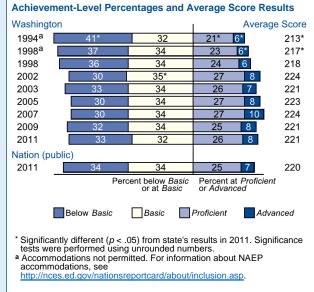
## **Overall Results**

- In 2011, the average score of fourth-grade students in Washington was 221. This was not significantly different from the average score of 220 for public school students in the nation.
- The average score for students in Washington in 2011 (221) was not significantly different from their average score in 2009 (221) and was higher than their average score in 1994 (213).
- In 2011, the score gap between students in Washington at the 75th percentile and students at the 25th percentile was 48 points. This performance gap was not significantly different from that of 1994 (50 points).
- The percentage of students in Washington who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 34 percent in 2011. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2009 (33 percent) and was greater than that in 1994 (27 percent).
- The percentage of students in Washington who performed at or above the NAEP Basic level was 67 percent in 2011. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2009 (68 percent) and was greater than that in 1994 (59 percent).



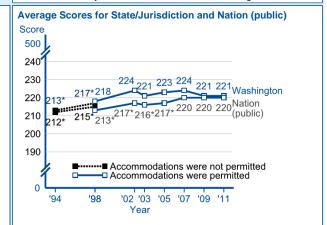
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.





In 2011, the average score in Washington (221) was

- lower than those in 16 states/jurisdictions
- higher than those in 15 states/jurisdictions
- not significantly different from those in 20 states/jurisdictions



\* Significantly different (p < .05) from 2011. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

NOTE: For information about NAEP accommodations, see <a href="http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/about/inclusion.asp">http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/about/inclusion.asp</a>.

## **Results for Student Groups in 2011**

|                                  |            |       | Perce | entages at |            |
|----------------------------------|------------|-------|-------|------------|------------|
|                                  | Percent of | Avg.  | or    | above      | Percent at |
| Reporting groups                 | students   | score | Basic | Proficient | Advanced   |
| Race/Ethnicity                   |            |       |       |            |            |
| White                            | 58         | 229   | 76    | 42         | 10         |
| Black                            | 5          | 209   | 56    | 19         | 1          |
| Hispanic                         | 21         | 199   | 45    | 16         | 2          |
| Asian                            | 7          | 230   | 72    | 46         | 16         |
| American Indian/Alaska Native    | 2          | 202   | 46    | 19         | 6          |
| Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | . 1        | ‡     | #     | #          | ‡          |
| Two or more races                | 5          | 221   | 69    | 34         | 6          |
| Gender                           |            |       |       |            |            |
| Male                             | 51         | 216   | 62    | 30         | 6          |
| Female                           | 49         | 226   | 71    | 39         | 10         |
| National School Lunch Program    |            |       |       |            |            |
| Eligible                         | 46         | 204   | 50    | 18         | 2          |
| Not eligible                     | 53         | 235   | 81    | 49         | 14         |

## ‡ Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

## Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2011, Black students had an average score that was 20 points lower than White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1994 (19 points).
- In 2011, Hispanic students had an average score that was 29 points lower than White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1994 (32 points).
- In 2011, female students in Washington had an average score that was higher than male students by 10 points.
- In 2011, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 31 points lower than students who were not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch. This performance gap was wider than that in 1998 (22 points).

