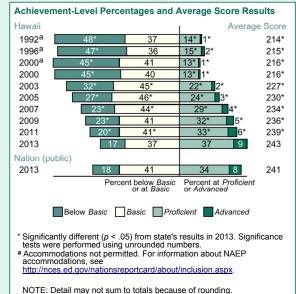
Overall Results

- In 2013, the average score of fourth-grade students in Hawaii was 243. This was higher than the average score of 241 for public school students in the nation.
- The average score for students in Hawaii in 2013 (243) was higher than their average score in 2011 (239) and in 1992 (214).
- The score gap between higher performing students in Hawaii (those at the 75th percentile) and lower performing students (those at the 25th percentile) was 41 points in 2013. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1992 (46 points).
- The percentage of students in Hawaii who performed at or above the NAEP Proficient level was 46 percent in 2013. This percentage was greater than that in 2011 (40 percent) and in 1992 (15 percent).
- The percentage of students in Hawaii who performed at or above the NAEP Basic level was 83 percent in 2013. This percentage was greater than that in 2011 (80 percent) and in 1992 (52 percent).



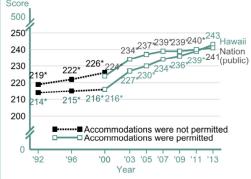


¹ Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools).

In 2013, the average score in Hawaii (243) was

- lower than those in 13 states/jurisdictions
- higher than those in 20 states/jurisdictions
- not significantly different from those in 18 states/jurisdictions





Significantly different (p < .05) from 2013. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

NOTE: For information about NAEP accommodations, see http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/about/inclusion.aspx.

Results for Student Groups in 2013

			Percentages		
	Percent of	Avg.	at c	r above	Percent at
Reporting Groups	students	score	Basic	Proficient	Advanced
Race/Ethnicity					
White	16	253	91	60	15
Black	2	232	76	34	1
Hispanic	6	241	83	43	8
Asian	36	249	88	54	12
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	#	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	33	232	74	30	3
Two or more races	7	249	87	56	12
Gender					
Male	52	242	82	45	9
Female	48	244	85	47	8
National School Lunch Program					
Eligible	52	234	76	33	4
Not eligible	47	253	92	60	14

Rounds to zero.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2013, Black students had an average score that was 21 points lower than White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1992 (18 points).
- In 2013, Hispanic students had an average score that was 12 points lower than White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1992 (16 points).
- In 2013, male students in Hawaii had an average score that was not significantly different from female students.
- In 2013, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 19 points lower than students who were not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1996 (23 points).