

### 2009 Science Assessment Content

Guided by a new framework, the NAEP science assessment was updated in 2009 to keep the content current with key developments in science, curriculum standards, assessments, and research. The 2009 framework organizes science content into three broad content areas.

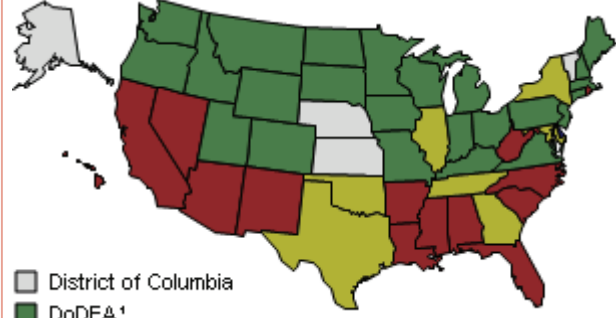
**Physical science** includes concepts related to properties and changes of matter, forms of energy, energy transfer and conservation, position and motion of objects, and forces affecting motion.

**Life science** includes concepts related to organization and development, matter and energy transformations, interdependence, heredity and reproduction, and evolution and diversity.

**Earth and space sciences** includes concepts related to objects in the universe, the history of the Earth, properties of Earth materials, tectonics, energy in Earth systems, climate and weather, and biogeochemical cycles.

The 2009 science assessment was composed of 143 questions at grade 4, 162 at grade 8, and 179 at grade 12. Students responded to only a portion of the questions, which included both multiple-choice questions and questions that required a written response.

### Compare the Average Score in 2009 to Other States/Jurisdictions



<sup>1</sup> Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools).

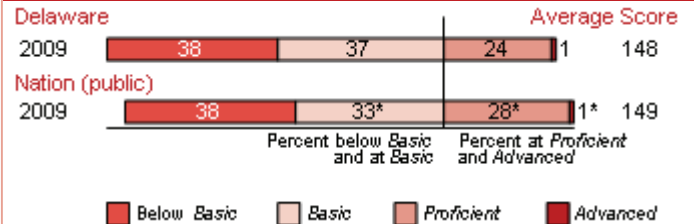
In 2009, the average score in **Delaware** was

- lower than those in 25 states/jurisdictions
- higher than those in 14 states/jurisdictions
- not significantly different from those in 7 states/jurisdictions
- 5 states/jurisdictions did not participate

### Overall Results

- In 2009, the average score of eighth-grade students in Delaware was 148. This was not significantly different from the average score of 149 for public school students in the nation.
- The percentage of students in Delaware who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 25 percent in 2009. This percentage was smaller than the nation (29 percent).
- The percentage of students in Delaware who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 62 percent in 2009. This percentage was not significantly different from the nation (62 percent).

### Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from Delaware. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

NOTE: The percentage at *Advanced* was higher in the Nation (1.40) than in Delaware (0.61). Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

### Results for Student Groups in 2009

Reporting Groups	Percent of students	Avg. score	Percentages at or above		Percent at Advanced
			Basic	Proficient	
Gender					
Male	51	151	65	29	1
Female	49	146	59	21	#
Race/Ethnicity					
White	53	159	77	35	1
Black	34	133	41	10	#
Hispanic	9	141	49	16	#
Asian/Pacific Islander	3	160	75	40	3
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
National School Lunch Program					
Eligible	38	135	45	12	#
Not eligible	62	157	73	33	1

# Rounds to zero. ‡ Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, and the "Unclassified" category for race/ethnicity are not displayed.

### Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2009, male students in Delaware had an average score that was higher than female students.
- In 2009, Black students had an average score that was 27 points lower than White students. This performance gap was narrower than the nation (36 points).
- In 2009, Hispanic students had an average score that was 19 points lower than White students. This performance gap was narrower than the nation (30 points).
- In 2009, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 21 points lower than students who were not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch. This performance gap was narrower than the nation (28 points).