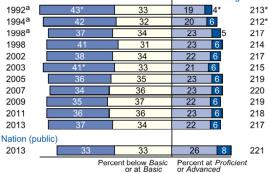
Overall Results

- In 2013, the average score of fourth-grade students in Texas was 217. This was lower than the average score of 221 for public school students in the nation.
- The average score for students in Texas in 2013 (217) was not significantly different from their average score in 2011 (218) and was higher than their average score in 1992 (213).
- The score gap between higher performing students in Texas (those at the 75th percentile) and lower performing students (those at the 25th percentile) was 46 points in 2013. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1992 (46 points).
- The percentage of students in Texas who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 28 percent in 2013. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2011 (28 percent) and was greater than that in 1992 (24 percent).
- The percentage of students in Texas who performed at or above the NAEP Basic level was 63 percent in 2013. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2011 (64 percent) and was greater than that in 1992 (57 percent).



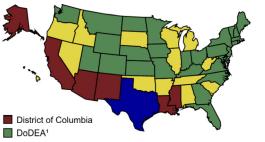


- Below Basic Basic Proficient Advanced
- * Significantly different (p < .05) from state's results in 2013. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

 a Accommodations not permitted. For information about NAEP
- Accommodations not permitted. For information about NAEP accommodations, see http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/about/inclusion.aspx.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding

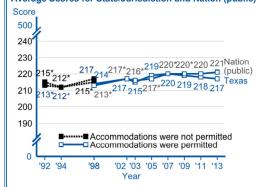
Compare the Average Score in 2013 to Other States/Jurisdictions



¹ Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools). In 2013, the average score in Texas (217) was

- lower than those in 30 states/jurisdictions
- higher than those in 7 states/jurisdictions
- not significantly different from those in 14 states/jurisdictions

Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation (public)



* Significantly different (p < .05) from 2013. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

NOTE: For information about NAEP accommodations, see http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/about/inclusion.aspx.

Results for Student Groups in 2013

			Percentages		
	Percent of	Avg.	at or al	oove	Percent at
Reporting Groups	students	score	Basic Pro	oficient	Advanced
Race/Ethnicity					
White	30	233	81	46	12
Black	14	209	55	18	2
Hispanic	50	206	51	17	2
Asian	4	252	91	66	32
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	2	233	76	52	12
Gender					
Male	51	215	61	27	6
Female	49	219	64	30	7
National School Lunch Program					
Eligible	62	206	51	17	2
Not eligible	36	234	81	47	13

Rounds to zero

‡ Reporting standards not met

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2013, Black students had an average score that was 24 points lower than White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1992 (24 points).
- In 2013, Hispanic students had an average score that was 27 points lower than White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1992 (23 points).
- In 2013, female students in Texas had an average score that was higher than male students by 4 points.
- In 2013, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 28 points lower than students who were not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (31 points).

