	363,584,435	MO	6,069,556	6,199,882	6,315,366	6,430,173
AL	4,663,111	4,728,915	4,800,092	4,874,243	MT	999,489	1,022,735	1,037,387	1,044,898
AK	732,544	774,421	820,881	867,674	NE	1,788,508	1,802,678	1,812,787	1,820,247
AZ	7,495,238	8,456,448	9,531,537	10,712,397	NV	3,058,190	3,452,283	3,863,298	4,282,102
AR	2,968,913	3,060,219	3,151,005	3,240,208	NH	1,456,679	1,524,751	1,586,348	1,646,471
CA	40,123,232	42,206,743	44,305,177	46,444,861	NJ	9,255,769	9,461,635	9,636,644	9,802,440
CO	5,049,493	5,278,867	5,522,803	5,792,357	NM	2,041,539	2,084,341	2,106,584	2,099,708
CT	3,635,414	3,675,650	3,691,016	3,688,630	NY	19,546,699	19,576,920	19,540,179	19,477,429
DE	927,400	963,209	990,694	1,012,658	NC	10,010,770	10,709,289	11,449,153	12,227,739
DC	506,323	480,540	455,108	433,414	ND	635,133	630,112	620,777	606,566
FL	21,204,132	23,406,525	25,912,458	28,685,769	OH	11,635,446	11,644,058	11,605,738	11,550,528
GA	10,230,578	10,843,753	11,438,622	12,017,838	OK	3,661,694	3,735,690	3,820,994	3,913,251
HI	1,385,952	1,412,373	1,438,720	1,466,046	OR	4,012,924	4,260,393	4,536,418	4,833,918
ID	1,630,045	1,741,333	1,852,627	1,969,624	PA	12,710,938	12,787,354	12,801,945	12,768,184
IL	13,097,218	13,236,720	13,340,507	13,432,892	RI	1,139,543	1,154,230	1,157,855	1,152,941
IN	6,517,631	6,627,008	6,721,322	6,810,108	SC	4,642,137	4,822,577	4,989,550	5,148,569
IA	3,026,380	3,020,496	2,993,222	2,955,172	SD	796,954	801,939	801,845	800,462
KS	2,852,690	2,890,566	2,919,002	2,940,084	TN	6,502,017	6,780,670	7,073,125	7,380,634
KY	4,351,188	4,424,431	4,489,662	4,554,998	TX	26,585,801	28,634,896	30,865,134	33,317,744
LA	4,673,721	4,719,160	4,762,398	4,802,633	UT	2,783,040	2,990,094	3,225,680	3,485,367
ME	1,388,878	1,408,665	1,414,402	1,411,097	VT	673,169	690,686	703,288	711,867
MD	6,208,392	6,497,626	6,762,732	7,022,251	VA	8,466,864	8,917,395	9,364,304	9,825,019
MA	6,758,580	6,855,546	6,938,636	7,012,009	WA	6,950,610	7,432,136	7,996,400	8,624,801
MI	10,599,122	10,695,993	10,713,730	10,694,172	WV	1,822,758	1,801,112	1,766,435	1,719,959
MN	5,668,211	5,900,769	6,108,787	6,306,130	WI	5,882,760	6,004,954	6,088,374	6,150,764
MS	3,014,409	3,044,812	3,069,420	3,092,410	WY	528,005	530,948	529,031	522,979

Citation: U.S. Census Bureau. (2005). Interim State Population Projections, Table 6. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual Disability Statistics Compendium: 2019 (Table 1.2). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data for this table can be found at <https://www.census.gov/data/tables/2004/demo/popproj/2004-int-popproj-summary.html>. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability. Projections for July 1. These state projections were produced in correspondence with the U.S. interim projections released in March 2004. Projections in this table were developed for each of the 50 states and the District of Columbia by age and sex for the years 2000 to 2030, based on Census 2000 results.

**Table 1.3 Civilians Living in the Community for the United States and States, by Disability Status: 2018**

State	Total	Disability [1] Count	Disability [1] %	No Disability Count	No Disability %	State	Total	Disability [1] Count	Disability [1] %	No Disability Count	No Disability %
	U.S.	322,249,485	40,637,764	12.6	281,611,721	87.4	MT	1,047,075	140,690	13.4	906,385
AL	4,810,094	785,900	16.3	4,024,194	83.7	NE	1,900,165	224,220	11.8	1,675,945	88.2
AK	713,033	89,491	12.6	623,542	87.4	NV	2,998,585	373,391	12.5	2,625,194	87.5
AZ	7,064,799	937,404	13.3	6,127,395	86.7	NH	1,339,549	174,791	13.0	1,164,758	87.0
AR	2,960,503	523,554	17.7	2,436,949	82.3	NJ	8,803,988	901,446	10.2	7,902,542	89.8
CA	39,062,465	4,066,171	10.4	34,996,294	89.6	NM	2,060,718	326,580	15.8	1,734,138	84.2
CO	5,604,105	600,664	10.7	5,003,441	89.3	NY	19,302,636	2,201,457	11.4	17,101,179	88.6
CT	3,523,842	381,935	10.8	3,141,907	89.2	NC	10,183,721	1,351,169	13.3	8,832,552	86.7
DE	952,211	125,799	13.2	826,412	86.8	ND	743,793	80,979	10.9	662,814	89.1
DC	692,817	80,368	11.6	612,449	88.4	OH	11,517,226	1,629,506	14.1	9,887,720	85.9
FL	20,996,007	2,838,702	13.5	18,157,305	86.5	OK	3,861,581	628,520	16.3	3,233,061	83.7
GA	10,334,958	1,246,077	12.1	9,088,881	87.9	OR	4,151,076	581,461	14.0	3,569,615	86.0
HI	1,368,549	158,361	11.6	1,210,188	88.4	PA	12,604,311	1,774,575	14.1	10,829,736	85.9
ID	1,733,484	233,494	13.5	1,499,990	86.5	RI	1,041,309	146,857	14.1	894,452	85.9
IL	12,563,908	1,392,622	11.1	11,171,286	88.9	SC	4,990,240	717,104	14.4	4,273,136	85.6
IN	6,592,504	895,068	13.6	5,697,436	86.4	SD	864,598	104,562	12.1	760,036	87.9
IA	3,113,029	365,620	11.7	2,747,409	88.3	TN	6,667,784	1,028,860	15.4	5,638,924	84.6
KS	2,854,774	390,351	13.7	2,464,423	86.3	TX	28,243,191	3,221,165	11.4	25,022,026	88.6
KY	4,388,204	762,102	17.4	3,626,102	82.6	UT	3,135,573	300,467	9.6	2,835,106	90.4
LA	4,556,078	701,262	15.4	3,854,816	84.6	VT	620,066	90,217	14.5	529,849	85.5
ME	1,323,289	219,649	16.6	1,103,640	83.4	VA	8,301,038	994,464	12.0	7,306,574	88.0
MD	5,943,064	676,072	11.4	5,266,992	88.6	WA	7,427,599	934,396	12.6	6,493,203	87.4
MA	6,830,796	791,132	11.6	6,039,664	88.4	WV	1,776,965	338,677	19.1	1,438,288	80.9
MI	9,888,529	1,407,719	14.2	8,480,810	85.8	WI	5,740,669	667,204	11.6	5,073,465	88.4
MN	5,553,564	608,744	11.0	4,944,820	89.0	WY	567,008	72,441	12.8	494,567	87.2
MS	2,919,673	480,783	16.5	2,438,890	83.5	PR	3,171,580	675,318	21.3	2,496,262	78.7
MO	6,014,742	873,521	14.5	5,141,221	85.5						

Citation: U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey. In Lauer, E.A.; Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 1.3). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

[1] The U.S. Census Bureau uses a series of six questions to identify persons with vision, hearing, cognitive, ambulatory, self-care, and independent living disabilities. The cognitive, ambulatory, self-care, and independent living related questions are not asked of individuals less than five years old and the independent living related question is not asked of individuals less than 15 years old. See glossary for more information.

**Table 1.4 Civilians Living in the Community for the United States and States – Hearing Disability: 2018**

State	Total	Disability	Hearing [1]			State	Total	Disability	Hearing [1]		
			Count	%	Total				Count	%	Total
<b>U.S.</b>	322,324,172	40,550,656	11,514,337	3.6	28.4	<b>MO</b>	6,020,467	890,212	258,944	4.3	29.1
<b>AL</b>	4,811,411	783,382	205,651	4.3	26.3	<b>MT</b>	1,048,118	141,532	50,203	4.8	35.5
<b>AK</b>	713,703	85,898	30,414	4.3	35.4	<b>NE</b>	1,899,805	218,720	70,274	3.7	32.1
<b>AZ</b>	7,066,692	933,585	299,643	4.2	32.1	<b>NV</b>	2,998,413	378,657	120,968	4.0	31.9
<b>AR</b>	2,961,349	518,567	142,677	4.8	27.5	<b>NH</b>	1,339,533	171,166	55,466	4.1	32.4
<b>CA</b>	39,067,931	4,072,892	1,156,659	3.0	28.4	<b>NJ</b>	8,804,517	897,165	226,784	2.6	25.3
<b>CO</b>	5,604,602	598,442	195,579	3.5	32.7	<b>NM</b>	2,061,667	323,066	105,175	5.1	32.6
<b>CT</b>	3,524,251	382,589	111,136	3.2	29.0	<b>NY</b>	19,306,667	2,201,008	526,296	2.7	23.9
<b>DE</b>	953,434	121,780	28,917	3.0	23.7	<b>NC</b>	10,184,520	1,345,954	390,899	3.8	29.0
<b>DC</b>	693,418	82,194	12,643	1.8	15.4	<b>ND</b>	743,288	81,662	30,069	4.0	36.8
<b>FL</b>	20,999,451	2,824,420	821,746	3.9	29.1	<b>OH</b>	11,519,664	1,620,796	434,347	3.8	26.8
<b>GA</b>	10,339,832	1,245,318	328,405	3.2	26.4	<b>OK</b>	3,864,538	625,107	196,615	5.1	31.5
<b>HI</b>	1,369,092	152,389	51,233	3.7	33.6	<b>OR</b>	4,151,291	586,930	192,821	4.6	32.9
<b>ID</b>	1,734,232	234,072	83,509	4.8	35.7	<b>PA</b>	12,605,142	1,767,236	485,441	3.9	27.5
<b>IL</b>	12,569,562	1,383,201	368,859	2.9	26.7	<b>RI</b>	1,042,379	143,947	39,149	3.8	27.2
<b>IN</b>	6,594,067	887,312	255,876	3.9	28.8	<b>SC</b>	4,995,934	720,016	192,026	3.8	26.7
<b>IA</b>	3,112,421	366,616	117,906	3.8	32.2	<b>SD</b>	864,740	101,127	33,455	3.9	33.1
<b>KS</b>	2,854,559	393,543	125,650	4.4	31.9	<b>TN</b>	6,668,566	1,029,967	287,003	4.3	27.9
<b>KY</b>	4,388,844	759,626	214,561	4.9	28.2	<b>TX</b>	28,255,661	3,210,005	924,473	3.3	28.8
<b>LA</b>	4,555,551	690,764	180,117	4.0	26.1	<b>UT</b>	3,135,732	303,340	90,365	2.9	29.8
<b>ME</b>	1,322,946	215,675	66,874	5.1	31.0	<b>VT</b>	620,656	88,247	29,456	4.7	33.4
<b>MD</b>	5,943,754	673,855	175,819	3.0	26.1	<b>VA</b>	8,300,331	986,626	272,769	3.3	27.6
<b>MA</b>	6,832,153	795,953	208,039	3.0	26.1	<b>WA</b>	7,429,065	930,824	290,291	3.9	31.2
<b>MI</b>	9,888,446	1,413,280	386,415	3.9	27.3	<b>WV</b>	1,776,834	340,852	105,341	5.9	30.9
<b>MN</b>	5,554,462	607,784	191,747	3.5	31.5	<b>WI</b>	5,743,208	663,857	199,083	3.5	30.0
<b>MS</b>	2,920,292	485,496	118,980	4.1	24.5	<b>WY</b>	566,981	74,004	27,569	4.9	37.3

Citation: Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 1.4). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represents the civilian, noninstitutional population. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

[1] The hearing disability question asks people of all ages, "Is this person deaf or does he/she have serious difficulty hearing?" See glossary for more information.

**Table 1.5 Civilians Living in the Community for the United States and States – Vision Disability: 2018**

State	Total	Disability	Vision [1]			State	Total	Disability	Vision [1]		
			Count	%	Total				Count	%	Total
U.S.	322, 324, 172	40, 550, 656	7, 568, 212	2.3	18.7	MO	6, 020, 467	890, 212	155, 269	2.6	17.4
AL	4, 811, 411	783, 382	146, 599	3.0	18.7	MT	1, 048, 118	141, 532	20, 705	2.0	14.6
AK	713, 703	85, 898	19, 613	2.7	22.8	NE	1, 899, 805	218, 720	42, 474	2.2	19.4
AZ	7, 066, 692	933, 585	174, 864	2.5	18.7	NV	2, 998, 413	378, 657	80, 195	2.7	21.2
AR	2, 961, 349	518, 567	103, 878	3.5	20.0	NH	1, 339, 533	171, 166	26, 202	2.0	15.3
CA	39, 067, 931	4, 072, 892	775, 509	2.0	19.0	NJ	8, 804, 517	897, 165	164, 909	1.9	18.4
CO	5, 604, 602	598, 442	110, 791	2.0	18.5	NM	2, 061, 667	323, 066	62, 756	3.0	19.4
CT	3, 524, 251	382, 589	69, 513	2.0	18.2	NY	19, 306, 667	2, 201, 008	394, 649	2.0	17.9
DE	953, 434	121, 780	16, 922	1.8	13.9	NC	10, 184, 520	1, 345, 954	257, 284	2.5	19.1
DC	693, 418	82, 194	19, 437	2.8	23.6	ND	743, 288	81, 662	15, 081	2.0	18.5
FL	20, 999, 451	2, 824, 420	522, 629	2.5	18.5	OH	11, 519, 664	1, 620, 796	280, 490	2.4	17.3
GA	10, 339, 832	1, 245, 318	254, 972	2.5	20.5	OK	3, 864, 538	625, 107	127, 011	3.3	20.3
HI	1, 369, 092	152, 389	24, 884	1.8	16.3	OR	4, 151, 291	586, 930	97, 970	2.4	16.7
ID	1, 734, 232	234, 072	45, 925	2.6	19.6	PA	12, 605, 142	1, 767, 236	306, 289	2.4	17.3
IL	12, 569, 562	1, 383, 201	261, 284	2.1	18.9	RI	1, 042, 379	143, 947	24, 494	2.3	17.0
IN	6, 594, 067	887, 312	151, 411	2.3	17.1	SC	4, 995, 934	720, 016	148, 749	3.0	20.7
IA	3, 112, 421	366, 616	58, 465	1.9	15.9	SD	864, 740	101, 127	15, 745	1.8	15.6
KS	2, 854, 559	393, 543	69, 463	2.4	17.7	TN	6, 668, 566	1, 029, 967	200, 759	3.0	19.5
KY	4, 388, 844	759, 626	150, 615	3.4	19.8	TX	28, 255, 661	3, 210, 005	703, 008	2.5	21.9
LA	4, 555, 551	690, 764	159, 598	3.5	23.1	UT	3, 135, 732	303, 340	44, 340	1.4	14.6
ME	1, 322, 946	215, 675	33, 910	2.6	15.7	VT	620, 656	88, 247	16, 315	2.6	18.5
MD	5, 943, 754	673, 855	113, 295	1.9	16.8	VA	8, 300, 331	986, 626	182, 474	2.2	18.5
MA	6, 832, 153	795, 953	128, 651	1.9	16.2	WA	7, 429, 065	930, 824	161, 205	2.2	17.3
MI	9, 888, 446	1, 413, 280	224, 547	2.3	15.9	WV	1, 776, 834	340, 852	73, 909	4.2	21.7
MN	5, 554, 462	607, 784	95, 112	1.7	15.6	WI	5, 743, 208	663, 857	105, 762	1.8	15.9
MS	2, 920, 292	485, 496	114, 551	3.9	23.6	WY	566, 981	74, 004	13, 730	2.4	18.6

Citation: Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 1.5). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represents the civilian, noninstitutional population. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability  
[1] The vision disability question asks people of all ages, "Is this person blind or does he/she have serious difficulty seeing even when wearing glasses?" See glossary for more information.

**Table 1.6 Civilians Living in the Community for the United States and States – Cognitive Disability: 2018**

State	Total	Disability	Cognitive [1]		State	Total	Disability	Count	Cognitive % Total	% Disability	
	Count	% Total	% Disability	Count	% Total	Count	% Total				
<b>U.S.</b>	322,324,172	40,550,656	15,370,865	4.8	37.9	<b>MO</b>	6,020,467	890,212	344,195	5.7	38.7
<b>AL</b>	4,811,411	783,382	293,378	6.1	37.5	<b>MT</b>	1,048,118	141,532	51,449	4.9	36.4
<b>AK</b>	713,703	85,898	31,981	4.5	37.2	<b>NE</b>	1,899,805	218,720	76,836	4.0	35.1
<b>AZ</b>	7,066,692	933,585	339,419	4.8	36.4	<b>NV</b>	2,998,413	378,657	131,454	4.4	34.7
<b>AR</b>	2,961,349	518,567	193,040	6.5	37.2	<b>NH</b>	1,339,533	171,166	63,754	4.8	37.2
<b>CA</b>	39,067,931	4,072,892	1,576,032	4.0	38.7	<b>NJ</b>	8,804,517	897,165	322,692	3.7	36.0
<b>CO</b>	5,604,602	598,442	216,095	3.9	36.1	<b>NM</b>	2,061,667	323,066	118,454	5.7	36.7
<b>CT</b>	3,524,251	382,589	145,936	4.1	38.1	<b>NY</b>	19,306,667	2,201,008	821,900	4.3	37.3
<b>DE</b>	953,434	121,780	47,124	4.9	38.7	<b>NC</b>	10,184,520	1,345,954	504,082	4.9	37.5
<b>DC</b>	693,418	82,194	33,099	4.8	40.3	<b>ND</b>	743,288	81,662	31,973	4.3	39.2
<b>FL</b>	20,999,451	2,824,420	1,025,541	4.9	36.3	<b>OH</b>	11,519,664	1,620,796	640,442	5.6	39.5
<b>GA</b>	10,339,832	1,245,318	469,413	4.5	37.7	<b>OK</b>	3,864,538	625,107	231,063	6.0	37.0
<b>HI</b>	1,369,092	152,389	58,545	4.3	38.4	<b>OR</b>	4,151,291	586,930	235,526	5.7	40.1
<b>ID</b>	1,734,232	234,072	97,715	5.6	41.7	<b>PA</b>	12,605,142	1,767,236	694,873	5.5	39.3
<b>IL</b>	12,569,562	1,383,201	508,728	4.0	36.8	<b>RI</b>	1,042,379	143,947	61,767	5.9	42.9
<b>IN</b>	6,594,067	887,312	335,185	5.1	37.8	<b>SC</b>	4,995,934	720,016	258,291	5.2	35.9
<b>IA</b>	3,112,421	366,616	137,970	4.4	37.6	<b>SD</b>	864,740	101,127	33,757	3.9	33.4
<b>KS</b>	2,854,559	393,543	147,995	5.2	37.6	<b>TN</b>	6,668,566	1,029,967	406,490	6.1	39.5
<b>KY</b>	4,388,844	759,626	293,463	6.7	38.6	<b>TX</b>	28,255,661	3,210,005	1,219,561	4.3	38.0
<b>LA</b>	4,555,551	690,764	264,963	5.8	38.4	<b>UT</b>	3,135,732	303,340	123,383	3.9	40.7
<b>ME</b>	1,322,946	215,675	88,303	6.7	40.9	<b>VT</b>	620,656	88,247	34,443	5.5	39.0
<b>MD</b>	5,943,754	673,855	263,188	4.4	39.1	<b>VA</b>	8,300,331	986,626	362,121	4.4	36.7
<b>MA</b>	6,832,153	795,953	319,796	4.7	40.2	<b>WA</b>	7,429,065	930,824	347,021	4.7	37.3
<b>MI</b>	9,888,446	1,413,280	556,684	5.6	39.4	<b>WV</b>	1,776,834	340,852	121,030	6.8	35.5
<b>MN</b>	5,554,462	607,784	231,088	4.2	38.0	<b>WI</b>	5,743,208	663,857	248,898	4.3	37.5
<b>MS</b>	2,920,292	485,496	186,488	6.4	38.4	<b>WY</b>	566,981	74,004	24,241	4.3	32.8

Citation: Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 1.6). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represents the civilian, noninstitutional population.

Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability

[1] The cognitive disability question asks people 5 years old or over, "Because of a physical, mental, or emotional condition, does this person have serious difficulty concentrating, remembering, or making decisions?" See glossary for more information.

**Table 1.7 Civilians Living in the Community for the United States and States – Ambulatory Disability: 2018**

State	Total	Disability	Ambulatory [1]			State	Total	Disability	Ambulatory [1]				
			Count	%	Total				Count	%	Total		
U.S.	322, 324,	172	40, 550,	656	20, 589,	897	6.4	50.8	6, 020,	467	467, 972		
AL	4, 811,	411	783,	382	433,	657	9.0	55.4	1, 048,	118	141, 532		
AK	713,	703	85,	898	33,	182	4.6	38.6	1,	899,	805		
AZ	7, 066,	692	933,	585	463,	184	6.6	49.6	2,	998,	413		
AR	2, 961,	349	518,	567	289,	362	9.8	55.8	1,	339,	533		
CA	39, 067,	931	4,	072,	892	2,	084,	565	5.3	51.2	8,	804,	517
CO	5, 604,	602	598,	442	272,	810	4.9	45.5	2,	061,	667		
CT	3, 524,	251	382,	589	189,	665	5.4	49.6	19,	306,	667		
DE	953,	434	121,	780	62,	950	6.6	51.7	10,	184,	520		
DC	693,	418	82,	194	42,	773	6.2	52.0	ND	743,	288		
FL	20, 999,	451	2,	824,	420	1,	505,	238	7.2	53.3	OH		
GA	10, 339,	832	1,	245,	318	642,	927	6.2	51.6	OK	3,	864,	538
HI	1, 369,	092	152,	389	72,	030	5.3	47.3	OR	4,	151,	291	
ID	1, 734,	232	234,	072	100,	359	5.8	42.9	PA	12,	605,	142	
IL	12, 569,	562	1,	383,	201	719,	661	5.7	52.0	RI	1,	042,	379
IN	6, 594,	067	887,	312	456,	239	6.9	51.4	SC	4,	995,	934	
IA	3, 112,	421	366,	616	169,	127	5.4	46.1	SD	864,	740		
KS	2, 854,	559	393,	543	192,	075	6.7	48.8	TN	6,	668,	566	
KY	4, 388,	844	759,	626	396,	681	9.0	52.2	TX	28,	255,	661	
LA	4, 555,	551	690,	764	345,	802	7.6	50.1	UT	3,	135,	732	
ME	1, 322,	946	215,	675	93,	485	7.1	43.3	VT	620,	656		
MD	5, 943,	754	673,	855	330,	239	5.6	49.0	VA	8,	300,	331	
MA	6, 832,	153	795,	953	381,	520	5.6	47.9	WA	7,	429,	065	
MI	9, 888,	446	1,	413,	280	712,	926	7.2	50.4	WV	1,	776,	834
MN	5, 554,	462	607,	784	268,	019	4.8	44.1	WI	5,	743,	208	
MS	2, 920,	292	485,	496	269,	960	9.2	55.6	WY	566,	981		

Citation: Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 1.7); Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represents the civilian, noninstitutional population. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability. [1] The ambulatory disability question asks people 5 years old or over, "Does this person have serious difficulty walking or climbing stairs?" Please see glossary for more information.

**Table 1.8 Civilians Living in the Community for the United States and States – Self-Care Disability: 2018**

State	Total	Disability	Self-Care [1]		State	Total	Disability	Self-Care [1]	
			Count	%				Count	%
U.S.	322, 324,	172	40, 550,	656	7, 954,	852	2.5	19.6	MO
AL	4, 811,	411	783,	382	155,	206	3.2	19.8	MT
AK	713,	703	85,	898	11,	913	1.7	13.9	NE
AZ	7, 066,	692	933,	585	163,	096	2.3	17.5	NV
AR	2, 961,	349	518,	567	102,	763	3.5	19.8	NH
CA	39, 067,	931	4, 072,	892	963,	334	2.5	23.7	NJ
CO	5, 604,	602	598,	442	94,	512	1.7	15.8	NM
CT	3, 524,	251	382,	589	74,	909	2.1	19.6	NY
DE	953,	434	121,	780	22,	132	2.3	18.2	NC
DC	693,	418	82,	194	12,	141	1.8	14.8	ND
FL	20, 999,	451	2, 824,	420	558,	520	2.7	19.8	OH
GA	10, 339,	832	1, 245,	318	234,	568	2.3	18.8	OK
HI	1, 369,	092	152,	389	26,	900	2.0	17.7	OR
ID	1, 734,	232	234,	072	40,	520	2.3	17.3	PA
IL	12,	569,	562	1,	383,	201	2.2	20.2	RI
IN	6, 594,	067	887,	312	165,	805	2.5	18.7	SC
IA	3, 112,	421	366,	616	64,	047	2.1	17.5	SD
KS	2, 854,	559	393,	543	66,	176	2.3	16.8	TN
KY	4, 388,	844	759,	626	141,	193	3.2	18.6	TX
LA	4, 555,	551	690,	764	133,	570	2.9	19.3	UT
ME	1, 322,	946	215,	675	33,	226	2.5	15.4	VT
MD	5, 943,	754	673,	855	119,	862	2.0	17.8	VA
MA	6, 832,	153	795,	953	158,	718	2.3	19.9	WA
MI	9, 888,	446	1, 413,	280	275,	503	2.8	19.5	WV
MN	5, 554,	462	607,	784	108,	499	2.0	17.9	WI
MS	2, 920,	292	485,	496	99,	731	3.4	20.5	WY

Citation: Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 1.8); Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represents the civilian, noninstitutional population. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability [1] The self-care disability question asks people 5 years old or over, "Does this person have difficulty dressing or bathing?" See glossary for more information.

**Table 1.9 Civilians Living in the Community for the United States and States – Independent Living Disability: 2018**

State	Total	Disability	Independent Living [1]		State	Total	Disability	Independent Living [1]	
			Independent Count	%				Total	%
U.S.	322,324,172	40,550,656	14,693,295	4.6	36.2	MO	6,020,467	890,212	315,863
AL	4,811,411	783,382	289,618	6.0	37.0	MT	1,048,118	141,532	41,359
AK	713,703	85,898	25,137	3.5	29.3	NE	1,899,805	218,720	65,723
AZ	7,066,692	933,585	309,781	4.4	33.2	NV	2,998,413	378,657	127,415
AR	2,961,349	518,567	187,702	6.3	36.2	NH	1,339,533	171,166	55,193
CA	39,067,931	4,072,892	1,660,837	4.3	40.8	NJ	8,804,517	897,165	356,263
CO	5,604,602	598,442	191,843	3.4	32.1	NM	2,061,667	323,066	114,947
CT	3,524,251	382,589	142,651	4.0	37.3	NY	19,306,667	2,201,008	881,464
DE	953,434	121,780	42,693	4.5	35.1	NC	10,184,520	1,345,954	473,640
DC	693,418	82,194	28,507	4.1	34.7	ND	743,288	81,662	20,839
FL	20,999,451	2,824,420	1,025,235	4.9	36.3	OH	11,519,664	1,620,796	570,331
GA	10,339,832	1,245,318	445,399	4.3	35.8	OK	3,864,538	625,107	205,758
HI	1,369,092	152,389	58,827	4.3	38.6	OR	4,151,291	586,930	211,515
ID	1,734,232	234,072	74,558	4.3	31.9	PA	12,605,142	1,767,236	666,263
IL	12,569,562	1,383,201	522,166	4.2	37.8	RI	1,042,379	143,947	57,128
IN	6,594,067	887,312	303,905	4.6	34.3	SC	4,995,934	720,016	253,816
IA	3,112,421	366,616	123,302	4.0	33.6	SD	864,740	101,127	28,180
KS	2,854,559	393,543	127,551	4.5	32.4	TN	6,668,566	1,029,967	383,114
KY	4,388,844	759,626	271,695	6.2	35.8	TX	28,255,661	3,210,005	1,099,828
LA	4,555,551	690,764	239,533	5.3	34.7	UT	3,135,732	303,340	100,615
ME	1,322,946	215,675	78,994	6.0	36.6	VT	620,656	88,247	28,548
MD	5,943,754	673,855	239,038	4.0	35.5	VA	8,300,331	986,626	365,079
MA	6,832,153	795,953	301,231	4.4	37.8	WA	7,429,065	930,824	312,254
MI	9,888,446	1,413,280	505,929	5.1	35.8	WV	1,776,834	340,852	126,385
MN	5,554,462	607,784	208,054	3.7	34.2	WI	5,743,208	663,857	225,046
MS	2,920,292	485,496	182,855	6.3	37.7	WY	566,981	74,004	19,688

Citation: Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 1.9). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represents the civilian, noninstitutional population.

Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability  
[1] The independent living disability question asks people 15 years old or over, "Because of a physical, mental, or emotional condition, does this person have difficulty doing errands alone such as visiting a doctor's office or shopping?" See glossary for more information.



## Section 2: Functioning

This section expands upon **Section 1: Population and Prevalence** to provide more details about **prevalence** by **disability types**. It presents the **prevalence** of people with multiple **disability types**, specifically those who have a functional limitation (**vision, hearing, ambulatory, or cognitive disabilities**) as well as an **activity of daily living disability (self-care disabilities)** and/or an **instrumental activity of daily living disability (independent living disabilities)**. **Self-care disabilities** are defined as difficulties with activities that promote well-being and health, such as bathing or dressing. **Independent living disabilities** are defined as difficulties with doing activities alone that promote self-determination and self-respect, such as visiting a doctor's office or shopping. **Activities of daily living and instrumental activities of daily living** can be proxies for whether the environment is enabling or disabling. For example, a person with **vision disabilities** may identify as also having **self-care disabilities** in an unsupportive environment but may not report a **self-care disabilities** in an environment with adequate accommodations. **Self-care** and **independent living disabilities** can occur at the same time or exclusive of one another (e.g., an individual can have difficulties bathing but is able to go shopping alone).

The source of these data is the **U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey**. Statistics for people with disabilities (**disability status** or **disability type**) are based on having responded 'yes' to a series of questions within the **American Community Survey** (see the glossary for more details). Please note that this section focuses on people ages 21-64.

## Tables

**Table 2.1:** In 2018, in the United States an estimated 650,522 civilians ages 21-64 living in the community had both **vision disabilities** and **self-care disabilities** (or 17.6 percent). 1,121,291 civilians ages 21-64 living in the community had both **vision disabilities** and **independent living disabilities** (or 30.4 percent).

**Table 2.2:** In 2018, in the United States an estimated 561,718 civilians ages 21-64 living in the community had **vision disabilities** and both **self-care disabilities** and **independent living disabilities** (or 15.2 percent). 88,804 people ages 21-64 with **vision disabilities** had **self-care disabilities** but not **independent living disabilities** (or 2.4 percent). 559,573 people ages 21-64 with **vision disabilities** had **independent living disabilities** but not **self-care disabilities** (or 15.2 percent).



**Table 2.3:** In 2018, in the United States an estimated 488,850 civilians ages 21-64 living in the community had both **hearing disabilities** and **self-care disabilities** (or 12.9 percent). Also, 770,493 civilians ages 21-64 living in the community had both **vision disabilities** and **independent living disabilities** (or 20.4 percent).

**Table 2.4:** In 2018, in the United States an estimated 404,901 civilians ages 21-64 living in the community had **hearing disabilities** as well as both **self-care disabilities** and **independent living disabilities** (or 10.7 percent). 83,949 people ages 21-64 with **hearing disabilities** had **self-care disabilities** but not **independent living disabilities** (or 2.2 percent). 365,592 people ages 21-64 with **hearing disabilities** had **independent living disabilities** but not **self-care disabilities** (or 9.7 percent).

**Table 2.5:** In 2018, in the United States an estimated 2,862,368 civilians ages 21-64 living in the community had both **ambulatory disabilities** and **self-care disabilities** (or 30.8 percent). 4,057,473 civilians ages 21-64 living in the community had both **ambulatory disabilities** and **independent living disabilities** (or 43.7 percent).

**Table 2.6:** In 2018, in the United States an estimated 2,297,651 civilians ages 21-64 living in the community had **ambulatory disabilities** as well as both **self-care disabilities** and **independent living disabilities** (or 24.8 percent). 564,717 people ages 21-64 with **ambulatory disabilities** had **self-care disabilities** but not **independent living disabilities** (or 6.1 percent). 1,759,822 people ages 21-64 with **ambulatory disabilities** had **independent living disabilities** but not **self-care disabilities** (or 19.0 percent).

**Table 2.7:** In 2018, in the United States an estimated 1,818,509 civilians ages 21-64 living in the community had both **cognitive disabilities** and **self-care disabilities** (or 22.1 percent). 4,054,621 civilians ages 21-64 living in the community had both **cognitive disabilities** and **independent living disabilities** (or 49.3 percent).

**Table 2.8:** In 2018, in the United States an estimated 1,610,089 civilians ages 21-64 living in the community had **cognitive disabilities** as well as both **self-care disabilities** and **independent living disabilities** (or 19.6 percent). 208,420 people ages 21-64 with **cognitive disabilities** had **self-care disabilities** but not **independent living disabilities** (or 2.5 percent). 2,444,532 people ages 21-64 with **cognitive disabilities** had **independent living disabilities** but not **self-care disabilities** (or 29.7 percent).



**Table 2.1 Functioning – Civilians Ages 21–64 Living in the Community with Vision Disabilities and Self-Care Disabilities or Independent Living Disabilities for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Vision and Self-Care		Vision and Independent Living		State	Vision and Self-Care		Vision and Independent Living	
	Count	(%) [1]	Count	(%) [2]		Count	(%) [1]	Count	(%) [2]
U.S.	650,522	17.6	1,121,291	30.4	MO	17,231	22.9	28,803	38.4
AL	15,682	19.6	26,031	32.5	MT	959	10.6	2,470	27.2
AK	†	†	1,696	16.5	NE	1,827	8.7	4,502	21.4
AZ	13,390	16.6	24,297	30.1	NV	7,376	19.4	11,238	29.6
AR	9,380	17.3	17,608	32.5	NH	†	†	3,079	22.3
CA	69,053	19.9	110,380	31.8	NJ	12,801	17.3	20,196	27.4
CO	11,656	20.0	18,121	31.1	NM	4,050	13.9	7,705	26.4
CT	6,659	19.2	12,371	35.7	NY	36,279	19.9	54,452	29.9
DE	1,321	16.6	1,212	15.3	NC	23,746	18.0	41,192	31.3
DC	†	†	2,025	18.4	ND	978	16.7	1,485	25.3
FL	40,160	18.0	70,828	31.7	OH	21,527	15.5	42,653	30.6
GA	27,002	20.0	40,631	30.1	OK	9,874	15.5	18,285	28.6
HI	981	10.9	2,632	29.2	OR	10,575	22.5	15,441	32.9
ID	4,449	17.9	6,743	27.1	PA	30,603	19.9	54,704	35.6
IL	25,302	19.6	41,484	32.2	RI	†	†	3,132	27.1
IN	13,371	17.4	22,912	29.8	SC	11,823	15.3	22,612	29.3
IA	4,452	15.4	7,347	25.4	SD	†	†	914	9.9
KS	7,385	19.9	11,637	31.4	TN	14,680	14.4	30,280	29.7
KY	12,507	15.7	24,585	30.9	TX	61,237	16.8	106,516	29.3
LA	15,086	18.2	23,633	28.5	UT	2,163	9.5	6,995	30.9
ME	2,694	18.2	4,233	28.7	VT	1,239	17.6	2,960	42.1
MD	7,417	13.3	15,415	27.7	VA	12,165	14.6	24,694	29.6
MA	9,277	15.3	16,363	27.0	WA	11,518	14.2	21,603	26.5
MI	17,661	16.1	32,642	29.8	WV	7,666	19.3	12,314	30.9
MN	7,200	15.8	11,611	25.5	WI	9,021	19.1	14,294	30.2
MS	12,685	21.0	21,153	35.1	WY	†	†	1,182	18.0

**Citation:** Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 2.1). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represents the civilian, noninstitutional population ages 21–64. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

[1] Percent of people ages 21–64 with vision disabilities who also have self-care disabilities.

[2] Percent of people ages 21–64 with vision disabilities who also have independent living disabilities.  
† Estimate either unavailable or too few sample observations.

**Table 2.2 Functioning – Civilians Ages 21–64 Living in the Community with Vision Disabilities and Both or Only Self-Care Disabilities and Independent Living Disabilities for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Both Self-Care and Independent Living Count		Vision and only Self-Care Count		Vision and only Independent Living Count		State	Both Self-Care and Independent Living Count		Vision and only Self-Care Count		Vision and only Independent Living Count
	(%) [1]	(%) [2]	(%) [2]	(%) [3]	(%) [1]	(%) [3]		(%) [1]	(%) [2]	(%) [2]	(%) [3]	
U.S.	561,718	15.2	88,804	2.4	559,573	15.2	MO	14,479	19.3	2,752	3.7	14,324
AL	13,619	17.0	2,063	2.6	12,412	15.5	MT	851	9.4	‡	‡	‡
AK	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	NE	1,504	7.2	‡	‡	2,998
AZ	10,778	13.4	2,612	3.2	13,519	16.8	NV	6,152	16.2	‡	‡	5,086
AR	7,321	13.5	2,059	3.8	10,287	19.0	NH	‡	‡	‡	‡	2,713
CA	61,695	17.8	7,358	2.1	48,685	14.0	NJ	10,375	14.1	2,426	3.3	9,821
CO	9,793	16.8	1,863	3.2	8,328	14.3	NM	2,531	8.7	‡	‡	5,174
CT	6,065	17.5	‡	‡	6,306	18.2	NY	31,615	17.4	4,664	2.6	22,837
DE	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	NC	19,979	15.2	3,767	2.9	21,213
DC	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	ND	826	14.1	‡	‡	‡
FL	35,141	15.7	5,019	2.2	35,687	16.0	OH	17,498	12.6	4,029	2.9	25,155
GA	23,544	17.4	3,458	2.6	17,087	12.6	OK	9,159	14.3	‡	‡	9,126
HI	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	OR	8,883	18.9	1,692	3.6	6,558
ID	3,863	15.5	‡	‡	2,880	11.6	PA	27,866	18.1	2,737	1.8	26,838
IL	22,033	17.1	3,269	2.5	19,451	15.1	RI	‡	‡	‡	‡	1,436
IN	11,062	14.4	2,309	3.0	11,850	15.4	SC	9,853	12.8	1,970	2.6	12,759
IA	3,142	10.9	‡	‡	1,947	21.6	SD	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
KS	6,056	16.3	1,329	3.6	5,581	15.0	TN	13,288	13.0	1,392	1.4	16,992
KY	11,150	14.0	1,357	1.7	13,435	16.9	TX	55,458	15.2	5,779	1.6	51,058
LA	13,995	16.9	1,091	1.3	9,638	11.6	UT	1,800	7.9	‡	‡	5,195
ME	1,939	13.1	‡	‡	2,294	15.5	VT	1,127	16.0	‡	‡	1,833
MD	6,606	11.9	811	1.5	8,809	15.8	VA	10,305	12.4	1,860	2.2	14,389
MA	8,480	14.0	‡	‡	7,883	13.0	WA	10,582	13.0	‡	‡	11,021
MI	15,120	13.8	2,541	2.3	17,522	16.0	WV	5,858	14.7	‡	‡	6,456
MN	6,304	13.9	‡	‡	5,307	11.7	WI	8,253	17.5	‡	‡	6,041
MS	9,926	16.5	2,759	4.6	11,227	18.6	WY	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡

Citation: Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 2.2). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represents the civilian, noninstitutional population ages 21–64. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

[1] Percent of people ages 21–64 with vision disabilities who also have both self-care disabilities and independent living disabilities.

[2] Percent of people ages 21–64 with vision disabilities who also have self-care disabilities but not independent living disabilities.

[3] Percent of people ages 21–64 with vision disabilities who also have independent living disabilities but not self-care disabilities.

† Estimate either unavailable or too few sample observations.





**Table 2.3 Functioning – Civilians Ages 21–64 Living in the Community with Hearing Disabilities and Self-Care Disabilities or Independent Living Disabilities for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Hearing and Self-Care	Count	(%) [1]	Hearing and Independent Living	Count	(%) [2]	State	Hearing and Self-Care	Count	(%) [1]	Hearing and Independent Living	Count	(%) [2]
U.S.	488,850	12.9		770,493	20.4		MO	13,565	15.9		21,463	25.2	
AL	11,142	15.1		14,823	20.0		MT	1,083	7.0		2,679	17.4	
AK	†	†		1,946	17.6		NE	2,151	10.1		3,490	16.3	
AZ	10,711	12.3		16,467	18.9		NV	6,219	14.8		10,341	24.7	
AR	6,087	11.7		12,114	23.3		NH	1,373	7.9		2,276	13.0	
CA	50,021	14.5		78,317	22.7		NJ	7,188	11.5		11,471	18.3	
CO	6,961	9.6		12,575	17.3		NM	3,250	10.7		3,754	12.4	
CT	3,717	11.6		7,133	22.2		NY	25,910	15.8		38,864	23.7	
DE	†	†		985	11.7		NC	17,280	13.3		26,285	20.3	
DC	†	†		†	†		ND	†	†		1,693	17.1	
FL	28,916	13.0		45,146	20.3		OH	16,381	10.8		29,476	19.4	
GA	20,117	17.2		25,750	22.0		OK	8,873	12.6		13,347	19.0	
HI	2,316	16.4		3,019	21.4		OR	9,626	14.3		15,994	23.7	
ID	4,085	13.2		5,573	18.0		PA	22,133	13.6		35,112	21.6	
IL	15,699	13.3		23,794	20.1		RI	†	†		1,974	15.4	
IN	9,351	10.6		15,229	17.2		SC	9,118	14.4		13,443	21.2	
IA	5,610	16.0		6,218	17.7		SD	†	†		1,306	11.3	
KS	6,250	13.6		8,989	19.5		TN	12,830	12.1		23,434	22.1	
KY	10,663	12.5		20,482	24.1		TX	52,115	15.1		74,690	21.6	
LA	7,946	11.7		11,403	16.7		UT	2,841	9.0		4,654	14.7	
ME	1,430	7.6		3,047	16.1		VT	†	†		†	†	
MD	5,814	9.7		9,742	16.2		VA	11,027	13.3		15,766	19.1	
MA	6,601	10.7		11,769	19.1		WA	9,020	8.9		17,508	17.4	
MI	11,817	9.7		20,723	17.0		WV	4,558	11.3		8,535	21.2	
MN	7,321	12.4		9,499	16.1		WI	6,530	10.5		9,887	15.9	
MS	8,092	18.1		15,246	34.2		WY	†	†		1,384	15.5	

**Citation:** Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 2.3). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represents the civilian, noninstitutional population ages 21–64. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

[1] Percent of people ages 21–64 with hearing disabilities who also have self-care disabilities.

[2] Percent of people ages 21–64 with hearing disabilities who also have independent living disabilities.

† Estimate either unavailable or too few sample observations.

**Table 2.4 Functioning – Civilians Ages 21-64 Living in the Community with Hearing Disabilities and Both or Only Self-Care Disabilities and Independent Living Disabilities for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Hearing and both Self-Care and Independent Living Count	(%) [1]	Hearing and only Self-Care Count	(%) [2]	Hearing and only Independent Living Count	(%) [3]	State	Hearing and both Self-Care and Independent Living Count	(%) [1]	Hearing and only Self-Care Count	(%) [2]	Hearing and only Independent Living Count	(%) [3]
U.S.	404,901	10.7	83,949	2.2	365,592	9.7	MO	11,893	14.0	1,672	2.0	9,570	11.2
AL	8,281	11.2	2,861	3.9	6,542	8.8	MT	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
AK	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	NE	1,544	7.2	‡	‡	1,946	9.1
AZ	8,698	10.0	2,013	2.3	7,769	8.9	NV	5,979	14.3	‡	‡	4,362	10.4
AR	4,511	8.7	1,576	3.0	7,603	14.6	NH	‡	‡	‡	‡	1,289	7.4
CA	42,643	12.4	7,378	2.1	35,674	10.4	NJ	6,304	10.1	‡	‡	5,167	8.2
CO	5,821	8.0	‡	‡	6,754	9.3	NM	1,932	6.4	‡	‡	1,822	6.0
CT	3,652	11.4	‡	‡	3,481	10.8	NY	21,682	13.2	4,228	2.6	17,182	10.5
DE	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	NC	13,759	10.6	3,521	2.7	12,526	9.7
DC	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	ND	‡	‡	‡	‡	1,472	14.9
FL	25,157	11.3	3,759	1.7	19,989	9.0	OH	12,967	8.6	3,414	2.3	16,509	10.9
GA	16,887	14.4	3,230	2.8	8,863	7.6	OK	7,054	10.1	1,819	2.6	6,293	9.0
HI	2,060	14.6	‡	‡	‡	‡	OR	8,756	13.0	‡	‡	7,238	10.7
ID	2,540	8.2	1,545	5.0	3,033	9.8	PA	18,638	11.5	3,495	2.2	16,474	10.1
IL	12,784	10.8	2,915	2.5	11,010	9.3	RI	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
IN	6,598	7.5	2,753	3.1	8,631	9.8	SC	7,548	11.9	1,570	2.5	5,895	9.3
IA	4,250	12.1	‡	‡	1,968	5.6	SD	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
KS	4,732	10.3	1,518	3.3	4,257	9.2	TN	10,392	9.8	2,438	2.3	13,042	12.3
KY	8,905	10.5	1,758	2.1	11,577	13.6	TX	45,055	13.0	7,060	2.0	29,635	8.6
LA	6,741	9.9	1,205	1.8	4,662	6.8	UT	2,160	6.8	‡	‡	2,494	7.9
ME	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	VT	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
MD	4,784	7.9	‡	‡	4,958	8.2	VA	7,530	9.1	3,497	4.2	8,236	10.0
MA	5,315	8.6	1,286	2.1	6,454	10.5	WA	7,699	7.6	1,321	1.3	9,809	9.7
MI	10,068	8.3	1,749	1.4	10,655	8.8	WV	3,672	9.1	‡	‡	4,863	12.1
MN	6,153	10.4	1,168	2.0	3,346	5.7	WI	5,785	9.3	‡	‡	4,102	6.6
MS	6,811	15.3	1,281	2.9	8,435	18.9	WY	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡

Citation: Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.). Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 2.4). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represents the civilian, noninstitutional population ages 21-64. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

[1] Percent of people ages 21-64 with hearing disabilities who also have both self-care disabilities and independent living disabilities.

[2] Percent of people ages 21-64 with hearing disabilities but not independent living disabilities.

[3] Percent of people ages 21-64 with hearing disabilities who have independent living disabilities but not self-care disabilities.

† Estimate either unavailable or too few sample observations.





**Table 2.5 Functioning – Civilians Ages 21–64 Living in the Community with Ambulatory Disabilities and Self-Care Disabilities or Independent Living Disabilities for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Ambulatory and Self-Care Count	(%) [1]	Ambulatory and Independent Living Count	(%) [2]	State	Ambulatory and Self-Care Count	(%) [1]	Ambulatory and Self-Care Count	(%) [1]	Ambulatory and Independent Living Count	(%) [2]
U.S.	2,862,368	30.8	4,057,473	43.7	MO	68,740	30.6	97,823	43.6		
AL	67,328	30.0	91,089	40.6	MT	7,027	25.0	9,189	32.6		
AK	5,000	32.0	7,162	45.8	NE	11,695	25.5	17,507	38.2		
AZ	59,834	29.8	84,083	41.9	NV	27,693	30.8	37,761	42.0		
AR	41,309	28.1	61,269	41.6	NH	11,004	29.2	16,895	44.8		
CA	284,377	33.9	393,955	47.0	NJ	67,771	35.8	87,956	46.5		
CO	35,828	28.9	51,762	41.8	NM	18,429	26.6	28,396	41.0		
CT	24,180	29.9	35,736	44.1	NY	163,204	32.1	237,019	46.6		
DE	9,093	32.8	14,186	51.1	NC	97,158	29.1	139,927	41.9		
DC	4,165	19.8	6,889	32.7	ND	2,681	21.8	5,343	43.4		
FL	175,645	30.0	247,911	42.3	OH	111,044	29.1	156,664	41.1		
GA	96,875	30.6	136,033	43.0	OK	43,623	27.6	68,456	43.3		
HI	6,466	27.6	10,281	43.8	OR	38,242	30.9	55,964	45.3		
ID	16,890	34.2	20,820	42.2	PA	122,969	31.6	182,808	47.0		
IL	98,278	31.2	139,695	44.4	RI	12,816	40.7	16,403	52.1		
IN	67,119	30.2	94,756	42.7	SC	54,952	29.7	76,293	41.3		
IA	24,428	33.7	31,599	43.6	SD	6,101	25.9	10,323	43.7		
KS	24,663	27.7	39,822	44.7	TN	74,506	26.6	121,884	43.5		
KY	62,202	29.5	92,766	43.9	TX	249,877	33.9	323,830	44.0		
LA	54,828	32.7	75,674	45.1	UT	16,744	26.2	26,402	41.3		
ME	11,086	27.5	15,604	38.6	VT	5,381	29.4	8,364	45.7		
MD	39,432	25.9	63,255	41.5	VA	65,922	29.7	96,973	43.7		
MA	53,330	32.7	73,894	45.4	WA	60,054	29.6	84,165	41.5		
MI	107,850	31.1	148,381	42.7	WV	25,418	26.9	38,867	41.2		
MN	35,274	32.4	48,231	44.3	WI	45,537	35.2	59,060	45.7		
MS	44,246	31.1	62,155	43.6	WY	4,054	26.7	6,193	40.8		

**Citation:** Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 2.5). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represents the civilian, noninstitutional population ages 21–64. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

[1] Percent of people ages 21–64 with ambulatory disabilities who also have self-care disabilities.

[2] Percent of people ages 21–64 with ambulatory disabilities who also have independent living disabilities.

**Table 2.6 Functioning – Civilians Ages 21-64 Living in the Community with Ambulatory Disabilities and Both or Only Self-Care Disabilities and Independent Living Disabilities for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Both Self-Care and Independent Living Count		Ambulatory and only Self-Care Count		Ambulatory and only Independent Living Count		Both Self-Care and Independent Living Count	Ambulatory and only Self-Care Count	Ambulatory and only Independent Living Count
	Both Self-Care and Independent Living Count	(%) [1]	Both Self-Care and Independent Living Count	(%) [2]	Ambulatory and only Independent Living Count	(%) [3]			
U.S.	2,297,651	24.8	564,717	6.1	1,759,822	19.0	MO	55,960	24.9
AL	53,017	23.6	14,311	6.4	38,072	17.0	MT	5,131	18.2
AK	3,587	22.9	1,413	9.0	3,575	22.8	NE	8,653	18.9
AZ	48,411	24.1	11,423	5.7	35,672	17.8	NV	21,580	24.0
AR	30,280	20.6	11,029	7.5	30,989	21.1	NH	8,027	21.3
CA	237,822	28.4	46,555	5.6	156,133	18.6	NJ	54,449	28.8
CO	28,349	22.9	7,479	6.0	23,413	18.9	NM	14,161	20.5
CT	20,371	25.2	3,809	4.7	15,365	19.0	NY	137,030	26.9
DE	7,651	27.6	1,442	5.2	6,535	23.5	NC	78,848	23.6
DC	3,456	16.4	†	†	3,433	16.3	ND	1,955	15.9
FL	137,749	23.5	37,896	6.5	110,162	18.8	OH	83,327	21.9
GA	78,055	24.7	18,820	6.0	57,978	18.3	OK	34,165	21.6
HI	5,330	22.7	1,136	4.8	4,951	21.1	OR	31,388	25.4
ID	11,911	24.1	4,979	10.1	8,909	18.1	PA	101,442	26.1
IL	79,655	25.3	18,623	5.9	60,040	19.1	RI	11,343	36.0
IN	51,750	23.3	15,369	6.9	43,006	19.4	SC	44,130	23.9
IA	18,568	25.6	5,860	8.1	13,031	18.0	SD	5,142	21.8
KS	19,060	21.4	5,603	6.3	20,762	23.3	TN	60,684	21.6
KY	49,531	23.5	12,671	6.0	43,235	20.5	TX	199,590	27.1
LA	46,263	27.6	8,565	5.1	29,411	17.5	UT	12,377	19.3
ME	8,094	20.0	2,992	7.4	7,510	18.6	VT	4,325	23.6
MD	31,928	21.0	7,504	4.9	31,327	20.6	VA	52,952	23.9
MA	44,017	27.0	9,313	5.7	29,877	18.3	WA	46,652	23.0
MI	85,376	24.6	22,474	6.5	63,005	18.1	WV	20,523	21.7
MN	28,485	26.1	6,789	6.2	19,746	18.1	WI	36,499	28.2
MS	35,613	25.0	8,633	6.1	26,542	18.6	WY	2,989	19.7

Citation: Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 2.6). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represents the civilian, noninstitutional population ages 21-64. Based on a sample subject to sampling variability.

[1] Percent of people ages 21-64 with ambulatory disabilities who also have both self-care disabilities and independent living disabilities.

[2] Percent of people ages 21-64 with ambulatory disabilities and self-care disabilities but not independent living disabilities.

[3] Percent of people ages 21-64 with ambulatory disabilities and independent living disabilities but with not self-care disabilities.

† Estimate either unavailable or too few sample observations.





**Table 2.7 Functioning – Civilians Ages 21–64 Living in the Community with Cognitive Disabilities and Self-Care Disabilities or Independent Disabilities for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Cognitive and Self-Care Count	(%) [1]	Cognitive and Independent Living Count	(%) [2]	State	Cognitive and Self-Care Count	(%) [1]	Cognitive and Independent Living Count	(%) [2]
U.S.	1,818,509	22.1	4,054,621	49.3	MO	43,040	22.1	99,283	50.9
AL	41,855	25.3	84,375	50.9	MT	5,056	18.4	13,495	49.0
AK	3,426	17.3	7,992	40.2	NE	6,821	15.8	16,705	38.7
AZ	39,469	22.2	90,168	50.7	NV	15,209	22.8	35,391	53.1
AR	27,347	25.1	57,204	52.4	NH	7,092	18.4	16,462	42.7
CA	198,542	25.3	413,517	52.7	NJ	43,802	26.5	89,009	53.8
CO	23,601	19.1	51,716	41.8	NM	10,370	17.0	33,358	54.6
CT	16,476	21.3	37,643	48.8	NY	98,854	23.5	214,250	50.9
DE	6,336	25.0	13,390	52.7	NC	62,632	23.5	133,271	50.1
DC	3,156	15.8	7,761	38.9	ND	2,583	15.4	6,254	37.4
FL	107,840	21.6	247,302	49.5	OH	72,626	20.2	163,716	45.5
GA	63,828	24.0	137,723	51.9	OK	23,205	18.6	59,731	48.0
HI	4,005	14.5	12,404	45.0	OR	27,812	20.4	71,216	52.1
ID	11,534	22.0	24,034	45.8	PA	75,638	20.4	181,854	49.1
IL	64,127	23.4	142,730	52.0	RI	9,653	25.2	20,142	52.6
IN	41,102	21.8	90,822	48.3	SC	33,147	24.0	67,518	48.8
IA	16,738	21.2	37,496	47.4	SD	4,931	25.2	9,595	49.1
KS	17,741	20.8	38,117	44.8	TN	47,148	20.0	117,677	50.0
KY	36,013	21.2	86,841	51.2	TX	153,457	25.0	304,101	49.6
LA	32,156	22.0	68,255	46.7	UT	9,816	13.8	30,079	42.2
ME	8,048	16.2	25,259	50.8	VT	4,211	23.7	10,468	59.0
MD	25,583	17.6	67,052	46.0	VA	39,246	21.6	85,639	47.2
MA	33,558	19.2	79,759	45.7	WA	35,734	18.5	90,088	46.6
MI	66,182	21.1	145,836	46.4	WV	13,584	20.2	33,348	49.5
MN	25,004	19.2	60,441	46.4	WI	29,164	21.7	61,664	45.9
MS	27,538	25.9	56,471	53.1	WY	2,473	19.9	5,999	48.4

**Citation:** Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.I., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 2.7). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represents the civilian, noninstitutional population ages 21–64. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

[1] Percent of people ages 21–64 with cognitive disabilities who also have self-care disabilities.

[2] Percent of people ages 21–64 with cognitive disabilities who also have independent living disabilities.

**Table 2.8 Functioning – Civilians Ages 21–64 Living in the Community with Cognitive Disabilities and Both or Only Self-Care Disabilities and Independent Living Disabilities for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Both Self-Care and Independent Living Count	Cognitive and only Self-Care Count		Cognitive and only Independent Living Count	Cognitive and only Independent Living (%) [3]	Both Self-Care and Independent Living Count	Both Self-Care and Independent Living (%) [1]	Cognitive and only Self-Care Count	Cognitive and only Self-Care (%) [2]	Cognitive and only Independent Living Count	Cognitive and only Independent Living (%) [3]
		Cognitive and only Self-Care Count	(%) [2]								
U.S.	1,610,089	19.6	208,420	2.5	2,444,532	29.7	MO	38,198	19.6	4,842	2.5
AL	37,892	22.9	3,963	2.4	46,483	28.0	MT	4,708	17.1	‡	‡
AK	2,984	15.0	†	†	5,008	25.2	NE	5,785	13.4	‡	‡
AZ	35,374	19.9	4,095	2.3	54,794	30.8	NV	14,145	21.2	1,064	1.6
AR	22,343	20.5	5,004	4.6	34,861	32.0	NH	5,729	14.9	‡	‡
CA	180,052	23.0	18,490	2.4	233,465	29.8	NJ	40,126	24.3	3,676	2.2
CO	21,899	17.7	1,702	1.4	29,817	24.1	NM	8,399	13.7	1,971	3.2
CT	15,084	19.5	†	†	22,559	29.2	NY	88,791	21.1	10,063	2.4
DE	5,667	22.3	†	†	7,723	30.4	NC	56,757	21.3	5,875	2.2
DC	2,589	13.0	†	†	5,172	25.9	ND	2,184	13.1	‡	‡
FL	94,988	19.0	12,852	2.6	152,314	30.5	OH	61,688	17.1	10,938	3.0
GA	57,753	21.8	6,075	2.3	79,970	30.1	OK	20,127	16.2	3,078	2.5
HI	3,381	12.3	†	†	9,023	32.7	OR	25,293	18.5	2,519	1.8
ID	9,201	17.5	2,333	4.4	14,833	28.2	PA	68,197	18.4	7,441	2.0
IL	56,627	20.6	7,500	2.7	86,103	31.4	RI	8,900	23.2	‡	‡
IN	33,427	17.8	7,675	4.1	57,395	30.5	SC	28,785	20.8	4,362	3.2
IA	14,358	18.2	2,380	3.0	23,138	29.3	SD	4,687	24.0	‡	‡
KS	14,158	16.6	3,583	4.2	23,959	28.1	TN	41,573	17.7	5,575	2.4
KY	31,838	18.8	4,175	2.5	55,003	32.4	TX	134,006	21.8	19,451	3.2
LA	29,188	20.0	2,968	2.0	39,667	26.7	UT	7,769	10.9	2,047	2.9
ME	6,173	12.4	1,875	3.8	19,086	38.3	VT	3,947	22.2	‡	‡
MD	22,723	15.6	2,860	2.0	44,329	30.4	VA	34,133	18.8	5,113	2.8
MA	30,297	17.4	3,261	1.9	49,462	28.3	WA	32,098	16.6	3,636	1.9
MI	57,282	18.2	8,900	2.8	88,554	28.2	WV	11,959	17.8	1,625	2.4
MN	23,572	18.1	†	†	36,869	28.3	WI	26,284	19.6	2,880	2.1
MS	24,498	23.0	3,040	2.9	31,973	30.1	WY	2,473	19.9	‡	‡

Citation: Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 2.8). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represents the civilian, noninstitutional population ages 21–64. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

[1] Percent of people ages 21–64 with cognitive disabilities who also have both self-care disabilities and independent living disabilities.

[2] Percent of people ages 21–64 with cognitive disabilities and self-care disabilities but not independent living disabilities.

[3] Percent of people ages 21–64 with cognitive disabilities and independent living disabilities but not self-care disabilities.

† Estimate either unavailable or too few sample observations.





## Section 3: Employment

This section presents statistics on **employment** in the United States. Data are presented for people with disabilities, people without disabilities, and the difference in percentage **employed** (**employment gap**) between these two **populations**.

The source of these data is the **American Community Survey (U.S. Census Bureau)**. For these tables, statistics for people with disabilities (**disability status or disability type**) are based on having responded 'yes' to a series of questions within the **American Community Survey**. The definition for **employment status** in the **American Community Survey** can be found in the glossary.

### Tables

**Tables 3.1 and 3.2:** In 2018, of the 20,212,750 individuals with disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community**, 7,602,698 individuals were **employed**—37.6 percent. In contrast, of the 177,675,796 individuals without disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community**, 138,229,018 individuals were **employed**—77.8 percent. The percentage of people with disabilities **employed** was highest in North Dakota (56.5 percent) and lowest in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico (23.2 percent).

**Table 3.3:** In 2018, of the 3,890,495 individuals with **hearing** disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community**, 2,077,119 individuals were **employed**—53.4 percent. The percentage of people with **hearing** disabilities **employed** was highest in North Dakota (70.9 percent) and lowest in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico (30.5 percent).

**Table 3.4:** In 2018, of the 3,870,613 individuals with **vision** disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community**, 1,737,798 individuals were **employed**—44.9 percent. The percentage of people with **vision** disabilities **employed** was highest in the District of Columbia (61.0 percent) and lowest in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico (28.6 percent).

**Table 3.5:** In 2018, of the 8,825,065 individuals with **cognitive** disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community**, 2,525,183 individuals were **employed**—28.6 percent. The percentage of people with **cognitive** disabilities **employed** was highest in North Dakota (46.2 percent) and lowest in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico (15.6 percent).

**Table 3.6:** In 2018, of the 9,399,859 individuals with **ambulatory** disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community**, 2,395,164

individuals were **employed**—25.5 percent. The percentage of people with **ambulatory disabilities employed** was highest in North Dakota (41.3 percent) and lowest in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico (18.2 percent).

**Table 3.7:** In 2018, of the 3,502,034 individuals with **self-care** disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community**, 562,475 individuals were **employed**—16.1 percent. The percentage of people with **self-care** disabilities **employed** was highest in South Dakota (41.6 percent) and lowest in Alabama (8.8 percent).

**Table 3.8:** In 2018, of the 7,306,556 individuals with **independent living** disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community**, 1,318,391 individuals were **employed**—18.0 percent. The percentage of people with **independent living** disabilities **employed** was highest in South Dakota (39.7 percent) and lowest in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico (7.5 percent).

**Table 3.9:** In 2018, 37.6 percent of people with disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community** were **employed**, while 77.8 percent of people without disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community** were **employed**—a difference of **40.2 percentage points**. The difference was greatest in Kentucky (45.9 **percentage points**) and smallest in North Dakota (26.9 **percentage points**).

**Table 3.10:** In 2017, the difference in the percentage of people **employed** with and without disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community** was **40.2 percentage points**. In 2018, the difference in the percentage of people **employed** with and without disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community** was **40.2 percentage points**. The gap change in **percentage points** of people **employed** with and without disabilities between 2017 and 2018 was **0.0 percentage points**.

**Table 3.1 Employment – Civilians with Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Total	Employed	Count	% [1]	State	Total	Employed	Count	% [1]	
U.S.	20,212,750		7,602,698	37.6	MT		67,140		31,719	47.2
AL	417,381		121,576	29.1	NE		106,943		53,637	50.2
AK	51,416		21,966	42.7	NV		184,884		78,230	42.3
AZ	449,009		173,613	38.7	NH		90,754		39,742	43.8
AR	275,710		86,243	31.3	NJ		417,347		156,502	37.5
CA	1,896,634		700,456	36.9	NM		159,258		53,008	33.3
CO	310,982		147,035	47.3	NY		1,061,050		360,749	34.0
CT	180,465		70,229	38.9	NC		680,863		239,666	35.2
DE	61,531		22,508	36.6	ND		38,215		21,598	56.5
DC	45,920		16,771	36.5	OH		844,409		323,356	38.3
FL	1,247,620		438,440	35.1	OK		327,111		129,170	39.5
GA	658,811		238,875	36.3	OR		295,114		122,184	41.4
HI	66,355		28,503	43.0	PA		885,157		333,140	37.6
ID	117,561		49,464	42.1	RI		80,903		30,478	37.7
IL	675,092		257,496	38.1	SC		366,373		122,332	33.4
IN	472,444		178,093	37.7	SD		53,828		29,037	53.9
IA	174,957		81,251	46.4	TN		552,942		184,851	33.4
KS	194,225		87,802	45.2	TX		1,639,624		659,558	40.2
KY	417,808		127,820	30.6	UT		155,329		72,186	46.5
LA	374,421		121,952	32.6	VT		44,257		18,761	42.4
ME	114,014		42,411	37.2	VA		485,460		194,796	40.1
MD	341,159		149,359	43.8	WA		478,622		195,251	40.8
MA	384,133		146,757	38.2	WV		175,002		49,839	28.5
MI	730,791		259,363	35.5	WI		322,172		135,105	41.9
MN	296,481		145,820	49.2	WY		35,797		17,274	48.3
MS	262,760		74,874	28.5	PR		328,525		76,210	23.2
MO	446,516		161,852	36.2						

Citation: U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, 1-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 3.1). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

[1] The percentage of people employed with disabilities.

**Table 3.2 Employment – Civilians without Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Total	Employed Count	% [1]	State Total	Employed Count	% [1]
U.S.	177,675,796	138,229,018	77.8	MT	555,801	444,569
AL	2,493,301	1,826,230	73.2	NE	1,027,359	858,497
AK	392,179	299,935	76.5	NV	1,654,768	1,277,592
AZ	3,728,988	2,822,052	75.7	NH	753,946	622,874
AR	1,491,556	1,135,234	76.1	NJ	5,037,835	3,993,090
CA	22,620,441	17,104,193	75.6	NM	1,059,054	758,180
CO	3,234,365	2,628,627	81.3	NY	11,068,993	8,502,510
CT	2,016,417	1,600,787	79.4	NC	5,560,083	4,291,999
DE	511,059	394,617	77.2	ND	420,860	350,857
DC	436,505	344,984	79.0	OH	6,157,750	4,893,553
FL	11,237,739	8,576,518	76.3	OK	1,979,211	1,523,986
GA	5,749,973	4,417,454	76.8	OR	2,256,879	1,768,886
HI	741,898	594,407	80.1	PA	6,826,012	5,422,975
ID	896,792	700,555	78.1	RI	581,256	459,054
IL	7,111,349	5,603,156	78.8	SC	2,640,120	2,020,381
IN	3,540,989	2,826,602	79.8	SD	457,579	380,587
IA	1,691,119	1,401,707	82.9	TN	3,531,023	2,725,255
KS	1,513,464	1,241,955	82.1	TX	15,699,436	11,990,348
KY	2,255,294	1,724,959	76.5	UT	1,704,200	1,361,619
LA	2,386,936	1,758,914	73.7	VT	340,024	276,610
ME	693,588	574,146	82.8	VA	4,656,306	3,686,152
MD	3,357,097	2,711,665	80.8	WA	4,145,040	3,267,432
MA	3,978,445	3,186,731	80.1	WV	887,829	633,203
MI	5,316,469	4,128,006	77.6	WI	3,186,925	2,639,521
MN	3,098,599	2,610,660	84.3	WY	304,525	245,118
MS	1,492,154	1,076,166	72.1	PR	1,596,608	885,794
MO	3,196,266	2,543,910	79.6			

Citation: U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, 1-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 3.2). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.  
[1] The percentage of people employed without disabilities.



**Table 3.3 Employment – Civilians with Hearing Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Total	Employed	Count	Total	Employed	Count	% [1]
U.S.	3,890,495		2,077,119	53.4	MT	16,432	9,956
AL	76,263		37,070	48.6	NE	23,397	15,569
AK	13,223		6,585	49.8	NV	41,058	22,356
AZ	89,621		45,644	50.9	NH	18,071	11,380
AR	55,305		24,491	44.3	NJ	64,529	36,603
CA	349,510		179,174	51.3	NM	35,787	16,746
CO	75,116		45,608	60.7	NY	166,873	84,110
CT	32,641		19,204	58.8	NC	134,780	70,083
DE	7,615		5,372	70.5	ND	9,053	6,422
DC	4,905		1,909	38.9	OH	157,023	82,143
FL	228,227		119,332	52.3	OK	71,380	37,681
GA	120,283		68,336	56.8	OR	70,427	39,418
HI	15,133		7,745	51.2	PA	162,371	88,716
ID	31,407		16,778	53.4	RI	14,725	8,193
IL	121,535		66,453	54.7	SC	63,643	31,562
IN	90,859		48,947	53.9	SD	11,065	7,010
IA	36,211		21,427	59.2	TN	105,923	52,108
KS	46,168		28,424	61.6	TX	354,001	193,425
KY	85,895		34,815	40.5	UT	32,140	20,560
LA	68,516		31,563	46.1	VT	10,252	5,768
ME	21,612		11,296	52.3	VA	89,675	51,443
MD	61,222		36,277	59.3	WA	104,535	60,351
MA	62,523		36,076	57.7	WV	38,425	15,317
MI	126,428		66,037	52.2	WI	65,760	39,928
MN	64,404		42,093	65.4	WY	10,346	6,308
MS	43,836		17,776	40.6	PR	40,419	12,342
MO	90,366		45,531	50.4			30.5

Citation: U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, 1-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 3.3). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

[1] The percentage of people employed with hearing disabilities.

**Table 3.4 Employment – Civilians with Vision Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Total	Employed	Count	Total	Employed	Count	% [1]
U.S.	3,870,613		1,737,798	44.9		11,012	46.7
AL	83,299		29,745	35.7	NE	20,330	11,646
AK	12,408		5,971	48.1	NV	38,545	20,376
AZ	88,323		40,647	46.0	NH	13,514	7,820
AR	59,073		22,176	37.5	NJ	76,154	38,674
CA	367,085		163,919	44.7	NM	33,122	13,163
CO	58,823		30,587	52.0	NY	189,450	86,325
CT	34,762		16,528	47.5	NC	139,131	58,739
DE	7,829		3,849	49.2	ND	7,312	4,366
DC	11,750		7,168	61.0	OH	146,765	65,153
FL	238,070		106,192	44.6	OK	67,872	31,123
GA	141,833		66,007	46.5	OR	48,603	22,685
HI	10,635		5,768	54.2	PA	155,698	68,158
ID	23,844		11,255	47.2	RI	13,989	6,555
IL	130,080		58,698	45.1	SC	79,450	35,336
IN	87,429		36,920	42.2	SD	12,006	6,410
IA	28,688		15,386	53.6	TN	107,485	44,018
KS	34,892		16,471	47.2	TX	380,133	178,128
KY	82,502		29,922	36.3	UT	23,131	11,447
LA	91,309		36,553	40.0	VT	6,854	3,700
ME	16,080		7,360	45.8	VA	91,402	41,504
MD	57,655		29,319	50.9	WA	82,311	38,680
MA	62,691		29,891	47.7	WV	39,348	11,443
MI	118,823		50,047	42.1	WI	50,094	27,345
MN	45,071		25,105	55.7	WY	5,958	3,473
MS	60,472		21,463	35.5	PR	95,838	27,447
MO	77,518		29,437	38.0			

Citation: U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, 1-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 3.4). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

[1] The percentage of people employed with vision disabilities.

**Table 3.5 Employment – Civilians with Years Living in the Community for the**

**Cognitive Disabilities Ages 18 to 64  
United States and States: 2018**

State	Total	Employed	Count	Total	Employed	Count	% [1]
U.S.	8,825,065		2,525,183	28.6		29,311	40.5
AL	172,303		33,278	19.3	NE	46,417	19,937
AK	20,223		6,549	32.4	NV	70,390	22,581
AZ	191,464		55,185	28.8	NH	42,863	15,956
AR	117,735		28,197	23.9	NJ	182,844	47,999
CA	839,304		217,959	26.0	NM	67,429	15,624
CO	134,265		49,228	36.7	NY	449,968	118,988
CT	84,455		26,169	31.0	NC	280,543	72,104
DE	29,878		8,816	29.5	ND	16,957	7,838
DC	20,352		4,617	22.7	OH	386,665	121,149
FL	539,395		139,255	25.8	OK	132,303	38,839
GA	279,471		75,227	26.9	OR	142,599	46,324
HI	28,938		8,848	30.6	PA	411,910	118,082
ID	56,814		17,643	31.1	RI	43,313	12,530
IL	287,418		85,180	29.6	SC	146,622	34,490
IN	204,673		58,584	28.6	SD	20,880	8,913
IA	82,269		31,644	38.5	TN	242,951	60,529
KS	84,702		29,463	34.8	TX	663,261	188,925
KY	183,592		43,868	23.9	UT	73,403	28,761
LA	159,863		39,790	24.9	VT	20,944	6,655
ME	56,647		18,231	32.2	VA	203,553	66,327
MD	153,337		51,607	33.7	WA	209,491	63,726
MA	188,427		59,309	31.5	WV	73,019	14,301
MI	337,770		100,050	29.6	WI	145,217	47,898
MN	140,459		59,618	42.4	WY	13,782	4,556
MS	111,481		22,604	20.3	PR	150,974	23,566
MO	203,195		59,358	29.2			

Citation: U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, 1-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 3.5). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

[1] The percentage of people employed with cognitive disabilities.

**Table 3.6 Employment – Civilians with Years Living in the Community for the**

**Ambulatory Disabilities Ages 18 to 64  
United States and States: 2018**

State	Total	Employed	% [1]	Total	Employed	Count	% [1]
U.S.	9,399,859	2,395,164	25.5	MT	28,459	9,153	32.2
AL	223,801	42,634	19.0	NE	44,095	14,359	32.6
AK	19,886	5,743	28.9	NV	88,301	25,903	29.3
AZ	208,393	55,696	26.7	NH	37,150	11,598	31.2
AR	143,697	28,326	19.7	NJ	193,462	51,750	26.7
CA	840,635	224,640	26.7	NM	75,289	15,792	21.0
CO	129,417	40,614	31.4	NY	518,707	122,660	23.6
CT	81,286	20,915	25.7	NC	340,363	79,683	23.4
DE	29,865	6,837	22.9	ND	13,539	5,598	41.3
DC	20,382	5,524	27.1	OH	389,817	99,811	25.6
FL	597,969	144,263	24.1	OK	163,904	46,480	28.4
GA	318,462	80,977	25.4	OR	122,807	32,273	26.3
HI	27,209	9,753	35.8	PA	396,540	99,002	25.0
ID	49,209	14,512	29.5	RI	33,141	7,138	21.5
IL	317,748	82,006	25.8	SC	185,628	38,475	20.7
IN	229,255	56,703	24.7	SD	22,793	8,988	39.4
IA	73,181	23,521	32.1	TN	281,310	64,571	23.0
KS	87,234	27,469	31.5	TX	751,214	207,282	27.6
KY	215,868	43,889	20.3	UT	62,072	21,246	34.2
LA	174,470	37,188	21.3	VT	18,823	5,561	29.5
ME	43,491	10,598	24.4	VA	224,434	61,688	27.5
MD	149,431	49,577	33.2	WA	205,098	58,133	28.3
MA	160,193	39,521	24.7	WV	91,620	17,462	19.1
MI	346,363	79,058	22.8	WI	138,258	37,114	26.8
MN	112,015	37,024	33.1	WY	13,758	4,215	30.6
MS	140,424	29,633	21.1	PR	161,140	29,363	18.2
MO	219,393	52,608	24.0				

Citation: U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, 1-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 3.6). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.  
[1] The percentage of people employed with ambulatory disabilities.

**Table 3.7 Employment – Civilians with Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Total	Employed	Count	% [1]	Total	Employed	Count	% [1]
U.S.	3,502,034	562,475	16.1		MT	10,969		
AL	73,881	6,476	8.8		NE	13,486	1,798	13.3
AK	7,493	1,230	16.4		NV	30,014	5,441	18.1
AZ	73,677	9,708	13.2		NH	13,658	3,421	25.0
AR	48,439	6,255	12.9		NJ	87,633	14,139	16.1
CA	364,344	56,694	15.6		NM	26,730	3,807	14.2
CO	47,765	9,353	19.6		NY	196,862	30,243	15.4
CT	30,514	6,857	22.5		NC	124,291	17,338	13.9
DE	11,924	1,743	14.6		ND	4,732	1,462	30.9
DC	5,584	723	12.9		OH	136,369	26,746	19.6
FL	214,711	31,195	14.5		OK	51,722	10,121	19.6
GA	116,171	20,429	17.6		OR	45,422	7,162	15.8
HI	10,334	2,706	26.2		PA	149,838	21,508	14.4
ID	19,925	4,543	22.8		RI	14,823	1,547	10.4
IL	121,790	21,218	17.4		SC	61,789	8,225	13.3
IN	80,522	13,168	16.4		SD	7,837	3,264	41.6
IA	25,702	5,460	21.2		TN	87,178	12,828	14.7
KS	30,452	6,227	20.4		TX	300,725	48,201	16.0
KY	72,332	9,023	12.5		UT	19,519	4,710	24.1
LA	66,029	8,890	13.5		VT	6,520	1,570	24.1
ME	15,882	2,123	13.4		VA	82,217	15,429	18.8
MD	48,514	11,057	22.8		WA	76,196	13,341	17.5
MA	66,962	11,167	16.7		WV	29,300	2,924	10.0
MI	133,651	16,386	12.3		WI	60,135	10,592	17.6
MN	46,897	12,552	26.8		WY	4,219	940	22.3
MS	47,424	5,785	12.2		PR	64,271	7,287	11.3
MO	78,931	11,798	14.9					

Citation: U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, 1-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 3.7). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.  
[1] The percentage of people employed with self-care disabilities.

**Table 3.8 Employment – Civilians with Independent Living Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Total	Employed	% [1]	State	Total	Employed	Count	% [1]
<b>U.S.</b>	<b>7,306,556</b>	<b>1,318,391</b>	<b>18.0</b>	<b>MT</b>	<b>22,007</b>		<b>6,962</b>	<b>31.6</b>
<b>AL</b>	<b>149,083</b>	<b>15,421</b>	<b>10.3</b>	<b>NE</b>	<b>31,091</b>		<b>6,402</b>	<b>20.6</b>
<b>AK</b>	<b>15,919</b>	<b>3,145</b>	<b>19.8</b>	<b>NV</b>	<b>61,235</b>		<b>13,334</b>	<b>21.8</b>
<b>AZ</b>	<b>162,012</b>	<b>28,463</b>	<b>17.6</b>	<b>NH</b>	<b>32,150</b>		<b>8,526</b>	<b>26.5</b>
<b>AR</b>	<b>100,079</b>	<b>14,683</b>	<b>14.7</b>	<b>NJ</b>	<b>165,480</b>		<b>28,523</b>	<b>17.2</b>
<b>CA</b>	<b>733,900</b>	<b>127,732</b>	<b>17.4</b>	<b>NM</b>	<b>56,079</b>		<b>9,067</b>	<b>16.2</b>
<b>CO</b>	<b>97,622</b>	<b>21,940</b>	<b>22.5</b>	<b>NY</b>	<b>411,896</b>		<b>66,526</b>	<b>16.2</b>
<b>CT</b>	<b>64,367</b>	<b>15,749</b>	<b>24.5</b>	<b>NC</b>	<b>244,352</b>		<b>35,769</b>	<b>14.6</b>
<b>DE</b>	<b>23,881</b>	<b>3,333</b>	<b>14.0</b>	<b>ND</b>	<b>10,888</b>		<b>3,705</b>	<b>34.0</b>
<b>DC</b>	<b>13,911</b>	<b>2,165</b>	<b>15.6</b>	<b>OH</b>	<b>295,850</b>		<b>67,034</b>	<b>22.7</b>
<b>FL</b>	<b>451,472</b>	<b>69,131</b>	<b>15.3</b>	<b>OK</b>	<b>109,224</b>		<b>20,291</b>	<b>18.6</b>
<b>GA</b>	<b>238,625</b>	<b>38,976</b>	<b>16.3</b>	<b>OR</b>	<b>108,497</b>		<b>24,819</b>	<b>22.9</b>
<b>HI</b>	<b>22,718</b>	<b>4,496</b>	<b>19.8</b>	<b>PA</b>	<b>337,108</b>		<b>60,741</b>	<b>18.0</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>40,716</b>	<b>8,532</b>	<b>21.0</b>	<b>RI</b>	<b>30,336</b>		<b>5,106</b>	<b>16.8</b>
<b>IL</b>	<b>249,597</b>	<b>47,077</b>	<b>18.9</b>	<b>SC</b>	<b>126,604</b>		<b>19,372</b>	<b>15.3</b>
<b>IN</b>	<b>168,094</b>	<b>32,237</b>	<b>19.2</b>	<b>SD</b>	<b>17,159</b>		<b>6,810</b>	<b>39.7</b>
<b>IA</b>	<b>61,200</b>	<b>14,384</b>	<b>23.5</b>	<b>TN</b>	<b>204,491</b>		<b>28,579</b>	<b>14.0</b>
<b>KS</b>	<b>63,874</b>	<b>13,693</b>	<b>21.4</b>	<b>TX</b>	<b>561,055</b>		<b>99,042</b>	<b>17.7</b>
<b>KY</b>	<b>155,878</b>	<b>21,932</b>	<b>14.1</b>	<b>UT</b>	<b>51,735</b>		<b>13,567</b>	<b>26.2</b>
<b>LA</b>	<b>130,631</b>	<b>17,685</b>	<b>13.5</b>	<b>VT</b>	<b>14,095</b>		<b>3,258</b>	<b>23.1</b>
<b>ME</b>	<b>43,521</b>	<b>9,651</b>	<b>22.2</b>	<b>VA</b>	<b>176,231</b>		<b>37,574</b>	<b>21.3</b>
<b>MD</b>	<b>117,097</b>	<b>26,414</b>	<b>22.6</b>	<b>WA</b>	<b>164,053</b>		<b>31,230</b>	<b>19.0</b>
<b>MA</b>	<b>143,561</b>	<b>28,293</b>	<b>19.7</b>	<b>WV</b>	<b>59,153</b>		<b>6,484</b>	<b>11.0</b>
<b>MI</b>	<b>273,321</b>	<b>48,177</b>	<b>17.6</b>	<b>WI</b>	<b>112,695</b>		<b>24,316</b>	<b>21.6</b>
<b>MN</b>	<b>103,590</b>	<b>32,717</b>	<b>31.6</b>	<b>WY</b>	<b>10,104</b>		<b>2,078</b>	<b>20.6</b>
<b>MS</b>	<b>99,560</b>	<b>12,538</b>	<b>12.6</b>	<b>PR</b>	<b>126,930</b>		<b>9,468</b>	<b>7.5</b>
<b>MO</b>	<b>168,759</b>	<b>30,712</b>	<b>18.2</b>					

**Citation:** U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, 1-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 3.8). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.  
 [1] The percentage of people employed with independent living disabilities.

**Table 3.9 Employment Gap – Civilians Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States, by Disability Status: 2018**

State	Disability [1]	No Disability [1]	Gap (% pts) [2]	State	Disability [1]	No Disability [1]	Gap (% pts) [2]
U.S.	37.6	77.8	40.2	MT	47.2	80.0	32.8
AL	29.1	73.2	44.1	NE	50.2	83.6	33.4
AK	42.7	76.5	33.8	NV	42.3	77.2	34.9
AZ	38.7	75.7	37.0	NH	43.8	82.6	38.8
AR	31.3	76.1	44.8	NJ	37.5	79.3	41.8
CA	36.9	75.6	38.7	NM	33.3	71.6	38.3
CO	47.3	81.3	34.0	NY	34.0	76.8	42.8
CT	38.9	79.4	40.5	NC	35.2	77.2	42.0
DE	36.6	77.2	40.6	ND	56.5	83.4	26.9
DC	36.5	79.0	42.5	OH	38.3	79.5	41.2
FL	35.1	76.3	41.2	OK	39.5	77.0	37.5
GA	36.3	76.8	40.5	OR	41.4	78.4	37.0
HI	43.0	80.1	37.1	PA	37.6	79.4	41.8
ID	42.1	78.1	36.0	RI	37.7	79.0	41.3
IL	38.1	78.8	40.7	SC	33.4	76.5	43.1
IN	37.7	79.8	42.1	SD	53.9	83.2	29.3
IA	46.4	82.9	36.5	TN	33.4	77.2	43.8
KS	45.2	82.1	36.9	TX	40.2	76.4	36.2
KY	30.6	76.5	45.9	UT	46.5	79.9	33.4
LA	32.6	73.7	41.1	VT	42.4	81.4	39.0
ME	37.2	82.8	45.6	VA	40.1	79.2	39.1
MD	43.8	80.8	37.0	WA	40.8	78.8	38.0
MA	38.2	80.1	41.9	WV	28.5	71.3	42.8
MI	35.5	77.6	42.1	WI	41.9	82.8	40.9
MN	49.2	84.3	35.1	WY	48.3	80.5	32.2
MS	28.5	72.1	43.6	PR	23.2	55.5	32.3
MO	36.2	79.6	43.4				

Citation: U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, 1-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 3.9). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

[1] The percentage of people employed with and without disabilities.

[2] The difference in percentage points of people employed with and without disabilities.

**Table 3.10 Change in Employment Gap – Civilians Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States, by Disability Status: 2017 to 2018**

State	Gap (Between No Disability & Disability) 2017 (%)		Gap Change (% pts) [1]		State	Gap (Between No Disability & Disability) 2017 (%)		Gap Change (% pts) [1]	
	2017 (%)	2018 (%)	2017 (%)	2018 (%)		2017 (%)	2018 (%)	2017 (%)	2018 (%)
U.S.	40.2	40.2	0.0	0.0	MT	34.2	32.7	1.5	1.5
AL	45.9	44.1	1.8	-1.8	NE	35.7	33.4	2.3	2.3
AK	30.8	33.8	-3.0	3.8	NV	36.8	34.9	1.9	1.9
AZ	38.8	37.0	1.8	-0.2	NH	40.6	38.8	1.8	1.8
AR	45.0	44.8	0.2	-0.1	NJ	40.6	41.8	-1.2	-1.2
CA	38.6	38.7	-0.1	1.1	NM	37.8	38.3	-0.5	-0.5
CO	35.1	34.0	1.1	-1.1	NY	41.7	42.8	-1.1	-1.1
CT	37.9	40.5	-2.6	2.6	NC	43.1	42.0	1.1	1.1
DE	36.5	40.6	-4.1	4.1	ND	28.0	26.8	1.2	1.2
DC	34.1	42.5	-8.4	8.4	OH	42.0	41.2	0.8	0.8
FL	41.6	41.2	0.4	-0.4	OK	38.8	37.5	1.3	1.3
GA	41.6	40.6	1.0	-1.0	OR	40.2	37.0	3.2	3.2
HI	35.8	37.2	-1.4	1.4	PA	40.7	41.8	-1.1	-1.1
ID	33.7	36.0	-2.3	2.3	RI	38.0	41.3	-3.3	-3.3
IL	39.5	40.6	-1.1	1.1	SC	43.7	43.1	0.6	0.6
IN	40.1	42.1	-2.0	2.0	SD	31.2	29.2	2.0	2.0
IA	37.0	36.4	0.6	-0.6	TN	44.2	43.7	0.5	0.5
KS	34.5	36.9	-2.4	2.4	TX	36.0	36.1	-0.1	-0.1
KY	46.1	45.9	0.2	-0.2	UT	30.1	33.4	-3.3	-3.3
LA	38.5	41.1	-2.6	2.6	VT	32.9	39.0	-6.1	-6.1
ME	46.5	45.6	0.9	-0.9	VA	38.2	39.0	-0.8	-0.8
MD	38.1	37.0	1.1	-1.1	WA	37.7	38.0	-0.3	-0.3
MA	42.5	41.9	0.6	-0.6	WV	44.2	42.8	1.4	1.4
MI	43.2	42.2	1.0	-1.0	WI	40.7	40.9	-0.2	-0.2
MN	36.5	35.1	1.4	-1.4	WY	34.7	32.2	2.5	2.5
MS	44.2	43.6	0.6	-0.6	PR	28.9	32.3	-3.4	-3.4
MO	42.6	43.3	-0.7	0.7					

Citation: U.S. Census Bureau. (2017 & 2018). American community survey, 1-Year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 3.10). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.  
[1] The difference of the difference in percentage points of people employed with and without disabilities between 2017 and 2018.



## Section 4: Industry and Occupation

This section presents statistics on the **industries** and **occupations** that employ people in the United States. Statistics are presented for the United States overall and by state for the top four most prevalent industries and occupations among people with disabilities.

**Industry** describes the kind of business conducted by a person's employing organization. **Occupation** describes the kind of work a person does on the job. Statistics for people with disabilities (**disability status** or **disability type**) are based on having responded 'yes' to a series of questions within the **American Community Survey**, conducted by the **U.S. Census Bureau** (see the glossary for more details).

Data on occupation and industry are collected for the **American Community Survey** respondent's current primary job or the most recent job for people who are not employed but have worked in the last 5 years. **American Community Survey** respondents provide written responses describing their kind of business or industry. An automated, standardized coding procedure categorizes responses which are then reviewed by trained staff for accuracy. **Industries** are categorized based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), published by the Office of Management and Budget. **Occupations** are categorized based on the Standard Occupational (SOC) Manual, also published by the Office of Management and Budget. **American Community Survey** data on industry and occupation describe the industrial composition and occupational experiences of the American labor force and are used to formulate employment policy and programs, develop career trainings, provide information on the occupational skills of the labor force, and measure compliance with antidiscrimination policies.

## Tables

**Table 4.1:** In 2018 in the United States, the industry with the greatest number of people with disabilities was Health Care and Social Assistance with 1,318,248 people (14.5 percent).

**Table 4.2:** In 2018 in the United States, the occupational group with the greatest number of people with disabilities was Office and Administrative Support Occupations with 1,133,748 people (12.5 percent).

**Table 4.3:** In 2018, the state with the greatest number of people with disabilities employed in the education services industry was California with 71,387 people. The state with the greatest percentage of people with disabilities employed in the education services industry was Idaho (11.5 percent).

**Table 4.4:** In 2018, the state with the greatest number of people with disabilities employed in the manufacturing industry was California with 63,937 people. The state with the greatest percentage of people with disabilities employed in the manufacturing industry was Wisconsin (19.6 percent).

**Table 4.5:** In 2018, the state with the greatest number of people with disabilities employed in the retail trade industry was Texas with 95,511 people. The state with the greatest percentage of people with disabilities employed in the retail trade industry was Delaware (17.9 percent).

**Table 4.6:** In 2018, the state with the greatest number of people with disabilities employed in the health care and social assistance industry was California with 122,148 people. The state with the greatest percentage of people with disabilities employed in the health care and social assistance industry was Vermont (25.9 percent).

**Table 4.7:** In 2018, the state with the greatest number of people with disabilities employed in office and administrative support occupations was California with 102,215 people. The state with the greatest percentage of people with disabilities employed in office and administrative support occupations was Delaware (17.5 percent).

**Table 4.8:** In 2018, the state with the greatest number of people with disabilities employed in sales and related occupations was California with 83,202 people. The state with the greatest percentage of people with disabilities employed in sales and related occupations was Rhode Island (13.1 percent).

**Table 4.9:** In 2018, the state with the greatest number of people with disabilities employed in transportation and material moving occupations was California with 74,094 people. The state with the greatest percentage of people with disabilities employed in transportation and material moving occupations was North Dakota (15.6 percent).

**Table 4.10:** In 2018, the state with the greatest number of people with disabilities employed in management occupations was California with 81,434 people. The state with the greatest percentage of people with disabilities employed in management occupations was the District of Columbia (17.9 percent).

**Table 4.1 Industry and Occupation – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 16 Years and Over Living in the Community Employed by Industry for the United States: 2018**

Geography	Industry	Disability Count	Disability Percent (%)	No Disability Count	No Disability Percent (%)
U.S.	Agriculture	143,740	1.6	1,834,828	1.2
U.S.	Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	45,577	0.5	733,189	0.5
U.S.	Utilities	64,617	0.7	1,189,089	0.8
U.S.	Construction	585,072	6.4	9,910,163	6.7
U.S.	Manufacturing	874,965	9.6	14,864,189	10.1
U.S.	Wholesale Trade	207,011	2.3	3,687,106	2.5
U.S.	Retail Trade	1,188,983	13.1	16,147,452	10.9
U.S.	Transportation and Warehousing	441,700	4.9	6,969,081	4.7
U.S.	Information	149,015	1.6	2,887,896	2.0
U.S.	Finance and Insurance	295,709	3.2	6,882,757	4.7
U.S.	Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	187,294	2.1	2,820,221	1.9
U.S.	Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	503,650	5.5	10,992,268	7.4
U.S.	Management of Companies and Enterprises	11,304	0.1	250,040	0.2
U.S.	Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services	484,243	5.3	6,208,083	4.2
U.S.	Educational Services	713,341	7.8	13,737,239	9.3
U.S.	Health Care and Social Assistance	1,318,248	14.5	20,434,067	13.8
U.S.	Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	218,126	2.4	3,276,589	2.2
U.S.	Accommodation and Food Services	693,550	7.6	11,014,943	7.4
U.S.	Other Services (Except Public Administration)	526,879	5.8	7,211,850	4.9
U.S.	Public Administration	449,507	4.9	6,844,807	4.6

**Citation:** Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 4.1). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represent the civilian, noninstitutional employed population ages 16 years and older. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

**Table 4.2 Industry and Occupation – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 16 Years and Over Living in the Community Employed by Occupation for the United States: 2018 the United States: 2018**

Geography	Occupation	Disability		No Disability	
		Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)
U.S.	Management Occupations	744,400	8.2	15,180,382	10.3
U.S.	Business and Financial Operations Occupations	381,227	4.2	8,207,812	5.5
U.S.	Computer and Mathematical Occupations	193,741	2.1	4,821,305	3.3
U.S.	Architecture and Engineering Occupations	123,971	1.4	2,835,845	1.9
U.S.	Life, Physical, Social Sciences Occupations	51,401	0.6	1,450,675	1.0
U.S.	Community and Social Services Occupations	171,238	1.9	2,526,051	1.7
U.S.	Legal Occupations	78,625	0.9	1,645,852	1.1
U.S.	Education, Training, and Library Occupations	431,949	4.7	8,961,508	6.1
U.S.	Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations	153,030	1.7	3,027,854	2.0
U.S.	Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	402,044	4.4	9,243,604	6.3
U.S.	Healthcare Support Occupations	392,281	4.3	4,718,174	3.2
U.S.	Protective Service Occupations	194,119	2.1	3,134,702	2.1
U.S.	Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	566,319	6.2	8,378,006	5.7
U.S.	Building and Grounds Cleaning and Maintenance Occupations	544,175	6.0	5,532,801	3.7
U.S.	Personal Care and Service Occupations	280,517	3.1	4,230,802	2.9
U.S.	Sales and Related Occupations	920,980	10.1	14,927,219	10.1
U.S.	Office and Administrative Support Occupations	1,133,748	12.5	16,645,688	11.3
U.S.	Farming, Fishing, and Forestry Occupations	69,663	0.8	996,526	0.7
U.S.	Construction and Extraction Occupations	443,238	4.9	7,604,521	5.1
U.S.	Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	296,522	3.3	4,397,478	3.0
U.S.	Production Occupations	634,179	7.0	8,214,011	5.6
U.S.	Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	893,855	9.8	11,192,397	7.6

Citation: Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 4.2). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represent the civilian, noninstitutional employed population ages 16 years and older. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

**Table 4.3 Industry and Occupation – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 16 Years and Over Living in the Community Employed in the Education Services Industry for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Disability Count	Disability Percent (%)	No Disability		State	Disability Count	Disability Percent (%)	No Disability	
			Count	Percent (%)				Count	Percent (%)
U.S.	713,341	7.8	13,737,239	9.3	MO	12,308	6.1	261,122	9.6
AL	9,890	6.8	173,725	8.9	MT	2,266	5.4	40,626	8.4
AK	2,411	9.6	29,067	9.0	NE	5,010	7.5	92,725	9.9
AZ	16,506	8.1	269,617	9.0	NV	5,922	6.3	88,178	6.6
AR	7,675	7.5	112,250	9.2	NH	3,805	8.0	65,311	9.6
CA	71,387	8.5	1,515,088	8.4	NJ	16,235	8.5	442,131	10.3
CO	12,272	7.1	259,878	9.3	NM	6,300	10.2	81,923	10.0
CT	7,448	8.6	186,081	10.7	NY	45,543	10.3	1,038,576	11.5
DE	1,870	6.5	49,047	11.2	NC	19,504	6.8	414,538	9.0
DC	2,205	10.5	30,720	8.5	ND	2,406	8.8	36,115	9.6
FL	39,683	7.5	695,297	7.5	OH	24,993	6.6	457,010	8.7
GA	26,385	9.4	412,739	8.8	OK	12,028	7.8	151,951	9.2
HI	2,911	8.4	60,775	9.4	OR	8,469	6.1	159,241	8.4
ID	6,635	11.5	61,319	8.2	PA	25,382	6.4	559,636	9.5
IL	28,905	9.5	565,460	9.5	RI	2,500	8.0	56,194	11.2
IN	15,808	7.8	271,443	9.0	SC	9,055	6.1	192,383	8.8
IA	7,438	7.7	152,859	10.0	SD	2,443	7.7	40,397	9.7
KS	7,344	6.8	148,897	11.1	TN	17,075	7.4	238,819	8.2
KY	11,011	7.1	177,774	9.6	TX	69,499	8.8	1,205,130	9.5
LA	13,898	9.6	171,561	9.1	UT	8,685	9.7	158,683	11.0
ME	4,477	10.0	62,606	9.9	VT	1,883	7.7	44,243	14.1
MD	13,164	7.4	296,807	10.2	VA	18,027	7.8	399,467	10.1
MA	17,508	9.5	407,553	11.8	WA	13,432	5.9	293,441	8.5
MI	21,863	7.1	374,846	8.5	WV	4,406	7.3	70,756	10.4
MN	12,310	7.3	270,473	9.6	WI	7,976	5.0	246,180	8.6
MS	5,843	6.7	114,100	10.0	WY	1,342	6.0	32,481	12.0

**Citation:** Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 4.3). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represent the civilian, noninstitutional employed population ages 16 years and older. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

**Table 4.4 Industry and Occupation – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 16 Years and Over Living in the Community Employed in the Manufacturing Industry for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Disability		No Disability		State	Disability		No Disability	
	Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)		Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)
U.S.	874,965	9.6	14,864,189	10.1	MO	22,997	11.4	315,744	11.6
AL	17,152	11.8	280,231	14.4	MT	1,500	3.6	28,744	5.9
AK	‡	‡	15,796	4.9	NE	5,282	7.9	82,436	8.8
AZ	11,879	5.9	211,704	7.0	NV	3,981	4.2	63,072	4.7
AR	14,376	14.1	169,214	13.9	NH	4,801	10.1	87,101	12.8
CA	63,937	7.6	1,624,204	9.0	NJ	13,597	7.1	347,115	8.0
CO	9,837	5.7	182,532	6.5	NM	2,591	4.2	36,091	4.4
CT	8,535	9.8	187,247	10.8	NY	25,764	5.8	526,880	5.8
DE	2,219	7.7	38,430	8.8	NC	34,482	12.0	558,608	12.2
DC	‡	‡	4,990	1.4	ND	2,056	7.5	26,166	7.0
FL	25,269	4.8	472,633	5.1	OH	52,709	13.8	794,238	15.1
GA	29,008	10.4	503,531	10.8	OK	14,514	9.4	157,514	9.6
HI	‡	‡	18,821	2.9	OR	15,037	10.7	212,738	11.3
ID	5,027	8.7	79,947	10.7	PA	44,862	11.2	691,516	11.8
IL	35,498	11.6	711,991	11.9	RI	4,020	12.9	54,051	10.8
IN	37,107	18.2	602,217	19.9	SC	16,369	11.0	290,979	13.4
IA	13,622	14.1	230,560	15.1	SD	2,178	6.8	41,698	10.0
KS	12,731	11.7	164,889	12.3	TN	32,151	14.0	380,334	13.1
KY	21,192	13.6	258,602	14.0	TX	60,210	7.6	1,068,734	8.4
LA	13,526	9.3	141,103	7.5	UT	8,341	9.3	145,412	10.1
ME	4,508	10.1	58,876	9.3	VT	1,942	7.9	27,332	8.7
MD	6,335	3.5	130,603	4.5	VA	17,124	7.4	275,697	7.0
MA	14,754	8.0	296,059	8.6	WA	23,025	10.1	326,989	9.4
MI	51,484	16.7	837,322	19.0	WV	4,344	7.2	54,618	8.0
MN	16,408	9.8	366,232	13.0	WI	31,356	19.6	524,827	18.4
MS	13,589	15.6	146,705	12.9	WY	‡	‡	11,116	4.1

Citation: Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 4.4). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represent the civilian, noninstitutional employed population ages 16 years and older. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.  
‡ Estimate either unavailable or too few sample observations.

**Table 4.5 Industry and Occupation – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 16 Years and Over Living in the Community Employed in the Retail Trade Industry for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Disability		No Disability		State	Disability		No Disability	
	Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)		Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)
U.S.	1,188,983	13.1	16,147,452	10.9	MO	25,538	12.7	311,892	11.4
AL	15,755	10.8	218,552	11.2	MT	6,274	14.9	52,390	10.8
AK	1,126	4.5	36,295	11.3	NE	8,253	12.4	98,344	10.5
AZ	29,657	14.6	341,731	11.3	NV	12,629	13.4	148,211	11.0
AR	12,275	12.0	154,410	12.7	NH	7,555	15.8	87,381	12.8
CA	92,971	11.1	1,879,936	10.4	NJ	26,024	13.6	461,101	10.7
CO	21,466	12.5	310,409	11.1	NM	7,956	12.8	95,622	11.7
CT	12,623	14.5	182,439	10.5	NY	49,370	11.2	893,254	9.9
DE	5,180	17.9	50,674	11.6	NC	42,358	14.7	510,818	11.1
DC	1,816	8.6	15,246	4.2	ND	3,272	12.0	38,077	10.1
FL	74,517	14.1	1,134,700	12.3	OH	51,689	13.6	582,062	11.0
GA	37,962	13.6	523,061	11.2	OK	21,515	13.9	190,900	11.6
HI	3,999	11.5	67,993	10.5	OR	19,318	13.8	206,199	10.9
ID	7,328	12.7	91,330	12.2	PA	58,592	14.7	655,089	11.2
IL	40,825	13.4	619,479	10.4	RI	4,986	16.0	57,472	11.5
IN	27,634	13.6	320,755	10.6	SC	20,541	13.9	256,076	11.8
IA	14,985	15.5	173,914	11.4	SD	3,588	11.3	46,839	11.2
KS	13,546	12.5	136,711	10.2	TN	28,828	12.5	335,353	11.5
KY	20,759	13.3	210,969	11.4	TX	95,511	12.1	1,440,418	11.3
LA	16,794	11.6	215,801	11.5	UT	14,304	15.9	165,452	11.5
ME	7,881	17.6	81,087	12.8	VT	4,181	17.1	37,223	11.9
MD	20,054	11.2	270,984	9.3	VA	29,354	12.7	397,143	10.0
MA	26,638	14.4	338,518	9.8	WA	29,693	13.1	389,922	11.2
MI	44,129	14.3	459,200	10.4	WV	9,470	15.7	83,660	12.2
MN	21,829	13.0	314,949	11.2	WI	19,342	12.1	299,165	10.5
MS	14,067	16.1	127,933	11.2	WY	3,026	13.5	30,313	11.2

**Citation:** Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 4.5). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represent the civilian, noninstitutional employed population ages 16 years and older. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

**Table 4.6 Industry and Occupation – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 16 Years and Over Living in the Community Employed in the Health Care and Social Assistance Industry for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Disability		No Disability		State	Disability		No Disability	
	Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)		Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)
U.S.	1,318,248	14.5	20,434,067	13.8	MO	34,546	17.2	392,117	14.4
AL	20,946	14.4	266,216	13.7	MT	5,707	13.6	63,071	13.0
AK	3,683	14.7	48,800	15.2	NE	8,818	13.2	142,982	15.3
AZ	26,645	13.1	390,126	13.0	NV	9,902	10.5	132,615	9.9
AR	16,394	16.0	182,831	15.1	NH	9,529	20.0	96,849	14.2
CA	122,148	14.5	2,247,865	12.4	NJ	26,754	14.0	597,209	13.8
CO	21,469	12.5	339,844	12.1	NM	10,045	16.2	106,822	13.1
CT	14,451	16.6	260,450	15.0	NY	77,079	17.4	1,491,051	16.4
DE	4,803	16.6	63,932	14.6	NC	37,580	13.1	630,392	13.7
DC	3,789	18.0	36,179	10.1	ND	3,358	12.3	67,939	18.1
FL	69,473	13.1	1,227,443	13.3	OH	59,452	15.6	817,720	15.5
GA	28,968	10.3	541,570	11.6	OK	22,026	14.2	212,983	12.9
HI	3,742	10.8	79,475	12.2	OR	20,510	14.7	270,496	14.3
ID	7,158	12.4	100,958	13.5	PA	68,058	17.0	959,172	16.4
IL	44,471	14.6	815,359	13.6	RI	5,411	17.4	78,914	15.8
IN	27,806	13.7	420,213	13.9	SC	21,447	14.5	285,720	13.1
IA	12,766	13.2	227,055	14.8	SD	7,295	22.9	66,450	15.9
KS	14,920	13.7	186,536	14.0	TN	29,557	12.8	413,768	14.2
KY	22,655	14.6	260,821	14.1	TX	98,768	12.5	1,523,192	12.0
LA	18,853	13.0	280,334	14.9	UT	11,720	13.1	166,596	11.5
ME	9,640	21.5	104,881	16.6	VT	6,358	25.9	47,793	15.2
MD	28,849	16.1	410,261	14.1	VA	29,993	12.9	479,751	12.1
MA	31,369	17.0	569,359	16.5	WA	33,801	14.9	455,856	13.1
MI	45,682	14.8	650,720	14.8	WV	10,629	17.7	115,013	16.8
MN	33,088	19.7	460,965	16.4	WI	23,618	14.7	430,971	15.1
MS	9,778	11.2	183,020	16.0	WY	2,741	12.2	33,412	12.4

Citation: Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 4.6). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represent the civilian, noninstitutional employed population ages 16 years and older. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

**Table 4.7 Industry and Occupation – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 16 Years and Over Living in the Community Employed in Office and Administrative Support Occupations for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Disability		No Disability		Disability		No Disability		
	Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)	
U.S.	1,133,748	12.5	16,645,688	11.3	26,315	13.1	321,972	11.8	
AL	16,798	11.5	213,252	11.0	5,472	13.0	60,762	12.5	
AK	2,756	11.0	44,388	13.8	8,639	13.0	111,318	11.9	
AZ	25,931	12.8	376,516	12.5	13,811	14.7	150,191	11.2	
AR	12,742	12.5	135,390	11.2	4,281	9.0	76,266	11.2	
CA	102,215	12.2	1,946,681	10.8	NJ	28,750	15.0	495,593	11.5
CO	22,851	13.3	314,022	11.2	NM	8,017	12.9	101,873	12.5
CT	8,748	10.0	189,866	10.9	NY	62,340	14.1	1,020,328	11.3
DE	5,068	17.5	49,858	11.4	NC	31,559	11.0	456,099	9.9
DC	2,047	9.7	32,466	9.0	ND	2,737	10.0	38,324	10.2
FL	68,472	12.9	1,137,888	12.3	OH	50,089	13.1	604,837	11.5
GA	37,719	13.5	521,444	11.2	OK	19,690	12.7	203,314	12.3
HI	3,392	9.8	78,513	12.1	OR	19,818	14.2	202,076	10.7
ID	7,206	12.4	86,529	11.6	PA	51,969	13.0	695,400	11.9
IL	40,810	13.4	686,283	11.5	RI	4,064	13.0	55,517	11.1
IN	24,781	12.2	338,479	11.2	SC	16,886	11.4	237,733	10.9
IA	11,683	12.1	173,401	11.3	SD	4,573	14.4	52,450	12.5
KS	15,825	14.6	153,579	11.5	TN	27,429	11.9	351,830	12.1
KY	17,389	11.2	223,867	12.1	TX	93,469	11.8	1,389,968	10.9
LA	15,804	10.9	204,009	10.9	UT	10,947	12.2	196,295	13.6
ME	5,634	12.6	78,716	12.4	VT	3,108	12.7	31,932	10.2
MD	23,336	13.1	326,148	11.2	VA	26,598	11.5	416,818	10.5
MA	24,924	13.5	347,543	10.1	WA	24,257	10.7	358,826	10.3
MI	35,696	11.5	492,477	11.2	WV	9,425	15.7	79,357	11.6
MN	17,862	10.6	306,950	10.9	WI	18,661	11.6	329,747	11.6
MS	9,286	10.6	119,026	10.4	WY	1,869	8.3	29,571	11.0

Citation: Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 4.7). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represent the civilian, noninstitutional employed population ages 16 years and older. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

**Table 4.8 Industry and Occupation – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 16 Years and Over Living in the Community Employed in Sales and Related Occupations for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Disability Count	Disability Percent (%)	No Disability		State Count	Disability Count	Disability Percent (%)	No Disability Count	No Disability Percent (%)
			Count	Percent (%)					
U.S.	920,980	10.1	14,927,219	10.1	MO	18,250	9.1	277,186	10.2
AL	15,103	10.4	195,646	10.0	MT	3,817	9.1	53,188	10.9
AK	1,864	7.4	27,429	8.5	NE	5,590	8.4	89,300	9.5
AZ	20,047	9.9	320,131	10.6	NV	10,071	10.7	154,666	11.5
AR	8,925	8.7	128,122	10.6	NH	4,437	9.3	76,019	11.1
CA	83,202	9.9	1,827,563	10.1	NJ	20,848	10.9	447,925	10.4
CO	18,658	10.9	293,820	10.5	NM	7,217	11.6	86,531	10.6
CT	10,359	11.9	176,564	10.2	NY	38,924	8.8	864,125	9.5
DE	2,684	9.3	43,679	10.0	NC	30,375	10.6	484,665	10.6
DC	‡	‡	19,843	5.5	ND	1,551	5.7	32,683	8.7
FL	64,011	12.1	1,101,538	12.0	OH	32,482	8.5	507,054	9.6
GA	29,938	10.7	495,489	10.6	OK	15,063	9.7	178,306	10.8
HI	3,293	9.5	63,734	9.8	OR	12,182	8.7	173,406	9.2
ID	7,090	12.2	78,807	10.5	PA	40,829	10.2	551,161	9.4
IL	31,036	10.2	609,763	10.2	RI	4,092	13.1	54,219	10.8
IN	17,710	8.7	280,078	9.3	SC	17,079	11.5	242,632	11.2
IA	11,703	12.1	144,545	9.4	SD	4,145	13.0	34,476	8.2
KS	11,253	10.3	122,247	9.1	TN	24,722	10.7	291,419	10.0
KY	15,934	10.2	180,957	9.8	TX	82,821	10.5	1,381,546	10.9
LA	13,921	9.6	201,991	10.7	UT	10,374	11.6	143,122	9.9
ME	4,819	10.8	58,947	9.3	VT	1,644	6.7	25,053	8.0
MD	15,617	8.7	245,971	8.4	VA	23,072	9.9	362,691	9.1
MA	20,138	10.9	312,074	9.1	WA	21,223	9.3	309,765	8.9
MI	31,778	10.3	427,518	9.7	WV	7,812	13.0	64,769	9.5
MN	15,919	9.5	284,633	10.1	WI	15,535	9.7	258,672	9.1
MS	9,383	10.7	117,256	10.3	WY	1,927	8.6	24,295	9.0

Citation: Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 4.8). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represents the civilian, noninstitutional employed population ages 16 years and older. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

† Estimate either unavailable or too few sample observations.

**Table 4.9 Industry and Occupation – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 16 Years and Over Living in the Community Employed in Transportation and Material Moving Occupations for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Disability		No Disability		State	Disability		No Disability	
	Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)		Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)
U.S.	893,855	9.8	11,192,397	7.6	MO	21,949	10.9	212,050	7.8
AL	16,162	11.1	174,427	9.0	MT	4,325	10.3	29,384	6.0
AK	850	3.4	30,458	9.5	NE	6,792	10.2	65,097	7.0
AZ	18,813	9.3	211,479	7.0	NV	9,553	10.2	115,073	8.6
AR	11,931	11.7	107,339	8.8	NH	5,929	12.4	36,914	5.4
CA	74,094	8.8	1,354,470	7.5	NJ	19,564	10.2	317,198	7.4
CO	14,987	8.7	171,518	6.1	NM	5,665	9.1	46,778	5.7
CT	7,468	8.6	96,651	5.6	NY	38,932	8.8	611,293	6.7
DE	2,796	9.7	31,328	7.2	NC	29,135	10.1	344,271	7.5
DC	‡	‡	11,280	3.1	ND	4,245	15.6	26,573	7.1
FL	51,655	9.7	669,028	7.3	OH	43,283	11.4	448,830	8.5
GA	27,038	9.7	415,155	8.9	OK	14,907	9.6	122,934	7.5
HI	2,711	7.8	47,920	7.4	OR	13,939	10.0	128,703	6.8
ID	6,819	11.8	53,645	7.2	PA	48,805	12.2	486,642	8.3
IL	35,090	11.5	503,712	8.4	RI	1,864	6.0	34,684	6.9
IN	24,134	11.9	285,669	9.4	SC	14,067	9.5	167,314	7.7
IA	11,787	12.2	135,344	8.8	SD	3,129	9.8	30,915	7.4
KS	8,517	7.8	108,648	8.1	TN	21,823	9.5	272,210	9.3
KY	15,314	9.8	165,069	9.0	TX	71,331	9.0	1,021,098	8.0
LA	11,123	7.7	142,201	7.6	UT	8,128	9.1	93,843	6.5
ME	3,018	6.7	45,846	7.2	VT	3,625	14.8	14,043	4.5
MD	14,548	8.1	172,740	5.9	VA	19,610	8.5	261,899	6.6
MA	17,012	9.2	187,848	5.5	WA	20,210	8.9	248,108	7.2
MI	33,510	10.8	328,899	7.5	WV	4,618	7.7	62,389	9.1
MN	17,778	10.6	190,411	6.8	WI	18,216	11.4	218,510	7.7
MS	10,059	11.5	111,423	9.8	WY	2,160	9.6	23,136	8.6

**Citation:** Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 4.9). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represents the civilian, noninstitutional employed population ages 16 years and older. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

‡ Estimate either unavailable or too few sample observations.

**Table 4.10 Industry and Occupation – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 16 Years and Over Living in the Community Employed in Management Occupations for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Disability		No Disability		State	Disability		No Disability
	Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)		Count	Percent (%)	Count
<b>U.S.</b>	744,400	8.2	15,180,382	10.3	<b>MO</b>	15,972	7.9	269,713
<b>AL</b>	11,156	7.7	176,020	9.0	<b>MT</b>	3,976	9.5	54,393
<b>AK</b>	2,250	9.0	36,621	11.4	<b>NE</b>	7,119	10.7	101,261
<b>AZ</b>	20,613	10.2	289,212	9.6	<b>NV</b>	7,491	8.0	120,167
<b>AR</b>	8,440	8.3	112,238	9.2	<b>NH</b>	2,861	6.0	78,846
<b>CA</b>	81,434	9.7	1,915,961	10.6	<b>NJ</b>	16,173	8.4	484,770
<b>CO</b>	16,466	9.6	338,138	12.1	<b>NM</b>	4,442	7.2	76,996
<b>CT</b>	7,046	8.1	203,808	11.7	<b>NY</b>	33,373	7.5	906,161
<b>DE</b>	2,852	9.9	40,403	9.2	<b>NC</b>	24,181	8.4	473,269
<b>DC</b>	3,763	17.9	54,885	15.3	<b>ND</b>	2,007	7.4	48,219
<b>FL</b>	44,246	8.3	921,825	10.0	<b>OH</b>	27,161	7.1	532,246
<b>GA</b>	23,873	8.5	487,493	10.4	<b>OK</b>	13,274	8.6	150,333
<b>HI</b>	3,841	11.0	58,636	9.0	<b>OR</b>	10,762	7.7	209,776
<b>ID</b>	3,935	6.8	79,958	10.7	<b>PA</b>	28,567	7.2	558,915
<b>IL</b>	21,768	7.1	618,827	10.3	<b>RI</b>	1,188	3.8	43,805
<b>IN</b>	15,288	7.5	282,677	9.3	<b>SC</b>	11,027	7.4	199,275
<b>IA</b>	7,086	7.3	150,735	9.8	<b>SD</b>	3,643	11.4	50,752
<b>KS</b>	8,012	7.4	143,129	10.7	<b>TN</b>	18,120	7.9	276,366
<b>KY</b>	11,553	7.4	164,678	8.9	<b>TX</b>	64,791	8.2	1,278,211
<b>LA</b>	11,115	7.7	167,568	8.9	<b>UT</b>	5,805	6.5	146,825
<b>ME</b>	2,298	5.1	64,619	10.2	<b>VT</b>	1,926	7.9	37,358
<b>MD</b>	17,969	10.1	335,145	11.5	<b>VA</b>	21,166	9.1	473,638
<b>MA</b>	15,041	8.2	402,276	11.7	<b>WA</b>	21,843	9.6	404,024
<b>MI</b>	19,561	6.3	412,286	9.4	<b>WV</b>	4,144	6.9	52,203
<b>MN</b>	12,772	7.6	294,081	10.5	<b>WI</b>	11,761	7.3	285,785
<b>MS</b>	7,347	8.4	85,191	7.5	<b>WY</b>	1,902	8.5	30,665

Citation: Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 4.10). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represents the civilian, noninstitutional employed population ages 16 years and older. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

## Section 5: Earnings

This section presents statistics on **earnings** in the United States by **disability status**. The statistics describe the **earnings** of **full-time, full-year** workers with and without disabilities in the past 12 months, as well as the difference (**earnings gap**) between these two **populations**. A person is considered a **full-time, full-year** worker if they worked 35 hours or more per week for 50 to 52 weeks in the past 12 months.

Individuals who did not work in the last 12 months or who worked less than **full-time, full-year** are not included in these statistics. The principal source of these data is the **U.S. Census Bureau**, specifically the **American Community Survey**. Statistics for people with disabilities (**disability status**) are based on having responded 'yes' to a series of questions within the **American Community Survey** (see the glossary for more details). In addition, in the **American Community Survey** people are asked about their total **income** for the past 12 months. This information is used to calculate **earnings**. When presenting **earnings** data, the **median earnings** (or middlemost) value is used rather than the average **earnings** because people's **incomes** are heavily skewed—the higher the salary, the fewer people who earn that respective salary—the average does not represent the **population** as well as the median.

## Tables

**Table 5.1:** In 2018, for **full-time, full-year** workers with disabilities ages 16 years and over **living in the community**, **median earnings** were \$40,457. In contrast, among **full-time, full-year** workers without disabilities ages 16 years and over **living in the community**, **median earnings** were \$46,502—an **earnings gap** of \$6,045. This **earnings gap** is smallest (meaning the **earnings** of people with disabilities are closest to the **earnings** of people without disabilities) in Louisiana (\$2,209) and largest (meaning the **earnings** of people with disabilities are furthest from the **earnings** of people without disabilities) in the District of Columbia (\$20,219).

**Table 5.1 Earnings – Annual Median Earnings of Full-time, Full-year Civilian Workers Ages 16 Years and Over for the United States and States, by Disability Status (in 2018 inflation-adjusted dollars): 2018**

State	Total (\$) [1]	No Disability (\$)	Disability (\$) Gap [2]	State	Total (\$) [1]	No Disability (\$)	Disability (\$)	Gap (\$) [2]
U.S.	45,579	46,502	6,045	MO	41,512	42,492	34,963	7,529
AL	40,471	40,484	36,393	4,091	40,426	40,439	34,667	5,772
AK	54,379	54,550	50,308	4,242	42,488	42,536	39,959	2,577
AZ	42,475	42,512	38,163	4,349	40,502	40,512	37,411	3,101
AR	38,334	38,379	34,458	3,921	50,625	50,645	42,481	8,164
CA	50,580	50,586	45,373	5,213	57,792	58,384	49,833	8,551
CO	50,576	50,586	41,349	9,237	57,448	37,690	34,666	3,024
CT	58,331	58,497	53,221	5,276	51,671	52,000	45,393	6,607
DE	45,557	46,324	40,398	5,926	40,523	41,469	38,303	3,166
DC	72,537	74,739	54,520	20,219	45,583	46,485	40,209	6,276
FL	40,447	40,452	36,403	4,049	45,542	45,567	38,299	7,268
GA	42,665	43,492	40,243	3,249	50K	39,506	40,428	35,423
HI	47,117	47,457	42,417	5,040	45,574	46,533	39,836	6,697
ID	40,423	40,454	34,090	6,364	PA	48,561	48,604	40,424
IL	50,580	50,588	42,487	8,101	RI	50,615	50,626	40,396
IN	42,710	43,527	37,346	6,181	SC	40,449	40,460	35,154
IA	44,290	44,955	36,318	8,637	SD	39,430	39,507	36,443
KS	43,530	44,476	40,131	4,345	TN	40,444	40,456	36,050
KY	40,502	40,514	35,904	4,610	TX	42,548	43,483	40,244
LA	40,512	40,520	38,311	2,209	UT	45,586	46,506	40,503
ME	43,484	44,513	35,767	8,746	VT	45,434	45,464	39,796
MD	57,614	58,070	50,650	7,420	VA	50,629	50,639	45,448
MA	60,150	60,278	49,835	10,443	WA	54,060	54,867	45,400
MI	45,575	46,499	40,454	6,045	WV	38,463	39,199	32,636
MN	50,589	50,604	40,425	10,179	WI	45,569	45,580	40,206
MS	37,422	37,963	34,341	3,622	WY	44,640	45,395	36,798

Citation: Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 5.1). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represents the civilian, noninstitutional population. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

[1] A person is considered a full-time, full-year worker if they worked 35 hours or more per week for 50 to 52 weeks in the past 12 months.

[2] The difference in median earnings between no disability and disability.

## Section 6: Poverty

This section presents statistics on **poverty** in the United States. The statistics describe the number and percentage of people with and without disabilities who experience **poverty** as well as the difference between the **poverty rates (poverty gap)** of people with and without disabilities. The principal source of these data is the **American Community Survey**. For these tables, statistics for people with disabilities (**disability status**) are based on having responded 'yes' to a series of questions within the **American Community Survey** (see the glossary for details). **Poverty** is defined by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget and set as a dollar threshold by the **U.S. Census Bureau** (see the glossary for details).

### Tables

**Tables 6.1 and 6.2:** In 2018, of the 20,069,355 individuals with disabilities ages 18 to 64 years who were **living in the community**, 5,234,106 individuals lived in **poverty**-a **poverty rate** of 26.1 percent. In contrast, of the 175,130,499 individuals without disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community**, 18,782,015 individuals lived in **poverty**-a **poverty rate** of 10.7 percent. The **poverty rate** for people with disabilities was highest in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico (48.7 percent) and lowest in Hawaii (18.6 percent).

**Table 6.3:** In 2018, the **poverty rate** of individuals with disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community** was 26.1 percent, while the **poverty rate** of individuals without disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community** was 10.7 percent-a difference of **15.4 percentage points**. The **poverty gap** was smallest in Wyoming (a difference of **9.2 percentage points**) and greatest in the District of Columbia (a difference of **25.3 percentage points**).

**Table 6.4:** In 2017, the **poverty gap** between individuals with and without disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community** was 14.9 percent. In 2018, the **poverty gap** between individuals with and without disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community** was 15.4 percent-a change of **-0.5 percentage points**. The largest **percentage point** decrease in the **poverty gap** from 2017 to 2018 was in Wyoming, a change of **8.6 percentage points**, while the largest increase in the **poverty gap** was in the District of Columbia, a change of **-5.4 percentage points**.

**Table 6.1 Poverty – Civilians with Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Total	Count	%	State	Total	Count	%
U.S.	20,069,355	5,234,106	26.1	MT	66,611	17,918	26.9
AL	415,958	118,757	28.6	NE	105,888	25,620	24.2
AK	51,289	10,613	20.7	NV	184,860	47,987	26.0
AZ	445,249	109,417	24.6	NH	89,923	17,590	19.6
AR	274,381	80,303	29.3	NJ	415,852	91,026	21.9
CA	1,886,915	445,740	23.6	NM	158,164	51,254	32.4
CO	308,895	68,855	22.3	NY	1,051,414	313,557	29.8
CT	178,584	46,146	25.8	NC	677,778	179,732	26.5
DE	60,563	15,699	25.9	ND	37,663	7,684	20.4
DC	44,434	16,446	37.0	OH	838,215	247,907	29.6
FL	1,243,349	299,253	24.1	OK	325,521	84,353	25.9
GA	654,789	163,780	25.0	OR	293,209	84,868	28.9
HI	66,303	12,309	18.6	PA	873,215	249,406	28.6
ID	116,958	27,115	23.2	RI	78,944	24,083	30.5
IL	670,354	176,538	26.3	SC	364,202	95,015	26.1
IN	467,560	126,960	27.2	SD	53,410	14,295	26.8
IA	172,944	42,626	24.6	TN	549,922	159,945	29.1
KS	191,914	48,882	25.5	TX	1,631,021	386,773	23.7
KY	414,676	127,559	30.8	UT	154,970	30,108	19.4
LA	372,621	111,831	30.0	VT	42,585	11,880	27.9
ME	112,763	35,186	31.2	VA	479,728	109,963	22.9
MD	338,100	66,903	19.8	WA	476,750	111,657	23.4
MA	376,370	95,127	25.3	WV	174,338	56,091	32.2
MI	726,103	204,722	28.2	WI	318,167	76,493	24.0
MN	293,566	72,559	24.7	WY	35,488	6,880	19.4
MS	261,493	83,602	32.0	PR	328,284	159,897	48.7
MO	445,386	125,093	28.1				

**Citation:** U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, 1-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 6.1). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

**Table 6.2 Poverty – Civilians without Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Total	Poverty Count	%	State	Total	Poverty Count	%
	Total	Poverty Count	%		Total	Poverty Count	%
U.S.	175,130,499	18,782,015	10.7	MT	548,024	62,777	11.5
AL	2,455,247	343,009	14.0	NE	1,006,391	98,298	9.8
AK	390,692	36,388	9.3	NV	1,651,544	172,907	10.5
AZ	3,691,986	442,308	12.0	NH	731,973	42,711	5.8
AR	1,466,150	203,089	13.9	NJ	4,981,938	364,667	7.3
CA	22,419,311	2,394,938	10.7	NM	1,052,071	175,637	16.7
CO	3,198,625	260,272	8.1	NY	10,858,473	1,166,992	10.7
CT	1,967,257	166,070	8.4	NC	5,460,960	637,320	11.7
DE	501,437	53,298	10.6	ND	411,243	42,495	10.3
DC	413,657	48,565	11.7	OH	6,047,365	668,666	11.1
FL	11,146,131	1,267,675	11.4	OK	1,950,904	256,989	13.2
GA	5,666,045	653,383	11.5	OR	2,234,080	239,519	10.7
HI	733,343	57,463	7.8	PA	6,666,208	646,563	9.7
ID	889,333	89,591	10.1	RI	559,307	51,287	9.2
IL	7,025,346	704,928	10.0	SC	2,594,723	330,351	12.7
IN	3,470,851	370,132	10.7	SD	447,830	50,527	11.3
IA	1,646,433	167,053	10.1	TN	3,480,098	421,011	12.1
KS	1,487,866	150,675	10.1	TX	15,568,988	1,856,505	11.9
KY	2,215,673	304,600	13.7	UT	1,686,894	142,145	8.4
LA	2,363,871	361,693	15.3	VT	324,424	29,188	9.0
ME	679,540	57,124	8.4	VA	4,572,784	413,093	9.0
MD	3,310,298	242,303	7.3	WA	4,109,734	358,880	8.7
MA	3,836,641	304,710	7.9	WV	872,376	134,148	15.4
MI	5,241,135	604,706	11.5	WI	3,133,926	297,869	9.5
MN	3,054,169	241,913	7.9	WY	300,525	30,584	10.2
MS	1,462,229	233,462	16.0	PR	1,594,091	619,144	38.8
MO	3,144,450	331,538	10.5				

Citation: U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, 1-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 6.2). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

**Table 6.3 Poverty Gap – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States, by Disability Status: 2018**

State	Poverty Rate (%) Disability [1]	Poverty Rate (%) No Disability [1]	Gap (% pts) [2]	State	Poverty Rate (%) Disability [1]	Poverty Rate (%) No Disability [1]	Gap (% pts) [2]
<b>U.S.</b>	26.1	10.7	15.4	<b>MT</b>	26.9	11.5	15.4
<b>AL</b>	28.6	14.0	14.6	<b>NE</b>	24.2	9.8	14.4
<b>AK</b>	20.7	9.3	11.4	<b>NV</b>	26.0	10.5	15.5
<b>AZ</b>	24.6	12.0	12.6	<b>NH</b>	19.6	5.8	13.8
<b>AR</b>	29.3	13.9	15.4	<b>NJ</b>	21.9	7.3	14.6
<b>CA</b>	23.6	10.7	12.9	<b>NM</b>	32.4	16.7	15.7
<b>CO</b>	22.3	8.1	14.2	<b>NY</b>	29.8	10.7	19.1
<b>CT</b>	25.8	8.4	17.4	<b>NC</b>	26.5	11.7	14.8
<b>DE</b>	25.9	10.6	15.3	<b>ND</b>	20.4	10.3	10.1
<b>DC</b>	37.0	11.7	25.3	<b>OH</b>	29.6	11.1	18.5
<b>FL</b>	24.1	11.4	12.7	<b>OK</b>	25.9	13.2	12.7
<b>GA</b>	25.0	11.5	13.5	<b>OR</b>	28.9	10.7	18.2
<b>HI</b>	18.6	7.8	10.8	<b>PA</b>	28.6	9.7	18.9
<b>ID</b>	23.2	10.1	13.1	<b>RI</b>	30.5	9.2	21.3
<b>IL</b>	26.3	10.0	16.3	<b>SC</b>	26.1	12.7	13.4
<b>IN</b>	27.2	10.7	16.5	<b>SD</b>	26.8	11.3	15.5
<b>IA</b>	24.6	10.1	14.5	<b>TN</b>	29.1	12.1	17.0
<b>KS</b>	25.5	10.1	15.4	<b>TX</b>	23.7	11.9	11.8
<b>KY</b>	30.8	13.7	17.1	<b>UT</b>	19.4	8.4	11.0
<b>LA</b>	30.0	15.3	14.7	<b>VT</b>	27.9	9.0	18.9
<b>ME</b>	31.2	8.4	22.8	<b>VA</b>	22.9	9.0	13.9
<b>MD</b>	19.8	7.3	12.5	<b>WA</b>	23.4	8.7	14.7
<b>MA</b>	25.3	7.9	17.4	<b>WV</b>	32.2	15.4	16.8
<b>MI</b>	28.2	11.5	16.7	<b>WI</b>	24.0	9.5	14.5
<b>MN</b>	24.7	7.9	16.8	<b>WY</b>	19.4	10.2	9.2
<b>MS</b>	32.0	16.0	16.0	<b>PR</b>	48.7	38.8	9.9
<b>MO</b>	28.1	10.5	17.6				

Citation: U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, 1-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boeger, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 6.3). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

[1] Poverty as a percent of the total.

[2] The difference in the percentage points of poverty rates between disability and no disability.

**Table 6.4 Change in Poverty Gap – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2017 and 2018**

State	2017	2018	Gap Change (% pts) [1]	State	2017	2018	Gap Change (% pts) [1]
<b>U.S.</b>	14.9	15.4	-0.5	<b>MT</b>	13.2	15.4	-2.2
<b>AL</b>	15.7	14.6	1.1	<b>NE</b>	13.0	14.4	-1.4
<b>AK</b>	10.0	11.4	-1.4	<b>NV</b>	13.0	15.5	-2.5
<b>AZ</b>	11.2	12.6	-1.4	<b>NH</b>	14.6	13.8	0.8
<b>AR</b>	15.1	15.4	-0.3	<b>NJ</b>	12.9	14.6	-1.7
<b>CA</b>	12.0	12.9	-0.9	<b>NM</b>	13.3	15.7	-2.4
<b>CO</b>	13.7	14.2	-0.5	<b>NY</b>	18.4	19.1	-0.7
<b>CT</b>	15.7	17.4	-1.7	<b>NC</b>	15.9	14.8	1.1
<b>DE</b>	10.0	15.3	-5.3	<b>ND</b>	14.5	10.1	4.4
<b>DC</b>	19.9	25.3	-5.4	<b>OH</b>	18.1	18.5	-0.4
<b>FL</b>	13.5	12.7	0.8	<b>OK</b>	14.7	12.7	2.0
<b>GA</b>	14.4	13.5	0.9	<b>OR</b>	15.8	18.2	-2.4
<b>HI</b>	12.6	10.8	1.8	<b>PA</b>	16.6	18.9	-2.3
<b>ID</b>	11.0	13.1	-2.1	<b>RI</b>	16.0	21.3	-5.3
<b>IL</b>	14.9	16.3	-1.4	<b>SC</b>	11.7	13.4	-1.7
<b>IN</b>	15.3	16.5	-1.2	<b>SD</b>	13.2	15.5	-2.3
<b>IA</b>	16.9	14.5	2.4	<b>TN</b>	17.6	17.0	0.6
<b>KS</b>	13.4	15.4	-2.0	<b>TX</b>	11.7	11.8	-0.1
<b>KY</b>	20.2	17.1	3.1	<b>UT</b>	7.6	11.0	-3.4
<b>LA</b>	12.8	14.7	-1.9	<b>VT</b>	14.5	18.9	-4.4
<b>ME</b>	20.0	22.8	-2.8	<b>VA</b>	14.1	13.9	0.2
<b>MD</b>	14.2	12.5	1.7	<b>WA</b>	14.4	14.7	-0.3
<b>MA</b>	17.3	17.4	-0.1	<b>WV</b>	18.1	16.8	1.3
<b>MI</b>	16.2	16.7	-0.5	<b>WI</b>	16.9	14.5	2.4
<b>MN</b>	16.3	16.8	-0.5	<b>WY</b>	17.8	9.2	8.6
<b>MS</b>	16.0	16.0	0.0	<b>PR</b>	11.7	9.9	1.8
<b>MO</b>	16.6	17.6	-1.0				

Citation: U.S. Census Bureau. (2017–2018). American community survey, 1-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 6.4). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.  
[1] The difference of the difference in percentage points of poverty rates between disability and no disability between 2017 and 2018.



## Section 7: Home Environment

This section presents statistics on the home environment for people with and without **disabilities** in the United States. The home environment includes factors such as housing quality, age of home (i.e., year built), and housing type (i.e. house, apartment, mobile homes). More specifically, the housing quality features that are presented here include: lacking a complete kitchen, lacking complete plumbing, overcrowding (two or more people living in home per bedroom), and cost burden (thirty percent or more of household income spent on housing costs). The age of home statistic presented is whether a home was built in 1990 or after (the year the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) was signed into law). Statistics for people with disabilities (**disability status** or **disability type**) are based on having responded 'yes' to a series of questions within the **American Community Survey** (see the glossary for more details).

The poor housing quality measure presented in this section identifies people who are experiencing two of four possible difficulties related to housing quality described above. This measure is part of a larger multidimensional deprivation index that is considered a measure of poverty. Multidimensional deprivation is a more holistic, comprehensive view of well-being than traditional income-based poverty measures. It includes people who may be facing difficulties or hardships who may not be income poor. The housing quality element of deprivation captures people experiencing difficulties with physical space and security within their own home. Our estimates were based on reports on multidimensional deprivation published by researchers at the **Census Bureau**, including:

Glassman, Brian, "Multidimensional Deprivation in the United States: 2017," American Community Survey Reports, ACS-40, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC, 2019.

This report on multidimensional deprivation can be found online:  
<https://www.census.gov/content/dam/Census/library/publications/2019/demo/acs-40.pdf>.

## Tables

**Table 7.1:** In 2018, the state with the greatest number of people with disabilities living in homes without a complete kitchen was California with 76,532 people. The state with the greatest percentage of people with disabilities living in homes without a complete kitchen was Alaska (4.5 percent).



**Table 7.2:** In 2018, the state with the greatest number of people with disabilities living in homes without complete plumbing was California with 20,788 people. The state with the greatest percentage of people with disabilities living in homes without complete plumbing was Alaska (6.7 percent).

**Table 7.3:** In 2018, the state with the greatest number of people with disabilities living in overcrowded homes was California with 262,976 people. The greatest percentage of people with disabilities living in overcrowded homes was in California and Hawaii (7.1 percent).

**Table 7.4:** In 2018, the state with the greatest number of people with disabilities experiencing housing cost burden was California with 1,540,998 people. The state with the greatest percentage of people with disabilities experiencing housing cost burden was the District of Columbia (46.6 percent).

**Table 7.5:** In 2018, the state with the greatest number of people with disabilities experiencing poor housing quality was California with 742,724 people. The state with the greatest percentage of people with disabilities experiencing poor housing quality was the District of Columbia (22.0 percent).

**Table 7.6:** In 2018, the state with the greatest number of people with disabilities living in homes built in 1990 or later was Texas with 1,128,336 people. The state with the greatest percentage of people with disabilities living in homes built in 1990 or later was Nevada (55.8 percent).

**Table 7.7:** In 2018, the state with the greatest number of people with disabilities living in houses (not apartments or mobile homes) was California with 2,553,183 people. The state with the greatest percentage of people with disabilities living in houses (not apartments or mobile homes) was Kansas (76.8 percent).

**Table 7.8:** In 2018, the state with the greatest number of people with disabilities living in apartments (not houses or mobile homes) was New York with 1,006,673 people. The state with the greatest percentage of people with disabilities living in apartments (not houses or mobile homes) was the District of Columbia (55.8 percent).

**Table 7.9:** In 2018, the state with the greatest number of people with disabilities living in mobile homes (not houses or apartments) was Florida with 309,753 people. The state with the greatest percentage of people with disabilities living in mobile homes was South Carolina (20.3 percent).

**Table 7.1 Home Environment – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 15 Years and Over Living in the Community in a Home Environment that Lacks a Complete Kitchen for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Disability Count	Percent (%)	No Disability Count	Percent (%)	State	Disability Count	Percent (%)	No Disability Count	Percent (%)
U.S.	614,796	1.6	977,639	0.4	MO	11,538	1.4	18,878	0.5
AL	11,235	1.5	9,436	0.3	MT	3,695	2.8	2,923	0.4
AK	3,648	4.5	13,362	2.9	NE	8,410	4.1	3,863	0.3
AZ	15,453	1.8	23,678	0.5	NV	5,811	1.7	9,915	0.5
AR	7,239	1.5	7,675	0.4	NH	3,276	2.0	4,110	0.4
CA	76,532	2.1	162,327	0.6	NJ	12,875	1.6	28,735	0.5
CO	10,862	1.9	11,559	0.3	NM	4,381	1.4	12,570	0.9
CT	4,566	1.3	10,326	0.4	NY	28,422	1.4	65,873	0.5
DE	1,775	1.5	1,626	0.2	NC	14,283	1.1	24,686	0.4
DC	‡	‡	‡	‡	ND	‡	‡	4,128	0.8
FL	35,318	1.3	55,220	0.4	OH	25,533	1.7	41,949	0.5
GA	16,307	1.4	22,318	0.3	OK	8,084	1.4	13,593	0.6
HI	2,987	2.1	9,077	1.0	OR	14,245	2.7	16,281	0.6
ID	4,685	2.2	9,152	0.8	PA	32,712	2.0	42,433	0.5
IL	23,481	1.8	30,474	0.3	RI	3,041	2.3	1,800	0.3
IN	13,372	1.6	18,559	0.4	SC	8,387	1.2	8,339	0.3
IA	6,073	1.8	5,172	0.2	SD	2,478	2.7	4,347	0.8
KS	6,884	1.9	5,624	0.3	TN	10,783	1.1	18,531	0.4
KY	9,586	1.4	14,260	0.5	TX	47,144	1.6	85,809	0.5
LA	5,529	0.9	9,342	0.3	UT	6,014	2.2	7,313	0.4
ME	1,997	1.0	5,153	0.6	VT	‡	‡	1,755	0.4
MD	7,281	1.2	17,042	0.4	VA	14,011	1.5	14,649	0.3
MA	11,885	1.6	20,310	0.4	WA	20,633	2.4	20,776	0.4
MI	18,302	1.4	22,501	0.3	WV	1,151	0.4	2,259	0.2
MN	7,680	1.4	9,156	0.2	WI	16,600	2.7	19,913	0.5
MS	4,753	1.1	6,968	0.4	WY	‡	‡	1,371	0.4

Citation: Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 7.1). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represent the civilian population ages 15 years and older who do not live in group quarters. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

† Estimate either unavailable or too few sample observations.

**Table 7.2 Home Environment – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 15 Years and Over Living in the Community in a Home Environment that Lacks Complete Plumbing for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Disability Count	No Disability Count	Percent (%)	State	Disability Count	No Disability Count	Percent (%)
U.S.	215,902	0.6	646,558	MO	5,113	0.6	9,365
AL	3,016	0.4	7,623	MT	1,886	1.4	3,968
AK	5,475	6.7	19,590	NE	‡	2,913	0.2
AZ	8,683	1.0	28,819	NV	1,926	0.5	7,001
AR	4,839	1.0	7,412	NH	1,066	0.7	3,813
CA	20,788	0.6	85,704	NJ	2,355	0.3	12,141
CO	2,289	0.4	5,924	NM	4,349	1.4	15,323
CT	1,212	0.3	6,358	NY	11,488	0.6	36,852
DE	‡	‡	906	NC	5,675	0.5	15,898
DC	‡	‡	‡	ND	‡	‡	2,364
FL	9,578	0.4	40,074	OH	7,036	0.5	19,932
GA	6,358	0.5	17,341	OK	4,586	0.8	5,823
HI	1,407	1.0	3,779	OR	4,228	0.8	13,364
ID	1,441	0.7	5,692	PA	9,099	0.6	23,809
IL	6,262	0.5	15,265	RI	‡	‡	1,342
IN	3,325	0.4	13,610	SC	2,231	0.3	5,591
IA	‡	‡	3,719	SD	‡	‡	3,065
KS	1,607	0.4	3,156	TN	4,547	0.5	12,768
KY	3,239	0.5	10,240	TX	18,969	0.6	65,788
LA	2,769	0.4	4,516	UT	2,018	0.7	7,589
ME	1,315	0.7	5,697	VT	‡	‡	1,053
MD	2,510	0.4	12,267	VA	4,387	0.5	10,649
MA	4,183	0.6	11,974	WA	7,078	0.8	12,236
MI	7,997	0.6	15,201	WV	2,240	0.7	2,190
MN	2,990	0.5	7,306	WI	6,546	1.1	14,348
MS	2,302	0.5	3,280	WY	‡	‡	1,821

**Citation:** Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 7.2). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represent the civilian population ages 15 years and older who do not live in group quarters. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

† Estimate either unavailable or too few sample observations.

**Table 7.3 Home Environment – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 15 Years and Over Living in the Community in an Overcrowded Home Environment for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Disability Count		No Disability Count		State	Disability Count		No Disability Count	
	Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)		Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)
U.S.	1,157,085	3.1	10,559,498	4.8	MO	13,118	1.6	94,915	2.4
AL	13,802	1.9	67,583	2.2	MT	2,892	2.2	17,465	2.5
AK	3,681	4.5	28,155	6.1	NE	6,045	3.0	35,869	2.8
AZ	30,884	3.6	275,640	5.8	NV	15,826	4.5	103,306	5.0
AR	11,910	2.5	56,078	3.0	NH	3,130	1.9	18,109	1.9
CA	262,976	7.1	3,036,054	11.1	NJ	23,627	2.8	325,900	5.2
CO	18,042	3.2	104,406	2.6	NM	13,418	4.4	55,580	4.1
CT	7,455	2.1	79,739	3.2	NY	106,074	5.3	1,126,744	8.3
DE	2,629	2.3	20,692	3.1	NC	24,754	2.0	187,207	2.7
DC	2,384	3.3	17,124	3.6	ND	937	1.3	6,480	1.3
FL	78,827	3.0	612,748	4.2	OH	26,680	1.8	183,112	2.4
GA	28,877	2.5	219,432	3.1	OK	12,752	2.2	82,654	3.4
HI	9,875	7.1	109,787	11.5	OR	17,077	3.2	122,639	4.3
ID	5,793	2.7	37,591	3.3	PA	25,351	1.6	194,285	2.3
IL	32,092	2.5	342,916	3.9	RI	3,011	2.3	19,537	2.7
IN	16,086	2.0	107,824	2.5	SC	13,707	2.0	98,679	3.0
IA	7,979	2.4	55,544	2.6	SD	1,615	1.8	14,275	2.5
KS	7,546	2.1	62,044	3.3	TN	22,403	2.3	137,419	3.1
KY	14,962	2.1	63,468	2.3	TX	105,660	3.6	1,120,721	5.9
LA	12,889	2.0	80,349	2.7	UT	6,534	2.4	71,430	3.5
ME	3,632	1.8	15,187	1.7	VT	†	†	9,167	2.1
MD	13,991	2.3	142,984	3.4	VA	15,187	1.7	166,335	2.9
MA	17,413	2.4	147,437	3.1	WA	25,778	3.0	219,612	4.3
MI	26,268	2.0	171,917	2.6	WV	7,398	2.3	23,970	2.1
MN	15,521	2.8	114,601	3.0	WI	8,209	1.3	98,537	2.5
MS	8,350	1.9	46,625	2.5	WY	1,148	1.6	9,626	2.5

**Citation:** Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.J., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 7.3). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represent the civilian population ages 15 years and older who do not live in group quarters. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability. Housing is considered overcrowded when two or more people live in a home per bedroom.

† Estimate either unavailable or too few sample observations.

**Table 7.4 Home Environment – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 15 Years and Over Living in the Community Experiencing Housing Cost Burden for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Disability		No Disability		State	Disability		No Disability	
	Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)		Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)
U.S.	12,518,738	33.4	52,807,060	24.0	MO	250,940	30.5	696,413	17.5
AL	204,624	27.6	572,767	18.4	MT	40,984	31.3	147,099	20.6
AK	25,045	30.8	90,672	19.7	NE	60,198	29.4	223,500	17.6
AZ	256,602	29.7	1,076,096	22.5	NV	131,606	37.4	526,466	25.5
AR	131,164	27.3	328,085	17.6	NH	58,403	36.2	206,096	21.9
CA	1,540,998	41.4	9,238,864	33.6	NJ	354,616	42.7	1,814,069	28.9
CO	198,627	35.5	964,382	24.4	NM	83,853	27.5	303,399	22.6
CT	144,351	41.4	678,816	27.0	NY	854,207	42.4	4,090,989	30.1
DE	34,671	30.1	147,428	22.4	NC	381,117	30.5	1,468,517	21.3
DC	33,929	46.6	124,914	26.2	ND	18,536	25.5	78,304	15.4
FL	883,552	33.5	4,095,262	27.9	OH	475,587	31.8	1,391,681	18.0
GA	361,354	31.2	1,564,017	22.3	OK	148,925	25.6	447,111	18.3
HI	44,368	31.7	267,842	28.1	OR	199,572	37.1	718,295	25.3
ID	62,708	28.9	220,458	19.4	PA	547,820	34.0	1,732,175	20.1
IL	445,222	34.7	2,051,809	23.3	RI	54,448	41.2	181,583	25.4
IN	246,084	29.9	760,113	17.4	SC	191,493	28.2	671,226	20.1
IA	101,392	30.1	340,490	16.1	SD	27,619	30.0	97,795	17.0
KS	109,905	30.0	332,616	17.8	TN	286,883	29.8	890,892	20.3
KY	197,485	28.0	500,177	17.9	TX	876,915	29.8	4,420,801	23.3
LA	191,290	29.9	652,475	22.0	UT	77,877	28.2	401,716	19.5
ME	66,349	33.0	159,620	17.8	VT	28,326	35.2	95,926	22.4
MD	200,233	32.3	953,322	23.0	VA	277,449	30.4	1,300,067	22.7
MA	293,706	40.2	1,232,717	25.7	WA	280,765	32.8	1,238,637	24.2
MI	421,270	32.3	1,274,003	19.0	WV	78,699	24.1	188,242	16.7
MN	190,132	34.6	682,534	17.7	WI	207,199	33.8	739,938	18.5
MS	121,348	26.9	362,420	19.6	WY	18,300	26.0	64,224	16.8

**Citation:** Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 7.4). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represent the civilian population ages 15 years and older who do not live in group quarters. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability. Housing is considered a cost burden when thirty percent or more of household income is spent on housing costs.

**Table 7.5 Home Environment – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 15 Years and Over Living in the Community in Poor Housing for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Disability		No Disability		State	Disability		No Disability	
	Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)		Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)
U.S.	5,309,091	14.2	19,828,770	9.0	MO	97,731	11.9	239,358	6.0
AL	74,221	10.0	200,017	6.4	MT	17,115	13.1	44,001	6.2
AK	12,972	15.9	48,503	10.5	NE	29,562	14.4	77,285	6.1
AZ	112,617	13.0	399,554	8.4	NV	54,622	15.5	169,683	8.2
AR	52,413	10.9	108,647	5.8	NH	23,564	14.6	61,466	6.5
CA	742,724	19.9	4,037,459	14.7	NJ	166,708	20.1	695,309	11.1
CO	83,172	14.8	306,911	7.8	NM	38,244	12.6	113,628	8.5
CT	57,972	16.6	236,702	9.4	NY	426,641	21.2	1,853,873	13.7
DE	13,008	11.3	47,191	7.2	NC	149,224	11.9	494,871	7.2
DC	16,060	22.0	49,283	10.3	ND	7,139	9.8	22,814	4.5
FL	361,417	13.7	1,468,842	10.0	OH	183,470	12.3	491,547	6.4
GA	150,705	13.0	529,965	7.6	OK	55,482	9.6	155,822	6.4
HI	21,986	15.7	110,786	11.6	OR	85,153	15.8	244,238	8.6
ID	22,955	10.6	71,723	6.3	PA	218,864	13.6	621,328	7.2
IL	202,054	15.7	731,889	8.3	RI	22,056	16.7	59,435	8.3
IN	97,068	11.8	284,348	6.5	SC	72,370	10.7	233,281	7.0
IA	36,966	11.0	115,506	5.5	SD	10,692	11.6	30,557	5.3
KS	43,755	12.0	110,640	5.9	TN	111,843	11.6	318,419	7.3
KY	76,408	10.8	175,257	6.3	TX	375,908	12.8	1,645,231	8.7
LA	76,907	12.0	236,233	8.0	UT	29,785	10.8	125,009	6.1
ME	26,195	13.0	48,337	5.4	VT	10,748	13.3	38,644	9.0
MD	80,483	13.0	334,842	8.1	VA	107,230	11.8	434,104	7.6
MA	119,412	16.3	436,715	9.1	WA	121,846	14.2	427,166	8.4
MI	165,844	12.7	450,469	6.7	WV	27,841	8.5	66,392	5.9
MN	77,118	14.0	221,167	5.7	WI	85,722	14.0	252,790	6.3
MS	48,117	10.7	126,706	6.9	WY	6,982	9.9	24,827	6.5

**Citation:** Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 7.5). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represent the civilian population ages 15 years and older who do not live in group quarters. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability. Housing is considered of poor quality when two of four possible difficulties related to housing quality exist (i.e., lacking a complete kitchen, lacking complete plumbing, overcrowding, and/or cost burden). See Section 7 text for greater detail.



**Table 7.6 Home Environment – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 15 Years and Over Living in the Community in Housing Built in 1990 or Later for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Disability		No Disability		State	Disability		No Disability	
	Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)		Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)
U.S.	10,942,120	29.2	78,355,662	35.6	MO	247,020	30.0	1,412,665	35.5
AL	264,828	35.7	1,410,000	45.2	MT	43,071	32.9	281,985	39.6
AK	22,770	28.0	157,750	34.2	NE	56,002	27.3	409,698	32.2
AZ	398,100	46.1	2,486,819	52.1	NV	196,398	55.8	1,299,879	63.0
AR	167,708	34.9	842,105	45.3	NH	37,586	23.3	270,990	28.8
CA	843,627	22.6	7,233,175	26.3	NJ	159,401	19.2	1,430,867	22.8
CO	201,017	35.9	1,749,848	44.4	NM	91,581	30.1	559,105	41.6
CT	44,448	12.8	472,700	18.8	NY	267,619	13.3	2,095,079	15.4
DE	44,021	38.2	273,818	41.7	NC	507,579	40.6	3,566,129	51.6
DC	8,403	11.5	82,903	17.4	ND	22,328	30.8	198,533	39.0
FL	1,015,817	38.5	6,545,312	44.5	OH	307,237	20.5	2,185,790	28.3
GA	474,903	41.0	3,666,927	52.4	OK	159,350	27.4	868,020	35.6
HI	32,798	23.5	302,554	31.7	OR	178,928	33.3	1,095,912	38.6
ID	87,060	40.1	586,777	51.5	PA	270,317	16.8	1,963,954	22.8
IL	268,194	20.9	2,377,574	27.0	RI	15,391	11.7	120,105	16.8
IN	227,921	27.7	1,592,092	36.4	SC	278,394	41.1	1,690,347	50.7
IA	77,435	23.0	616,035	29.2	SD	25,609	27.8	219,676	38.3
KS	90,784	24.8	613,908	32.8	TN	351,421	36.5	1,988,497	45.4
KY	246,142	34.9	1,174,430	42.1	TX	1,128,336	38.3	9,173,816	48.4
LA	181,455	28.4	1,126,436	38.0	UT	116,844	42.3	1,093,686	53.1
ME	44,457	22.1	286,080	31.9	VT	20,568	25.5	115,252	26.9
MD	163,533	26.3	1,360,265	32.8	VA	281,889	30.9	2,271,682	39.6
MA	103,329	14.1	961,002	20.0	WA	287,202	33.5	2,171,740	42.5
MI	294,310	22.6	1,997,869	29.9	WV	88,032	26.9	365,290	32.3
MN	159,736	29.0	1,312,273	34.1	WI	162,676	26.6	1,312,927	32.8
MS	155,371	34.4	826,811	44.8	WY	23,174	33.0	138,575	36.3

**Citation:** Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 7.6). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

**Table 7.7 Home Environment – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 15 Years and Over Living in the Community in Houses for the United States: 2018**

State	Disability Count		No Disability Count		State	Disability Count		No Disability Count	
	Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)		Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)
U.S.	25,693,451	68.6	163,503,749	74.3	MO	603,355	73.3	3,242,951	81.5
AL	527,423	71.1	2,390,760	76.7	MT	92,114	70.4	569,253	79.9
AK	60,631	74.5	337,077	73.1	NE	151,652	74.0	1,069,145	84.1
AZ	605,816	70.1	3,642,327	76.3	NV	233,474	66.4	1,516,429	73.5
AR	347,485	72.3	1,461,237	78.6	NH	99,294	61.6	725,389	77.0
CA	2,553,183	68.5	19,530,949	71.1	NJ	527,735	63.6	4,338,538	69.1
CO	388,679	69.4	3,008,510	76.3	NM	207,877	68.2	975,895	72.6
CT	211,549	60.7	1,829,284	72.8	NY	944,790	46.9	7,109,540	52.4
DE	88,274	76.7	532,457	81.1	NC	857,490	68.6	5,189,284	75.1
DC	32,201	44.2	228,229	47.9	ND	46,882	64.6	358,939	70.5
FL	1,732,096	65.7	10,374,650	70.6	OH	1,087,687	72.7	6,328,860	81.8
GA	846,068	73.0	5,380,799	76.8	OK	442,807	76.3	1,979,330	81.1
HI	101,407	72.5	699,600	73.3	OR	344,987	64.2	2,113,353	74.4
ID	154,788	71.3	938,779	82.5	PA	1,198,999	74.4	7,155,922	83.2
IL	846,268	66.0	6,329,500	72.0	RI	69,772	52.9	485,831	67.9
IN	622,884	75.6	3,633,390	83.0	SC	458,179	67.6	2,417,258	72.5
IA	252,866	75.1	1,785,936	84.6	SD	63,420	68.8	452,829	78.8
KS	280,925	76.8	1,582,701	84.5	TN	697,805	72.4	3,449,052	78.7
KY	480,769	68.3	2,161,250	77.5	TX	2,146,360	72.9	14,179,843	74.8
LA	466,828	73.0	2,230,081	75.2	UT	209,093	75.6	1,680,236	81.6
ME	123,579	61.4	687,261	76.6	VT	47,851	59.4	321,091	75.1
MD	461,380	74.3	3,330,389	80.3	VA	673,432	73.8	4,524,765	78.9
MA	392,195	53.6	3,076,971	64.1	WA	559,193	65.2	3,783,647	74.0
MI	964,321	74.0	5,536,962	82.8	WV	236,386	72.3	896,078	79.3
MN	370,214	67.3	3,124,006	81.2	WI	411,547	67.2	3,123,337	78.0
MS	321,046	71.1	1,390,411	75.3	WY	48,395	68.8	293,438	76.9

**Citation:** Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 7.7). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represent the civilian population ages 15 years and older who do not live in group quarters. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

**Table 7.8 Home Environment – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 15 Years and Over Living in the Community in Apartments for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Disability Count		No Disability Count		State	Disability Count		No Disability Count	
	Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)		Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)
U.S.	8,553,897	22.8	45,810,094	20.8	MO	149,129	18.1	542,127	13.6
AL	94,218	12.7	359,375	11.5	MT	22,474	17.2	83,760	11.8
AK	16,037	19.7	92,668	20.1	NE	45,573	22.2	171,396	13.5
AZ	141,257	16.3	761,669	16.0	NV	93,816	26.7	445,167	21.6
AR	65,961	13.7	218,017	11.7	NH	46,116	28.6	177,025	18.8
CA	964,133	25.9	7,141,419	26.0	NJ	289,949	34.9	1,905,961	30.4
CO	137,542	24.6	780,047	19.8	NM	36,457	12.0	145,331	10.8
CT	131,762	37.8	670,539	26.7	NY	1,006,673	50.0	6,245,074	46.0
DE	14,664	12.7	80,798	12.3	NC	172,891	13.8	936,548	13.6
DC	40,665	55.8	248,520	52.1	ND	19,779	27.3	120,977	23.8
FL	595,969	22.6	3,339,250	22.7	OH	332,833	22.2	1,199,070	15.5
GA	181,923	15.7	1,101,736	15.7	OK	75,626	13.0	265,714	10.9
HI	38,249	27.4	252,976	26.5	OR	122,744	22.8	542,264	19.1
ID	36,436	16.8	122,803	10.8	PA	329,816	20.5	1,208,816	14.1
IL	384,963	30.0	2,306,883	26.2	RI	59,768	45.3	225,044	31.4
IN	145,997	17.7	570,068	13.0	SC	82,280	12.1	411,560	12.3
IA	69,155	20.5	258,054	12.2	SD	20,994	22.8	81,406	14.2
KS	69,686	19.0	225,518	12.0	TN	144,423	15.0	602,376	13.7
KY	111,416	15.8	360,824	12.9	TX	526,384	17.9	3,524,760	18.6
LA	85,029	13.3	394,263	13.3	UT	53,921	19.5	337,191	16.4
ME	54,758	27.2	136,063	15.2	VT	25,743	32.0	84,120	19.7
MD	144,188	23.2	775,076	18.7	VA	171,490	18.8	995,794	17.4
MA	328,173	44.9	1,700,972	35.4	WA	206,885	24.1	1,043,107	20.4
MI	247,381	19.0	860,127	12.9	WV	29,861	9.1	95,146	8.4
MN	156,900	28.5	628,657	16.3	WI	172,897	28.2	785,560	19.6
MS	49,053	10.9	207,231	11.2	WY	9,860	14.0	41,247	10.8

**Citation:** Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 7.8). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represent the civilian population ages 15 years and older who do not live in group quarters. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

**Table 7.9 Home Environment – Civilians with and without Disabilities Ages 15 Years and Over Living in the Community in Mobile Homes or Other Building Types for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Disability		No Disability		State	Disability		No Disability	
	Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)		Count	Percent (%)	Count	Percent (%)
U.S.	3,224,492	8.6	10,889,679	4.9	MO	70,820	8.6	192,410	4.8
AL	119,916	16.2	368,061	11.8	MT	16,251	12.4	59,826	8.4
AK	4,770	5.9	31,617	6.9	NE	7,651	3.7	30,491	2.4
AZ	117,152	13.6	369,830	7.7	NV	24,366	6.9	101,385	4.9
AR	66,866	13.9	180,865	9.7	NH	15,866	9.8	39,562	4.2
CA	209,028	5.6	796,088	2.9	NJ	12,044	1.5	31,166	0.5
CO	33,968	6.1	156,383	4.0	NM	60,348	19.8	223,275	16.6
CT	5,273	1.5	11,957	0.5	NY	61,985	3.1	224,285	1.7
DE	12,210	10.6	43,662	6.6	NC	219,779	17.6	782,146	11.3
DC	†	†	†	†	ND	5,905	8.1	29,109	5.7
FL	309,753	11.7	978,337	6.7	OH	76,093	5.1	208,722	2.7
GA	130,575	11.3	520,519	7.4	OK	62,279	10.7	196,301	8.0
HI	†	†	1,571	0.2	OR	69,761	13.0	186,738	6.6
ID	25,780	11.9	76,814	6.7	PA	83,270	5.2	233,838	2.7
IL	51,723	4.0	158,846	1.8	RI	2,475	1.9	4,811	0.7
IN	55,282	6.7	176,077	4.0	SC	137,424	20.3	506,140	15.2
IA	14,764	4.4	67,537	3.2	SD	7,781	8.4	40,081	7.0
KS	15,394	4.2	64,092	3.4	TN	121,720	12.6	333,307	7.6
KY	112,211	15.9	266,870	9.6	TX	272,004	9.2	1,240,780	6.5
LA	88,071	13.8	339,782	11.5	UT	13,521	4.9	41,792	2.0
ME	22,790	11.3	73,786	8.2	VT	6,941	8.6	22,585	5.3
MD	15,128	2.4	41,171	1.0	VA	66,981	7.3	211,459	3.7
MA	10,759	1.5	24,315	0.5	WA	91,043	10.6	283,824	5.6
MI	91,645	7.0	292,247	4.4	WV	60,717	18.6	139,168	12.3
MN	23,126	4.2	94,280	2.5	WI	27,846	4.5	95,868	2.4
MS	81,223	18.0	248,941	13.5	WY	12,073	17.2	46,962	12.3

**Citation:** Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 7.9). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represent the civilian population ages 15 years and older who do not live in group quarters. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

† Estimate either unavailable or too few sample observations.

## Section 8: Veterans

This section presents statistics on **Veterans** in the United States. Specifically, the data address **service connected to disability rating**; the prevalence of disabilities in the **Veteran population**; the portion of the **Veteran population** that experiences **poverty** (as well as the difference between the **poverty rates (poverty gap)** of **Veterans** with and without disabilities), by **disability status**; and **Veterans' benefits**, by **disability status**. The principal sources of these data are the **U.S. Census Bureau**, specifically the **American Community Survey** and the **Veterans Benefits Administration's Annual Benefits Report**. For these tables, statistics for people with disabilities (**disability status**) are based on having responded 'yes' to a series of questions within the **American Community Survey** (see the glossary for more details). **Poverty** is defined by the **U.S. Office of Management and Budget** and set as a dollar threshold by the **U.S. Census Bureau** in all sources (see the glossary for more details).

### Tables

**Table 8.1:** In 2018, according to the **American Community Survey**, 1,527,220 individuals ages 18 and over **living in the community** reported having a military **service-connected disability rating** of 70 percent or more.

**Table 8.2:** In 2018, there were 8,842,294 **civilian veterans** ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community**, 1,589,568 of which were individuals with disabilities—a **prevalence rate** of 18.0 percent. Delaware had the lowest **prevalence rate** (12.1 percent) while the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico had the highest **prevalence rate** (27.8 percent).

**Tables 8.3 and 8.4:** In 2018, of the 1,589,568 **civilian veterans** with disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community**, 257,933 individuals lived in **poverty**—a **poverty rate** of 16.2 percent. In contrast, of the 7,252,726 **civilian veterans** without disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community**, 430,586 **civilian veterans** lived in **poverty**—a **poverty rate** of 5.9 percent. The poverty rate for **civilian veterans** with disabilities was highest in the District of Columbia (27.8 percent) and lowest in Hawaii (6.1 percent).

**Table 8.5:** In 2018, the **poverty rate** of **civilian veterans** with disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community** was 16.2 percent, while the **poverty rate** of individuals without disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community** was 5.9 percent—a **poverty gap** of 10.3 **percentage points**. The **poverty gap** was smallest in Vermont (2.0 **percentage points**) and greatest in the District of Columbia (20.3 **percentage points**).

**Table 8.6:** In the **Federal Fiscal Year** 2018, the United States spent a total of \$82,776,199 on compensation and pension benefits paid to disabled **veterans**.

**Table 8.1 Service-Connected Disability Rating – Civilian Veterans Ages 18 Years and Over Living in the Community, by Disability Status: 2018**

State	Total Veterans	Percent			Rating Not Reported	State Total Veterans	Has a Rating	Percent			Rating Not Reported
		0	10 to 60	70 Higher				0	10 to 60	70 Higher	
U.S.	17,964,242	4,349,056	185,087	2,427,178	1,527,220	209,571	MT	84,392	21,637	1,008	13,609
AL	324,612	99,698	3,072	54,864	36,549	5,213	NE	116,754	35,337	1,076	23,094
AK	67,635	20,532	556	11,878	6,287	1,811	NV	211,114	54,183	3,306	28,155
AZ	496,239	117,164	5,972	65,612	38,862	6,718	NH	93,957	19,228	1,000	11,194
AR	187,903	45,746	1,649	23,513	18,639	1,945	NJ	308,012	52,530	2,089	29,695
CA	1,538,797	363,394	19,864	196,666	126,838	20,026	NM	146,147	38,310	1,479	19,405
CO	371,081	93,133	4,597	54,662	29,906	3,968	NY	678,833	121,576	7,915	68,280
CT	165,029	28,415	1,267	16,788	8,990	1,370	NC	667,035	187,972	5,045	94,506
DE	66,896	11,689	541	6,950	3,290	908	ND	45,135	12,508	184	7,797
DC	23,254	4,948	134	2,646	1,504	664	OH	680,310	131,453	6,569	77,978
FL	1,439,606	347,971	16,186	203,351	113,187	15,247	OK	266,513	91,150	1,977	45,594
GA	609,508	173,345	5,848	92,572	67,331	7,594	OR	279,132	74,790	2,685	41,043
HI	102,915	25,825	1,456	14,827	8,761	781	PA	745,909	127,861	6,921	71,706
ID	121,327	29,046	1,276	16,125	10,962	683	RI	54,848	13,023	307	8,061
IL	559,656	94,230	5,990	50,959	33,091	4,190	SC	363,194	98,809	3,231	49,173
IN	380,079	88,501	3,539	57,842	22,767	4,353	SD	54,691	15,788	840	9,739
IA	184,032	41,181	1,749	26,566	10,789	2,077	TN	429,585	121,587	3,294	61,848
KS	178,959	42,522	1,229	24,482	14,758	2,053	TX	1,435,787	417,414	14,672	222,120
KY	261,887	67,892	2,043	38,768	22,718	4,363	UT	120,410	27,847	1,591	15,865
LA	247,339	61,392	1,876	28,728	25,044	5,744	VT	33,986	6,906	326	3,915
ME	105,385	27,816	1,219	14,132	11,333	1,132	VA	670,273	185,014	7,411	107,450
MD	363,178	79,319	4,086	44,547	27,749	2,937	WA	520,226	135,790	5,940	76,569
MA	292,644	56,438	3,903	32,150	17,477	2,908	WV	126,473	35,979	1,048	17,733
MI	530,572	103,501	4,486	57,302	36,177	5,536	WI	326,288	69,005	3,719	42,241
MN	294,377	88,313	3,383	61,910	19,225	3,795	WY	45,252	13,091	381	9,324
MS	162,926	38,741	1,520	21,228	12,932	3,061	PR	74,415	22,106	692	7,624
MO	384,150	89,516	3,632	52,016	28,203	5,665					

Citation: U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, 1-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 8.1). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

**Table 8.2 Civilian Veterans Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States, by Disability Status: 2018**

State	Total	Disability Count		No Disability Count		State Total	Disability Count	% [1]	No Disability Count	% [1]
		Count	% [1]	Count	% [1]					
U.S.	8,842,294	1,589,568	18.0	7,252,726	82.0	MT	40,598	6,620	16.3	33,978
AL	169,933	36,330	21.4	133,603	78.6	NE	58,879	9,339	15.9	49,540
AK	44,399	7,830	17.6	36,569	82.4	NV	109,962	18,003	16.4	91,959
AZ	231,428	42,038	18.2	189,390	81.8	NH	44,167	7,118	16.1	37,049
AR	93,986	23,905	25.4	70,081	74.6	NJ	120,389	20,183	16.8	100,206
CA	735,132	125,734	17.1	609,398	82.9	NM	72,443	16,060	22.2	56,383
CO	206,218	30,609	14.8	175,609	85.2	NY	285,213	45,859	16.1	239,354
CT	68,255	10,635	15.6	57,620	84.4	NC	366,398	68,275	18.6	298,123
DE	31,056	3,762	12.1	27,294	87.9	ND	22,544	2,950	13.1	19,594
DC	12,695	2,078	16.4	10,617	83.6	OH	323,061	61,019	18.9	262,042
FL	649,453	117,905	18.2	531,548	81.8	OK	133,910	33,061	24.7	100,849
GA	346,939	61,671	17.8	285,268	82.2	OR	126,273	28,532	22.6	97,741
HI	54,524	8,100	14.9	46,424	85.1	PA	313,359	53,759	17.2	259,600
ID	59,747	12,234	20.5	47,513	79.5	RI	23,465	3,936	16.8	19,529
IL	251,349	42,338	16.8	209,011	83.2	SC	184,547	33,411	18.1	151,136
IN	185,336	35,979	19.4	149,357	80.6	SD	25,880	4,965	19.2	20,915
IA	80,677	12,754	15.8	67,923	84.2	TN	221,059	48,734	22.0	172,325
KS	90,713	19,036	21.0	71,677	79.0	TX	812,220	151,307	18.6	660,913
KY	133,862	28,909	21.6	104,953	78.4	UT	59,755	8,868	14.8	50,887
LA	125,709	25,178	20.0	100,531	80.0	VT	13,088	2,316	17.7	10,772
ME	49,361	9,509	19.3	39,852	80.7	VA	410,773	56,496	13.8	354,277
MD	199,873	26,915	13.5	172,958	86.5	WA	279,089	48,420	17.3	230,669
MA	122,498	17,825	14.6	104,673	85.4	WV	56,467	14,046	24.9	42,421
MI	232,435	46,240	19.9	186,195	80.1	WI	141,044	22,526	16.0	118,518
MN	127,764	19,301	15.1	108,463	84.9	WY	23,199	3,451	14.9	19,748
MS	90,104	17,518	19.4	72,586	80.6	PR	28,615	7,965	27.8	20,650
MO	181,066	35,981	19.9	145,085	80.1					

Citation: U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, 1-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 8.2). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.  
 [1] Count of disability or no disability as a percent of total.

**Table 8.3 Poverty – Civilian Veterans with Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Total	Poverty Count	Poverty % [1]	State Total	Poverty Count	Poverty % [1]
U.S.	1,589,568	257,933	16.2	MT	6,620	1,353
AL	36,330	5,391	14.8	NE	9,339	1,194
AK	7,830	1,127	14.4	NV	18,003	2,344
AZ	42,038	7,812	18.6	NH	7,118	577
AR	23,905	3,671	15.4	NJ	20,183	3,027
CA	125,734	23,115	18.4	NM	16,060	3,526
CO	30,609	5,075	16.6	NY	45,859	9,527
CT	10,635	1,215	11.4	NC	68,275	10,844
DE	3,762	784	20.8	ND	2,950	420
DC	2,078	577	27.8	OH	61,019	11,506
FL	117,905	17,421	14.8	OK	33,061	5,275
GA	61,671	9,076	14.7	OR	28,532	5,904
HI	8,100	491	6.1	PA	53,759	9,776
ID	12,234	1,295	10.6	RI	3,936	826
IL	42,338	7,389	17.5	SC	33,411	6,260
IN	35,979	7,504	20.9	SD	4,965	884
IA	12,754	1,591	12.5	TN	48,734	6,998
KS	19,036	3,819	20.1	TX	151,307	16,620
KY	28,909	5,828	20.2	UT	8,868	1,428
LA	25,178	6,211	24.7	VT	2,316	227
ME	9,509	1,245	13.1	VA	56,496	6,484
MD	26,915	3,031	11.3	WA	48,420	6,676
MA	17,825	3,470	19.5	WV	14,046	3,325
MI	46,240	9,415	20.4	WI	22,526	3,681
MN	19,301	3,164	16.4	WY	3,451	512
MS	17,518	2,477	14.1	PR	7,965	1,780
MO	35,981	6,545	18.2			

Citation: U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, 1-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 8.3). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

[1] Count of Veterans with disabilities in poverty as a percent of total.

**Table 8.4 Poverty – Civilian Veterans without Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States: 2018**

State	Total	Poverty	% [1]	Total	Poverty	% [1]
<b>U.S.</b>	<b>7,252,726</b>	<b>430,586</b>	<b>5.9</b>	<b>MT</b>	<b>33,978</b>	<b>1,740</b>
<b>AL</b>	<b>133,603</b>	<b>9,246</b>	<b>6.9</b>	<b>NE</b>	<b>49,540</b>	<b>1,684</b>
<b>AK</b>	<b>36,569</b>	<b>2,278</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>NV</b>	<b>91,959</b>	<b>7,527</b>
<b>AZ</b>	<b>189,390</b>	<b>11,833</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>NH</b>	<b>37,049</b>	<b>1,563</b>
<b>AR</b>	<b>70,081</b>	<b>4,601</b>	<b>6.6</b>	<b>NJ</b>	<b>100,206</b>	<b>3,812</b>
<b>CA</b>	<b>609,398</b>	<b>38,943</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>NM</b>	<b>56,383</b>	<b>3,739</b>
<b>CO</b>	<b>175,609</b>	<b>9,421</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>NY</b>	<b>239,354</b>	<b>16,961</b>
<b>CT</b>	<b>57,620</b>	<b>3,020</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>NC</b>	<b>298,123</b>	<b>18,049</b>
<b>DE</b>	<b>27,294</b>	<b>1,837</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>ND</b>	<b>19,594</b>	<b>1,559</b>
<b>DC</b>	<b>10,617</b>	<b>795</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>OH</b>	<b>262,042</b>	<b>17,208</b>
<b>FL</b>	<b>531,548</b>	<b>32,210</b>	<b>6.1</b>	<b>OK</b>	<b>100,849</b>	<b>6,404</b>
<b>GA</b>	<b>285,268</b>	<b>15,791</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>OR</b>	<b>97,741</b>	<b>7,341</b>
<b>HI</b>	<b>46,424</b>	<b>1,815</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>PA</b>	<b>259,600</b>	<b>15,363</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>47,513</b>	<b>3,064</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>RI</b>	<b>19,529</b>	<b>927</b>
<b>IL</b>	<b>209,011</b>	<b>12,513</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>SC</b>	<b>151,136</b>	<b>13,482</b>
<b>IN</b>	<b>149,357</b>	<b>8,482</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>SD</b>	<b>20,915</b>	<b>1,132</b>
<b>IA</b>	<b>67,923</b>	<b>3,376</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>TN</b>	<b>172,325</b>	<b>9,093</b>
<b>KS</b>	<b>71,677</b>	<b>4,819</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>TX</b>	<b>660,913</b>	<b>38,691</b>
<b>KY</b>	<b>104,953</b>	<b>7,551</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>UT</b>	<b>50,887</b>	<b>2,010</b>
<b>LA</b>	<b>100,531</b>	<b>8,539</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>VT</b>	<b>10,772</b>	<b>835</b>
<b>ME</b>	<b>39,852</b>	<b>1,836</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>VA</b>	<b>354,277</b>	<b>12,249</b>
<b>MD</b>	<b>172,958</b>	<b>6,293</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>WA</b>	<b>230,669</b>	<b>11,255</b>
<b>MA</b>	<b>104,673</b>	<b>5,848</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>WV</b>	<b>42,421</b>	<b>4,239</b>
<b>MI</b>	<b>186,195</b>	<b>13,534</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>WI</b>	<b>118,518</b>	<b>5,420</b>
<b>MN</b>	<b>108,463</b>	<b>6,922</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>WY</b>	<b>19,748</b>	<b>620</b>
<b>MS</b>	<b>72,586</b>	<b>4,560</b>	<b>6.3</b>	<b>PR</b>	<b>20,650</b>	<b>3,784</b>
<b>MO</b>	<b>145,085</b>	<b>8,556</b>	<b>5.9</b>			

Citation: U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, 1-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boeger, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 8.4). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability. [1] Count of Veterans without disabilities in poverty as a percent of total.

**Table 8.5 Poverty Gap – Civilian Veterans Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States, by Disability Status: 2018**

State	Poverty Rate (%) Disability [1]	No Disability [1]	Gap (% pts) [2]	Poverty Rate (%) State	Disability [1]	No Disability (%) [1]	Gap (% pts) [2]
<b>U.S.</b>	16.2	5.9	10.3	MT	20.4	5.1	15.3
AL	14.8	6.9	7.9	NE	12.8	3.4	9.4
AK	14.4	6.2	8.2	NV	13.0	8.2	4.8
AZ	18.6	6.2	12.4	NH	8.1	4.2	3.9
AR	15.4	6.6	8.8	NJ	15.0	3.8	11.2
CA	18.4	6.4	12.0	NM	22.0	6.6	15.4
CO	16.6	5.4	11.2	NY	20.8	7.1	13.7
CT	11.4	5.2	6.2	NC	15.9	6.1	9.8
DE	20.8	6.7	14.1	ND	14.2	8.0	6.2
DC	27.8	7.5	20.3	OH	18.9	6.6	12.3
FL	14.8	6.1	8.7	OK	16.0	6.4	9.6
GA	14.7	5.5	9.2	OR	20.7	7.5	13.2
HI	6.1	3.9	2.2	PA	18.2	5.9	12.3
ID	10.6	6.4	4.2	RI	21.0	4.7	16.3
IL	17.5	6.0	11.5	SC	18.7	8.9	9.8
IN	20.9	5.7	15.2	SD	17.8	5.4	12.4
IA	12.5	5.0	7.5	TN	14.4	5.3	9.1
KS	20.1	6.7	13.4	TX	11.0	5.9	5.1
KY	20.2	7.2	13.0	UT	16.1	3.9	12.2
LA	24.7	8.5	16.2	VT	9.8	7.8	2.0
ME	13.1	4.6	8.5	VA	11.5	3.5	8.0
MD	11.3	3.6	7.7	WA	13.8	4.9	8.9
MA	19.5	5.6	13.9	WV	23.7	10.0	13.7
MI	20.4	7.3	13.1	WI	16.3	4.6	11.7
MN	16.4	6.4	10.0	WY	14.8	3.1	11.7
MS	14.1	6.3	7.8	PR	22.3	18.3	4.0
MO	18.2	5.9	12.3				

Citation: U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, 1-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boeger, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 8.5). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

[1] Count of civilian Veterans as a percent of total.

[2] The difference in percentage points between disability and no disability poverty rates.

**Table 8.6 Veterans Benefits Administration – Compensation and Pension Benefits Paid to Disabled Veterans and their Survivors: Federal Fiscal Year 2018**

State	Total (\$)[1]	State	Total (\$)[1]
U.S.	82,776,199	MO	1,673,700
AL	2,057,767	MT	333,858
AK	282,164	NE	554,787
AZ	1,834,997	NV	974,513
AR	1,070,595	NH	334,890
CA	7,157,234	NJ	1,085,501
CO	1,662,319	NM	795,765
CT	459,251	NY	2,440,257
DE	235,253	NC	3,982,710
DC	92,178	ND	173,799
FL	6,342,478	OH	2,389,950
GA	3,638,052	OK	1,915,539
HI	436,248	OR	1,325,174
ID	473,760	PA	2,510,819
IL	1,826,991	RI	221,674
IN	1,303,585	SC	2,142,532
IA	604,895	SD	242,117
KS	672,705	TN	2,274,082
KY	1,231,816	TX	8,573,040
LA	1,270,594	UT	504,918
ME	534,427	VT	137,559
MD	1,426,103	VA	3,190,306
MA	1,174,018	WA	2,265,562
MI	2,049,343	WV	728,133
MN	1,138,802	WI	1,170,060
MS	854,731	WY	169,701

Citation: Veterans Benefits Administration. (2018). Annual benefits report; Appendices E1-E52. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 8.6). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data for this table can be found at <https://www.va.gov/vetdata/expenditures.asp>.

[1] In thousands (82,776,199 represents 82,776,99,000).



## Section 9: Health Insurance Coverage

This section presents statistics on **health insurance coverage** in the United States, focusing on coverage of people with disabilities. This includes statistics concerning **Medicaid** and **Medicare**, the government-run health care programs in the United States. The data address the percentage of people with and without disabilities who have some sort of **health insurance coverage** as well as the difference in percent **health insurance coverage gap**. The data also present the type of **health insurance coverage** possessed by people with disabilities (public or private). The principal source of these data is the **U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey**. Statistics for people with disabilities (**disability status**) are based on having responded 'yes' to a series of questions within the **American Community Survey** (see the glossary for more details). People receiving disability benefits from Social Security usually automatically qualify for **Medicaid** and **Medicare**, although some states have more restrictive eligibility criteria.

### Tables

**Table 9.1:** In 2018, 90.0 percent of individuals with disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community** had **health insurance coverage**. In contrast, 87.2 percent of individuals without disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community** had **health insurance coverage**-a **health insurance coverage gap** between those with and without disabilities of **2.7 percentage points**. The **health insurance gap** ranges from **7.0 percentage points** in New Mexico to **-3.4 percentage points** in South Dakota.

**Table 9.2:** In 2018, 45.7 percent of individuals with disabilities ages 18 to 64 years **living in the community** had private **health insurance**, 55.7 percent had public **health insurance** (some had both), while 10.0 percent did not have **health insurance**. Massachusetts (2.9 percent) had the smallest percentage of people with disabilities without **health insurance coverage**. Oklahoma (20.5 percent) had the largest percentage of people with disabilities without **health insurance coverage**.

**Table 9.1 Health Insurance Coverage – Civilians with Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States, by Disability Status: 2018**

State	Coverage (%) Disability	Coverage (%) No Disability	Gap (% pts) [1]	State	Coverage (%) Disability	Coverage (%) No Disability	Gap (% pts) [1]
<b>U.S.</b>	90.0	87.2	2.7	<b>MT</b>	92.9	87.9	5.0
<b>AL</b>	85.4	84.4	1.0	<b>NE</b>	85.4	88.5	-3.1
<b>AK</b>	85.8	83.3	2.5	<b>NV</b>	89.8	84.4	5.5
<b>AZ</b>	90.9	84.7	6.1	<b>NH</b>	94.3	91.3	3.1
<b>AR</b>	92.3	87.2	5.1	<b>NJ</b>	92.9	89.2	3.7
<b>CA</b>	93.1	89.4	3.7	<b>NM</b>	92.0	85.1	7.0
<b>CO</b>	91.5	89.7	1.8	<b>NY</b>	95.5	92.0	3.4
<b>CT</b>	94.4	92.2	2.1	<b>NC</b>	86.3	84.1	2.2
<b>DE</b>	96.6	91.3	5.3	<b>ND</b>	89.3	90.7	-1.3
<b>DC</b>	96.6	95.9	0.7	<b>OH</b>	93.0	91.0	2.0
<b>FL</b>	85.0	80.4	4.6	<b>OK</b>	79.5	79.5	0.0
<b>GA</b>	82.4	80.9	1.5	<b>OR</b>	91.4	89.5	1.9
<b>HI</b>	94.9	94.1	0.8	<b>PA</b>	94.4	92.2	2.2
<b>ID</b>	81.9	83.7	-1.8	<b>RI</b>	95.8	94.1	1.7
<b>IL</b>	92.9	89.8	3.1	<b>SC</b>	85.4	84.0	1.4
<b>IN</b>	91.5	88.7	2.8	<b>SD</b>	82.7	86.2	-3.4
<b>IA</b>	95.5	92.9	2.6	<b>TN</b>	86.6	85.1	1.6
<b>KS</b>	86.6	87.5	-0.9	<b>TX</b>	81.2	75.4	5.8
<b>KY</b>	95.0	91.6	3.4	<b>UT</b>	89.0	87.7	1.3
<b>LA</b>	92.1	87.5	4.6	<b>VT</b>	95.0	94.1	0.9
<b>ME</b>	88.1	88.5	-0.4	<b>VA</b>	88.0	87.7	0.3
<b>MD</b>	94.5	91.4	3.1	<b>WA</b>	93.5	90.3	3.1
<b>MA</b>	97.1	96.0	1.1	<b>WV</b>	92.7	89.9	2.7
<b>MI</b>	95.3	92.0	3.4	<b>WI</b>	94.3	92.2	2.1
<b>MN</b>	94.2	94.1	0.1	<b>WY</b>	84.4	85.3	-0.8
<b>MS</b>	82.4	81.2	1.3	<b>PR</b>	94.7	89.5	5.1
<b>MO</b>	87.0	86.5	0.5				

**Citation:** U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 9.1). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

[1] The difference in percentage points of health insurance coverage between disability and no disability.



**Table 9.2 Health Insurance Coverage – Civilians with Disabilities Ages 18 to 64 Years Living in the Community for the United States and States, by Type of Coverage: 2018**

State	Coverage (%) Private	Coverage (%) Public	No Coverage [%] [1]	State	Coverage (%) Private	Coverage (%) Public	No Coverage [%] [1]
U.S.	45.7	55.7	10.0	MT	51.3	52.5	7.1
AL	46.4	54.3	14.6	NE	54.7	42.2	14.6
AK	44.4	53.7	14.2	NV	49.7	51.8	10.2
AZ	44.0	57.9	9.1	NH	50.0	54.2	5.7
AR	38.2	65.4	7.7	NJ	52.4	52.9	7.1
CA	43.9	59.3	6.9	NM	37.0	67.1	8.0
CO	50.6	51.9	8.5	NY	43.7	64.4	4.5
CT	43.8	58.2	5.6	NC	46.2	53.2	13.7
DE	51.1	58.3	3.4	ND	56.5	43.0	10.7
DC	36.8	68.2	3.4	OH	41.7	60.6	7.0
FL	45.2	50.7	15.0	OK	45.6	44.2	20.5
GA	46.0	49.2	17.6	OR	45.0	58.3	8.6
HI	51.1	55.7	5.1	PA	46.1	61.0	5.6
ID	49.1	45.0	18.1	RI	40.5	65.2	4.2
IL	47.0	55.2	7.1	SC	44.5	53.1	14.6
IN	47.3	55.1	8.5	SD	49.0	45.3	17.3
IA	49.9	57.5	4.5	TN	43.2	55.3	13.4
KS	53.0	46.1	13.4	TX	46.5	45.4	18.8
KY	38.9	67.5	5.0	UT	60.7	40.0	11.0
LA	39.9	62.7	7.9	VT	42.0	62.9	5.0
ME	41.2	58.7	11.9	VA	52.2	47.1	12.0
MD	53.4	53.0	5.5	WA	48.0	57.9	6.5
MA	45.1	64.0	2.9	WV	36.8	67.7	7.3
MI	44.8	63.5	4.7	WI	49.7	57.4	5.7
MN	49.5	55.0	5.8	WY	52.6	40.0	15.6
MS	38.4	54.5	17.6	PR	29.4	72.3	5.3
MO	45.4	52.5	13.0				

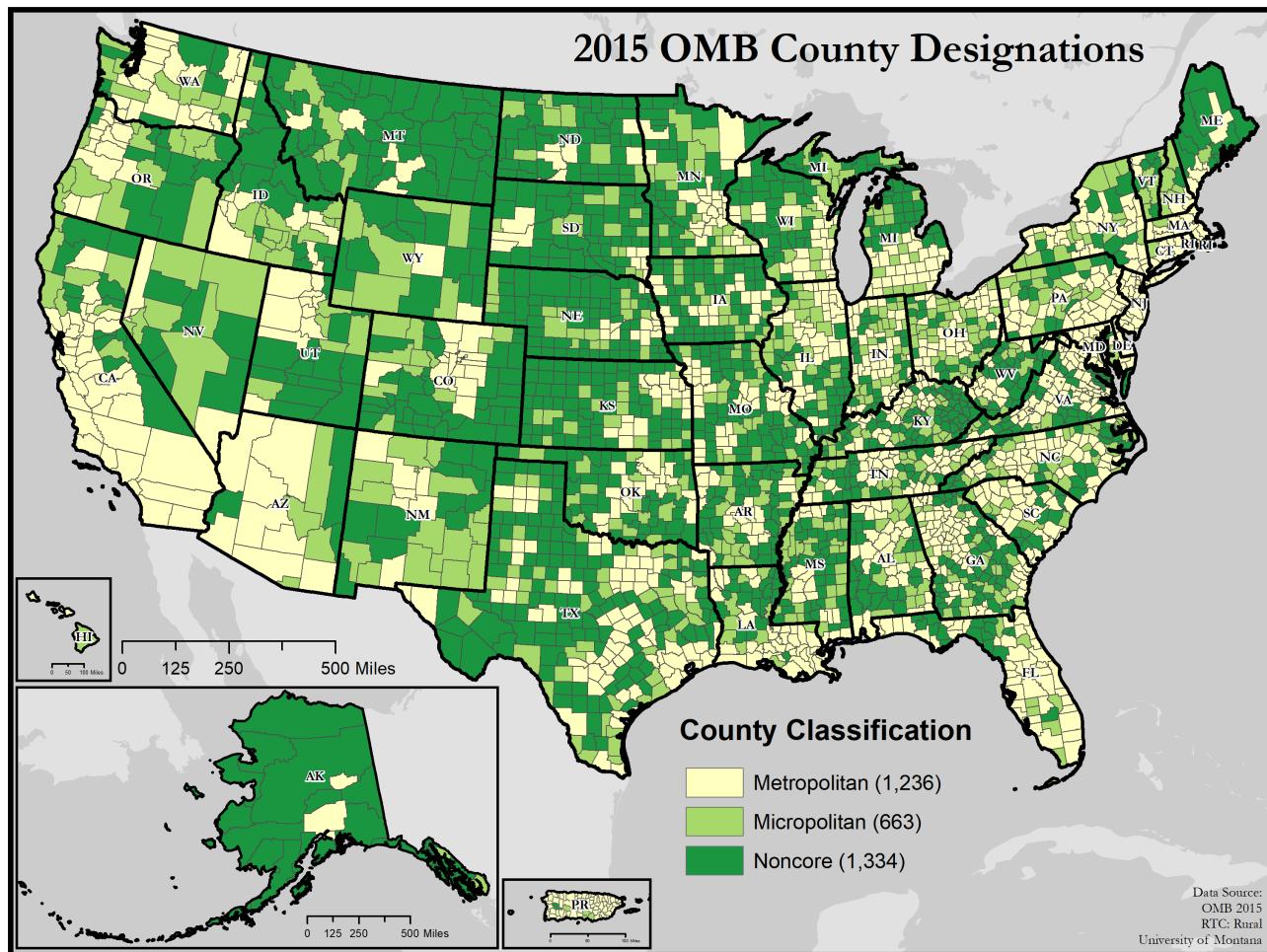
**Citation:** U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 9.2). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

[1] The percentage of people with disabilities without health insurance coverage.

# Section 10: Rural

Sponsored by The Research and Training Center on Disability in Rural Communities (RTC:Rural) at the Rural Institute for Inclusive Communities at the University of Montana

The **Office of Management and Budget (OMB)** separates U.S. counties into **metropolitan** and **non-metropolitan** counties based on **population** thresholds and commuting patterns (shown in the map below). Counties are classified **metropolitan** if they contain an urban core of at least 50,000 people or if a significant proportion of the **population** commutes into an adjacent urban core. **Non-metropolitan** counties can be further classified into **micropolitan** and **noncore** counties, with **micropolitan** counties having an urban core of 10,000 to 50,000 people and **noncore** counties being those that remain. Although **metropolitan**, **micropolitan**, and **noncore** designations do not fully describe the varied conditions across place, they suggest that infrastructure and associated economic and demographic factors contribute to the **rural** experience.





**Map Description:** A map showing the distribution of metropolitan, micropolitan and noncore counties across the US (including Puerto Rico). There are 1,236 metropolitan counties which are shown in yellow. There are fewer micropolitan counties, 663 and these are shown in light green. More counties are noncore, the most "rural", with 1,334 dark green counties.

---

Contextual differences between **metropolitan** and **non-metropolitan** counties shape both the experiences and outcomes of people with disabilities and often result in inequities across place. As counties become more **rural** (**non-metropolitan**), a wide range of disparities grow.

Data representative of the U.S. **population** are used to inform the development of policies and programs at the local, state, and national levels. Available data on **rural** disability, however, is limited and frequently imprecise. For instance, the **American Community Survey (ACS)** uses a continuous data collection timeline, where new data are added every month to generate a sample equal to 12.5% of the total **population** every five years. The continuous nature of **ACS** data collection and resulting **sample size** affects the availability and **validity** of **rural** data. For counties with **populations** of 65,000 or less, raw data must be aggregated across five years before it is released. This constitutes 74 percent of U.S. counties. Due to a change in disability indicator questions in 2008, the first 5-year data file with **rural** disability indicators was not available until December 2013. To avoid overlapping data collection periods, it wasn't until 2018 that **rural** outcomes could be compared over time using **ACS** data.

Additionally, analyses of **rural** data are limited because of smaller **sample sizes** and high **margins of error (MOE)**. This is a particular problem for examining **rural** subgroup data such as **rural** disability rates by **race**. High **MOE** make data less reliable for smaller geographies and necessitates that researchers aggregate data across counties or years to increase precision. Because of these types of limitations, there is a need to expand the availability and quality of **rural** data for policy and program development, using a tailored approach.

The goal of providing **rural** annual and trend data in collaboration with the StatsRRTC is to improve access to accurate and current data about the disability experience in **rural** communities. These data can be used by advocates, service providers, researchers, and policy makers for making informed arguments, developing sound decisions, building hypotheses, and

understanding policy impacts. This effort will raise awareness of how **rural** people with disabilities are similar to and different from their urban counterparts. It will allow stakeholders to more easily access a wide range of information about the disability experience in **rural** communities to make informed decisions about programs and policies likely to benefit **rural** people with disabilities.

## Methods

The Rural Addendum provides data on key sociodemographic characteristics for people with and without disabilities residing in **metropolitan**, **micropolitan**, and **noncore** counties. Data come from the 2013-2017 **American Community Survey (ACS)** 5-year summary files. To calculate **metropolitan**, **micropolitan**, and **noncore** populations, we first classified county-level data based on **OMB** classifications. We then aggregated **populations** across these **metropolitan**, **micropolitan**, and **noncore** designations to explore geographic differences. For all tables, **disability status** is based on having responded "yes" to at least one of a series of six disability indicator questions in the **ACS**. The glossary contains the questions used in the **ACS** to arrive at the disability estimates. Note that all table estimates exclude persons living in institutions and active duty military personnel. Some questions are asked only of people of certain ages.

## Tables

**Table 10.1** reports on the **prevalence** of disability in the United States. For the 5-year period from 2013-2017, the estimated rate of disability was 12.0% for **metropolitan**, 15.8% for **micropolitan**, and 17.9% for **noncore** counties. Estimated rates were higher in **noncore** counties for all reported disabilities, including **hearing**, **vision**, **cognitive**, **ambulatory**, **self-care**, and **independent living disabilities**.

**Tables 10.2a & 10.2b** provide demographic information for people with and without disabilities living in **metropolitan**, **micropolitan**, and **noncore** counties. Trends in the data show that as counties become more **rural** there are higher rates of White and American Indian or Alaska Native (AIAN) populations, and lower rates of Black, Asian, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander (NHPI), multi-racial, and Hispanic populations for both people with and without disabilities.



**Table 10.3** compares **employment** and **work experience** rates for people with and without disabilities. As counties become more **rural**, the **employment rate** decreases and the “not in the **labor force**” rate increases for people with and without disabilities. Notably, 65.0% of the **population** with disability living in **noncore** counties was not in the **labor force**, and 63.1% did not work in the past 12 months.

**Table 10.4** shows **poverty rates** by age and **median earnings** for people with and without disabilities. **Poverty rates** for people with and without disability increase for all age groups as counties become more **rural**. **Poverty rates** are most pronounced for individuals living in **noncore** counties, where 37.1% of the **population** less than 18 years, 31.4% of the **population** 18 to 64, and 14.1% of the **population** 65 years and older lives at or below the **poverty** level. When comparing **median earnings**, people with disabilities receive significantly less **income** in **metropolitan**, **micropolitan**, and **noncore** counties when compared to those without disabilities. The **median earnings** difference between people with and without disabilities, however, is smallest in **noncore** counties.

**Table 10.5** shows **health insurance coverage** and type for people with and without disabilities. As places become more **rural**, people with and without disability report lower rates of **insurance coverage**. For all geography (**metropolitan**, **micropolitan**, and **noncore**), people with disabilities report lower rates of private insurance, and higher rates of public insurance, relative to those without disabilities.

**Table 10.1 Rural Comparison – Prevalence and Population of Civilians Living in the Community with and without Disabilities, by Metropolitan, Micropolitan, and Noncore Status for the United States**

Metropolitan Classifications	Any Disability [2]	Disability Type [1]			Self-Care	Independent Living
		Vision	Hearing	Cognitive		
<b>Metropolitan Disability</b>						
Count	33,053,643	6,165,864	9,061,715	12,569,541	17,181,251	6,641,183
Rate (%)	12.0	2.2	3.3	4.6	6.3	2.4
<b>No Disability</b>						
Count	241,454,885	X	X	X	X	X
Rate (%)	88.0	X	X	X	X	X
<b>Micropolitan Disability</b>						
Count	4,280,802	814,010	1,320,821	1,579,638	2,253,850	807,708
Rate (%)	15.8	3.0	4.9	5.8	8.3	3.0
<b>No Disability</b>						
Count	22,834,064	X	X	X	X	X
Rate (%)	84.2	X	X	X	X	X
<b>Noncore Disability</b>						
Count	3,192,426	624,567	1,037,573	1,137,728	1,743,885	607,204
Rate (%)	17.9	3.5	5.8	6.4	9.8	3.4
<b>No Disability</b>						
Count	14,654,014	X	X	X	X	X
Rate (%)	82.1	X	X	X	X	X

Citation: U.S. Census Bureau. (2017). American community survey, 5-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houterenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 10.1). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Reported estimates are based on a sample and subject to sampling variability. The contents of this section were provided by the Research and Training Center on Disabilities in Rural Communities (RTC:Rural) at the University of Montana. To learn more, visit their website at <http://rtc.ruralinstitute.umt.edu/>

[1] Rates in this table reflect the percent of people indicating a disability type out of the total population living in each metropolitan category. For example, the rate of people with ambulatory disability in micropolitan counties is 8.3%. This means that of the total population in micropolitan counties 8.3% (or 2,253,850) of them indicate a ambulatory disability. Individuals may indicate having multiple disabilities. See glossary for more details.

[2] The U.S. Census Bureau uses a series of six questions to identify persons with vision, hearing, cognitive, ambulatory, self-care, and independent living disabilities. The cognitive, ambulatory, self-care, and independent living related questions are not asked of individuals less than five years old and the independent living related question is not asked of individuals less than 15 years old. See glossary for more information.





**Table 10.2a Rural Comparison – Demographics of Civilians Living in the Community with and without Disabilities, by Metropolitan, Micropolitan, and Noncore Status for the United States**

Metropolitan Classifications	Total (overall prevalence)	Age Groups	Male	Sex [1]
	Less than 18 years	18 to 64 years	65 years and over	Female
<b>Metropolitan Disability</b>				
Count	33,053,643	2,602,812	16,824,827	13,626,004
Rate (%)	12.0	7.9	50.9	41.2
<b>No Disability</b>				
Count	241,454,885	61,345,021	154,739,026	25,370,838
Rate (%)	88.0	25.4	64.1	10.5
<b>Micropolitan Disability</b>				
Count	4,280,802	304,352	2,215,217	1,761,233
Rate (%)	15.8	7.1	51.7	41.1
<b>No Disability</b>				
Count	22,834,064	5,913,156	14,079,173	2,841,735
Rate (%)	84.2	25.9	61.7	12.4
<b>Noncore Disability</b>				
Count	3,192,426	206,890	1,605,625	1,379,911
Rate (%)	17.9	6.5	50.3	43.2
<b>No Disability</b>				
Count	14,654,014	3,822,435	8,763,836	2,067,743
Rate (%)	82.1	26.1	59.8	14.1

**Citation:** U.S. Census Bureau. (2017). American community survey, 5-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 10.2a). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Reported estimates are based on a sample and subject to sampling variability. The contents of this section were provided by the Research and Training Center on Disability in Rural Communities (RTC:Rural) at the University of Montana. To learn more, visit their website at <http://rtc.ruralinstitute.umt.edu/>

[1] Rates in this table reflect the percentage of people within each age and sex category of the total (disability/no disability) population for each metropolitan category. For example, the rate of females with disability in metropolitan counties is 52.2%. This means that of the people with disabilities living in metropolitan counties, 52.2% (or 17,240,333) of them are female.

**Table 10.2b Rural Comparison – Demographics of Civilians Living in the Community with and without Disabilities, by Metropolitan, Micropolitan, and Noncore Status for the United States**

Metropolitan Classifications	White	African American	American Indian/Alaska Native	Race and Ethnicity [1]			Two or more races	Hispanic/Latino (of any race)
				Asian	Native Hawaiian /Pacific Islander	Other		
<b>Metropolitan</b>								
Disability								
Count	24,363,450	4,950,598	269,226	1,161,524	52,103	1,281,459	975,283	5,267,035
Rate (%)	73.7	15.0	0.8	3.5	0.2	3.9	3.0	15.9
<b>No Disability</b>								
Count	170,993,727	31,265,521	1,345,640	15,520,425	445,588	13,777,061	8,106,923	50,116,398
Rate (%)	70.8	12.9	0.6	6.4	0.2	5.7	3.4	20.8
<b>Micropolitan</b>								
Disability								
Count	3,654,571	349,314	87,245	27,886	5,866	53,674	102,246	284,108
Rate (%)	85.4	8.2	2.0	0.7	0.1	1.3	2.4	6.6
<b>No Disability</b>								
Count	19,282,510	1,720,259	405,312	300,482	42,998	498,544	583,959	2,357,510
Rate (%)	84.4	7.5	1.8	1.3	0.2	2.2	2.6	10.3
<b>Noncore</b>								
Disability								
Count	2,745,657	270,495	78,017	7,971	1,247	24,933	64,106	129,144
Rate (%)	86	8.5	2.4	0.2	0.0	0.8	2.0	4.0
<b>No Disability</b>								
Count	12,494,388	1,138,715	393,245	91,389	9,209	235,932	291,136	1,032,287
Rate (%)	85.3	7.8	2.7	0.6	0.1	1.6	2.0	7.0

Citation: U.S. Census Bureau. (2017). American community survey, 5-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 10.2b). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Reported estimates are based on a sample and subject to sampling variability. The contents of this section were provided by the Research and Training Center on Disability in Rural Communities (RTC:Rural) at the University of Montana. To learn more, visit their website at <http://rtc.ruralinstitute.umt.edu/>

[1] Rates in this table reflect the percentage of people within each race category of the total (disability/no disability) population for each metropolitan category. For example, the rate of individuals with disability who are Native American/Alaskan Native in non core counties is 2.4%. This means that of the people with disabilities living in noncore counties, 2.4% (or 78,017) of them are Native American/Alaskan Native.





**Table 10.3 Rural Comparison – Employment of Civilians Living in the Community with and without Disabilities, by Metropolitan, Micropolitan, and Noncore Status for the United States**

Metropolitan Classifications		Employment [1] Employed Unemployed		Work Experience Not in the labor force Worked full time Worked part time		Did not work	
<b>Metropolitan Disability</b>							
Count	6,080,372	1,021,066	9,723,389	3,741,958	3,513,433	9,569,436	
Rate (%)	36.1	6.1	57.8	22.2	20.9	56.9	
<b>No Disability</b>							
Count	117,766,305	7,668,360	29,304,361	85,186,389	42,201,350	27,351,287	
Rate (%)	76.1	5.0	18.9	55.1	27.3	17.7	
<b>Micropolitan Disability</b>							
Count	724,197	115,497	1,375,523	441,075	443,676	1,330,466	
Rate (%)	32.7	5.2	62.1	19.9	20.0	60.1	
<b>No Disability</b>							
Count	10,507,603	677,180	2,894,390	7,559,150	3,971,278	2,548,745	
Rate (%)	74.6	4.8	20.6	53.7	28.2	18.1	
<b>Noncore Disability</b>							
Count	484,434	77,084	1,044,107	305,095	287,541	1,012,989	
Rate (%)	30.2	4.8	65.0	19.0	17.9	63.1	
<b>No Disability</b>							
Count	6,465,693	422,423	1,875,720	4,748,165	2,319,203	1,696,468	
Rate (%)	73.8	4.8	21.4	54.2	26.5	19.4	

**Citation:** U.S. Census Bureau. (2017). American community survey, 5-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 10.3). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Reported estimates are based on a sample and subject to sampling variability. The contents of this section were provided by the Research and Training Center on Disability in Rural Communities (RTC:Rural) at the University of Montana. To learn more, visit their website at <http://rtc.ruralinstitute.unt.edu/>

[1] The rates in this table represent the percentage of people (ages 18 to 64 years) by employment classification of the total (disability/no disability) population across each metropolitan category. For example, the employment rate in noncore counties for people with disabilities is 30.2%. This means that of the total population of working-age adults with disabilities living in noncore counties, 30.2% (or 484,434) of them are employed

**Table 10.4 Rural Comparison – Poverty and Median Earnings of Civilians Living in the Community with and without Disabilities, by Metropolitan, Micropolitan, and Noncore Status for the United States**

Metropolitan Classifications	At or below Poverty Line	Poverty [1]		65 years and older	Total	Earnings (\$) Male	Female
		Poverty less than 18 years	18 to 64 years				
<b>Metropolitan Disability</b>							
Count	7,042,435	776,156	4,490,115	1,776,164	22,493	27,410	18,495
Rate (%)	21.4	30.5	26.8	13.0	X	X	X
<b>No Disability</b>							
Count	32,398,200	11,895,359	18,538,350	1,964,491	31,792	38,309	26,089
Rate (%)	13.6	19.6	12.1	7.7	X	X	X
<b>Micropolitan Disability</b>							
Count	1,002,147	103,608	668,950	229,589	19,981	25,017	15,752
Rate (%)	23.6	35.0	30.4	13.0	X	X	X
<b>No Disability</b>							
Count	3,605,455	1,356,385	2,026,415	222,655	28,488	34,803	22,938
Rate (%)	16.1	23.4	14.7	7.8	X	X	X
<b>Noncore Disability</b>							
Count	770,625	74,506	502,023	194,096	21,087	26,569	16,651
Rate (%)	24.2	37.1	31.4	14.1	X	X	X
<b>No Disability</b>							
Count	2,358,956	921,212	1,259,872	177,872	28,474	35,017	22,377
Rate (%)	16.3	24.5	14.5	8.6	X	X	X

**Citation:** U.S. Census Bureau. (2017). American community survey, 5-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 10.4). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Reported estimates are based on a sample and subject to sampling variability. The contents of this section were provided by the Research and Training Center on Disability in Rural Communities (RTC:Rural) at the University of Montana. To learn more, visit their website at <http://rtc.ruralinstitute.umt.edu/>

[1] The rates in this table represent the percentage of people at or below poverty level by age, disability status and metropolitan classification. For example, the poverty rate for people with disabilities 65 years and older in metropolitan counties is 13%. This means that of metropolitan people with disabilities who are 65 years or older, 13% (or 1,776,164) are at or below poverty level.





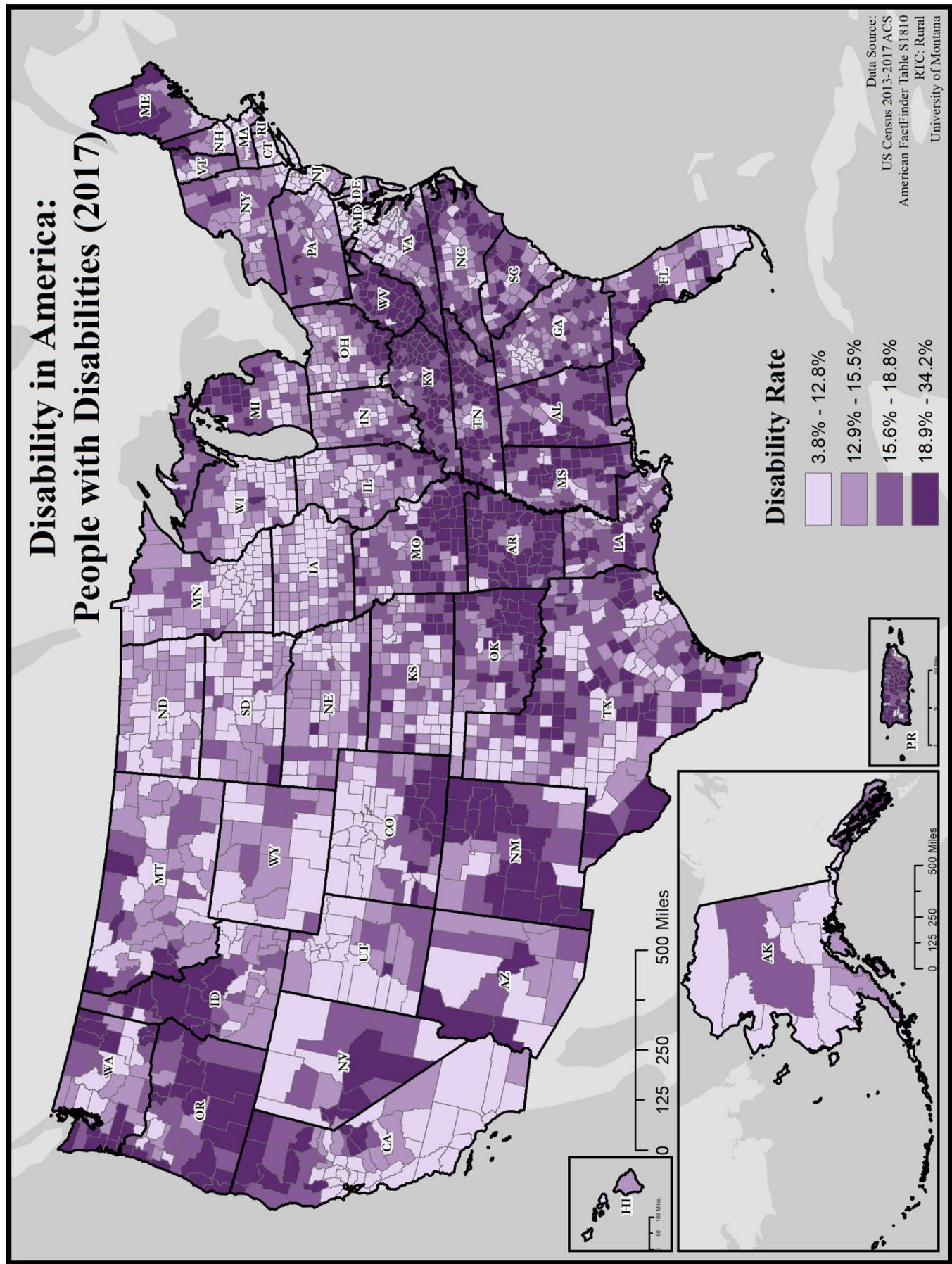
**Table 10.5 Rural Comparison – Insurance Coverage for Civilians Living in the Community with and without Disabilities, by Metropolitan, Micropolitan, and Noncore Status for the United States**

Metropolitan Classifications	Private		Insurance Coverage [1]		None
	Public	None	Public	None	
Metropolitan Disability					
Count	16,480,417		23,968,767		2,151,083
Rate (%)	49.9		72.5		6.5
No Disability					
Count	168,902,640		67,048,008		26,183,476
Rate (%)	70.0		27.8		10.8
Micropolitan Disability					
Count	2,077,951		3,212,524		302,394
Rate (%)	48.5		75.0		7.1
No Disability					
Count	15,397,110		7,317,743		2,626,410
Rate (%)	67.4		32.0		11.5
Noncore Disability					
Count	1,483,911		2,452,647		236,171
Rate (%)	46.5		76.8		7.4
No Disability					
Count	9,461,193		5,038,988		1,892,579
Rate (%)	64.6		34.4		12.9

**Citation:** U.S. Census Bureau. (2017). American community survey, 5-year estimates. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 10.5). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Reported estimates are based on a sample and subject to sampling variability. The contents of this section were provided by the Research and Training Center on Disability in Rural Communities (RTC:Rural) at the University of Montana. To learn more, visit their website at <http://rtc.ruralinstitute.umt.edu/>

[1] Rates in this table reflect the percentage of people with and without disabilities with various types of insurance coverage by metropolitan classification. For example, the rate of noncore people with disabilities covered by private insurance is 46.5%. This means that of the people with disabilities living in noncore counties, 46.5% (or 1,483,911) have private health insurance. Note that individuals may be covered by both private and public insurance at the same time so the sum of these rates will not equal the number of total insured. However, the sum of insured and non-insured (within each disability group) will equal 100%.

# Map of Disability in America (2017)





## Map Description

Reported rates of disability vary across the country with a notable difference between rates in urban and rural counties. In aggregate, we see higher rates in rural counties across a variety of indicators (see table 14.1). However, rural disability rates are not consistent and clear geographic and regional patterns emerge when exploring these data on a map. The map above on the previous page shows disability rates at the county level for every county in the United States (including Puerto Rico). Rates are classified by quartile with lower rates shown in lighter purple and higher rates in darker purple. There are clear geographic clusters of both high and low rates of disability throughout the U.S.

There are higher rates of reported disability throughout the rural Southern United States in Appalachia, Southern Missouri and Arkansas, along the border of Mississippi and Alabama and across New Mexico into Southern Colorado. Clusters of high rates of reported disability can also be found in rural areas of Maine, Michigan, Idaho, California and Oregon. Finally, there are high rates of reported disability throughout Puerto Rico.

There is also a noticeable regional pattern where reported rates of disability are lowest. States in the North and Middle Atlantic region as well as across the Midwest, Great Plains and Rocky Mountain West (with the exception of Northern Idaho) all have lower rates of reported disability.

The forces underlying these geographic clusters are complex. Local level social, economic and environmental factors all contribute to people's experience of disability. Communities and regions experiencing persistent and historical poverty, extractive industry dependence and other forms of social, spatial, and economic marginalization tend to report higher levels of disability. Improving our understanding of how and why rates of disability vary across rural America is valuable for developing effective policies and programs to serve rural people with disabilities.

For more information check out the RTC:Rural's Disability Counts webpage where you can view and download additional maps for both the nation and states and access disability data by county using our data lookup tool.  
<http://rtc.ruralinstitute.umt.edu/resources/disability-counts-data-finder>

# Section 11: Health

This section presents statistics on health in the United States, especially the health of people with disabilities. The data address the prevalence of disabilities, health behaviors such as **smoking**, **obesity**, and **binge drinking by disability status**. These statistics were generated by the authors using the **Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey**. See the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Disability and Health Data System for additional information on the health of the **population** with disabilities. Statistics for people with disabilities (**disability status**) are based on having responded 'yes' to a series of questions within the **Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey** (see glossary for greater detail).

## Tables

**Table 11.1:** In 2018, there were 243,724,770 individuals ages 18 and over **living in the community**, and 66,288,921 had a **disability** (27.2 percent). The state with the largest number of individuals with disabilities was California, with 7,130,336 individuals with disabilities, while the state with the smallest number was the District of Columbia, with 114,488 individuals with disabilities.

**Table 11.2:** In 2018, individuals ages 18 years and over (adults) with disabilities were more likely to **smoke** (22.9 percent) than adults without disabilities (12.8 percent). Adults with disabilities were most likely to **smoke** in Arkansas (31.8 percent) and least likely to **smoke** in California and Utah (15.5 percent).

**Table 11.3:** In 2018, individuals ages 18 years and over (adults) with disabilities were more likely to be **obese** (39.6 percent) than adults without disabilities (27.7 percent). Adults with disabilities were most likely to be **obese** in Iowa (46.0 percent) and least likely to be **obese** in Hawaii (28.9 percent).

**Table 11.4:** In 2018, individuals ages 18 years and over (adults) with disabilities were less likely to **binge drink** (13.1 percent) than adults without disabilities (17.7 percent). Adults with disabilities were most likely to **binge drink** in Massachusetts (20.0 percent) and least likely to **binge drink** in West Virginia (8.5 percent).

**Table 11.1 Health – Persons Ages 18 and Over Living in the Community, by Disability Status: 2018**

State	Total	Disability Count	% [1]	No Disability Count	% [1]	State Total	Disability Count	% [1]	No Disability Count	% [1]	
U.S.	243,724,770	66,288,921	27.2	177,435,849	72.8	MO	4,655,622	1,431,670	30.8	3,223,953	69.2
AL	3,662,621	1,230,991	33.6	2,431,630	66.4	MT	815,580	228,561	28.0	587,019	72.0
AK	545,422	144,714	26.5	400,709	73.5	NE	1,408,658	329,299	23.4	1,079,359	76.6
AZ	5,270,859	1,433,998	27.2	3,836,860	72.8	NV	2,305,513	694,366	30.1	1,611,148	69.9
AR	2,234,883	782,742	35.0	1,452,141	65.0	NH	1,064,769	254,039	23.9	810,731	76.1
CA	28,854,775	7,130,336	24.7	21,724,439	75.3	NJ	6,704,814	1,661,572	24.8	5,043,242	75.2
CO	4,087,299	799,353	19.6	3,287,946	80.4	NM	1,537,653	446,002	29.0	1,091,651	71.0
CT	2,726,443	631,251	23.2	2,095,192	76.8	NY	14,784,681	3,869,293	26.2	10,915,388	73.8
DE	737,515	210,343	28.5	527,171	71.5	NC	7,843,310	2,260,357	28.8	5,582,953	71.2
DC	551,725	114,488	20.8	437,237	79.2	ND	564,570	132,133	23.4	432,437	76.6
FL	16,443,242	4,986,851	30.3	11,456,391	69.7	OH	8,878,576	2,599,258	29.3	6,279,318	70.7
GA	7,621,273	2,176,746	28.6	5,444,527	71.4	OK	2,884,969	996,986	34.6	1,887,984	65.4
HI	1,071,762	245,084	22.9	826,678	77.1	OR	3,179,570	900,088	28.3	2,279,482	71.7
ID	1,259,054	329,747	26.2	929,308	73.8	PA	9,735,555	2,645,462	27.2	7,090,093	72.8
IL	9,577,104	2,198,127	23.0	7,378,977	77.0	RI	820,387	221,138	27.0	599,250	73.0
IN	4,935,357	1,396,765	28.3	3,538,592	71.7	SC	3,875,326	1,155,934	29.8	2,719,392	70.2
IA	2,351,866	534,099	22.7	1,817,767	77.3	SD	643,015	165,861	25.8	477,154	74.2
KS	2,119,012	550,538	26.0	1,568,474	74.0	TN	5,041,662	1,690,283	33.5	3,351,379	66.5
KY	3,372,872	1,247,377	37.0	2,125,494	63.0	TX	20,410,673	5,366,445	26.3	15,044,228	73.7
LA	3,415,167	1,171,867	34.3	2,243,300	65.7	UT	2,178,408	491,902	22.6	1,686,507	77.4
ME	1,059,161	304,423	28.7	754,738	71.3	VT	493,102	119,868	24.3	373,234	75.7
MD	4,566,419	1,013,057	22.2	3,553,363	77.8	VA	6,428,367	1,647,478	25.6	4,780,889	74.4
MA	5,338,566	1,323,262	24.8	4,015,304	75.2	WA	5,554,401	1,341,281	24.1	4,213,120	75.9
MI	7,513,072	2,233,163	29.7	5,279,908	70.3	WV	1,408,373	596,274	42.3	812,099	57.7
MN	4,219,257	960,659	22.8	3,258,598	77.2	WI	4,319,246	943,386	21.8	3,375,860	78.2
MS	2,221,430	833,539	37.5	1,387,891	62.5	WY	431,814	116,466	27.0	315,348	73.0

Citation: Authors' calculations using data from the 2018 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 11.1). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability. U.S. values were calculated based on the summation of state values. Persons living in institutions are not included. See <https://dhdss.cdc.gov/methods> for more detail.

[1] The count of people with or without a disability as a percent of total.

**Table 11.2 Health – Smoking among Persons Ages 18 and Over, by Disability Status: 2018**

State	Smoking (%) Disability	Smoking (%) No Disability	Gap (% pts) [1]	State	Smoking (%) Disability	Smoking (%) No Disability	Gap (% pts) [1]
U.S.	22.9	12.8	10.1	MO	27.8	15.4	12.4
AL	27.3	15.1	12.2	MT	26.1	14.8	11.3
AK	30.8	14.8	16.0	NE	20.3	14.7	5.6
AZ	20.0	11.9	8.1	NV	19.1	14.3	4.8
AR	31.8	18.0	13.8	NH	26.9	12.1	14.8
CA	15.5	9.8	5.7	NJ	18.6	11.5	7.1
CO	20.5	12.9	7.6	NM	22.9	12.1	10.8
CT	18.2	10.3	7.9	NY	20.0	10.3	9.7
DE	24.3	13.4	10.9	NC	24.3	14.7	9.6
DC	25.9	10.5	15.4	ND	26.8	16.8	10.0
FL	20.2	12.0	8.2	OH	29.3	16.9	12.4
GA	23.4	13.2	10.2	OK	27.0	15.8	11.2
HI	19.1	11.6	7.5	OR	23.8	12.3	11.5
ID	22.8	11.9	10.9	PA	26.7	13.3	13.4
IL	20.6	13.9	6.7	RI	20.7	12.4	8.3
IN	31.0	17.3	13.7	SC	24.8	15.2	9.6
IA	23.9	14.4	9.5	SD	25.5	16.8	8.7
KS	26.8	13.9	12.9	TN	30.1	15.8	14.3
KY	31.4	18.8	12.6	TX	20.0	12.4	7.6
LA	27.4	16.9	10.5	UT	15.5	7.0	8.5
ME	28.8	13.3	15.5	VT	22.8	10.6	12.2
MD	20.7	10.2	10.5	VA	22.9	12.3	10.6
MA	23.6	10.0	13.6	WA	19.8	9.7	10.1
MI	28.0	15.1	12.9	WV	31.7	20.5	11.2
MN	21.5	13.2	8.3	WI	27.3	13.5	13.8
MS	28.5	15.7	12.8	WY	27.3	15.6	11.7

**Citation:** Authors' calculations using data from the 2018 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 11.2). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability. U.S. values were calculated based on the summation of state values. Persons living in institutions are not included. See <https://dhds.cdc.gov/methods> for more detail.

[1] The difference in percentage points between people who smoke with and without a disability.





**Table 11.3 Health – Obesity among Persons 18 and Over, by Disability Status:  
2018**

State	Obesity (%) No Disability	Gap (% pts) [1]	State	Disability Obesity (%) No Disability	Disability Obesity (%) No Disability	Gap (% pts) [1]	
U.S.	39.6	27.7	11.9	MO	42.8	31.9	10.9
AL	43.7	32.6	11.1	MT	33.8	24.2	9.6
AK	36.7	26.6	10.1	NE	43.7	31.1	12.6
AZ	36.7	26.4	10.3	NV	33.1	28.0	5.1
AR	43.8	33.7	10.1	NH	41.3	26.4	14.9
CA	34.7	22.9	11.8	NJ	36.1	22.0	14.1
CO	30.7	21.2	9.5	NM	37.2	30.1	7.1
CT	36.8	24.8	12.0	NY	36.8	24.6	12.2
DE	43.9	29.8	14.1	NC	41.0	29.8	11.2
DC	38.5	21.5	17.0	ND	43.9	32.4	11.5
FL	38.8	26.9	11.9	OH	42.6	30.4	12.2
GA	40.7	29.0	11.7	OK	40.9	31.6	9.3
HI	28.9	23.7	5.2	OR	39.1	26.4	12.7
ID	36.3	25.2	11.1	PA	40.1	27.8	12.3
IL	41.7	28.9	12.8	RI	36.2	24.8	11.4
IN	42.0	31.1	10.9	SC	42.2	31.2	11.0
IA	46.0	32.3	13.7	SD	38.1	26.9	11.2
KS	44.5	30.8	13.7	TN	41.0	31.1	9.9
KY	43.2	32.7	10.5	TX	44.7	30.9	13.8
LA	41.7	33.7	8.0	UT	36.6	25.2	11.4
ME	39.6	26.3	13.3	VT	35.1	24.9	10.2
MD	39.0	28.7	10.3	VA	39.1	27.5	11.6
MA	35.2	22.6	12.6	WA	37.6	26.1	11.5
MI	42.9	28.8	14.1	WV	45.1	35.4	9.7
MN	37.8	27.6	10.2	WI	38.5	29.9	8.6
MS	43.0	37.5	5.5	WY	38.4	25.2	13.2

**Citation:** Authors' calculations using data from the 2018 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 11.3). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability. U.S. values were calculated based on the summation of state values. Persons living in institutions are not included. See <https://dhds.cdc.gov/methods> for more detail.

[1] The difference in percentage points between people who are obese with and without a disability.

**Table 11.4 Health – Binge Drinking among Persons Ages 18 and Over, by Disability Status: 2018**

State	Binge Drinking (%) Disability No Disability	Gap (% pts) [1]	State	Binge Drinking (%) Disability No Disability	Gap (% pts) [1]	
U.S.	13.1	17.7	-4.6	MO	11.5	20.5
AL	11.0	13.5	-2.5	MT	14.5	19.2
AK	12.6	17.1	-4.5	NE	15.5	22.9
AZ	12.7	16.6	-4.0	NV	11.7	16.4
AR	11.4	16.4	-5.0	NH	10.3	17.9
CA	13.6	16.9	-3.3	NJ	11.2	14.3
CO	14.0	20.7	-6.7	NM	10.6	16.4
CT	13.9	18.1	-4.2	NY	13.7	17.7
DE	14.0	17.3	-3.4	NC	10.8	16.3
DC	15.3	26.7	-11.3	ND	15.5	23.9
FL	12.0	17.4	-5.5	OH	12.5	17.2
GA	11.9	15.6	-3.7	OK	8.7	15.3
HI	14.9	20.5	-5.6	OR	12.0	17.4
ID	12.1	16.2	-4.1	PA	14.4	18.1
IL	15.0	20.8	-5.8	RI	14.2	17.3
IN	11.7	17.9	-6.1	SC	12.4	16.2
IA	15.6	24.7	-9.1	SD	13.5	24.1
KS	12.4	17.0	-4.6	TN	9.8	16.6
KY	10.4	17.2	-6.8	TX	16.0	18.0
LA	14.3	18.7	-4.4	UT	10.2	10.8
ME	13.9	18.2	-4.3	VT	13.9	17.5
MD	10.0	14.6	-4.6	VA	12.1	16.6
MA	20.0	19.7	0.4	WA	12.5	15.4
MI	14.5	19.8	-5.3	WV	8.5	14.8
MN	15.8	21.6	-5.8	WI	17.5	25.5
MS	10.8	13.8	-3.1	WY	13.2	18.9

**Citation:** Authors' calculations using data from the 2018 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 11.4). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability. U.S. values were calculated based on the summation of state values. Persons living in institutions are not included. See <https://dhds.cdc.gov/methods> for more detail.

[1] The difference in percentage points between people who binge drink with and without a disability.

# Section 12: Social Security Administration Program

This section presents statistics on **Social Security Administration** Programs in the United States. Specifically, these data concern the number of **beneficiaries** served by, and the amount spent on, **Social Security Income** and **Social Security Disability Insurance**, by **disability status**. A table also addresses those who have concurrent benefits (are enrolled in both programs), by disability status. The principal source of this data is the **Social Security Administration**, specifically the 2019 Annual Statistical Supplement. The 2019 Annual Statistical Supplement provides information about programs administrated by the **Social Security Administration**. In part, data in the Supplement provide a basis for research and policy recommendations for the programs.

In this section, **disability status** under Social Security is based on the ability to work. A person is considered disabled if they cannot do the work they did before; cannot adjust to other work because of a medical condition; and disability has lasted or is expected to last for at least one year or result in death. Definitions for aged (65 and older), blindness (statutory blindness), disabled adult child(ren), disabled widow(er) are specific to the **Social Security Administration** and Social Security Act and can be found on the **Social Security Administration** website.

## Tables

**Table 12.1:** In December 2018, of the 8,127,632 individuals who received federally administered payments from the **Supplemental Security Income** program, 1,168,940 were eligible based on being 65 years or older, 68,649 were eligible based on blindness, and 6,890,043 were eligible based on **disability status**.

**Table 12.2:** In December 2018, of the \$54,839,947 of federally administered payments from the **Supplemental Security Income** program, \$5,922,942 was spent on individuals eligible based on being ages 65 years or older, \$463,108 was spent on individuals eligible based on blindness, and \$48,453,899 was spent on individuals eligible based on **disability status**.

**Table 12.3:** In December 2018, of the 1,147,781 individuals under age 18 who received federally administered payments from the **Supplemental Security Income** program, 5,983 were eligible based on blindness, and 1,137,573 were eligible based on **disability status**.

**Table 12.4:** In December 2018, of the 717,228 individuals who received federally administered payments from **Supplemental Security Income** program, 156,655 were under age 18, 459,954 were ages 18 to 64, and 100,619 were ages 65 and older.

**Table 12.5a:** In December 2018, of the 9,720,762 individuals who were beneficiaries under the **Social Security Disability Insurance** program, 8,371,241 were **disabled workers**, 250,004 were disabled widow(ers), and 1,099,517 were disabled adult children.

**Tables 12.5b–12.5g:** In December 2018, of the 9,720,762 individuals who were beneficiaries under the **Social Security Disability Insurance** program, 340,710 were receiving benefits on the basis of injuries.

**Table 12.6:** In December 2018, of the \$11,431,789 spent on individuals who were beneficiaries under the **Social Security Disability Insurance** program, \$10,349,882 was spent on individuals who were **disabled workers**, \$187,128 was spent on individuals who were disabled widows(ers), and \$894,780 was spent on individuals who were disabled adult children.

**Table 12.7a:** From 2017 to 2018, the total number of recipients of **Supplemental Security Income** changed by -1.2 percent. The number of total recipients had the greatest positive change in Wyoming (by 1.3 percent) and had the greatest negative change in Hawaii (by -3.2 percent). From 2017 to 2018, the number of aged (65 or older) recipients of **Supplemental Security Income** changed by -0.6 percent. The number of aged recipients had the greatest positive change in Wyoming (by 6.2 percent) and had the greatest negative change in North Dakota (by -4.3 percent).

**Table 12.7b:** From 2017 to 2018, the number of blind recipients of **Supplemental Security Income** changed by -0.4 percent. The number of blind recipients had the greatest positive change in Wyoming (by 7.5 percent) and had the greatest negative change in South Dakota (by -4.3 percent). From 2017 to 2018, the number of disabled recipients of **Supplemental Security Income** changed by -1.3 percent. The number of disabled recipients had the greatest positive change in Connecticut and Wyoming (by 1.0 percent) and had the greatest negative change in the District of Columbia and Hawaii (by -3.1 percent).

**Table 12.8a:** From 2017 to 2018, the total number of recipients of **Social Security Disability Insurance** changed by -1.4 percent. The total number

of beneficiaries had the greatest positive change in North Dakota (by 0.2 percent) and had the greatest negative change in California (by -2.6 percent). From 2017 to 2018, the number of **disabled workers** receiving **Social Security Disability Insurance** changed by -1.8 percent.

**Table 12.8b:** From 2017 to 2018, the total number of beneficiaries of **Social Security Disability Insurance** among disabled adult children changed by 2.0 percent. The total number of beneficiaries among disabled adult children had the greatest positive change in Nevada (by 6.3 percent) and had the least positive change in Ohio (by 0.5 percent). From 2017 to 2018, the number of disabled widow(er)s receiving **Social Security Disability Insurance** changed by -1.4 percent.

**Table 12.9–12.12:** The monthly number of **Social Security Disability Insurance** applicants changed from 154,330 in January of 2003 to 154,973 in October of 2019. The highest number can be found in October of 2010, reporting 293,682 beneficiaries. The lowest number can be found in December 2018, reporting 123,073.

**Table 12.1 Supplemental Security Income – Number of Recipients of Federally Administered Payments: December 2018**

State	Total	Eligibility Category			State	Total	Eligibility Category		
		Aged	Blind	Disabled			Aged	Blind	Disabled
U.S.	8,127,632	1,168,940	68,649	6,890,043	MO	136,317	6,943	943	128,431
AL	161,593	8,088	903	152,602	MT	17,893	1,422	131	16,340
AK	12,528	1,752	88	10,688	NE	28,262	2,340	246	25,676
AZ	118,534	17,393	1,143	99,998	NV	56,441	14,343	723	41,375
AR	105,231	4,858	681	99,692	NH	18,579	861	134	17,584
CA	1,239,522	355,577	17,277	866,668	NJ	180,121	37,088	842	142,191
CO	72,990	10,712	553	61,725	NM	62,929	8,275	504	54,150
CT	66,432	7,251	459	58,722	NY	629,203	117,252	3,076	508,875
DE	17,026	1,287	96	15,643	NC	228,762	17,346	1,863	209,553
DC	25,816	2,107	140	23,569	ND	8,411	661	70	7,680
FL	576,287	144,299	3,532	428,456	OH	308,223	16,618	2,052	289,553
GA	259,355	25,515	2,141	231,699	OK	96,201	6,088	681	89,432
HI	23,157	5,457	173	17,527	OR	88,149	9,609	621	77,919
ID	30,870	1,784	249	28,837	PA	355,511	24,537	2,090	328,884
IL	267,091	30,929	2,451	233,711	RI	32,946	3,371	167	29,408
IN	127,356	5,835	917	120,604	SC	115,152	7,721	1,282	106,149
IA	51,105	3,187	657	47,261	SD	14,639	1,487	133	13,019
KS	47,705	2,929	393	44,383	TN	176,336	10,980	1,499	163,857
KY	174,203	9,250	1,067	163,886	TX	649,561	104,305	6,900	538,356
LA	175,215	11,222	1,390	162,603	UT	31,489	2,852	257	28,380
ME	36,875	1,740	212	34,923	VT	15,237	925	80	14,232
MD	120,975	15,344	768	104,863	VA	155,879	17,639	1,151	137,089
MA	183,889	24,530	2,178	157,181	WA	149,201	17,479	910	130,812
MI	271,856	19,475	1,706	250,675	WV	72,326	2,325	447	69,554
MN	93,491	11,098	763	81,630	WI	116,776	6,734	885	109,157
MS	117,106	7,776	982	108,348	WY	6,880	344	43	6,493

Citation: Social Security Administration. (2019). Annual statistical supplement, Table 7.B1. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houettenville, A.J. (Eds.). Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 12.1). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. The total number of people receiving SSI in 2017. The blind and disabled categories include some individuals aged 65 or older. Data for this table can be found at <https://www.ssa.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/supplement/2019/7b.html>.

**Table 12.2 Supplemental Security Income – Total Federally Administered Payments: December 2018**

State	Total (\$)	Eligibility Category (\$)		State Total (\$)	Eligibility Category (\$)	
		Aged	Blind		Aged	Blind
U.S.	54,839,947	5,922,942	463,108	48,453,899	885,754	27,696
AL	1,046,136	25,917	5,293	1,014,926	112,411	4,946
AK	78,840	6,814	517	71,509	179,936	9,971
AZ	787,382	78,847	7,536	701,000	381,595	70,869
AR	690,851	14,201	4,073	672,578	118,316	3,982
CA	9,384,040	2,183,517	139,140	7,061,383	1,172,180	180,699
CO	478,406	51,146	3,520	423,740	401,363	30,530
CT	441,745	34,635	2,974	404,136	4,146,331	573,600
DE	114,658	5,727	596	108,334	1,502,866	60,518
DC	184,452	9,869	900	173,683	51,979	3,259
FL	3,746,736	758,882	22,273	2,965,581	2,097,409	76,500
GA	1,714,116	97,532	13,745	1,602,838	633,491	20,530
HI	162,604	28,258	1,228	133,117	589,677	44,330
ID	199,027	6,963	1,593	190,470	2,456,973	116,045
IL	1,808,426	152,179	16,168	1,640,080	214,241	15,119
IN	870,580	23,466	5,650	841,464	751,432	25,398
IA	326,002	12,066	3,853	310,082	92,101	6,569
KS	314,866	12,185	2,460	300,221	1,171,093	38,514
KY	1,127,309	31,625	6,772	1,088,912	4,063,251	417,166
LA	1,150,269	37,969	8,473	1,103,828	210,138	13,943
ME	235,047	5,957	1,304	227,787	99,293	3,968
MD	842,621	77,856	5,096	759,669	1,020,618	82,959
MA	1,186,221	126,677	13,080	1,046,463	1,026,617	96,352
MI	1,881,655	97,006	11,276	1,773,374	480,953	7,628
MN	635,833	62,575	5,102	568,156	782,964	27,256
MS	746,862	21,726	5,788	719,348	42,281	1,000

Citation: Social Security Administration. (2019). Annual statistical supplement, S.L., & Houetenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 12.2). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. The blind and disabled categories include some individuals aged 65 or older. Data for this table can be found at <https://www.ssa.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/supplement/2019/7b.html>.

[1] In thousands (54,839,947 represents 54,839,947,000), except as indicated.

**Table 12.3 Supplemental Security Income – Number of Recipients of Federally Administered Payments under Age 18: December 2018**

State	Total	Eligibility Category		State	Total	Eligibility Category	
		Blind	Disabled			Blind	Disabled
U.S.	1,147,781	5,983	1,137,573	MO	19,592	91	19,501
AL	21,477	54	21,423	MT	2,201	18	2,183
AK	1,168	7	1,161	NE	3,762	22	3,740
AZ	16,964	161	16,803	NV	9,690	79	9,611
AR	24,606	73	24,533	NH	2,160	22	2,138
CA	100,595	818	99,777	NJ	24,256	45	24,211
CO	8,642	64	8,578	NM	7,874	55	7,819
CT	8,452	23	8,429	NY	82,324	263	82,061
DE	3,315	N/A	N/A	NC	36,201	160	36,041
DC	3,756	3	3,753	ND	1,123	8	1,115
FL	97,884	310	97,574	OH	43,501	218	43,283
GA	42,529	256	42,273	OK	15,440	97	15,343
HI	1,263	14	1,249	OR	10,299	55	10,244
ID	5,012	26	4,986	PA	60,892	178	60,714
IL	35,560	220	35,340	RI	3,837	11	3,826
IN	21,853	90	21,763	SC	17,819	153	17,666
IA	7,996	83	7,913	SD	2,341	18	2,323
KS	8,490	49	8,441	TN	21,995	140	21,855
KY	24,579	98	24,481	TX	131,065	966	130,099
LA	32,273	108	32,165	UT	4,987	31	4,956
ME	3,879	16	3,863	VT	1,382	5	1,377
MD	18,872	58	18,814	VA	21,947	90	21,857
MA	21,190	216	20,974	WA	16,433	100	16,333
MI	35,556	154	35,402	WV	7,422	38	7,384
MN	12,546	67	12,479	WI	20,738	82	20,656
MS	19,133	70	19,063	WY	910	N/A	N/A

Citation: Social Security Administration. (2019). Annual statistical supplement, Table 7.B8. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houetenville, A.J. (Eds.). Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 12.3). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data for this table can be found at <https://www.ssa.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/supplement/2019/7b.html>.

**Table 12.4 Supplemental Security Income – Number of Awards of Federally Administered Payments, by Age: December 2018**

State	Total	Age Group			State	Total	Age Group		
		Under 18	18 to 64	65 or older			Under 18	18 to 64	65 or older
U.S.	717,228	156,655	459,954	100,619	MO	14,462	2,793	10,885	784
AL	14,544	2,755	11,038	751	MT	1,833	346	1,286	201
AK	1,157	153	776	228	NE	3,147	601	2,286	260
AZ	11,200	2,224	7,257	1,719	NV	5,732	1,271	3,410	1,051
AR	9,768	3,107	6,169	492	NH	2,235	365	1,789	81
CA	82,293	12,755	42,929	26,609	NJ	16,169	3,746	9,094	3,329
CO	7,923	1,333	5,185	1,405	NM	4,987	905	3,466	616
CT	7,121	1,289	5,063	769	NY	45,058	9,970	26,188	8,900
DE	1,990	472	1,352	166	NC	21,437	4,307	15,394	1,736
DC	2,133	487	1,391	255	ND	1,011	243	703	65
FL	59,557	15,132	32,349	12,076	OH	27,880	6,460	19,498	1,922
GA	28,935	6,261	19,971	2,703	OK	9,590	1,911	6,907	772
HI	2,109	182	1,353	574	OR	7,747	1,381	5,432	934
ID	2,992	732	2,058	202	PA	28,955	7,375	18,862	2,718
IL	23,153	4,892	15,479	2,782	RI	2,608	513	1,747	348
IN	13,311	3,102	9,455	754	SC	12,104	2,301	9,075	728
IA	5,585	1,580	3,649	356	SD	1,582	363	1,037	182
KS	5,406	1,195	3,839	372	TN	17,435	3,074	13,149	1,212
KY	13,090	3,192	8,816	1,082	TX	61,007	17,492	35,443	8,072
LA	15,784	4,273	10,389	1,122	UT	3,394	875	2,278	241
ME	2,973	480	2,298	195	VT	1,293	197	1,002	94
MD	11,799	2,619	7,869	1,311	VA	16,127	3,230	11,338	1,559
MA	14,350	3,120	8,504	2,726	WA	13,427	2,554	9,431	1,442
MI	24,454	4,815	17,677	1,962	WV	5,125	906	3,989	230
MN	8,588	1,847	5,731	1,010	WI	10,934	2,769	7,483	682
MS	10,895	2,576	7,539	780	WY	839	134	646	59

Citation: Social Security Administration. (2019). Annual statistical supplement, Table 7.B9. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houettenville, A.J. (Eds.). Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 12.4). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. <https://www.ssa.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/supplement/2019/7b.html>. Total number of people awarded benefits (new recipients) in 2018. The blind and disabled categories include some individuals aged 65 or older.

**Table 12.5a Social Security Disability Insurance – Number of Beneficiaries: December 2018**

State	Total	Type of Beneficiary (Disabled)			Type of Beneficiary (Disabled) Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult Children
		Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult Children			
<b>U.S.</b>	<b>9,720,762</b>	<b>8,371,241</b>	<b>250,004</b>	<b>1,099,517</b>	<b>209,607</b>	<b>7,192</b>	<b>25,151</b>
<b>AL</b>	<b>256,215</b>	<b>222,986</b>	<b>9,130</b>	<b>24,099</b>	<b>30,687</b>	<b>26,628</b>	<b>651</b>
<b>AK</b>	<b>13,858</b>	<b>11,944</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>1,614</b>	<b>48,206</b>	<b>40,704</b>	<b>934</b>
<b>AZ</b>	<b>172,102</b>	<b>151,124</b>	<b>3,926</b>	<b>17,052</b>	<b>72,135</b>	<b>64,745</b>	<b>1,752</b>
<b>AR</b>	<b>153,937</b>	<b>134,780</b>	<b>5,054</b>	<b>14,103</b>	<b>53,474</b>	<b>47,128</b>	<b>1,017</b>
<b>CA</b>	<b>757,075</b>	<b>641,737</b>	<b>15,664</b>	<b>99,674</b>	<b>224,220</b>	<b>191,337</b>	<b>4,536</b>
<b>CO</b>	<b>112,742</b>	<b>100,040</b>	<b>2,238</b>	<b>10,464</b>	<b>NM</b>	<b>72,193</b>	<b>63,955</b>
<b>CT</b>	<b>95,368</b>	<b>80,566</b>	<b>1,664</b>	<b>13,138</b>	<b>NY</b>	<b>574,609</b>	<b>486,264</b>
<b>DE</b>	<b>31,024</b>	<b>27,075</b>	<b>762</b>	<b>3,187</b>	<b>NC</b>	<b>361,233</b>	<b>314,113</b>
<b>DC</b>	<b>15,943</b>	<b>13,896</b>	<b>256</b>	<b>1,791</b>	<b>ND</b>	<b>16,827</b>	<b>14,095</b>
<b>FL</b>	<b>624,456</b>	<b>551,521</b>	<b>15,238</b>	<b>57,697</b>	<b>OH</b>	<b>403,498</b>	<b>344,385</b>
<b>GA</b>	<b>322,541</b>	<b>280,549</b>	<b>10,107</b>	<b>31,885</b>	<b>OK</b>	<b>143,009</b>	<b>124,606</b>
<b>HI</b>	<b>24,840</b>	<b>21,165</b>	<b>489</b>	<b>3,186</b>	<b>OR</b>	<b>122,022</b>	<b>105,296</b>
<b>ID</b>	<b>50,743</b>	<b>43,971</b>	<b>1,082</b>	<b>5,690</b>	<b>PA</b>	<b>460,540</b>	<b>395,568</b>
<b>IL</b>	<b>329,374</b>	<b>276,442</b>	<b>7,621</b>	<b>45,311</b>	<b>RI</b>	<b>42,023</b>	<b>36,471</b>
<b>IN</b>	<b>234,161</b>	<b>201,734</b>	<b>6,613</b>	<b>25,814</b>	<b>SC</b>	<b>198,718</b>	<b>172,718</b>
<b>IA</b>	<b>91,291</b>	<b>77,006</b>	<b>1,915</b>	<b>12,370</b>	<b>SD</b>	<b>22,145</b>	<b>18,842</b>
<b>KS</b>	<b>84,105</b>	<b>72,185</b>	<b>2,122</b>	<b>9,798</b>	<b>TN</b>	<b>277,595</b>	<b>241,307</b>
<b>KY</b>	<b>225,759</b>	<b>194,959</b>	<b>8,455</b>	<b>22,345</b>	<b>TX</b>	<b>638,606</b>	<b>553,435</b>
<b>LA</b>	<b>184,238</b>	<b>154,395</b>	<b>6,617</b>	<b>23,226</b>	<b>UT</b>	<b>53,941</b>	<b>46,048</b>
<b>ME</b>	<b>64,896</b>	<b>55,900</b>	<b>1,451</b>	<b>7,545</b>	<b>VT</b>	<b>25,346</b>	<b>21,828</b>
<b>MD</b>	<b>146,092</b>	<b>126,920</b>	<b>2,935</b>	<b>16,237</b>	<b>VA</b>	<b>240,028</b>	<b>207,901</b>
<b>MA</b>	<b>226,065</b>	<b>194,364</b>	<b>3,834</b>	<b>27,867</b>	<b>WA</b>	<b>197,114</b>	<b>171,397</b>
<b>MI</b>	<b>393,621</b>	<b>334,642</b>	<b>10,144</b>	<b>48,835</b>	<b>WV</b>	<b>101,477</b>	<b>86,060</b>
<b>MN</b>	<b>140,663</b>	<b>120,283</b>	<b>2,072</b>	<b>18,308</b>	<b>WI</b>	<b>186,423</b>	<b>158,502</b>
<b>MS</b>	<b>146,555</b>	<b>124,851</b>	<b>5,321</b>	<b>16,383</b>	<b>WY</b>	<b>15,079</b>	<b>13,266</b>

**Citation:** Social Security Administration. (2019). Annual statistical report on the social security disability insurance program. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 12.5a). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Table 9. Data for this table can be found at <https://www.sociaalsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/di-asr/2018/sect01b.html>.

**Table 12.5b Social Security Disability Insurance – Number of Beneficiaries, by Disability Type: December 2018**

State	Total Disabled	Congenital Anomalies	Endocrine, Nutritional, & Metabolic Diseases	Infectious & Parasitic Diseases	State	Total Disabled	Congenital Anomalies	Endocrine, Nutritional, & Metabolic Diseases	Infectious & Parasitic Diseases		
U.S.	9,720,762	42,306	257,294	111,886	340,710	MO	241,950	1,121	7,250	2,080	9,233
AL	256,215	855	8,592	2,303	9,880	MT	30,687	150	632	155	1,259
AK	13,858	83	295	101	565	NE	48,206	302	1,368	280	1,788
AZ	172,102	763	4,191	1,890	6,535	NV	72,135	299	1,854	965	2,779
AR	153,937	527	5,956	1,078	5,797	NH	53,474	219	879	219	1,441
CA	757,075	4,225	17,247	11,915	29,053	NJ	224,220	895	4,887	2,820	7,481
CO	112,742	664	2,618	1,165	4,554	NM	72,193	334	2,002	599	2,784
CT	95,368	361	2,165	1,036	2,561	NY	574,609	2,163	10,570	9,221	18,258
DE	31,024	140	660	407	1,019	NC	361,233	1,451	11,470	4,647	12,927
DC	15,943	33	427	646	444	ND	16,827	106	314	97	652
FL	624,456	2,683	16,912	12,521	22,398	OH	403,498	1,989	10,825	3,139	12,097
GA	322,541	1,129	9,552	6,038	12,319	OK	143,009	454	4,552	972	4,776
HI	24,840	100	483	349	825	OR	122,022	543	2,886	1,092	4,339
ID	50,743	263	1,225	278	1,864	PA	460,540	2,175	10,882	4,268	16,792
IL	329,374	1,717	8,932	3,613	10,278	RI	42,023	151	712	300	1,044
IN	234,161	860	7,796	1,874	7,338	SC	198,718	661	5,434	2,331	7,418
IA	91,291	536	2,875	468	3,051	SD	22,145	135	450	103	796
KS	84,105	449	2,200	523	2,864	TN	277,595	983	8,859	2,252	9,238
KY	225,759	738	5,752	1,388	7,478	TX	638,606	2,623	21,286	9,126	25,710
LA	184,238	645	4,934	2,514	7,204	UT	53,941	456	1,265	327	1,725
ME	64,896	206	1,562	308	2,006	VT	25,346	137	443	123	756
MD	146,092	724	3,789	2,794	5,170	VA	240,028	1,000	6,241	2,759	7,790
MA	226,065	949	3,768	2,342	6,015	WA	197,114	862	4,542	1,735	6,295
MI	393,621	1,485	10,265	2,620	12,300	WV	101,477	307	3,420	637	4,417
MN	140,663	788	2,234	848	4,650	WI	186,423	1,307	4,143	1,050	5,877
MS	146,555	482	5,458	1,497	6,198	WY	15,079	78	240	73	672

**Citation:** Social Security Administration. (2019). Annual statistical report on the social security disability insurance program. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 12.5b). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Table 10. Data for this table can be found at [https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/di\\_asr/2018/sect01b.html](https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/di_asr/2018/sect01b.html).

**Table 12.5c Social Security Disability Insurance – Number of Beneficiaries, by Disability Type: December 2018**

State	Total Disabled	Diseases of the—				State Total Disabled	Diseases of the—		
		Blood & Blood-Forming Organs	Circulatory System	Digestive System	Genitourinary System		Blood & Blood-Forming Organs	Circulatory System	Digestive System
U.S.	9,720,762	26,568	690,692	144,806	163,370	MO	241,950	620	16,881
AL	256,215	929	20,797	3,407	3,823	MT	30,687	42	1,510
AK	13,858	30	776	202	202	NE	48,206	89	3,104
AZ	172,102	369	10,536	2,865	3,342	NV	72,135	194	5,084
AR	153,937	403	12,627	2,327	1,928	NH	53,474	64	2,293
CA	757,075	1,689	45,562	11,164	17,560	NJ	224,220	752	16,140
CO	112,742	184	5,542	2,154	1,769	NM	72,193	103	3,351
CT	95,368	235	5,303	1,313	1,362	NY	574,609	1,660	35,328
DE	31,024	96	2,264	429	572	NC	361,233	1,250	29,358
DC	15,943	69	1,263	160	495	ND	16,827	28	952
FL	624,456	2,287	50,483	11,014	10,834	OH	403,498	968	29,557
GA	322,541	1,464	29,897	4,901	7,694	OK	143,009	243	10,930
HI	24,840	25	1,972	240	927	OR	122,022	219	6,304
ID	50,743	93	2,574	934	615	PA	460,540	1,175	31,185
IL	329,374	1,047	25,509	4,280	6,096	RI	42,023	92	2,033
IN	234,161	552	18,867	3,850	3,363	SC	198,718	844	17,097
IA	91,291	138	5,660	1,223	1,022	SD	22,145	26	1,239
KS	84,105	161	5,433	1,416	1,139	TN	277,595	697	22,463
KY	225,759	388	16,370	3,320	2,359	TX	638,606	1,719	51,751
LA	184,238	717	17,279	2,473	3,329	UT	53,941	70	2,422
ME	64,896	105	3,299	1,062	449	VT	25,346	34	864
MD	146,092	631	11,478	2,189	3,449	VA	240,028	806	19,411
MA	226,065	419	10,118	3,049	2,104	WA	197,114	390	10,183
MI	393,621	1,016	26,770	5,806	5,372	WV	101,477	169	7,677
MN	140,663	242	7,156	1,701	1,737	WI	186,423	406	10,362
MS	146,555	601	14,873	1,796	3,024	WY	15,079	18	805

Citation: Social Security Administration. (2019). Annual statistical report on the social security disability insurance program. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 12.5c). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability, Table 10. Data for this table can be found at [https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/di\\_asr/2018/sect01b.html](https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/di_asr/2018/sect01b.html).

**Table 12.5d Social Security Disability Insurance – Number of Beneficiaries, by Disability Type: December 2018**

State	Total Disabled	Diseases of the—			State	Total Disabled	Diseases of the—			Skin & Subcutaneous Tissue	
		Musculoskeletal System	Nervous System & Sense Organs	Respiratory System			Musculoskeletal System	Nervous System & Sense Organs	Respiratory System		
U.S.	9,720,762	2,882,812	948,641	248,556	22,526	WV	241,950	75,476	23,920	7,937	557
AL	256,215	91,594	22,657	6,479	740	MT	30,687	8,979	3,586	1,004	60
AK	13,858	3,752	1,422	247	35	NE	48,206	12,097	5,514	1,358	119
AZ	172,102	49,118	19,417	3,856	395	NV	72,135	23,068	7,674	1,881	256
AR	153,937	50,759	13,837	4,437	515	NH	53,474	11,696	4,661	1,140	89
CA	757,075	217,300	77,008	9,954	1,517	NJ	224,220	65,508	22,766	4,706	476
CO	112,742	32,811	14,776	3,119	212	NM	72,193	22,742	6,895	1,566	157
CT	95,368	22,654	9,268	1,862	203	NY	574,609	195,691	51,692	12,198	985
DE	31,024	10,272	3,074	884	65	NC	361,233	111,157	34,021	10,922	988
DC	15,943	3,082	1,373	313	45	ND	16,827	4,194	1,902	426	48
FL	624,456	195,713	60,889	16,413	1,883	OH	403,498	110,419	36,606	14,149	903
GA	322,541	100,704	30,413	9,214	813	OK	143,009	46,094	12,609	4,523	358
HI	24,840	5,075	2,302	322	65	OR	122,022	36,537	13,551	2,468	301
ID	50,743	14,762	5,634	1,296	126	PA	460,540	140,644	44,374	12,308	915
IL	329,374	84,654	35,472	9,188	694	RI	42,023	10,370	3,728	895	92
IN	234,161	66,936	24,305	9,088	505	SC	198,718	67,121	18,634	6,116	529
IA	91,291	23,405	9,302	2,910	167	SD	22,145	5,719	2,741	587	62
KS	84,105	23,387	8,637	2,509	182	TN	277,595	90,596	24,580	8,908	636
KY	225,759	78,611	18,249	7,870	559	TX	638,606	175,918	67,454	12,918	1,379
LA	184,238	58,833	15,837	4,316	494	UT	53,941	13,892	6,654	1,288	102
ME	64,896	17,260	5,770	1,565	215	VT	25,346	6,364	2,304	642	45
MD	146,092	38,568	14,928	3,682	346	VA	240,028	68,847	22,706	6,828	605
MA	226,065	51,003	19,139	3,911	345	WA	197,114	55,754	19,955	3,846	509
MI	393,621	121,057	37,738	10,941	983	WV	101,477	33,045	8,220	4,240	242
MN	140,663	32,073	14,864	2,612	263	WI	186,423	51,365	20,732	4,024	361
MS	146,555	41,886	13,036	4,015	357	WY	15,079	4,250	1,815	675	28

Citation: Social Security Administration. (2019). Annual statistical report on the social security disability insurance program. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 12.5d). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Table 10. Data for this table can be found at [https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/di\\_asr/2018/sect01b.html](https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/di_asr/2018/sect01b.html).

**Table 12.5e Social Security Disability Insurance – Number of Beneficiaries, by Disability Type: December 2018**

State	Total Disabled	Neoplasms All Mental Disorders	All Mental Other	Unknown	State	Total Disabled	Neoplasms	All Mental Disorders	Other	Unknown	
U.S.	9,720,762	279,638	3,336,482	21,688	202,787	MO	241,950	6,445	78,871	466	3,991
AL	256,215	5,532	72,952	691	4,984	MT	30,687	830	10,936	63	610
AK	13,858	407	5,474	47	220	NE	48,206	1,328	18,296	113	1,035
AZ	172,102	4,858	60,370	543	3,054	NV	72,135	2,031	21,871	188	1,266
AR	153,937	3,870	46,929	256	2,691	NH	53,474	1,262	27,546	110	841
CA	757,075	23,296	273,911	1,781	13,893	NJ	224,220	7,510	77,245	595	4,619
CO	112,742	3,416	37,294	330	2,134	NM	72,193	1,570	26,120	236	1,345
CT	95,368	2,995	41,635	179	2,236	NY	574,609	17,545	190,437	959	13,074
DE	31,024	918	9,608	64	552	NC	361,233	10,865	111,581	912	7,113
DC	15,943	386	6,787	32	388	ND	16,827	464	6,799	25	324
FL	624,456	21,699	184,465	1,313	12,949	OH	403,498	11,368	149,989	698	9,679
GA	322,541	9,760	91,285	741	6,617	OK	143,009	3,451	47,557	239	2,112
HI	24,840	929	10,655	68	503	OR	122,022	3,360	44,149	273	2,266
ID	50,743	1,324	18,750	133	872	PA	460,540	13,109	158,161	1,138	10,077
IL	329,374	10,265	120,746	793	6,090	RI	42,023	1,117	19,718	98	740
IN	234,161	6,613	76,553	534	5,127	SC	198,718	5,415	56,087	460	3,782
IA	91,291	2,846	35,532	148	2,008	SD	22,145	667	8,527	55	373
KS	84,105	2,348	31,139	188	1,530	TN	277,595	7,389	82,480	585	9,291
KY	225,759	4,992	72,726	543	4,416	TX	638,606	18,186	211,143	1,358	12,529
LA	184,238	4,779	55,771	389	4,724	UT	53,941	1,307	21,399	153	1,285
ME	64,896	1,648	28,208	144	1,089	VT	25,346	561	11,949	89	548
MD	146,092	4,475	49,841	328	3,700	VA	240,028	7,434	81,824	518	4,965
MA	226,065	5,836	111,547	575	4,945	WA	197,114	5,733	76,874	455	3,741
MI	393,621	10,676	137,397	770	8,425	WV	101,477	2,658	30,224	240	3,472
MN	140,663	4,328	64,437	302	2,428	WI	186,423	5,213	72,177	407	4,283
MS	146,555	4,253	45,134	301	3,644	WY	15,079	371	5,376	62	207

**Citation:** Social Security Administration. (2019). Annual statistical report on the social security disability insurance program. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 12.5e). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Table 10. Data for this table can be found at [https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/di\\_asr/2018/sect01b.html](https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/di_asr/2018/sect01b.html).

**Table 12.5f Social Security Disability Insurance – Number of Beneficiaries, by Disability Type: December 2018**

State	All Mental Disorders	Autistic Disorders	Developmental Disorders	Other Adolescent Disorders	Intellectual Disability	State	All Mental Disorders	Autistic Disorders	Developmental Disorders	Other Adolescent Disorders	Intellectual Disability
U.S.	3,336,482	81,737	16,380	15,443	841,221	MO	78,871	1,965	242	390	21,929
AL	72,952	1,155	146	278	20,798	MT	10,936	285	59	55	2,749
AK	5,474	214	14	40	1,212	NE	18,296	446	48	101	5,746
AZ	60,370	1,300	254	240	11,834	NV	21,871	453	123	92	3,993
AR	46,929	700	152	202	13,742	NH	27,546	798	168	237	3,412
CA	273,911	7,492	1,459	824	58,435	NJ	77,245	2,971	709	352	18,515
CO	37,294	773	178	166	8,069	NM	26,120	392	198	106	5,060
CT	41,635	1,388	170	162	9,989	NY	190,437	5,742	1,842	799	51,385
DE	9,608	327	58	36	2,816	NC	111,581	2,474	480	403	33,702
DC	6,787	87	115	36	1,696	ND	6,799	211	28	33	2,220
FL	184,465	4,121	573	642	39,615	OH	149,989	3,402	371	622	40,080
GA	91,285	1,703	244	344	26,027	OK	47,557	675	189	147	13,835
HI	10,655	242	12	26	1,999	OR	44,149	1,813	134	354	9,560
ID	18,750	622	97	166	4,255	PA	158,161	3,754	923	888	43,944
IL	120,746	3,054	1,042	439	35,006	RI	19,718	472	90	142	3,674
IN	76,553	1,698	310	302	23,189	SC	56,087	853	210	175	16,493
IA	35,532	776	157	389	12,069	SD	8,527	202	65	73	2,641
KS	31,139	940	78	208	8,782	TN	82,480	1,194	231	283	21,879
KY	72,726	1,013	230	303	18,622	TX	211,143	4,696	960	1,069	47,723
LA	55,771	1,016	249	217	20,494	UT	21,399	795	103	149	5,705
ME	28,208	885	110	134	5,380	VT	11,949	432	64	124	2,076
MD	49,841	1,448	411	248	12,971	VA	81,824	2,057	279	431	22,608
MA	111,547	3,167	842	691	16,782	WA	76,874	2,277	368	486	14,665
MI	137,397	3,379	818	711	33,836	WV	30,224	490	93	151	10,622
MN	64,437	2,110	159	320	15,935	WI	72,177	2,606	280	482	19,156
MS	45,134	534	226	137	12,846	WY	5,376	138	19	38	1,450

Citation: Social Security Administration. (2019). Annual statistical report on the social security disability insurance program. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houetenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 12.5f). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability, Table 10A. Data for this table can be found at [https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/di\\_asr/2018/sect01b.html](https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/di_asr/2018/sect01b.html).

**Table 12.5g Social Security Disability Insurance – Number of Beneficiaries, by Disability Type: December 2018**

State	All Mental Disorders	Mood Disorders	Organic Mental Disorders	Schizophrenic and Other Psychotic Disorders	Other	State	All Mental Disorders	Mood Disorders	Organic Mental Disorders	Schizophrenic and Other Psychotic Disorders	Other
U.S.	3,336,482	1,216,208	306,777	464,855	393,861	MO	78,871	27,442	6,386	10,797	9,720
AL	72,952	26,279	6,334	9,221	8,741	MT	10,936	2,999	1,438	1,435	1,916
AK	5,474	1,330	711	1,118	835	NE	18,296	5,829	1,554	2,490	2,082
AZ	60,370	24,004	7,703	8,301	6,734	NV	21,871	8,390	2,173	3,793	2,854
AR	46,929	17,199	3,674	5,404	5,856	NH	27,546	11,407	2,160	2,198	7,166
CA	273,911	102,420	25,204	53,549	24,528	NJ	77,245	28,231	6,179	13,487	6,801
CO	37,294	13,053	4,388	5,453	5,214	NM	26,120	9,515	3,186	3,026	4,637
CT	41,635	15,181	3,985	6,642	4,118	NY	190,437	66,136	11,209	32,030	21,294
DE	9,608	3,296	910	1,313	852	NC	111,581	36,640	10,843	15,135	11,904
DC	6,787	2,256	830	1,499	268	ND	6,799	1,542	922	973	870
FL	184,465	73,504	19,241	29,010	17,759	OH	149,989	57,286	10,658	19,263	18,307
GA	91,285	30,272	9,681	13,774	9,240	OK	47,557	16,623	4,966	5,526	5,596
HI	10,655	3,437	1,406	2,285	1,248	OR	44,149	13,588	4,598	6,071	8,031
ID	18,750	6,306	1,834	2,209	3,261	PA	158,161	61,783	11,107	20,233	15,529
IL	120,746	44,242	9,275	17,418	10,270	RI	19,718	8,349	1,492	2,124	3,375
IN	76,553	24,952	7,326	9,396	9,380	SC	56,087	18,331	5,918	7,392	6,715
IA	35,532	9,771	3,525	4,403	4,442	SD	8,527	2,203	1,180	1,097	1,066
KS	31,139	9,990	3,120	3,895	4,126	TN	82,480	32,859	7,695	9,051	9,288
KY	72,726	28,342	8,242	5,934	10,040	TX	211,143	86,972	19,789	25,604	24,330
LA	55,771	17,231	3,855	7,614	5,095	UT	21,399	5,938	2,668	3,084	2,957
ME	28,208	10,385	2,369	2,469	6,476	VT	11,949	4,108	1,200	1,189	2,756
MD	49,841	17,064	6,271	7,643	3,785	VA	81,824	28,633	7,463	11,162	9,191
MA	111,547	48,096	8,932	13,528	19,509	WA	76,874	25,504	9,041	10,356	14,177
MI	137,397	52,619	13,548	18,931	13,555	WV	30,224	10,083	2,583	2,137	4,065
MN	64,437	22,997	7,032	8,347	7,537	WI	72,177	22,891	6,373	9,033	11,356
MS	45,134	17,213	3,819	6,162	4,197	WY	5,376	1,487	781	651	812

**Citation:** Social Security Administration. (2019). Annual statistical report on the social security disability insurance program. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houetenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 12.5g). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data for this table can be found at [https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/di\\_asri/2018/sec01b.html](https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/di_asri/2018/sec01b.html).

**Table 12.6 Social Security Disability Insurance – Total Annual Benefits: December 2018**

State	Total (\$)	[1] Type of Beneficiary (Disabled, \$)	[1]		State Total (\$)	[1] Type of Beneficiary (Disabled, \$)	[1]	
			Workers	Widow(er)s			Workers	Widow(er)s
U.S.	11,431,789	10,349,882	187,128	894,780	MO	276,433	251,732	4,988
AL	294,914	270,057	6,488	18,368	MT	34,244	31,059	511
AK	16,100	14,564	249	1,287	NE	53,223	47,227	642
AZ	210,730	193,709	2,997	14,023	NV	90,035	83,868	1,426
AR	172,271	158,454	3,380	10,437	NH	64,945	59,930	725
CA	908,913	813,757	12,778	82,378	NJ	289,317	260,274	3,636
CO	135,764	125,381	1,760	8,622	NM	80,804	74,667	1,139
CT	116,252	103,602	1,290	11,360	NY	691,854	617,214	8,395
DE	39,089	35,707	583	2,799	NC	422,136	386,681	6,958
DC	16,620	15,138	188	1,294	ND	18,358	16,271	199
FL	748,680	691,402	11,131	46,147	OH	457,720	409,514	8,893
GA	378,482	346,570	7,143	24,769	OK	162,050	147,859	3,525
HI	29,991	26,850	401	2,740	OR	142,542	128,839	2,325
ID	58,446	53,124	827	4,495	PA	542,689	489,442	8,395
IL	391,004	346,306	5,890	38,808	RI	48,504	44,242	602
IN	276,109	249,331	5,013	21,765	SC	236,699	216,839	4,487
IA	101,785	90,604	1,351	9,830	SD	23,971	21,616	263
KS	96,536	87,097	1,503	7,936	TN	317,432	290,047	6,495
KY	257,850	234,796	6,349	16,705	TX	740,085	673,326	13,913
LA	205,954	182,898	5,409	17,647	UT	63,453	56,867	909
ME	71,325	64,708	1,029	5,588	VT	28,027	25,381	308
MD	178,659	162,437	2,276	13,947	VA	284,310	259,014	4,676
MA	266,358	241,115	2,863	22,380	WA	236,656	215,042	3,465
MI	475,832	424,585	8,321	42,926	WV	118,746	106,490	3,210
MN	163,354	147,021	1,470	14,863	WI	216,269	193,794	2,416
MS	162,385	147,029	3,671	11,685	WY	17,884	16,405	267

**Citation:** Social Security Administration. (2019). Annual statistical report on the social security disability insurance program. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 12.6). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data for this table can be found at [https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/di\\_asr/2018/sect01b.html](https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/di_asr/2018/sect01b.html).

[1] In thousands of dollars (10,349,882 represents 10,349,882 unless where noted.

**Table 12.7a Supplemental Security Income – Change in the Number of Recipients of Federally Administered Payments, by Total and Age: 2017 to 2018**

State	Total		Age Eligible		% Change [1]	State	Total		% Change [1]	2017 Age Eligible	2018 Age Eligible	% Change [1]	
	2017	2018	2017	2018			2017	2018					
<b>U.S.</b>	8,226,649	8,127,632	-1.2	1,176,334	1,168,940	-0.6	<b>MO</b>	137,771	136,317	-1.1	7,012	6,943	-1.0
<b>AL</b>	165,007	161,593	-2.1	8,359	8,088	-3.2	<b>MT</b>	18,232	17,893	-1.9	1,376	1,422	3.3
<b>AK</b>	12,572	12,528	-0.3	1,753	1,752	-0.1	<b>NE</b>	28,249	28,262	0.0	2,346	2,340	-0.3
<b>AZ</b>	119,378	118,534	-0.7	17,285	17,393	0.6	<b>NV</b>	55,841	56,441	1.1	14,016	14,343	2.3
<b>AR</b>	107,563	105,231	-2.2	5,047	4,858	-3.7	<b>NH</b>	19,028	18,579	-2.4	895	861	-3.8
<b>CA</b>	1,262,537	1,239,522	-1.8	360,178	355,577	-1.3	<b>NJ</b>	181,806	180,121	-0.9	37,068	37,088	0.1
<b>CO</b>	73,309	72,990	-0.4	10,416	10,712	2.8	<b>NM</b>	63,667	62,929	-1.2	8,362	8,275	-1.0
<b>CT</b>	65,801	66,432	1.0	7,197	7,251	0.8	<b>NY</b>	638,132	629,203	-1.4	118,529	117,252	-1.1
<b>DE</b>	16,911	17,026	0.7	1,291	1,287	-0.3	<b>NC</b>	232,314	228,762	-1.5	17,749	17,346	-2.3
<b>DC</b>	26,617	25,816	-3.0	2,156	2,107	-2.3	<b>ND</b>	8,452	8,411	-0.5	691	661	-4.3
<b>FL</b>	578,732	576,287	-0.4	143,369	144,299	0.6	<b>OH</b>	310,312	308,223	-0.7	16,295	16,618	2.0
<b>GA</b>	259,665	259,355	-0.1	25,341	25,515	0.7	<b>OK</b>	96,794	96,201	-0.6	6,092	6,088	-0.1
<b>HI</b>	23,922	23,157	-3.2	5,653	5,457	-3.5	<b>OR</b>	88,601	88,149	-0.5	9,628	9,609	-0.2
<b>ID</b>	30,862	30,870	0.0	1,784	1,784	0.0	<b>PA</b>	360,941	355,511	-1.5	24,370	24,537	0.7
<b>IL</b>	270,954	267,091	-1.4	31,198	30,929	-0.9	<b>RI</b>	33,121	32,946	-0.5	3,381	3,371	-0.3
<b>IN</b>	128,475	127,356	-0.9	5,762	5,835	1.3	<b>SC</b>	116,611	115,152	-1.3	7,927	7,721	-2.6
<b>IA</b>	51,151	51,105	-0.1	3,218	3,187	-1.0	<b>SD</b>	14,887	14,639	-1.7	1,470	1,487	1.2
<b>KS</b>	48,238	47,705	-1.1	2,976	2,929	-1.6	<b>TN</b>	179,081	176,336	-1.5	11,222	10,980	-2.2
<b>KY</b>	177,903	174,203	-2.1	9,360	9,250	-1.2	<b>TX</b>	657,812	649,561	-1.3	105,446	104,305	-1.1
<b>LA</b>	177,306	175,215	-1.2	11,493	11,222	-2.4	<b>UT</b>	31,720	31,489	-0.7	2,867	2,852	-0.5
<b>ME</b>	37,303	36,875	-1.1	1,747	1,740	-0.4	<b>VT</b>	15,435	15,237	-1.3	942	925	-1.8
<b>MD</b>	122,270	120,975	-1.1	15,523	15,344	-1.2	<b>VA</b>	157,590	155,879	-1.1	18,010	17,639	-2.1
<b>MA</b>	186,306	183,889	-1.3	23,926	24,530	2.5	<b>WA</b>	150,356	149,201	-0.8	17,592	17,479	-0.6
<b>MI</b>	274,896	271,856	-1.1	19,434	19,475	0.2	<b>WV</b>	73,901	72,326	-2.1	2,376	2,325	-2.1
<b>MN</b>	93,851	93,491	-0.4	11,097	11,098	0.0	<b>WI</b>	118,089	116,776	-1.1	6,778	6,734	-0.6
<b>MS</b>	119,582	117,106	-2.1	8,007	7,776	-2.9	<b>WY</b>	6,795	6,880	1.3	324	344	6.2

**Citation:** Social Security Administration. (2018–2019). 2018 and 2019 Annual statistical supplement, Table 7.B1. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L. & Houetenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 12.7a). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Please note that the 2018 Annual Statistical Supplement has data from December 2017 (and can be found at <https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/supplement/2018/7b.html>) and the 2019 Annual Statistical Supplement has data from December 2018 (and can be found at <https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/supplement/2019/7b.html>).

[1] The percent change in number from 2017 to 2018.

**Table 12.7b Supplemental Security Income – Change in the Number of Recipients of Federally Administered Payments, by Blind and Disabled: 2017 to 2018**

State	Blind		Disabled		State	Blind		Disabled		
	2017	2018	% Change [1]	2017	2018	% Change [1]	2017	2018	% Change [1]	
U.S.	68,942	68,649	-0.4	6,981,373	6,890,043	-1.3	MO	930	943	1.4
AL	868	903	4.0	155,780	152,602	-2.0	MT	130	131	0.8
AK	89	88	-1.1	10,730	10,688	-0.4	NE	242	246	1.7
AZ	1,120	1,143	2.1	100,973	99,998	-1.0	NV	742	723	-2.6
AR	664	681	2.6	101,852	99,692	-2.1	NH	136	134	-1.5
CA	17,811	17,277	-3.0	884,548	866,668	-2.0	NJ	817	842	3.1
CO	531	553	4.1	62,362	61,725	-1.0	NM	494	504	2.0
CT	451	459	1.8	58,153	58,722	1.0	NY	3,018	3,076	1.9
DE	91	96	5.5	15,529	15,643	0.7	NC	1,877	1,863	-0.7
DC	135	140	3.7	24,326	23,569	-3.1	ND	70	70	0.0
FL	3,477	3,532	1.6	431,886	428,456	-0.8	OH	2,019	2,052	1.6
GA	2,121	2,141	0.9	232,203	231,699	-0.2	OK	675	681	0.9
HI	172	173	0.6	18,097	17,527	-3.1	OR	641	621	-3.1
ID	249	249	0.0	28,829	28,837	0.0	PA	2,045	2,090	2.2
IL	2,486	2,451	-1.4	237,270	233,711	-1.5	RI	160	167	4.4
IN	928	917	-1.2	121,785	120,604	-1.0	SC	1,272	1,282	0.8
IA	677	657	-3.0	47,256	47,261	0.0	SD	139	133	-4.3
KS	379	393	3.7	44,883	44,383	-1.1	TN	1,489	1,499	0.7
KY	1,092	1,067	-2.3	167,451	163,886	-2.1	TX	6,888	6,900	0.2
LA	1,394	1,390	-0.3	164,419	162,603	-1.1	UT	242	257	6.2
ME	220	212	-3.6	35,336	34,923	-1.2	VT	83	80	-3.6
MD	755	768	1.7	105,992	104,863	-1.1	VA	1,159	1,151	-0.7
MA	2,242	2,178	-2.9	160,138	157,181	-1.8	WA	914	910	-0.4
MI	1,687	1,706	1.1	253,775	250,675	-1.2	WV	462	447	-3.2
MN	743	763	2.7	82,011	81,630	-0.5	WI	894	885	-1.0
MS	982	982	0.0	110,593	108,348	-2.0	WY	40	43	7.5

**Citation:** Social Security Administration. (2018–2019). 2018 and 2019 Annual statistical supplement Table 7.B1. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.) Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 12.7b). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. The blind and disabled categories include some individuals aged 65 or older. Please note that the 2018 Annual Statistical Supplement has data from December 2017 (and can be found at <https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/supplement/2018/7b.html>) and the 2019 Annual Statistical Supplement has data from December 2018 (and can be found at <https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/supplement/2019/7b.html>).

[1] The percent change in number between 2017 and 2018.

**Table 12.8a Social Security Disability Insurance – Change in the Number of Beneficiaries of Federally Administered Payments, by Total and Disabled Worker: 2017 to 2018**

State	2017	Total		Disabled Worker		State	2017	Total		Disabled Worker			
		2018	% Change [1]	2017	2018			2018	% Change [1]				
U.S.	9,855,693	9,720,762	-1.4	8,524,607	8,371,241	-1.8	MO	245,674	241,950	-1.5	213,655	209,607	-1.9
AL	259,543	256,215	-1.3	226,922	222,986	-1.7	MT	31,297	30,687	-1.9	27,274	26,628	-2.4
AK	14,171	13,858	-2.2	12,317	11,944	-3.0	NE	48,665	48,206	-0.9	41,249	40,704	-1.3
AZ	173,625	172,102	-0.9	153,257	151,124	-1.4	NV	72,715	72,135	-0.8	65,664	64,745	-1.4
AR	156,291	153,937	-1.5	137,228	134,780	-1.8	NH	53,967	53,474	-0.9	47,738	47,128	-1.3
CA	777,363	757,075	-2.6	663,886	641,737	-3.3	NJ	229,352	224,220	-2.2	196,663	191,337	-2.7
CO	114,954	112,742	-1.9	102,531	100,040	-2.4	NM	72,954	72,193	-1.0	64,863	63,955	-1.4
CT	95,905	95,368	-0.6	81,260	80,566	-0.9	NY	581,746	574,609	-1.2	493,907	486,264	-1.5
DE	31,085	31,024	-0.2	27,255	27,075	-0.7	NC	366,833	361,233	-1.5	320,583	314,113	-2.0
DC	16,255	15,943	-1.9	14,284	13,896	-2.7	ND	16,793	16,827	0.2	14,114	14,095	-0.1
FL	630,165	624,456	-0.9	558,750	551,521	-1.3	OH	409,989	403,498	-1.6	351,027	344,385	-1.9
GA	323,547	322,541	-0.3	282,646	280,549	-0.7	OK	143,820	143,009	-0.6	125,634	124,606	-0.8
HI	25,446	24,840	-2.4	21,813	21,165	-3.0	OR	124,127	122,022	-1.7	107,703	105,296	-2.2
ID	51,005	50,743	-0.5	44,432	43,971	-1.0	PA	465,000	460,540	-1.0	400,818	395,568	-1.3
IL	334,617	329,374	-1.6	282,120	276,442	-2.0	RI	42,620	42,023	-1.4	37,133	36,471	-1.8
IN	237,701	234,161	-1.5	205,562	201,734	-1.9	SC	200,034	198,718	-0.7	174,597	172,718	-1.1
IA	91,736	91,291	-0.5	77,521	77,006	-0.7	SD	22,264	22,145	-0.5	18,994	18,842	-0.8
KS	84,984	84,105	-1.0	73,174	72,185	-1.4	TN	281,154	277,595	-1.3	245,370	241,307	-1.7
KY	229,630	225,759	-1.7	199,178	194,959	-2.1	TX	645,909	638,606	-1.1	562,264	553,435	-1.6
LA	185,660	184,238	-0.8	156,107	154,395	-1.1	UT	54,603	53,941	-1.2	46,926	46,048	-1.9
ME	65,860	64,896	-1.5	57,062	55,900	-2.0	VT	25,668	25,346	-1.3	22,203	21,828	-1.7
MD	148,168	146,092	-1.4	129,481	126,920	-2.0	VA	242,313	240,028	-0.9	210,694	207,901	-1.3
MA	231,503	226,065	-2.3	199,966	194,364	-2.8	WA	201,625	197,114	-2.2	176,269	171,397	-2.8
MI	399,608	393,621	-1.5	341,200	334,642	-1.9	WV	103,089	101,477	-1.6	87,754	86,060	-1.9
MN	142,361	140,663	-1.2	122,142	120,283	-1.5	WI	188,540	186,423	-1.1	160,916	158,502	-1.5
MS	148,678	146,555	-1.4	127,181	124,851	-1.8	WY	15,081	15,079	0.0	13,320	13,266	-0.4

Citation: Social Security Administration. (2018-2019). 2018 and 2019 Annual Statistical Supplement, Table 5.J14. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L. & Houetenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 12.8a). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Please note that the 2018 Annual Statistical Supplement has data from December 2017 (and can be found at <https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/supplement/2018/5j.html>) and the 2019 Annual Statistical Supplement has data from December 2018 (and can be found at [www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/supplement/2019/5j.html](https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/supplement/2019/5j.html)).

[1] The percent change in number between 2017 and 2018.

**Table 12.8b Social Security Disability Insurance – Change in the Number of Beneficiaries of Federally Administered Payments: 2017 to 2018**

State	Disabled Adult Children 2017		Disabled Widow(er)s 2018		% Change [1]	State	Disabled Adult Children 2017		Disabled Adult Children 2018		% Change [1]	Disabled Widower)s 2017	Disabled Widower)s 2018	% Change [1]
	2017	2018	2017	2018			2017	2018	% Change [1]	2017	2018			
U.S.	1,077,553	1,099,517	2.0	253,533	250,004	-1.4	MO	24,685	25,151	1.9	7,334	7,192	-1.9	
AL	23,513	24,099	2.5	9,108	9,130	0.2	MT	3,348	3,408	1.8	675	651	-3.6	
AK	1,556	1,614	3.7	298	300	0.7	NE	6,491	6,568	1.2	925	934	1.0	
AZ	16,396	17,052	4.0	3,972	3,926	-1.2	NV	5,303	5,638	6.3	1,748	1,752	0.2	
AR	14,003	14,103	0.7	5,060	5,054	-0.1	NH	5,223	5,329	2.0	1,006	1,017	1.1	
CA	97,236	99,674	2.5	16,241	15,664	-3.6	NJ	28,039	28,347	1.1	4,650	4,536	-2.5	
CO	10,153	10,464	3.1	2,270	2,238	-1.4	NM	6,519	6,704	2.8	1,572	1,534	-2.4	
CT	12,988	13,138	1.2	1,657	1,664	0.4	NY	76,379	77,329	1.2	11,460	11,016	-3.9	
DE	3,053	3,187	4.4	777	762	-1.9	NC	35,697	36,638	2.6	10,553	10,482	-0.7	
DC	1,709	1,791	4.8	262	256	-2.3	ND	2,416	2,455	1.6	263	277	5.3	
FL	56,010	57,697	3.0	15,405	15,238	-1.1	OH	47,314	47,574	0.5	11,648	11,539	-0.9	
GA	30,770	31,885	3.6	10,131	10,107	-0.2	OK	13,412	13,638	1.7	4,774	4,765	-0.2	
HI	3,149	3,186	1.2	484	489	1.0	OR	13,432	13,795	2.7	2,992	2,931	-2.0	
ID	5,480	5,690	3.8	1,093	1,082	-1.0	PA	52,876	53,798	1.7	11,306	11,174	-1.2	
IL	44,679	45,311	1.4	7,818	7,621	-2.5	RI	4,649	4,729	1.7	838	823	-1.8	
IN	25,469	25,814	1.4	6,670	6,613	-0.9	SC	18,919	19,499	3.1	6,518	6,501	-0.3	
IA	12,292	12,370	0.6	1,923	1,915	-0.4	SD	2,864	2,894	1.0	406	409	0.7	
KS	9,671	9,798	1.3	2,139	2,122	-0.8	TN	26,165	26,693	2.0	9,619	9,595	-0.2	
KY	21,914	22,345	2.0	8,538	8,455	-1.0	TX	65,138	67,100	3.0	18,507	18,071	-2.4	
LA	22,836	23,226	1.7	6,717	6,617	-1.5	UT	6,533	6,768	3.6	1,144	1,125	-1.7	
ME	7,319	7,545	3.1	1,479	1,451	-1.9	VT	3,042	3,087	1.5	423	431	1.9	
MD	15,702	16,237	3.4	2,985	2,935	-1.7	VA	25,104	25,660	2.2	6,515	6,467	-0.7	
MA	27,577	27,867	1.1	3,960	3,834	-3.2	WA	21,039	21,486	2.1	4,317	4,231	-2.0	
MI	48,127	48,835	1.5	10,281	10,144	-1.3	WV	11,397	11,533	1.2	3,938	3,884	-1.4	
MN	18,118	18,308	1.0	2,101	2,072	-1.4	WI	24,248	24,576	1.4	3,376	3,345	-0.9	
MS	16,138	16,383	1.5	5,359	5,321	-0.7	WY	1,463	1,501	2.6	298	312	4.7	

**Citation:** Social Security Administration. (2018–2019). 2018 and 2019 Annual Statistical Supplement, Table 5.J14. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L. & Houetenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 12.8b). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Please note that the 2018 Annual Statistical Supplement has data from December 2017 (and can be found at <https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/statcomps/supplement/2018/5j.html>) and the 2019 Annual Statistical Supplement has data from December 2018 (and can be found at [www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/statcomps/supplement/2019/5j.html](https://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/statcomps/statcomps/supplement/2019/5j.html)).

[1] The percent change in number between 2017 and 2018.

**Table 12.9 Social Security Disability Insurance – Monthly Number of Applicants:  
January 2003 to July 2007**

Year	Month	Number	Year	Month	Number
2003	Jan	154, 330	2005	May	184, 826
2003	Feb	136, 075	2005	Jun	161, 937
2003	Mar	151, 124	2005	Jul	201, 021
2003	Apr	148, 300	2005	Aug	171, 935
2003	May	182, 215	2005	Sep	199, 640
2003	Jun	152, 183	2005	Oct	159, 071
2003	Jul	141, 058	2005	Nov	145, 176
2003	Aug	196, 952	2005	Dec	178, 224
2003	Sep	158, 946	2006	Jan	150, 347
2003	Oct	196, 467	2006	Feb	161, 153
2003	Nov	141, 761	2006	Mar	217, 471
2003	Dec	136, 110	2006	Apr	172, 656
2004	Jan	175, 214	2006	May	175, 897
2004	Feb	159, 553	2006	Jun	209, 494
2004	Mar	169, 497	2006	Jul	161, 821
2004	Apr	215, 618	2006	Aug	178, 619
2004	May	169, 710	2006	Sep	211, 382
2004	Jun	154, 255	2006	Oct	163, 885
2004	Jul	230, 059	2006	Nov	144, 573
2004	Aug	180, 540	2006	Dec	186, 790
2004	Sep	165, 604	2007	Jan	146, 429
2004	Oct	209, 734	2007	Feb	164, 973
2004	Nov	151, 031	2007	Mar	223, 213
2004	Dec	156, 716	2007	Apr	176, 383
2005	Jan	186, 874	2007	May	178, 998
2005	Feb	162, 371	2007	Jun	214, 453
2005	Mar	201, 195	2007	Jul	167, 620
2005	Apr	178, 396			

**Citation:** Social Security Administration. Selected data from social security's disability program. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 12.9). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data for this table can be found at <https://www.ssa.gov/OACT/STATS/dibStat.html>; The number of applications is for disabled-worker benefits only and, as such, excludes disabled child's and disabled widow(er)'s benefits. These applications ultimately result in either a denial or award of benefits.

**Table 12.10 Social Security Disability Insurance – Monthly Number of Applicants: August 2007 to February 2012**

Year	Month	Number
2007	Aug	227, 074
2007	Sep	174, 484
2007	Oct	171, 361
2007	Nov	197, 992
2007	Dec	147, 216
2008	Jan	157, 837
2008	Feb	221, 327
2008	Mar	184, 605
2008	Apr	188, 185
2008	May	218, 667
2008	Jun	184, 344
2008	Jul	173, 991
2008	Aug	235, 204
2008	Sep	178, 930
2008	Oct	235, 161
2008	Nov	173, 204
2008	Dec	168, 941
2009	Jan	239, 385
2009	Feb	212, 378
2009	Mar	225, 790
2009	Apr	225, 232
2009	May	271, 231
2009	Jun	230, 772
2009	Jul	277, 488
2009	Aug	233, 807
2009	Sep	221, 830
2009	Oct	278, 422
2009	Nov	207, 089

Citation: Social Security Administration. Selected Data from Social Security's Disability Program. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houetenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 12.10). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. The number of applications is for disabled-worker benefits only and, as such, excludes disabled child's and disabled widow(er)'s benefits. These applications ultimately result in either a denial or award of benefits. Data for this table can be found at <https://www.ssa.gov/OACT/STATS/dibStat.html>.

**Table 12.11 Social Security Disability Insurance – Monthly Number of Applicants: March 2012 to September 2016**

Year	Month	Number
2012	Mar	289, 906
2012	Apr	225, 844
2012	May	231, 671
2012	Jun	274, 302
2012	Jul	214, 454
2012	Aug	288, 795
2012	Sep	222, 777
2012	Oct	216, 474
2012	Nov	240, 796
2012	Dec	180, 953
2013	Jan	192, 392
2013	Feb	211, 418
2013	Mar	276, 482
2013	Apr	216, 972
2013	May	259, 760
2013	Jun	214, 787
2013	Jul	196, 952
2013	Aug	271, 235
2013	Sep	206, 105
2013	Oct	199, 340
2013	Nov	226, 149
2013	Dec	168, 508
2014	Jan	230, 401
2014	Feb	196, 030
2014	Mar	211, 244
2014	Apr	210, 051
2014	May	248, 143
2014	Jun	204, 304

**Citation:** Social Security Administration. Selected Data from Social Security's Disability Program. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houetenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 12.11). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. The number of applications is for disabled-worker benefits only and, as such, excludes disabled child's and disabled widow(er)'s benefits. These applications ultimately result in either a denial or award of benefits. Data for this table can be found at <https://www.ssa.gov/OACT/STATS/dibStat.html>.

**Table 12.12 Social Security Disability Insurance – Monthly Number of Applicants: October 2016 to October 2019**

Year	Month	Number
2016	Oct	168,393
2016	Nov	155,329
2016	Dec	193,403
2017	Jan	167,168
2017	Feb	170,806
2017	Mar	223,991
2017	Apr	174,800
2017	May	177,522
2017	Jun	210,491
2017	Jul	164,092
2017	Aug	177,801
2017	Sep	206,195
2017	Oct	167,053
2017	Nov	152,064
2017	Dec	187,945
2018	Jan	156,670
2018	Feb	169,070
2018	Mar	212,337
2018	Apr	172,088
2018	May	170,296
2018	Jun	207,406
2018	Jul	164,037
2018	Aug	219,272
2018	Sep	165,563
2018	Oct	143,689
2018	Nov	169,792
2018	Dec	123,073
2019	Jan	144,192
2019	Feb	151,863

**Citation:** Social Security Administration. Selected Data from Social Security's Disability Program. In Lauer, E.A.; Boege, S.L., & Houetenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 12.12). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. The number of applications is for disabled-worker benefits only and, as such, excludes disabled child's and disabled widow(er)'s benefits. These applications ultimately result in either a denial or award of benefits. Data for this table can be found at <https://www.ssa.gov/OACT/STATS/dibStat.html>.



## Section 13: Education

This section presents statistics on **Special Education** programs in the United States, specifically on children served under the **Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B**. These data concern the number of children with disabilities served (by age and by type of disability) and mainstream education of children with disabilities. The principal source of these data is the **Office of Special Education Programs' Data Accountability Center**, which produces the **Individuals with Disabilities Education Act 618 Data Tables**. Categories of disability and program outcomes under the **Individuals with Disabilities Education Act** can be found on the Center for Parent Information and Resources website.

This section also presents statistics on the educational attainment of people with and without disabilities in the United States. The source of these estimates is the **American Community Survey**. For these tables, statistics for people with disabilities (**disability status**) are based on having responded 'yes' to a series of questions within the **American Community Survey**. See the glossary for more details.

### Tables

**Table 13.1:** In the fall of 2017, there were 66,525,958 people ages 6 to 21. Of these people ages 6 to 21, 6,024,513 or 9.1 percent received **special education** services under the **Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B**. Hawaii had the smallest percentage (6.6 percent), while New Jersey had the largest percentage (12.4 percent).

**Table 13.2:** Of the youth ages 3 to 21 who received **special education** services under the **Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B**, in the fall of 2017, 760,364 were 3 to 5 years old; 2,871,626 were 6 to 11 years old; 2,816,244 were 12 to 17 years old; and 336,643 were 18 to 21 years old.

**Tables 13.3a-13.3d:** The 6,024,513 students ages 6 to 21 who received **special education** services under the **Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B**, in the fall of 2017 were in the following diagnostic categories: 2,291,094 in specific learning disability, 999,827 in speech or language impairment, 412,598 in intellectual disabilities, 333,346 in emotional disturbance, 121,226 in multiple disabilities, 64,130 in hearing impairments, 34,558 in orthopedic impairments, 947,415 in other health impairments, 23,898 in visual impairments, 610,994 in autism, 1,289 in deaf-blindness, 25,255 in traumatic brain injury, and 158,883 in developmental delay.



**Table 13.4:** Of the 6,024,513 youth ages 6 to 21 who received **special education** services under the **Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B**, in the fall of 2017, 4,914,912 (or 81.6 percent) spent 40 percent or more of their time in the regular classroom. New York had the smallest percentage (69.9 percent), while Wyoming had the largest percentage (91.4 percent).

**Table 13.5:** In 2018, individuals ages 25 and over with disabilities in Mississippi were most likely to have less than a **high school education** (25.5 percent), while individuals ages 25 and over with disabilities in Alaska were least likely to have less than a **high school education** (10.3 percent).

**Table 13.6:** In 2018, individuals ages 25 and over with disabilities in Pennsylvania were most likely to have a **high school education** (43.6 percent), while individuals ages 25 and over with disabilities in California were least likely to have a **high school education** (24.8 percent).

**Table 13.7:** In 2018, individuals ages 25 and over with disabilities in Colorado were most likely to have a **4-year college degree** (16.3 percent), while individuals ages 25 and over with disabilities in Kentucky and West Virginia were least likely to have a **4-year college degree** (7.1 percent).

**Table 13.8:** In 2018, individuals ages 25 and over with disabilities in the District of Columbia were most likely to have more than a **4-year college degree** (15.9 percent), while individuals ages 25 and over with disabilities in Arkansas were least likely to have more than a **4-year college degree** (3.6 percent).

**Table 13.1 Special Education – Students Ages 6 to 21 Served under Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, as a Percentage of the Population: Fall 2017**

State	Population	Number	Students	% [1]	State	Population	Number	Students	% [1]
<b>U.S.</b>	66,525,958	6,024,513	9.1		<b>MO</b>	1,246,689	112,714	9.0	
<b>AL</b>	995,087	82,492	8.3		<b>MT</b>	207,253	17,143	8.3	
<b>AK</b>	154,680	16,718	10.8		<b>NE</b>	424,543	44,198	10.4	
<b>AZ</b>	1,488,555	124,185	8.3		<b>NV</b>	590,005	51,139	8.7	
<b>AR</b>	633,843	59,119	9.3		<b>NH</b>	257,573	25,714	10.0	
<b>CA</b>	8,118,928	683,709	8.4		<b>NJ</b>	1,764,943	218,332	12.4	
<b>CO</b>	1,142,462	87,947	7.7		<b>NM</b>	444,711	48,425	10.9	
<b>CT</b>	726,962	70,638	9.7		<b>NY</b>	3,731,609	450,328	12.1	
<b>DE</b>	185,079	20,580	11.1		<b>NC</b>	2,101,059	181,006	8.6	
<b>DC</b>	112,152	11,610	10.4		<b>ND</b>	156,296	12,964	8.3	
<b>FL</b>	3,785,447	349,764	9.2		<b>OH</b>	2,378,094	241,423	10.2	
<b>GA</b>	2,266,026	195,434	8.6		<b>OK</b>	850,482	102,329	12.0	
<b>HI</b>	255,760	16,807	6.6		<b>OR</b>	790,970	75,825	9.6	
<b>ID</b>	393,530	29,175	7.4		<b>PA</b>	2,488,060	284,477	11.4	
<b>IL</b>	2,620,315	257,929	9.8		<b>RI</b>	209,558	20,580	9.8	
<b>IN</b>	1,441,906	157,460	10.9		<b>SC</b>	1,004,547	95,130	9.5	
<b>IA</b>	678,551	58,959	8.7		<b>SD</b>	188,634	18,249	9.7	
<b>KS</b>	643,480	61,957	9.6		<b>TN</b>	1,348,958	115,369	8.6	
<b>KY</b>	909,621	86,200	9.5		<b>TX</b>	6,466,814	448,907	6.9	
<b>LA</b>	966,218	74,588	7.7		<b>UT</b>	809,232	73,465	9.1	
<b>ME</b>	237,595	N/A	‡		<b>VT</b>	122,472	N/A	‡	
<b>MD</b>	1,203,906	94,191	7.8		<b>VA</b>	1,694,372	154,074	9.1	
<b>MA</b>	1,347,889	155,740	11.6		<b>WA</b>	1,445,253	127,073	8.8	
<b>MI</b>	2,035,275	177,127	8.7		<b>WV</b>	339,732	41,591	12.2	
<b>MN</b>	1,155,103	118,800	10.3		<b>WI</b>	1,192,027	N/A	‡	
<b>MS</b>	652,633	60,797	9.3		<b>WY</b>	121,069	12,132	10.0	

Citation: United States Department of Education. (2018). Individuals with Disabilities Education Act public data & resources; 2014 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act part B data. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 13.1). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data for this table can be found at <https://www2.ed.gov/programs/osepidea/618-data/index.html>. The data presented in this table are from the 2017-2018 academic year.

[1] Part B as a percent of the estimated population.

‡ Estimate either unavailable or too few sample observations.

**Table 13.2 Special Education – Students Served under Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, by Age: Fall 2017**

State	Age			Age			Age			Age		
	3 to 5	6 to 11	12 to 17	18 to 21	3 to 5	6 to 11	12 to 17	18 to 21	3 to 5	6 to 11	12 to 17	18 to 21
U.S.	760,364	2,871,626	2,816,244	336,643	MO	18,400	56,173	51,085	5,456			
AL	7,827	41,360	36,710	4,422	MT	1,660	8,643	8,050	450			
AK	2,430	8,437	7,360	921	NE	6,217	22,688	19,662	1,848			
AZ	16,517	61,767	56,769	5,649	NV	8,984	26,080	23,002	2,057			
AR	13,716	30,143	26,325	2,651	NH	3,519	11,883	12,776	1,055			
CA	83,853	318,620	325,636	39,453	NJ	19,846	101,316	106,856	10,160			
CO	14,293	43,816	39,609	4,522	NM	4,413	24,242	22,045	2,138			
CT	9,120	30,661	35,787	4,190	NY	71,893	216,628	210,894	22,806			
DE	2,616	9,919	9,403	1,258	NC	19,899	85,334	85,304	10,368			
DC	1,789	5,605	5,253	752	ND	2,189	6,489	5,764	711			
FL	39,862	167,636	156,931	25,197	OH	25,247	104,895	120,641	15,887			
GA	18,833	93,459	91,865	10,110	OK	9,751	48,408	49,222	4,699			
HJ	2,469	7,554	8,528	725	OR	11,331	36,205	35,340	4,280			
ID	3,733	14,766	13,137	1,272	PA	36,340	128,015	139,513	16,949			
IL	37,137	120,600	121,900	15,429	RI	3,168	9,559	9,674	1,347			
IN	18,644	73,545	73,899	10,016	SC	9,568	47,389	42,814	4,927			
IA	6,976	29,332	26,964	2,663	SD	2,941	10,105	7,315	829			
KS	11,772	31,837	27,250	2,870	TN	13,950	55,728	53,403	6,238			
KY	18,070	48,639	33,903	3,658	TX	49,681	209,638	212,695	26,574			
LA	9,885	38,349	31,583	4,656	UT	10,731	38,271	32,051	3,143			
ME	3,384	N/A	N/A	N/A	VT	2,005	N/A	N/A	N/A			
MD	14,300	45,088	44,129	4,974	VA	18,296	69,812	74,904	9,358			
MA	18,022	70,777	75,800	9,163	WA	16,425	62,560	57,519	6,994			
MI	21,624	82,178	84,106	10,843	WV	5,219	21,653	17,765	2,173			
MN	N/A	56,781	54,715	7,304	WI	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
MS	8,400	32,504	25,280	3,013	WY	3,419	6,539	5,108	485			

**Citation:** United States Department of Education (2018). Individuals with Disabilities Education Act public data & resources; 2014 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act part B data. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.). Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 13.2). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire. Data for this table can be found at <https://www2.ed.gov/programs/osepidea/618-data/index.html>. The data presented in this table are from the 2017-2018 academic year.

**Table 13.3a Special Education – Students Ages 6 to 21 Served under Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, by Select Diagnostic Categories: Fall 2017**

State	All Disabilities	SLD [1]	S/LI [2]	ID [3]	State	All Disabilities	SLD [1]	S/LI [2]	ID [3]
U.S.	6,024,513	2,291,094	999,827	412,598	MO	112,714	30,734	25,084	9,216
AL	82,492	34,899	13,488	6,800	MT	17,143	5,632	3,028	577
AK	16,718	7,075	2,292	581	NE	44,198	15,665	9,210	2,835
AZ	124,185	55,643	17,714	7,462	NV	51,139	25,531	7,429	2,051
AR	59,119	19,323	12,931	6,897	NH	25,714	9,219	2,872	828
CA	683,709	296,783	109,096	39,878	NJ	218,332	74,961	46,309	5,165
CO	87,947	40,271	11,275	2,582	NM	48,425	24,279	7,333	2,206
CT	70,638	26,850	7,973	2,554	NY	450,328	167,245	110,423	12,848
DE	20,580	9,826	1,755	1,558	NC	181,006	73,127	19,949	16,290
DC	11,610	4,170	989	703	ND	12,964	4,469	1,982	768
FL	349,764	145,893	79,723	24,710	OH	241,423	97,898	25,070	19,761
GA	195,434	75,064	23,050	16,618	OK	102,329	38,789	9,819	6,349
HI	16,807	7,584	490	1,245	OR	75,825	25,300	16,087	4,103
ID	29,175	7,035	6,048	2,153	PA	284,477	119,138	38,208	18,389
IL	257,929	101,311	34,589	15,603	RI	20,580	7,445	2,745	850
IN	157,460	54,687	30,157	13,713	SC	95,130	42,041	14,447	6,267
IA	58,959	35,620	5,080	10,160	SD	18,249	6,948	3,388	1,827
KS	61,957	24,893	8,383	3,332	TN	115,369	39,474	25,431	8,344
KY	86,200	17,110	19,200	13,515	TX	448,907	157,617	70,990	49,522
LA	74,588	25,777	12,476	7,483	UT	73,465	34,388	15,545	3,332
ME	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	VT	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
MD	94,191	30,508	11,801	6,056	VA	154,074	55,359	18,191	8,889
MA	155,740	41,498	21,534	8,402	WA	127,073	46,896	16,915	5,013
MI	177,127	59,579	36,938	16,757	WV	41,591	14,620	9,061	6,703
MN	118,800	32,320	17,176	7,396	WI	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
MS	60,797	16,426	12,978	3,820	WY	12,132	4,174	3,175	487

Citation: United States Department of Education. (2018). Individuals with Disabilities Education Act public data & resources; 2014 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act part B data. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 13.3a). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data for this table can be found at <https://www2.ed.gov/programs/osepidea/618-data/index.html>. The data presented in this table are from the 2017-2018 academic year.

[1] Specific Learning Disabilities.

[2] Speech or Language Impairment.

[3] Intellectual Disabilities.

**Table 13.3b Special Education – Students Ages 6 to 21 Served under Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, by Select Diagnostic Categories: Fall 2017**

State	All Disabilities	ED [1]	MD [2]	HI [3]	State	All Disabilities	ED [1]	MD [2]	HI [3]
U.S.	6,024,513	333,346	121,226	64,130	MO	112,714	6,738	1,353	1,033
AL	82,492	1,365	1,240	942	MT	17,143	848	3,717	80
AK	16,718	707	545	162	NE	44,198	2,664	423	680
AZ	124,185	7,551	2,190	1,239	NV	51,139	1,931	1,239	449
AR	59,119	988	1,373	457	NH	25,714	2,039	370	171
CA	683,709	24,818	6,019	10,395	NJ	218,332	7,690	14,662	1,482
CO	87,947	5,578	4,124	1,191	NM	48,425	1,889	757	504
CT	70,638	5,526	2,820	473	NY	450,328	23,429	14,509	3,969
DE	20,580	1,037	N/A	201	NC	181,006	5,394	2,711	1,621
DC	11,610	840	1,359	30	ND	12,964	1,066	N/A	127
FL	349,764	14,933	N/A	3,898	OH	241,423	15,208	12,326	1,876
GA	195,434	10,653	N/A	1,634	OK	102,329	4,073	1,581	1,338
HI	16,807	979	617	226	OR	75,825	5,122	N/A	841
ID	29,175	1,354	612	300	PA	284,477	24,746	3,082	2,633
IL	257,929	18,373	2,578	3,024	RI	20,580	1,618	378	139
IN	157,460	12,798	1,981	2,188	SC	95,130	2,208	1,296	914
IA	58,959	5,741	322	408	SD	18,249	1,184	529	121
KS	61,957	2,409	3,127	533	TN	115,369	3,342	2,016	1,110
KY	86,200	4,468	1,898	602	TX	448,907	28,884	6,704	6,090
LA	74,588	1,773	959	1,029	UT	73,465	1,889	1,398	410
ME	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	VT	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
MD	94,191	6,085	5,964	749	VA	154,074	9,752	3,050	1,243
MA	155,740	16,338	3,038	1,098	WA	127,073	5,142	2,845	1,008
MI	177,127	11,273	2,475	2,235	WV	41,591	1,180	N/A	433
MN	118,800	15,666	1,460	2,058	WI	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
MS	60,797	3,487	1,296	665	WY	12,132	570	283	121

Citation: United States Department of Education. (2018). Individuals with Disabilities Education Act public data & resources; 2014 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act part B data. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 13.3b). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data for this table can be found at <https://www2.ed.gov/programs/osepidea/618-data/index.html>. The data presented in this table are from the 2017-2018 academic year.

[1] Emotional Disturbance.

[2] Multiple Disabilities.

[3] Hearing Impairment.

**Table 13.3c Special Education – Students Ages 6 to 21 Served under Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, by Select Diagnostic Categories: Fall 2017**

State	All Disabilities	OI [1]	OHI [2]	VI [3]	State	All Disabilities	OI [1]	OHI [2]	VI [3]
U.S.	6,024,513	34,558	947,415	23,898	MO	112,714	416	24,821	434
AL	82,492	512	12,098	482	MT	17,143	35	2,247	52
AK	16,718	60	2,631	40	NE	44,198	240	6,453	205
AZ	124,185	550	12,144	504	NV	51,139	283	5,533	126
AR	59,119	179	11,859	228	NH	25,714	50	5,152	107
CA	683,709	8,765	91,985	2,982	NJ	218,332	338	47,310	381
CO	87,947	360	10,895	284	NM	48,425	215	4,659	184
CT	70,638	48	15,618	117	NY	450,328	1,568	76,884	1,226
DE	20,580	191	2,833	66	NC	181,006	646	35,133	579
DC	11,610	17	2,038	22	ND	12,964	57	2,080	44
FL	349,764	2,469	39,833	1,243	OH	241,423	1,235	43,095	861
GA	195,434	706	32,663	712	OK	102,329	345	17,433	577
HI	16,807	59	2,927	37	OR	75,825	612	13,896	282
ID	29,175	83	6,407	79	PA	284,477	661	45,061	1,054
IL	257,929	956	36,338	945	RI	20,580	46	3,632	57
IN	157,460	1,365	24,069	908	SC	95,130	427	14,458	390
IA	58,959	659	76	76	SD	18,249	56	2,758	44
KS	61,957	204	7,756	205	TN	115,369	473	17,845	546
KY	86,200	365	14,804	497	TX	448,907	2,814	65,676	3,024
LA	74,588	905	11,069	499	UT	73,465	138	7,705	196
ME	N/A	N/A	N/A	VT	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
MD	94,191	158	18,233	275	VA	154,074	600	34,203	591
MA	155,740	1,059	22,656	574	WA	127,073	387	26,422	394
MI	177,127	1,280	25,427	710	WV	41,591	107	6,750	265
MN	118,800	1,445	19,671	428	WI	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
MS	60,797	354	12,134	321	WY	12,132	60	2,045	45

Citation: United States Department of Education. (2018). Individuals with Disabilities Education Act public data & resources; 2014 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act part B data. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 13.3c). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data for this table can be found at <https://www2.ed.gov/programs/osepidea/618-data/index.html>. The data presented in this table are from the 2017-2018 academic year.

[1] Orthopedic Impairments.

[2] Other Health Impairments.

[3] Visual Impairments.

**Table 13.3d Special Education – Students Ages 6 to 21 Served under Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, by Select Diagnostic Categories: Fall 2017**

State	All Disabilities	A [1]	DB [2]	TBI [3]	DD [4]	State All Disabilities	A [1]	DB [2]	TBI [3]	DD [4]
U.S.	6,024,513	610,994	1,289	25,255	158,883	MO	112,714	11,474	26	383 1,002
AL	82,492	7,069	13	268	3,316	MT	17,143	874	6	47 N/A
AK	16,718	1,380	4	33	1,208	NE	44,198	3,592	11	184 2,036
AZ	124,185	12,311	118	312	6,447	NV	51,139	6,373	6	188 N/A
AR	59,119	4,713	5	166	N/A	NH	25,714	2,629	7	84 2,186
CA	683,709	91,379	83	1,526	N/A	NJ	218,332	19,514	24	496 N/A
CO	87,947	6,968	23	498	3,898	NM	48,425	3,018	7	194 3,180
CT	70,638	8,543	11	105	N/A	NY	450,328	37,320	12	895 N/A
DE	20,580	1,762	47	66	1,238	NC	181,006	18,068	30	623 6,835
DC	11,610	929	1	27	485	ND	12,964	1,187	2	49 1,133
FL	349,764	36,474	84	504	N/A	OH	241,423	22,558	61	1,474 N/A
GA	195,434	19,087	26	424	14,797	OK	102,329	6,242	20	247 15,516
HI	16,807	1,545	4	60	1,034	OR	75,825	9,288	12	282 N/A
ID	29,175	2,986	3	117	1,998	PA	284,477	30,754	59	647 45
IL	257,929	23,268	26	625	20,293	RI	20,580	2,268	3	50 1,349
IN	157,460	15,119	25	450	N/A	SC	95,130	7,712	12	178 4,780
IA	58,959	659	0	158	N/A	SD	18,249	1,339	4	50 1
KS	61,957	4,072	17	138	6,888	TN	115,369	9,992	14	346 6,436
KY	86,200	6,486	10	218	7,027	TX	448,907	56,366	137	1,083 N/A
LA	74,588	5,158	5	214	7,241	UT	73,465	5,945	21	239 2,259
ME	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	VT	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
MD	94,191	10,866	10	212	3,274	VA	154,074	19,121	22	426 2,627
MA	155,740	17,831	126	9,471	12,115	WA	127,073	13,350	15	316 8,370
MI	177,127	17,849	22	444	2,138	WV	41,591	2,368	19	85 N/A
MN	118,800	17,562	89	425	3,104	WI	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
MS	60,797	4,742	7	158	4,409	WY	12,132	884	0	70 218

Citation: United States Department of Education. (2018). Individuals with Disabilities Education Act public data & resources; 2014 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act part B data. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 13.3d). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data for this table can be found at <https://www2.ed.gov/programs/osepidea/618-data/index.html>. The data presented in this table are from the 2017-2018 academic year.

[1] Autism.

[2] Deaf-Blindness.

[3] Traumatic Brain Injury.

[4] Developmental Delay.

**Table 13.4 Special Education – Students Ages 6 to 21 Served under Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, that Spent 40 Percent or More Time Inside Regular Class: Fall 2017**

State	All Environments	Regular Class [1]	% [2]	State	All Environments	Regular Class [1]	% [2]
U.S.	6,024,513	4,914,912	81.6	MO	112,714	96,530	85.6
AL	82,492	74,101	89.8	MT	17,143	14,854	86.6
AK	16,718	14,688	87.9	NE	44,198	38,911	88.0
AZ	124,185	103,188	83.1	NV	51,139	42,381	82.9
AR	59,119	49,625	83.9	NH	25,714	22,478	87.4
CA	683,709	520,438	76.1	NJ	218,332	159,657	73.1
CO	87,947	80,149	91.1	NM	48,425	38,918	80.4
CT	70,638	60,418	85.5	NY	450,328	314,680	69.9
DE	20,580	16,423	79.8	NC	181,006	151,649	83.8
DC	11,610	8,676	74.7	ND	12,964	11,755	90.7
FL	349,764	285,985	81.8	OH	241,423	191,943	79.5
GA	195,434	161,733	82.8	OK	102,329	91,951	89.9
HI	16,807	13,396	79.7	OR	75,825	66,573	87.8
ID	29,175	25,908	88.8	PA	284,477	243,104	85.5
IL	257,929	203,630	78.9	RI	20,580	16,594	80.6
IN	157,460	133,369	84.7	SC	95,130	78,245	82.3
IA	58,959	52,391	88.9	SD	18,249	16,574	90.8
KS	61,957	55,031	88.8	TN	115,369	98,771	85.6
KY	86,200	76,850	89.2	TX	448,907	375,657	83.7
LA	74,588	62,621	84.0	UT	73,465	63,960	87.1
ME	N/A	N/A	N/A	VT	N/A	N/A	N/A
MD	94,191	75,041	79.7	VA	154,074	130,384	84.6
MA	155,740	122,845	78.9	WA	127,073	108,675	85.5
MI	177,127	145,332	82.0	WV	41,591	37,450	90.0
MN	118,800	99,877	84.1	WI	N/A	N/A	N/A
MS	60,797	50,409	82.9	WY	12,132	11,094	91.4

Citation: United States Department of Education. (2018). Individuals with Disabilities Education Act public data & resources; 2014 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act part B data. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 13.4). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data for this table can be found at <https://www2.ed.gov/programs/osepidea/618-data/index.html>. The data presented in this table are from the 2017-2018 academic year.

[1] Number greater than 40 percent in regular class.

[2] Greater than 40 percent as a percent of students in all environments.

**Table 13.5 Education – People Ages 25 and Over with Less Than a High School Education, by Disability Status: 2018**

State	Less than High School Education (%) Disability	No Disability	Gap (% pts) [1]	State	Less than High School Education (%) Disability	No Disability	Gap (% pts) [1]
U.S.	20.0	9.8	10.2	MO	19.0	7.2	11.8
AL	23.8	10.3	13.5	MT	11.8	5.1	6.7
AK	10.3	5.2	5.0	NE	13.3	7.1	6.1
AZ	17.9	11.0	6.9	NV	17.0	12.4	4.5
AR	21.0	9.9	11.1	NH	16.5	5.1	11.3
CA	23.8	14.7	9.1	NJ	19.9	8.2	11.7
CO	12.4	7.0	5.4	NM	23.4	12.0	11.4
CT	18.9	7.3	11.7	NY	24.0	10.6	13.4
DE	16.6	8.7	7.9	NC	21.4	9.5	11.9
DC	21.1	5.8	15.3	ND	16.0	5.7	10.4
FL	19.0	9.7	9.3	OH	18.7	7.1	11.6
GA	21.0	10.5	10.4	OK	17.0	9.7	7.3
HI	14.9	7.1	7.8	OR	15.2	8.5	6.7
ID	15.2	7.9	7.3	PA	17.1	6.8	10.2
IL	18.8	8.9	9.9	RI	21.9	8.6	13.3
IN	21.2	8.8	12.4	SC	22.6	9.0	13.6
IA	14.3	6.2	8.0	SD	11.7	7.0	4.7
KS	15.0	7.5	7.4	TN	23.4	9.1	14.3
KY	24.3	9.3	15.0	TX	23.7	14.5	9.2
LA	24.6	10.6	13.9	UT	12.3	6.3	5.9
ME	14.9	5.1	9.8	VT	14.4	4.6	9.7
MD	18.2	7.9	10.3	VA	19.6	8.1	11.5
MA	20.1	7.2	12.9	WA	13.0	7.5	5.5
MI	17.3	6.9	10.4	WV	22.2	8.2	14.0
MN	13.3	5.3	8.0	WI	14.5	6.3	8.2
MS	25.5	10.7	14.8	WY	12.9	6.1	6.8

**Citation:** Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 13.5). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represents the civilian, noninstitutional population. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.  
[1] The difference in percentage points between people with less education than a high school diploma or general equivalency diploma with and without a disability.

**Table 13.6 Education – People Ages 25 and Over with Only a High School Education, by Disability Status: 2018**

State	High School or General Equivalency Diploma (%)		Gap (% pts) [1]	State Disability No Disability	High School or General Equivalency Diploma (%) Disability No Disability	Gap (% pts) [1]
	High School Diploma (%)	No Disability				
U.S.	33.8	25.3	8.5	MO	38.4	27.5
AL	35.3	29.4	6.0	MT	34.6	26.8
AK	30.1	27.5	2.6	NE	35.5	23.3
AZ	29.4	22.7	6.7	NV	30.1	27.2
AR	39.5	32.5	7.0	NH	35.4	25.5
CA	24.8	20.0	4.9	NJ	36.6	24.5
CO	27.9	19.5	8.5	NM	30.0	25.8
CT	38.2	24.9	13.3	NY	32.9	24.4
DE	40.8	31.4	9.4	NC	32.3	23.9
DC	30.6	14.3	16.3	ND	34.8	24.8
FL	34.0	27.2	6.8	OH	40.3	30.9
GA	34.4	26.2	8.1	OK	35.7	30.0
HI	35.7	25.5	10.2	OR	29.5	20.0
ID	34.0	26.7	7.3	PA	43.6	32.7
IL	33.8	24.7	9.1	RI	38.8	25.9
IN	40.3	31.4	9.0	SC	34.4	28.8
IA	41.2	28.8	12.4	SD	37.5	28.8
KS	34.9	23.2	11.7	TN	36.9	30.5
KY	37.2	30.6	6.6	TX	30.1	23.8
LA	38.3	33.6	4.7	UT	30.4	21.6
ME	37.7	29.1	8.6	VT	43.5	30.5
MD	31.4	23.0	8.5	VA	31.6	22.4
MA	31.9	21.8	10.1	WA	28.6	20.4
MI	36.5	26.5	10.0	WV	43.3	38.7
MN	35.2	21.7	13.4	WI	40.5	28.8
MS	33.9	28.2	5.8	WY	35.0	27.7

Citation: Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 13.6). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represents the civilian, noninstitutional population. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

[1] The difference in percentage points between people with high school diplomas or general equivalency diplomas with and without a disability.

**Table 13.7 Education – People Ages 25 and Over with a 4-year College Degree, by Disability Status: 2018**

State	College Diploma (%) Disability	College Diploma (%) No Disability	Gap (% pts) [1]	State	College Diploma (%) Disability	College Diploma (%) No Disability	Gap (% pts) [1]
U.S.	10.9	22.0	-11.0	MO	8.3	20.4	-12.2
AL	8.4	18.0	-9.6	MT	13.9	21.4	-7.5
AK	11.1	20.3	-9.2	NE	12.3	23.7	-11.5
AZ	10.7	20.4	-9.7	NV	12.1	17.0	-4.9
AR	7.7	17.2	-9.4	NH	13.9	24.3	-10.4
CA	13.1	22.9	-9.9	NJ	13.5	26.4	-12.9
CO	16.3	28.0	-11.8	NM	10.7	17.4	-6.7
CT	10.1	24.0	-13.9	NY	11.3	22.6	-11.3
DE	9.4	20.2	-10.8	NC	11.1	22.7	-11.5
DC	13.1	27.8	-14.7	ND	9.3	23.4	-14.1
FL	11.6	20.9	-9.3	OH	8.6	19.9	-11.3
GA	10.4	21.6	-11.2	OK	10.3	18.7	-8.4
HI	12.9	23.1	-10.2	OR	11.8	23.3	-11.5
ID	10.8	20.2	-9.4	PA	9.8	21.2	-11.4
IL	11.6	23.0	-11.4	RI	9.7	22.4	-12.7
IN	7.9	19.4	-11.5	SC	10.3	19.7	-9.4
IA	9.0	21.6	-12.6	SD	10.3	22.2	-11.9
KS	10.9	23.5	-12.6	TN	8.5	19.8	-11.3
KY	7.1	17.3	-10.3	TX	11.3	21.4	-10.1
LA	8.5	18.1	-9.6	UT	15.0	24.3	-9.3
ME	10.7	21.3	-10.7	VT	10.2	26.2	-16.1
MD	13.5	23.4	-9.9	VA	12.3	24.3	-12.0
MA	12.2	26.6	-14.5	WA	13.4	24.6	-11.2
MI	8.9	20.3	-11.5	WV	7.1	14.8	-7.8
MN	13.7	26.2	-12.5	WI	10.6	21.7	-11.1
MS	7.9	16.7	-8.8	WY	11.0	18.7	-7.7

Citation: Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 13.7). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disabilities. Data represents the civilian, noninstitutional population. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.  
 [1] The difference in percentage points between people with college diplomas with and without a disability.

**Table 13.8 Education – People Ages 25 and Over with More Than a 4-year College Degree, by Disability Status: 2018**

State	Greater than College Education (%) Disability	Gap (% pts) [1]	State	Greater than College Education (%) Disability	Gap (% pts) [1]
U.S.	6.8	14.0		-7.1	-8.2
AL	5.3	10.8	MO	5.3	13.5
AK	8.7	12.1	MT	5.2	11.6
AZ	7.7	12.1	NE	5.7	12.2
AR	3.6	10.0	NV	6.6	9.3
CA	7.6	14.0	NH	8.5	16.0
CO	9.8	17.0	NJ	7.8	17.5
CT	8.7	19.6	NM	8.4	12.7
DE	8.1	14.2	NY	9.0	18.0
DC	15.9	38.4	NC	5.5	12.8
FL	7.5	12.2	ND	6.4	8.0
GA	7.2	13.7	OH	5.4	12.7
HI	8.5	12.0	OK	5.3	10.4
ID	6.5	9.7	OR	8.0	14.3
IL	7.0	15.4	PA	6.2	14.5
IN	5.6	10.8	RI	6.9	16.3
IA	5.6	10.0	SC	5.5	11.7
KS	6.5	14.0	SD	6.3	9.3
KY	5.0	12.1	TN	5.0	11.4
LA	4.8	9.5	TX	6.0	11.8
ME	6.1	13.0	UT	7.5	13.0
MD	10.5	20.6	VT	8.5	17.4
MA	9.7	22.0	VA	9.1	18.8
MI	5.7	12.9	WA	7.6	15.2
MN	7.0	14.1	WV	4.7	10.1
MS	5.0	10.3	WI	5.6	11.3
		-5.3	WY	5.7	10.7

Citation: Calculations based on U.S. Census Bureau. (2018). American community survey, public use microdata sample. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium. 2019 (Table 13.8). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data represents the civilian, noninstitutional population. Based on a sample and subject to sampling variability.

[1] The difference in percentage points between people with additional education after a college diploma with and without a disability.

## Section 14: Vocational Rehabilitation

This section presents statistics on **Vocational Rehabilitation** programs administered by the **Rehabilitation Services Administration** in the United States. These data concern the number of individuals with disabilities who apply for services, receive services, and find employment (are **successfully rehabilitated**). Presented here categorically, **vocational rehabilitation** agencies often provide services through both state and private rehabilitation agencies (combined), broad state-based services for people (general), and specialized services to people with visual impairments (blind). The data address expenditures associated with **vocational rehabilitation** and whether **vocational rehabilitation** agencies are on **order of selection**. The principal source of this data is the **Rehabilitation Services Administration's Management Information System**. For several years 2015 data were the most recent due to changes in the reporting and data collection of state **vocational rehabilitation** agencies. This year 2016 data became available. Please note: The statistics presented in this section may vary from those provided by state agencies due to varying methods and analytic procedures.

### Tables

**Table 14.1:** In the **Federal Fiscal Year 2016** state **vocational rehabilitation** agencies served 328,181 participants. 186,570 cases were closed with employment and 141,620 cases were closed without employment.

**Table 14.2:** In the **Federal Fiscal Year 2016**, state **vocational rehabilitation** agencies agencies served 313,844 participants with significant disability and 175,542 were employed.

**Table 14.3:** In the **Federal Fiscal Year 2016**, 56.8% of all participants were employed at closure. For participants with significant disabilities, the percentage employed at closure was similar, at 55.9%.

**Table 14.4:** In the **Federal Fiscal Year 2016**, the number of participants whose primary financial support was their own at application was 51,370 participants. At closure, the number was 150,645 participants.

**Table 14.5:** In **Federal Fiscal Year 2016**, twenty-nine agencies were on **Order of Selection**. Over the period from 2012 to 2016, fifteen states have never had any agency on **Order of Selection** while twelve states have always had all their agencies on **Order of Selection**.

**Table 14.6:** In the **Federal Fiscal Year 2016**, the average hourly wage of employed participants was \$14.55.

**Table 14.1 Vocational Rehabilitation – Number of Participants Served, Number of Cases Closed with and without Employment by State Agency: 2016**

State	Agency Type	Number served	Number Closed Without Employment	Number Closed With Employment	State	Agency Type	Number served	Number Closed Without Employment	Number Closed With Employment
U.S.	-	328,181	141,620	186,570	MT	Combined	1,598	976	622
AL	Combined	6,812	2,205	4,607	NE	Blind	143	76	67
AK	Combined	1,012	467	554	NE	General	2,974	948	2,026
AZ	Combined	3,513	2,037	1,476	NV	Combined	1,800	903	897
AR	Blind	451	147	304	NH	Combined	1,774	730	1,044
AR	General	3,361	949	2,412	NJ	Blind	342	131	211
CA	Combined	23,327	9,806	13,521	NJ	General	6,211	2,408	3,803
CO	Combined	4,060	1,515	2,545	NM	Blind	52	30	22
CT	Blind	151	46	105	NM	General	2,231	1,391	840
CT	General	2,754	1,171	1,583	NY	Blind	767	204	563
DE	Blind	40	10	30	NY	General	19,594	8,322	11,272
DE	General	1,931	727	1,204	NC	Blind	509	139	370
DC	Combined	1,518	895	623	NC	General	11,348	5,221	6,127
FL	Blind	1,451	638	813	ND	Combined	772	235	537
FL	General	13,345	7,898	5,447	OH	Combined	13,246	6,603	6,643
GA	Combined	6,239	2,183	4,056	OK	Combined	3,947	1,822	2,125
HI	Combined	845	404	441	OR	Blind	114	54	60
ID	Blind	109	25	84	OR	General	4,583	1,608	2,975
ID	General	3,896	1,643	2,253	PA	Combined	15,034	6,596	8,438
IL	Combined	11,297	5,600	5,697	RI	Combined	1,053	405	648
IN	Combined	6,820	3,066	3,754	SC	Blind	318	213	105
IA	Blind	85	17	68	SC	General	11,390	4,584	6,806
IA	General	4,227	2,003	2,224	SD	Blind	150	35	115
KS	Combined	2,428	1,294	1,134	SD	General	1,305	529	776
KY	Blind	337	88	249	TN	Combined	3,648	1,518	2,130
KY	General	10,181	5,031	5,150	TX	Blind	1,964	508	1,456
LA	Combined	4,670	2,388	2,282	TX	General	22,122	7,987	14,135
ME	Blind	163	51	112	UT	Combined	3,986	2,018	1,968
ME	General	2,501	1,335	1,166	VT	Blind	102	21	81
MD	Combined	4,222	1,657	2,565	VT	General	2,890	1,316	1,574
MA	Blind	320	54	266	VA	Blind	316	119	197
MA	General	7,148	3,224	3,924	VA	General	7,248	3,188	4,060
MI	Blind	329	191	138	WA	Blind	321	156	165
MI	General	11,440	4,619	6,821	WA	General	4,743	1,694	3,049
MN	Blind	250	110	140	WV	Combined	3,313	1,510	1,803
MN	General	5,196	2,081	3,115	WI	Combined	8,374	3,759	4,615
MS	Combined	6,458	2,246	4,212	WY	Combined	1,076	464	612
MO	Blind	327	54	273	PR	Combined	5,009	1,894	3,115
MO	General	8,600	3,430	5,170					

Citation: U.S. Department of Education, Rehabilitation Services Administration. (2016). Management Information System, Ad Hoc Query of the RSA-911 Cumulative Caseload Report. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 14.1). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data for this table can be found at <https://rsa.ed.gov>. In some states there are separate agencies for the blind.

**Table 14.2 Vocational Rehabilitation – Number of Participants with Significant Disabilities Served and Employed by State Agency: 2016**

State	Agency Type	Number of Participants with Significant Disability Served	Number of Participants with Significant Disability Employed	State	Agency Type	Number of Participants with Significant Disability Served	Number of Participants with Significant Disability Employed
U.S.	-	313,844	175,542	MT	Combined	1,396	524
AL	Combined	6,172	4,213	NE	Blind	142	67
AK	Combined	980	529	NE	General	2,277	1,569
AZ	Combined	3,492	1,467	NV	Combined	1,743	851
AR	Blind	451	304	NH	Combined	1,688	972
AR	General	3,277	2,340	NJ	Blind	272	159
CA	Combined	23,269	13,491	NJ	General	6,211	3,803
CO	Combined	3,874	2,382	NM	Blind	52	22
CT	Blind	151	105	NM	General	2,117	771
CT	General	2,676	1,511	NY	Blind	760	558
DE	Blind	39	29	NY	General	19,407	11,136
DE	General	1,887	1,174	NC	Blind	438	334
DC	Combined	1,468	605	NC	General	9,656	5,126
FL	Blind	1,451	813	ND	Combined	687	463
FL	General	13,302	5,418	OH	Combined	12,764	6,186
GA	Combined	5,769	3,715	OK	Combined	3,697	1,956
HI	Combined	826	434	OR	Blind	114	60
ID	Blind	107	82	OR	General	4,581	2,975
ID	General	3,301	1,737	PA	Combined	15,033	8,438
IL	Combined	11,296	5,696	RI	Combined	1,053	648
IN	Combined	5,889	2,867	SC	Blind	318	105
IA	Blind	85	68	SC	General	10,916	6,536
IA	General	4,202	2,200	SD	Blind	149	114
KS	Combined	2,374	1,093	SD	General	1,290	765
KY	Blind	337	249	TN	Combined	3,602	2,104
KY	General	10,181	5,150	TX	Blind	1,961	1,453
LA	Combined	4,655	2,273	TX	General	19,995	12,241
ME	Blind	163	112	UT	Combined	3,827	1,867
ME	General	2,220	945	VT	Blind	102	81
MD	Combined	4,222	2,565	VT	General	2,886	1,571
MA	Blind	319	266	VA	Blind	315	196
MA	General	7,107	3,898	VA	General	7,246	4,060
MI	Blind	328	138	WA	Blind	318	162
MI	General	9,994	5,598	WA	General	4,669	2,997
MN	Blind	250	140	WV	Combined	2,984	1,502
MN	General	5,196	3,115	WI	Combined	8,366	4,608
MS	Combined	5,423	3,304	WY	Combined	982	553
MO	Blind	326	272	PR	Combined	4,355	2,698
MO	General	8,416	5,013				

Citation: U.S. Department of Education, Rehabilitation Services Administration. (2016). Management Information System, Ad Hoc Query of the RSA-911 Cumulative Caseload Report. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 14.2). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data for this table can be found at <https://rsa.ed.gov>. In some states there are separate agencies for the blind.

**Table 14.3 Vocational Rehabilitation – Percent of Participants Employed at Closure by State Agency: 2016**

State	Agency Type	All Participants	Percent Employed (%) [1]	Participants with Significant Disabilities		State	Agency Type	All Participants	Percent Employed (%) [1]	Participants with Significant Disabilities
				Participants with Significant Disabilities	Participants with Significant Disabilities					
U.S.	-	56.8	55.9			MT	Combined	38.9		37.5
AL	Combined	67.6	68.3			NE	Blind	46.9		47.2
AK	Combined	54.7	54.0			NE	General	68.1		68.9
AZ	Combined	42.0	42.0			NV	Combined	49.8		48.8
AR	Blind	67.4	67.4			NH	Combined	58.9		57.6
AR	General	71.8	71.4			NJ	Blind	61.7		58.5
CA	Combined	58.0	58.0			NJ	General	61.2		61.2
CO	Combined	62.7	61.5			NM	Blind	42.3		42.3
CT	Blind	69.5	69.5			NN	General	37.7		36.4
CT	General	57.5	56.5			NY	Blind	73.4		73.4
DE	Blind	75.0	74.4			NY	General	57.5		57.4
DE	General	62.4	62.2			NC	Blind	72.7		76.3
DC	Combined	41.0	41.2			NC	General	54.0		53.1
FL	Blind	56.0	56.0			ND	Combined	69.6		67.4
FL	General	40.8	40.7			OH	Combined	50.2		48.5
GA	Combined	65.0	64.4			OK	Combined	53.8		52.9
HI	Combined	52.2	52.5			OR	Blind	52.6		52.6
ID	Blind	77.1	76.6			OR	General	64.9		64.9
ID	General	57.8	52.6			PA	General	56.1		56.1
IL	Combined	50.4	50.4			RI	Combined	61.5		61.5
IN	Combined	55.0	48.7			SC	Blind	33.0		33.0
IA	Blind	80.0	80.0			SC	General	59.8		59.9
IA	General	52.6	52.4			SD	Blind	76.7		76.5
KS	Combined	46.7	46.0			SD	General	59.5		59.3
KY	Blind	73.9	73.9			TN	Combined	58.4		58.4
KY	General	50.6	50.6			TX	Blind	74.1		74.1
LA	Combined	48.9	48.8			TX	General	63.9		61.2
ME	Blind	68.7	68.7			UT	Combined	49.4		48.8
ME	General	46.6	42.6			VT	Blind	79.4		79.4
MD	Combined	60.8	60.8			VT	General	54.5		54.4
MA	Blind	83.1	83.4			VA	Blind	62.3		62.2
MA	General	54.9	54.8			VA	General	56.0		56.0
MI	Blind	41.9	42.1			WA	Blind	51.4		50.9
MI	General	59.6	56.0			WA	General	64.3		64.2
MN	Blind	56.0	56.0			WV	Combined	54.4		50.3
MN	General	59.9	59.9			WI	Combined	55.1		55.1
MS	Combined	65.2	60.9			WI	Combined	56.9		56.3
MO	Blind	83.5	83.4			PR	Combined	62.2		62.0
MO	General	60.1	59.6							

Citation: U.S. Department of Education, Rehabilitation Services Administration. (2016). Management Information System, Ad Hoc Query of the RSA-911 Cumulative Caseload Report. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 14.3). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data for this table can be found at <https://rsa.ed.gov>. In some states there are separate agencies for the blind.

[1] The percent employed at closure is also known as the rehabilitation rate. The rehabilitation rate is the number of closures with successful employment outcomes divided by the number of closures.

**Table 14.4 Vocational Rehabilitation – Number of Participants Whose Primary Support is Own Income at Application and Closure by State Agency: 2016**

State	Agency Type	Number of Participants - Own Income [1]	Primary Support is Own Income [1]	State	Agency Type	Number of Participants - Own Income [1]	Primary Support is Own Income [1]
U.S.	-	51,370	150,645	MT	Combined	508	At Closure
AL	Combined	731	4,482	NE	Blind	50	69
AK	Combined	360	647	NE	General	1,219	2,425
AZ	Combined	1,129	2,044	NV	Combined	321	1,648
AR	Blind	256	310	NH	Combined	620	998
AR	General	1,510	2,520	NJ	Blind	206	234
CA	Combined	1,953	10,779	NJ	General	1,355	6,625
CO	Combined	890	2,397	NM	Blind	18	29
CT	Blind	81	101	NM	General	413	876
CT	General	1,104	1,698	NY	Blind	296	457
DE	Blind	7	22	NY	General	1,787	7,499
DE	General	206	1,206	NC	Blind	332	368
DC	Combined	362	683	NC	General	2,520	5,888
FL	Blind	406	700	ND	Combined	316	640
FL	General	2,536	5,683	OH	Combined	1,746	5,730
GA	Combined	1,021	3,805	OK	Combined	672	5,071
HI	Combined	150	1,257	OR	Blind	37	57
ID	Blind	82	77	OR	General	948	2,625
ID	General	1,475	2,648	PA	Combined	4,280	8,707
IL	Combined	1,308	4,070	RI	Combined	195	570
IN	Combined	2,405	3,828	SC	Blind	127	164
IA	Blind	35	59	SC	General	2,940	7,238
IA	General	737	1,858	SD	Blind	88	111
KS	Combined	614	1,365	SD	General	406	859
KY	Blind	190	241	TN	Combined	679	1,806
KY	General	3,685	5,689	TX	Blind	1,089	1,404
LA	Combined	897	4,924	TX	General	9,049	16,034
ME	Blind	17	74	UT	Combined	1,147	2,447
ME	General	496	1,237	VT	Blind	34	42
MD	Combined	645	2,148	VT	General	788	1,385
MA	Blind	137	198	VA	Blind	90	365
MA	General	1,576	3,820	VA	General	615	2,912
MI	Blind	74	113	WA	Blind	106	168
MI	General	1,855	12,390	WA	General	950	2,872
MN	Blind	70	133	WV	Combined	703	1,580
MN	General	612	2,732	WI	Combined	2,724	10,517
MS	Combined	2,430	4,947	WY	Combined	496	721
MO	Blind	143	203	PR	Combined	245	3,251
MO	General	1,100	2,732				

Citation: U.S. Department of Education, Rehabilitation Services Administration. (2016). Management Information System, Ad Hoc Query of the RSA-911 Cumulative Caseload Report. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 14.4). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data for this table can be found at <https://rsa.ed.gov>. In some states there are separate agencies for the blind.

[1] The number of participants whose primary financial support is their own income.

**Table 14.5 Vocational Rehabilitation – State Agencies with Individuals on Order of Selection at Fiscal Year-End: 2012 to 2016**

State	Agency Type	Federal Fiscal Year					State	Agency Type	Federal Fiscal Year		
		12	13	14	15	16			12	13	14
AL	Combined	No	No	No	No	No	MT	Combined	No	No	No
AK	Combined	No	No	No	No	No	NE	Blind	No	No	No
AZ	Combined	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	NE	General	Yes	Yes	Yes
AR	Blind	No	No	No	No	No	NV	Combined	No	No	No
AR	General	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	NH	Combined	No	No	No
CA	Combined	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	NJ	Blind	No	No	No
CO	Combined	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	NJ	General	Yes	Yes	Yes
CT	Blind	No	No	No	No	No	NM	Blind	No	No	No
CT	General	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	NM	General	Yes	Yes	Yes
DE	Blind	No	No	No	No	No	NY	Blind	No	No	No
DE	General	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	NY	General	No	No	No
DC	Combined	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	NC	Blind	No	No	No
FL	Blind	No	No	No	No	No	NC	General	No	No	No
FL	General	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	ND	Combined	No	No	Yes
GA	Combined	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	OH	Combined	Yes	Yes	No
HI	Combined	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	OK	Combined	Yes	Yes	No
ID	Blind	No	No	No	No	No	OR	Blind	Yes	Yes	No
ID	General	No	No	No	No	No	OR	General	Yes	Yes	No
IL	Combined	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	PA	Combined	Yes	Yes	Yes
IN	Combined	No	No	No	No	No	RI	Combined	Yes	Yes	Yes
IA	Blind	No	No	No	No	No	SC	Blind	No	No	No
IA	General	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	SC	General	No	No	No
KS	Combined	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	SD	Blind	No	No	No
KY	Blind	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	SD	General	Yes	Yes	No
KY	General	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	TN	Combined	Yes	Yes	Yes
LA	Combined	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	TX	Blind	No	No	No
ME	Blind	No	No	No	No	No	TX	General	No	No	No
ME	General	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	UT	Combined	No	No	Yes
MD	Combined	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	VT	Blind	No	No	No
MA	Blind	No	No	No	No	No	VT	General	Yes	Yes	Yes
MA	General	No	No	No	No	No	VA	Blind	Yes	Yes	Yes
MI	Blind	No	No	No	No	No	VA	General	Yes	Yes	Yes
MI	General	No	No	No	No	No	WA	Blind	No	No	No
MN	Blind	No	No	No	No	Yes	WA	General	No	No	No
MN	General	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	WV	Combined	No	No	Yes
MS	Combined	No	No	No	No	No	WI	Combined	Yes	Yes	Yes
MO	Blind	No	No	No	No	No	WY	Combined	No	No	No
MO	General	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes					

Citation: U.S. Department of Education, Rehabilitation Services Administration. (2016). Information provided to authors directly from RSAData. Special thanks to Yann-Yann Shieh and Vernita Washington for their assistance. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 14.5). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. In some states there are separate agencies for the blind.

**Table 14.6 Vocational Rehabilitation – Average Hourly Wage of Employed Participants by State Agency: 2016**

State	Agency Type	Average Hourly Wage of Employed Workers (\$)	State	Agency Type	Average Hourly Wage of Employed Workers (\$)
U.S.	-	14.55	MT	Combined	9.55
AL	Combined	12.10	NE	Blind	12.88
AK	Combined	10.62	NE	General	14.56
AZ	Combined	12.59	NV	Combined	11.96
AR	Blind	11.37	NH	Combined	12.35
AR	General	13.13	NJ	Blind	11.85
CA	Combined	11.80	NJ	General	17.52
CO	Combined	19.24	NM	Blind	11.99
CT	Blind	14.08	NM	General	19.76
CT	General	20.87	NY	Blind	11.03
DE	Blind	10.98	NY	General	20.78
DE	General	12.32	NC	Blind	13.62
DC	Combined	10.70	NC	General	12.44
FL	Blind	10.91	ND	Combined	11.80
FL	General	13.96	OH	Combined	11.60
GA	Combined	12.84	OK	Combined	12.50
HI	Combined	12.00	OR	Blind	12.55
ID	Blind	10.62	OR	General	17.77
ID	General	14.38	PA	Combined	9.31
IL	Combined	13.17	RI	Combined	11.44
IN	Combined	10.09	SC	Blind	10.51
IA	Blind	12.02	SC	General	13.30
IA	General	14.73	SD	Blind	10.17
KS	Combined	15.33	SD	General	12.71
KY	Blind	11.92	TN	Combined	13.25
KY	General	14.60	TX	Blind	11.61
LA	Combined	13.53	TX	General	13.44
ME	Blind	13.46	UT	Combined	10.24
ME	General	16.02	VT	Blind	18.41
MD	Combined	13.79	VT	General	12.39
MA	Blind	11.10	VA	Blind	11.20
MA	General	23.80	VA	General	16.20
MI	Blind	12.17	WA	Blind	20.46
MI	General	15.46	WA	General	12.59
MN	Blind	10.59	WV	Combined	13.20
MN	General	16.75	WI	Combined	11.75
MS	Combined	12.16	WV	Combined	12.06
MO	Blind	12.53	PR	Combined	12.27
MO	General	14.27			

Citation: Rehabilitation Services Administration. (2016). Retrieved from the RSA-911 Cumulative Caseload Report. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J., *Annual Disability Statistics Compendium: 2019* (Table 14.6). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability.

Note: Data for this table can be found at <https://rsa.ed.gov>. In some states there are separate agencies for the blind.



# Section 15: Employment Policy

This section presents statistics relevant to disability employment policy research in the United States. Specifically, the data address state **minimum wage rates**, **Social Security disability allowance rates**, **Supplemental Security Income supplementary payments**, and **earned income tax credit rates**.

The data for state **minimum wage rates** are accurate as of July 2018, and were gathered from the **Department of Labor**. The Federal minimum wage is presented as default if a state does not have a minimum wage or if the rate is below the Federal level.

The data for **Social Security disability allowance rates** and **Supplemental Security Income supplementary payments** are from the **Social Security Administration**. More information about allowance rates and supplementary payments can be found in the State Assistance Programs for SSI Recipients report released in January 2011 through the **Social Security Administration**.

The data for **earned income tax credit rates** were found through the **Internal Revenue Service**. The **earned income tax credit rates** are the percent of the federal **earned income tax credit** amount that can be claimed on state tax returns.

## Tables

**Table 15.1:** In 2018, the states with the highest and lowest **Social Security disability allowance rates** were Nebraska and Mississippi, with allowance rates of 54.4 and 27.1 percent.

**Table 15.2:** In 2018, the states with the highest and lowest **earned income tax credits** were California and Louisiana, with credits of 85.0 and 3.5 percent.

**Table 15.3:** In 2011, the most recent data available, the states with the highest and lowest **Supplemental Security Income Supplementary Payments** were Indiana and Utah, with payments of \$827.06 and \$3.13 respectively.

**Table 15.4:** In 2018, the highest **minimum wage rate** was in the District of Columbia with a rate of \$13.25. Twenty-two states have no minimum wage or one that is lower than the Federal Minimum of \$7.25.



**Table 15.1 Employment Policy – Social Security Disability Insurance Allowance Rate for People Living in the United States, by State: 2018**

State	SSDI Allowance Rate (%)	State	SSDI Allowance Rate (%)
U.S.	-	MO	37.4
AL	30.5	MT	37.6
AK	42.4	NE	54.4
AZ	28.0	NV	34.6
AR	33.7	NH	49.9
CA	35.1	NJ	39.8
CO	39.9	NM	32.2
CT	36.0	NY	39.2
DE	33.1	NC	33.2
DC	41.3	ND	41.4
FL	34.8	OH	34.9
GA	32.6	OK	30.4
HI	30.7	OR	40.3
ID	45.2	PA	38.8
IL	35.9	RI	43.3
IN	31.9	SC	32.3
IA	37.8	SD	39.8
KS	46.3	TN	29.7
KY	29.3	TX	34.1
LA	42.8	UT	42.6
ME	35.5	VT	43.8
MD	33.6	VA	42.3
MA	43.0	WA	37.8
MI	38.9	WV	29.1
MN	36.8	WI	38.4
MS	27.1	WY	50.4

**Citation:** Social Security Administration (2018). SSA State Agency Monthly Workload Data. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 15.1). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data for this table can be found at <https://www.ssa.gov/disability/data/sssa-sa-mow1.htm>. The data presented in this table are from October 2018.

**Table 15.2 Employment Policy – State Earned Income Tax Credits for People Living in the United States: 2018**

State	Earned Income Tax Credit Rates (%)	State	Earned Income Tax Credit Rates (%)
U.S.	-	MO	-
AL	-	MT	-
AK	-	NE	10.0
AZ	-	NV	-
AR	-	NH	-
CA	85.0	NJ	30.0
CO	10.0	NM	10.0
CT	27.5	NY	30.0
DE	20.0	NC	-
DC	40.0	ND	-
FL	-	OH	10.0
GA	-	OK	5.0
HI	-	OR	8.0
ID	-	PA	-
IL	10.0	RI	12.5
IN	9.0	SC	-
IA	15.0	SD	-
KS	17.0	TN	-
KY	-	TX	-
LA	3.5	UT	-
ME	5.0	VT	32.0
MD	28.0	VA	20.0
MA	23.0	WA	-
MI	6.0	WV	-
MN	45.0	WI	34.0
MS	-	WY	-

Citation: Internal Revenue Service. (2018). States and Local Governments with Earned Income Tax Credit. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 15.2). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data for this table can be found at <https://www.irs.gov/credits-deductions/individuals/earned-income-tax-credit/states-and-local-governments-with-earned-income-tax-credit>.





**Table 15.3 Employment Policy – Monthly Supplemental Security Income Supplementary Payments for People Living in the United States, by State: 2011**

State	SSI Supplementary Payments (\$)	Living Arrangement by State	State	SSI Supplementary Payments (\$)	Living Arrangement by State
U.S.	-	Not applicable	MO	156.00	Licensed residential care facility - level 1
AL	60.00	Receiving independent home care in private home or personal care home, level of independence A	MT	94.00	Assisted living facility
AK	362.00	Living independently	NE	5.00	Living independently - blind
AZ	-	No Program	NV	109.30	Living independently or in the household of another
AR	-	No Program	NH	27.00	Living alone or with others
CA	171.00	Living independently with cooking facilities - aged and disabled	NJ	31.25	Living alone or with others
CO	25.00	Living independently or in the household of another	NM	100.00	Licensed adult residential care home
CT	168.00	Independent community living	NY	87.00	Living alone
DE	140.00	Certified adult residential care facility	NC	554.00	Adult care home - basic (aged, blind, and disabled)
DC	485.00	Adult foster care home (50 beds or less)	ND	-	No Program
FL	78.40	Adult family care home	OH	506.00	Adult family or foster home
GA	20.00	Medicaid facility	OK	42.00	Living independently
HI	651.90	Foster care home	OR	-	No Program
ID	53.00	Living independently or in the household of another	PA	22.10	Living alone
IL	-	No data available	RI	39.92	Living alone
IN	827.06	Licensed residential facility	SC	483.00	Licensed community residential care facility
IA	22.00	Living independently - blind	SD	15.00	Living independently
KS	32.00	Medicaid facility	TN	-	No Program
KY	520.00	Personal care facility	TX	60.00	Medicaid facility
LA	8.00	Medicaid facility	UT	3.13	Living in the household of another
ME	10.00	Living alone or with others	VT	52.04	Living independently
MD	66.00	Care home - minimal supervision	VA	686.00	Assisted living facility - planning district 8
MA	114.39	Living independently - disabled	WA	46.00	Living independently
MI	14.00	Living independently	WV	-	No Program
MN	81.00	Living independently	WI	83.78	Living independently
MS	-	No Program	WY	25.00	Living independently

Citation: Social Security Administration. (2011). State Assistance Programs for SSI Recipients, January 2011. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.). Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 15.3). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data for this table can be found at [https://www.ssa.gov/policy/docs/progdesc/ssi\\_st\\_assist/2011/](https://www.ssa.gov/policy/docs/progdesc/ssi_st_assist/2011/). Please note that despite being from 2011, these are the most recent available data.

**Table 15.4 Employment Policy – Minimum Wage Rates for People Living in the United States, by State: 2018**

State	Minimum Wage Rate (\$)
U.S.	7.25
AL	7.25
AK	9.84
AZ	10.50
AR	8.50
CA	11.00
CO	10.20
CT	10.10
DE	8.25
DC	13.25
FL	8.25
GA	7.25
HI	10.10
ID	7.25
IL	8.25
IN	7.25
IA	7.25
KS	7.25
KY	7.25
LA	7.25
ME	10.00
MD	10.10
MA	11.00
MI	9.25
MN	9.86
MS	7.25

Citation: U.S. Department of Labor. (2018). Minimum Wage Laws in the States – July 1, 2018, Consolidated State Minimum Wage Update Table. In Lauer, E.A., Boege, S.L., & Houtenville, A.J. (Eds.), Annual disability statistics compendium: 2019 (Table 15.4). Durham, NH: University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability. Data for this table are as of July 2018 and can be found at <https://www.dol.gov/whd/minwage/americaw.htm#Consolidated>.



# Glossary

**4-year college degree** – Having attained a bachelor's degree and no additional professional degrees. People in this category are ages 25 and over.

**Activities of Daily Living (ACS)** – Elected activities from the Katz Activities of Daily Living (ADL), namely difficulty bathing and dressing. Difficulty with these activities of daily living are identified as self-care disability in the American Community Survey. (See self-care disability for more detail).

**Allowance Rate (Initial)** – The number of allowances divided by the determinations, expressed as a percentage.

**Allowances (Initial)** – Fully or partially favorable determinations.

**Ambulatory Disability (ACS)** – In the American Community Survey, individuals who responded "yes" when asked if they had "serious difficulty walking or climbing stairs." Please note that this question is only asked of people 5 years old or over.

**American Community Survey (ACS)** – The American Community Survey is a large, continuous demographic survey conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau that will provide accurate and up-to-date profiles of America's communities every year. Annual and multiyear estimates of population and housing data are generated for small areas, including tracts and population subgroups. This information is collected by mailing questionnaires to a sample of addresses. See the U.S. Census Bureau website for additional details.

**Base Population** – The sum of a population or an estimate used as the root for evaluation purposes. Typically, the last Census count or the estimate from a previous date is used.

**Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS)** – The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) is a state-based system of health surveys that collects information on health risk behaviors, preventive health practices, and health care access primarily related to chronic disease and injury. BRFSS was established in 1984 by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC); currently data are collected monthly in all 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and Guam. More than 350,000 adults are interviewed each year, making the BRFSS the largest telephone health survey in the world. States use BRFSS data to identify emerging health problems, establish and track health objectives, and develop and evaluate public health policies

and programs. Many states also use BRFSS data to support health-related legislative efforts. See the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention website for additional details.

**Beneficiary (SSA)** – An individual who is receiving benefits, or monthly payments, from Social Security Disability Insurance.

**Binge Drinking (BRFSS)** – Respondents were asked “[c]onsidering all types of alcoholic beverages, how many times during the past 30 days did you have [5, if male respondent] [4, if female respondent] or more drinks on occasion?” Respondents who reported doing so at least one time were considered to have engaged in binge drinking.

**Building Type (ACS)** – Building types identified in the ACS include houses (detached, one-family houses), apartments, and other (which includes mobile homes or trailers, boats, RVs, vans, etc.).

**Civilian** – A person not in active-duty military.

**Complete kitchen (ACS)** – Kitchen facilities are considered complete if they have a stove or range, a refrigerator, and a sink with a faucet. If kitchen facilities are missing one or more of these features, the household is found to be lacking complete a kitchen.

**Complete plumbing (ACS)** – Plumbing facilities are considered complete if they include hot and cold running water and a bathtub or shower. If the household is missing one or more of these features, the household is found to be lacking complete plumbing.

**Cognitive Disability (ACS)** – In the American Community Survey, individuals who indicated “yes” when asked if due to a physical, mental, or emotional problem, they had difficulty remembering, concentrating, or making decisions. Please note that this question is only asked of people 5 years old or over.

**Department of Labor (DOL)** – The Department of Labor is a US government department responsible for the assessment and management of wage and hour standards, occupational safety, unemployment insurance benefits, reemployment services and some economic statistics.

**Determination (Initial)** – A determination is the finding made by a state agency on the initial claim made in the designated time period. The finding can be favorable, partially favorable, or unfavorable.

**Disability Rating** – The disability rating scale is used to track the impairment, disability, or handicap of an individual. The severity of the disability corresponds to the value of the rating and is used to

determine eligibility for supports and services and ability to work or return to work.

**Disability Status (ACS, BRFSS)** – The ACS and BRFSS use a set of six questions to identify persons with disabilities. Each question (listed below) has a possible response of either "yes" or "no". A response of "yes" to any one of the questions indicates that the person in question has a disability – vision, hearing, cognitive, ambulatory, self-care, and independent living. However, the cognitive, ambulatory, self-care, and independent living related questions are not used to identify disability in individuals less than five years old, and the independent living related question is not used to identify disability in individuals less than 15 years old.

The six disability questions included in the U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey (ACS) are the following:

1. Hearing Disability: *Is this person deaf or does he/she have serious difficulty hearing?*
2. Vision Disability: *Is this person blind or does he/she have serious difficulty seeing even when wearing glasses?*
3. Cognitive Disability: *[If person 5 years old or over] Because of a physical, mental, or emotional condition, does this person have serious difficulty concentrating, remembering, or making decisions?*
4. Ambulatory Disability: *[If person 5 years old or over] Does this person have serious difficulty walking or climbing stairs?*
5. Self-Care Disability: *[If person 5 years old or over] Does this person have difficulty dressing or bathing?*
6. Independent Living Disability: *[If person 15 years old or over] Because of a physical, mental, or emotional condition, does this person have difficulty doing errands alone such as visiting a doctor's office or shopping ?*

**Disability Type** – See **disability status** and specific definitions in the glossary (Vision Disability, Hearing Disability, Ambulatory Disability, Cognitive Disability, Independent Living Disability, and Self-Care Disability).

**Disabled-Worker (SSA)** – A worker not yet at full retirement age receiving insurance payments due to a disability.

**Earned/Earnings (ACS)** – Regularly received income from salaries/wages, self-employment or both, for people 16 or more years old before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, Medicare deductions, etc.

**Earned Income Tax** – Earned income tax is the tax that is applied to the income a person has earned over a designated time period.

**Earned Income Tax Credit** – The Earned Income Tax Credit is a refundable tax credit for working individuals who earn low to moderate incomes, providing extra benefits for individuals with children.

**Earned Income Tax Credit Rate** – The percent of the federal EITC amount that can be claimed on state tax returns.

**Earnings Gap** – The difference in percentage earned between two populations, usually people with and without disabilities.

**Educational Attainment (ACS)** – All individuals 18 years or older are classified based on their highest degree or level of education attained. The categories include:

1. Completed the twelfth grade without receiving a high school diploma.
2. High school graduate meaning received a diploma or General Educational Diploma (G.E.D.), and did not attend college.
3. Some college credit, but less than one year.
4. One or more years of college, but no degree.
5. Associate's degree which includes people who generally completed two years of college level work in an occupational program that prepared them for a specific occupation, or an academic program primarily in the arts and sciences. The course work may or may not be transferable to a bachelor's degree.
6. Bachelor's degree or more which includes individuals who received a bachelor's degree and have taken additional courses but not received a Master's or PhD.
7. Master's degrees include the traditional MA and MS degrees and field-specific degrees, such as MSW and MBA.
8. Professional degrees which includes MD, DDS, DVM, LLB, and JD.
9. Doctorate degrees which include PhD.

*Schooling completed in foreign or ungraded school systems is reported as*

*the equivalent level of schooling in the regular American system. Certificates or diplomas for training in specific trades or from vocational, technical, or business schools are not included. Honorary degrees awarded for a respondent's accomplishments are not included.*

**Employed/Employed Persons** – Individuals 16 years or older who are civilians and are not currently institutionalized and, during the reference week; (a) performed at least one hour of work as a paid employee, worked in their own business, profession, or on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as an unpaid worker in a business owned by a relative; and (b) all those who had jobs or businesses but are on leave because of vacation, illness, bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, labor-management dispute, job training, or other family or personal reasons, regardless of whether they were compensated for the time off or were seeking other jobs. Each employed person is counted only once, even if he or she holds more than one job. Individuals who work around their own house (painting, repairing, or own home housework) or volunteer for religious, charitable, and other organizations are excluded.

**Employed/Employed Persons (ACS)** – In the American Community Survey, people who responded as having worked during the past week. See employed status for the American Community Survey for greater detail.

**Employment/Employment Status (ACS)** – In the American Community Survey, individuals were asked a series of questions designed to identify their status. Based on the answers, individuals were classified into one of five groups:

1. people who worked at any time during the reference week;
2. people on temporary layoff who were available for work;
3. people who did not work during the reference week but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent (excluding layoff);
4. people who did not work during the reference week, but who were looking for work during the last four weeks and were available for work during the reference week; and
5. people not in the labor force.

The employment status data shown in American Community Survey tabulations relate to people 16 years or older.

**Employment Gap** – The difference between the percentage of people employed for two different sub-populations, usually people with and without disabilities.

**Employment Participation** – Individuals who participated in the labor force. Includes all persons classified as employed or unemployed.

**Employment-Population Ratio (ACS)** – The proportion of the civilian non-institutional population aged 16 or more years who are employed.

**Employment Rate (ACS)** – The number of individuals that are employed as a percent of the civilian non-institutional population.

**Federal Fiscal Year** – The United States federal government's fiscal year is the twelve month period ending on September 30th of that year.

**Full-Time, Full-Year (ACS)** – A person is considered to be a working full-time, full-year if he or she worked 35 hours or more per week for 50 to 52 weeks in the past 12 months.

**Hearing Disability (ACS)** – In the American Community Survey, individuals who indicated "yes" when asked if they were "deaf or ... [had] serious difficulty hearing." Please note that this question is asked of individuals of all ages.

**Health Insurance Coverage (ACS)** – In the American Community Survey, health insurance coverage is broadly defined as both private health insurance and public coverage. Respondents are asked to report their current coverage and to mark "yes" or "no" for each of the eight types listed:

1. Insurance through a current or former employer or union (of this person or another family member).
2. Insurance purchased directly from an insurance company (by this person or another family member).
3. Medicare, for people 65 and older, or people with certain disabilities.
4. Medicaid, Medical Assistance, or any kind of government-assistance plan for those with low incomes or a disability.
5. TRICARE or other military health care.
6. VA (including those who have ever used or enrolled for VA health care).
7. Indian Health Service.

8. Any other type of health insurance or health coverage plan.

**Health Insurance Coverage (BRFSS)** – In the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, respondents are considered to have health insurance coverage if they respond ‘yes’ to having, “...any kind of health care coverage, including health insurance, prepaid plans such as HMOs, or government plans such as Medicare, or Indian Health Service?”

**Health Insurance Coverage Gap** – The difference in percentage points of health insurance coverage between people with and without disabilities.

**Housing Cost Burden (ACS)** – Residents face a cost burden if they spend more than 30 percent of their household income on housing costs.

**Income (ACS)** – The sum of all wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, and tips; self-employment income from own nonfarm and farm businesses, including proprietorships and partnerships; interest, dividends, net rental income, royalty income, and income from estates and trusts; Social Security and Railroad Retirement income; Supplemental Security Income; any public assistance and welfare payments from the state and local welfare office; retirement, survivor, and disability pensions; and any other sources received regularly such as Veterans Affairs payments, unemployment compensation, child support, and alimony.

**Income Maintenance Programs** – Government programs that provide direct financial assistance to needy individuals, families, and/ or households. Examples include Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) and general assistance.

**Independent Living Disability (ACS)** – In the American Community Survey, individuals who indicated “yes” when asked if due to a physical, mental, or emotional condition, they had difficulty “doing errands alone such as visiting a doctor’s office or shopping.” Please note that this question is asked of individuals ages 15 years old or over.

**Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)** – A law ensuring services to children with disabilities throughout the nation. IDEA governs how states and public agencies provide early intervention, special education, and related services to more than 6.5 million eligible infants, toddlers, children, and youth with disabilities. Infants and toddlers with disabilities (birth-2) and their families receive early intervention services under IDEA Part C. Children and youth (ages 3-21) receive special education and related services under IDEA Part B.

**Industry** – The type of business conducted by a person’s employing organization. Examples of industries include automotive, health, mining,

and transportation. Industries are categorized based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), published by the Office of Management and Budget. The NAICS is the standard used by North America and United States' Federal statistical agencies to classify businesses for analyses of the economy.

**Instrumental Activities of Daily Living (ACS)** – Elected activities from the Lawton Instrumental Activities of Daily Living (IADL) scales, namely difficulty performing errands such as visiting the doctor's office or going shopping. In the American Community Survey, IADLs are identified through an independent living disability question. (See independent living disability for more information).

**Internal Revenue Service** – The Internal Revenue Service is the federal tax collection agency and has the responsibility of enforcing tax laws for the United States federal government.

**Labor Force** – All persons classified as employed or unemployed.

**Labor Force Participation Rate** – The labor force as a percent of the civilian non-institutional population.

**Less than a high school education** – Having attained an education through 12<sup>th</sup> grade without attaining a high school degree or General Equivalency Degree. People in this category are ages 25 and over.

**Living in the Community** – Describes persons who are residing in the community and who are not living in institutions such as jails, prisons, nursing homes, hospitals, etc.

**Margin of Error** – A statistic expressing the amount of random sampling error in the results of a survey.

**Median Earnings** – The median is the middlemost value of a sample that separates the upper half of the values from the lower half of the values. The median earnings is the amount that divides the income distribution in two equal groups. Half of the people earn more than this value and half of the people earn less than this value.

**Medicaid** – Medicaid is a state-administered, but federally required, program to provide health insurance to certain groups of people. States determine specific eligibility requirements, but in general low income individuals, families, children, and pregnant women are eligible for health care coverage under Medicaid. In some states, other groups (such as people with disabilities) are also eligible.

**Medicare** – Medicare is a Federal program that provides health care services to individuals 65 or older, individuals under age 65 with disabilities, and individuals of all ages with end-stage renal failure. There are three programs within Medicare: Part A (hospital insurance), Part B (medical insurance), and Prescription Drug Coverage (new since January 1, 2006). Individuals pay into Part A throughout their careers, and then Part A covers that individual for hospital care. People who are eligible for Medicare have the opportunity to purchase Part B, or medical insurance that covers them for more than just hospital care.

**Metropolitan (Urban)** – Counties are classified metropolitan if they contain an urban core of at least 50,000 people or if a significant proportion of the population commutes into an adjacent urban core.

**Micropolitan** – Micropolitan counties are nonmetropolitan counties that have an urban core of 10,000 to 50,000 people.

**Minimum Wage** – A minimum wage is the lowest a person can be paid for hourly work in the US, set by the federal government.

**Minimum Wage Rate** – The minimum wage rate is set by individual US states. This rate must be equal to or above the federal minimum wage.

**More than a 4-year college degree** – Having attained a master's, professional, or doctoral degree. People in this category are ages 25 and over.

**Noncore** – Noncore counties are nonmetropolitan counties with an urban core population of less than 10,000.

**Nonmetropolitan (Rural)** – Nonmetropolitan counties are rural counties and can be further classified into micropolitan and noncore counties. See micropolitan and noncore definitions for greater detail.

**Non-Institutionalized Population** – Describes individuals who are residing in the community and who are not living in institutions such as jails, prisons, nursing homes, hospitals, etc.

**OASDI Benefits** – The Social Security Administration's Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI) program provides monthly benefits to qualified retired and disabled workers, their dependents and to survivors of insured workers. Eligibility and benefit amounts are determined by the worker's contributions to Social Security.

**Obese/Obesity (BRFSS)** – The condition where a person has a body mass index greater than 30.

**Occupation** – The kind of work a person does on the job. Examples of occupations include animal scientists, computer programmers, medical assistants, and telemarketers. Occupations are categorized based on the Standard Occupational (SOC) Manual, published by the Office of Management and Budget. The SOC is the standard used by United States's Federal statistical agencies to classify work for analyses of the economy.

**Office of Management and Budget (OMB)** – Located within the Executive Office of the President of the United States, the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) works to develop the President's budget proposal. The OMB also sets funding priorities and evaluates the effectiveness of programs, policies, and procedures. The definitions of metropolitan and nonmetropolitan (micropolitan and noncore) counties are based on OMB county classifications. See respective glossary entries for greater detail on these terms.

**Office of Special Education Programs** – Part of the United States Department of Education, the Office of Special Education Programs' mission is to improve education-related outcomes and experiences of infants, toddlers, children and youth with disabilities ages birth through 21 by providing leadership and financial support at the state and federal level. Their goals include:

1. "Fostering and supporting research and the development of knowledge and innovations to improve results for infants, toddlers, children, and youth with disabilities;" and
2. "Evaluating, monitoring, and reporting on the implementation of federal policy and programs and the effectiveness of early intervention and educational efforts for infants, toddlers, children, and youth with disabilities."

**Only a high school education** – Having attained a high school degree or General Equivalency Degree and no additional education. People in this category are ages 25 and over.

**Order of Selection** – A state is required by the Federal Government to implement an order of selection when it does not have the funds and/or the personnel to provide services for all eligible individuals with disabilities. This process is detailed under The Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and 34 CFR 361.36. When this situation occurs, a state must classify eligible individuals according to the significance of their disability(ies), and must serve the most significantly disabled first.

**Overcrowded (ACS)** – A housing unit is considered overcrowded if it has more than two people per bedroom.

**Participation in the labor force** – See labor force.

**Percentage Point(s)** – A number, count or ratio expressed as a fraction of 100.

**Persons with Targeted Disability** – People with Targeted Disabilities are recognized and defined by the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission and United States Office of Personnel Management as “[People with]... the most severe disabilities including blindness, deafness, partial and full paralysis, missing extremities, dwarfism, epilepsy, intellectual disabilities, and psychiatric disabilities. Individuals with these disabilities typically have the greatest difficulty finding employment. ... the federal government has a special emphasis on recruiting, hiring, and retaining people with targeted disabilities.”

**Prevalence** – The proportion of the population with a particular status or condition. Prevalence is usually expressed as a percentage or a number of people per unit of the population.

**Prevalence Rate** – The prevalence of a particular status or condition estimated over a specific period of time.

**Projected Population** – Estimates of what the population will be at a future date. The United States Census Bureau definition states that population projections “are typically based on an estimated population consistent with the most recent decennial census and are produced using the cohort-component method.”

**Population** – The total number of inhabitants in a defined geographic area including all races, classes, and groups.

**Poor Housing Quality (ACS)** – A household has poor housing quality if at least two of four possible conditions are met: lacking a complete kitchen, lacking complete plumbing, overcrowding, or cost burden.

**Poverty (ACS)** – The U.S. Office of Management and Budget in Statistical Policy, Directive 14 sets the standards for which poverty is calculated. The U.S. Census Bureau uses a set of dollar value thresholds that vary by family size and composition to determine who is in poverty. If a family's total income is less than the dollar value of the appropriate threshold, then that family and every individual in it is considered to be in poverty.

**Poverty Gap** – The difference between the poverty rates of two populations, usually people with and without disabilities.

**Poverty Rate (ACS)** – Percent of the population who are determined to be in poverty.

**Postsecondary Institutions** – In the United States, any education, school, training or program beyond the high school level.

**Race (ACS)** – Individuals identified themselves as one of six categories in the survey: White, Black or African American, American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, and Some Other Race. The racial categories included in the census questionnaire reflect a social definition of race recognized in this country and not an attempt to define race biologically, anthropologically, or genetically. In addition, it is recognized that the categories of the race item include racial and national origin or sociocultural groups. People may choose to report more than one race to indicate their racial mixture, such as "American Indian" and "White." People who identify their origin as Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish may be of any race.

**Rehabilitation Rate** – The number of successful employment outcomes divided by the number of closures after initiating or completing services.

**Rehabilitation Services Administration** – The Rehabilitation Services Administration is a United States Department of Education agency that helps individuals with disabilities obtain employment and live more independently. Data provided by the Rehabilitation Services Administration can be found in the 'Ad Hoc Query' section of their website: <http://rsa.ed.gov>.

**Resident Population** – All residents (both civilian and Armed Forces) living in the United States (all 50 states and the District of Columbia).

**Sample Size** – The number of units (individuals) from which data were collected in a survey or experiment.

**Sampling Variability** – The variation of a statistic when estimated from repeated samples.

**Seasonally Adjusted Statistics** – Statistics that face predictable variation over the course of a year due to seasonal changes (i.e. increases in employment in farming during harvest months) and are adjusted using statistical techniques that attempt to account for these expected seasonal changes.

**Self-Care Disability (ACS)** – In the American Community Survey, individuals who indicated “yes” when asked if they “have difficulty dressing or bathing.” Please note that this question is asked of individuals ages 5 years old or over.

**Service-Connected Disability Rating (ACS)** – In the American Community Survey, the VA service connected disability rating for an individual who is a veteran. The rating reflects the degree of the veteran’s disability on a scale from 0 to 100 percent, in increments of 10 percent.

**Service-Connected Disability Rating Status (ACS)** – In the American Community Survey, the designation associated with individuals who were in the Reserves or National Guard, trained with the Reserves or National Guard, or active duty military that have a disability as a result of disease or injury incurred or aggravated during active military service. These disabilities are defined according to the VA Schedule for Rating Disabilities in Title 38, U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 4.

**Sex (male or female) (ACS)** – The variable for sex is derived from a question that asks individuals to mark either male or female to indicate their biological sex. In cases where this question was invalid, the appropriate entry was determined from other information provided for that individual.

**Smoking (BRFSS)** – Respondents were asked about smoking: “Have you smoked at least 100 cigarettes in your entire life?” and “Do you now smoke cigarettes every day, some days, or not at all?” Respondents who reported smoking at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime and who, at the time of survey, smoked either every day or some days were defined as current smoker (i.e., smoking).

**Social Security Administration (SSA)** – The Social Security Administration is an independent agency within the United States federal government managing services supporting people eligible for social security programs. This includes employment-, retirement-, survivor- and disability-related benefits. These benefits are earned by paying Social Security taxes on earnings.

**Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI)** – A monthly benefit paid to disabled workers and certain family members if the worker meets eligibility criteria including evidence of disability and a sufficient work history.

**Social Security Income Supplement** – The Social Security Income supplement is managed by individual states to provide extra support for people with disabilities.

**Social Security Income Supplementary Payments** – Social Security Income Supplementary Payments are extra supplementary payments to people with disabilities on top of the SSI they receive from the federal government. Each state manages the supplementary payments independently.

**Special Education** – Specially designed instruction, at no cost to the parents, to meet the unique needs of a child with a disability, including (1) instruction at the classroom, home, hospitals and institutions, and in other settings; and (2) physical education. The term can include each of the following: (1) speech-language pathology services, or any other related service, if the service is considered special education rather than a related service under state standards; (2) travel training; and (3) vocational education.

**Successful Employment (VR)** – The U.S. Department of Education Rehabilitation Services Administration defines successful employment as employment for at least 90 days in an integrated employment setting.

**Successfully Rehabilitated** – Successful rehabilitation describes achieved vocational rehabilitation outcomes including occupational/ vocational skills training, employment (re-entering the workforce), technical assistance, and transportation services.

**Supplemental Security Income (SSI)** – The Social Security Administration pays benefits to disabled adults and children who have limited income and resources. Social Security Income benefits also are payable to people 65 and older without disabilities who meet the financial limits.

**Unemployment Rate (ACS)** – The percent of the labor force who do not have a job and are available and looking for work.

**United States Census Bureau** – An agency within the United States Federal Statistical System tasked with producing data about the American people and economy. Their primary task is to conduct the United States Census every ten years.

**United States Department of Health and Human Services** – A department in the United States government tasked with protecting and maintaining the health of all Americans.

**Validity** – The extent to which findings represent the phenomenon or variable they intend to measure.

**Veteran(s)** – A person who previously served in the armed forces.

**Veteran Benefits** – Federal assistance provided to Veterans and their dependents. This includes disability compensation, Veteran's pension programs, medical care, and educational programs.

**Vision Disability (ACS)** – In the American Community Survey, individuals who indicated "yes" when asked if they were "blind or ... have serious difficulty seeing even when wearing glasses." Please note that this question is asked of individuals of all ages.

**Vocational Rehabilitation (VR)** – Employment services offered to individuals with mental or physical disabilities. These services are designed to enable participants to attain skills, resources, attitudes, and expectations needed to compete in the interview process, get a job, and keep a job. These services may also help an individual retrain for employment after an injury or mental disorder has disrupted previous employment.

**Work Experience (ACS)** – In the American Community Survey, work experience is based on the number of hours an individual reported working per week over the previous 12 months. People 16 years old and over who reported that they usually worked 35 or more hours each week, during the weeks they worked, are classified as "Usually worked full time." People who reported that they usually worked 1 to 34 hours are classified as "Usually worked part time." Those who did not report working any regular hours in the previous 12 months are classified "did not work".

# About the Center

## **Rehabilitation Research and Training Center on Disability Statistics and Demographics (StatsRRTC)**

Policymakers, program administrators, service providers, researchers, advocates for people with disabilities, and people with disabilities and their families need accessible, valid data/statistics to support their decisions related to policy improvements, program administration, service delivery, protection of civil rights, and major life activities. The StatsRRTC supports decision making through a variety of integrated research and outreach activities by (a) improving knowledge about and access to existing data, (b) generating the knowledge needed to improve future disability data collection, and (c) strengthening connections between the data from and regarding respondents, researchers, and decision makers. In this way, the StatsRRTC supports the improvement of service systems that advance the quality of life for people with disabilities.

Led by the University of New Hampshire, the StatsRRTC is a collaborative effort involving the following partners: American Association of People with Disabilities, Association of University Centers on Disabilities, Center for Essential Management Services, Council of State Administrators of Vocational Rehabilitation, Kessler Foundation, Mathematica Policy Research, and Public Health Institute.

The StatsRRTC is funded by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Community Living, National Institute on Disability, Independent Living and Rehabilitation Research under grant number 90RTGE00010100, from 2018–2023.

## **Employment Policy and Measurement Rehabilitation Research and Training Center (EPM-RRTC)**

The EPM-RRTC generates and translates new information about disability employment policy and ways to measure the labor market experiences of people with disabilities. By improving the quality of available information about program interactions, policy options, and employment outcomes, the EPM-RRTC increases evidence-based advocacy and policymaking.

Led by the University of New Hampshire, the EPM-RRTC is a collaborative effort involving the following partners: Association of University Centers on Disability, Hunter College, Kessler Foundation, Mathematica Policy Research, and the University of Chicago.

The EPM-RRTC is funded by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Community Living, National Institute on Disability, Independent Living and Rehabilitation Research under grant number 90RT503701, from 2015–2020.

**Contact Information**

University of New Hampshire, Institute on Disability

10 West Edge Drive, Suite 101

Durham, NH 03824

Toll-Free Telephone/TTY: 866-538-9521

E-mail: [Disability.Statistics@unh.edu](mailto:Disability.Statistics@unh.edu)

<https://researchondisability.org>





Stay Connected:



<https://iod.unh.edu>

Institute on Disability / UCED  
10 West Edge Drive, Suite 101  
Durham, NH 03824  
603.862.4320 | relay: 711  
[contact.iod@unh.edu](mailto:contact.iod@unh.edu)

©January 2020. Institute on Disability.  
University of New Hampshire.