

Overcoming Non-Response: Lessons Learned Migrating to a Web-Based Platform and Offering a Multi-Ethnic Response Option

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The Numbers

- Nearly 1.5 million students graduate each year having taken the SAT®
- When students register to take the SAT, they are asked to fill out a 42-item questionnaire
- In the mid-1990s, web registration for the SAT began
- By 2002, 44% of the graduating cohort registered on the web



The Population & The Instrument

- The SAT is primarily taken by juniors and seniors in high school
- The SAT¹ is a test that measures critical reading, math, and writing
- The SAT questionnaire includes questions about:
 - High school coursework and activities
 - College preferences and aspirations
 - Demographic information

¹ Writing was added in March 2005



Reports on the Cohort

- Summary reports are produced based on the graduating class of seniors
 - If you last took the SAT as a junior (in January 2005) your scores will be part of a summary report on all seniors graduating in 2006
- Issue-Time lag for results
 - Impact of questionnaire modification in 2003 has impact on about 75% students

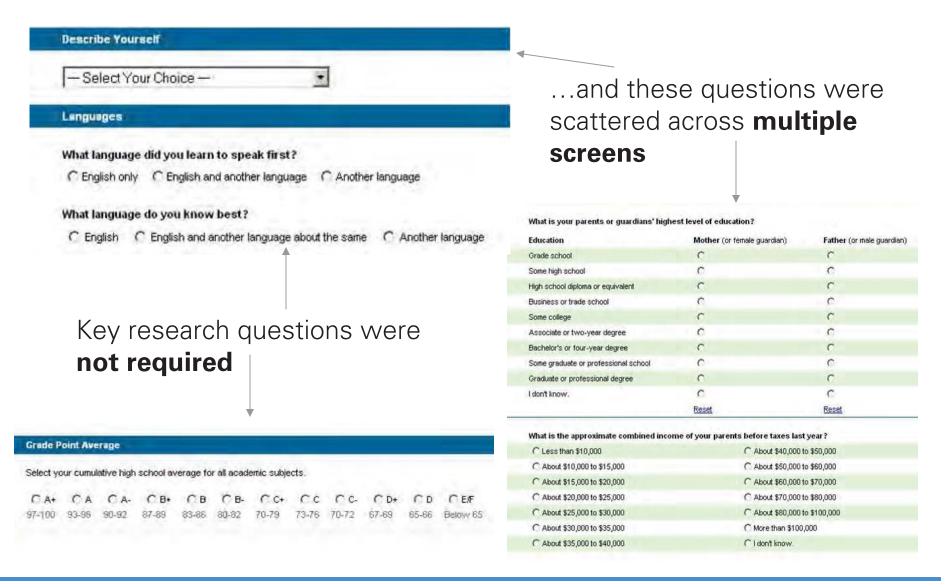


Web increase \rightarrow Non-response increase

- Key questions in which non-response caused the most concern:
 - Ethnicity
 - Mother's Education
 - Father's Education
 - Parental Income
 - High School GPA
 - First Language Spoken
 - Best Language Spoken

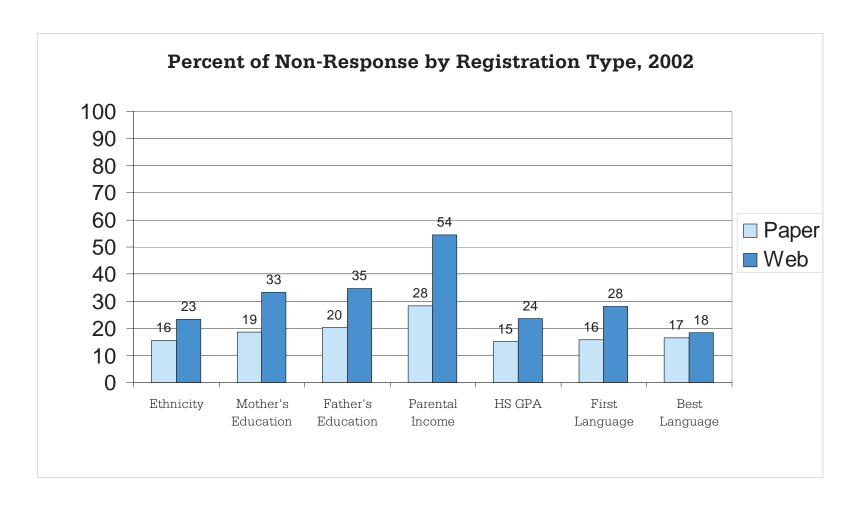


The Web Questionnaire in 2002-03





Web increase \rightarrow Non-response increase





Actions Taken to Intervene

- In 2002-03, a committee met to identify which questions are needed most for scoring, test validity, and equity
- In May 2003, questions on the web were reordered, moving seven key questions to the beginning

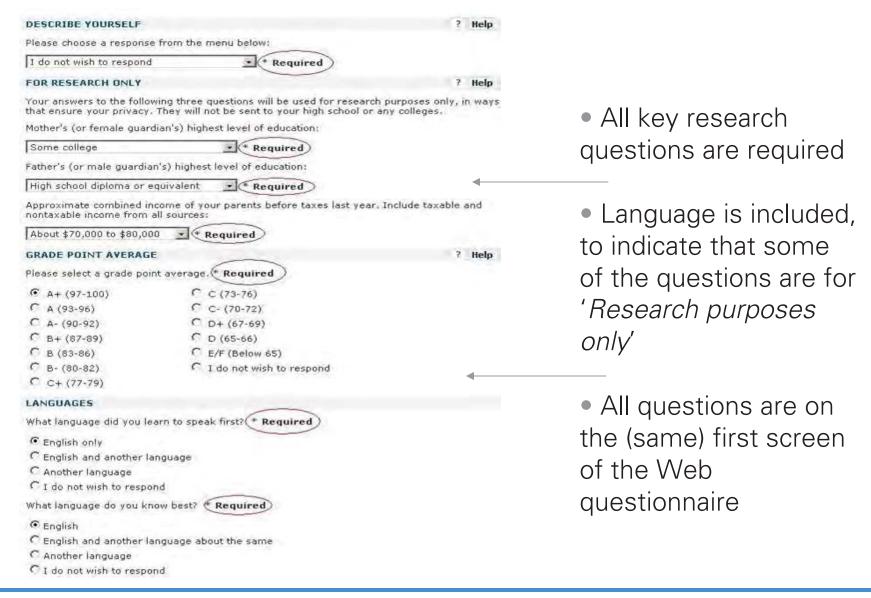


Changes Applied to Questionnaire

- Noted 'For research only' on parental questions
- Removed option for students to 'Reset' or respond 'I don't know'
- Added "I do not wish to respond" option
- Removed 'Cancel' option to exit
- Required all first-time web registrants to go to questionnaire
- If respondent left 'key questions' blank, question reloads



A Current Look at the Web Questionnaire



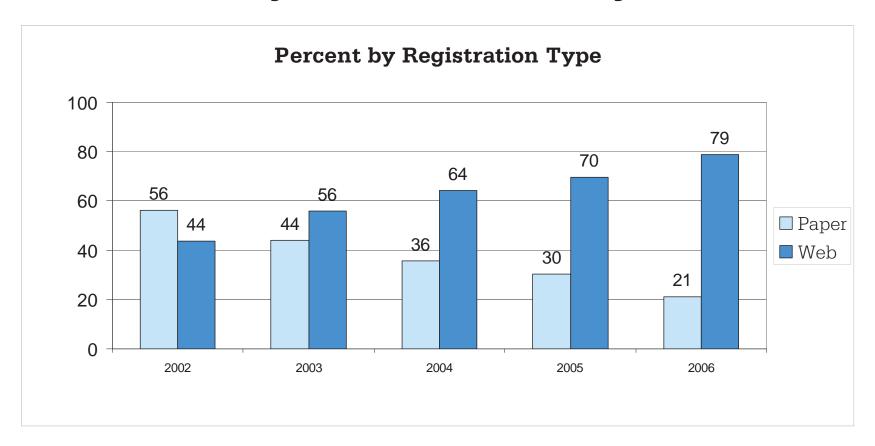


Two Years Ago We Committed To:

- Review non-response percent in the 2005 cohort
- Current effort underway to see if the question prompt is contributing to non-response in the ethnicity question
- Explore ways to match students as they come to the website to answer the questionnaire a little at a time

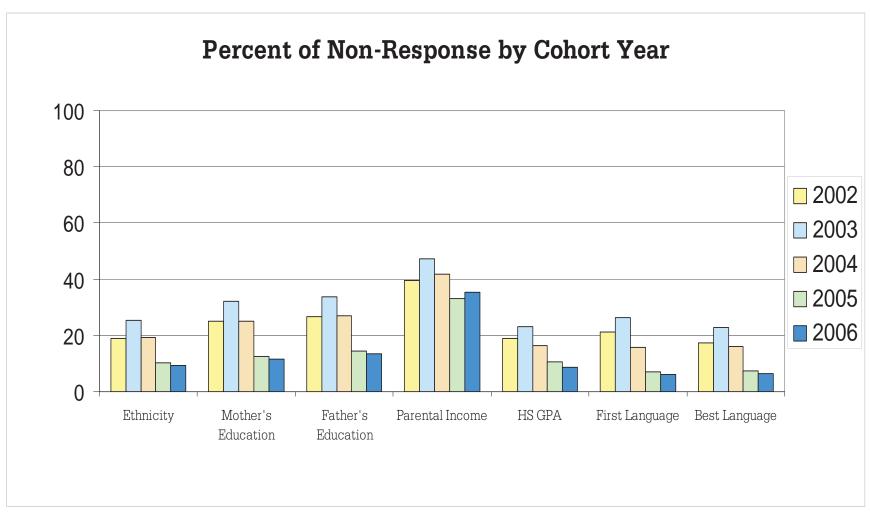


Registration Patterns have changed dramatically over the last 5 years





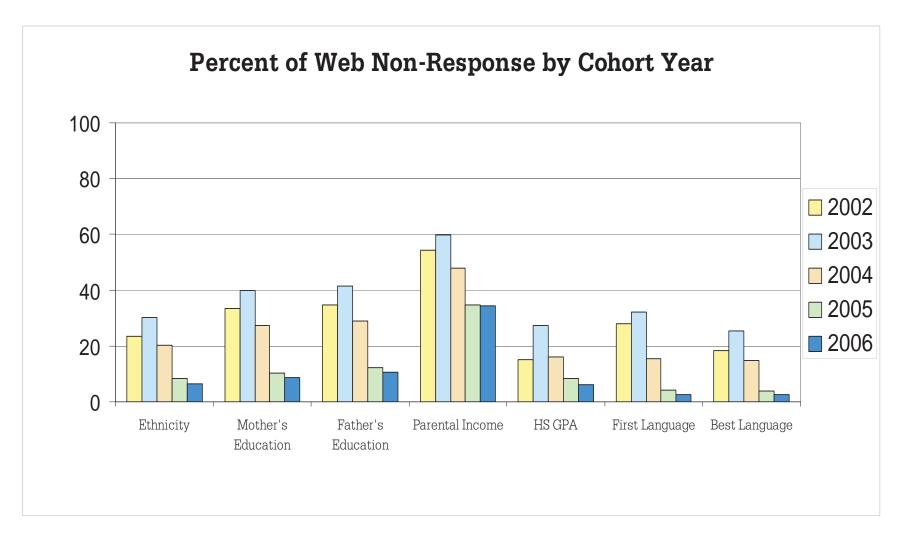
Non-Response in Key Questions²



² GPA moved from item #1 to #5

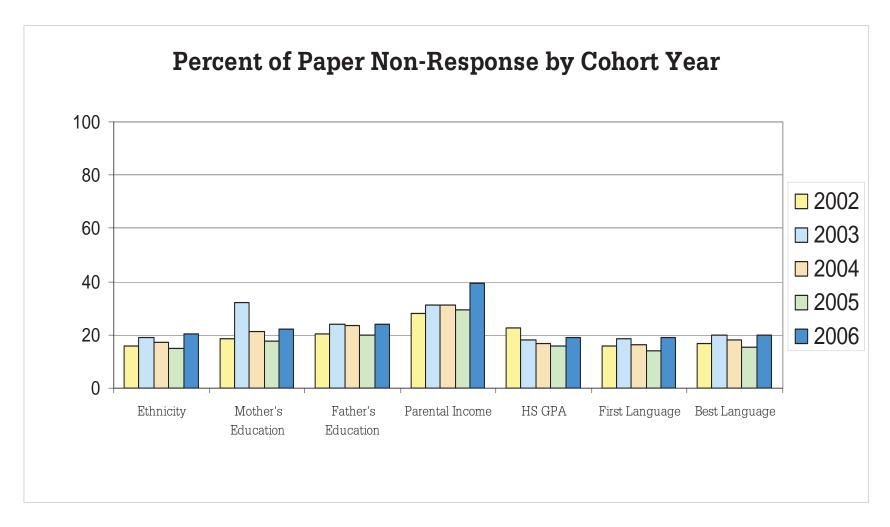


Non-Response in Key Questions (Web)



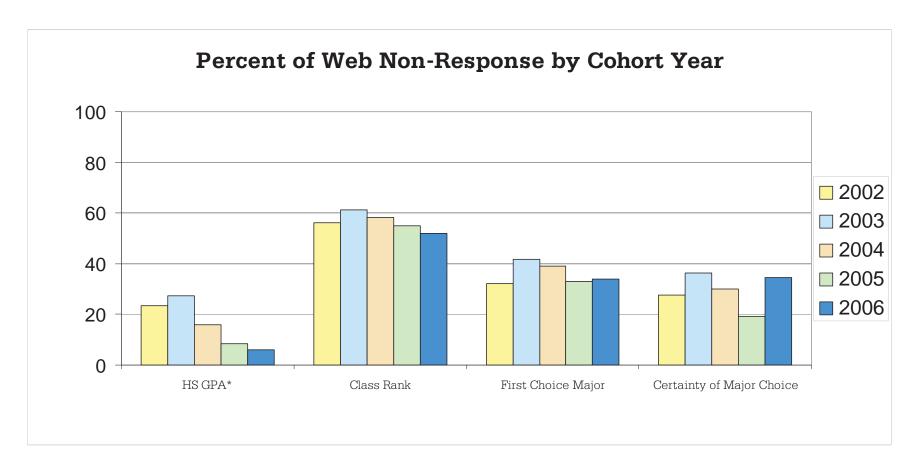


Non-Response in Key Questions (Paper)





Non-Response in Questions that moved back³



³ Questions that moved to accommodate key questions; does not include 4 alternate major questions

^{*}GPA moved from item #1 to #5

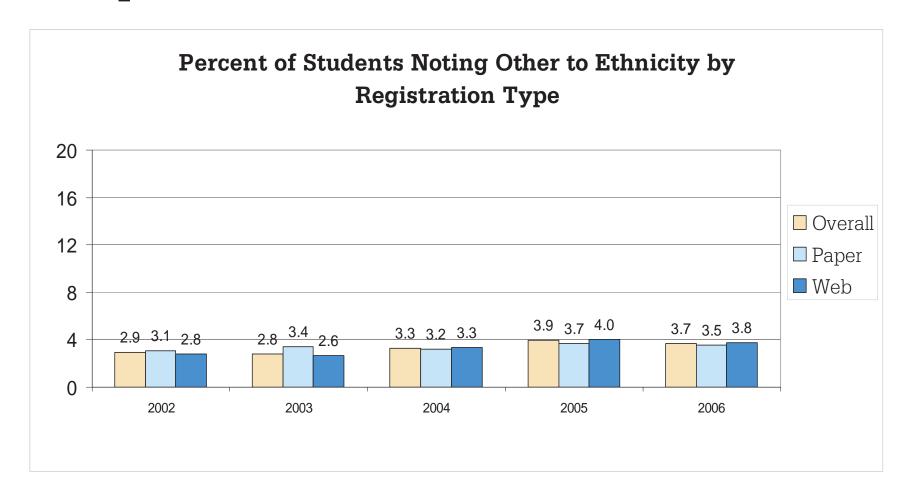


What's a Researcher To Do?

- When you have so much to ask:
 - Identify most important items and ask them first
 - Identify core questions and link answers over time with unique identifier
 - Explore feasibility of adding 'I do not wish to respond' and/or reloading question once



Response Rate vs. Question Bias





Special Study to Examine Multi-Ethnic Response Option

- In October 2005, the College Board conducted a study evaluating two different question formats enabling students to indicate multiple ethnicities.
- Students nationwide participating in the October 2005 SAT test administration had one of two ethnicity questions printed on the last page of their test booklet.



Instructions appearing on the last page of the test booklet:

The following questions are for research purposes only. Answering is voluntary and will not affect your scores in any way. The College Board is trying to determine how best to collect information about students to ensure that our tests and services are useful to all. Your responses will be kept confidential and will not be shared with anyone outside the College Board. Please mark your answers in the space provided on page 8 of your answer sheet. Thank you for your assistance.



(Back of Answer Booklet)



2-Part Question

- 1. How do you describe yourself? (Select <u>ALL</u> that apply.)
 - (A) American Indian or Alaska Native
 - (B) Asian, Asian American, or Pacific Islander
 - (C) Black or African American
 - (D) Mexican or Mexican American
 - (E) Puerto Rican
 - (F) Other Hispanic, Latino, or Latin American
 - (G) White
 - (H) Other
- 2. Which one of these groups would you say best describes your race/ethnicity? (Mark only one.)
 - (A) American Indian or Alaska Native
 - (B)...



3-Part Question

- 1. Which one of these groups would you say best describes your race/ethnicity? (Mark only one.)
 - (A) American Indian or Alaska Native
 - (B) Asian, Asian American, or Pacific Islander
 - (C) Black or African American
 - (D) Mexican or Mexican American
 - (E) Puerto Rican
 - (F) Other Hispanic, Latino, or Latin American
 - (G) White
 - (H) Other
- 2. Are you multi-racial or multi-ethnic?
 - (A) Yes
 - (B) No
- 3. If you answered yes to question 2, please select <u>ALL</u> of the groups below that describe your race/ethnicity.
 - (A) American Indian or Alaska Native
 - (B) ...



Test-Takers

- Students nationwide participated in the study (N = 484,850).
 - 204,249 responses to 2-part question
 - 199,409 responses to 3-part question
- However, non-response in the study was higher in both formats of the special study questions than non-response in the SAT Q (filled out by students prior to taking the test).



A Look at Non-response in the Study

	Non-Response N	Non-Response %
SATQ	40,367	8.3
2-part Special Study Question	38,294	15.8
3-part Special Study Question	42,898	17.7



What did responses to the special study questions tell us about ethnic non-responders in the SAT O?

- A percentage of students who did not indicate an ethnicity prior to test-day did actually respond to the special study ethnicity questions.
- Of those SAT Q Non-Respondents (n = 40,367) who participated in the study:

	N (%) indicating	N (%) indicating
	ethnicity	multiple ethnicities
2-part	14,330 (35.5)	2,219 (5.5)
3-part	14,090 (34.9)	3,308 (8.2)
Total	28,420 (70.4)	5,527 (13.7)



Results

- 77.4% of test-takers responded to the special study questions and the SAT Q (results based on this sample only).
 - 92.2% of these test-takers indicated the same ethnicity in the special study and on the SAT Q.
 - 13.5% of these test-takers moved from a single ethnic/racial category to multiple.
- If we look at the entire sample multi-ethnic/racial students make up 11.8%.

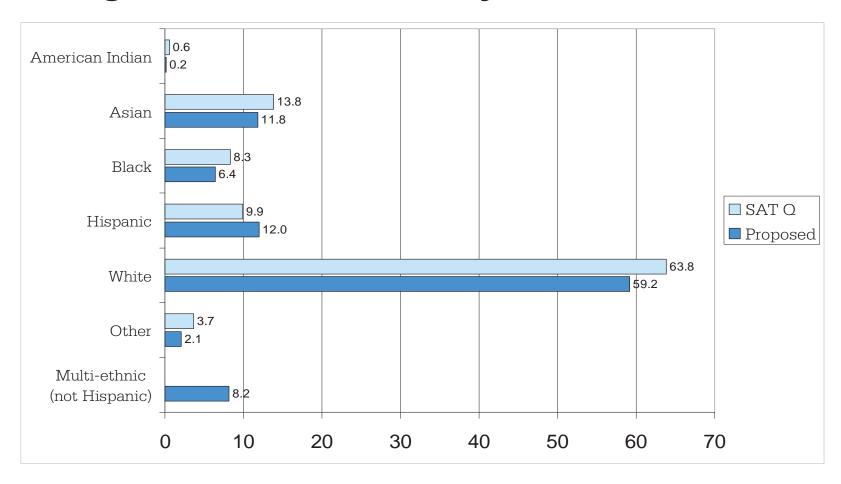


What did students who are multi-ethnic report as their ethnicity in the SAT Q?

	Ν	%
No Response	5,365	9.4
American Indian	1,178	2.1
Asian American	7,417	12.9
African American	6,996	12.2
Mexican	5,839	10.2
Puerto Rican	1,775	3.1
Other Hispanic/Latino	5,934	10.3
White	16,891	29.5
Other	5,957	10.4
Total	<i>57,352</i>	100



Impact to Proposed Reporting Categories for Ethnicity





Conclusions

- A similar study conducted in 1998 indicated that roughly 4.5% of students were multi-ethnic.* This current study suggests that this group may have tripled in 7 years.
- It is clear that the U.S. population is shifting and current data collection and reporting practices do not accurately capture this population.
- Collecting multi-ethnic data, however, can present a challenge.
 - Students may not respond, or respond inappropriately (checking all boxes)
 - It is unclear how data on these students should be reported or studied

*Wendler, Feigenbaum and Escandon (2001).



Future Research

- Explore ways to match students as they come to the website to answer the questionnaire a little at a time
- Collect multi-ethnic/multi-racial in "pilot" format for an extended period of time (1-2 yrs) in order to analyze in further detail
- Identify ways to capture multi-ethnic/multi-racial data without compromising trend data



Questions, Comments, Suggestions

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