

2008

Wyoming

# State Teacher Policy Yearbook

What States Can Do To Retain  
Effective New Teachers



National Council on Teacher Quality

## Acknowledgments

### STATES

State education agencies remain our most important partners in this effort, and their extensive experience has helped to ensure the factual accuracy of the final product. Every state formally received a draft of this edition of the *State Teacher Policy Yearbook* in August 2008 for comment and correction; states also received a final draft of their reports a month prior to release. All but four states graciously responded to our inquiries. While states do not always agree with our approach, the willingness of most states to acknowledge the imperfections of their teacher policies is an important first step toward reform.

We also thank the many state pension boards that reviewed our drafts and responded to our inquiries.

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### STAFF

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## About the Yearbook

The 2008 edition of the *State Teacher Policy Yearbook* provides an in-depth analysis of a critical piece of the teacher quality puzzle: **the retention of effective new teachers.**

Unlike the more comprehensive analysis of all aspects of states' teacher policies provided in the 2007 *Yearbook*, this year's edition focuses on a particular policy issue. The 2009 *Yearbook* will revisit and evaluate the states' progress in meeting the full set of goals first analyzed in 2007, as well as the new goals examined this year.

The third through fifth years of teaching represent an opportunity lost for the health of the teaching profession. Many new teachers leave at this juncture, just at the time that they are becoming consistently effective. Concurrently, school districts confer permanent status — more commonly understood as tenure — at this juncture, absent either the reflection or evidence that this important decision merits.

While school districts are certainly key players in teacher retention, do not underestimate the state's role. Without exception, the state controls virtually every aspect of the teaching profession, particularly licensing and tenure. This edition of the *Yearbook* analyzes what each state is doing to identify teachers' effectiveness; support the retention of valuable, early career teachers; and dismiss those found to be ineffective, with each of these factors measured against a realistic blueprint for reform.

The process used to develop the policy goals that appear in this edition has stayed the same. We began to develop these goals with our own distinguished advisory board, and then sought feedback from more than 100 different policy groups, academics, education think tanks and national education organizations, some of which have perspectives that are quite different from ours. Most importantly, we also consulted with the states themselves. Their feedback was invaluable.

This year's goals meet NCTQ's five criteria for an effective reform framework:

1. They are supported by a strong rationale, grounded in the best research available. (A full list of the citations supporting each goal can be found at [www.nctq.org/stpy](http://www.nctq.org/stpy).)
2. They offer practical, rather than pie-in-the-sky, solutions for improving teacher quality.
3. They take on the teaching profession's most pressing needs, including making the profession more responsive to the current labor market.
4. They are for the most part relatively cost neutral.
5. They respect the legitimate constraints that some states face so that the goals can work in all 50 states.

As is now our practice, in addition to a national summary report, we have customized the *Yearbook* so that each state has its own report, with its own analyses and data. Users can download any of our 51 state reports (including the District of Columbia) from our website at [www.nctq.org/stpy](http://www.nctq.org/stpy). Since some national perspective is always helpful, each state report contains charts and graphs showing how the state performed compared to all other states. We also point to states that offer a "Best Practice" for other states to emulate.

This year we are giving each state an overall grade, as well as "sub-grades" in each of the three areas organizing the goals. These grades break down even further, with an eye toward giving a full perspective on the states' progress. We rate state progress on the individual goals using a familiar and useful graphic: ○●●●●●.

We hope this edition of the *Yearbook* serves as an important resource for state school chiefs, school boards, legislatures and the many advocates who press hard for reform. In turn, we maintain our commitment to listen and learn.

Sincerely,



Kate Walsh, *President*



## Executive Summary: Wyoming

Welcome to the Wyoming edition of the National Council on Teacher Quality's 2008 *State Teacher Policy Yearbook*. The 2008 *Yearbook* focuses on how state policies impact the retention of effective new teachers.

There is no shortage of data that show a significant percentage of teachers leave just when they are becoming consistently effective. However, at the same time, too many teachers who have *not* become consistently effective achieve permanent status, also referred to as tenure. It is our hope that this report will help focus attention on areas where state policymakers could make improvements that would affect teacher quality and student achievement.

Our policy evaluation is broken down into three areas that encompass 15 goals. Broadly, these goals examine the impact of state policy on 1) identifying effective teachers, 2) retaining those deemed effective and 3) exiting those deemed ineffective.

While Wyoming is making progress toward meeting some of our goals, significant room for improvement remains in many others. The state completely missed nine goals, partially met four, nearly met one and fully met one.

Wyoming's best performance is in its support of differential pay in shortage subject areas and high-needs

schools. Significant remaining work includes requiring a mentoring program for new teachers, ensuring its pension system is neutral and articulating consequences for teachers with unsatisfactory evaluations.

Wyoming's progress toward meeting these goals is summarized on the following page. The body of the report provides a more detailed breakdown of the state's strengths and weaknesses in each area.

**Overall Performance: D**

## How is Wyoming Faring?

### Area 1: D-

#### Identifying effective teachers

Wyoming's efforts to identify teacher effectiveness are lacking. Although the state has all the elements of a student- and teacher-level longitudinal data system, Wyoming does not use this system to provide value-added evidence of teacher effectiveness. The state also offers minimal direction to districts about teacher evaluation content, including subjective and objective measures, such as standardized tests, as evidence of student learning. Wyoming's probationary period for new teachers is just three years, and the state lacks any meaningful process to evaluate cumulative effectiveness in the classroom before teachers are awarded tenure.

### Area 2: D

#### Retaining effective teachers

Wyoming does not require mentoring or any other induction support for new teachers, and the state's requirements to advance to a nonprobationary license have not been shown to advance teacher effectiveness. Wyoming does give districts authority for how teachers are paid and supports differential pay for teachers working in high-needs schools and shortage subject areas; however, its other policies regarding teacher compensation need improvement. Wyoming does not support retention bonuses, compensation for relevant prior work experience or performance pay. In addition, the state provides only a defined benefit pension plan for teachers. Wyoming's pension policies are not portable, flexible or fair to all workers. Further, retirement benefits are determined by a formula that is not neutral, meaning that pension wealth does not accumulate uniformly for each year a teacher works.

### Area 3: C-

#### Exiting ineffective teachers

Although Wyoming requires two evaluations a year for new teachers, it does not ensure an evaluation occurs early in the year. Also, the state fails to articulate policy regarding teachers who receive unsatisfactory evaluations. Unfortunately, Wyoming requires subject-matter testing only for elementary education and social studies teachers, and it issues emergency licenses, allowing new teachers who have not passed licensing tests to remain in the classroom for up to one year.

# Goals

|   |             |
|---|-------------|
| <b>Area 1: <i>What states can do to help identify effective teachers</i></b>  | <b>page</b> |
| <b>Goal 1: <i>State data systems</i></b>  | <b>5</b>    |
| The state should develop a data system that contributes some of the evidence needed to assess teacher effectiveness.  |             |
| <b>Goal 2: <i>Evaluation of effectiveness</i></b>   | <b>8</b>    |
| The state should require instructional effectiveness to be the <i>preponderant</i> criterion of any teacher evaluation.   |             |
| <b>Goal 3: <i>Tenure</i></b>  | <b>12</b>   |
| The state should require that tenure decisions be meaningful.   |             |
| <b>Area 2: <i>What states can do to help retain effective teachers</i></b>  |             |
| <b>Goal 1: <i>Induction</i></b>   | <b>17</b>   |
| The state should require effective induction for all new teachers, with special emphasis on teachers in high-needs schools.   |             |
| <b>Goal 2: <i>Licensure advancement</i></b>   | <b>20</b>   |
| The state should ensure that the only factors required when moving from a probationary to a nonprobationary license are those known to advance teacher effectiveness.                             |             |
| <b>Goal 3: <i>Pay scales</i></b>  | <b>24</b>   |
| The state should give local districts full authority for pay scales, eliminating potential barriers such as state salary schedules and other regulations that control how districts pay teachers. |             |
| <b>Goal 4: <i>Retention pay</i></b>   | <b>28</b>   |
| The state should support retention pay, such as significant boosts in salary after tenure is awarded, for effective teachers.   |             |
| <b>Goal 5: <i>Compensation for prior work experience</i></b>  | <b>30</b>   |
| The state should encourage districts to provide compensation for related prior subject-area work experience.  |             |
| <b>Goal 6: <i>Differential pay for shortage areas</i></b>   | <b>33</b>   |
| The state should support differential pay for effective teaching in shortage and high-need areas.   |             |
| <b>Goal 7: <i>Performance pay</i></b>   | <b>36</b>   |
| The state should support performance pay, but in a manner that recognizes its infancy, appropriate uses and limitations.  |             |
| <b>Goal 8: <i>Pension flexibility</i></b>   | <b>39</b>   |
| The state should ensure that pension systems are portable, flexible and fair to all teachers.   |             |
| <b>Goal 9: <i>Pension neutrality</i></b>  | <b>49</b>   |
| The state should ensure that pension systems are neutral, uniformly increasing pension wealth with each additional year of work.  |             |
| <b>Area 3: <i>What states can do to help exit ineffective teachers</i></b>  |             |
| <b>Goal 1: <i>New teacher evaluation</i></b>  | <b>53</b>   |
| The state should require multiple formal evaluations of all new teachers.   |             |
| <b>Goal 2: <i>Unsatisfactory evaluations</i></b>  | <b>57</b>   |
| The state should articulate consequences for teachers with unsatisfactory evaluations, including specifying that teachers with multiple unsatisfactory evaluations are eligible for dismissal.    |             |
| <b>Goal 3: <i>Licensure loopholes</i></b>   | <b>60</b>   |
| The state should close loopholes that allow teachers who have not met licensure requirements to continue teaching.  |             |
| <b>Appendix</b>   | <b>65</b>   |





# Area 1: Identifying Effective Teachers

## Goal 1 – State Data Systems

The state should develop a data system that contributes some of the evidence needed to assess teacher effectiveness.

### GOAL COMPONENTS

(The factors considered in determining the states' rating for the goal.)

1. The state should establish a longitudinal data system with at least the following key components:
  - A unique statewide student identifier number that connects student data across key databases across years;
  - A unique teacher identifier system that can match individual teacher records with individual student records; and
  - An assessment system that can match individual student test records from year to year in order to measure academic growth.
2. Value-added data provided through the state's longitudinal data system should be considered among the criteria used to determine teachers' effectiveness.

### RATIONALE

- ▶ See appendix for detailed rationale.
- Value-added analysis connects student data to teacher data to measure achievement and performance.
- There are a number of responsible uses for value-added analysis.

### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

- ▶ Research citations to support this goal are available at [www.nctq.org/stpy/citations](http://www.nctq.org/stpy/citations).

Figure 1

### How States are Faring in the Development of Data Systems



## Goal 1 Wyoming Analysis

 State Partly Meets Goal

### ANALYSIS

Wyoming has a data system with the capacity to provide evidence of teacher effectiveness.

Wyoming has all three necessary elements of a student- and teacher-level longitudinal data system. It has assigned unique student identifiers that connect student data across key databases across years and has assigned unique teacher identifiers that enable it to match individual teacher records with individual student records. It also has the capacity to match student test records from year to year in order to measure student academic growth.

However, Wyoming does not use this data system to provide value-added evidence of teacher effectiveness.

### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

Data Quality Campaign: [www.dataqualitycampaign.org](http://www.dataqualitycampaign.org)

### RECOMMENDATION

Wyoming meets this goal in part. Having all the necessary elements in place, the state should support the use of value-added data to provide part of the evidence of teacher effectiveness, particularly for decisions about granting teachers tenure. Value-added data are also important and necessary for local districts adopting performance pay plans to reliably measure individual teacher and overall school performance.

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### WYOMING RESPONSE TO ANALYSIS

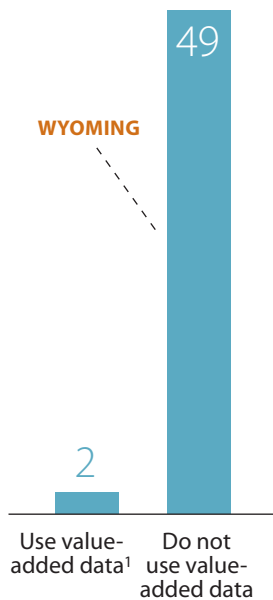
Wyoming recognized the factual accuracy of our analysis.

## ☀️ EXAMPLES OF BEST PRACTICE

**Tennessee** not only has all three elements of a student- and teacher-level longitudinal data system—unique student identifiers that connect student data across key databases across years, unique teacher identifiers that enable the state to match individual teacher records with individual student records, and the capacity to match student test records from year to year to measure student academic growth—it is also the only state that uses this value added data to measure teacher effectiveness by isolating each teacher’s impact on individual students’ academic growth. It translates this impact into a “teacher effect” score, and then uses it as part of a teacher’s evaluation.

Figure 2

**Do states use value-added data as a criterion for assessing teacher effectiveness?**



<sup>1</sup> Ohio uses value-added data to “improve classroom instruction”, but it is unclear whether the information plays any role in teacher evaluations. Tennessee uses value-added data to measure teacher effectiveness by isolating the impact each teacher has on individual students’ academic growth, which can be used as part of a teacher’s evaluation.

Figure 3

**Do state data systems have the capacity to reliably assess teacher effectiveness?**

|                      | Unique student identifier that connects data across databases | Unique teacher identifier system | Test records match over time | Individual student records match with teacher records |
|----------------------|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| Alabama              | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | ■   |
| Alaska               | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| Arizona              | ■   | □                                | ■                            | □   |
| Arkansas             | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | ■   |
| California           | ■   | □                                | ■                            | □   |
| Colorado             | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| Connecticut          | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| Delaware             | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | ■   |
| District of Columbia | ■   | □                                | □                            | □   |
| Florida              | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | ■   |
| Georgia              | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | ■   |
| Hawaii               | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | ■   |
| Idaho                | ■   | ■                                | □                            | □   |
| Illinois             | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| Indiana              | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| Iowa                 | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| Kansas               | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| Kentucky             | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | ■   |
| Louisiana            | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | ■   |
| Maine                | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| Maryland             | □   | □                                | □                            | □   |
| Massachusetts        | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| Michigan             | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| Minnesota            | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| Mississippi          | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | ■   |
| Missouri             | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | ■   |
| Montana              | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| Nebraska             | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| Nevada               | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| New Hampshire        | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| New Jersey           | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| New Mexico           | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | ■   |
| New York             | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| North Carolina       | □   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| North Dakota         | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| Ohio                 | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | ■   |
| Oklahoma             | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| Oregon               | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| Pennsylvania         | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | ■   |
| Rhode Island         | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | ■   |
| South Carolina       | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | ■   |
| South Dakota         | ■   | □                                | ■                            | □   |
| Tennessee            | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | ■   |
| Texas                | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| Utah                 | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | ■   |
| Vermont              | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| Virginia             | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| Washington           | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| West Virginia        | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | ■   |
| Wisconsin            | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | □   |
| <b>WYOMING</b>       | ■   | ■                                | ■                            | ■   |
|                      | <b>49</b>   | <b>46</b>                        | <b>48</b>                    | <b>19</b>   |

# Area 1: Identifying Effective Teachers

## Goal 2 – Evaluation of Effectiveness

The state should require instructional effectiveness to be the preponderant criterion of any teacher evaluation.

Figure 4

### How States are Faring in Evaluating Teacher Effectiveness



### GOAL COMPONENTS

(The factors considered in determining the states' rating for the goal.)

1. The state should either require a common evaluation instrument in which evidence of student learning is the most significant criterion or should specifically require that student learning be the preponderant consideration in local evaluation processes. Evaluation instruments, whether state or locally developed, should be structured so as to preclude a teacher from receiving a satisfactory rating if found ineffective in the classroom.
2. Evaluation instruments should require classroom observations that focus on and document the effectiveness of instruction.
3. Teacher evaluations should consider objective evidence of student learning, including not only standardized test scores, but also classroom-based artifacts such as tests, quizzes and student work.

### RATIONALE

- ▶ See appendix for detailed rationale.
- Teachers should be judged primarily by their impact on students.

### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

- ▶ Research citations to support this goal are available at [www.nctq.org/stpy/citations](http://www.nctq.org/stpy/citations).

## Goal 2 Wyoming Analysis

### ○ State Does Not Meet Goal

#### ANALYSIS

Wyoming does not require instructional effectiveness to be the *preponderant* criterion of any teacher evaluation.

Wyoming policy regarding teacher evaluations is minimal. The state requires local school districts to develop teacher evaluation instruments that will also serve as a basis for “improvement of instruction, measurement of both individual teacher performance and professional growth and development and the performance level of all teachers.” However, the state policy does not articulate the specific criteria that constitute the improvement of instruction, for example, including no mention of evaluating teacher effectiveness based on evidence of student learning.

#### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

Wyoming Statutes: Section 21-3-110(xvii-xix):  
<http://legisweb.state.wy.us/statutes/statutes.aspx?file=titles/Title21/Title21.htm>

#### RECOMMENDATION

Wyoming does not meet this goal. Wyoming should consider formally adopting a policy that would use evidence of student learning garnered through objective measures such as standardized test results, in addition to subjective measures, as the *preponderant* criterion of teacher evaluations. The state should also ensure that evaluation instruments do not permit teachers found ineffective in the classroom to receive satisfactory ratings.

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#### WYOMING RESPONSE TO ANALYSIS

Wyoming recognized the factual accuracy of our analysis. The state added that a task force of educators has been chartered to study teacher performance evaluations nationally as well as throughout the state, in an effort to make recommendations regarding the process in Wyoming schools to the State Board of Education by March of 2009.

Figure 5

State efforts to consider classroom effectiveness

|                        | Requires evaluation to include classroom observation | Requires evaluation to include any objective measures of student learning | Requires evidence of student learning to be the preponderant criterion for teacher evaluation |
|------------------------|--|---|---|
| Alabama                | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                                       | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Alaska                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Arizona                | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Arkansas               | <input type="checkbox"/>                             | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| California             | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Colorado               | <input type="checkbox"/>                             | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Connecticut            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                                       | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Delaware               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                                       | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| District of Columbia   | <input type="checkbox"/>                             | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Florida                | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                                       | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>   |
| Georgia                | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                                       | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
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| Idaho                  | <input type="checkbox"/>                             | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Illinois               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Indiana                | <input type="checkbox"/>                             | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Iowa                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                                       | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Kansas                 | <input type="checkbox"/>                             | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Kentucky               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Louisiana <sup>1</sup> | <input type="checkbox"/>                             | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Maine                  | <input type="checkbox"/>                             | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Maryland               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Massachusetts          | <input type="checkbox"/>                             | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Michigan               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Minnesota <sup>2</sup> | <input type="checkbox"/>                             | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Mississippi            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                                       | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Missouri               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                                       | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Montana                | <input type="checkbox"/>                             | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
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| Nevada                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| New Hampshire          | <input type="checkbox"/>                             | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| New Jersey             | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                                       | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| New Mexico             | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                                       | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| New York               | <input type="checkbox"/>                             | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| North Carolina         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                                       | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| North Dakota           | <input type="checkbox"/>                             | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Ohio                   | <input type="checkbox"/>                             | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Oklahoma               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                                       | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
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| Rhode Island           | <input type="checkbox"/>                             | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| South Carolina         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                                       | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>   |
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| Tennessee              | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                                       | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>   |
| Texas                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                                       | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>   |
| Utah <sup>3</sup>      | <input type="checkbox"/>                             | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Vermont                | <input type="checkbox"/>                             | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Virginia               | <input type="checkbox"/>                             | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Washington             | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| West Virginia          | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Wisconsin              | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                  | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| <b>WYOMING</b>         | <input type="checkbox"/>                             | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
|                        | <b>29</b>  | <b>15</b>   | <b>4</b>  |

 **EXAMPLES OF BEST PRACTICE**

**Florida** explicitly requires teacher evaluations to be based primarily on evidence of student learning. The state requires evaluations to rely on classroom observations as well as objective measures of student achievement, including state assessment data. **South Carolina, Tennessee** and **Texas** also structure their formal evaluations so that teachers cannot get an overall satisfactory rating unless they also get a satisfactory rating on classroom effectiveness.

Figure 6

*Sources of Objective Evidence of Student Learning*

Many educators struggle to identify possible sources of objective student data. Here are some examples.

- Standardized test scores
- Periodic diagnostic assessments
- Benchmark assessments that show student growth
- Artifacts of student work connected to specific student learning standards that are randomly selected for review by the principal or senior faculty, scored using rubrics and descriptors
- Examples of typical assignments, assessed for their quality and rigor
- Periodic checks on progress with the curriculum coupled with evidence of student mastery of the curriculum from quizzes, tests and exams

Figure 5

1 Louisiana has an *optional* teacher evaluation system that does not make explicit the need to include objective measures of student learning as part of the teacher evaluation.  
 2 Although Minnesota does not have policies regarding teacher evaluations, the state has implemented an *optional* teacher evaluation system based on evidence of student learning as measured by observations and objective measures, such as student achievement data.  
 3 For teachers participating in Utah's career-ladder program, in which teachers earn incentives for taking on additional responsibilities, teacher evaluations must include evidence of student achievement gains.

Figure 7

*Do states direct how teachers should be evaluated?*

|                      | All districts must use state-developed instrument | Districts must use state-developed instrument OR local equivalent approved by state | State approves locally developed instruments | State provides guidance but does not approve locally developed instruments | State has no role in evaluation instrument       |
|----------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Alabama              | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>                         |
| Alaska               | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              |
| Arizona              | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              |
| Arkansas             | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              |
| California           | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                         |
| Colorado             | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              |
| Connecticut          | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                         |
| Delaware             | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>               | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>                         |
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| Iowa                 | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                         |
| Kansas               | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              |
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| Massachusetts        | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                         |
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| Minnesota            | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              |
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| Missouri             | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                         |
| Montana              | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <sup>1</sup> |
| Nebraska             | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>          | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>                         |
| Nevada               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>               | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>                         |
| New Hampshire        | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              |
| New Jersey           | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                         |
| New Mexico           | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>               | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>                         |
| New York             | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                         |
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| North Dakota         | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              |
| Ohio                 | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                         |
| Oklahoma             | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                         |
| Oregon               | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                         |
| Pennsylvania         | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>                         |
| Rhode Island         | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <sup>1</sup> |
| South Carolina       | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>               | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>                         |
| South Dakota         | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <sup>1</sup> |
| Tennessee            | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>                         |
| Texas                | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>                         |
| Utah                 | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              |
| Vermont              | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              |
| Virginia             | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                         |
| Washington           | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                         |
| West Virginia        | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                         |
| Wisconsin            | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              |
| <b>WYOMING</b>       | <input type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>                     | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              |
|                      | <b>8</b>  | <b>4</b>  | <b>2</b>                                     | <b>15</b>  | <b>22</b>  |

Figure 7

<sup>1</sup> The District of Columbia, Montana, Rhode Island and South Dakota have no state policies regarding any aspect of teacher evaluations.

# Area 1: Identifying Effective Teachers

## Goal 3 – Tenure

The state should require that tenure decisions be meaningful.

Figure 8

### How States are Faring on Tenure



### GOAL COMPONENTS

(The factors considered in determining the states' rating for the goal.)

1. A teacher should be eligible for tenure after a certain number of years of service, but tenure should not be granted automatically at that juncture.
2. The state should articulate a process, such as a hearing, that local districts must administer in considering the evidence and deciding whether a teacher should receive tenure.
3. Evidence of effectiveness should be the preponderant criterion in tenure decisions.
4. The minimum years of service needed to achieve tenure should allow sufficient data to be accumulated on which to base tenure decisions; five years is the ideal minimum.

### RATIONALE

- ▶ See appendix for detailed rationale.
- Tenure should be a significant and consequential milestone in a teacher's career.

### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

- ▶ Research citations to support this goal are available at [www.nctq.org/stpy/citations](http://www.nctq.org/stpy/citations).



## Goal 3 Wyoming Analysis

### ○ State Does Not Meet Goal

#### ANALYSIS

Wyoming does not require any process to ensure that tenure decisions are meaningful.

Wyoming has a three-year probationary period for new teachers, but there is no indication that at the conclusion of this period any additional process evaluating cumulative evidence of teacher effectiveness is required for tenure. The awarding of tenure appears to be virtually automatic.

#### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

Wyoming Code 21-7-102

#### RECOMMENDATION

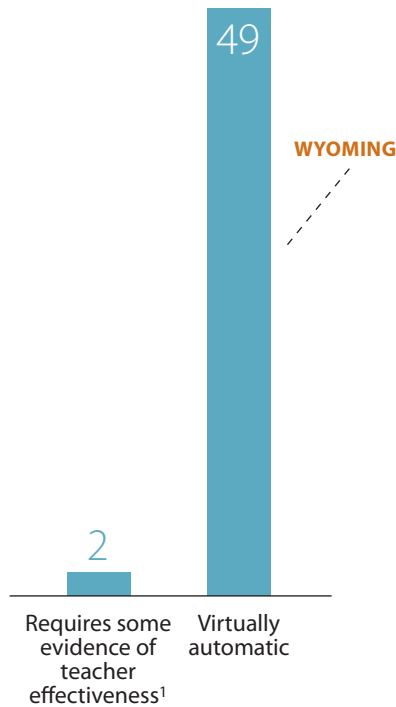
Wyoming does not meet this goal. The awarding of tenure is a milestone in every teacher's career and should be afforded the respect it deserves, regardless of whether the state is bestowing a lifetime or limited-term position. The state should consider extending the minimum probationary period for tenure to five years, which would allow for the accumulation of sufficient data on teacher effectiveness to support meaningful tenure decisions. Although it is appropriate for teachers to achieve tenure after a certain number of years, tenure should not automatically be granted at this juncture. To justify this leap in professional standing, most notably a tremendous advantage in due process, the state should identify a process, such as a hearing, that local districts would be required to administer, where the cumulative evidence of teacher effectiveness would be considered for each teacher and a determination made of whether to award tenure. Teacher effectiveness in the classroom, rather than the completion of a number of years of experience, should be the *preponderant* criterion in tenure decisions.

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#### WYOMING RESPONSE TO ANALYSIS

Wyoming recognized the factual accuracy of our analysis.

Figure 9  
*How are tenure decisions made?*



<sup>1</sup> Iowa and New Mexico. However, teacher effectiveness based on multiple years of data is not preponderant criterion.

### ☀️ EXAMPLES OF BEST PRACTICE

Unfortunately, no state has an exemplary policy that NCTQ can highlight as best practice for granting tenure. Only **Iowa** and **New Mexico** consider evidence of teacher effectiveness when making tenure decisions, although it is not the preponderant criterion. **New York City**, however, has taken some significant steps that could serve as a model for both states and districts.

In February 2008, the New York City Department of Education launched its Principals' Portal, allowing the city's 1,500 principals access to a Tenure Toolkit, designed to ensure that the city's teachers achieve a certain level of effectiveness prior to being granted what should be a meaningful title. To achieve this objective, principals are encouraged to work with their teachers throughout the entire three-year probationary period and to utilize the Teacher Development Toolkit, which offers resources for improvement. The city's criteria for granting tenure include "significant professional skill," evidenced by lesson plans and observations, and "a meaningful, positive impact on student learning," measured by a broad range of possible student work products, including reports, projects and test scores. Interestingly, initial tenure numbers indicate a trend toward discretion. The number of teachers denied tenure, as well as those placed on an extended probationary period, has doubled from the previous school year, before the Toolkit was implemented on the Portal.

Figure 10

*How long before a teacher earns tenure?*

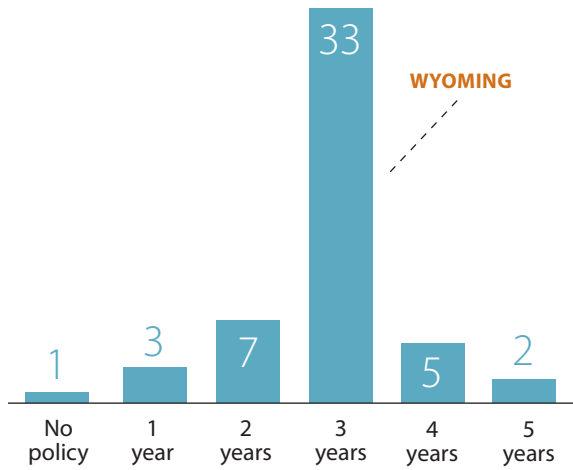


Figure 11

*How long before a teacher earns tenure?*

|                       | No policy                           | 1 year                              | 2 years                             | 3 years                             | 4 years                             | 5 years                             |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Alabama               | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
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| Arizona               | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Arkansas              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
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| Colorado              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Connecticut           | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Delaware              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| District of Columbia  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Florida <sup>1</sup>  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Georgia               | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
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| Idaho                 | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Illinois              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Indiana               | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Iowa                  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Kansas                | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Kentucky              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Louisiana             | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Maine <sup>2</sup>    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Maryland <sup>3</sup> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Massachusetts         | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Michigan              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Minnesota             | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Mississippi           | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Missouri              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Montana               | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Nebraska              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Nevada <sup>4</sup>   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
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| North Dakota          | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Ohio                  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Oklahoma              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Oregon                | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Pennsylvania          | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Rhode Island          | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| South Carolina        | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| South Dakota          | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
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| Utah                  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Vermont               | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Virginia              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Washington            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| West Virginia         | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Wisconsin             | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| <b>WYOMING</b>        | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
|                       | <b>1</b>                            | <b>3</b>                            | <b>7</b>                            | <b>33</b>                           | <b>5</b>                            | <b>2</b>                            |

Figure 11

- 1 Period may be extended to four years if prescribed by district and agreed to by employee.
- 2 Period may not "exceed" two years.
- 3 District may extend period to three years on individual basis.
- 4 New teachers with three consecutive satisfactory evaluations may qualify after one year.



# Area 2: Retaining Effective Teachers

## Goal 1 – Induction

The state should require effective induction for all new teachers, with special emphasis on teachers in high-needs schools.

### GOAL COMPONENTS

(The factors considered in determining the states' rating for the goal.)

1. The state should require that new teachers be provided with a high-quality mentoring experience.
2. The state should ensure that new teachers receive mentoring of sufficient frequency and duration, especially in the first critical weeks of school.
3. Mentors should be carefully selected based on evidence of their own classroom effectiveness and subject-matter expertise. Training should be provided to mentors, and their performance as mentors should be evaluated.
4. Induction programs should include only strategies that can be successfully implemented even in a poorly managed school. Such strategies include intensive mentoring, seminars appropriate to grade level or subject area, a reduced teaching load and frequent release time to observe other teachers.

### RATIONALE

- ▶ See appendix for detailed rationale.
- Too many new teachers are left to “sink or swim” when they begin teaching.
- Vague requirements simply to provide mentoring are insufficient.
- New teachers in high-needs schools are particularly in need of quality mentoring.

### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

- ▶ Research citations to support this goal are available at [www.nctq.org/stpy/citations](http://www.nctq.org/stpy/citations).

Figure 12

### How States are Faring on Induction



## Goal 1 Wyoming Analysis

○ State Does Not Meet Goal

### ANALYSIS

Wyoming does not require a mentoring program or any other induction support for its new teachers.

### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

<ftp://ftp.alsde.edu/documents/66/Supts%20re%20Alabama%20Teacher%20Mentoring%20Program.pdf>

### RECOMMENDATION

Wyoming does not meet this goal. The state should require that new teachers are provided with a high-quality mentoring experience. To ensure that provided support is meaningful, the state should require induction strategies that can be successfully implemented, even in poorly managed schools, such as intensive mentoring, seminars appropriate to grade level or subject area, a reduced teaching load and/or frequent release time to observe other teachers.

### WYOMING RESPONSE TO ANALYSIS

Wyoming recognized the factual accuracy of our analysis.

Figure 13

*Does Wyoming policy articulate the elements of an effective induction program?*

|  |    |
|--|----|
| Mentoring for all new teachers                     | NO |
| Mentoring of sufficient frequency and duration     | NO |
| Mentoring provided at beginning of school year     | NO |
| Careful selection of mentors                       | NO |
| Mentors must be trained                            | NO |
| Mentors must be evaluated                          | NO |
| Use of a variety of effective induction strategies | NO |
| Mentor is compensated                              | NO |

## ☀️ EXAMPLES OF BEST PRACTICE

**South Carolina** requires that all new teachers, prior to the start of the school year, be assigned mentors for at least one year. Districts carefully select mentors, who must undergo additional training, based on experience and similar certifications and grade levels. Adequate release time is mandated by the state so that mentors and new teachers may observe each other in the classroom, collaborate on effective teaching techniques and develop professional growth plans. Mentor evaluations are mandatory and stipends are recommended.

Figure 14

*Do states have policies that articulate the elements of effective induction?*

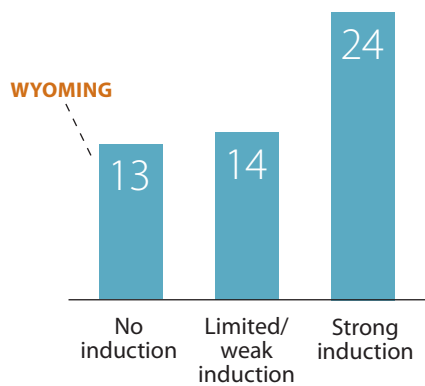


Figure 15

*Do states have policies that articulate the elements of effective induction?*

|                      | No induction                        | Limited/weak induction              | Strong induction                    |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Alabama              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Alaska               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
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| Arkansas             | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| California           | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Colorado             | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Connecticut          | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Delaware             | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| District of Columbia | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Florida              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Georgia              | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Hawaii               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Idaho                | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Illinois             | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Indiana              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Iowa                 | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Kansas               | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Kentucky             | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Louisiana            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Maine                | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Maryland             | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Massachusetts        | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Michigan             | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Minnesota            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Mississippi          | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Missouri             | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Montana              | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Nebraska             | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Nevada               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| New Hampshire        | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| New Jersey           | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| New Mexico           | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| New York             | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| North Carolina       | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| North Dakota         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Ohio                 | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Oklahoma             | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Oregon               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Pennsylvania         | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Rhode Island         | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| South Carolina       | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| South Dakota         | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Tennessee            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Texas                | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Utah                 | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Vermont              | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Virginia             | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Washington           | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| West Virginia        | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Wisconsin            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| <b>WYOMING</b>       | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
|                      | <b>13</b>                           | <b>14</b>                           | <b>24</b>                           |

## Area 2: Retaining Effective Teachers

### Goal 2 – Licensure Advancement

The state should ensure that the only factors required when moving from a probationary to a nonprobationary license are those known to advance teacher effectiveness.

Figure 16

#### How States are Faring on Licensure Advancement



#### GOAL COMPONENTS

(The factors considered in determining the states' rating for the goal.)

1. The state should base advancement from a probationary to a nonprobationary license on evidence of classroom effectiveness.
2. The state should not require teachers to fulfill general, nonspecific coursework requirements to advance from a probationary to a nonprobationary license.
3. The state should not require teachers to have an advanced degree as a condition of permanent licensure.

#### RATIONALE

- ▶ See appendix for detailed rationale.
- The point of the probationary licensure period should be to determine teacher effectiveness.
- Most state requirements for achieving permanent certification have not been shown to impact teacher effectiveness.

#### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

- ▶ Research citations to support this goal are available at [www.nctq.org/stpy/citations](http://www.nctq.org/stpy/citations).



## Goal 2 Wyoming Analysis

### State Does Not Meet Goal

#### ANALYSIS

Wyoming's requirements for moving from a probationary to a nonprobationary license include factors that have not been shown to advance teacher effectiveness.

Wyoming employs a single-tier certification, so new teachers apply for the five-year initial standard teaching certificate, and then, rather than advancing to another level, they renew. The requirement for renewal is completion of five professional development/renewal credits.

#### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

Wyoming Professional Teaching Standards Board, Rule 6081  
<http://soswy.state.wy.us/Rules/RULES/6081.pdf>

DOE Renewal Requirements <http://ptsb.state.wy.us/Licensure/RenewingALicenseorPermit/tabid/67/Default.aspx>

#### RECOMMENDATION

Wyoming does not meet this goal. The state's licensure requirements are not based on factors that measure or advance teacher effectiveness. While targeted requirements may potentially expand teacher knowledge and improve teacher practice, general, nonspecific coursework requirements merely call for teachers to complete a certain amount of seat time. These vague requirements clearly do not correlate with teacher effectiveness and should be clarified for specificity.

---

#### WYOMING RESPONSE TO ANALYSIS

Wyoming recognized the factual accuracy of our analysis.

Figure 17

**Do states require teachers to show evidence of effectiveness before conferring permanent licensure?<sup>1</sup>**

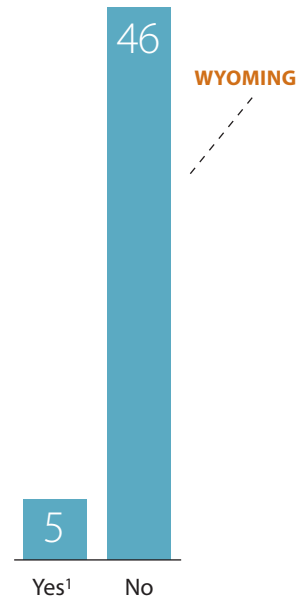
|                      | No evidence of effectiveness | Some evidence of effectiveness | Preponderant evidence of effectiveness |
|----------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Alabama              | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Alaska               | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Arizona              | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Arkansas             | □                            | ■                              | □                                      |
| California           | □                            | ■                              | □                                      |
| Colorado             | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Connecticut          | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Delaware             | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| District of Columbia | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Florida              | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Georgia              | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Hawaii               | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Idaho                | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Illinois             | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Indiana              | □                            | ■                              | □                                      |
| Iowa                 | □                            | ■                              | □                                      |
| Kansas               | □                            | ■                              | □                                      |
| Kentucky             | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Louisiana            | □                            | ■                              | □                                      |
| Maine                | □                            | ■                              | □                                      |
| Maryland             | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Massachusetts        | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Michigan             | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Minnesota            | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Mississippi          | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Missouri             | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Montana              | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Nebraska             | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Nevada               | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| New Hampshire        | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| New Jersey           | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| New Mexico           | □                            | □                              | ■                                      |
| New York             | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| North Carolina       | □                            | ■                              | □                                      |
| North Dakota         | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Ohio                 | □                            | ■                              | □                                      |
| Oklahoma             | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Oregon               | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Pennsylvania         | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Rhode Island         | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| South Carolina       | □                            | ■                              | □                                      |
| South Dakota         | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Tennessee            | □                            | ■                              | □                                      |
| Texas                | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Utah                 | □                            | ■                              | □                                      |
| Vermont              | □                            | ■                              | □                                      |
| Virginia             | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Washington           | □                            | ■                              | □                                      |
| West Virginia        | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
| Wisconsin            | □                            | ■                              | □                                      |
| <b>WYOMING</b>       | ■                            | □                              | □                                      |
|                      | <b>35</b>                    | <b>15</b>                      | <b>1</b>                               |

**EXAMPLES OF BEST PRACTICE**

In addition to three years' teaching experience and completing the mentoring requirement, **New Mexico** requires new teachers to submit a professional development dossier to advance from the probationary to nonprobationary certificate. The dossier is divided into five strands, including evidence of teacher effectiveness and evidence of student learning, and teachers must meet or exceed the standards in all strands to advance.

Figure 18

**Do states require teachers to earn advanced degrees before conferring permanent licensure?**



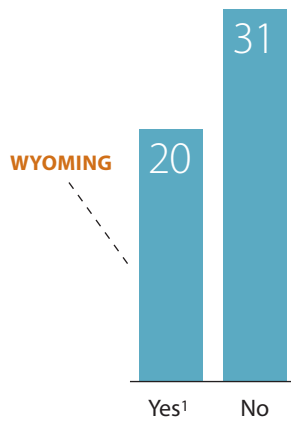
<sup>1</sup> Connecticut, Kentucky, Maryland, New York and Oregon.

Figure 17

<sup>1</sup> Permanent licensure refers to the right to practice; permanent status, or tenure, is a condition of employment. In most states, the conferral of each is separate and unrelated.

Figure 19

*Do states require teachers to take additional, nonspecific coursework before conferring permanent licensure?*



<sup>1</sup> Alabama, Alaska, Connecticut, District of Columbia, Idaho, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nevada, New Jersey, North Dakota, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Texas, Virginia, West Virginia and Wyoming.

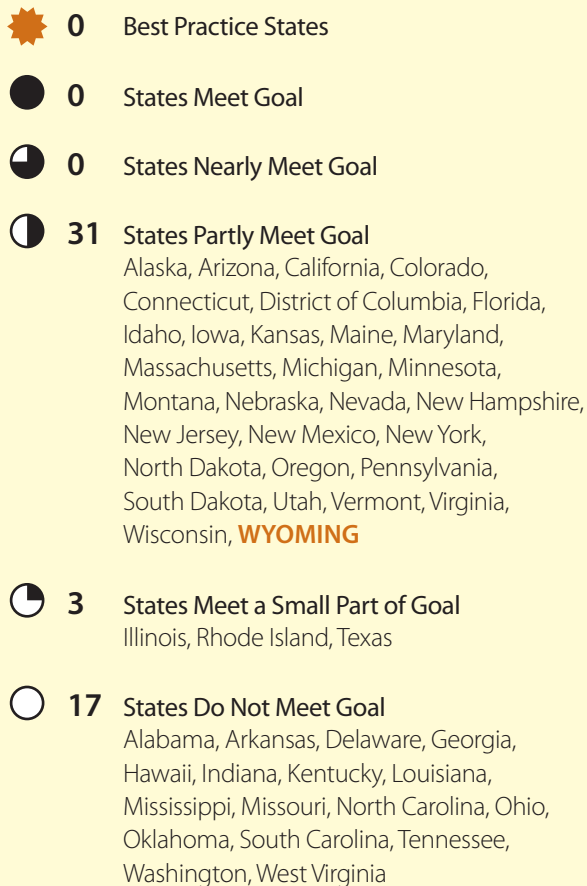
## Area 2: Retaining Effective Teachers

### Goal 3 – Pay Scales

The state should ensure that the only factors required when moving from a probationary to a nonprobationary license are those known to advance teacher effectiveness.

Figure 20

#### How States are Faring on Pay Scales



#### GOAL COMPONENTS

(The factors considered in determining the states' rating for the goal.)

1. While the state may articulate teachers' starting salaries, it should not require districts to adhere to a state-dictated salary schedule that sets minimum pay for every level.
2. The state should discourage districts from tying additional compensation to advanced degrees. The state should eliminate salary schedules that establish higher minimum salaries or other requirements to pay more to teachers with advanced degrees.
3. The state should discourage salary schedules that imply that teachers with the most experience are the most effective. The state should eliminate salary schedules that require that the highest steps on the pay scale be determined solely by seniority.

#### RATIONALE

- ▶ See appendix for detailed rationale.
- Compensation reform can be accomplished within the context of local control.
- There is an important difference between a state setting the minimum teacher salary and setting a salary schedule.

#### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

- ▶ Research citations to support this goal are available at [www.nctq.org/stpy/citations](http://www.nctq.org/stpy/citations).

## Goal 3 Wyoming Analysis

### ● State Partly Meets Goal

#### ANALYSIS

Wyoming gives local districts the authority for pay scales, eliminating barriers such as state salary schedules and other regulations that control how districts pay teachers.

#### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

Wyoming Statute 21-3-110(a)(ii)

#### RECOMMENDATION

Wyoming meets this goal in part. Although the state is commended for not requiring local districts to adhere to a state-dictated salary schedule, it should definitively discourage districts from tying compensation to advanced degrees as well as assuming teachers with the most experience are the most effective, thereby ensuring that the highest steps on the pay scale are not determined solely by seniority.

---

#### WYOMING RESPONSE TO ANALYSIS

Wyoming recognized the factual accuracy of our analysis.

Figure 21

**What role does the state play in deciding teacher pay rates?**

|                      | Sets minimum salary schedule | Sets minimum salary | Gives full authority to districts |
|----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Alabama              | ■                            | □                   | □                                 |
| Alaska               | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
| Arizona              | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
| Arkansas             | ■                            | □                   | □                                 |
| California           | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
| Colorado             | □                            | □                   | ■ <sup>1</sup>                    |
| Connecticut          | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
| Delaware             | ■                            | □                   | □                                 |
| District of Columbia | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
| Florida              | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
| Georgia              | ■                            | □                   | □                                 |
| Hawaii               | ■                            | □                   | □                                 |
| Idaho                | □                            | ■                   | □                                 |
| Illinois             | □                            | ■                   | □                                 |
| Indiana              | □                            | ■                   | □                                 |
| Iowa                 | □                            | ■                   | □                                 |
| Kansas               | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
| Kentucky             | ■                            | □                   | □                                 |
| Louisiana            | ■                            | □                   | □                                 |
| Maine                | □                            | ■                   | □                                 |
| Maryland             | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
| Massachusetts        | □                            | ■                   | □                                 |
| Michigan             | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
| Minnesota            | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
| Mississippi          | ■                            | □                   | □                                 |
| Missouri             | ■                            | □                   | □                                 |
| Montana              | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
| Nebraska             | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
| Nevada               | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
| New Hampshire        | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
| New Jersey           | □                            | ■                   | □                                 |
| New Mexico           | □                            | ■                   | □                                 |
| New York             | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
| North Carolina       | ■                            | □                   | □                                 |
| North Dakota         | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
| Ohio                 | ■                            | □                   | □                                 |
| Oklahoma             | ■                            | □                   | □                                 |
| Oregon               | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
| Pennsylvania         | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
| Rhode Island         | □                            | □                   | ■ <sup>2</sup>                    |
| South Carolina       | ■                            | □                   | □                                 |
| South Dakota         | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
| Tennessee            | ■                            | □                   | □                                 |
| Texas                | ■                            | □                   | □                                 |
| Utah                 | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
| Vermont              | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
| Virginia             | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
| Washington           | ■                            | □                   | □                                 |
| West Virginia        | ■                            | □                   | □                                 |
| Wisconsin            | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
| <b>WYOMING</b>       | □                            | □                   | ■                                 |
|                      | <b>17</b>                    | <b>8</b>            | <b>26</b>                         |

**EXAMPLES OF BEST PRACTICE**

Unfortunately, NCTQ cannot highlight any state’s policy in this area. Twenty-six states do not require districts to adhere to salary schedules or minimum salary requirements, giving them full control of teacher pay rates. No state has yet articulated a policy that discourages tying compensation to advanced degrees or basing salary solely on years of experience.

Figure 22

**What role does the state play in deciding teacher pay rates?**

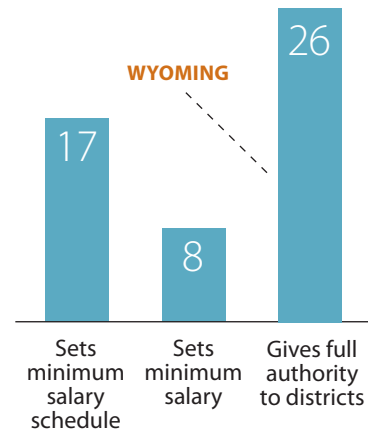


Figure 21

<sup>1</sup> Colorado gives districts option of a salary schedule, a performance pay policy or a combination of both.

<sup>2</sup> Rhode Island requires that local district salary schedules are based on years of service, experience and training.

Figure 23

*Do states require districts to pay more to teachers who have earned advanced degrees?*

|                           | Yes                                 | No                                  |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Alabama                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Alaska                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Arizona                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Arkansas                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| California                | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Colorado <sup>1</sup>     | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Connecticut               | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Delaware                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| District of Columbia      | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Florida                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Georgia                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Hawaii                    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Idaho <sup>2</sup>        | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Illinois                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Indiana                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Iowa                      | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Kansas                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Kentucky                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Louisiana                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Maine                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Maryland                  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Massachusetts             | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Michigan                  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Minnesota                 | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Mississippi               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Missouri                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Montana                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Nebraska                  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Nevada                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| New Hampshire             | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| New Jersey                | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| New Mexico                | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| New York                  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| North Carolina            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| North Dakota              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Ohio                      | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Oklahoma                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Oregon                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Pennsylvania              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Rhode Island <sup>3</sup> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| South Carolina            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| South Dakota              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Tennessee                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Texas                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Utah                      | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Vermont                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Virginia                  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Washington                | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| West Virginia             | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Wisconsin                 | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| <b>WYOMING</b>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

18 33

Figure 23

- 1 If districts choose to have salary schedules, one variable must be teachers' education.
- 2 Idaho refers to "education index" in district-determined schedules.
- 3 Rhode Island requires local district salary schedules to include teacher "training."

## Area 2: Retaining Effective Teachers

### Goal 4 – Retention Pay

The state should support retention pay, such as significant boosts in salary after tenure is awarded, for effective teachers.

Figure 24

#### How States are Faring on Retention Pay



#### GOAL COMPONENTS

(The factors considered in determining the states' rating for the goal.)

1. The state should encourage districts to provide a significant pay increase to teachers awarded tenure, provided tenure is based on sufficient data to determine effectiveness.
2. The state should not support longevity bonuses, which are awarded at the end of teachers' careers and do not provide effective retention strategies.

#### RATIONALE

- ▶ See appendix for detailed rationale.
- Connecting additional compensation to the awarding of tenure would help teacher retention.

#### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

- ▶ Research citations to support this goal are available at [www.nctq.org/stpy/citations](http://www.nctq.org/stpy/citations).

#### EXAMPLES OF BEST PRACTICE

Unfortunately, NCTQ cannot highlight any state's policy in this area.



## Goal 4 Wyoming Analysis

### State Does Not Meet Goal

#### ANALYSIS

Wyoming does not support retention pay for effective teachers, such as significant boosts in salary after tenure is awarded. It is up to local districts to determine salary schedules and/or policies.

#### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

Wyoming Statute 21-3-110(a)(ii)

#### RECOMMENDATION

Wyoming does not meet this goal. The state should encourage local districts to provide a significant pay increase to teachers awarded tenure, provided tenure is based on sufficient data to determine effectiveness. Offering financial incentives for classroom performance is a valuable tool for keeping effective new teachers in the school system, rather than more commonly employed incentives such as longevity bonuses, which are awarded toward the end of teachers' careers and are not connected to teachers' effectiveness.

---

#### WYOMING RESPONSE TO ANALYSIS

Wyoming recognized the factual accuracy of our analysis.

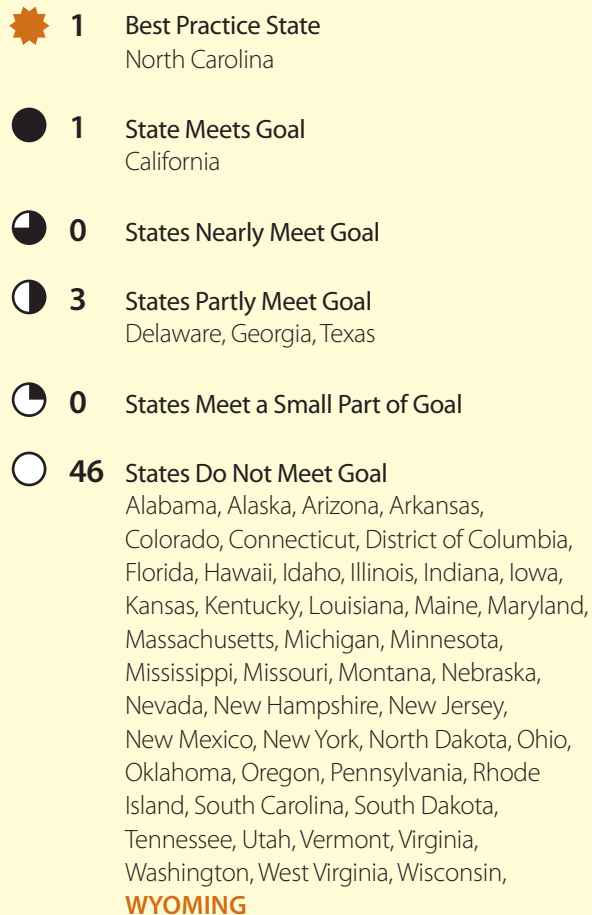
## Area 2: Retaining Effective Teachers

### Goal 5 – Compensation for Prior Work Experience

The state should encourage districts to provide compensation for related prior subject-area work experience.

Figure 25

#### *How States are Faring on Compensation for Prior Work Experience*



#### GOAL COMPONENTS

(The factors considered in determining the states' rating for the goal.)

1. The state should encourage districts to compensate new teachers with relevant prior work experience through mechanisms such as starting these teachers at an advanced step on the pay scale. Further, the state should not have regulatory language that would block such strategies.

#### RATIONALE

- ▶ See appendix for detailed rationale.
- Districts should be allowed to pay new teachers with relevant work experience more than other new teachers.

#### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

- ▶ Research citations to support this goal are available at [www.nctq.org/stpy/citations](http://www.nctq.org/stpy/citations).

## Goal 5 Wyoming Analysis

### State Does Not Meet Goal

#### ANALYSIS

Wyoming does not encourage local districts to provide compensation for related prior subject-area work experience. However, the state does not seem to have regulatory language blocking such strategies.

#### RECOMMENDATION

Wyoming does not meet this goal. The state should encourage local districts to compensate new teachers with relevant prior-work experience, through mechanisms such as starting these teachers at an advanced step on the pay scale.

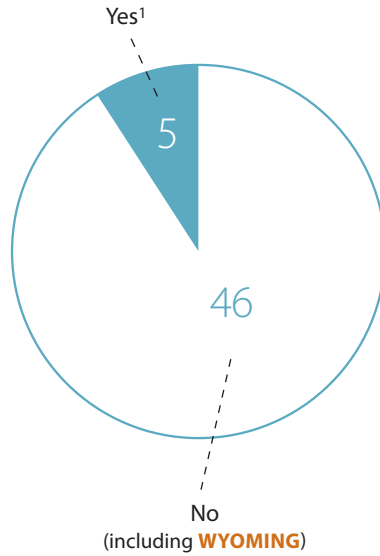
---

#### WYOMING RESPONSE TO ANALYSIS

Wyoming recognized the factual accuracy of our analysis.

Figure 26

*Do states direct districts to compensate teachers for related prior work experience?*



<sup>1</sup> California, Delaware, Georgia, North Carolina and Texas.

### ☀️ EXAMPLES OF BEST PRACTICE

**North Carolina** compensates new teachers with relevant prior-work experience by awarding them one year of experience credit for every year of full-time work, after earning a bachelor's degree, that is related to their area of licensure and work assignment. One year of credit is awarded for every two years of work experience completed prior to earning a bachelor's degree.

## Area 2: Retaining Effective Teachers

### Goal 6 – Differential Pay for Shortage Areas

The state should support retention pay, such as significant boosts in salary after tenure is awarded, for effective teachers.

#### GOAL COMPONENTS

(The factors considered in determining the states' rating for the goal.)

1. The state should support differential pay for effective teaching in shortage subject areas.
2. The state should support differential pay for effective teaching in high-needs schools.
3. The state should not have regulatory language that would block differential pay.

#### RATIONALE

- ▶ See appendix for detailed rationale.
- States should take the lead in addressing chronic shortages and needs.

#### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

- ▶ Research citations to support this goal are available at [www.nctq.org/stpy/citations](http://www.nctq.org/stpy/citations).

Figure 27

#### How States are Faring on Differential Pay for Shortage Areas



## Goal 6 Wyoming Analysis

● State Meets Goal

### ANALYSIS

Wyoming supports differential pay in which a teacher can earn additional compensation by teaching certain subjects. In its most recent Wyoming Consolidated Grant Manual 2007-2008, the state provides grants to local districts in order to recruit highly qualified teachers "by offering scholarships, signing bonuses, or other differential pay in academic subjects in which there exists a shortage of highly qualified teachers."

Wyoming also supports differential pay for those teaching in high-needs schools, by allowing districts to offer additional compensation "to a teacher as necessary to employ teachers...at locations which because of their unique circumstances require additional pay."

In addition, teachers who are National Board Certified are eligible to receive a \$4,000 annual salary supplement, but this type of differential pay is not tied to high-needs schools or subject-area shortages.

### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

WS 21-13-324 and [http://www.k12.wy.us/FP/congrant/congrant\\_manual.pdf](http://www.k12.wy.us/FP/congrant/congrant_manual.pdf)

[http://www.nbpts.org/resources/state\\_local\\_information/WY](http://www.nbpts.org/resources/state_local_information/WY)

### RECOMMENDATION

Wyoming meets this goal. The state is commended for its support of differential pay initiatives that can link compensation more closely to district needs and achieve a more equitable distribution of teachers.

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### WYOMING RESPONSE TO ANALYSIS

Wyoming recognized the factual accuracy of our analysis.

## EXAMPLES OF BEST PRACTICE

Seventeen states meet this goal, and although NCTQ has not singled out one state's policy for best practice honors, **Louisiana, Nevada, New York** and **Texas** are commended for not only supporting differential pay for teaching in shortage subject areas and in high-needs schools but also for offering meaningful incentive amounts.

**California, Georgia** and **Hawaii** are also noteworthy because these states provide incentives for National Board Certified teachers to work in high-needs schools.

Figure 28

### Do states provide incentives to teach in high-needs schools or shortage subject areas?

|                           | High-needs schools                  |                                     | Shortage subject areas              |                                     | No support                          |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
|                           | Differential pay                    | Loan forgiveness                    | Differential pay                    | Loan forgiveness                    |                                     |
| Alabama                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Alaska                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Arizona                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Arkansas                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| California                | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Colorado                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Connecticut <sup>1</sup>  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Delaware                  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| District of Columbia      | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Florida                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Georgia                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Hawaii                    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Idaho                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Illinois                  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Indiana                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Iowa                      | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Kansas                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Kentucky                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Louisiana                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Maine                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Maryland <sup>2</sup>     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Massachusetts             | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Michigan                  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Minnesota                 | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Mississippi               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Missouri                  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Montana                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Nebraska                  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Nevada                    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| New Hampshire             | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| New Jersey                | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| New Mexico                | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| New York                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| North Carolina            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| North Dakota              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Ohio                      | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Oklahoma                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Oregon                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Pennsylvania              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Rhode Island              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| South Carolina            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| South Dakota <sup>3</sup> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Tennessee                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Texas                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Utah                      | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Vermont                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Virginia                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Washington                | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| West Virginia             | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Wisconsin                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| <b>WYOMING</b>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
|                           | <b>22</b>                           | <b>7</b>                            | <b>20</b>                           | <b>9</b>                            | <b>17</b>                           |

Figure 28

- 1 Connecticut offers mortgage assistance and incentives to retired teachers.
- 2 Maryland offers tuition reimbursement for retraining in the areas of mathematics and science, if the teacher agrees to teach in the public school system for at least two years following certification. It also offers a stipend to alternate route candidates who agree to teach math, science or special education in a state public school for at least three years.
- 3 South Dakota offers scholarships and signing bonuses.

## Area 2: Retaining Effective Teachers

### Goal 7 – Performance Pay

The state should support performance pay, but in a manner that recognizes its infancy, appropriate uses and limitations.

Figure 29

#### How States are Faring on Performance Pay



#### GOAL COMPONENTS

(The factors considered in determining the states' rating for the goal.)

1. The state should support performance pay efforts, rewarding teachers for their effectiveness in the classroom.
2. The state should allow districts flexibility to define the criteria for performance pay; however, the state should ensure that districts' criteria are connected to evidence of student achievement.
3. Any performance pay plan should allow for the participation of all teachers, not just those with students who take standardized tests.

#### RATIONALE

- ▶ See appendix for detailed rationale.
- Performance pay is an important retention strategy.
- States should set guidelines for districts to ensure that plans are fair and sound.

#### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

- ▶ Research citations to support this goal are available at [www.nctq.org/stpy/citations](http://www.nctq.org/stpy/citations).



## Goal 7 Wyoming Analysis

### State Does Not Meet Goal

#### ANALYSIS

Wyoming does not support performance pay. The state does not have any policies in place that offer teachers additional compensation based on evidence of effectiveness.

#### RECOMMENDATION

Wyoming does not meet this goal. The state should consider awarding teachers for their effectiveness by supporting a performance pay plan, which can be implemented at either the state or local level. However, to ensure its success, the state is encouraged to proceed with caution when implementing such a plan, as criteria must be developed with careful consideration of available data and subsequent issues of fairness. The state may want to consider piloting a performance pay plan in a select number of school districts. This would provide an opportunity to discover and correct any limitations in available data or methodology before implementing the plan on a wider scale. Of critical importance is that criteria thoughtfully measure classroom performance and connect student achievement to teacher effectiveness.

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#### WYOMING RESPONSE TO ANALYSIS

Wyoming recognized the factual accuracy of our analysis.

Figure 30

**Do states support performance pay?**

|                         |  |                                     | Characteristics of program                                  |                                     |
|-------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
|                         | Supports performance pay                         | Does not support performance pay    | Connects performance pay to evidence of student achievement | Open to all teachers                |
| Alabama                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <sup>1</sup> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                         | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Alaska                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <sup>1</sup> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                         | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Arizona                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Arkansas                | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| California <sup>2</sup> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                         | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Colorado                | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Connecticut             | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Delaware                | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| District of Columbia    | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Florida                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Georgia                 | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Hawaii                  | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Idaho                   | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Illinois                | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Indiana                 | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Iowa                    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Kansas                  | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Kentucky                | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Louisiana               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Maine                   | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Maryland                | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Massachusetts           | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Michigan                | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Minnesota               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Mississippi             | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Missouri                | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Montana                 | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Nebraska                | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Nevada                  | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| New Hampshire           | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| New Jersey              | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| New Mexico              | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| New York                | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| North Carolina          | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                         | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| North Dakota            | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Ohio                    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <sup>1</sup> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                         | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Oklahoma                | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Oregon                  | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Pennsylvania            | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Rhode Island            | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| South Carolina          | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| South Dakota            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <sup>1</sup> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                         | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Tennessee               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Texas                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Utah                    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Vermont                 | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Virginia                | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Washington              | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| West Virginia           | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Wisconsin               | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| <b>WYOMING</b>          | <input type="checkbox"/>                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>                                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
|                         | <b>20</b>  | <b>31</b>                           | <b>16</b>   | <b>13</b>                           |

**EXAMPLES OF BEST PRACTICE**

**Tennessee** requires differentiated pay plans, which may include performance pay. If districts choose to include a performance component, it must be based on student achievement gains and be criterion-based so that all teachers meeting the standard, not just those with students who take standardized tests, are eligible for the reward. Although the state does not dictate specific incentive amounts, it requires that the awards be significant enough to make a difference to teachers.

Figure 30  
 1 Alaska, Alabama, Ohio and South Dakota fund pilot programs.  
 2 California only offers incentives to teachers in underachieving schools.

## Area 2: Retaining Effective Teachers

### Goal 8 – Pension Flexibility

The state should ensure that pension systems are portable, flexible and fair to all teachers.

#### GOAL COMPONENTS

(The factors considered in determining the states' rating for the goal.)

1. Participants in the state's pension system should have the option of a defined contribution plan as their primary pension plan.
2. Participants in the state's pension system should be vested no later than the third year of employment.
3. Mandatory employee and employer contribution rates should not be unreasonably high. Excessively high employee contribution rates are particularly problematic for teachers with lower salaries, while excessive employer contributions commit district resources that could otherwise be spent on salaries or incentives.
4. Defined benefit plans should offer the option of a lump-sum withdrawal upon employment termination. This option at minimum should include employee contributions and accrued interest at a fair interest rate. In addition, withdrawal options from either defined benefit or defined contribution plans should include funds contributed by the employer.
5. Defined benefit plans should allow participants to purchase time for unlimited previous teaching experience at the time of employment. Teachers should also be allowed to purchase time for all official leaves of absence, such as maternity and paternity leave.

#### RATIONALE

- ▶ See appendix for detailed rationale.
- Anachronistic features of teacher pension plans disadvantage teachers early in their careers.
- Pension plans also disadvantage teachers early in their careers by overcommitting employer resources to retirement benefits.

Figure 31

#### How States are Faring on Pension Flexibility



#### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

- ▶ Research citations to support this goal are available at [www.nctq.org/stpy/citations](http://www.nctq.org/stpy/citations).

Figure 32 on page 42 provides a glossary of pension terms.

## Goal 8 Wyoming Analysis

● State Partly Meets Goal

### ANALYSIS

Wyoming does not offer defined contribution plans as options for teachers' mandatory pension plans. The only mandatory plans available to teachers are defined benefit plans. However, teachers in Wyoming also participate in Social Security, so they must contribute to the state's defined benefit plan in addition to their Social Security contributions. Although retirement savings in addition to Social Security are good and necessary for most individuals, the state's policy results in mandated contributions to two inflexible plans, rather than permitting teachers options for their secondary savings plans.

Wyoming is commended for offering an optional supplementary defined contribution plan, known as the WRS Deferred Compensation 457 Plan. However, teachers are only able to participate if their employer offers the plan. Contributions are invested according to each teacher's direction, and teachers are not taxed on any investment gains until funds are withdrawn. Local districts are not required to provide an employer matching contribution.

Because of their low mandatory employee contribution to the defined benefit plan, teachers should be able to contribute meaningfully to the optional defined contribution plan. The current employee contribution rate is 5.68 percent, and the current employer contribution rate is 5.57 percent. These rates are both reasonable, even in light of the fact that both teachers and districts must also contribute 6.2 percent to Social Security.

Vesting is a key component of defined benefit plans because it guarantees a teacher's eligibility to receive lifetime monthly benefit payments and be fully entitled to all other additional benefits. When vested teachers stop working in a particular system, they may leave their funds in the system and later receive benefits when they reach the defined retirement age,

or they may withdraw some or all of the funds according to the plan's guidelines. Nonvested teachers may only withdraw funds; they may not receive retirement benefits. Wyoming's defined benefit plan does not vest until year four.

Teachers who withdraw their funds when they stop teaching in Wyoming only receive their contributions plus interest. This means that teachers who withdraw their funds accrue no benefits beyond what they might have earned had they simply put their contributions in basic savings accounts. Further, teachers who remain in the field of education but enter another pension plan (such as in another state) will find it difficult to purchase the time equivalent to their prior employment in the new system because they are not entitled to any employer contribution.

The ability to purchase time is important because defined benefit plans' retirement eligibility and benefit payments are often tied to the number of years a teacher has worked. Wyoming's plan allows only vested teachers to purchase service. They may only make a one-time purchase of up to five years, and they may not make additional purchases for previous work experience or approved leaves of absence. Not only are these provisions a severe disadvantage to those who move to Wyoming with more teaching experience, but they are also a disadvantage to any teacher who needs to take a leave for maternity or paternity care (common for teachers at the beginning of their careers), or other personal reasons.

### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

<http://retirement.state.wy.us/pdfs/retireguide.pdf>

## RECOMMENDATION

Wyoming meets this goal in part. Although the state does offer an optional defined contribution plan, it is not necessarily available to all teachers and there is no required employer contribution. The portability of defined contribution plans is attractive to an increasingly mobile teacher workforce, and the low mandatory contribution rates to the defined benefit plan may allow teachers and local districts to meaningfully contribute to the defined contribution plan. The state should look at ways to increase teachers' access to this plan. If Wyoming maintains its defined benefit plan, it should consider allowing vesting at year three instead of year four.

Because purchasing time can be structured as generally cost neutral to the fund, teachers should be allowed to transfer unlimited time from previous teaching experience, and this purchase should be allowed on the first day of employment in the new school system. The state's plan should also allow teachers to purchase time for leaves of absence such as parental leaves, and payment should be allowed at the time of leave without requiring interest.

---

## WYOMING RESPONSE TO ANALYSIS

Wyoming recognized the factual accuracy of our analysis.

Figure 32

### Glossary

**Benefit Formula:**

Formula used to calculate the amount teachers will receive each month after retirement. The most common formula used is *years of service x final average salary x benefit multiplier*. This amount is divided by 12 to calculate monthly benefits.

**Benefit Multiplier:**

Multiplier used in the benefit formula. It, along with years of service, determines the total percentage of final average salary that a teacher will receive in retirement benefits. In some plans, the multiplier is not constant, but changes depending upon retirement age and/or years of service.

**Defined Benefit Plan:**

Pension plan that promises to pay a specified amount to each person who retires after a set number of years of service. Employees contribute to them in some cases; in others, all contributions are made by the employer.

**Defined Contribution Plan:**

Pension plan in which the level of contributions is fixed at a certain level, while benefits vary depending on the return from the investments. Employees make contributions into a tax-deferred account, and employers may or may not make contributions. Defined contribution pension plans, unlike defined benefit pension plans, give the employee options of where to invest the account, usually among stock, bond and money market accounts.

**Lump-sum Withdrawal:**

Large payment of money received at one time instead of in periodic payments. Teachers leaving a pension plan may receive a lump-sum distribution of the value of their pension.

**Pension Wealth:**

The net present value of a teacher's expected lifetime retirement benefits.

**Purchasing Time:**

A teacher may make additional contributions to a pension system to increase service credit. Time may be purchased for a number of reasons, such as professional development leave, previous out-of-state teaching experience, medical leaves of absence or military service.

**Service Credit/Years of Service:**

Accumulated period of time in years or partial years, for which a teacher earned compensation subject to contributions.

**Supplemental Retirement Plan:**

An optional plan to which teachers may voluntarily make tax-deferred contributions in addition to their mandatory pension plans. Employees are usually able to choose their rate of contribution up to a maximum set by the IRS; some employers also make contributions. These plans are generally in the form of 457 and 403(b) programs.

**Vesting:**

Right an employee gradually acquires by length of service to receive employer-contributed benefits, such as payments from a pension fund.

## FOOD FOR THOUGHT

### West Virginia's Cautionary Tale

Education and individual retirement planning advice is a critical aspect of any state's pension plan, as evidenced by the tribulations of West Virginia's teacher pension system. In 1991, facing financial troubles, West Virginia closed its defined benefit Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) to new members and opened the Teachers' Defined Contribution plan (TDC). However, after widespread dissatisfaction with TDC account balances, it was closed to new members in 2005, and TRS was reopened. In 2008, the state legislature gave TDC participants a one-time option to switch their account balances from TDC to TRS in order to receive retirement payments according to the defined benefit formula. Over 78 percent of teachers elected to transfer.

While these events may appear to argue against states' offering defined contribution plans, West Virginia's experience should be viewed as a cautionary tale of the need for proper investment education. The implementation of the defined contribution plan was not handled well. In fact, some teachers believe they were so poorly advised that they have filed suit against the investment firm managing the plan. About three-fourths of teachers invested solely in low-yield, low-risk annuities that performed only slightly better than some savings accounts. For example, the Associated Press found that from May 2005 to May 2008, these annuities provided only their guaranteed 4.5 percent annual return. Over this same time period, the S&P 500 had an average rate of return of over 7 percent per year.

Defined contribution plans provide teachers flexibility in their retirement savings, but such plans are not without risk. States have a responsibility to educate teachers on their financial options and how to invest at different stages in life.

Figure 32  
Sources: Barron's Dictionary of Finance and Investment Terms, Seventh Edition and California State Teachers' Retirement System's glossary, <http://www.calstrs.com/Members/Defined%20Benefit%20Program/glossary.aspx>.

Figure 33

*Do state pension systems have a defined contribution option?*

|                      | Defined benefit plan only           | Defined benefit plan with defined contribution supplemental plan | Hybrid plan <sup>1</sup>            | Choice of defined benefit or defined contribution plan | Defined contribution plan only      |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
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| Rhode Island         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>                               | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
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| <b>WYOMING</b>       | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>                               | <input type="checkbox"/>            |

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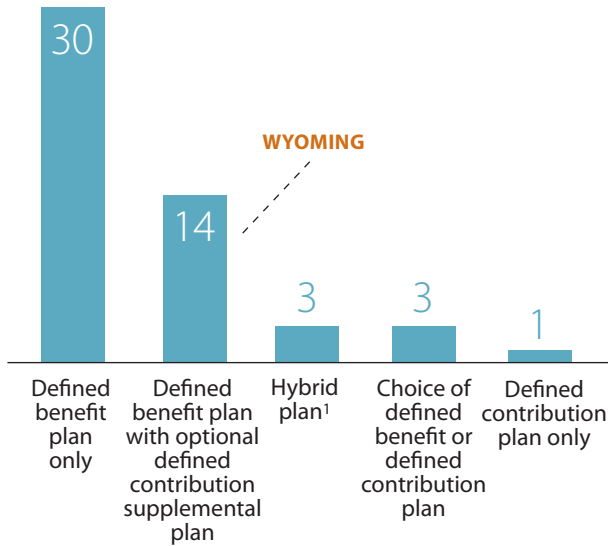
1

Figure 33

<sup>1</sup> A hybrid plan has components of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan.

Figure 34

**Do state pension systems have a defined contribution option?**



<sup>1</sup> A hybrid plan has components of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan.

**EXAMPLES OF BEST PRACTICE**

**Alaska** provides a fair and flexible defined contribution pension plan for all teachers. This plan is also highly portable, as teachers are entitled to 100 percent of employer contributions after five years of service. **South Dakota's** defined benefit plan has some creative provisions, which makes it more like a defined contribution plan. Most notably, teachers are able to withdraw 100 percent of their employer contributions after three years of service. In addition, **Florida, Ohio** and **South Carolina** are noteworthy for offering teachers a choice between a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan.



Figure 35

### What is a reasonable rate for pension contributions?

#### Reasonable Mandatory Contribution Rate Range:

- 4-7 percent each for teachers and districts in states participating in Social Security
- 10-13 percent each for teachers and districts in states not participating in Social Security

Analysts generally agree that workers in their 20's with no previous retirement savings should save, in addition to Social Security contributions, about 10-15 percent of their gross income in order to be able to live during retirement on 80 percent of the salary they were earning when they retired. While the recommended savings rate varies with age and existing retirement savings, NCTQ has used this 10-15 percent benchmark as a reasonable rate for its analyses. To achieve a total savings of 10-15 percent, teacher and employer contributions should each be in the range of 4-7 percent. In states where teachers do not participate in Social Security, the total recommended retirement savings (teacher plus employer contributions) is about 12 percent higher, to compensate for the fact that these teachers will not have Social Security income when they retire. In order to achieve the appropriate level of total savings, teacher and employer contributions in these states should *each* be in the range of 10-13 percent.

Sources:  
[http://personal.fidelity.com/planning/retirement/plan\\_overview.shtml.cvsr?refpr=rrc54](http://personal.fidelity.com/planning/retirement/plan_overview.shtml.cvsr?refpr=rrc54)  
[http://www.schwab.com/public/schwab/research\\_strategies/market\\_insight/retirement\\_strategies/planning/how\\_much\\_should\\_you\\_save\\_for\\_retirement\\_play\\_the\\_percentages.html](http://www.schwab.com/public/schwab/research_strategies/market_insight/retirement_strategies/planning/how_much_should_you_save_for_retirement_play_the_percentages.html)  
<https://personal.vanguard.com/us/planning/education/retirement/PEdRetInvHowMuchToSaveContent.jsp#early>

Figure 36

- 1 There is no employee contribution for income below \$6,000.
- 2 The rate is 3 percent of pay up to \$5,000, 3.6 percent of pay up to \$15,000.
- 3 The rate is 3 percent until 10 years of service, after which there is no employee contribution.
- 4 The rate is 4.26 for the defined benefit plan. The rate varies for the defined contribution plan with a minimum of 5 percent.

Figure 36

### How much do state pension systems require teachers to contribute?

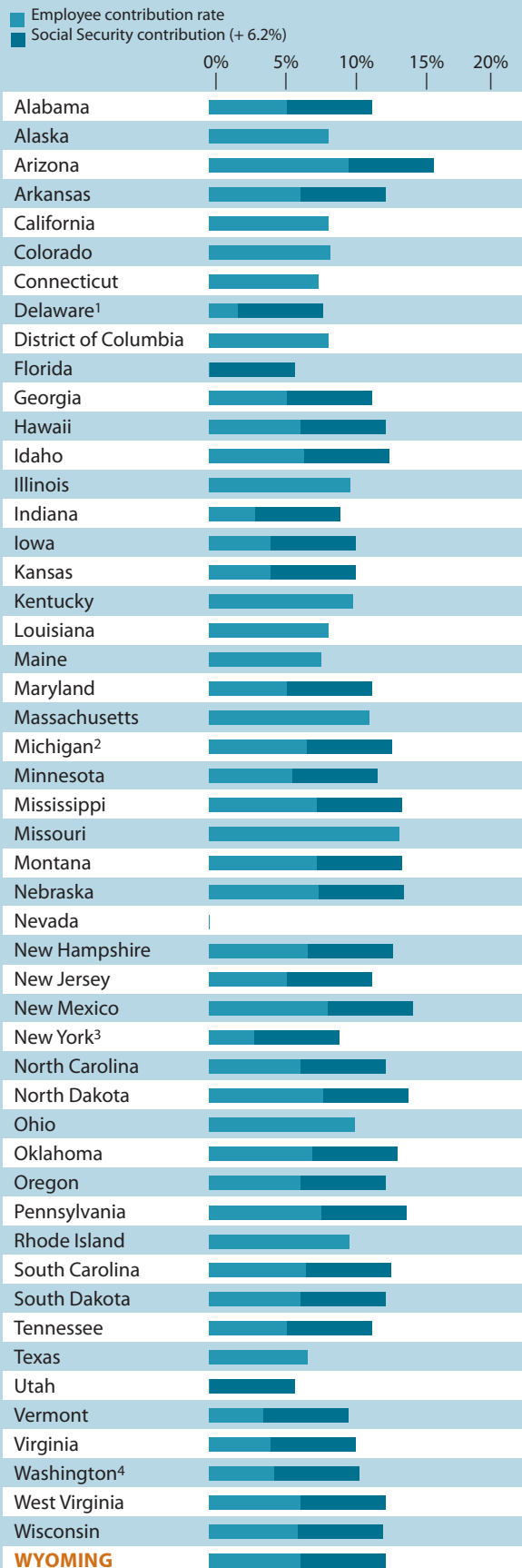


Figure 37

**How much do state pension systems require school districts to contribute?**

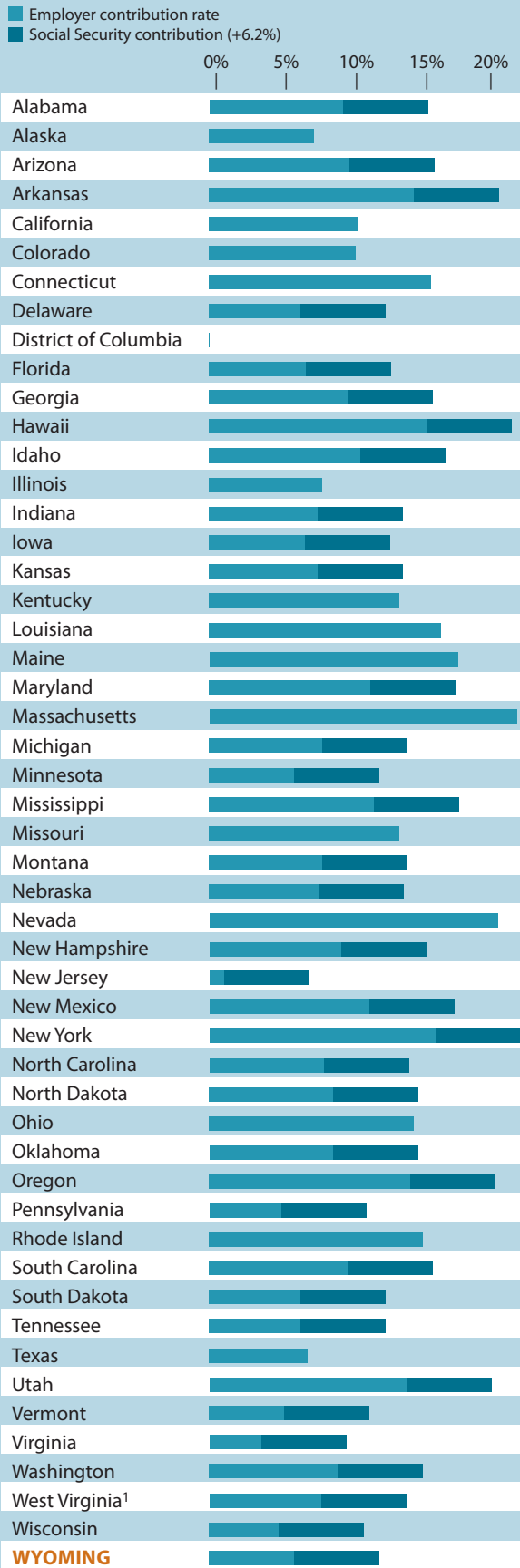
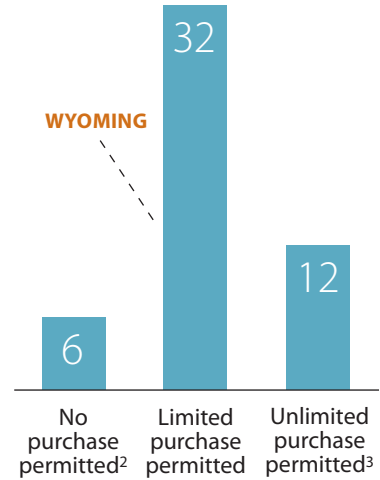


Figure 38

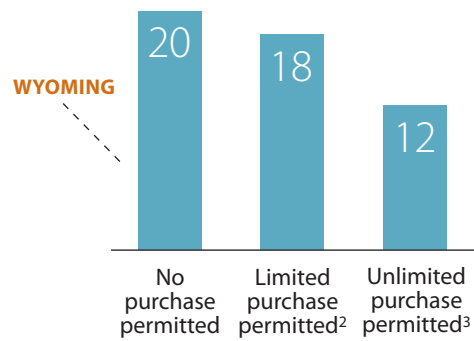
**Do states permit teachers to purchase time for previous teaching experience?<sup>1</sup>**



1 Alaska only offers a defined contribution plan; purchase of time does not apply.  
 2 Hawaii, Idaho, Minnesota, New York, Oregon and Tennessee.  
 3 Arizona, California, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Missouri, New Hampshire, North Dakota, South Carolina, South Dakota and Utah.

Figure 39

**Do states permit teachers to purchase time for leaves of absence?<sup>1</sup>**



1 Alaska only offers a defined contribution plan; purchase of time does not apply.  
 2 California, Connecticut, District of Columbia, Florida, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Massachusetts, Michigan, Montana, New Jersey, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Vermont, Virginia and Washington.  
 3 Alabama, Arizona, Delaware, Illinois, Iowa, Maryland, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio and Utah allow at least one year per leave and an unlimited number of leaves.

Figure 37

1 The employer contribution is 15 percent for employees hired prior to July 2005.

Figure 40

**How many years before teachers vest?**

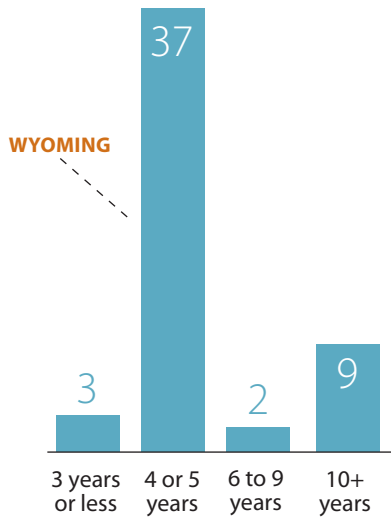


Figure 41

- 1 Florida's defined benefit plan does not vest until year six; teachers vest in the state's defined contribution plan after one year.
- 2 Ohio's defined benefit plan does not vest until year five; teachers vest in the state's defined contribution plan after one year.
- 3 South Carolina's defined benefit plan does not vest until year five; teachers vest immediately in the state's defined contribution plan.
- 4 Based on Washington's Plan 2. The state also offers a hybrid plan in which teachers vest immediately in the defined contribution component and vest in the defined benefit component after 10 years.

Figure 41

**How many years before teachers vest?**

|                             | 3 years or less                     | 4 or 5 years                        | 6 to 9 years                        | 10+ years                           |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Alabama                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
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| Arkansas                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
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| Connecticut                 | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Delaware                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| District of Columbia        | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Florida <sup>1</sup>        | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Georgia                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Hawaii                      | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Idaho                       | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Illinois                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Indiana                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Iowa                        | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
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| Ohio <sup>2</sup>           | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Oklahoma                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Oregon                      | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
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| Rhode Island                | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
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| South Dakota                | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
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| Vermont                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Virginia                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Washington <sup>4</sup>     | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| West Virginia               | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Wisconsin                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| <b>WYOMING</b>              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
|                             | <b>3</b>                            | <b>37</b>                           | <b>2</b>                            | <b>9</b>                            |

Figure 42

**What funds do states permit teachers to withdraw from their defined benefit plans if they leave after five years?<sup>1</sup>**

|                             | Less than their own contribution    | Only their own contribution         | Their own contribution plus interest | Their own contribution and part of the employer contribution plus interest | Their own contribution and full employer contribution plus interest |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| Alabama                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
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| District of Columbia        | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>             | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Florida <sup>3</sup>        | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>             | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Georgia                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
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| Idaho                       | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Illinois                    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>             | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Indiana <sup>4</sup>        | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Iowa                        | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>             | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
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| Michigan                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Minnesota                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Mississippi                 | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Missouri                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Montana                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Nebraska                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Nevada <sup>5</sup>         | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| New Hampshire               | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| New Jersey                  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| New Mexico                  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| New York                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| North Carolina              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| North Dakota                | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Ohio <sup>6</sup>           | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>             | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Oklahoma                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Oregon <sup>7</sup>         | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>             | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Pennsylvania                | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Rhode Island                | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>             | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| South Carolina <sup>8</sup> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| South Dakota                | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>             | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                                 |
| Tennessee                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Texas                       | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Utah <sup>9</sup>           | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>             | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Vermont                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Virginia                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Washington <sup>10</sup>    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| West Virginia               | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| Wisconsin                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>             | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| <b>WYOMING</b>              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/>  |
|                             | <b>3</b>                            | <b>3</b>                            | <b>35</b>                            | <b>5</b>   | <b>1</b>  |

Figure 42

- 1 Some states' withdrawal policies vary depending on teachers' years of service. Year five is used as a common point of comparison.
- 2 As of July 1, 2006, Alaska only offers a defined contribution plan to new members, which allows teachers leaving the system after five years to withdraw 100 percent of the employer contribution.
- 3 Since Florida teachers do not contribute to the defined benefit plan, the only funds participants could withdraw upon leaving are those made for special circumstances such as purchasing time. Florida also has a defined contribution plan, which allows teachers with at least one year of service who are leaving the system to withdraw 100 percent of the employer contribution.
- 4 Teachers transferring to another governmental retirement plan may also withdraw the amount necessary to purchase creditable service in the new plan.
- 5 Most teachers in Nevada are in a non-contributory defined benefit system, and thus do not have contributions to withdraw. The small minority that are in a contributory system may withdraw their contributions plus interest.
- 6 Ohio has two other pension plans. Ohio's defined contribution plan allows teachers with at least one year of service who are leaving the system to withdraw 100 percent of the employer contribution. Exiting teachers with at least five years of experience in Ohio's combination plan may withdraw their employee-funded defined contribution component, but must wait until age 50 to withdraw funds from the employer-funded defined benefit component.
- 7 Oregon only has a hybrid retirement plan, which allows exiting teachers to withdraw their contributions plus earnings from their defined contribution component; they still receive the employer-funded defined benefit payments at retirement age.
- 8 South Carolina also has a defined contribution plan, which allows exiting teachers to withdraw 100 percent of their contributions and employer contributions, plus interest.
- 9 Since Utah teachers do not contribute to the defined benefit plan, the only funds participants could withdraw upon leaving are those made for special circumstances such as purchasing time.
- 10 Washington also has a hybrid retirement plan, which allows exiting teachers to withdraw their contributions plus earnings from their defined contribution component; they still receive the employer-funded defined benefit payments at retirement age.

## Area 2: Retaining Effective Teachers

### Goal 9 – Pension Neutrality

The state should ensure that pension systems are neutral, uniformly increasing pension wealth with each additional year of work.

#### GOAL COMPONENTS

(The factors considered in determining the states' rating for the goal.)

1. The formula that determines pension benefits should be neutral to the number of years worked. It should not have a multiplier that increases with years of service or longevity bonuses.
2. The formula for determining benefits should preserve incentives for teachers to continue working until conventional retirement ages. Eligibility for retirement benefits should be based on age and not years of service.

#### RATIONALE

- ▶ See appendix for detailed rationale.
- It is unfair to all teachers when pension wealth does not accumulate in a uniform way.
- Pension systems affect when teachers decide to retire as teachers look to maximize their pension wealth.

#### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

- ▶ Research citations to support this goal are available at [www.nctq.org/stpy/citations](http://www.nctq.org/stpy/citations).

Figure 43

#### How States are Faring on Pension Neutrality



## Goal 9 Wyoming Analysis

○ State Does Not Meet Goal

### ANALYSIS

Wyoming's pension system is based on a benefit formula that is not neutral, meaning that each year of work does not accrue pension wealth in a uniform way.

To qualify as neutral, a pension formula must not only utilize a constant benefit multiplier to determine retired teachers' benefits, but it must also rely on an eligibility calendar based on age, rather than years of service. In most defined benefit plans, pension wealth peaks for teachers the year they become eligible for retirement, and then it declines every year they work beyond eligibility. Plans that base retirement on years of service create unnecessary peaks, and plans that allow a low retirement age create incentives to retire early. Therefore, plans that base retirement on an age in line with Social Security are likely to create the most uniform accrual of wealth.

Wyoming's pension plan does not utilize a constant benefit multiplier, regardless of years of service. Instead, the plan uses a multiplier of 2.125 percent for years of service up to 15 years, and then a multiplier of 2.25 percent for all subsequent years.

In addition, teachers may opt for early retirement with unreduced benefits based on years of service. Teachers may retire when they qualify for the "Rule of 85," meaning age plus years of service equal 85, while other vested teachers may not retire until age 60. Therefore, teachers who begin their careers at age 23 can reach the "Rule of 85" with 31 years of service by age 54, entitling them to six additional years of unreduced retirement benefits beyond what other teachers would receive who may not retire until age 60. Not only are teachers being paid benefits by the state well before Social Security's retirement age, but because early retirement with reduced benefits is offered to all teachers at age 55 and to teachers with 25 years of service at any age, these provisions may encourage effective teachers to retire early. They also fail to treat equally those teach-

ers who enter the system at a later age and give the same amount of service.

### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

<http://retirement.state.wy.us/pdfs/retireguide.pdf>

### RECOMMENDATION

Wyoming does not meet this goal. The state should not only utilize a constant benefit multiplier, but it should also consider increasing its retirement age to align with Social Security and no longer basing eligibility on years of service. These changes would result in a pension plan that treats all teachers more equitably, regardless of where they are in their careers.

### WYOMING RESPONSE TO ANALYSIS

Wyoming recognized the factual accuracy of our analysis.

Figure 44

#### Does pension wealth in Wyoming accumulate uniformly for all teachers?

|  |           |
|--|-----------|
| Benefit formula is determined by a multiplier that does not change based on years of service | <b>NO</b> |
| Retirement eligibility is based on age, not years of service <sup>1</sup>                    | <b>NO</b> |

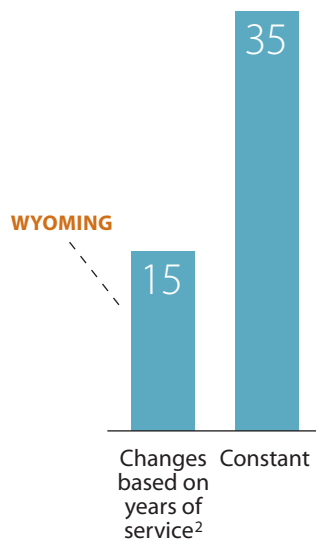
<sup>1</sup> This only refers to determining retirement eligibility, not retirement benefits.

## ☀️ EXAMPLES OF BEST PRACTICE

**Alaska** offers a defined contribution pension plan that is neutral, with pension wealth accumulating in an equal way for all teachers for each year of work. **Minnesota** and **South Dakota** offer defined benefit plans that have neutral formulas. Both states' plans have formula multipliers that do not change relative to years of service, and they do not allow unreduced benefits to retirees below age 65.

Figure 45

**What kind of multiplier do states use to calculate retirement benefits?<sup>1</sup>**



- 1 Alaska has a defined contribution plan, which does not have a benefit multiplier.
- 2 Arizona, California, Connecticut, District of Columbia, Florida, Iowa, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Mississippi, Missouri, New Hampshire, New York, Ohio, Rhode Island and Wyoming.

Figure 46

- 1 All calculations are based on a teacher who starts teaching at age 22, earns a starting salary of \$35,000 that increases 3 percent per year, and retires at the age when s/he is first eligible for unreduced benefits. The calculations use states' current benefit formulas and do not include cost of living increases. The final average salary was calculated as the average of the highest three years of salary, even though a few states may vary from that standard. Age 65 was used as the point of comparison for standard retirement age because it is the minimum eligibility age for unreduced Social Security benefits.
- 2 Does not apply to Alaska's defined contribution plan.
- 3 Minnesota provides unreduced retirement benefits at the age of full Social Security benefits or age 66, whichever comes first.
- 4 Massachusetts's formula has many options for retirement. A teacher with 35 years of experience at age 57 would reach the maximum benefit.
- 5 Applies only to Ohio's defined benefit plan.

Figure 46

**How much do states pay for each teacher that retires with unreduced benefits at an early age?<sup>1</sup>**

|                            | Total amount in benefits paid per teacher from the time of retirement until age 65 | Earliest retirement age that a teacher who started teaching at age 22 may receive unreduced benefits |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Alaska <sup>2</sup>        |  |  |
| Minnesota <sup>3</sup>     | \$0  | 65   |
| South Dakota               | \$0  | 65   |
| Washington                 | \$0  | 65   |
| Arizona                    | \$271,275  | 51   |
| California                 | \$310,028  | 61   |
| Indiana                    | \$317,728  | 55   |
| New Hampshire              | \$321,326  | 60   |
| Oregon                     | \$361,536  | 58   |
| Wisconsin                  | \$416,007  | 57   |
| Rhode Island               | \$430,013  | 59   |
| Texas                      | \$443,421  | 60   |
| Michigan                   | \$468,590  | 52   |
| Kansas                     | \$492,342  | 54   |
| Tennessee                  | \$499,973  | 52   |
| Montana                    | \$518,228  | 47   |
| Connecticut                | \$520,009  | 57   |
| Vermont                    | \$520,655  | 52   |
| New Jersey                 | \$525,117  | 55   |
| Virginia                   | \$531,068  | 52   |
| Iowa                       | \$551,428  | 55   |
| Idaho                      | \$551,743  | 56   |
| North Dakota               | \$551,743  | 56   |
| Oklahoma                   | \$551,743  | 56   |
| Florida                    | \$557,112  | 52   |
| New York                   | \$557,518  | 52   |
| Maryland                   | \$562,308  | 52   |
| North Carolina             | \$568,555  | 52   |
| Illinois                   | \$572,010  | 57   |
| South Carolina             | \$577,142  | 50   |
| Hawaii                     | \$577,687  | 55   |
| Nebraska                   | \$577,687  | 55   |
| West Virginia              | \$577,687  | 55   |
| Delaware                   | \$577,927  | 52   |
| District of Columbia       | \$585,737  | 52   |
| Massachusetts <sup>4</sup> | \$594,296  | 57   |
| <b>WYOMING</b>             | \$615,994  | 54   |
| Maine                      | \$621,861  | 47   |
| Mississippi                | \$621,861  | 47   |
| Georgia                    | \$624,786  | 52   |
| Utah                       | \$624,786  | 52   |
| Alabama                    | \$625,747  | 47   |
| Pennsylvania               | \$650,011  | 57   |
| Arkansas                   | \$681,789  | 50   |
| Ohio <sup>5</sup>          | \$687,265  | 52   |
| New Mexico                 | \$730,686  | 47   |
| Louisiana                  | \$780,983  | 52   |
| Missouri                   | \$780,983  | 51   |
| Colorado                   | \$789,343  | 51   |
| Kentucky                   | \$791,679  | 49   |
| Nevada                     | \$834,090  | 52   |





# Area 3: Exiting Ineffective Teachers

## Goal 1 – New Teacher Evaluation

The state should require multiple formal evaluations of all new teachers.

### GOAL COMPONENTS

(The factors considered in determining the states' rating for the goal.)

1. The state should require that all new, non-permanent teachers receive at least two formal evaluations annually.
2. New teachers should be formally evaluated at least once during the first half of their first year.

### RATIONALE

- ▶ See appendix for detailed rationale.
- Evaluations are an important tool for providing support and holding teachers accountable.

### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

- ▶ Research citations to support this goal are available at [www.nctq.org/stpy/citations](http://www.nctq.org/stpy/citations).

Figure 47

### How States are Faring on New Teacher Evaluation



## Goal 1 Wyoming Analysis

 State Nearly Meets Goal

### ANALYSIS

Wyoming requires new teachers to be formally evaluated twice a year. The state's policy does not include any guidelines on when these evaluations should occur.

### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

Wyoming Statute 21-3-110 (xvii)

### RECOMMENDATION

Wyoming nearly meets this goal. The state is commended for requiring that its new teachers be formally evaluated twice annually; however, the state should explicitly require that the first formal evaluation be conducted during the first half of the teacher's first school year.

The point of requiring that one evaluation occur early in the year is to be able to immediately offer feedback and support to new teachers, especially if the observation indicates any unsatisfactory performance. That way, the teacher and school or district leadership can implement a plan for improvement, rather than potentially allow an ineffective new teacher to remain in the classroom without any evaluation until late in the year.

---

### WYOMING RESPONSE TO ANALYSIS

Wyoming recognized the factual accuracy of our analysis.

## ☀️ EXAMPLES OF BEST PRACTICE

Both **Kansas** and **Oklahoma** require new teachers to be formally evaluated twice a year. In Kansas, each evaluation must be scheduled not later than the 60th day of the semester, and in Oklahoma, the first evaluation must be completed before November 15, ensuring that new teachers are assessed and receive feedback early in the year, and that unsatisfactory performance is addressed with an improvement plan.

Figure 48

*How many times do states require districts to evaluate a new teacher during a school year?*

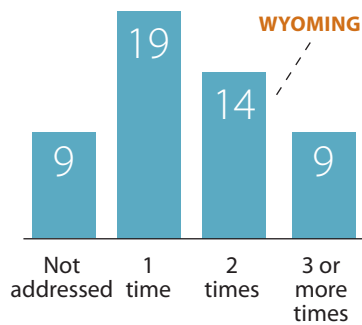


Figure 49

- Alabama, Missouri, North Carolina and West Virginia require one formal evaluation, but also three observations with follow-up conferences.
- Arkansas also requires three observations by a mentor.
- Washington and Delaware require one formal evaluation, but also two observations with follow-up conferences.
- Third year teachers are only evaluated twice in Tennessee.

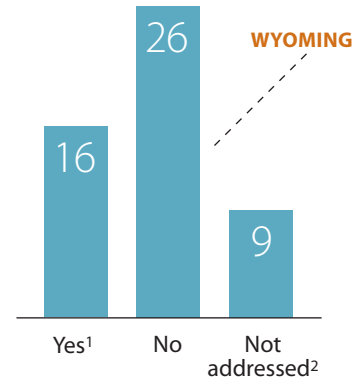
Figure 49

*How many times do states require districts to evaluate a new teacher during a school year?*

|                             | Not addressed                       | 1 time                              | 2 times                             | 3 or more times                     |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Alabama <sup>1</sup>        | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Alaska                      | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Arizona                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Arkansas <sup>2</sup>       | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| California                  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Colorado                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Connecticut                 | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Delaware <sup>3</sup>       | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| District of Columbia        | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Florida                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Georgia                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Hawaii                      | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Idaho                       | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Illinois                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Indiana                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Iowa                        | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Kansas                      | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Kentucky                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Louisiana                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Maine                       | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Maryland                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Massachusetts               | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Michigan                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Minnesota                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Mississippi                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Missouri <sup>1</sup>       | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Montana                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Nebraska                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Nevada                      | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| New Hampshire               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| New Jersey                  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| New Mexico                  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| New York                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| North Carolina <sup>1</sup> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| North Dakota                | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Ohio                        | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Oklahoma                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Oregon                      | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Pennsylvania                | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Rhode Island                | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| South Carolina              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| South Dakota                | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Tennessee <sup>4</sup>      | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Texas                       | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Utah                        | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Vermont                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Virginia                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Washington <sup>3</sup>     | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| West Virginia <sup>1</sup>  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Wisconsin                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| <b>WYOMING</b>              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
|                             | <b>9</b>                            | <b>19</b>                           | <b>14</b>                           | <b>9</b>                            |

Figure 50

*Do states require districts to evaluate new teachers early in the school year?*



<sup>1</sup> Alabama, Delaware, Idaho, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Maryland, Nebraska, Nevada, New Jersey, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Washington and West Virginia.

<sup>2</sup> District of Columbia, Iowa, Maine, Mississippi, Montana, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, South Dakota and Vermont.

# Area 3: Exiting Ineffective Teachers

## Goal 2 – Unsatisfactory Evaluations

The state should articulate consequences for teachers with unsatisfactory evaluations, including specifying that teachers with multiple unsatisfactory evaluations are eligible for dismissal.

### GOAL COMPONENTS

(The factors considered in determining the states' rating for the goal.)

1. The state should require that all teachers who have received a single unsatisfactory evaluation be placed on an improvement plan — whether or not they have tenure.
2. The state should require that all teachers who receive two consecutive unsatisfactory evaluations or two unsatisfactory evaluations within five years be formally eligible for dismissal — whether or not they have tenure.

### RATIONALE

- ▶ See appendix for detailed rationale.
- Negative evaluations should have meaningful consequences.
- Employment status should not determine the consequences of a negative evaluation.

### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

- ▶ Research citations to support this goal are available at [www.nctq.org/stpy/citations](http://www.nctq.org/stpy/citations).

Figure 51

### How States are Faring on Consequences for Unsatisfactory Evaluations



## Goal 2 Wyoming Analysis

State Does Not Meet Goal

### ANALYSIS

Wyoming does not have a policy regarding teachers who receive unsatisfactory evaluations.

### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

Alabama DOE PEPE, p. 48: <http://www.alabamapepe.com/teacher/altchrmln605.pdf>

### RECOMMENDATION

Wyoming does not meet this goal. The state should adopt a policy whereby all teachers who receive a single unsatisfactory evaluation are placed on a structured improvement plan. Teachers who receive two consecutive unsatisfactory evaluations or have two unsatisfactory evaluations within five years should be formally eligible for dismissal, regardless of whether they have tenure.

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### WYOMING RESPONSE TO ANALYSIS

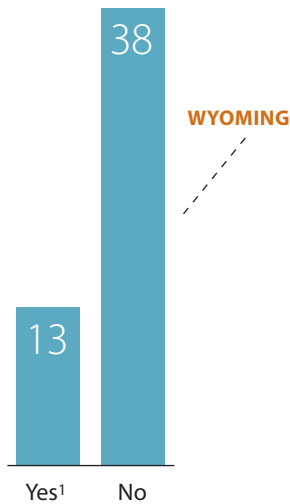
Wyoming recognized the factual accuracy of our analysis..

## EXAMPLES OF BEST PRACTICE

**Illinois** and **Oklahoma** both require that teachers who receive unsatisfactory evaluations be placed on improvement plans. Teachers in Illinois are then evaluated three times during a 90-day remediation period and are eligible for dismissal if performance remains unsatisfactory. Oklahoma's improvement plan may not exceed two months and if performance does not improve during that time, teachers are eligible for dismissal.

Figure 52

*Do states specify that teachers with multiple unsatisfactory evaluations are eligible for dismissal?*



<sup>1</sup> Alaska, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Hawaii, Illinois, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, South Carolina and Washington.

Figure 53

- Any teacher with an unsatisfactory evaluation is immediately dismissed.
- Kentucky does require multiple observations the year following an unsatisfactory evaluation.
- Teachers in low-performing schools can be dismissed after just one negative rating.
- Only teachers on annual contracts are eligible for dismissal after unsatisfactory evaluations.

Figure 53

*What are the consequences for teachers who receive unsatisfactory evaluations?*

|                             | Improvement plan after a single unsatisfactory rating | Eligible for dismissal after multiple unsatisfactory ratings | No articulated consequences         |
|-----------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| Alabama                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Alaska                      | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Arizona                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Arkansas                    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| California                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Colorado                    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Connecticut                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Delaware                    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| District of Columbia        | <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Florida                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Georgia                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Hawaii <sup>1</sup>         | <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Idaho                       | <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Illinois                    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Indiana                     | <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Iowa                        | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Kansas                      | <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Kentucky <sup>2</sup>       | <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Louisiana                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Maine                       | <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Maryland                    | <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Massachusetts               | <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Michigan                    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Minnesota                   | <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Mississippi                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Missouri                    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Montana                     | <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Nebraska                    | <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Nevada                      | <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| New Hampshire               | <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| New Jersey                  | <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| New Mexico                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| New York                    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| North Carolina <sup>3</sup> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
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| Ohio                        | <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Oklahoma                    | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Oregon                      | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Pennsylvania                | <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Rhode Island                | <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| South Carolina <sup>4</sup> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
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| Tennessee                   | <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Texas                       | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Utah                        | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Vermont                     | <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Virginia                    | <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Washington                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                          | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| West Virginia               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>                   | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Wisconsin                   | <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| <b>WYOMING</b>              | <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input type="checkbox"/>                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
|                             | <b>26</b>   | <b>13</b>  | <b>23</b>                           |

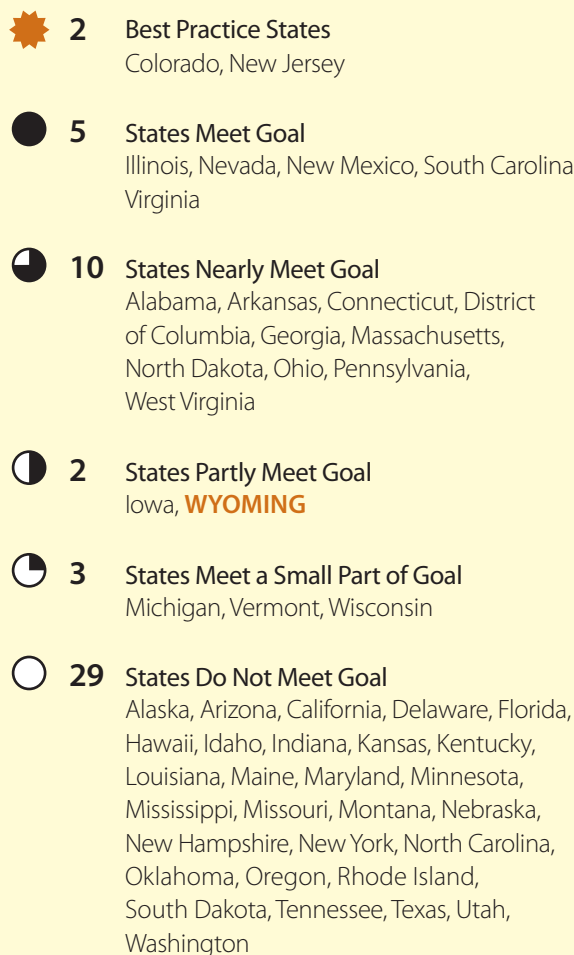
## Area 3: Exiting Ineffective Teachers

### Goal 3 – Licensure Loopholes

The state should close loopholes that allow teachers who have not met licensure requirements to continue teaching.

Figure 54

#### How States are Faring on Closing Licensure Loopholes



#### GOAL COMPONENTS

(The factors considered in determining the states' rating for the goal.)

1. Under no circumstances should a state award a standard license to a teacher who has not passed all required licensing tests.
2. If a state finds it necessary to confer conditional or provisional licenses under limited and exceptional circumstances to teachers who have not passed the required tests, the state should ensure that requirements be met within one year.

#### RATIONALE

- ▶ See appendix for detailed rationale.
- Teachers who have not passed licensing tests may place students at risk.

#### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

- ▶ Research citations to support this goal are available at [www.nctq.org/stpy/citations](http://www.nctq.org/stpy/citations).



## Goal 3 Wyoming Analysis

### ● State Partly Meets Goal

#### ANALYSIS

Wyoming allows new teachers who have not met licensure requirements to teach under an “exception authorization.” This authorization is issued in emergency situations to individuals who, due to extenuating circumstances, cannot meet the requirements for full licensure. It is valid for only one year and allows the individual to teach while completing the requirements. However, the state requires that only elementary education and social studies composite teachers pass a subject-matter test before obtaining an initial license.

#### SUPPORTING RESEARCH

Wyoming Professional Teacher Standards Board: <http://ptsb.state.wy.us/Licensure/TypesofLicensure/ExceptionAuthorization/tabid/90/Default.aspx>

DOE Testing Requirements: <http://ptsb.state.wy.us/Licensure/BecomingLicensed/CompleteRequirementsforInitialLicensure/tabid/170/Default.aspx>

#### RECOMMENDATION

Wyoming meets this goal in part. The state should ensure that all teachers pass all required licensure tests before they enter the classroom. Exceptions place students at risk of having teachers who lack sufficient or appropriate subject-matter knowledge. Although the state’s policy does minimize this risk by granting only a one year exception certificate to teachers who have not passed all tests, the state should prevent any teachers from being in classrooms without meeting licensure requirements. However, even more importantly, the state should adopt subject-matter testing requirements for all new teachers and require that they pass those tests in their first year of teaching.

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#### WYOMING RESPONSE TO ANALYSIS

Wyoming recognized the factual accuracy of our analysis. The state added that the Professional Teaching Standards Board is “considering requiring that all initial certification teachers pass a subject-matter test in order to acquire Wyoming certification.”

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#### LAST WORD

NCTQ strongly urges Wyoming to require subject-matter testing for all new teachers because demonstration of content mastery is a vital part of ensuring teacher effectiveness in the classroom.

Figure 55

**How long can new teachers practice without passing licensing tests?**

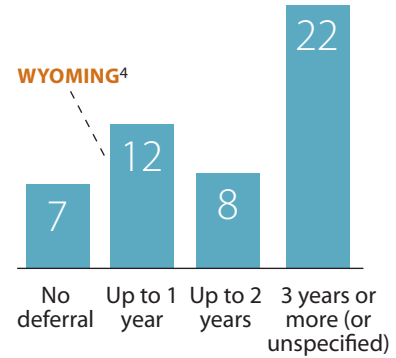
|                            | No deferral                         | Up to 1 year                        | Up to 2 years                       | 3 years or more (or unspecified)    |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Alabama                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Alaska                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Arizona                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Arkansas                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| California                 | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Colorado                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Connecticut                | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Delaware                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| District of Columbia       | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Florida                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Georgia                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Hawaii                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Idaho                      | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Illinois                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Indiana                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Iowa <sup>1</sup>          | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Kansas                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Kentucky                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Louisiana                  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Maine                      | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Maryland                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Massachusetts              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Michigan                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Minnesota                  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Mississippi                | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Missouri                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Montana <sup>2</sup>       | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Nebraska <sup>2</sup>      | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Nevada <sup>3</sup>        | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| New Hampshire              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| New Jersey                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| New Mexico                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| New York                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| North Carolina             | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| North Dakota               | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Ohio                       | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Oklahoma                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Oregon                     | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Pennsylvania               | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Rhode Island               | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| South Carolina             | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| South Dakota               | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Tennessee                  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Texas                      | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Utah                       | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Vermont                    | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Virginia                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Washington                 | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| West Virginia              | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Wisconsin                  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| <b>WYOMING<sup>4</sup></b> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
|                            | <b>7</b>                            | <b>12</b>                           | <b>8</b>                            | <b>22</b>                           |

**EXAMPLES OF BEST PRACTICE**

Both **Colorado** and **New Jersey** require that all new teachers must pass all required subject-matter tests as a condition of initial licensure.

Figure 56

**How long can new teachers practice without passing licensing tests?**

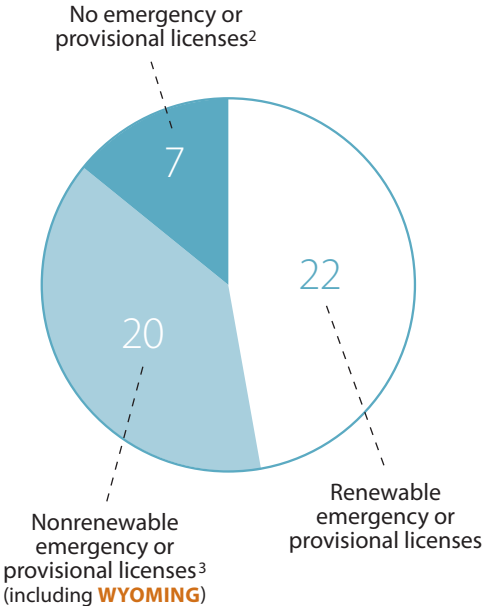


Figures 55 & 56

1 Iowa only requires subject-matter testing for elementary teachers.  
 2 Montana and Nebraska do not currently require licensing tests.  
 3 As of 2010.  
 4 Wyoming only requires subject-matter testing for elementary and social studies teachers.

Figure 57

**Do states still award emergency licenses?<sup>1</sup>**



1 Not applicable to Montana and Nebraska, which do not require subject-matter testing.  
2 Colorado, Illinois, Nevada, New Jersey, New Mexico, South Carolina and Virginia.  
3 Alabama, Alaska, Arkansas, Connecticut, District of Columbia, Georgia, Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oregon, Vermont, Washington, West Virginia and Wyoming.



# Appendix

## Area 1: Goal 1 State Data Systems

### Rationale

#### **Value-added analysis connects student data to teacher data to measure achievement and performance.**

Value-added models are an important tool for measuring student achievement and school effectiveness. Value-added models measure the learning gains made by individual students, controlling for students' previous knowledge. They can also control for students' background characteristics. In the area of teacher quality, value-added models offer a fairer and potentially more meaningful way to evaluate a teacher's effectiveness than previous methods used by schools.

For example, it used to be that a school might have only known that its fifth-grade teacher, Mrs. Jones, consistently had students who did not score on grade level on standardized assessments of reading. Once the school had access to value-added analysis, it learned that Mrs. Jones' students were reading on a third-grade level when they entered her class, and that they were above a fourth-grade performance level at the end of the school year. While not yet reaching appropriate grade level, Mrs. Jones' students had made more than a year's progress in her class. Because of value-added data, the school was able to see that Mrs. Jones is an effective teacher.

The school would not have been able to see this without a data system that connects student data with teacher data. Furthermore, multiple years of data are necessary in order to make meaningful determinations about teacher effectiveness. Value-added analysis cannot occur without both student and teacher identifiers and the ability to match test records over time.

#### **There are a number of responsible uses for value-added analysis.**

**Assessing Individual Teachers:** With three years of good data, value-added analysis can successfully identify the strongest and weakest teachers. It is not as useful at distinguishing differences among teachers in the middle range of performance. This is why value-added analysis should only be used to provide part of the evidence of teacher effectiveness.

**School Performance:** Value-added analysis can accurately assess the learning gains and losses made within a single school, with less risk of measurement error. The U.S. Department of Education is now working with states to pilot something akin to value-added analysis, known as "student growth" models, to determine schools' Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP). Student growth models are not as effective as value-added models at

controlling for other factors besides the quality of the teacher. However, these models are still valuable for providing a measure of academic improvement for the school overall, leaving open their potential use for determining schoolwide bonuses. A good value-added model is a subset of a student growth model; it is able to more precisely separate out nonschool effects on learning, making it possible to better distinguish the impact of an individual teacher.

**Applicability to All Teachers:** Many critics of value-added models dismiss them because they can only be used for teachers in tested subjects. While some subjects do not lend themselves to a value-added model, more teachers may be eligible than may be immediately obvious. For example, student reading scores are affected by the quality of social studies and science instruction, not just instruction in language arts. Reading comprehension is directly connected to student learning of broad subject matter, including history, geography and science.

**High School:** A value-added model is theoretically most useful at the high school level, because high school teachers are typically assigned many more students, making results more reliable within a given year. Data from an elementary class size of 20 to 30 students can produce relatively unstable results for a single year. A high school teacher, however, will be assigned on average 120 students, yielding a much more stable, reliable indicator of actual teacher performance. Use at the high school level would require states to adopt reliable pre- and post-tests in core subject areas.

**Pilots:** States can directly and indirectly encourage districts to implement value-added analysis. By piloting value-added analysis in districts or schools, the states can encourage development of this valuable tool for eventual statewide use. Other programs, such as state-sponsored pay-for-performance programs that base bonuses, in part, on teachers' ability to produce student academic gains, can also encourage experimentation with value-added analysis.

**Evaluating Teacher-Preparation Programs:** Another innovative use for value-added technology is its inclusion in the evaluation of teacher-preparation programs. Value-added analysis that can measure the effectiveness of program graduates can provide valuable information that will hold poor teacher-preparation programs accountable, as well as identify strong programs that can be models for best practices.

## Area 1: Goal 2

### Evaluation of Effectiveness

#### Rationale

**Teachers should be judged primarily by their impact on students.**

While there are many factors to be considered when a teacher is formally evaluated, nothing is more important than effectiveness in the classroom. Unfortunately, many evaluation instruments used by districts, some of which are mandated by states, are structured so that teachers can earn a satisfactory rating without any evidence that they are sufficiently advancing student learning in the classroom. It is often enough that they just appear to be trying, not necessarily succeeding.

Many evaluation instruments give as much weight, or more, to factors that do not have any direct correlation with student performance—for example, taking professional development courses, assuming extra duties such as sponsoring a club or mentoring, and getting along well with colleagues. Some instruments express a hesitation to hold teachers accountable for student progress. Teacher evaluation instruments should include factors that *combine both human judgment and objective measures of student learning*.

A teacher evaluation instrument that focuses on student learning could include the following components:

#### A. Observation

1. Ratings should be based on multiple observations by multiple persons, usually the principal and senior faculty, within the same year to produce a more accurate rating than is possible with a single observation. Teacher observers should be trained to use a valid and reliable observation protocol (meaning that the protocol has been tested to ensure that the results are trustworthy and useful). The observers should assign degrees of proficiency to observed behaviors.

2. The primary observation component should be the quality of instruction, as measured by student time on task; student grasp or mastery of the lesson objective; and efficient use of class time.

3. Other factors often considered in the course of an observation can provide useful information—

- Questioning techniques and other methods for engaging class;
- Differentiation of instruction;
- Continual student checks for understanding throughout lesson;
- Appropriate lesson structure and pacing;
- Appropriate grouping structures;

- Reinforcement of student effort; and
- Classroom management and use of effective classroom routines.

Some other elements commonly found on many instruments, such as “makes appropriate and effective use of technology,” or “ties lesson into previous and future learning experiences,” may seem important to document but can be difficult to do so reliably in an observation. Too many elements often end up distracting the observer from focusing on answering one central question: “Are students learning?”

#### B. Objective Measures of Student Learning

Apart from the observation, the evaluation instrument should provide evidence of work performance. Many districts use portfolios, which create a lot of work for the teacher and may be unreliable indicators of effectiveness. Good and less-cumbersome alternatives to the standard portfolio exist—for example:

- The value that a teacher adds, as measured by standardized test scores (see Goal 1.1);
- Periodic standardized diagnostic assessments;
- Benchmark assessments that show student growth;
- Artifacts of student work connected to specific student learning standards that are randomly selected for review by the principal or senior faculty and scored using rubrics and descriptors;
- Examples of typical assignments, assessed for their quality and rigor; and
- Periodic checks on progress with the curriculum (e.g., progress on textbook) coupled with evidence of student mastery of the curriculum from quizzes, tests, and exams.

## Area 1: Goal 3

### Tenure

#### Rationale

**Tenure should be a significant and consequential milestone in a teacher’s career.**

The decision to give teachers tenure (or permanent status) is usually made automatically, with little thought, deliberation or consideration of actual evidence. State policy should reflect the fact that initial certification is intended to be temporary and probationary, and that tenure is intended to be a significant reward for teachers who have consistently shown effectiveness and commitment. Tenure and advanced certification are not rights implied by the conferring of an initial teaching certificate. No other profession, including higher education, offers practitioners this benefit after only a few years of working in the field.

To make tenure meaningful, states should require a clear process, such as a hearing, for districts to use when considering whether or not a teacher advances from probationary to permanent status. This would ensure that the local district reviews the teacher's performance before a determination is made. This also protects the teacher's rights, as he or she is fully aware of the process and has an opportunity to participate.

States should also ensure that evidence of effectiveness is the preponderant (but not the only) criterion for making tenure decisions. However, most states confer tenure at a point that is too early for the collection of sufficient and adequate data that reflect teacher performance. Ideally, states would accumulate five years' worth of such data. This robust data set would prevent effective teachers from being unfairly denied tenure based on too little data, while also preventing the states from granting tenure to ineffective teachers.

## Area 2: Goal 1 Induction

### Rationale

#### **Too many new teachers are left to “sink or swim” when they begin teaching.**

Most new teachers find themselves overwhelmed and unsupported at the outset of their teaching careers. Although differences in preparation programs and routes to the classroom do affect readiness, even teachers from the most rigorous programs need support once they take on the myriad responsibilities of a teacher of record. A survival of the fittest mentality prevails in many schools; figuring out how to successfully negotiate unfamiliar curricula, discipline and management issues, and labyrinthine school and district procedures is often considered a rite of passage. However, the frustrations of the new teacher are not limited to low performers. Many talented new teachers become disillusioned early on by the lack of support they receive, and it may be the most talented who will more likely explore other career options.

#### **Vague requirements simply to provide mentoring are insufficient.**

Although many states have recognized the need to provide new teachers with mentoring, state policies merely indicating that mentoring should occur will not ensure that districts provide new teachers with quality mentoring experiences. While allowing flexibility for districts to develop and implement programs in line with local priorities and resources, states also should identify the minimum requirements for these programs in terms of the frequency and duration of mentoring and the qualifications of those serving as mentors.

#### **New teachers in high-needs schools are particularly in need of quality mentoring.**

Retaining effective teachers in high-needs schools is especially challenging. States should ensure that districts place special emphasis on mentoring programs in these schools, particularly when limited resources may prevent the district from providing mentoring to all new teachers.

## Area 2: Goal 2 Licensure Advancement

### Rationale

#### **The point of the probationary licensure period should be to determine teacher effectiveness.**

Most states grant new teachers a probationary license that must later be converted to an advanced or permanent license. A probationary period is sound policy; it provides an opportunity to decide whether individuals merit permanent licensure. However, very few states require any real decision making about teacher performance or effectiveness in determining whether teachers will advance from their probationary license. Instead, states generally require probationary teachers to fulfill a set of requirements to receive advanced certification. Thus, the ending of the probationary period is based on whether a checklist has been completed, rather than on teacher performance and effectiveness.

#### **Most state requirements for achieving permanent certification have not been shown to impact teacher effectiveness.**

Unfortunately, not only do most states fail to connect advanced certification to actual evidence of teacher effectiveness, but the requirements teachers most often have to fulfill are not even related to teacher effectiveness. The most common requirement for permanent licensure is the completion of additional coursework, often resulting in a master's degree. Requiring teachers to obtain additional training in their teaching area would be meaningful; however, the requirements are usually vague, allowing the individual to fulfill coursework requirements from long menus that include areas of no connection or use to that teacher in the classroom. As for requiring a master's degree, this is an area in which the research evidence is quite conclusive: Master's degrees have not been shown to make teachers more effective. This is likely due in no small part to the fact that teachers generally do not attain master's degrees in their subject areas. According to the National Center for Educational Statistics, less than one-fourth of secondary teachers' master's degrees are in their subject area, and only seven percent of elementary teachers' master's degrees are in an academic subject.

In addition to their dubious value, these requirements may also serve as a disincentive to teacher retention. Talented probationary teachers may be unwilling to invest their time and resources in more education coursework. Further, these teachers may well pursue advanced degrees that facilitate their leaving teaching.

## Area 2: Goal 3 Pay Scales

### Rationale

**Compensation reform can be accomplished within the context of local control.**

Teacher pay is, and should be, largely a local issue. Districts should not face state-imposed regulatory obstacles that prevent them from paying their teachers the way they see fit; different communities have different resources, needs and priorities. States should remove any barriers to districts' autonomy in deciding the terms for teacher compensation packages.

The state can ensure that all teachers are treated fairly by determining a minimum starting salary for all teachers. However, a state-mandated salary schedule that locks in pay increases or requires uniform pay deprives districts of the ability to be flexible and responsive to supply and demand problems that they may face.

**There is an important difference between a state setting the minimum teacher salary and setting a salary schedule.**

What is the difference between establishing a minimum starting salary and a salary schedule? Maine, for example, set a minimum starting salary of \$30,000 for its teachers in 2007-2008. No district is allowed to pay less. In contrast, Washington, like many states, has established a salary schedule that lays out what the minimum salary has to be at every level. A teacher who has been teaching for four years and has a master's degree must not be paid less than \$40,998. A teacher who has been teaching for four years and does not have a master's degree may not be paid less than \$34,464. While most districts exceed the state minimum, setting the salary schedule forces districts to adhere to a compensation system that is primarily based on experience and degree status, even when they would like to have other options.

It should also be noted that the minimums set by many states — whether a minimum starting salary or a complete schedule — are woefully out-of-date, having gone without updating for 20 years or more in some cases. The starting salary in Louisiana, for example, has been just over \$12,000 since 1987; the mini-

um of \$18,000 in Massachusetts dates to 1988. Rather than maintain policies that do not provide any meaningful guidance to districts or assurance to teachers, states should remove these regulations and send a clear message to districts that they can decide how to compensate their teachers.

## Area 2: Goal 4 Retention Pay

### Rationale

**Connecting additional compensation to the awarding of tenure would help teacher retention.**

Starting salaries for teachers have risen significantly in many states over the last decade. While this may help to attract promising candidates, the small pay increases that generally follow, particularly in the first few years of teaching, may be detrimental to retention. Most state and district salary schedules provide only small percentage increases in the early years, with the percentage increases widening later on. Longevity bonuses are also common. A better strategy would be to connect a significant pay increase to the awarding of tenure, but only if tenure were based on a determination of effectiveness.

This pay increase, whether it was a significant salary increase paid out over the course of a year or a single lump-sum payment, would serve two important and complementary purposes. First, connecting this payment to a meaningful process for awarding tenure to effective teachers would enhance public understanding that tenure is not awarded automatically to just anyone. In addition, it would provide an important retention strategy, as teachers at the beginning of their careers would know that they will receive additional compensation at the conclusion of their probationary periods.

## Area 2: Goal 5 Compensation for Prior Work Experience

### Rationale

**Districts should be allowed to pay new teachers with relevant work experience more than other new teachers.**

State and district salary structures frequently fail to recognize that new teacher hires are not necessarily new to the workforce. Some new teachers bring with them deep work experience that is directly related to the subject matter they will teach. For example, the hiring of a new high school chemistry teacher with 20 years experience as a chemical engineer is most certainly a great boon to any district. Yet most salary structures would place this individual at the same point on the schedule as a new teacher straight out of college. Compensating these teachers commensurate with their experience is an important



retention (as well as recruitment) strategy, particularly when other nonteaching opportunities in these fields are likely to be more financially lucrative.

As discussed in Goal 2.3, specifics of teacher pay should largely be left to local decision making. However, states should use policy mechanisms to inform districts that it is not only permissible but also necessary to compensate new teachers with related prior work experience accordingly.

## Area 2: Goal 6

### Differential Pay for Shortage Areas

#### Rationale

**States should take the lead in addressing chronic shortages and needs.**

As discussed in Goal 2.3, states should ensure that state-level policies (such as a uniform salary schedule) do not interfere with districts' flexibility in compensating teachers in ways that best meet their individual needs and resources. However, when it comes to addressing chronic shortages, states should do more than simply get out of the way. States should provide direct support for differential pay for effective teaching in shortage subject areas and high-needs schools. Attracting effective and qualified teachers to high-needs schools or filling vacancies in hard-to-staff subjects are problems that are frequently beyond a district's ability to solve. States that provide direct support for differential pay in these areas are taking an important step in promoting the equitable distribution of quality teachers. Short of providing direct support, states can also use policy levers to indicate to districts that differential pay is not only permissible but necessary.

## Area 2: Goal 7

### Performance Pay

#### Rationale

**Performance pay is an important retention strategy.**

Performance pay provides an opportunity to reward those teachers who get consistent results from their students. The traditional salary schedule used by districts pays all teachers with the same inputs (i.e., experience and degree status) the same amount regardless of outcomes. Not only is this inconsistent with most other professions, it may also create a disincentive for high-achieving teachers to stay in the field, because there is no opportunity for financial reward for their success.

Many opponents of performance pay object to the premise that money will motivate teachers to work harder to advance student achievement. This objection is not groundless, par-

ticularly with performance pay frequently discussed as a combination of a carrot and a stick. Performance pay should not be viewed as an incentive for teachers to work harder, but as a means to compensate teachers based on student outcomes.

**States should set guidelines for districts to ensure that plans are fair and sound.**

Performance pay plans are not easy to implement well. There are numerous examples of both state and district initiatives that have been undone by poor planning and administration. The methodology that allows for the measurement of teachers' contributions to student achievement is still developing, and any performance pay program must recognize its limitations (see Goal 1.1 for more on the appropriate uses of this methodology). There are also inherent issues of fairness that should be considered when different types of data must be used to assess the performance of different kinds of teachers.

States can play an important part in supporting performance pay by setting guidelines (whether for a state-level program or for districts' own initiatives) that recognize the challenges in implementing a program well. Because this is an area in which there is still much to learn about best practice, states should consider piloting local initiatives as a way to expand the use of and the knowledge base around performance pay.

## Area 2: Goal 8

### Pension Flexibility

#### Rationale

**Anachronistic features of teacher pension plans disadvantage teachers early in their careers.**

Teacher salaries are just one part of the compensation package that teachers receive. Virtually all teachers are also entitled to a pension, which, after vesting, will continue to provide compensation for the rest of their lives after retirement. In an era when pension benefits have been declining across industries and professions, teachers' pensions remain a fixture. In fact, nearly all states continue to provide teachers with a defined-benefit pension system, an expensive and inflexible model that neither reflects the realities of the modern workforce nor provides equitable benefits to all teachers.

To achieve the maximum benefits from a defined-benefit pension plan, a teacher must begin and end his or her career in the same pension system. While a teacher who leaves the system early may receive some benefits, teachers who leave before the point of vesting — which is as much as 10 years or more in some states — are generally entitled to nothing more than their own contributions plus some interest. This may well serve

as a retention strategy for some, but on a larger scale, this approach fails to reflect the realities of the current workforce. The current workforce is increasingly mobile, with most entering the workforce expecting to change jobs many more times in their careers than previous generations. All workers, including teachers, may move to jobs in other states without any intention of changing careers. To younger teachers in particular, a defined benefit plan may seem like a meaningless part of the compensation package. A pension plan that cannot move across state lines and requires a long-term commitment may not seem like much of a benefit at all.

There is an alternative. A defined contribution plan is fair to all teachers, at all points in their careers. Defined contribution plans are more equitable because each teacher's benefits are funded by his or her own contributions, plus contributions made by the employer specifically on the behalf of that individual. This is fundamentally more equitable than defined benefit plans, which require new teachers to fund the benefits of retirees. Moreover, defined contributions are inherently portable and give employees flexibility and control over their retirement savings.

**Pension plans also disadvantage teachers early in their careers by overcommitting employer resources to retirement benefits.**

The contributions of employers to their workers' retirement benefits is a valuable benefit: it is important to ensuring that individuals have sufficient retirement savings. Compensation resources, however, are not unlimited, and they must fund both current salaries and future retirement benefits. Mandated employer contributions to many states' teacher pension systems are extremely high, leaving districts with little flexibility to be more innovative with their compensation strategies. This is further exacerbated for states in which teachers also participate in the Social Security program, meaning that the district must pay even more toward the retirement of each teacher.

This approach to compensation disadvantages teachers early in their careers, as the commitment of resources to retirement benefits almost certainly depresses salaries and prevents incentives. Lower mandatory employer contribution rates (in states where they are too high; there are certainly states where they are shamefully low) would free up compensation resources to implement the kinds of strategies suggested by this edition of the *Yearbook*.

**Area 2: Goal 9**  
**Pension Neutrality**

**Rationale**

**It is unfair to all teachers when pension wealth does not accumulate in a uniform way.**

In addition to the ways defined benefit pension systems disadvantage teachers described in Goal 2.8, the way pension wealth accumulates in some systems further compounds this inequity. All pension systems use a multiplier to calculate the benefits an individual is entitled to receive based on salary levels and years of service. For example, a pension system may have a multiplier of 2.0. Pension benefits are determined by multiplying average final annual salary by years of service by the multiplier of 2.0. Thus, someone working fewer years with a lower final salary will appropriately receive less in benefits than someone with more years of service and/or a higher final salary. However, the multiplier in many pension systems is not fixed; it increases as years of service increase. When a higher multiplier is used, teachers receive even more generous benefits than they would based only on final salary and years of service.

Another way that pension benefits are not awarded fairly is through the common policy of setting retirement eligibility at different ages and years of service. In Hawaii, for example, a teacher with 30 years of service may retire at age 55, while other teachers may not retire until age 62. This means that a teacher who started teaching in Hawaii at age 25 can reach 30 years of service at age 55 and receive seven additional years of full retirement benefits beyond what a teacher that started at age 32 and cannot retire with full benefits until age 62 would receive. A fair system would set a standard retirement age for all participants, without factoring in years of service.

**Pension systems affect when teachers decide to retire as teachers look to maximize their pension wealth.**

The year teachers reach retirement eligibility by age and/or years of service, their pension wealth peaks; pension wealth then declines for each year they work beyond retirement age. Plans that allow retirement based on years of service create unnecessary peaks, and plans that allow a low retirement age create an incentive to retire earlier in one's career than may be necessary. For every year teachers continue to work beyond their eligibility for unreduced retirement benefits, they lose that year of pension benefits, thus decreasing their overall pension wealth.

Although their yearly pension benefits would continue to rise as they earn additional service credit, it would only be at a small percentage per year, which would not make up for the loss of each year of benefits.

To try to balance this incentive to retire, some states have created DROP (Deferred Retirement Option Plan) programs. DROP programs allow participants to place their monthly pension benefits in a private investment account while still teaching and earning a salary, thus retaining those benefits. These teachers are, in effect, earning their pension and salary at the same time, and often at a relatively young age.

A DROP program is a band-aid on the problem; it does not fix what is structurally wrong — retirement at an early age without reduction of benefits. For example, the hypothetical teacher above decides to forgo retiring at age 47 in order to wait and qualify for her state's DROP program at age 55. She now has 33 years of service and has reached a pension equal to 66 percent of her salary. She remains in DROP for the maximum allowable five years. During that time, her five years of lost pension benefits plus her five years of mandatory employee pension contribution have been deposited in a private investment account. Upon retiring at age 60, she would receive the total of that private account plus a lifetime pension benefit annually of 66 percent of her final salary. With the lump-sum payment of her DROP account and monthly pension benefit, she will receive 100 percent of her final average salary for at least 10 years, and, depending on the state, she may also receive Social Security benefits. This generous guaranteed payout would be hard to find in any other profession.

DROP programs do create an incentive for some teachers to remain past their eligible retirement, but at a high cost. DROP programs mean that districts still must find the funds to pay pension benefits to teachers at a relatively young age when those dollars could be more effectively spent.

### Area 3: Goal 1 New Teacher Evaluation

#### Rationale

**Evaluations are an important tool for providing support and holding teachers accountable.**

Individuals new to a profession frequently have reduced responsibilities coupled with increased oversight. As competencies are demonstrated, new responsibilities are added and supervision decreases. Such is seldom the case for new teachers, who generally have the same classroom responsibilities as veteran teachers, including responsibility for the academic progress of their students, but may receive limited feedback on their performance. In the absence of good metrics for determining who will be an effective teacher before individuals begin to teach, it is critical that schools and districts closely monitor the performance of new teachers.

States should require that districts formally evaluate new teachers at least twice annually. A formal evaluation means that the observation results in a rating that becomes part of the teacher's record. Evaluations should not be treated as formalities; they are an important tool for identifying teachers' strengths and areas that need improvement. Although the goal should always be to provide feedback and support that will help teachers to address perceived weaknesses, evaluations also serve an important purpose in holding weak teachers accountable for continuing poor performance.

The state should specifically require that districts evaluate new teachers early in the school year. This policy would help to ensure that new teachers get the support they need early on and that supervisors are aware from the beginning of the school year which new teachers (and their students) may be at risk. The requirement of at least one additional evaluation provides important data about the teacher's ability to improve. Data from evaluations from the teacher's early years of teaching can then be used as part of the performance-based evidence used to make a decision about tenure.

### Area 3: Goal 2 Unsatisfactory Evaluations

#### Rationale

**Negative evaluations should have meaningful consequences.**

Teacher evaluations are too often treated as mere formalities, rather than as important tools for rewarding good teachers, helping average teachers to improve and holding weak teachers accountable for poor performance. State policy should reflect the importance of evaluations so that teachers and principals alike take their consequences seriously. Accordingly, states should specify the consequences of negative evaluations. First, teachers that receive a negative evaluation should be placed on improvement plans. These plans should focus on performance areas that directly connect to student learning and should outline noted deficiencies, define specific action steps necessary to address these deficiencies and describe how progress will be measured. While teachers that receive negative evaluations should receive support and additional training, opportunities to improve should not be unlimited. States should articulate policies wherein two negative evaluations within five years are sufficient for justifying dismissal of a teacher.

**Employment status should not determine the consequences of a negative evaluation.**

Differentiating consequences of a negative evaluation based on whether a teacher has probationary or nonprobationary

status puts the interests of adults before the interests of students. Ideally, weaknesses and deficiencies would be identified and corrected during the probationary period: if the deficiencies were found to be insurmountable, the teacher would not be awarded permanent status. However, in the absence of meaningful tenure processes based on teacher effectiveness, limiting significant consequences to the probationary period is insufficient. Any teacher who receives a negative evaluation, regardless of employment status, should be placed on an improvement plan, and any teacher who receives multiple negative evaluations, regardless of employment status, should be eligible for dismissal.

### Area 3: Goal 3 Licensure Loopholes

#### Rationale

**Teachers who have not passed licensing tests may place students at risk.**

While states clearly need a regulatory basis for filling classroom positions with a small number of people who do not hold full teaching credentials, many of the regulations used to do this put the instructional needs of children at risk, year after year. For example, schools can make liberal use of provisional certificates or waivers provided by the state if they fill classroom positions with persons who may have completed a teacher preparation program but who have not yet passed their state licensing tests. These allowances may be made for up to three years in some states. The unfortunate consequence is that students' needs are neglected in an effort to extend personal consideration to adults who are unable to meet minimal state standards.

While some flexibility may be necessary because licensing tests are not always administered with the frequency that is needed, the availability of provisional certificates and waivers year after year signals that even the state does not put much stock in its licensing standards or what they represent. States accordingly need to ensure that all persons given full charge of children's learning are required to pass the relevant licensing tests in their first year of teaching, ideally before they enter the classroom. Licensing tests are an important minimum benchmark in the profession, and states that allow teachers to postpone passing these tests are abandoning one of the basic responsibilities of licensure.

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