

Research Notes

Office of Research and Development

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The Relationship of PSAT/NMSQT Scores and AP[®] Examination Grades

The PSAT/NMSQT, which measures developed verbal and quantitative reasoning, as well as writing skills generally associated with academic achievement in college, is administered each October to nearly two million students, the vast majority of whom are high school juniors and sophomores. PSAT/NMSQT information has been used by high school counselors to assist in advising students in college planning, high school course selection, and for scholarship awards. Information from the PSAT/NMSQT can also be very useful for high schools in identifying additional students who may be successful in Advanced Placement courses, and assisting schools in determining whether to offer additional Advanced Placement courses.

Using the PSAT/NMSQT to Identify Additional Students Who May Be Successful in AP

High schools that offer Advanced Placement (AP) courses are confronted with the need to identify students who may be successful in these courses. As college-level courses, AP courses are intended for students who have already completed relevant secondary school work in the subject and have the skills and motivation to complete college-level course work during their high school studies. Teacher recommendations, self-nomination, previous courses completed, grades in relevant previous high school courses, discussions with students, and scores on achievement tests are successfully used to varying degrees by schools in identifying students for placement in AP courses. However, such procedures may not identify all students who can potentially benefit from AP courses and be successful in those courses.

KEYWORDS

PSAT/NMSQT
AP
Advanced Placement
Placement

Recent analyses have shown that student performance on the PSAT/NMSQT can be useful in identifying additional students who may be successful in AP courses. PSAT/NMSQT scores can identify students who may not have been initially considered for an AP course through teacher or self-nomination or other local procedures. For many AP courses, students with moderate scores on the PSAT/NMSQT have a high probability of success on the examinations. For example, a majority of students with PSAT/NMSQT verbal scores of 46–50 received grades of 3 or above on nearly all of the 29 AP Examinations studied, while over one-third of students with scores of 41–45 achieved grades of 3 or above on five AP Examinations.

There are substantial variations across AP subjects that must be considered. For example, a smaller proportion of students with PSAT/NMSQT mathematics scores below 56 attained scores of 3 or above on AP Physics and Chemistry Examinations than for most other AP Exams, while a larger proportion of students with PSAT/NMSQT verbal scores of 41 and above reached grades of 3 or higher on AP Art History, Psychology, and English Literature Examinations.

Using the Tables in the Report

The tables in this report provide the proportion of students attaining grades of 3 or more and 4 or more on each AP Examination across the range of scores on the PSAT/NMSQT. The data in these analyses:

- Include all students who completed the new PSAT/NMSQT in November 1993 or 1994 and subsequently completed an AP Examination in the spring of 1995 or 1996—records of over 659,825 separate AP Examinations for students completing the PSAT/NMSQT as well as one or more AP Examinations.
- Use recentered PSAT/NMSQT scores.



Research Notes

- Include students who completed the PSAT/NMSQT one year prior to enrolling in an AP course (about 70 percent of the sample) as well as students who completed the PSAT/NMSQT during the same year they completed the AP Examination. In the former case, there was about an 18-month duration between tests, while the gap was reduced to six months in the latter situation.
- Demonstrate that while the relationships (correlation coefficients) were somewhat stronger for students taking both examinations during the same year, these correlations decreased only slightly for students completing the PSAT/NMSQT a year prior to enrolling in AP courses. This finding in particular demonstrated the utility of using PSAT/NMSQT scores to assist in identifying potential students for AP courses.

PSAT/NMSQT scores can supplement existing procedures used by schools to identify additional students who may be successful in specific AP courses, but should **never** be used as the sole, or even the primary, indicator. Schools should not establish minimum “cut scores” on the PSAT/NMSQT or any other assessment for placing students into AP courses—such practices are a clear misuse of assessment scores. Faculty and counselors should be cautious in using these tables. First, many students with PSAT/NMSQT scores that place them at the upper ranges of probable success (grades of 3 or higher) for a specific AP Examination may not have fulfilled the appropriate prerequisite courses and would clearly be unprepared for some AP courses. Second, student performance (grades, teacher recommendations) in previous courses in the content area as well as motivation and interest will be key determinants of their success in AP courses and must be considered. Third, the sample of students used in the analysis was restricted to students who did complete an AP Examination. That is, while the sample of students was quite large, it did not include the large number of PSAT/NMSQT test takers who do not complete any

AP Examinations. It is impossible to know how students would have performed on AP Examinations when they have not enrolled in AP courses. It is quite likely that students who completed AP Examinations differ in meaningful ways from students who did not complete AP Examinations, even when they attain the same PSAT/NMSQT scores and complete the same courses with equal proficiency. Therefore, these tables have not been developed to provide the precise probability for an individual student’s attaining a specific AP Examination grade, but rather to provide the probability of success in AP courses for the group of students attaining PSAT/NMSQT scores within a given range.

Nevertheless, students with moderate PSAT/NMSQT scores are typically successful when completing many AP Examinations. Students who have completed the prerequisite secondary school courses and have not considered AP courses can be identified for further consideration by faculty and counselors with the use of performance data from the PSAT/NMSQT.

To use these tables you would first find the appropriate AP Examination. Then you would determine which PSAT/NMSQT scale to use (verbal, mathematics, or V + M for biology only). Next, you would identify students’ respective scores on the appropriate PSAT/NMSQT scale and find the proportion expected to attain grades of 3 or more (or 4 or more if appropriate). This is clearly labeled on the tables. Table 1 lists AP courses that use the PSAT/NMSQT verbal scale, Table 2 lists AP courses using the PSAT/NMSQT mathematics scale, and a separate table is provided for biology (Table 3), which combines both scales. There should be no absolute rules for interpreting or using these tables. For example, with U.S. History, you may use score ranges of 41–45, 46–50, or 51–55 to begin to identify potential students because at these points sizable numbers of students have received grades of 3 or more in the past. Many students identified through this means may have already been considered for AP U.S. History through other procedures already instituted in the school (e.g., teacher recommendations). Yet the use of the

Course Selection Patterns in Math and Science*

Exams that correlate best with PSAT/NMSQT Verbal

Art History
Comparative Government and Politics
English Language
English Literature
European History
French Language
French Literature
Latin Literature
Latin Vergil
Psychology
Spanish Literature
U.S. Government and Politics
U.S. History

Exams that correlate best with PSAT/NMSQT Verbal & Math

Biology

Exams that correlate best with PSAT/NMSQT Math

Calculus AB
Calculus BC
Chemistry
Computer Science A
Computer Science AB
Macroeconomics
Microeconomics
Music
Physics B
Physics C: Mechanics
Physics C: Electricity & Magnetism

Exams that have no meaningful correlation with PSAT/NMSQT

German Language
Spanish Language
Studio Art: Design
Studio Art: Drawing

* In 1997, the PSAT/NMSQT introduced a writing skills section. Correlations with writing cannot be examined at this time because there are no operational data available on student performance.

PSAT/NMSQT score range can help identify additional potential students who may be considered for the course. Counselors and teachers would need to determine if these students have had the appropriate prerequisite courses and would also need to consider their performance in these courses, as well as student interest and motivation for completing a rigorous college-level AP course. In essence, these tables cannot provide one-stop shopping in curriculum planning, but can serve as useful aids and supplements to other methods used in the school.

Strength of the Relationship Between AP Examinations and PSAT/NMSQT

There is a strong and consistent relationship between PSAT/NMSQT scores and AP Examination grades for nearly all courses—higher scores on the PSAT/NMSQT indicate a higher probability of success on AP Examinations. PSAT/NMSQT verbal or mathematics scores are often more highly related to AP Examination grades than overall high school GPA, number of courses in the subject area, and even previous high school grades in the

subject for some examinations. The PSAT/NMSQT verbal scale correlates most strongly with student performance on 13 AP Examinations in the humanities, social sciences, and foreign language areas (see Table 4). The PSAT/NMSQT mathematics scale correlates most strongly with 11 additional AP Examinations in mathematics, science, and music. AP Biology correlates most strongly with combined scores across the verbal and mathematics scales for the PSAT/NMSQT.

Finally, the relationships between four AP Examinations and PSAT/NMSQT test scores are too low to be useful. Performance on the PSAT/NMSQT is not strongly related to AP Examination grades for studio art: design, studio art: drawing, German language, and Spanish language. The studio art courses are graded exclusively with student-produced portfolios and traditional examinations are not used. The relationship with most language examinations appears weaker than it is for other content areas, but the lack of any relationship for Spanish language may be attributed to the large proportion of students enrolled in this specific

Continued on 7

TABLE I

AP Examinations Using PSAT/NMSQT Verbal Scores

**Percentage of Students with a Particular PSAT/NMSQT Verbal Score
Receiving an AP Examination Grade at or Above 3 or 4**

AP ART HISTORY			
PSATV Score	ART HISTORY		
	AP GRADE		
	≥ 3	≥ 4	n
80–76	100.0	90.4	52
75–71	97.9	81.7	235
70–66	93.8	72.6	391
65–61	92.4	61.7	781
60–56	88.6	49.5	893
55–51	82.8	42.4	1,115
50–46	77.6	29.1	1,043
45–41	67.5	20.9	831
40–36	53.4	12.4	412
35–31	39.5	5.4	185
30–26	37.1	3.2	62
25–20	30.7	5.1	39
Total	—	—	6,039

AP COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS			
PSATV Score	COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS		
	AP GRADE		
	≥ 3	≥ 4	n
80–76	94.7	67.9	56
75–71	92.9	66.2	266
70–66	88.2	57.1	469
65–61	82.0	46.3	922
60–56	74.5	34.4	916
55–51	67.6	23.7	1,321
50–46	53.9	16.4	1,057
45–41	42.4	9.8	662
40–36	28.5	5.4	333
35–31	21.2	2.9	104
30–26	18.2	—	33
25–20	—	—	18
Total	—	—	6,157

AP ENGLISH LANGUAGE			
PSATV Score	ENGLISH LANGUAGE		
	AP GRADE		
	≥ 3	≥ 4	n
80–76	99.3	91.7	446
75–71	97.9	85.4	1,826
70–66	95.9	73.0	3,763
65–61	90.3	58.8	7,784
60–56	77.7	39.1	9,031
55–51	66.5	23.9	12,922
50–46	48.0	10.9	12,363
45–41	28.2	3.6	8,206
40–36	12.6	1.0	4,501
35–31	4.8	0.6	1,797
30–26	2.8	1.0	512
25–20	2.4	1.2	257
Total	—	—	63,408

AP ENGLISH LITERATURE			
PSATV Score	ENGLISH LITERATURE		
	AP GRADE		
	≥ 3	≥ 4	n
80–76	99.6	95.5	485
75–71	99.2	91.3	3,652
70–66	97.9	82.5	7,275
65–61	95.8	69.9	16,211
60–56	90.6	52.9	17,774
55–51	80.4	35.3	26,880
50–46	62.2	17.7	25,267
45–41	39.4	7.0	16,063
40–36	20.2	2.1	8,117
35–31	6.8	0.8	3,060
30–26	3.8	0.6	888
25–20	2.6	0.3	400
Total	—	—	126,072

TABLE I (continued)

AP Examinations Using PSAT/NMSQT Verbal Scores

Percentage of Students with a Particular PSAT/NMSQT Verbal Score
Receiving an AP Examination Grade at or Above 3 or 4

AP EUROPEAN HISTORY				AP FRENCH LANGUAGE			
	EUROPEAN HISTORY				FRENCH LANGUAGE		
	AP GRADE		n		AP GRADE		n
PSATV Score	≥ 3	≥ 4			PSATV Score	≥ 3	
80–76	98.7	83.9	799	80–76	96.3	74.1	212
75–71	97.8	78.0	2,533	75–71	91.9	68.2	864
70–66	95.7	64.1	5,030	70–66	84.8	53.4	1,404
65–61	90.8	51.6	8,965	65–61	79.2	44.9	2,256
60–56	83.2	38.1	9,688	60–56	67.7	33.0	2,075
55–51	75.4	28.3	11,742	55–51	61.0	26.9	2,574
50–46	65.0	19.5	9,740	50–46	53.1	22.3	2,084
45–41	51.7	11.2	5,854	45–41	45.5	20.4	1,243
40–36	37.2	6.5	2,758	40–36	43.6	21.8	661
35–31	25.3	3.0	971	35–31	44.6	28.8	278
30–26	23.0	4.1	270	30–26	—	—	105
25–20	17.0	7.8	141	25–20	—	—	78
Total	—	—	58,491	Total	—	—	13,834

AP FRENCH LITERATURE				AP LATIN LITERATURE			
	FRENCH LITERATURE				LATIN LITERATURE		
	AP GRADE		n		AP GRADE		n
PSATV Score	≥ 3	≥ 4			PSATV Score	≥ 3	
80–76	97.6	85.7	42	80–76	90.7	68.8	32
75–71	96.6	78.2	175	75–71	88.1	60.5	185
70–66	92.0	66.5	201	70–66	86.5	56.5	230
65–61	81.0	54.3	305	65–61	75.0	40.1	384
60–56	70.3	39.6	225	60–56	62.4	26.4	314
55–51	66.4	31.2	271	55–51	51.3	18.5	355
50–46	53.6	21.2	177	50–46	50.4	14.5	302
45–41	47.4	13.4	97	45–41	38.8	8.6	139
40–36	31.6	7.7	60	40–36	27.7	1.5	65
35–31	—	—	19	35–31	18.5	—	27
30–26	—	—	9	30–26	—	—	5
25–20	—	—	7	25–20	—	—	3
Total	—	—	1,588	Total	—	—	2,041

TABLE I (continued)

AP Examinations Using PSAT/NMSQT Verbal Scores

Percentage of Students with a Particular PSAT/NMSQT Verbal Score
Receiving an AP Examination Grade at or Above 3 or 4

AP LATIN VERGIL				AP PSYCHOLOGY			
PSATV Score	LATIN VERGIL			PSATV Score	PSYCHOLOGY		
	AP GRADE		n		AP GRADE		n
	≥ 3	≥ 4			≥ 3	≥ 4	
80–76	93.8	80.0	65	80–76	98.0	94.1	51
75–71	89.8	67.6	306	75–71	98.1	92.5	266
70–66	86.2	57.5	442	70–66	97.6	86.8	554
65–61	77.7	43.6	660	65–61	95.1	79.0	1,326
60–56	68.0	31.8	616	60–56	91.0	67.9	1,479
55–51	57.2	23.5	697	55–51	84.9	55.2	2,306
50–46	50.6	17.7	554	50–46	73.6	42.3	2,272
45–41	36.0	6.7	345	45–41	59.3	27.7	1,742
40–36	27.6	8.2	134	40–36	42.1	16.5	1,009
35–31	17.1	4.3	47	35–31	28.1	9.2	380
30–26	—	—	5	30–26	15.0	4.5	133
25–20	—	—	7	25–20	20.7	4.8	63
Total	—	—	3,878	Total	—	—	11,581

AP U.S. HISTORY				AP U.S. GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS			
PSATV Score	U.S. HISTORY			PSATV Score	U.S. GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS		
	AP GRADE		n		AP GRADE		n
	≥ 3	≥ 4			≥ 3	≥ 4	
80–76	95.1	83.0	1,480	80–76	98.2	84.6	162
75–71	93.6	78.2	5,448	75–71	97.4	81.8	1,083
70–66	87.7	66.5	11,863	70–66	94.7	69.0	2,084
65–61	80.3	54.3	23,977	65–61	90.1	55.8	4,523
60–56	68.1	39.6	28,211	60–56	82.7	43.4	4,699
55–51	59.9	31.2	38,472	55–51	74.0	32.7	7,160
50–46	47.4	21.2	36,164	50–46	59.9	19.5	6,752
45–41	35.0	13.4	24,278	45–41	42.8	11.0	4,540
40–36	23.8	7.7	13,165	40–36	27.1	5.3	2,325
35–31	14.7	4.8	5,167	35–31	15.8	2.6	912
30–26	9.6	2.9	1,543	30–26	12.0	2.6	308
25–20	7.8	2.4	744	25–20	6.9	2.3	131
Total	—	—	190,512	Total	—	—	34,679

TABLE I (continued)

AP SPANISH LITERATURE			
PSATV Score	SPANISH LITERATURE		n
	AP GRADE		
	≥ 3	≥ 4	
80–76	100.0	82.6	23
75–71	97.0	80.1	136
70–66	95.7	68.1	210
65–61	91.1	61.2	415
60–56	90.7	53.6	407
55–51	84.3	47.8	550
50–46	77.9	43.0	581
45–41	76.1	39.6	523
40–36	77.2	37.1	461
35–31	73.9	31.3	326
30–26	70.4	30.1	216
25–20	55.9	17.6	193
Total	—	—	4,041

course who may have acquired language skills outside of the classroom (native speakers or students for whom Spanish is spoken at home). The remaining relationships between specific AP Examinations and PSAT/NMSQT scales are consistent across content areas.

Of the 25 AP Examinations included in this report, 16 examinations have a correlation of greater than .50 with PSAT/NMSQT scales, with median and mean correlations across all examinations of .52. Samples sizes ranged from 1,588 (French literature) to 190,512 (U.S. history) and averaged 33,077 across all examinations. The relationship between AP Examination grades and PSAT/NMSQT scores is substantially stronger, using this data, for 11 of the 12 subjects previously examined by Carl Haag in 1989 in an unpublished paper, “Using the PSAT/NMSQT to Help Identify Advanced Placement Students.” In addition, those analyses were based on much smaller samples of only a few hundred students in 1982.

Determining Whether AP Courses Can Be Offered in a School

PSAT/NMSQT scores can also be useful for schools considering offering additional AP courses. Using

PSAT/NMSQT score ranges, schools can quickly identify the potential number of students who may be successful in specific AP courses if these were offered or enrollment was expanded. Schools would first determine the appropriate proportion of students with a probability of achieving an AP grade of 3 or higher to offer or expand an AP course at their school. Some schools may believe a 50 percent success rate is adequate, other schools may prefer a slightly lower or slightly higher proportion. Next, the school would determine the number of students who attain the corresponding PSAT/NMSQT score. Finally, the school would estimate the approximate number of these students who would likely have completed the prerequisite courses and be interested in AP. This information can be extremely useful for schools considering offering additional AP courses, as well as those interested in offering additional AP sections of the same course.

Additional Thoughts

In some schools and for certain subjects, PSAT/NMSQT scores may not be available in time to make decisions about entry into AP courses. This is certainly the case where students complete the PSAT/NMSQT in October of their junior year and a full-year AP course is offered exclusively to juniors. In addition, scores obtained in eleventh grade cannot be used if the mathematics or foreign language sequence begins in the eighth or ninth grades and students have not taken the required prerequisite courses. Of course, increasing proportions of students are completing the PSAT/NMSQT as sophomores and their scores can be helpful for placement in AP courses that begin after the receipt of student score reports.

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TABLE 2

AP Examinations Using PSAT/NMSQT Math Scores

Percentage of Students with a Particular PSAT/NMSQT Math Score
Receiving an AP Examination Grade at or Above 3 or 4

AP CALCULUS AB				AP CALCULUS BC			
	CALCULUS AB				CALCULUS BC		
	AP GRADE		n		AP GRADE		n
PSAT M Score	≥ 3	≥ 4			PSAT M Score	≥ 3	
80–76	97.1	87.0	2,539	80–76	97.1	86.9	3,087
75–71	92.1	71.7	9,846	75–71	92.1	70.4	5,716
70–66	82.1	52.2	17,984	70–66	82.4	51.1	5,315
65–61	68.3	33.8	23,844	65–61	69.6	33.2	3,621
60–56	52.9	19.9	17,286	60–56	58.2	23.1	1,460
55–51	38.2	11.0	11,011	55–51	42.7	12.3	612
50–46	24.5	5.3	6,873	50–46	35.0	12.8	257
45–41	15.6	2.8	3,051	45–41	30.0	10.0	90
40–36	9.1	2.0	1,175	40–36	17.6	0.0	34
35–31	6.0	1.3	383	35–31	—	—	7
30–26	9.2	4.6	109	30–26	—	—	4
25–20	—	—	13	25–20	—	—	1
Total	—	—	94,114	Total	—	—	20,204

AP CHEMISTRY				AP MUSIC			
	CHEMISTRY				MUSIC		
	AP GRADE		n		AP GRADE		n
PSAT M Score	≥ 3	≥ 4			PSAT M Score	≥ 3	
80–76	95.4	81.2	2,812	80–76	96.3	82.7	110
75–71	89.9	63.9	6,313	75–71	93.1	64.9	259
70–66	79.8	45.5	8,457	70–66	90.3	62.7	359
65–61	64.4	27.8	9,502	65–61	84.8	53.3	428
60–56	49.9	16.8	7,107	60–56	76.5	41.3	395
55–51	36.6	9.5	4,937	55–51	71.5	33.5	316
50–46	21.7	4.6	2,952	50–46	64.9	28.0	268
45–41	13.5	1.7	1,540	45–41	47.4	20.6	194
40–36	8.9	1.0	619	40–36	28.4	8.4	95
35–31	5.9	1.6	257	35–31	36.4	15.9	44
30–26	6.8	2.7	73	30–26	—	—	16
25–20	—	—	12	25–20	—	—	3
Total	—	—	44,581	Total	—	—	2,487

TABLE 2 (continued)

AP Examinations Using PSAT/NMSQT Math Scores

Percentage of Students with a Particular PSAT/NMSQT Math Score
Receiving an AP Examination Grade at or Above 3 or 4

AP COMPUTER SCIENCE A			
PSAT M Score	COMPUTER SCIENCE A		
	AP GRADE		n
	≥ 3	≥ 4	
80–76	90.4	73.0	403
75–71	81.4	56.4	1,028
70–66	71.3	44.1	1,500
65–61	56.0	28.5	1,836
60–56	38.1	15.6	1,412
55–51	25.9	7.2	951
50–46	16.9	4.2	600
45–41	9.6	2.5	353
40–36	7.5	5.0	161
35–31	—	—	50
30–26	—	—	10
25–20	—	—	4
Total	—	—	8,308

AP COMPUTER SCIENCE AB			
PSAT M Score	COMPUTER SCIENCE AB		
	AP GRADE		n
	≥ 3	≥ 4	
80–76	93.7	79.1	918
75–71	88.2	68.6	1,352
70–66	78.4	49.9	1,341
65–61	73.7	35.0	1,065
60–56	54.0	23.5	584
55–51	35.9	16.6	301
50–46	28.7	11.1	153
45–41	25.4	9.5	63
40–36	—	—	21
35–31	—	—	7
30–26	—	—	2
25–20	—	—	2
Total	—	—	5,809

AP MACROECONOMICS			
PSAT M Score	MACROECONOMICS		
	AP GRADE		n
	≥ 3	≥ 4	
80–76	93.6	83.7	583
75–71	88.4	73.4	1,476
70–66	79.7	60.9	2,064
65–61	72.8	48.0	2,545
60–56	60.8	36.5	1,955
55–51	48.0	25.8	1,511
50–46	35.4	15.3	1,122
45–41	19.2	11.7	691
40–36	14.9	7.1	309
35–31	9.0	2.7	112
30–26	2.1	—	48
25–20	—	—	8
Total	—	—	12,424

AP MICROECONOMICS			
PSAT M Score	MICROECONOMICS		
	AP GRADE		n
	≥ 3	≥ 4	
80–76	85.4	78.1	503
75–71	87.8	69.7	1,141
70–66	79.9	54.6	1,733
65–61	74.1	43.7	2,052
60–56	61.5	30.4	1,583
55–51	51.9	21.6	1,200
50–46	37.8	11.5	882
45–41	29.3	8.0	503
40–36	16.9	3.7	219
35–31	10.4	2.6	77
30–26	3.2	—	31
25–20	—	—	2
Total	—	—	9,926

TABLE 2 (continued)

AP Examinations Using PSAT/NMSQT Math Scores

Percentage of Students with a Particular PSAT/NMSQT Math Score
Receiving an AP Examination Grade at or Above 3 or 4

AP PHYSICS B				AP PHYSICS C: MECHANICS			
	PHYSICS B				PHYSICS C: MECHANICS		
	AP GRADE		n		AP GRADE		n
PSAT M Score	≥ 3	≥ 4			PSAT M Score	≥ 3	
80–76	95.4	76.6	1,120	80–76	95.9	88.3	1,219
75–71	88.5	58.4	2,929	75–71	89.9	70.0	2,341
70–66	77.2	42.0	4,265	70–66	79.6	50.7	2,244
65–61	64.1	27.1	4,603	65–61	63.3	32.3	1,877
60–56	51.2	16.6	3,043	60–56	45.8	17.6	1,066
55–51	40.0	9.8	1,961	55–51	34.3	12.1	531
50–46	28.8	4.6	1,076	50–46	19.7	3.9	284
45–41	19.0	3.6	551	45–41	13.5	3.4	149
40–36	13.7	1.0	204	40–36	8.0	4.0	50
35–31	1.4	1.4	69	35–31	—	—	15
30–26	9.0	4.5	22	30–26	—	—	6
25–20	—	—	3	25–20	—	—	2
Total	—	—	19,846	Total	—	—	9,784

AP PHYSICS C: ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM			
	PHYSICS C: ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM		
	AP GRADE		n
PSAT M Score	≥ 3	≥ 4	
80–76	88.4	79.8	815
75–71	76.9	64.5	1,360
70–66	65.2	48.9	1,158
65–61	49.0	31.2	844
60–56	33.9	23.0	387
55–51	32.5	18.3	169
50–46	23.1	8.5	82
45–41	11.7	4.7	43
40–36	—	—	21
35–31	—	—	6
30–26	—	—	2
25–20	—	—	
Total	—	—	4,887

TABLE 3
AP Examinations Using PSAT/NMSQT Verbal and Math Scores
 Percentage of Students with a Particular PSAT/NMSQT Sum of Verbal and Math Scores Receiving an AP Examination Grade at or Above 3 or 4

AP BIOLOGY

PSATV + M Score	AP GRADE		n
	≥ 3	≥ 4	
156-160	100%	98.9%	92
151-155	99.6	98.4	365
146-150	99.4	95.4	783
141-145	98.5	91.9	1,548
136-140	97.8	88.9	2,700
131-135	96.3	82.2	3,567
126-130	93.1	74.6	5,168
121-125	89.8	66.3	6,378
116-120	85.4	57.1	7,427
111-115	77.4	47.9	7,705
106-110	70.5	38.6	7,783
101-105	62.8	29.5	7,168
96-100	51.6	22.1	5,963
91-95	44.6	16.1	4,968
86-90	34.7	11.2	3,709
81-85	26.6	7.5	2,680
76-80	20.4	5.1	1,773
71-75	13.1	3.6	1,086
66-70	10.3	1.8	658
61-65	10.0	3.0	334
56-60	6.6	2.9	244
51-55	6.8	2.3	88
46-50	—	—	42
40-45	—	—	12
Total	—	—	72,241

TABLE 4
Correlations of AP Examinations with PSAT/NMSQT

AP Examination	sample size	PSAT V	PSAT M	PSAT V + M
Art History	6,039	.4838	.3599	.4764
Biology	72,241	.5398	.5678	.6246
Calculus AB	94,114	.3689	.5584	.5197
Calculus BC	20,204	.3247	.5087	.4539
Chemistry	44,581	.4431	.5858	.5797
Comparative Government & Politics	6,157	.4758	.3704	.4767
Computer Science A	8,308	.4089	.5508	.5410
Computer Science AB	5,809	.4224	.5083	.5247
English Language	63,408	.6537	.4897	.6425
English Literature	126,072	.6678	.4641	.6311
European History	58,491	.5120	.4157	.5282
French Language	13,834	.3494	.2465	.3326
French Literature	1,588	.4423	.3128	.4249
German Language*	3,064	.1196	.0365	.0878
Latin Literature	2,041	.4631	.4100	.4968
Latin Vergil	3,878	.4776	.4167	.5075
Macroeconomics	12,424	.4718	.5212	.5614
Microeconomics	9,926	.4585	.5232	.5569
Music	2,487	.3361	.4660	.4471
Physics B	19,846	.3735	.5199	.5051
Physics C: Mechanics	9,784	.4099	.5940	.5561
Physics C: Electricity & Magnetism	4,887	.3516	.4761	.4610
Psychology	11,581	.5583	.4991	.5948
Spanish Language*	34,904	-.0063	-.0919	-.0545
Spanish Literature	4,041	.3134	.2287	.2874
Studio Art: Design*	4,026	.0899	.1359	.1269
Studio Art: Drawing*	1,892	.1182	.1792	.1667
U.S. Government and Politics	34,679	.5581	.4668	.5772
U.S. History	190,512	.5513	.4137	.5475

* Correlations too low to be useful

Bold number indicates highest correlation among PSAT scores

Boxed number indicates one preferred model for estimating expected grades on AP Exams from PSAT/NMSQT V, M, or V+M

A more complete report on other AP Examinations and how to use PSAT/NMSQT scores will be available from the College Board in 1998. For more information or additional copies of this re-

port, please write to Office of Research, The College Board, 45 Columbus Avenue, New York, NY 10023-6992, or contact us by e-mail at research@collegeboard.org.