

Overall Results

- In 2013, the average score of eighth-grade students in Austin was 285. This was higher than the average score of 276 for public school students in large cities.
- The average score for students in Austin in 2013 (285) was not significantly different from their average score in 2011 (287) and was higher than their average score in 2005 (281).
- The score gap between higher performing students in Austin (those at the 75th percentile) and lower performing students (those at the 25th percentile) was 50 points in 2013. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2005 (53 points).
- The percentage of students in Austin who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 35 percent in 2013. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2011 (38 percent) and in 2005 (33 percent).
- The percentage of students in Austin who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 73 percent in 2013. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2011 (74 percent) and was greater than that in 2005 (68 percent).

Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results

Year	Average Score				Average Score
	Below Basic	Basic	Proficient	Advanced	
Austin					
2005	32*	35	24	9	281*
2007	28	38	25	9	283
2009	25	36	28	11	287
2011	26	36	27	11	287
2013	27	38	26	9	285
Large city (public)					
2013	35	38	21	6	276
Nation (public)					
2013	27	39	26	8	284

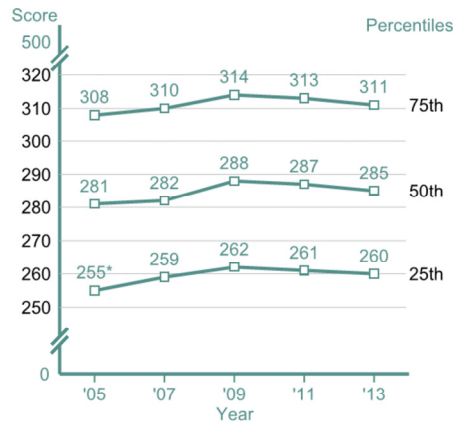
Percent below Basic Percent at Basic, Proficient or Advanced

■ Below Basic □ Basic ■ Proficient ■ Advanced

* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from district's results in 2013. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

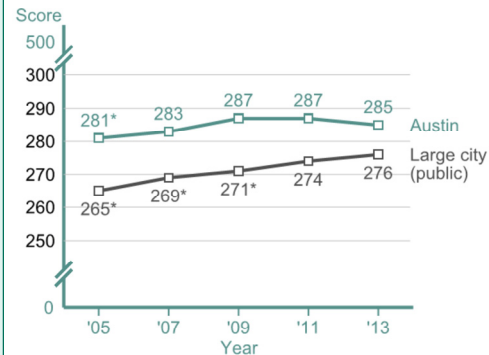
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Large city (public) includes public schools located in the urbanized areas of cities with populations of 250,000 or more including the participating districts.

Scores at Selected Percentiles



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from 2013. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

Average Scores for District and Large Cities



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from 2013. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

NOTE: Large city (public) includes public schools located in the urbanized areas of cities with populations of 250,000 or more including the participating districts.

Results for Student Groups in 2013

Reporting Groups	Percent of students	Avg. score	Percentages at or above		Percent at Advanced
			Basic	Proficient	
Race/Ethnicity					
White	26	312	95	70	24
Black	9	267	55	17	2
Hispanic	59	273	66	21	2
Asian	3	‡	‡	‡	‡
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	2	‡	‡	‡	‡
Gender					
Male	51	284	72	35	10
Female	49	285	75	36	8
National School Lunch Program					
Eligible	61	270	62	17	1
Not eligible	39	308	91	64	22

Rounds to zero.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2013, Black students had an average score that was 45 points lower than White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2005 (43 points).
- In 2013, Hispanic students had an average score that was 39 points lower than White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2005 (38 points).
- In 2013, male students in Austin had an average score that was not significantly different from female students.
- In 2013, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 38 points lower than students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2005 (40 points).