

2009 Science Assessment Content

Guided by a new framework, the NAEP science assessment was updated in 2009 to keep the content current with key developments in science, curriculum standards, assessments, and research. The 2009 framework organizes science content into three broad content areas.

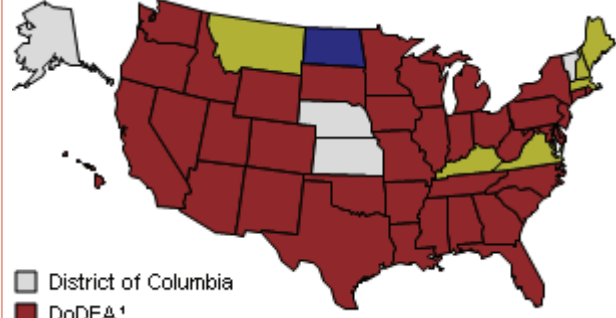
Physical science includes concepts related to properties and changes of matter, forms of energy, energy transfer and conservation, position and motion of objects, and forces affecting motion.

Life science includes concepts related to organization and development, matter and energy transformations, interdependence, heredity and reproduction, and evolution and diversity.

Earth and space sciences includes concepts related to objects in the universe, the history of the Earth, properties of Earth materials, tectonics, energy in Earth systems, climate and weather, and biogeochemical cycles.

The 2009 science assessment was composed of 143 questions at grade 4, 162 at grade 8, and 179 at grade 12. Students responded to only a portion of the questions, which included both multiple-choice questions and questions that required a written response.

Compare the Average Score in 2009 to Other States/Jurisdictions

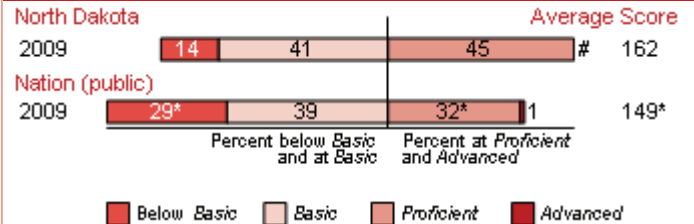


1 Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools).
In 2009, the average score in **North Dakota** was
■ lower than that in 0 states/jurisdictions
■ higher than those in 40 states/jurisdictions
■ not significantly different from those in 6 states/jurisdictions
■ 5 states/jurisdictions did not participate

Overall Results

- In 2009, the average score of fourth-grade students in North Dakota was 162. This was higher than the average score of 149 for public school students in the nation.
- The percentage of students in North Dakota who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 45 percent in 2009. This percentage was greater than the nation (32 percent).
- The percentage of students in North Dakota who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 86 percent in 2009. This percentage was greater than the nation (71 percent).

Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from North Dakota. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.
Rounds to zero.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

Results for Student Groups in 2009

Reporting Groups	Percent of students	Avg. score	Percentages at or above		Percent at Advanced
			Basic	Proficient	
Gender					
Male	51	164	87	49	1
Female	49	160	86	42	#
Race/Ethnicity					
White	86	165	90	49	1
Black	2	‡	‡	‡	‡
Hispanic	2	‡	‡	‡	‡
Asian/Pacific Islander	1	‡	‡	‡	‡
American Indian/Alaska Native	9	135	55	15	#
National School Lunch Program					
Eligible	33	149	75	30	#
Not eligible	67	167	92	53	1

Rounds to zero. ‡ Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, and the "Unclassified" category for race/ethnicity are not displayed.

Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2009, male students in North Dakota had an average score that was higher than female students. This performance gap was wider than the nation (1 point).
- Data are not reported for Black students in North Dakota, because reporting standards were not met.
- Data are not reported for Hispanic students in North Dakota, because reporting standards were not met.
- In 2009, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 18 points lower than students who were not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch. This performance gap was narrower than the nation (29 points).