

#### Overall Results

- In 2013, the average score of fourth-grade students in Wisconsin was 221. This was not significantly different from the average score of 221 for public school students in the nation.
- The average score for students in Wisconsin in 2013 (221) was not significantly different from their average score in 2011 (221) and in 1992 (224).
- The score gap between higher performing students in Wisconsin (those at the 75th percentile) and lower performing students (those at the 25th percentile) was 48 points in 2013. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1992 (41 points).
- The percentage of students in Wisconsin who performed at or above the NAEP Proficient level was 35 percent in 2013. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2011 (34 percent) and in 1992 (33 percent).
- The percentage of students in Wisconsin who performed at or above the NAEP Basic level was 68 percent in 2013. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2011 (68 percent) and in 1992 (71 percent).

#### Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results

	Wisconsin			Average Score	
	Percent below Basic	Basic	Proficient	Advanced	
1992 <sup>a</sup>	29	37*	27	6*	224
1994 <sup>a</sup>	29	36	28	7	224
1998 <sup>a</sup>	28	38*	28	6	224
1998	31	36	27	6	222
2003	32	35	26	7	221
2005	33	34	26	7	221
2007	30	35	27	8	223
2009	33	35	26	7	220
2011	32	34	26	7	221
2013	32	33	27	8	221
Nation (public)					
2013	33	33	26	8	221

Percent below Basic or at Basic      Percent at Proficient or Advanced

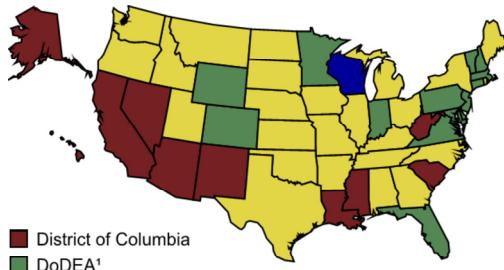
■ Below Basic    □ Basic    ■ Proficient    ■ Advanced

\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from state's results in 2013. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

<sup>a</sup> Accommodations not permitted. For information about NAEP accommodations, see <http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/about/inclusion.aspx>.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

#### Compare the Average Score in 2013 to Other States/Jurisdictions

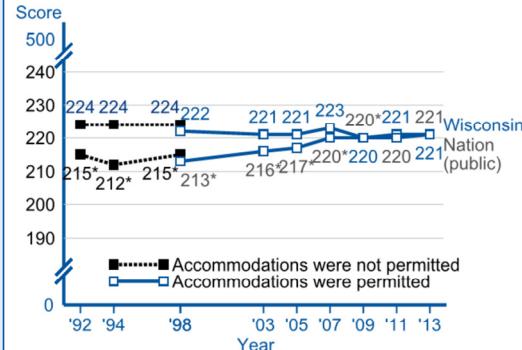


<sup>1</sup> Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools).

In 2013, the average score in Wisconsin (221) was

- lower than those in 15 states/jurisdictions
- higher than those in 11 states/jurisdictions
- not significantly different from those in 25 states/jurisdictions

#### Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation (public)



\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from 2013. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

NOTE: For information about NAEP accommodations, see <http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/about/inclusion.aspx>.

#### Results for Student Groups in 2013

Reporting Groups	Percent of students	Avg. score	Percentages at or above Basic Proficient		Percent at Advanced
			Basic	Proficient	
<b>Race/Ethnicity</b>					
White	71	228	76	41	10
Black	10	193	35	11	2
Hispanic	12	201	45	17	3
Asian	4	223	68	43	12
American Indian/Alaska Native	2	211	60	23	4
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	1	‡	‡	‡	‡
<b>Gender</b>					
Male	52	216	63	31	7
Female	48	225	73	39	9
<b>National School Lunch Program</b>					
Eligible	45	205	51	20	3
Not eligible	55	233	81	47	12

# Rounds to zero.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

#### Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2013, Black students had an average score that was 36 points lower than White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1992 (28 points).
- In 2013, Hispanic students had an average score that was 27 points lower than White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1992 (18 points).
- In 2013, female students in Wisconsin had an average score that was higher than male students by 9 points.
- In 2013, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 28 points lower than students who were not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (27 points).