

TECHNICAL PAPER



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Modelling changes in employer satisfaction between 2005, 2007 and 2009

DAVID ROBERTS

NATIONAL CENTRE FOR
VOCATIONAL EDUCATION RESEARCH

FOR CLARITY IN FIGURES, PLEASE PRINT IN COLOUR

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About the research



Modelling changes in employer satisfaction between 2005, 2007 and 2009

David Roberts, NCVER

Employer satisfaction is measured using the Survey of Employer Use and Views of the VET System every two years. Key measures from the survey are employer satisfaction with: vocational qualifications as a job requirement; apprentices and trainees; and nationally recognised training.

Arguably, the most important area of focus is the change in employer satisfaction across years. An issue with measuring change is that the sampling errors are quite large and it is not always obvious what constitutes a real change in the level of employer satisfaction. To get a clearer view, this paper models the change in satisfaction, taking into account the size and industry of the responding employers. We wish to identify 'real' shifts in satisfaction, as distinct from shifts that occur because of changes in the nature of the sample.

The analysis focuses on changes in employer satisfaction at the state and territory level.

Key messages

In terms of the model-based estimates:

- ❖ South Australia saw a significant increase in employer satisfaction with vocational qualifications as a job requirement between 2005 and 2009.
- ❖ New South Wales, Tasmania and the Australian Capital Territory saw a significant increase in employer satisfaction with apprentices and trainees between 2005 and 2009.
- ❖ New South Wales, South Australia, Western Australia and the Northern Territory saw a significant increase in employer satisfaction with nationally recognised training between 2005 and 2009.

Tom Karmel
Managing Director, NCVER

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Background

The Survey of Employer Use and Views of the VET System was developed to measure the performance of the vocational education and training (VET) sector. Conducted biennially since 2005, the survey measures employers' use of and satisfaction with VET in meeting their skill needs.

All organisations in Australia with at least one employee are in the scope of the survey, with employers randomly selected and stratified by:

- ❖ state (eight states and territories)
- ❖ industry (17 Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification [ANZSIC 1993] divisions)
- ❖ employer size (small = 1–9 employees, medium = 10–99 employees, large = 100 or more employees).

Key measures from the survey include employer satisfaction with: vocational qualifications as a job requirement, apprentices and trainees, and nationally recognised training. When the results of the three survey years are compared, large differences in employer satisfaction are observed in some states and territories (table 1), noting that standard errors are also large. See also appendix A. For example, satisfaction with vocational qualifications as a job requirement increased by 15.1 percentage points in Western Australia between 2007 and 2009.

Table 1 Employers who are satisfied^a with training as a way of meeting skill needs by type of engagement with training, 2005 and 2007 (%)

State (Base: all employers within state)	Employers with vocational qualifications as a job requirement			Employers with apprentices/trainees			Employers providing nationally recognised training ^b		
	2005	2007	2009	2005	2007	2009	2005	2007	2009
NSW	77.1	80.7	81.3	73.7	87.1	78.8	79.4	74.2	82.5
Vic.	77.7	85.4	84.5	84.0	82.3	86.5	86.3	82.0	88.2
Qld	73.2	76.2	83.6	81.3	83.9	83.6	70.9	87.7	83.4
SA	70.1	88.4	85.2	82.4	81.7	89.0	80.2	88.2	87.8
WA	83.8	72.1	87.2	80.4	70.4	83.0	84.7	81.9	95.5
Tas.	81.4	85.5	86.9	80.2	89.6	87.1	82.8	83.7	84.6
NT	67.7	76.8	83.9	84.2	82.7	77.5	74.4	73.9	91.7
ACT	77.5	84.4	79.6	69.9	81.8	84.8	83.2	83.9	79.5

Notes: a 'Satisfied' was rated as either satisfied or very satisfied.

b Nationally recognised training is defined as nationally recognised training other than as part of an apprenticeship or traineeship. For the purposes of this survey, apprenticeships and traineeships are reported separately.

Source: NCVER (2009).

This paper uses a model-based approach to determine whether the differences in employer satisfaction between years are real or related to other factors, such as the distribution of responding businesses by size and industry.

Methodology

This paper replicates the approach used by Brooks and Awodeyi (2008) in examining differences in employer satisfaction between 2005 and 2007, with a slight modification, in that we estimate baseline employer satisfaction using aggregated data across the three years under consideration.

For each aspect of the VET system (employers with vocational qualifications as a job requirement, employers with apprentices/trainees, and employers providing nationally recognised training) and each state, we ran a logistic regression model using Statistical Analysis System (SAS). Employer satisfaction was the dependent variable, year was the explanatory variable, with industry by size, the control variable. An employer being satisfied was coded as a 1.

Using estimates for the coefficients from the regression models, we can model the probability (for each aspect in each state) that an employer is satisfied with the VET system in 2005, 2007 and 2009. Moreover, the regression enables us to see what variables contribute significantly to the difference in satisfaction levels between years.

Model estimates for each year (2005, 2007 and 2009) were calculated using the following method. Let p_t be the proportion of satisfied employers (survey estimate) at time t , where $t = 2005, 2007, 2009$.

The logistic regression model is:

$$\ln\left(\frac{p_t}{1-p_t}\right) = \alpha + \delta_{2005}\tau_{2005} + \delta_{2007}\tau_{2007} + \beta'x \quad (1)$$

where

- ◊ $(\tau_{2005}, \tau_{2007}) = (0,0)$ when $t = 2009$,
- ◊ $(\tau_{2005}, \tau_{2007}) = (1,0)$ when $t = 2005$,
- ◊ $(\tau_{2005}, \tau_{2007}) = (0,1)$ when $t = 2007$,

with δ_{2005} and δ_{2007} the corresponding coefficients. The vector x contains the (binary) control variables (industry by size of business), the vector β contains the corresponding coefficients and $\hat{\alpha}$ is the intercept.

To get values for the overall satisfaction for a given state, aspect and year, we need to get a numerical value for the term $\beta'x$. This is achieved by substituting for each component of x the proportion of the population of the corresponding set of employers, averaged over the three years. The survey estimates are based on a sample that changes over time, so all respondents from the three years are included in calculating this average in order to improve the overall model.

Noting that when $(\tau_{2005}, \tau_{2007}) = (0,0)$ i.e. $t = 2009$,

$$\ln\left(\frac{p_{2009}}{1-p_{2009}}\right) = \alpha + \beta'x \quad (2)$$

So the model estimates p_{2005}, p_{2007} are obtained by substituting (2) into (1). That is;

$$\ln\left(\frac{p_t}{1-p_t}\right) = \ln\left(\frac{p_{2009}}{1-p_{2009}}\right) + \delta_{2005}\tau_{2005} + \delta_{2007}\tau_{2007} \quad (3)$$

for $t = 2005, 2007$. Hence,

$$\frac{p_t}{1-p_t} = \left(\frac{p_{2009}}{1-p_{2009}} \right) e^{\delta_t}, \quad t=2005, 2007$$

and so we have

$$p_{2005} = \frac{p_{2009} e^{\delta_{2005}}}{1 - p_{2009} (1 - e^{\delta_{2005}})}$$

and

$$p_{2007} = \frac{p_{2009} e^{\delta_{2007}}}{1 - p_{2009} (1 - e^{\delta_{2007}})}.$$

Results

The results of the satisfaction models are shown below for each of the three aspects of the VET system under consideration. Detailed results of the logistic regressions are in appendix B.

By controlling for the interaction between industry and size, more differences are statistically significant between modelled estimates of employer satisfaction than between survey estimates (tables B1 and B2). For example, for satisfaction with vocational qualifications as a job requirement in Victoria, the difference between 2007 and 2009 is significantly different in the model, but not in the survey estimates. In a model of satisfaction, only variation due to the variables under consideration is included. This leads to more results being statistically significant than observed in survey estimates.

Tables 2, 3 and 4 show the model estimates for employer satisfaction in 2005, 2007 and 2009. Statistically significant differences in modelled estimates of satisfaction are shaded, based on the results of logistic regressions. Significant contributors to the differences in employer satisfaction are identified further in appendix B. Footnotes indicate a statistically significant difference in survey estimates. For example, in Western Australia differences in satisfaction with nationally recognised training were statistically significant in both the modelled and survey estimates between 2005 and 2009.

Modelled estimates of employer satisfaction are compared with survey estimates in figures 1 to 3. The figures show that the modelled estimates are generally similar to, although smoother than, the survey estimates, in particular for those states and territories in which large differences in satisfaction were observed in the survey between years. This is reflected in the typically small pseudo-R² values for the regression models (see appendix C), telling us that the variation observed in the survey estimates results from factors other than employer size and industry.

The apparent difference in employer satisfaction levels in the modelled proportions relative to the survey proportions arises from the small differences between years in modelled proportions. This is apparent in figures 1 to 3 where satisfaction levels are generally flatter for modelled proportions than survey proportions. In some cases, this leads to a higher modelled proportion of satisfaction than the corresponding survey proportion. This highlights the fact that it is the difference in modelled satisfaction that is important, rather than the absolute percentages.

Table 2 Model estimates of employer satisfaction with vocational qualifications as a job requirement

State	Model estimates			Percentage point differences between model estimates	
	2005 %	2007 %	2009 %	2005 vs 2009 %	2007 vs 2009 %
NSW	80.5	82.1	82.9	2.4	0.7
Vic.	84.4	83.0	88.2	3.8	5.1
Qld	77.3	78.1	83.2	5.9	5.1
SA	83.1	88.3	90.6	7.5 ^a	2.3
WA	88.2	80.1	88.4	0.2	8.2 ^a
Tas.	80.7	87.6	87.4	6.7	-0.3
NT	78.6	82.0	85.4	6.9 ^a	3.5
ACT	75.9	83.3	82.6	6.7	-0.7

Notes: Shading indicates significant differences in modelled satisfaction levels at the 95% confidence level (see table B1).

a The corresponding difference in survey estimates is statistically significant at the 95% confidence level (see tables A1 and A2).

Table 3 Model estimates of employer satisfaction with apprentices/trainees

State	Model estimates			Percentage point differences between modelled estimates	
	2005 %	2007 %	2009 %	2005 vs 2009 %	2007 vs 2009 %
NSW	74.1	85.2	85.2	11.1	0.0
Vic.	90.1	90.9	91.2	1.1	0.3
Qld	83.7	84.3	84.4	0.7	0.2
SA	88.7	91.4	91.9	3.2	0.5
WA	85.2	78.3	86.2	1.0	7.9 ^a
Tas.	85.3	92.0	91.3	6.0	-0.8
NT	91.7	89.3	87.7	-4.0	-1.6
ACT	76.9	87.9	89.1	12.2 ^a	1.3

Notes: Shading indicates significant differences in modelled satisfaction levels at the 95% confidence level (see table B2).

a The corresponding difference in survey estimates is statistically significant at the 95% confidence level (see tables A1 and A2).

Table 4 Model estimates of employer satisfaction with nationally recognised training

State	Model estimates			Percentage point differences between modelled estimates	
	2005 %	2007 %	2009 %	2005 vs 2009 %	2007 vs 2009 %
NSW	80.9	82.8	89.0	8.1	6.2
Vic.	85.1	85.9	89.0	3.9	3.1
Qld	94.3	95.4	96.2	1.9	0.8
SA	85.1	90.1	92.4	7.2	2.2
WA	82.1	84.9	94.7	12.7 ^a	9.8 ^a
Tas.	85.3	89.3	90.3	4.9	1.0
NT	90.2	88.6	94.9	4.7 ^a	6.3 ^a
ACT	90.4	92.2	91.5	1.2	-0.6

Notes: Shading indicates significant differences in modelled satisfaction levels at the 95% confidence level (see table B3).

a The corresponding difference in survey estimates is statistically significant at the 95% confidence level (see tables A1 and A2).

Figure 1 Comparison of modelled predictions with survey estimates of employer satisfaction with vocational qualifications

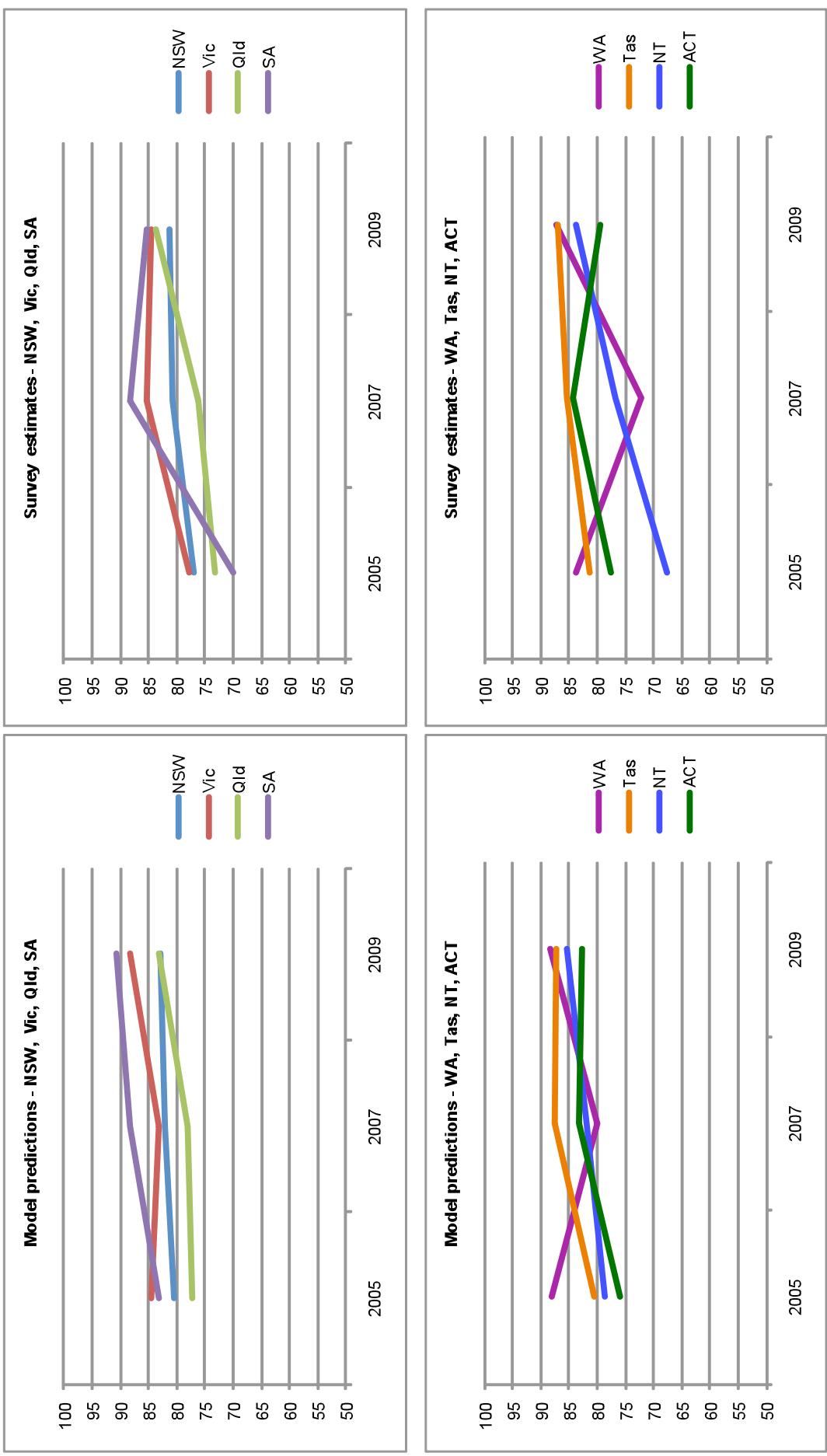


Figure 2 Comparison of modelled predictions with survey estimates of employer satisfaction with apprentices and trainees

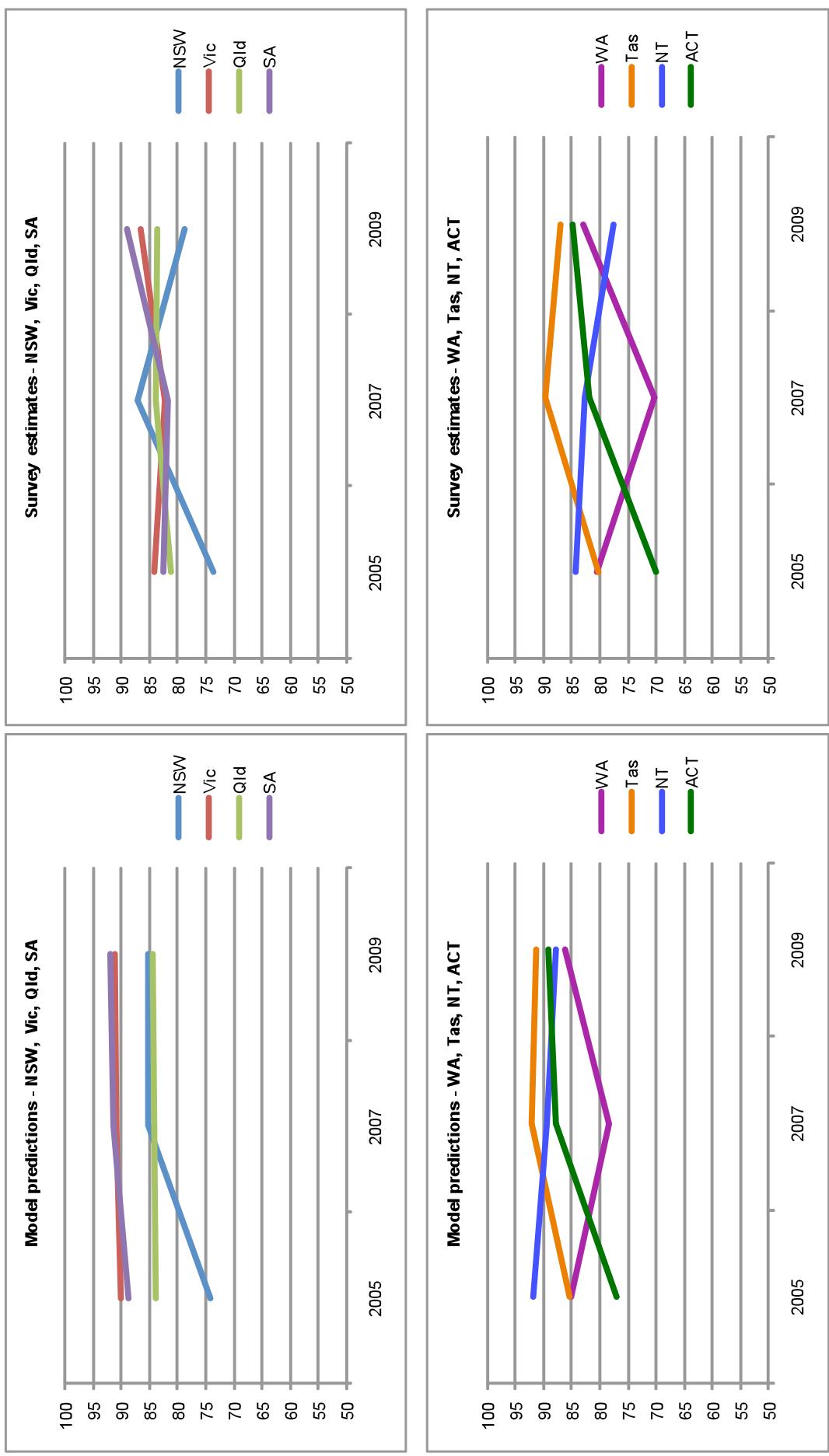
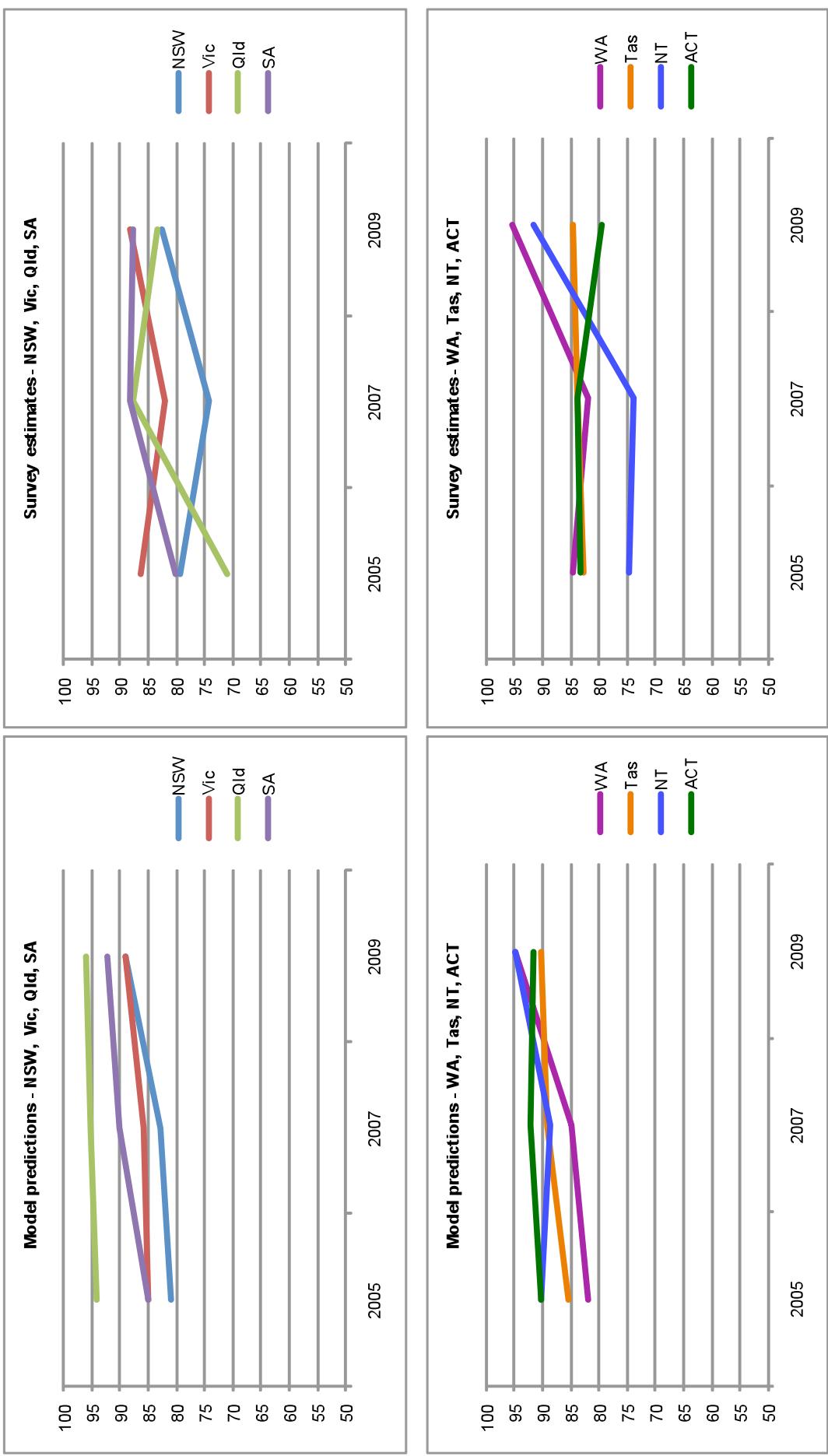


Figure 3 Comparison of modelled predictions with survey estimates of employer satisfaction with nationally recognised training



Discussion

The Survey of Employer Use and Views of the VET System monitors changes in employer satisfaction with vocational education and training over time. At the state and territory level, large standard errors are associated with estimates of employer satisfaction and few differences between years are statistically significant.

A model-based approach was used to investigate changes in employer satisfaction between survey years for a given state, industry and employer size combination, that is, the three stratum variables. Within each combination, the model detects statistically significant differences in employer satisfaction even when none are observed in survey estimates. Model differences in employer satisfaction were statistically significant in 14 cases (tables 2, 3 and 4). Only eight of these were observed in survey estimates. Hence, the model ‘predicts’ differences beyond the state by industry by size influences.

In conclusion, the differences in survey estimates between years are real effects, and not due to the distribution of responding employers. There were other significant differences brought out by the model that do not appear to be significant from the survey estimates. This indicates that influences other than an employer’s state, industry and size affect satisfaction with vocational education and training.

References

- Brooks, L & Awodeyi, T 2008, *Has employer satisfaction with vocational education and training changed between 2005 and 2007?*, NCVER, Adelaide.
- NCVER (National Centre for Vocational Education Research) 2009, *Employers' use and views of the VET system*, NCVER, Adelaide.

Appendix A:

Differences in the survey estimates

Employer satisfaction varies across states and territories, with some large fluctuations across the years (tables A1 and A2). Standard errors at this level are quite substantial and only some of the movements are statistically significant.

Large fluctuations in employer satisfaction are also observed across industries between the survey years (tables A3 and A4). Standard errors at this level are very large, with only one movement statistically significant between 2007 and 2009 (table A4).

Table A1 Percentage point difference between 2007 and 2009 in the proportion of employers who are satisfied with training as a way of meeting their skill needs by state¹

State	Employers with vocational qualifications as a job requirement		Employers with apprentices/trainees		Employers using nationally recognised training ²	
	Percentage point difference 2009 to 2007 %	95% confidence interval ±	Percentage point difference 2009 to 2007 %	95% confidence interval ±	Percentage point difference 2009 to 2007 %	95% confidence interval ±
NSW	0.6	9.0	-8.3	9.5	8.3	11.9
Vic.	-0.9	9.2	4.3	11.1	6.2	13.8
Qld	7.4	12.9	-0.3	10.3	-4.3	10.0
SA	-3.2	9.9	7.4	10.7	-0.3	9.7
WA	15.1	10.1	12.5	11.9	13.6	8.5
Tas.	1.4	9.0	-2.5	7.9	0.9	11.6
NT	7.1	10.7	-5.2	11.6	17.8	9.9
ACT	-4.8	9.8	3.0	10.8	-4.3	11.4

Notes: 1 'Satisfied' was rated as either satisfied or very satisfied.

2 Nationally recognised training is defined as nationally recognised training other than as part of an apprenticeship or traineeship. For the purposes of this survey, apprenticeships and traineeships are reported separately.

Shading indicates a statistically significant difference between 2007 and 2009 at the 95% level.

Source: NCVER Employer Use and Views of the VET System (2007, 2009).

Table A2 Percentage point difference between 2005 and 2009 in the proportion of employers who are satisfied with training as a way of meeting their skill needs by state¹

State	Employers with vocational qualifications as a job requirement		Employers with apprentices/trainees		Employers using nationally recognised training ²	
	Percentage point difference 2009 to 2005	95% confidence interval	Percentage point difference 2009 to 2005	95% confidence interval	Percentage point difference 2009 to 2005	95% confidence interval
	%	±	%	±	%	±
NSW	4.2	10.5	5.1	13.0	3.2	12.8
Vic.	6.8	11.5	2.5	9.1	2.0	10.1
Qld	10.4	11.0	2.3	10.6	12.5	13.7
SA	15.1	12.7	6.6	9.9	7.6	11.8
WA	3.4	8.8	2.6	11.7	10.7	9.0
Tas.	5.5	9.3	6.9	9.0	1.8	11.4
NT	16.2	11.7	-6.7	12.5	17.3	10.8
ACT	2.0	10.9	14.9	12.5	-3.7	11.9

Notes: 1 'Satisfied' was rated as either satisfied or very satisfied.

2 Nationally recognised training is defined as nationally recognised training other than as part of an apprenticeship or traineeship. For the purposes of this survey, apprenticeships and traineeships are reported separately.

Shading indicates a statistically significant difference between 2007 and 2009 at the 95% level.

Source: NCVER Employer Use and Views of the VET System (2007, 2009).

Table A3 Percentage point difference between 2005 and 2009 in the proportion of employers who are satisfied with training as a way of meeting their skill needs by industry¹

Industry	Employers with vocational qualifications as a job requirement		Employers with apprentices/trainees		Employers using nationally recognised training ²	
	Percentage point difference 2005 to 2009	95% confidence interval	Percentage point difference 2005 to 2009	95% confidence interval	Percentage point difference 2005 to 2009	95% confidence interval
	%	±	%	±	%	±
Agriculture, forestry & fishing	-12.5	27.0	-2.0	22.1	-16.2	23.5
Mining	-4.7	13.2	0.6	9.0	45.8	35.7
Manufacturing	5.3	14.4	3.5	13.9	-0.6	13.3
Electricity, gas & water supply	-3.8	37.9	1.4	31.4	-51.0	44.0
Construction	19.3	19.2	5.6	13.7	23.8	18.9
Wholesale trade	23.3	20.4	6.5	35.3	18.6	22.3
Retail trade	-3.5	18.4	14.7	15.7	-10.6	14.3
Accommodation, cafes & restaurants	5.1	17.9	-17.9	21.3	6.7	22.4
Transport & storage	19.8	21.8	-1.7	36.5	3.7	21.1
Communication services	36.4	45.1	-2.4	7.9	23.3	27.0
Finance & insurance	4.5	13.5	-2.1	23.9	7.7	12.8
Property & business services	5.6	21.2	-5.5	23.2	2.4	22.4
Government administration & defence	4.8	6.6	5.8	6.8	12.8	9.2
Education	10.9	12.8	-1.4	16.6	8.0	18.8
Health & community services	1.4	11.4	12.0	14.5	5.9	10.9
Cultural & recreational services	20.0	31.6	-18.9	22.9	16.1	22.7
Personal & other services	4.1	17.9	5.7	20.0	5.6	25.4
Total	6.6	5.5	4.1	5.7	5.5	6.0

Notes: 1 'Satisfied' was rated as either satisfied or very satisfied.

2 Nationally recognised training is defined as nationally recognised training other than as part of an apprenticeship or traineeship. For the purposes of this survey, apprenticeships and traineeships are reported separately.

Shading indicates a statistically significant difference between 2007 and 2009 at the 95% level.

Source: NCVER Employer Use and Views of the VET System (2007, 2009).

Table A4 Percentage point difference between 2007 and 2009 in the proportion of employers who are satisfied with training as a way of meeting their skill needs by industry¹

Industry	Employers with vocational qualifications as a job requirement		Employers with apprentices/trainees		Employers using nationally recognised training ²	
	Percentage point difference 2007 to 2009	95% confidence interval	Percentage point difference 2007 to 2009	95% confidence interval	Percentage point difference 2007 to 2009	95% confidence interval
	%	±	%	±	%	±
Agriculture, forestry & fishing	-20.4	25.3	0.8	28.2	3.6	34.7
Mining	23.3	25.7	-3.2	6.0	1.6	7.4
Manufacturing	5.5	13.3	0.3	12.0	-4.5	10.6
Electricity, gas & water supply	-4.4	33.3	-6.7	23.6	-71.1	24.1
Construction	-5.1	9.8	1.3	10.8	15.6	17.6
Wholesale trade	11.6	17.7	-18.0	24.0	9.5	14.4
Retail trade	-10.8	16.3	-1.1	10.7	-1.2	16.5
Accommodation, cafes & restaurants	11.8	19.6	-12.7	23.1	-2.7	15.3
Transport & storage	18.4	21.7	-16.8	30.1	11.9	25.2
Communication services	22.4	32.3	4.7	13.0	15.8	21.2
Finance & insurance	13.1	22.8	-4.9	30.3	10.8	21.3
Property & business services	7.1	12.2	-5.9	14.7	6.2	16.3
Government administration & defence	8.4	8.6	6.1	7.6	3.9	6.6
Education	-2.3	10.3	0.9	21.5	6.7	27.6
Health & community services	-3.1	11.4	20.9	20.9	-0.6	9.5
Cultural & recreational services	2.5	27.9	-9.4	30.1	3.2	7.7
Personal & other services	14.7	19.1	6.0	18.0	23.9	32.4
Total	2.6	4.9	-0.1	5.0	5.4	5.9

Notes: 1 'Satisfied' was rated as either satisfied or very satisfied.

2 Nationally recognised training is defined as nationally recognised training other than as part of an apprenticeship or traineeship. For the purposes of this survey, apprenticeships and traineeships are reported separately.

Shading indicates a statistically significant difference between 2007 and 2009 at the 95% level.

Source: NCVER Employer Use and Views of the VET System (2007, 2009).

Appendix B: Regression results

Regression results by jurisdiction and aspect of VET

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Summary of significant contributors to differences in employer satisfaction

The logistic regression models can identify which factors contribute significantly to differences in employer satisfaction within and between years. When an industry by size indicator variable is significant, this tells us that that industry by size combination (for that model) generally has a significantly different satisfaction from the reference industry, namely, small communication industry employers. When a year indicator variable is significant, the satisfaction levels in that model, accounting for industry by size, are significantly different from those in 2009, the reference year. In this case, an odds ratio less than one means that satisfaction in that year was lower than in 2009. Conversely, an odds ratio larger than one means that satisfaction in that year was higher than in 2009.

In the following tables (tables B1 to B3) we list the indicator variables that contribute significantly (at the 95% level) to the satisfaction models for each aspect and state. The states in which there are statistically significant differences in survey estimates are footnoted, to allow comparison with statistically significant differences in model estimates.

Table B1 Significant contributors in the models to employer satisfaction with vocational qualifications as a job requirement

State	Indicator variable	Odds ratio ¹	p-value
NSW	Electricity, gas and water supply – Medium (10–99 employees)	0.05	0.0081
	Government administration and defence – Large (100+ employees)	6.73	0.0092
Vic.	2007	0.66	0.0491
SA ^a	2005	0.51	0.011
WA ^b	2007	0.53	0.0041
	Retail trade – Medium (10–99 employees)	0.31	0.0243
	Wholesale trade – Large (100+ employees)	0.18	0.0442
Tas.	Construction – Medium (10–99 employees)	0.28	0.0091

Notes: 1 Odds ratios are by comparison with the references classes '2009' for year variables and 'Communications industry – Small (1–9 employees)' for industry variables.

a Indicates a statistically significant difference between 2005 and 2009 survey estimates for this state (see table A1).

b Indicates a statistically significant difference between 2007 and 2009 survey estimates for this state (see table A2).

Table B2 Significant contributors in the models to employer satisfaction with apprentices/trainees

State	Indicator variable	Odds ratio ¹	p-value
NSW	2005	0.50	0.0034
	Construction – Medium (10–99 employees)	4.45	0.0449
	Government administration and defence – Large (100+ employees)	15.70	0.0072
Vic.	Finance and insurance – Large (100+ employees)	0.29	0.0256
Qld	Cultural and recreational services – Large (100+ employees)	0.27	0.0401
	Transport and storage – Medium (10–99 employees)	0.34	0.0205
WA ^b	2007	0.58	0.0178
Tas.	2005	0.56	0.0316
	Accommodation, cafes and restaurants – Large (100+ employees)	0.14	0.0338
	Wholesale trade – Large (100+ employees)	0.06	0.0168
ACT ^a	2005	0.41	0.0028
	Health and community services – Large (100+ employees)	8.01	0.0451

Notes: 1 Odds ratios are by comparison with the references of '2009' for year variables and with 'Communications industry – Small (1–9 employees)' for industry variables.

a Indicates a statistically significant difference between 2005 and 2009 survey estimates for this state (see table A1).

b Indicates a statistically significant difference between 2007 and 2009 survey estimates for this state (see table A2).

Table B3 Significant contributors in the models to employer satisfaction with nationally recognised training

State	Indicator variable	Odds ratio ¹	p-value
NSW	2005	0.53	0.0087
	2007	0.59	0.025
Vic.	Personal and other services – Large (100+ employees)	0.20	0.041
	Retail trade – Large (100+ employees)	0.28	0.0392
SA	2005	0.47	0.0161
	Health and community services – Large (100+ employees)	0.24	0.0067
WA ^a	Manufacturing – Medium (10–99 employees)	0.19	0.0048
	Retail trade – Large (100+ employees)	0.22	0.0243
	2005	0.25	<.0001
Tas.	2007	0.31	0.0007
	Mining – Large (100+ employees)	0.18	0.0452
NT ^b	2005	0.50	0.0407
	2007	0.42	0.0125
	Cultural and recreational services – Medium (10–99 employees)	0.19	0.0164

Notes: 1 Odds ratios are by comparison with the references of '2009' for year variables and with 'Communications industry – Small (1–9 employees)' for industry variables.

a Indicates a statistically significant difference between 2005 and 2009 survey estimates for this state (see table A1).

b Indicates a statistically significant difference between 2007 and 2009 survey estimates for this state (see table A2).

Model information

The LOGISTIC procedure	
Data Set	WORK.ALL_SEUV
Response Variable	satis10
Number of Response Levels	2
Model	binary logit
Optimization Technique	Fisher's scoring
Probability modeled is	satis10=1.
Class	Value
year	2005
	2007
	2009
industry	Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants
	Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing
	Communication Services
	Construction
	Cultural And Recreational Services
	Education
	Electricity, Gas And Water Supply
	Finance And Insurance
	Government Administration And Defence
	Health And Community Services
	Manufacturing
	Mining
	Personal And Other Services
	Property And Business Services
	Retail Trade
	Transport And Storage
	Wholesale Trade
A5SUM	Large (100+ employees)
	Medium (10-99 employees)
	Small (1-9 employees)

		Class Level Information		Design Variables	
Class	Value	1	0	0	0
year	2005	1	0	0	0
	2007	0	1	0	0
	2009	0	0	0	0
industry	Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	1	0	0	0
	Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	0	1	0	0
	Communication Services	0	0	0	0
	Construction	0	0	0	0
	Cultural And Recreational Services	0	0	0	0
	Education	0	0	0	0
	Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	0	0	0	0
	Finance And Insurance	0	0	0	0
	Government Administration And Defence	0	0	0	0
	Health And Community Services	0	0	0	0
	Manufacturing	0	0	0	0
	Mining	0	0	0	0
	Personal And Other Services	0	0	0	0
	Property And Business Services	0	0	0	0
	Retail Trade	0	0	0	0
	Transport And Storage	0	0	0	0
	Wholesale Trade	0	0	0	0
A5SUM	Large (100+ employees)	1	0	0	0
	Medium (10-99 employees)	0	1	0	0
	Small (1-9 employees)	0	0	1	0

New South Wales – Formal vocational qualification

Number of Observations Read	1229						
Number of Observations Used	1229						
Response Profile							
Ordered		Total					
Value	satis10	Frequency					
1	0	212					
2	1	1017					
Probability modeled is satis10=1.							
Convergence criterion (GCONV=1E-8) satisfied.							
Model Fit Statistics							
	Intercept						
Criterion	Intercept Only	Covariates					
AIC	1132.250	1151.427					
SC	1137.364	1330.415					
-2 Log L	1130.250	1081.427					
R-Square	0.0389	Max-rescaled R-Square	0.0648				
Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0							
Test	Chi-Square DF	Pr > ChiSq					
Likelihood Ratio	48.8229 34	0.0479					
Score	49.8571 34	0.0389					
Wald	34.5576 34	0.4411					
Type 3 Analysis of Effects							
	Wald						
Effect	DF Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq					
year	2 0.6434	0.7249					
industry*A5SUM	32 33.6958	0.3854					
			Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates				
Parameter							
Intercept	DF Estimate	Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq			
year	1 1.4395	0.1697	71.9910	<.0001			
year	1 -0.1602	0.2024	0.6267	0.4286			
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	1 -0.0514	0.1851	0.0771	0.7812			
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	1 0.9077	0.7533	1.4518	0.2282			
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	1 0.8764	0.7543	1.3499	0.2453			
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	1 -0.6639	0.7197	0.8508	0.3563			

		Point	95% Wald Confidence Limits
Effect	Estimate		
year 2005 vs 2009	0.852	0.573	1.267
year 2007 vs 2009	0.950	0.661	1.365
Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses			
Percent Concordant	60.5	Somers' D	0.257
Percent Discordant	34.7	Gamma	0.270
Percent Tied	4.8	Tau-a	0.074
Pairs	215604	C	0.629

Victoria – Formal vocational qualification

Number of Observations Read	980						
Number of Observations Used	980						
Response Profile							
Ordered		Total					
Value	satisf10	Frequency					
1	0	156					
2	1	824					
Probability modeled is satisf10=1.							
Convergence criterion (GCONV=1E-8) satisfied.							
Model Fit Statistics							
	Intercept						
Criterion	Only	Covariates					
AIC	861.095	889.778					
SC	865.982	1060.842					
-2 Log L	859.095	819.778					
R-Square	0.0393	Max-rescaled R-Square	0.0674				
Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0							
Test	Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq				
Likelihood Ratio	39.3170	34	0.2439				
Score	32.9562	34	0.5186				
Wald	25.0527	34	0.8676				
Type 3 Analysis of Effects							
Effect	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq				
year	2	4.1688	0.1244				
industry*A5SUM	32	21.2572	0.9259				
Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates							
Parameter							
Intercept		DF	Estimate	Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	
year	2005	1	1.5710	0.1908	67.8250	<.0001	
year	2007	1	-0.3205	0.2284	1.9682	0.1606	
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants		1	-0.4205	0.2137	3.8704	0.0491	
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants		1	0.1113	0.6592	0.0285	0.8659	
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing		1	1.3398	1.0431	1.6498	0.1990	
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing		1	-0.1436	0.8378	0.0315	0.8592	

		Point	95% Wald Confidence Limits
Effect	Estimate		
year 2005 vs 2009	0.726	0.464	1.136
year 2007 vs 2009	0.657	0.432	0.998
Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses			
Percent Concordant	62.2	Somers' D	0.290
Percent Discordant	33.3	Gamma	0.304
Percent Tied	4.5	Tau-a	0.078
Pairs	128544	c	0.645
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.5594
industry*A5SUM Construction	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.2102
industry*A5SUM Construction	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	1.8397
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.8860
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.1086
industry*A5SUM Education	Large (100+ employees)	1	1.0700
industry*A5SUM Education	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.6872
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.4879
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	14.6350
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.0278
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.4648
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.3893
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	14.6118
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	1.0448
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	1.1640
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.0763
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.0104
industry*A5SUM Mining	Large (100+ employees)	1	14.6000
industry*A5SUM Mining	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.4738
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.1438
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	1.3554
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.1655
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.0367
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	1.2787
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.0994
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.4379
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	1.2286
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.7435
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.4682
Odds Ratio Estimates			

Queensland - Formal Vocational Qualification

Number of Observations Read 887
 Number of Observations Used 887

Response Profile

Ordered Value	satis10	Total Frequency
1	0	181
2	1	706

Probability modeled is satis10=1.

Model Convergence Status

Convergence criterion (GCONV=1E-8) satisfied.

Model Fit Statistics

	Intercept	and Covariates
AIC	899.604	930.960
SC	904.392	1103.322
-2 Log L	897.604	858.960
R-Square	0.0426	Max-rescaled R-Square 0.0670

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0

Test	Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq
Likelihood Ratio	38.6444	35	0.3084
Score	37.7005	35	0.3467
Wald	33.6301	35	0.5342

Type 3 Analysis of Effects

Effect	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	Wald	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
year	2	3.3452	0.1878		1	1.5883	0.2059	59.4992	<.0001
industry*A5SUM	33	29.0220	0.6656		1	-0.3716	0.2181	2.9030	0.0884
industryCan_t_Sya5SumMedium_10	0				1	-0.3264	0.2202	2.1966	0.1383

Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates

Parameter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
Intercept	1	1.5883	0.2059	59.4992	<.0001
year	2005				
year	2007				

NOTE: The following parameters have been set to 0, since the variables are a linear combination of other variables as shown.

industryCan_t_Sya5SumMedium_10 = 0

		Odds Ratio Estimates	Point	95% Wald Confidence Limits
Effect		Estimate		
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.3501	0.6465 0.2932 0.5881
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.1338	0.6777 0.0390 0.8435
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.0638	1.1340 0.0032 0.9552
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.7616	0.7487 1.0347 0.3091
industry*A5SUM Can't Say	Large (100+ employees)	1	11.1413	581.0 0.0004 0.9847
industry*A5SUM Can't Say	Medium (10-99 employees)	0	0	.
industry*A5SUM Construction	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.2547	0.6545 0.1514 0.6972
industry*A5SUM Construction	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.1350	0.4581 0.0868 0.7682
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.7284	0.7490 0.9458 0.3308
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	1.0482	1.0622 0.9739 0.3237
industry*A5SUM Education	Large (100+ employees)	1	1.3965	1.0441 1.7890 0.1811
industry*A5SUM Education	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.6150	0.6357 0.9361 0.3333
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.4284	0.4762 0.8093 0.3683
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.3371	1.1102 0.0922 0.7614
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.9750	0.6673 2.1348 0.1440
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.4089	0.5500 0.5528 0.4572
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.1830	0.4000 0.2093 0.6473
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.4699	0.6226 0.5696 0.4504
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	1.7863	1.0331 2.9896 0.0838
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.1337	0.4233 0.0997 0.7522
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.3255	0.4421 0.5420 0.4616
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.7184	0.4286 2.8102 0.0937
industry*A5SUM Mining	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.3433	0.6511 0.2780 0.5980
industry*A5SUM Mining	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.7247	0.5810 1.5561 0.2122
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.5993	0.5637 1.1303 0.2877
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	1.0575	1.0569 1.0012 0.3170
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.3364	0.5161 0.4248 0.5146
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.1113	0.4506 0.0610 0.8049
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.4986	0.7774 0.4114 0.5213
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.7619	0.6325 1.4513 0.2283
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.5412	0.6405 0.7141 0.3981
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.1387	0.5909 0.0551 0.8145
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.9657	0.9293 1.0799 0.2987
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-1.2934	0.8332 2.4097 0.1206

Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses

Percent Concordant	61.3	Somers' D	0.269
Percent Discordant	34.4	Gamma	0.281
Percent Tied	4.4	Tau-a	0.087
Pairs	127786	c	0.634

South Australia – Formal vocational qualification

Number of Observations Read 690
 Number of Observations Used 690
 Response Profile

	Ordered Value	satis10	Frequency	Total
1	1	0	121	
2	2	1	569	

Probability modeled is satis10=1.

Model Convergence Status

Quasi-complete separation of data points detected.

WARNING: The maximum likelihood estimate may not exist.

WARNING: The LOGISTIC procedure continues in spite of the above warning. Results shown are based on the last maximum likelihood iteration. Validity of the model fit is questionable.

Type 3 Analysis of Effects

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0

Test	Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq
Likelihood Ratio	48.9018	34	0.0471
Score	43.0366	34	0.1377
Wald	30.0612	34	0.6612

Type 3 Analysis of Effects

Effect	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	Wald	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
year	2	6.8166	0.0331		1	1.8422	0.2663	47.8712	<.0001
industry*A5SUM	32	26.3230	0.7491		1	-0.6766	0.2662	6.4607	0.0110
					1	-0.2475	0.2802	0.7800	0.3771
					1	14.2393	868.6	0.0003	0.9869
					1	-0.3031	0.6054	0.2507	0.6166

Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates

		Point	95% Wald Confidence Limits
Effect		Estimate	
Year 2005 vs 2009	0.508	0.302	0.857
Year 2007 vs 2009	0.781	0.451	1.352
Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses			
Percent Concordant	66.3	Somers' D	0.367
Percent Discordant	29.5	Gamma	0.384
Percent Tied	4.2	Tau-a	0.106
Pairs	68849	c	0.684
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.1369
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	14.6926
industry*A5SUM Construction	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.6856
industry*A5SUM Construction	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.2732
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	14.3530
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.6992
industry*A5SUM Education	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.8236
industry*A5SUM Education	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.4760
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Large (100+ employees)	1	14.4485
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	14.3323
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.5859
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	1.4079
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.4361
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	1.3973
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.9300
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.1612
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.4018
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.7422
industry*A5SUM Mining	Large (100+ employees)	1	-1.7185
industry*A5SUM Mining	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.4053
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.0235
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.0832
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.4208
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.8958
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.6289
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.2007
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.8356
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.0833
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	-1.4415
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.4837
Odds Ratio Estimates			

Western Australia – Formal vocational qualification

Number of Observations Read	849
Number of Observations Used	849
Response Profile	
Ordered	Total
Value	satisf0
1	0
2	1
	688
Probability modeled is satisf0=1.	
Convergence criterion (GCONV=1E-8) satisfied.	
Model Fit Statistics	
	Intercept
Criterion	Intercept and Covariates
AIC	826.707
SC	831.451
-2 Log L	824.707
R-Square	0.0543
	Max-rescaled R-Square 0.0874
Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0	
Test	Chi-Square DF Pr > ChiSq
Likelihood Ratio	47.4170 34 0.0630
Score	45.0643 34 0.0972
Wald	35.7507 34 0.3861
Type 3 Analysis of Effects	
Effect	DF Chi-Square Pr > ChiSq
year	2 11.0026 0.0041
industry*A5SUM	32 27.6014 0.6889
	Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates
Parameter	DF Estimate Standard Error Wald Chi-Square Pr > ChiSq
Intercept	1 1.8032 0.2225 65.6986 <.0001
year	1 -0.0183 0.2418 0.0058 0.9395
year	2 0.0771 0.2197 8.2564 0.0041
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	1 0.4893 0.7713 0.4024 0.5259
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	1 -0.6854 0.5565 1.5169 0.2181
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	1 -0.8802 1.2481 0.4973 0.4807

		Point	95% Wald Confidence Limits
Effect	Estimate		
year 2005 vs 2009	0.982	0.611	1.577
year 2007 vs 2009	0.532	0.346	0.818
Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses			
Percent Concordant	64.2	Somers' D	0.323
Percent Discordant	31.9	Gamma	0.336
Percent Tied	3.9	Tau-a	0.099
Pairs	110768	c	0.662
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	13.9941 1550.4
industry*A5SUM Construction	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.1325 0.5305
industry*A5SUM Construction	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.1539 0.5260
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.2659 0.6712
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.4485 0.6005
industry*A5SUM Education	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.5752 0.6370
industry*A5SUM Education	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.3866 0.6389
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Large (100+ employees)	1	-1.4845 0.8429
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.6269 0.7027
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.3530 0.6438
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.3601 0.6926
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.7296 0.6200
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.1389 0.5289
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	1.5710 1.0403
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.5376 0.4460
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Large (100+ employees)	1	14.3233 705.9
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.6789 0.4864
industry*A5SUM Mining	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.2399 0.4889
industry*A5SUM Mining	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.5881 0.7667
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.2010 1.0998
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-1.0541 0.6547
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.2649 0.5412
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.0245 0.4089
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.4586 0.7779
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-1.1637 0.5165
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.4546 0.6410
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.3493 0.5387
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	-1.6907 0.8403
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	14.1683 1325.3
Odds Ratio Estimates			

Tasmania – Formal vocational qualification

Number of Observations Read 604
 Number of Observations Used 604
 Response Profile

	Ordered	Total
Value	satisf0	Frequency
1	0	104
2	1	500

Probability modeled is satisf0=1.

Model Convergence Status

Quasi-complete separation of data points detected.

WARNING: The maximum likelihood estimate may not exist.

WARNING: The LOGISTIC procedure continues in spite of the above warning. Results shown are based on the last maximum likelihood iteration. Validity of the model fit is questionable.

Model Fit Statistics

Intercept and Covariates

Criterion	Only	Covariates
AIC	556.876	578.300
SC	561.280	732.425
-2 Log L	554.876	508.300
R-Square	0.0742	Max-rescaled R-Square 0.1235

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0

Test	Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq
Likelihood Ratio	46.5766	34	0.0738
Score	44.4496	34	0.1083
Wald	23.8020	34	0.9040

Type 3 Analysis of Effects

Effect	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	Wald	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
year	2	4.8517	0.0884		1	1.9102	0.2700	50.0630	<.0001
industry*A5SUM	32	20.5132	0.9418		1	-0.5059	0.2784	3.3015	0.0692
Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates									
Parameter									
Intercept					1	0.2700	50.0630	<.0001	
year	2005				1	-0.5059	0.2784	3.3015	0.0692
year	2007				1	0.0251	0.3066	0.0067	0.9347
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants					1	-1.6635	1.0273	2.6219	0.1054
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	Medium (10-99 employees)				1	0.1149	1.1023	0.0109	0.9170

		Point	95% Wald Confidence Limits
Effect		Estimate	
Year 2005 vs 2009	0.603	0.349	1.041
Year 2007 vs 2009	1.025	0.562	1.870
Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses			
Percent Concordant	64.4	Somers' D	0.333
Percent Discordant	31.1	Gamma	0.349
Percent Tied	4.5	Tau-a	0.095
Pairs	52000	c	0.667
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Large (100+ employees)	1	-1.1992
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.1166
industry*A5SUM Construction	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.6184
industry*A5SUM Construction	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-1.2861
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.2610
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.2602
industry*A5SUM Education	Large (100+ employees)	1	12.1351
industry*A5SUM Education	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.0842
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Large (100+ employees)	1	12.2272
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.9534
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Large (100+ employees)	1	12.1312
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.6457
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.1675
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	1.1970
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.3672
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.5872
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.0165
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.5928
industry*A5SUM Mining	Large (100+ employees)	1	-1.2337
industry*A5SUM Mining	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.8116
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.4120
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.4953
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.0413
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.9744
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	12.1163
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.3472
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Large (100+ employees)	1	12.3095
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.3023
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.5481
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-16.9356
Odds Ratio Estimates			

Northern Territory – Formal vocational qualification

Number of Observations Read 465
 Number of Observations Used 465

Response Profile

Ordered Value	satis10	Total Frequency
1	0	110
2	1	355

Probability modeled is satis10=1.

Model Convergence Status

Quasi-complete separation of data points detected.

WARNING: The maximum likelihood estimate may not exist.

WARNING: The LOGISTIC procedure continues in spite of the above warning. Results shown are based on the last maximum likelihood iteration. Validity of the model fit is questionable.

Model Fit Statistics

	Intercept	and	Intercept	Only	Covariates	
AIC	510.785				532.863	
SC	514.928				665.408	
-2 Log L	508.785				468.863	
R-Square	0.0823		Max-rescaled R-Square		0.1237	

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0

Test	Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq
Likelihood Ratio	39.9226	31	0.1308
Score	35.1440	31	0.2781
Wald	16.4953	31	0.9846

Type 3 Analysis of Effects

Effect	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
year	2	2.6729	0.2628
industry*A5SUM	29	12.8313	0.9995
industryConstructionA5SUMLarge	= 0		
industryElectricity_Gas_And_Wat	= 0		
industryFinance_And_InsuranceA5S	= 0		

NOTE: The following parameters have been set to 0, since the variables are a linear combination of other variables as shown.

Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates

Standard	Wald
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Parameter		DF	Estimate	Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
Effect	Point Estimate		95% Wald Confidence Limits			
Intercept		1	1.3328	0.2615	25.9709	<.0001
year	2005	1	-0.4702	0.2877	2.6716	0.1022
year	2007	1	-0.2550	0.2993	0.7262	0.3941
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	Large (100+ employees)	1	13.6944	742.6	0.0003	0.9853
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-1.0124	0.8394	1.4545	0.2278
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Large (100+ employees)	1	-15.9913	1928.2	0.0001	0.9934
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.7282	0.9350	0.6065	0.4361
industry*A5SUM Construction	Large (100+ employees)	0	0	.	.	.
industry*A5SUM Construction	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.9830	0.6411	2.3511	0.1252
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.1694	1.2462	0.0185	0.8919
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.3154	0.7335	0.1849	0.6672
industry*A5SUM Education	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.5109	0.7977	0.4102	0.5219
industry*A5SUM Education	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.3528	0.4547	0.6020	0.4378
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Large (100+ employees)	0	0	.	.	.
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-15.9913	1928.2	0.0001	0.9934
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Large (100+ employees)	0	0	.	.	.
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.0178	0.8391	0.0005	0.9831
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.1673	0.6796	0.0606	0.8056
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	13.5659	445.4	0.0009	0.9757
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.9101	0.7757	1.3765	0.2407
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.5136	0.4042	1.6146	0.2039
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.4752	1.2493	0.1447	0.7037
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.3224	0.5869	0.3017	0.5828
industry*A5SUM Mining	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.4087	1.1165	0.1340	0.7144
industry*A5SUM Mining	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.0178	1.1723	0.0002	0.9879
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.3176	1.2474	0.0648	0.7990
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.7144	1.0917	0.4283	0.5128
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.1065	0.8481	0.0158	0.9000
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.2642	0.5656	0.2182	0.6404
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	13.4300	661.6	0.0004	0.9838
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.6965	0.7915	0.7744	0.3788
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Large (100+ employees)	1	13.4665	739.5	0.0003	0.9855
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.4114	0.5858	0.4933	0.4825
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	-16.2065	1928.2	0.0001	0.9933
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.7138	1.0990	0.4218	0.5160
Odds Ratio Estimates						
Effect	Point Estimate		Confidence Limits			

year 2005 vs 2009	0.625	0.356	1.098
year 2007 vs 2009	0.775	0.431	1.393
Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses			
Percent Concordant	64.1	Somers' D	0.336
Percent Discordant	30.5	Gamma	0.355
Percent Tied	5.4	Tau-a	0.122
Pairs	39050	c	0.668

Australian Capital Territory – Formal vocational qualification

Number of Observations Read 580
 Number of Observations Used 580

Response Profile

Ordered Value	satis10	Total Frequency
1	0	116
2	1	464

Probability modeled is satis10=1.

Model Convergence Status

Convergence criterion (GCONV=1E-8) satisfied.

Model Fit Statistics

	Intercept	and Covariates	
AIC	582.467	620.944	
SC	586.830	760.561	
-2 Log L	580.467	556.944	
R-Square	0.0397	Max-rescaled R-Square	0.0628

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0

Test	Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq
Likelihood Ratio	23.5223	31	0.8295
Score	21.0015	31	0.9119
Wald	16.0958	31	0.9874

Type 3 Analysis of Effects

Effect	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	Wald	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
year	2	3.6600	0.1604		1	1.4274	0.2105	45.9640	<.0001
industry*A5SUM	29	12.1838	0.9974		1	-0.4106	0.2521	2.6523	0.1034
industryWholesale_TradeA5SUMLarg	0				1	0.0515	0.2731	0.0356	0.8503
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	1	14.5301	1303.1	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.9911	0.0001		

NOTE: The following parameters have been set to 0, since the variables are a linear combination of other variables as shown.

Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates

Parameter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
Intercept	1	1.4274	0.2105	45.9640	<.0001
year	2005	1	-0.4106	0.2521	2.6523
year	2007	1	0.0515	0.2731	0.0356
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	1	0.9911	0.0001		
industry*A5SUM Large (100+ employees)	1	14.5301	1303.1		

	Odds Ratio Estimates	Point	95% Wald Confidence Limits
Effect	Estimate		
year 2005 vs 2009	0.663	0.405	1.087
year 2007 vs 2009	1.053	0.616	1.798
Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses			
Percent Concordant	57.6	Somers' D	0.231
Percent Discordant	34.5	Gamma	0.251
Percent Tied	8.0	Tau-a	0.074
Pairs	53824	C	0.616

New South Wales – Apprentices and trainees

Number of Observations Read 936
 Number of Observations Used 936
 Response Profile

	Ordered	Total
Value	satis10	Frequency
1	0	148
2	1	788

Probability modeled is satis10=1.

Model Convergence Status

Quasi-complete separation of data points detected.

WARNING: The maximum likelihood estimate may not exist.

WARNING: The LOGISTIC procedure continues in spite of the above warning. Results shown are based on the last maximum likelihood iteration. Validity of the model fit is questionable.

Model Fit Statistics

Intercept and Covariates

Criterion	Only	Covariates
AIC	819.200	810.881
SC	824.042	980.338
-2 Log L	817.200	740.881
R-Square	0.0783	Max-rescaled R-Square 0.1345

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0

Test	Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq
Likelihood Ratio	76.3193	34	<.0001
Score	65.7690	34	0.0009
Wald	46.4585	34	0.0754

Type 3 Analysis of Effects

Wald

Effect	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
year	2	11.1332	0.00038
industry*A5SUM	32	38.2418	0.20700

Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates

Parameter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
Intercept	1	1.4881	0.1981	56.4203	<.0001
year 2005	1	-0.6976	0.2378	8.6033	0.0034
year 2007	1	0.00293	0.2289	0.0002	0.9898
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	1	0.8812	0.6298	1.9577	0.1618
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	1	-0.0837	0.5353	0.0245	0.8757

		Point	95% Wald Confidence Limits
Effect	Estimate		
Year 2005 vs 2009	0.498	0.312	0.793
Year 2007 vs 2009	1.003	0.640	1.571
Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses			
Percent Concordant	68.3	Somers' D	0.412
Percent Discordant	27.1	Gamma	0.432
Percent Tied	4.6	Tau-a	0.110
Pairs	116624	C	0.706
Industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.1010
Industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	1.0962
Industry*A5SUM Construction	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.5963
Industry*A5SUM Construction	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	1.4940
Industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	1.5322
Industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.1373
Industry*A5SUM Education	Large (100+ employees)	1	1.2634
Industry*A5SUM Education	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	1.1053
Industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Large (100+ employees)	1	1.2428
Industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.7905
Industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.7971
Industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	1.3321
Industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Large (100+ employees)	1	2.7536
Industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.9479
Industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.1524
Industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	1.0456
Industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Large (100+ employees)	1	1.9346
Industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.5051
Industry*A5SUM Mining	Large (100+ employees)	1	14.6555
Industry*A5SUM Mining	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	14.8230
Industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.0583
Industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	1.0560
Industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.9171
Industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.3168
Industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	14.5404
Industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.2480
Industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.0392
Industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.5788
Industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.3532
Industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.8594
Odds Ratio Estimates			

Victoria – Apprentices and trainees

Number of Observations Read 855
 Number of Observations Used 855
 Response Profile

	Ordered	Total
Value	satis10	Frequency
1	0	128
2	1	727

Probability modeled is satis10=1.

Model Convergence Status

Quasi-complete separation of data points detected.

WARNING: The maximum likelihood estimate may not exist.

WARNING: The LOGISTIC procedure continues in spite of the above warning. Results shown are based on the last maximum likelihood iteration. Validity of the model fit is questionable.

Model Fit Statistics

Intercept and Covariates

Criterion Only Covariates

AIC 723.965 757.765

SC 728.716 924.054

-2 Log L 721.965 687.765

R-Square 0.0392 Max-rescaled R-Square 0.0688

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0

Test Chi-Square DF Pr > ChiSq

Likelihood Ratio 34.1997 34 0.4582

Score 27.7992 34 0.7645

Wald 16.0224 34 0.9962

Type 3 Analysis of Effects

Wald

Effect DF Chi-Square Pr > ChiSq

year 2 0.2790 0.8698

industry*A5SUM 32 15.5285 0.9937

Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates

Parameter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
Intercept	1	1.7835	0.2168	67.7077	<.0001
year 2005	1	-0.1269	0.2443	0.2701	0.6033
year 2007	1	-0.0375	0.2382	0.0247	0.8750
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	1	0.2083	0.6434	0.1048	0.7461
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	1	-0.6782	0.4755	2.0346	0.1538

	Odds Ratio Estimates	Point	95% Wald Confidence Limits
Effect	Estimate		
Year 2005 vs 2009	0.881	0.546	1.422
Year 2007 vs 2009	0.963	0.604	1.536
Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses			
Percent Concordant	61.4	Somers' D	0.271
Percent Discordant	34.3	Gamma	0.283
Percent Tied	4.4	Tau-a	0.069
Pairs	93056	c	0.636
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Large (100+ employees)	1	14.2509 2104.7 0.0000
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.1214 0.6591 0.0339
industry*A5SUM Construction	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.5282 0.6829 0.5983
industry*A5SUM Construction	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.3489 0.5319 0.4302
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.2808 0.7743 0.1315
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.3489 0.6711 0.2704
industry*A5SUM Education	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.3544 0.5890 0.3620
industry*A5SUM Education	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	14.2725 795.1 0.0003
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.4469 0.6379 0.4908
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.5911 0.8415 0.4934
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Large (100+ employees)	1	-1.2243 0.5485 4.9814
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	14.2608 1124.4 0.0002
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.0258 0.5733 0.0020
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	14.2866 1487.3 0.0001
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.0442 0.5209 0.0072
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.1085 0.5780 0.0353
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.2638 0.4882 0.2920
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.00275 0.4800 0.0000
industry*A5SUM Mining	Large (100+ employees)	1	14.2425 1124.6 0.0002
industry*A5SUM Mining	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	14.2795 940.8 0.0002
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	14.2721 1330.3 0.0001
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.4274 0.6763 0.3993
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.2442 0.6441 0.1437
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.5004 0.5580 0.8044
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.3461 0.5899 0.3443
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	1.5734 1.0350 2.3110
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.3630 0.4920 0.5444
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.1194 0.6600 0.0327
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.5617 1.0646 0.2783
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.5783 1.0677 0.2934

Queensland – Apprentices and trainees

Number of Observations Read 856
 Number of Observations Used 856
 Response Profile

	Ordered	Total
Value	satisf0	Frequency
1	0	148
2	1	708

Probability modeled is satisf0=1.

Model Convergence Status

Convergence criterion (GCONV=1E-8) satisfied.

Model Fit Statistics

	Intercept	and	Covariates
Criterion	Only		
AIC	790.291		813.196
SC	795.043		984.277
-2 Log L	788.291		741.196
R-Square	0.0535	Max-rescaled R-Square	0.0889

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0

Test	Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq
Likelihood Ratio	47.0955	35	0.0832
Score	45.4424	35	0.1113
Wald	35.8173	35	0.4299

Type 3 Analysis of Effects

Effect	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	Wald
year	2	0.0515	0.9746	
industry*A5SUM	33	35.8059	0.3381	
Score				
Wald				

industryCan_t_SAYA5SUMmedium_10 = 0

Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates

Parameter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
Intercept	1	1.5271	0.2075	54.1527	<.0001
year	1	-0.0531	0.2381	0.0498	0.8234
year	2005				
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	1	-0.0144	0.2257	0.0041	0.9490
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	1	1.0164	0.7550	1.8125	0.1782
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	1	0.2018	0.5712	0.1248	0.7239
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	1	-0.5299	0.6998	0.5735	0.4489

NOTE: The following parameters have been set to 0, since the variables are a linear combination of other variables as shown.

		Point	95% Wald Confidence Limits
Effect	Estimate		
year 2005 vs 2009	0.948	0.595	1.512
year 2007 vs 2009	0.986	0.633	1.534
Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses			
Percent Concordant	64.6	Somers' D	0.328
Percent Discordant	31.8	Gamma	0.340
Percent Tied	3.6	Tau-a	0.094
Pairs	104784	c	0.664
Odds Ratio Estimates			
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	14.3965 2794.0 0.0000
industry*A5SUM Can't Say	Large (100+ employees)	1	14.3434 2794.0 0.0000
industry*A5SUM Can't Say	Medium (10-99 employees)	0	.
industry*A5SUM Construction	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.2641 0.5956 0.1966
industry*A5SUM Construction	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.6339 0.4145 2.3385
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-1.3057 0.6360 4.2152
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.9941 1.0574 0.8838
industry*A5SUM Education	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.5497 0.5539 0.9850
industry*A5SUM Education	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.1150 0.8097 0.0202
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.8554 0.7614 1.2621
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	14.3860 1249.4 0.0001
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Large (100+ employees)	1	14.3531 883.5 0.0003
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.2891 0.6838 0.1788
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.8405 0.4997 2.8293
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.9056 1.0606 0.7291
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	1.3287 1.0439 1.6201
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.1073 0.5204 0.0425
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.1483 0.5188 0.0817
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.4404 0.5650 0.6076
industry*A5SUM Mining	Large (100+ employees)	1	1.4368 1.0425 1.8994
industry*A5SUM Mining	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.9975 0.7508 1.7653
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.9189 0.5842 2.4741
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.2832 0.7832 0.1307
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.0354 0.5291 0.0045
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.3262 0.4690 0.4838
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.4365 0.6410 0.4637
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.7932 0.6321 1.5746
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.2574 0.4960 0.2694
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-1.0686 0.4613 5.3662
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.1165 1.1315 0.0106
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	14.3701 1396.8 0.0001

South Australia – Apprentices and trainees

Number of Observations Read 588
 Number of Observations Used 588
 Response Profile

	Ordered	Total
Value	satis10	Frequency
1	0	91
2	1	497

Probability modeled is satis10=1.

Model Convergence Status

Quasi-complete separation of data points detected.

WARNING: The maximum likelihood estimate may not exist.

WARNING: The LOGISTIC procedure continues in spite of the above warning. Results shown are based on the last maximum likelihood iteration. Validity of the model fit is questionable.

Model Fit Statistics

Intercept and Covariates

Criterion	Only	Covariates
AIC	508.716	536.818
SC	513.093	690.004
-2 Log L	506.716	466.818
R-Square	0.0656	Max-rescaled R-Square 0.1136

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0

Test	Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq
Likelihood Ratio	39.8975	34	0.2244
Score	31.8898	34	0.5714
Wald	16.7837	34	0.9941

Type 3 Analysis of Effects

Wald

Effect	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
year	2	1.8945	0.3878
industry*A5SUM	32	15.0487	0.9953

Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates

Parameter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
Intercept	1	1.9202	0.2852	45.3433	<.0001
year 2005	1	-0.3721	0.2861	1.6921	0.1933
year 2007	1	-0.0685	0.3041	0.0507	0.8218
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	1	13.1612	511.3	0.0007	0.9795
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	1	-0.7514	0.6271	1.4355	0.2309

	Odds Ratio Estimates	Point	95% Wald Confidence Limits
Effect	Estimate	Somers' D	0.363
Year 2005 vs 2009	0.689	0.393	1.208
Year 2007 vs 2009	0.934	0.515	1.695
Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses			
Percent Concordant	66.4		
Percent Discordant	30.0	Gamma	0.377
Percent Tied	3.6	Tau-a	0.095
Pairs	45227	c	0.682
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Large (100+ employees)	1	13.1981 1022.2 0.0002
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	13.3208 1023.3 0.0002
industry*A5SUM Construction	Large (100+ employees)	1	13.1918 491.2 0.0007
industry*A5SUM Construction	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.8472 0.5754 2.1680 0.1409
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.2091 1.1217 0.0347 0.8522
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.5857 0.7055 0.6894 0.4064
industry*A5SUM Education	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.5930 1.0697 0.3125 0.5761
industry*A5SUM Education	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	13.2751 790.9 0.0003 0.9866
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Large (100+ employees)	1	13.2491 722.2 0.0003 0.9854
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	13.1612 626.2 0.0004 0.9832
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.4886 1.0749 0.2066 0.6494
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.5909 0.7061 0.7002 0.4027
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.3595 0.7820 0.2113 0.6458
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.8136 1.0624 0.5865 0.4438
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.5486 0.5569 0.9703 0.3246
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.2385 0.6552 0.1325 0.7159
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Large (100+ employees)	1	1.0081 1.0571 0.9093 0.3403
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.4583 0.5125 0.7998 0.3712
industry*A5SUM Mining	Large (100+ employees)	1	13.0473 1257.9 0.0001 0.9917
industry*A5SUM Mining	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.6659 0.8496 0.6143 0.4332
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	13.2090 723.1 0.0003 0.9854
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.4516 1.0787 0.1753 0.6755
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.4207 0.7821 0.2894 0.5906
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.5570 0.5583 0.9954 0.3184
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.9063 0.5362 2.8569 0.0910
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.1910 0.5407 0.1248 0.7239
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.2532 0.5968 0.1800 0.6714
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.9499 0.6434 2.1795 0.1399
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.9631 0.8981 1.1499 0.2836
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	13.1761 1021.3 0.0002 0.9897

Western Australia – Apprentices and trainees

Number of Observations Read 686
 Number of Observations Used 686
 Response Profile

	Ordered	Total
Value	satis10	Frequency
1	0	146
2	1	540

Probability modeled is satis10=1.

Model Convergence Status

Quasi-complete separation of data points detected.

WARNING: The maximum likelihood estimate may not exist.

WARNING: The LOGISTIC procedure continues in spite of the above warning. Results shown are based on the last maximum likelihood iteration. Validity of the model fit is questionable.

Type 3 Analysis of Effects

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0

Test	Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq
Likelihood Ratio	43.1834	34	0.1344
Score	35.8146	34	0.3833
Wald	23.4346	34	0.9133

Type 3 Analysis of Effects

Effect	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	Wald	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
year	2	6.7307	0.0345		1	1.4111	0.2378	35.2126	<.0001
industry*A5SUM	32	16.7752	0.9876		1	-0.0791	0.2608	0.0920	0.7616
					1	-0.5482	0.2313	5.6165	0.0178
					1	1.0618	0.7652	1.9255	0.1653
					1	0.4301	0.5786	0.5524	0.4573

Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates

		Point	95% Wald Confidence Limits
Effect		Estimate	
Year 2005 vs 2009	0.924	0.554	1.540
Year 2007 vs 2009	0.578	0.367	0.910
Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses			
Percent Concordant	64.0	Somers' D	0.313
Percent Discordant	32.7	Gamma	0.324
Percent Tied	3.4	Tau-a	0.105
Pairs	78840	c	0.656
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Large (100+ employees)	1	14.3236 1809.1 0.0001
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	14.5036 1462.9 0.0001
industry*A5SUM Construction	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.5616 0.5769 0.9478 0.3303
industry*A5SUM Construction	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.2687 0.4599 0.3415 0.5590
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.0363 0.6946 0.0027 0.9583
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.1218 0.8149 0.0223 0.8812
industry*A5SUM Education	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.2672 0.6747 0.1568 0.6921
industry*A5SUM Education	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.7893 0.7561 1.0897 0.2965
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Large (100+ employees)	1	14.5306 1131.9 0.0002 0.9898
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.0714 0.8414 0.0072 0.9323
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.4254 0.5806 0.5368 0.4638
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.5597 1.1035 0.2573 0.6120
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.7337 0.7835 0.8770 0.3490
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.4070 0.6602 0.3800 0.5376
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.1231 0.5157 0.0569 0.8114
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.2952 0.5718 0.2665 0.6057
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Large (100+ employees)	1	14.5603 0.5967 0.0006 0.9805
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.4061 0.5902 0.4735 0.4914
industry*A5SUM Mining	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.1014 0.4733 0.0459 0.8303
industry*A5SUM Mining	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	1.2210 1.0624 1.3208 0.2504
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	14.4631 957.7 0.0002 0.9880
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.4996 0.8902 0.3150 0.5746
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.3941 0.5838 0.4558 0.4996
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.4103 0.4516 0.8255 0.3636
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	1.0064 0.7718 1.7006 0.1922
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.4047 0.4680 0.7478 0.3872
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.0203 0.5019 0.0016 0.9678
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.4305 0.5014 0.7374 0.3905
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.9300 0.7896 1.3872 0.2389
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	14.2836 2559.0 0.0000 0.9955
Odds Ratio Estimates			

Tasmania – Apprentices and trainees

Number of Observations Read 661
 Number of Observations Used 661
 Response Profile

	Ordered	Total
Value	satis10	Frequency
1	0	103
2	1	558

Probability modeled is satis10=1.

Model Convergence Status

Quasi-complete separation of data points detected.

WARNING: The maximum likelihood estimate may not exist.

WARNING: The LOGISTIC procedure continues in spite of the above warning. Results shown are based on the last maximum likelihood iteration. Validity of the model fit is questionable.

Type 3 Analysis of Effects

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0

Test	Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq
Likelihood Ratio	63.0001	34	0.0018
Score	59.2804	34	0.0046
Wald	33.2509	34	0.5042

Type 3 Analysis of Effects

Effect	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	
year	2	7.4292	0.0244	
industry*A5SUM	32	28.0632	0.6662	

Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates

Parameter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
Intercept	1	1.8009	0.2614	47.4800	<.0001
year	2005	-0.5875	0.2733	4.6199	0.0316
year	2007	0.0988	0.3012	0.1076	0.7429
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	1	-2.0013	0.9429	4.5048	0.0338
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	1	1.2734	1.0512	1.4672	0.2258

	Effect	Point Estimate	95% Confidence Limits	Wald
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Large (100+ employees)	1	-1.0720	0.7637 1.9704 0.1604
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-1.0428	0.6620 2.4812 0.1152
industry*A5SUM Construction	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.3560	1.0936 0.1060 0.7447
industry*A5SUM Construction	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.5836	0.6399 0.8317 0.3618
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	14.4516	1173.6 0.0002 0.9902
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.4505	0.6134 0.5395 0.4626
industry*A5SUM Education	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.7994	1.0657 0.5627 0.4532
industry*A5SUM Education	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	14.4891	659.3 0.0005 0.9825
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.4075	1.1811 0.1190 0.7301
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	14.4658	1439.5 0.0001 0.9920
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Large (100+ employees)	1	14.2209	1180.5 0.0001 0.9904
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.0469	0.6686 0.0049 0.9440
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.5238	0.5108 1.0515 0.3052
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.8865	1.0588 0.7010 0.4024
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.1211	0.5334 0.0515 0.8205
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.4770	0.5695 0.7014 0.4023
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Large (100+ employees)	1	14.4650	641.9 0.0005 0.9820
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.9815	0.7602 1.6670 0.1967
industry*A5SUM Mining	Large (100+ employees)	1	-1.1733	0.8963 1.7136 0.1905
industry*A5SUM Mining	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	14.1606	1688.2 0.0001 0.9933
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.6418	1.0760 0.3558 0.5509
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.3571	0.7813 0.2089 0.6477
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	14.1970	918.2 0.0002 0.9877
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.2062	0.5903 0.1220 0.7268
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.3578	0.6860 0.2720 0.6020
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.3490	0.4717 0.5475 0.4593
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Large (100+ employees)	1	14.7481	1688.2 0.0001 0.9930
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.5603	0.7776 0.5192 0.4712
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	-2.8228	1.1809 5.7140 0.0168
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.9306	0.7401 1.5811 0.2086
Odds Ratio Estimates				
Percent Concordant	68.3	Somers' D	0.408	
Year 2005 vs 2009	0.556	0.325	0.950	
Year 2007 vs 2009	1.104	0.612	1.992	
Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses				
Percent Discordant	27.5	Gamma	0.425	
Percent Tied	4.1	Tau-a	0.107	
Pairs	57474	c	0.704	

Northern Territory – Apprentices and trainees

Number of Observations Read 430
 Number of Observations Used 430

Response Profile

Ordered Value	satis10	Total Frequency
1	0	76
2	1	354

Probability modeled is satis10=1.

Model Convergence Status

Quasi-complete separation of data points detected.

WARNING: The maximum likelihood estimate may not exist.

WARNING: The LOGISTIC procedure continues in spite of the above warning. Results shown are based on the last maximum likelihood iteration. Validity of the model fit is questionable.

Model Fit Statistics

	Intercept	and	Intercept	Only	Covariates
AIC	403.122			433.304	
SC	407.185			563.345	
-2 Log L	401.122			369.304	
R-Square	0.0713		Max-rescaled R-Square	0.1176	

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0

Test	Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq
Likelihood Ratio	31.8172	31	0.4256
Score	25.9245	31	0.7249
Wald	9.5468	31	0.9999

Type 3 Analysis of Effects

Effect	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
year	2	1.7252	0.4221
industry*A5SUM	29	7.3161	1.0000
industryConstructionA5SUMLarge	0		
industryElectricity_Gas_And_Wat	0		
industryElectricity_Gas_And_Wa2	0		

NOTE: The following parameters have been set to 0, since the variables are a linear combination of other variables as shown.

industryConstructionA5SUMLarge = 0
 industryElectricity_Gas_And_Wat = 0
 industryElectricity_Gas_And_Wa2 = 0

Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates

Standard Wald

Parameter	DF	Estimate	Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
Intercept	1	1.1668	0.2708	18.5674	<.0001
year	1	0.4432	0.3385	1.7148	0.1904
year	2007				
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.1612	0.3195	0.2546
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	12.3934	452.9	0.0007
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.6025	0.7398	0.6633
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	12.5234	719.9	0.0003
industry*A5SUM Construction	Large (100+ employees)	0	-0.3182	0.8653	0.1353
industry*A5SUM Construction	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.4200	0.4978	0.7119
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	12.2414	719.9	0.0003
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.8995	0.7613	1.3962
industry*A5SUM Education	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.2523	1.1158	0.0511
industry*A5SUM Education	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.7650	1.0781	0.5035
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Large (100+ employees)	0	0	0	.
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Medium (10-99 employees)	0	0	0	.
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Large (100+ employees)	1	-16.4729	1943.9	0.0001
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.1556	0.8290	0.0352
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.0143	0.6017	0.0006
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.9616	1.0672	0.8119
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.0165	0.6770	0.0006
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.3435	0.7967	0.1859
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Large (100+ employees)	1	12.5444	584.0	0.0005
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.6221	0.6502	0.9157
industry*A5SUM Mining	Large (100+ employees)	1	12.5883	414.0	0.0009
industry*A5SUM Mining	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	12.5234	1018.1	0.0002
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	12.3980	583.7	0.0005
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.5696	0.8962	0.4040
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	12.5687	320.5	0.0015
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.4488	0.6381	0.4948
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	12.4850	357.9	0.0012
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.2481	0.6628	0.1402
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Large (100+ employees)	1	12.4978	507.1	0.0006
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.3760	0.7919	0.2254
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	12.5234	1018.1	0.0002
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.3211	1.1767	0.0745
Odds Ratio Estimates					
Point	95 % Wald				

Effect		Estimate		Confidence Limits
year 2005 vs 2009		1.558	0 .802	3 .024
year 2007 vs 2009		1.175	0 .628	2 .198
Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses				
Percent Concordant	63.4	Somers' D	0 .331	
Percent Discordant	30.3	Gamma	0 .353	
Percent Tied	6.3	Tau-a	0 .097	
Pairs	26904	c	0 .666	

Australian Capital Territory – Apprentices and trainees

Number of Observations Read 482
 Number of Observations Used 482
 Response Profile

Ordered Value	satis10	Frequency	Total
1	0	91	
2	1	391	

Probability modeled is satis10=1.

Model Convergence Status

Quasi-complete separation of data points detected.

WARNING: The maximum likelihood estimate may not exist.

WARNING: The LOGISTIC procedure continues in spite of the above warning. Results shown are based on the last maximum likelihood iteration. Validity of the model fit is questionable.

Model Fit Statistics

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0

Test	Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq
Likelihood Ratio	49.3397	31	0.0195
Score	41.1200	31	0.1057
Wald	22.0239	31	0.8823

Type 3 Analysis of Effects

Effect	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
year	2	10.9404	0.00042
industry*A5SUM	29	10.8816	0.99991

NOTE: The following parameters have been set to 0, since the variables are a linear combination of other variables as shown.
 industryWholesale_TradeA5SUMMedi = 0

Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates

Parameter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
Intercept	1	1.4880	0.2625	32.1356	<.0001
year	1	-0.8995	0.3008	8.9454	0.0028
year	1	-0.1265	0.3226	0.1539	0.6949

	Odds Ratio Estimates	Point	95% Wald Confidence Limits
Effect	Estimate		
Year 2005 vs 2009	0.407	0.226	0.733
Year 2007 vs 2009	0.881	0.468	1.658
Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses			
Percent Concordant	67.4	Somers' D	0.414
Percent Discordant	25.9	Gamma	0.444
Percent Tied	6.7	Tau-a	0.127
Pairs	35581	c	0.707

New South Wales – Nationally recognised training

Number of Observations Read	958
Number of Observations Used	958
Response Profile	
Ordered	Total
Value	satisf0
1	0
2	1
	817
Probability modeled is satisf0=1.	
Model Convergence Status	
Convergence criterion (GCONV=1E-8) satisfied.	
Model Fit Statistics	
	Intercept
Criterion	Intercept and Covariates
AIC	802.484
SC	807.349
-2 Log L	800.484
R-Square	0.0354
	Max-rescaled R-Square 0.0624
Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0	
Test	Chi-Square DF Pr > ChiSq
Likelihood Ratio	34.4948 34 0.4441
Score	32.4170 34 0.5453
Wald	29.2699 34 0.6987
Type 3 Analysis of Effects	
	Wald
Effect	DF Chi-Square Pr > ChiSq
year	2 7.8678 0.0196
industry*AS5SUM	32 22.2330 0.9010
	Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates
Parameter	DF Estimate Standard Error Wald Chi-Square Pr > ChiSq
Intercept	1 2.0524 0.2218 85.6162 <.0001
year	1 -0.6434 0.2451 6.8908 0.0087
year	2 0.07
industry*AS5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	1 1.4759 0.2319 5.0269 0.0250
industry*AS5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	1 1.0357 2.0305 0.1542
industry*AS5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	1 -0.0104 0.7908 0.0002 0.9895
industry*AS5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	1 0.2344 1.0964 0.0457 0.8307

		Point	95% Wald Confidence Limits
Effect	Estimate		
year 2005 vs 2009	0.526	0.325	0.850
year 2007 vs 2009	0.595	0.377	0.937
Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses			
Percent Concordant	62.5	Somers' D	0.291
Percent Discordant	33.5	Gamma	0.303
Percent Tied	4.0	Tau-a	0.073
Pairs	115197	c	0.645
Odds Ratio Estimates			
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.2921 0.8128
industry*A5SUM Construction	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.5747 1.0664
industry*A5SUM Construction	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.4874 0.7667
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.5126 0.6947
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.4089 0.5006
industry*A5SUM Education	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.4315 0.5998
industry*A5SUM Education	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.5254 0.7687
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Large (100+ employees)	1	1.3239 1.0442
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.0466 1.1346
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.4340 0.5366
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.00762 0.5205
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.9307 0.5476
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.4511 0.7703
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.4214 0.6369
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.7818 0.7581
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.3577 0.5356
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.8492 0.7579
industry*A5SUM Mining	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.1698 0.6483
industry*A5SUM Mining	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.5871 1.0704
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.1512 0.7815
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.1907 0.8047
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.2430 0.5082
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.5523 0.4203
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.3464 0.6778
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.2829 0.4911
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.9958 0.7520
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.1025 0.4755
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	12.3897 546.4
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.8114 0.5640

Victoria – Nationally recognised training

Number of Observations Read	788						
Number of Observations Used	788						
Response Profile							
Ordered		Total					
Value	satis10	Frequency					
1	0	109					
2	1	679					
Probability modeled is satis10=1.							
Convergence criterion (GCONV=1E-8) satisfied.							
Model Fit Statistics							
	Intercept						
Criterion	Only	Covariates					
AIC	635.412	675.743					
SC	640.081	839.175					
-2 Log L	633.412	605.743					
R-Square	0.0345	Max-rescaled R-Square	0.0625				
Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0							
Test	Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq				
Likelihood Ratio	27.6691	34	0.7701				
Score	27.8999	34	0.7602				
Wald	21.9724	34	0.9446				
Type 3 Analysis of Effects							
	Wald						
Effect	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq				
year	2	1.9676	0.3739				
industry*A5SUM	32	20.2959	0.9459				
				Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates			
Parameter							
Intercept		DF	Estimate	Standard	Wald		
year	2005	1	1.9720	0.2492	62.6318	<.0001	
year	2007	1	-0.3465	0.2684	1.6668	0.1967	
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants		1	-0.2834	0.2606	1.1820	0.2770	
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants		1	1.1484	1.0484	1.2000	0.2733	
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing		1	0.7438	1.0602	0.4922	0.4830	
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	1	-0.8403	0.8692	0.9345	0.9345	0.3337	

		Point	95% Wald Confidence Limits
Effect	Estimate		
year 2005 vs 2009	0.707	0.418	1.197
year 2007 vs 2009	0.753	0.452	1.255
Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses			
Percent Concordant	62.6	Somers' D	0.285
Percent Discordant	34.1	Gamma	0.295
Percent Tied	3.3	Tau-a	0.068
Pairs	74011	c	0.642
Odds Ratio Estimates			
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.6564 1.0677 0.3780 0.5387
industry*A5SUM Construction	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.0340 0.7995 0.0018 0.9660
industry*A5SUM Construction	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.3798 0.7783 0.2381 0.6256
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.5557 0.7730 0.5168 0.4722
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.3014 0.6765 0.1986 0.6559
industry*A5SUM Education	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.2882 0.7812 0.1361 0.7122
industry*A5SUM Education	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.0169 0.6652 0.0006 0.9797
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.0873 0.5843 0.0223 0.8812
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.2496 1.0936 0.0521 0.8194
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.4746 0.5532 0.7360 0.3910
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.2886 0.6782 0.1811 0.6704
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.4925 0.5498 0.8024 0.3704
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	14.2854 1023.0 0.0002 0.9889
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.3222 0.5738 0.3154 0.5744
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	1.3857 1.0429 1.7652 0.1840
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.1753 0.5775 0.0921 0.7615
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.0857 0.6614 0.0168 0.8969
industry*A5SUM Mining	Large (100+ employees)	1	14.2607 1161.7 0.0002 0.9902
industry*A5SUM Mining	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.5677 1.0720 0.2804 0.5964
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-1.6341 0.7997 4.1754 0.0410
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.4584 0.8328 0.3030 0.5820
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.1472 0.5809 0.0642 0.7999
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.1718 0.4279 0.1611 0.6882
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	-1.2674 0.6145 4.2536 0.0392
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.6849 1.0645 0.4139 0.5200
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.2930 0.6493 0.2106 0.6463
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.3288 0.7824 0.1766 0.6743
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.4525 0.8208 0.3039 0.5814
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.2921 0.7806 0.1400 0.7083

Queensland – Nationally recognised training

Number of Observations Read 750
 Number of Observations Used 750

Response Profile

Ordered Value	satis10	Total Frequency
1	0	128
2	1	622

Probability modeled is satis10=1.

Model Convergence Status

Quasi-complete separation of data points detected.

WARNING: The maximum likelihood estimate may not exist.

WARNING: The LOGISTIC procedure continues in spite of the above warning. Results shown are based on the last maximum likelihood iteration. Validity of the model fit is questionable.

Model Fit Statistics

	Intercept	and	Intercept	Only	Covariates	
Criterion						
AIC	687.413		699.380			
SC	692.033		865.703			
-2 Log L	685.413		627.380			
R-Square	0.0745		Max-rescaled R-Square			0.1243

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0

Test	Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq
Likelihood Ratio	58.0325	35	0.0005
Score	47.1327	35	0.0826
Wald	27.0355	35	0.8300

Type 3 Analysis of Effects

Effect	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	Standard	Wald
year	2	2.8836	0.2365		
industry*A5SUM	33	24.4825	0.8580		
Parameter Intercept	1	1.3394	0.2274	34.6931	<.0001

Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates

	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
industryCan_t_SayA5SUMmedium_10 = 0	1	1.3394	0.2274	34.6931	<.0001

NOTE: The following parameters have been set to 0, since the variables are a linear combination of other variables as shown.

		Odds Ratio Estimates	Point Estimate	95% Wald Confidence Limits
Effect	Industry			
year	2005	1	-0.4296	0.2531 2.8814 0.0896
year	2007	1	-0.2029	0.2579 0.6193 0.4313
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	Large (100+ employees)	1	1.8601	1.0396 3.2013 0.0736
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.9244	0.7737 1.4272 0.2322
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.7004	0.7594 0.8508 0.3563
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.5993	1.1125 0.2902 0.5901
industry*A5SUM Can't Say	Large (100+ employees)	1	14.5424	2809.8 0.0000 0.9959
industry*A5SUM Can't Say	Medium (10-99 employees)	0	0	.
industry*A5SUM Construction	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.7446	0.7790 0.9137 0.3391
industry*A5SUM Construction	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	14.7448	641.6 0.0005 0.9817
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.0559	0.8588 0.0042 0.9481
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	1.2849	1.0655 1.4540 0.2279
industry*A5SUM Education	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.6849	0.7864 0.7583 0.3838
industry*A5SUM Education	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	14.8166	721.2 0.0004 0.9836
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.6511	0.6511 1.0000 0.3173
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.4766	1.1380 0.1754 0.6754
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.1322	0.6768 0.0382 0.8451
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.2121	0.6708 0.1000 0.7518
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.7688	0.4426 3.0168 0.0824
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.5898	0.7895 0.5580 0.4551
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.8599	0.6404 1.8030 0.1793
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.2329	0.4940 0.2222 0.6373
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.5948	0.5719 1.0816 0.2983
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	14.7404	679.2 0.0005 0.9827
industry*A5SUM Mining	Large (100+ employees)	1	1.0065	0.7711 1.7039 0.1918
industry*A5SUM Mining	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.2921	0.6716 0.1892 0.6636
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.6814	0.5487 1.5423 0.2143
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	14.6524	807.3 0.0003 0.9855
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.7781	0.5681 1.8757 0.1708
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.1072	0.4983 0.0462 0.8297
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.1567	0.5524 0.0805 0.7767
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	1.8208	1.0435 3.0449 0.0810
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.2465	0.4854 0.2579 0.6116
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	1.7481	1.0435 2.8062 0.0939
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	14.6459	1983.7 0.0001 0.9941
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.1740	0.8571 0.0412 0.8391

year 2005 vs 2009	0.651	0.396	1.069
year 2007 vs 2009	0.816	0.492	1.353
Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses			
Percent Concordant	67.1	Somers' D	0.379
Percent Discordant	29.2	Gamma	0.393
Percent Tied	3.7	Tau-a	0.107
Pairs	79616	c	0.689

South Australia – Nationally recognised training

Number of Observations Read 597
 Number of Observations Used 597
 Response Profile

	Ordered Value	satis10	Frequency	Total
1	0	88		
2	1	509		

Probability modeled is satis10=1.

Model Convergence Status

Quasi-complete separation of data points detected.

WARNING: The maximum likelihood estimate may not exist.

WARNING: The LOGISTIC procedure continues in spite of the above warning. Results shown are based on the last maximum likelihood iteration. Validity of the model fit is questionable.

Model Fit Statistics

Intercept and Covariates

Criterion	Only	Covariates
AIC	501.306	530.163
SC	505.698	683.881
-2 Log L	499.306	460.163
R-Square	0.0635	Max-rescaled R-Square 0.1120

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0

Test	Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq
Likelihood Ratio	39.1423	34	0.2499
Score	33.7979	34	0.4775
Wald	21.6689	34	0.9499

Type 3 Analysis of Effects

Effect	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	Wald	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
year	2	6.0641	0.0482		1	2.5921	0.3454	56.3093	<.0001
industry*A5SUM	32	18.2616	0.9753		1	-0.7465	0.3101	5.7942	0.0161
Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates									
Parameter									
Intercept					1				
year	2005				1				
year	2007				1				
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants					1	-0.2805	0.3195	0.7705	0.3801
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	Large (100+ employees)				1	12.7877	631.7	0.0004	0.9838
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	Medium (10-99 employees)				1	-0.2948	1.1189	0.0694	0.7922

		Point	95% Wald Confidence Limits
Effect	Estimate		
Year 2005 vs 2009	0.474	0.258	0.871
Year 2007 vs 2009	0.755	0.404	1.413
Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses			
Percent Concordant	66.4	Somers' D	0.356
Percent Discordant	30.7	Gamma	0.367
Percent Tied	2.9	Tau-a	0.090
Pairs	44792	c	0.678
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Large (100+ employees)	1	12.7781
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.9664
industry*A5SUM Construction	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.8195
industry*A5SUM Construction	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.9687
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	12.4187
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.8096
industry*A5SUM Education	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.4309
industry*A5SUM Education	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.9218
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.3644
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	12.8315
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.4931
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.3081
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Large (100+ employees)	1	12.6791
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.5583
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-1.4459
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.4836
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.6312
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-1.6392
industry*A5SUM Mining	Large (100+ employees)	1	12.5637
industry*A5SUM Mining	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.6496
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.9664
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.1014
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.8876
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.7030
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	-1.4936
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.4374
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.6136
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.1864
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	-1.0246
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	12.7429
Odds Ratio Estimates			

Western Australia – Nationally recognised training

Number of Observations Read 705
 Number of Observations Used 705

Response Profile

Ordered Value	satis10	Frequency	Total
1	0	87	
2	1	618	

Probability modeled is satis10=1.

Model Convergence Status

Quasi-complete separation of data points detected.

WARNING: The maximum likelihood estimate may not exist.

WARNING: The LOGISTIC procedure continues in spite of the above warning. Results shown are based on the last maximum likelihood iteration. Validity of the model fit is questionable.

Model Fit Statistics

Intercept and Covariates

Criterion	Only	Covariates
AIC	528.851	560.539
SC	533.409	720.076
-2 Log L	526.851	490.539
R-Square	0.0502	Max-rescaled R-Square 0.0954

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0

Test	Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq
Likelihood Ratio	36.3122	34	0.3614
Score	32.1760	34	0.5572
Wald	26.8620	34	0.8030

Type 3 Analysis of Effects

Effect	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	Wald	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
year	2	16.5176	0.0003		1	2.5851	0.3383	58.3851	<.0001
industry*A5SUM	32	10.5282	0.9999		1	-1.3693	0.3450	15.7497	<.0001
Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates									
Parameter									
Intercept					1				
year	2005				1				
year	2007				1				
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants					1	-1.1602	0.3419	11.5151	0.0007
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants					1	0.4679	0.7845	0.3557	0.5509
industry*A5SUM Medium (10-99 employees)					1	0.2845	0.7947	0.1282	0.7203

	Odds Ratio Estimates	Point	95% Wald Confidence Limits
Effect	Estimate		
year 2005 vs 2009	0.254	0.129	0.500
year 2007 vs 2009	0.313	0.160	0.613
Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses			
Percent Concordant	66.7	Somers' D	0.372
Percent Discordant	29.5	Gamma	0.387
Percent Tied	3.8	Tau-a	0.081
Pairs	53766	c	0.686

Tasmania – Nationally recognised training

Number of Observations Read 566
 Number of Observations Used 566
 Response Profile

	Ordered	Total
Value	satis10	Frequency
1	0	94
2	1	472

Probability modeled is satis10=1.

Model Convergence Status

Quasi-complete separation of data points detected.

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Type 3 Analysis of Effects

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0

Test	Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq
Likelihood Ratio	31.0463	34	0.6132
Score	28.5929	34	0.7297
Wald	19.4330	34	0.9786

Type 3 Analysis of Effects

Effect	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	Wald	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
year	2	3.0268	0.2202		1	1.7754	0.2806	40.0356	<.0001
industry*A5SUM	32	17.4593	0.9828		1	-0.4669	0.2860	2.6659	0.1025
					1	-0.1041	0.3144	0.1096	0.7406
					1	-0.1856	1.1440	0.0266	0.8705
					1	-0.2831	0.6884	0.1751	0.6756

Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates

		Point	95% Wald Confidence Limits
Effect	Estimate		
Year 2005 vs 2009	0.627	0.358	1.098
Year 2007 vs 2009	0.901	0.487	1.669
Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses			
Percent Concordant	63.0	Somers' D	0.304
Percent Discordant	32.6	Gamma	0.318
Percent Tied	4.3	Tau-a	0.084
Pairs	44368	c	0.652
Industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Large (100+ employees)	1	-1.1579 0.9406 1.5155
Industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.2489 1.1027 0.0509
Industry*A5SUM Construction	Large (100+ employees)	1	13.3624 605.8 0.0005
Industry*A5SUM Construction	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.2310 0.6567 0.1238
Industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.3146 1.1025 0.0814
Industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.0882 0.6738 0.0171
Industry*A5SUM Education	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.1963 0.8193 0.0574
Industry*A5SUM Education	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	1.4027 1.0486 1.7893
Industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.4061 1.1770 0.1191
Industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.8396 0.8974 0.8753
Industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Large (100+ employees)	1	13.3136 647.6 0.0004
Industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.1000 0.6748 0.0220
Industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.3434 0.5488 0.3914
Industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.3464 0.7870 0.1937
Industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.2544 0.5446 0.2182
Industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.0683 0.4934 0.0192
Industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.7120 0.7748 0.8444
Industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.1791 0.7943 0.0508
Industry*A5SUM Mining	Large (100+ employees)	1	-1.7059 0.8518 4.0111
Industry*A5SUM Mining	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.6502 1.1808 0.3032
Industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.6199 0.8644 0.5143
Industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.7266 1.0720 0.4594
Industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	13.2217 543.5 0.0006
Industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.7003 0.7725 0.3647
Industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.4684 0.7001 0.4477
Industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.4276 0.7810 0.2998
Industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Large (100+ employees)	1	13.4478 987.5 0.0002
Industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.5051 0.7787 0.4208
Industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	-1.6070 1.0266 2.4503
Industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	-0.9781 1.2575 0.6050
Odds Ratio Estimates			

Northern Territory – Nationally recognised training

Number of Observations Read 433
 Number of Observations Used 433

Response Profile

Ordered Value	satis10	Total Frequency
1	0	79
2	1	354

Probability modeled is satis10=1.

Model Convergence Status

Quasi-complete separation of data points detected.

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Model Fit Statistics

	Intercept	and	Intercept	Only	Covariates
AIC	413.424		413.424		435.445
SC	417.495		417.495		569.780
-2 Log L	411.424		411.424		369.445
R-Square	0.0924		Max-rescaled R-Square		0.1506

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0

Test	Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq
Likelihood Ratio	41.9787	32	0.1115
Score	38.0345	32	0.2137
Wald	19.6533	32	0.9570

Type 3 Analysis of Effects

Effect	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
year	2	6.7551	0.0341
industry*A5SUM	30	14.9201	0.99902

NOTE: The following parameters have been set to 0, since the variables are a linear combination of other variables as shown.

industryConstructionA5SUMLarge = 0
 industryElectricity_Gas_And_Wat = 0

Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates

Parameter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
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		Odds Ratio Estimates	Point	95% Wald Confidence Limits
Effect		Estimate		
Intercept		<.0001		
year	2005	1	1.8304	0.3086 35.1888
year	2007	1	-0.6981	0.3412 4.1865
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.8740	0.3499 6.2381
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	12.6484	405.2 0.0010
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Large (100+ employees)	1	0.6207	1.0965 0.3204
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	12.8678	710.2 0.0003
industry*A5SUM Construction	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.2729	0.8576 0.1013
industry*A5SUM Construction	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0	0 0.7503
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.2445	0.4869 0.2521
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	12.6919	710.2 0.0003
industry*A5SUM Education	Large (100+ employees)	1	-1.6486	0.6870 5.7583
industry*A5SUM Education	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.3148	1.1235 0.0785
industry*A5SUM Education	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.9332	0.7800 1.4312
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Large (100+ employees)	0	0	0 0.2316
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	12.7806	709.1 0.0003
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Large (100+ employees)	1	-15.9668	1817.5 0.0001
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.3993	0.8065 0.2451
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.4225	0.6300 0.4497
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.6279	0.7922 0.6283
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	1.5975	1.0530 2.3014
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.3125	0.5398 0.3351
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Large (100+ employees)	1	12.3691	698.4 0.0003
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.3384	0.8219 0.1695
industry*A5SUM Mining	Large (100+ employees)	1	12.3420	439.2 0.0008
industry*A5SUM Mining	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.0939	1.1505 0.0067
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.6524	1.2597 0.2683
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	12.3001	441.8 0.0008
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Large (100+ employees)	1	-0.1851	0.8407 0.0485
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.5915	0.6632 0.7954
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	12.4357	400.1 0.0010
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.5893	0.8020 0.5399
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Large (100+ employees)	1	12.6267	493.4 0.0007
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	0.4685	0.6697 0.4893
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1	12.8678	1004.3 0.0002
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1	12.1919	495.4 0.0006

Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses			
Percent Concordant	68.0	Somers' D	0.410
Percent Discordant	27.0	Gamma	0.432
Percent Tied	5.0	Tau-a	0.123
Pairs	27966	c	0.705

Australian Capital Territory – Nationally recognised training

Number of Observations Read 522
 Number of Observations Used 522
 Response Profile

Ordered Value	satis10	Frequency	Total
1	0	73	
2	1	449	

Probability modeled is satis10=1.

Model Convergence Status

Quasi-complete separation of data points detected.

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Model Fit Statistics

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0

Test	Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq
Likelihood Ratio	47.1308	30	0.0242
Score	39.8626	30	0.1076
Wald	14.6310	30	0.9917

Type 3 Analysis of Effects

Wald

Effect	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
year	2	0.4340	0.8049
industry*A5SUM	28	14.0036	0.9872

NOTE: The following parameters have been set to 0, since the variables are a linear combination of other variables as shown.
 industryAgriculture_Forestry_A2 = 0
 industryWholesale_TradeA5SUMLarg = 0

Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates

Parameter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
Intercept	1	1.4677	0.2634	31.0502	<.0001
year	1	-0.1406	0.3114	0.2040	0.6515

Effect	Point Estimate	95% Confidence Limits
year 2005 vs 2009	0.869	0.472 1.599
year 2007 vs 2009	1.088	0.555 2.131
Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses		
Percent Concordant	65.7	Somers' D 0.395
Percent Discordant	26.2	Gamma 0.430
Percent Tied	8.1	Tau-a 0.095
Pairs	32777	c 0.697
Odds Ratio Estimates		
year	2007	Point 95% Wald
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	Large (100+ employees)	1 0.0844 0.3431
industry*A5SUM Accommodation, Cafes And Restaurants	Medium (10-99 employees)	1 11.6389 216.3
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Large (100+ employees)	1 0.7348 1.0728
industry*A5SUM Agriculture, Forestry And Fishing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1 11.6611 483.7
industry*A5SUM Construction	Large (100+ employees)	0 0 0.0006
industry*A5SUM Construction	Medium (10-99 employees)	1 0.4374 0.6525
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Large (100+ employees)	1 0.4947 1.0873
industry*A5SUM Cultural And Recreational Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1 -0.7361 0.7356
industry*A5SUM Education	Large (100+ employees)	1 0.7752 0.7701
industry*A5SUM Education	Medium (10-99 employees)	1 11.5850 189.6
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Large (100+ employees)	1 11.5902 684.7
industry*A5SUM Electricity, Gas And Water Supply	Medium (10-99 employees)	1 11.5902 684.7
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Large (100+ employees)	1 11.5827 394.5
industry*A5SUM Finance And Insurance	Medium (10-99 employees)	1 0.3253 0.5751
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Large (100+ employees)	1 0.8347 0.7689
industry*A5SUM Government Administration And Defence	Medium (10-99 employees)	1 -0.1355 0.8288
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Large (100+ employees)	1 1.8505 1.0367
industry*A5SUM Health And Community Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1 1.3837 0.7530
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Large (100+ employees)	1 -0.5426 0.8646
industry*A5SUM Manufacturing	Medium (10-99 employees)	1 11.6340 279.0
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Large (100+ employees)	1 11.6611 483.7
industry*A5SUM Personal And Other Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1 -1.1194 0.7924
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Large (100+ employees)	1 11.6158 176.5
industry*A5SUM Property And Business Services	Medium (10-99 employees)	1 0.00329 0.4670
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Large (100+ employees)	1 11.5864 279.2
industry*A5SUM Retail Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1 -0.1738 0.5418
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Large (100+ employees)	1 -16.6688 2144.9
industry*A5SUM Transport And Storage	Medium (10-99 employees)	1 11.5739 189.7
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Large (100+ employees)	0 0 0
industry*A5SUM Wholesale Trade	Medium (10-99 employees)	1 11.5484 484.0