CONSOLIDATED STATE PERFORMANCE REPORT: Part II

for
STATE FORMULA GRANT PROGRAMS
under the
ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT
As amended by the
No Child Left Behind Act of 2001

For reporting on School Year 2002-2003



DUE JUNE 30, 2004

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION WASHINGTON, DC 20202

	OMB Number:
	Expiration Date:
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Consolidated State Per	formance Report
For	·
State Formula Gra	nt Programs
under th	
Elementary And Second	
as amended	
No Child Left Behin	
No Offilia Ecit Berlin	d Act of 2001
Name of State Educational Agency (SEA) Submitting	ng This Report:
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Dr. Suellen Bood, Superintendent of Bublic Instruct	ion
Dr. Suellen Reed, Superintendent of Public Instruct	
	06/20/2004
O'martum	06/30/2004
Signature	Date

I. Improving Basic Programs Operated by Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A)

A. Student Achievement and High-Poverty Schools

- 1. Please provide the number of public schools with poverty rates of 40% or greater reporting an increase in the number of students performing at the proficient or advanced levels of student achievement in **reading/language arts** as measured by State assessments administered in the 2002-2003 school year as compared to assessments administered in the 2001-2002 school year. __299___

B. Title I, Part A Schools by Type of Program

For the 2002-2003 school year, please provide the following:

1. Total Number of Title I schools in the State	799
2. Total Number of Title I Targeted Assistance Schools in the State	619
3. Total Number of Title I Schoolwide Program Schools in the State	180

C. Title I, Part A Student Participation

1. Student Participation in Title I, Part A by Special Services/Programs and Racial/Ethnic Groups

Student Participation in Title I, A by Special Services or Programs					
Number of Students Served					
Students with Disabilities	17,381				
Limited English Proficient	5,082				
Homeless	1,460				
Migrant	873				

Student Participation in Title I, A by Racial or Ethnic Group					
Number of Students Served					
American Indian or Alaskan Native	216				
Asian / Pacific Islander	574				
Black or African American	33,023				
Hispanic or Latino	10,917				
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander					
White	69,464				

2. Student Participation in Title I, Part A by Grade Level

Student Participation in Title I, Part A by Grade Level							
	Public TAS	Public SWP	Private	Local Neglected	Total	Percent of Total	
Age 0-2							
Age 3-5	485	1723	20	7	2,235	1.80	
K	8,804	8,822	369	9	18,004	14.76	
1	13,786	9,992	502	26	24,306	19.93	
2	10,759	9,318	446	38	20,561	16.90	
3	6,689	8,624	386	42	15,741	12.91	
4	4,145	8,468	255	92	12,960	10.63	
5	3,989	8,222	222	93	12,526	10.27	
6	2,609	3,902	163	167	6,841	5.61	
7	1,410	1,744	84	223	3,461	2.84	
8	1,212	1,626	64	277	3,179	2.61	
9	88	262	29	363	742	.61	
10	45	143	15	279	482	.39	
11	34	125	1	209	369	.30	
12	29	85	1	91	206	.17	
Ungraded	-0-	222	-0-	112	334	.27	
TOTALS	54,084	63,278	2,557	2,028	121,947	100	

3. Student Participation in Title I, Part A Targeted Assistance Programs by Instructional and Support Services

Student Participation in Title I, A Targeted Assistance (TAS) Programs by Instructional and Support Services							
Instruction	Instructional Services						
Number of Students Served							
Mathematics	17,081						
Reading/Language Arts	43,702						
Science	N/A						
Social Studies	N/A						
Vocational/Career	N/A						
Other (specify)							
Support	Services						
Health, Dental, and Eye Care	2,320						
Supporting Guidance/Advocacy	6,003						
Other (Home Visits)	2,711						

C. Staff Information for Title I, Part A Targeted Assistance Programs

Staff Information for Title I, A Targeted Assistance Programs					
	Number of Title I Targeted				
	Assistance Program FTE Staff				
Administrators (non-clerical)	50.33				
Teachers	687.06				
Teacher Aides	906.15				
Support Staff (clerical and non-clerical)	76.23				
Other (specify)	28.74				

II. William F. Goodling Even Start Family Literacy Programs (Title I, Part B, Subpart 3)

A. Subgrants and Even Start Program Participants

For the 2002-2003 school year, please provide the following information:

1. Federally Funded Even Start Subgrants in the State	
a. Number of federally funded Even Start subgrants in the State	18
2. Even Start Families Served	
a. Total number of families served	539
b. Total number of adults participating	566
c. Total number of adults who are English language learners	59
d. Total number of children participating	796
3. Characteristics of newly enrolled families at the time of enrollment	
a. Number of newly enrolled families	391
b. Number of newly enrolled adult participants	437
c. Percent of newly enrolled families at or below the Federal Poverty level	85%
d. Percent of newly enrolled adult participants without a high school diploma or GED	87%
e. Percent of newly enrolled adult participants who have not gone beyond the 9 th grade	41%
4. Percent of families that have remained in the program	
a. Less than 3 months	18%
b. From 4 to 6 months	24%
c. From 7 to 12 months	28%
d. More than 12 months	30%

B. State Even Start Performance Indicators

Indiana Even Start Programs - Program Year 2002-2003

Total number of Programs Reporting = 14 (4 programs were start-ups this year and not included in this report.)

	Performance Indicator	Target or Standard	Measure	Results 2001-2002	Results 2002-2003	Assessment of Progress '03	Explanation of Progress
1	Recruitment	A minimum of 15 families (12 hours or more) are enrolled per site per quarter.	Sign-in sheets, Attendance forms, Participation Report	6 of 12 sites met the standard (50%), 209- 279 families and 336- 428 children were enrolled for 12 hours or more at all times during the year.	7 of 14 sites met the standard (50%), 261-291 families and 422-453 children were enrolled for 12 hours or more at all times during the year.	Standard not met.	Program sites in largest population areas did meet the recruitment standard. Projects in smaller communities have a more difficult time recruiting.
2	Retention in Program – Adults	40% of enrolled families for a minimum of 12 months (with a minimum attendance = 75% for parent <u>and</u> child).	Sign-in sheets, Attendance forms, Participation Report	Unreliable data	5 of 14 sites met the standard (36%)	Standard not met.	On average, 35% of families remain in the program for a min. of 12 months.
		40% of enrolled families for a minimum of 6 months (with a minimum attendance = 75% for parent and child).			6 of 14 sites met the standard (43%)		On average, 29% of families remain in the program for 6-12 months.
		10% of enrolled families for a minimum of 3 months (with a minimum attendance = 75% for parent and child).			10 of 14 sites met the standard (71%)		On average, 20% of families remain in the program for 3-6 months.
3	Recruitment in Program for Teens	A minimum of 15 families (12 hours or more) are enrolled per site per quarter.	Sign-in sheets, Attendance forms, Participation Report	Only 1 site serving teen parents – standard not met.	2 sites serve teen parents – standard not met	Standard not met.	Enrollments were not large enough at the two sites.

	Performance Indicator	Target or Standard	Measure	Results 2001-2002	Results 2002-2003	Assessment of Progress '03	Explanation of Progress
	Retention in Program for Teens	10% of teen parent families are enrolled for 12 or more months.	Sign-in sheets, Attendance forms, Participation Report	Unreliable data	1 of 2 sites met the standard (50%)	Standard not met.	On average, 36% of families remain in the program for a min. of 12 months.
4		45% of teen parent families are enrolled for 6-12 months.			1 of 2 sites met the standard (50%)		On average, 36% of families remain in the program for 6-12 months.
		35% of teen parent families are enrolled for 3-6 months.			1 of 2 sites met the standard (50%)		On average, 18% of families remain in the program for 3-6 months.
5	Collabor- ation	A minimum of four coordination advisory meetings are held with collaborators.	Collaboration Report, Meeting Minutes	10 of 11 sites met the standard (91%). Average number of meetings held = 6.27.	12 of 14 sites met the standard (86%). Average number of meetings held = 6.64	Standard met.	All programs convene advisory committees and attempt to meet on a quarterly basis.
		Ten or more, or an increase of two, non-LEA collaborating agencies made in-kind contributions.	Cumulative In- Kind Report		13 of 14 sites met the standard (92%). Average number of agencies making inkind contributions = 16.83	Standard met	
6	Year-Round Services	A minimum of 20 contact sessions were held with Even Start families during the summer.	Program records, Year-Round Services Report	8 of 10 sites met the standard (80%). A statewide average of 24.23 sessions were held.	12 of 14 sites met the standard (86%). A statewide average of 25.43 sessions were held.	Standard met.	
		At least 75% of summer sessions focus on adult education, early childhood education and/or parenting objectives.	Program records, Lesson plans, Year-Round Services Report	10 of 10 sites met the standard (100%)	14 of 14 sites met the standard (100%).	Standard met.	

	Performance Indicator	Target or Standard	Measure	Results 2001-2002	Results 2002-2003	Assessment of Progress '03	Explanation of Progress
7	PreSchool-Age Children's Achievement	75% or more of Even Start preschool children will demonstrate a one-level increase in language and literacy, numeracy and concept development, and socialization and inter-personal skills.	COR, Work Sampling System, LAP- R/ELAP, Galileo System	5 of 11 sites reporting met the standard (45%). Making expected progress (Indiana average) Language and Literacy (72%) Numeracy and Concept Development (70%) Socialization and Interpersonal Development (76%)	13 of 14 sites met the standard (93%). 605 children in preschool program, 261 enrolled for 6 months or more (43%) Making expected progress (Indiana average) Language and Literacy (92%) Numeracy and Concept Development (91%) Socialization and Interpersonal Development (95%)	Standard met.	
8	School-Age Children's Achievement	At least 90% of Even Start K-3 children will maintain a school attendance rate of 95% or better; demonstrate grade-level or above reading ability; make continuous progress through grade 3 without being retained in grade; and pass the 3 rd grade ISTEP+ in English/language arts and math.	School Age Children's Achievement Form	2 of the 9 sites with K-3 children met the standard (22%). Making expected progress (Indiana average) Attendance rate of 95% (82%) Continuous progress (22%) Pass the ISTEP+ (88%)	0 of the 8 sites with K-3 children met the standard (0%). 103 school-age children in K-3 Making expected progress (Indiana average) Attendance rate of 95% (78%) Grade level or above reading ability (65%) Continuous progress (96%) Pass the ISTEP+ (50%)	Standard not met.	Difficulty for children in the program to demonstrate reading ability on grade level or above and to pass the ISTEP+. Some of the children served are special needs.

	Performance Indicator	Target or Standard	Measure	Results 2001-2002	Results 2002-2003	Assessment of Progress '03	Explanation of Progress
9	Parent Involvement in Home and School	80% of parents participate in at least 80% of parent-teacher conferences and monthly home visits.	Attendance sheets, Parent Involvement in Home and School Form, PACT records	9 of 12 sites met the standard (75%). Statewide, an average of 83% of the parents met this standard.	13 of 14 sites met the standard (93%). Statewide, an average of 92% of the parents met the standard.	Standard met.	
		75% of parents extend literacy and learning activities into the home at least 4 times weekly.		7 of 11 sites met the standard (64%). Statewide, 74% of the parents met section (1) of the standard, 85%	10 of 14 sites met the standard (71%). Statewide, an average of 85% of the parents met the standard.	Standard met.	
		80% of parents participate in a minimum of 6 family activities with a literacy or leaning focus;		met section (2), and 92% of the parents met section (3).	10 of 14 sites met the standard (71%). Statewide, an average of 83% of the parents met the standard.	Standard met.	
10	Parenting and PACT Services	At least 10 parent-child interactive literacy activities are incorporated monthly.	Parent-Child Interactive Literacy Activity Record	7 of 12 sites met the standard (58%). Statewide, this goal was met an average of 7.6 months.	13 of 14 sites met the standard (93%). Statewide, this goal was met an average of 10.21 months.	Standard met.	Some misinterpretations of the reporting form exist. These are being corrected with revised forms
11	Parent Support Training Activities	At least two parent support or training activities are held monthly.	Parent Support Training Activities Log	6 of 12 sites met the standard (50%). Statewide, this goal was met an average of 7.13 months.	14 of 14 sites met the standard (100%). Statewide, this goal was met an average of 10.86 months.	Standard met.	

	Performance	Target or Standard	Measure	Results	Results	Assessment of	Explanation of
	Indicator	Ü		2001-2002	2002-2003	Progress '03	Progress
12	Adult	After 40 hours of instruction, a	TABE,	3 of 12 sites met the	7 of 14 sites met the standard for	Standard met.	
	Achievement	percentage of adult learners at specified	CASA,	standard for <u>all</u> levels	<u>all</u> levels of learning (50%).		
		levels will complete that level and	Adult	of learning (25%).			
		advance to the next level as follows:	Learner		Statewide, an unduplicated count		
			Results	Statewide averages	of 376 adult learners achieved		
			Form	exceed the specified	40+ hours of instruction, 278		
				levels.	advanced one or more levels		
					(74%)		
		20% of Beginning Literacy ABE			18 enrolled, 15 advanced (83%)		
		28% of Beginning Basic ABE			41 enrolled, 25 advanced (61%)		
		30% of Low Intermediate ABE			81 enrolled, 55 advanced (68%)		
		30% of High Intermediate ABE			138 enrolled, 87 advanced (63%)		
		34% of Low Adult Secondary Education			89 enrolled, 54 advanced (61%)		
		35% of High Adult Secondary Education			57 enrolled, 21 advanced (37%)		
		23% of Beginning Literacy ESL			3 enrolled, 3 advanced (100%)		
		27% of Beginning Basic ESL			22 enrolled, 15 advanced (68%)		
		28% of Low Intermediate ESL			19 enrolled, 11 advanced (58%)		
		28% of High Intermediate ESL			15 enrolled, 11 advanced (73%)		
		30% of Low Advanced ESL			10 enrolled, 5 advanced (50%)		
		30% of High Advanced ESL			1 enrolled, 1 advanced (100%)		
13	Adult	20% of adult learners with the goal of	Adult	10 of 12 sites met the	10 of 11 sites met the standard	Standard met.	* 48 adult learners
	Learner	advanced education/training will enroll in	Learner	standard (83%).	(91%).		had a goal of
	Attainment	post-secondary education or a job	Results				advanced
		training/retraining program.	Form	Statewide, 70% of	Statewide, 129% of adult		education/training,
				adult learners met the	learners met the standard. *		but 62 actually
				standard.			enrolled; hence,
							129% success rate.
		20% of adults not employed at enrollment	Adult	Incomplete data.	11 of 12 sites met the standard	Standard met.	
		with the goal of employment will obtain	Learner		(91%).		
		unsubsidized employment.	Results				
			Form		Statewide, 283 adults not		
					employed, 106 with goal of		
					employment, 81 placed (76%)		
		34% of adults with a high school	Adult	11 of 11 sites met the	11 of 14 sites met the standard	Standard met.	
		completion goal will earn a high school	Learner	standard (100%).	(79%).		
		diploma or GED.	Results	600/ 6.1 . 1			
			Form	60% of the students,	Statewide, 83% with goal of		
				statewide, achieved	high school completion, 51		
				this standard.	completed (61%)		

	Performance	Target or Standard	Measure	Results	Results	Assessment of	Explanation of
	Indicator			2001-2002	2002-2003	Progress '03	Progress
14	Adult Employability	Based on parents' goals, at least 80% of parents either (1) improve their computer skills or (2) improve employability-related attitudes, behaviors, and skills.	Computer Skills Competency Checklist, Employment Related Attitude Behavior Appraisal, Transferable Employability Skills Checklist	8 of 10 sites with parents who held these goals met the standard (80%). Statewide, an average of 90% of the parents achieved this standard.	11 of 12 sites met the standard (92%). Statewide, 85 % of the parents with goal of improving computer skills achieved their goal and 81% of parents with goal of improving employability behaviors achieved their goal.	Standard met.	
15	Teen Parent Achievement	 Of teen parents participating in a secondary program, 65% pass the ISTEP+ GQE in both English/language arts and math and/or receive a waiver in those areas; 75% who retest on the ISTEP+ GQE increase their scores; 80% will accumulate Core 40 high school credits at a rate to ensure on-time graduation; and 80% with a grade 12 status in the fall of the year will earn a high school diploma during the school year. 	ISTEP Results, High school records	0 of 1 project site met all components of the standard (0%) 55% of the teen parents passed the ISTEP+ GQE, 100% increased their scores on retest, 100% accumulated credits at the appropriate rate, and 100% of grade 12 students received a diploma.	0 of 2 project sites met all components of the standard (0%) 67% of the teen parents passed the ISTEP+ GQE, 100% increased their scores on retest, 29% accumulated credits at the appropriate rate, and 100% of grade 12 students received a diploma.	Standard not met.	The requirement that student accumulate Core 40 credits is not realistic for the teen parents. The goals of passing the ISTEP+ GQE and earning a high school diploma are quite appropriate and can be achieved without Core 40 status.

III. Education of Migratory Children (Title I, Part C)

TABL	E I. POPULATION DATA	Ages 0-2	Ages 3-5	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Un- grad- ed	Out- of- school	Total
A. E	LIGIBLE MIGRANT CHILDREN				1	1	1		1							1			
1.	All Migrant Children Eligible for the MEP	1187	1312	573	549	554	521	507	472	519	512	467	499	474	356	319	39	1688	10,548
B. P	RIORITY FOR SERVICES				•	1	•									1			
1.	All Migrant Children Eligible for MEP classified as having "Priority for Services"			281	269	271	255	248	231	254	251	229	245	232	174	156	21		3117
C. L	IMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENT (LEP)																		
1.	Migrant Children who are LEP		111	213	340	318	313	304	324	349	274	228	226	184	159	96		1296	4735
D. C	HILDREN ENROLLED IN SPECIAL EDU	CATC	N																
1.	Migrant Children Enrolled in Special Education				4			3	4	5	1	3	3		3		39		65
E. M	IOBILITY																		
1.	Migrant Children with a Last Qualifying Move within 12 Months (Counting back from the Last Day of the Reporting Period)	581	642	281	269	271	255	248	231	254	251	229	245	232	174	156	21	827	5167
2.	Migrant Children with a Last Qualifying Move within Previous 13 – 24 Months (Counting back from the Last Day of the Reporting Period)	369	394	172	164	166	156	152	142	156	154	140	150	142	107	96	13	506	3179
3.	Migrant Children with a Last Qualifying Move within Previous 25 – 36 Months (Counting back from the Last Day of the Reporting Period)	165	182	80	77	78	73	71	66	73	72	65	70	66	50	45	5	236	1474
4.	Migrant Children with any Qualifying Move within a Regular School Year (Count any Qualifying Move within the Previous 36 Months)			483	479	481	452	461	406	439	428	413	441	401	303	286	39		5512

	E II. ACADEMIC STATUS	0-2	Ages 3-5	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	10	1		school	
	F. HIGH SCHOOL COMPLETION (Note: Data on the high school graduation <u>rate</u> and school dropout <u>rate</u> for migrant students has been collected through Part I of the Consolidated State Performance Report.)																
1.	Dropped out of school												 		 		*
2.	Obtained GED																*
	ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT (Note: The results of migrant students on State assessments in mathematics and reading/ language arts have been collected in Part I of the Consolidated State Performance Report.)																

^{*} Not Collected in 2002-03

	E III. MEP PARTICIPATION ARTICIPATION—REGULAR SCHOOL YE	0-2	Ages 3-5	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Un- grad- ed	Out- of- school	Total
Su ch	rved in MEP (with an Instructional or pportive Service Only do not include ildren served in any SWPs even if MEP ands are combined)	740	1412	462	476	461	439	399	423	429	421	368	415	407	368	253	36	1411	8420
2.	Priority for Service			227	211	201	203	221	201	210	213	204	214	206	160	117	31		2619
3.	Continuation of Service										ł		ł						*
4.	Any Instructional Service			462	476	461	439	399	423	429	421	368	415	407	368	253	36	617	5974
5.	Reading Instruction			462	476	461	439	399	423	429	421	368	415	407	368	253	36	617	5974
6.	Mathematics Instruction			462	476	461	439	399	423	429	421	368	415	407	368	253	36	617	5974
7.	High School Credit Accrual												43	32	39	31			145
8.	Any Support Service	287	791	182	328	302	299	270	282	295	243	235	237	182	158	140	36	891	5158
9.	Counseling Service			8	19	17	25	12	22	32	39	39	37	26	19	12	4		311
10.	Any Referred Service	103	529									10	12	11	12	15			692

^{*}Not Collected in 2002-03

	E III. MEP PARTICIPATION	Ages 0-2	3-5	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Un- grad- ed	Out- of- school	Total
H. PA	I. PARTICIPATION—SUMMER TERM OR INTERSESSION																		
Pro	rved in MEP Summer or Intersession bject (with an Instructional or Supportive rvice Only)	716	842	477	412	447	422	419	371	421	407	384	397	352	314	264	11	1447	8103
2.	Priority for Service			217	221	233	211	206	197	216	219	189	193	181	143	118	11		2555
3.	Continuation of Service																		*
4.	Any Instructional Service			477	412	447	422	419	371	421	407	384	397	352	314	264	11	342	5440
5.	Reading Instruction			477	412	447	422	419	371	421	407	384	397	352	314	264	11	342	5440
6.	Mathematics Instruction			477	412	447	422	419	371	421	407	384	397	352	314	264	11	342	5440
7.	High School Credit Accrual												8	15	12	10			45
8.	Any Support Service	396	758	134	292	283	265	264	253	274	245	238	235	201	159	137	11	93	5138
9.	Counseling Service			1	10	7	5	8	6	7	3	3	4	2	6	9	11		82
10.	Any Referred Service	116	611										17	12	19	18			793

^{*}Not Collected in 2002-03

TABLE IV. SCHOOL DATA		
I. STUDENT ENROLLMENT	NUMBER OF SCHOOLS	NUMBER OF MIGRANT CHILDREN ENROLLED
Schools Enrolling Migrant Children	a. 283	b. 16,239
Schools in Which MEP Funds are Combined in SWP	a. 9	b. 497

TABLE V. MEP PROJECT DATA		
J. TYPE OF MEP PROJECT	NUMBER OF MEP PROJECTS	NUMBER OF MIGRANT CHILDREN ENROLLED
MEP Projects: Regular School Year (Services Provided During the School Day Only)	a. 21	b. 5052
MEP Projects: Regular School Year (Some or All Services Provided During an Extended Day/Week)	a. 0	b. 0
3. MEP Projects: Summer/Intersession Only	a. 1	b. 123
4. MEP Projects: Year Round (Services Provided throughout the Regular School Year and Summer/Intersession Terms)	a. 12	b. 5697

TABLE V. MEP PROJECT DATA		
	REGULAR-TERM FTE	SUMMER-TERM /INTERSESSION FTE
K. KEY MEP PERSONNEL	1 FTE = 180 Days	1 FTE =30 Days
1. State Director	a. 1.0	b. 1.0
2. Teachers	a. 36.5	b. 78.0
3. Counselors	a. 3.5	b. 4.5
4. All Paraprofessionals	a. 93.5	b. 104.5
5. "Qualified" Paraprofessionals	a. 72.0	b. 81.5
6. Recruiters	a. 7.5	b. 20.5
7. Records Transfer Staff	a. 16.5	b. 13.5

IV. Prevention and Intervention Programs for Children and Youth Who Are Neglected, Delinquent or At-Risk (Title I, Part D)

The first year for which States are asked to submit data on program results is the 2003-2004 school year. These data will not be available in Spring 2004, but will be requested for the next Consolidated State Performance Report which will cover the results of school year 2003-2004 activities.

V. Comprehensive School Reform (Title I, Part F)

Performance data needed for this program will be available from another source. The Department will implement a national evaluation and data reporting system to provide essential data needed to measure program performance. States will be notified and are requested to participate in these activities once they are implemented.

VI. Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (Teacher and Principal and Recruiting Fund) (Title II, Part A)

Performance data needed for this program will be available from another source. The Department will implement a national evaluation and data reporting system to provide essential data needed to measure program performance. States will be notified and are requested to participate in these activities once they are implemented.

VII. Enhancing Education through Technology (Title II, Part D)

The first school year in which LEA projects were implemented is the 2003-2004 school year. Therefore performance data for this program will not be available until next year when the next Consolidated State Performance Report will be due.

VIII. English Language Acquisition, Language Enhancement, and Academic Achievement (Title III, Part A)

States are not required to report any additional data for the 2002-2003 school year in this Part II of the Consolidated State Performance Report. States reported data for the 2002-2003 school year for the Title III program in the September 2003 Consolidated State Application. Specifically, in the September 2003 Consolidated State Application, States reported the information listed below.

IX. Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act (Title IV, Part A)

A. 1 State Performance Indicators for Title IV, A - Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities

Indicator	Instrument/ Data Source	Frequency of collection and year of most recent collection	2002-2003 Baseline	Targets
Decrease the number of persistently dangerous schools, as defined by the state.		Frequency: Annually Most Recent Year: 2003-2004	0	2003-2004 0 2004-2005 0 2005-2006 0
	DOE EV Danast	Factoria Annually		2006-2007 0 2003-2004 1221
Decrease the number of expulsions for possession of deadly weapons	DOE-EX Report	Frequency: Annually Most Recent Year: 2002-2003	1,246	2003-2004 1221 2004-2005 1196 2005-2006 1172
	DOE EV I DOE	E		2006-2007 1149
Decrease the number of suspensions and expulsions for the use/possession of alcohol and tobacco	DOE-EX and DOE- SU Reports	Frequency: Annually Most Recent Year: 2002-2003	18,115	2003-2004 17,753 2004-2005 17,398 2005-2006 17,051 2006-2007 16,710
Decrease the percentage of students in grade 8 reporting the use of alcohol in the last month.	ATOD Use by Indiana Children and Adolescents Survey	Frequency: Annually Most Recent Year: 2004	24.3%	2003-2004 23.5% 2004-2005 22.8% 2005-2006 22.1%
Decrease the percentage of students in grade 8 reporting the use of tobacco in the last month.	ATOD Use by Indiana Children and Adolescents Survey	Frequency: Annually Most Recent Year: 2004	14.0%	2006-2007 21.3% 2003-2004 13.4% 2004-2005 12.5% 2005-2006 11.6% 2006-2007 10.7%
Decrease the percentage of students in grade 8 reporting the use of marijuana in the last month.	ATOD Use by Indiana Children and Adolescents Survey	Frequency: Annually Most Recent Year: 2004	10.6%	2003-2004 9.8% 2004-2005 9.4% 2005-2006 9.1% 2006-2007 8.7%
Decrease the percentage of students in grade 10 reporting the use of alcohol in the last month.	ATOD Use by Indiana Children and Adolescents Survey	Frequency: Annually Most Recent Year: 2004	36.9%	2003-2004 34.1% 2004-2005 34.1% 2005-2006 34.1% 2006-2007 34.1%
Decrease the percentage of students in grade 10 reporting the use of tobacco in the last month.	ATOD Use by Indiana Children and Adolescents Survey	Frequency: Annually Most Recent Year: 2004	22.2%	2003-2004 22.1% 2004-2005 20.4% 2005-2006 18.7% 2006-2007 17.0%
Decrease the percentage of students in grade 10 reporting the use of marijuana in the last month.	ATOD Use by Indiana Children and Adolescents Survey	Frequency: Annually Most Recent Year: 2004	18.2%	2003-2004 17.2% 2004-2005 16.8% 2005-2006 16.3% 2006-2007 15.9%
Decrease the percentage of students in grade 12 reporting the use of alcohol in the last month.	ATOD Use by Indiana Children and Adolescents Survey	Frequency: Annually Most Recent Year: 2004	46.1%	2003-2004 42.2% 2004-2005 40.2% 2005-2006 39.3% 2006-2007 36.3%
Decrease the percentage of students in grade 12 reporting the use of tobacco in the last month.	ATOD Use by Indiana Children and Adolescents Survey	Frequency: Annually Most Recent Year: 2004	28.8%	2003-2004 27.4% 2004-2005 24.5% 2005-2006 21.7% 2006-2007 18.8%
Decrease the percentage of students in grade 12 reporting the use of marijuana in the last month.	ATOD Use by Indiana Children and Adolescents Survey	Frequency: Annually Most Recent Year: 2004	19.8%	2003-2004 18.3% 2004-2005 17.2% 2005-2006 16.1% 2006-2007 15.0%

Indicator	Instrument/ Data Source	Frequency of collection and year of most recent collection	2002-2003 Baseline	Targets
Increase the percentage of students in grade 8 responding "moderate risk" or "great risk" to the question "How much do you think people risk	ATOD Use by Indiana Children and Adolescents	Frequency: Annually Most Recent Year: 2004	70.40/	2003-2004 79.0% 2004-2005 78.4%
harming themselves (physically or in other ways) if they smoke one or more packs of cigarettes a day.	Survey		79.1%	2005-2006 77.8% 2006-2007 77.1%
Increase the percentage of students in grade 8 responding "moderate risk" or "great risk" to the question "How much do you think people risk	ATOD Use by Indiana Children and Adolescents	Frequency: Annually Most Recent Year: 2004	69%	2003-2004 70.2% 2004-2005 68.4%
harming themselves (physically or in other ways) if they smoke marijuana occasionally.	Survey		09 /6	2005-2006 66.7% 2006-2007 64.9%
Increase the percentage of students in grade 8 responding "moderate risk" or "great risk" to the question "How much do you think people risk	ATOD Use by Indiana Children and Adolescents	Frequency: Annually Most Recent Year: 2004	28.8%	2003-2004 29.6% 2004-2005 29.1%
harming themselves (physically or in other ways) if they take one or more drinks of alcohol (beer, wine liquor occasionally.	Survey			2005-2006 28.6% 2006-2007 28.0%
Increase the percentage of students in grade 10 responding "moderate risk" or "great risk" to the question "How much do you think people	ATOD Use by Indiana Children and Adolescents	Frequency: Annually Most Recent Year: 2004	84.2%	2003-2004 84.5% 2004-2005 85.9%
risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways) if they smoke one or more packs of cigarettes a day.	Survey			2005-2006 87.3% 2006-2007 88.7%
Increase the percentage of students in grade 10 responding "moderate risk" or "great risk" to the question "How much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways) if they smoke marijuana occasionally.	ATOD Use by Indiana Children and Adolescents Survey	Frequency: Annually Most Recent Year: 2004	57.4%	2003-2004 59.3% 2004-2005 59.9% 2005-2006 60.5% 2006-2007 61.0%
Increase the percentage of students in grade 10 responding "moderate risk" or "great risk" to the question "How much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways) if they take one or more drinks of alcohol (beer, wine liquor occasionally.	ATOD Use by Indiana Children and Adolescents Survey	Frequency: Annually Most Recent Year: 2004	24.1%	2003-2004 26.0% 2004-2005 25.7% 2005-2006 25.4% 2006-2007 25.1%
Increase the percentage of students in grade 12 responding "moderate risk" or "great risk" to the question "How much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways) if they smoke one or more packs of cigarettes a day.	ATOD Use by Indiana Children and Adolescents Survey	Frequency: Annually Most Recent Year: 2004	85.9%	2003-2004 85.9% 2004-2005 86.8% 2005-2006 87.6% 2006-2007 88.5%
Increase the percentage of students in grade 12 responding "moderate risk" or "great risk" to the question "How much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways) if they smoke marijuana occasionally.	ATOD Use by Indiana Children and Adolescents Survey	Frequency: Annually Most Recent Year: 2004	51.9%	2003-2004 53.3% 2004-2005 53.6% 2005-2006 54.0% 2006-2007 54.3%
Increase the percentage of students in grade 12 responding "moderate risk" or "great risk" to the question "How much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways) if they take one or more drinks of alcohol (beer, wine liquor occasionally.	ATOD Use by Indiana Children and Adolescents Survey	Frequency: Annually Most Recent Year: 2004	19.3%	2003-2004 21.2% 2004-2005 21.8% 2005-2006 22.3% 2006-2007 22.9%

A.2 Provide an explanation of the data provided in the table (A.1).

The suspension and expulsion data are collected annually through an electronic self reporting system.

Survey Methodology

Data for the projections were gathered via the annual *Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drug Use by Indiana Children and Adolescents* survey conducted by the Indiana Prevention Resource Center at Indiana University. Participants in the survey included Indiana students in grades 6th through 12th. Data used for the projections were collected in March and April each year from years 2000 through 2004 and utilized data from grades 8th, 10th and 12th.

The survey was administered in both public and private schools each spring. In most cases all students present on the day of administration were surveyed. While administering the survey, all students were informed that they had the right to withdraw from the survey at any time and the survey was anonymous and confidential. While non-probability cluster (intact classrooms) sampling methods were used, the samples were found to be representative in terms of demographic and geographic characteristics, and community size.

While administering the survey, all students were informed that they had the right to withdraw from the survey at any time and the survey was anonymous and confidential. The sample size varied yearly (see table below), nevertheless the percentage of usable (valid) surveys always exceeded 90%.

The self-administered questionnaire consisted of questions concerning demographic characteristics, alcohol, tobacco, and other drug (ATOD) use, school safety, and after-school activities. The instrument was developed by the Indiana Prevention Resource Center based on the questionnaires used for the National Household Survey on Drug Abuse (National Institute on Drug Abuse, 1991) and for the National Institute on Drug Abuse's "Monitoring the Future" National High School Survey (Johnston, et al., 1991, 1992, & 1993). All study protocol was approved by the Institutional Review Board at Indiana University.

		Grade		
Year	8th	10th	12th	Annual
				Total
2000	12,273	11,082	8,166	31,521
2001	17,360	13,099	9,793	40,252
2002	15,538	11,780	7,990	35,308
2003	26,935	21,760	15,500	64,195
2004	17600	16117	11247	44,964

B. In the following charts, indicate the number of out-of-school suspensions or expulsions for elementary, middle, and high school students. States should use their definition of elementary, middle, and high school and provide those definitions in the report.

1. The number of out-of-school suspensions and expulsions for physical fighting.

	Number for 2002-2003 school year	Number of LEAs reporting
Elementary	N/A	N/A
Middle	N/A	N/A
High School	N/A	N/A

2. The number of out-of-school suspensions and expulsions for weapons possession

	Number for 2002-2003	Number of LEAs reporting
	school year	
Elementary	375	293
Middle	462	293
High School	409	293

3. The number of alcohol-related out-of-school suspensions and expulsions.

	Number for 2002-2003 school year	Number of LEAs reporting
Elementary	8	293
Middle	116	293
High School	695	293

4. The number of illicit drug-related out-of-school suspensions and expulsions.

	Number for 2002-2003 school year	Number of LEAs reporting
Elementary	76	293
Middle	1324	293
High School	2421	293

Definitions:

Weapons Related: All data are reported based on local school district discipline codes and are reported under the category of "deadly weapons (other than firearms)" and under the categories of handguns, rifles or shotguns and other firearms as defined by U.S. Code.

C. Describe the outcomes of the State's efforts to inform parents of and include parents in drug and violence prevention efforts.

The state of Indiana has worked to ensure that parents are both informed and included in the drug and violence prevention efforts coordinated through the Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities program. Both the Indiana Department of Education (IDOE) and the Division of Mental Health and Addiction (DMHA), which oversees the Governor's portion of the SDFSC funding, have included parents through various state-level efforts.

The Indiana Department of Education has organized a state Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Advisory Council. Included in the membership of the council is a parent representative. Through this involvement the parent member has had the opportunity to gain greater knowledge and provide input into the drug and violence prevention efforts of IDOE. Also, in an effort to connect parents to prevention in Indiana the IDOE has developed a web page specifically for parents related to Safe and Drug-Free Schools. The web site provides information useful to parents in their role as prevention partners. It also can be used as a vehicle to inform parents of current drug and violence prevention efforts conducted by IDOE.

Through the efforts of the Division of Mental Health and Addiction parents have had the opportunity to participate in the development of a prevention framework for the state. For more than three years, hundreds of Indiana residents working in dozens of task groups have developed the "Framework" to guide the state's prevention efforts in the early 21st Century. The effort was driven by a desire to empower individuals, families, neighborhoods, and grassroots organizations to increase their control over alcohol, tobacco, and other drug problems in their own environments. DMHA also convenes the Governor's Addiction Planning Council which includes a Prevention Committee. The membership of the Addiction Planning Council includes a parent representative who provides a connection to a perspective that is both valuable and necessary.

In addition, other State agencies collaborated with DOE and DMHA to provide training for a workforce that directly serves families at risk for substance abuse and domestic violence.

Finally, Community Consultants were trained to work with volunteers and disseminated local information on crime and violence. Soon the Community Consultants will complete a trainthe-trainer model, Pathways, and will teach volunteers in Local Coordinating Councils how to gather their own local data to improve their Comprehensive County Plans for treatment services, prevention and law enforcement. Together, they will make safer environments for schools and communities.

X. 21st Century Community Learning Centers (Title IV, Part B)

Performance data needed for this program will be available from another source. The Department will implement a national evaluation and data reporting system to provide essential data needed to measure program performance. States will be notified and are requested to participate in these activities once they are implemented.

XI. Innovative Programs (Title V, Part A)

Indiana has created and is implementing a **single accountability system** that incorporates the requirements of both No Child Left Behind (NCLB) and of Indiana accountability laws. The Department funds several types of activities that support local efforts to improve the quality of education for all students. The intended result is that student achievement improves.

Schools are encouraged to *consolidate all school reform efforts under a single continuous school improvement plan*, *focusing* the processes and activities of this plan *on high levels of student achievement*. Examples of the various school reform efforts include, but are not limited to:

- No Child Left Behind.
- Indiana accountability requirements for continuous school improvement and professional development.
- North Central Association (the regional accrediting agency of which Indiana schools are members).
- Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award for Education criteria.
- other school improvement planning and professional development models that meet both local and state requirements.

Department staff members *provide technical assistance* to any school or local school corporation that requests such assistance *with school improvement or professional development planning and implementation*. The focus of such assistance is *to support educators as they develop local capacities* for continuous school improvement. Topics for such technical assistance include, but are not limited to:

- data gathering/analysis/interpretation; data-driven decision-making; identifying the achievement gap (i.e., regional workshops; LEA-sponsored in-service activities; school level work sessions).
- promoting scientifically-based research related to continuous school improvement and closing/eliminating the achievement gaps; prioritizing local program needs (i.e., regional workshops; LEA-sponsored in-service activities; school level work sessions).
- connecting local curriculum/instruction/ assessment/professional development to Indiana academic standards (i.e., regional workshops; LEA-sponsored in-service activities; school level work sessions).
- promoting educational practices that focus on the identified needs of each child as a means to higher levels achievement for all students.
- promoting and guiding the development and implementation of professional development that extends from school improvement goals and that is grounded in the best practices of professional development; moving to the next level of continuous school improvement—revising short and long term plans based on what the data say (i.e., telephone and in-person consultations; regional workshops; LEAsponsored in-service activities; school level work sessions).

Department staff members *promote and support collaboration and development of partnerships* between and among various constituencies: school and community partnerships; college and university partnerships; partnerships with NCA and other professional organizations (i.e., telephone and in-person consultations; regional workshops; LEA-sponsored in-service activities; school level work sessions).

The Indiana Department of Education also uses state level Title V funds to assist in supporting "IndianaNEXT." The mission of "IndianaNEXT" is to provide Indiana principals and superintendents, from public and private schools, high quality leadership development experiences and an understanding of the power of technology to effect systemic change in their schools and districts.

A total of seven Kick-off Conferences will be held from July 1, 2002 to September 30, 2004, which will serve an estimated 1,397 administrators. During the Kick-off, the participants create Goal Action Plans for how they will use technology for school improvement in their schools or corporations. Focus areas for improvement include: teaching and learning, professional development, data analysis, and communication with stakeholders.

B. The table below requests data on student achievement outcomes of **Title V**, **Part A - funded** LEAs that use **20**% or more of Title V, Part A funds and funds transferred from other programs for **strategic priorities including**: **(1)** student achievement in reading and math, **(2)** teacher quality, **(3)** safe and drug free schools, **(4)** access for all students to a quality education. Complete the table below using aggregated data from all LEA evaluations of school year 2002-2003 activities funded in whole or in part from Title V, Part A - Innovative Programs funds.

Priority Activity/Area	Number of LEAs that used 20% or more Title V, Part A, including funds transferred into Title V, Part A (see Note) for:		Total Number
Area 1: Student Achievement in Reading and Math	232	232	755,282
Area 2: Teacher Quality	75	75	241,180
Area 3: Safe and Drug Free Schools	4	4	4,562
Area 4: Increase Access for all Students	52	52	34,371

B.1 Indicate the number of Title V, Part A funded LEAs that did not use, in school year 2002	2-2003, 20% or more of Title V,
Part A funds including funds transferred from other programs into Title V, Part A, for any of t	he priority activities/areas listed in
the table under B above26	
B 2 Indicate the number of LEΔs shown in B 1 that met ΔVP in school year 2002-2003	26

XII. Rural Education Achievement Program (REAP) (Title VI, Part B)

A. Small Rural School Achievement Program (Title VI, Part B, Subpart 1)

Please indicate the number	r of eligible LEAs that	notified the State of	f the LEA's intention to	o use the
Alternative Uses of Fundin	g authority under sect	ion 6211 during the	2002-2003 school ye	ar.
11		•	•	

B. Rural and Low-Income School Program (Title VI, Part B, Subpart 2)

1. LEAs that receive Rural and Low-Income School (RLIS) Program grants may use these funds for any of the purposes listed in the following table. Please indicate in the table the total number of eligible LEAs that used funds for each of the listed purposes during the 2002-2003 school year.

Purpose	Number of LEAs
Teacher recruitment and retention, including the use of signing bonuses and other financial incentives	4
Teacher professional development, including programs that train teachers to utilize technology to improve teaching and to train special needs teachers	4
Educational technology, including software and hardware as described in Title II, Part D	7
Parental involvement activities	2
Activities authorized under the Safe and Drug-Free Schools Program (Title IV, Part A)	2
Activities authorized under Title I, Part A	0
Activities authorized under Title III (Language instruction for LEP and immigrant students)	0

2. Describe the progress the State has made in meeting the goals and objectives for the Rural Low-Income Schools Programs as described in its June 2002 Consolidated State application. Provide quantitative data where available.

Goal One: By 2013-2014, all students will reach high standards, at a minimum attaining proficiency or better in reading/language arts and mathematics.

Exhibit One:

School Corporation % Passing	English/Language Arts			Mathematics		
School Corporation % Passing	2001	2002	2003	2001	2002	2003
Crawford Co Com School Corp	57.2	65.2	65.9	57.1	65.6	66.1
Barr-Reeve Com Schools Inc	77.0	72.4	81.4	82.4	75.9	90.3
North Daviess Com Schools	72.9	74.6	75	71.2	74.0	75.9
Vincennes Community Sch Corp	67.0	71.0	70.3	66.4	62.8	66.6
Shoals Community School Corp	70.1	66.7	70.8	68.0	63.9	74.0
Peru Community Schools	61.5	65.5	67.4	66.6	67.3	74.3
Paoli Community School Corp	66.0	67.2	73.9	72.2	68.5	70.1
Southwest Parke Com Sch Corp	51.0	58.8	62.7	56.1	62.8	63.0
Jac-Cen-Del Community Sch Corp	68.3	66.0	72.9	62.7	55.8	67.0
Knox Community School Corp	54.2	54.1	64.3	56.1	59.8	69.5
Linton-Stockton School Corp	70.2	76.3	69.9	69.1	74.4	75.3

ISTEP+ Data from school years 1998-1999 through 2003-2004, by school corporation by language arts and math can also be located at: www.asap.state.in.us/data.html

Goal Two: School dropout rates will decrease by $\frac{1}{2}$ percent during the life of the program.

Exhibit Two: Number of dropouts by school corporation from school years 1999-2000 through 2002-2003.

Indiana Rural and Low Income Schools Number of Dropouts by School Year

School Corporation		99-00	<u>00-01</u>	<u>01-02</u>	<u>02-03</u>
Crawford Co Com School Corp		18	23	9	10
Barr-Reeve Com Schools Inc		11	10	11	15
North Daviess Com Schools		17	19	11	7
Vincennes Community Sch Corp		19	28	38	26
Shoals Community School Corp		9	3	9	7
Peru Community Schools		34	44	36	48
Paoli Community School Corp		12	11	23	8
Southwest Parke Com Sch Corp			0	0	
Jac-Cen-Del Community Sch Corp		5	7	8	10
Knox Community School Corp	·	16	13	12	18
Linton-Stockton School Corp		0	0	0	0

Goal Three: Each school district participating in the Rural and Low-Income School Program will execute a professional development plan that provides scientifically based professional development for all its instructional staff.

Exhibit Three:

- 1. State Board Rule 511 IAC 6.2 requiring all schools in Indiana to have a school improvement plan in which a plan for professional development is required.
- 2. Rule for applying for state funds for professional development

Strategic and Continuous School Improvement and Achievement Plan (511 IAC 6.2)

General Requirements

- A plan shall lay out objectives for a three (3) year period and must be annually reviewed and revised to accomplish the achievement objectives of the school.
- A plan must establish objectives for the school to achieve. These achievement objectives must be consistent with <u>academic standards</u> and include improvement in at least the following areas:
 - (1) Attendance rate.
 - (2) The percentage of students meeting academic standards under the <u>Indiana Statewide Testing for Educational Progress Plus (ISTEP+)</u> program.
 - (3) For a secondary school, graduation rate.
- A plan must specify how and to what extent the school expects to make continuous improvement in all areas of the education system where results are measured by setting benchmarks for progress on an individual school basis.
- A plan must note specific areas where improvement is needed immediately.

Required Plan Components

A plan must contain the following components for the school:

- (1) A list of the statutes and rules that the school wishes to have suspended from operation for the school.
- (2) A description of the curriculum and information concerning the location of a copy of the curriculum that is available for inspection by members of the public.
- (3) A description and name of the assessments that will be used in the school in addition to <u>Indiana Statewide Testing for Educational Progress Plus (ISTEP+)</u> assessments.

- (4) A plan to be submitted to the governing body and made available to all interested members of the public in an easily understood format.
- (5) A provision to maximize <u>parental participation in the school</u>.
- (6) For a secondary school, a provision to do the following:
 - (A) Offer courses that allow all students to become eligible to receive an <u>Academic</u> Honors Diploma.
 - (B) Encourage all students to earn an <u>Academic Honors Diploma</u> or complete the <u>Core</u> 40 curriculum.
- (7) A provision to maintain a <u>safe and disciplined learning environment</u> for students and teachers.
- (8) A provision for the coordination of <u>technology</u> initiatives.
- (9) The <u>professional development program</u> should include the following:
 - (A) A narrative that includes:
 - (i) A summary <u>analysis of data</u> regarding student learning.
 - (ii) Strategies, programs, and services to address student learning needs.
 - (iii) Activities to implement the strategies, programs, and services.
 - (iv) Evaluation that will be conducted of the impact of the activities.
 - (B) An assurance that the program complies with the board's <u>core principles for professional development</u>.
- (10) The <u>professional development program</u> must be signed by the exclusive representative as an indication of support only for the professional development program component of the plan.

XIII. Funding Transferability for State and Local Educational Agencies (Title VI, Part A, Subpart 2)

A. State Transferability of Funds

Did the State transfer funds under the State Transferability authority of section 6123(a) during the 2002-2003 school year? NO

B. Local Educational Agency Transferability of Funds

1. Please indicate the total number of LEAs that notified the State that they were transferring funds under the LEA Transferability authority of section 6123(b) during the 2002-2003 school year. 104

Program	Total Number of LEAs transferring funds <u>TO</u> eligible program	Total amount of funds transferred <u>TO</u> eligible program
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (section 2121)	41	\$339,203.74
Educational Technology State Grants (section 2412(a)(2)(A))	23	\$234,170.00
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities (section 4112(b)(1))	18	\$181,143.37
State Grants for Innovative Programs (section 5112(a))	75	\$2,059,091.55
Title I, Part A, Improving Basic Programs Operated by LEAs	13	\$112,407.00

Program	Total Number of LEAs transferring funds <u>FROM</u> eligible program	Total amount of funds transferred <u>FROM</u> eligible program
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (section 2121)	78	\$2,073,812.90
Educational Technology State Grants (section 2412(a)(2)(A))	36	\$336,130.13
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities (section 4112(b)(1))	35	\$370,040.56
State Grants for Innovative Programs (section 5112(a))	22	\$146,999.57