PISA 2012 Data Tables, Figures, and Exhibits

Exhibit M1	Description of PISA proficiency levels on mathematics literacy scale: 2012
Table M1	Percentage distribution of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale, by proficiency level and education system: 2012
Figure M1a	Percentage of 15-year-old students performing at PISA mathematics literacy proficiency levels 5 and above and below level 2, by education system: 2012
Table M1b	Percentage of 15-year-old students performing at PISA mathematics literacy proficiency levels 5 and above and below level 2, by education system: 2012
Table M2	Percentage distribution of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy content subscales, by proficiency level and education system: 2012
Table M3	Percentage distribution of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy process subscales, by proficiency level and education system: 2012
Table M4	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale, by education system: 2012
Table M5	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy content subscales, by education system: 2012
Table M6	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy process subscales, by education system: 2012
Table M7	Cut scores of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale at selected percentiles and percentile cut score gaps, by education system: 2012
Figure M2a	Difference in average scores of 15-year-old female and male students on PISA mathematics literacy scale, by education system: 2012
Table M2b	Difference in average scores of 15-year-old female and male students on PISA mathematics literacy scale, by education system: 2012
Table M8	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale, by national quarters of the PISA index of economic, social and cultural status (ESCS) and education system: 2012
Table M9	Percentage distribution of U.S. 15-year-old public school students on PISA mathematics literacy scale, by proficiency level and percentage of students in enrolled schools eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, based on principals' reports: 2012
Table M10	Average scores of U.S. 15-year-old public school students on PISA mathematics literacy scale, by percentage of students in enrolled schools eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, based on principals' reports: 2012
Table M11	Percentage distribution of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale, by proficiency level and race/ethnicity: 2012
Table M12	Average scores of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale, by race/ethnicity: 2012

		Pag
Exhibit S1	Description of PISA proficiency levels on science literacy scale: 2012	2
Table S1	Percentage distribution of 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale, by proficiency level and education system: 2012	2
Figure S1a	Percentage of 15-year-old students performing at PISA science literacy proficiency levels 5 and above and below level 2, by education system: 2012	2
Table S1b	Percentage of 15-year-old students performing at PISA science literacy proficiency levels 5 and above and below level 2, by education system: 2012	2
Table S2	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale, by education system: 2012	2
Table S3	Cut scores of 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale at selected percentiles and percentile cut score gaps, by education system: 2012	2
Figure S2a	Difference in average scores of 15-year-old female and male students on PISA science literacy scale, by education system: 2012	2
Table S2b	Difference in average scores of 15-year-old female and male students on PISA science literacy scale, by education system: 2012	3
Table S4	Percentage distribution of U.S. 15-year-old public school students on PISA science literacy scale, by proficiency level and percentage of students in enrolled schools eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, based on principals' reports: 2012	3
Table S5	Average scores of U.S. 15-year-old public school students on PISA science literacy scale, by percentage of students in enrolled schools eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, based on principals' reports: 2012	3
Table S6	Percentage distribution of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale, by proficiency level and race/ethnicity: 2012	3
Table S7	Average scores of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale, by race/ethnicity: 2012	3
Exhibit R1	Description of PISA proficiency levels on reading literacy scale: 2012	3
Table R1	Percentage distribution of 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale, by proficiency level and education system: 2012	3
Figure R1a	Percentage of 15-year-old students performing at PISA reading literacy proficiency levels 5 and above and below level 2, by education system: 2012	3
Table R1b	Percentage of 15-year-old students performing at PISA reading literacy proficiency levels 5 and above and below level 2, by education system: 2012	3
Table R2	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale, by education system: 2012	3
Table R3	Cut scores of 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale at selected percentiles and percentile cut score gaps, by education system: 2012	4

		<u>Pag</u>
Figure R2a	Difference in average scores of 15-year-old female and male students on PISA reading literacy scale, by education system: 2012	4
Table R2b	Difference in average scores of 15-year-old female and male students on PISA reading literacy scale, by education system: 2012	4
Table R4	Percentage distribution of U.S. 15-year-old public school students on PISA reading literacy scale, by proficiency level and percentage of students in enrolled schools eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, based on principals' reports: 2012	4
Table R5	Average scores of U.S. 15-year-old public school students on PISA reading literacy scale, by percentage of students in enrolled schools eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, based on principals' reports: 2012	4
Table R6	Percentage distribution of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale, by proficiency level and race/ethnicity: 2012	4
Table R7	Average scores of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale, by race/ethnicity: 2012	4
Table T1	Average scores and changes in average scores of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics, science, and reading literacy scales: 2000, 2003, 2006, 2009, and 2012	4
Figure T1a	Cut scores of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale at selected percentiles: 2003, 2006, 2009, and 2012	4
Table T1b	Cut scores of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale at selected percentiles: 2003, 2006, 2009, and 2012	4
Figure T2a	Cut scores of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale at selected percentiles: 2006, 2009, and 2012	
Table T2b	Cut scores of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale at selected percentiles: 2006, 2009, and 2012	
Figure T3a	Cut scores of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale at selected percentiles: 2000, 2003, 2006, 2009, and 2012	
Table T3b	Cut scores of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale at selected percentiles: 2000, 2003, 2009, and 2012	5
Table T2	Average scores and changes in average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale, by education system: 2003, 2006, 2009, and 2012	
Table T3	Average scores and changes in average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale, by education system: 2006, 2009, and 2012	{
Table T4	Average scores and changes in average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale, by education system: 2000, 2003, 2006, 2009, and 2012	{

		<u>Pag</u>
Table CM1	Percentage distribution of 15-year-old students on PISA computer-based mathematics literacy scale, by proficiency level and education system: 2012	57
Table CM2	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA computer-based mathematics literacy scale, by education system: 2012	58
Figure CM1a	Difference in average scores of 15-year-old female and male students on PISA computer-based mathematics literacy scale, by education system: 2012	59
Table CM1b	Difference in average scores of 15-year-old female and male students on PISA computer-based mathematics literacy scale, by education system: 2012	60
Exhibit CR1	Description of PISA proficiency levels on computer-based reading literacy scale: 2012	61
Table CR1	Percentage distribution of 15-year-old students on PISA computer-based reading literacy scale, by proficiency level and education system: 2012	62
Table CR2	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA computer-based reading literacy scale, by education system: 2012	63
Figure CR1a	Difference in average scores of 15-year-old female and male students on PISA computer-based reading literacy scale, by education system: 2012	64
Table CR1b	Difference in average scores of 15-year-old female and male students on PISA computer-based reading literacy scale, by education system: 2012	65
Table A1	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale in Connecticut public schools compared with other participating education systems: 2012	66
Table A2	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale in Connecticut public schools, by various subgroups: 2012	
Table A3	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale in Connecticut public schools compared with other participating education systems: 2012	68
Table A4	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale in Connecticut public schools, by various subgroups: 2012	69
Table A5	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale in Connecticut public schools compared with other participating education systems: 2012	70
Table A6	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale in Connecticut public schools, by various subgroups: 2012	7′
Table A7	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale in Florida public schools compared with other participating education systems: 2012	72
Table A8	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale in Florida public schools, by various subgroups: 2012	73

		<u>Page</u>
Table A9	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale in Florida public schools compared with other participating education systems: 2012	74
Table A10	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale in Florida public schools, by various subgroups: 2012	75
Table A11	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale in Florida public schools compared with other participating education systems: 2012	76
Table A12	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale in Florida public schools, by various subgroups: 2012	77
Table A13	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale in Massachusetts public schools compared with other participating education systems: 2012	78
Table A14	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale in Massachusetts public schools, by various subgroups: 2012	79
Table A15	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale in Massachusetts public schools compared with other participating education systems: 2012	80
Table A16	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale in Massachusetts public schools, by various subgroups: 2012	81
Table A17	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale in Massachusetts public schools compared with other participating education systems: 2012	82
Table A18	Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale in Massachusetts public schools, by various subgroups: 2012	83
Table AA1	Percentage distribution of U.S. 15-year-old students, by grade level: 2012	84
Table AA2	Cut scores for proficiency levels for mathematics, science, and reading literacy: 2012	85
Table AB1	Number of schools and weighted participation rates, by education system: 2012	86
Table AB2	Coverage of target population, student exclusion and weighted participation rates, and number of students, by education system: 2012	87

Exhibit M1. Description of PISA proficiency levels on mathematics literacy scale: 2012

Proficiency level and lower cut score	Task descriptions
Level 6 669	At level 6, students can conceptualize, generalize, and utilize information based on their investigations and modeling of complex problem situations, and can use their knowledge in relatively non-standard contexts. They can link different information sources and representations and flexibly translate among them. Students at this level are capable of advanced mathematical thinking and reasoning. These students can apply this insight and understanding, along with a mastery of symbolic and formal mathematical operations and relationships, to develop new approaches and strategies for attacking novel situations. Students at this level can reflect on their actions, and can formulate and precisely communicate their actions and reflections regarding their findings, interpretations, arguments and the appropriateness of these to the original situations.
Level 5 607	At level 5, students can develop and work with models for complex situations, identifying constraints and specifying assumptions. They can select, compare, and evaluate appropriate problem-solving strategies for dealing with complex problems related to these models. Students at this level can work strategically using broad, well-developed thinking and reasoning skills, appropriate linked representations, symbolic and formal characterizations, and insight pertaining to these situations. They begin to reflect on their work and can formulate and communicate their interpretations and reasoning.
Level 4 545	At level 4, students can work effectively with explicit models for complex concrete situations that may involve constraints or call for making assumptions. They can select and integrate different representations, including symbolic, linking them directly to aspects of real-world situations. Students at this level can utilize their limited range of skills and can reason with some insight, in straightforward contexts. They can construct and communicate explanations and arguments based on their interpretations, arguments, and actions.
Level 3 482	At level 3, students can execute clearly described procedures, including those that require sequential decisions. Their interpretations are sufficiently sound to be a base for building a simple model or for selecting and applying simple problem-solving strategies. Students at this level can interpret and use representations based on different information sources and reason directly from them. They typically show some ability to handle percentages, fractions and decimal numbers, and to work with proportional relationships. Their solutions reflect that they have engaged in basic interpretation and reasoning.
Level 2 420	At level 2, students can interpret and recognize situations in contexts that require no more than direct inference. They can extract relevant information from a single source and make use of a single representational mode. Students at this level can employ basic algorithms, formulae, procedures, or conventions to solve problems involving whole numbers. They are capable of making literal interpretations of the results.
Level 1 358	At level 1, students can answer questions involving familiar contexts where all relevant information is present and the questions are clearly defined. They are able to identify information and to carry out routine procedures according to direct instructions in explicit situations. They can perform actions that are almost always obvious and follow immediately from the given stimuli.

NOTE: To reach a particular proficiency level, a student must correctly answer a majority of items at that level. Students were classified into mathematics literacy levels according to their scores. Cut scores in the exhibit are rounded; exact cut scores are provided in table AA1. Scores are reported on a scale from 0.0 to 1.000

Table M1. Percentage distribution of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale, by proficiency level and education system: 2012

Table M1. Percentage distri	Below lev		Level		ematics liter Level 2		Level		and educat Level 4		tem: 2012 Level 5		Level 6	
Education system	Percent		Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.
OECD average	8.0	0.12	15.0	0.13	22.5	0.15	23.7	0.15	18.2	0.14	9.3	0.11	3.3	0.08
Albania	32.5	1.03	28.1	0.97	22.9	0.91	12.0	0.92	3.6	0.35	0.8	0.20	#	t
Argentina	34.9	1.95	31.6	1.22	22.2	1.36	9.2	0.88	1.8	0.35	0.3 !	0.10	‡	Ť
Australia	6.1	0.35	13.5	0.57	21.9	0.76	24.6	0.65	19.0	0.50	10.5	0.43	4.3	0.36
Austria	5.7	0.59	13.0	0.74	21.9	0.87	24.2	0.84	21.0	0.90	11.0	0.75	3.3	0.41
Belgium	7.0	0.56	11.9	0.61	18.4	0.60	22.6	0.72	20.7	0.62	13.4	0.52	6.1	0.38
Brazil	35.2	0.93	31.9	0.70	20.4	0.67	8.9	0.47	2.9	0.35	0.7	0.19	#	1
Bulgaria	20.0	1.45	23.8	0.95	24.4	1.12	17.9	0.91	9.9	0.83	3.4	0.50	0.7	0.19
Canada	3.6	0.29	10.2	0.45	21.0	0.64	26.4	0.63	22.4	0.49	12.1	0.47	4.3	0.29
Chile	22.0	1.35	29.5	1.01	25.3	1.00	15.4	0.78	6.2	0.60	1.5	0.21	0.1 !	0.04
Chinese Taipei	4.5	0.53	8.3	0.61	13.1	0.61	17.1	0.65	19.7	0.75	19.2	0.89	18.0	1.00
Colombia	41.6	1.71	32.2	1.05	17.8	0.90	6.4	0.61	1.6	0.28	0.3 !	0.10	‡	1
Costa Rica	23.6	1.68	36.2	1.22	26.8	1.29	10.1	0.99	2.6	0.46	0.5 !	0.16	‡	1
Croatia	9.5	0.74	20.4	1.02	26.7	0.95	22.9	1.12	13.5	0.80	5.4	0.76	1.6 !	0.51
Cyprus	19.0	0.58	23.0	0.65	25.5	0.62	19.2	0.58	9.6	0.44	3.1	0.25	0.6 !	0.20
Czech Republic	6.8	0.76	14.2	0.97	21.7	0.83	24.8	1.07	19.7	0.90	9.6	0.66	3.2	0.31
Denmark	4.4	0.49	12.5	0.70	24.4	0.97	29.0	1.03	19.8	0.69	8.3	0.57	1.7	0.32
Estonia	2.0	0.26	8.6	0.57	22.0	0.84	29.4	0.79	23.4	0.91	11.0	0.67	3.6	0.37
Finland	3.3	0.39	8.9	0.49	20.5	0.66	28.8	0.78	23.2	0.78	11.7	0.60	3.5	0.30
France	8.7	0.72	13.6	0.76	22.1	0.95	23.8	0.82	18.9	0.79	9.8	0.55	3.1	0.40
Germany	5.5	0.65	12.2	0.81	19.4	0.81	23.7	0.79	21.7	0.73	12.8	0.71	4.7	0.49
Greece	14.5	0.92	21.2	0.85	27.2	1.02	22.1	0.86	11.2	0.79	3.3	0.43	0.6	0.15
Hong Kong-China	2.6	0.36	5.9	0.61	12.0	0.77	19.7	0.97	26.1	1.09	21.4	0.96	12.3	0.95
Hungary	9.9	0.77	18.2	1.04	25.3	1.21	23.0	1.02	14.4	0.86	7.1	0.73	2.1	0.51
Iceland	7.5	0.54	14.0	0.83	23.6	0.89	25.7	0.95	18.1	0.79	8.9	0.61	2.3	0.35
Indonesia	42.3	2.14	33.4	1.59	16.8	1.12	5.7	0.90	1.5 !	0.54	‡	†	‡	+
Ireland	4.8	0.55	12.1	0.70	23.9	0.72	28.2	0.87	20.3	0.76	8.5	0.51	2.2	0.23
Israel	15.9	1.23	17.6	0.93	21.6	0.93	21.0	0.87	14.6	0.88	7.2	0.74	2.2	0.39
Italy	8.5	0.39	16.1	0.51	24.1	0.55	24.6	0.62	16.7	0.48	7.8	0.44	2.2	0.25
Japan	3.2	0.49	7.9	0.69	16.9	0.85	24.7	1.00	23.7	0.89	16.0	0.89	7.6	0.84
Jordan	36.5	1.59	32.1	0.95	21.0	1.04	8.1	0.63	1.8	0.33	‡	†	‡	+
Kazakhstan	14.5	0.90	30.7	1.40	31.5	0.95	16.9	1.11	5.4	0.79	0.9 !	0.27	‡	+
Korea, Republic of	2.7	0.46	6.4	0.62	14.7	0.85	21.4	0.99	23.9	1.23	18.8	0.92	12.1	1.26
Latvia	4.8	0.53	15.1	0.96	26.6	1.29	27.8	0.92	17.6	0.90	6.5	0.65	1.5	0.28
Liechtenstein	3.5 !	1.31	10.6	1.81	15.2	2.52	22.7	2.81	23.2	3.01	17.4	3.17	7.4	1.86
Lithuania	8.7	0.68	17.3	0.89	25.9	0.80	24.6	1.01	15.4	0.70	6.6	0.49	1.4	0.24
Luxembourg	8.8	0.54	15.5	0.54	22.3	0.72	23.6	0.72	18.5	0.58	8.6	0.38	2.6	0.25
Macao-China	3.2	0.29	7.6	0.53	16.4	0.71	24.0	0.69	24.4	0.87	16.8	0.63	7.6	0.35
Malaysia	23.0	1.19	28.8	1.12	26.0	0.95	14.9	0.93	6.0	0.69	1.2	0.28	0.1 !	0.05
Mexico	22.8	0.68	31.9	0.58	27.8	0.53	13.1	0.41	3.7	0.23	0.6	0.07	‡	†
Montenegro, Republic of	27.5	0.64	29.1	1.14	24.2	1.06	13.1	0.73	4.9	0.48	0.9	0.20	‡	†
Netherlands	3.8	0.57	11.0	0.93	17.9	1.08	24.2	1.19	23.8	1.11	14.9	0.99	4.4	0.56
New Zealand	7.5	0.58	15.1	0.66	21.6	0.83	22.7	0.76	18.1	0.84	10.5	0.75	4.5	0.40
Norway	7.2	0.78	15.1	0.88	24.3	0.84	25.7	1.01	18.3	0.96	7.3	0.56	2.1	0.30
Peru	47.0	1.79	27.6	0.88	16.1	1.00	6.7	0.68	2.1	0.38	0.5 !	0.20	‡	†
Poland	3.3	0.38	11.1	0.77	22.1	0.93	25.5	0.94	21.3	1.12	11.7	0.78	5.0	0.80
Portugal	8.9	0.79	16.0	0.98	22.8	0.88	24.0	0.84	17.7	0.88	8.5	0.73	2.1	0.33
Qatar	47.0	0.42	22.6	0.53	15.2	0.39	8.8	0.34	4.5	0.28	1.7	0.20	0.3	0.07
Romania	14.0	1.15	26.8	1.23	28.3	1.09	19.2	1.07	8.4	0.81	2.6	0.45	0.6 !	0.27
Russian Federation	7.5	0.70	16.5	0.80	26.6	0.99	26.0	0.97	15.7	0.78	6.3	0.64	1.5	0.31
Serbia, Republic of	15.5	1.16	23.4	0.93	26.5	1.12	19.5	1.03	10.5	0.69	3.5	0.52	1.1	0.31
Shanghai-China	8.0	0.21	2.9	0.46	7.5	0.64	13.1	0.77	20.2	0.83	24.6	1.04	30.8	1.24
Singapore	2.2	0.23	6.1	0.40	12.2	0.68	17.5	0.66	22.0	0.62	21.0	0.58	19.0	0.51
Slovak Republic	11.1	1.03	16.4	0.94	23.1	1.10	22.1	1.09	16.4	1.08	7.8	0.64	3.1	0.55
Slovenia	5.1	0.48	15.0	0.69	23.6	0.95	23.9	0.96	18.7	0.80	10.3	0.64	3.4	0.43
Spain	7.8	0.50	15.8	0.57	24.9	0.65	26.0	0.59	17.6	0.56	6.7	0.42	1.3	0.15
Sweden	9.5	0.68	17.5	0.76	24.7	0.92	23.9	0.78	16.3	0.69	6.5	0.49	1.6	0.25
Switzerland	3.6	0.35	8.9	0.59	17.8	1.06	24.5	1.02	23.9	0.80	14.6	0.78	6.8	0.69
Thailand	19.1	1.07	30.6	1.20	27.3	1.00	14.5	1.15	5.8	0.74	2.0	0.38	0.5 !	0.19
Tunisia	36.5	1.88	31.3	1.09	21.1	1.17	8.0	0.79	2.3	0.68	0.7 !	0.32	‡	†
Turkey	15.5	1.08	26.5	1.28	25.5	1.16	16.5	1.05	10.1	1.09	4.7	0.81	1.2 !	0.46
United Arab Emirates	20.5	0.92	25.8	0.81	24.9	0.69	16.9	0.64	8.5	0.54	2.9	0.25	0.5	0.11
United Kingdom	7.8	0.77	14.0	0.76	23.2	0.81	24.8	0.85	18.4	0.78	9.0	0.63	2.9	0.42
United States	8.0	0.73	17.9	0.98	26.3	0.84	23.3	0.93	15.8	0.91	6.6	0.61	2.2	0.34
Uruguay	29.2	1.20	26.5	0.76	23.0	0.93	14.4	0.87	5.4	0.60	1.3	0.28	‡	1
Vietnam	3.6	0.80	10.6	1.26	22.8	1.28	28.4	1.52	21.3	1.22	9.8	0.99	3.5	0.75
U.S. state education systems														
Connecticut	6.8	1.18	13.8	1.33	20.0	1.28	24.3	1.36	18.6	1.79	11.5	1.46	4.9	0.83
Florida	9.7	1.44	20.6	1.87	27.9	1.42	23.0	1.64	13.0	1.34	4.9	1.04	0.9 !	0.39
Massachusetts	5.3	0.83	12.5	1.17	20.4	1.61	24.3	1.49	18.9	1.18	12.7	1.61	5.8	1.11

[†] Not applicable. # Rounds to zero.

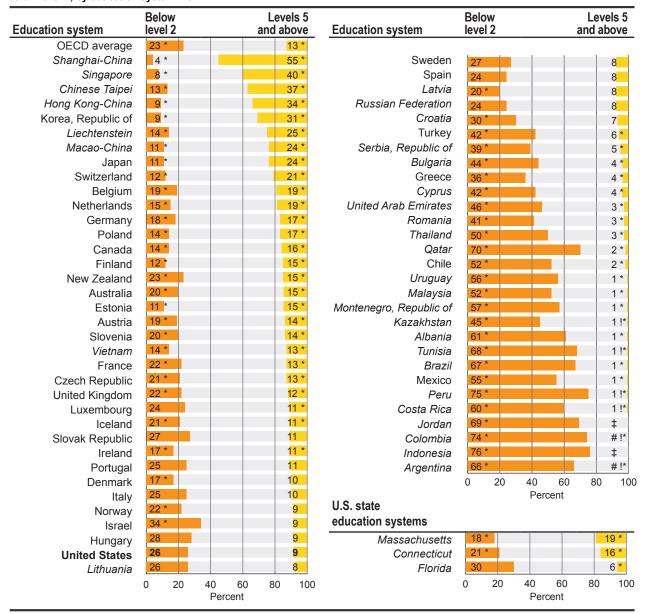
[!] Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable due to high coefficient of variation. ‡ Reporting standards not met.

[‡] Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: To reach a particular proficiency level, a student must correctly answer a majority of items at that level. Students were classified into mathematics literacy levels according to their scores. Exact cut scores are as follows: below level 1 (a score less than or equal to 357.77); level 1 (a score greater than 357.77 and less than or equal to 420.07); level 2 (a score greater than 420.07 and less than or equal to 482.38); level 3 (a score greater than 482.38 and less than or equal to 544.68); level 4 (a score greater than 544.68) level 6 (a score greater than 669.30); acroes are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. The OECD average is the average of the national percentages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Standard error is noted by s.e. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems. Results for Connecticut, Florida, and Massachusetts are for public school students only.

SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2012.

Figure M1a. Percentage of 15-year-old students performing at PISA mathematics literacy proficiency levels 5 and above and below level 2, by education system: 2012



Below level 2
Levels 5 and above

NOTE: Education systems are ordered by 2012 percentages of 15-year-olds in levels 5 and above. To reach a particular proficiency level, a student must correctly answer a majority of items at that level. Students were classified into mathematics proficiency levels according to their scores. Exact cut scores are as follows: below level 1 (a score less than or equal to 357.77); level 1 (a score greater than 357.77 and less than or equal to 420.07); level 2 (a score greater than 420.07 and less than or equal to 482.38); level 3 (a score greater than 482.38 and less than or equal to 544.68); level 4 (a score greater than 544.68 and less than or equal to 606.99); level 5 (a score greater than 606.99 and less than or equal to 669.30); and level 6 (a score greater than 669.30). Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. The OECD average is the average of the national percentages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems. Results for Connecticut, Florida, and Massachusetts are for public school students only. This figure corresponds to figure 1 in *Performance of U.S. 15-Year-Old Students in Mathematics*, Science, and Reading Literacy in an International Context (NCES 2014-024).

[#] Rounds to zero.

[!] Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable due to high coefficient of variation.

[‡] Reporting standards not met

 $^{^{\}star}$ p < .05. Significantly different from the U.S. percentage at the .05 level of statistical significance.

Table M1b. Percentage of 15-year-old students performing at PISA mathematics literacy proficiency levels 5 and above and below level 2, by education system: 2012

	Below level 2		Levels 5 and abo	ove		Below level 2		Levels 5 and abo	ove
Education system	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Education system	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.
OECD average	23.0 *	0.19	12.6 *	0.15					
Shanghai-China	3.8 *	0.55	55.4 *	1.37	Sweden	27.1	1.12	8.0	0.52
Singapore	8.3 *	0.48	40.0 *	0.71	Spain	23.6	0.85	8.0	0.43
Chinese Taipei	12.8 *	0.84	37.2 *	1.24	Latvia	19.9 *	1.13	8.0	0.78
Hong Kong-China	8.5 *	0.79	33.7 *	1.35	Russian Federation	24.0	1.13	7.8	0.85
Korea, Republic of	9.1 *	0.95	30.9 *	1.83	Croatia	29.9 *	1.36	7.0	1.15
Liechtenstein	14.1 *	2.02	24.8 *	2.55	Turkey	42.0 *	1.93	5.9 *	1.13
Macao-China	10.8 *	0.49	24.3 *	0.56	Serbia, Republic of	38.9 *	1.54	4.6 *	0.71
Japan	11.1 *	0.98	23.7 *	1.46	Bulgaria	43.8 *	1.78	4.1 *	0.62
Switzerland	12.4 *	0.70	21.4 *	1.19	Greece	35.7 *	1.34	3.9 *	0.43
Belgium	18.9 *	0.83	19.4 *	0.73	Cyprus	42.0 *	0.63	3.7 *	0.27
Netherlands	14.8 *	1.28	19.3 *	1.21	United Arab Emirates	46.3 *	1.22	3.5 *	0.29
Germany	17.7 *	1.03	17.5 *	0.94	Romania	40.8 *	1.93	3.2 *	0.61
Poland	14.4 *	0.89	16.7 *	1.33	Thailand	49.7 *	1.74	2.6 *	0.51
Canada	13.8 *	0.55	16.4 *	0.64	Qatar	69.6 *	0.46	2.0 *	0.21
Finland	12.3 *	0.67	15.3 *	0.74	Chile	51.5 *	1.67	1.6 *	0.22
New Zealand	22.6 *	0.80	15.0 *	0.88	Uruquay	55.8 *	1.31	1.4 *	0.32
Australia	19.7 *	0.60	14.8 *	0.64	Malaysia	51.8 *	1.68	1.3 *	0.30
Estonia	10.5 *	0.63	14.6 *	0.76	Montenegro, Republic of	56.6 *	1.02	1.0 *	0.20
Austria	18.7 *	0.96	14.3 *	0.95	Kazakhstan	45.2 *	1.70	0.9 !*	0.29
Slovenia	20.1 *	0.65	13.7 *	0.55	Albania	60.7 *	0.95	0.8 *	0.19
Vietnam	14.2 *	1.75	13.3 *	1.47	Tunisia	67.7 *	1.83	0.8 !*	0.37
France	22.4 *	0.87	12.9 *	0.77	Brazil	67.1 *	1.03	0.8 *	0.20
Czech Republic	21.0 *	1.20	12.9 *	0.82	Mexico	54.7 *	0.82	0.6 *	0.08
United Kingdom	21.8 *	1.30	11.8 *	0.81	Peru	74.6 *	1.75	0.6 !*	0.21
Luxembourg	24.3	0.54	11.2 *	0.42	Costa Rica	59.9 *	1.87	0.6 *	0.19
Iceland	21.5 *	0.74	11.2 *	0.69	Jordan	68.6 *	1.50	‡	+
Slovak Republic	27.5	1.28	11.0	0.94	Colombia	73.8 *	1.43	0.3 !*	0.11
Ireland	16.9 *	0.99	10.7 *	0.54	Indonesia	75.7 *	2.05	±	+
Portugal	24.9	1.52	10.6	0.79	Argentina	66.5 *	2.03	0.3 !*	0.10
Denmark	16.8 *	0.98	10.0	0.66					
Italy	24.7	0.76	9.9	0.57					
Norway	22.3 *	1.06	9.4	0.67	U.S. state education				
Israel	33.5 *	1.68	9.4	0.99	systems				
Hungary	28.1	1.31	9.3	1.12	Massachusetts	17.8 *	1.46	18.5 *	2.47
United States	25.8	1.39	8.8	0.78	Connecticut	20.6 *	2.14	16.4 *	1.91
Lithuania	26.0	1.18	8.1	0.60	Florida	30.4	2.65	5.8 *	1.18

[†] Not applicable. # Rounds to zero.

! Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable due to high coefficient of variation.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

* p < 0.5. Significantly different from the U.S. percentage at the .05 level of statistical significance.

NOTE: Education systems are ordered by 2012 percentages of 15-year-olds in levels 5 and above. To reach a particular proficiency level, a student must correctly answer a majority of items at that level. Students were classified into mathematics proficiency levels according to their scores. Exact cut scores are as follows: below level 1 (a score less than or equal to 357.77); level 1 (a score greater than 357.77 and less than or equal to 420.07); level 2 (a score greater than 420.07 and less than or equal to 420.07); level 2 (a score greater than 606.99 and less than or equal to 669.30); and level 6 (a score greater than 669.30). Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. The OECD average is the average of the national percentages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Standard error is noted by s.e. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems. Results for Connecticut, Florida, and Massachusetts are for public school students only. This table corresponds to figure 1 in *Performance of U.S.* 15-Year-Old Students in Mathematics, Science, and Reading Literacy in an International Context (NCES 2014-024).

[!] Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable due to high coefficient of variation.

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Table M2. Percentage distribution of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy content subscales, by proficiency level and education system: 2012

-							Quantity							
	Below leve		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 4		Level 5		Level 6	
Education system	Percent	s.e. 0.13	Percent	s.e. 0.14	Percent 21.1	s.e. 0.14	Percent 22.9	s.e. 0.15	Percent	s.e. 0.14	Percent	s.e. 0.11	Percent	
OECD average Albania	9.2 36.4	1.22	14.3 26.2	0.14	21.1	0.14	22.9 11.4	0.15	18.5 3.9	0.14	10.1 0.8	0.11	3.9 ‡	0.08
Argentina	34.0	2.00	29.4	1.38	22.9	1.22	10.5	0.90	2.6	0.36	0.5	0.15	±	+
Australia	8.4	0.35	13.8	0.45	21.2	0.60	22.8	0.60	18.3	0.49	10.5	0.47	4.9	0.39
Austria	5.0	0.54	12.4	0.90	20.9	0.98	24.6	0.83	22.3	0.97	11.3	0.78	3.5	0.49
Belgium	6.9	0.51	11.2	0.68	17.9	0.69	21.8	0.69	21.2	0.62	14.5	0.60	6.6	0.38
Brazil	36.5	1.13	27.0	0.81	20.2	0.60	10.5	0.53	4.3	0.42	1.3	0.27	0.2 !	0.08
Bulgaria	20.2	1.39	21.7	0.99	23.4	1.00	18.2	0.93	10.9	0.80	4.3	0.62	1.2	0.28
Canada	5.9	0.32	11.0	0.40	19.7	0.71	24.2	0.60	20.9	0.59	12.6	0.51	5.8	0.40
Chile	24.6	1.44	26.7	0.95	23.9	0.93	15.5	0.80	7.1	0.60	1.9	0.28	0.3	0.06
Chinese Taipei Colombia	5.1 43.1	0.57 1.43	9.2 27.2	0.57 0.98	14.0 18.0	0.65 0.85	19.3 8.3	0.77 0.58	22.1 2.7	0.83	18.7 0.6	0.98 0.15	11.6 0.1 !	0.71 0.05
Costa Rica	27.2	1.43	30.8	1.14	25.8	1.10	11.3	0.84	3.9	0.57	0.9 !	0.13	J. 1 :	0.05
Croatia	9.1	0.70	18.0	0.78	24.9	1.10	23.4	1.27	15.3	0.91	7.0	0.80	2.3	0.57
Cyprus	21.6	0.54	21.2	0.67	23.8	0.72	18.5	0.64	10.3	0.51	3.7	0.29	0.9	0.18
Czech Republic	7.7	0.77	12.4	0.84	20.6	1.02	23.5	1.07	19.8	0.92	11.0	0.71	4.9	0.51
Denmark	5.5	0.47	13.0	0.72	22.8	0.75	25.9	0.89	20.2	0.79	9.8	0.64	2.8	0.29
Estonia	2.7	0.40	8.5	0.57	19.8	0.78	27.8	0.91	24.0	0.89	12.4	0.84	4.7	0.50
Finland	2.9	0.36	8.1	0.45	19.3	0.90	27.7	0.68	24.3	0.74	12.7	0.68	5.0	0.51
France	9.4	0.80	14.1	0.78	20.7	0.81	22.3	0.76	18.9	0.76	10.7	0.72	4.0	0.47
Germany	6.1	0.71	11.6	0.69	17.7	0.76	23.4	1.01	22.1	0.85	13.5	0.79	5.6	0.59
Greece	16.4	1.00	19.3	1.23	24.4	1.10	21.5	0.81	12.7	0.78	4.5	0.39	1.1	0.20
Hong Kong-China	3.3	0.44	5.3	0.50 0.99	11.4	0.72 0.95	18.6	0.72 1.11	24.6	0.89 0.89	22.1	0.97 0.76	14.6	0.85 0.43
Hungary Iceland	11.7 9.3	0.88 0.62	18.1 13.3	0.69	23.5 20.8	0.95	21.6 24.1	0.79	15.3 18.5	0.69	7.5 10.2	0.76	2.4 3.9	0.43
Indonesia	9.3 50.0	2.14	27.1	1.57	20.8 14.8	1.18	5.8	0.79	2.0 !	0.64	10.2	0.56	3.9	0.35
Ireland	5.9	0.56	12.0	0.68	21.8	0.86	26.0	0.72	20.6	0.72	10.4	0.58	3.3	0.34
Israel	15.6	1.22	15.2	0.86	19.1	0.95	19.8	0.81	16.2	0.80	9.4	0.76	4.8	0.61
Italy	9.6	0.44	14.6	0.47	21.7	0.47	23.6	0.54	18.0	0.49	9.2	0.39	3.3	0.23
Japan	4.9	0.64	10.3	0.75	19.5	0.80	25.2	1.02	22.3	0.93	12.7	0.83	5.1	0.62
Jordan	47.2	1.63	26.0	0.76	16.7	0.95	7.4	0.58	2.1	0.39	0.6 !	0.29	‡	+
Kazakhstan	18.5	1.01	29.5	1.22	28.1	1.05	16.1	1.09	6.2	0.84	1.4	0.38	0.2 !	0.09
Korea, Republic of	3.4	0.50	7.4	0.85	16.2	0.96	23.9	1.14	25.1	0.90	17.1	0.91	6.8	0.86
Latvia	5.9	0.61	15.4	0.99	26.5	1.34	26.6	0.98	17.8	0.96	6.5	0.65	1.2	0.25
Liechtenstein	4.6	1.19	8.2	1.70	16.6	2.55	19.1	2.78	23.1	2.60	19.9	2.14	8.4	1.53
Lithuania	9.1 9.2	0.66	16.1	1.01	25.1 20.8	1.24	24.1 22.8	0.93 0.79	16.0	0.78 0.76	7.4 9.8	0.52	2.2 3.6	0.35 0.36
Luxembourg Macao-China	3.4	0.48 0.24	14.5 8.4	0.76 0.43	17.7	0.61 0.62	24.6	0.79	19.3 25.0	0.78	15.0	0.64 0.81	5.8	0.30
Malaysia	30.4	1.39	26.0	0.97	21.9	0.94	13.1	0.90	6.4	0.69	1.9	0.34	0.3 !	0.13
Mexico	25.9	0.67	27.5	0.53	25.3	0.42	14.5	0.52	5.4	0.28	1.3	0.11	0.2	0.04
Montenegro, Republic of	28.5	0.73	27.5	0.76	23.8	0.98	13.7	0.81	4.9	0.51	1.3	0.26	#	t
Netherlands	4.2	0.69	10.3	0.82	16.4	0.97	21.3	1.28	24.0	1.08	16.9	1.06	6.9	0.70
New Zealand	8.8	0.64	14.6	0.79	21.0	0.76	21.9	0.83	18.0	0.86	10.8	0.57	4.8	0.40
Norway	7.8	0.73	14.2	0.64	23.3	0.79	25.6	0.84	18.0	0.69	8.1	0.54	3.0	0.37
Peru	47.9	1.74	24.8	0.84	15.9	0.88	7.5	0.75	2.9	0.59	0.9 !	0.26	. ‡	†
Poland	3.1	0.40 0.94	10.5	0.80	21.1	1.00	26.9	1.33 0.94	21.6	0.95 0.96	12.2	0.91 0.70	4.4	0.68
Portugal Qatar	10.4 48.5	0.43	16.4 21.6	0.91 0.46	23.0 14.8	0.76 0.45	23.5 8.8	0.35	17.2 4.4	0.96	7.5 1.6	0.10	2.0 0.3	0.38 0.06
Romania	18.5	1.44	24.1	1.05	24.8	0.45	18.3	1.04	9.5	0.86	3.7	0.13	1.1 !	0.00
Russian Federation	9.6	0.67	16.7	1.01	25.9	1.18	24.4	0.89	15.0	0.94	6.6	0.67	1.9	0.35
Serbia, Republic of	15.4	1.26	21.2	0.99	25.2	1.14	19.9	1.13	11.8	0.74	4.8	0.54	1.6	0.45
Shanghai-China	1.3	0.25	3.7	0.48	8.8	0.55	16.3	0.80	23.7	0.92	25.3	1.05	20.9	1.00
Singapore	2.5	0.24	6.3	0.37	11.9	0.55	18.5	0.59	23.3	0.57	20.5	0.70	16.9	0.45
Slovak Republic	11.4	1.14	15.5	1.08	21.6	0.99	21.6	1.04	17.0	0.91	9.0	0.57	3.9	0.45
Slovenia	6.0	0.58	13.3	0.94	22.7	0.64	24.1	0.87	19.2	0.84	10.7	0.63	4.1	0.41
Spain	9.7	0.64	14.3	0.59	21.4	0.55	23.7	0.62	18.5	0.66	9.2	0.39	3.2	0.25
Sweden	10.2	0.68 0.36	15.9	0.78 0.52	23.5	0.76 0.86	23.9	0.88 0.75	16.6	0.83 0.89	7.5	0.56 0.79	2.4 7.1	0.26 0.72
Switzerland Thailand	4.0 24.6	1.33	8.9 28.5	1.11	17.3 24.9	0.86	23.7 13.8	0.75	23.9 5.8	0.69	15.0 2.0	0.79	7.1 0.4 !	0.12
Tranaria Tunisia	24.6 42.4	2.09	26.5 26.4	1.14	19.0	1.18	8.4	0.93	2.8	0.67	0.7 !	0.34	U.4 ! ‡	U. 16
Turkey	19.6	1.32	24.8	1.22	23.3	1.12	16.4	1.08	10.1	1.09	4.8	0.81	1.0 !	0.34
United Arab Emirates	24.3	0.96	22.9	0.83	22.3	0.70	16.4	0.58	9.4	0.68	3.6	0.31	1.0	0.18
United Kingdom	9.4	0.95	14.3	0.96	21.2	0.78	23.0	0.91	18.4	0.79	9.8	0.60	3.8	0.41
United States	10.7	1.02	18.5	0.99	24.1	0.81	21.6	0.84	14.6	0.84	7.5	0.65	3.0	0.38
Uruguay	29.9	1.27	24.0	0.95	22.3	0.81	14.7	0.77	6.8	0.56	2.0	0.30	0.3 !	0.11
Vietnam	5.4	1.04	11.2	1.09	22.4	1.40	26.1	1.38	20.3	1.20	10.5	1.03	4.2	0.85
U.S. state education system Connecticut	9.4	1.43	13.5	1.29	19.2	1.24	22.0	1.18	19.4	1.59	11.5	1.47	5.1	1.01
Florida	14.6	1.83	20.8	1.73	25.1	1.31	21.4	1.78	12.1	1.12	4.9	0.96	1.1 !	0.38
Massachusetts	7.9	1.00	12.6	1.12	19.9	1.89	23.7	1.45	18.5	1.14	11.8	1.59	5.6	1.08
See notes at end of table.														

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Table M2. Percentage distribution of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy content subscales, by proficiency level and education system: 2012–Continued

						-	Uncertainty an							
=1	Below leve		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 4		Level 5		Level 6	
Education system	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e. 0.15	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	
OECD average Albania	8.3 36.3	0.12 1.06	14.8 27.0	0.13 1.00	22.5 21.6	1.04	23.8 10.9	0.15 0.62	18.1 3.5	0.14	9.2 0.7	0.11 0.17	3.2	0.07
Argentina Argentina	35.0	1.06	30.0	1.00	21.6	1.04	9.7	0.62	3.5 2.2	0.44	0.7	0.17	‡	†
Australia	6.0	0.33	30.0 12.5	0.38	22.8	0.50	24.6	0.66	19.8	0.40	11.1	0.10	‡ 4.6	0.34
Austria	7.3	0.33	12.5	0.36	21.4	0.50	24.0	0.90	20.9	0.88	9.7	0.43	2.8	0.34
Belgium	8.8	0.76	12.0	0.54	19.1	0.68	21.8	0.75	19.2	0.65	12.5	0.47	6.5	0.48
Brazil	26.5	1.01	35.1	1.00	25.5	0.79	10.0	0.52	2.5	0.38	0.3 !	0.12	‡	1
Bulgaria	20.7	1.51	24.8	0.98	25.8	1.02	18.0	0.92	8.1	0.72	2.3	0.42	0.3 !	0.13
Canada	4.1	0.28	10.1	0.51	20.9	0.73	26.8	0.61	21.9	0.61	12.1	0.51	4.0	0.29
Chile	16.8	1.17	29.4	0.97	29.3	1.05	17.1	0.88	6.2	0.56	1.1	0.18	0.1 !	0.05
Chinese Taipei	4.4	0.50	8.6	0.55	14.4	0.65	19.2	0.93	21.5	0.81	18.7	0.90	13.1	1.01
Colombia	32.4	1.39	36.8	1.11	23.0	1.16	6.6	0.67	1.2	0.23	0.1 !	0.06	#	†
Costa Rica	17.8	1.51	37.1	1.33	31.1	1.39	11.8	1.11	2.1	0.37	. ‡	†	#	†
Croatia	10.8	0.83	19.8	0.92	26.4	1.02	22.6	1.00	13.6	0.86	5.3	0.68	1.4	0.41
Cyprus	17.5	0.57	22.2	0.82	26.9	0.86	20.8	0.67	9.5	0.48	2.7	0.26	0.4 !	0.17
Czech Republic	7.7	0.78	15.1	0.87	24.5	0.84	25.2	0.98	17.5	0.90	7.7	0.56	2.2	0.26
Denmark	4.4	0.49	11.6	0.81	23.2	0.82	28.2	0.86	21.2	0.80	9.3	0.69	2.2	0.34
Estonia	2.9	0.34	10.1	0.60	23.8	1.14	29.7	0.94	21.7	0.95	9.3	0.57	2.5	0.35
Finland	4.2	0.46	9.5	0.50	19.7	0.67	27.4	0.73	22.9	0.79	11.9	0.62	4.4	0.39
France	10.5	0.71	14.1	0.78	20.3	0.88	22.6	0.87	19.5	0.68	9.8	0.59	3.2	0.37
Germany	7.2	0.59	12.3	0.70	19.9	0.85	22.9	0.93	20.4	0.83	12.4	0.86	5.0	0.61
Greece	12.3	0.90	19.4	0.80	27.5	0.88	24.2	0.87	12.2	0.69	3.8	0.36	0.7	0.15
Hong Kong-China	2.3	0.34	6.0	0.63	13.2	0.73	22.5	0.91	26.9	1.00	20.0	0.88	9.2	0.81
Hungary	10.9	0.92	16.9	0.97	25.2	1.10	23.1	1.25	15.4	0.88	6.9	0.83	1.7	0.43
Iceland	8.8	0.58	13.2	0.66	21.2	0.75	24.5	0.90	19.5	0.82	9.8	0.57	3.1	0.38
Indonesia	35.7	2.08	36.1	1.61	20.4	1.26	6.2	0.90	1.3 !	0.56	±	+	‡	+
Ireland	4.7	0.55	11.1	0.61	21.3	0.85	27.7	0.90	22.2	0.80	10.1	0.60	2.8	0.31
Israel	16.7	1.21	16.9	0.88	21.4	0.95	20.9	0.78	14.3	1.07	7.1	0.81	2.6	0.41
Italy	9.8	0.48	15.9	0.57	23.5	0.59	24.3	0.60	16.8	0.53	7.5	0.40	2.1	0.19
Japan	3.2	0.52	8.7	0.67	18.0	0.93	26.2	0.97	24.2	0.96	14.5	0.95	5.2	0.67
Jordan	30.3	1.52	33.6	0.92	24.3	1.10	9.4	0.65	1.8	0.34	‡	+	‡	+
Kazakhstan	17.1	1.28	37.4	1.50	33.1	1.17	11.1	1.21	1.3	0.32	ŧ	÷	‡	÷
Korea, Republic of	3.6	0.49	7.6	0.74	16.7	0.82	23.6	0.99	23.8	0.86	16.4	0.87	8.3	0.93
Latvia	6.1	0.43	17.5	0.97	28.3	1.29	27.6	0.98	15.4	1.15	4.3	0.55	0.7	0.17
Liechtenstein	5.0	1.31	9.9	2.15	18.1	2.05	22.2	3.11	22.7	2.65	15.4	2.32	6.7	1.42
Lithuania	10.1	0.66	17.9	0.91	26.2	0.81	23.8	0.96	14.6	0.66	6.1	0.50	1.4	0.27
Luxembourg	11.2	0.55	16.7	0.53	21.6	0.67	22.0	1.04	17.4	0.72	8.4	0.46	2.7	0.25
Macao-China	3.5	0.25	8.5	0.53	18.7	0.55	26.3	0.68	24.8	0.79	13.7	0.60	4.5	0.28
Malaysia	21.6	1.16	27.6	0.95	28.4	1.02	15.8	0.74	5.5	0.67	1.1	0.25	<u> </u>	†
Mexico	20.2	0.64	34.4	0.58	30.4	0.58	12.3	0.42	2.4	0.15	0.2	0.04	#	†
Montenegro, Republic of	25.3	0.75	28.3	1.00	25.5	0.94	14.0	0.92	5.5	0.55	1.2	0.22	. ‡	†
Netherlands	4.1	0.74	10.2	0.84	17.3	1.11	21.7	1.48	22.0	1.03	16.7	1.17	8.0	0.82
New Zealand	8.0	0.64	13.5	0.79	20.5	0.80	21.8	0.84	18.6	0.90	11.4	0.72	6.2	0.51
Norway	6.5	0.59	12.8	0.75	23.7	0.98	26.7	0.99	19.3	0.85	8.5	0.61	2.6	0.30
Peru	42.2	1.75	32.1	1.04	18.1	0.99	5.9	0.66	1.4	0.36	‡	†	‡	†
Poland	3.3	0.37	10.7	0.89	21.4	0.85	26.9	0.96	22.2	0.93	11.6	0.93	4.0	0.74
Portugal	8.4	0.75	15.9	1.04	23.5	0.88	25.1	0.90	17.7	0.97	7.9	0.69	1.5	0.30
Qatar	44.4	0.60	23.3	0.76	16.0	0.43	9.4	0.37	4.7	0.21	1.9	0.16	0.3	0.06
Romania	15.0	1.20	27.3	1.33	30.6	1.28	18.9	1.00	6.7	0.76	1.4	0.35	‡	+
Russian Federation	10.5	0.94	20.2	0.86	28.4	0.84	24.0	1.06	12.6	0.76	3.9	0.49	0.5 !	0.18
Serbia, Republic of	14.3	1.26	23.2	1.33	28.6	1.31	20.6	0.96	9.8	0.73	2.9	0.42	0.6 !	0.19
Shanghai-China	1.0	0.20	3.4	0.42	9.0	0.66	17.0	0.71	23.6	0.78	24.3	0.92	21.7	1.06
Singapore	2.7	0.23	7.0	0.45	14.2	0.58	19.4	0.68	22.7	0.73	18.9	0.79	15.1	0.56
Slovak Republic	12.7	1.12	17.1	0.99	24.3	1.00	22.2	1.02	15.0	0.80	6.6	0.56	2.1	0.41
Slovenia	6.4	0.40	15.2	0.62	23.4	0.76	24.2	0.75	18.3	0.75	9.9	0.58	2.6	0.40
Spain	8.5	0.53	15.0	0.55	23.3	0.64	25.4	0.60	18.3	0.60	7.7	0.44	1.9	0.18
Sweden	9.1	0.65	15.8	0.67	24.9	1.00	24.6	0.81	16.5	0.84	7.0	0.54	2.1	0.29
Switzerland	5.0	0.05	9.9	0.58	18.9	0.89	24.4	0.71	22.4	0.99	13.4	0.87	6.0	0.60
Thailand	15.3	0.40	29.1	1.25	31.4	0.85	16.5	0.77	5.8	0.69	1.6	0.38	0.3 !	0.15
	27.8			1.27		1.30		0.85		0.71		0.50		
Tunisia		1.76	35.3		25.2		8.8		2.4		, ‡	0.78	‡	0.31
Turkey	15.8	1.01	25.0	1.18	26.3	0.99	17.8	1.21	9.6	1.16	4.5		0.9 !	
United Arab Emirates	19.6	0.86	26.9	0.94	26.0	0.67	17.3	0.73	7.5	0.49	2.2	0.30	0.5	0.12
United Kingdom	6.9	0.62	13.1	0.77	21.4	1.03	24.6	0.89	19.9	0.68	10.2	0.67	3.8	0.44
United States	7.0	0.74	16.2	0.96	24.9	0.84	25.0	0.90	17.6	1.02	7.4	0.72	2.0	0.31
Uruguay	27.8	1.34	30.3	0.95	24.1	0.96	12.4	0.88	4.5	0.59	0.8	0.23	‡	1
Vietnam	2.5	0.57	8.4	1.11	20.4	1.32	29.8	1.26	25.9	1.39	10.5	1.10	2.5	0.54
U.S. state education system Connecticut	5.8	1.08	12.6	1.25	20.2	1.34	24.1	1.75	19.9	1.77	12.2	1.37	5.3	1.12
Florida	7.5	1.32	19.1	1.61	28.1	1.57	25.2	1.60	14.2	1.44	4.6	0.92	1.3 !	0.48
Massachusetts	3.9	0.73	10.2	1.26	20.1	1.68	25.1	1.33	21.1	1.22	13.3	1.65	6.3	1.21
See notes at end of table.	0.9	0.70	10.2	1.20	20.1	7.00	20.1	7.00	41.1	1.44	10.0	7.00	0.0	1.41

National Center for Education Statistics

Table M2. Percentage distribution of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy content subscales, by proficiency level and education system: 2012–Continued

	Dalamit	.14	1 200 12		1		Change and relat	ionships	1		1 1 -		1 1 4	
Ed.,	Below leve Percent		Level 1 Percent		Level 2 Percent		Level 3 Percent		Level 4 Percent		Level 5		Level 6	
Education system OECD average	10.4	s.e. 0.14	14.5	s.e. 0.13	20.9	s.e. 0.15	22.2	s.e. 0.15	17.5	s.e. 0.14	Percent 9.9	s.e. 0.12	Percent 4.5	s.e. 0.10
Albania	36.0	1.04	26.6	0.75	21.2	0.80	11.4	0.60	3.8	0.34	0.9	0.12	4.5 ‡	1
Argentina	40.8	2.11	26.9	0.94	19.5	1.19	9.8	0.85	2.5	0.42	0.5	0.15	±	÷
Australia	7.3	0.34	12.8	0.48	20.3	0.46	22.8	0.56	18.9	0.56	11.7	0.44	6.2	0.41
Austria	8.8	0.83	12.6	0.82	19.2	0.84	21.3	0.89	19.8	1.09	12.3	0.86	5.9	0.69
Belgium	9.5	0.70	10.2	0.49	16.7	0.58	21.1	0.58	21.0	0.66	14.6	0.58	7.0	0.46
Brazil	46.3	1.14	24.0	0.71	16.5	0.76	8.4	0.61	3.3	0.40	1.1	0.22	0.3 !	0.11
Bulgaria	24.9	1.53	21.8	0.77	21.1	0.80	15.9	0.75	9.7	0.80	4.7	0.55	1.8	0.11
Canada	4.1	0.30	9.4	0.55	18.9	0.66	25.6	0.63	22.1	0.62	13.7	0.49	6.2	0.38
Chile	29.7	1.48	26.0	1.02	21.6	0.87	14.0	0.85	6.5	0.60	2.0	0.49	0.3	0.09
Chinese Taipei	5.2	0.52	8.5	0.59	12.8	0.59	17.3	0.65	18.8	0.78	18.1	1.25	19.4	1.09
Colombia	52.2	1.67	24.7	0.92	14.4	0.90	6.1	0.62	2.0	0.76	0.6	0.15		1.09
Costa Rica	29.3	1.81	31.0	1.37	24.1	1.35	11.3	1.04	3.6	0.49	0.7	0.19	‡ ‡	+
Croatia	14.7	1.11	18.4	0.80	22.7	0.93	20.9	0.99	14.1	0.49	6.7	0.19	2.5	0.66
Cyprus	21.0	0.63	21.6	0.80	23.4	0.93	18.1	0.99	10.8	0.69	4.0	0.80	1.1	0.00
	9.1	0.84	12.6	0.91	20.4	1.13	22.9	0.07	18.8	0.89	10.7	0.79	5.5	0.22
Czech Republic														
Denmark	6.6	0.64	14.5	0.67	23.9	0.71	25.8	0.91	18.0	0.71	8.7	0.68	2.5	0.34
Estonia	1.9	0.31	7.5	0.58	19.6	0.86	28.0	0.79	24.7	1.01	13.2	0.67	5.1	0.48
Finland	4.5	0.52	9.7	0.65	19.6	0.79	26.2	0.80	21.9	0.80	12.1	0.55	6.0	0.47
France	10.4	0.93	13.1	0.73	19.6	0.88	22.8	0.82	18.9	0.73	10.4	0.71	4.7	0.55
Germany	8.6	0.80	10.6	0.71	17.2	0.74	21.4	0.88	20.3	0.99	14.4	0.93	7.6	0.76
Greece	18.9	1.16	20.9	0.81	23.7	0.82	19.8	1.04	11.4	0.72	4.2	0.39	1.0	0.21
Hong Kong-China	3.3	0.45	5.9	0.71	11.9	0.82	18.8	0.88	24.1	0.90	21.0	0.94	15.0	0.94
Hungary	11.1	1.09	16.7	0.97	22.9	1.21	22.6	1.01	15.4	0.87	8.1	0.77	3.2	0.69
Iceland	10.5	0.71	14.5	0.70	22.7	1.06	23.4	1.15	17.4	1.03	8.6	0.66	2.9	0.33
Indonesia	48.1	2.10	29.0	1.45	15.5	1.23	5.8	1.00	1.4 !	0.54	‡	t	‡	†
Ireland	5.3	0.64	12.3	0.73	23.2	0.97	28.0	0.88	19.8	0.75	9.0	0.54	2.4	0.27
Israel	19.2	1.42	16.8	0.88	19.7	1.13	19.2	0.90	14.1	0.88	7.5	0.73	3.5	0.50
Italy	11.8	0.52	16.4	0.54	23.3	0.54	23.1	0.51	15.9	0.47	7.2	0.39	2.3	0.24
Japan	4.7	0.58	8.1	0.60	15.9	0.73	21.7	0.95	21.3	0.85	16.4	0.82	11.9	1.10
Jordan	37.2	1.65	27.8	0.82	21.4	0.98	10.4	0.73	2.5	0.36	‡	†	‡	†
Kazakhstan	18.4	0.96	26.5	1.12	27.6	0.98	18.2	0.97	7.1	0.81	1.8	0.35	0.4 !	0.13
Korea, Republic of	3.2	0.54	6.4	0.71	13.8	0.83	20.9	0.94	22.3	0.98	18.6	1.00	14.8	1.41
Latvia	6.2	0.76	13.9	1.07	23.7	0.97	25.9	0.99	19.1	1.00	8.8	0.70	2.4	0.39
Liechtenstein	4.7	1.24	9.2	2.07	15.0	2.19	19.9	2.69	20.3	2.90	20.1	2.63	10.8	1.85
Lithuania	8.9	0.74	17.2	0.93	25.5	0.90	24.3	1.10	15.6	0.78	6.7	0.56	1.8	0.31
Luxembourg	11.2	0.53	15.3	0.57	21.1	0.78	21.8	0.77	18.1	0.68	9.4	0.51	3.2	0.29
Macao-China	3.5	0.23	7.6	0.38	15.4	0.61	22.9	0.66	23.8	0.86	17.3	0.70	9.5	0.53
Malaysia	33.3	1.65	26.3	0.96	21.4	0.97	12.0	0.82	5.4	0.59	1.4	0.31	0.2 !	0.10
Mexico	29.4	0.80	28.1	0.51	24.2	0.50	12.7	0.44	4.4	0.23	1.0	0.10	0.1	0.04
Montenegro, Republic of	34.7	0.65	25.4	0.82	20.5	0.82	12.9	0.55	4.9	0.52	1.3	0.27	‡	t
Netherlands	6.0	0.82	10.4	0.90	18.0	1.13	22.6	1.08	23.0	1.16	15.0	1.02	5.0	0.59
New Zealand	10.3	0.67	14.1	0.71	19.5	0.71	20.7	0.77	17.6	0.79	11.1	0.81	6.7	0.49
Norway	12.1	0.77	16.5	0.87	22.3	0.92	23.4	0.83	15.6	0.84	7.2	0.51	3.0	0.34
Peru	55.3	1.88	21.0	0.79	13.6	0.90	6.5	0.81	2.6	0.44	0.8 !	0.26	‡	†
Poland	6.4	0.58	12.8	0.82	21.1	0.91	23.8	0.90	19.0	0.91	11.2	0.76	5.7	0.92
Portugal	10.3	0.92	15.5	0.98	22.6	0.79	22.7	1.03	17.2	1.00	9.1	0.67	2.6	0.36
Qatar	52.0	0.47	19.6	0.51	13.7	0.32	8.2	0.28	4.5	0.27	1.7	0.15	0.4	0.08
Romania	16.1	1.21	25.3	1.06	26.0	0.97	18.7	1.03	9.5	0.86	3.4	0.56	1.1	0.33
Russian Federation	7.6	0.74	14.7	0.94	23.2	0.91	26.3	1.03	17.5	0.87	8.0	0.64	2.7	0.38
Serbia, Republic of	21.1	1.45	21.4	0.87	23.2	0.93	17.9	1.03	10.2	0.71	4.4	0.59	1.7	0.30
							12.8							1.30
Shanghai-China Singapara	1.0 2.7	0.22 0.25	3.0	0.40 0.45	7.4	0.55 0.49	12.8 16.5	0.62 0.64	17.7 20.7	0.78 0.65	21.8 19.5	0.83 0.64	36.2 22.9	0.64
Singapore Slovak Republic			6.3 15.0	0.45	11.4	1.00	16.5 21.3	0.64 1.05		0.65	19.5 8.1	0.64		0.57
	15.2	1.12			21.3				15.5				3.6	
Slovenia	7.4	0.52	14.8	1.04	22.3	1.07	22.6	0.86	17.7	0.68	10.4	0.64	4.8	0.42
Spain	9.4	0.54	15.8	0.70	24.2	0.61	24.8	0.53	17.3	0.51	6.9	0.31	1.6	0.17
Sweden	14.9	0.84	17.5	0.69	22.3	1.07	20.6	0.83	14.8	0.69	7.3	0.61	2.6	0.31
Switzerland	4.9	0.41	9.9	0.57	17.5	0.82	22.7	0.64	21.7	0.80	14.9	0.86	8.5	0.87
Thailand	27.7	1.43	27.1	0.95	23.5	0.85	13.2	0.89	5.7	0.61	2.2	0.42	0.7 !	0.22
Tunisia	41.6	2.05	26.8	1.14	19.1	1.04	8.7	0.78	2.8	0.64	0.9 !	0.37	‡	†
Turkey	16.2	1.29	25.0	1.22	25.6	1.15	17.3	1.11	10.4	1.14	4.3	0.77	1.2 !	0.50
United Arab Emirates	18.6	0.89	24.0	0.91	24.9	0.62	18.3	0.77	9.3	0.58	3.9	0.40	1.1	0.20
United Kingdom	8.4	0.86	13.9	0.78	22.2	0.71	23.9	0.83	17.7	0.73	9.9	0.74	3.9	0.47
United States	8.0	0.74	16.8	1.00	24.2	0.89	23.9	0.80	15.8	0.77	8.1	0.71	3.3	0.45
Uruguay	33.9	1.29	23.5	0.82	20.4	0.90	13.2	0.72	6.5	0.58	1.9	0.31	0.5 !	0.20
Vietnam	5.3	1.00	11.7	1.14	21.7	1.28	26.2	1.19	20.1	1.07	10.7	0.93	4.4	0.73
U.S. state education system				1.10										
Connecticut	7.0	1.31	12.5	1.40	19.7	1.46	22.3	1.43	18.2	1.33	12.8	1.39	7.6	1.12
	7.0 9.1 6.2	1.31 1.35 0.94	12.5 18.8 11.9	1.40 1.49 1.06	19.7 26.3 19.4	1.46 1.48 1.59	22.3 23.4 22.0	1.43 1.27 1.42	18.2 14.2 20.1	1.33 1.50 1.29	12.8 6.3 12.5	1.39 1.18 1.34	7.6 2.0 ! 8.0	0.66 1.42

Table M2. Percentage distribution of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy content subscales, by proficiency level and education system: 2012-Continued

Table M2. Percentage distribut	don or ro-year-	oia stat			and moracy com		Space and sh		TOT UTTO GUUGUI	o o j o c	2012 0011111			
•	Below level	1	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 4		Level 5		Level 6	
Education system	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	
OECD average	10.0	0.13	15.8	0.14	22.3	0.15	22.2	0.16	16.3	0.14	8.9	0.11	4.5	0.10
Albania	27.0	0.98	23.9	1.06	22.8	0.86	15.3	0.85	7.3	0.54	2.6	0.28	1.0	0.21
Argentina	36.5	2.04	31.6	1.10	21.4	1.29	8.4	0.75	1.9	0.30	0.3 !	0.09	‡	†
Australia	8.1	0.39	15.3	0.50	21.9	0.55	23.5	0.49	16.9	0.53	9.3	0.46	5.0	0.42
Austria	7.3	0.69	13.7	0.85	21.8	0.88	23.7	0.98	19.0	0.85	10.2	0.69	4.3	0.68
Belgium	8.4	0.67	12.7	0.71	19.4	0.90	21.7	0.99	18.4	0.75	12.4	0.48	6.9	0.42
Brazil	40.3	1.02	30.6	0.71	18.8	0.63	7.3	0.42	2.4	0.34	0.6 !	0.18	0.1 !	0.05
Bulgaria	19.1	1.46	23.2	1.00	24.9	1.00	18.0	0.95	10.1	0.79	3.8	0.52	0.9	0.24
Canada	5.3	0.33	12.0	0.50	22.0	0.57	24.7	0.58	19.9	0.61	11.0	0.49	5.1	0.38
Chile	25.0	1.35	28.4	0.90	24.1	0.97	14.3	0.80	6.2	0.53	1.7	0.23	0.3	0.08
Chinese Taipei Colombia	4.6 45.7	0.47 1.79	7.2 29.3	0.50 0.92	10.9 16.5	0.57 1.13	13.3 6.3	0.72 0.70	16.0 1.8	0.66 0.27	16.9 0.2 !	0.68 0.11	31.1	1.14
Colombia Costa Rica	45.7 29.9	1.79 1.75	29.3 34.9	1.04	16.5 23.4	1.13	6.3 8.5	0.70	1.8 2.5	0.27	0.2 !	0.11	‡	†
Croatia	29.9 11.2	0.81	23.2	0.97	23.4	0.95	20.8	0.97	10.9	0.58	0.6 ! 4.1	0.23	‡ 1.7 !	0.67
Cyprus	19.8	0.88	24.4	1.03	25.8	0.93	17.9	0.65	8.7	0.00	2.9	0.32	0.6	0.07
Czech Republic	8.3	0.77	14.2	1.04	21.4	1.06	23.2	1.01	18.1	0.93	10.2	0.77	4.7	0.13
Denmark	5.0	0.52	13.1	0.68	24.3	0.73	29.2	0.81	19.1	0.69	7.5	0.68	1.8	0.40
Estonia	4.3	0.44	11.6	0.79	22.0	0.73	25.9	0.99	20.1	1.13	10.8	0.80	5.2	0.48
Finland	4.7	0.44	12.0	0.59	23.1	0.69	27.1	0.75	19.5	0.65	10.0	0.50	3.8	0.35
France	9.5	0.67	15.9	0.98	22.1	0.92	23.1	0.89	17.0	0.91	8.8	0.56	3.4	0.49
Germany	6.5	0.66	12.6	0.73	20.8	0.96	24.2	1.01	20.1	0.78	11.2	0.70	4.7	0.52
Greece	18.9	1.04	24.2	1.02	26.6	0.82	18.7	0.71	8.7	0.62	2.5	0.32	0.4	0.11
Hong Kong-China	3.2	0.47	6.4	0.65	12.2	0.80	18.1	1.13	22.6	0.97	20.3	0.86	17.1	1.23
Hungary	10.8	0.91	19.2	1.25	25.7	1.24	21.9	1.09	13.0	0.81	6.5	0.80	2.9	0.67
Iceland	7.4	0.50	14.4	0.76	24.8	0.90	26.9	0.96	17.3	0.91	7.7	0.66	1.6	0.32
Indonesia	38.8	1.92	30.4	1.26	19.8	1.00	7.8	0.89	2.8	0.69	0.4 !	0.18	‡	t
Ireland	10.2	0.79	16.5	0.66	24.7	1.03	24.5	0.99	15.7	0.73	6.5	0.46	1.8	0.27
Israel	19.4	1.39	20.1	0.93	22.4	0.84	19.5	0.85	11.8	0.86	5.1	0.54	1.6	0.34
Italy	10.7	0.46	15.9	0.50	22.4	0.58	21.7	0.65	15.7	0.51	9.0	0.45	4.6	0.37
Japan	2.3	0.40	6.1	0.58	14.4	0.90	22.4	0.94	23.1	0.90	17.9	0.86	13.8	1.14
Jordan	37.4	1.43	30.8	0.92	20.6	1.00	8.5	0.68	2.1	0.44	#	†	‡	†
Kazakhstan	13.6	1.02	24.2	1.27	28.6	1.15	19.8	0.96	10.0	1.12	3.1	0.58	0.7 !	0.33
Korea, Republic of	2.8	0.46	5.9	0.54	12.7	0.81	18.6	1.03	20.9	0.90	18.5	0.89	20.6	1.62
Latvia	5.2	0.63	13.7	0.95	25.4	1.18	26.7	0.89	18.2	1.06	8.0	0.72	2.8	0.39
Liechtenstein	3.9 !	1.22	7.6	1.83	16.2	2.12	23.9	2.71	21.7	2.69	16.9	2.25	9.8	2.40
Lithuania	12.2	0.85	18.3	0.89	24.1	1.09	22.0	0.89	14.6	0.78	6.5	0.53	2.2	0.37
Luxembourg	8.7	0.49	16.9	0.50	23.5	0.78	22.9	0.79	17.0	0.59	8.2	0.42	2.7	0.24
Macao-China	3.7	0.28	7.0	0.35	13.8	0.60	19.9	0.76	21.8	0.67	18.2	0.59	15.6	0.56
Malaysia	19.1	1.26	26.4	1.04	26.1	0.85	17.5	0.94	8.2	0.75	2.4	0.36	0.3 !	0.15
Mexico	25.0	0.72	29.4	0.51	26.2	0.49	13.7	0.50	4.6	0.25	1.0	0.10	0.1	0.02
Montenegro, Republic of	25.2	0.71	30.8	1.04	25.2	0.92	13.0	0.68	4.8	0.46	0.9	0.17	‡	1
Netherlands	5.8 8.5	0.76 0.73	12.5 16.3	0.82 0.78	20.9 23.4	1.14 1.00	25.1 22.8	1.39 1.06	21.1	1.41 1.07	10.6 8.6	0.90 0.94	4.1 4.4	0.66 0.44
New Zealand Norway	11.1	0.73	16.5	0.73	23.4	0.69	23.0	1.06	15.8 15.4	0.85	7.5	0.51	3.2	0.42
Peru	45.4	1.87	26.5	0.73	17.0	0.09	7.5	0.71	2.7	0.46	0.8 !	0.26	\$.2	1.42
Poland	3.7	0.50	11.7	0.82	21.1	0.91	23.2	0.78	19.0	0.74	12.9	0.86	8.5	1.06
Portugal	11.1	0.98	15.9	0.02	20.7	0.83	20.2	1.05	17.2	0.81	10.0	0.71	5.0	0.50
Qatar	44.7	0.52	23.4	0.41	16.0	0.53	9.2	0.36	4.5	0.20	1.8	0.14	0.3	0.08
Romania	16.2	1.19	24.0	1.12	26.9	1.01	18.5	1.15	9.4	0.94	3.8	0.57	1.2 !	0.39
Russian Federation	6.9	0.60	14.8	0.89	23.9	0.82	24.2	1.24	17.3	1.01	9.0	0.72	3.8	0.70
Serbia, Republic of	18.6	1.32	22.7	1.08	24.4	1.08	18.3	1.04	10.1	1.08	4.2	0.62	1.7	0.41
Shanghai-China	0.7	0.18	2.4	0.36	5.5	0.55	9.8	0.72	14.9	0.79	20.8	0.87	45.9	1.37
Singapore	3.2	0.30	6.4	0.36	11.2	0.48	16.7	0.59	19.7	0.63	19.4	0.90	23.4	0.74
Slovak Republic	11.2	1.01	15.1	0.89	21.6	1.00	21.4	0.94	16.0	1.01	9.6	0.74	5.1	0.70
Slovenia	6.5	0.45	14.0	0.70	22.8	0.96	22.8	0.97	17.9	0.79	10.7	0.62	5.2	0.42
Spain	10.1	0.52	17.7	0.65	24.7	0.75	23.4	0.80	15.6	0.54	6.6	0.36	2.0	0.16
Sweden	12.0	0.73	18.4	0.86	25.4	1.01	22.8	0.75	14.3	0.81	5.4	0.50	1.6	0.25
Switzerland	3.5	0.44	7.9	0.64	16.0	0.76	22.3	0.79	23.1	0.76	16.1	0.80	11.1	0.86
Thailand	21.7	1.20	25.8	1.10	25.1	1.05	15.5	1.02	7.4	0.76	3.3	0.49	1.4	0.36
Tunisia	40.8	1.84	28.4	1.19	18.9	1.01	8.2	0.67	2.6	0.59	0.8 !	0.35	‡	†
Turkey	22.5	1.32	23.0	1.18	21.6	1.15	14.9	1.02	9.4	0.84	5.7	0.84	2.9	0.74
United Arab Emirates	25.5	0.99	24.7	0.62	22.5	0.68	15.9	0.68	7.9	0.48	2.8	0.28	0.7	0.13
United Kingdom	12.0	0.95	17.5	0.75	23.8	0.65	22.5	0.95	14.5	0.79	7.0	0.64	2.7	0.41
United States	13.5	1.05	20.9	0.99	25.1	0.96	20.5	0.98	12.4	0.83	5.4	0.53	2.2	0.35
Uruguay	28.5	1.24	25.5	1.08	22.6	0.86	14.8	0.81	6.7	0.60	1.6	0.32	‡	†
Vietnam	6.4	0.94	12.8	1.02	21.8	1.10	24.2	1.14	18.6	0.99	10.7	0.89	5.5	0.87
U.S. state education systems		4.55	40-	4.04		4.40	01 :		45.5	4.04		4.46		0.00
Connecticut	11.6	1.55	16.7	1.31	20.4	1.42	21.1	1.48	15.8	1.21	9.6	1.19	4.7	0.83
Florida	16.4	1.90	22.5	2.02	26.5	1.38	20.5	1.62	9.6	1.07	3.9	0.88	‡	1 12
Massachusetts + Not applicable	9.2	0.90	15.3	1.44	21.2	1.54	21.4	1.57	16.4	1.31	10.5	1.69	6.0	1.43

[†] Not applicable

[†] Not applicable.

Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable due to high coefficient of variation.

#Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: To reach a particular proficiency level, a student must correctly answer a majority of items at that level. Students were classified into mathematics literacy levels according to their content subscale scores. Exact cut scores are as follows: below level 1 (a score greater than 95.77.77), level 1 (a score greater than 357.77 and less than or equal to 420.07); level 2 (a score greater than 42.07 and less than or equal to 482.38); level 3 (a score greater than 482.38 and less than or equal to 544.68), level 4 (a score greater than 544.68 and less than or equal to 606.99); level 5 (a score greater than 606.99 and less than or equal to 669.30); and level 6 (a score greater than 669.30). Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. The OECD average is the average of the national percentages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Standard error is noted by s.e. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems. Results for Connecticut, Florida, and Massachusetts are for public school students only.

SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2012.

Table M3. Percentage distribution of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy process subscales, by proficiency level and education system: 2012

_	Below leve	11	Level 1		Level 2		Formulatin Level 3		Level 4		Level 5		Level 6	
Education system	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.
OECD average	10.3	0.13	15.6	0.13	21.3	0.15	21.6	0.15	16.6	0.14	9.5	0.11	5.0	0.10
Albania	31.5	1.03	27.6	0.85	23.3	1.03	12.3	0.87	4.2	0.37	0.9	0.20	‡	†
Argentina	37.2	1.87	30.7	1.13	21.3	1.35	8.5	0.81	1.9	0.33	0.3 !	0.11	‡	†
Australia	9.7	0.47	15.1	0.51	20.7	0.42	21.2	0.45	16.7	0.59	10.1	0.53	6.4	0.48
Austria	8.7	0.72	14.7	0.79	20.7	0.80	21.3	0.80	18.5	0.74	11.1	0.67	4.9	0.62
Belgium	8.6	0.57	12.6	0.60	18.3	0.56	20.9	0.62	19.1	0.77	12.8	0.59	7.9	0.46
Brazil	43.1	1.04	28.1	0.64	17.6	0.59	7.5	0.45	2.7	0.33	0.8	0.22	0.2 !	0.06
Bulgaria	21.8	1.43	23.3	1.02	23.3	0.91	17.4	1.06	9.2	0.78	3.8	0.58	1.2	0.31
Canada	5.9	0.33	11.7	0.47	20.3	0.73	23.1	0.71	19.8	0.53	12.4	0.46	6.8	0.41
Chile	24.6	1.37	27.9	0.85	24.3	0.92	14.7	0.79	6.3	0.60	1.8	0.24	0.4	0.10
Chinese Taipei	6.1	0.56	7.8	0.54	11.1	0.61	14.2	0.59	16.4	0.73	17.1	1.00	27.3	1.13
Colombia	43.1	1.76	29.7	1.06	17.6	0.90	7.0	0.65	2.1	0.33	0.4	0.12	‡	t
Costa Rica	30.0	1.63	33.0	1.20	23.3	1.18	9.9	0.91	3.0	0.54	0.7 !	0.24	‡	ŧ
Croatia	16.5	0.96	22.3	1.01	24.5	1.04	19.9	0.92	10.3	0.73	4.5	0.64	1.9 !	0.63
Cyprus	20.2	0.62	24.0	0.86	25.6	1.20	17.4	0.72	8.9	0.43	3.3	0.28	0.7	0.15
Czech Republic	8.7	0.86	14.6	0.83	21.7	0.88	22.9	1.02	18.2	1.06	9.5	0.75	4.3	0.43
Denmark	5.3	0.55	13.1	0.63	22.8	0.93	26.3	0.83	20.2	0.73	9.6	0.66	2.8	0.36
Estonia	3.6	0.41	10.4	0.66	22.0	0.83	26.7	0.70	20.7	0.92	11.2	0.62	5.4	0.41
Finland	4.9	0.52	10.7	0.57	19.8	0.78	25.1	0.92	21.1	0.92	12.5	0.80	6.1	0.47
France	12.1	0.77	15.8	0.72	21.8	0.95	21.3	0.96	16.6	0.69	8.6	0.62	3.8	0.47
Germany	7.7	0.66	12.7	0.70	19.5	0.81	21.9	1.17	19.4	0.76	12.4	0.74	6.5	0.59
Greece	15.7	0.94	22.3	0.97	27.7	1.32	20.6	0.83	10.0	0.69	3.1	0.30	0.7	0.15
Hong Kong-China	4.2	0.51	6.5	0.59	11.9	0.70	16.8	0.81	21.5	1.02	19.9	0.79	19.2	1.07
Hungary	12.9	0.89	19.9	1.08	24.4	1.07	20.2	0.92	12.8	0.73	6.7	0.79	3.1	0.68
Iceland	6.7	0.50	13.3	0.64	22.1	0.79	25.8	0.95	18.7	0.79	9.9	0.78	3.4	0.44
Indonesia	46.8	2.09	27.5	1.24	15.9	1.08	6.9	0.86	2.3	0.79	0.5 !	0.08		
	7.9	0.71		0.88	22.8	1.17	25.2	1.07	17.8	0.66	8.6	0.55	‡ 3.0	0.34
Ireland			14.8	0.88		0.81		0.85		0.86		0.55		0.34
Israel	17.1	1.27	17.4	0.51	20.9	0.60	20.7	0.65	14.3	0.66	6.8	0.87	2.8	
Italy	12.5	0.52	17.1		23.6		21.9		14.8		7.3		2.9	0.25
Japan	4.0	0.58	7.6	0.66	13.6	0.83	20.7	0.91	21.5	1.02	17.1	0.90	15.3	1.27
Jordan	34.8	1.69	32.4	1.19	21.0	1.09	8.8	0.65	2.1	0.30	. ‡	, †	. ‡ .	†
Kazakhstan	14.9	1.11	26.0	1.13	28.9	1.08	19.5	1.16	8.0	0.85	2.3	0.44	0.5 !	0.24
Korea, Republic of	3.5	0.53	7.1	0.81	13.4	0.88	19.2	0.92	21.5	0.88	18.1	0.74	17.4	1.55
Latvia	7.3	0.85	15.6	1.16	25.7	1.13	25.0	1.08	16.7	1.08	7.1	0.80	2.6	0.32
Liechtenstein	4.5 !	1.86	9.5	2.06	16.9	2.52	21.1	2.58	23.1	2.87	15.7	2.49	9.2	1.66
Lithuania	11.9	0.83	17.5	0.81	23.4	0.82	21.5	0.84	14.7	0.80	7.7	0.50	3.3	0.45
Luxembourg	11.7	0.49	17.0	0.84	21.8	0.69	21.5	0.62	16.5	0.58	8.2	0.41	3.3	0.25
Macao-China	4.8	0.27	8.7	0.47	14.9	0.53	20.3	0.62	21.3	0.66	16.9	0.67	13.0	0.43
Malaysia	32.4	1.46	25.4	0.98	20.7	0.77	12.9	0.82	6.4	0.59	1.8	0.32	0.4 !	0.13
Mexico	27.6	0.77	28.2	0.58	24.5	0.60	13.4	0.48	4.9	0.25	1.2	0.12	0.2	0.04
Montenegro, Republic of	30.9	0.77	28.2	1.00	22.2	0.81	12.7	0.69	4.6	0.38	1.2	0.22	‡	†
Netherlands	4.9	0.67	10.7	0.81	17.4	0.97	22.5	1.19	21.6	0.89	15.1	1.09	7.6	0.81
New Zealand	9.9	0.71	16.0	0.70	20.8	0.92	20.6	0.88	16.3	0.85	10.1	0.70	6.3	0.60
Norway	9.2	0.71	15.6	0.82	22.8	0.82	23.3	1.11	16.9	0.79	8.6	0.52	3.7	0.43
Peru	45.9	1.68	26.6	0.83	16.5	0.94	7.5	0.81	2.7	0.40	0.6	0.19	‡	+
Poland	5.5	0.53	12.5	0.84	20.9	0.94	23.0	0.82	19.0	0.93	12.1	0.95	7.1	0.94
Portugal	13.5	0.96	17.1	0.96	20.5	0.92	20.9	0.83	15.8	0.99	8.5	0.60	3.6	0.40
Qatar	45.8	0.48	23.1	0.52	15.3	0.40	8.8	0.36	4.6	0.27	1.9	0.17	0.5	0.10
Romania	17.4	1.22	23.7	1.05	26.2	0.98	18.2	1.15	9.8	0.82	3.6	0.56	1.2 !	0.40
Russian Federation	9.9	0.66	16.4	0.90	24.3	0.93	24.0	0.80	15.8	0.85	7.0	0.68	2.5	0.53
Serbia, Republic of	17.9	1.20	23.1	1.29	24.7	1.33	18.4	0.96	9.9	0.77	4.2	0.48	1.8	0.41
Shanghai-China	1.8	0.32	3.7	0.47	7.0	0.56	11.9	0.65	17.2	0.78	20.5	0.98	37.9	1.29
Singapore	3.7	0.29	6.5	0.38	11.6	0.53	15.6	0.51	18.5	0.64	18.8	0.61	25.3	0.63
Slovak Republic	13.0	1.14	17.0	0.91	21.5	1.03	20.5	1.14	15.3	0.98	8.3	0.64	4.5	0.59
Slovenia	9.5	0.58	16.2	0.69	21.8	1.11	21.6	0.87	16.4	0.62	9.7	0.54	4.8	0.42
Spain	12.0	0.62	16.8	0.60	22.6	0.63	22.8	0.58	15.9	0.48	7.5	0.45	2.5	0.19
Sweden	11.8	0.80	17.3	0.00	22.3	0.74	21.9	0.89	15.9	0.93	8.0	0.69	3.0	0.13
Switzerland	4.7	0.41	8.5	0.48	16.0	0.74	22.1	0.86	22.5	0.75	15.6	0.80	10.5	0.83
Thailand	28.2	1.27	26.6	1.12	22.1	0.79	13.0	0.87	6.1	0.73	2.8	0.45		0.30
						0.79		0.68		0.74		0.45	1.1	
Tunisia	45.7	1.71	26.9	1.06	16.9		6.9		2.5		0.8 !		‡.	1
Turkey	16.7	1.24	24.8	1.34	24.5	1.09	16.6	1.13	10.6	1.14	5.1	0.93	1.5 !	0.50
United Arab Emirates	26.1	1.04	23.8	0.62	21.7	0.72	15.9	0.66	8.3	0.57	3.2	0.29	1.1	0.18
United Kingdom	10.6	1.11	15.5	0.70	22.3	0.84	22.0	0.73	16.2	0.78	9.2	0.66	4.3	0.50
United States	11.1	1.09	19.1	1.03	24.6	1.06	21.6	1.22	13.7	1.12	7.0	0.69	3.0	0.42
Uruguay	31.4	1.28	25.0	0.85	21.8	1.14	13.6	0.82	6.1	0.55	1.8	0.33	0.3 !	0.13
Vietnam	7.6	1.10	13.7	1.03	22.6	1.13	25.3	1.33	17.6	1.18	8.9	0.82	4.2	0.74
U.S. state education system														
Connecticut	9.6	1.40	14.6	1.37	19.0	1.25	21.0	1.18	17.1	1.19	11.5	1.45	7.2	1.06
Florida	14.5	1.79	21.1	1.77	25.4	1.77	21.5	2.13	11.5	1.50	4.9	0.86	1.1	0.32
Massachusetts	8.0	1.04	12.3	1.25	19.7	1.96	22.1	1.56	17.9	1.71	12.1	1.30	8.0	1.84

See notes at end of table.

Table M3. Percentage distribution of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy process subscales, by proficiency level and education system: 2012–Continued

·	Below leve	11	Level 1		Level 2		Employing Level 3		Level 4		Level 5		Level 6	
Education system	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.
DECD average	8.1	0.12	14.6	0.14	22.4	0.15	24.1	0.16	18.6	0.14	9.3	0.12	2.8	0.07
Albania	31.6	1.06	27.5	0.95	23.3	0.79	12.3	0.66	4.4	0.45	0.9	0.17	‡	†
Argentina	35.0	1.87	31.2	1.08	22.3	1.21	9.3	0.81	1.9	0.27	0.3 !	0.12	‡	†
Australia	6.6	0.34	13.5	0.39	22.7	0.52	24.5	0.56	19.1	0.60	10.2	0.45	3.5	0.36
Austria	4.2	0.53	11.6	0.73	22.5	0.98	25.8	0.92	22.6	0.97	10.8	0.74	2.6	0.36
Belgium	6.7	0.56	11.5	0.59	18.5	0.67	22.3	0.67	21.6	0.73	13.8	0.59	5.6	0.36
Brazil	37.5	0.93	30.1	0.64	19.8	0.64	8.8	0.42	3.0	0.38	0.8	0.20	0.1 !	0.04
Bulgaria	20.5	1.57	23.4	1.25	23.3	1.06	18.3	0.93	9.9	0.83	3.7	0.56	0.8	0.21
Canada	3.8	0.28	10.2	0.47	21.1	0.67	26.8	0.65	22.6	0.57	12.1	0.61	3.5	0.31
Chile	25.8	1.49	28.1	0.96	23.7	1.18	14.7	0.89	6.2	0.65	1.4	0.22	0.1 !	0.05
Chinese Taipei	4.9	0.48	8.9	0.61	13.7	0.94	18.2	0.96	21.6	0.76	19.5	0.83	13.3	0.84
Colombia	46.9	1.70	28.4	1.00	16.2	0.97	6.3	0.69	1.8	0.33	0.4 !	0.11	‡	+
Costa Rica	28.1	1.87	34.1	1.55	25.1	1.32	9.4	0.92	2.9	0.51	0.5 !	0.17	‡	+
Croatia	8.9	0.76	18.7	0.99	25.5	0.98	23.9	1.13	14.8	0.97	6.4	0.78	1.8	0.55
Cyprus	17.6	0.48	22.6	0.98	26.7	0.96	19.5	0.80	9.9	0.47	3.2	0.33	0.5	0.14
Czech Republic	5.9	0.71	13.0	0.99	22.4	0.96	24.8	1.16	20.3	0.90	10.1	0.68	3.5	0.34
Denmark	4.7	0.51	13.7	0.74	25.4	0.93	28.6	0.93	19.4	0.78	7.1	0.55	1.2	0.23
Estonia	1.9	0.30	7.5	0.54	20.3	0.85	30.4	0.91	24.6	0.92	11.9	0.66	3.4	0.40
Finland	2.8	0.37	9.1	0.49	21.4	0.68	30.5	0.95	23.1	0.86	10.7	0.57	2.4	0.29
France	8.4	0.71	13.9	0.64	21.1	0.96	23.9	0.94	19.8	0.84	9.9	0.62	3.0	0.37
Germany	5.3	0.66	11.3	0.72	18.9	0.77	24.6	0.79	22.1	0.73	13.6	0.78	4.2	0.43
Greece	16.2	1.01	21.5	0.84	26.4	1.17	21.1	1.03	10.9	0.64	3.4	0.35	0.5	0.13
Hong Kong-China	2.0	0.38	5.5	0.62	11.8	0.89	21.0	0.83	28.5	0.91	21.9	0.93	9.2	0.80
Hungary	9.7	0.80	17.0	1.15	24.3	1.15	23.3	1.07	15.6	0.80	7.9	0.80	2.2	0.48
Iceland	7.4	0.59	14.7	0.79	23.5	0.90	26.4	1.25	18.5	0.88	7.8	0.62	1.6	0.28
Indonesia	45.2	2.01	31.2	1.30	16.5	1.07	5.3	0.90	1.5 !	0.62	‡	+	‡	†
Ireland	4.6	0.53	11.5	0.69	24.0	0.78	28.1	0.94	21.5	0.84	8.7	0.64	1.7	0.22
Israel	15.4	1.28	16.7	0.92	21.6	0.72	21.8	0.94	15.2	0.89	7.3	0.68	2.0	0.31
Italy	8.7	0.43	15.7	0.49	24.1	0.59	24.6	0.56	17.2	0.52	7.7	0.42	2.0	0.21
Japan	3.3	0.52	8.1	0.62	17.8	0.87	25.6	1.07	24.4	0.99	15.3	1.05	5.5	0.66
Jordan	38.5	1.66	29.2	0.96	20.4	1.06	8.9	0.76	2.3	0.36	‡	+	‡	†
Kazakhstan	17.1	1.02	28.0	0.99	28.8	1.25	17.7	0.95	6.7	0.85	1.5	0.34	0.2 !	0.10
Korea, Republic of	2.3	0.41	6.0	0.62	14.5	0.86	22.4	0.99	25.0	0.92	19.2	1.07	10.5	1.20
Latvia	4.3	0.53	13.1	0.87	26.0	1.20	29.3	1.08	19.1	0.96	7.1	0.65	1.1	0.24
Liechtenstein	3.0 !	0.99	10.3	1.84	16.6	3.25	20.9	2.56	23.6	3.24	18.3	2.39	7.4	1.53
Lithuania	7.5	0.68	16.5	0.89	26.1	0.82	26.0	0.89	16.4	0.91	6.4	0.64	1.1	0.23
Luxembourg	7.8	0.00	15.2	0.54	22.4	1.15	24.2	0.85	19.0	0.57	9.0	0.52	2.4	0.24
Macao-China	2.7	0.23	7.1	0.48	16.7	0.88	25.3	1.05	26.4	0.67	16.2	0.61	5.5	0.34
Malaysia	23.3	1.20	26.7	1.00	25.3	0.96	15.9	0.95	6.9	0.69	1.7	0.34	±	1
viala y sia Viexico	23.8	0.68	30.4	0.60	27.2	0.53	13.6	0.93	4.1	0.09	0.7	0.08	0.1 !	0.02
Montenegro, Republic of	27.9	0.65	28.7	0.80	24.0	0.53	13.4	0.59	4.8	0.49	1.1	0.08	U.1 :	0.02
Netherlands	4.0	0.66	10.5	0.80	19.2	1.14	24.2	1.38	25.5	1.36	13.9	1.11	2.6	0.44
New Zealand	8.3	0.59	15.4	0.73	22.0	0.72	24.2	0.75	25.5 17.7	0.74	9.8	0.65	2.6 4.1	0.44
			15.4		25.3		25.4		17.7		9.8 7.0		1.9	0.36
Norway	7.3	0.66		0.94		1.00		0.89		0.79		0.55		
Peru	47.1	1.83	26.4	0.83	16.0	0.89	7.3	0.79	2.5	0.45	0.6 !	0.21	. ‡	1
Poland	2.8	0.40	10.8	0.75	21.8	0.88	26.7	0.92	21.2	0.90	12.1	0.80	4.7	0.71
Portugal	8.8	0.80	15.5	1.01	22.2	0.82	24.0	0.98	18.8	0.95	8.6	0.74	2.1	0.38
Qatar .	48.2	0.55	22.0	0.46	15.0	0.47	8.5	0.35	4.5	0.28	1.6	0.14	0.3	0.07
Romania	15.8	1.26	25.2	1.17	26.3	1.01	19.0	1.07	9.7	0.90	3.2	0.53	0.8 !	0.26
Russian Federation	7.1	0.60	15.2	0.75	25.4	0.95	26.8	0.99	17.2	0.85	6.8	0.70	1.6	0.32
Serbia, Republic of	15.5	1.15	23.0	1.01	25.7	1.32	20.0	1.10	10.6	0.77	3.9	0.51	1.3	0.32
Shanghai-China	0.6	0.17	2.2	0.38	6.7	0.72	13.3	0.79	21.1	0.74	26.9	1.21	29.3	1.20
Singapore	1.7	0.17	5.2	0.32	11.4	0.57	18.3	0.61	23.8	0.73	22.4	0.71	17.2	0.50
Slovak Republic	10.5	0.99	15.2	0.98	22.6	0.95	22.6	0.99	17.6	0.93	8.7	0.61	2.7	0.44
Slovenia	4.6	0.41	13.9	0.76	23.1	1.13	25.3	0.80	19.0	0.65	10.6	0.59	3.5	0.42
Spain	8.1	0.53	16.2	0.68	24.7	0.56	26.3	0.61	17.7	0.51	6.0	0.38	0.9	0.13
Sweden	10.1	0.79	17.6	0.74	25.8	0.79	24.2	0.93	15.4	0.75	5.9	0.56	1.1	0.27
Switzerland	3.2	0.35	8.5	0.58	18.4	0.90	25.2	0.77	24.6	0.92	14.4	0.87	5.7	0.63
Thailand	20.4	1.17	29.0	1.26	27.5	1.09	14.5	0.94	6.3	0.73	1.9	0.38	0.4 !	0.14
Tunisia	36.0	1.93	29.1	1.04	21.4	1.15	9.6	0.84	3.0	0.68	0.8 !	0.35	‡	+
Turkey	17.0	1.27	24.7	1.37	24.7	1.23	16.9	1.08	10.4	1.08	4.9	0.89	1.2 !	0.41
United Arab Emirates	19.1	0.84	24.5	0.73	25.0	0.63	17.8	0.75	9.8	0.64	3.2	0.34	0.7	0.13
United Kingdom	8.1	0.75	14.8	0.89	22.8	0.82	25.0	0.92	18.1	0.76	8.7	0.57	2.5	0.30
United States	8.6	0.84	17.8	1.11	26.0	1.06	23.7	0.86	15.2	0.81	6.8	0.66	2.0	0.36
Uruguay	30.5	1.27	25.4	0.96	22.2	1.07	14.1	0.74	6.2	0.53	1.4	0.32	‡	†
Vietnam	3.2	0.74	9.0	1.03	20.1	1.20	27.1	1.23	23.4	1.24	12.3	1.06	4.8	0.93
U.S. state education system														
Connecticut Florida	7.5 10.2	1.35 1.28	14.1 20.5	1.32 1.64	19.9 26.9	1.52 1.29	23.8 23.5	1.66 1.63	19.5	1.62 1.42	11.3 4.4	1.40 0.90	3.8 0.9 !	0.73 0.30
	10.2 5.3	0.86	20.5 12.7	1.64	26.9 21.2	1.29	23.5	1.63 1.47	13.7 20.5	1.42		0.90 1.75	4.0	
Massachusetts	5.3	U.00	12.7	1.20	21.2	1.01	24.2	1.47	20.5	1.59	12.1	1./5	4.0	0.89

See notes at end of table.

Table M3. Percentage distribution of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy process subscales, by proficiency level and education system: 2012–Continued

							Interpreting	1						
Education contains	Below leve		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 4		Level 5		Level 6	
OECD average	Percent 8.8	s.e. 0.12	Percent 14.3	s.e. 0.13	Percent 21.1	s.e. 0.15	Percent 22.9	s.e. 0.15	Percent 18.5	s.e. 0.14	Percent 10.2	s.e. 0.11	Percent 4.2	s.e. 0.08
Albania	39.5	1.18	26.6	1.33	19.3	1.05	10.4	0.15	3.3	0.49	0.7	0.11	4.2 ‡	1
Argentina	35.3	2.02	28.9	1.37	22.4	1.29	10.2	0.92	2.6	0.44	0.5 !	0.17	÷	i
Australia	6.0	0.38	11.8	0.49	20.2	0.68	23.5	0.62	20.4	0.43	11.9	0.39	6.3	0.40
Austria	8.3	0.76	13.0	0.81	19.1	0.79	20.6	0.80	20.0	0.82	12.9	0.75	6.0	0.62
Belgium	7.6	0.55	12.4	0.59	18.4	0.58	21.4	0.65	20.4	0.65	13.2	0.49	6.6	0.41
Brazil	30.0	0.95	31.0	0.74	23.3	0.77	11.3	0.56	3.6	0.44	0.7	0.16	0.1 !	0.03
Bulgaria	20.6	1.54	21.7	0.99	23.1	1.02	19.3	0.85	10.6	0.79	3.9	0.51	0.8 !	0.24
Canada	4.2	0.28	9.8	0.41	19.7	0.60	26.0	0.58	22.2	0.51	12.8	0.69	5.3	0.39
Chile	17.9	1.24	28.0	0.93	27.2	1.02	17.7	0.88	7.3	0.67	1.8	0.26	0.2 !	0.06
Chinese Taipei	4.2	0.46	7.9	0.62	14.2	0.70	19.6	0.69	22.9	0.76	18.9	0.92	12.3	0.90
Colombia	34.7	1.40	33.4	1.09	22.3	0.97	7.4	0.63	1.9	0.30	0.2 !	0.09	‡	†
Costa Rica	19.7	1.41	32.3	1.13	30.5	1.18	13.7	1.01	3.3	0.50	0.5 !	0.14	‡	†
Croatia	9.9	0.78	18.1	1.03	25.1	1.02	23.1	0.98	14.9	0.81	6.8	0.69	2.1	0.47
Cyprus	22.4	0.63	21.2	0.81	23.4	0.69	18.8	0.74	9.8	0.51	3.5	0.28	0.9	0.16
Czech Republic	8.6	0.78	14.3	0.83	21.4	0.92	24.1	1.02	18.4	1.00	9.5	0.66	3.7	0.34
Denmark	4.8	0.49	11.9	0.71	22.1	0.80	26.7	0.81	20.4	0.86	10.8	0.69	3.3	0.42
Estonia	3.5	0.38	10.8	0.68	22.3	0.83	28.0	0.95	21.4	1.04	10.3	0.62	3.7	0.36
Finland	3.2 8.2	0.34 0.73	7.7	0.53 0.89	18.2	0.71 0.90	27.8 22.0	0.79 0.87	24.5	0.67	13.6	0.59 0.87	5.0 6.2	0.44 0.58
France		0.73	11.7	0.89	18.7	1.07	22.0	0.86	20.0	1.11 0.91	13.1	0.88	6.7	0.65
Germany	7.1 13.3	1.02	11.6 18.6	0.76	17.6 23.6	0.85	22.5	0.86	21.7	0.91	13.5 6.0	0.59	1.6	0.00
Greece Hong Kong-China	2.7	0.39	6.4	0.70	13.2	0.83	21.7	0.91	14.4 27.4	1.10	19.2	0.90	9.4	0.24
Hungary	12.4	0.39	15.9	0.70	23.5	0.03	22.6	0.94	16.0	0.83	7.3	0.66	2.2	0.40
Iceland	9.7	0.53	14.1	0.77	20.7	0.99	24.2	1.18	18.6	0.84	9.3	0.72	3.4	0.34
Indonesia	39.3	2.07	34.0	1.45	19.2	1.29	6.0	0.94	1.3 !	0.47	\$.5 ‡	†	±	1
Ireland	5.5	0.61	11.3	0.76	22.2	0.96	26.3	0.87	21.2	0.79	10.0	0.56	3.5	0.32
Israel	19.3	1.32	17.1	0.78	19.9	1.14	19.2	0.87	13.9	0.77	7.4	0.70	3.2	0.62
Italy	9.7	0.45	13.6	0.52	20.3	0.47	22.3	0.54	18.2	0.48	10.6	0.42	5.2	0.34
Japan	3.4	0.49	8.5	0.71	17.6	0.95	25.1	1.07	24.3	1.06	15.0	0.83	6.1	0.70
Jordan	36.6	1.53	32.3	0.84	21.8	1.14	7.3	0.58	1.7	0.43	‡	+	‡	†
Kazakhstan	16.1	0.96	34.7	1.26	32.3	1.00	14.0	1.27	2.7	0.49	Ė	÷	Ė	i
Korea, Republic of	3.7	0.49	7.6	0.64	15.7	0.82	22.9	0.88	24.6	0.87	17.0	0.93	8.6	0.97
Latvia	7.0	0.70	16.0	0.89	25.2	1.12	26.0	0.99	17.1	0.84	6.9	0.62	1.8	0.37
Liechtenstein	5.2	1.47	9.4	2.00	15.1	2.72	19.3	3.40	21.2	2.78	19.1	2.48	10.6	1.72
Lithuania	10.7	0.73	18.6	0.86	26.1	1.02	23.3	0.84	14.3	0.82	5.7	0.50	1.3	0.27
Luxembourg	10.4	0.52	14.7	0.70	19.9	0.70	21.6	0.61	18.2	0.57	10.7	0.49	4.6	0.27
Macao-China	3.6	0.40	8.4	0.63	17.7	0.70	25.1	0.87	25.0	0.66	14.7	0.72	5.6	0.36
Malaysia	21.5	1.33	30.2	1.06	28.6	0.98	14.8	0.92	4.4	0.65	0.5 !	0.18	‡	†
Mexico	22.0	0.66	32.1	0.62	29.2	0.55	13.1	0.46	3.2	0.21	0.4	0.07	‡	†
Montenegro, Republic of	27.7	0.88	26.6	1.08	23.5	1.19	14.4	0.87	5.9	0.55	1.5	0.37	0.3 !	0.10
Netherlands	5.1	0.83	11.1	0.83	17.2	1.01	21.8	1.23	22.8	1.21	15.2	1.00	6.9	0.62
New Zealand	7.9	0.58	13.0	0.65	19.2	0.96	21.1	0.93	19.3	0.68	12.5	0.76	7.0	0.52
Norway	7.6	0.65	13.3	0.84	21.7	0.82	24.8	0.94	19.2	0.78	9.3	0.63	3.9	0.44
Peru	46.6	1.82 0.36	27.4 10.9	1.04	16.2 21.5	1.09	7.1 26.2	0.83	2.1 22.2	0.36	0.5 !	0.16	‡	0.75
Poland	3.9	0.36	15.1	0.74 0.97	23.0	0.90	24.4	0.78		0.84	11.1	0.72	4.2 2.3	0.75
Portugal Qatar	8.2 46.7	0.90	22.0	0.54	23.0 15.3	0.86 0.48	9.2	1.00 0.32	18.4 4.6	0.89	8.7 1.8	0.59 0.13	0.4	0.32
Romania	13.9	1.29	27.3	1.40	31.8	1.06	19.1	1.07	6.6	0.23	1.0	0.13	±	0.00
Russian Federation	10.1	0.78	18.1	0.90	26.9	0.97	24.2	1.04	14.2	0.78	5.2	0.47	1.2	0.20
Serbia, Republic of	17.0	1.34	22.7	1.14	26.4	0.97	19.6	1.08	10.3	0.84	3.3	0.51	0.8	0.20
Shanghai-China	1.5	0.30	4.3	0.48	10.9	0.64	18.4	1.01	24.4	1.44	22.8	0.96	17.7	1.02
Singapore	3.3	0.28	7.7	0.46	14.0	0.62	19.8	0.75	22.7	0.97	18.6	0.99	14.0	0.55
Slovak Republic	13.6	0.98	16.8	0.88	22.3	1.08	22.0	0.87	15.4	0.86	7.3	0.54	2.5	0.40
Slovenia	6.6	0.47	14.9	0.64	23.5	1.02	23.0	0.96	18.6	0.73	10.2	0.55	3.3	0.42
Spain	8.5	0.43	13.6	0.63	21.8	0.83	24.4	0.65	18.9	0.60	9.6	0.41	3.1	0.22
Sweden	10.1	0.71	15.7	0.63	22.7	0.78	23.6	0.98	17.0	0.88	8.2	0.51	2.8	0.34
Switzerland	5.0	0.43	9.4	0.58	16.8	0.82	23.3	0.76	22.8	0.65	15.2	0.80	7.5	0.81
Thailand	16.9	1.11	28.5	1.11	30.0	1.04	16.3	0.97	6.0	0.66	1.9	0.38	0.4 !	0.15
Tunisia	36.8	1.90	31.5	1.26	21.3	1.37	7.7	0.78	2.2	0.58	#	+	‡	1
Turkey	17.1	1.08	25.2	1.30	25.4	1.15	16.6	1.00	9.9	1.17	4.2	0.73	1.7 !	0.54
United Arab Emirates	22.3	0.90	26.3	0.84	24.7	0.63	16.2	0.71	7.5	0.48	2.5	0.28	0.5	0.13
United Kingdom	8.2	0.82	13.2	0.80	20.7	0.76	23.6	0.99	19.2	0.82	10.4	0.62	4.7	0.45
United States	8.3	0.89	16.1	0.86	23.9	0.86	22.9	0.85	16.9	0.99	8.7	0.64	3.1	0.41
Uruguay	28.5	1.19	27.4	0.83	24.0	1.13	13.2	0.73	5.6	0.58	1.3	0.34	#	
Vietnam		0.82	13.0	1.28	25.3	1.18	29.7	1.22	18.8	1.21	7.0	0.82	1.8	0.43
	4.5	0.02												
U.S. state education systems														
Connecticut	7.2	1.29	11.6	1.18	18.2 25.1	1.35	23.1	1.64 1.84	20.4 13.9	1.73	12.7	1.39	6.7	1.05
				1.18 1.59 0.97	18.2 25.1 18.7	1.35 1.70 1.53	23.1 23.7 22.0	1.64 1.84 1.59	20.4 13.9 20.3	1.73 1.29 1.49	12.7 6.3 13.6	1.39 1.09 1.39	6.7 2.2 ! 8.6	1.05 0.81 1.54

Massachusetts 5.7. 0.73 11.2 0.97 18.7 7.53 22.0 7.59 20.3 7.49 13.5 7.39 8.6 7.39

Thot applicable.
I Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable due to high coefficient of variation.

I Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: To reach a particular proficiency level, a student must correctly answer a majority of items at that level. Students were classified into mathematics literacy levels according to their process subscale scores. Exact cut scores are as follows: below level 1 (a score greater than 54.68 and less than or equal to 537.77 and less than or equal to 420.07), level 2 (a score greater than 42.30 and less than or equal to 537.07 and less than or equal to 420.07), level 3 (a score greater than 42.30 and less than or equal to 540.28), level 3 (a score greater than 48.30 and less than or equal to 693.09), scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. The OECD average is the average of the national percentages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Standard error is noted by s.e. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems. Results for Connecticut, Florida, and Massachusetts are for public school students only.

SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2012.

Table M4. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale, by education

system: 2012

Education system	Average score	s.e.	Education system	Average score	s.e.
OECD average	494 🛆	0.5			
Shanghai-China	613 🔷	3.3	Lithuania	479	2.6
Singapore	573 🖎	1.3	Sweden	478	2.3
Hong Kong-China	561 🛆	3.2	Hungary	477	3.2
Chinese Taipei	560 🖎	3.3	Croatia	471 🐨	3.5
Korea, Republic of	554 🛆	4.6	Israel	466 ♥	4.7
Macao-China	538 🗘	1.0	Greece	453 ♥	2.5
Japan	536 🗘	3.6	Serbia, Republic of	449 🐨	3.4
Liechtenstein	535 🗘	4.0	Turkey	448 🛡	4.8
Switzerland	531 🛆	3.0	Romania	445 ♥	3.8
Netherlands	523 🗘	3.5	Cyprus	440 🐨	1.1
Estonia	521 🗘	2.0	Bulgaria	439 ♥	4.0
Finland	519 🔷	1.9	United Arab Emirates	434 🛡	2.4
Canada	518 🕰	1.8	Kazakhstan	432 ♥	3.0
Poland	518 🕰	3.6	Thailand	427 🛡	3.4
Belgium	515 🕰	2.1	Chile	423 ♥	3.1
Germany	514 🔷	2.9	Malaysia	421 ♥	3.2
Vietnam	511 🔷	4.8	Mexico	413 ♥	1.4
Austria	506 🕰	2.7	Montenegro, Republic of	410 ♥	1.1
Australia	504 🔷	1.6	Uruguay	409 ♥	2.8
Ireland	501 🕰	2.2	Costa Rica	407 🐨	3.0
Slovenia	501 🕰	1.2	Albania	394 🛡	2.0
Denmark	500 🖎	2.3	Brazil	391 ♥	2.1
New Zealand	500 🖎	2.2	Argentina	388 ♥	3.5
Czech Republic	499 🛆	2.9	Tunisia	388 ♥	3.9
France	495 🛆	2.5	Jordan	386 ♥	3.1
United Kingdom	494 🛆	3.3	Colombia	376 ♥	2.9
Iceland	493 🖎	1.7	Qatar	376 ♥	0.8
Latvia	491 🛆	2.8	Indonesia	375 ♥	4.0
Luxembourg	490 🛆	1.1	Peru	368 ♥	3.7
Norway	489	2.7			
Portugal	487	3.8			
Italy	485	2.0	U.S. state education		
Spain	484	1.9	systems		
Russian Federation	482	3.0	Massachusetts	514	6.2
Slovak Republic	482	3.4	Connecticut	506♠	6.2
United States	481	3.6	Florida	467 🐨	5.8

Average score is higher than U.S. average score.

NOTE: Education systems are ordered by 2012 average score. The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. All average scores reported as higher or lower than the U.S. average score are different at the .05 level of statistical significance. Standard error is noted by s.e. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems. Results for Connecticut, Florida, and Massachusetts are for public school students only. This table corresponds to table 1 in *Performance of U.S. 15-Year-Old Students in Mathematics, Science, and Reading Literacy in an International Context* (NCES 2014-024).

Average score is lower than U.S. average score.

Quantity			PISA mathematics literacy con Uncertainty and	d data		Change and relat	tionships		Space and	shape	
ducation system	Average score	s.e.	Education system	Average score	s.e.	Education system	Average score	s.e.	Education system	Average score	s.e
ECD average	495♦	0.5	OECD average	493	0.5	OECD average	493	0.6	OECD average	490 ♦	0.
hanghai-China	591 🔷	3.2	Shanghai-China	592 🗘	3.0	Shanghai-China	624	3.6	Shanghai-China	649	3.
ngapore	569 🗘	1.2	Singapore	559 🔿	1.5	Singapore	580 🗘	1.5	Chinese Taipei	592	3.
ong Kong-China	566 🗘	3.4	Hong Kong-China	553 🗘	3.0	Hong Kong-China	564	3.6	Singapore	580 🗘	1.
inese Taipei	543 🗘	3.1	Chinese Taipei	549 🗘	3.2	Chinese Taipei	561 🗘	3.5	Korea, Republic of	573	5.
chtenstein	538 🗘	4.1	Korea. Republic of	538 🗘	4.2	Korea. Republic of	559♠	5.2	Hong Kong-China	567	4.
ea, Republic of	537 🔾	4.1	Netherlands	532 🔾	3.8	Macao-China	542	1.2	Macao-China	558	1.
nerlands	532	3.6	Japan	528 🗘	3.5	Japan	5420	4.0	Japan	558	3.
tzerland	531 🔾	3.1	Liechtenstein	526 🔾	3.9	Liechtenstein	5420	4.0	Switzerland	544 🔾	3.
cao-China	531 🖸	1.1	Macao-China	525 🗘	1.1	Estonia	530	2.3	Liechtenstein	539	4.
and	527 🔾			522 🔾	3.2		530	3.4	Poland	5240	4.
ario onia	525 O	1.9 2.2	Switzerland Vietnam	519 🗘	4.5	Switzerland Canada	525♠	2.0		5130	2.
									Estonia		
gium	519 🔿	2.0	Finland	519 🔿	2.4	Finland	520 🗘	2.6	Canada	5100	2.
and	519 🔾	3.5	Poland	517 🔾	3.5	Netherlands	5180	3.9	Belgium	509 🗘	2
an	518 🔿	3.6	Canada	516 🗘	1.8	Germany	5160	3.8	Netherlands	507	3
many	517 🔿	3.1	Estonia	510 🔿	2.0	Belgium	5130	2.6	Germany	507 🔿	3.
ada	515 🗘	2.2	Germany	509 🖎	3.0	Vietnam	509 🗘	5.1	Vietnam	507 🔷	5
tria	510 🔿	2.9	Ireland	509 🖎	2.5	Poland	509 🔿	4.1	Finland	507 🔷	2.
nam	509 🔷	5.5	Belgium	508 🖎	2.5	Australia	509 ♦	1.7	Slovenia	503 🗘	1.
nd	505 🔿	2.6	Australia	508 🖎	1.5	Austria	506 🔿	3.4	Austria	501 🔿	3.
ch Republic	505 🖎	3.0	New Zealand	506 🖎	2.6	Ireland	501 🖎	2.6	Czech Republic	499 🔷	3.
enia .	504 🔷	1.2	Denmark	505 🔷	2.4	New Zealand	501 🗘	2.5	Latvia	497 ♦	3.
mark	502	2.4	United Kingdom	502	3.0	Czech Republic	499	3.5	Denmark	497	2
tralia	500 🗘	1.9	Austria	499 🔾	2.7	Slovenia	499	1.1	Australia	497 🔾	1.
Zealand	499	2.4	Norway	497	3.0	France	497	2.7	Russian Federation	496	3.
and	496 🔾	1.9	Slovenia	496 🗘	1.2	Latvia	496	3.4	Portugal	491	4.
nce	496 🔾	2.6	Iceland	496	1.8	United Kingdom	496	3.4	New Zealand	4910	2.
embourg	495	1.0	France	492	2.7	Denmark	494	2.7	Slovak Republic	490	4.
ed Kingdom	494 🔾	3.8	Czech Republic	488	2.8	Russian Federation	491	3.4	France	489 🔾	2.
	494 🔾			488			488			4890	
way		2.9	United States		3.5	United States		3.5	Iceland		1.
in '	491 🔾	2.3	Spain	487	2.3	Luxembourg	488	1.0	Italy	487 🔾	2.
	491 🗘	2.0	Portugal	486	3.8	Iceland	487	1.9	Luxembourg	486 🗘	1.
ria	487	2.9	Luxembourg	483	1.0	Portugal	486	4.1	Norway	480 🔿	3.
ak Republic	486	3.5	Sweden	483	2.5	Spain	482	2.0	Ireland	478 🗘	2.
uania	483	2.8	Italy	482	2.0	Hungary	481	3.5	Spain	477 🔿	2.
den	482	2.5	Latvia	478 🐨	2.8	Lithuania	479	3.2	United Kingdom	475	3.
ugal	481	4.0	Hungary	476 🐨	3.3	Norway	478♥	3.1	Hungary	474	3.
atia	480	3.7	Lithuania	474 🐨	2.7	Italy	477 🐨	2.1	Lithuania	472	3.
iel	480	5.2	Slovak Republic	472 🐨	3.6	Slovak Republic	474 🐨	4.0	Sweden	469	2.
sian Federation	478	3.0	Croatia	468 🐨	3.5	Sweden	469♥	2.8	United States	463	4.
ted States	478	3.9	Israel	465♥	4.7	Croatia	468♥	4.2	Croatia	460	3.
gary	476	3.4	Russian Federation	463 ♥	3.3	Israel	462♥	5.3	Kazakhstan	450 ♥	3.
bia, Republic of	456 ♥	3.7	Greece	460 ♥	2.6	Turkey	448♥	5.0	Israel	449	4.
ece	455 ♥	3.0	Serbia, Republic of	448 ♥	3.3	Greece	446♥	3.2	Romania	447 🐨	4.
mania	443 ♥	4.5	Turkey	447 🐨	4.6	Romania	446♥	3.9	Serbia, Republic of	446	3.
naria naria	443♥	4.3		442 ♥	1.1	United Arab Emirates	442 V	2.6	Turkey	443 🐨	5.
	443♥ 442♥	4.3 5.0	Cyprus Romania	442♥	3.3		442♥ 442♥	2.6 4.1		443 V	5. 4.
ey						Serbia, Republic of			Bulgaria		
rus	439 🐨	1.1	Thailand	433 🐨	3.1	Cyprus	440 🐨	1.2	Greece	436 🐨	2.
ed Arab Emirates	431 🐨	2.7	United Arab Emirates	432 🐨	2.4	Bulgaria	434 🐨	4.5	Cyprus	436 🐨	1.
akhstan	428 ♥	3.5	Bulgaria	432 ♥	3.9	Kazakhstan	433♥	3.2	Malaysia	434 🐨	3
е	421 🐨	3.3	Chile	430 🐨	2.9	Thailand	414♥	3.9	Thailand	432♥	4.
iland	419 🐨	3.7	Malaysia	422 🐨	3.0	Chile	411♥	3.5	United Arab Emirates	425♥	2.
rico	414 🐨	1.5	Montenegro, Republic of	415 🐨	1.0	Mexico	405♥	1.6	Chile	419♥	3.
guay	411 🐨	3.2	Costa Rica	414 🐨	2.9	Costa Rica	402♥	3.5	Albania	418 🐨	2.
aysia	409 🐨	3.6	Kazakhstan	414 🐨	2.6	Uruguay	401 🐨	3.2	Uruguay	413 🐨	3
tenegro, Republic of	409 ♥	1.2	Mexico	413 🐨	1.2	Malaysia	401 🐨	4.0	Mexico	413 🐨	1.
ta Rica	406 ♥	3.6	Uruguay	407 🐨	2.7	Montenegro, Republic of	399♥	1.3	Montenegro, Republic of	412	1.
zil	393 🐨	2.5	Brazil	402 ♥	2.0	Albania	388♥	2.1	Costa Rica	397♥	3
entina	391 ♥	3.7	Tunisia	399 ♥	3.6	Jordan	387♥	3.7	Jordan	385♥	3
nia	386 ♥	2.7	Jordan	394 🐨	3.2	Tunisia	379	4.5	Argentina	385 ♥	3
riia sia	378 ♥	4.6	Argentina	389 ♥	3.5	Argentina	379♥	4.2	Indonesia	383♥	4
		3.4		388 ♥							
ombia	375 🐨		Colombia		2.4	Brazil	372 🐨	2.7	Tunisia	382♥	3
ar	371 🐨	0.9	Albania	386 ♥	2.4	Indonesia	364♥	4.3	Brazil	381 🐨	2
lan	367 ♥	3.4	Indonesia	384 ♥	3.9	Qatar	363♥	0.9	Qatar	380 ♥	1
ı	365 ♥	4.1	Qatar	382 ♥	0.8	Colombia	357♥	3.7	Peru	370 ♥	4.
nesia	362♥	4.7	Peru	373 ♥	3.3	Peru	349♥	4.5	Colombia	369♥	3.
state education systems			U.S. state education systems			U.S. state education systems			U.S. state education systems		
sachusetts	506 🗘	6.0	Massachusetts	523 🔾	6.4	Massachusetts	5180	6.7	Massachusetts	498	7.
ssacnusetts nnecticut	502	6.5	Massacnusetts Connecticut	5120	5.8	Massacnusetts Connecticut	5150	7.0	Massacnuseπs Connecticut	487	7.
HICCHCUL		6.5	Connecticut Florida	475 🐨	5.8 5.9	Connecticut Florida	476	7.0 5.6	Connecticut Florida	487 3	7. 6.
orida	458 🐨										

Florida 458 10 4

Table M6. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy process subscales, by education system: 2012

Formulating Education system	Average score	s.e.	Employin Education system	Average score	s.e.	Interpreti Education system	Average score	s.e.
OECD average	492 🗘	0.5	OECD average	493 🗘	0.5	OECD average	497 🗘	0.5
Shanghai-China	624 🖎	4.1	Shanghai-China	613 🔷	3.0	Shanghai-China	579 🔿	2.9
Singapore	582 🔿	1.6	Singapore	574 🔿	1.2	Singapore	555 🔿	1.4
Chinese Taipei	578 🗘	4.0	Hong Kong-China	558 🗘	3.1	Hong Kong-China	551 🔷	3.4
Hong Kong-China	568 🗘	3.7	Korea, Republic of	553 🗘	4.3	Chinese Taipei	549 🔿	3.0
Korea, Republic of	562 🗘	5.1	Chinese Taipei	549 🗘	3.1	Liechtenstein	540 🗘	4.1
Japan	554 🔿	4.2	Liechtenstein	536 🗘	3.7	Korea, Republic of	540 🗘	4.2
Macao-China	545 🔾	1.4	Macao-China	536 🔾	1.1	Japan	531 🔾	3.5
Switzerland	538 🗘	3.1	Japan	530 🔾	3.5	Macao-China	530 🗘	1.0
	535 🔾	4.4	•	529 Q	2.9	Switzerland	529 Q	3.4
Liechtenstein Netherlands			Switzerland	524 🔾			528 🗘	
	527 🔿	3.8	Estonia		2.1	Finland		2.2
Finland	519 🗘	2.4	Vietnam	523 🗘	5.1	Netherlands	526 🗘	3.6
Estonia	517 🔿	2.3	Poland	519 🗘	3.5	Canada	521 众	2.0
Canada	516 🗘	2.2	Netherlands	518 🗘	3.4	Germany	517 🗘	3.2
Poland	516 🗘	4.2	Canada	517 🔾	1.9	Poland	515 🗘	3.5
Belgium	512 🔷	2.4	Germany	516 🔷	2.8	Australia	514 🔷	1.7
Germany	511 🔷	3.4	Belgium	516 🔷	2.1	Belgium	513 🛆	2.4
Denmark	502 🔷	2.4	Finland	516 🔷	1.8	Estonia	513 🔷	2.1
Iceland	500 🛆	1.7	Austria	510 🔿	2.5	New Zealand	511 🔿	2.5
Austria	499 🔷	3.2	Slovenia	505 🗘	1.2	France	511 🔷	2.5
Australia	498 🖎	1.9	Czech Republic	504 🔿	2.9	Austria	509 🛆	3.3
Vietnam	497 🔷	5.1	Ireland	502 🗘	2.4	Denmark	508 🗘	2.5
New Zealand	496 🗘	2.5	Australia	500 🗘	1.7	Ireland	507 🗘	2.5
Czech Republic	495 🔾	3.4	France	496	2.3	United Kingdom	501 🗘	3.5
Ireland	492 🔾	2.4	Latvia	495	2.8	Norway	499	3.1
Slovenia	492 🔾	1.5	New Zealand	495	2.2	Italy	498 🗘	2.1
Norway	489	3.1	Denmark	495	2.4	Slovenia	498 🗘	1.4
	489 🔾	3.7		493 🗘	0.9	Vietnam	497	4.5
United Kingdom	488	3.0	Luxembourg		3.1		495	2.2
Latvia	_		United Kingdom	492		Spain		
France	483	2.8	Iceland	490 🛆	1.6	Luxembourg	495	1.1
Luxembourg	482	1.0	Portugal	489	3.7	Czech Republic	494	3.0
Russian Federation	481	3.6	Russian Federation	487	3.1	Iceland	492	1.9
Slovak Republic	480	4.1	Norway	486	2.7	Portugal	490	4.0
Sweden	479	2.7	Italy	485	2.1	United States	489	3.9
Portugal	479	4.3	Slovak Republic	485	3.4	Latvia	486	3.0
Lithuania	477	3.1	Lithuania	482	2.7	Sweden	485	2.4
Spain	477	2.2	Spain	481	2.0	Croatia	477 🐨	3.5
United States	475	4.1	Hungary	481	3.2	Hungary	477 🐨	3.1
Italy	475	2.2	United States	480	3.5	Slovak Republic	473 🐨	3.3
Hungary	469	3.6	Croatia	478	3.7	Russian Federation	471 🐨	2.9
Israel	465	4.7	Sweden	474	2.5	Lithuania	471 🐨	2.8
Croatia	453 🐨	4.0	Israel	469	4.6	Greece	467 🐨	3.1
Turkey	449 🐨	5.2	Serbia, Republic of	451 ▽	3.4	Israel	462 🐨	5.2
Greece	448 🐨	2.3	Greece	449	2.7	Turkey	446	4.6
	447 🐨	3.8		448 🐨	5.0	-	445 🐨	3.4
Serbia, Republic of			Turkey			Serbia, Republic of	-	
Romania	445 🐨	4.1	Romania	446 €	4.1	Bulgaria	441 🐨	4.2
Kazakhstan	442 🐨	3.8	Cyprus	443 ♥	1.1	Romania	438 🐨	3.1
Bulgaria	437 🐨	4.2	United Arab Emirates	440 €	2.4	Cyprus	436 🐨	1.3
Cyprus	437 🐨	1.2	Bulgaria	439 ♥	4.1	Chile	433 🐨	3.1
United Arab Emirates	426 🐨	2.7	Kazakhstan	433 🐨	3.2	Thailand	432 🐨	3.4
Chile	420 🐨	3.2	Thailand	426 🐨	3.5	United Arab Emirates	428 🐨	2.4
Thailand	416 🐨	4.0	Malaysia	423 🐨	3.3	Kazakhstan	420 🐨	2.6
Mexico	409 🐨	1.7	Chile	416 🐨	3.3	Malaysia	418 🐨	3.1
Uruguay	406 🐨	3.2	Mexico	413 🐨	1.4	Costa Rica	418 🐨	2.9
Malaysia	406 🐨	3.6	Montenegro, Republic of	409 🐨	1.1	Montenegro, Republic of	413 🐨	1.4
Montenegro, Republic of	404 🐨	1.3	Uruguay	408	2.9	Mexico	413 🐨	1.3
Costa Rica	399 🐨	3.5	Costa Rica	401 🐨	3.4	Uruguay	409 🐨	2.7
Albania	398 🐨	1.9	Albania	397 🐨	2.2	Brazil	401	2.1
Jordan	390 🐨	3.4	Tunisia	390 €	4.3	Argentina	390 ♥	4.1
Argentina	383 🐨	3.5	Brazil	388 ♥	2.1	Colombia	387 🐨	2.5
-	378 ♥	0.9		387 🐨	3.4	Tunisia	385 ♥	3.9
Qatar			Argentina					
Brazil	376 €	2.5	Jordan	383 €	3.4	Jordan	383 ♥	3.0
Colombia	375 🐨	3.3	Qatar	373 ♥	0.8	Indonesia	379 ♥	4.0
Tunisia	373 🐨	4.1	Indonesia	369 €	4.2	Albania	379 🐨	2.4
Peru	370 🐨	3.7	Peru	368 ♥	3.9	Qatar	375 🐨	0.8
Indonesia	368 🗑	4.6	Colombia	367 🐨	3.3	Peru	368 🐨	3.8
U.S. state education systems			U.S. state education systems			U.S. state education systems		
Massachusetts	512 🗘	7.4	Massachusetts	509 ♦	5.8	Massachusetts	524 🗘	6.4
Connecticut	504 🔾	7.3	Connecticut	502 🔾	6.1	Connecticut	515 🔾	6.4
Florida	458 🐨	6.5	Florida	466 €	5.4	Florida	475	6.5
Average score is higher than U.S. sco		0.0	rionua	+00♥	J.7	i ioriua	773	0.0

Florida Average score is higher than U.S. score.

Average score is lower than U.S. score.

WAverage score is lower than U.S. score.

NOTE: Education systems are ordered by 2012 average subscale score. The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. All average scores reported as higher or lower than the U.S. average score are different at the .05 significance level of statistical significance. Standard error is noted by s.e. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems. Results for Connecticut, Florida, and Massachusetts are for public school students only.

SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2012.

Table M7. Cut scores of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale at selected percentiles and percentile cut score gaps, by education system: 2012

-	10th		25th		50th		Percentile 75th		90th		90th to 10th	
Education system	Cut score	s.e.	Cut score	s.e.	Cut score	s.e.	Cut score	s.e.	Cut score	s.e.	Cut score gap	s.e.
OECD average	375	0.7	430	0.6	494	0.6	558	0.6	614	0.7	239	1.0
Costa Rica	323	3.8	361	3.6	403	3.1	449	3.9	496	5.1	172 🐨	6.4
Indonesia	288	4.2	327	3.8	370	3.6	418	5.2	469	7.8	181 🐨	8.8
Kazakhstan	343	2.5	383	2.8	429	3.1	478	4.4	527	5.7	183 🐨	6.2
Colombia	285	4.0	326	2.8	373	2.9	423	3.6	474	4.8	189 🐨	6.3
Mexico	320	1.9	362	1.6	411	1.6	462	1.7	510	2.0	191 🐨	2.7
Jordan	290	4.0	335	3.2	383	3.1	435	3.3	485	4.3	195 🐨	5.8
Argentina	292	4.6	337	3.8	388	4.2	440	4.5	488	4.1	196 🐨	6.2
Tunisia	292	4.3	334	3.7	384	3.8	437	4.5	488	7.3	196 🐨	8.5
Brazil	298	2.0	337	1.9	385	2.0	440	2.7	495	4.5	197 🐨	4.9
Thailand	328	3.1	372		365 421	3.3	476		535	7.3	207 🐨	
	326 417	3.1	372 465	2.6 2.7	519	2.6	576	4.8 2.7	626	3.2		7.9
Estonia											209 🐨	4.4
Romania	344	3.5	386	3.8	439	4.0	497	4.8	553	6.1	209 🐨	7.1
Chile	323	3.7	365	3.5	417	3.4	476	4.2	532	4.2	209 🐨	5.6
Malaysia	319	3.2	363	3.1	417	3.4	474	4.3	530	4.9	211 🐨	5.9
Latvia	387	4.4	434	3.3	489	3.4	546	3.8	597	3.7	211 🐨	5.8
Denmark	393	4.0	444	3.3	501	2.7	556	2.7	607	3.1	214 🐨	5.1
Montenegro, Republic of	306	2.0	352	1.7	406	2.1	465	2.0	520	2.7	214 🐨	3.4
Peru	264	3.4	311	3.6	364	3.8	421	4.9	478	6.7	214 🐨	7.5
Ireland	391	3.6	445	3.2	503	2.9	559	2.4	610	2.5	219	4.4
Finland	409	3.3	463	2.5	520	2.4	577	2.4	629	3.1	219	4.5
Vietnam	401	7.4	454	5.3	510	5.0	568	5.5	623	6.8	222	10.1
Russian Federation	371	3.9	423	3.1	481	3.3	540	3.6	595	4.7	224	6.1
Spain	370	3.1	424	2.6	486	2.3	546	2.1	597	2.4	228	3.9
Greece	338	3.8	393	3.6	453	3.2	513	2.8	567	3.1	228	4.9
Uruguay	297	4.1	347	3.0	407	3.2	470	3.6	526	3.8	228	5.6
Croatia	360	3.3	408	3.6	468	3.5	531	4.5	589	7.3	229	8.0
Norway	373	3.9	428	2.9	490	2.9	552	3.3	604	3.4	231	5.2
Canada	402	2.4	457	2.1	518	2.2	580	2.3	633	2.3	231	3.3
Albania	278	4.8	338	3.0	397	2.3	454	2.4	510	3.5	231	5.9
United Arab Emirates	323	2.5	370	2.9	429	2.8	494	2.9	555	3.9	232	4.6
Lithuania	364	3.5	418	3.1	478	3.2	540	3.3	596	3.5	232	4.9
Serbia, Republic of	335	4.1	386	3.7	445	3.6	508	4.4	567	5.8	233	7.1
United States	368	3.9	418	3.7	477	4.0	543	4.4	600	4.3	233	5.8
Poland	402	2.8	454	3.3	514	3.8	580	4.9	636	6.0	234	6.7
Sweden	360	3.5	415	2.9	478	2.6	543	2.7	596	2.9	236	4.6
Turkey	339	3.3	382	3.6	438	4.8	507	8.0	577	9.7	238	10.3
Iceland	372	2.8	431	2.6	494	2.3	557	3.0	612	3.3	239	
												4.3
Austria	384	3.9	440	3.2	506	3.3	572	3.5	624	3.8	240	5.5
Cyprus	320	2.6	376	1.6	439	1.7	503	2.0	561	2.1	240	3.3
Slovenia	384	2.5	434	2.0	498	2.2	566	2.1	624	2.9	240	3.8
Italy	366	2.2	421	2.3	485	2.4	550	2.7	607	3.0	241	3.7
Macao-China	415	2.8	476	1.7	542	1.7	605	1.7	657	2.3	242	3.7
Netherlands	397	5.5	457	5.1	529	4.7	591	4.3	638	3.7	242	6.6
Japan	415	5.1	473	4.2	538	3.9	603	4.4	657	5.1	242	7.2
Switzerland	408	3.3	466	3.4	534	3.5	597	3.6	651	4.3	243	5.4
Czech Republic	377	4.9	432	3.9	500	3.4	566	3.3	621	3.6	244	6.1
Hungary	358	4.2	411	3.3	474	3.6	540	4.8	603	6.4	245	7.6
United Kingdom	371	5.0	429	4.2	495	3.5	560	3.7	616	4.1	245	6.5
Bulgaria	320	4.8	372	4.7	436	4.4	503	5.2	565	5.6	245	7.4
Portugal	363	4.2	421	5.0	488	4.7	554	4.3	610	3.9	247	5.8
Australia	382	2.3	437	2.0	503	1.9	571	2.3	630	3.0	249 🖸	3.8
Hong Kong-China	430	6.2	499	4.7	569	3.8	629	3.5	679	4.2	249	7.5
Luxembourg	363	3.0	422	1.5	491	1.7	558	1.6	613	2.2	250 🖸	3.7
Germany	385	4.7	447	3.6	516	3.3	583	3.6	637	3.8	252 🖸	6.0
Liechtenstein	403	11.2	470	8.0	540	5.9	606	5.0	656	9.2	253	14.5
Korea, Republic of	425	5.8	486	4.8	557	4.8	624	5.1	679	6.0	254 🔾	8.3
France	365	4.7	429	2.7	497	2.9	565	3.4	621	3.5	256 🖸	5.8
Qatar	257	1.7	306	1.3	365	1.1	440	1.7	514	1.9	257 0	2.5
New Zealand	371	3.6	428	3.2	499	2.8	570	2.8	632	3.0	261 0	4.7
Slovak Republic	352	6.2	413	4.2	481	3.8	553	4.7	613	5.3	261 0	8.1
Shanghai-China	475	5.8	546	4.4	622	3.7	685	3.5	737	3.5	262 0	6.7
	378	5.6 4.0	444	3.1	518	2.6	589	2.4	646	2.7	268 🔾	4.9
Belgium												
Israel	328	5.7	393	5.1	468	5.2	541	5.3	603	6.0	275 0	8.2
Singapore	432	3.6	501	2.7	579	2.5	650	1.9	707	2.3	275 0	4.3
Chinese Taipei	402	4.8	478	4.8	567	4.2	645	3.4	703	4.9	301 🖸	6.9
II O atata adamati												
U.S. state education systems												
Florida	359	7.3	406	6.2	464	7.0	524	6.8	581	8.9	222	11.5
Massachusetts	387	4.8	445	6.3	512	7.1	583	9.7	643	9.4	255	10.6
Connecticut	376	7.1	435	9.0	506	6.8	577	8.0	636	8.3	260 🖸	10.9

Connecticut 376 7.1 435 9.0 506 6.8 577 8.0 636 8.3 260 10.9

© Cut score gap is larger than the U.S. percentile cut score gap.

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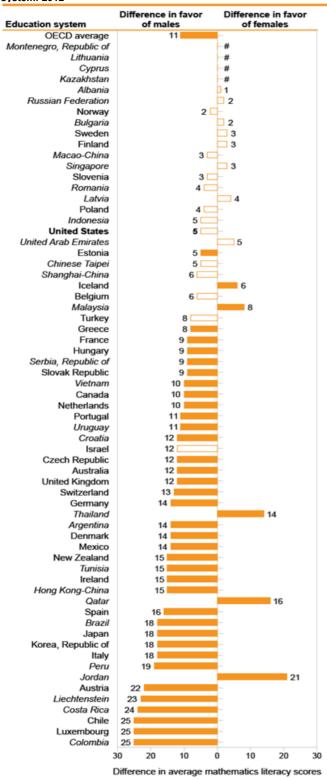
(Cut score gap is smaller than the U.S. percentile the total cut score gap.

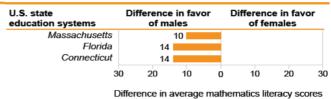
(Cut score gap is smaller than the U.S. percentile the total cut score gap.

(Cut score gap is smaller than the U.S. percentile the total cut score gap.

(Cut score

Figure M2a. Difference in average scores of 15-year-old female and male students on PISA mathematics literacy scale, by education system: 2012





- Male-female difference in average mathematics literacy scores is statistically different.
- Male-female difference in average mathematics literacy scores is not measurably different.

Rounds to zero.

NOTE: Education systems are ordered by absolute male-female difference in 2012 average score. Differences were computed using unrounded numbers. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. Score differences as noted between males and females are significantly different at the .05 level of statistical significance. The OECD average is the average of the national average differences of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems. Results for Connecticut, Florida, and Massachusetts are for public school students only.

SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for

Table M2b. Difference in average scores of 15-year-old female and male

students on PISA mathematics litera Education system	Male-female difference	s.e.
OECD average	11 *	0.6
Montenegro, Republic of	#	†
Lithuania	#	†
Cyprus	#	ţ
Kazakhstan	#	†
Albania	-1	3.3
Russian Federation	-2 2	3.0
Norway Bulgaria	-2	3.0 4.1
Sweden	-3	3.0
Finland	-3	2.9
Macao-China	3	1.9
Singapore	-3	2.5
Slovenia	3	3.1
Romania	4	3.6
Latvia	-4	3.6
Poland	4	3.4
Indonesia	5	3.4
United States	5	2.8
United Arab Emirates	-5	4.7
Estonia	5 *	2.6
Chinese Taipei	5	8.9 3.3
Shanghai-China Iceland	6 -6 *	3.0
Belgium	6	3.4
Malaysia	-8 *	3.8
Turkey	8	4.7
Greece	8 *	3.2
France	9 *	3.4
Hungary	9 *	3.7
Serbia, Republic of	9 *	3.9
Slovak Republic	9 *	4.5
Vietnam	10 *	3.0
Canada	10 *	2.0
Netherlands	10 *	2.8
Portugal	11 * 11 *	2.5
Uruguay Croatia	11 * 12 *	3.1 4.1
Israel	12	7.6
Czech Republic	12 *	4.6
Australia	12 *	3.1
United Kingdom	12 *	4.7
Switzerland	13 *	2.7
Germany	14 *	2.8
Thailand	-14 *	3.6
Argentina	14 *	2.9
Denmark	14 *	2.3
Mexico	14 *	1.2
New Zealand	15 *	4.3
Tunisia	15 *	2.7
Ireland	15 *	3.8
Hong Kong-China	15 * -16 *	5.7
<i>Qatar</i> Spain	-16 16 *	1.4 2.2
Brazil	18 *	1.8
Japan	18 *	4.3
Korea, Republic of	18 *	6.2
Italy	18 *	2.5
Peru	19 *	3.9
Jordan	-21 *	6.3
Austria	22 *	4.9
Liechtenstein	23 *	8.8
Costa Rica	24 *	2.4
Chile	25 *	3.6
Luxembourg	25 *	2.0
Colombia	25 *	3.2
U.S. state education systems		
Massachusetts	10 *	4.9
Florida	14 *	4.1
Connecticut	1/1 *	11

Massachusetts	10 *	4.9
Florida	14 *	4.1
Connecticut	14 *	4.4

significance.
NOTE: Education systems are ordered by absolute male-female difference in 2012 average score. NOTE: Education systems are ordered by absolute male-female difference in 2012 average score.

Differences were computed using unrounded numbers. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000.

The OECD average is the average of the national average differences of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Standard error is noted by s.e. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems. Results for Connecticut, Florida, and Massachusetts are for public school students only.

SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2012.

[†] Not applicable. # Rounds to zero.

 $^{^{\}star}$ p < .05. All differences between males and females are significantly different at the .05 level of statistical

Table M8. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale, by national quarters of the PISA index of economic, social and cultural status (ESCS) and education system: 2012

	Bottom quarter		Second quarter		of the ESCS index Third quarter		Top quarter		All students	
Education system	Average score	s.e.	Average score	s.e.	Average score		Average score	s.e.	Average score	
Education system	•	0.7		0.6	•	s.e. 0.7	•	0.8	•	s.e. 0.5
OECD average	452		482		506		542		494	
Albania	_	†	_	†	_	†	_	†	394	2.0
Argentina	355	4.1	379	4.4	394	4.6	433	4.3	388	3.5
Australia	463	2.2	492	2.0	521	2.9	550	2.6	504	1.6
Austria	458	4.2	495	4.2	519	3.8	552	4.2	506	2.7
Belgium	468	4.0	497	3.2	534	3.0	567	2.9	515	2.1
Brazil	360	2.0	377	2.1	395	2.9	437	5.2	391	2.1
Bulgaria	384	5.1	424	4.1	449	6.1	501	5.9	439	4.0
Canada	486	2.3	509	2.5	529	2.5	558	2.9	518	1.8
Chile	378	4.0	409	3.8	429	3.6	477	5.4	423	3.1
Chinese Taipei	497	5.2	546	4.5	572	4.0	626	5.2	560	3.3
Colombia										
	343	4.1	365	3.7	382	3.2	417	5.2	376	2.9
Costa Rica	373	4.0	394	3.7	412	3.8	450	5.4	407	3.0
Croatia	438	3.5	459	3.9	471	4.9	517	5.9	471	3.5
Cyprus	398	2.5	428	2.5	448	2.8	492	2.8	440	1.1
Czech Republic	450	4.4	486	4.6	508	4.3	552	4.0	499	2.9
Denmark	460	3.4	489	3.5	513	2.9	545	3.4	500	2.3
Estonia	496	3.0	508	3.2	523	3.6	559	2.9	521	2.0
Finland	488	3.1	509	2.5	529	3.2	555	2.6	519	1.9
France	442	3.5	476	3.1	511	4.1	561	4.0	495	2.5
Germany	467	5.1	502	3.9	540	3.8	569	4.3	514	2.9
Greece	413	4.0	439	3.9	460	3.5	502	4.3 3.7	453	2.9
	532	4.0 4.8	439 554	3.9 3.7	460 567		502 600	3.7 5.8	453 561	2.5 3.2
Hong Kong-China						4.4				
Hungary	422	4.8	464	3.6	486	4.6	539	6.6	477	3.2
Iceland	464	2.9	481	3.1	508	3.2	526	3.7	493	1.7
Indonesia	356	4.3	363	3.9	374	4.5	408	9.7	375	4.0
Ireland	462	4.3	489	3.1	512	2.9	545	3.3	501	2.2
Israel	409	5.3	452	5.6	490	6.3	524	5.7	466	4.7
Italy	447	2.4	475	2.7	498	2.6	522	2.8	485	2.0
Japan	500	5.2	528	4.1	551	4.3	575	5.9	536	3.6
Jordan	361	3.0	375	2.9	395	3.9	419	5.8	386	3.1
Kazakhstan	405	4.0	427	3.4	437	3.7	458	5.2	432	3.0
	516	4.9	538	4.8	567	6.2	595	6.6	554	4.6
Korea, Republic of										
Latvia	453	4.5	472	3.4	508	4.6	532	4.8	491	2.8
Liechtenstein	490	9.6	552	11.7	542	12.0	564	11.5	535	4.0
Lithuania	439	3.8	465	3.6	491	4.2	522	3.4	479	2.6
Luxembourg	438	2.9	470	2.7	508	2.5	546	2.7	490	1.1
Macao-China	521	2.6	535	2.6	543	2.3	558	2.4	538	1.0
Malaysia	388	3.1	406	3.7	425	4.7	465	5.4	421	3.2
Mexico	385	1.9	407	1.9	417	1.9	447	2.4	413	1.4
Montenegro, Republic of	375	2.0	401	2.8	413	2.6	453	2.8	410	1.1
Netherlands	484	5.3	513	3.8	537	4.8	565	5.1	523	3.5
New Zealand	444	3.2	493	4.0	514	3.9	559	3.6	500	2.2
				3.7			522			
Norway	459	4.2	479		504	3.9		3.6	489	2.7
Peru	317	3.3	352	3.8	382	5.3	421	7.4	368	3.7
Poland	473	3.6	501	4.2	526	5.3	571	6.3	518	3.6
Portugal	441	4.5	474	5.0	495	4.8	548	5.2	487	3.8
Qatar	338	1.8	377	1.8	399	2.1	401	2.2	376	0.8
Romania	407	4.5	428	3.9	444	4.0	501	7.8	445	3.8
Russian Federation	445	4.9	468	4.3	496	3.6	521	5.1	482	3.0
Serbia, Republic of	416	4.4	436	3.8	450	4.7	495	5.0	449	3.4
Shanghai-China	562	6.3	602	4.8	627	3.8	660	5.3	613	3.3
Singapore	523	2.9	557	3.3	588	3.2	627	2.8	573	1.3
Slovak Republic	416	6.5	473	3.7	496	4.3	545	6.2	482	3.4
Slovenia	458	2.6	486	3.1	511	3.1	552	3.2	501	1.2
Spain	442	2.8	471	2.4	495	2.8	533	2.5	484	1.9
Sweden	443	2.9	470	4.0	495	3.4	518	3.9	478	2.3
Switzerland	488	4.0	519	4.0	543	3.9	576	4.6	531	3.0
Thailand	407	4.7	412	3.0	421	3.9	468	7.1	427	3.4
Tunisia	362	3.8	370	4.7	393	4.1	430	8.9	388	3.9
Turkey	412	4.5	436	4.2	447	6.0	498	8.3	448	4.8
United Arab Emirates	391	3.2	427	2.4	454	3.6	466	4.2	434	2.4
United Kingdom	458	4.1	477	4.1	508	4.1	545	4.0	494	3.3
United States	442	3.9	462	4.6	494	5.4	532	4.6	481	3.6
Uruguay Vietnam	364 473	3.3 6.1	390 499	3.8 4.9	414 518	4.1 5.8	472 555	5.5 8.2	409 511	2.8 4.8
	473	0.7	433	7.3	310	0.0	333	0.2	311	4.0
U.S. state education systems Connecticut	450	6.1	482	6.5	529	5.6	570	5.6	506	6.2
U.S. state education systems Connecticut Florida	450 430	6.1 4.8	482 455	6.5 6.7	529 465	5.6 7.0	570 521	5.6 7.1	506 467	6.2 5.8

T Not applicable.

NOTE: The PISA index of economic, social and cultural status (ESCS) was created using student reports on parental occupation, the highest level of parental education, and an index of home possessions related to family wealth, home educational resources and possessions related to "classical" culture in the family home. The home possessions relating to "classical" culture in the family home included possessions such as works of classical literature, books of poetry, and works of art (e.g. paintings). The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equality. Standard error is noted by s.e. Italias indicate non-OECD countries and education systems. Results for Connecticut, Florida, and Massachusetts are for public school students only. SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2012.

[†] Not applicable.

Table M9. Percentage distribution of U.S. 15-year-old public school students on PISA mathematics literacy scale, by proficiency level and percentage of students in enrolled schools eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, based on principals' reports: 2012

Percent of students eligible for free	Below leve	l 1	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 4		Level 5		Level 6	
or reduced-price lunch	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.
U.S. average	8.0	0.73	17.9 **	0.98	26.3 **	0.84	23.3	0.93	15.8 **	0.91	6.6 **	0.61	2.2 **	0.34
Less than 10 percent	‡	†	4.8 !*	2.01	18.9	3.92	27.2	4.07	25.8 *	3.20	15.3 *	3.01	6.4 !	2.69
10 to 24.9 percent	3.1 !*	0.96	11.6 *	1.59	22.3 ***	1.86	26.0	2.31	23.2 *	1.97	10.2 ***	1.48	3.6	0.98
25 to 49.9 percent	3.9 *	0.87	12.8 ***	1.46	23.9	1.87	26.1	1.55	19.7 ***	2.10	10.1 ***	1.31	3.6	0.94
50 to 74.9 percent	9.3	1.30	22.2 *	1.69	28.8 *	1.47	22.3	1.68	13.0 *	1.38	3.5 *	0.96	‡	†
75 percent or more	17.9 *	2.43	28.0 *	2.48	28.9 **	2.36	16.8 *	2.07	6.4 *	1.34	1.6 !*	0.78	‡	t
OECD average	8.0	0.12	15.0 ***	0.13	22.5 ***	0.15	23.7	0.15	18.2 ***	0.14	9.3 ***	0.11	3.3 ***	0.08

! Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable due to high coefficient of variation.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

* p < 0.5. Significantly different from both the U.S. and OECD averages at the .05 level of statistical significance.

** p < 0.5. Significantly different from the OECD average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

*** p < 0.5. Significantly different from the U.S. average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

*** p < 0.5. Significantly different from the U.S. average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

*** p < 0.5. Significantly different from the U.S. average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

*** p < 0.5. Significantly different from the U.S. average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

*** p < 0.5. Significantly different from the U.S. average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

*** NOTE: To reach a particular proficiency level, a student must correctly answer a majority of items at that level. Students were classified into mathematics literacy levels according to their scores. Exact cut scores are as follows: below level 1 (a score greater than .057.77); level 2 (a score greater than .057.07); level 3 (a score greater than .057.07); level 3

[!] Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable due to high coefficient of variation.

Table M10. Average scores of U.S. 15-year-old public school students on PISA mathematics literacy scale, by percentage of students in enrolled schools eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, based on principals' reports: 2012

Percent of students eligible for free or reduced-price lunch	Average score	s.e.
U.S. average	481 **	3.6
Less than 10 percent	540 *	7.8
10 to 24.9 percent	513 *	5.7
25 to 49.9 percent	506 ***	6.4
50 to 74.9 percent	464 *	4.6
75 percent or more	432 *	7.2
OECD average	494 ***	0.5

^{*} p < .05. Significantly different from both the U.S. and OECD averages at the .05 level of statistical significance.

NOTE: Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. The National School Lunch Program provides free or reduced-price lunch for students meeting certain income guidelines. The percentage of students receiving such lunch is an indicator of the socioeconomic level of families served by the school. Data in this table are based on principals' responses to a question in the school questionnaire that asked the approximate percentage of eligible students in the school during the previous school year. The OECD average is the average of the national percentages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Standard error is noted by s.e. Free or reduced-price lunch data are for public schools only.

^{**} p < .05. Significantly different from the OECD average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

^{***} p < .05. Significantly different from the U.S. average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

Table M11. Percentage distribution of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale, by proficiency level and race/ethnicity: 2012

	Below level	1	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 4		Level 5		Level 6	
Race/ethnicity	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.
U.S. average	8.0	0.73	17.9 **	0.98	26.3 **	0.84	23.3	0.93	15.8 **	0.91	6.6 **	0.61	2.2 **	0.34
White	3.6 *	0.65	11.5 *	1.06	25.0 **	1.29	27.8 *	1.22	20.3 ***	1.21	8.8 ***	0.90	3.0 ***	0.57
Black	21.0 *	2.21	32.0 *	2.37	25.3	2.04	14.0 *	1.99	6.7 !*	2.04	1.0 !*	0.47	±	t
Hispanic	10.8	1.87	24.2 *	1.93	30.2 *	1.59	20.3	1.97	10.2 *	1.28	3.5 *	0.86	0.7 !*	0.31
Asian	±	t	5.4 !*	2.20	15.6 ***	4.16	23.6	4.12	28.1 *	3.76	16.1 *	3.03	9.0 *	2.47
Multiracial	Ė	t	17.1	3.23	29.6	4.33	23.3	4.08	16.4	3.66	7.7	2.25	±	+
OECD average	8.0	0.12	15.0 ***	0.13	22.5 ***	0.15	23.7	0.15	18.2 ***	0.14	9.3 ***	0.11	3.3 ***	0.08

[†] Not applicable.

[!] Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable due to high coefficient of variation. ‡ Reporting standards not met.

[#] Rounds to zero.

[#] Rounds to zero.

*p < 0.5 Significantly different from both the U.S. and OECD averages at the .05 level of statistical significance.

**p < 0.5. Significantly different from the OECD average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

**p < 0.5. Significantly different from the U.S. average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

**To p < 0.05. Significantly different from the U.S. average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

**DOTE: To reach a particular proficiency level, a student must correctly answer a majority of items at that level. Students were classified into mathematics literacy levels according to their scores. Exact cut scores are as follows: below level 1 (a score less than or equal to 357.77); level 1 (a score greater than 357.77 and less than or equal to 420.07); level 2 (a score greater than 420.07 and less than or equal to 482.38); level 3 (a score greater than 482.38 and less than or equal to 544.68); level 4 (a score greater than 544.68 and less than or equal to 606.99); level 5 (a score greater than 606.99 and less than or equal to 606.90); and level 6 (a score greater than 606.90). Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. The OECD average is the average of the national percentages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Reporting standards were not met for American Indian/Alaska Native and Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander. Black includes African American, and Hispanic includes Latino. Students who identified themselves as being of Hispanic origin were classified as Hispanic, regardless of their race. Although data for some race/ethnicities were not shown separately because the reporting standards were not met, they are included in the U.S. and state totals. Standard error is noted by s.e. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2012.

Table M12. Average scores of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale, by race/ethnicity: 2012

Race/ethnicity Average score s.e. U.S. average 481 ** 3.6 White 506 * 3.7 421 * Black 6.2 455 * Hispanic 4.8 549 * Asian 9.0 492 7.4 Multiracial **OECD** average 494 *** 0.5

NOTE: Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. Reporting standards were not met for American Indian/Alaska Native and Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander. Black includes African American, and Hispanic includes Latino. Students who identified themselves as being of Hispanic origin were classified as Hispanic, regardless of their race. Although data for some race/ethnicities were not shown separately because the reporting standards were not met, they are included in the U.S. and state totals. The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Standard error is noted by s.e.

 $^{^*}$ p < .05. Significantly different from both the U.S. and OECD averages at the .05 level of statistical significance.

^{**} p < .05. Significantly different from the OECD average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

^{***} p < .05. Significantly different from the U.S. average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

Exhibit S1. Description of PISA proficiency levels on science literacy scale: 2012

Proficiency level and lower cut score	Task descriptions
Level 6 708	At level 6, students can consistently identify, explain, and apply scientific knowledge and knowledge about science in a variety of complex life situations. They can link different information sources and explanations and use evidence from those sources to justify decisions. They clearly and consistently demonstrate advanced scientific thinking and reasoning, and they use their scientific understanding in support of solutions to unfamiliar scientific and technological situations. Students at this level can use scientific knowledge and develop arguments in support of recommendations and decisions that center on personal, social, or global situations.
Level 5 633	At level 5, students can identify the scientific components of many complex life situations, apply both scientific concepts and knowledge about science to these situations, and can compare, select and evaluate appropriate scientific evidence for responding to life situations. Students at this level can use well-developed inquiry abilities, link knowledge appropriately, and bring critical insights to situations. They can construct explanations based on evidence and arguments based on their critical analysis.
Level 4 559	At level 4, students can work effectively with situations and issues that may involve explicit phenomena requiring them to make inferences about the role of science or technology. They can select and integrate explanations from different disciplines of science or technology and link those explanations directly to aspects of life situations. Students at this level can reflect on their actions and they can communicate decisions using scientific knowledge and evidence.
Level 3 484	At level 3, students can identify clearly described scientific issues in a range of contexts. They can select facts and knowledge to explain phenomena and apply simple models or inquiry strategies. Students at this level can interpret and use scientific concepts from different disciplines and can apply them directly. They can develop short statements using facts and make decisions based on scientific knowledge.
Level 2 410	At level 2, students have adequate scientific knowledge to provide possible explanations in familiar contexts or draw conclusions based on simple investigations. They are capable of direct reasoning and making literal interpretations of the results of scientific inquiry or technological problem solving.
Level 1 335	At level 1, students have such a limited scientific knowledge that it can only be applied to a few, familiar situations. They can present scientific explanations that are obvious and follow explicitly from given evidence.

NOTE: To reach a particular proficiency level, a student must correctly answer a majority of items at that level. Students were classified into science literacy levels according to their scores. Cut scores in the exhibit are rounded; exact cut scores are provided in table AA1. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000.

Table S1. Percentage distribution of 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale, by proficiency level and education system: 2012

Table 51. Percentage distribut	Below lev		Level		Level		Level		Level		Level		Level 6	
Education system	Percent		Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.
OECD average	4.8	0.09	13.0	0.14	24.5	0.16	28.8	0.17	20.5	0.15	7.2	0.10	1.2	0.04
Albania	23.5	1.04	29.6	0.94	28.5	1.19	14.4	0.78	3.6	0.41	0.4 !	0.14	‡	†
Argentina	19.8	1.39	31.0	1.46	31.1	1.33	14.8	1.20	3.0	0.43	0.2 !	0.10	‡	†
Australia	3.4	0.25	10.2	0.41	21.5	0.47	28.5	0.68	22.8	0.63	10.9	0.47	2.6	0.25
Austria	3.6	0.54	12.2	0.92	24.3	1.05	30.1	0.85	21.9	0.81	7.0	0.62	0.8	0.20
Belgium	5.8	0.47	11.8	0.61	21.5	0.69	28.7	0.72	22.9	0.61	8.3	0.41	1.0	0.13
Brazil	18.6	0.78	35.1	0.79	30.7	0.78	12.5	0.68	2.8	0.37	0.3 !	0.10	‡	†
Bulgaria	14.4	1.34	22.5	1.15	26.3	1.07	22.5	1.09	11.2	0.84	2.8	0.50	0.3 !	0.12
Canada	2.4	0.24	8.0	0.38	21.0	0.65	32.0	0.54	25.3	0.58	9.5	0.47	1.8	0.20
Chile	8.1	0.80	26.3	1.11	34.6	1.06	22.4	0.96	7.5	0.60	1.0	0.15	#!	†
Chinese Taipei	1.6	0.25	8.2	0.64	20.8	0.89	33.7	0.97	27.3	1.00	7.8	0.56	0.6	0.13
Colombia	19.8	1.36	36.3	1.10	30.8	1.08	11.0	0.83	1.9	0.25	#	†	#	†
Costa Rica	8.6	0.79	30.7	1.30	39.2	1.25	17.8	1.12	3.4	0.57	0.2 !	0.11	‡	†
Croatia	3.2	0.38	14.0	0.74	29.1	0.99	31.4	1.19	17.6	1.16	4.3	0.75	‡.	†
Cyprus	14.4	0.47	23.7	0.66	30.3	0.89	21.3	0.73	8.4	0.43	1.8	0.29	0.2 !	0.08
Czech Republic	3.3	0.62	10.5	1.03	24.7	0.99	31.7	1.23	22.2	0.96	6.7	0.53	0.9	0.18
Denmark	4.7	0.55	12.0	0.69	25.7	0.80	31.3	0.90	19.6	0.79	6.1	0.67	0.7	0.17
Estonia	0.5	0.14	4.5	0.43	19.0	0.87	34.5	0.87	28.7	0.96	11.1	0.66	1.7	0.25
Finland	1.8	0.28	5.9	0.48	16.8	0.69	29.6	0.77	28.8	0.73	13.9	0.62	3.2	0.38
France	6.1	0.67	12.6	0.71	22.9	1.08	29.2	1.12	21.3	0.87	6.9	0.68	1.0	0.21
Germany	2.9	0.46	9.3	0.73	20.5	0.82	28.9	0.89	26.2	1.05	10.6	0.80	1.6	0.28
Greece	7.4	0.70	18.1	1.14	31.0	1.10	28.8	1.02	12.2	0.81	2.3	0.40	‡	1 26
Hong Kong-China	1.2	0.23	4.4	0.52	13.0	0.72	29.8	1.06	34.9	0.99	14.9	0.91	1.8	0.36
Hungary	4.1	0.61	14.0	1.04	26.4	1.08	30.9	1.16	18.7	0.98	5.5	0.73	0.5 !	0.18
Iceland Indonesia	8.0 24.7	0.56 1.96	16.0 41.9	0.72 1.42	27.5 26.3	0.87 1.54	27.2 6.5	0.86 1.02	16.2 ‡	0.74	4.6	0.60	0.6 ‡	0.17
Ireland	2.6	0.40	8.5	0.76	20.3	1.15	31.1	1.02	25.0	0.94	‡ 9.3	0.63	1.5	† 0.25
Israel	11.2	1.08	17.7	0.70	24.8	0.93	24.4	1.19	16.1	1.12	5.2	0.58	0.6 !	0.23
	4.9	0.35	13.8	0.52	26.0	0.58	30.1	0.66	19.1	0.59	5.5	0.37	0.6	0.08
Italy Japan	2.0	0.39	6.4	0.52	16.3	0.79	27.5	0.00	29.5	1.06	14.8	0.93	3.4	0.49
Jordan	18.2	1.21	31.4	0.07	32.2	1.04	15.0	0.86	3.0	0.57	‡	0.93	J.4 ‡	1
Kazakhstan	11.3	0.99	30.7	1.49	36.8	1.16	17.8	1.19	3.3	0.45	0.2 !	0.09	‡	+
Korea, Republic of	1.2	0.25	5.5	0.60	18.0	1.02	33.6	1.11	30.1	1.24	10.6	0.93	1.1 !	0.39
Latvia	1.8	0.39	10.5	0.90	28.2	1.20	35.1	1.02	20.0	1.05	4.0	0.47	0.3 !	0.13
Liechtenstein	‡	†	9.6	1.94	22.0	3.94	30.8	3.79	26.7	2.58	9.1	1.47	‡	†
Lithuania	3.4	0.48	12.7	0.84	27.6	1.00	32.9	1.08	18.3	0.88	4.7	0.47	0.4	0.09
Luxembourg	7.2	0.42	15.1	0.67	24.2	0.63	26.2	0.60	19.2	0.53	7.0	0.49	1.2	0.17
Macao-China	1.4	0.20	7.4	0.49	22.2	0.60	36.2	0.81	26.2	0.73	6.2	0.35	0.4	0.10
Malaysia	14.5	1.13	31.0	1.21	33.9	1.10	16.5	1.07	3.7	0.54	0.3 !	0.13	‡	+
Mexico	12.6	0.52	34.4	0.58	37.0	0.59	13.8	0.52	2.1	0.16	0.1 !	0.04	į.	÷
Montenegro, Republic of	18.7	0.74	32.0	0.98	29.7	0.94	15.4	0.76	3.8	0.47	0.4 !	0.14	į.	÷
Netherlands	3.1	0.53	10.1	0.83	20.1	1.35	29.1	1.28	25.8	1.24	10.5	0.98	1.3	0.28
New Zealand	4.7	0.39	11.6	0.76	21.7	0.94	26.4	0.95	22.3	0.85	10.7	0.62	2.7	0.25
Norway	6.0	0.63	13.6	0.71	24.8	0.80	28.9	0.91	19.0	0.79	6.4	0.56	1.1	0.24
Peru	31.5	1.61	37.0	1.26	23.5	1.29	7.0	0.85	1.0	0.28	‡	t	‡	t
Poland	1.3	0.32	7.7	0.70	22.5	0.98	33.1	0.92	24.5	0.96	9.1	0.76	1.7	0.35
Portugal	4.7	0.66	14.3	1.09	27.3	0.96	31.4	1.25	17.8	1.06	4.2	0.55	0.3 !	0.11
Qatar	34.6	0.38	28.0	0.58	19.6	0.71	11.2	0.39	5.1	0.40	1.3	0.11	0.1	0.04
Romania	8.7	0.77	28.7	1.32	34.6	1.23	21.0	1.12	6.2	0.77	0.9	0.26	‡	†
Russian Federation	3.6	0.39	15.1	0.96	30.1	1.08	31.2	0.89	15.7	0.98	3.9	0.51	0.3 !	0.16
Serbia, Republic of	10.3	0.99	24.7	1.15	32.4	1.21	22.8	1.06	8.1	0.63	1.6	0.35	‡	+
Shanghai-China	0.3 !	0.11	2.4	0.36	10.0	0.86	24.6	0.87	35.5	1.11	23.0	1.09	4.2	0.57
Singapore	2.2	0.27	7.4	0.48	16.7	0.73	24.0	0.73	27.0	0.87	16.9	0.94	5.8	0.41
Slovak Republic	9.2	0.95	17.6	1.14	27.0	1.30	26.2	1.62	15.0	1.02	4.3	0.58	0.6 !	0.25
Slovenia	2.4	0.19	10.4	0.55	24.5	1.00	30.0	1.02	23.0	0.92	8.4	0.71	1.2	0.24
Spain	3.7	0.33	12.0	0.51	27.3	0.64	32.8	0.60	19.4	0.53	4.5	0.26	0.3	0.08
Sweden	7.3	0.62	15.0	0.80	26.2	0.84	28.0	0.84	17.2	0.77	5.6	0.45	0.7	0.14
Switzerland	3.0	0.31	9.8	0.62	22.8	0.82	31.3	0.74	23.7	0.86	8.3	0.70	1.0	0.22
Thailand	7.0	0.64	26.6	1.33	37.5	1.07	21.6	1.14	6.4	0.74	0.9 !	0.27	‡	†
Tunisia	21.3	1.45	34.0	1.07	31.1	1.36	11.7	1.00	1.8	0.49	‡	†	‡	†
Turkey	4.4	0.50	21.9	1.27	35.4	1.43	25.1	1.28	11.3	1.28	1.8	0.34	‡	†
United Arab Emirates	11.3	0.76	23.8	0.99	29.9	0.83	22.3	0.88	10.1	0.60	2.3	0.25	0.3	0.07
United Kingdom	4.3	0.48	10.7	0.86	22.4	1.00	28.4	0.98	23.0	0.91	9.3	0.70	1.8	0.34
United States	4.2	0.54	14.0	1.08	26.7	1.08	28.9	1.07	18.8	1.07	6.3	0.64	1.1	0.20
Uruguay	19.7	1.06	27.2	0.92	29.3	1.00	17.1	0.95	5.6	0.53	1.0	0.24	‡	†
Vietnam	0.9 !	0.26	5.8	0.90	20.7	1.40	37.5	1.48	27.0	1.50	7.1	0.90	1.0 !	0.32
U.S. state education systems														
Connecticut	3.3	0.82	10.2	1.36	21.4	1.58	29.4	1.69	22.8	1.46	10.7	1.13	2.2	0.60
Florida	5.1	0.96	16.1	1.61	28.4	1.61	28.2	2.00	16.6	1.64	4.9	1.01	‡	†
Massachusetts	2.6	0.65	8.9	1.03	21.2	1.96	29.4	1.50	23.8	1.84	11.3	1.48	2.9	0.73
† Not applicable.														

[†] Not applicable

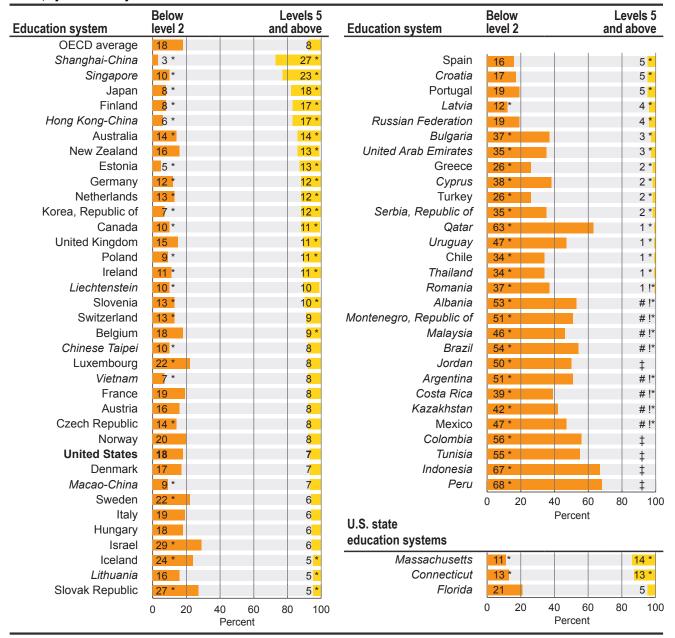
! Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable due to high coefficient or variation.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: To reach a particular proficiency level, a student must correctly answer a majority of items at that level. Students were classified into science literacy levels according to their scores. Exact cut scores are as follows: below level 1 (a score less than or equal to 334.94); level 1 (a score greater than 334.94); level 2 (a score greater than 409.54 and less than or equal to 587.3); level 4 (a score greater than 433.33 and less than or equal to 684.74); level 3 (a score greater than 403.33 and less than or equal to 684.707.93); and 10 less than or equal to 587.31, level 4 (a score greater than 403.33 and less than or equal to 587.31 and 10 less than or equal to 587.31 and 10 less than or equal to 587.31 level 4 (a score greater than 409.54 and less than or equal to 587.31 level 4 (a score greater than 409.54 and less than or equal to 587.31 level 4 (a score greater than 409.54 and less than or equal to 587.31 level 4 (a score greater than 409.54 and less than or equal to 587.31 level 4 (a score greater than 409.54 and less than or equal to 587.31 level 4 (a score greater than 409.54 and less than or equal to 587.31 level 4 (a score greater than 409.54 and less than or equal to 587.31 level 4 (a score greater than 409.54 level 5 (a score greater than 409.54 and less than or equal to 587.31 level 4 (a score greater than 409.54 level 5 (a scor

[#] Rounds to zero.
! Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable due to high coefficient of variation.

Figure S1a. Percentage of 15-year-old students performing at PISA science literacy proficiency levels 5 and above and below level 2, by education system: 2012



Below level 2
Levels 5 and above

NOTE: Education systems are ordered by 2012 percentages of 15-year-olds in levels 5 and above. To reach a particular proficiency level, a student must correctly answer a majority of items at that level. Students were classified into science proficiency levels according to their scores. Exact cut scores are as follows: below level 1 (a score less than or equal to 334.94); level 1 (a score greater than 334.94 and less than or equal to 409.54); level 2 (a score greater than 409.54 and less than or equal to 484.14); level 3 (a score greater than 484.14 and less than or equal to 558.73); level 4 (a score greater than 558.73 and less than or equal to 633.33); level 5 (a score greater than 633.33 and less than or equal to 707.93); and level 6 (a score greater than 707.93). Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. The OECD average is the average of the national percentages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems. Results for Connecticut, Florida, and Massachusetts are for public school students only. This figure corresponds to figure 2 in *Performance of U.S. 15-Year-Old Students in Mathematics, Science, and Reading Literacy in an International Context* (NCES 2014-024).

[#] Rounds to zero.

[!] Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable due to high coefficient of variation.

[‡] Reporting standards not met.

 $^{^{*}}$ p < .05. Significantly different from the U.S. percentage at the .05 level of statistical significance.

Table S1b. Percentage of 15-year-old students performing at PISA science literacy proficiency levels 5 and above and below level 2, by education system: 2012

	Below level 2	Below level 2		ove		Below level 2		Levels 5 and above		
Education system	Percent s.e.		Percent s.e.		Education system	Percent s.e.		. Percent s.e.		
OECD average	17.8	0.18	8.4	0.12						
Shanghai-China	2.7 *	0.41	27.2 *	1.32	Spain	15.7	0.71	4.8 *	0.29	
Singapore	9.6 *	0.51	22.7 *	0.81	Croatia	17.3	0.93	4.6 *	0.79	
Japan	8.5 *	0.88	18.2 *	1.21	Portugal	19.0	1.44	4.5 *	0.55	
Finland	7.7 *	0.58	17.1 *	0.66	Latvia	12.4 *	0.96	4.4 *	0.51	
Hong Kong-China	5.6 *	0.62	16.7 *	1.05	Russian Federation	18.8	1.15	4.3 *	0.59	
Australia	13.6 *	0.48	13.6 *	0.55	Bulgaria	36.9 *	2.02	3.1 *	0.58	
New Zealand	16.3	0.86	13.4 *	0.69	United Arab Emirates	35.2 *	1.30	2.5 *	0.27	
Estonia	5.0 *	0.45	12.8 *	0.73	Greece	25.5 *	1.47	2.5 *	0.40	
Germany	12.2 *	0.90	12.2 *	0.95	Cyprus	38.0 *	0.67	2.0 *	0.29	
Netherlands	13.1 *	1.12	11.8 *	1.06	Turkey	26.4 *	1.50	1.8 *	0.36	
Korea, Republic of	6.6 *	0.77	11.7 *	1.13	Serbia, Republic of	35.0 *	1.81	1.7 *	0.36	
Canada	10.4 *	0.47	11.3 *	0.55	Qatar	62.6 *	0.53	1.5 *	0.12	
United Kingdom	15.0	1.07	11.2 *	0.79	Uruguay	46.9 *	1.25	1.0 *	0.25	
Poland	9.0 *	0.75	10.8 *	1.01	Chile	34.5 *	1.58	1.0 *	0.15	
Ireland	11.1 *	0.88	10.7 *	0.58	Thailand	33.6 *	1.56	0.9 *	0.27	
Liechtenstein	10.4 *	1.96	10.1	1.80	Romania	37.3 *	1.64	0.9 !*	0.29	
Slovenia	12.9 *	0.56	9.6 *	0.72	Albania	53.1 *	1.20	0.4 !*	0.13	
Switzerland	12.8 *	0.72	9.3	0.77	Montenegro, Republic of	50.7 *	0.72	0.4 !*	0.14	
Belgium	17.6	0.84	9.3 *	0.46	Malaysia	45.5 *	1.55	0.3 !*	0.12	
Chinese Taipei	9.8 *	0.77	8.3	0.61	Brazil	53.7 *	1.14	0.3 !*	0.10	
Luxembourg	22.2 *	0.63	8.2	0.54	Jordan	49.6 *	1.55	‡	†	
Vietnam	6.7 *	1.09	8.1	1.09	Argentina	50.9 *	2.21	0.2 !*	0.10	
France	18.7	1.01	7.9	0.77	Costa Rica	39.3 *	1.75	0.2 !*	0.10	
Austria	15.8	1.00	7.9	0.70	Kazakhstan	41.9 *	1.83	0.2 !*	0.09	
Czech Republic	13.8 *	1.13	7.6	0.58	Mexico	47.0 *	0.81	0.1 !*	0.04	
Norway	19.6	1.10	7.5	0.57	Colombia	56.2 *	1.61	‡	t	
United States	18.1	1.33	7.5	0.74	Tunisia	55.3 *	1.87	‡	†	
Denmark	16.7	0.97	6.8	0.70	Indonesia	66.6 *	2.20	‡	†	
Macao-China	8.8 *	0.46	6.7	0.36	Peru	68.5 *	1.95	±	†	
Sweden	22.2 *	1.11	6.3	0.50						
Italy	18.7	0.68	6.1	0.41						
Hungary	18.0	1.14	5.9	0.75						
Israel	28.9 *	1.67	5.8	0.65	U.S. state education systems					
Iceland	24.0 *	0.78	5.2 *	0.61	Massachusetts	11.5 *	1.18	14.2 *	1.94	
Lithuania	16.1	1.08	5.1 *	0.49	Connecticut	13.5 *	1.70	12.9 *	1.34	
Slovak Republic	26.9 *	1.58	4.9 *	0.72	Florida	21.3	2.15	5.5	1.05	

‡ Reporting standards not met.

**P < 0.5. Singlificantly different from the U.S. percentage at the .05 level of statistical significance.

**NOTE: Education systems are ordered by 2012 percentages of 15-year-olds in levels 5 and above. To reach a particular proficiency level, a student must correctly answer a majority of items at that level.

**Students were classified into science proficiency levels according to their scores. Exact cut scores are as follows: below level 1 (a score less than or equal to 334, 94); level 1 (a score greater than 334, 94 and less than or equal to 498.54); level 2 (a score greater than 499.54 and less than or equal to 498.54); level 3 (a score greater than 484.14 and less than or equal to 558.73); level 4 (a score greater than 558.73 and less than or equal to 633.33); level 5 (a score greater than 533.33 and less than or equal to 707.39); and level 6 (a score greater than 707.93). Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. The OECD average is the average of the national percentages of the OECD member countries, with each country with each country with each country work of the countries and education systems. Results for Connecticut, Florida, and Massachusetts are for public school students only. This table corresponds to figure 2 in Performance of U.S. 15-Year-Old Students in Mathematics, Science, and Reading Literacy in an International Context (NCES 2014-024).

SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2012.

Thot applicable.

Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable due to high coefficient of variation.

Reporting standards not met.

Table S2. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale, by education system: 2012

Education system	Average score	s.e.	Education system	Average score	s.e.
OECD average	501	0.5			
Shanghai-China	580 🗘	3.0	Russian Federation	486 🐨	2.9
Hong Kong-China	555 🗘	2.6	Sweden	485 🐨	3.0
Singapore	551 🗘	1.5	Iceland	478 🐨	2.1
Japan	547 🔿	3.6	Slovak Republic	471 🐨	3.6
Finland	545 🗘	2.2	Israel	470 🐨	5.0
Estonia	541 🔿	1.9	Greece	467 🐨	3.1
Korea, Republic of	538 🗘	3.7	Turkey	463 🐨	3.9
Vietnam	528 🗘	4.3	United Arab Emirates	448 🐨	2.8
Poland	526 🗘	3.1	Bulgaria	446 🐨	4.8
Canada	525 🗘	1.9	Chile	445 🐨	2.9
Liechtenstein	525 🗘	3.5	Serbia, Republic of	445 🐨	3.4
Germany	524 🗘	3.0	Thailand	444 🐨	2.9
Chinese Taipei	523 🗘	2.3	Romania	439 🐨	3.3
Netherlands	522 🗘	3.5	Cyprus	438 🐨	1.2
Ireland	522 🗘	2.5	Costa Rica	429 🐨	2.9
Australia	521 🗘	1.8	Kazakhstan	425 🐨	3.0
Macao-China	521 🗘	0.8	Malaysia	420 🐨	3.0
New Zealand	516 🗘	2.1	Uruguay	416 🐨	2.8
Switzerland	515 🗘	2.7	Mexico	415 🐨	1.3
Slovenia	514 🗘	1.3	Montenegro, Republic of	410 🐨	1.1
United Kingdom	514 🗘	3.4	Jordan	409 🐨	3.1
Czech Republic	508 🗘	3.0	Argentina	406 🛡	3.9
Austria	506	2.7	Brazil	405 🐨	2.1
Belgium	505	2.1	Colombia	399 👽	3.1
Latvia	502	2.8	Tunisia	398 👽	3.5
France	499	2.6	Albania	397 👽	2.4
Denmark	498	2.7	Qatar	384 🐨	0.7
United States	497	3.8	Indonesia	382 🕡	3.8
Spain	496	1.8	Peru	373 🗑	3.6
Lithuania	496	2.6			
Norway	495	3.1			
Hungary	494	2.9	U.S. state education		
Italy	494	1.9	systems		
Croatia	491	3.1	Massachusetts	527 🗘	6.0
Luxembourg	491	1.3	Connecticut	521 🗘	5.7
Portugal	489	3.7	Florida	485	6.4

Average score is higher than U.S. average score.

NOTE: Education systems are ordered by 2012 average score. The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. All average scores reported as higher or lower than the U.S. average score are different at the .05 level of statistical significance. Standard error is noted by s.e. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems. Results for Connecticut, Florida, and Massachusetts are for public school students only. This table corresponds to table 2 in *Performance of U.S. 15-Year-Old Students in Mathematics, Science, and Reading Literacy in an International Context* (NCES 2014-024).

Average score is lower than U.S. average score.

Table S3. Cut scores of 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale at selected percentiles and percentile cut score gaps, by education system: 2012

=	10th		25th		50th		Percentile 75th		90th		90th to 10th	
Education system	Cut score	s.e.	Cut score	s.e.	Cut score	s.e.	Cut score	s.e.	Cut score	s.e.	Cut score g	
OECD average	380	0.8	439	0.6	504	0.6	566	0.6	619	0.6	239	
Indonesia	297	4.9	336	3.8	380	3.7	427	4.7	471	6.0	174	
Costa Rica	341	3.3	382	3.6	428	3.2	476	3.6	520	4.9	180	
Mexico	325	2.1	368	1.6	415	1.4	462	1.5	505	1.9	180	▼ :
Kazakhstan	330	3.6	375	3.4	425	3.4	475	3.5	521	3.8	190	♥ :
Thailand	349	3.4	392	2.6	441	3.2	494	3.8	544	5.4	195	▼ (
Colombia	302	4.6	347	3.4	398	3.2	449	3.5	497	4.0	196	
Vietnam	428	7.0	478	5.2	531	4.2	580	4.0	625	5.5	197	
Peru	275	3.8	321	3.4	372	3.8	425	4.4	475	5.4	200	
Brazil	306	2.3	351	2.0	402	2.3	456	2.8	507	3.7	201	
Tunisia	296	4.6	345	4.1	399	3.8	452	4.1	497	5.1	201	
Malaysia	319	3.4	365	3.4	419	3.1	473	3.6	521	4.3	202	
Romania Macao-China	340 416	3.2 2.7	383 469	3.4 1.9	435 524	3.6 1.6	492 575	4.6 1.7	543 619	5.1 1.8	202	
Macao-China Latvia	400	4.5	449	3.2	504	3.3	557	3.6	603	3.2	203	
Estonia	439	3.3	487	2.7	541	2.3	597	2.6	645	3.1	206	
Korea, Republic of	431	4.9	485	4.0	542	3.8	595	4.1	639	4.3	208	
Chile	343	3.8	388	3.3	442	3.4	500	3.6	552	3.7	209	
Shanghai-China	472	5.4	527	3.7	587	3.3	639	3.2	681	3.2	209	
Hong Kong-China	446	5.1	505	3.8	562	2.8	613	3.0	655	3.4	210	
Turkey	363	3.5	407	3.5	458	4.3	518	5.8	573	6.3	210	
Jordan	303	4.4	355	3.6	410	3.2	466	3.4	514	4.2	211	
Chinese Taipei	411	4.3	469	3.8	529	2.9	582	2.4	626	2.2	215	▼ .
Argentina	297	5.1	350	4.6	407	4.8	464	4.7	513	4.7	216	▼ (
Russian Federation	377	4.1	428	3.6	487	3.1	544	3.3	596	4.9	218	
Montenegro, Republic of	302	2.9	352	1.4	408	1.6	468	2.2	522	2.3	220	
Lithuania	383	4.0	438	3.2	498	2.9	555	3.0	605	3.6	221	
Spain	384	3.1	440	2.3	500	2.2	557	1.8	605	2.0	221	
Croatia	380	4.0	433	3.3	492	3.5	551	4.2	602	5.2	222	
Poland	415	4.0	467	3.3	526	3.3	584	4.0	637	5.0	222	
Serbia, Republic of	333	5.2	385	4.5	443	3.8	504	3.5	558	3.9	224	
Greece	352	5.1	408 464	4.5 8.4	469	3.7	528 588	3.5	578	3.6	225	4.
Liechtenstein Czech Republic	408 392	10.0 5.5	449	4.0	526 512	8.8 3.2	572	8.2 3.2	635 622	9.3 3.7	227 230	1:
Portugal	372	5.6	430	4.8	492	4.1	551	3.6	602	3.6	231	·
Canada	407	2.7	467	2.1	528	2.4	588	2.4	639	2.5	232	,
Ireland	404	4.8	462	3.1	525	2.6	586	2.4	637	2.6	233	
Hungary	376	4.6	432	4.3	497	3.2	558	3.5	610	4.7	233	
Slovenia	397	3.5	451	2.2	515	1.9	578	2.0	631	3.2	235	
Switzerland	394	3.4	455	3.8	519	3.3	579	3.1	630	3.3	236	
Denmark	378	4.3	438	3.8	502	3.0	563	3.2	615	4.1	238	
Finland	424	3.9	486	2.8	550	2.5	609	2.4	662	2.9	238	
Italy	371	2.8	431	2.5	497	2.2	559	2.0	611	2.5	240	
Austria	383	5.3	442	3.5	510	3.3	571	3.1	623	3.4	240	
United States	377	4.9	431	4.4	498	4.3	563	4.2	619	4.5	242	
Japan	421	6.4	485	4.5	553	3.9	614	3.6	664	4.3	243	
United Arab Emirates	328	3.2	382	3.5	447	3.3	512	3.5	572	3.4	244	
Germany	397	4.8	461	3.8	529	3.7	592	3.1	642	3.9	245	
Albania	271 293	5.2	340 352	3.5	403 417	2.7	464 480	3.0	517	3.3	245 245	
Uruguay	313	4.2 2.9	373	3.8 2.0	417	3.1 1.8	503	3.4 2.4	538 561	4.3 2.5	245	
Cyprus Netherlands	393	2.9 5.4	458	5.0	528	4.5	503 591	3.9	641	2.5 4.1	248	
Norway	365	5.2	429	3.7	498	3.5	564	3.3	620	3.4	254	·
United Kingdom	384	4.9	448	4.6	518	3.6	584	3.5	639	3.9	255	ì
Iceland	348	3.4	413	2.5	481	2.8	548	3.2	603	3.7	255	
France	366	6.0	433	3.4	506	3.1	570	3.0	622	4.1	256	
Sweden	354	4.7	419	4.1	488	3.4	554	3.2	611	3.4	257	
Australia	391	2.6	453	2.1	524	1.9	592	2.5	650	2.7	259	
Slovak Republic	339	5.7	403	5.2	474	4.8	542	4.0	599	4.9	260	
Belgium	369	4.5	439	3.1	514	2.3	579	2.0	630	2.1	261	0
Bulgaria	315	5.3	374	5.6	447	5.6	519	5.1	580	6.1	265	
Singapore	412	3.2	480	2.6	558	2.2	627	2.6	681	3.4	269	
Luxembourg	355	3.1	419	2.2	494	1.6	566	1.9	624	2.9	269	
New Zealand	377	4.5	444	3.0	518	3.0	591	3.1	649	3.0	272	
Qatar	254	1.4	309	1.3	374	1.1	453	1.6	530	2.4	275	
Israel	328	6.4	396	5.7	473	6.1	548	5.7	608	5.4	281	0 ;
	266	7.2	/21	7.5	/OE	7.1	E40	8.2	604	7.3	າາດ	11
U.S. state education systems Florida Massachusetts	366 403	7.2 5.6	421 460	7.5 6.5	485 528	7.1 7.5	549 594	8.2 7.9	604 654	7.3 9.4	239 251	10

Connecticut Step 9.5 455 8.5 523 6.6 588 5.7 547 6.0 258 71.2

© Cut score gap is larger than the U.S. percentile cut score gap.

© Cut score gap is larger than the U.S. percentile cut score gap.

© Cut score gap is smaller than the U.S. percentile cut score gap.

© Cut score gap is smaller than the U.S. percentile cut score gap.

NOTE: This table shows the threshold (or cut) scores for the following: (a) 10th percentile- the bottom 10 percent of students: (b) 25th percentile- the bottom 25 percent of students; (c) 50th percentile- the median (half the students score above the cut score and half scored above it); (d) 75th percentile- the top 25 percent of students; (e) 90th percentile- the top 10 percent of students. The percentile ranges are specific to each education system's distribution of scores, enabling users to compare cut scores across education systems. Education systems are ordered by cut score gap. The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. Standard error is noted by s.e. Italiais indicate non-DECD countries and education systems. Percentile is indicate non-DECD countries and education systems. Percentile is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. Standard error is noted by s.e. Italiais indicate non-DECD countries and education systems. Results for Connecticut, Florida, and Massachusetts are for public school students only.

SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2012.

Figure S2a. Difference in average scores of 15-year-old female and male students on PISA science literacy scale, by education system: 2012

of females

20

30

10



National Center for Education Statistics
Table S2b. Difference in average scores of 15-year-old female and male students on PISA science literacy scale, by education system: 2012

Education system Male-female difference s.e

on PISA science literacy scale, by education syste		
Education system OECD average	Male-female difference	s.e. 0.6
Belgium	#	†
Germany	 -1	3.0
Singapore	-1	2.6
Israel	-1	7.6
Czech Republic	1	4.0
Chinese Taipei	1	6.4
Tunisia Vietnam	1	2.9 2.8
Uruguay	-1	3.4
Macao-China	-1	1.7
Brazil	2	1.7
United States	-2	2.7
Portugal	-2	2.6
Croatia	-2	3.8
Estonia	-2	2.7
France	-2	3.7
Poland	-3	3.0
Italy Canada	3	2.5 2.1
Iceland	-3	3.6
Indonesia	-3	3.1
Hungary	3	3.3
Netherlands	3	2.9
Korea, Republic of	3	5.1
Norway	-4	3.2
Ireland	4	4.4
Serbia, Republic of	-4	3.9
New Zealand	5	4.9
Australia	5	3.0
Shanghai-China	5	2.7
Romania	-5	3.2
Russian Federation	-6	2.9
Peru	6	4.0
Switzerland	6 * 6 *	2.6
Mexico	7	1.1 4.2
Hong Kong-China Argentina	-7	3.4
Chile	7 *	3.3
Albania	-7 *	3.2
Slovak Republic	7	4.5
Sweden	-7 *	3.3
Spain	7 *	2.1
Kazakhstan	-9 *	2.9
Austria	9	5.0
Slovenia	-9 *	2.8
Denmark	10 *	2.7
Turkey	-10 *	4.2
Japan	11 *	4.3
Malaysia Sira	-11 *	3.5
Costa Rica	12 *	3.2
Cyprus	-13 *	2.5
United Kingdom Greece	13 * -13 *	4.7 3.1
Lithuania	-15 *	2.3
Luxembourg	15 *	2.2
Latvia	-15 *	3.6
Finland	-16 *	3.0
Montenegro, Republic of	-17 *	2.4
Liechtenstein	17	9.1
Colombia	18 *	3.4
Thailand	-19 *	3.4
Bulgaria	-20 *	4.5
United Arab Emirates	-28 *	5.1
Qatar	-35 *	1.7
Jordan	-43 *	6.4
IIS state education systems		
U.S. state education systems Massachusetts	3	4.6
Florida	13 *	4.8

Massachusetts
Florida

^{13 *} 14 * 4.8 4.5

Differences were computed using unrounded numbers. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. The OECD average is the average of the national average differences of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Standard error is noted by se. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems. Results for Connecticut, Florida, and Massachusetts are for public school students

[†] Not applicable.

Rounds to zero.

*p < .05. All differences between males and females are significantly different at the .05 level of statistical significance.

NOTE: Education systems are ordered by absolute male-female difference in 2012 average score.

Table S4. Percentage distribution of U.S. 15-year-old public school students on PISA science literacy scale, by proficiency level and percentage of students in enrolled schools

eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, based on principals' reports: 2012

Percent of students eligible for free Below level 1 Level 1 Level 2 or reduced-price lunch Percent 4.2 Percent 14.0 Percent 26.7 Percent 28.9 Percent 18.8 Percent 6.3 Percent 1.1 s.e s.e s.e. 1.08 1.08 1.07 1.07 0.64 0.20 3.54 2.25 Less than 10 percent 3.2 !* 1.45 16.1 * 3.01 31.7 2.89 30.0 * 15.7 * 3.39 2.9 ! 1.26 20.1 * 2.0 !* 0.71 26.5 * 10 to 24.9 percent 8.7 1.56 1.46 2.26 10.0 1.99 1.9 ! 0.76 30.8 25 to 49.9 percent 50 to 74.9 percent 1.69 24.2 *** 15.5 * 1.5 !* 0.57 8.5 * 1.25 24.4 1.80 30.6 2.03 9.1 1.28 1.7 0.55 30.0 2.13 4.6 0.94 16.0 1.85 30.0 1.65 3.3 0.60 ‡ 75 percent or more 10.2 1.98 2.97 33.2 21.5 2.99 1.38 26.4 2.20 6.7 ± OECD average 0.09 13.0 0.04

Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable due to high coefficient of variation.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

* p < 0.5. Significantly different from both the U.S. and OECD averages at the .05 level of statistical significance.

** p < 0.5. Significantly different from the OECD average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

** p < 0.5. Significantly different from the U.S. average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

** p < 0.5. Significantly different from the U.S. average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

** NOTE: To reach a particular proficiency level, a student must correctly answer a majority of items at that level. Students were classified into science literacy levels according to their scores. Exact cut scores are as follows: below level 1 (a score less than or equal to 334.94); level 1 (a score greater than 349.94) and less than or equal to 499.54); level 2 (a score greater than 499.54 and less than or equal to 484.14); level 3 (a score greater than 484.14 and less than or equal to 558.73); level 4 (a score greater than 558.73 and less than or equal to 633.33 and less than or equal to 707.93); and level 6 (a score greater than 707.93). Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. The National School Lunch Program provides free or reduced-price lunch for students meeting certain income guidelines. The percentage of students receiving such lunch is an indicator of the socioeconomic level of families served by the school. Data in this table are based on principals' responses to a question in the school during the previous school very. Detail many the part of the particular school of the pational percentages of the OECD member prounties, with each country weighted equally. Standard error is noted by se. Free program-proving schools only. Detail many the provious school percentage of the pational percentages of the OECD average is the average of the national percentages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Standard error is noted by s.e. Free or reduced-price lunch data are for public schools only. Detail may not sum to totals because of SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2012.

[†] Not applicable.

[!] Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable due to high coefficient of variation

s.e. Free or reduced-price lunch data are for public schools only.

Table S5. Average scores of U.S. 15-year-old public school students on PISA science literacy scale, by percentage of students in enrolled schools eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, based on principals' reports: 2012

Percent of students eligible for free or reduced-price lunch	Average score	s.e.
U.S. average	497	3.8
Less than 10 percent	556 *	7.0
10 to 24.9 percent	528 *	6.5
25 to 49.9 percent	523 *	5.6
50 to 74.9 percent	483 *	5.0
75 percent or more	442 *	8.1
OECD average	501	0.5

^{*} p <.05. Significantly different from both the U.S. and OECD averages at the .05 level of statistical significance.

NOTE: Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. The National School Lunch Program provides free or reduced-price lunch for students meeting certain income guidelines. The percentage of students receiving such lunch is an indicator of the socioeconomic level of families served by the school. Data in this table are based on principals' responses to a question in the school questionnaire that asked the approximate percentage of eligible students in the school during the previous school year. The OECD average is the average of the national percentages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Standard error is noted by

Table S6. Percentage distribution of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale, by proficiency level and race/ethnicity: 2012

	Below level	1	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 4		Level 5		Level 6	
Race/ethnicity	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.
U.S. average	4.2	0.54	14.0	1.08	26.7	1.08	28.9	1.07	18.8	1.07	6.3	0.64	1.1	0.20
White	1.2 !*	0.41	7.5 *	0.84	21.9 *	1.19	33.0 *	1.23	25.6 *	1.28	9.1 *	0.93	1.6 ***	0.35
Black	11.6 *	1.82	26.4 *	2.41	33.3 *	2.67	18.5 *	2.21	9.0 *	1.97	‡	†	‡	†
Hispanic	6.4 ***	1.14	20.7 *	1.96	34.5 *	1.66	26.0 ***	2.00	9.9 *	1.13	2.2 !*	0.75	‡	†
Asian	#	†	5.7 *	1.67	15.6 *	3.50	31.8	4.32	29.1 ***	5.21	12.3	3.55	3.8 !	1.85
Multiracial	2.0 !*	0.94	11.1 !	3.65	25.0	4.60	33.1	4.02	18.7	3.52	9.4	2.22	‡	+
OECD average	4.8	0.09	13.0	0.14	24.5	0.16	28.8	0.17	20.5	0.15	7.2	0.10	1.2	0.04

OECD average 4.8 0.09 13.0 0.14 24.5 0.16 28.8 0.17 20.5 0.15 7.2 0.10 1.2 0.04

† Not applicable.

I hoterproted tals with caution. Estimate is unstable due to high coefficient of variation.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

*p < 0.5 Significantly different from both the U.S. and OECD averages at the .05 level of statistical significance.

**** p < 0.5 Significantly different from the OECD average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

**** p < 0.5 Significantly different from the U.S. average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

**** p < 0.5 Significantly different from the U.S. average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

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**** p < 0.5 Significantly different from the U.S. average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

**** p

Table S7. Average scores of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy

scale, by race/ethnicity: 2012

Race/ethnicity	Average score	s.e.
U.S. average	497	3.8
White	528 *	3.7
Black	439 *	6.8
Hispanic	462 *	4.7
Asian	546 *	8.6
Multiracial	511 ***	7.8
OECD average	501	0.5

 $^{^*}$ p < .05. Significantly different from both the U.S. and OECD averages at the .05 level of statistical significance.

^{***} p <.05. Significantly different from the U.S. average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

NOTE: Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. Reporting standards were not met for American Indian/Alaska Native and Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander. Black includes African American, and Hispanic includes Latino. Students who identified themselves as being of Hispanic origin were classified as Hispanic, regardless of their race. Although data for some race/ethnicities were not shown separately because the reporting standards were not met, they are included in the U.S. and state totals. The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Standard error is noted by s.e.

Exhibit R1. Description of PISA proficiency levels on reading literacy scale: 2012

Proficiency level and lower cut score	Task descriptions
Level 6 698	At level 6, tasks typically require the reader to make multiple inferences, comparisons, and contrasts that are both detailed and precise. They require demonstration of a full and detailed understanding of one or more texts and may involve integrating information from more than one text. Tasks may require the reader to deal with unfamiliar ideas, in the presence of prominent competing information, and to generate abstract categories for interpretations. <i>Reflect and evaluate</i> tasks may require the reader to hypothesize about or critically evaluate a complex text on an unfamiliar topic, taking into account multiple criteria or perspectives, and applying sophisticated understandings from beyond the text. A salient condition for <i>access and retrieve</i> tasks at this level is precision of analysis and fine attention to detail that is inconspicuous in the texts.
Level 5 626	At level 5, tasks that involve retrieving information require the reader to locate and organize several pieces of deeply embedded information, inferring which information in the text is relevant. Reflective tasks require critical evaluation or hypothesis, drawing on specialized knowledge. Both interpretative and reflective tasks require a full and detailed understanding of a text whose content or form is unfamiliar. For all aspects of reading, tasks at this level typically involve dealing with concepts that are contrary to expectations.
Level 4 553	At level 4, tasks that involve retrieving information require the reader to locate and organize several pieces of embedded information. Some tasks at this level require interpreting the meaning of nuances of language in a section of text by taking into account the text as a whole. Other interpretative tasks require understanding and applying categories in an unfamiliar context. Reflective tasks at this level require readers to use formal or public knowledge to hypothesize about or critically evaluate a text. Readers must demonstrate an accurate understanding of long or complex texts whose content or form may be unfamiliar.
Level 3 480	At level 3, tasks require the reader to locate, and in some cases recognize the relationship between, several pieces of information that must meet multiple conditions. Interpretative tasks at this level require the reader to integrate several parts of a text in order to identify a main idea, understand a relationship, or construe the meaning of a word or phrase. They need to take into account many features in comparing, contrasting or categorizing. Often the required information is not prominent or there is much competing information; or there are other text obstacles, such as ideas that are contrary to expectation or negatively worded. Reflective tasks at this level may require connections, comparisons, and explanations, or they may require the reader to evaluate a feature of the text. Some reflective tasks require readers to demonstrate a fine understanding of the text in relation to familiar, everyday knowledge. Other tasks do not require detailed text comprehension but require the reader to draw on less common knowledge.
Level 2 407	At level 2, some tasks require the reader to locate one or more pieces of information, which may need to be inferred and may need to meet several conditions. Others require recognizing the main idea in a text, understanding relationships, or construing meaning within a limited part of the text when the information is not prominent and the reader must make low level inferences. Tasks at this level may involve comparisons or contrasts based on a single feature in the text. Typical reflective tasks at this level require readers to make a comparison or several connections between the text and outside knowledge, by drawing on personal experience and attitudes.
Level 1a 335	At level 1a, tasks require the reader to locate one or more independent pieces of explicitly stated information; to recognize the main theme or author's purpose in a text about a familiar topic, or to make a simple connection between information in the text and common, everyday knowledge. Typically, the required information in the text is prominent and there is little, if any, competing information. The reader is explicitly directed to consider relevant factors in the task and in the text.
Level 1b 262	At level 1b, tasks require the reader to locate a single piece of explicitly stated information in a prominent position in a short, syntactically simple text with a familiar context and text type, such as a narrative or a simple list. The text typically provides support to the reader, such as repetition of information, pictures, or familiar symbols. There is minimal competing information. In tasks requiring interpretation the reader may need to make simple connections between adjacent pieces of information.

NOTE: To reach a particular proficiency level, a student must correctly answer a majority of items at that level. Students were classified into reading literacy levels according to their scores. Cut scores in the exhibit are rounded; exact cut scores are provided in table AA1. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000.

Table R1. Percentage distribution of 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale, by proficiency level and education system: 2012

Table R1. Percentage distribut	Below leve		Level 1		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 4	ı	Level 5		Level 6	8
Education system	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	
OECD average	1.3	0.05	4.4	0.08	12.3	0.13	23.5	0.16	29.1	0.17	21.0	0.16	7.3	0.10	1.1	0.04
Albania	12.0	0.84	15.9	1.00	24.4	1.23	24.7	1.01	15.9	0.73	5.9	0.61	1.1	0.24	‡	†
Argentina	8.1	0.80	17.7	1.20	27.7	1.34	27.3	1.12	14.6	0.91	4.0	0.57	0.5 !	0.15	#	†
Australia	0.9	0.11	3.1	0.21	10.2	0.42	21.6	0.47	29.1	0.53	23.3	0.51	9.8	0.46	1.9	0.19
Austria	8.0	0.24	4.8	0.64	13.8	0.84	24.2	0.89	29.6	0.92	21.2	0.94	5.2	0.59	0.3	0.10
Belgium	1.6	0.33	4.1	0.38	10.5	0.57	20.2	0.60	27.3	0.72	24.0	0.61	10.7	0.51	1.6	0.19
Brazil	4.0	0.36	14.8	0.64	30.4	0.79	30.1	0.77	15.8	0.63	4.4	0.37	0.5	0.12	# .	†
Bulgaria	8.0	1.07	12.8	1.15	18.6	1.10	22.2	1.16	21.4	1.10	12.7	1.03	3.8	0.56	0.5 !	0.18
Canada	0.5	0.09	2.4	0.19	8.0	0.36	19.4	0.55	31.0	0.72	25.8	0.59	10.8	0.53	2.1	0.22
Chile	1.0	0.19	8.1	0.79	23.9	1.08	35.1	1.08	24.3	1.06	6.9	0.62	0.6	0.11	#	†
Chinese Taipei	0.6	0.15	2.5	0.32	8.4	0.65	18.1	0.83	29.9	0.92	28.7	1.01	10.4	0.73	1.4	0.32
Colombia	5.0	0.76	15.4	0.98	31.0	1.29	30.5	1.22	14.5	0.91	3.2	0.50	0.3 !	0.12	‡	†
Costa Rica	0.8 !	0.24	7.3	1.02	24.3	1.25	38.1	1.40	22.9	1.42	6.0	0.78	0.6 !	0.19	‡	1
Croatia	0.7 !	0.25	4.0	0.59	13.9 17.0	0.97	27.8 25.1	1.07	31.2	1.24	17.8	1.09	4.2	0.66	0.2 !	0.11 0.12
Cyprus Czech Republic	6.1 0.6 !	0.32 0.27	9.7 3.5	0.44 0.56	12.7	0.61 0.94	26.4	0.78 1.30	24.9 31.3	0.75 1.23	13.2 19.4	0.64 1.13	3.5 5.3	0.34 0.49	0.5 0.8	0.12
Denmark	0.8 !	0.30	3.1	0.39	10.7	0.94	25.8	0.92	33.6	0.85	20.5	0.86	5.1	0.49	0.4 !	0.10
Estonia	U.O !	0.30	1.3	0.39	7.7	0.77	22.7	0.94	35.0	1.06	24.9	1.08	7.5	0.56	0.4 1	0.12
Finland	0.7	0.16	2.4	0.20	8.2	0.57	19.1	0.81	29.3	0.70	26.8	0.84	11.3	0.60	2.2	0.76
France	2.1	0.10	4.9	0.43	11.9	0.70	18.9	0.85	26.3	0.70	23.0	0.67	10.6	0.62	2.3	0.20
Germany	0.5 1	0.40	3.3	0.40	10.7	0.70	22.1	0.03	29.9	0.86	24.6	0.88	8.3	0.64	0.7 !	0.23
Greece	2.6	0.10	5.9	0.60	14.2	0.83	25.1	1.06	30.0	1.02	17.2	1.19	4.6	0.59	0.7	0.23
Hong Kong-China	0.2 !	0.09	1.3	0.24	5.3	0.63	14.3	0.79	29.2	1.02	32.9	1.19	14.9	1.00	1.9	0.13
Hungary	0.2 !	0.09	5.2	0.64	13.8	0.88	24.3	1.17	29.2	1.00	20.4	1.05	5.3	0.68	0.4 !	0.13
Iceland	2.3	0.33	5.4	0.47	13.3	0.63	24.7	0.92	29.9	1.00	18.6	1.12	5.2	0.41	0.6 !	0.13
Indonesia	4.1	0.81	16.3	1.28	34.8	1.56	31.6	1.54	11.5	1.28	1.5 !	0.53	‡	+	±	+
Ireland	0.3 !	0.13	1.9	0.35	7.5	0.69	19.6	1.19	33.4	1.17	26.0	0.90	10.1	0.67	1.3	0.35
Israel	3.8	0.59	6.9	0.74	12.9	0.96	20.8	0.87	25.3	0.81	20.6	1.03	8.1	0.77	1.5	0.30
Italy	1.6	0.15	5.2	0.29	12.7	0.48	23.7	0.57	29.7	0.53	20.5	0.62	6.1	0.33	0.6	0.07
Japan	0.6	0.16	2.4	0.37	6.7	0.67	16.6	0.89	26.7	0.98	28.4	1.08	14.6	0.99	3.9	0.59
Jordan	7.5	0.84	14.9	0.79	28.3	1.01	30.8	1.14	15.5	0.83	2.9	0.63	±	+	‡	+
Kazakhstan	4.2	0.47	17.3	1.24	35.6	1.15	31.3	1.12	10.4	0.87	1.2	0.24	Ĭ	÷	Ī	÷
Korea, Republic of	0.4	0.13	1.7	0.39	5.5	0.60	16.4	0.94	30.8	1.00	31.0	1.06	12.6	1.05	1.6	0.32
Latvia	0.7 !	0.24	3.7	0.54	12.6	0.96	26.7	1.31	33.1	1.05	19.1	0.88	3.9	0.56	0.3 !	0.11
Liechtenstein	#	t	‡	t	10.5	1.85	22.4	3.44	28.6	4.53	25.7	2.44	10.4	2.44	‡	t
Lithuania	1.0	0.19	4.6	0.49	15.6	1.06	28.1	1.13	31.1	0.94	16.3	0.78	3.1	0.35	0.2 !	0.07
Luxembourg	2.0	0.21	6.3	0.33	13.8	0.81	23.4	0.71	25.8	0.64	19.7	0.64	7.5	0.35	1.4	0.20
Macao-China	0.3 !	0.11	2.1	0.22	9.0	0.42	23.3	0.58	34.3	0.67	24.0	0.60	6.4	0.48	0.6 !	0.21
Malaysia	5.8	0.59	16.4	1.03	30.5	0.99	31.0	1.09	13.6	1.11	2.5	0.45	‡	†	‡	†
Mexico	2.6	0.22	11.0	0.53	27.5	0.70	34.5	0.62	19.6	0.54	4.5	0.25	0.4	0.08	‡	†
Montenegro, Republic of	4.4	0.53	13.2	0.62	25.7	0.94	29.2	0.77	19.9	0.76	6.6	0.53	0.9	0.19	#	†
Netherlands	#	†	2.8	0.49	10.3	0.93	21.0	1.27	29.2	1.32	26.1	1.36	9.0	0.72	8.0	0.19
New Zealand	1.3	0.28	4.0	0.46	11.0	0.67	20.8	0.76	26.3	1.06	22.7	1.06	10.9	0.62	3.0	0.37
Norway	1.7	0.31	3.7	0.36	10.8	0.69	21.9	1.03	29.4	1.35	22.3	1.21	8.5	0.61	1.7	0.31
Peru	9.8	0.87	20.6	1.11	29.5	0.98	24.9	1.02	11.4	0.96	3.3	0.61	0.5 !	0.21	#	†
Poland	0.3 !	0.11	2.1	0.35	8.1	0.74	21.4	0.90	32.0	0.89	26.0	0.96	8.6	0.76	1.4	0.37
Portugal	1.3	0.30	5.1	0.53	12.3	0.98	25.5	1.16	30.2	1.46	19.7	1.07	5.3	0.57	0.5 !	0.15
Qatar	13.6	0.32	18.9	0.48	24.6	0.44	21.9	0.50	13.5	0.43	5.8	0.21	1.4	0.13	0.2	0.05
Romania	2.5	0.38	10.3	0.82	24.4	1.28	30.6	1.12	21.8	1.17	8.7	0.88	1.5	0.35	‡	†
Russian Federation	1.1	0.18	5.2	0.49	16.0	1.03	29.5	1.08	28.3	1.05	15.3	0.93	4.2	0.51	0.5	0.12
Serbia, Republic of	2.6	0.40	9.3	0.73	21.3	1.09	30.8	1.20	23.3	1.15	10.5	0.81	2.0	0.39	0.2 !	0.08
Shanghai-China	. ‡	†	0.3 !	0.11	2.5	0.34	11.0	0.85	25.3	0.85	35.7	1.07	21.3	0.98	3.8	0.65
Singapore	0.5	0.12	1.9	0.27	7.5	0.41	16.7	0.65	25.4	0.66	26.8	0.79	16.2	0.73	5.0	0.43
Slovak Republic	4.1	0.77	7.9	0.80	16.2	1.06	25.0	1.08	26.8	1.38	15.7	0.96	4.1	0.60		†
Slovenia	1.2	0.14	4.9	0.37	15.0	0.71	27.2	0.77	28.4	0.94	18.2	0.63	4.7	0.45	0.3 !	0.12
Spain	1.3	0.17	4.4	0.38	12.6	0.47	25.8	0.81	31.2	0.68	19.2	0.62	5.0	0.30	0.5	0.10
Sweden	2.9	0.39	6.0	0.64	13.9	0.72	23.5	0.88	27.3	0.73	18.6	0.93	6.7	0.53	1.2	0.20
Switzerland	0.5	0.14	2.9	0.34	10.3	0.59	21.9	0.86	31.5	0.71	23.8	0.84	8.2	0.60	1.0	0.25
Thailand	1.2	0.29	7.7	0.77	24.1	0.98	36.0	1.12	23.5	1.13	6.7	0.79	0.8	0.21	‡	†
Tunisia	6.2	0.91	15.5	1.20	27.6	1.31	31.4	1.43	15.6	1.15	3.5	0.69	. ‡	†		†
Turkey	0.6	0.15	4.5	0.57	16.6	1.07	30.8	1.39	28.7	1.34	14.5	1.39	4.1	0.79	0.3 !	0.13
United Arab Emirates	3.3	0.34	10.4	0.65	21.8	0.72	28.6	0.72	24.0	0.77	9.7	0.58	2.1	0.28	0.2 !	0.06
United Kingdom	1.5	0.27	4.0	0.54	11.2	0.79	23.5	1.01	29.9	1.08	21.3	1.14	7.5	0.59	1.3	0.24
United States	0.8 !	0.24	3.6	0.49	12.3	0.89	24.9	0.99	30.5	0.88	20.1	1.08	6.9	0.59	1.0	0.22
Uruguay Vietnam	6.4 ‡	0.70	14.7 1.5 !	0.84 0.48	25.9 7.8	0.88 1.10	28.9 23.7	1.00 1.40	17.4 39.0	0.71 1.47	5.7 23.4	0.62 1.47	0.9 4.2	0.26 0.71	‡ 0.4 !	0.16
	+		! ن.۱	0.40	1.0	1.10	23.1	1.40	38.0	1.47	23.4	1.47	4.2	0.71	0.4 !	0.10
U.S. state education systems Connecticut	±	+	3.2	0.87	9.7	1.26	19.6	1.49	28.2	1.32	24.4	1.83	11.7	1.38	2.9	0.54
Florida	0.7 !	0.31	3.6	0.75	13.2	1.46	25.8	1.56	30.9	1.50	20.4	2.06	4.9	1.00	‡	†
Massachusetts	‡	†	2.3	0.55	8.6	1.19	18.5	1.76	29.8	1.52	24.2	1.82	12.9	1.59	3.2	0.86
+ Not applicable	-											_				

Figure R1a. Percentage of 15-year-old students performing at PISA reading literacy proficiency levels 5 and above and below level 2, by education system: 2012

Education system	Below level 2	i	Levels 5 and above	Education system	Below level 2		Levels and abov
OECD average	18		8				
Shanghai-China	3 *		25 *	Russian Federation	22 *		5
Singapore	10 *		21 *	Vietnam	9 *		5
Japan	10 *		18 *	Croatia	19		4
Hong Kong-China	7 *		17 *	Slovak Republic	28 *		4
Korea, Republic of	8 *		14 *	Turkey	22 *		4
New Zealand	16		14 *	Bulgaria	39 *		4
Finland	11 *		13 *	Latvia	17		4
France	19		13 *	Cyprus	33 *		4
Canada	11 *		13 *	Lithuania	21 *		3
Belgium	16		12 *	Serbia, Republic of	33 *		2
Chinese Taipei	11 *		12 *	United Arab Emirates	36 *		2
Australia	14		12 *	Qatar	57 *		2
Ireland	10 *		11 *	Romania	37 *		2
Liechtenstein	12		11	Albania	52 *		1 '
Norway	16		10 *	Montenegro, Republic of	43 *		1 '
Poland	11 *		10	Uruguay	47 *		1 '
Netherlands	14		10	Thailand	33 *		1 '
Israel	24 *		10	Chile	33 *		1 '
Switzerland	14 *		9	Costa Rica	32 *		1
Germany	14		9	Argentina	54 *		1 '
Luxembourg	22 *		9	Brazil	49 *		1
United Kingdom	17		9	Peru	60 *		#
Estonia	9 *		8	Mexico	41 *		#
United States	17		8	Colombia	51 *		#
Sweden	23 *		8	Tunisia	49 *		‡
Macao-China	11 *		7	Jordan	51 *		#
Italy	20 *		7	Malaysia	53 *		#
Czech Republic	17		6 *	Indonesia	55 *		#
Iceland	21 *		6 *	Kazakhstan	57 *		#
Portugal	19		6 *		0 20	40 60	80
Hungary	20		6 *			Percent	
Spain	18		6 *	U.S. state			
Austria	19		6 *	education systems			
Denmark	15		5 *	Massachusetts	11 *		16
Greece	23 *		5 *	Connecticut	13		15
Slovenia	21 *		5 *	Florida	17		6
	0 20	40 60	80 100		0 20	40 60	80
		Percent				Percent	

Below level 2

NOTE: Education systems are ordered by 2012 percentages of 15-year-olds in levels 5 and above. To reach a particular proficiency level, a student must correctly answer a majority of items at that level. Students were classified into reading proficiency levels according to their scores. Exact cut scores are as follows: below level 1b (a score less than or equal to 262.04); level 1b (a score greater than 334.75 and less than or equal to 407.47); level 2 (a score greater than 407.47 and less than or equal to 480.18); level 3 (a score greater than 480.18 and less than or equal to 552.89); level 4 (a score greater than 525.89) and less than or equal to 625.61); level 5 (a score greater than 625.61 and less than or equal to 698.32); and level 6 (a score greater than 698.32). Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. The OECD average is the average of the national percentages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems. Results for Connecticut, Florida, and Massachusetts are for public school students only. This figure corresponds to figure 3 in Performance of U.S. 15-Year-Old Students in Mathematics, Science, and Reading Literacy in an International Context (NCES 2014-024).

SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2012.

Levels 5 and above

[!] Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable due to high coefficient of variation.

[#] Rounds to zero.

[‡] Reporting standards not met

 $[\]star$ p < .05. Significantly different from the U.S. percentage at the .05 level of statistical significance.

Table R1b. Percentage of 15-year-old students performing at PISA reading literacy proficiency levels 5 and above and below level 2, by education system:

	Below level 2		Levels 5 and abo	ove		Below level 2		Levels 5 and abo	ove
Education system	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Education system	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.
OECD average	18.0	0.18	8.4	0.12					
Shanghai-China	2.9 *	0.39	25.1 *	1.19	Russian Federation	22.3 *	1.29	4.6 *	0.58
Singapore	9.9 *	0.42	21.2 *	0.60	Vietnam	9.4 *	1.43	4.5 *	0.81
Japan	9.8 *	0.92	18.5 *	1.27	Croatia	18.7	1.29	4.4 *	0.69
Hong Kong-China	6.8 *	0.72	16.8 *	1.16	Slovak Republic	28.2 *	1.78	4.4 *	0.68
Korea, Republic of	7.6 *	0.89	14.1 *	1.24	Turkey	21.6 *	1.43	4.3 *	0.85
New Zealand	16.3	0.83	14.0 *	0.77	Bulgaria	39.4 *	2.21	4.3 *	0.64
Finland	11.3 *	0.71	13.5 *	0.64	Latvia	17.0	1.14	4.2 *	0.55
France	18.9	0.98	12.9 *	0.85	Cyprus	32.8 *	0.67	4.0 *	0.32
Canada	10.9 *	0.45	12.9 *	0.62	Lithuania	21.2 *	1.18	3.3 *	0.37
Belgium	16.2	0.77	12.3 *	0.55	Serbia, Republic of	33.1 *	1.66	2.2 *	0.41
Chinese Taipei	11.5 *	0.87	11.8 *	0.84	United Arab Emirates	35.5 *	1.08	2.2 *	0.29
Australia	14.2	0.46	11.7 *	0.54	Qatar	57.1 *	0.42	1.6 *	0.14
Ireland	9.6 *	0.88	11.4 *	0.65	Romania	37.3 *	1.87	1.6 *	0.38
Liechtenstein	12.4	1.88	10.9	2.89	Albania	52.3 *	1.28	1.2 *	0.25
Norway	16.2	1.03	10.2 *	0.74	Montenegro, Republic of	43.3 *	0.75	1.0 *	0.19
Poland	10.6 *	0.80	10.0	0.93	Uruquay	47.0 *	1.42	0.9 *	0.27
Netherlands	14.0	1.23	9.8	0.82	Thailand	33.0 *	1.40	0.8 *	0.22
Israel	23.6 *	1.64	9.6	0.84	Chile	33.0 *	1.67	0.6 *	0.10
Switzerland	13.7 *	0.76	9.1	0.68	Costa Rica	32.4 *	1.81	0.6 !*	0.19
Germany	14.5	0.91	8.9	0.70	Argentina	53.6 *	1.73	0.5 *	0.14
Luxembourg	22.2 *	0.74	8.9	0.39	Brazil	49.2 *	1.13	0.5 *	0.12
United Kingdom	16.6	1.30	8.8	0.74	Peru	59.9 *	1.95	0.5 !*	0.21
Estonia	9.1 *	0.65	8.3	0.72	Mexico	41.1 *	0.90	0.4 *	0.09
United States	16.6	1.26	7.9	0.67	Colombia	51.4 *	1.78	0.3 !*	0.13
Sweden	22.7 *	1.15	7.9	0.64	Tunisia	49.3 *	2.24	‡	+
Macao-China	11.5 *	0.42	7.0	0.41	Jordan	50.7 *	1.57	Ė	÷
Italy	19.5 *	0.67	6.7	0.35	Malaysia	52.7 *	1.71	ŧ	÷
Czech Republic	16.9	1.21	6.1 *	0.55	Indonesia	55.2 *	2.18	Ť	÷
Iceland	21.0 *	0.72	5.8 *	0.51	Kazakhstan	57.1 *	1.56	Ť	÷
Portugal	18.8	1.42	5.8 *	0.61				т	
Hungary	19.7	1.22	5.6 *	0.75					
Spain	18.3	0.76	5.5 *	0.30					
Austria	19.5	1.07	5.5 *	0.61	U.S. state education systems				
Denmark	14.6	1.07	5.4 *	0.62	Massachusetts	11.5 *	1.37	16.1 *	1.98
Greece	22.6 *	1.24	5.1 *	0.61	Connecticut	13.2	1.76	14.5 *	1.68
Slovenia	21.1 *	0.68	5.0 *	0.43	Florida	17.5	2.00	5.5 *	1.02

NOTE: Education systems are ordered by 2012 percentages of 15-year-olds in levels 5 and above. To reach a particular proficiency level, a student must correctly answer a majority of items at that level. Students were classified into reading proficiency levels according to their scores. Exact cut scores are as follows: below level 1b (a score less than or equal to 262.04); level 1b (a score greater than 262.04). and less than or equal to 334.75); level 1a (a score greater than 334.75 and less than or equal to 407.47); level 2 (a score greater than 407.47 and less than or equal to 480.18); level 3 (a score greater than 480.18 and less than or equal to 552.89); level 4 (a score greater than 552.89 and less than or equal to 625.61); level 5 (a score greater than 625.61 and less than or equal to 698.32); and level 6 (a score greater than 698.32). Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. The OECD average is the average of the national percentages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Standard error is noted by s.e. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems. Results for Connecticut, Florida, and Massachusetts are for public school students only. This table corresponds to figure 3 in Performance of U.S. 15-Year-Old Students in Mathematics, Science, and Reading Literacy in an International Context (NCES 2014-024). SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2012.

[†] Not applicable. ! Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable due to high coefficient of variation.

[‡] Reporting standards not met.

^{*} p <.05. Significantly different from the U.S. percentage at the .05 level of statistical significance.

Table R2. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale, by education system: 2012

Education system	Average score	s.e.	Education system	Average score	s.e.
OECD average	496	0.5			
Shanghai-China	570 🔷	2.9	Iceland	483 🐨	1.8
Hong Kong-China	545 🗘	2.8	Slovenia	481 🐨	1.2
Singapore	542 🗘	1.4	Lithuania	477 🐨	2.5
Japan	538 🗘	3.7	477 🐨	3.3	
Korea, Republic of	536 🛆	3.9	475 🐨	4.2	
Finland	524 🗘	2.4	475 🐨	3.0	
Ireland	523 🗘	2.6	Slovak Republic	463 🐨	4.2
Chinese Taipei	523 🗘	3.0	Cyprus	449 🐨	1.2
Canada	523 🗘	1.9	Serbia, Republic of	446 🐨	3.4
Poland	518 🗘	3.1	United Arab Emirates	442 🐨	2.5
Estonia	516 🗘	2.0	Chile	441 🐨	2.9
Liechtenstein	516 🗘	4.1	Thailand	441 🐨	3.1
New Zealand	512 🗘	2.4	Costa Rica	441 🐨	3.5
Australia	512 🗘	1.6	Romania	438 🐨	4.0
Netherlands	511 🔷	3.5	Bulgaria	436 ♥	6.0
Belgium	509 🛆	2.2	Mexico	424 🐨	1.5
Switzerland	509 🛆	2.6	Montenegro, Republic of	422 ♥	1.2
Macao-China	509 🛆	0.9	Uruguay	411 🐨	3.2
Vietnam	508	4.4	Brazil	410 🐨	2.1
Germany	508 🛆	2.8	Tunisia	404 🐨	4.5
France	505	2.8	Colombia	403 🐨	3.4
Norway	504	3.2	Jordan	399 🐨	3.6
United Kingdom	499	3.5	Malaysia	398 🐨	3.3
United States	498	3.7	Indonesia	396 🐨	4.2
Denmark	496	2.6	Argentina	396 ♥	3.7
Czech Republic	493	2.9	Albania	394 🐨	3.2
Italy	490	2.0	Kazakhstan	393 🐨	2.7
Austria	490	2.8	Qatar	388 🐨	0.8
Latvia	489 🐨	2.4	Peru	384 🐨	4.3
Hungary	488 3.2				
Spain	488 🐨	1.9			
Luxembourg	488 🐨	1.5	U.S. state education		
Portugal	488	3.8	systems		
Israel	486	5.0	Massachusetts	527 🗘	6.1
Croatia	485 🐨	3.3	Connecticut	521 🔷	6.5
Sweden	483 ♥	3.0	Florida	492	6.1

[▲] Average score is higher than U.S. average score.

NOTE: Education systems are ordered by 2012 average score. The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. All average scores reported as higher or lower than the U.S. average score are different at the .05 level of statistical significance. Standard error is noted by s.e. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems. Results for Connecticut, Florida, and Massachusetts are for public school students only. This table corresponds to table 3 in *Performance of U.S. 15-Year-Old Students in Mathematics, Science, and Reading Literacy in an International Context* (NCES 2014-024).

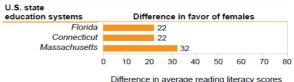
Average score is lower than U.S. average score.

Table R3. Cut scores of 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale at selected percentiles and percentile cut score gaps, by education system: 2012

_	10th		25th		50th		Percentile 75th		90th		90th to	0th	
Education system	Cut score	s.e.	Cut score	s.e.	Cut score	s.e.	Cut score	s.e.	Cut score	s.e.	Cut sco		s.e.
OECD average	372	0.9	435	0.7	502	0.6	563	0.6	613	0.6		242	1.1
Vietnam	411	8.2	462	5.4	512	4.1	559	3.9	599	5.0		189 🐨	9.6
Kazakhstan	297	4.4	344	3.1	394	3.1	444	3.4	487	3.5		189 🐨	5.7
Costa Rica	344	5.4	391	4.3	441	3.8	490	4.2	536	5.0		191 🐨	7.4
Indonesia	299	6.1	346	4.7	397	4.4	447	4.6	492	6.1		193 🛡	8.6
Thailand	341	4.4	389	3.5	442	3.4	494	3.7	541	4.4		201 🐨	6.3
Chile	339	4.2	388	3.8	443	3.3	496	3.3	541	3.3		202 🐨	5.3
Shanghai-China	463	4.6	518	3.6	576	2.9	626	2.8	667	3.5		204 🛡	5.8
Mexico	319	2.5	370	1.9	425	1.8	479	1.8	525	1.9		206 🐨	3.1
Estonia	412	3.4	463	3.0	519	2.3	571	2.4	618	2.8		206 🛡	4.4
	400	2.4	457	1.8	513	1.2	57 I 566	1.4	611	2.0 1.6		211 🗑	2.9
Macao-China	295		348	4.0	404		460	3.7	509				
Colombia		5.4				3.7				4.5		215 🐨	7.0
Malaysia	288	4.4	343	3.7	402 543	3.6	457 596	3.9	503 640	4.3		215 🛡	6.1
Korea, Republic of	424 385	6.2	483	4.3	543 501	4.4		4.1		4.0		216 🐨	7.4
Denmark		5.1	442	3.5		2.5	555	2.4	602	2.8		216 🐨	5.8
Hong Kong-China	430	5.4	493	4.4	552	3.2	604	3.0	648	3.4		218 🐨	6.4
Brazil	302	2.8	353	2.4	409	2.4	468	2.7	520	3.0		218 🛡	4.1
Latvia	375	5.6	434	3.0	495	2.8	548	2.9	593	2.8		219	6.2
Ireland	410	5.7	469	3.6	526	2.9	582	2.7	631	3.2		221	6.5
Lithuania	363	4.0	419	3.9	482	2.8	538	2.8	585	3.1		222	5.1
Poland	404	4.6	461	3.2	522	3.5	579	3.6	626	4.8		222	6.6
Turkey	365	4.6	417	4.0	475	4.6	534	5.6	588	6.8		223	8.3
Croatia	370	5.1	427	4.4	487	3.6	546	3.8	593	4.9		223	7.1
Czech Republic	378	4.7	434	3.7	496	3.7	554	3.6	604	3.8		226	6.0
Tunisia	286	7.1	346	5.9	409	5.0	466	4.5	515	5.6		229	9.0
Jordan	280	6.4	343	4.5	406	3.4	462	3.2	510	4.6		230	7.9
Romania	322	4.4	375	4.4	437	4.6	501	5.5	555	5.3		232	6.9
Russian Federation	359	4.5	415	4.0	476	3.4	537	3.9	592	4.2		233	6.1
Switzerland	388	3.9	451	3.3	514	2.8	573	2.8	622	3.2		233	5.1
Spain	367	3.6	430	2.6	494	2.2	552	2.1	601	2.3		234	4.3
Chinese Taipei	399	5.2	467	4.4	532	3.3	587	2.8	633	3.6		235	6.3
Canada	403	2.8	464	2.3	528	2.2	587	2.2	638	2.6		235	3.8
United States	378	4.8	436	4.5	500	3.9	561	3.9	614	4.0		235	6.3
Slovenia	362	2.5	420	1.9	484	1.9	548	2.1	598	2.5		237	3.5
	384	4.8	447	3.6	514	3.4	574	3.1	621	3.2		237	
Germany													5.8
Montenegro, Republic of	301	3.0	360	2.5	423	2.2	487	1.8	540	3.4		238	4.5
Austria	365	5.1	427	3.9	496	3.4	557	3.0	603	2.5		238	5.7
Netherlands	386	6.6	451	5.1	519	4.3	579	3.7	625	3.6		239	7.5
Liechtenstein	391	9.5	452	7.8	518	5.5	584	6.9	630	10.6		239	14.2
Finland	399	4.3	463	3.5	530	3.1	590	2.3	639	2.5		240	5.0
Hungary	363	5.2	427	4.6	494	3.7	555	3.3	603	3.9		240	6.5
Serbia, Republic of	325	5.5	384	4.4	448	4.0	509	4.1	566	4.6		241	7.2
Peru	263	5.1	319	4.7	385	4.7	447	5.2	504	6.4		241	8.2
Portugal	362	6.0	429	4.9	493	4.2	554	3.5	604	3.5		242	6.9
Argentina	274	5.4	332	4.5	399	4.1	462	4.1	516	4.4		243	7.0
United Arab Emirates	316	3.7	376	3.1	445	3.1	508	2.8	562	3.1		246	4.8
United Kingdom	372	7.0	438	4.8	504	3.8	567	3.4	619	3.8		247	8.0
Uruguay	285	5.3	348	4.3	414	3.4	477	3.0	534	4.1		248	6.7
Australia	386	2.4	448	2.2	516	1.8	579	1.9	634	2.3		249	3.3
Japan	409	6.5	475	4.8	545	4.1	607	3.8	658	4.4		249	7.9
Italy	359	2.9	427	2.6	497	2.5	559	2.1	609	2.2		250	3.6
Iceland	352	4.1	422	2.9	490	2.0	551	2.9	602	2.4		250	4.7
Greece	346	6.0	416	4.5	486	3.4	545	3.4	597	3.9		251	7.1
Norway	375	4.8	442	4.0	510	3.4	573	3.4	627	3.9		252	6.2
Singapore	408	2.9	475	2.1	548	2.2	614	2.1	668	3.2		260 🗘	4.3
Belgium	372	4.3	444	3.2	517	2.6	583	2.7	635	2.3		264 🛇	4.9
Slovak Republic	321	4.3 8.4	396	6.8	472	4.5	538	4.1	591	5.2		270 🔷	9.9
New Zealand	374	4.9	443	3.2	516	2.9	586	3.1	645	4.0		271 🔾	6.3
Sweden	343	5.4	416	4.3	490	3.3	558	3.3	614	4.2		272 🔾	6.8
Luxembourg	347	2.7	418	2.4	492	2.2	564	2.2	620	2.3		273 🔷	3.6
France	358	5.4	435	4.3	515	2.9	584	3.6	639	3.9		281 🔷	6.6
Cyprus	297	3.3	378	2.4	459	2.1	528	2.1	583	2.6		286 🔷	4.2
Albania	247	7.2	325	4.8	402	3.4	473	3.2	536	3.4		289 🛇	7.9
Qatar	242	2.0	310	1.7	386	1.2	465	1.9	535	2.3		293 🔷	3.1
Israel	329	7.5	414	6.8	497	5.4	568	4.5	624	4.5		295 🔷	8.7
Bulgaria	275	8.0	353	8.2	443	7.2	523	6.0	585	6.1		310 🔷	10.0
U.S. state education systems													
Florida	377	7.2	433	7.1	496	6.6	555	7.0	602	7.4		225	10.4
Massachusetts	399	7.7	464	7.1	529	7.2	595	7.7	652	7.3		253 257	10.7 12.1
Connecticut	388	9.6	456	7.5	526	6.2	590	6.0	645	7.3			

Figure R2a. Difference in average scores of 15-year-old female and male students on PISA reading literacy scale, by education system: 2012





Female-male difference in average reading literacy scores is statistically different

NOTE: Education systems are ordered by female-male difference in 2012 average score. Differences were computed using unrounded numbers. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. Score differences as noted between females and males are significantly different at the .05 level of statistical significance. The OECD average is the average of the national average differences of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems. Results for Connecticut, Florida, and Massachusetts are for public school students only.

Table R2b. Difference in average scores of 15-year-old female and male students on PISA reading literacy scale, by education system: 2012

students on PISA reading literacy sca Education system	Female-male difference	s.e.
OECD average	38 *	0.6
Albania	15 *	4.0
Colombia	19 *	3.5
Peru	22 *	4.3
Chile	23 *	3.3
Korea, Republic of	23 *	5.4
Mexico	24 *	1.4
Shanghai-China	24 *	2.5
Japan	24 *	4.1
Liechtenstein	24 *	8.7
United Kingdom	25 *	4.6
Costa Rica	25 *	2.6
Hong Kong-China	25 *	4.7
Netherlands	26 *	3.1
Indonesia	28 *	3.4
Ireland	29 *	4.2
Spain	29 *	2.0
Luxembourg	30 *	2.0
Brazil	31 *	1.9
Tunisia	31 *	3.1
Denmark	31 *	2.8
United States	31 * 31 *	2.6
Vietnam		2.6
Belgium Singapore	32 * 32 *	3.4 2.6
Singapore	32 *	
Chinese Taipei New Zealand	34 *	6.4 5.0
Australia	34 *	2.9
Canada	35 *	2.1
Uruguay	35 *	3.5
Macao-China	36 *	1.7
Switzerland	36 *	2.6
Kazakhstan	37 *	2.9
Austria	37 *	5.0
Argentina	38 *	3.6
Czech Republic	39 *	3.7
Italy	39 *	2.6
Portugal	39 *	2.7
Slovak Republic	39 *	4.6
Hungary	40 *	3.6
Russian Federation	40 *	3.0
Malaysia	40 *	3.1
Romania	40 *	4.1
Poland	42 *	2.9
Estonia	44 *	2.4
France	44 *	4.2
Israel	44 *	7.9
Germany	44 *	2.5
Turkey	46 *	4.0
Serbia, Republic of	46 *	3.8
Norway	46 *	3.3
Croatia	48 *	4.0
Greece	50 *	3.7
Iceland	51 *	3.3
Sweden	51 *	3.6
Latvia	55 *	4.0
Thailand	55 *	3.2
Lithuania	55 *	2.3
United Arab Emirates	55 *	4.8
Slovenia	56 *	2.7
Finland	62 *	3.1
Montenegro, Republic of	62 *	3.1
Cyprus	64 *	3.0
Bulgaria	70 *	5.2
Qatar	70 *	1.6
Jordan	75 *	6.3
U.S. state education systems		

U.S. state education systems		
Florida	22 *	4.1
Connecticut	22 *	5.0
Massachusetts	32 *	4.2

^{*} p < .05. All differences between females and males are significantly different at the .05 level of statistical

significance.

NOTE: Education systems are ordered by female-male difference in 2012 average score. Differences were computed using unrounded numbers. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. The OECD average is the average of the national average differences of the OECD member countries, with each country is the average on the hational average differences of the DECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Standard error is noted by s.e. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems. Results for Connecticut, Florida, and Massachusetts are for public school students only. SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2012.

Table R4. Percentage distribution of U.S. 15-year-old public school students on PISA reading literacy scale, by proficiency level and percentage of students in enrolled schools eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, based on principals' reports; 2012

Percent of students eligible for	Below level	1b	Level 1b	<u> </u>	Level 1a	1	Level 2		Level 3		Level 4		Level 5		Level 6	i
free or reduced-price lunch	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.
U.S. average	0.8 !**	0.24	3.6	0.49	12.3	0.89	24.9	0.99	30.5	0.88	20.1	1.08	6.9	0.59	1.0	0.22
Less than 10 percent	‡	†	‡	†	#	†	12.9 *	2.64	29.2 ***	3.22	33.2 *	4.24	17.2 *	2.99	‡	†
10 to 24.9 percent	‡	†	2.1 !*	0.69	6.9 *	1.12	21.1 ***	2.22	32.2 ***	1.96	25.8 *	1.75	10.2 ***	1.50	1.7 !***	0.76
25 to 49.9 percent	‡	†	1.8 !*	0.57	8.7 *	1.34	22.1 ***	2.14	30.9 ***	1.60	24.9 ***	2.29	9.9 ***	1.34	1.4 !***	0.58
50 to 74.9 percent	0.8 !***	0.31	4.7 ***	1.04	15.0 ***	1.70	28.1 *	1.55	32.2 ***	1.71	15.7 *	1.60	3.1 *	0.62	#	t
75 percent or more	2.4 !***	1.06	6.7 ***	1.32	21.1 *	2.59	31.8 *	2.51	25.6 ***	2.42	10.3 *	2.03	2.0 !*	0.98	‡	t
OECD average	1.3 ***	0.05	4.4	0.08	12.3	0.13	23.5	0.16	29.1	0.17	21.0	0.16	7.3	0.10	1.1	0.04

OECD average 1.3 *** 0.05 4.4 0.08 12.3 0.13 23.5 0.16 29.1 0.17 21.0 0.16 7.3 0.10 1.1 0.04

T Not applicable.
Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable due to high coefficient of variation.

Reporting standards not met.

*** p < 0.5 Significantly different from both the U.S. and OECD averages at the .05 level of statistical significance.

*** p < 0.5 Significantly different from the U.S. average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

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*** p < 0.5 Significantly different from the U.S. average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

*** p < 0.5 Significantly different from the U.S. average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

*** p < 0.5 Sig

s.e. Free or reduced-price lunch data are for public schools only.

Table R5. Average scores of U.S. 15-year-old public school students on PISA reading literacy scale, by percentage of students in enrolled schools eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, based on principals' reports: 2012

Percent of students eligible for free or reduced-price lunch	Average score	s.e.
U.S. average	498	3.7
Less than 10 percent	559 *	8.6
10 to 24.9 percent	524 *	5.3
25 to 49.9 percent	519 *	6.7
50 to 74.9 percent	479 *	4.7
75 percent or more	452 *	8.5
OECD average	496	0.5

^{*} p <.05. Significantly different from both the U.S. and OECD averages at the .05 level of statistical significance.

NOTE: Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. The National School Lunch Program provides free or reduced-price lunch for students meeting certain income guidelines. The percentage of students receiving such lunch is an indicator of the socioeconomic level of families served by the school. Data in this table are based on principals' responses to a question in the school questionnaire that asked the approximate percentage of eligible students in the school during the previous school year. The OECD average is the average of the national percentages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Standard error is noted by

Table R6. Percentage distribution of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale, by proficiency level and race/ethnicity: 2012

	Below level	1b	Level 1b		Level 1a		Level 2		Level 3		Level 4		Level 5		Level 6	
Race/ethnicity	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.
U.S. average	0.8 !**	0.24	3.6	0.49	12.3	0.89	24.9	0.99	30.5	0.88	20.1	1.08	6.9	0.59	1.0	0.22
White	‡	†	1.7 *	0.47	7.8 *	0.96	21.4 ***	1.09	33.6 *	1.07	25.0 *	1.42	9.0 *	0.82	1.3	0.33
Black	2.8 !	1.35	9.2 *	1.54	23.5 *	2.44	30.8 *	2.40	20.7 *	2.50	10.5 *	2.09	2.4 !*	0.97	#	†
Hispanic	0.5 !**	0.23	4.0	0.81	16.2 *	1.97	30.0 *	1.76	30.4	1.68	15.2 *	1.52	3.5 *	0.95	#	†
Asian	‡	†	#	t	‡	t	12.7 *	2.89	31.2	4.97	31.5 *	4.78	13.8 *	3.06	4.9 !*	1.80
Multiracial	‡	t	‡	t	7.3 !	3.45	24.1	4.41	35.5	4.05	18.7	3.45	11.7	2.98	#	t
OECD average	1.3 ***	0.05	4.4	0.08	12.3	0.13	23.5	0.16	29.1	0.17	21.0	0.16	7.3	0.10	1.1	0.04

OECD average 1.3 *** 0.05 4.4 0.08 12.3 0.13 23.5 0.16 29.1 0.17 21.0 0.16 7.3 0.10 1.1 0.04

† Not applicable.
| Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable due to high coefficient of variation.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

* \$\rangle \circ 0.5\$ Cignificantly different from both the U.S. and OECD average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

* "\$\rangle \circ 0.5\$ Significantly different from the OECD average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

* "\$\rangle \circ 0.5\$ Significantly different from the OECD average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

* NOTE: To reach a particular proficiency level, a student must correctly answer a majority of items at that level. Students were classified into reading literacy levels according to their scores. Exact cut scores are as follows: below level 1b (a score less than or equal to 282.04), level 1b (a score greater than 262.04 and less than or equal to 384.75); level 1 a (a score greater than 347.75 and less than or equal to 582.05); level 4 (a score greater than 349.75); level 3 (a score greater than 407.47 and less than or equal to 40.16); level 3 (a score greater than 407.47 and fees than or equal to 582.05); level 4 (a score greater than 480.16) inch or equal to 582.05 in and less than or equal to 582.05 is core greater than 480.16); level 3 (a score greater than 480.16) inch or equal to 582.05 in and less than or equal to 582.05 in and less than or equal to 582.05; level 3 (a score greater than 480.16) inch or equal to 582.05 in and less than or equal to 582.05; level 3 (a score greater than 480.16) inch or equal to 582.05 in and less than or equal to 582.05; and level 50 (a score greater than 480.16) inch or equal to 582.05 in and less than or equal to 582.05; and level 50 (a score greater than 480.18) inch or equal to 582.05 in and less than or equal to 582.05; and level 50 (a score greater than 480.18) inch or equal to 582.05 in an ease than or equal to 582.05; and level 50 (a score greater than 480.18) inch or equal to 582.

Table R7. Average scores of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy

scale, by race/ethnicity: 2012

Race/ethnicity	Average score	s.e.
U.S. average	498	3.7
White	519 *	4.1
Black	443 *	8.3
Hispanic	478 *	4.5
Asian	550 *	8.1
Multiracial	517 *	7.6
OECD average	496	0.5

^{*} p < .05. Significantly different from both the U.S. and OECD averages at the .05 level of statistical significance.

NOTE: Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. Reporting standards were not met for American Indian/Alaska Native and Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander. Black includes African American, and Hispanic includes Latino. Students who identified themselves as being of Hispanic origin were classified as Hispanic, regardless of their race. Although data for some race/ethnicities were not shown separately because the reporting standards were not met, they are included in the U.S. and state totals. The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Standard error is noted by s.e.

Table T1. Average scores and changes in average scores of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics, science, and reading

literacy scales: 2000, 2003, 2006, 2009, and 2012

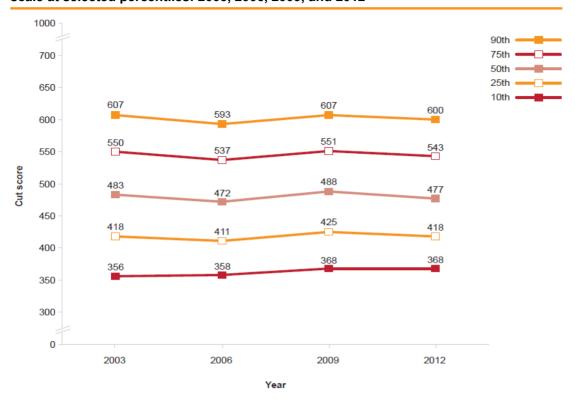
	2000		2003		2006		2009		2012		Chan	ge in av	erage s	core
	Average		Average		Average		Average		Average	,	2000-	2003-	2006-	2009-
Subject	score	s.e.	2012	2012	2012	2012								
Mathematics	†	†	483	2.9	474	4.0	487	3.6	481	3.6	†	0	0	0
Science	†	†	†	†	489	4.2	502	3.6	497	3.8	Ť	†	0	0
Reading	504	7.0	495	3.2	_	†	500	3.7	498	3.7	Ó	Ó	_	0

O Average score in 2012 is not measurably different than in comparison year.

[—] Not available. PISA 2006 reading literacy results are not reported for the United States because of an error in printing the test booklets and comparisons are not possible. † Not applicable. Although mathematics was assessed in 2000 and science was assessed in 2000 and 2003, because the mathematics framework was revised for PISA 2003 and the science framework was revised for 2006, it is possible to look at changes in mathematics only from 2003 forward and in science only from 2006 forward.

NOTE: All average scores reported as higher or lower than the comparison year are different at the .05 level of statistical significance. Standard error is noted by s.e. This table corresponds to table 4 in *Performance of U.S. 15-Year-Old Students in Mathematics, Science, and Reading Literacy in an International Context* (NCES 2014-024). SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2000, 2003, 2006, 2009, 2012.

Figure T1a. Cut scores of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale at selected percentiles: 2003, 2006, 2009, and 2012



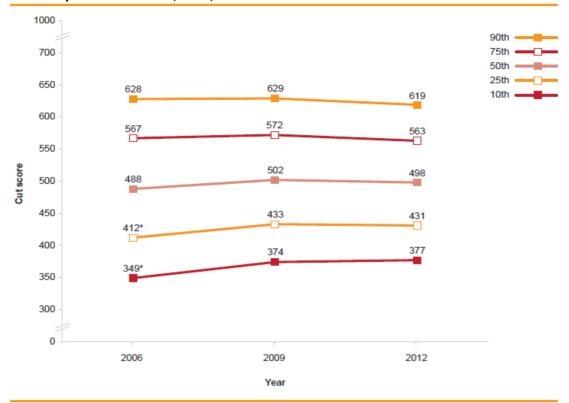
NOTE: This table shows the threshold (or cut) score for the following: (a) 10th percentile- the bottom 10 percent of students; (b) 25th percentile- the bottom 25 percent of students; (c) 50th percentile- the median (half the students scored below the cut score and half scored above it); (d) 75th percentile- the top 25 percent of students; (e) 90th percentile- the top 10 percent of students. The percentile ranges are specific to each education system's distribution of scores and to each assessment administration, enabling users to compare scores at the cut scores across education systems and over time. The PISA mathematics framework was revised in 2003. Because of changes in the framework, it is not possible to compare mathematics learning outcomes from PISA 2000 with those from PISA 2003, 2006, 2009, and 2012. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2003, 2006, 2009, 2012.

Table T1b. Cut scores of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale at selected percentiles: 2003, 2006, 2009, and 2012

	2003	2006		2009		2012		
Selected percentiles	Cut score	s.e.						
90th percentile	607	3.9	593	4.8	607	4.6	600	4.3
75th percentile	550	3.4	537	5.0	551	4.9	543	4.4
50th percentile	483	3.1	472	4.4	488	3.8	477	4.0
25th percentile	418	3.7	411	4.8	425	3.9	418	3.7
10th percentile	356	4.5	358	5.8	368	4.3	368	3.9

NOTE: This table shows the threshold (or cut) score for the following: (a) 10th percentile- the bottom 10 percent of students; (b) 25th percentile- the bottom 25 percent of students; (c) 50th percentile- the median (half the students scored below the cut score and half scored above it); (d) 75th percentile- the top 25 percent of students; (e) 90th percentile- the top 10 percent of students. The percentile ranges are specific to each education system's distribution of scores and to each assessment administration, enabling users to compare scores at the cut scores across education systems and over time. The PISA mathematics framework was revised in 2003. Because of changes in the framework, it is not possible to compare mathematics learning outcomes from PISA 2000 with those from PISA 2003, 2006, 2009, and 2012. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. Standard error is noted by s.e. SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2003, 2006, 2009, 2012.

Figure T2a. Cut scores of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale at selected percentiles: 2006, 2009, and 2012



* p < .05. Significantly different from the 2012 score at the .05 level of statistical significance. NOTE: This table shows the threshold (or cut) score for the following: (a) 10th percentile- the bottom 10 percent of students; (b) 25th percentile- the bottom 25 percent of students; (c) 50th percentile- the median (half the students scored below the cut score and half scored above it); (d) 75th percentile- the top 25 percent of students; (e) 90th percentile- the top 10 percent of students. The percentile ranges are specific to each education system's distribution of scores and to each assessment administration, enabling users to compare scores at the cut scores across education systems and over time. The PISA science framework was revised in 2006. Because of changes in the framework, it is not possible to compare science learning outcomes from PISA 2000 and 2003 with those from PISA 2006, 2009, and 2012. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student

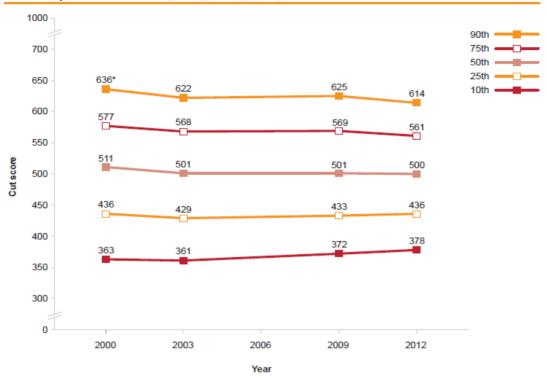
Table T2b. Cut scores of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale at selected percentiles: 2006, 2009, and 2012

	2006		2009		2012	
Selected percentiles	Cut score	s.e.	Cut score	s.e.	Cut score	s.e.
90th percentile	628	4.3	629	5.1	619	4.5
75th percentile	567	4.6	572	4.7	563	4.2
50th percentile	488	4.7	502	4.6	498	4.3
25th percentile	412 *	5.4	433	3.9	431	4.4
10th percentile	349 *	5.9	374	4.5	377	4.9

^{*} p < .05. Significantly different from the 2012 score at the .05 level of statistical significance.

NOTE: This table shows the threshold (or cut) score for the following: (a) 10th percentile- the bottom 10 percent of students; (b) 25th percentile- the bottom 25 percent of students; (c) 50th percentile- the median (half the students scored below the cut score and half scored above it); (d) 75th percentile- the top 25 percent of students; (e) 90th percentile- the top 10 percent of students. The percentile ranges are specific to each education system's distribution of scores and to each assessment administration, enabling users to compare scores at the cut scores across education systems and over time. The PISA science framework was revised in 2006. Because of changes in the framework, it is not possible to compare science learning outcomes from PISA 2000 and 2003 with those from PISA 2006, 2009, and 2012. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. Standard error is noted by s.e.

Figure T3a. Cut scores of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale at selected percentiles: 2000, 2003, 2006, 2009, and 2012



* p < .05. Significantly different from the 2012 score at the .05 level of statistical significance.

NOTE: This table shows the threshold (or cut) score for the following: (a) 10th percentile- the bottom 10 percent of students; (b) 25th percentile- the bottom 25 percent of students; (c) 50th percentile- the median (half the students scored below the cut score and half scored above it); (d) 75th percentile- the top 25 percent of students; (e) 90th percentile- the top 10 percent of students. The percentile ranges are specific to each education system's distribution of scores and to each assessment administration, enabling users to compare scores at the cut scores across education systems and over time. The PISA 2006 reading literacy results are not reported for the United States because of an error in printing the test booklets. For more details, see Baldi et al. 2007 (available at http://nces.ed.gov/pubsearch/pubsinfo.asp?pubid=2008016). Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2000, 2003, 2009, 2012.

Table T3b. Cut scores of U.S. 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale at selected percentiles: 2000, 2003, 2009, and 2012

	2000		2003		2009		2012		
Selected percentiles	Cut score	s.e.							
90th percentile	636 *	6.5	622	3.5	625	5.0	614	4.0	
75th percentile	577	6.8	568	3.6	569	4.6	561	3.9	
50th percentile	511	7.0	501	3.6	501	4.2	500	3.9	
25th percentile	436	8.8	429	4.1	433	4.0	436	4.5	
10th percentile	363	11.4	361	5.2	372	3.9	378	4.8	

^{*} p < .05. Significantly different from the 2012 score at the .05 level of statistical significance.

NOTE: This table shows the threshold (or cut) score for the following: (a) 10th percentile- the bottom 10 percent of students; (b) 25th percentile- the bottom 25 percent of students; (c) 50th percentile- the median (half the students scored below the cut score and half scored above it); (d) 75th percentile- the top 25 percent of students; (e) 90th percentile- the top 10 percent of students. The percentile ranges are specific to each education system's distribution of scores and to each assessment administration, enabling users to compare scores at the cut scores across education systems and over time. The PISA 2006 reading literacy results are not reported for the United States because of an error in printing the test booklets. For more details, see Baldi et al. 2007 (available at http://nces.ed.gov/pubsearch/pubsinfo.asp?pubid=2008016). Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. Standard error is noted by s.e. SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2000, 2003, 2009, 2012.

Table T2. Average scores and changes in average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale, by education system: 2003, 2006, 2009, and 2012

Education system Secon S	Table 12. Average scores a	and onlange	, o iii av			e score	401113	io A matri	omanic	o interacy court, by	oudoat	Change in average			
Section Sect	=	2003						2012		2012-2003					
Shanghard-Chare															
Singapore		500		498						-3 *		-1			
Interpretation Sept		_		_						_	†	_			
Comera Papelic of 54 22 547 88 546 4.0 540 3.4 560 3.3											T				
Kerea Republic of 542 3.2 547 3.8 546 4.0 554 4.6 12 5.9 6 6.3 8 6.5 Meace-China 527 2.9 525 1.3 525 5.9 535 1.0 1.1 0 1.3 1.5 Meace-China 527 3.4 523 3.3 529 3.3 529 3.3 520 Methorization 524 4.6 523 3.3 529 3.3 529 3.3 Methorization 523 3.4 523 3.5 523 3.5 523 3.5 523 3.5 523 3.5 Methorization 538 3.1 531 2.6 526 526 4.7 523 3.5 521 5.7 5.1 6.8 4.8 3.3 6.3 Methorization 538 3.1 531 2.6 526 526 4.7 523 3.5 5.5 5.1 5.1 6.8 4.8 3.3 6.3 Methorization 538 3.1 531 2.6 526 526 4.7 523 3.5 5.5 5.1 5.1 6.8 4.8 3.3 6.3 Methorization 538 3.1 531 2.6 526 526 4.7 523 3.5 5.5 5.1 5.1 6.8 4.8 3.3 6.3 Methorization 538 3.1 531 2.6 526 526 527 528		550													
Mease-Chime	•	542													
Japan															
Switzerland															
Netherlands	Liechtenstein	536	4.1	525	4.2	536	4.1	535	4.0	-1	6.0	10	6.1	-1	6.1
Estonia	Switzerland	527	3.4	530	3.2	534	3.3	531	3.0	4	4.9	1	4.9	-3	5.0
Finland 524 1.9 548 2.3 541 2.2 519 1.9 2.5 78 3.3 3.0 78 3.7 2.2 78 3.4 3.9 78 3.9 3.9 78		538								-15 *	5.1				
Canada											†				
Poland															
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Gemmany															
Verbram															
Australia 506 3.3 505 3.7 496 2.7 506 2.7 # † # † 10 *O *A.\$ Australia 524 2.1 520 2.2 514 2.5 504 1.6 20 7.7 3.3 -16 *V 3.5 -10 *O *A.\$ Australia 524 2.1 502 2.2 514 2.5 504 1.6 20 7.7 3.3 -16 *V 3.5 -10 *O *A.\$ Ireland 503 2.4 501 2.8 487 2.5 501 2.2 -1 3.8 # † 114 *O *A.1 Denmark 514 2.7 513 2.6 503 2.6 500 2.3 -10 *V 3.3 -16 *V 4.1 -13		_		304		- J15						_			
Austhelia		506		505		496				#		#		10 * 🗘	
Incland															
Slovenia		503	2.4	501	2.8	487		501	2.2		3.8			14 * 🔾	
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Lithuania — ↑ 486 29 477 26 479 26 — ↑ 8 ♥ 4.5 2 4.4 Sweden 509 2.6 502 2.4 494 2.9 478 2.3 -31 ♥ 3.9 -24 ♥ 3.9 -16 ↑ 4.3 Hungary 490 2.8 491 2.9 490 3.5 477 3.2 -13 ⁴ .7 -14 ♥ 4.8 -13 ⁺ 5.2 Croatia — ↑ 467 2.4 460 3.1 471 3.5 — ↑ 4 4 4.7 11 ° 5.2 Israel — ↑ 442 4.3 447 3.3 466 4.7 — ↑ ↑ 25 ° 6.7 20 ° 6.7 Creece 445 3.9 459 3.0 466 3.9 453 2.5 8 5.0 -6 4.4 -13 ° 5.2 Serbia, Republic of 3 — ↑ 415 4.2 4.9 445 4.4 448 4.8 25 ° 0 8.5 24 ° 7.2 3 7.0 Turkey 423 6.7 424 4.9 445 4.4 448 4.8 25 ° 0 8.5 24 ° 7.2 3 7.0 Turkey 423 6.7 424 4.9 445 4.4 448 4.8 25 ° 0 8.5 24 ° 7.2 3 7.0 Romania — ↑ 415 4.2 427 3.4 445 3.8 — ↑ 30 ° 0 6.0 17 ° 0 5.6 Roypus — ↑ 1 413 6.1 428 5.9 439 4.0 — ↑ 1 25 ° 7.6 11 7.5 United Arab Emirates — ↑ ↑ 1 — ↑ 405 3.0 432 3.0 — ↑ 1 — ↑ 1 — ↑ 1 — ↑ 1 Kazakhstan — ↑ 1 — ↑ 405 3.0 432 3.0 — ↑ 1 11 5.9 2 4.9 Thailand 417 3.0 417 2.3 419 3.2 427 3.4 10 ° 5.0 10 ° 4.7 8 5.3 Moxico 385 3.6 406 2.9 419 1.8 413 1.4 28 ° 0 4.3 8 ° -1 1 11 5.9 2 4.9 Malaysia — ↑ 1 30 9 1.4 403 2.0 410 1.1 — ↑ 1 10 ° 2.7 7 ° 0 3.2 Moxico 385 3.6 406 2.9 419 1.8 113 1.4 28 ° 0 4.3 8 ° -3 ↑ 1 10 ° 5.0 10 ° 4.7 Malaysia — ↑ 1 399 1.4 403 2.0 410 1.1 — ↑ 1 10 ° 2.7 7 ° 0 3.2 Moxico 385 3.6 406 2.9 419 1.8 413 1.4 28 ° 0 4.3 8 ° 3.8 ° 5 3.8 ° 5 3.8 ° 5 3.8 ° 5 3.8 ° 5 3.8 ° 5 3.8 ° 5 3.8 ° 5 3.8 ° 5 3.8 ° 5 3.8 ° 5 3.8 ° 5 5 3.0 Moxico 385 3.6 406 2.9 419 1.8 113 1.4 28 ° 0 4.3 8 ° 3.8 ° 5 3.8 ° 5 3.2 ° 0 ° 0 ° 0 ° 0 ° 0 ° 0 ° 0 ° 0 ° 0 °	Slovak Republic	498	3.3	492	2.8	497	3.1	482	3.4	-17 * 🛡	5.2	-10 * 🐨	4.9	-15 *	5.1
Sweden 509 2.6 502 2.4 494 2.9 478 2.3 -31 *♥ 3.9 -24 *♥ 3.9 -16 * 4.3 Hungary 490 2.8 491 2.9 490 3.5 477 3.2 -13 * 4.7 -14 *♥ 4.8 -13 * 5.2 Croatia — † 467 2.4 480 3.1 471 3.5 — † 4 4.7 11 *© 5.2 Israel — † 442 4.3 447 3.3 466 4.7 — † 25 *© 6.7 20 *© 6.7 20 *© 6.7 20 *© 6.7 20 *© 6.7 20 *© 6.7 20 *© 6.7 20 *© 6.7 20 *© 6.7 20 *© 6.7 20 *© 6.7 20 *© 6.7 20 *© 6.7 20 *© 6.7 20 *© 6.7 20 *© 6.7 20 *© 6.7 20 *© 6.7 </td <td>United States</td> <td>483</td> <td>2.9</td> <td>474</td> <td>4.0</td> <td>487</td> <td>3.6</td> <td>481</td> <td>3.6</td> <td>-2</td> <td>5.0</td> <td>7</td> <td>5.8</td> <td>-6</td> <td>5.6</td>	United States	483	2.9	474	4.0	487	3.6	481	3.6	-2	5.0	7	5.8	-6	5.6
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Serbia, Republic of ³ — † 435 3.5 442 2.9 449 3.4 — † 13 * 5.3 6 5.0 Turkey 423 6.7 424 4.9 445 4.4 488 4.8 25 * 0 8.5 24 * 7.2 3 7.0 Romania — † 415 4.2 427 3.4 445 3.8 — † 30 * 0 6.0 17 * 0 5.6 Cyprus — † 413 6.1 428 5.9 439 4.0 — † 25 * 7.6 11 7.5 Unlited Arab Emirates — † 413 6.1 428 5.9 439 4.0 — † 25 * 7.6 11 7.5 Unlited Arab Emirates — † — † 405 3.0 432 3.0 — † — † — † 27 * 0 4.9 Thailand 417 3.0 417 2.3 419 3.2 427 3.4 10 * 5.0 10 * 4.7 8 5.3 Chile — † 411 4.6 421 3.1 423 3.1 — † 111 5.9 2 4.9 Malaysia d — † 411 4.6 421 3.1 423 3.1 — † 111 5.9 2 4.9 Malaysia d — † 414 403 2.0 410 1.1 — † 10 * 2.7 7 * 0 3.2 Uruguay Montenegro, Republic of 3 — † 399 1.4 403 2.0 410 1.1 — † 10 * 2.7 7 * 0 3.2 Uruguay 422 3.3 427 2.6 427 2.6 409 2.8 13 * 4.7 -18 * 4.3 -17 * 4.4 Costa Rica d — † — † 409 3.0 407 3.0 — † — † 10 * 2.7 7 * 0 3.2 Uruguay 422 3.3 427 2.6 427 2.6 409 2.8 13 * 4.7 -18 * 4.3 -17 * 4.4 Albania — † — † 381 6.2 388 4.1 388 3.5 — † 7 7.5 # 4.7 Argentina — † 384 3.3 387 3.7 386 3.1 — † 7 7.5 # 1 17 * 0 5.0 Brazil 356 4.8 370 2.9 386 2.4 391 2.1 35 * 0 5.6 22 * 0 4.1 6 3.9 Argentina — † 384 3.3 387 3.7 388 3.1 — † 7 7.5 # † 1 Tunisia 359 2.5 365 4.0 371 3.0 388 3.9 29 * 0 5.0 22 * 5.9 16 * 0 5.4 Dordan — † 384 3.3 387 3.7 386 3.1 — † 7 7.5 # 4.9 Qatar — † 318 1.0 368 0.7 376 0.8 — † 7 7 5.2 4 8.9 Drauguay — † — † 365 4.0 368 3.7 — † 7 7.5 9 -16 * 7 7.5 # 4.9 Drauguay — † — † 365 4.0 368 3.7 — † 7 7.5 9 -16 * 7 7.2 4 4.9 Qatar — † 381 1.0 368 0.7 376 0.8 — † 7 7.5 9 -16 * 7 7.2 4 4.9 Qatar — † — † 365 4.0 368 3.7 — † — † — † 365 4.0 368 3.7 — † — † — † 376 5.0		445	2 O							_	T				
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Brazil 356 4.8 370 2.9 386 2.4 391 2.1 35 ° O 5.6 22 ° O 4.1 6 3.9 Argentina — † 381 6.2 388 4.1 388 3.5 — † 7 7.5 # † † † 7 7.5 # † † † 7 7.5 # † † † 4 1		_								_	ļ	_			
Argentina — † 381 6.2 388 4.1 388 3.5 — † 7 7.5 # † Tunisia 359 2.5 365 4.0 371 3.0 388 3.9 29 ° 0 5.0 22 ° 5.9 16 ° 0 5.4 5.4 Jordan — † 384 3.3 387 3.7 386 3.1 — † 2 5.0 -1 5.4 Colombia — † 370 3.8 381 3.2 376 2.9 — † 7 5.2 -4 4.9 Qatar — † 318 1.0 368 0.7 376 0.8 — † 58 ° 0 2.4 8 ° 0 2.5 Indonesia 360 3.9 391 5.6 371 3.7 375 4.0 15 ° 0 5.9 -16 ° 0° 7.2 4 5.9 Peru — † — † 36 3.7 — † — † — † 3 <td></td> <td>356</td> <td></td> <td>370</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>35 ★ 🔿</td> <td>5 A</td> <td>22 * 1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		356		370						35 ★ 🔿	5 A	22 * 1			
Tunisia 359 2.5 365 4.0 371 3.0 388 3.9 29 * ○ 5.0 22 * 5.9 16 * ○ 5.4 Jordan — † 384 3.3 387 3.7 386 3.1 — † 2 5.0 -1 5.4 Colombia — † 370 3.8 381 3.2 376 2.9 — † 7 5.2 4 4.9 Qatar — † 318 1.0 368 0.7 376 0.8 — † 58 * ○ 2.4 8 * ○ 2.5 Indonesia 360 3.9 391 5.6 371 3.7 375 4.0 15 * ○ 5.9 -16 * ♥ 7.2 4 5.9 Peru — † — † 365 4.0 368 3.7 — † — † 3 5.9		_	+.0							- 33	+				
Jordan — † 384 3.3 387 3.7 386 3.1 — † 2 5.0 -1 5.4 Colombia — † 370 3.8 381 3.2 376 2.9 — † 7 5.2 -4 4.9 Qatar — † 318 1.0 368 0.7 376 0.8 — † 58 * 0 2.4 8 * 0 2.5 Indonesia 360 3.9 391 5.6 371 3.7 375 4.0 15 * 0 5.9 -16 * ♥ 7.2 4 5.9 Peru — † — † — † — † — † 3.5		359	2.5							29 * 🔿	5.0				
Colombia — † 370 3.8 381 3.2 376 2.9 — † 7 5.2 -4 4.9 Qatar — † 318 1.0 368 0.7 376 0.8 — † 58 * ○ 2.4 8 * ○ 2.5 Indonesia 360 3.9 391 5.6 371 3.7 375 4.0 15 * ○ 5.9 -16 * ○ 7.2 4 5.9 Peru — † — † 365 4.0 368 3.7 — † — † 3 5.9		_	†							_	†				
Indonesia 360 3.9 391 5.6 371 3.7 375 4.0 15 * ♠ 5.9 -16 * ♠ 7.2 4 5.9 Peru — † — † 365 4.0 368 3.7 — † — † 3 5.9		_	÷	370	3.8	381	3.2	376	2.9	_	÷	7	5.2	-4	4.9
Peru — † — † 365 4.0 368 3.7 — † — † 3 5.9	Qatar	_	Ť	318	1.0	368		376	0.8	_	Ť	58 * 🔿	2.4	8 * 🔿	
		360	3.9	391	5.6					15 * 🛇		-16 * 🐨	7.2	•	
						365	4.0	368	3.7					3	5.9

Change in average score is greater than the U.S. change in average score.

Change in average score is lower than the U.S. change in average score.

Not available.

Not applicable.

^{*} p <.05. Change in average score is significant at a .05 level of statistical significance.

The OECD trend scores are based on the averages Sugmindant at a to level in statistical significance.

The OECD trend scores are based on the averages of the 29 OECD countries with comparable data for 2003 and 2012 and with each country weighted equally. The five current OECD members not included in the OECD averages used to report on trends in mathematics literacy include Chile, Estonia, Israel, and Slovenia, which did not participate in 2003; and the United Kingdom, which did not meet PISA response-rate standards for the 2003 assessment.

The OECD excluded the data for Austria from the trend analysis in its report (OECD, PISA 2009 Results: Learning Trends - Changes in Student Performance Since 2000 (Volume V), available at http://www.pisa.oecd.org) because of a concern over a data collection issue in 2009; however, after consultation with Austrian officials. NCES kept the Austrian data in the U.S. trend reporting.

²Because of low response rates, 2003 data for the United Kingdom are not presented. ³The Republics of Montenegro and Serbia were a united country under the PISA 2003 assessment.

^{*}The Republics of Montenegro and Serbia were a united country under the PISA 2003 assessment.

*For Costa Rica and Malaysia the change between PISA 2009 and PISA 2019 represents change between PISA 2019 and PISA 2019 are presents change between PISA 2019 and PISA 2019 are presents change between PISA 2019 are presents of PISA 2019 are presents change between PISA 2019 are presents are present on a scale from 0 to 1,000. All average scores reported as higher or lower than the comparison year are different at the .05 significance level of statistical significance. Standard error is noted by s.e. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems.

SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2003, 2006, 2009, 2012.

Table T3. Average scores and changes in average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale, by education system: 2006, 2009, and 2012

. -			Average s	core				nge in ave	rage score	
	2006		2009		2012		2012-2006		2012-2009	
Education system	Score	s.e.	Score	s.e.	Score	s.e.	Score	s.e.	Score	s.e.
OECD trend score	498	0.5	501	0.5	501	0.5	3 *	0.9	#	†
Shanghai-China		†	575	2.3	580	3.0	_	†	6	4.3
Hong Kong-China	542	2.5	549	2.8	555	2.6	13 *	5.0	6	4.3
Singapore Japan	531	† 3.4	542 539	1.4 3.4	551 547	1.5 3.6	 15 *	† 6.1	10 * 🙆 7	2.9 5.4
Japan Finland	563	2.0	554	2.3	547 545	2.2	-18 * 🗑	4.6	-9 *	3.8
Estonia	531	2.5	528	2.3	545 541	1.9	10 *	4.0 4.7	14 * 🗘	3.9
Korea, Republic of	522	3.4	538	3.4	538	3.7	16 *	6.1	#	7.5
Vietnam	522	†	336	†	528	4.3	-	†		+
Poland	498	2.3	508	2.4	526	3.1	28 * 🗘	5.3	18 * 🗘	4.4
Canada	534	2.0	529	1.6	525	1.9	-9 * ®	4.5	-3	3.2
Liechtenstein	522	4.1	520	3.4	525	3.5	3	6.5	5	5.3
Germany	516	3.8	520	2.8	524	3.0	8	6.0	4	4.5
Chinese Taipei	532	3.6	520	2.6	523	2.3	-9 ♥	5.5	3	4.0
Netherlands	525	2.7	522	5.4	522	3.5	-3	5.7	#	†
Ireland	508	3.2	508	3.3	522	2.5	14 *	5.3	14 * 🗘	4.5
Australia	527	2.3	527	2.5	521	1.8	-5	4.5	-6	3.7
Macao-China	511	1.1	511	1.0	521	0.8	10 *	3.8	10 * 🔷	2.4
New Zealand	530	2.7	532	2.6	516	2.1	-15 * 🐨	4.9	-16 *	3.9
Switzerland	512	3.2	517	2.8	515	2.7	4	5.4	-1	4.4
Slovenia	519	1.1	512	1.1	514	1.3	-5	3.9	2	2.6
United Kingdom	515	2.3	514	2.5	514	3.4	-1	5.4	#	†
Czech Republic	513	3.5	500	3.0	508	3.0	-5	5.8	8	4.7
Austria	511	3.9	494	3.2	506	2.7	-5	5.9	11 * 🗘	4.7
Belgium	510	2.5	507	2.5	505	2.1	-5	4.8	-1	3.8
Latvia	490	3.0	494	3.1	502	2.8	13 *	5.4	8	4.6
France	495	3.4	498	3.6	499	2.6	4	5.5	1	4.9
Denmark	496	3.1	499	2.5	498	2.7	3	5.4	-1	4.2
United States	489	4.2	502	3.6	497	3.8	9	6.7	-5	5.6
Spain	488	2.6	488	2.1	496	1.8	8	4.7	8 *	3.4
Lithuania	488	2.8	491	2.9	496	2.6	8	5.1	4	4.4
Norway	487	3.1	500	2.6	495	3.1	8	5.6	-5	4.5
Hungary	504	2.7	503	3.1	494	2.9	-10 🐨	5.3	-8	4.8
Italy	475	2.0	489	1.8	494	1.9	18 *	4.5	5	3.3
Croatia	493	2.4	486	2.8	491	3.1	-2	5.3	5	4.7
Luxembourg	486	1.1	484	1.2	491	1.3	5	3.9	7 *	2.7
Portugal	474	3.0	493	2.9	489	3.7	15 *	6.0	-4	5.1
Russian Federation	479	3.7	478	3.3	486	2.9	7	5.8	8	4.8
Sweden	503	2.4	495	2.7	485	3.0	-19 * 🐨	5.2	-10 *	4.5
Iceland	491	1.6	496	1.4	478	2.1	-13 * 🗑	4.4	-17 * ▽	3.2
Slovak Republic	488	2.6	490	3.0	471	3.6	-17 * ♥	5.7	-19 *	5.1
Israel	454	3.7	455	3.1	470	5.0	16 *	7.1	15 * 🛆	6.2
Greece	473	3.2	470	4.0	467	3.1	-7 40 * △	5.7	-3	5.5
Turkey	424	3.8	454	3.6	463	3.9	40 * 🛇	6.5	10	5.7
United Arab Emirates Bulgaria	434	† 6.1	439	† 5.9	448 446	2.8 4.8	12	† 8.5	7	† 7.8
Chile	434	4.3	439 447	2.9	446 445	2.9	7	6.3	-3	4.6
		4.3 3.0		2.9 2.4		2.9 3.4	9	5.8	-3 2	4.6
Serbia, Republic of ² Thailand	436 421	2.1	443 425	3.0	445 444	2.9	23 *	5.6 5.1	19 * O	4.6
Romania	418	4.2	428	3.4	439	3.3	20 *	6.4	11 * 🔾	5.1
Cyprus	410	†	420	7.4	438	1.2	20	7	11 0	7.7
Costa Rica ³	_		430	2.8	429	2.9	_		<u> </u>	4.5
Kazakhstan	_	†	400	2.6 3.1	429	3.0	_	†	24 * 🗘	4.8
Malaysia ³	_	†	422	2.7	420	3.0	_	†	-3	4.5
Uruguay	428	2.7	427	2.6	416	2.8	-12 * 🐨	5.2	-3 -11 *	4.3
Mexico	410	2.7	416	1.8	415	1.3	5	4.6	-1	3.0
Montenegro, Republic of ²	412	1.1	401	2.0	410	1.1	-2	3.8	9 * 🗘	3.0
Jordan	422	2.8	415	3.5	409	3.1	-13 * ▽	5.5	-6	5.1
Argentina	391	2.6 6.1	401	3.5 4.6	409	3.1	14	8.0	5	6.3
Brazil	390	2.8	401	2.4	405	2.1	14 *	5.0	-1	3.8
Colombia	388	3.4	403	3.6	399	3.1	11	5.7	-3	5.2
Tunisia	386	3.0	402	2.7	398	3.5	13 *	5.7 5.7	-3 -3	4.8
	300	7.0	391	3.9	397	2.4	_	†	7	5.1
Alhania										
Albania Oatar	349						34 * 🔿			
Albania Qatar Indonesia	349 393	0.9 5.7	379 383	0.9 3.8	384 382	0.7 3.8	34 * △ -12 ⑦	3.7 7.7	, 4 -1	2.3 5.7

[⚠] Change in average score is greater than the U.S. change in average score

Change in average score is lower than the U.S. change in average score.
 Not available.
 Not applicable.

[#] Rounds to zero

^{**} Pounts to Zero.*

*p < 0.5. Change in average score is significant at a .05 level of statistical significance.

*The OECD trend scores are based on the averages of the 34 OECD countries with each country weighted equally. The OECD excluded the data for Austria from the trend analysis in its report (OECD, PISA 2009 Results: Learning Trends - Changes in Student Performance Since 2000 (Volume V), available at http://www.pisa.oecd.org) because of a concern over a data collection issue in 2009; however, after consultation with Austrian officials, NCES kept the Austrian data in the U.S. trend reporting. ²The Republics of Montenegro and Serbia were a united country under the PISA 2003 assessment.

The republics of Montenegro and Serbia were a united country under the PISA 2003 assessment.

For Costa Rica and Malaysia the change between PISA 2009 and PISA 2012 represents change between 2010 and 2012 because these education systems implemented the PISA 2009 assessment in 2010 as part of PISA 2009.

NOTE: Education systems are ordered by 2012 average score. The PISA science framework was revised in 2006. Because of changes in the framework, it is not possible to compare science learning outcomes from PISA 2000 and 2003 with those from PISA 2006, 2009, and 2012. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. All average scores reported as higher or lower than the comparison year are different at the .05 significance level of statistical significance. Standard error is noted by s.e. Italics indicate non-DECD contributes and education systems. indicate non-OECD countries and education systems.

SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2006, 2009, 2012.

Table T4. Average scores and changes in average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale, by education system: 2000, 2003, 2006, 2009, and 2012

Employ Secondary Seconda	Table 14. Average score	o unu chang	us iii a	ivolage activ	,	Average s		on rion lead	anig ill	oracy scare, I	Jy euu	oution system. 20	,, <u>,</u> , ,	Change in averag			
Second S		2000		2003				2009		2012		2012-20	00			2012-2009	
Suspanis-Chorus	Education system																
Nong Nong-Chame		496	0.7	497	0.6	490	0.7					2	1.5	4.1 *	1.4		
Separate			†											-			
Japan Gera Republic of SS2 52 498 33 9 498 36 520 35 508 37 16 87 40 0 78 18 0						536								35 - 0			
Korse, Republic of 925 24 834 37 856 38 6039 35 958 39 11 7, 75 2 7, 75 3 3 5. 95 9 1 1 1 7, 75 2 7, 75 3 3 5. 95 9 1 1 1 7, 75 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1						400								40 * 0			
Finale 546 25 543 1.6 547 21 538 2.9 524 2.4 22 6.5 19 76 53 -12 0.4 Finale 527 32 515 25 515 25 546 510 523 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.5 2.5 0.5 Finale 538 1.5 52 7.7 366 3.4 3.5 2.5																	
Independ																	
Canada																	
Cheese Papele																	
Paland 479 45 497 29 508 28 500 26 518 3.1 39 0 8.0 22 7.70 18 0 48 Estema 4 7 4 55 16 518 29 509 25 518 3.1 39 0 8.0 22 7.70 18 0 48 Estema 4 7 4 52 15 16 50 42 4 30 50 4 4 30 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18		_	†	_	t								†	_			
Lechenstein	Poland	479	4.5	497	2.9		2.8	500	2.6	518	3.1	39 * €	8.0	22 *	7.0	18 * 🛇	
New Zesiland 529 2.8 522 2.5 521 3.0 521 2.4 512 2.4 17° 7.0 9.9 6.6 9.0 4.2 Australia 529 3.5 525 2.1 531 2.1 512 2.1 512 1.6 1.7 7.7 7.0 9.9 6.6 9.0 4.2 Australia 529 3.5 525 2.1 531 2.1 512 2.1	Estonia	_	†	_	†	501	2.9	501	2.6	516	2.0	_	†	_	†	15 * 🛇	4.2
Australia																	
Netherlands													,	-		-	
Belgum		528	3.5									-16 *	7.1				
Switzerland			†									_					
Macco-Chine																	
Vertram		494	4.2										7.7			-	
Germany 484 25 491 34 495 4.4 497 2.7 508 2.8 2.4 0 7.0 16 7.7 1 10 4.7 France 505 2.7 496 2.7 488 4.1 490 3.4 505 2.8 1 7.1 9 6.8 10 5.2 Norway 505 2.8 500 2.8 484 3.2 503 2.6 504 3.2 -1 7.3 4 7.0 1 4.9 United Kingdon ³		_	Ţ	498		492		467					T				
France 505 27 498 27 488 41 496 34 505 28 1 7.1 9 6.8 10 5.2 Norway 505 28 500 28 494 32 503 26 504 39 35 -			25	491		495		497									
Norway																	
United States 4 504 7.0 455 3.2 1 5 5 4.9 5 6.8 Denmark 497 2.4 495 2.5 1 5 5 4.9 Denmark 497 2.4 492 2.6 498 3.7 4.7 5.0 2.5 5.8 Denmark 497 2.4 492 2.6 498 3.7 4.7 5.0 2.6 5.8 Denmark 497 2.4 492 2.6 498 3.7 4.7 5.0 2.6 5.8 Denmark 497 2.4 492 2.6 498 3.7 4.7 5.0 2.9 498 3.7 4.7 9.9 4 6.8 1 4.3 5.0 4.8 Denmark 497 2.5 478 3.0 489 3.5 453 42 478 2.9 493 2.9 1 7.0 4 7.2 15.0 4.8 Blaly 487 2.5 478 3.0 498 3.1 4.8 8 1.6 2.9 493 2.9 1 7.0 4 7.2 15.0 4.8 Blaly 487 2.5 478 3.0 498 2.4 478 3.0 498 2.4 488 3.2 5.0 14. 6.7 7.3 1.6 6.8 Blaly 48. 6 1.6 4.3 5.0 4.8 Blaly 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0																	
United States 504 7.0 495 3.2 1 500 3.7 498 3.7 -7 9.9 2 7.5 -2 5.8		_	t	_	t	495	2.3	494	2.3	499	3.5					5	
Denmark 497 24 492 28 494 32 495 21 496 26 -1 6.9 4 6.8 1 4.3 Czech Republic 492 24 489 3.5 483 42 478 2.9 493 2.9 1 7.0 4 7.2 15 0 4.8 Italy 487 2.9 478 3.0 489 2.4 486 1.6 490 2.0 2 6.9 11 7.0 4 7.2 15 0 4.8 Italy 487 2.9 478 3.0 489 2.4 486 1.6 490 2.0 2 6.9 11 7.0 4 7.2 15 0 4.8 Italy 487 2.9 478 3.0 489 2.4 486 1.6 490 2.0 2 6.9 11 7.0 4 7.2 15 0 4.6 Italy 487 2.9 490 2.0 2 6.9 11 7.0 4 7.2 15 0 4.6 Italy 488 1.5 4.8 Italy 488 1.5 4.8 Italy 488 1.5 4.8 Italy 488 1.5 4.8 Italy 489 2.4 31 0 8.3 2 7.7 1 1 7.3 19 0 4.8 Italy 489 2.4 31 0 8.3 2 7.7 1 1 7.3 19 0 4.8 Italy 489 2.4 31 0 8.3 2 8 7.7 1 1 5 4.6 Italy 489 2.4 31 0 8.3 2 8 7.7 1 5 4.6 Italy 489 2.0 1 4.8 1 2.6 4.8 Italy 4.9 1.5 4.8 1 2.6 4.8 1 2.2		504	7.0	495	3.2	_	t	500	3.7	498	3.7	-7	9.9	2	7.5		
Baly		497	2.4	492	2.8	494	3.2	495	2.1	496	2.6	-1	6.9	4	6.8	1	4.3
Austrie 492 27 491 3.8 490 4.1 470 2.9 490 2.8 -2 7.1 -1 7.3 19 * 0** 4.8 4.8 Labria 486 658 3.9 491 3.7 479 3.7 484 3.0 488 2.4 31 * 0** 6.8 7 6.9 -6 5.2 Spain 493 2.7 481 2.6 461 2.2 481 2.0 481 2.0 488 1.9 -5 6.8 7 6.5 7 3.8 Lusemburg - 1 479 1.5 479 1.3 472 3.3 488 1.5 - 1 8 6.0 16° 3.3 Israel 452 8.5 - 1 477 2.8 476 2.9 483 3.0 34° 0** 1.1 2.6 7.7 Selarel 156 2.2 514 2.4 4	Czech Republic		2.4		3.5		4.2		2.9		2.9	1	7.0	4	7.2	15 * 🛇	4.8
Lathia	Italy						2.4					2	6.9	14 *	6.7	4	3.6
Hungary																	
Spain 493 27 481 26 461 22 481 20 488 19 .5 6.8 7 6.5 7 3.8																	
Lixemburg																	
Portugal		493	2.7										6.8				
Israel		470	, T										T				
Croatia				4/8										10			
Sweden		452			+							34 €	+	_			
Leeland Sor 1.5 492 1.6 494 1.9 500 1.4 483 1.8 -24		516		514	24							-33 * €	70	-31 * ♥		-	
Slovenia																	
Greece 474 5.0 472 4.1 460 4.0 483 4.3 477 3.3 3 8.4 5 7.7 6.6 6.0 Turkey — ↑ 441 5.8 447 4.2 464 3.5 475 4.2 — ↑ ↑ 35 ° 0 9.1 11 6.1 Russian Federation 462 4.2 442 3.9 440 4.3 464 3.5 475 3.0 13 7.8 33 ° 0 7.5 16 ° 0 5.2 Slovak Republic — ↑ 469 3.1 466 3.1 477 2.5 463 4.2 — ↑ ↑ 6 7.7 -15 ° 5.5 Cyprus — ↑ ↑ 469 3.1 466 3.1 477 2.5 463 4.2 — ↑ ↑ 6 7.7 -15 ° 5.5 Cyprus — ↑ ↑ — ↑ ↑ — ↑ ↑ — ↑ ↑ 401 3.5 442 2.4 446 3.4 — ↑ ↑ — ↑ ↑ — ↑ ↑ 4 5.0 United Arab Emirates — ↑ ↑ — ↑ ↑ — ↑ ↑ 4 42 5.0 449 3.1 441 2.9 32 ° 0 7.5 — ↑ ↑ — ↑ 1 8 5.0 Thailand 431 3.2 420 2.8 417 2.6 421 2.6 441 3.1 11 7.4 21 ° 7.0 20 ° 0 4.8 Costa Rica 6 — ↑ ↑ 402 2.5 — ↑ ↑ — ↑ ↑ — ↑ ↑ 2.5 4.8 Romania 430 4.9 — ↑ ↑ 402 2.6 441 3.1 11 7.4 21 ° 7.0 20 ° 0 4.8 Romania 430 4.9 — ↑ ↑ 402 2.6 441 3.1 11 7.4 21 ° 7.0 20 ° 0 4.8 Romania 430 4.9 — ↑ ↑ 402 2.6 441 3.5 — ↑ ↑ — ↑ ↑ 2.5 5.8 Romania 430 4.9 — ↑ ↑ 402 2.6 421 2.6 441 3.5 — ↑ ↑ — ↑ ↑ 4.2 2.5 — ↑ ↑ — ↑ ↑ 4.2 2.5 — ↑ ↑ — ↑ ↑ 4.2 2.5 — ↑ ↑ — ↑ ↑ 4.2 2.5 — ↑ ↑ — ↑ ↑ 4.2 2.5 — ↑ ↑ — ↑ ↑ 4.3 3.2 441 3.5 — ↑ ↑ — ↑ ↑ 4.2 2.5 — ↑ ↑ — ↑ ↑ 4.2 2.5 — ↑ ↑ — ↑ ↑ 4.8 5.0 Maleyaria 430 4.9 — ↑ ↑ 402 6.9 429 6.7 436 6.0 6 9.8 — ↑ ↑ 13 ° 6.3 Bulgaria 430 4.9 — ↑ ↑ 402 6.9 429 6.7 436 6.0 6 9.8 — ↑ ↑ ↑ 1.2 3.6 Montenegro, Republic of 5 — ↑ ↑ 1.5 434 3.4 426 2.0 424 1.5 2.0 424 1.5 2.0 7.0 24 ° 0 7.1 -2 3.6 Montenegro, Republic of 5 — ↑ ↑ 1.5 438 3.7 412 2.7 410 2.1 14 ° 7.0 7 7 ° 7.5 -2 4.3 Turisia — ↑ ↑ 375 2.8 380 4.0 404 2.9 404 4.5 — ↑ ↑ 2.3 ° 7.3 1.14 ° 4.8 Brazil — ↑ ↑ 4.2 ↑ 4.3 3.4 426 2.6 411 3.7 402 3.9 3.0 — ↑ ↑ 1.0 ↑ ↑																	
Turkey — † 441 5.8 447 4.2 464 3.5 4.7 5 4.2 — † 35 0 9.1 11 6.1 Russian Federation 462 4.2 442 3.9 440 4.3 459 3.3 475 3.0 13 7.8 33 0 7.5 16 0 5.2 Slowak Republic — † 469 3.1 466 3.1 477 2.5 463 4.2 — † 6.6 7.7 1.5 5.5 Cyprus — † 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Lithuania	_	Ť	_	Ť	470	3.0	468	2.4	477	2.5	_	Ť	_	Ť	9 *	4.3
Russían Federation 462 4.2 442 3.9 440 4.3 459 3.3 475 3.0 13 7.8 33 ° 0 7.5 16 ° 0 5.2 Slovak Republic — † 469 3.1 466 3.1 477 2.5 463 4.2 — † 6 7.7 1.15 ° 5.5 5.5 5.5 Cyprus — † 7 469 3.1 466 3.1 477 2.5 463 4.2 — † 6 7.7 1.15 ° 5.5 5.5 5.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5	Greece	474	5.0	472	4.1	460	4.0	483	4.3	477	3.3	3	8.4	5	7.7	-6	6.0
Slovak Republic		_	†										†				
Cyprus — ↑ — ↑ — ↑ 449 1.2 — ↑ — ↑ 4 50 Serbia, Republic of 5 — ↑ <		462	4.2									13	7.8				
Serbia, Republic of ⁵ — † — † 401 3.5 442 2.4 446 3.4 — † — † 4 5.0 United Arab Emirates — † — † — † — † — † — † — † — † — † — † — † — † — † 42 2.5 — † — † — † — † — † — † — † — † — † — † — † — † — † 42 2.5 — † — † — † 42 2.5 — † — † — † 42 2.5 — † — † — † — † — † 42 2.6		_	†	469	3.1	466	3.1	477	2.5				†	-6	7.7	-15 *	
United Arab Emirates	**	_	†	_	†		<u>†</u>		†				†	_		_	
Chile 410 3.6 — † 442 5.0 449 3.1 441 2.9 32 *\cdot 7.5 — † -8 5.0 Thailand 431 3.2 420 2.8 417 2.6 421 2.6 441 3.1 11 7.4 21 *\cdot 7.0 20 *\cdot 0 4.8 Thailand 431 3.2 420 2.8 417 2.6 421 2.6 441 3.1 11 7.4 21 *\cdot 7.0 20 *\cdot 0 4.8 Thailand 431 3.2 440 3.2 441 3.5 — † - † - † - † - † - † - 5 4 6 7 4 8 8 4.0 10 7.9 — † 13 *\cdot 6.9 6 8 8 — + † 7.9 4 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8		_	Ť	_		401	3.5	442	2.4			_		_		4	
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Romania		451	+	420	+	417							7. 7				
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Uriguay — † 434 3.4 413 3.4 426 2.6 411 3.2 — † -23 °♥ 7.3 -14 ° 48 48 Brazil 396 3.1 403 4.6 393 3.7 412 2.7 410 2.1 14 ° 7.0 7 7.5 -2 4.3 Tunisia — † 375 2.8 380 4.0 404 4.5 — † 29 ° 0 7.7 # † Colombia — † — † 385 5.1 413 3.7 403 3.4 — † — † -10 5.7 Jordan — † — † 401 3.3 405 3.3 399 3.6 — † — † -16 5.5 Malaysia 6 — † † — † 414 2.9 398 3.3 — † <t< td=""><td>Montenegro, Republic of⁵</td><td>_</td><td>†</td><td>_</td><td>†</td><td>392</td><td>1.2</td><td>408</td><td>1.7</td><td>422</td><td>1.2</td><td></td><td>†</td><td>_</td><td>†</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Montenegro, Republic of⁵	_	†	_	†	392	1.2	408	1.7	422	1.2		†	_	†		
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Colombia	Brazil	396	3.1									14 *	7.0	7	7.5	-2	4.3
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Peru 327 4.4 — † — † 370 4.0 384 4.3 57 * ○ 8.6 — † 14 * 6.4		_	T +	_	T +	312						_	ĭ +				
		327	44	_	+	312) 86	_			
				nge in average so	ore.			570	7.0	554	7.5		. 0.0			17	0.7

Change in average score is lower than the U.S. change in average score

Not available.

† Not applicable.

[#] Rounds to zero

[#] Rounds to zero.

*p < 0.5. Change in average score is significant at a .05 level of statistical significance.

*The OECD trend scores for 2000, 2003, 2009, and 2012 are based on the averages of the 27 OECD countries with comparable data for 2000 and 2011 and with each country weighted equally. The seven current OECD members not included in the OECD averages used to report on trends in reading literacy include the Slovak Republic and Turkey, which joined PISA in 2003; Estonia and Slovenia, which joined PISA in 2006; Luxembourg, which experienced substantial changes in its assessment conditions between 2000 and 2003; and the United Kingdom, which did not meet the PISA response-rate standards in 2000. The OECD excluded the data for Austria from the trend analysis in its report (OECD, PISA 2009 Results: Early and prevallable at http://www.pisa.oecd.org) because of a concern over a data collection issue in 2009; however, after consultation with Austrian officials, NCES kept the Austrian data in the U.S. trend reporting. The OECD trend score for 2006 is based on the averages of 26 OECD countries, as PISA 2006 reading literacy results were not reported for the United States.

*Although the Verterlands participated in PISA 2000, technical problems with its sample prevent its results from being included.

*Although the United Kingdom participated in PISA 2000, technical problems with its sample prevent its results from being included. Because of low response rates, 2003 data for the United Kingdom are not presented.

^{*}Although the United Kingdom participated in PISA 2000, technical problems with its sample prevent its results from being included. Because of low response rates, 2003 data for the United Kingdom are not presented.

*PISA 2006 reading literacy results are not reported for the United States because of an error in printing the test booklets. PISA 2006 reading literacy results are therefore not compared to PISA 2012 reading literacy results. For more details, see Baldi et al. 2007 (available at http://nces.ed_gov/pubsearch/pubsinio.asp/public/2008016).

*The Republics of Montenegro and Serbia were a united country under the PISA 2000 and 2003 assessments.

*For Costa Rich and Malaysia the change between PISA 2009 and PISA 2012 represents change between 2010 and 2012 because these education systems implemented the PISA 2009 assessment in 2010 as part of PISA 2009.

*The 2000 results for Romania were not reported by OECD due to delayed submission of data. Romania did not participate in PISA in 2003.

*NOTE: Education systems are ordered by 2012 average score. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. All average scores reported as higher or lower than the comparison year are different at the .05 significance level of statistical significance. Standard error is noted by s.e. Italics indicate non-DECD countries and education systems.

*SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2000, 2003, 2006, 2009, 2012.

National Center for Education Statistics
Table CM1. Percentage distribution of 15-year-old students on PISA computer-based mathematics literacy scale, by proficiency level and education system: 2012

	Below lev	vel 1	Level	1	Level	2	Level	3	Level	1	Level 5		Level 6	,
Education system	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.
OECD average	6.9	0.16	13.1	0.17	22.7	0.19	26.3	0.21	19.7	0.19	8.7	0.15	2.6	0.10
Australia	5.0	0.35	11.6	0.49	22.1	0.65	26.8	0.59	20.9	0.55	10.2	0.40	3.4	0.31
Austria	5.1	0.74	12.3	0.90	20.4	0.94	26.2	0.98	23.2	1.03	10.4	0.90	2.4	0.37
Belgium	7.2	0.52	11.1	0.54	18.8	0.67	24.5	0.74	21.3	0.67	12.4	0.66	4.7	0.40
Brazil	22.6	1.85	28.4	1.22	27.3	1.69	13.9	0.96	6.0	1.05	1.6	0.48	0.2 !	0.10
Canada	4.1	0.35	8.6	0.42	18.8	0.62	26.9	0.65	24.3	0.77	12.8	0.67	4.5	0.45
Chile	18.2	1.40	26.9	1.21	28.0	0.98	18.3	1.06	7.1	0.63	1.4	0.20	0.2 !	0.06
Chinese Taipei	2.8	0.42	7.5	0.63	16.2	0.89	25.0	0.88	26.4	0.96	16.1	0.88	6.0	0.64
Colombia	28.9	1.58	35.5	1.22	23.8	1.04	9.2	0.77	2.2	0.42	0.3 !	0.12	‡	†
Denmark	6.0	0.61	13.0	0.77	23.4	0.97	27.5	1.18	20.8	0.86	7.7	0.56	1.6	0.26
Estonia	2.9	0.42	9.3	0.55	22.1	0.85	29.1	0.96	23.3	1.00	10.6	0.68	2.8	0.41
France	5.6	0.84	10.8	0.71	20.1	0.95	27.1	0.93	23.3	0.95	10.5	0.83	2.5	0.42
Germany	6.5	0.66	11.4	0.78	19.7	0.85	25.3	0.99	21.7	0.80	11.5	0.76	4.0	0.49
Hong Kong-China	2.6	0.48	5.2	0.76	12.1	0.81	24.5	1.01	30.3	1.14	18.7	1.02	6.7	0.65
Hungary	11.3	1.20	17.4	0.99	26.0	1.23	24.4	1.14	14.4	0.98	5.5	0.69	1.0	0.31
Ireland	5.3	0.66	12.5	0.83	25.2	0.85	30.3	1.11	19.5	0.99	6.1	0.50	0.9	0.20
Israel	20.7	1.60	18.0	1.13	21.9	0.95	20.1	0.89	13.0	0.99	5.3	0.77	1.1	0.26
Italy	4.8	0.81	12.8	1.05	24.1	1.28	28.8	1.24	20.3	1.14	7.5	0.95	1.8	0.42
Japan	2.4	0.44	6.6	0.61	16.3	0.85	26.5	1.17	26.9	1.07	14.8	0.89	6.6	0.87
Korea, Republic of	1.8	0.29	5.4	0.62	14.3	0.96	23.9	1.03	26.9	1.28	18.7	1.23	9.0	1.23
Macao-China	1.7	0.19	5.9	0.40	15.3	0.53	26.4	0.66	28.5	0.82	16.6	0.63	5.6	0.42
Norway	5.5	0.61	13.2	0.76	24.4	0.89	27.0	1.01	19.7	0.79	8.3	0.59	2.0	0.30
Poland	6.6	0.79	14.3	0.94	25.7	1.00	27.2	0.88	18.0	1.03	6.8	0.75	1.5	0.31
Portugal	6.4	0.64	14.9	0.94	25.2	0.93	27.2	1.04	18.4	0.97	6.5	0.65	1.5	0.25
Russian Federation	5.2	0.51	13.8	0.82	27.3	0.91	29.3	1.05	17.7	0.94	5.7	0.54	1.1	0.21
Shanghai-China	1.8	0.35	5.1	0.56	13.2	0.84	20.8	0.92	25.8	0.99	21.0	1.01	12.3	0.88
Singapore	2.0	0.27	5.7	0.40	12.4	0.53	19.7	0.60	24.7	1.00	21.2	0.86	14.4	0.62
Slovak Republic	6.1	0.83	11.8	0.88	23.0	1.06	29.1	1.27	20.9	1.06	7.6	0.76	1.5	0.39
Slovenia	7.1	0.40	15.8	0.67	25.3	0.85	25.3	0.99	17.9	0.79	7.4	0.47	1.3	0.31
Spain	8.5	0.92	16.4	0.85	27.1	0.98	27.7	1.02	15.9	0.91	4.0	0.43	0.4 !	0.13
Sweden	6.2	0.53	14.7	0.77	25.2	0.78	28.0	0.78	17.5	0.79	6.8	0.59	1.6	0.33
United Arab Emirates	18.2	0.88	25.5	0.80	28.5	0.83	18.3	0.69	7.3	0.48	2.0	0.28	0.2 !	0.08
United States	5.9	0.84	12.4	0.99	24.7	1.09	26.9	0.89	19.3	1.05	8.2	0.78	2.5	0.51

Not applicable.
! Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable due to high coefficient of variation.

Interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable due to high coefficient of variation.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: The computer-based mathematics literacy assessment was an optional assessment for education systems in 2012. To reach a particular proficiency level, a student must correctly answer a majority of items at that level. Students were classified into mathematics literacy levels according to their scores. Exact cut scores are as follows: below level 1 (a score less than or equal to 357.77); level 1 (a score greater than 357.77 and less than or equal to 420.07; level 2 (a score greater than 420.07 and less than or equal to 482.38); level 3 (a score greater than 69.99) and less than or equal to 669.90); and level 6 (a score greater than 606.99); level 5 (a score greater than 606.99) and less than or equal to 669.90); and level 6 (a score greater than 606.90) and level 6 (a score greater than 606.90) and level 6 (a score greater than 606.90); and level 6 (a score greater than 606.90

Table CM2. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA computer-based mathematics literacy scale, by education system: 2012

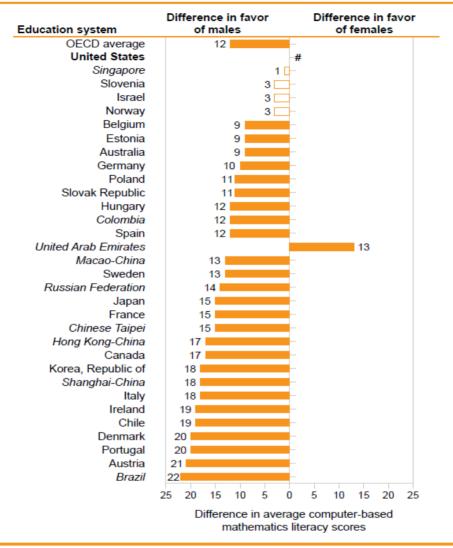
Education system	Average score	s.e.	Education system	Average score	s.e.
OECD average	497	0.7			
Singapore	566 🗘	1.3	Norway	498	2.8
Shanghai-China	562 🗘	3.4	Slovak Republic	497	3.5
Korea, Republic of	553 🗘	4.5	Denmark	496	2.7
Hong Kong-China	550 🗘	3.4	Ireland	493	2.9
Macao-China	543 🗘	1.1	Sweden	490	2.9
Japan	539 🗘	3.3	Russian Federation	489	2.6
Chinese Taipei	537 🗘	2.8	Poland	489	4.0
Canada	523 🗘	2.2	Portugal	489	3.1
Estonia	516 🗘	2.2	Slovenia	487 🗑	1.2
Belgium	511 🗘	2.4	Spain	475 🛡	3.2
Germany	509 🗘	3.3	Hungary	470 🛡	3.9
France	508	3.3	Israel	447 🗑	5.6
Australia	508 🗘	1.6	United Arab Emirates	434 🛡	2.2
Austria	507	3.5	Chile	432 🛡	3.3
Italy	499	4.2	Brazil	421 🗑	4.7
United States	498	4.1	Colombia	397 🗑	3.2

Average score is higher than U.S. average score.

NOTE: The computer-based mathematics literacy assessment was an optional assessment for education systems in 2012. Education systems are ordered by 2012 average score. The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. All average scores reported as higher or lower than the U.S. average score are different at the .05 level of statistical significance. Standard error is noted by s.e. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems. This table corresponds to table 5 in *Performance of U.S. 15-Year-Old Students in Mathematics, Science, and Reading Literacy in an International Context* (NCES 2014-024).

Average score is lower than U.S. average score.

Figure CM1a. Difference in average scores of 15-year-old female and male students on PISA computer-based mathematics literacy scale, by education system: 2012



Male-female difference in average computer-based mathematics literacy scores is statistically different.
 Male-female difference in average computer-based mathematics literacy scores is not measurably different.

NOTE: The computer-based mathematics literacy assessment was an optional assessment for education systems in 2012. Education systems are ordered by absolute male-female difference in 2012 average score. Differences were computed using unrounded numbers. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. Score differences as noted between males and females are significantly different at the .05 level of statistical significance. The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems.

Table CM1b. Difference in average scores of 15-year-old female and male students on PISA computer-based mathematics literacy scale, by education

system: 2012

Education system	Male-female difference	s.e.
OECD average	12 *	0.8
United States	#	t
Singapore	1	2.3
Slovenia	3	3.0
Israel	3	8.9
Norway	3	2.8
Belgium	9 *	3.1
Estonia	9 *	2.5
Australia	9 *	2.8
Germany	10 *	2.7
Poland	11 *	3.2
Slovak Republic	11 *	3.9
Hungary	12 *	3.8
Colombia	12 *	3.3
Spain	12 *	2.5
United Arab Emirates	-13 *	4.4
Macao-China	13 *	2.0
Sweden	13 *	2.8
Russian Federation	14 *	2.8
Japan	15 *	3.8
France	15 *	3.0
Chinese Taipei	15 *	6.7
Hong Kong-China	17 *	4.3
Canada	17 *	1.9
Korea, Republic of	18 *	6.7
Shanghai-China	18 *	2.9
Italy	18 *	5.0
Ireland	19 *	3.7
Chile	19 *	3.9
Denmark	20 *	2.5
Portugal	20 *	2.3
Austria	21 *	4.9
Brazil	22 *	2.4

[†] Not applicable.

NOTE: The computer-based mathematics literacy assessment was an optional assessment for education systems in 2012. Education systems are ordered by absolute male-female difference in 2012 average score. Differences were computed using unrounded numbers. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Standard error is noted by s.e. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems.

[#] Rounds to zero.

^{*} p < .05. Differences between males and females are significantly different at the .05 level of statistical significance.

Exhibit CR1. Description of PISA proficiency levels on computer-based reading literacy scale: 2012

Proficiency level and lower cut score	Task descriptions
Level 5 or above 626	At level 5 or above, tasks typically require the reader to locate, analyze, and critically evaluate information, related to an unfamiliar context, in the presence of ambiguity. They require generating criteria to evaluate the text. Tasks may require navigation across multiple sites without explicit direction, and detailed interrogation of texts in a variety of formats.
Level 4 553	At level 4, tasks may require the reader to evaluate information from several sources, navigating across several sites comprising texts in a variety of formats, and generating criteria for evaluation in relation to a familiar, personal, or practical context. Other tasks at this level demand that the reader interpret complex information according to well-defined criteria in a scientific or technical context.
Level 3 480	At level 3, tasks require that the reader integrate information, either by navigating across several sites to find well-defined target information, or by generating simple categories when the task is not explicitly stated. Where evaluation is called for, only the information that is most directly accessible or only part of the available information is required.
Level 2 407	At level 2, tasks typically require the reader to locate and interpret information that is well-defined, usually relating to familiar contexts. They may require navigation across a limited number of sites and the application of web-based navigation tools such as drop-down menus, where explicit directions are provided or only low-level inference is called for. Tasks may require integrating information presented in different formats, recognizing examples that fit clearly defined categories.

NOTE: To reach a particular proficiency level, a student must correctly answer a majority of items at that level. Students were classified into reading literacy levels according to their scores. Cut scores in the exhibit are rounded; exact cut scores are provided in table AA1. Proficiency levels 1b and 1a have been omitted from this table, and levels 5 and 6 have been collapsed in order to provide descriptive and meaningful proficiency levels for the computer-based reading assessment. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000.

Table CR1. Percentage distribution of 15-year-old students on PISA computer-based reading literacy scale, by proficiency level and education system: 2012

	Below leve	Below level 2		Level 2		Level 3		Level 4		Above level 4	
Education system	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	Percent	s.e.	
OECD average	17.6	0.26	22.5	0.21	29.9	0.24	22.1	0.22	8.0	0.17	
Australia	12.5	0.50	19.8	0.48	29.4	0.64	24.9	0.72	13.4	0.67	
Austria	20.2	1.43	26.3	1.16	30.0	1.31	18.4	1.04	5.1	0.72	
Belgium	17.2	0.84	20.0	0.77	29.6	0.89	24.0	0.79	9.1	0.70	
Brazil	37.2	2.17	30.4	1.35	22.8	1.38	8.3	1.01	1.4	0.36	
Canada	8.5	0.53	17.3	0.56	31.3	0.71	29.4	0.76	13.6	0.70	
Chile	29.3	1.73	32.9	1.22	27.1	1.24	9.6	0.85	1.1	0.16	
Chinese Taipei	11.1	0.85	19.3	0.80	31.8	0.98	27.6	1.06	10.3	0.92	
Colombia	54.9	1.82	27.5	1.05	13.4	0.86	3.7	0.50	0.5 !	0.19	
Denmark	14.2	0.98	26.7	0.94	34.2	1.02	20.3	1.27	4.5	0.62	
Estonia	11.4	0.92	19.8	0.87	30.0	1.01	25.7	1.09	13.1	0.91	
France	13.8	1.15	19.6	0.87	30.6	1.30	26.3	1.02	9.7	0.97	
Germany	19.1	1.54	21.7	0.96	29.9	1.26	21.9	1.16	7.4	0.80	
Hong Kong-China	7.6	0.81	13.8	0.82	26.5	1.15	31.0	1.16	21.1	1.31	
Hungary	32.5	1.38	24.6	1.24	24.8	1.13	14.1	0.98	4.0	0.60	
Ireland	9.4	0.86	19.8	0.92	34.9	0.85	26.8	0.96	9.0	0.75	
Israel	31.0	1.84	22.3	1.19	23.5	1.21	16.9	1.30	6.2	0.93	
Italy	15.7	1.42	20.9	1.32	31.4	1.34	23.8	1.26	8.2	0.87	
Japan	4.9	0.76	14.4	0.96	32.3	1.18	34.1	1.18	14.2	1.14	
Korea, Republic of	3.9	0.48	11.7	0.83	30.8	1.27	35.3	1.23	18.3	1.64	
Macao-China	7.0	0.47	22.8	0.71	39.8	0.66	25.3	0.78	5.1	0.51	
Norway	16.6	1.06	22.0	0.82	29.9	0.98	22.8	0.93	8.6	0.69	
Poland	22.4	1.54	26.3	0.99	29.4	1.14	17.4	1.27	4.5	0.72	
Portugal	19.2	1.62	25.7	1.06	31.3	1.39	19.7	1.31	4.1	0.62	
Russian Federation	24.6	1.63	31.2	1.24	28.5	1.05	13.0	1.00	2.6	0.42	
Shanghai-China	7.9	1.11	18.1	1.11	32.6	1.35	28.9	1.40	12.5	1.16	
Singapore	4.3	0.31	12.5	0.49	26.0	0.75	30.3	0.72	26.8	0.68	
Slovak Republic	22.6	1.50	25.9	1.09	31.1	1.45	16.9	0.99	3.5	0.61	
Slovenia	25.1	0.66	26.1	1.01	26.9	1.16	17.6	0.80	4.3	0.53	
Spain	26.2	1.52	27.1	1.06	27.9	1.12	15.2	0.90	3.7	0.43	
Sweden	16.7	1.11	23.2	0.86	30.2	0.98	21.8	0.90	8.1	0.70	
United Arab Emirates	50.5	1.35	24.2	0.82	15.7	0.75	7.3	0.49	2.3	0.28	
United States	12.6	1.42	22.3	1.21	31.5	1.03	24.6	1.31	9.0	0.90	

United States 12.6 1.42 22.3 1.21 31.5 1.03 24.6 1.31 9.0 0.90

I interpret data with caution. Estimate is unstable due to high coefficient of variation.

NOTE: The computer-based reading literacy assessment was an optional assessment for education systems in 2012. To reach a particular proficiency level, a student must correctly answer a majority of items at that level. Students were classified into reading literacy levels according to their scores. Exact cut scores are as follows: below level 1b (a score less than or equal to 26.204); level 1b (a score greater than 262.04 and less than or equal to 34.75); level 2 (a score greater than 394.75 and less than or equal to 25.61 and less than or equal to 34.75); level 5 (a score greater than 407.47 and less than or equal to 480.18); level 3 (a score greater than 480.18 and less than or equal to 52.58); level 4 (a score greater than 49.18 and less than or equal to 45.61 and less than or equal to 45.

Table CR2. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA computer-based reading literacy scale, by education system: 2012

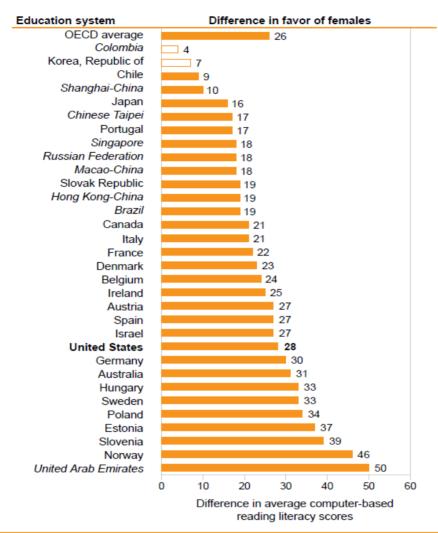
Education system	Average score	s.e.	Education system	Average score	s.e.
OECD average	497 🗑	0.7			
Singapore	567 众	1.2	Sweden	498 🗑	3.4
Korea, Republic of	555 众	3.6	Denmark	495 🗑	2.9
Hong Kong-China	550 众	3.6	Germany	494 🗑	4.0
Japan	545 (3.3	Portugal	486 🗑	4.4
Canada	532 众	2.3	Austria	480 🗑	3.9
Shanghai-China	531 众	3.7	Poland	477 🗑	4.5
Estonia	523 众	2.8	Slovak Republic	474 🗑	3.5
Australia	521	1.7	Slovenia	471 🗑	1.3
Ireland	520	3.0	Spain	466 🗑	3.9
Chinese Taipei	519	3.0	Russian Federation	466 🗑	3.9
Macao-China	515	0.9	Israel	461 🗑	5.1
United States	511	4.5	Chile	452 🗑	3.6
France	511	3.6	Hungary	450 🗑	4.4
Italy	504	4.3	Brazil	436 🗑	4.9
Belgium	502	2.5	United Arab Emirates	407 🗑	3.3
Norway	500 🗑	3.5	Colombia	396 🗑	4.0

Average score is higher than U.S. average score.

NOTE: The computer-based reading literacy assessment was an optional assessment for education systems in 2012. Education systems are ordered by 2012 average score. The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. All average scores reported as higher or lower than the U.S. average score are different at the .05 level of statistical significance. Standard error is noted by s.e. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems. This table corresponds to table 6 in *Performance of U.S. 15-Year-Old Students in Mathematics, Science, and Reading Literacy in an International Context* (NCES 2014-024).

Average score is lower than U.S. average score.

Figure CR1a. Difference in average scores of 15-year-old female and male students on PISA computer-based reading literacy scale, by education system: 2012



■ Female-male difference in average computer-based reading literacy scores is statistically different.

☐ Female-male difference in average computer-based reading literacy scores is not measurably different.

NOTE: The computer-based reading literacy assessment was an optional assessment for education systems in 2012. Education systems are ordered by female-male difference in 2012 average score. Differences were computed using unrounded numbers. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. Score differences as noted between males and females are significantly different at the .05 level of statistical significance. The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems.

Table CR1b. Difference in average scores of 15-year-old female and male students on PISA computer-based reading literacy scale, by education system: 2012

Education system	Female-male difference	s.e.
OECD average	26 *	0.8
Colombia	4	4.3
Korea, Republic of	7	5.1
Chile	9 *	4.4
Shanghai-China	10 *	2.8
Japan	16 *	3.8
Chinese Taipei	17 *	5.3
Portugal	17 *	3.0
Singapore	18 *	2.2
Russian Federation	18 *	3.0
Macao-China	18 *	1.7
Slovak Republic	19 *	4.3
Hong Kong-China	19 *	5.0
Brazil	19 *	3.2
Canada	21 *	1.8
Italy	21 *	6.0
France	22 *	3.6
Denmark	23 *	2.4
Belgium	24 *	4.0
Ireland	25 *	4.3
Austria	27 *	6.1
Spain	27 *	3.1
Israel	27 *	6.4
United States	28 *	2.6
Germany	30 *	3.0
Australia	31 *	2.9
Hungary	33 *	4.9
Sweden	33 *	3.3
Poland	34 *	3.4
Estonia	37 *	2.8
Slovenia	39 *	2.7
Norway	46 *	3.1
United Arab Emirates	50 *	6.5

 $^{^*}$ p < .05. Differences between males and females are significantly different at the .05 level of statistical significance.

NOTE: The computer-based reading literacy assessment was an optional assessment for education systems in 2012. Education systems are ordered by female-male difference in 2012 average score. Differences were computed using unrounded numbers. Scores are reported on a scale from 0 to 1,000. The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Standard error is noted by *s.e.* Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems.

Table A1. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale in Connecticut public schools compared with other participating education systems: 2012

To the control of the							
Education systems higher than Connecticut							
Shanghai-China	Japan						
Singapore	Liechtenstein						
Hong Kong-China	Switzerland						
Chinese Taipei	Netherlands						
Korea, Republic of	Estonia						
Macao-China	Finland						
Education systems not measurably different from Connecticut							
Canada	Ireland						
Poland	Slovenia						
Belgium	Denmark						
Germany	New Zealand						
Massachusetts	Czech Republic						
Vietnam	France						
Austria	OECD average						
Australia	United Kingdom						
	Education systems lower than Connecticut						
Iceland	Cyprus						
Latvia	Bulgaria						
Luxembourg	United Arab Emirates						
Norway	Kazakhstan						
Portugal	Thailand						
Italy	Chile						
Spain	Malaysia						
Russian Federation	Mexico						
Slovak Republic	Montenegro, Republic of						
United States	Uruguay						
Lithuania	Costa Rica						
Sweden	Albania						
Hungary	Brazil						
Croatia	Argentina						
Florida	Tunisia						
Israel	Jordan						
Greece	Colombia						
Serbia, Republic of	Qatar						
Turkey	Indonesia						
_ · ·	_						

NOTE: All average scores reported as higher or lower than the Connecticut average score are different at the .05 level of statistical significance. The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems.

Peru

Romania

Table A2. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale in Connecticut public schools, by various subgroups: 2012

Reporting groups	Average score	s.e.
Connecticut average	506 ***	6.2
U.S. average	481 **	3.6
OECD average	494 ***	0.5
Sex		
Female	499 ***	6.3
Male	513 *	6.9
Race/ethnicity		
White	534 *	5.5
Black	421 *	7.3
Hispanic	442 *	8.3
Asian	534 *	11.8
Multiracial	496	11.8
Percentage of students in enrolled schools eligible for free or reduced-price lunch		
Less than 10 percent	567 *	7.0
10 to 24.9 percent	526 *	6.7
25 to 49.9 percent	491	5.1
50 to 74.9 percent	440 *	15.0
75 percent or more	427 *	13.9

^{*} p < .05. Significantly different from both the U.S. and OECD averages at the .05 level of statistical significance.

NOTE: The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Reporting standards were not met for American Indian/Alaska Native and Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander. Black includes African American, and Hispanic includes Latino. Students who identified themselves as being of Hispanic origin were classified as Hispanic, regardless of their race. Although data for some race/ethnicities were not shown separately because the reporting standards were not met, they are included in the U.S. and state totals. Data on free or reduced-price lunch are based on principals' responses to a question in the school questionnaire that asked the approximate percentage of eligible students in the school during the previous school year. Standard error is noted by s.e.

^{**} p <.05. Significantly different from the OECD average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

^{***} p < .05. Significantly different from the U.S. average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

Table A3. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale in Connecticut public schools compared with other participating education systems: 2012

public schools compared with otl	ner participating education systems: 2012
Educ	ation systems higher than Connecticut
Shanghai-China	Finland
Hong Kong-China	Estonia
Singapore	Korea, Republic of
Japan	
Education syst	tems not measurably different from Connecticut
Vietnam	Ireland
Massachusetts	Australia
Poland	Macao-China
Canada	New Zealand
Liechtenstein	Switzerland
Germany	Slovenia
Chinese Taipei	United Kingdom
Netherlands	Czech Republic
Educ	ation systems lower than Connecticut
Austria	United Arab Emirates
Belgium	Bulgaria
Latvia	Chile
OECD average	Serbia, Republic of
France	Thailand
Denmark	Romania
United States	Cyprus
Spain	Costa Rica
Lithuania	Kazakhstan
Norway	Malaysia
Hungary	Uruguay
Italy	Mexico
Croatia	Montenegro, Republic of
Luxembourg	Jordan
Portugal	Argentina
Russian Federation	Brazil
Florida	Colombia
Sweden	Tunisia
Iceland	Albania
Slovak Republic	Qatar
Israel	Indonesia
Greece	Peru

NOTE: All average scores reported as higher or lower than the Connecticut average score are different at the .05 level of statistical significance. The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems.

Turkey

Table A4. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale in Connecticut public schools, by various subgroups: 2012

Reporting groups	Average score	s.e.
Connecticut average	521 *	5.7
U.S. average	497	3.8
OECD average	501	0.5
Sex		
Female	514 *	6.1
Male	528 *	6.2
Race/ethnicity		
White	547 *	4.5
Black	433 *	9.5
Hispanic	463 *	9.3
Asian	553 *	11.6
Multiracial	520	10.8
Percentage of students in enrolled schools eligible for free or reduced-price lunch		
Less than 10 percent	575 *	8.3
10 to 24.9 percent	539 *	7.1
25 to 49.9 percent	511	6.0
50 to 74.9 percent	465 **	16.7
75 percent or more	435 *	9.6

^{*} p<.05. Significantly different from both the U.S. and OECD averages at the .05 level of statistical significance. ** p<.05. Significantly different from the OECD average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

NOTE: The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Reporting standards were not met for American Indian/Alaska Native and Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander. Black includes African American, and Hispanic includes Latino. Students who identified themselves as being of Hispanic origin were classified as Hispanic, regardless of their race. Although data for some race/ethnicities were not shown separately because the reporting standards were not met, they are included in the U.S. and state totals. Data on free or reduced-price lunch are based on principals' responses to a question in the school questionnaire that asked the approximate percentage of eligible students in the school during the previous school year. Standard error is noted by s.e.

Table A5. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale in Connecticut public schools compared with other participating education systems: 2012

Education system	ns higher than Connecticut
Shanghai-China	Singapore
Hong Kong-China	Japan
Education systems not me	easurably different from Connecticut
Korea, Republic of	New Zealand
Massachusetts	Australia
Finland	Netherlands
Ireland	Belgium
Chinese Taipei	Switzerland
Canada	Macao-China
Poland	Vietnam
Estonia	Germany
Liechtenstein	
	ms lower than Connecticut
France	Slovak Republic
Norway	Cyprus
United Kingdom	Serbia, Republic of
United States	United Arab Emirates
OECD average	Chile
Denmark	Thailand
Czech Republic	Costa Rica
Florida	Romania
Italy	Bulgaria
Austria	Mexico
Latvia	Montenegro, Republic of
Hungary	Uruguay
Spain	Brazil
Luxembourg	Tunisia
Portugal	Colombia
Israel	Jordan
Croatia	Malaysia
Sweden	Indonesia
Iceland	Argentina
Slovenia	Albania
Lithuania	Kazakhstan
Greece	Qatar
Turkey	Peru
Russian Federation	

NOTE: All average scores reported as higher or lower than the Connecticut average score are different at the .05 level of statistical significance. The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems.

Table A6. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale in Connecticut public schools, by various subgroups: 2012

Reporting groups	Average score	s.e.
Connecticut average	521 *	6.5
U.S. average	498	3.7
OECD average	496	0.5
Sex		
Female	532 *	6.7
Male	510	7.1
Race/ethnicity		
White	546 *	5.5
Black	447 *	10.2
Hispanic	463 *	9.8
Asian	558 *	12.9
Multiracial	521 **	11.9
Percentage of students in enrolled schools eligible for free or reduced-price lunch		
Less than 10 percent	578 *	9.7
10 to 24.9 percent	542 *	7.1
25 to 49.9 percent	508	6.1
50 to 74.9 percent	459 *	13.7
75 percent or more	443 *	12.1

^{*} p < .05. Significantly different from both the U.S. and OECD averages at the .05 level of statistical significance.

NOTE: The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Reporting standards were not met for American Indian/Alaska Native and Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander. Black includes African American, and Hispanic includes Latino. Students who identified themselves as being of Hispanic origin were classified as Hispanic, regardless of their race. Although data for some race/ethnicities were not shown separately because the reporting standards were not met, they are included in the U.S. and state totals. Data on free or reduced-price lunch are based on principals' responses to a question in the school questionnaire that asked the approximate percentage of eligible students in the school during the previous school year. Standard error is noted by s.e.

^{**} p <.05. Significantly different from the OECD average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

Table A7. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale in Florida public schools compared with other participating education systems: 2012

Education systems higher than Florida			
Shanghai-China Australia			
Singapore	Ireland		
Hong Kong-China	Slovenia		
Chinese Taipei	Denmark		
Korea, Republic of	New Zealand		
Macao-China	Czech Republic		
Japan	France		
Liechtenstein	OECD average		
Switzerland	United Kingdom		
Netherlands	Iceland		
Estonia	Latvia		
Finland	Luxembourg		
Canada	Norway		
Poland	Portugal		
Belgium	Italy		
Germany	Spain		
Massachusetts	Russian Federation		
Vietnam	Slovak Republic		
Connecticut	United States		
Austria			
	surably different from Florida		
Lithuania	Croatia		
Sweden	Israel		
Hungary			
	s lower than Florida		
Greece	Montenegro, Republic of		
Serbia, Republic of	Uruguay		
Turkey	Costa Rica		
Romania	Albania		
Cyprus	Brazil		
Bulgaria	Argentina		
United Arab Emirates	Tunisia		
Kazakhstan	Jordan		
Thailand	Colombia		
Chile	Qatar		
Malaysia	Indonesia		
Mexico	Peru		

NOTE: All average scores reported as higher or lower than the Florida average score are different at the .05 level of statistical significance. The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems.

Table A8. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale in Florida public schools, by various subgroups: 2012

Reporting groups	Average score	s.e.
Florida average	467 *	5.8
U.S. average	481 **	3.6
OECD average	494 ***	0.5
Sex		
Female	460 *	6.0
Male	474 **	6.3
Race/ethnicity		
White	499 ***	5.7
Black	413 *	5.7
Hispanic	458 *	5.7
Asian	‡	†
Multiracial	467 **	6.4
Percentage of students in enrolled schools eligible for free or reduced-price lunch		
Less than 10 percent	548 *	23.9
10 to 24.9 percent	533 *	15.3
25 to 49.9 percent	481 **	6.0
50 to 74.9 percent	453 *	4.9
75 percent or more	417 *	9.0

[‡] Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Reporting standards were not met for American Indian/Alaska Native and Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander. Black includes African American, and Hispanic includes Latino. Students who identified themselves as being of Hispanic origin were classified as Hispanic, regardless of their race. Although data for some race/ethnicities were not shown separately because the reporting standards were not met, they are included in the U.S. and state totals. Data on free or reduced-price lunch are based on principals' responses to a question in the school questionnaire that asked the approximate percentage of eligible students in the school during the previous school year. Standard error is noted by s.e. SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2012.

[†] Not applicable.

^{*} p < .05. Significantly different from both the U.S. and OECD averages at the .05 level of statistical significance.

^{**} p <.05. Significantly different from the OECD average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

^{***} p < .05. Significantly different from the U.S. average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

Table A9. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale in Florida public schools compared with other participating education systems: 2012

Education systems higher than Florida		
Shanghai-China	Ireland	
Hong Kong-China	Australia	
Singapore	Connecticut	
Japan	Macao-China	
Finland	New Zealand	
Estonia	Switzerland	
Korea, Republic of	Slovenia	
Vietnam	United Kingdom	
Massachusetts	Czech Republic	
Poland	Austria	
Canada	Belgium	
Liechtenstein	Latvia	
Germany	OECD average	
Chinese Taipei	France	
Netherlands		
Education	systems not measurably different from Florida	
Denmark	Luxembourg	
United States	Portugal	

United States

Russian Federation Spain

Lithuania Sweden Iceland Norway

Slovak Republic Hungary

Italy

Croatia

Education systems lower than Florida

Greece Uruguay Turkey Mexico

United Arab Emirates Montenegro, Republic of

Bulgaria Jordan Chile Argentina Serbia, Republic of Brazil Thailand Colombia Romania Tunisia Cyprus Albania Costa Rica Qatar Kazakhstan Indonesia Malaysia Peru

NOTE: All average scores reported as higher or lower than the Florida average score are different at the .05 level of statistical significance. The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems.

Table A10. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale in Florida public schools, by various subgroups: 2012

Reporting groups	Average score	s.e.	
Florida average	485 **	6.4	
U.S. average	497	3.8	
OECD average	501	0.5	
Sex			
Female	478 *	6.2	
Male	491	7.4	
Race/ethnicity			
White	520 *	6.6	
Black	425 *	5.9	
Hispanic	475 *	6.3	
Asian	‡	†	
Multiracial	500	8.5	
Percentage of students in enrolled schools eligible for free or reduced-price lunch			
Less than 10 percent	573 *	15.0	
10 to 24.9 percent	545 *	19.1	
25 to 49.9 percent	499	7.6	
50 to 74.9 percent	474 *	5.2	
75 percent or more	429 *	8.2	

[‡] Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Reporting standards were not met for American Indian/Alaska Native and Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander. Black includes African American, and Hispanic includes Latino. Students who identified themselves as being of Hispanic origin were classified as Hispanic, regardless of their race. Although data for some race/ethnicities were not shown separately because the reporting standards were not met, they are included in the U.S. and state totals. Data on free or reduced-price lunch are based on principals' responses to a question in the school questionnaire that asked the approximate percentage of eligible students in the school during the previous school year. Standard error is noted by s.e.

[†] Not applicable.

^{*} p <.05. Significantly different from both the U.S. and OECD averages at the .05 level of statistical significance.

^{**} p < .05. Significantly different from the OECD average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

Table A11. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale in Florida public schools compared with other participating education systems: 2012

public schools compared with other participating education systems. 2012		
	tion systems higher than Florida	
Shanghai-China	Estonia	
Hong Kong-China	Liechtenstein	
Singapore	New Zealand	
Japan	Australia	
Korea, Republic of	Netherlands	
Massachusetts	Belgium	
Finland	Switzerland	
Ireland	Macao-China	
Chinese Taipei	Vietnam	
Canada	Germany	
Connecticut	France	
Poland		
	ems not measurably different from Florida	
Norway	Hungary	
United Kingdom	Spain	
United States	Luxembourg	
OECD average	Portugal	
Denmark	Israel	
Czech Republic	Croatia	
Italy	Sweden	
Austria	Iceland	
Latvia	Slovenia	
Educa	ation systems lower than Florida	
Lithuania	Montenegro, Republic of	
Greece	Uruguay	
Turkey	Brazil	
Russian Federation	Tunisia	
Slovak Republic	Colombia	
Cyprus	Jordan	
Serbia, Republic of	Malaysia	
United Arab Emirates	Indonesia	
Chile	Argentina	
Thailand	Albania	
Costa Rica	Kazakhstan	
Romania	Qatar	
Bulgaria	Peru	
Mexico		

NOTE: All average scores reported as higher or lower than the Florida average score are different at the .05 level of statistical significance. The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems.

Table A12. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale in Florida public schools, by various subgroups: 2012

Reporting groups	Average score	s.e.
Florida average	492	6.1
U.S. average	498	3.7
OECD average	496	0.5
Sex		
Female	503	5.9
Male	481 *	7.0
Race/ethnicity		
White	518 *	6.7
Black	449 *	6.7
Hispanic	489	7.2
Asian	‡	†
Multiracial	492	8.1
Percentage of students in enrolled schools eligible for free or reduced-price lunch		
Less than 10 percent	568 *	17.6
10 to 24.9 percent	555 *	25.6
25 to 49.9 percent	500	7.7
50 to 74.9 percent	484 *	5.4
75 percent or more	449 *	8.5

[‡] Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Reporting standards were not met for American Indian/Alaska Native and Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander. Black includes African American, and Hispanic includes Latino. Students who identified themselves as being of Hispanic origin were classified as Hispanic, regardless of their race. Although data for some race/ethnicities were not shown separately because the reporting standards were not met, they are included in the U.S. and state totals. Data on free or reduced-price lunch are based on principals' responses to a question in the school questionnaire that asked the approximate percentage of eligible students in the school during the previous school year. Standard error is noted by s.e.

[†] Not applicable.

^{*} p <.05. Significantly different from both the U.S. and OECD averages at the .05 level of statistical significance.

Table A13. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale in Massachusetts public schools compared with other participating education systems: 2012

	<u> </u>
	Education systems higher than Massachusetts
Shanghai-China	Macao-China
Singapore	Japan

Singapore Japan
Hong Kong-China Liechtenstein
Chinese Taipei Switzerland

Korea, Republic of

Education systems not measurably different from Massachusetts

Netherlands Vietnam
Estonia Connecticut
Finland Austria
Canada Australia
Poland Ireland
Belgium Slovenia
Germany

Education systems lower than Massachusetts

Denmark Serbia, Republic of
New Zealand Turkey
Czech Republic Romania
France Cyprus
OECD average Bulgaria

United Kingdom United Arab Emirates

IcelandKazakhstanLatviaThailandLuxembourgChileNorwayMalaysiaPortugalMexico

Italy Montenegro, Republic of

Spain Uruguay Russian Federation Costa Rica Slovak Republic Albania **United States** Brazil Lithuania Argentina Tunisia Sweden Hungary Jordan Croatia Colombia Florida Qatar Israel Indonesia Peru Greece

NOTE: All average scores reported as higher or lower than the Massachusetts average score are different at the .05 level of statistical significance. The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems.

Table A14. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA mathematics literacy scale in Massachusetts public schools, by various subgroups: 2012

Reporting groups	Average score	s.e.
Massachusetts average	514 *	6.2
U.S. average	481 **	3.6
OECD average	494 ***	0.5
Sex		
Female	509 *	7.1
Male	518 *	6.3
Race/ethnicity		
White	530 *	6.7
Black	458 **	15.9
Hispanic	446 *	9.5
Asian	569 *	16.9
Multiracial	‡	†
Percentage of students in enrolled schools eligible for free or reduced-price lunch		
Less than 10 percent	583 *	11.0
10 to 24.9 percent	514 *	6.6
25 to 49.9 percent	493 ***	4.5
50 to 74.9 percent	465 **	11.9
75 percent or more	457 **	16.9

[‡] Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Reporting standards were not met for American Indian/Alaska Native and Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander. Black includes African American, and Hispanic includes Latino. Students who identified themselves as being of Hispanic origin were classified as Hispanic, regardless of their race. Although data for some race/ethnicities were not shown separately because the reporting standards were not met, they are included in the U.S. and state totals. Data on free or reduced-price lunch are based on principals' responses to a question in the school questionnaire that asked the approximate percentage of eligible students in the school during the previous school year. Standard error is noted by s.e. SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2012.

[†] Not applicable.

^{*} p < .05. Significantly different from both the U.S. and OECD averages at the .05 level of statistical significance.

^{**} p <.05. Significantly different from the OECD average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

^{***} p < .05. Significantly different from the U.S. average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

Table A15. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale in Massachusetts public schools compared with other participating education systems: 2012

Shanghai-China	•	n systems higher than Massachusetts		
Finland Estonia Estonia				
Education systems not measurably different from Massachusetts Korea, Republic of Vietnam Australia Poland Canada Macao-China Liechtenstein New Zealand Germany Switzerland United Kingdom Netherlands Education systems lower than Massachusetts Slovenia Turkey Czech Republic Austria Belgium Chile Latvia Serbia, Republic of OECD average Tranea Poland Cyprus United States Spain Kazakhstan Lithuania Malaysia Norway Hungary Hungary Hungary Hungary Luxebic olombia Florida Resultic olombia Florida Resultic olombia Florida Seveden Ledand Loven Aubenia Loven Republic Loven Aubenia Loven Auben		·		
Education systems not measurably different from Massachusetts Korea, Republic of Vietnam Australia Poland Connecticut Canada Macao-China Liechtenstein New Zealand Germany Switzerland Chinese Taipei Netherlands Education systems lower than Massachusetts Slovenia Turkey Czech Republic United Arab Emirates Austria Belgium Chile Latvia Serbia, Republic of OECD average Thailand France Romania Denmark Cyprus United States Spain Kazakhstan Lithuania Norway Uruguay Hungary Italy Montenegro, Republic of Croatia Luxembourg Roratia Russian Federation Florida Sweden Leland Love Republic Ireland Connecticut Raco-China Austria Bugaria Brazil Russian Federation Florida Tunisia Sweden Leland Qatar Slovak Republic				
Vietnam Australia Poland Connecticut Canada Macao-China Liechtenstein New Zealand Germany Switzerland Chinese Taipei Netherlands United Kingdom Education systems lower than Massachusetts Slovenia Turkey Czech Republic United Arab Emirates Austria Bulgaria Belgium Chile Latvia Serbia, Republic of OECD average Thailand France Romania Denmark Cyprus United States Costa Rica Spain Kazakhstan Lithuania Malaysia Norway Uruguay Hungary Mexico Italy Montenegro, Republic of Croatia Jordan Luxembourg Argentina Portugal Brazil Russian Federation Colombia Florida Tunisia Sweden Albania Iceland Qatar Slovak Republic Indonesia		s not measurably different from Massachusetts		
Poland Canada Macao-China Liechtenstein New Zealand Germany Switzerland Chinese Taipei United Kingdom Netherlands Education systems lower than Massachusetts Slovenia Turkey Czech Republic United Arab Emirates Austria Bulgaria Belgium Chile Latvia Serbia, Republic of OECD average Thailand France Romania Denmark Cyprus United States Costa Rica Spain Kazakhstan Lithuania Malaysia Norway Uruguay Hungary Mexico Italy Montenegro, Republic of Croatia Jordan Luxembourg Argentina Portugal Brazil Russian Federation Florida Albania Iceland Qatar Slovak Republic Indonesia	Korea, Republic of	Ireland		
Canada Macao-China Liechtenstein New Zealand Germany Switzerland Chinese Taipei United Kingdom Netherlands Education systems lower than Massachusetts Slovenia Turkey	Vietnam	Australia		
Liechtenstein Germany Switzerland Chinese Taipei Netherlands Education systems lower than Massachusetts Slovenia Turkey Czech Republic United Arab Emirates Austria Belgium Chile Latvia Serbia, Republic of OECD average Thailand France Romania Denmark Cyprus United States Spain Kazakhstan Lithuania Malaysia Norway Uruguay Hungary Hungary Hungary Luxembourg Argentina Colombia Frortugal Russian Federation Florida Sweden Lieland Lieland Lieland Slovak Republic Lindensia	Poland	Connecticut		
Germany Chinese Taipei Netherlands Education systems lower than Massachusetts Slovenia Turkey Czech Republic United Arab Emirates Austria Belgium Chile Latvia Serbia, Republic of OECD average Thailand France Romania Denmark Cyprus United States Costa Rica Spain Kazakhstan Lithuania Malaysia Norway Uruguay Hungary Italy Montenegro, Republic of Croatia Luxembourg Argentina Fortugal Russian Federation Florida Serbia, Republic of Coroatia Lordan Lo	Canada	Macao-China		
Chinese Taipei Netherlands Education systems lower than Massachusetts Slovenia Turkey Czech Republic United Arab Emirates Austria Bulgaria Belgium Chile Latvia Serbia, Republic of OECD average Thailand France Romania Denmark Cyprus United States Costa Rica Spain Kazakhstan Lithuania Malaysia Norway Uruguay Hungary Mexico Italy Montenegro, Republic of Croatia Jordan Luxembourg Argentina Portugal Brazil Russian Federation Colombia Florida Tunisia Sweden Albania Iceland Qatar Slovak Republic Indonesia	Liechtenstein	New Zealand		
Netherlands Education systems lower than Massachusetts Slovenia	Germany	Switzerland		
Education systems lower than Massachusetts Slovenia Turkey Czech Republic United Arab Emirates Austria Bulgaria Belgium Chile Latvia Serbia, Republic of OECD average Thailand France Romania Denmark Cyprus United States Costa Rica Spain Kazakhstan Lithuania Malaysia Norway Uruguay Hungary Mexico Italy Montenegro, Republic of Croatia Jordan Luxembourg Argentina Portugal Brazil Russian Federation Colombia Florida Tunisia Sweden Albania Iceland Qatar Slovak Republic Indonesia Indonesia Indonesia Colombia Indonesia Indonesia Colombia Col	Chinese Taipei	United Kingdom		
Slovenia Turkey Czech Republic United Arab Emirates Austria Bulgaria Belgium Chile Latvia Serbia, Republic of OECD average Thailand France Romania Denmark Cyprus United States Costa Rica Spain Kazakhstan Lithuania Malaysia Norway Uruguay Hungary Mexico Italy Montenegro, Republic of Croatia Jordan Luxembourg Argentina Portugal Brazil Russian Federation Colombia Florida Tunisia Sweden Albania Iceland Qatar Slovak Republic of Indonesia	Netherlands			
Czech Republic Austria Belgium Chile Latvia CECD average Thailand France Romania Denmark Cyprus United States Spain Norway Hungary Hungary Italy Croatia Luxembourg Portugal Russian Federation Florida Sweden Iceland Slovak Republic United Arab Emirates Bulgaria Bulgaria Serbia, Republic of Thailand Chile Latvia Serbia, Republic of Croatia Chile Austria Bulgaria Norway Uruguay Hungary Hun	Education	on systems lower than Massachusetts		
Austria Bulgaria Belgium Chile Latvia Serbia, Republic of OECD average Thailand France Romania Denmark Cyprus United States Costa Rica Spain Kazakhstan Lithuania Malaysia Norway Uruguay Hungary Mexico Italy Montenegro, Republic of Croatia Jordan Luxembourg Argentina Portugal Brazil Russian Federation Colombia Florida Tunisia Sweden Albania Iceland Qatar Slovak Republic Indonesia	Slovenia	Turkey		
Belgium Chile Latvia Serbia, Republic of OECD average Thailand France Romania Denmark Cyprus United States Costa Rica Spain Kazakhstan Lithuania Malaysia Norway Uruguay Hungary Mexico Italy Montenegro, Republic of Croatia Jordan Luxembourg Argentina Portugal Brazil Russian Federation Colombia Florida Tunisia Sweden Albania Iceland Qatar Slovak Republic Indonesia	Czech Republic	United Arab Emirates		
Latvia Serbia, Republic of OECD average Thailand France Romania Denmark Cyprus United States Costa Rica Spain Kazakhstan Lithuania Malaysia Norway Uruguay Hungary Mexico Italy Montenegro, Republic of Croatia Jordan Luxembourg Argentina Portugal Brazil Russian Federation Colombia Florida Tunisia Sweden Albania Iceland Qatar Slovak Republic Indonesia	Austria	Bulgaria		
OECD average Thailand France Romania Denmark Cyprus United States Costa Rica Spain Kazakhstan Lithuania Malaysia Norway Uruguay Hungary Mexico Italy Montenegro, Republic of Croatia Jordan Luxembourg Argentina Portugal Brazil Russian Federation Colombia Florida Tunisia Sweden Albania Iceland Qatar Slovak Republic Indonesia	Belgium	Chile		
France Romania Denmark Cyprus United States Costa Rica Spain Kazakhstan Lithuania Malaysia Norway Uruguay Hungary Mexico Italy Montenegro, Republic of Croatia Jordan Luxembourg Argentina Portugal Brazil Russian Federation Colombia Florida Tunisia Sweden Albania Iceland Qatar Slovak Republic of Argentina Romania Razakhstan Malaysia Malaysia Montenegro, Republic of Colombia Tunisia Albania Iceland Qatar Indonesia	Latvia	Serbia, Republic of		
DenmarkCyprusUnited StatesCosta RicaSpainKazakhstanLithuaniaMalaysiaNorwayUruguayHungaryMexicoItalyMontenegro, Republic ofCroatiaJordanLuxembourgArgentinaPortugalBrazilRussian FederationColombiaFloridaTunisiaSwedenAlbaniaIcelandQatarSlovak RepublicIndonesia	OECD average	Thailand		
United StatesCosta RicaSpainKazakhstanLithuaniaMalaysiaNorwayUruguayHungaryMexicoItalyMontenegro, Republic ofCroatiaJordanLuxembourgArgentinaPortugalBrazilRussian FederationColombiaFloridaTunisiaSwedenAlbaniaIcelandQatarSlovak RepublicIndonesia	France	Romania		
Spain Kazakhstan Lithuania Malaysia Norway Uruguay Hungary Mexico Italy Montenegro, Republic of Croatia Jordan Luxembourg Argentina Portugal Brazil Russian Federation Colombia Florida Tunisia Sweden Albania Iceland Qatar Slovak Republic Malaysia Colombia of Colombia Tunisia Qatar Indonesia	Denmark	Cyprus		
Lithuania Malaysia Norway Uruguay Hungary Mexico Italy Montenegro, Republic of Croatia Jordan Luxembourg Argentina Portugal Brazil Russian Federation Colombia Florida Tunisia Sweden Albania Iceland Qatar Slovak Republic Indonesia	United States	Costa Rica		
Norway Hungary Hungary Mexico Italy Montenegro, Republic of Croatia Luxembourg Argentina Portugal Russian Federation Florida Sweden Leland Slovak Republic Uruguay Mexico Mexico Mexico Mexico Mexico Mexico Montenegro, Republic of Colombia Florida Trunisia Tunisia Qatar Indonesia	Spain	Kazakhstan		
Hungary Mexico Italy Montenegro, Republic of Croatia Jordan Luxembourg Argentina Portugal Brazil Russian Federation Colombia Florida Tunisia Sweden Albania Iceland Qatar Slovak Republic Indonesia	Lithuania	Malaysia		
Italy Montenegro, Republic of Croatia Jordan Luxembourg Argentina Portugal Brazil Russian Federation Colombia Florida Tunisia Sweden Albania Iceland Qatar Slovak Republic Indonesia	Norway	Uruguay		
CroatiaJordanLuxembourgArgentinaPortugalBrazilRussian FederationColombiaFloridaTunisiaSwedenAlbaniaIcelandQatarSlovak RepublicIndonesia	Hungary	Mexico		
Luxembourg Argentina Portugal Brazil Russian Federation Colombia Florida Tunisia Sweden Albania Iceland Qatar Slovak Republic Indonesia	Italy	Montenegro, Republic of		
Portugal Brazil Russian Federation Colombia Florida Tunisia Sweden Albania Iceland Qatar Slovak Republic Indonesia	Croatia	Jordan		
Russian FederationColombiaFloridaTunisiaSwedenAlbaniaIcelandQatarSlovak RepublicIndonesia	Luxembourg	Argentina		
Florida Tunisia Sweden Albania Iceland Qatar Slovak Republic Indonesia	Portugal	Brazil		
Sweden Albania Iceland Qatar Slovak Republic Indonesia	Russian Federation	Colombia		
Iceland Qatar Slovak Republic Indonesia	Florida	Tunisia		
Slovak Republic Indonesia	Sweden	Albania		
•	Iceland	Qatar		
Israel Peru	Slovak Republic	Indonesia		
	Israel	Peru		

NOTE: All average scores reported as higher or lower than the Massachusetts average score are different at the .05 level of statistical significance. The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems.

Israel Greece

Table A16. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA science literacy scale in Massachusetts public schools, by various subgroups: 2012

Reporting groups	Average score	s.e.
Massachusetts average	527 *	6.0
U.S. average	497	3.8
OECD average	501	0.5
Sex		
Female	526 *	6.8
Male	529 *	6.1
Race/ethnicity		
White	545 *	6.5
Black	466 **	16.2
Hispanic	460 *	10.3
Asian	580 *	15.7
Multiracial	‡	†
Percentage of students in enrolled schools eligible for free or reduced-price lunch		
Less than 10 percent	596 *	9.4
10 to 24.9 percent	531 *	4.3
25 to 49.9 percent	510	6.2
50 to 74.9 percent	481	13.5
75 percent or more	461 *	17.9

[‡] Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Reporting standards were not met for American Indian/Alaska Native and Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander. Black includes African American, and Hispanic includes Latino. Students who identified themselves as being of Hispanic origin were classified as Hispanic, regardless of their race. Although data for some race/ethnicities were not shown separately because the reporting standards were not met, they are included in the U.S. and state totals. Data on free or reduced-price lunch are based on principals' responses to a question in the school questionnaire that asked the approximate percentage of eligible students in the school during the previous school year. Standard error is noted by s.e.

[†] Not applicable.

^{*} p < .05. Significantly different from both the U.S. and OECD averages at the .05 level of statistical significance.

^{**} p <.05. Significantly different from the OECD average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

Table A17. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale in Massachusetts public schools compared with other participating education systems: 2012

Education systems higher than Massachusetts				
Shanghai-China	Singapore			
Hong Kong-China				
	Education systems not measurably different from Massachusetts			
Japan	Canada			
Korea, Republic of	Connecticut			
Finland	Poland			
Ireland	Estonia			
Chinese Taipei	Liechtenstein			
	Education systems lower than Massachusetts			
New Zealand	Lithuania			
Australia	Greece			
Netherlands	Turkey			
Belgium	Russian Federation			
Switzerland	Slovak Republic			
Macao-China	Cyprus			
Vietnam	Serbia, Republic of			
Germany	United Arab Emirates			
France	Chile			
Norway	Thailand			
United Kingdom	Costa Rica			
United States	Romania			
OECD average	Bulgaria			
Denmark	Mexico			
Czech Republic	Montenegro, Republic of			
Florida	Uruguay			
Italy	Brazil			
Austria	Tunisia			
Latvia	Colombia			
Hungary	Jordan			
Spain	Malaysia			
Luxembourg	Indonesia			
Portugal	Argentina			
Israel	Albania			
Croatia	Kazakhstan			
Sweden	Qatar			
Iceland	Peru			
Slovenia				

NOTE: All average scores reported as higher or lower than the Massachusetts average score are different at the .05 level of statistical significance. The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems.

Table A18. Average scores of 15-year-old students on PISA reading literacy scale in Massachusetts public schools, by various subgroups: 2012

Reporting groups	Average score	s.e.
Massachusetts average	527 *	6.1
U.S. average	498	3.7
OECD average	496	0.5
Sex		
Female	542 *	6.6
Male	511 **	6.2
Race/ethnicity		
White	540 *	6.8
Black	476	16.7
Hispanic	475	12.1
Asian	584 *	13.5
Multiracial	‡	†
Percentage of students in enrolled schools eligible for free or reduced-price lunch		
Less than 10 percent	590 *	8.8
10 to 24.9 percent	527 *	7.7
25 to 49.9 percent	507	6.7
50 to 74.9 percent	488	11.3
75 percent or more	477	19.0

[‡] Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: The OECD average is the average of the national averages of the OECD member countries, with each country weighted equally. Reporting standards were not met for American Indian/Alaska Native and Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander. Black includes African American, and Hispanic includes Latino. Students who identified themselves as being of Hispanic origin were classified as Hispanic, regardless of their race. Although data for some race/ethnicities were not shown separately because the reporting standards were not met, they are included in the U.S. and state totals. Data on free or reduced-price lunch are based on principals' responses to a question in the school questionnaire that asked the approximate percentage of eligible students in the school during the previous school year. Standard error is noted by s.e.

[†] Not applicable.

^{*} p < .05. Significantly different from both the U.S. and OECD averages at the .05 level of statistical significance.

^{**} p <.05. Significantly different from the OECD average at the .05 level of statistical significance.

Table AA1. Percentage distribution of U.S. 15-year-old students, by grade

level: 2012

Grade level	Percent	s.e.
Grade 7	#	†
Grade 8	‡	†
Grade 9	11.7	1.06
Grade 10	71.2	1.10
Grade 11	16.6	0.83
Grade 12	‡	†
Total	100.0	

[#] Rounds to zero.

NOTE: Standard error is noted by s.e.

[†] Not applicable.

[‡] Reporting standards not met.

Table AA2. Cut scores for proficiency levels for mathematics, science, and reading literacy: 2012

Proficiency level	Mathematics	Science	Reading ¹
Below level 1	0-358	0-335	0-262
Level 1	greater than 358-420	greater than 335-410	greater than 262-335 (1b)
			greater than 335-407 (1a)
Level 2	greater than 420-482	greater than 410-484	greater than 407-480
Level 3	greater than 482-545	greater than 484-559	greater than 480-553
Level 4	greater than 545-607	greater than 559-633	greater than 553-626
Level 5	greater than 607-669	greater than 733-708	greater than 626-698
Level 6	greater than 669-1000	greater than 708-1000	greater than 698-1000

¹The first reading literacy proficiency level is composed of levels 1a and 1b. The score range for below level 1 refers to scores below 1b.

SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2012.

Table AB1. Number of schools and weighted participation rates, by education system: 2012

system: 2012	Perc		
	Weighted school	Weighted school	Number of participating
	participation before	participation after	schools after
Education system	replacement	replacement	replacement
Albania	100.0	100.0	204
Argentina	95.5	95.9	219
Australia	97.9	97.9 100.0	757
Austria Belgium	100.0 84.4	96.6	191 282
Brazil	92.7	95.4	837
Bulgaria	99.2	99.8	187
Canada	91.3	92.9	840
Chile	91.9	98.8	221
Chinese Taipei	100.0	100.0	163
Colombia Costa Rica	86.6 98.9	97.4 98.9	352 191
Croatia	98.7	99.9	163
Cyprus	96.6	96.6	117
Czech Republic	98.1	99.6	295
Denmark	87.0	95.5	339
Estonia	100.0	100.0	206
Finland	99.0	99.3	311
France Germany	96.6 97.7	96.6 98.0	223 228
Greece	93.2	98.9	188
Hong Kong-China	78.7	94.1	147
Hungary	97.6	99.4	204
Iceland	99.3	99.3	133
Indonesia	94.9	98.0	206
Ireland Israel	98.7 91.1	99.3 93.8	183 172
Italy	89.1	93.6 97.4	1,186
Japan	86.3	95.5	191
Jordan	100.0	100.0	233
Kazakhstan	100.0	100.0	218
Korea, Republic of	99.9	99.9	156
Latvia	87.9	99.9	211
Liechtenstein Lithuania	100.0 98.2	100.0 100.0	12 216
Luxembourg	100.0	100.0	42
Macao-China	100.0	100.0	45
Malaysia	100.0	100.0	164
Mexico	91.8	95.3	1,468
Montenegro, Republic of	100.0	100.0	51
Netherlands New Zealand	75.3 80.9	89.4 89.3	177 177
Norway	85.2	94.7	197
Peru	97.9	98.6	240
Poland	85.4	97.9	182
Portugal	95.4	95.8	187
Qatar	99.9	99.9	157
Romania Russian Federation	100.0	100.0 100.0	178 227
Serbia, Republic of	100.0 90.0	95.4	152
Shanghai-China	100.0	100.0	155
Singapore	97.5	98.2	172
Slovak Republic	87.5	99.0	231
Slovenia	98.1	98.1	335
Spain	99.7	99.7	902
Sweden Switzerland	98.9 94.5	99.8 98.3	209 410
Thailand	98.0	100.0	239
Tunisia	99.3	99.3	152
Turkey	97.5	99.9	169
United Arab Emirates	99.4	99.4	453
United Kingdom	80.1	89.2	505
United States Uruquay	67.1	77.2	161
Vietnam	99.4 100.0	100.0 100.0	180 162
U.S. state education system		100.0	102
Connecticut	98.0	98.0	50
Florida	100.0	100.0	54
Massachusetts	100.0	100.0	49

Massachusetts

100.0

100.0

100.0

48

NOTE: In calculating school participation rates, each school received a weight equal to the product of its base weight (the reciprocal of its probability of selection) and the number of age-eligible students enrolled in the school, as indicated on the sampling frame. Weighted school participation before replacement refers to the sum of weights of the original sample schools with PISA-assessed students and a student response rate of at least 50 percent over the sum of weights of all original sample schools. Weighted school participation after replacement refers to the sum of weights of the original and replacement schools with PISA-assessed students and a student response rate of at least 50 percent over the sum of weights of responding original sample schools, responding replacement schools, and eligible refusing original sample schools. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems. Results for Connecticut, Florida, and Massachusetts are for public schools only. This table corresponds to table B-1 in Performance of U.S. 15-Year-Old Students in Mathematics, Science, and Reading Literacy in an International Context (NCES 2014-024).

SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2012.

Table AB2. Coverage of target population, student exclusion and weighted participation rates, and number of students, by education system: 2012

			Perce			
	Total population of	Coverage of 15-	Coverage of	Overall student	Weighted student	Number of
Education system	15-year-olds (number)	year-old population	national desired population	exclusion rate	participation after replacement	participating students
Albania	76,910	55.2	99.9	0.1	92.5	4,743
Argentina	684,879	79.7	99.3	0.7	88.0	5,908
Australia	291,967	85.9	96.0	4.0	86.8	17,774
Austria	93,537	87.9	98.7	1.3	91.7	4,756
Belgium	123,469	95.5	98.6	1.4	90.9	9,690
Brazil	3,574,928	69.1	98.6	1.4	90.1	20,091
Bulgaria	70,188	77.3	97.4	2.5	95.7	5,282
Canada	417,873	83.3	93.6	6.4	80.8	21,548
Chile	274,803	83.4	98.7	1.3	94.6	6,857
Chinese Taipei	328,356	89.1	98.8	1.2	96.3	6,046
Colombia .	889,729	63.0	99.9	0.1	93.1	11,173
Costa Rica	81,489	49.6	100.0	0.0	89.0	4,602
Croatia	48,155	94.5	97.8	2.2	92.2	6,153
Cyprus	9,956	96.9	96.7	3.3	93.3	5,078
Czech Republic	96,946	84.7	98.2	1.8	90.1	6,535
Denmark	72,310	90.8	93.8	6.1	89.1	7,481
Estonia	12,649	92.0	94.2	5.7	92.9	5,867
Finland	62,523	96.0	98.1	1.9	90.7	8,829
France	792,983	88.5	95.6	4.3	89.5	5,682
Germany	798,136	94.8	98.5	1.5	93.2	5,001
Greece	110,521	87.4	96.4	3.6	96.7	5,125
Hong Kong-China	84,200	83.9	98.2	1.8	93.1	4,670
Hungary	111,761	81.6	97.4	2.6	92.7	4,810
Iceland	4,505	92.5	96.2	3.8	84.7	3,508
Indonesia	4,174,217	63.4	99.7	0.3	95.2	5,622
Ireland	59,296	91.1	95.5	4.5	84.1	5,016
Israel	118,953	90.6	95.9	4.1	90.0	6,061
Italy	605,490	86.1	96.7	3.3	92.8	38,142
Japan	1,241,786	90.9	97.9	2.1	96.1	6,351
Jordan	129,492	85.8	99.6	0.4	95.0	7,038
Kazakhstan	258,716	80.6	96.6	3.3	98.9	5,808
Korea, Republic of	687,104	87.9	99.2	0.8	98.7	5,033
Latvia	18,789	85.4	96.0	3.9	90.9	5,276
Liechtenstein	417	75.3	95.8	4.2	93.3	293
Lithuania	38,524	85.8	96.0	4.0	92.1	4,618
Luxembourg	6,187	89.3	87.2	8.3	95.2	5,260
Macao-China	6,600	81.3	99.8	0.2	99.4	5,335
Malaysia	544,302	79.4 62.7	99.8 99.3	0.2 0.7	94.0 93.9	5,197
Mexico	2,114,745	89.7	99.3 99.7	0.7	93.9	33,806 4,744
Montenegro, Republic of	8,600	101.2	95.6	4.3		4,744
Netherlands	194,000 60,940	87.6	95.4 95.4	4.5	85.0 84.7	5,248
New Zealand	64,917	91.6	93.9	6.1	90.9	4,686
Norway Peru	584,294	71.9	99.8	0.1	96.0	6,035
Poland	425,597	89.1	95.4	4.6	87.6	5,662
Portugal	108,728	88.3	98.4	1.6	87.4	5,722
Qatar	11,667	94.3	97.5	2.5	99.7	10,966
Romania	146,243	96.4	96.5	3.4	97.8	5,074
Russian Federation	1,272,632	92.1	97.6	2.4	97.3	6,418
Serbia, Republic of	80,089	84.8	97.1	2.8	93.4	4,684
Shanghai-China	108,056	78.8	98.5	1.5	98.5	6,374
Singapore	53,637	95.2	98.8	1.2	94.3	5,546
Slovak Republic	59,723	91.2	97.1	2.9	93.8	5,737
Slovenia	19,471	94.0	98.4	1.6	90.5	7,229
Spain	423,444	88.4	95.7	4.3	89.9	25,335
Sweden	102,087	93.0	94.6	5.4	92.2	4,739
Switzerland	87,200	91.4	95.8	4.1	92.0	11,234
Thailand	982,080	71.6	98.7	1.3	98.9	6,606
Tunisia	132,313	91.3	99.8	0.2	90.3	4,407
Turkey	1,266,638	68.4	98.5	1.5	98.2	4,848
United Arab Emirates	48,824	83.2	97.9	2.1	94.7	11,500
United Kingdom	738,066	93.2	94.6	5.4	86.1	12,659
United States	3,985,714	88.7	94.6	5.3	88.9	6,111
Uruguay	54,638	72.8	99.7	0.3	90.0	5,315
Vietnam	1,717,996	55.7	99.3	0.7	99.9	4,959
U.S. state education system	ns					
Connecticut	48,970	75.7	95.9	4.1	87.5	1,697
Florida	226,434	77.0	91.7	8.3	90.0	1,896
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Massachusetts 81,580 69.9 95.6 4.4 90.0 1,723

NOTE: In calculating student participation rates, each student received a weight (student base weight) equal to the product of the school base weight—for the school in which the student was enrolled—and the reciprocal of the student selection probability within the school. Coverage of 15-year-old population refers to the extent to which the weighted participants covered the target population of all enrolled students in grades 7 and above. Coverage of national desired population refers to the extent to which the weighted participants covered the national population of 15-year-olds under the nonexcluded portion of the student sample. Overall student exclusion rate is the percentage of students excluded for intellectual or functional disabilities, or insufficient assessment language experience at either the school level or within schools. Weighted student participation after replacement refers to the sum of weights of students in original and replacement schools with PISA-assessed students and a student response rate of at least 50 percent over the sum of weights of students in responding original sample schools. Italics indicate non-OECD countries and education systems. Results for Connecticut, Florida, and Massachusetts are for public school students only. This table is an expanded version of table B-2 in Performance of U.S. 15-Year-Old Students in Mathematics, Science,

and Reading Literacy in an International Context (NCES 2014-024).

SOURCE: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2012.