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#### ABSTRACT

This report investigates how inner-city schools are performing on the academic goals and standards set by the states for children, examining district-by-district achievement data in math and reading through spring 2002. It also measures achievement gaps between cities and states, African American and Whites, and Hispanics and Whites; presents new data on language proficiency, disability, and income; and discusses progress. Data come from 59 major city school systems. Results indicate that overall, the Great City Schools are making significant gains in math scores on state assessments, there are new gains in reading, and gaps may be narrowing. More urban school districts showed math and reading gains in 2002 than in 2000. However, urban school math and reading achievement remain below national averages. Three factors that shape the urban context include: the nation cannot meet the broad goals of No Child Left Behind and raise achievement nationally without examining the significant percentage of students enrolled in urban schools; students in urban schools are more likely than other students to be African American, Hispanic American, or Asian American, to come from low income families, and to come from non-English speaking homes; and urban schools often lack adequate financial resources. (SM)



# BEATING THE ODDS

# A CITY-BY-CITY ANALYSIS OF STUDENT PERFORMANCE AND ACHIEVEMENT GAPS ON STATE ASSESSMENTS

RESULTS FROM THE 2001-2002 SCHOOL YEAR

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Council of the Great City Schools

March 2003

# BEATING THE ODDS

# A CITY-BY-CITY ANALYSIS OF STUDENT PERFORMANCE AND ACHIEVEMENT GAPS ON STATE ASSESSMENTS



The Council of the Great City Schools is a coalition of about 60 of the nation's largest urban school systems. Its Board of Directors is composed of the Superintendent of Schools and one School Board member from each member city. An Executive Committee of 24 individuals, equally divided in number between Superintendents and School Board members, provides oversight of the 501(c)(3) organization in between Board meetings. The mission of the Council is to advocate for and to assist in the improvement of public education in the nation's major cities. To meet that mission, the Council provides services to its members in the areas of legislation, research, communications, teacher recruitment, curriculum and instruction, and management. The group convenes two major conferences each year on promising practices in urban education; conducts studies on urban school conditions and trends; and operates ongoing networks of senior managers in each city with responsibility in such areas as federal programs, operations and finance, personnel, communications, curriculum, research, technology, and others. The Council was founded in 1956 and incorporated in 1961, and has its headquarters in Washington, D.C.

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The Council of the Great City Schools thanks our superintendents, school board members, research directors, and staff for their courage in producing this report and for their commitment to our urban schoolchildren.

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#### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Council of the Great City Schools has prepared this third edition of *Beating the Odds* (*Beating the Odds III*) to give the nation another look at how inner-city schools are performing on the academic goals and standards set by the states for our children. This analysis examines student achievement in math and reading through spring 2002. It also measures achievement gaps between cities and states, African Americans and Whites, and Hispanics and Whites. And it includes new data on language proficiency, disability, and income. Finally, the report looks at progress. It asks two critical questions: "Are urban schools improving academically?" and "Are urban schools closing achievement gaps?"

In general, Beating the Odds III found fresh evidence that the Great City Schools are making significant gains in math scores on state assessments. The study also found new gains in reading and fragile evidence that gaps may be narrowing.

The findings in *Beating the Odds III* are preliminary and leavened with caution, as they were when we first published these data two years ago. The nation does not have an assessment system that allows our questions to be answered with certainty.

Still, the data from this report indicate that answers are emerging and that urban education may be establishing a beachhead on the rocky shoals of school reform. Some data look better than others. Progress in math is different from that in reading. Trend lines are not the same from one city to another. Not all grades have improved at the same rates. Not all gaps are closing. But the data indicate progress.

This report is the nation's third look at how its major city school systems are performing on the state assessments devised to boost standards, measure progress, provide opportunity, and ensure accountability for results. Data are presented on 59 city school systems in 36 states, city-by-city, year-by-year, and grade-by-grade on each state test in mathematics and reading. Data are also reported by race, language, disability, and income in cases where the state reports these variables publicly.

Every effort was also made to report achievement data in a way that was consistent with No Child Left Behind. This was not always possible, however, because most states are just reporting their test results in this format. Beating the Odds III uses the percentage of students above "proficiency" wherever available, however.

The report also shows important demographic and financial data. Included are enrollment data by race, poverty rates, percentages of English language learners, and average per pupil expenditures. Statistics are also presented on student/teacher ratios and average school size. Finally, changes in these variables between 1995-96 and 2000-2001 are shown. Data are presented for each city and state.

Readers should note that the first report, *Beating the Odds I*, contained data on 55 city school systems. This year's report adds data on Austin, Duval County, Greenville, Memphis, and Oklahoma City; and deletes data on Tulsa—a net increase of four cities—since our first report.



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#### Where We Are Today: Key Findings

To assess achievement in the Great City Schools, the Council analyzed state assessment data in a variety of ways.

First, we examined assessment data at the *district* level for all of the Great City School systems from the time they were first tested by the state through Spring 2002 (the most recent available). We determined the percentage of member districts that had improved in reading and math over this period: (a) in *all* grades tested; (b) at *faster* rates than the statewide average in *all* grades tested; (c) in *half or more* of the grades tested; and (d) at *faster* rates than the statewide average in *half or more* of the grades tested. We also looked at whether the percentage of districts showing improvement increased or decreased since 2000.

Second, the Council analyzed aggregate data across *grade levels*. We were seeking to determine the percentage of grades that showed: (a) improvements in reading or math; (b) improvements at rates faster than the statewide average; and (c) declines in performance. We also wanted to know which grades were showing the most improvement.

Third, the Council looked at *racial gaps* in student scores on state assessments. We aimed to determine the percentage of grades in the Great City School districts that have reduced achievement gaps by race and to discern which grades were making the most progress in narrowing these gaps.

Finally, the Council looked at whether Great City School reading and math performance was above or below statewide averages for each city. We did not examine school-by-school data or "group performance within school" data—as No Child Left Behind will require—but plan to do so in subsequent reports as the data are available.

Eight major findings about academic achievement in urban schools emerged from this study:

#### Finding 1: Mathematics achievement is improving in urban schools.

The Council's analysis of district and grade-level math scores on state assessments shows that—

- About 89.8% of the Great City School *districts* have increased their math scores in more than half the grades tested.
- About 47.3% of the Great City School *districts* increased their math scores in more than half the grades tested at a faster rate than their states.
- Approximately 86.5% of all *grades* tested in the Great City Schools showed gains in math scores.



 Some 43.9% of all grades tested in the Great City Schools improved their math scores faster than their states.

#### Finding 2: Gaps in math achievement in urban schools may be narrowing.

Preliminary evidence from the Council's analysis of math scores shows some progress in reducing racially-identifiable achievement gaps.

- Some 68.8% of 4th grades tested in the Great City Schools narrowed the achievement gap in math between *White and African American* students. About 66.7% of 8th grades tested reduced the White-Black gap; and 72.2% of 10th grades narrowed the gap.
- About 68.8% of 4th grades tested in the Great City Schools narrowed the achievement gap in math between *White and Hispanic* students. About 79.2% of 8th grades tested reduced the White-Hispanic gap; and 66.7% of 10th grades narrowed the gap.
- Achievement gaps in math between White and African American students narrowed in 49.3% of the grades tested at a faster rate than the state.
- Achievement gaps in math between *White and Hispanic* students narrowed in 36.6% of the grades tested at a faster rate than the state.

# Finding 3: More urban school districts showed math gains in 2002 than in 2000.<sup>2</sup>

The analysis also looked to see if math performance in urban school districts had improved since *Beating the Odds I* was published. The results (using identical districts) indicated that—

- The percentage of urban school *districts* showing math gains in <u>all</u> grades tested increased from 47% in 2000 to 63.5% in 2002.
- The percentage of urban school *districts* showing math gains that were faster than their states in <u>all</u> grades tested increased from 4% in 2000 to 16.7% in 2002.

## Finding 4: Urban school math achievement remains below national averages.

Despite significant gains in math performance, urban schools as a group still score below national averages. How much lower depends on the city, the state, and the test. Seven major city school systems (12.5%) in 2002 had average math scores in *half or more* of the grades tested that were the same as or higher than their respective states. These systems were Albuquerque, Anchorage, Broward County (Ft. Lauderdale), Greenville, Hillsborough County (Tampa), Portland, and San Francisco.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Data based on 52 districts assessed in 2000 and in 2002.



Six of these cities (Albuquerque, Anchorage, Broward County, Hillsborough, Portland, and San Francisco) had the same or higher scores than their states in *all* grades tested. All other cities scored lower than their states by varying degrees.

#### Finding 5: Reading achievement in urban schools is beginning to improve.

The Council's analysis of state assessment data noted the following key trends in urban school reading performance:

- About 83.1% of the Great City School *districts* increased their reading scores in more than half the grades tested.
- About 50.9% of the Great City School *districts* increased their reading scores in more than half the grades tested at a faster rate than the state.
- Approximately 71.5% of all grades tested in the Great City Schools showed gains in reading scores.
- Some 46.7% of all *grades* tested in the Great City Schools improved their reading scores faster than their states.

#### Finding 6: Gaps in reading achievement in urban schools may be narrowing.

The gains in overall reading achievement among the cities appear to be occurring as progress is being shown in reducing racially-identifiable achievement gaps.

- Some 81.0% of 4<sup>th</sup> grades tested in the Great City Schools narrowed the achievement gap in reading between *White and African American* students. About 66.7% of 8<sup>th</sup> grades narrowed the White-Black gap; and approximately 55.6% of 10<sup>th</sup> grades narrowed the gap.
- About 47.6% of 4th grades tested in the Great City Schools narrowed the achievement gap in reading between *White and Hispanic* students. About 66.7% of 8th grades tested reduced the White-Hispanic gap; and 50.0% of 10th grades narrowed the gap.
- Achievement gaps in reading between *White and African American* students narrowed in 48.6% of the grades tested at a faster rate than the state.
- Achievement gaps in reading between *White and Hispanic* students narrowed in 34.7% of the grades tested at a faster rate than the state.



# Finding 7: More urban school districts showed reading gains in 2002 than in 2000.<sup>3</sup>

The analysis also looked to see if reading performance in urban school districts had improved since *Beating the Odds I* was published. The results (using identical districts) indicated that—

- The percentage of urban school *districts* showing reading gains in <u>all</u> grades tested remained at about 35% in 2000 and 2002.
- The percentage of urban school *districts* showing reading gains that were faster than their states in <u>all</u> grades tested increased from 6% in 2000 to 10% in 2002.
- The percentage of urban school *districts* showing reading gains that were faster than their states in <u>half or more</u> grades tested increased from 34% in 2000 to 50% in 2002.

### Finding 8: Urban school achievement in reading remains below national averages.

Despite the new gains on state assessments, urban reading scores remain below state and national averages. Average reading scores in the cities also appear to be somewhat lower than average math scores.

Only seven major city school systems (12.5%) in 2002 had average reading scores in *half* or more of the grades tested that were the same as or higher than their respective states. They were Albuquerque, Anchorage, Broward County (Ft. Lauderdale), Greenville, Hillsborough County (Tampa), San Diego, and San Francisco.

Six of these cities (Albuquerque, Anchorage, Greenville, Hillsborough County, San Diego, and San Francisco) had the same or higher scores than statewide averages in *all* grades tested. All other cities scored below their states by varying degrees.

#### Who We Are Today: Key Factors That Shape the Urban Context

Big-city systems are different from other schools. They serve a demographically different student body and they operate in political and financial environments that are more complex, contentious, and competitive than those of smaller systems.

These contextual differences are significant and should be considered in any study of urban school achievement. The Council's analysis identified three broad factors that warrant attention as the nation strives to meet the goals established in *No Child Left Behind*.

Factor 1: The nation cannot meet the broad goals of *No Child Left Behind* and raise achievement nationally without paying attention to the significant percentage of students enrolled in urban schools.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Data based on 54 identical districts assessed in 2000 and in 2002.



In school year 2000-2001, the Great City Schools enrolled 14.7% of the nation's public school students. (This percentage represents a slight increase from 14.6% in 1995-96.) More significantly, the Great City Schools enroll about 30% of the nation's African American, Hispanic, limited English proficient, and poor students.

# Factor 2: Students in urban schools are more likely than other students to be African American, Hispanic, or Asian American; to come from low-income families; and to come from non-English speaking homes.

The Council's analysis showed the following demographic characteristics of urban students: These factors have changed only slightly in recent years.

- About 76.8% of students in the Great City Schools in 2000-2001 were African American, Hispanic, Asian American or other students of color, compared with about 37.9% nationwide.
- Approximately 62.3% of students in the Great City Schools are eligible for a federal free lunch subsidy, compared with about 37.5% nationwide.
- About 18.1% of students in the Great City Schools are English language learners, compared with approximately 8.8% nationwide.
- Some 90.6% of the Great City School systems have poverty rates above their statewide averages, and 78.3% have higher percentages of English language learners than their states.

#### Factor 3: Urban schools often lack adequate financial resources.

Beating the Odds III also examined financial investments in the nation's urban public schools. Our analysis of data from the National Center for Education Statistics found the following—

- The current per pupil expenditure in the Great City Schools was \$6,835 in the 1999 fiscal year (most recent federal data available)—up 12.9% from \$6,055 in 1995-96 (unadjusted for inflation). The national average grew from \$5,689 to \$6,508—or 14.3%—over the same period.
- The current per pupil expenditures of 35 (60.3%) Great City School districts were above their respective state averages and 23 (39.7%) districts—enrolling over three million students—were below.
- The share of all elementary and secondary school spending that states devoted to the nation's major city school systems increased slightly from 15.5% in 1995-96 to 15.9% in the 1999 fiscal year.



#### SUMMARY OF FINDINGS Spring 2002 Results

Siking 2002 resolution		
	Math	Reading
% Cities w/ All Grades Improved	62.7%	35.6%
% Cities w/ All Grades Improved Faster than State	14.5%	9.1%
% Cities w/ At Least 50% Grades Improved	89.8%	83.1%
% Cities w/ At Least 50% Grades Improved Faster than State	47.3%	50.9%
% Cities w/ At Least 50% Grades Above State	12.5%	12.5%
% Grades Tested Improved	86.5%	71.5%
% Grades Tested Improved Faster than State	43.9%	46.7%
% Grades Tested Declined	11.7%	22.6%
% 4th Grades Improved	89.7%	84.4%
% 8th Grades Improved	83.0%	55.1%
% 4th Grades Closing Gap between Whites and African Americans	68.8%	81.0%
% 4th Grades Closing Gap between Whites and Hispanics	68.8%	47.6%
% 8th Grades Closing Gap between Whites and African Americans	66.7%	66.7%
% 8th Grades Closing Gap between Whites and Hispanics	79.2%	66.7%
% 10th Grades Closing Gap between Whites and African Americans	72.2%	55.6%
% 10th Grades Closing Gap between Whites and Hispanics	66.7%	50.0%
	CGCS	USA
% Enrollment Free & Reduced Lunch Eligible	62.3%	37.5%
% Enrollment English Language Learners	18.1%	8.8%
% Enrollment Students of Color	76.8%	37.9%
Current Expenditures per Pupil	\$6,835	\$6,508



# SUMMARY OF FINDINGS COMPARED TO BASELINE YEAR SPRING 2000 AND SPRING 2002 RESULTS

Math 2000 2002 47% 64% % Cities w/ All Grades Improved 17% 4% % Cities w/ All Grades Improved Faster than State 92% 90% % Cities w/ At Least 50% Grades Improved 47% 48% % Cities w/ At Least 50% Grades Improved Faster than State 16% 12% % Cities w/ At Least 50% Grades Above State 86% 87% % Grades Tested Improved 44% 44% % Grades Tested Improved Faster than State 11% 11% % Grades Tested Declined % 4th Grades Closing Gap between Whites and African Americans 55% 67% 67% 59% % 4th Grades Closing Gap between Whites and Hispanics 2000 2002 Reading % Cities w/ All Grades Improved 35% 35% 10% 6% % Cities w/ All Grades Improved Faster than State 80% 83% % Cities w/ At Least 50% Grades Improved 50% % Cities w/ At Least 50% Grades Improved Faster than State 34% 12% 10% % Cities w/ At Least 50% Grades Above State 72% 74% % Grades Tested Improved 47% 41% % Grades Tested Improved Faster than State % Grades Tested Declined 21% 22% 79% % 4th Grades Closing Gap between Whites and African Americans 68% 42% 59% % 4th Grades Closing Gap between Whites and Hispanics



#### INTRODUCTION

The movement to reform education in the U.S. is fundamentally about improving America's urban public schools. Conversations about standards, testing, vouchers, charter schools, funding, equity, desegregation, governance, privatization, social promotion, and accountability are discussions—at their core—about public education in the cities.

It is a discussion worth having, for nowhere does the national resolve to strengthen its educational system face a tougher test than in our inner cities. There, every problem is more pronounced; every solution harder to implement.

As recently as six years ago, progress in urban education appeared to be at a standstill. Critics noted that performance was stagnant and urban systems seemed paralyzed by structural problems in governance, labor relations, bureaucracy, resources, management, operations, and politics.

Urban school leadership appeared to have tried everything and come up short: thousands of education programs, hundreds of curricular changes, countless social interventions, numerous parental involvement strategies, all at a cost of millions of dollars. Among many observers, there was the nagging fear that the struggle was lost and the effort wasted.

What happened, of course, was the standards movement. The public reminded educators—particularly those in cities—why they were in business in the first place and what they were being held responsible for delivering.

Not only did the priorities of big city schools change, but the outlook for meeting our challenges brightened as well. And the first fragile signs that a turn-around in urban education began to emerge.

Urban schools know that it is not enough to assure people that we are working harder to meet high standards or to say that the public's money is worth the investment, although both are surely true. We must back up those assurances with results—concrete, verifiable documentation that our efforts to improve education in the cities are paying off and that the public's money is being well spent.

This report provides a third look at the performance of the Great City Schools on tests used by the states to measure student achievement. The report seeks to answer the questions, "Are urban schools improving?" and "Are achievement gaps closing?" With this report, the Council intends to provide a straightforward picture of urban school progress to the public, the press, policymakers, educators, and everyone with a stake in education reform.



The report is divided into three sections:

- The first section explains the purpose of the report, the methods used to analyze the data, and the limitations of that data. It lays out the main findings emerging from the Council's analysis of state assessment data and other information. It also presents graphs and bullets showing critical trends in urban student achievement, changes in urban school demographic conditions, and changes in how well urban schools are funded.
- The second section contains profiles on each of the 59 member school districts of the Council of the Great City Schools. Each profile includes demographic data for the district and the state, trends in expenditures, and limited staffing data. Also included are data on trends in reading and math achievement on the state assessments, by grade, race, poverty level, disability, and language proficiency -- where available.
- The third section, the Appendix, identifies the sources of the data and the formulas used for computations.

The point of measuring student performance and reporting it to the public is, of course, to channel help to the students, schools, and communities that need it most—and to honestly confront shortcomings and pursue needed improvements. This report will show the shortcomings. It also lays out the challenges, for *Beating the Odds III* is not only a report card on urban education; it is a report card on the nation and its commitment to leave no child behind.



#### METHODOLOGY

#### Methods for Collecting and Analyzing Assessment Data

This report presents district-by-district achievement data on 59 major city school systems in reading and math.<sup>4</sup> It updates performance data published in previous editions of *Beating the Odds* through spring 2002. It also presents results by year, by grade, by race and other variables.

These state assessment results were collected by Council staff from a number of sources: state websites, reports, and databases. Each state's website was searched for information that described its assessments, the grades and subjects in which the tests were administered, the years in which the tests were given, the format or metric in which results were reported, and changes in test forms or procedures. The decision was ultimately made to include data only for reading (or language arts) and math in this report, because all states reported results in these critical subject areas.

Assessment data were then examined to determine the number of years the state had administered the tests to ensure that the report included only results that were comparable from year to year. Data were eliminated if states changed tests or significantly modified their guidelines about which students to test. Illinois, for example, changed tests in 1999, so results before then were eliminated. The instrument in place for spring 2002 testing was the one used in this study to report trend lines. Every effort was made by staff to track changes states made to their previously posted data.

Data were also collected by race where reported by the state. Not all states report their disaggregated data, even if they gather it. Results for African American, Hispanic and White students are included in this report. Results for Asian American students were not included because of inconsistent reporting by states.

Data were also collected on other subgroups when available. Included were results on Economically Disadvantaged (usually defined as free & reduced price lunch or Title I) students, English Language Learners (usually defined as limited English proficient or bilingual) and students with disabilities (usually defined as Special Education).

The reader should note that data are not presented in precisely the way that the new federal *No Child Left Behind* legislation requires. The law has not been fully implemented yet and states have not completely altered how they post their results. We have, however, made every effort to report the data in "performance levels" where available and to show the percentage of students who score at "proficient" or higher levels as specified in the law. Our future reports will reflect the federal Act as states implement it.<sup>5</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Readers should note the first report, *Beating the Odds I*, contained data on 55 city school systems. This year's report adds data on Austin, Duval County, Greenville, Memphis, and Oklahoma City; and deletes data on Tulsa—a net increase of four cities. <sup>5</sup> The Council also considered including data on individual schools using a new federal database developed by the American Institutes for Research that merges state test results by school with the Common Core of Data. This database was used by the Education Trust in *Dispelling the Myth*. The Council may use this bank in subsequent analyses but did not do so for this report because of unexplainable anomalies in the one-year data.



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Each district's progress, regardless of how each state reported it, was converted into an annualized change score in order to help neutralize the effects of differing testing periods. Achievement data reported in percentiles, however, were converted into "normal curve equivalents" (NCE's) before an annualized rate was calculated. The annualized change rates were juxtaposed against the state's progress over the same period so the reader could compare the district's rate of progress with that of the state. The same comparisons were made by race, except that the sheer volume of disaggregated data precluded reporting on every grade. This study therefore focused on achievement gap data in reading and math for grades 3, 4, or 5; 6, 7 or 8; and 9, 10 or 11, whichever was most frequently tested in each band.

In addition to the data presented for individual districts, aggregate test results are reported for cities and grade levels. We did this by counting the number and percentage of cities and grades that moved up or down over the period the state has administered its current test. The analysis shows the percentage of cities that have improved in reading and math in *all* grades tested <u>or</u> in at least *half* of the grades tested. These results were then examined to see whether a city improved by either criteria at a faster or slower rate than their respective states.

The Council was also interested in determining whether the percentage of cities showing improvements in reading and math had increased or decreased since *Beating the Odds I*. We conducted this analysis by matching identical cities (54 for reading and 52 for math) from our first report and this most recent one and examined changes in the percentages of the cities that had moved up or down.

Cities are not ranked in this report on their performance, nor are test results in one state or city compared with any other. The nation's 50-state assessment system does not allow such comparisons.<sup>7</sup> Comparisons *within* a given state can be done but they should be made cautiously.

Finally, the individual profiles for some districts include local assessment data, in addition to the statewide assessments. This was done to supplement the short-term trend data for some states that have only recently implemented their assessments. In these cases, the local test data are included only in the individual profiles; they are not included in the summary tables and graphs, which include only state assessment results.

#### Limitations of the Data

The assessment data presented in *Beating the Odds III* have a number of serious flaws. We were not able to correct these problems since our first report was published, because states had not yet changed how they report results. The reader should be aware of the following limitations in the data—



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> This method was also used in the Brown Center (Brookings Institution) Report on American Education: How Well Are American Students Learning?

The Council has proposed solving this problem by initiating a sub-state urban NAEP trial. The trial was approved by the National Assessment Governing Board and conducted in five major cities in February 2002. The results of the first trial urban NAEP are scheduled to be released June 2003.

- 1. It is not possible to compare assessment data across states. Each state has developed its own test, test administration guidelines, timelines, grades to be tested, and other technical features. It is not technically sound to compare districts across state lines.
- 2. Trend lines vary in duration from state to state. Some districts have trend data spanning six to eight years, while others may have data for just three years. This is because states have been administering their tests and reporting their results for different periods.
- 3. No tests of statistical significance were conducted on test score growth rates, nor are standard errors of measurement included in this report. Most states do not yet publish the statistics necessary to make these calculations accurately.
- 4. The number of students tested was not reported, nor was the number of students enrolled in each grade. Some states identified the number of students tested, but most did not indicate the number enrolled in each grade during the testing period. Including the number of students tested would have had little, if any, meaning without also including the numbers enrolled in the same grades at the time the test was given.
- 5. Each state reports its results in differing metrics or statistical units. The metrics can affect how good or bad the scores look and can influence the direction of trends. For the most part, the Council used "performance levels," NCE's, or scale scores. We recognize that scores on any given district might vary if another metric was selected. In general, we selected "performance levels" where we had a choice of metrics. Otherwise, we selected the states' most prominently reported metric.
- 6. Tests vary in their degree of difficulty. This report did not attempt to analyze the difficulty or rigor of a state assessment. A state with a challenging test may produce lower district scores, while a state with an easy test may have higher district scores.
- 7. States use similar terminology for the various performance levels (i.e., advanced, proficient, basic, and below basic), but these terms do not always mean the same things from state to state. A level of student performance that is considered "proficient" in one state may be "basic" or below in another. In addition, the scale from the highest possible score to the lowest will differ from test to test and will effect how close city averages look compared to their states. Moreover, the distance between any two points on a scale may not be the same.
- 8. The data in this report are limited by what each state publicly reports. There may be circumstances where the data in this report are incomplete because the state has not posted all of its findings on its website or has not broadly circulated reports containing the findings.
- 9. The analysis uses identical districts when comparing 2000 and 2002 results. Still, the reader should use caution in interpreting the results because districts tested a larger number of grades in 2002 than in 2000.
- State and national averages throughout the report include city data to which the states and the nation are being compared.



#### Demographic, Staffing, and Financial Data

To place the academic gains in context, the Council collected additional data on district demographics, staffing, and financing. This information came from various databases of the National Center for Education Statistics, including the *Digest of Education Statistics*, the *Common Core of Data*, *Characteristics of 100 Largest Public Elementary & Secondary School Districts*, and other sources. The Appendix of this report has a complete listing of data sources for all contextual data. Trends for each variable are shown for school years 1995-96 and 2000-01 (the most recent year for which federal data were available)—except for spending data, which cover 1995-96 and 1999-00 (the most recent available). Thus, the period for this contextual data is slightly different from the years for which test scores were reported.

Once the data were collected, the Council prepared preliminary profiles on each member city. Profiles were mailed to the superintendent, school board representative to the organization, and research director of each member district. Districts were asked to review the data, submit corrections, and add clarifying comments and end notes.

Corrections to the profiles were then made. Few districts adjusted any of the statewide achievement reports, but some provided clarifying information about changes in state practices and reporting. All changes to performance data were verified against state websites and other reports. A number of corrections, however, were made to NCES demographic and staffing data. The Council made those corrections but noted them with an asterisk, so readers would know which data came from the NCES and which were adjusted by the individual school systems. Finally, the Council decided to retain all NCES finance data as the agency reports it in order to maintain the highest level of integrity and comparability—although this meant using older numbers than we would have liked.



# 1. MATH ACHIEVEMENT AND GAPS: WHERE WE ARE TODAY



#### Improving Math Achievement: A National Priority

During the past 20 years, the nation has placed a high priority on boosting the performance of U.S. students in mathematics and science. These efforts actually date to the Sputnik era of the late 1950s, but they intensified in the mid-1980s when America's preeminence was threatened by the thriving economies of Japan and Western Europe. Corporate leaders, governors, and others published a flood of reports at the time citing educational deficiencies as the source of our economic problems and calling for national action.

Congress responded by passing the Eisenhower math and science education program in 1984. In 1989, the White House convened a National Education Summit in Charlottesville, Virginia, where President George H.W. Bush and the Governors reached consensus on the need to develop national education goals. One of the goals emerging from this process involved making the United States first in the world in mathematics and science achievement by the year 2000. This goal was not reached but efforts to attain it paid dividends as math achievement has increased nationally over the last few years.

Beating the Odds III examines state assessment results to determine whether urban public school systems were also making progress in mathematics.

#### Trends in Math Achievement at the District Level

The Council looked at mathematics achievement trends in several ways: at the *district* level, *grade* level, and by major *racial* group. Bistrict-level math scores were analyzed to determine the percentage of districts that:

- improved in all grades tested on the state assessments;
- improved at rates *faster* than the statewide average in *all* grades tested;
- improved in half or more of the grades tested; and
- improved at rates faster than the statewide average in half or more of the grades tested.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Trend data include the period from when each state first administered its currently-administered test to spring 2002.

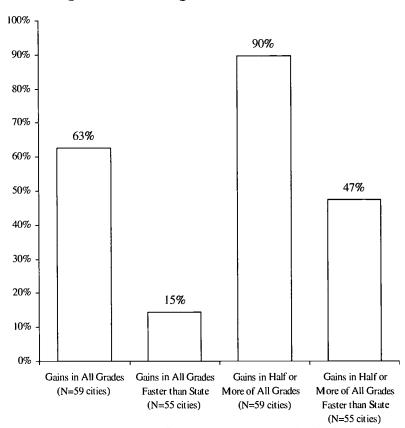


Figure 1. Percentage of Cities with Gains in Math

Figure 1 displays the results of the district-level analysis. Several key trends emerged:

- About 62.7% of the Great City School *districts* increased their math scores in *all* grades tested.<sup>9</sup>
- About 14.5% of the Great City School *districts* increased their math scores at *faster* rates than their states in *all* grades tested.
- Some 89.8% of the Great City School *districts* increased their math scores in *half or more* of their grades tested.<sup>11</sup>
- About 47.3% of the Great City School *districts* increased their math scores at *faster* rates than their states in *half or more* of the grades tested.<sup>12</sup>

Cities whose math scores improved faster than their respective states in *all* grades tested included Baltimore, Charlotte-Mecklenberg, Dallas, Fort Worth, Houston, Newark, Norfolk and Richmond.

Cities whose math scores improved faster than the state in *half or more* of the grades tested included Anchorage, Austin, Baltimore, Boston, Broward County (Ft. Lauderdale), Charlotte-Mecklenburg, Cleveland, Columbus, Dallas, Duval County, Fort Worth, Houston, Indianapolis, Long Beach, Nashville, Newark, New Orleans, New York City, Norfolk, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Portland, Richmond, Rochester, Sacramento, and St. Louis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Percentage based on 26 of 55 cities. Results do not include Albuquerque, Des Moines, the District of Columbia, or Omaha on which there were no state trend data. (See appendix for list of cities.)



<sup>9</sup> Percentage based on 37 of 59 cities. (See appendix for list of cities.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Percentage based on 8 of 55 cities. Results do not include Albuquerque Des Moines, the District of Columbia, or Omaha on which there were no state trend data. (See appendix for list of cities.)

<sup>11</sup> Percentage based on 53 of 59 cities. (See appendix for list of cities.)

#### Trends in Math Achievement by Grade Level

#### **Trends Across Grades**

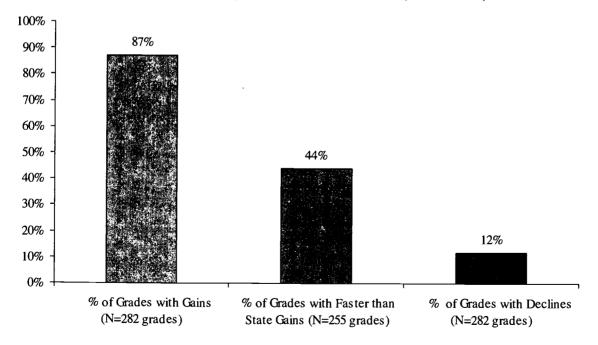
The Council also examined data by *grade level*. All grades across the 59 districts were combined to determine the percentage that:

- improved in math;
- improved in math at faster rates than the state; and
- decreased in math.

Figure 2 displays the results of the *grade-level* analyses in math. The following key trends emerged:

- Approximately 86.5% of all grades tested showed gains in math scores.<sup>13</sup>
- About 43.9% of all grades tested in math improved at faster rates than their states.<sup>14</sup>
- Some 11.7% of all grades tested in math declined. 15

Figure 2. Percentage of Grades with Gains (or Declines) in Math



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Percentage based on 244 of 282 grades in 59 cities. (See appendix for list of cities.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Percentage based on 33 of 282 grades in 59 cities. (See appendix for list of cities.)



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Percentage based on 112 of 255 grades in 55 cities. (See appendix for list of cities.)

#### **Trends in Specific Grades**

The Council also examined *each grade* in the 59 districts to determine which grades were most likely to show improved math scores. Figure 3 shows the results, including these key trends:<sup>16</sup>

- Approximately 89.7% of all 4<sup>th</sup> grades tested showed gains on their state math tests.
- About 83.0% of all  $8^{th}$  grades tested showed gains on their state math tests.
- Some 82.8% of all  $10^{th}$  grades tested showed gains on their state math tests.

100% 94% 91% 90% 90% 90% 88% 85% 83% 83% 80% 70% 67% 64% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% Grade 2 (N=3 Grade 7 Grade 9 Grade 4 Grade 5 Grade 6 Grade 8 Grade 10 cities) (N=34 cities) (N=39 cities) (N=38 cities) (N=33 cities) (N=22 cities) (N=53 cities) (N=16 cities) (N=29 cities) (N=14 cities)

Figure 3. Percentage of Each Grade with Gains in Math

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Only the District of Columbia tested in Grade 1. No district tested in grade 12. N's differ because not all cities tested in the same grades. (See appendix for list of cities.)



#### Changes in Racial Gaps in Math Achievement

The Council also examined state assessments to determine whether racially-identifiable gaps in math achievement were narrowing in city schools. The analysis of gaps focused on data at the elementary, middle and secondary grades in 25 Great City districts (the number for which state trend data by race were available). Unfortunately, not all states have disaggregated or reported their test results by race over any length of time.

#### **Reducing Overall Racial Gaps**

The Council looked first at the percentage of aggregated grades across the cities that had narrowed the gaps in math achievement between: (a) White and African American students; and (b) White and Hispanic students. Figure 4 shows the results, including these key trends:<sup>17</sup>

- Math achievement gaps between *White and African American* students were reduced in 63.5% of the grades for which state test data were disaggregated and reported. <sup>18</sup>
- Math achievement gaps between *White and Hispanic* students were reduced in 64.9% of the grades for which state test data were disaggregated and reported.<sup>19</sup>

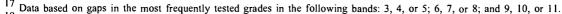
Figure 4. Percentage of Selected Grades Narrowing Achievement Gaps in Math

64%

65%

40%

10%



Percentage based on 47 of 74 grades in 25 cities. (See appendix for list of cities.)
Percentage based on 48 of 74 grades in 25 cities. (See appendix for list of pipe.)

African American (N=74 grades)



13

Hispanic (N=74 grades)

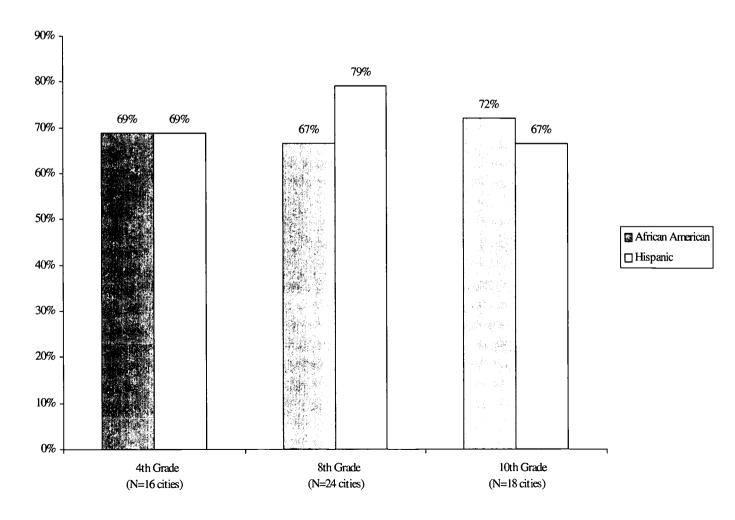
#### Closing Racial Gaps in Specific Grades

The data were further disaggregated by race *and* grade in order to see where gaps were narrowing the most. Trends were examined in grades 4, 8, and 10. The analysis involved different numbers of districts for each grade because states do not always test the same grades, nor do all states disaggregate and report the results by race in each grade.

Figure 5 shows the results of this analysis, including these key trends:

• About 68.8% of 4<sup>th</sup> grades narrowed the achievement gap in math between *White and African American* students. Some 66.7% of 8<sup>th</sup> grades narrowed the White-Black gap and about 72.2% of 10<sup>th</sup> grades narrowed the gap.

Figure 5. Percentage of 4th, 8th, and 10th Grades Narrowing Achievement Gaps in Math by Race





• About 68.8% of 4<sup>th</sup> grades narrowed the achievement gap in math between *White and Hispanic* students. Some 79.2% of 8<sup>th</sup> grades narrowed the White-Hispanic gap and about 66.7% of 10<sup>th</sup> grades narrowed the gap.

#### Narrowing Gaps at Faster than State Rates

The Council also examined the proportion of selected grades tested at the elementary, middle, and secondary levels to see if racial gaps in math were closing at rates faster or slower than their respective states. Figure 6 presents the results, including the following key findings:<sup>20</sup>

- Math achievement gaps between *White and African American* students narrowed in 49.3% of grades tested faster than statewide averages.<sup>21</sup>
- Math achievement gaps between *White and Hispanic* students narrowed in 36.6% of grades tested faster than statewide averages.<sup>22</sup>

Figure 6. Percentage of Selected Grades Narrowing Achievement Gaps in Math Faster than State

49%

40%

37%

African American (N=71 grades)

Hispanic (N=71 grades)



Data based on gaps in the most frequently tested grades in the following bands: 3, 4, or 5; 6, 7, or 8; and 9, 10, or 11.

Percentage based on 25 of 71 grades in 25 cities. (See appendix for list of cities.)
Percentage based on 26 of 71 grades in 25 cities. (See appendix for list of cities.)

#### Changes in Other Gaps in Math Achievement

Beating the Odds III for the first time includes limited performance data on students who were economically disadvantaged, limited English proficient, or disabled. The results of this section should be examined with extra caution because of the small number of states that reported these data on their cities in spring 2002.

#### **Reducing Other Gaps**

The Council analyzed the available data on each of these groups to see if achievement gaps between economically disadvantaged and non-economically disadvantaged, for instance, had narrowed. Figure 7 presents the results, including these key trends:<sup>23</sup>

- Math achievement gaps between economically disadvantaged students and non-economically disadvantaged students narrowed in 39% of grades reported.
- Math achievement gaps between English language learners and non-English language learners narrowed in 26% of the grades reported.
- Math achievement between students with special needs and non-special needs students narrowed in 29% of the grades reported.

#### Narrowing Gaps at Faster than State Rates

We also looked to see if this narrowing of achievement gaps was faster or slower than that of a city's respective state. The results are included in Figure 7, along with these key trends:<sup>24</sup>

- Math achievement gaps between economically disadvantaged students and non-economically disadvantaged students narrowed in 39% of the grades reported at a faster rate than their state averages.
- Math achievement gaps between English language learners and non-English language learners narrowed in 23% of the grades reported at a faster rate than their state averages.
- Math achievement between students with special needs and non-special needs students narrowed in 20% of the grades reported at a faster rate than their state averages.



Percentage based on 12 of 31 grades in 11 cities for economically disadvantaged; 8 of 31 grades in 11 cities for English language learners and 10 of 35 grades in 12 cities for students with disabilities.

24 Percentage based on 12 of 31 grades in 12 cities for students with disabilities.

Percentage based on 12 of 31 grades in 11 cities for economically disadvantaged; 7 of 31 grades in 11 cities for English language learners and 7 of 35 grades in 12 cities for students with disabilities.

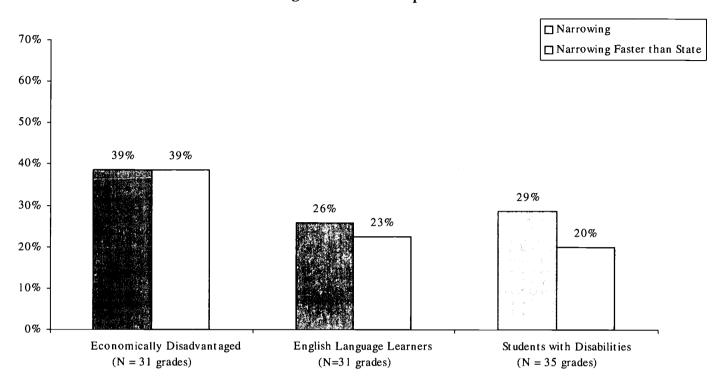


Figure 7. Percentage of Selected Grades by Subgroup Narrowing Achievement Gaps in Math

#### Comparing Math Achievement in 2002 with 2000<sup>25</sup>

Finally, the Council looked at math performance in 2002 and compared it with achievement in 2000 to determine whether results had improved since *Beating the Odds* was first published. This comparison was done by matching 52 identical districts on which data were available for both years.<sup>26</sup> (Comparisons by grade level and race were not conducted because of the complexity of the analysis and differing "n" counts.) The results included the following:

- The percentage of urban school *districts* showing math gains in <u>all</u> grades tested increased from 47% in 2000 to 64% in 2002.
- The percentage of urban school *districts* showing math gains faster than their respective states in <u>all</u> grades tested increased from 4% in 2000 to 17% in 2002.
- The percentage of urban school *districts* showing math gains in half or more of the grades tested decreased slightly from 92% in 2000 to 90% in 2002.
- The percentage of urban school *districts* showing math gains faster than their respective states in half or more of the grades tested increased slightly from about 47% in 2000 to 48% in 2002.
- The percentage of urban school *districts* with half or more of the grades tested in math that scored higher than their respective states decreased from 16% in 2000 to 12% in 2002.

The reader should also note that the matched districts tested in more grades in 2007 than they did in 2000.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> The reader should note that the percentages presented in this section differ slightly from those presented in other sections because of the differing "n's" used to match identical districts.

#### Summary and Discussion of Math Achievement Trends

The Council's analysis indicates that math achievement is improving in the nation's urban schools. About 89.8% of all Great City School *districts* showed gains in math scores in *at least half* of the grades tested since the state began using its current assessment. More than half (62.7%) of the cities improved their math scores in *all* grades tested, and almost half (47.3%) improved at a rate *faster* than their respective states. In addition, the data indicate that 86.5% of all *grade levels* improved in math, and 43.9% of all grades tested improved *faster* than the state.

In addition, seven major cities (12.5% of the Great City School districts) had the same or higher math scores in half or more of the grades tested as their respective states. These districts included Albuquerque, Anchorage, Broward County (Ft. Lauderdale), Greenville, Hillsborough County (Tampa), Portland, and San Francisco. Six of these cities (Albuquerque, Anchorage, Broward County, Hillsborough County, Portland, and San Francisco) had the same or higher scores than the statewide average in *all* grades tested.

The results of *Beating the Odds III* also suggest that racially identifiable achievement gaps in math are narrowing somewhat. The data continue to be inconclusive, however, because so few states have yet to disaggregate their scores by race. Still, the available results by race are promising. The data on the gaps within other groups, however, is still too new to draw even preliminary conclusions other than to say that the gaps are wide.

Finally, the analysis looked at the pattern of math scores in 2002 compared with those in 2000. The results show substantial gains in the percentage of cities whose math scores improved in all grades and whose gains outstripped their respective states. It is difficult to determine the rate of progress with the kind of analysis used in this report, but it is clear that improvements were broader in 2002 than in 2000.





#### 2. Reading Achievement and Gaps: Where We Are Today



#### Improving Reading Achievement: A New Priority

Until recently, the reading skills of the nation's students have not received as much attention as math. The Sputnik-era did not trigger a national debate about reading performance like it did for math or science. And the Charlottesville Summit did not focus on reading in the same way as it did other goals. A national priority on adult literacy was set following the Charlottesville event, but there was no priority given to making the United States first in the world in reading achievement. The result has been sluggish reading gains over the last several years.

Still, a considerable amount of important research has been conducted over the last ten years that has important implications for schools in how they teach reading. New studies on childhood brain development enhanced our understanding of how youngsters learn and which teaching strategies were most promising. And the research emerging from the National Institute for Child Development, the National Reading Panel, and others clarified the necessary steps in the reading process. Out of this work came President George W. Bush's *Reading First* initiative and a new national priority to raise reading performance for all children.

Beating the Odds III looked at state test data to determine whether reading progress was evident in city schools.

#### Trends in Reading Achievement at the District Level

The Council examined state reading scores at the district level, by grade, and by major racial group in the same way it did with math. *District*-level reading data were analyzed using the same four approaches, i.e., the percentage of districts that:

- improved in all grades tested on the state assessments;
- improved at rates faster than the statewide averages in all grades tested;
- improved in half or more of the grades tested; and
- improved at rates faster than the statewide average in half or more of the grades tested.

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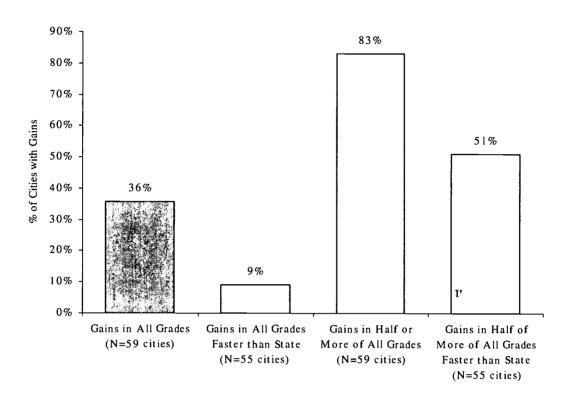


Figure 8. Percentage of Cities with Gains in Reading

Figure 8 shows the results of the district-level analysis. The key findings are as follows:

- About 35.6% of the Great City School districts increased their reading scores in all grades tested.27
- About 9.1% of the Great City School districts increased their reading scores at faster rates than their states in all grades tested.<sup>28</sup>
- Some 83.1% of the Great City School districts increased their reading scores in half or more of their grades tested.29
- About 50.9% of the Great City School districts increased their reading scores at faster rates than their states in half or more of the grades tested.<sup>30</sup>

<sup>30</sup> Percentage based on 28 of 55 cities. Results do not include Albuquerque, Des Moines, the District of Columbia, or Omaha on which there were no state trend data. (See appendix for list of cities.)



Percentage based on 21 of 59 cities. (See appendix for list of cities.)
Percentage based on 5 of 55 cities. Results do not include Albuquerque, Des Moines, the District of Columbia, or Omaha on which there were no state test data. (See appendix for list of cities.)

Percentage based on 49 of 59 cities. (See appendix for list of cities.)

Cities whose reading scores improved faster than their respective states in *all* grades tested included Atlanta, Charlotte-Mecklenberg, Dallas, Houston, and Norfolk.

Cities whose reading scores improved faster than the state in *half or more* of the grades tested included Atlanta, Austin, Baltimore, Broward County (Ft. Lauderdale), Charlotte-Mecklenberg, Dallas, Duval County, Fort Worth, Greenville, Houston, Indianapolis, Jefferson County, Long Beach, Los Angeles, Miami-Dade County, Nashville, Newark, New Orleans, New York City, Norfolk, Philadelphia, Portland, Richmond, Rochester, Sacramento, San Diego, Seattle, and St. Louis.

#### Trends in Reading Achievement by Grade Level

#### **Trends Across Grades**

Beating the Odds III also examined reading trends by grade level. All grades across the 59 districts were combined to determine the percentage that:

80% 72% 70% 60% 47% 50% 40% 30% 23% 20% 10% 0% % of Grades with Declines % of Grades with Faster than State Gains % of Grades with Gains (N=288 grades) (N=261 grades) (N=288 grades)

Figure 9. Percentage of Grades with Gains (or Declines) in Reading



- improved in reading;31
- improved in reading at faster rates than the state; and
- decreased in reading.

Figure 9 shows the results of the grade-level analyses in reading. Key findings included the following:

- Approximately 71.5% of all grades tested showed gains in reading scores.<sup>32</sup>
- About 46.7% of all grades tested in reading improved at faster rates than their states.<sup>33</sup>
- Some 22.6% of all grades tested in reading declined.<sup>34</sup>

#### **Trends in Specific Grades**

The Council also examined each grade in the 59 districts to determine which grades were most likely to show improved reading scores. Figure 10 shows the results, including these key trends.35

- Approximately 84.4% of all 4<sup>th</sup> grades tested showed gains on their state reading tests.
- About 55.1% of all  $8^{th}$  grades tested showed gains on their state reading tests.
- Some 58.6% of all  $10^{th}$  grades tested showed gains on their state reading tests.

Only the District of Columbia tested in Grade 1. No district tested in grade 12. N's differ because not all cities tested in the same grades.



<sup>31</sup> The 59 city school systems included in this report are located in 36 states, which tested in 288 grades.

22 Percentage based on 206 of 288 grades in 59 cities. (See appendix for list of cities.)

Percentage based on 122 of 261 grades in 55 cities. Results do not include Albuquerque, Des Moines, the District of Columbia, or Omaha on which there were no state test data. (See appendix for list of cities.) Percentage based on 65 of 288 grades in 59 cities. (See appendix for list of cities.)

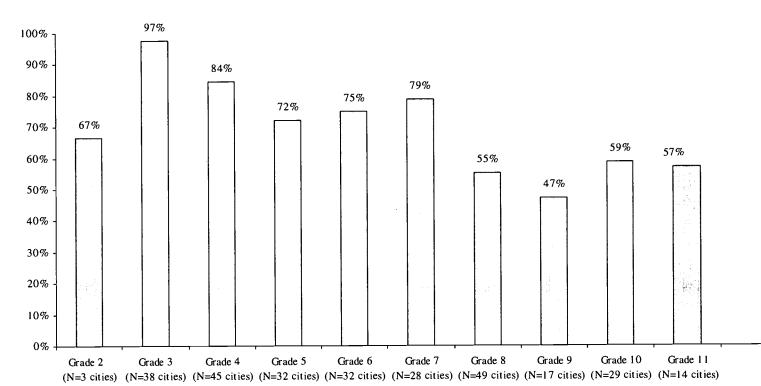


Figure 10. Percentage of Each Grade with Gains in Reading

#### Changes in Racial Gaps in Reading Achievement

The Council also examined state assessments to determine whether racially-identifiable gaps in reading achievement were narrowing in city schools. The analysis of gaps focused on data at the elementary, middle, and secondary grades in 26 cities (the number for which state trend data by race were available). Unfortunately, not all states have disaggregated or reported their test results by race over any length of time.

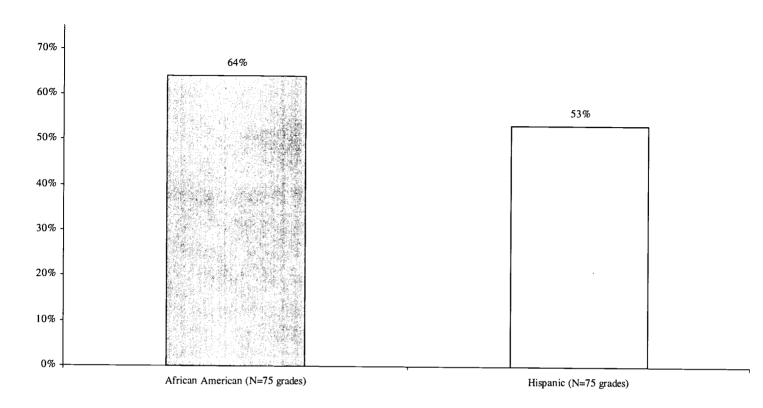
#### Reducing Overall Racial Gaps

The Council looked first at the percentage of aggregated grades across the cities that had narrowed the gaps in reading achievement between (a) White and African American students; and (b) between White and Hispanic students. Figure 11 shows the results, including these key trends:<sup>36</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> Data based on gaps in the most frequently tested grades in the following bands: 3, 4, or 5; 6, 7, or 8; and 9, 10, or 11.

Figure 11. Percentage of Selected Grades Narrowing Achievement Gaps in Reading



- Reading achievement gaps between White and African American students were reduced in 64.0% of the grades for which state test data were disaggregated and reported.<sup>37</sup>
- Reading achievement gaps between White and Hispanic students were reduced in 53.3% of the grades for which state test data were disaggregated and reported.<sup>38</sup>

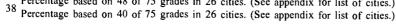
# **Closing Racial Gaps in Specific Grades**

The data were further disaggregated by race and grade in order to see where gaps were narrowing the most. Trends were examined in grades 4, 8, and 10. The analysis involved different numbers of districts for each grade because states do not always test the same grades, nor do all states disaggregate and report the results by race.

Figure 12 shows the results of this analysis, including these key trends:

About 81.0% of 4<sup>th</sup> grades narrowed the achievement gap in reading between White and African American students. Some 66.7% of 8<sup>th</sup> grades narrowed the White-Black gap and about 55.6% of 10<sup>th</sup> grades narrowed the gap.

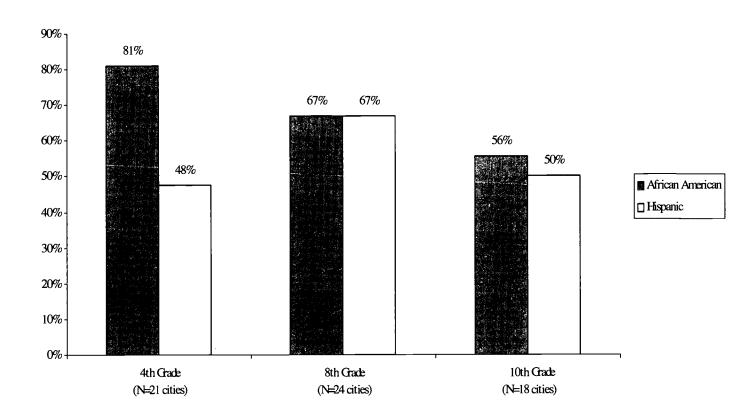
<sup>37</sup> Percentage based on 48 of 75 grades in 26 cities. (See appendix for list of cities.)





25

Figure 12. Percentage of 4th, 8th, and 10th Grades Narrowing Achievement Gaps in Reading by Race



About 47.6% of  $4^{th}$  grades narrowed the achievement gap in reading between *White and Hispanic* students. Some 66.7% of  $8^{th}$  grades narrowed the White-Hispanic gap and about 50.0% of  $10^{th}$  grades narrowed the gap.

# Narrowing Gaps at Faster Than State Rates

The Council also examined the proportion of selected grades tested at the elementary, middle, and secondary levels to see if racial gaps in reading were closing at rates faster or slower than their respective states. Figure 13 presents the results, including the following key findings:

- Reading achievement gaps between Whites and African American students narrowed in 48.6% of grades tested faster than statewide averages.<sup>39</sup>
- Reading achievement gaps between Whites and Hispanic students narrowed in 34.7% of grades tested faster than statewide averages.<sup>40</sup>

Percentage based on 35 of 72 grades in 26 cities. (See appendix for list of cities.)
 Percentage based on 25 of 72 grades in 26 cities. (See appendix for list of cities.)



50% - 49% - 35% - 30% - 10% -

Figure 13. Percentage of Selected Grades Narrowing Achievement Gaps in Reading Faster than State

# Changes in Other Gaps in Reading Achievement

Beating the Odds III also includes limited performance data on students who were economically disadvantaged, limited English proficient, or disabled. The results of this section should be examined with extra caution because of the small number of states that reported these data on their cities in spring 2002.

# **Reducing Other Gaps**

African American (N=72 grades)

The Council analyzed the available data on each of these groups to see if achievement gaps between limited English proficient and English-proficient students, for example, had narrowed. Figure 14 presents the results, including these key trends:<sup>41</sup>

• Reading achievement gaps between economically disadvantaged students and non-economically disadvantaged students narrowed in 48% of grades reported.

<sup>41</sup> Percentage based on 15 of 31 grades in 11 cities for economically disadvantaged; 10 of 31 grades in 11 cities for English language learners and 11 of 35 grades in 12 cities for students with disabilities.



0%

Hispanic (N=72 grades)

- Reading achievement gaps between English language learners and non-English language learners narrowed in 32% of the grades reported.
- Reading achievement between students with special needs and non-special needs students narrowed in 31% of the grades reported.

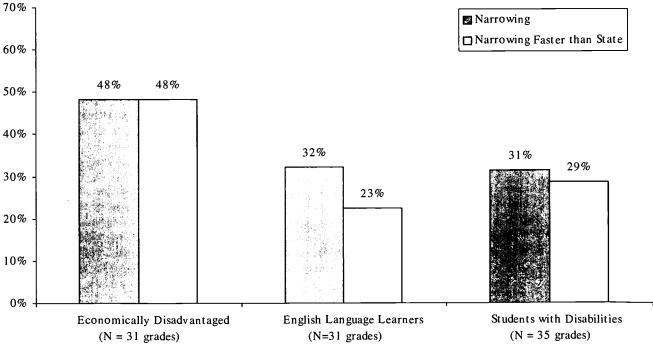
# Narrowing Gaps at Faster than State Rates

The Council also looked to see if this narrowing of achievement gaps was faster or slower than that of a city's respective state. The results are included in Figure 14, along with these key trends:42

- Reading achievement gaps between economically disadvantaged students and non-economically disadvantaged students narrowed in 48% of the grades reported at a faster rate than their state averages.
- Reading achievement gaps between English language learners and non-English language learners narrowed in 23% of the grades reported at a faster rate than their state averages.
- Reading achievement between students with special needs and non-special needs students narrowed in 29% of the grades reported at a faster rate than their state averages.

Figure 14. Percentage of Selected Grades by Subgroup

Narrowing Achievement Gaps in Reading ■ Narrowing



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> Percentage based on 15 of 31 grades in 11 cities for economically disadvantaged; 7 of 31 grades in 11 cities for English language learners and 10 of 35 grades in 12 cities for students with disabilities.



# Comparing Reading Achievement in 2002 with 2000<sup>43</sup>

Finally, the Council looked at reading performance in 2002 and compared it with achievement in 2000 to determine whether results had improved since *Beating the Odds* was first published. This comparison was done by matching 54 identical districts on which data were available for both years. <sup>44</sup> (Comparisons by grade level and race were not conducted because of the complexity of the analysis and differing "n" counts.) The results included the following:

- The percentage of urban school *districts* showing reading gains in <u>all</u> grades tested remained unchanged at 35% in 2000 and 2002.
- The percentage of urban school *districts* showing reading gains faster than their respective states in <u>all</u> grades tested increased from 6% in 2000 to 10% in 2002.
- The percentage of urban school *districts* showing reading gains in half or more of the grades tested increased slightly from 81% in 2000 to 83% in 2002.
- The percentage of urban school *districts* showing reading gains faster than their respective states in half or more of the grades tested increased from about 34% in 2000 to 50% in 2002.
- The percentage of urban school *districts* with half or more of the grades tested in reading that scored higher than their respective states increased slightly from 10% in 2000 to 12% in 2002.

# **Summary and Discussion of Reading Achievement Trends**

The Council's analysis of state assessment results suggests that reading achievement in the nation's urban schools is beginning to improve. About 83% of all Great City School *districts* showed gains in reading scores on *at least half* of the grades tested by the state. About 36% of the cities improved their reading scores in *all* grades, and about 51% improved *faster* than their respective states in *at least half* of the grades tested. In addition, the data indicate that 72% of all *grades* improved in reading, and 47% of all grades improved *faster* than the states.

Only seven major cities (12.5% of the Great City School districts), however, had the same or higher reading scores in half or more of the grades tested as their respective states. They were Albuquerque, Anchorage, Broward County (Ft. Lauderdale), Greenville, Hillsborough County (Tampa), San Diego, and San Francisco. Six of these cities (Albuquerque, Anchorage, Greenville, Hillsborough, San Diego and San Francisco) had the same or higher scores than the statewide averages in *all* grades tested.

The results of *Beating the Odds III* also suggest that racially identifiable achievement gaps in reading have narrowed somewhat, although the data remain inconclusive. Preliminary results suggest that gaps may be narrowing fastest in the elementary grades, compared with the middle or secondary grades. Data on the gaps among other groups remains inconclusive.

The reader should also note that the matched districts tested in more grades in 2002 than they did in 2000.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> The reader should note that the percentages presented in this section differ slightly from those presented in other sections because of the differing "n's" used to match identical districts.

Finally, the analysis showed that the percentage of identically-matched districts that improved reading scores in all grades tested increased between 2000 and 2002. The pattern of improvement in reading was somewhat different than it was in math. In math, more districts that had already improved in at least half of their grades are now improving in all their grades. In reading, more districts that had not improved in at least half of their grades are now doing so. The rate of progress remains uncertain, but the breadth of the progress is increasing.



# 3. Student Demographics and Finance: Who We Are

The challenge of the Great City Schools is to increase student achievement in a context far different from that of the average public school system. Urban education is unique, in part, because it serves students who are typically from lower income families, who are learning English as a second language, and who often face discrimination. The role of urban schools is to overcome these barriers and teach all children to the same high standards.

This task is made more difficult by the additional efforts and skills that are needed to overcome the barriers that so many urban children bring to the schoolhouse door.

The challenge is compounded further by the disparities in resources available to schools to meet the needs of their students. Some school systems can have many times more funding per student as some urban districts. Ironically, it is often the students with the fewest needs who have the most resources, and the students with the greatest needs who have the least resources.

A furious debate has raged in public education over the relative importance of funding to the academic performance of children. The issue involves more than just the relationship between money and achievement, although a vigorous body of research has focused on that point. The controversy has largely been over whether education is defined by its inputs or its outputs. Little room has been allowed, unfortunately, for considering an appropriate balance of each.

This chapter examines the context of urban education—a context that should be considered in discussing the achievement data presented in previous chapters. The chapter reviews basic demographic characteristics of the Great City Schools and how they have changed during the period in which state assessments were being implemented. The data reviewed include changes in the rates of student poverty and limited English proficiency.

The chapter also examines financial data, including changes in the aggregate expenditures per pupil of the Great City Schools over the last few years, and changes in state expenditures on urban schools. Finally, the chapter contains some rudimentary data on what money can buy: teachers and schools. Student-teacher ratios and school size data are also presented.

The reader can find individual city data in the Profiles section of this report. All of the demographic, staffing, and financial data for this study come from the National Center for Education Statistics, except for the data designated with an asterisk, which have been provided by the individual cities after reviewing the NCES numbers. No NCES data related to per pupil expenditures were modified in the district review process.

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### **Student Demographics**

The demography of urban education continues to be a subject of enormous public interest. Our composition is significant from an educational standpoint because a broad base of research continues to show that income, disability, and English-language proficiency are strongly correlated with student achievement. Our achievement

# Student Enrollment in the Great City Schools

The Great City Schools enroll a significant share of the nation's students. Figure 15 shows key trends in enrollments, summarized as follows:

- The Great City Schools enrolled 7,048,142 students in 2000-01 (the most recent year on which federal data are available), an increase of nearly 7.9% over the 6,533,617 students enrolled in 1995-96.
- During the same period, total public school enrollment nationally grew by about 7.2%. Enrollments increased from 44,840,481 students in 1995-96 to 48,067,834 students in 2000-2001.

Figure 15. Great City School Enrollment Compared with the Nation (N = 59 Cities)

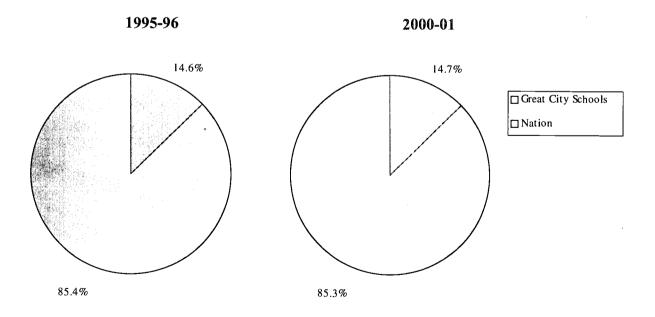
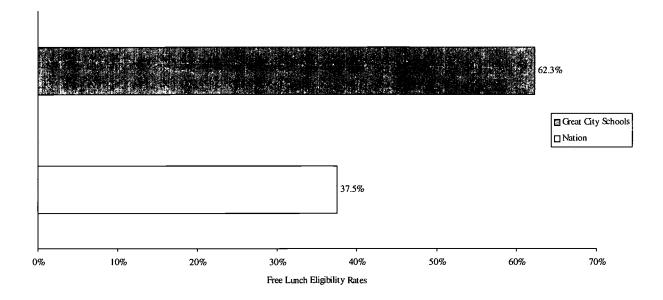




Figure 16. Great City School Free Lunch Eligibility Rate Compared with the Nation (N=59 Cities)



• The share of the nation's public school students enrolled in the Great City Schools increased slightly from 14.6% in 1995-96 to 14.7% in 2000-2001.

#### Income and Poverty in the Great City Schools

Students in the Great City Schools are far more likely to come from low-income homes than the average student nationally. Key indicators include the following:

- In the 2000-2001 school year, 62.3% of students in the Great City Schools were eligible for a free lunch subsidy, compared with the national average of 37.5%. Figure 16 shows this comparison.
- About 27.6% of the nation's free-lunch eligible students are enrolled in the Great City Schools.
- Some 90.6% of the nation's Great City School systems have poverty rates (free lunch eligibility) that are higher than their states.

#### **English Language Learners and Students with Disabilities**

The Great City Schools also serve a higher proportion of English language learners than the average school system across the country. Although the percentage of students with disabilities is about the same for the Great City Schools as for the nation as a whole, the cities enroll a greater share of students with high-cost disabilities.



Figure 17. Great City School English Language Learner and Disability Rates
Compared with the Nation (N=54 Cities)

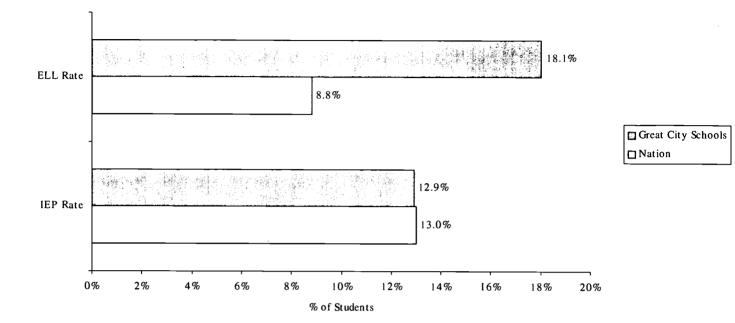


Figure 17 shows the rates of English Language Learners and students with disabilities (those with an Individual Education Plan) enrolled in the Great City Schools. Key indicators include the following:

- About 18.1% of students enrolled in the Great City Schools come from families where English is not the first language, compared with only 8.8% of students nationally.
- Some 78.3% of the Great City School districts have higher percentages of ELL students than their states.
- About 12.9% of the enrollments in the Great City Schools are students with disabilities, compared with 13.0% of students nationally.
- Urban schools tend to enroll more students with low-incidence, high cost disabilities than the average district. This is probably due to deficiencies in the quality and availability of health, child, and prenatal care in many inner-cities.

# **Enrollments by Race and Ethnicity in the Great City Schools**

The racial characteristics of urban schools are also significantly different from the average school system nationwide. About 76.8% of Great City School students are African American, Hispanic, or Asian American compared with 37.9% nationally. Figure 18 shows the enrollment patterns.



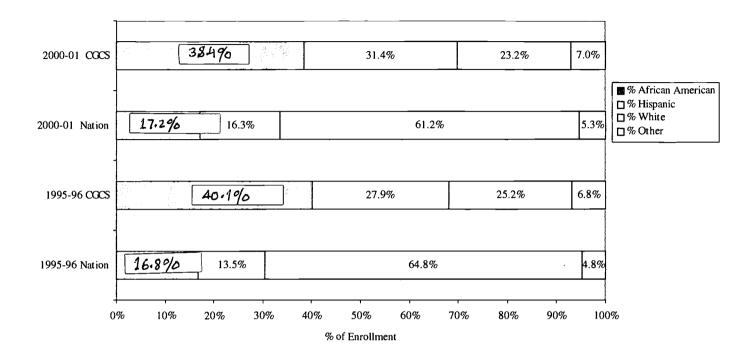


Figure 18. Great City School Enrollment by Race Compared with the Nation (N=59 Cities)

Key statistics include the following:

- About 38.4% of Great City School students were *African American* in 2000-2001, compared with 17.2% nationally.
- About 31.4% of Great City School students were *Hispanic* in 2000-2001, compared with 16.3% nationally.
- About 23.2% of Great City School students were White in 2000-2001, compared with 61.2% nationally.
- About 7.0% of Great City School students were *Asian American* and members of other groups in 2000-2001, compared with 5.3% nationally.
- The percentage of the Great City School enrollment that was African American and White declined slightly between 1995-96 and 2000-2001, while the percentage that was Hispanic increased.
- The percentage of the nation's public school enrollment that was White declined slightly between 1995-96 and 2000-2001, while the percentage that was African American and Hispanic increased.
- Approximately 30% of all students of color in the nation were enrolled in the Great City Schools in 2000-2001.



#### FINANCE AND STAFFING

The Council examined the financial resources available to urban schools to meet each state's academic standards. Beating the Odds III looked at the districts' current per pupil expenditures compared with the nation and the states. It also examined the proportion of state expenditures devoted to urban schools. Finally, it examined the numbers of schools and teachers in urban districts compared with the nation.

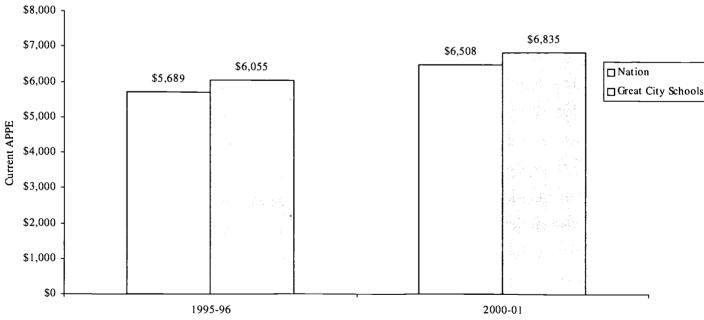
### **Expenditures Per Pupil**

Expenditure trends were analyzed by the Council using "current expenditures per pupil." This metric is defined as those expenditures that are directly allocable to students and do not include spending on capital needs or debt service. (Figures have been recalculated since Beating the Odds I.)

Figure 19 shows key findings about spending levels:

- The average current expenditure in the Great City Schools was \$6,835 per pupil in 2000-2001, 45 up 12.9% from \$6,055 per pupil in 1995-96 (not adjusted for inflation).
- The average current expenditure nationally was \$6,508 per pupil in 2000-2001, 46 up 14.3% from \$5,689 per pupil in 1995-96 (not adjusted for inflation).

Figure 19. Expenditures Per Pupil in the Great City Schools Compared with the Nation (N=59 Cities) \$6.835



Data based on 1999 fiscal year (most recently available NCES data.)

46 Data based on 1999 fiscal year.

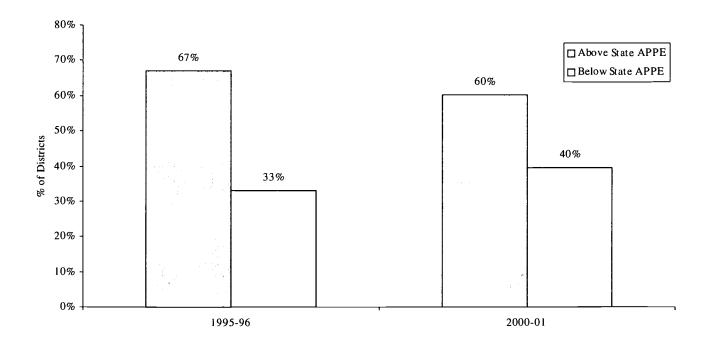


# **State Spending on the Great City Schools**

The Council's analysis also examined statistics on state spending on major city school systems. Key indicators include the following:

- The percentage of total state k-12 education spending devoted to the Great City Schools increased slightly from 15.5% in 1995-96 to 15.9 % in 2000-2001.<sup>47</sup>
- The percentage of Great City School districts with a current per pupil expenditure below that of their state was 39.7% in 2000-2001.48
- The total enrollment of all Great City School districts whose current per pupil expenditures were below statewide averages was almost three and a half million students—or about 48.8% of all urban students.

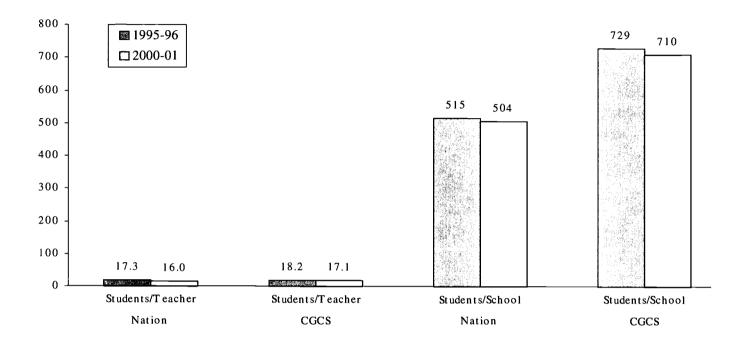
Figure 20. Percentage of Great City Schools Above and Below State Current Per Pupil Expenditure (N=58 Cities)



 <sup>47</sup> Data based on 1999 fiscal year.
 48 Data based on 1999 fiscal year.



Figure 21. Average Number of Great City School Students Per Teacher and School Compared with the Nation (N=59 Cities)



# Student-Teacher Ratios and Average Enrollments Per School

The Council looked at two final contextual variables: student-teacher ratios and average enrollments per school. Student-teacher ratios are not synonymous with class size, because they include special education teachers and other instructional staff.

Figure 21 displays the following key data:

- Student-teacher ratios in the Great City Schools were somewhat higher than the average for the nation: 17.1 students per teacher in major city schools in 2000-2001, compared with 16.0 nationally.
- Student-teacher ratios in the Great City schools have decreased somewhat since 1995-96 when they averaged 18.2 pupils per teacher. The ratio nationally also decreased.

Figure 21 also displays data about another critical variable in education: school size. Research suggests that smaller schools may be more effective instructionally and interpersonally.



The Council's analysis showed the following trends:

- The average number of students per school in the Great City Schools declined from 729 students in 1995-96 to 710 in 2000-2001—a drop of about 3%.
- The average number of students per school nationally decreased from 515 in 1995-96 to 504 in 2000-2001—a decline of about 2%.
- The average school in the Great Cities enrolled about 40.9% more children (710 students) than the average school nationally (504 students) in 1999-2000.



# 4. Summary and Discussion of Context Variables

### The Data Are Preliminary

This report represents the third time that anyone has attempted to examine the status and progress of America's urban schools on state reading and math tests. The report is imperfect for all the reasons indicated in the methodology section. Data are not comparable from one state to another. Test results are reported in different metrics. Not all states publish their disaggregated results. Test participation rates are not available.

Still, the data in *Beating the Odds III* present an emerging picture of how America's Great City Schools are performing and strongly suggest that they are making progress, particularly in math achievement. Reading gains in city schools appear to be more modest.

These results are preliminary. No statistical tests were performed, so there is little way to judge how significant the gains were. No attempt was made to translate state scale scores (where available) into standard deviations or other normalized data for analysis. The Council of the Great City Schools wanted to present raw data so no one would wonder if the real results were hidden behind some statistical trickery.

The Council is committed to improving its reporting of city results on state tests on an annual basis. Every attempt will be made to secure scale scores that can be "normalized" and to estimate test-taking rates. The Council will also make every attempt to report future data in a way that is consistent with the new *No Child Left Behind* legislation—including performance data school-by-school and by group within school.

City schools, moreover, want to improve their reporting to the nation on other indicators, including course-taking patterns and graduation rates. No single indicator gives the public the entire picture of urban education, any more than one Stock Market index adequately describes the economy.

Finally, the Council will be working to mesh the results of state test data with other indicators. The organization initiated the Trial Urban NAEP (National Assessment of Educational Progress) program so that comparable data on city school performance would be available across state lines. The results of the first trial will be available this summer.

#### Math Results

The trends in math performance are unambiguous for the nation and in the Great City Schools. Achievement is improving. The only debate at this point should be about the magnitude of the gains. Beating the Odds III indicates that more than half (63%) of the Great City School districts had improved math scores by 2002 in all grades tested by their states. The vast majority (90%) of major city school systems had improved their math scores in half or more of their grades by 2002. And, 47% of the large cities improved faster than their respective states in half or more of their grades.



The urban data also showed that 87% of *all grades* tested in math had gained by 2002 and 44% of grades tested had improved *faster* than their respective states. However, math achievement declined in 12% of the grades tested. About 89.7% of 4<sup>th</sup> grades posted math gains in the Great City Schools.

Gaps by race in math also appeared to narrow. State test results show that city schools closed achievement gaps in math between Whites and African Americans in 64% of grades tested and between Whites and Hispanics in 65% of grades tested.

New data in this report, moreover, on student performance by income, language, and disability is largely inconclusive, except to say that the gaps between the poor and the non-poor, the limited English proficient and the English proficient, the disabled and the non-disabled are large. Progress in narrowing these gaps is uncertain given the paucity of the data.

### Reading Results

The finding that reading has improved in the Great City Schools is more tenuous than the results in math. But the evidence of gains in reading is stronger this year than it was in 2001. Beating the Odds III found that 36% of major city school districts improved their reading performance on all grades tested by their respective states. Some 83% of the cities gained in half or more of their grades, and 51% had improved faster than their state in half or more of their grades. This latter index is up markedly from 2001.

Approximately 72% of *all grades* in the Great City Schools posted reading gains and about 47% of grades tested increased *faster* than their respective states. However, reading achievement declined in 23% of the grades tested. Reading scores improved in 84% of the 4<sup>th</sup> grades, but showed much slower gains in grades 8 and 10.

Gaps by race in reading also appeared to narrow. State test results show that city schools closed achievement gaps in reading between Whites and African Americans in 64% of grades tested and between Whites and Hispanics in 53% of grades tested.

New data in this report, moreover, on student performance by income, language, and disability is largely inconclusive, except to say that the gaps between the poor and the non-poor, the limited English proficient and the English proficient, the disabled and the non-disabled are large. Progress in narrowing these gaps is uncertain given the paucity of the data.

The Council has been less effusive in general about our reading gains because they are not reflected on any other national indicators like NAEP. Two interpretations are possible. One, progress that is beginning to show up on state tests may not be powerful enough to register on such rigorous nationwide measures as NAEP. Or two, state test results may be "leading indicators" of progress that will eventually show up.



#### The Urban Context

Progress in math and reading scores is occurring in an urban context that is significantly different from other schools. *Beating the Odds III* looked at those differences and how they have changed over the last several years. Urban schools enroll students that are about twice as likely to be poor or to be learning English as a second language. In addition, the Great City Schools enroll about 30% of all students of color in the country and disproportionately large numbers of English language learners and poor students. These percentages have remained relatively unchanged in recent years.

Beating the Odds III also showed some of urban education's resource challenges. The analysis of data from the National Center for Education Statistics showed that the average 'current per pupil expenditure' (APPE) <sup>49</sup> in the Great City Schools was \$6,835 in the 1999 fiscal year (most recent comparable federal data available)—an amount 12.9% higher than 1995-96 (unadjusted for inflation). Current expenditures nationally rose approximately 14.3% over the same period, however, resulting in a slight dip in the share of overall spending devoted to urban schools.

The number of urban school systems, moreover, whose per pupil expenditures are below statewide averages remains high. Some 39.7% of these big city school districts fall into this category, including: New York City, Philadelphia, New Orleans, Norfolk, and others—with a total enrollment of over three and a half million inner-city students or about half of the Great City Schools' total.

The significance of this finding is hard to overstate, particularly as the nation moves to implement the *No Child Left Behind Act*. The nation's urban schools will be expected to overcome disparities in home and school resources, and attain the same academic standards as schools with considerably greater wherewithal. We will also be held accountable for the results.

It is clear, nonetheless, that achievement in the Great City Schools is improving. Some of these gains are coming from working harder and smarter and squeezing inefficiencies out of every scarce dollar. Some of the gains, however, come from cities doing what the nation has agreed is likely to work—high standards, strong and stable leadership, better teaching, more instructional time, regular assessments, stronger accountability, and efficient management.

The data suggest that improvement, however modest, is possible on a relatively large scale—not just school-by-school. It is now time to determine how the pace of improvement can be accelerated. The Council of the Great City Schools and its member districts are asking these questions and pursuing the answers aggressively.

The nation, for its part, needs to think long and hard about why urban schools have to beat any odds.



<sup>49</sup> All data reported in "current expenditures," i.e., expenditures allocable to student costs.

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# **GREAT CITY SCHOOLS**

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	GREAT C	TY SCHOOLS	N	Nation		
	1995-96 <sup>2</sup>	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01		
-01Number of Students	6,533,617	7,042,142	44,840,481	48,067,834		
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligib (FRPL) <sup>3</sup>	ole NA	62.3	32.8	37.5		
Percent of Students with IEPs <sup>4</sup>	10.6	12.9	NA	13.0		
Percent English Language Learners	NA	18.1	NA	8.8		
Percent African American	39.9	38.4	16.8	17.2		
Percent Hispanic	28.2	31.4	13.5	16.3		
Percent White	25.2	23.2	64.8	61.2		
Percent Other	6.7	7.0	4.8	5.3		
Number of FTE Teachers	359,544	411,117	2,598,220	3,002,947		
Student-Teacher Ratio	18.2	17.1	17.3	16.0		
Number of Schools	8,968	9,927	87,125	95,366		
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>8</sup>	\$6,055	\$6,835	\$5,689	\$6,508		
Great City Schools as a Percentage of the P	Nation's Public Schools	;	1995-96	2000-01		
Percent of Students			14.6	14.7		
Percent of Minority Students			31.0	29.7		
Percent of African American Students	_		34.4	33.5		
Percent of Hispanic Students			30.2	28.9		
Percent of FRPL			NA	27.6 <sup>9</sup>		
Percent of IEPs			NA	14.9		
Percent of ELLs			NA	34.31		
Percent of Schools			10.3	10.4		
Percent of Teachers			13.8	13.7		
Percent of State Revenue <sup>11</sup>			15.5	15.9		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Aggregated totals include NCES data and corrections submitted by individual school districts.

<sup>11</sup> Percent of State Revenue data for the 2000-01 school year is from the 1999 fiscal year, the most recent year available from NCES.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> All 1995-96 summary statistics are based on CGCS 1998-99 membership.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Four states (AZ, CT, IL, TN, and WA) did not report free and reduced price lunch eligibility and are not included in the national total for 2000-01. Nine states (AL, AZ, IL, KY, MA, PA, SD, TN, and WA) did not report free and reduced price lunch eligibility and are not included in the national total for 1995-96.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> N=54, does not include Jefferson County who did not have IEP data for 1995-96.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> N=53, percentage is based on the enrollment of districts who provided ELL data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Nine states (ME, MI, MO, NV, NJ, ND, PA, TN, and WA) did not report LEP membership and are not included in the national total for 2000-01.

<sup>8</sup> Current Expenditures Per Pupil for the 2000-01 school year are from the 1999 fiscal year, the most recent year available from NCES.

The percentage of the nation's FRPL is based on all states who reported FRPL eligibility. (See footnote #3.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The percentage of the nation's ELL is based on all states who reported LEP membership. (See footnote #6.)

DISTRICT STATE ALBUQUERQUE NEW MEXICO

STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

State Assessment

CTBS5/TerraN ova Survey Plus

First Year Reported

1998

**Grades Tested** 

3-10 How Reported

Median Percentile Rank and Percent Passing

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	ALBUQUE	RQUE	New Mexico		
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01	
Number of Students	89,019	85,276	329,640	320,306	
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	40.1*	44.1	NA	54.6	
Percent of Students with IEPs	8.2	20.1	13.8	19.4	
Percent English Language Learners	NA	18.3	NA	21.4	
Percent African American	3.6	3.8	2.4	2.4	
Percent Hispanic	45.3*	49.6	46.8	50.2	
Percent White	44.3*	40.0	39.5	35.3	
Percent Other	6.8*	6.5	11.4	12.1	
Number of FTE Teachers	5,526	5,478	19,398	21,043	
Student-Teacher Ratio	16.1	15.1	17.0	15.2	
Number of Schools	122	131	721	765	
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$4,328	\$5,190	\$4,604	\$5,440	
Albuquerque as a Percentage of New Mexic	o's Public Schools		1995-96	2000-01	
Percent of Students			27.0	26.6	
Percent of FRPL		**-	NA	21.5	
Percent of IEPs			32.6	27.7	
Percent of ELLs			NA	22.7	
Percent of Schools			16.9	17.1	
Percent of Teachers			28.5	26.0	
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			27.9	26.0	

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data, "Public Elementary/Secondary School Universe Survey," 2000-2001, "Local Education Agency Universe Survey," 2000-2001, and "National Public Education Financial Survey," 1998-1999, and The Council of the Great City Schools.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

ercent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

# Albuquerque CTBS/5 TerraNova Median National Percentile Rank

	Grade	e 1998	1999	2000	2001	200	2	Annualized Change in NCEs
Reading								<u>-</u>
Albuquerque	3	NA	NA	51	55	50		-0.3
New Mexico	3	NA	NA	NA	NA	49		NA
Albuquerque	4	58	58	57	59	56		-0.3
New Mexico	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	51		NA
Albuquerque	5	NA	NA	57	59	.58		0.3
New Mexico	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	54		NA
Albuquerque	6	50	50	49	51	56		0.8
New Mexico	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	51		NA
Albuquerque	7	NA	NA	53	52	56		0.8
New Mexico	7	NA	NA	NA	NA	48		NA
Albuquerque	8	60	60	61	62	59		-0.1
New Mexico	8	NA	NA	NA	NA	52		NA
Albuquerque	9	NA	NA	58	59	58		0.0
New Mexico	9	NA	NA	NA	NA	52		NA
M ath								
Albuquerque	3	NA	NA	50	53	52		0.6
New Mexico	3	NA	NA	NA	NA	49		NA
Albuquerque	4	56	59	56	60	52		-0.5
New Mexico	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	50		NA
Albuquerque	5	NA	NA	53	56	50		-0.8
New Mexico	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	47		NA
Albuquerque	6	51	50	50	53	50		-0.1
New Mexico	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	50		NA
Albuquerque	7	NA	NA	53	52	50		-0.8
New Mexico	7	NA	NA	NA	NA	46		NA
Albuquerque	8	53	52	55	57	54		0.1
New Mexico	8	NA	NA	NA	NA	48		NA
Albuquerque	9	NA	NA	52	56	56		1.1
New Mexico	9	NA	NA	NA	NA	47		NA
Albuquerque High School Co								
Percent Passing	on rirst A	ilempt *						Annualized
_	Grade	1996 199	7 1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change
Albuquerque	10	92.6 92.	5 00 2	97.4	85.9	68.4	77.5	-2.5
Now Mexico	10	92.6 92.		87.6	03.9 02.6	68.4	66.1	-2.3 2.0

FRICTION in 2001-2002, the passing score for the High School Competency Exam was increased.

85.8

84.0

83.6

88.0

10

88.7

New Mexico

66.1

-3.8

64.4

DISTRICT ANCHORAGE
STATE ALASKA

### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

**State Assessment** 

Alaska Benchmark Examinations, HSGOE

First Year Reported

2000

**Grades Tested** 

3,6,8 & 10 How Reported

Performance Level

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	Anchoi	RAGE	ALASI	KA
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	47,318	49,526	127,618	133,356
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	33.2*	33.0*	NA	24.3
Percent of Students with IEPs	14.4	14.8	13.8	13.3
Percent English Language Learners	8.4*	11.8*	NA	14.5
Percent African American	8.6	8.7	4.6	4.6
Percent Hispanic	4.4	5.6	2.7	3.4
Percent White	68.9	63.4	63.7	61.5
Percent Other	18.1	22.3	28.9	30.5
Number of FTE Teachers	2,461	2,738	7,379	7,880
Student-Teacher Ratio	19.2	18.0	17.3	16.9
Number of Schools	84	99	495	515
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$6,343	\$6,715	\$8,189	\$8,404
Anchorage as a Percentage of Alaska's Pub	olic Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			37.1	37.1
Percent of FRPL			NA	50.3
Percent of IEPs			38.7	41.4
Percent of ELLs			NA	30.2
Percent of Schools			17.0	19.2
Percent of Teachers			33.4	34.7
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			28.4	28.8

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data, "Public Elementary/Secondary School Universe Survey," 2000-2001, "Local Education Agency Universe Survey," 2000-2001, and "National Public Education Financial Survey," 1998-1999, and The Council of the Great City Schools.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

### Anchorage Benchmark Examinations Percent Scoring Proficient or Advanced

	Grade	2000*	2001*	2002	Annualized Change
Reading	Grade	2000	2001	2002	
Anchorage	3	75	73	78	1.5
Alaska	3	71	73	75	1.8
Anchorage	6	74	75	75	0.3
<b>Ala</b> ska	6	70	69	70	-0.1
Anchorage	8	88	87	85	-1.5
Alaska	8	83	83	82	-0.8
Math					
Anchorage	3	67	68	74	3.6
<b>Ala</b> ska	3	65	66	71	2.9
Anchorage	6	67	67	69	1.0
Alaska	6	62	63	64	0.8
Anchorage	8	43	44	44	0.5
Alaska	8	39	40	40	0.6

Anchorage

HSGQE (High School Graduation Qualifying Exam) Percent Scoring Proficient

	Grade	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading					
Anchorage	10	78.4	66.4	74.6	-1.9
<b>Ala</b> ska	10	74.6	65.9	70.2	-2.2
Math					
Anchorage	10	35.9	46.5	66.9	15.5
· ·					
Alaska	10	33.3	44.0	64.0	15.4

<sup>\*</sup> Asterik indicates that data has been updated by the school district.



DISTRICT STATE Atlanta Georgia

#### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

GHSGT

State Assessment

Criterion Referenced Competency Test, Stanford Achievment Test (SAT/9),

First Year Reported

1999

**Grades Tested** 

3-6,8, & 11 How Reported

Performance Level, National Percentile, & Percent Passing

Demographics 1	ATLAN	TA	Georg	GIA
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	60,209	58,230	1,311,126	1,444,937
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	76.4	NA	NA
Percent of Students with IEPs	6.0	6.9	10.3	11.3
Percent English Language Learners	NA	3.5	NA	3.8
Percent African American	90.4	89.5	37.8	38.2
Percent Hispanic	1.8	2.8	2.2	4.8
Percent White	6.6	6.8	58.2	54.7
Percent Other	1.3	1.0	1.7	2.3
Number of FTE Teachers	3,637	3,950	79,480	91,044
Student-Teacher Ratio	16.6	14.2	16.5	15.9
Number of Schools	102	98	1,763	1,946
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$6,969	\$7,944	\$5,056	\$6,092
Atlanta as a Percentage of Georgia's Public Scho	ols		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			4.6	4.0
Percent of FRPL			NA	7.1
Percent of IEPs			4.8	2.5
Percent of ELLs			NA	3.8
Percent of Schools			5.8	5.0
Percent of Teachers			4.6	4.3
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			4.1	4.0

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data, "Public Elementary/Secondary School Universe Survey," 2000-2001, "Local Education Agency Universe Survey," 2000-2001, and "National Public Education Financial Survey," 1998-1999, and The Council of the Great City Schools.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Atlanta
Criterion-Referenced Competency Tests (CRCT)
Percent Meeting/Exceeding Standard

					Annualized
	Grade	2000	2001	2002	Change
Reading					
Atlanta	4	47	70	72	12.5
Georgia	4	65	74	79	7.0
Atlanta	6	52	65	64	6.0
Georgia	6	71	77	80	4.5
Atlanta	8	60	72	68	4.0
Georgia	8	75	82	80	2.5
Math					
Atlanta	4	43	55	56	6.5
Georgia	4	62	63	66	2.0
Atlanta	6	46	52	50	1.5
Georgia	6	66	69	69	1.5
Atlanta	8	36	41	46	5.0
Georgia	8	54	59	65	5.5

Atlanta Georgia High School Graduation Test (GHSGT) Percent Passing on First Administration

	Grade	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
English Language	Arts				
Atlanta	11	89	90	91	1.0
Georgia	11	94	94	95	0.5
Math					
Atlanta	11	83	. 84	81	-1.0
Georgia	11	90	91	91	0.5



Atlanta Criterion-Referenced Competency Tests (CRCT) Percent Meeting/Exceeding Standard

Reading	Grade	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Atlanta	4					Atlanta	4				
African American		43	67	70		African American		38	52	53	
Gap		-47	-29	-25	-22	Gap		-54	<b>-4</b> 2	<b>-40</b>	-14
White		90	96	95		White		92	94	93	
Gap		-36	-32	-42	6	Gap		-39	<b>-4</b> 2	-44	5
Hispanic		54	64	53		Hispanic		53	52	49	J
Georgia	4					Georgia	4				
African American		51	63	71		African American		47	48	52	
Gap		-25	-20	<i>-17</i>	-8	Gap		-27	-26	-26	-1
White		76	83	88		White		74	74	78	-
Gap		-29	-26	-23	-6	Gap		-25	-25	-24	-1
Hispanic		47	57	65		Hispanic		49	49	54	•
Atlanta	6					Atlanta	6				
African American		50	64	64		African American		43	50	47	
Gap		-38	-33	-31	-7	Gap		-46	-47	<b>-41</b>	-5
White		88	97	95		White		89	97	88	•
Gap		-31	-32	-28	-3	Gap		-38	-36	-29	-9
Hispanic		57	65	67		Hispanic		51	61	59	
Georgia	6					Georgia	6				
African American		57	65	70		African American		51	55	55	
Gap		-24	-20	-18	-6	Gap		-26	-24	-24	-2
White		81	85	88		White		77	79	79	-
Gap		-26	-24	-21	-5	Gap		-26	-22	-21	-5
Hispanic		55	61	67		Hispanic		51	57	58	J
Atlanta	8					Atlanta	8				
African American		59	72	67		African American		33	38	44	
Gap		-35	-23	-21	-14	Gap		<i>-51</i>	<b>-43</b>	<b>-41</b>	-10
White		94	95	88		White		84	81	85	
Gap		<b>-49</b>	-21	-15	-34	Gap		-52	-35	-30	-22
Hispanic		45	74	73		Hispanic		32	46	55	
Georgia	8					Georgia	8				
African American		62	74	72		African American		36	42	52	
Gap		-21	-15	-16	-5	Gap		-28	-28	-25	-3
White		83	89	88		White		64	70	77	-
Gap		-24	-22	-21	-3	Gap		-26	-27	-23	-3
Hispanic		59	67	67.		Hispanic		38	43	54	



Atlanta Georgia High School Graduation Tests (GHSGT) Percent Passing on First Administration

English/ Language Arts	Grade	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Mathematics	Grade	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Atlanta	11					Atlanta	11				
African American <i>Gap</i> White <i>Gap</i> Hispanic		88 -8 96 -21 75	89 -7 96 -22 74	91 -2 93 -29 64	-6 8	African American <i>Gap</i> White <i>Gap</i> Hispanic		82 -15 97 -7 90	83 -15 98 -23 75	79 -11 90 -3 87	-4 -4
Georgia	11					Georgia	11				
African American <i>Gap</i> White <i>Gap</i> Hispanic		88 -9 97 -16 81	90 -8 98 -17 81	93 -5 98 -15 83	-4 -1	African American <i>Gap</i> White <i>Gap</i> Hispanic		81 -15 96 -11 85	82 -14 96 -11 85	84 -12 96 -10 86	-3 -1



Atlanta
Geogia Criterion-Referenced Competency Tests (CRCT)
Limited English Proficent Students
Percent Meeting/Exceeding Standard

Atlanta 4 32 44 43 5.5 Georgia 4 22 29 56 17.0 Atlanta 6 50 55 39 -5.5	Reading
17.0	Atlanta
Atlanta 6 50 55 20 55	Georgia
Atlanta 6 50 55 20 55	
Atlanta 6 50 55 39 -5.5	Atlanta
Georgia 6 28 34 53 12.5	Georgia
Atlanta 8 30 20 43 6.5	Atlanta
Georgia 8 28 40 54 13.0	Georgia
Math	Math
Atlanta 4 27 41 40 6.5	Atlanta
Georgia 4 31 26 47 8.0	Georgia
Atlanta 6 56 49 30 -13.0	Atlanta
Georgia 6 36 39 49 6.5	Georgia
Atlanta 8 26 20 43 8.5	Atlanta
Georgia 8 24 28 45 10.5	Georgia

### Georgia High School Graduation Tests (GHSGT) Limited English Proficient Students Percent Passing on First Administration

	Grade	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
English/Lan	iguage Art	s			
Atlanta Georgia	11 11	60 50	39 49	47 69	-6.5 9.5
Mathematic	es				
Atlanta Georgia	11 11	79 72	73 74	71 81	-4.0 4.5



Atlanta Geogia Criterion-Referenced Competency Tests (CRCT) Percent Meeting/Exceeding Standard

Reading	Grade	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Atlanta	4					Atlanta	4				
Students with	h Disabilities	21	23	38		Students with	h Disabilities	11	15	26	
Gap		-27	-49	-36	9	Gap		-33	-43	-34	1
	hout Disabilities	48	72	74		Students wit	hout Disabilities	44	58	60	
Georgia	4					Georgia	4				
Students wit	h Disabilities	29	35	49		Students wit	h Disabilities	27	24	35	
Gap		-40	-43	-35	-5	Gap		-38	-43	-36	-2
-	hout Disabilities	69	78	84		Students wit	hout Disabilities	65	67	71	
Atlanta	6					Atlanta	6				
Students wit	h Disabilities	20	26	22		Students wit	h Disabilities	18	16	15	
Gap		-34	-41	-47	13	Gap		-30	-38	-38	8
Students wit	hout Disabilities	54	67	69		Students wit	thout Disabilities	48	54	53	
Georgia	6					Georgia	6				
Students wit	h Disabilities	30	34	43		Students wit	th Disabilities	24	24	29	
Gap		-45	-47	-42	<b>-3</b>	Gap		-47	-50	-45	-2
Students wit	hout Disabilities	75	81	85		Students wit	thout Disabilities	71	74	74	
Atlanta	8					Atlanta	8				
Students wit	h Disabilities	18	25	22		Students wit	th Disabilities	4	11	10	
Gap		-44	-51	-50	6	Gap		-33	-33	-40	7
Students wit	hout Disabilities	62	76	72		Students wit	thout Disabilities	37	44	50	
Georgia	8					Georgia	8				
Students wit	h Disabilities	32	41	40		Students wit	th Disabilities	13	15	23	
Gap		-47	-46	-46	-1	Gap		-45	-48	-49	4
Students wit	thout Disabilities	79	87	86		Students wit	thout Disabilities	58	63	72	
	igh School Grad ssing on First A			HSGT)							
English/La	nguage Arts					Mathemat	ics				
Atlanta	11					Atlanta	11				
Students wit	th Disabilities	37	51	49		Students wi	th Disabilities	27	48	26	
Gap	. Doublities	-53	-40	-43	-10	Gap		-58	-38	-57	-1
	thout Disabilities	90	91	92			thout Disabilities	85	86	83	
Georgia	11					Georgia	11				
Studente wit	th Disabilities	68	68	74		Students wi	th Disabilities	55	57	60	
Gap	ai Discomics	-27	-27	-23	-4	Gap		<i>-37</i>	-35	-33	-4
	thout Disabilities	95	95	97	-		thout Disabilities	92	92	93	
0											



DISTRICT AUSTIN
STATE TEXAS

STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

State Assessment

Texas Assessment of Academic Skills (TAAS)

First Year Reported

1994

**Grades Tested** 

3-8, &10 How Reported

**Percent Passing** 

DEMOGRAPHICS <sup>1</sup>	Aust	IN	Tex	AS
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	74,772*	77,816	3,740,260*	4,059,619
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	49.8*	48.0*	NA	44.9
Percent of Students with IEPs	11.4	12.2	11.5*	11.9
Percent English Language Learners	13.8*	17.8	12.8*	14.1
Percent African American	18.3	15.7	14.3	14.4
Percent Hispanic	40.3	47.8	36.7	40.6
Percent White	38.9	33.7	46.4	42.0
Percent Other	2.5	2.8	2.6	3.0
Number of FTE Teachers	4,537	5,160	240,371	274,826
Student-Teacher Ratio	16.4	15.1*	15.6	14.8
Number of Schools	103	109	6,638	7,519
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$4,830	\$5,447	\$5,016	\$5,685
Austin as a Percentage of Texas' Public School	s		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			2.0	1.9
Percent of FRPL			2.1	2.0
Percent of IEPs			2.0	2.0
Percent of ELLs			2.1	2.4
Percent of Schools			1.6	1.4
Percent of Teachers			1.9	1.9
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			1.4	0.6

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data, "Public Elementary/Secondary School Universe Survey," 2000-2001, "Local Education Agency Universe Survey," 2000-2001, and "National Public Education Financial Survey," 1998-1999, and The Council of the Great City Schools.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Austin
Texas Assessment of Academic Skills (TAAS)

4
Percent Passing

	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998*	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading											
Austin	3	75.8	76.9	75.7	78.4	82.4	82.7	85.2	85.3	85.3	1.2
Texas	3	77.9	79.5	80.5	81.5	86.2	88.0	87.9	86.8	88.0	1.3
Austin	4	70.9	77.9	74.2	78.9	86.2	83.4	87.2	89.2	90.2	2.4
Texas	4	75.5	80.1	78.3	82.5	89.9	88.8	89.9	90.8	92.5	2.1
Austin	5	72.5	74.4	77.0	79.6	84.0	81.0	83.1	88.1	89.9	2.2
Texas	5	77.5	79.3	83.0	84.8	88.4	86.4	87.8	90.2	92.7	1.9
Austin	6	65.9	73.0	71.3	79.2	79.9	75.7	78.8	79.6	84.4	2.3
Texas	6	74.1	78.9	78.4	84.6	85.6	84.9	86.0	85.6	88.2	1.8
Austin	7	64.2	69.6	75.3	76.2	79.6	75.2	74.2	82.2	85.2	2.6
Texas	7	75.9	78.7	82.6	84.5	85.5	83.6	83.5	89.4	91.3	1.9
Austin	8	70.0	67.3	68.4	75.4	77.3	78.5	81.4	83.9	89.1	2.4
Texas	8	77.2	75.5	78.3	83.9	85.3	88.2	89.6	91.9	94.3	2.1
Austin	10	76.7	74.4	81.0	84.0	86.4	84.4	87.7	85.4	90.4	1.7
Texas	10	77.7	76.4	81.9	86.1	88.3	88.8	90.3	90.0	94.5	2.1
Math											
Austin	3	59.8	68.2	68.1	76.2	75.2	76.7	75.9	79.0	85.5	3.2
Texas	3	63.0	73.3	76.7	81.7	81.0	83.1	80.6	83.1	87.4	3.1
Austin	4	53.9	67.4	70.9	75.6	78.7	78.2	81.6	88.2	91.3	4.7
Texas	4	59.4	71.1	78.5	82.6	86.3	87.6	87.1	91.3	94.1	4.3
Austin	5	56.0	65.3	72.6	77.3	82.4	83.7	86.5	92.3	94.4	4.8
Texas	5	62.6	72.6	79.0	86.2	89.6	90.1	92.1	94.6	96.2	4.2
Austin	6	51.3	55.4	64.5	72.6	75.2	74.3	79.4	84.6	89.1	4.7
Texas	6	61.1	64.6	77.8	81.8	86.1	86.9	88.5	91.4	93.8	4.1
Austin	7	45.3	48.6	58.2	68.3	74.5	72.0	77.3	80.1	84.9	5.0
Texas	7	59.7	62.3	71.5	79.7	83.7	84.9	88.1	89.6	92.2	4.1
Austin	8	49.6	47.7	54.2	62.7	70.3	72.4	80.1	84.0	85.9	4.5
Texas	8	58.6	57.3	69.0	76.3	83.8	86.3	90.2	92.4	92.9	4.3
Austin	10	56.8	60.1	63.7	70.6	72.4	73.9	81.7	81.8	84.4	3.5
Texas	10	58.4	60.2	66.5	72.6	78.4	81.6	86.8	89.3	92.2	4.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Texas reported TAAS results for only non-Special Education students fron 1994 through 1998, using the English language version of the test. Since 1999, state data include results for both non-Special Education students, as well as those whotake the Spanish language versions of the TAAS.

<sup>\*</sup> Asterik indicates that data has been updated by the school district.



Austin
TAAS-Reading
Percent Passing

Percent Passing											
	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998*	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Austin	4	-							_	<u>-</u>	
African American		48.5	56.6	55.7	64.3	70.8	69.7	75.1	80.3	81.6	
Gap		-38.6	-34.9	-34.3	-28.3	-25.2	-24.1	-20.2	-16.4	-16.2	-22.4
White		87.1	91.5	90.0	92.6	96.0	93.8	95.3	96.7	97.8	
Gap		-27.4	-23.0	-29.0	-23.4	-16.2	-17.0	-12.0	-11.2	-11.1	-16.3
Hispanic		59.7	68.5	61.0	69.2	79.8	76.8	83.3	85.5	86.7	
Texas	4										
African American		57.8	63.2	63.0	69.5	80.3	79.2	82.8	83.8	86.8	
Gap		-27.4	-25.5	-23.8	<b>-20.</b> 7	-14.7	-15.1	-12.3	-12.0	<b>-9.</b> 7	<i>-17.7</i>
White		85.2	88.7	86.8	90.2	95.0	94.3	95.1	95.8	96.5	
Gap		-19.2	-16.3	-16.5	-14.7	<b>-9.</b> 7	-9.9	-9.3	-8.5	-6.8	-12.4
Hispanic		66.0	72.4	70.3	75.5	85.3	84.4	85.8	87.3	89.7	
Austin	8										
African American		51.7	46.7	46.7	63.5	62.0	67.1	69.0	75.6	83.4	
Gap		<i>-37.0</i>	-40.8	-41.9	<b>-28.</b> 7	-32.0	-24.5	-25.0	-18.5	-13.2	-23.8
White		88.7	87.5	88.6	92.2	94.0	91.6	94.0	94.1	96.6	
Gap		-33.9	-34.8	-35.5	-29.5	-29.1	-22.8	-21.0	-16.9	-12.6	-21.3
Hispanic		54.8	52.7	53.1	62.7	64.9	68.8	73.0	77.2	84.0	
Texas	8										
African American		60.9	59.7	63.6	74.0	76.2	81.8	83.6	88.0	92.1	
Gap		-27.8	-27.4	-26.2	-19.0	-18.0	-12.2	-11.5	-8.4	-5.4	-22.4
White		88.7	87.1	89.8	93.0	94.2	94.0	95.1	96.4	97.5	
Gap		-24.6	-24.4	-23.9	-18.8	-18.4	-12.1	-11.1	-9.0	-6.5	-18.1
Hispanic		64.1	62.7	65.9	74.2	75.8	81.9	84.0	87.4	91.0	
Austin	10										
African American		58.4	51.0	69.5	72.9	78.4	74.2	77.6	73.7	83.5	
Gap		-33.7	-40.1	-24.1	-22.8	-17.9	-21.6	-18.8	-22.1	-14.8	-18.9
White		92.1	91.1	93.6	95.7	96.3	95.8	96.4	95.8	98.3	
Gap		-29.6	-28.4	-26.0	<b>-23.</b> 7	-20.5	<i>-21.7</i>	-16.4	-18.5	-14.4	-15.2
Hispanic		62.5	62.7	67.6	72.0	75.8	74.1	80.0	77.3	83.9	
Texas	10										
African American		62.9	60.5	71.3	78.9	81.5	83.1	85.9	84.1	92.5	
Gap		-26.2	-27.7	-20.4	-15.5	-13.9	-12.4	-10.2	-11.9	-5.4	-20.8
White		89.1	88.2	91.7	94.4	95.4	95.5	96.1	96.0	97.9	
Gap		-25.6	-25.4	-22.0	<b>-18.</b> 7	-15.4	-15.0	-13.0	-12.5	-7.4	-18.2
Hispanic		63.5	62.8	69.7	75.7	80.0	80.5	83.1	83.5	90.5	



# Austin TAAS-Math Percent Passing

Percent Passing											
	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998*	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Ga
Austin	4		_								
African American		30.9	39.1	50.8	60.1	62.0	60.2	65.7	77.1	83.1	
<i>Gap</i>		-39.5	-45.2	-36.0	-29.3	-28.7	-31.2	-26.9	-19.3	-14.7	-24.8
White		70.4	84.3	86.8	89.4	90.7	91.4	92.6	96.4	97.8	
Gap		-28.2	-28.2	-28.2	-23.3	-20.9	-21.1	-16.3	-11.9	-9.4	-18.8
Hispanic		42.2	56.1	58.6	66.1	69.8	70.3	76.3	84.5	88.4	
Texas	4										
African American		38.0	49.5	60.7	66.3	73.3	74.1	75.7	83.0	88.6	
Gap		-32.4	-32.1	-26.1	-23.9	-18.8	-19.0	-17.7	-12.7	-8.5	-23.9
White		70.4	81.6	86.8	90.2	92.1	93.1	93.4	95.7	97.1	
Gap		-21.6	-20.1	-15.1	-13.1	-9.7	-8.5	-10.3	<b>-6.</b> 7	-4.6	-17.0
Hispanic		48.8	61.5	71.7	77.1	82.4	84.6	83.1	89.0	92.5	
Austin	8										
African American		25.3	21.4	26.1	41.1	49.5	53.8	62.1	71.8	71.8	
Gap		-46.4	-52.2	-51.5	-43.2	-38.5	-33.8	-30.3	-22.6	-23.9	-22.5
White		71.7	73.6	77.6	84.3	88.0	87.6	92.4	94.4	95.7	
Gap		-39.6	-45.5	-40.2	-36.8	-29.0	-24.8	<i>-18.7</i>	-16.2	<i>-14.8</i>	-24.8
Hispanic		32.1	28.1	37.4	47.5	59.0	62.8	73.7	78.2	80.9	
Texas	8										
African American		34.2	32.6	47.4	58.8	71.6	74.7	81.8	85.6	86.8	
Gap		-39.6	-41.4	-35.2	-29.1	-20.6	-18.2	-13.4	-11.1	-9.8	-29.8
White		73.8	74.0	82.6	87.9	92.2	92.9	95.2	96.7	96.6	
Gap		-31.6	-34.9	-27.2	-22.7	-16.4	-12.4	-9.1	-7.5	-6.4	-25.2
Hispanic		42.2	39.1	55.4	65.2	75.8	80.5	86.1	89.2	90.2	
Austin	10										
African American		29.0	31.0	37.5	46.0	50.1	52.9	62.1	64.1	66.5	
Gap		-47.8	-50.2	-43.3	-42.0	-31.1	<i>-36.0</i>	-30.6	-29.6	-29.8	-18.0
White		76.8	81.2	80.8	88.0	89.2	88.9	92.7	93.7	96.3	
Gap		-38.8	-38.3	-30.3	-31.8	-31.0	-26.0	-18.4	-20.0	-19.6	-19.2
Hispanic		38.0	42.9	50.5	56.2	58.2	62.9	74.3	73.7	76.7	
Texas	10										
African American		34.6	37.1	45.1	54.0	61.8	67.4	75.0	80.2	85.9	
Gap		<i>-37.3</i>	<i>-37.6</i>	-33.9	-30.9	<i>-26.7</i>	-22.4	-18.2	-14.6	-10.6	-26.7
White		71.9	74.7	79.0	84.9	88.5	89.8	93.2	94.8	96.5	
Gap		-29.3	-31.2	-25.9	-25.7	-20.5	<i>-16.1</i>	-12.4	-10.7	-8.5	-20.8
Hispanic		42.6	43.5	53.1	59.2	68.0	73.7	80.8	84.1	88.0	



Austin
TAAS-Economically Disadvantaged
Percent Passing

Reading	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998*	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Austin	4	54.0	62.2	57.4	65.2	75.7	72.6	79.2	81.9	83.1	3.6
Texas	4	63.3	69.2	67.5	73.0	79.3	82.3	84.3	85.8	88.4	3.1
Austin	8	50.7	46.4	45.8	57.4	60.5	64.0	68.4	73.2	81.2	3.8
Texas	8	61.9	60.5	64.3	72.7	70.4	80.7	82.7	86.5	90.5	3.6
Austin	10	51.4	50.6	59.9	66.9	69.4	68.0	74.9	68.5	80.2	3.6
Texas	10	60.2	59.8	67.1	73.9	75.5	79.4	82.0	82.0	90.1	3.7
Math	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998*	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Austin	4	36.6	50.0	54.8	61.9	66.5	65.6	71.0	80.4	85.3	6.1
Texas	4	45.7	58.2	68.3	73.9	74.9	81.3	80.7	87.0	91.2	5.7
Austin	8	28.2	24.9	30.2	43.7	53.4	57.1	69.3	74.1		6.0
	8 8	28.2 39.9	24.9 37.8	30.2 53.4	43.7 63.6	53.4 70.0	57.1 78.7		74.1 87.9	76.2 88.8	6.0 6.1
Austin Texas Austin								69.3		76.2	

# TAAS-Special Education Percent Passing

Reading	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Austin	4	35.3	37.6	29.7	29.0	36.3		67.3	81.8	86.6	6.4
Texas	4	50.9	54.7	44.2	46.6	56.6	75.2	81.6	85.0	88.6	4.7
Austin	8	34.1	21.1	34.4	33.8	34.9	46.6	55.7	58.6	81.0	5.9
Texas	8	41.1	36.8	37.5	44.4	45.3	63.7	68.9	76.2	85.0	5.5
Austin	10	39.7	40.0	44.2	47.8	53.7	51.3	60.2	57.5	72.0	4.0
Texas	10	42.3	38.8	46.8	50.5	52.2	64.5	68.0	67.1	80.4	4.8
Math	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Austin	4	16.7	29.8	21.5	29.1	30.4	49.9	61.6	77.2	85.2	8.6
Texas	4	33.5	43.6	43.9	46.9	51.4	72.7	77.0	85.2	90.3	7.1
Austin	8	11.5	10.5	15.6	17.5	23.0	36.6	54.6	59.7	71.5	7.5
Texas	8	19.5	19.8	24.6	30.8	40.1	58.8	70.7	77.8	81.4	7.7
Austin	10	20.2	17.6	18.9	34.2	35.7	37.3	53.8	48.1	58.9	4.8
Texas	10	21.3	21.8	25.7	29.4	35.0	47.4	58.3	64.1	72.1	6.4

<sup>\*</sup> Asterik indicates that data has been updated by the school district.



DISTRICT BALTIMORE STATE MARYLAND

# STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

State Assessment

Maryland School Performance Program

First Year Reported

1994

**Grades Tested** 

3,5 & 8 How Reported

Percent Satisfactory

DEMOGRAPHICS 1	BALTIM	Maryi	AND	
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	109,980	99,859	805,544	852,920
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	70.1*	71.5	NA	30.0
Percent of Students with IEPs	15.9	16.9	12.7	13.0
Percent English Language Learners	0.4*	0.7	NA	2.8
Percent African American	84.3	87.5	35.0	37.1
Percent Hispanic	0.4	0.7	3.3	4.8
Percent White	14.3	10.8	57.5	53.4
Percent Other	1.1	1.0	4.1	4.7
Number of FTE Teachers	6,291	6,057	47,819	52,433
Student-Teacher Ratio	17.5	16.4	16.8	16.3
Number of Schools	180	183	1,276	1,383
Current Expenditures Per Pupil 2	\$6,370	\$7,282	\$6,593	\$7,326
Baltimore as a Percentage of Maryland's Pu	ıblic Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			13.7	11.7
Percent of FRPL		****	NA	27.9
Percent of IEPs			17.1	15.2
Percent of ELLs			NA	2.9
Percent of Schools			14.1	13.2
Percent of Teachers			13.2	11.6
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			19.4	20.0

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data, "Public Elementary/Secondary School Universe Survey," 2000-2001, "Local Education Agency Universe Survey," 2000-2001, and "National Public Education Financial Survey," 1998-1999, and The Council of the Great City Schools.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

<sup>3</sup> Dercent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Baltimore Maryland School Performance Assessment Program (MSPAP) Percent Satisfactory

	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
	Grade	1774	1993	1990	1997	1776	1777	2000	2001		
Reading											
Baltimore	3	9.2	11.4	11.2	11.8	16.6	15.6	18.5	17.4	12.4	0.4
Maryland	3	30.6	34.0	35.3	36.8	41.6	41.2	39.2	36.5	30.7	0.0
Baltimore	5	10.0	9.2	10.9	13.0	14.3	15.7	19.9	21.8	18.4	1.1
Maryland	5	30.2	29.5	33.7	35.6	40.4	41.4	44.6	44.6	42.1	1.5
Baltimore	8	5.4	7.4	7.9	8.1	6.7	7.1	8.5	9.6	10.9	0.7
Maryland	8	24.0	27.6	28.6	26.3	25.5	25.3	26.8	26.6	23.6	0.0
Math											
Baltimore	3	12.4	15.0	8.7	10.8	13.2	11.4	14.3	20.4	12.8	0.1
Maryland	3	33.9	42	38.7	41.4	41.6	38.9	40.1	37.8	28.7	-0.7
Baltimore	5	13.3	16.7	13.2	13.6	13.5	16.2	20.5	23.0	19.4	0.8
Maryland	5	42.1	44.7	47.8	48.2	47.9	46.2	46.7	42.6	39.8	-0.3
Baltimore	8	9.4	12.4	8.6	10.0	12.7	12.8	14.8	14.3	13.5	0.5
Maryland	8	40.3	42.3	43.3	45.9	47.4	49.0	50.4	47.0	35.2	-0.6



#### Baltimore MSPAP-Reading Percent Satisfactory

	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Baltimore	3	_									
African American <i>Gap</i> White <i>Gap</i> Hispanic		7.9 -7.1 15.0 -10.6 4.4	9.9 - <b>9.2</b> 19.1 - <b>2.4</b> 16.7	9.8 - <b>8.9</b> 18.7 <b>9.9</b> 28.6	10.1 -11.0 21.1 0.3 21.4	15.1 -10.4 25.5 -6.3 19.2	14.3 -10.8 25.1 -6.5 18.6	17.9 -5.9 23.8 -7.5	16.5 -7.0 23.5 -3.1	11.8 -6.0 17.8 -7.0	-1.1 -3.6
ПБрате		4.4	10.7	28.0	21.4	19.2	18.6	16.3	20.4	10.8	
Maryland	3										
African American <i>Gap</i> White <i>Gap</i> Hispanic		14.1 -24.7 38.8 -14.4 24.4	16.3 -27.2 43.5 -18.4 25.1	17.2 -28.1 45.3 -19.3 26.0	18.4 -29.0 47.4 -17.3 30.1	23.2 -29.6 52.8 -17.7 35.1	23.6 -28.8 52.4 -18.3 34.1	24.3 -24.9 49.2 -18.4 30.8	21.4 -25.9 47.3 -23.6 23.7	17.0 -24.0 41.0 -20.6 20.4	-0.7 6.2
Baltimore	5										
African American <i>Gap</i> White <i>Gap</i>		8.2 -10.0 18.2 -9.7	8.0 -7.5 15.5 0.3	9.2 -10.7 19.9 -4.9	11.8 -7.6 19.4 -7.4	13.3 -7.5 20.8 -13.9	14.9 -6.1 21.0 -6.7	19.3 -4.3 23.6 7.2	20.9 -9.1 30.0 -7.3	18.0 -6.6 24.6 -10.8	-3.4 1.1
Hispanic		8.5	15.8	15.0	12.0	6.9	14.3	30.8	22.7	13.8	
Maryland	5										
African American <i>Gap</i> White <i>Gap</i> Hispanic		14.9 -23.0 37.9 -16.0 21.9	13.8 -23.8 37.6 -18.4 19.2	16.6 -26.2 42.8 -17.1 25.7	18.9 -25.8 44.7 -16.7 28.0	23.0 -27.5 50.5 -19.6 30.9	23.9 -27.8 51.7 -19.5 32.2	26.9 -28.7 55.6 -18.9 36.7	26.9 -28.9 55.8 -21.4 34.4	26.3 -27.2 53.5 -22.7 30.8	4.2 6.7
Baltimore	8										
African American <i>Gap</i> White		4.4 - <b>6.9</b> 11.3	6.3 <b>-8.0</b> 14.3	6.8 <b>-8.5</b> 15.3	6.7 <b>-9.8</b> 16.5	5.5 <b>-8.3</b> 13.8	6.4 -5.4 11.8	8.0 -4.3 12.3	8.9 <b>-6.0</b> 14.9	10.2 -6.2 16.4	<b>-0.</b> 7
Gap Hispanic		<b>-8.9</b> 2.4	<b>-4.9</b> 9.4	<b>-10.8</b> 4.5	3.5 20.0	1.6 15.4	<b>-7.8</b> 4.0	<b>-0.5</b> 11.8	<b>-2.4</b> 12.5	<b>-10.3</b> 6.1	1.4
Maryland	8										
African American  Gap		10.2 -20.7	13.3 -21.9	13.1 -23.7	13.0 -20.4	12.1 -20.3	13.5 -17.9	15.1 -17.7	15.7 <b>-16.9</b>	14.9 -19.2	-1.5
White <i>Gap</i> Hispanic		30.9 -15.6 15.3	35.2 -16.1 19.1	36.8 -16.2 20.6	33.4 -13.7 19.7	32.4 -14.0 18.4	31.4 -11.1 20.3	32.8 -9.1 23.7	32.6 -12.4 20.2	34.1 -15.6 18.5	0.0



### Baltimore MSPAP-Math Percent Satisfactory

	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Baltimore	3										
African American <i>Gap</i> White		10.8 <b>-8.8</b> 19.6	13.5 -9.1 22.6	7.3 <b>-9.2</b> 16.5	8.7 -14.1 22.8	11.4 -12.2 23.6	10.1 -10.8 20.9	12.7 -12.3 25.0	18.5 -15.6 34.1	11.9 - <b>8.8</b> 20.7	0.0
Gap Hispanic		<b>-8.6</b> 11.0	<b>-5.9</b> 16.7	<i>-11.7</i> 4.8	<i>-19.4</i> 3.4	<b>-15.6</b> 8.0	<b>-11.6</b> 9.3	<b>-9.6</b> 15.4	<b>-20.3</b> 13.8	<b>-13.6</b> 7.1	5.0
Maryland	3										
African American		14.3	19.6	16.4	17.8	20.0	18.8	19.5	19.0	13.7	
Gap		-29.3	-34.2	-34.7	-37.3	-34.8	-33.0	-34.4	-32.6	-26.5	-2.8
White		43.6	53.8	51.1	55.1	54.8	51.8	53.9	51.6	40.2	
Gap		-19.5	-23.0	-22.3	-23.5	-21.9	-22.2	-25.0	-28.7	-24.4	4.9
Hispanic		24.1	30.8	28.8	31.6	32.9	29.6	28.9	22.9	15.8	
Baltimore	5										
African American		10.9	15.2	11.0	11.2	12.1	14.8	19.1	21.3	18.8	
Gap		-13.4	-9.4	-14.0	-16.2	-10.6	-10.2	-12.0	-14.8	-9.9	-3.5
White		24.3	24.6	25.0	27.4	22.7	25.0	31.1	36.1	28.7	
Gap		-10.5	-3.5	-25.0	-23.6	-13.3	-17.0	-13.2	-12.7	-19.0	<b>8.</b> 5
Hispanic		13.8	21.1	0.0	3.8	9.4	8.0	17.9	23.4	9.7	
Maryland	5										
African American		18.2	21.9	23.3	22.6	24.0	24.3	24.3	21.7	18.9	
Gap		-35.8	-34.4	<i>-37.7</i>	-40.0	-38.3	-35.2	-36.9	-34.7	-36.3	0.5
White		54.0	56.3	61.0	62.6	62.3	59.5	61.2	56.4	55.2	-
Gap		-22.4	-20.9	-24.3	-24.6	-27.0	-23.1		-28.7	<i>-31.2</i>	8.8
Hispanic		31.6	35.4	36.7	38.0	35.3	36.4	33.3	27.7	24.0	
Baltimore	8										
African American		7.6	10.4	6.4	7.8	10.8	10.8	13.0	12.6	11.5	
Gap		<i>-12.7</i>	-14.2	-16.0	-16.0	-14.6	-15.2	-14.9	-15.0	<i>-16.7</i>	4.0
White		20.3	24.6	22.4	23.8	25.4	26.0	27.9	27.6	28.2	_
Gap		-18.7	-2.7	-8.8	<i>-7.8</i>	-6.9	-6.0	-19.6	-10.1	-11.5	-7.2
Hispanic		1.6	21.9	13.6	16.0	18.5	20.0	8.3	17.5	16.7	
Maryland	8										
African American		15.3	19.0	17.2	19.5	21.3	22.2	24.7	21.5	18.6	
Gap		<i>-37.8</i>	-35.8	-40.6	-41.2	-40.5	-42.3	-40.6	-41.1	<i>-37.7</i>	-0.1
White		53.1	54.8	57.8	60.7	61.8	64.5	65.3	62.6	56.3	
Gap		-28.4	<i>-22.7</i>	<i>-26.9</i>	-23.9	-23.2	<i>-27.3</i>	-23.7	-26.4	-30.6	2.2
Hieranic		24.7	32.1	30.9	36.8	38.6		41.6	36.2	25.7	
Provided by Effici		••			-	75	,				67

District

BIRMINGHAM

STATE

**A**LABAMA

STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

Stanford Achievement

**State Assessment** 

Test, Ninth Edition First Year Reported

(SAT/9)

**Grades Tested** 

3-8, 11 How Reported

National Percentiles

1999

Demographics 1	BIRMING	GHAM	ALABA	MA
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	41,824	37,843	746,149	740,176
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	42.1	NA	46.0
Percent of Students with IEPs	10.1	14.0	13.1	13.3
Percent English Language Learners	NA	0.6	NA	1.0
Percent African American	93.6	96.2	36.0	35.9
Percent Hispanic	0.2	0.7	0.5	1.3
Percent White	5.9	2.8	62.1	59.8
Percent Other	0.4	0.3	1.3	1.4
Number of FTE Teachers	2,578	2,471	44,056	48,199
Student-Teacher Ratio	16.2	15.3	16.9	15.4
Number of Schools	92	91	1,319	1,517
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$4,693	\$5,098	\$4,343	\$4,849
Birmingham as a Percentage of Alabama's	Public Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			5.6	5.1
Percent of FRPL			NA	4.8
Percent of IEPs			4.3	5.4
Percent of ELLs			NA	3.1
Percent of Schools		<u> </u>	7.0	6.0
Percent of Teachers			5.9	5.1
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			5.1	5.1

Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

#### Birmingham SAT/9 National Percentiles

Reading	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change in NCE's
Birmingham	3	36	37	39	38	0.4
Alabama	3	50	49	50	50	0.0
Birmingham	4	43	44	42	39	-0.7
Alabama	4	56	56	55	55	-0.2
Birmingham	5	43	45	44	42	-0.2
Alabama	5	54	53	52	51	-0.5
Birmingham	6	42	42	42	37	-0.9
Alabama	6	55	56	54	53	-0.3
Birmingham	7	37	39	39	35	-0.4
Alabama	7	50	51	50	48	-0.4
Birmingham	8	45	43	44	40	-0.9
Alabama	8	54	54	53	51	-0.5
						Annualized
Math	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in NCE's
Birmingham	3	46	46	48	45	-0.2
Alabama	3	56	57	56	54	-0.4
Birmingham	4	49	49	48	43	-1.1
Alabama	4	59	59	58	56	-0.5
Birmingham	5	51	52	50	NA	-0.3
Alabama	5	58	58	57	NA	-0.3
Birmingham	6	46	50	50	42	-0.7
Alabama	6	63	64	62	59	-0.7
Birmingham	7	40	41	42	NA	0.5
Alabama	7	55	56	55	NA	0.0
Birmingham	8	41	42	42	36	-0.9
Alabama	8	54	55	54	53	-0.2

# Alabama High School Graduation Exam Percent Passing

11.

	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading						
Birmingham Alabama	11 11	NA NA	75 83	80 88	79 86	2 1.5
Math						
B <b>irmin</b> gham Alabama	11 11	NA NA	NA NA	64 83	65 79	1 -4



DISTRICT

**BOSTON** 

**STATE** 

**M**ASSACHUSETTS

#### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

Massachusetts

State Assessment

Comprehensive Assessment First Year Reported System (MCAS)

1998

**Grades Tested** 

3-4, 6-8, & 10 How Reported

Performance Level

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	Возто	ON	MASSACH	USETTS
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	63,293*	63,024	915,007	975,150
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	72.0	NA	24.3
Percent of Students with IEPs	20.7	19.7	17.0	16.4
Percent English Language Learners	NA	21.0	NA	5.0
Percent African American	47.9	48.4	8.2	8.5
Percent Hispanic	24.6	27.4	9.3	10.7
Percent White	17.8	14.7	78.5	76.1
Percent Other	9.6	9.4	4.0	4.7
Number of FTE Teachers	4,080	5,519	62,710	67,432
Student-Teacher Ratio	15.5	11.4*	14.6	14.5
Number of Schools	123	131	1,850	1,905
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$9,126	\$11,040	\$7,033	\$8,260
Boston as a Percentage of Massachusetts'	Public Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			6.9	6.5
Percent of FRPL			NA	19.1
Percent of IEPs			4.7	7.8
Percent of ELLs			NA	26.9
Percent of Schools			6.6	6.9
Percent of Teachers			8.5	8.2
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			7.1	7.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Boston Massachusetts Comprehensive Assessment System (MCAS) Tests Percent Scoring Proficient/Above

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
English Languag	ge Arts						
Boston	3	NA	NA	NA	30	35	5.0
Massachusetts	3	NA	NA	NA	62	67	5.0
Boston	4	4	5	6	24	24	5.0
Massachusetts	4	20	21	20	51	54	8.5
Boston	7	NA	NA	NA	33	40	7.0
Massachusetts	7	NA	NA	NA	55	64	9.0
Boston	8	30	34	36	41	NA	NA
Massachusetts	8	55	56	62	67	NA	NA
Boston	10	18	19	22	31	34	4.0
Massachusetts	10	38	34	36	51	59	5.3
Math							
Boston	4	8	15	14	14	15	1.8
Massachusetts	4	34	36	40	34	39	1.3
Boston	6	NA	NA	NA	14	16	2.0
Massachusetts	6	NA	NA	NA	36	41	5.0
Boston	8	14	17	15	20	19	1.3
Massachusetts	8	31	28	34	34	34	0.8
Boston	10	13	15	22	28	24	2.8
Massachusetts	10	1 24	24	33	45	44	5.0



DISTRICT

**Broward County** 

STATE

FLORIDA

#### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

Florida Comprehensive

**State Assessment** 

Achievement Test First Year Reported (FCAT)

ed 1999

**Grades Tested** 

4,5,8, &10 How Reported

Performance Level

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	Broward (	County	Flori	<b>DA</b>
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	207,345*	251,129	2,176,222	2,434,821
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	31.6*	37.1	NA	44.3
Percent of Students with IEPs	10.8	11.5	13.4	15.0
Percent English Language Learners	NA	10.9	NA	7.7
Percent African American	34.8*	36.4	25.3	25.2
Percent Hispanic	13.3*	19.4	15.3	19.4
Percent White	49.1*	41.2	57.5	53.3
Percent Other	2.8	3.0	2.0	2.1
Number of FTE Teachers	11,341*	11,822	114,938	132,030
Student-Teacher Ratio	18.3*	20.2	18.9	18.4
Number of Schools	187*	243	2,760	3,316
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$5,178	\$5,650	\$5,275	\$5,790
Broward as a Percentage of Florida's Public	c Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			9.5	10.3
Percent of FRPL			NA	8.6
Percent of IEPs			7.7	7.9
Percent of ELLs			NA	14.6
Percent of Schools			6.8	7.3
Percent of Teachers			9.9	9.0
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>		6	10.6	9.9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

# Broward County Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT) Percent Scoring Level 3 & Above

	Grade	1999*	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading				_		
Broward	4	49	51	54	59	3.3
Florida	4	48	52	53	54	2.0
Broward	8	46	43	44	47	0.3
Florida	8	44	39	43	45	0.3
Broward	10	26	27	37	35	3.0
Florida	10	30	29	37	36	2.0
Math						
Broward	5	40	46	52	55	5.0
Florida	5	35	46	48	48	4.3
Broward	8	47	52	58	55	2.7
Florida	8	44	51	55	53	3.0
Broward	10	44	49	. 60	62	6.0
Florida	10	47	51	59	60	4.3

<sup>\*</sup> Asterik indicates that data has been updated by the school district.



Broward County FCAT-Reading Percent Level 3 and Above

	Grade	1998	1999*	2000*	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Broward	4						
African American		25	29	32	39	44	
<i>Gap</i>		-42	-36	-35	-30	-27	-15
White		67	65	67	69	71	
Gap		-22	-20	-23	-18	-17	-5
Hispanic		45	45	44	51	54	
Florida	4						
African American		23	26	32	31	36	
<i>бар</i>		-42	-41	-39	-35	-31	-11
V hite		65	67	71	66	67	
Гар		-27	-26	-23	-23	-21	-6
Hispanic		38	41	48	43	46	
Broward	8						
African American		22	24	22	24	29	
<i>Бар</i>		-36	-40	-38	<b>-37</b>	-35	-1
Vhite		58	64	60	61	64	
Гар		-21	-24	-23	-23	-19	-2
Hispanic		37	40	37	38	45	
Florida	8						
African American		21	24	20	21	24	
<i>Gap</i>		-34	-37	-38	-35	-34	0
White		55	61	58	56	58	
<i>бар</i>		-22	-24	-23	-25	-23	1
Hispanic		33	37	35	31	35	
Broward	10						
African American		13	12	14	18	19	
<i>Gap</i>		-24	-28	-26	-34	-29	5
White		37	40	40	52	48	
Gap		-18	-18	-19	-21	-19	1
Hispanic		19	22	21	31	29	
Florida	10						
African American		12	13	13	15	14	
Gap		-26	-29	-27	-34	-33	7
White		38	42	40	49	47	
Gap		-18	-19	-18	-24	-23	5
Hispanic		20	23	22	25	24	

<sup>\*</sup> Asterik indicates that data has been updated by the school district.



### Broward County FCAT-Math Percent Level 3 and Above

African American  Gap White Gap Hispanic  Florida  African American Gap White Gap Hispanic  Broward  African American Gap White Gap Hispanic  Florida  African American Gap White Gap Hispanic  Florida  African American Gap White Gap Hispanic  Broward  African American Gap White Gap Hispanic  Broward  African American Gap White Gap Hispanic	5	49 -21 28 10 -34 44 -22 22 22	19 -37 56 -18 38 15 -36 51 -22 29 21 -45 66 -24	62 -19 43 26 -37 63 -19 44	68 -19 49 25 -34 59 -19 40	36 -34 70 -16 54 27 -33 60 -17 43	-3 -5 -1 -5
Gap White Gap Hispanic Florida African American Gap White Gap Hispanic Broward African American Gap White Gap Hispanic Florida African American Gap White Gap Hispanic Florida African American Gap White Gap White Gap White Gap White Gap Hispanic	5	37 49 -21 28 10 -34 44 -22 22 22 20 -45 65 -23	-37 56 -18 38 15 -36 51 -22 29 21 -45 66 -24	-34 62 -19 43 26 -37 63 -19 44	-34 68 -19 49 25 -34 59 -19 40	-34 70 -16 54 27 -33 60 -17 43	-5 -1 -5
White Gap Hispanic  Florida  African American Gap White Gap Hispanic  Broward  African American Gap White Gap Hispanic  Florida  African American Gap White Gap Hispanic  Florida  African American Gap White Gap White Gap White Gap Hispanic	5	37 49 -21 28 10 -34 44 -22 22 22 20 -45 65 -23	-37 56 -18 38 15 -36 51 -22 29 21 -45 66 -24	-34 62 -19 43 26 -37 63 -19 44	-34 68 -19 49 25 -34 59 -19 40	-34 70 -16 54 27 -33 60 -17 43	-5 -1 -5
White Gap Hispanic  Florida  African American Gap White Gap Hispanic  Broward  African American Gap White Gap Hispanic  Florida  African American Gap White Gap Hispanic  Florida  African American Gap White Gap White Gap White Gap White Gap Hispanic	8	49 -21 28 10 -34 44 -22 22 22 20 -45 65 -23	56 -18 38 15 -36 51 -22 29 21 -45 66 -24	62 -19 43 26 -37 63 -19 44	68 -19 49 25 -34 59 -19 40	70 -16 54 27 -33 60 -17 43	-5 -1 -5
Gap Hispanic  Florida  African American Gap White Gap Hispanic  Broward  African American Gap White Gap Hispanic  Florida  African American Gap White Gap Hispanic  Florida  African American Gap White Gap White Gap White Gap Hispanic	8	10 34 44 422 22 22 20 45 65	-18 38 15 -36 51 -22 29 21 -45 66 -24	-19 43 26 -37 63 -19 44 29 -42 71	-19 49 25 -34 59 -19 40	-16 54 27 -33 60 -17 43	-1 -5
Hispanic  Florida  African American  Gap  White  Gap  Hispanic  Broward  African American  Gap  White  Gap  Hispanic  Florida  African American  Gap  White  Gap  Hispanic  Broward  African American  Gap  White  Gap  Hispanic  Broward  African American  Gap  White  Gap  Hispanic	8	10 .34 44 .22 22 22 20 .45 65	38 15 -36 51 -22 29 21 -45 66 -24	26 -37 63 -19 44	25 -34 59 -19 40	27 -33 60 -17 43	-I -5
African American  Gap White  Gap Hispanic  Broward  African American  Gap White  Gap Hispanic  Florida  African American  Gap White  Gap  White  Gap  White  Gap  White  Gap  White  Gap  White  Gap  White  Gap  White  Gap  White  Gap  White  Gap  White  Gap  White  White  Marcican  White	8	20 .45 65 .23	-36 51 -22 29 21 -45 66 -24	-37 63 -19 44 29 -42 71	-34 59 -19 40	-33 60 -17 43 34 -39	-5
Gap White Gap Hispanic Broward African American Gap White Gap Hispanic Florida African American Gap White Gap White Gap White Gap White Gap Hispanic Broward African American Gap White	8	20 .45 65 .23	-36 51 -22 29 21 -45 66 -24	-37 63 -19 44 29 -42 71	-34 59 -19 40	-33 60 -17 43 34 -39	-5
White  Gap  Hispanic  Broward  African American  Gap  White  Gap  Hispanic  Florida  African American  Gap  White  Marrican  White  White  Marrican  White	8	44 22 22 22 20 .45 65 -23	51 -22 29 21 -45 66 -24	63 -19 44 29 -42 71	59 -19 40 35 -41	60 -17 43 34 -39	-5
Gap Hispanic  Broward  African American  Gap White  Gap Hispanic  Florida  African American  Gap White  Gap  White  Gap  White  Gap  White  Gap  White  Gap  White  Gap  White  Gap  White  Map  White  White	8	22 22 20 .45 65 -23	-22 29 21 -45 66 -24	-19 44 29 -42 71	-19 40 35 -41	-17 43 34 -39	
Hispanic  Broward  African American  Gap  White  Gap  Hispanic  Florida  African American  Gap  White  Gap  Hispanic  Broward  African American  Gap  White  Cap  White  Cap  White	8	22 20 .45 65 -23	21 -45 66 -24	29 - <b>42</b> 71	35 -41	34 -39	
Hispanic  Broward  African American  Gap  White  Gap  Hispanic  Florida  African American  Gap  White  Gap  Hispanic  Broward  African American  Gap  White  Gap  Hispanic	8	20 .45 65	21 -45 66 -24	29 <b>-42</b> 71	35 -41	34 -39	-6
African American  Gap  White  Gap  Hispanic  Florida  African American  Gap  White  Gap  Hispanic  Broward  African American  Gap  White	-	.45 65 -23	-45 66 -24	<b>-42</b> 71	-41	-39	-6
Gap White Gap Hispanic Florida African American Gap White Gap Hispanic Broward African American Gap White	- -	.45 65 -23	-45 66 -24	<b>-42</b> 71	-41	-39	-6
Gap White Gap Hispanic Florida African American Gap White Gap Hispanic  Broward African American Gap White	- -	.45 65 -23	-45 66 -24	<b>-42</b> 71	-41	-39	-6
White  Gap  Hispanic  Florida  African American  Gap  White  Gap  Hispanic  Broward  African American  Gap  White	-	65 - <b>23</b>	66 -24	71			-
Gap Hispanic Florida African American Gap White Gap Hispanic Broward African American Gap White	-	-23	-24			73	
Hispanic Florida African American Gap White Gap Hispanic Broward African American Gap White					-20	-19	-4
African American  Gap  White  Gap  Hispanic  Broward  African American  Gap  White			42	47	56	54	-
Gap White Gap Hispanic Broward African American Gap White	8						
Gap White Gap Hispanic Broward African American Gap White		19	21	30	30	28	
White  Gap  Hispanic  Broward  African American  Gap  White		40	-43			-39	-1
Gap Hispanic Broward African American Gap White		59	64	71		67	-
Hispanic Broward African American <i>Gap</i> White			-26			-25	0
African American <i>Gap</i> White		34	38	47		42	•
<i>Gap</i> White	10						
<i>Gap</i> White		17	22	25	37	40	
White			-38			-38	-1
		56	60	67		-38 78	_
Gap			-22			-18	-5
Hispanic		33	38	46		60	-
Florida	10						
African American		15	22	26	32	32	
Gap			-41			-41	2
White	_			70		73	
Gap		54	U.S	/ U			1
Hispanic		54 • <b>24</b>	63 <b>-25</b>			-25	1

<sup>\*</sup> Asterik indicates that data has been updated by the school district.



DISTRICT BUFFALO
STATE NEW YORK

#### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

State Assessment

New York State Assessment Program First Year Reported

1999

**Grades Tested** 

4 & 8 How Reported

Performance Level

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	Buffa	то	New Y	ORK	
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01	
Number of Students	47,998*	54,785*	2,813,230	2,882,188	
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	76.5*	74.5	NA	42.9	
Percent of Students with IEPs	15.1*	21.0*	12.9	14.8	
Percent English Language Learners	6.7*	6.1*	NA	8.0	
Percent African American	53.1	54.2*	20.2	20.2	
Percent Hispanic	10.1*	11.2*	17.4	18.5	
Percent White	34.3*	31.6*	56.9	54.9	
Percent Other	2.5	2.9*	5.4	6.4	
Number of FTE Teachers	3,820*	3,646*	181,559	206,961	
Student-Teacher Ratio	12.5*	15.0*	15.5	13.9	
Number of Schools	76	76	4,149	4,336	
Current Expenditures Per Pupil 2	\$8,724	\$9,681	\$8,361	\$9,344	
Buffalo as a Percentage of New York's Pul	blic Schools		1995-96	2000-01	
Percent of Students			1.7	1.9	
Percent of FRPL			NA	2.8	
Percent of IEPs			1.9	2.7	
Percent of ELLs			NA	1.4	
Percent of Schools			1.8	1.8	
Percent of Teachers			2.1	1.8	
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>	_		2.7	2.8	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Buffalo New York State Assessment Program Percent Scoring Level 3 & 4

	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
English Language	Arts					
Buffalo	4	29.2	32.7	37.7	34.1	1.6
New York State	4	48.1	58.7	60.0	61.5	4.5
Buffalo New York State	8	31.3 48.1	22.7 44.9	23.3 44.9	19.8 44.3	-3.8 -1.3
Math						
Buffalo	4	53.9	42.5	50.1	44.9	-3.0
New York State	4	66.7	65.0	69.1	67.6	0.3
Buffalo New York State	8	22.3 37.9	19.5 40.3	16.0 39.4	25.5 47.7	1.1 3.3



DISTRICT

CHARLOTTE-MECKLENBURG

STATE

NORTH CAROLINA

#### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

State Assessment

North Carolina End-of-Grade Tests

1997

**Grades Tested** 

3-8 How Reported

Percent At/Above Grade Level

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	Charlotte-Mi	ECKLEN BURG	North Ca	AROLINA
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	87,597*	103,336	1,156,885*	1,293,638
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	34.1*	35.3	NA	36.4
Percent of Students with IEPs	9.8*	11.8	12.6	13.9
Percent English Language Learners	1.8*	5.4	NA	3.4
Percent African American	40.5*	43.0	30.7	31.3
Percent Hispanic	2.1*	5.5	1.9	4.4
Percent White	53.3*	46.6	64.6	61.0
Percent Other	4.1*	4.9	2.8	3.3
Number of FTE Teachers	5,201*	6,562	73,201	83,680
Student-Teacher Ratio	16.8*	15.4	15.8	15.5
Number of Schools	126	135	1,985	2,207
Current Expenditures Per Pupil 2	\$5,093	\$6,193	\$4,719	\$5,656
Charlotte-Mecklenburg as a Percentage o	of North Carolina's Pub	lic Schools	1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			7.6	8.0
Percent of FRPL			NA	7.8
Percent of IEPs			5.8	6.8
Percent of ELLs			NA	12.6
Percent of Schools			6.8	6.1
Percent of Teachers			7.3	7.8
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			7.1	7.3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

# Charlotte-Mecklenburg NC End-of-Grade Test Percent At/Above Grade Level

	Grade	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading								
Charlotte	3	63	70	72	72	75	78	3.0
North Carolina	3	66	72	74	74	76	80	2.8
Charlotte	4	62	68	68	69	72	74	2.4
North Carolina	4	68	71	71	72	75	77	1.8
Charlotte	5	66	71	72	75	82	81	3.1
North Carolina	5	71	75	76	79	83	85	2.7
Charlotte	6	62	65	66	64	66	71	1.8
North Carolina	6	67	70	72	70	71	74	1.4
Charlotte	7	63	65	71	69	71	73	1.9
North Carolina	7	68	71	77	75	75	77	1.7
Charlotte	8	67	74	75	77	78	81	2.8
North Carolina	8	75	80	80	82	83	85	2.0
Math								
Charlotte	3	65	64	68	69	72	76	2.1
North Carolina	3	70	68	70	72	74	77	1.5
Charlotte	4	69	75	77	80	84	88	3.8
North Carolina	4	75	79	83	85	87	89	2.8
Charlotte	5	68	73	78	79	85	87	3.7
North Carolina	5	73	78	82	83	87	88	3.1
Charlotte	6	69	70	73	73	78	85	3.3
North Carolina	6	73	78	81	81	83	86	2.7
Charlotte	7	65	70	76	73	76	79	2.9
North Carolina	7	71	77	82	81	81	83	2.5
Charlotte	8	60	68	69	72	74	79	3.8
North Carolina	8	69	76	. 78	81	80	82	2.6

# Charlotte-Mecklenberg NC End-of-Grade Test-Reading Percent At/Above Grade Level

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Charlotte-Mecklenberg	4						
A C' A		45.0	40.0	50.1			
African American		45.9	49.2	50.1	54.4	57.8	
Gap		<i>-38.8</i>	-35.2	-36.3	-33.5	-31.9	-6.9
White		84.7	84.4	86.4	87.9	89.7	
Gap		-24.3	<i>-27.3</i>	-30.0	-23.3	-24.3	0.0
Hispanic		60.4	57.1	56.4	64.6	65.4	
North Carolina	4						
African American		52.3	53.0	53.6	57.3	61.5	
Gap		-27.9	-27.8	-28.0	-26.5	-24.2	-3.7
White		80.2	80.8	81.6	83.8	85.7	
Gap		-23.0	-22.5	-22.0	-19.7	-18.8	-4.2
Hispanic		57.2	58.3	59.6	64.1	66.9	
Charlotte-Mecklenberg	8						
African American		54.3	56.1	59.9	63.2	68.9	
Gap		-36.2	-34.4	-31.0	-29.4	-25.3	-10.9
White		90.5	90.5	90.9	92.6	94.2	
Gap		-29.7	-24.7	-20.5	-24.7	-27.3	-2.4
Hispanic		60.8	65.8	70.4	67.9	66.9	
North Carolina	8						
African American		63.8	64.1	68.3	69.2	72.4	
Gap		-23.1	-23.4	-21.0	-21.2	-19.5	-3.6
White		86.9	87.5	89.3	90.4	91.9	
Gap		-22.2	-21.4	-19.6	-18.9	-20.8	-1.4
Hispanic		64.7	66.1	69.7	71.5	71.1	



#### Charlotte-Mecklenberg NC End-of-Grade Test-Math Percent At/Above Grade Level

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Charlotte-Mecklenberg	4						•
African American		55.0	60.5	65.2	71.5	78.7	
Gap		-34.8	-30.5	-27.6	-23.8	-17.8	-17.0
White		89.8	91.0	92.8	95.3	96.5	
Gap		-23.3	-23.0	-19.9	-17.1	-13.2	-10.1
Hispanic		66.5	68.0	72.9	78.2	83.3	
North Carolina	4						
African American		62.7	68.2	70.7	74.8	79.1	
Gap		-24.5	-21.4	-20.4	-18.2	-15.0	-9.5
White		87.2	89.6	91.1	93.0	94.1	
Gap		<i>-16.8</i>	-12.7	-11.2	-10.3	-8.4	-8.4
Hispanic		70.4	76.9	79.9	82.7	85.7	
Charlotte-Mecklenberg	8						
African American		45.1	48.3	51.0	55.8	65.4	
Gap		-40.5	<i>-37.3</i>	<i>-37.6</i>	-34.3	-27.2	-13.3
White		85.6	85.6	88.6	90.1	92.6	
Gap		-29.3	-21.1	-21.9	-27.3	-25.8	-3.5
Hispanic		56.3	64.5	66.7	62.8	66.8	
North Carolina	8						
African American		57.1	59.0	63.9	63.3	67.5	
Gap		-27.8	-27.1	-24.4	-23.9	-22.0	-5.8
White		84.9	86.1	88.3	87.2	89.5	
Gap		-19.0	-20.1	-18.0	-18.8	-18.3	<b>-0.</b> 7
Hispanic		65.9	66.0	70.3	68.4	71.2	



# Charlotte NC End-of-Grade Test Percent At/Above Level III

Reading	Grade	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Charlotte	4				Charlotte	4	·	_	
Eligible for FRPL <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible		51.6 -35.0 86.6	55.1 -32.8 87.9	-2.2	Eligible for FRPL <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible		70.8 <b>-22.9</b> 93.7	78.0 -17.3 95.3	-5.6
North Carolina	4				North Carolina	4			
Eligible for FRPL <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible Charlotte	8	60.0 -25.0 85.0	64.2 <b>-22.9</b> 87.1	-2.1	Eligible for FRPL <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible Charlotte	8	77.9 -15.3 93.2	81.8 -12.8 94.6	-2.5
Eligible for FRPL <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible North Carolina	8	58.8 -30.7 89.5	63.4 -27.9 91.3	-2.8	Eligible for FRPL <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible North Carolina	8	53.4 -31.9 85.3	62.1 -26.6 88.7	-5.3
Eligible for FRPL <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible		68.2 -20.5 88.7	73.0 -18.1 91.1	-2.4	Eligible for FRPL <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible		63.2 -22.0 85.2	69.7 -18.7 88.4	-3.3



# Charlotte-Mecklenberg NC End-of-Grade Test Percent At/Above Level III

Reading	Grade	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Charlotte	4	_			Charlotte	4			
LEP		45.6	47.4		LEP		67.9	79.0	
Gap		-26.5	-27.4	0.9	Gap		-16.2	- <b>9.1</b>	<i>-7.1</i>
Non-LEP		72.1	74.8		Non-LEP		84.1	88.1	
North Carolina	4				North Carolina	4			
LEP		47.0	51.9		LEP		74.9	79.5	
Gap		-28.1	-25.8	-2.3	Gap		-12.1	<b>-9.</b> 7	-2.4
Non-LEP		75.1	77.7		Non-LEP		87.0	89.2	
Charlotte	8				Charlotte	8			
LEP		50.5	53.4		LEP		52.2	60.9	
Gap		-28.6	-28.6	0.0	Gap		-22.1	-18.7	-3.4
Non-LEP		79.1	82.0		Non-LEP		74.3	79.6	
North Carolina	8				North Carolina	8			
LEP		49.7	53.9		LEP		54.9	62.9	
Gap		-34.0	<i>-31.7</i>	-2.3	Gap		-24.9	-19.6	<i>-5.3</i>
Non-LEP		83.7	85.6		Non-LEP		79.8	82.5	



# Charlotte-Mecklenberg NC End-of-Grade Test Percent At/Above Level III

Reading	Grade	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Charlotte	4	_	_	· · ·	Charlotte	4			
Students with					Students with				
Disabilities		38.5	46.0		Disabilities		60.7	70.1	
Gap		-36.4	-30.5	-5.9	Gap		-25.7	-19.6	-6.1
Non-Disabled		74.9	76.5		Non-Disabled		86.4	89.7	•••
Students					Students			0211	
North Carolina	4				North Carolina	4			
Students with					Students with				
Disabilities		44.1	49.6		Disabilities		68.2	72.8	
Gap		-34.5	-31.0	-3.5	Gap		-21.1	-18.3	-2.8
Non-Disabled		78.6	80.6		Non-Disabled		89.3	91.1	2.0
Students					Students		0,710	<i>y</i>	
Charlotte	8				Charlotte	8			
Students with					Students with				
Disabilities		34.7	42.1		Disabilities		32.1	40.2	
Gap		-48.1	-42.7	-5.4	Gap		-45.8	-42.5	-3.3
Non-Disabled		82.8	84.8		Non-Disabled		77.9	82.7	
Students					Students				
North Carolina	8				North Carolina	8			
Students with					Students with				
Disabilities		48.4	53.8		Disabilities		44.6	50.7	
Gap		-39.2	-35.1	-4.1	Gap		-39.2	-35.4	-3.8
Non-Disabled		87.6	88.9		Non-Disabled		83.8	86.1	2.0
Students					Students		05.0	00.1	



DISTRICT CHICAGO
STATE ILLINOIS

STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

Illinois Standards

State Assessment Achievement Test First Year Reported (ISAT)

1999

**Grades Tested** 

3,5, & 8 How Reported

Performance Level

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	Сніса	GO	Illin	ois
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	412,921	435,261	1,943,623	2,048,792
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	71.0*	NA	NA
Percent of Students with IEPs	4.0	11.9	11.6	14.0
Percent English Language Learners	NA	13.3	NA	6.2
Percent African American	54.5	52.0	21.1	21.3
Percent Hispanic	31.3	34.9	12.2	15.4
Percent White	10.8	9.6	63.6	59.8
Percent Other	3.4	3.6	3.1	3.5
Number of FTE Teachers	22,941	23,935	113,538	127,620
Student-Teacher Ratio	18.0	18.4	17.1	16.1
Number of Schools	555	602	4,142	4,342
Current Expenditures Per Pupil 2	\$6,040	\$7,212	\$5,519	\$6,762
Chicago as a Percentage of Illinois' Public	Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			21.2	21.2
Percent of FRPL			NA	NA
Percent of IEPs			7.4	18.0
Percent of ELLs			NA	45.7
Percent of Schools			13.4	13.9
Percent of Teachers			20.2	18.8
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			27.6	29.5

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data, "Public Elementary/Secondary School Universe Survey," 2000-2001, "Local Education Agency Universe Survey," 2000-2001, and "National Public Education Financial Survey," 1998-1999, and The Council of the Great City Schools.

Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Chicago Illinois State Assessment Test (ISAT) Pecent Meeting/Exceeding Standard

	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading						
Chicago	3 3	33	33	36	35	0.7
Illinois		61	62	62	63	0.7
Chicago	5	37	33	34	37	0.0
Illinois	5	61	59	59	59	-0.7
Chicago	8	57	57	48	55	-0.7
Illinois	8	72	72	66	68	-1.3
Math						
Chicago	3	41	37	47	46	1.7
Illinois		68	69	74	74	2.0
Chicago	5	29	28	32	36	2.3
Illinois	5	56	57	61	63	2.3
Chicago	8	19	20	25	31	4.0
Illinois	8	43	47	50	52	3.0



DISTRICT

CLARK COUNTY

STATE

NEVADA

#### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

State Assessment

TerraNova First Year Reported

1998

**Grades Tested** 

4,8, & 10 How Reported

Percent in Quartile

DEMOGRAPHICS 1	CLARK CO	DUNTY	NEVA	.DA
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	166,788	231,655	265,041	340,706
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	34.7	NA	27.3
Percent of Students with IEPs	10.2	10.6	10.6	11.2
Percent English Language Learners	NA	14.0*	NA	NA
Percent African American	13.8	13.9	9.8	10.2
Percent Hispanic	19.4	28.8	17.2	25.7
Percent White	60.7	49.9	66.5	56.7
Percent Other	6.2	7.5	6.4	7.4
Number of FTE Teachers	8,186	11,769	13,878	18,294
Student-Teacher Ratio	20.4	18.5	19.1	18.6
Number of Schools	198	259	423	511
Current Expenditures Per Pupil 2	\$4,691	\$5,402	\$4,892	\$5,587
Clark County as a Percentage of Nevada's 1	Public Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			62.9	68.0
Percent of FRPL			NA	86.5
Percent of IEPs			60.6	64.2
Percent of ELLs			NA	NA
Percent of Schools			46.8	50.7
Percent of Teachers			59.0	64.3
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			56.4	55.4





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Clark County TerraNova-CTBS/5 <sup>4</sup> National Percentile Ranks

	Grade	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change in NCEs
Reading			_					
Clark County	4	48	48	48	48	49	49	0.1
Nevada	4	49	48	49	48	50	50	0.1
Clark County	8	50	50	52	49	49	48	-0.2
Nevada	8	52	52	53	51	51	50	-0.2
Clark County	10	NA	55	50	51	53	51	-0.5
Nevada	10	NA	56	53	53	56	54	-0.3
Math								
Clark County	4	50	54	56	59	59	55	0.5
Nevada	4	48	50	53	56	57	58	1.1
Clark County	8	47	47	49	48	51	51	0.4
Nevada	8	48	47	49	49	52	52	0.4
Clark County	10	NA	52	51	53	58	53	0.1
Nevada	10	NA	53	52	53	60	56	0.4

#### TerraNova-CTBS/5 5 Percent in Top Quarter

	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	Annualized Change
Reading							
Clark County	4	19	16	18	19	20	0.3
Nevada	4	20	17	19	20	NA	NA
Clark County	8	24	24	24	24	23	-0.3
Nevada	8	26	26	25	25	NA	NA
Clark County	10	27	25	25	26	24	-0.8
Nevada	10	28	27	26	28	NA	NA
Math							
Clark County	4	26	29	32	32	32	1.5
Nevada	4	23	26	29	30	NA	NA
Clark County	8	23	24	24	25	25	0.5
Nevada	8	22	24	24	26	NA	NA
Clark County	10	26	26	29	32	28	0.5
Nevada	10	27	27	29	33	NA	NA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The TerraNova is administered in October of each school year. The score under 2002 is for the fall administration during the 2001-2002 school year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The state of Nevada stopped administering the TerraNova in the 2002-2003 school year. Clark County continued to administer the test and the fall 2002 score is reported here under 2003. The 2001-2002 scores were used for summary statistics.



DISTRICT CLEVELAND
STATE OHIO

STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

State Assessment Ohio Proficiency Tests First Year Reported

1996

**Grades Tested** 

4, 6, 9, & 12 How Reported

**Performance Level** 

DEMOGRAPHICS 1	CLEVEL	AND	Оні	ю
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	74,380	74,193*	1,836,015	1,835,049
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch E ligible (FRPL)	NA	80.1	NA	26.3
Percent of Students with IEPs	4.5	17.2	3.7	12.5
Percent English Language Learners	NA	NA	NA	NA
Percent African American	70.5	71.3	15.3	16.3
Percent Hispanic	7.5	8.4	1.4	1.7
Percent White	20.7	19.3	82.2	80.7
Percent Other	1.3	1.0	1.1	1.3
Number of FTE Teachers	4,323	5,625	107,347	118,361
Student-Teacher Ratio	17.2	14.3	17.1	15.5
Number of Schools	131	125	3,865	3,916
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$6,616	\$7,358	\$5,669	\$6,627
Cleveland as a Percentage of Ohio's Public Sch	∞ls		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			4.1	4.0
Percent of FRPL	7,1111111111111111111111111111111111111		NA	12.0
Percent of IEPs			4.9	5.5
Percent of ELLs			NA	NA
Percent of Schools			3.4	3.2
Percent of Teachers			4.0	4.8
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>		<u> </u>	6.2	5.9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3 D</sup>ercent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Cleveland State Proficiency Test Percent At or Above the Proficient Level

	Grade	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading									
Cleveland	4	18.4	28.0	22.6	37.0	33.7	33.2	40.1	3.6
Ohio	4	45.6	51.7	47.1	59.2	58.2	56.0	67.7	3.7
Cleveland	6	11.7	12.6	17.4	17.7	17.6	22.1	21.3	1.6
Ohio	6	43.2	45.8	52.6	52.1	53.2	58.3	58.2	2.5
Cleveland	9	52.3	55.1	55.4	64.4	65.8	73.9	73.4	3.5
Ohio	9	85.3	86.1	86.6	88.7	89.1	90.5	91.6	1.1
Cleveland	12	52.2	39.6	32.3	38.3	40.5	53.4	NA	NA
Ohio	12	67.9	68.2	66.7	68.6	65.9	74.1	NA	NA
Math									
Cleveland	4	18.4	19.6	22.4	36.1	34.3	37.9	43.9	4.3
Ohio	4	44.4	39.3	41.7	50.6	48.9	59.4	62.9	3.1
Cleveland	6	9.6	10.8	12.2	13.9	15.8	23.5	23.6	2.3
Ohio	6	44.4	49.7	46.9	51.4	54.4	61.1	61.7	2.9
Cleveland	9	18.5	21.4	21.2	27.5	29.0	33.7	33.6	2.5
Ohio	9	64.1	64.5	65.0	68.8	70.4	72.5	73.5	1.6
Cleveland	12	19.5	14.0	16.6	20.2	28.8	33.8	NA	NA
Ohio	12	47.9	47.4	50.1	53.8	59.0	61.9	NA	NA



District

State Assessment

COLUMBUS

STATE

Оню

STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSM	ENTS
Ohio Proficiency Tests First Year Re	ported 1996

Grades Tested 4, 6, 9, & 12 How Reported

Performance Level

DEMOGRAPHICS 1	Colum	BUS	Он	ю
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	63,082	64,511	1,836,015	1,835,049
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	57.5*	NA	26.3
Percent of Students with IEPs	12.3*	11.5	3.7	12.5
Percent English Language Learners	NA	NA	NA	NA
Percent African American	53.8*	58.4	15.3	16.3
Percent Hispanic	0.8*	1.8	1.4	1.7
Percent White	41.8*	37.1	82.2	80.7
Percent Other	3.6*	2.6	1.1	1.3
Number of FTE Teachers	3,799*	4,090	107,347	118,361
Student-Teacher Ratio	16.6	18.2	17.1	15.5
Number of Schools	144	146	3,865	3,916
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$6,991	\$7,249	\$5,669	\$6,627
Columbus as a Percentage of Ohio's Public	Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			3.4	3.5
Percent of FRPL	V Canada		NA	7.5
Percent of IEPs			11.4	3.5
Percent of ELLs			NA	0.3
Percent of Schools			3.7	3.7
Percent of Teachers			3.5	3.5
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>	and the state of t		3.4	3.5

ent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Columbus
State Proficiency Test
Percent At or Above the Proficient Level

	Grade	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading								_	
Columbus	4	25.5	31.6	26.8	36.9	37.0	35.8	45.1	3.3
Ohio	4	45.6	51.7	47.1	59.2	58.2	56.0	67.7	3.7
Columbus	6	22.1	27.1	28.7	25.1	25.6	28.5	31.2	1.5
Ohio	6	43.2	45.8	52.6	52.1	53.2	58.3	58.2	2.5
Columbus	9	69.5	70.7	73.6	75.5	74.2	76.1	81.2	2.0
Ohio	9	85.3	86.1	86.6	88.7	89.1	90.5	91.6	1.1
Columbus	12	57.2	54.8	49.8	52.7	46.4	57.5	NA	NA
Ohio	12	67.9	68.2	66.7	68.6	65.9	74.1	NA	NA
Math									
Columbus	4	24.5	19.5	18.5	26.7	27.0	36.1	39.7	2.5
Ohio	4	44.4	39.3	41.7	50.6	48.9	59.4	62.9	3.1
Columbus	6	23.2	27.0	21.5	21.8	27.0	37.1	41.0	3.0
Ohio	6	44.4	49.7	46.9	51.4	54.4	61.1	61.7	2.9
Columbus	9	35.2	36.6	38.9	42.9	44.0	47.7	48.5	2.2
Ohio	9	64.1	64.5	65.0	68.8	70.4	72.5	73.5	1.6
Columbus	12	27.4	28.3	29.0	31.5	34.6	40.8	NA	NA
Ohio	12	47.9	47.4	50.1	53.8	59.0	61.9	NA	NA



DISTRICT **DALLAS STATE TEXAS** 

STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

State Assessment

Texas Assessment of Academic Skills (TAAS)

First Year Reported

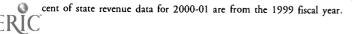
1994

**Grades Tested** 

3-8 & 10 How Reported

**Percent Passing** 

DEMOGRAPHICS <sup>1</sup>	DALL	AS	Tex	AS
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	148,839	161,548	3,740,260*	4,059,619
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	70.7	NA	44.9
Percent of Students with IEPs	8.8	8.1	11.5*	11.9
Percent English Language Learners	NA	32.8	12.8*	14.1
Percent African American	42.6	35.9	14.3	14.4
Percent Hispanic	43.4	54.5	36.7	40.6
Percent White	11.9	7.8	46.4	42.0
Percent Other	2.2	1.8	2.6	3.0
Number of FTE Teachers	8,922	10,637	240,371	274,826
Student-Teacher Ratio	16.9	15.5	15.6	14.8
Number of Schools	172	221	6,638	7,519
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$5,146	\$5,425	\$5,016	\$5,685
Dallas as a Percentage of Texas' Public Schools			1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			4.0	4.0
Percent of FRPL			NA	6.3
Percent of IEPs	_		3.0	2.7
Percent of ELLs			NA	9.3
Percent of Schools			3.1	2.9
Percent of Teachers			3.7	3.9
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			2.0	1.9



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Dallas
Texas Assessment of Academic Skills (TAAS) 
Percent Passing

	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading					-						
Dallas	3	60.8	65.4	63.2	62.8	71.9	74.9	70.5	72.6	76.6	2.0
Texas	3	77.9	79.5	80.5	81.5	86.2	88.0	87.9	86.8	88.0	1.3
Dallas	4	57.7	62.3	61.1	63.6	73.6	75.5	71.8	75.4	81.0	2.9
Texas	4	75.5	80.1	78.3	82.5	89.9	88.8	89.9	90.8	92.5	2.1
Dallas	5	58.8	62.2	66.9	65.5	71.7	70.9	68.7	73.8	82.1	2.9
Texas	5	77.5	79.3	83.0	84.8	88.4	86.4	87.8	90.2	92.7	1.9
Dallas	6	61.1	66.3	70.7	74.1	75.5	77.9	75.4	75.5	81.7	2.6
Texas	6	74.1	78.9	78.4	84.6	85.6	84.9	86.0	85.6	88.2	1.8
Dallas	7	57.6	62.0	70.0	70.8	68.6	66.6	65.7	73.4	81.9	3.0
Texas	7	75.9	78.7	82.6	84.5	85.5	83.6	83.5	89.4	91.3	1.9
Dallas	8	57.3	58.9	65.7	70.5	71.6	79.7	79.3	81.0	88.3	3.9
Texas	8	77.2	75.5	78.3	83.9	85.3	88.2	89.6	91.9	94.3	2.1
Dallas	10	62.8	62.3	70.6	77.8	78.8	80.0	83.7	83.4	90.4	3.5
Texas	10	77.7	76.4	81.9	86.1	88.3	88.8	90.3	90.0	94.5	2.1
Math											
Dallas	3	45.3	55.5	58.9	61.8	60.1	64.3	57.8	66.5	76.6	3.9
Texas	3	63.0	73.3	76.7	81.7	81.0	83.1	80.6	83.1	87.4	3.1
Dallas	4	46.1	55.3	61.7	62.9	68.0	72.7	65.2	75.8	83.4	4.7
Texas	4	59.4	71.1	78.5	82.6	86.3	87.6	87.1	91.3	94.1	4.3
Dallas	5	45.6	54.0	61.7	67.5	72.6	74.4	76.2	82.7	89.0	5.4
Texas	5	62.6	72.6	79.0	86.2	89.6	90.1	92.1	94.6	96.2	4.2
Dallas	6	53.6	54.2	70.8	72.5	75.5	79.8	79.3	85.7	90.3	4.6
Texas	6	61.1	64.6	77.8	81.8	86.1	86.9	88.5	91.4	93.8	4.1
Dallas	7	44.0	43.6	54.9	63.7	65.7	69.2	72.9	75.4	84.0	5.0
Texas	7	59.7	62.3	71.5	79.7	83.7	84.9	88.1	89.6	92.2	4.1
Dallas	8	38.8	38.1	54.7	59.5	70.0	74.4	78.2	80.7	85.7	5.9
Texas	8	58.6	57.3	69.0	76.3	83.8	86.3	90.2	92.4	92.9	4.3
Dallas	10	41.2	46.3	54.8	60.6	67.2	70.7	77.1	83.1	86.8	5.7
Texas	10	58.4	60.2	66.5	72.6	78.4	81.6	86.8	89.3	92.2	4.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Texas reported TAAS results for only non-Special Education students fron 1994 through 1998, using the English language version of the test. Since 1999, state data include results for both non-Special Education students, as well as those who take the Spanish language versions of the TAAS.



Dallas TAAS-Reading Percent Passing

	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Dallas	4		-	_	-			-			
African American		47.8	52.6	52.8	56.6	69.9	71.0	73.6	74.9	80.3	
Gap		-31.7	-30.5	-26.6	-26.6	-16.3	-16.0	-15.9	-16.9	-12.7	-19.0
White		79.5	83.1	79.4	83.2	86.2	87.0	89.5	91.8	93.0	
Gap		-16.3	-15.1	-13.0	-17.3	-11.9	-8.9	-22.2	-18.5	-13.0	<i>-3.3</i>
Hispanic		63.2	68.0	66.4	65.9	74.3	78.1	67.3	73.3	80.0	
Texas	4										
African American		57.8	63.2	63.0	69.5	80.3	79.2	82.8	83.8	86.8	
Gap		-27.4	-25.5	-23.8	-20.7	-14.7	-15.1	-12.3	-12.0	<b>-9.</b> 7	-17.7
White		85.2	88.7	86.8	90.2	95.0	94.3	95.1	95.8	96.5	
Gap		-19.2	-16.3	-16.5	-14.7	<b>-9.</b> 7	-9.9	-9.3	-8.5	-6.8	-12.4
Hispanic		66.0	72.4	70.3	75.5	85.3	84.4	85.8	87.3	89.7	
Dallas	8										
African American		51.6	52.9	58.2	67.0	71.1	79.9	79.9	81.6	89.5	
Gap		-31.4	-27.2	<b>-28.</b> 7	-22.6	-15.6	-11.0	-12.9	-11.0	-5.2	-26.2
White		83.0	80.1	86.9	89.6	86.7	90.9	92.8	92.6	94.7	
Gap		-27.9	-21.7	-18.9	-20.4	-18.5	-14.1	-16.6	-13.7	-7.9	-20.0
Hispanic		55.1	58.4	68.0	69.2	68.2	76.8	76.2	78.9	86.8	
Texas	8										
African American		60.9	59.7	63.6	74.0	76.2	81.8	83.6	88.0	92.1	
Gap		-27.8	-27.4	-26.2	-19.0	-18.0	-12.2	-11.5	-8.4	-5.4	-22.4
White		88.7	87.1	89.8	93.0	94.2	94.0	95.1	96.4	97.5	
Gap		-24.6	-24.4	-23.9	-18.8	-18.4	-12.1	-11.1	-9.0	-6.5	-18.1
Hispanic		64.1	62.7	65.9	74.2	75.8	81.9	84.0	87.4	91.0	
Dallas	10										
African American		58.5	58.0	71.5	80.7	80.6	83.1	87.6	86.0	92.9	
Gap		-29.4	<i>-29.7</i>	-17.6	-13.0	-16.5	-12.8	-7.8	-10.4	-4.9	-24.5
White		87.9	87.7	89.1	93.7	97.1	95.9	95.4	96.4	97.8	
Gap		-30.4	-30.2	-26.5	-24.4	-25.0	-22.6	-17.4	-17.3	-10.5	-19.9
Hispanic		57.5	57.5	62.6	69.3	72.1	73.3	78.0	79.1	87.3	
Texas	10										
African American		62.9	60.5	71.3	78.9	81.5	83.1	85.9	84.1	92.5	
Gap		-26.2	-27.7	-20.4	-15.5	-13.9	-12.4	-10.2	-11.9	-5.4	-20.8
White		89.1	88.2	91.7	94.4	95.4	95.5	96.1	96.0	97.9	
Gap		-25.6	-25.4	-22.0	<i>-18.7</i>	-15.4	-15.0	-13.0	-12.5	-7.4	-18.2
Hispanic		63.5	62.8	69.7	75.7	80.0	80.5	83.1	83.5	90.5	



Dallas TAAS-Math Percent Passing

Percent Passing											
	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Dallas	4										
African American		36.0	45.2	52.4	53.7	61.9	66.1	62.7	71.7	80.4	
Gap		-31.3	-31.4	-26.6	-28.5	-21.2	-18.2	-21.8	-17.5	-12.5	-18.8
White		67.3	76.6	79.0	82.2	83.1	84.3	84.5	89.2	92.9	
Gap		-14.9	-15.2	-10.3	-14.2	-12.6	<b>-6.</b> 7	-20.9	-12.6	<b>-8.</b> 7	-6.2
Hispanic		52.4	61.4	68.7	68.0	70.5	77.6	63.6	76.6	84.2	
Гехаѕ	4										
African American		38.0	49.5	60.7	66.3	73.3	74.1	75.7	83.0	88.6	
Gap		-32.4	<i>-32.1</i>	-26.1	-23.9	-18.8	-19.0	-17.7	-12.7	-8.5	-23.9
White		70.4	81.6	86.8	90.2	92.1	93.1	93.4	95.7	97.1	
<i>Gap</i>		-21.6	-20.1	-15.1	-13.1	<b>-9.</b> 7	-8.5	-10.3	<b>-6.</b> 7	-4.6	-17.0
Hispanic		48.8	61.5	71.7	77.1	82.4	84.6	83.1	89.0	92.5	
Dallas	8										
African American		31.9	31.4	45.8	53.6	66.8	71.8	75.8	77.9	83.5	
Gap		-34.6	-32.8	-34.4	-29.8	-16.9	-15.9	-15.9	<i>-13.7</i>	-10.0	-24.6
White		66.5	64.2	80.2	83.4	83.7	87.7	91.7	91.6	93.5	
<i>Gap</i>		-29.6	-28.4	-23.2	-24.4	-14.5	-14.1	-14.0	-10.5	<i>-7.3</i>	-22.3
Hispanic		36.9	35.8	57.0	59.0	69.2	73.6	77.7	81.1	86.2	
Texas	8										
African American		34.2	32.6	47.4	58.8	71.6	74.7	81.8	85.6	86.8	
Gap		-39.6	-41.4	-35.2	-29.1	-20.6	-18.2	-13.4	-11.1	-9.8	-29.8
White		73.8	74.0	82.6	87.9	92.2	92.9	95.2	96.7	96.6	
Gap		-31.6	-34.9	-27.2	-22.7	-16.4	-12.4	-9.1	-7.5	-6.4	-25.2
Hispanic		42.2	39.1	55.4	65.2	75.8	80.5	86.1	89.2	90.2	
Dallas	10										
African American		33.4	41.0	52.3	59.8	64.4	67.5	74.1	82.8	86.7	
Gap		-35.2	-31.5	-26.0	-23.3	-23.6	-23.8	-17.8	-10.8	-9.3	-25.9
White		68.6	72.5	78.3	83.1	88.0	91.3	91.9	93.6	96.0	
Gap		-30.5	-31.5	-29.4	-29.9	-24.4	-23.2	-15.7	-12.6	-11.1	-19.4
Hispanic		38.1	41.0	48.9	53.2	63.6	68.1	76.2	81.0	84.9	
Гехаѕ	10										
African American		34.6	37.1	45.1	54.0	61.8	67.4	75.0	80.2	85.9	
Gap		<i>-37.3</i>	-37.6	-33.9	-30.9	<b>-26.</b> 7	-22.4	-18.2	-14.6	-10.6	<b>-26.</b> 7
White		71.9	74.7	79.0	84.9	88.5	89.8	93.2	94.8	96.5	
Gap		-29.3	-31.2	-25.9	-25.7	-20.5	-16.1	-12.4	-10.7	-8.5	-20.8
Hispanic		42.6	43.5	53.1	59.2	68.0	73.7	80.8	84.1	88.0	



Dallas TAAS-Economically Disadvantaged Percent Passing

Reading	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Dallas	4	52.2	57.7	56.6	59.0	70.6	72.6	68.4	73.0	79.4	3.4
Texas	4	63.3	69.2	67.5	73.0	79.3	82.3	84.3	85.8	88.4	3.1
Dallas	8	51.1	53.6	60.2	65.4	68.0	75.7	76.1	78.0	86.7	4.5
Texas	8	61.9	60.5	64.3	72.7	70.4	80.7	82.7	86.5	90.5	3.6
Dallas	10	51.7	52.7	62.4	70.9	72.7	74.2	78.8	79.5	88.8	4.6
Texas	10	60.2	59.8	67.1	73.9	75.5	79.4	82.0	82.0	90.1	3.7
Math	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Math Dallas	Grade 4	1994	1995	1996		_					Change
					1997 58.9 73.9	1998 65.1 74.9	1999 70.5 81.3	2000 61.9 80.7	2001 74.1 87.0	2002 82.0 91.2	
Dallas	4 4 8	41.3	50.7	57.3 68.3 49.0	58.9	65.1	70.5	61.9	74.1	82.0	Change 5.1
Dallas Texas	4 4	41.3 45.7	50.7 58.2	57.3 68.3	58.9 73.9	65.1 74.9	70.5 81.3	61.9 80.7	74.1 87.0	82.0 91.2	5.1 5.7
Dallas Texas Dallas	4 4 8	41.3 45.7 32.8	50.7 58.2 32.5	57.3 68.3 49.0	58.9 73.9 55.3	65.1 74.9 67.5	70.5 81.3	61.9 80.7 75.6	74.1 87.0	82.0 91.2 84.8	5.1 5.7 6.5

# TAAS-Special Education Percent Passing

Reading	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Dallas	4	42.9	50.4	56.0	36.3	51.1	58.6	61.6	59.7	74.5	4.0
Texas	4	50.9	54.7	44.2	46.6	56.6	75.2	81.6	85.0	88.6	4.7
Dallas	8	25.2	37.1	33.7	39.4	31.5	50.3	45.5	47.2	73.4	6.0
Texas	8	41.1	36.8	37.5	44.4	45.3	63.7	68.9	76.2	85.0	5.5
Dallas	10	16.9	40.0	48.3	42.6	45.7	50.7	61.4	49.7	70.8	6.7
Texas	10	42.3	38.8	46.8	50.5	52.2	64.5	68.0	67.1	80.4	4.8
Math	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Math Dallas	Grade 4	1994	1995	1996 58.1	1997	1998	1999 47.6		_		Change
	_							2000 34.5 77.0	2001 52.5 85.2	2002 57.1 90.3	
Dallas	4 4	33.3	45.1	58.1	33.6	41.6	47.6 72.7	34.5 77.0	52.5 85.2	57.1 90.3	3.0 7.1
Dallas Texas	4	33.3 33.5	45.1 43.6	58.1 43.9	33.6 46.9	41.6 51.4	47.6	34.5	52.5	57.1	Change 3.0
Dallas Texas Dallas	4 4 8	33.3 33.5	45.1 43.6 20.9	58.1 43.9 24.3	33.6 46.9 25.0	41.6 51.4 29.6	47.6 72.7 36.7	34.5 77.0 42.6	52.5 85.2 43.5	57.1 90.3 70.2	3.0 7.1



District

DAYTON

STATE

Оню

#### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

**State Assessment** 

### Ohio Proficiency Tests First Year Reported

1996

**Grades Tested** 

4, 6, 9, & 12 How Reported

Performance Level

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	DAYT	ON	Оню		
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01	
Number of Students	27,942	23,522	1,836,015	1,835,049	
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	69.8	NA	26.3	
Percent of Students with IEPs	5.3	17.0	3.7	12.5	
Percent English Language Learners	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Percent African American	67.8	66.6	15.3	16.3	
Percent Hispanic	0.5	0.9	1.4	1.7	
Percent White	31.1	26.0	82.2	80.7	
Percent Other	0.6	0.4	1.1	1.3	
Number of FTE Teachers	1,748	1,617	107,347	118,361	
Student-Teacher Ratio	16.0	14.5	17.1	15.5	
Number of Schools	50	45	3,865	3,916	
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$6,905	\$8,598	\$5,669	\$6,627	
Dayton as a Percentage of Ohio's Public Schoo	ls		1995-96	2000-01	
Percent of Students			1.5	1.3	
Percent of FRPL			NA	3.3	
Percent of IEPs			2.2	1.7	
Percent of ELLs			NA	0.3	
Percent of Schools			1.3	1.1	
Percent of Teachers			1.6	1.4	
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			2.0	1.8	

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data, "Public Elementary/Secondary School Universe Survey," 2000-2001, "Local Education Agency Universe Survey," 2000-2001, and "National Public Education Financial Survey," 1998-1999, and The Council of the Great City Schools.

cent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Dayton State Proficiency Test Percent At or Above the Proficient Level

	Grade	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading								_	
Dayton	4	20.4	27.1	18.6	27.7	23.4	24.2	22.8	0.4
Ohio	· 4	45.6	51.7	47.1	59.2	58.2	56.0	67.7	3.7
Dayton	6	18.5	21.0	25.9	23.4	19.9	23.5	19.2	0.1
Ohio	6	43.2	45.8	52.6	52.1	53.2	58.3	58.2	2.5
Dayton	9	68.0	85.8	81.5	70.6	70.4	71.0	74.3	1.1
Ohio	9	85.3	86.1	86.6	88.7	89.1	90.5	91.6	1.1
Dayton	12	50.0	60.1	48.6	65.9	44.5	67.0	NA	NA
Ohio	12	67.9	68.2	66.7	68.6	65.9	74.1	NA	NA
Math									
Dayton	4	19.5	11.7	12.3	18.1	13.9	19.6	23.9	0.7
Ohio	4	44.4	39.3	41.7	50.6	48.9	59.4	62.9	3.1
Dayton	6	19.4	17.2	19.3	20.4	17.9	22.7	20.2	0.1
Ohio	6	44.4	49.7	46.9	51.4	54.4	61.1	61.7	2.9
Dayton	9	29.2	32.2	33.3	34.1	31.3	33.4	31.5	0.4
Ohio	9	64.1	64.5	65.0	68.8	70.4	72.5	73.5	1.6
Dayton	12	24.8	30.0	31.6	37.9	34.4	42.7	NA	NA
Ohio	12	47.9	47.4	50.1	53.8	59.0	61.9	NA	NA



DISTRICT

DENVER

STATE

Colorado

#### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

Colorado State

State Assessment

Assessment Program First Year Reported (CSAP)

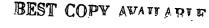
1997

**Grades Tested** 

3-5, 7-8, & 10 How Reported

Performance Level

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	DENV	ER	Colorado		
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01	
Number of Students	64,322	70,847	656,279	724,508	
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	59.9	NA	26.9	
Percent of Students with IEPs	11.1	10.8	9.9	9.8	
Percent English Language Learners	NA	27.7	NA	8.4	
Percent African American	21.3	20.3	5.5	5.7	
Percent Hispanic	46.4	53.1	18.4	22.0	
Percent White	27.1	22.0	72.5	68.2	
Percent Other	5.2	4.6	3.6	4.1	
Number of FTE Teachers	3,271	4,178	35,388	41,983	
Student-Teacher Ratio	19.7	17.2	18.5	17.3	
Number of Schools	112	129	1,486	1,632	
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$5,596	\$5,897	\$5,121	\$5,923	
Denver as a Percentage of Colorado's Publ	1995-96	2000-01			
Percent of Students			9.8	9.8	
Percent of FRPL			NA	21.7	
Percent of IEPs			11.0	10.7	
Percent of ELLs			NA	32.2	
Percent of Schools			7.5	7.9	
Percent of Teachers			9.2	10.0	
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>		_	7.1	7.9	





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Denver Colorado State Assessment Program (CSAP) Percent Proficient and Above

	Grade	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading				_				
Denver	3	NA	46	43	47	49	50	1.0
Colorado	3	NA	66	67	69	72	72	1.5
Denver	4	33	32	31	38	37	35	0.4
Colorado	4	57	57	59	62	63	61	0.8
Denver	7	NA	NA	34	32	35	33	-0.3
Colorado	7	NA	NA	60	58	63	59	-0.3
Denver	10	NA	NA	NA	NA	35	39	4.0
Colorado	10	NA	NA	NA	NA	63	65	2.0
Math								
Denver	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	28	30	2.0
Colorado	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	53	55	2.0
Denver	8	NA	NA	NA	13	14	14	0.5
Colorado	8	NA	NA	NA	35	39	39	2.0
Denver	10	NA	NA	NA	NA	9	10	1.0
Colorado	10	NA	NA	NA	NA	25	27	2.0

Denver Colorado State Assessment Program(CSAP) Percent Proficient and Above

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Reading							
Denver	3						
African American		37	34	39	45	47	
Gap		-29	-35	-33	-29	<i>-32</i>	3.0
White		66	69	72	74	79	
Gap		-29	-36	-34	-34	-39	10.0
Hispanic		37	33	38	40	40	
Colorado	3						
African American		45	43	48	54	55	
Gap		-28	-32	-30	-27	-26	-2.0
White		73	75	78	81	81	
Gap		-28	-30	-29	-30	-30	2.0
Hispanic		45	45	49	51	51	



DES MOINES

STATE

Iowa

#### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

State Assessment

Iowa Test of Basic Skills (ITBS)

First Year Reported

1999

**Grades Tested** 

3,4,6-8 How Reported

National Percentile

DEMOGRAPHICS 1	Des Mo	DINES	Iowa			
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01		
Number of Students	32,104*	32,435	502,343	495,080		
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch E ligible (FRPL)	38.9*	44.8	NA	26.7		
Percent of Students with IEPs	13.9	15.9	12.9	13.8		
Percent English Language Learners	5.0*	8.2	NA	2.3		
Percent African American	13.8*	14.7	3.3	4.0		
Percent Hispanic	4.5*	8.4	2.1	3.6		
Percent White	75.9*	70.9	92.7	90.2		
Percent Other	5.9	5.4	1.9	2.2		
Number of FTE Teachers	2,106	2,235	32,318	34,636		
Student-Teacher Ratio	15.4	14.5	15.5	14.3		
Number of Schools	65	64	1,556	1,534		
Current Expenditures Per Pupil 2	\$5,912	\$6,695	\$5,481	\$6,243		
Des Moines as a Percentage of Iowa's Pub	olic Schools		1995-96	2000-01		
Percent of Students			6.5	6.6		
Percent of FRPL			NA	11.0		
Percent of IEPs			7.0	7.6		
Percent of ELLs			NA	23.7		
Percent of Schools			4.2	4.2		
Percent of Teachers			6.5	6.5		
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			6.8	7.1		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Des Moines <sup>4</sup> ITBS <sup>5</sup> National Percentiles <sup>6</sup>

	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change in NCEs
Total Reading	3	43	43	49	57	2.5
	4	42	47	49	56	2.5
	6	41	43	42	42	0.2
	7	43	45	42	44	0.2
	8	42	44	42	42	0.0
Total Math	3	52	53	58	54	0.3
	4	49	55	58	60	1.9
	6	48	51	48	49	0.2
	7	52	52	51	49	-0.5
	8	50	53	52	48	-0.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Annualized change indices are presented in Normal Curve Equivalents.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Iowa does not administer a state-wide assessment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Special Education students were included in test results for the first time in 1999.

DETROIT

STATE

Michigan

#### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

State Assessment

Michigan Educational Assessment Program

First Year Reported

1996

**Grades Tested** 

4, 7, & 8 How Reported

Performance Level

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	Detro	DIT	MICHIGAN		
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01	
Number of Students	174,412*	162,194	1,641,456	1,743,337	
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	68.0*	66.0*	NA	29.6	
Percent of Students with IEPs	5.9	12.4	4.0	13.1	
Percent English Language Learners	NA	5.1*	NA	NA	
Percent African American	90.2*	91.0	18.4	19.6	
Percent Hispanic	2.6*	4.1	2.7	3.5	
Percent White	6.0*	3.7	76.4	72.9	
Percent Other	1.2	1.2	2.5	2.8	
Number of FTE Teachers	· 7,687	8,557	83,179	97,031	
Student-Teacher Ratio	22.6	20.6	19.7	18.0	
Number of Schools	259*	263	3,748	3,998	
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$7,424	\$7,862	\$6,785	\$7,432	
Detroit as a Percentage of Michigan's Publ	ic Schools		1995-96	2000-01	
Percent of Students			10.6	9.3	
Percent of FRPL			NA	21.2	
Percent of IEPs			15.7	8.9	
Percent of ELLs			NA	NA	
Percent of Schools			7.2	6.6	
Percent of Teachers			9.2	8.8	
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			12.3	11.7	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Detroit
Michigan Educational Assessment Program
Percent Scoring Meeting & Exceeding Standards

	Grade	1996*	1997*	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading									
Detroit	4	46.4	46.7	52.6	45.4	51.7	40.4	33.2	-2.2
Michigan	4	49.9	49.0	58.6	59.4	58.2	60.4	56.8	1.2
Detroit	7	30.7	36.6	32.2	34.5	33.2	30.3	21.7	-1.5
Michigan	7	42.3	40.4	48.8	53.0	48.4	57.9	50.9	1.4
Math									
Detroit	4	48.5	48.7	64.6	58.5	62.4	50.6	46.1	-0.4
Michigan	4	63.1	60.5	74.1	71.7	74.8	72.3	64.5	0.2
Detroit	7	31.5	29.1	33.7	36.0	34.5	NA	NA	NA
Michigan	7	55.0	51.4	61.4	63.2	62.8	NA	NA	NA
Detroit Michigan	8	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	20.0 53.8	NA NA
iviicingali	O	IAM	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	33.0	INA

<sup>\*</sup> Asterik indicates that data has been updated by the school district.



**DUVAL COUNTY** 

STATE

FLORIDA

STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

Florida Comprehensive

State Assessment

ida Comprehensive
Achievement Test First Year Reported
(FCAT)

1999

**Grades Tested** 

4,5,8, & 10 How Reported

Performance Level

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	DUVAL C	OUNTY	Flori	DA
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	123,910	125,846	2,176,222	2,434,821
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	38.3	46.6	NA	44.3
Percent of Students with IEPs	15.4	16.3	13.4	15.0
Percent English Language Learners	NA	1.6	NA	7.7
Percent African American	39.9	43.3	25.3	25.2
Percent Hispanic	2.5	3.7	15.3	19.4
Percent White	54.8	50.2	57.5	53.3
Percent Other	2.8	2.9	2.0	2.1
Number of FTE Teachers	6,090	6,445	114,938	132,030
Student-Teacher Ratio	20.5?	18.5	18.9	18.4
Number of Schools	155	179	2,760	3,316
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	NA	\$5,241	\$5,275	\$5,790
Duval as a Percentage of Florida's Public Schoo	ds		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			5.7	5.2
Percent of FRPL			NA	5.4
Percent of IEPs			6.5	5.6
Percent of ELLs			NA	1.1
Percent of Schools			5.6	5.4
Percent of Teachers		30	5.3	4.9
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			NA	5.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Duval County
Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT)
Percent Scoring Level 3 & Above

Reading	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Duval	4	50	50	51	57	2.3
Florida	4	48	52	53	54	2.0
Duval	8	40	34	39	43	1.0
Florida	8	44	39	43	45	0.3
Duval	10	29	28	35	33	1.3
Florida	10	30	29	37	36	2.0
Math						
Duval	5	30	41	40	44	4.7
Florida	5 5	35	46	48	48	4.3
Duval	8	37	45	48	48	3.7
Florida	8 8	37 44	43 51	48 55	48 53	3.0
i Kilda	G	77	<i>3</i> 1	33	33	5.0
Duval	10	42	50	52	55 .	4.3
Florida	10	47	51	59	60	4.3



Duval County FCAT-Reading Percent Level 3 and Above

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Duval	4						
African American		29	33	35	33	41	
Gap		-39	-38	<i>-37</i>	-33	-29	-10
White		68	71	72	66	70	
Gap		-20	-23	-13	-15	-12	-8
Hispanic		48	48	59	51	58	
Florida	4						
African American		23	26	32	31	36	
Gap		-42	-41	-39	-35	-31	-11
White		65	67	71	66	67	
Gap		-27	-26	-23	-23	-21	-6
Hispanic		38	41	48	43	46	
Duval	8						
African American		21	25	21	21	24	
Gap		-31	-32	-32	-33	-33	2
White		52	57	53	54	57	
Gap		-13	-12	-13	-18	-16	3
Hispanic		39	45	40	36	41	
Florida	8						
African American		21	24	20	21	24	
Gap		-34	<i>-37</i>	-38	-35	-34	0
White		55	61	58	56	58	
Gap		-22	-24	-23	-25	-23	1
Hispanic		33	37	35	31	35	
Duval	10						
African American		12	13	14	16	15	
Gap		-25	-29	-26	-32	-30	5
White		37	42	40	48	45	
Gap		-13	-13	-9	-18	-19	6
Hispanic		24	29	31	30	26	
Florida	10			,			
African American		12	13	13	15	14	
Gap		-26	-29	-27	-34	<i>-33</i>	7
White		38	42	40	49	47	
Gap		-18	-19	-18	-24	-23	5
Hispanic		20	23	22	25	24	



## Duval County FCAT-Math Percent Level 3 and Above

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Duval	5						
African American		9	14	25	21	25	
Gap		-29	-33	<i>-37</i>	-35	-33	4
White		38	47	62	56	58	
Gap		-12	-13	-23	-16	-12	0
Hispanic		26	34	39	40	46	
Florida	5						
African American		10	15	26	25	27	
Gap		-34	-36	<i>-37</i>	-34	<i>-33</i>	-1
White		44	51	63	59	60	
Gap		-22	-22	-19	-19	<i>-17</i>	-5
Hispanic		22	29	44	40	43	
Duval	8						
African American		18	20	30	29	26	
Gap		-36	-36	<i>-37</i>	-36	-40	4
White		54	56	67	65	66	
Gap		-20	-16	-12	-18	-14	-6
Hispanic		34	40	55	47	52	
Florida	8						
African American		19	21	30	30	28	
Gap		-40	-43	-41	-38	-39	-1
White		59	64	71	68	67	
Gap		-25	-26	-24	-24	-25	0
Hispanic		34	38	47	44	42	
Duval	10						
African American		12	21	28	35	32	
Gap		-35	-40	-41	-35	-38	<i>3</i>
White		47	61	69	70	70	
Gap		-16	-18	-20	-18	-20	4
Hispanic		31	43	49	52	50	
Florida	10						
African American		15	22	26	32	32	
Gap		-39	-41	-44	-40	-41	2
White		54	63	70	72	73	
Gap		-24	-25	-26	-24	-25	1
Hispanic		30	38	44	48	48	
0							

. )



FORT WORTH

STATE

Texas

#### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

State Assessment

Texas Assessment of Academic Skills (TAAS)

First Year Reported

1994

**Grades Tested** 

3-8, & 10 How Reported

**Percent Passing** 

DEMOGRAPHICS 1	Fort W	ORTH	TEXA	AS
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	74,021	79,661	3,740,260*	4,059,619
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	56.7	NA	44.9
Percent of Students with IEPs	11.1	10.1	11.5*	11.9
Percent English Language Learners	NA	25.4	12.8*	14.1
Percent African American	34.0	30.9	14.3	14.4
Percent Hispanic	36.4	45.4	36.7	40.6
Percent White	27.0	21.4	46.4	42.0
Percent Other	2.7	2.3	2.6	3.0
Number of FTE Teachers	4,165	4,746	240,371	274,826
Student-Teacher Ratio	17.8	17.0	15.6	14.8
Number of Schools	129	141	6,638	7,519
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$4,967	\$5,605	\$5,016	\$5,685
Fort Worth as a Percentage of Texas' Public Scl	hools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			2.0	2.0
Percent of FRPL		<del>.</del>	NA	2.5
Percent of IEPs	-		1.9	1.7
Percent of ELLs			NA	3.6
Percent of Schools			1.9	1.9
Percent of Teachers			1.7	1.7
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>		<u> </u>	2.1	2.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Fort Worth
Texas Assessment of Academic Skills (TAAS) <sup>4</sup>
Percent Passing

	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading											
Fort Worth	3	68.8	69.4	68.8	70.0	76.1	82.7	83.2	82.3	83.9	1.9
Texas	3	77.9	79.5	80.5	81.5	86.2	88.0	87.9	86.8	88.0	1.3
Fort Worth	4	68.5	69.3	66.7	70.4	78.1	82.0	85.4	86.6	89.6	2.6
Texas	4	75.5	80.1	78.3	82.5	89.9	88.8	89.9	90.8	92.5	2.1
Fort Worth	5	70.4	70.4	72.1	74.7	77.3	78.2	83.3	88.4	90.9	2.6
Texas	5	77.5	79.3	83.0	84.8	88.4	86.4	87.8	90.2	92.7	1.9
Fort Worth	6	63.9	67.3	63.9	70.1	69.2	74.7	75.6	75.6	81.2	2.2
Texas	6	74.1	78.9	78.4	84.6	85.6	84.9	86.0	85.6	88.2	1.8
Fort Worth	7	69.9	67.5	70.8	70.4	70.4	71.0	70.9	80.1	84.2	1.8
Texas	7	75.9	78.7	82.6	84.5	85.5	83.6	83.5	89.4	91.3	1.9
Fort Worth	8	69.2	66.7	64.0	71.5	73.0	79.1	80.0	84.6	90.2	2.6
Texas	8	77.2	75.5	78.3	83.9	85.3	88.2	89.6	91.9	94.3	2.1
Fort Worth	10	70.3	66.1	71.9	77.4	77.4	80.0	81.6	82.2	90.0	2.5
Texas	10	77.7	76.4	81.9	86.1	88.3	88.8	90.3	90.0	94.5	2.1
Math											
Fort Worth	3	53.7	62.3	63.1	71.0	68.4	73.8	76.3	78.0	82.6	3.6
Texas	3	63.0	73.3	76.7	81.7	81.0	83.1	80.6	83.1	87.4	3.1
Fort Worth	4	49.0	55.5	62.4	71.3	73.2	79.3	80.4	86.6	91.2	5.3
Texas	4	59.4	71.1	78.5	82.6	86.3	87.6	87.1	91.3	94.1	4.3
Fort Worth	5	53.7	58.3	64.6	74.2	78.0	84.3	88.0	92.7	94.7	5.1
Texas	5	62.6	72.6	79.0	86.2	89.6	90.1	92.1	94.6	96.2	4.2
Fort Worth	6	47.8	50.3	61.6	65.1	68.7	77.4	78.7	83.5	89.6	5.2
Texas	6	61.1	64.6	77.8	81.8	86.1	86.9	88.5	91.4	93.8	4.1
Fort Worth	7	49.9	47.1	55.5	61.3	64.0	70.8	78.0	81.9	83.6	4.2
Texas	7	59.7	62.3	71.5	79.7	83.7	84.9	88.1	89.6	92.2	4.1
Fort Worth	8	50.3	44.0	52.2	58.1	66.5	74.2	81.8	86.0	86.0	4.5
Texas	. 8	58.6	57.3	69.0	76.3	83.8	86.3	90.2	92.4	92.9	4.3
Fort Worth	10	47.0	48.1	54.9	57.8	65.5	71.0	75.0	78.0	86.8	5.0
Texas	10	58.4	60.2	66.5	72.6	78.4	81.6	86.8	89.3	92.2	4.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Texas reported TAAS results for only non-Special Education students from 1994 through 1998, using the English language version of the test. Since 1999, state data include results for both non-Special Education students, as well as those who take the Spanish language version of the TAAS.



Fort Worth TAAS-Reading Percent Passing

reicem rassing											
	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Fort Worth	4										
African American		54.2	54.2	54.6	59.2	72.5	76.8	78.4	79.8	85.1	
Gap		<i>-32.7</i>	-35.2	-30.3	-28.7	-18.9	-16.8	-17.4	-16.6	-10.8	-21.9
White		86.9	89.4	84.9	87.9	91.4	93.6	95.8	96.4	95.9	
Gap		-24.3	-24.6	<i>-23.7</i>	-21.2	-19.0	-15.1	-11.8	-10.2	-6.3	-18.0
Hispanic		62.6	64.8	61.2	66.7	72.4	78.5	84.0	86.2	89.6	
Texas	4										
African American		57.8	63.2	63.0	69.5	80.3	79.2	82.8	83.8	86.8	
Gap		-27.4	-25.5	-23.8	-20.7	-14.7	-15.1	-12.3	-12.0	<b>-9.</b> 7	<i>-17.7</i>
White		85.2	88.7	86.8	90.2	95.0	94.3	95.1	95.8	96.5	
Gap		-19.2	-16.3	-16.5	-14.7	<b>-9.</b> 7	-9.9	-9.3	-8.5	-6.8	-12.4
Hispanic		66.0	72.4	70.3	75.5	85.3	84.4	85.8	87.3	89.7	
Fort Worth	8										
African American		56.4	55.7	53.8	64.4	62.8	71.8	72.0	79.6	88.0	
Gap		-33.2	-30.6	-34.8	-26.8	-27.6	-21.4	-21.0	-14.5	<b>-8.1</b>	-25.1
White		89.6	86.3	88.6	91.2	90.4	93.2	93.0	94.1	96.1	
Gap		-30.0	-28.0	-34.4	-28.1	-20.5	-17.2	-14.6	-10.8	<i>-7.7</i>	-22.3
Hispanic		59.6	58.3	54.2	63.1	69.9	76.0	78.4	83.3	88.4	
Texas	8					•					
African American		60.9	59.7	63.6	74.0	76.2	81.8	83.6	88.0	92.1	
Gap		-27.8	-27.4	-26.2	-19.0	-18.0	-12.2	-11.5	-8.4	-5.4	-22.4
White		88.7	87.1	89.8	93.0	94.2	94.0	95.1	96.4	97.5	
Gap		-24.6	-24.4	-23.9	-18.8	-18.4	-12.1	-11.1	-9.0	-6.5	-18.1
Hispanic		64.1	62.7	65.9	74.2	75.8	81.9	84.0	87.4	91.0	
Fort Worth	10										
African American		58.7	55.2	64.7	73.1	70.1	77.8	82.1	79.8	89.4	
Gap		-31.4	-33.5	-27.8	-21.5	-25.0	-15.2	-12.4	-15.2	-8.6	-22.8
White		90.1	88.7	92.5	94.6	95.1	93.0	94.5	95.0	98.0	
Gap		-30.4	-32.6	-33.3	-28.8	-26.3	-20.3	-20.5	-17.2	-12.2	-18.2
Hispanic		59.7	56.1	59.2	65.8	68.8	72.7	74.0	77.8	85.8	
Texas	10										
African American		62.9	60.5	71.3	78.9	81.5	83.1	85.9	84.1	92.5	
Gap		-26.2	-27.7	-20.4	-15.5	-13.9	-12.4	-10.2	-11.9	-5.4	-20.8
White		89.1	88.2	91.7	94.4	95.4	95.5	96.1	96.0	97.9	
Gap		-25.6	-25.4	-22.0	-18.7	-15.4	-15.0	-13.0	-12.5	-7.4	-18.2
Hispanic		63.5	62.8	69.7	75.7	80.0	80.5	83.1	83.5	90.5	



Fort Worth TAAS-Math Percent Passing

_	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Fort Worth	4										
African American		34.8	38.1	48.4	58.4	65.3	70.7	69.3	77.6	86.2	
Gap		-31.7	-39.4	-31.6	-29.4	-20.7	-21.3	-24.1	-18.5	-10.8	-20.9
White		66.5	77.5	80.0	87.8	86.0	92.0	93.4	96.1	97.0	
Gap		-22.6	-27.1	-20.9	-18.3	-17.1	-14.2	-13.0	-8.6	-5.4	-17.2
Hispanic		43.9	50.4	59.1	69.5	68.9	77.8	80.4	87.5	91.6	
Texas	4										
African American		38.0	49.5	60.7	66.3	73.3	74.1	75.7	83.0	88.6	
Gap		-32.4	-32.1	-26.1	-23.9	-18.8	-19.0	<i>-17.7</i>	<i>-12.7</i>	-8.5	-23.9
White		70.4	81.6	86.8	90.2	92.1	93.1	93.4	95.7	97.1	
Gap		-21.6	-20.1	-15.1	-13.1	<b>-9.</b> 7	-8.5	-10.3	<b>-6.</b> 7	-4.6	-17.0
Hispanic		48.8	61.5	71.7	77.1	82.4	84.6	83.1	89.0	92.5	
Fort Worth	8										
African American		31.2	26.0	38.1	43.4	53.5	62.3	72.5	77.4	79.4	
Gap		-44.6	-45.6	-41.8	-39.3	-33.4	-29.9	-21.1	-18.0	-15.6	-29.0
White		75.8	71.6	79.9	82.7	86.9	92.2	93.6	95.4	95.0	
Gap		-34.8	-38.0	-37.6	-30.8	-24.6	-20.1	-11.8	-8.2	-9.3	-25.5
Hispanic		41.0	33.6	42.3	51.9	62.3	72.1	81.8	87.2	85.7	
Texas	8										
African American		34.2	32.6	47.4	58.8	71.6	74.7	81.8	85.6	86.8	
Gap		-39.6	-41.4	-35.2	-29.1	-20.6	-18.2	-13.4	-11.1	-9.8	-29.8
White		73.8	74.0	82.6	87.9	92.2	92.9	95.2	96.7	96.6	
Gap		-31.6	-34.9	-27.2	-22.7	-16.4	-12.4	<i>-9.1</i>	-7.5	-6.4	-25.2
Hispanic		42.2	39.1	55.4	65.2	75.8	80.5	86.1	89.2	90.2	
Fort Worth	10										
African American		27.2	31.0	39.5	43.6	51.0	61.9	66.1	70.4	81.5	
Gap		-45.0	-43.8	-39.1	-40.1	-34.8	-25.1	-23.8	-21.3	-15.2	-29.8
White		72.2	74.8	78.6	83.7	85.8	87.0	89.9	91.7	96.7	
Gap		-37.1	-35.5	-32.9	-37.1	-25.4	-20.3	-18.8	-15.4	-11.5	-25.6
Hispanic		35.1	39.3	45.7	46.6	60.4	66.7	71.1	76.3	85.2	
Texas	10										
African American		34.6	37.1	45.1	54.0	61.8	67.4	75.0	80.2	85.9	
Gap		<i>-37.3</i>	-37.6	-33.9	-30.9	<b>-26.</b> 7	-22.4	-18.2	-14.6	-10.6	<b>-26.</b> 7
White		71.9	74.7	79.0	84.9	88.5	89.8	93.2	94.8	96.5	
Gap		-29.3	-31.2	-25.9	-25.7	-20.5	-16.1	-12.4	-10.7	-8.5	-20.8
Hispanic		42.6	43.5	53.1	59.2	68.0	73.7	80.8	84.1	88.0	



Fort Worth
TAAS-Economically Disadvantaged
Percent Passing

rercent ras:	sing										
Reading	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Fort Worth Texas	4	58.5 63.3	59.1 69.2	56.4 67.5	62.4 73.0	72.0 79.3	77.2 82.3	81.4 84.3	83.5 85.8	87.1 88.4	3.6 3.1
,				07.10	, 5.0	, ,	02.5	04.5	05.0	00.4	5.1
Fort Worth	8	57.1	55.4	50.1	61.2	65.3	73.4	74.0	80.2	88.4	3.9
Texas	8	61.9	60.5	64.3	72.7	70.4	80.7	82.7	86.5	90.5	3.6
Fort Worth	10	53.5	52.0	55.4	66.3	65.8	69.6	71.3	76.3	85.8	4.0
Texas	10	60.2	59.8	67.1	73.9	75.5	79.4	82.0	82.0	90.1	3.7
Math	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Fort Worth	4	39.4	45.0	53.4	63.3	67.6	74.4	75.6	84.1	89.3	6.2
Texas	4	45.7	58.2	68.3	73.9	74.9	81.3	80.7	87.0	91.2	5.7
Fort Worth	8	35.8	30.7	39.7	47.8	59.0	68.9	76.9	82.8	83.1	5.9
Texas	8	39.9	37.8	53.4	63.6	70.0	78.7	84.5	87.9	88.8	6.1
Fort Worth	10	33.1	36.5	42.8	46.5	57.4	63.4	68.0	75.6	83.4	6.3
Texas	10	40.7	42.4	51.3	57.9	63.7	72.0	79.2	83.0	87.4	5.8
TAAS-Specia Percent Pass		ion									
Reading	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Fort Worth Texas	4 4	54.2 50.9	58.4 54.7	38.6	47.0	48.9	71.8	76.9	81.1	77.6	2.9
icxas	4	30.9	3 <del>4</del> ./	44.2	46.6	56.6	75.2	81.6	85.0	88.6	4.7

#### Fort Worth 8 45.4 46.8 29.7 39.7 38.8 48.9 50.5 63.6 82.7 Texas 8 41.1 36.8 37.5 44.4 45.3 63.7 68.9 76.2 85.0 Fort Worth 10 65.4 50.0 48.2 60.0 59.5 66.7 68.6 68.8 83.1 Texas 10 42.3 38.8 46.8 50.5 80.4 52.2 64.5 68.0 67.1

Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
4	35.2	41.5	32.5	44.9	41.1	58.2	72.6	83.0	78.6	5.4
4	33.5	43.6	43.9	46.9	51.4	72.7	77.0	85.2	90.3	7.1
8	20.8	18.4	24.6	32.7	31.7	48.2	54.3	66.7	69.9	6.1
8	19.5	19.8	24.6	30.8	40.1	58.8	70.7	77.8	81.4	7.7
10 10	20.0 21.3	29.5 21.8	29.4 25.7	31.7 29.4	41.6 35.0	56.7 47.4	47.0 58.3	61.8 64.1	77.3 72.1	7.2 6.4
	4 4 8 8 8	4 35.2 4 33.5 8 20.8 8 19.5	4 35.2 41.5 4 33.5 43.6 8 20.8 18.4 8 19.5 19.8 10 20.0 29.5	4 35.2 41.5 32.5 4 33.5 43.6 43.9 8 20.8 18.4 24.6 8 19.5 19.8 24.6 10 20.0 29.5 29.4	4 35.2 41.5 32.5 44.9 4 33.5 43.6 43.9 46.9 8 20.8 18.4 24.6 32.7 8 19.5 19.8 24.6 30.8 10 20.0 29.5 29.4 31.7	4     35.2     41.5     32.5     44.9     41.1       4     33.5     43.6     43.9     46.9     51.4       8     20.8     18.4     24.6     32.7     31.7       8     19.5     19.8     24.6     30.8     40.1       10     20.0     29.5     29.4     31.7     41.6	4     35.2     41.5     32.5     44.9     41.1     58.2       4     33.5     43.6     43.9     46.9     51.4     72.7       8     20.8     18.4     24.6     32.7     31.7     48.2       8     19.5     19.8     24.6     30.8     40.1     58.8       10     20.0     29.5     29.4     31.7     41.6     56.7	4     35.2     41.5     32.5     44.9     41.1     58.2     72.6       4     33.5     43.6     43.9     46.9     51.4     72.7     77.0       8     20.8     18.4     24.6     32.7     31.7     48.2     54.3       8     19.5     19.8     24.6     30.8     40.1     58.8     70.7       10     20.0     29.5     29.4     31.7     41.6     56.7     47.0	4       35.2       41.5       32.5       44.9       41.1       58.2       72.6       83.0         4       33.5       43.6       43.9       46.9       51.4       72.7       77.0       85.2         8       20.8       18.4       24.6       32.7       31.7       48.2       54.3       66.7         8       19.5       19.8       24.6       30.8       40.1       58.8       70.7       77.8         10       20.0       29.5       29.4       31.7       41.6       56.7       47.0       61.8	4     35.2     41.5     32.5     44.9     41.1     58.2     72.6     83.0     78.6       4     33.5     43.6     43.9     46.9     51.4     72.7     77.0     85.2     90.3       8     20.8     18.4     24.6     32.7     31.7     48.2     54.3     66.7     69.9       8     19.5     19.8     24.6     30.8     40.1     58.8     70.7     77.8     81.4       10     20.0     29.5     29.4     31.7     41.6     56.7     47.0     61.8     77.3



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DISTRICT FRESNO
STATE CALIFORNIA

#### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

**State Assessment** 

Stanford Achievement Test, Ninth Edition (SAT/9) First Year Reported

1998

**Grades Tested** 

3-11 How Reported

Percent At/Above 50th Percentile

DEMOGRAPHICS 1	Fresi	10	Califo	RNIA
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	77,880	79,007	5,536,406	6,142,348
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	71.5	NA	46.6
Percent of Students with IEPs	11.4	11.2	10.5	10.6
Percent English Language Learners	NA	31.4	NA	24.1
Percent African American	10.9	11.6	8.8	8.3
Percent Hispanic	41.8	49.2	38.7	42.5
Percent White	23.9	20.2	40.4	35.4
Percent Other	23.4	18.9	12.1	11.7
Number of FTE Teachers	3,295	3,867	230,849	298,064
Student-Teacher Ratio	23.6	20.5	24.0	20.6
Number of Schools	89	99	7,876	8,773
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$4,826	\$5,652	\$4,937	\$5,801
Fresno as a Percentage of California's Public S	Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			1.4	1.3
Percent of FRPL			NA	2.0
Percent of IEPs			1.5	1.4
Percent of ELLs	-		NA	1.7
Percent of Schools			1.1	1.1
Percent of Teachers			1.4	1.3
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			1.6	1.5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Fresno
SAT/9
Percent Scoring At or Above 50th National Percentile Rank

Reading	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Fresno	3	24	23	25	26	27	0.8
California	3	38	41	44	46	47	2.3
Fresno	4	23	24	27	26	29	1.5
California	4	40	41	45	47	49	2.3
Fresno	5	24	26	25	26	28	1.0
California	5	41	42	44	45	47	1.5
E	6	29	30	31	30	32	0.8
Fresno California	6	42	44	46	47	48	1.5
			20	20	30	30	0.3
Fresno California	7 7	29 44	29 44	29 46	48	48	1.0
Camornia	,						
Fresno	8	33	35	34	33	32	-0.3 0.8
California	8	46	47	49	50	49	
Fresno	9	22	21	23	21	21	-0.3
California	9	34	34	35	35	34	0.0
Fresno	10	22	24	22	23	21	-0.3
California	10	32	33	34	34	34	0.5
Fresno	11	30	29	30	26	28	-0.5
California	11	36	35	36	37	37	0.3
							Annualized
Math	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change
Fresno	3	28	33	37	40	43	3.8
California	3	40	48	56	59	62	5.5
Fresno	4	27	28	32	34	38	2.8
California	4	39	44	51	54	58	4.8
Europe	5	27	28	32	34	37	2.5
Fresno California	5 5	41	45	50	54	57	4.0
						40	3.0
Fresno	6 6	36 46	38 50	41 55	45 57	48 60	3.5
California	O	40					
Fresno	7	29	33	33	32	36	1.8
California	7	42	45	48	50	52	2.5
Fresno	8	29	34	35	34	30	0.3
California	8	42	45	48	49	50	2.0
Fresno	9	33	37	39	39	39	1.5
California	9	47	48	51	51	52	1.3
Frages	10	32	37	34	35	35	0.8
Fresno California	10	32 41	44	46	45	46	1.3
					39	40	0.0
Fresno	11	40	44	43	27		
California	11	43	45	47	46	47	1.0

Fres no SAT/9-Reading Percent At/Above 50th NPR

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Fresno	4						
African American		15	19	21	21	23	
Gap		-35	-33	-37	-30	-35	0
White		50	52	58	51	-55 58	U
Gap		-33	-35	-38	-31	-35	2
Hispanic		17	17	20	20	23	2
California	4						
African American	•	24	27	30	33	36	
Gap		<i>-37</i>	<i>-37</i>	<i>-38</i> ·	<i>-37</i>	-35	-2
White		61	64	68	70	71	_
Gap		-43	<i>-43</i>	-44	-43	-41	-2
Hispanic		18	21	24	27	30	
Fresno	8						
African American		23	28	30	28	24	
Gap		-40	-39	-35	-34	-39	-1
White		63	67	65	62	63	
Gap		<i>-37</i>	-40	-38	<i>-37</i>	-38	1
Hispanic		26	27	27	25	25	
California	8						
African American		31	31	34	35	35	
Gap		-36	<i>-37</i>	-36	-36	-36	0
White		67	68	70	71	71	
Gap		-42	-42	-42	-41	-41	-1
Hispanic		25	26	28	30	30	
Fresno	10						
African American		12	15	12	14	13	
Gap		-35	-35	<i>-37</i>	-38	-36	1
White		47	50	49	52	49	_
Gap		-33	-34	-35	-38	-35	2
Hispanic		14	16	14	14	14	
California	10						
African American		18	17	18	19	19	
Gap		-32	<i>-33</i>	<i>-33</i>	-33	-32	0
White		50	50	51	52	51	<del>-</del>
Gap		-36	-35	-36	-36	-35	-1
Hispanic		14	15	15	16	16	



Fresno SAT/9-Math Percent At/Above 50th NPR

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Fresno	4						
African American		17	17	24	23	27	
Gap		<i>-35</i>	-33	-32	-32	<i>-32</i>	-3
White		52	50	56	55	59	· ·
Gap		-32	-29	-31	-28	-28	-4
Hispanic		20	21	25	27	31	
California	4						
African American		21	25	32	36	40	_
Gap		<i>-36</i>	<i>-36</i>	<i>-37</i>	<i>-36</i>	-34	-2
White		57	61	69	72	74	
Gap		<i>-36</i>	-35	<i>-35</i>	<i>-33</i>	-30	-6
Hispanic		21	26	34	39	44	
Fresno	8						
African American		15	21	22	21	15	
Gap		-39	<i>-35</i>	-38	<i>-35</i>	-40	1
White		54	56	60	56	55	
Gap		-35	-34	<i>-37</i>	<i>-33</i>	-33	-2
Hispanic		19	22	23	23	22	
California	8						
African American		21	23	26	27	27	
Gap		-39	-40	-40	-40	-41	2
White		60	63	66	67	68	
Gap		-39	<i>-38</i>	-38	<i>-37</i>	<i>-37</i>	-2
Hispanic		21	25	28	30	31	
Fresno	10						
African American		17	20	21	18	22	
Gap		-36	-40	-34	-38	-34	-2
White		53	60	55	56	56	
Gap		<i>-32</i>	-35	-31	<i>-31</i>	<i>-31</i>	-1
Hispanic		21	25	24	25	25	
California	10						
African American		21	22	24	23	25	
Gap		-35	<i>-36</i>	-36	-36	<i>-36</i>	1
White		56	58	60	59	61	
Gap		-34	<i>-33</i>	<i>-33</i>	<i>-32</i>	<i>-32</i>	-2
Hispanic		22	25	27	27	29	



Fres no SAT/9 - Economically Disadvantaged (ED) Percent At/Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Fresno	4						Fresno	4					
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		16 -24 40	18 <b>-49</b> 67	18 - <b>42</b> 60	22 -44 66	20	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		22 -19 41	26 -39 65	28 -33 61	32 -36 68	17
California	4	•					California	4					
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		22 -34 56	25 <b>-42</b> 67	28 -41 69	31 -39 70	5	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		28 <b>-28</b> 56	35 -35 70	39 -34 73	44 -31 75	3
Fresno	8						Fresno	8					
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		24 <b>-28</b> 52	23 <b>-40</b> 63	22 -38 60	22 - <b>39</b> 61	11	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		26 -19 45	25 - <b>34</b> 59	25 <b>-29</b> 54	21 -34 55	15
California	8			٠			California	8					
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		27 -30 57	28 -36 64	29 <b>-36</b> 65	30 -34 64	4	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		27 <b>-27</b> 54	29 -33 62	31 -31 62	32 -31 63	4
Fresno	10						Fresno	10					
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		11 -30 41	11 <b>-26</b> 37	12 <b>-25</b> 37	10 -25 35	-5	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		27 <b>-22</b> 49	25 <b>-20</b> 45	26 <b>-20</b> 46	27 -19 46	-3
California	10						California	10					
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		15 -23 38	15 -27 42	15 <b>-28</b> 43	15 -28 43	5	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		29 -19 48	29 <b>-24</b> 53	28 - <b>24</b> 52	30 -24 54	5



Fresno- Limited English Proficiency Students SAT/9 Percent At/Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
									_		-		
Fresno	4						Fresno	4					
LEP		4	4	5	8		LEP		16	17	20	23	
Gap	•	-31	-35	<i>-32</i>	-32	1	Gap		-20	-24	-22	-23	3
Non-LEP		35	39	37	40		Non-LEP		36	41	42	46	
California													
	4						California	4					
LEP		11	13	15	18		LEP		21	27	30	36	
Gap		-42	-44	-44	-43	1	Gap		-31	-33	-34	-31	0
Non-LEP		53	57	59	61		Non-LEP		52	60	64	67	
Fresno	8						Fresno	8					
LEP		4	5	5	5		LEP		16	15	14	11	
Gap		-44	-42	-40	-40	-4	Gap		-25	-28	-28	-28	3
Non-LEP		48	47	45	45		Non-LEP		41	43	42	39	
California	8						California	8					
LEP		8	9	10	11		LEP		15	17	19	20	
Gap		-49	-49	-49	-48	-1	Gap		<i>-37</i>	-38	-37	-37	0
Non-LEP		57	58	59	59		Non-LEP		52	55	56	57	
								10					
Fresno	10						Fresno	10					
LEP		2	1	1	1		LEP		16	14	16	17	
Gap		-31	-29	-30	-28	-3	Gap		-30	-27	-25	-26	-4
Non-LEP		33	30	31	29		Non-LEP		46	41	41	43	
Calle	10						California	10					
California	10						Camonia	10					
LEP		3	3	3	3		LEP .		20	21	19	20	_
Gap		-38	-36	-37	-37	. <b>-1</b>	Gap		-30	-29	-31	<i>-31</i>	1
Non-LEP		41	39	40	40		Non-LEP		50	50	50	51	



Fresno SAT/9-Special Education Percent At/Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Fresno	4				·	Fresno	4				
Special Educat	ion	13	16	14		Special Education	n	13	15	17	
Gap		-15	-11	-16	1	Gap		-21	-20	-22	1
Non-Special E	ducation	28	27	30		Non-Special Ed	ucation	34	35	39	•
California	4					California	4				
Special Educat	ion	25	27	28		Special Educatio	n	29	28	34	
Gap		-21	-21	-22	1	Gap		-23	-28	-25	2
Non-Special E	ducation	46	48	50		Non-Special Ed	ucation	52	56	59	-
Fresno	8					Fresno	8				
Special Educat	ion	5	4	6		Special Educatio	n	6	7	6	
Gap		-31	<i>-31</i>	-28	-3	Gap		-31	-29	-26	-5
Non-Special E	ducation	36	35	34		Non-Special Ed	ucation	37	36	32	J
California	8					California	8				
Special Educat	ion	15	15	15		Special Educatio	n	15	15	15	
Gap		-36	-37	-37	1	Gap		-35	-36	-37	2
Non-Special E	ducation	51	52	52		Non-Special Edu	ucation	50	51	52	_
Fresno	10					Fresno	10				
Special Educati	ion	2	3	6		Special Educatio	n	10	9	11	
Gap		-21	-21	-16	-5	Gap		-25	-27	-27	2
Non-Special E	ducation	23	24	22		Non-Special Edu	ucation	35	36	38	
California	10					California	10				
Special Educati	on	8	7	9		Special Education	n	13	11	14	
Gap		-27	-29	-27	0	Gap		-35	-36	-34	-1
Non-Special E	ducation	35	36	36		Non-Special Edu	ucation	48	47	48	



GREENSBORO (GUILFORD COUNTY)

STATE

NORTH CAROLINA

## STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

**State Assessment** 

North Carolina End-of-Grade Tests

1998

**Grades Tested** 

3-8 How Reported

Percent At/Above Grade Level

Demographics 1	Greense	BORO	North C	AROLINA
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	55,663*	61,409*	1,156,885*	1,293,638
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	39.9*	NA	36.4
Percent of Students with IEPs	12.8*	15.8*	12.6	13.9
Percent English Language Learners	NA	4.2*	NA	3.4
Percent African American	38.2	39.5*	30.7	31.3
Percent Hispanic	1.3	3.5*	1.9	4.4
Percent White	57.2	50.0*	64.6	61.0
Percent Other	3.4	7.0*	2.8	3.3
Number of FTE Teachers	3,574	3,957	73,201	83,680
Student-Teacher Ratio	16.0	13.4	15.8	15.5
Number of Schools	92	96*	1,985	2,207
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$5,226	\$6,050	\$4,719	\$5,656
Greensboro as a Percentage of North Carol	ina's Public Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students	_		4.8	4.7
Percent of FRPL			NA	5.2
Percent of IEPs			4.9	5.4
Percent of ELLs			NA	5.8
Percent of Schools			4.7	4.3
Percent of Teachers			4.9	4.7
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			4.8	4.7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

## Greensboro NC End-of-Grade Test Percent At/Above Grade Level

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading	<del>-</del>						
Greensboro	3	69.6	70.8	71.8	73.5	77.0	1.9
North Carolina	3	71.6	73.6	74.4	76.4	79.8	2.1
Greensboro	4	71.1	68.6	70.3	71.8	74.0	0.7
North Carolina	4	70.9	71.4	72.1	74.6	77.1	1.6
Greensboro	5	75.1	75.8	77.4	81.5	83.2	2.0
North Carolina	5	75.2	75.8	79.1	82.7	84.5	2.3
Greensboro	6	72.3	72.6	70.3	69.7	72.1	-0.1
North Carolina	6	70.0	72.4	69.5	70.6	74.1	1.0
Greensboro	7	73.7	77.8	74.8	74.2	73.6	0.0
North Carolina	7	71.2	76.6	75.1	75.3	76.5	1.3
Greensboro	8	80.4	80.3	83.4	81.5	84.7	1.1
North Carolina	8	79.5	79.9	82.4	83.3	. 85.1	1.4
Math							
Greensboro	3	66.1	66.3	68.2	69.9	74.8	2.2
North Carolina	3	68.2	70.0	71.8	73.6	77.3	2.3
Greensboro	4	78.3	78.9	82.8	85.1	87.9	2.4
North Carolina	4	79.3	82.6	84.5	86.8	88.9	2.4
Greensboro	5	76.5	80.2	79.8	87.1	87.8	2.8
North Carolina	.5	78.0	82.4	82.9	86.7	88.4	2.6
Greensboro	6	76.6	77.1	80.1	79.0	84.1	1.9
North Carolina	6	78.3	78.4	80.9	82.9	86.4	2.0
Greensboro	7	74.6	80.3	76.1	77.8	79.9	1.3
North Carolina	7	76.9	82.4	80.7	81.2	83.3	1.6
Greensboro	8	73.0	74.0	77.8	75.5	81.0	2.0
North Carolina	8	76.3	77.6	80.5 <b>13</b>	79.5 L	82.2	1.5
ided by ERIC				. J.			12

Greensboro NC End-of-Grade Test-Reading Percent At/Above Grade Level

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Greensboro	4						
African American		53.4	50.8	52.5	56.2	58.8	
<i>Gap</i>		-30.5	-31.6	-33.0	-30.7	-29.3	-1.2
White		83.9	82.4	85.5	86.9	88.1	
Sap		-15.5	-21.9	-28.6	-23.3	-18.8	3.3
Iispanic		68.4	60.5	56.9	63.6	69.3	
North Carolina	4						
African American		52.3	53.0	53.6	57.3	61.5	
Gap		-27.9	-27.8	-28.0	-26.5	-24.2	<i>-3.7</i>
Vhite		80.2	80.8	81.6	83.8	85.7	
<i>Гар</i>		-23.0	-22.5	-22.0	-19.7	-18.8	-4.2
lispanic		57.2	58.3	59.6	64.1	66.9	
Greensboro	8						
African American		66.9	66.3	71.5	67.8	72.5	
Tap		-22.4	-23.9	-20.3	-24.4	-21.9	-0.5
Vhite		89.3	90.2	91.8	92.2	94.4	
Tap		-20.1	-21.9	-22.8	-23.5	-22.0	1.9
Iispanic		69.2	68.3	69.0	68.7	72.4	
North Carolina	8						
African American		63.8	64.1	68.3	69.2	72.4	
Tap		-23.1	-23.4	-21.0	-21.2	-19.5	-3.6
Vhite		86.9	87.5	89.3	90.4	91.9	
Tap		-22.2	-21.4	-19.6	-18.9	-20.8	-1.4
Iispanic		64.7	66.1	69.7	71.5	71.1	



## Greensboro NC End-of-Grade Test-Math Percent At/Above Grade Level

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Greensboro	4						
African American		64.0	64.7	70.9	73.9	78.4	
<i>Gap</i>		-24.2	-24.5	-21.1	-20.7	-17.7	-6.5
White		88.2	89.2	92.0	94.6	96.1	
Бар		-16.8	-15.1	-13.1	-3.2	-8.4	-8.4
Hispanic		71.4	74.1	78.9	91.4	87.7	
North Carolina	4						
African American		62.7	68.2	70.7	74.8	79.1	
Бар		-24.5	-21.4	-20.4	-18.2	-15.0	-9.5
Vhite		87.2	89.6	91.1	93.0	94.1	
Гар		-16.8	-12.7	-11.2	-10.3	-8.4	-8.4
Hispanic		70.4	76.9	79.9	82.7	85.7	
Greensboro	8						
African American		55.0	55.0	60.5	58.1	66.5	
Гар		-29.4	-31.4	-28.7	-30.0	-25.1	-4.3
White		84.4	86.4	89.2	88.1	91.6	
Гар		-10.8	-13.1	-21.4	-15.5	-17.8	7.0
Hispanic		73.6	73.3	67.8	72.6	73.8	
North Carolina	8						
African American		57.1	59.0	63.9	63.3	67.5	
Gap		-27.8	-27.1	-24.4	-23.9	-22.0	-5.8
White		84.9	86.1	88.3	87.2	89.5	
<i>Gap</i>		-19.0	-20.1	-18.0	-18.8	-18.3	-0.7
Hispanic		65.9	66.0	70.3	68.4	71.2	



## Greensboro NC End-of-Grade Test Percent At/Above Level III

Reading	Grade	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Greensboro	4		_	-	Greensboro	4	_		
Eligible for FRPI <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible		55.0 - <b>30.1</b> 85.1	59.1 <b>-27.8</b> 86.9	-2.3	Eligible for FRPL <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible		74.1 <b>-19.6</b> 93.7	79.2 -16.2 95.4	-3.4
North Carolina	4				North Carolina	4			
Eligible for FRPI <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible		60.0 -25.0 85.0	64.2 <b>-22.9</b> 87.1	-2.1	Eligible for FRPL <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible		77.9 -15.3 93.2	81.8 -12.8 94.6	-2.5
Greensboro	8				Greensboro	8			
Eligible for FRPI <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible		64.1 -24.5 88.6	76.0 -11.8 87.8	-12.7	Eligible for FRPL <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible		55.2 <b>-28.5</b> 83.7	72.2 -11.8 84.0	-16.7
North Carolina	8				North Carolina	8			
Eligible for FRPI <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible		68.2 -20.5 88.7	73.0 -18.1 91.1	-2.4	Eligible for FRPL <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible		63.2 -22.0 85.2	69.7 -18.7 88.4	-3.3



## Greensboro NC End-of-Grade Test Percent At/Above Level III

Reading	Grade	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Greensboro	4				Greensboro	4		_	
LEP		35.1	53.4		LEP		76.8	78.8	
Gap		-37.5	-21.1	-16.4	Gap		-8.4	-9.3	0.9
Non-LEP		72.6	74.5		Non-LEP		85.2	88.1	
North Carolina	4				North Carolina	4			
LEP		47.0	51.9		LEP		74.9	79.5	
Gap		-28.1	-25.8	-2.3	Gap	•	-12.1	<i>-9.7</i>	-2.4
Non-LEP		75.1	77.7		Non-LEP		87.0	89.2	
Greensboro	8				Greensboro	8			
LEP		35.6	50.6		LEP		56.2	57.7	
Gap		-46.8	-34.7	-12.1	Gap		-19.7	-23.7	4.0
Non-LEP		82.4	85.3		Non-LEP		75.9	81.4	
North Carolina	8				North Carolina	8			
LEP		49.7	53.9		LEP		54.9	62.9	
Gap		-34.0	-31.7	-2.3	Gap		-24.9	-19.6	<i>-5.3</i>
Non-LEP		83.7	85.6		Non-LEP		79.8	82.5	



### Greensboro NC End-of-Grade Test Percent At/Above Level III

Greensboro         4         Greensboro         4           Students with Disabilities         46.2 49.3 46.2 49.3 Disabilities         Students with Disabilities         68.7 73.7 73.7 6ap         -31.0 -30.2 -0.8 6ap         -19.9 -17.4 -2.5 73.7 73.7 73.7 73.7 73.7 73.7 73.7 73	Reading	Grade	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Disabilities	Greensboro	4			-	Greensboro	4			
Cap			46.2	49.3				68.7	73 7	
Non-Disabled Students					-0 R					-2 5
Students   Students   North Carolina   4   North Carolina   4   Students with   Disabilities   44.1   49.6   A4.5   -31.0   -3.5   Gap   -21.1   -18.3   -2.8   A4.6   A	-				-0.0	-				-2.5
Students with Disabilities         44.1         49.6         Disabilities         68.2         72.8           Gap         -34.5         -31.0         -3.5         Gap         -21.1         -18.3         -2.8           Non-Disabled Students         78.6         80.6         Non-Disabled Students         89.3         91.1           Greensboro         8         Greensboro         8         Students with         Students with           Disabilities         52.9         61.1         Disabilities         44.6         55.7           Gap         -34.1         -27.6         -6.5         Gap         -36.8         -29.5         -7.3           Non-Disabled         87.0         88.7         Non-Disabled         81.4         85.2           Students         Students         North Carolina         8           Students with Disabilities         48.4         53.8         Disabilities         44.6         50.7           Gap         -39.2         -35.1         -4.1         Gap         -39.2         -35.4         -3.8           Non-Disabled         87.6         88.9         Non-Disabled         83.8         86.1			77.2	77.5				00.0	71.1	
Disabilities         44.1         49.6         Disabilities         68.2         72.8           Gap         -34.5         -31.0         -3.5         Gap         -21.1         -18.3         -2.8           Non-Disabled         78.6         80.6         Non-Disabled         89.3         91.1           Students         Students         Students         Students           Greensboro         8         Students         Students with           Disabilities         52.9         61.1         Disabilities         44.6         55.7           Gap         -34.1         -27.6         -6.5         Gap         -36.8         -29.5         -7.3           Non-Disabled         87.0         88.7         Non-Disabled         81.4         85.2           Students         Students         North Carolina         8           Students with         Disabilities         44.6         50.7           Gap         -39.2         -35.1         -4.1         Gap         -39.2         -35.4         -3.8           Non-Disabled         87.6         88.9         Non-Disabled         83.8         86.1	North Carolina	4				North Carolina	4			
Gap         -34.5         -31.0         -3.5         Gap         -21.1         -18.3         -2.8           Non-Disabled Students         78.6         80.6         Non-Disabled Students         89.3         91.1         -18.3         -2.8           Students         Students         Students         -21.1         -18.3         -2.8           Students         Students										
Non-Disabled Students         78.6         80.6         Non-Disabled Students         89.3         91.1           Greensboro         8         Greensboro         8         Greensboro         8           Students with Disabilities         52.9         61.1         Disabilities         44.6         55.7           Gap         -34.1         -27.6         -6.5         Gap         -36.8         -29.5         -7.3           Non-Disabled         87.0         88.7         Non-Disabled         81.4         85.2           Students         Students         North Carolina         8           North Carolina         8         North Carolina         8           Students with Disabilities         44.6         50.7           Gap         -39.2         -35.1         -4.1         Gap         -39.2         -35.4         -3.8           Non-Disabled         87.6         88.9         Non-Disabled         83.8         86.1										
Students         Students           Greensboro         8           Students with         Students with           Disabilities         52.9         61.1         Disabilities         44.6         55.7           Gap         -34.1         -27.6         -6.5         Gap         -36.8         -29.5         -7.3           Non-Disabled         87.0         88.7         Non-Disabled         81.4         85.2           Students         Students         North Carolina         8           Students with         Disabilities         44.6         50.7           Gap         -39.2         -35.1         -4.1         Gap         -39.2         -35.4         -3.8           Non-Disabled         87.6         88.9         Non-Disabled         83.8         86.1					-3.5	-				-2.8
Greensboro         8         Greensboro         8           Students with Disabilities         52.9         61.1         Disabilities         44.6         55.7           Gap         -34.1         -27.6         -6.5         Gap         -36.8         -29.5         -7.3           Non-Disabled Students         87.0         88.7         Non-Disabled         81.4         85.2           Students         Students         North Carolina         8         Students         Students with           Disabilities         48.4         53.8         Disabilities         44.6         50.7           Gap         -39.2         -35.1         -4.1         Gap         -39.2         -35.4         -3.8           Non-Disabled         87.6         88.9         Non-Disabled         83.8         86.1			78.6	80.6				89.3	91.1	
Students with         Students with           Disabilities         52.9         61.1         Disabilities         44.6         55.7           Gap         -34.1         -27.6         -6.5         Gap         -36.8         -29.5         -7.3           Non-Disabled         87.0         88.7         Non-Disabled         81.4         85.2           Students         Students         North Carolina         8           Students with         Students with         Students with           Disabilities         48.4         53.8         Disabilities         44.6         50.7           Gap         -39.2         -35.1         -4.1         Gap         -39.2         -35.4         -3.8           Non-Disabled         87.6         88.9         Non-Disabled         83.8         86.1	Students					Students				
Disabilities       52.9       61.1       Disabilities       44.6       55.7         Gap       -34.1       -27.6       -6.5       Gap       -36.8       -29.5       -7.3         Non-Disabled       87.0       88.7       Non-Disabled       81.4       85.2         Students       Students       North Carolina       8         Students with       Disabilities       44.6       50.7         Gap       -39.2       -35.1       -4.1       Gap       -39.2       -35.4       -3.8         Non-Disabled       87.6       88.9       Non-Disabled       83.8       86.1	Greensboro	8				Greensboro	8			
Gap         -34.1         -27.6         -6.5         Gap         -36.8         -29.5         -7.3           Non-Disabled Students         87.0         88.7         Non-Disabled Students         81.4         85.2           North Carolina         8         North Carolina         8           Students with Disabilities         48.4         53.8         Disabilities         44.6         50.7           Gap         -39.2         -35.1         -4.1         Gap         -39.2         -35.4         -3.8           Non-Disabled         87.6         88.9         Non-Disabled         83.8         86.1										
Non-Disabled Students         87.0         88.7         Non-Disabled Students         81.4         85.2           North Carolina         8         North Carolina         8           Students with Disabilities         48.4         53.8         Disabilities         44.6         50.7           Gap         -39.2         -35.1         -4.1         Gap         -39.2         -35.4         -3.8           Non-Disabled         87.6         88.9         Non-Disabled         83.8         86.1										
Students         Students           North Carolina         8           Students with         Students with           Disabilities         48.4         53.8         Disabilities         44.6         50.7           Gap         -39.2         -35.1         -4.1         Gap         -39.2         -35.4         -3.8           Non-Disabled         87.6         88.9         Non-Disabled         83.8         86.1	•				-6. <i>5</i>			<i>-36.8</i>		<i>-7.3</i>
North Carolina         8         North Carolina         8           Students with Disabilities         53.8         Disabilities         44.6         50.7           Gap         -39.2         -35.1         -4.1         Gap         -39.2         -35.4         -3.8           Non-Disabled         87.6         88.9         Non-Disabled         83.8         86.1	Non-Disabled		87.0	88.7				81.4	85.2	
Students with         Students with           Disabilities         48.4         53.8         Disabilities         44.6         50.7           Gap         -39.2         -35.1         -4.1         Gap         -39.2         -35.4         -3.8           Non-Disabled         87.6         88.9         Non-Disabled         83.8         86.1	Students					Students				
Disabilities       48.4       53.8       Disabilities       44.6       50.7         Gap       -39.2       -35.1       -4.1       Gap       -39.2       -35.4       -3.8         Non-Disabled       87.6       88.9       Non-Disabled       83.8       86.1	North Carolina	8				North Carolina	8			
Gap         -39.2         -35.1         -4.1         Gap         -39.2         -35.4         -3.8           Non-Disabled         87.6         88.9         Non-Disabled         83.8         86.1	Students with					Students with				
Non-Disabled 87.6 88.9 Non-Disabled 83.8 86.1	Disabilities		48.4	53.8		Disabilities		44.6	50.7	
			-39.2	<i>-35.1</i>	-4.1	Gap		-39.2	-35.4	-3.8
Students Students	Non-Disabled		87.6	88.9		Non-Disabled		83.8	86.1	
	Students					Students				



District

GREENVILLE

STATE

SOUTH CAROLINA

#### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

**State Assessment** 

Palmetto Achievement Challenge (PACT)

First Year Reported

1999

**Grades Tested** 

3-8 How Reported

Percent Proficient & Advanced

Demographics '	GREENV	ILLE	South Ca	ROLINA
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	54,619	59,875	645,586	677,411
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	24.5	31.9	NA	47.1
Percent of Students with IEPs	12.4	15.9	NA	15.0
Percent English Language Learners	NA	1.1	NA	0.8
Percent African American	26.8	28.0	42.1	42.1
Percent Hispanic	1.0	3.6	0.7	1.9
Percent White	71.2	66.9	56.3	54.8
Percent Other	1.0	1.6	1.0	1.2
Number of FTE Teachers	3,265	3,763	39,922	45,380
Student-Teacher Ratio	16.7	15.8	16.2	14.9
Number of Schools	92	93	1,095	1,127
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$4,532	\$5,350	\$4,779	\$5,656
Greenville as a Percentage of South Caroli	na's Public Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			8.5	8.8
Percent of FRPL			NA	6.0
Percent of IEPs			NA	9.4
Percent of ELLs			NA	13.2
Percent of Schools			8.4	8.3
Percent of Teachers			8.2	8.3
Percent of State Revenue			7.9	8.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Greenville
Palmetto Achievement Challenge Test Scores (PACT)
Percent Proficient & Advanced

	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change
Reading						
Greenville	3	34.8	44.6	47.6	48.2	4.5
South Carolina		28.0	40.0	41.6	41.8	4.6
Greenville	4	38.6	44.6	46.4	38.7	0.0
South Carolina	4	28.0	37.0	37.3	33.5	1.8
Greenville	5	35.4	37.5	35.8	33.6	-0.6
South Carolina	5	26.0	27.0	27.4	24.9	-0.4
Greenville	6	28.3	37.9	38.6	39.2	3.6
South Carolina	6	24.0	32.0	32.0	33.5	3.2
Greenville	7	25.7	31.8	33.0	32.4	2.2
South Carolina	7	24.0	27.0	28.0	26.9	1.0
Greenville	8	27.4	28.9	28.0	32.9	1.8
South Carolina	8	22.0	24.0	23.6	26.8	1.6
Math						
Greenville	3	23.2	29.2	35.9	33.2	3.3
South Carolina		18.0	25.0	33.3	31.5	4.5
Greenville	4	23.5	27.2	28.7	38.6	5.0
South Carolina	4	18.0	24.0	26.0	36.0	6.0
Greenville	5	23.4	26.7	31.3	32.6	3.1
South Carolina	5	16.0	20.0	27.1	28.7	4.2
Greenville	6	18.9	24.3	29.0	28.3	3.1
South Carolina	6	16.0	22.0	26.4	29.1	4.4
Greenville	7	18.5	23.8	28.8	28.0	3.2
South Carolina	7	16.0	22.0	25.2	27.0	3.7
Greenville	8	18.1	21.7	20.1	19.0	0.3
South Carolina	8	15.0	20.0	18.4	19.1	1.4



HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY

STATE

FLORIDA

#### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

Florida Comprehensive

State Assessment

Achievement Test First Year Reported
(FCAT)

1999

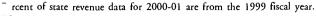
**Grades Tested** 

4, 5, 8, & 10 How Reported

Performance Level

Demographics 1	Hillsboroug	h County	Flori	DA
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	143,193	164,311	2,176,222	2,434,821
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	47.4	NA	44.3
Percent of Students with IEPs	12.9	14.6	13.4	15.0
Percent English Language Learners	NA	10.4	NA	7.7
Percent African American	24.0	24.1	25.3	25.2
Percent Hispanic	16.8	21.6	15.3	19.4
Percent White	57.0	51.8	57.5	53.3
Percent Other	2.2	2.6	2.0	2.2
Number of FTE Teachers	8,492	10,031	114,938	132,030
Student-Teacher Ratio	16.9	15.8	18.9	18.4
Number of Schools	172	210	2,760	3,316
Current Expenditures Per Pupil 2	\$5,217	\$5,851	\$5,275	\$5,790
Hillsborough as a Percentage of Florida's	Public Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			6.6	6.7
Percent of FRPL			NA	7.2
Percent of IEPs			6.3	6.6
Percent of ELLs			NA	9.1
Percent of Schools			6.2	6.3
Percent of Teachers			7.4	7.6
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			7.6	7.7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.







<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

# Hillsborough County Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT) Percent Scoring Level 3 & Above

Reading	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Hillsborough	4	49	53	54	54	1.7
Florida	4	48	52	53	54	2.0
Hillsborough	8	45	41	47	48	1.0
Florida	8	44	39	43	45	0.3
Hillsborough	10	34	33	42	39	1.7
Florida	10	30	29	37	36	2.0
Math						
Hillsborough	5	39	50	50	51	4.0
Florida	5 5	35	46	48	48	4.3
Hillsborough	8	49	57	61	61	4.0
Florida	8	44	51	55	53	3.0
Hillsborough	10	57	59	67	68	3.7
Florida	10	47	51	59	60	4.3



# Hillsborough County FCAT-Reading Percent Level 3 and Above

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Hillsborough	4						
African American		22	26	34	31	33	
Gap		-42	-41	-40	-35	-36	-6
White		64	67	74	66	69	
Gap		-27	-27	-25	-23	-24	<b>-3</b>
Hispanic		37	40	49	43	45	
Florida	4						
African American		23	26	32	31	36	
Gap		-42	-41	-39	-35	-31	-11
White		65	67	71	66	67	
Gap		-27	-26	-23	-23	-21	-6
Hispanic		38	41	48	43	46	
Hillsborough	8						
African American		20	26	22	24	27	
Gap		-33	<i>-37</i>	-38	-36	-35	2
White		53	63	60	60	62	
Gap		-23	-27	-30	-26	-25	2
Hispanic		30	36	30	34	37	
Florida	8						
African American		21	24	20	21	24	
Gap		-34	<i>-37</i>	-38	-35	-34	0
White		55	61	58	56	58	
Gap		-22	-24	-23	-25	-23	1
Hispanic		33	37	35	31	35	
Hillsborough	10						
African American		13	15	15	18	17	
Gap		-24	-31	-30	-35	-35	11
White		37	46	45	53	52	
Gap		-19	-21	-18	-23	-26	7
Hispanic		18	25	27	30	26	
Florida	10						
African American		12	13	13	15	14	
Gap		-26	-29	-27	-34	-33	7
White		38	42	40	49	47	
			••	10			_
<i>Gap</i> Hispanic		<b>-18</b> 20	<b>-19</b> 23	<b>-18</b> 22	<b>-24</b> 25	<i>-23</i> 24	5



## Hillsborough County FCAT-Math Percent Level 3 and Above

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Hillsborough	5						
African American		12	17	29	24	26	
Gap .		-36	-41	-40	-40	-37	1
White		48	·58	69	64	63	
Gap		-25	-25	-21	-23	-20	-5
Hispanic		23	33	48	41	43	
Florida	5						
African American		10	15	26	25	27	
Gap		-34	-36	<i>-37</i>	-34	-33	-1
White		44	51	63	59	60	
Gap		-22	-22	-19	-19	<i>-17</i>	-5
Hispanic		22	29	44	40	43	
Hillsborough	8						
African American		18	27	38	38	38	
Gap		-38	-40	-39	-35	-36	-2
White		56	67	77	73	74	
Gap		-24	-26	-26	-21	-25	1
Hispanic		32	41	51	52	49	
Florida	8						
African American		19	21	30	30	28	
Gap		-40	-43	-41	-38	-39	-1
White		59	64	71	68	67	
Gap		-25	-26	-24	-24	-25	0
Hispanic		34	38	47	44	42	
Hillsborough	10						
African American		17	31	31	41	40	
Gap		-42	-40	-44	-37	-40	-2
White		59	71	75	78	80	
Gap		-25	-23	-22	-20	-24	-1
Hispanic		34	48	53	58	56	
Florida	10						
African American		15	22	26	32	32	
Gap		-39	-41	-44	-40	-41	2
White		54	63	70	72	73	
Gap		-24	-25	-26	-24	-25	1
Hispanic		30	38	44	48	48	
RIC.					142		



District

Houston

STATE

Texas

#### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

State Assessment

Texas Assessment of Academic Skills (TAAS)

First Year Reported

1994

**Grades Tested** 

3-8 & 10 How Reported

**Percent Passing** 

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	Houst	ON	TEXAS		
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01	
Number of Students	206,704	208,462	3,740,260*	4,059,619	
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch E ligible (FRPL)	NA	70.7	NA	44.9	
Percent of Students with IEPs	9.9*	9.9	11.5*	11.9	
Percent English Language Learners	27.2*	27.2	12.8*	14.1	
Percent African American	34.9	32.1	14.3	14.4	
Percent Hispanic	50.8	55.0	36.7	40.6	
Percent White	11.5*	10.0	46.4	42.0	
Percent Other	2.8	3.0	2.6	3.0	
Number of FTE Teachers	11,935	11,197	240,371	274,826	
Student-Teacher Ratio	17.3	18.6*	15.6	14.8	
Number of Schools	258*	289	6,638	7,519	
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$4,987	\$5,606	\$5,016	\$5,685	
Houston as a Percentage of Texas' Public Sch	1995-96	2000-01			
Percent of Students	<del> </del>		5.5	5.1	
Percent of FRPL			NA	8.1	
Percent of IEPs			4.8	4.3	
Percent of ELLs			11.7	9.9	
Percent of Schools			3.9	3.8	
Percent of Teachers	<i>p</i>		5.0	4.1	
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>		<u> </u>	3.4	3.5	





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Houston
Texas Assessment of Academic Skills (TAAS) <sup>4</sup>
Percent Passing

	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998*	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading											
Houston	3	72.4	75.0	77.6	79.4	85.4	78.8	84.2	83.5	86.3	1.7
Texas	3	77.9	79.5	80.5	81.5	86.2	88.0	87.9	86.8	88.0	1.3
Houston	4	71.2	74.4	78.1	82.0	89.7	81.2	89.4	89.1	92.1	2.6
Texas	4	75.5	80.1	78.3	82.5	89.7	88.8	89.9	90.8	92.5	2.1
Houston	5	71.2	76.3	82.9	84.6	88.9	76.9	83.8	90.3	92.2	2.6
Texas	5	77.5	79.3	83.0	84.8	88.4	86.4	87.8	90.2	92.7	1.9
Houston	6	59.4	68.5	65.5	73.9	75.1	71.3	74.5	76.1	84.3	3.1
Texas	6	74.1	78.9	78.4	84.6	85.6	84.9	86.0	85.6	88.2	1.8
Houston	7	59.1	65.3	72.5	74.9	75.2	72.2	72.9	81.9	88.6	3.7
Texas	7	75.9	78.7	82.6	84.5	85.5	83.6	83.5	89.4	91.3	1.9
Houston	8	61.4	61.8	64.7	75.0	76.1	79.1	84.3	88.8	92.6	3.9
Texas	8	77.2	75.5	78.3	83.9	85.3	88.2	89.6	91.9	94.3	2.1
Houston	10	65.7	63.9	71.1	79.7	81.5	82.8	85.9	85.6	92.1	3.3
Texas	10	77.7	76.4	81.9	86.1	88.3	88.8	90.3	90.0	94.5	2.1
Math											
Houston	3	56.9	64.7	74.7	76.1	77.5	66.9	71.8	75.8	85.0	3.5
Texas	3 .	63.0	73.3	76.7	81.7	81.0	83.1	80.6	83.1	87.4	3.1
Houston	4	52.6	61.9	78.0	77.7	84.2	75.4	82.7	88.8	92.5	5.0
Texas	4	59.4	71.1	78.5	82.6	86.3	87.6	87.1	91.3	94.1	4.3
Houston	5	57.0	65.7	76.9	84.1	88.8	81.7	88.9	94.9	96.9	5.0
Texas	5	62.6	72.6	79.0	86.2	89.6	90.1	92.1	94.6	96.2	4.2
Houston	6	46.9	47.8	65.7	70.0	75.8	72.1	77.2	83.7	90.9	5.5
Texas	6	61.1	64.6	77.8	81.8	86.1	86.9	88.5	91.4	93.8	4.1
Houston	7	42.7	41.7	56.1	67.1	71.8	71.9	78.5	83.1	89.2	5.8
Texas	7	59.7	62.3	71.5	79.7	83.7	84.9	88.1	89.6	92.2	4.1
Houston	8	40.6	35.7	53.3	63.1	72.7	75.1	83.1	88.0	91.1	6.3
Texas	8	58.6	57.3	69.0	76.3	83.8	86.3	90.2	92.4	92.9	4.3
Houston	10	47.6	45.1	53.3	60.7	69.6	76.0	82.3	85.3	88.9	5.2
Texas	10	58.4	60.2	66.5	72.6	78.4	81.6	86.8	89.3	92.2	4.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Texas reported TAAS results for only non-Special Education students from 1994 through 1998, using the English language version of the test. Since 1999, state data include results for both non-Special Education students, as well as those who take the Spanish language version of the TAAS.

<sup>\*</sup> Asterik indicates that data has been updated by the school district.



Houston TAAS-Reading Percent Passing

Percent Passing											
	Grade	1994	1995*	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Houston	4	_									
African American		64.5	67.3	73.9	77.1	86.6	77.1	86.5	86.4	89.9	
Gap		-25.4	-25.6	-17.8	-17.8	-11.2	-18.6	-10.1	-10.9	<i>-7.3</i>	-18.1
White		89.9	92.9	91.7	94.9	97.8	95.7	96.6	97.3	97.2	
Gap		-20.9	-19.3	-16.3	-13.4	-8.2	-16.5	-7.5	-8.8	-5.0	-15.9
Hispanic		69.0	73.6	75.4	81.5	89.6	79.2	89.1	88.5	92.2	
Texas	4										
African American		57.8	63.2	63.0	69.5	80.3	79.2	82.8	83.8	86.8	
Gap		-27.4	-25.5	-23.8	-20.7	-14.7	-15.1	-12.3	-12.0	<b>-9.</b> 7	-17.7
White		85.2	88.7	86.8	90.2	95.0	94.3	95.1	95.8	96.5	
Gap		-19.2	-16.3	-16.5	-14.7	<b>-9.</b> 7	-9.9	-9.3	-8.5	-6.8	-12.4
Hispanic		66.0	72.4	70.3	75.5	85.3	84.4	85.8	87.3	89.7	
Houston	8										
African American		57.1	59.8	65.0	75.0	76.9	79.7	85.9	89.5	94.3	
Gap		-32.2	-32.3	-29.2	-20.6	-19.4	-15.7	-11.2	-9.0	-3.8	-28.4
White		89.3	92.1	94.2	95.6	96.3	95.4	97.1	98.5	98.1	
Gap		-34.6	-37.8	-37.0	-26.3	-25.8	-20.7	-17.0	-12.3	<i>-7.9</i>	-26.7
Hispanic		54.7	54.3	57.2	69.3	70.5	74.7	80.1	86.2	90.2	
Texas	8										
African American		60.9	59.7	63.6	74.0	76.2	81.8	83.6	88.0	92.1	
Gap		<i>-27.8</i>	-27.4	-26.2	-19.0	-18.0	-12.2	-11.5	-8.4	-5.4	-22.4
White		88.7	87.1	89.8	93.0	94.2	94.0	95.1	96.4	97.5	
Gap		-24.6	-24.4	-23.9	-18.8	-18.4	-12.1	-11.1	-9.0	-6.5	-18.1
Hispanic		64.1	62.7	65.9	74.2	75.8	81.9	84.0	87.4	91.0	
Houston	10										
African American		63.4	61.2	71.8	83.5	84.9	86.4	88.6	86.2	94.8	
Gap		-28.0	-31.9	-21.8	-12.2	-12.2	-10.7	-9.2	-11.5	-3.5	-24.5
White		91.4	93.1	93.6	95.7	97.1	97.1	97.8	97.7	98.3	
Gap		-34.2	-39.0	-31.2	-24.1	-22.1	-21.0	<i>-18.3</i>	-17.0	-10.3	-23.9
Hispanic		57.2	54.1	62.4	71.6	75.0	76.1	79.5	80.7	88.0	
Texas	10										
African American		62.9	60.5	71.3	78.9	81.5	83.1	85.9	84.1	92.5	
Gap		-26.2	-27.7	-20.4	-15.5	-13.9	-12.4	-10.2	-11.9	-5.4	-20.8
White		89.1	88.2	91.7	94.4	95.4	95.5	96.1	96.0	97.9	
Gap		-25.6	-25.4	-22.0	<i>-18.7</i>	-15.4	-15.0	-13.0	-12.5	-7.4	-18.2
Hispanic		63.5	62.8	69.7	75.7	80.0	80.5	83.1	83.5	90.5	

<sup>\*</sup> Asterik indicates that data has been updated by the school district.



### Houston TAAS-Math Percent Passing

	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Houston	4										
African American		42.2	51.2	71.3	69.5	77.9	66.8	75.1	84.9	89.6	
Gap		-35.5	-35.2	-20.1	-25.2	<i>-17.8</i>	-26.0	-20.1	-11.2	<i>-7.3</i>	-28.2
White		77.7	86.4	91.4	94.7	95.7	92.8	95.2	96.1	96.9	
Gap		-27.6	-24.2	-13.1	-15.6	<b>-9.7</b>	-16.0	-10.3	<b>-6.</b> 7	-3.4	-24.2
Hispanic		50.1	62.2	78.3	79.1	86.0	76.8	84.9	89.4	93.5	
Texas	4										
African American		38.0	49.5	60.7	66.3	73.3	74.1	75.7	83.0	88.6	
Gap		-32.4	-32.1	-26.1	-23.9	-18.8	-19.0	<i>-17.7</i>	-12.7	-8.5	-23.9
White		70.4	81.6	86.8	90.2	92.1	93.1	93.4	95.7	97.1	
Gap		-21.6	-20.1	-15.1	-13.1	<b>-9.</b> 7	-8.5	-10.3	<b>-6.</b> 7	-4.6	-17.0
Hispanic		48.8	61.5	71.7	77.1	82.4	84.6	83.1	89.0	92.5	
Houston	8										
African American		30.2	28.4	47.0	58.8	68.3	69.3	79.8	85.5	89.7	
Gap		-47.9	-50.2	-39.9	-32.2	-24.3	-24.0	-15.3	-11.8	-8.0	-39.9
White		78.1	78.6	86.9	91	92.6	93.3	95.1	97.3	97.7	
Gap		<i>-43.3</i>	-51.1	-39.5	-33.4	-22.6	-19.6	-13.2	-10.0	-7.5	-35.8
Hispanic		34.8	27.5	47.4	57.6	70.0	73.7	81.9	87.3	90.2	
Texas	8										
African American		34.2	32.6	47.4	58.8	71.6	74.7	81.8	85.6	86.8	
Gap		-39.6	-41.4	-35.2	-29.1	-20.6	-18.2	-13.4	-11.1	-9.8	-29.8
White		73.8	74.0	82.6	87.9	92.2	92.9	95.2	96.7	96.6	
Gap		-31.6	-34.9	-27.2	-22.7	-16.4	-12.4	<i>-9.1</i>	-7.5	-6.4	-25.2
Hispanic		42.2	39.1	55.4	65.2	75.8	80.5	86.1	89.2	90.2	
Houston	10										
African American		39.8	37.2	46.8	57.8	67.3	73.3	77.7	82.8	87.6	
Gap		-37.4	-42.3	-36.5	-31.3	-23.6	-19.4	-17.5	-13.9	-9.0	-28.4
White		77.2	79.5	83.3	89.1	90.9	92.7	95.2	96.7	96.6	
Gap		<i>-37.5</i>	-44.3	-37.2	-37.5	-27.3	-21.0	-15.3	-14.6	-10.0	-27.5
Hispanic		39.7	35.2	46.1	51.6	63.6	71.7	. 79.9	82.1	86.6	
Texas	10 .										
African American		34.6	37.1	45.1	54.0	61.8	67.4	75.0	80.2	85.9	
Gap		<i>-37.3</i>	<i>-37.6</i>	-33.9	-30.9	<i>-26.7</i>	-22.4	-18.2	-14.6	-10.6	<b>-26.</b> 7
White		71.9	74.7	79.0	84.9	88.5	89.8	93.2	94.8	96.5	
Gap		-29.3	-31.2	-25.9	-25.7	-20.5	-16.1	-12.4	-10.7	-8.5	-20.8
Hispanic		42.6	43.5	53.1	59.2	68.0	73.7	80.8	84.1	88.0	



Houston TAAS-Economically Disadvantaged Percent Passing

Reading	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998*	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Houston	4	65.5	68.7	73.5	78.0	87.5	75.3	86.9	86.9	90.7	3.2
Texas	4	63.3	69.2	67.5	73.0	83.4	82.3	84.3	85.8	88.4	3.1
Houston	8	50.5	52.2	57.1	67.9	70.3	72.6	80.6	86.3	91.3	5.1
Texas	8	61.9	60.5	64.3	72.7	74.8	80.7	82.7	86.5	90.5	3.6
Houston	10	51.9	51.2	60.8	68.7	75.6	74.5	81.0	80.0	89.4	4.7
Texas	10	60.2	59.8	67.1	73.9	78.3	79.4	82.0	82.0	90.1	3.7
											Annualized
Math	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998*	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Math Houston	Grade 4	1994 45.2	1995	1996 73.8	1997 73.8	1998 <b>*</b> 81.4	1999 69.6	2000 79.3	2001 87.0	2002 91.3	
											Change
Houston	4	45.2	55.1	73.8	73.8	81.4	69.6	79.3	87.0	91.3	Change 5.8
Houston Texas	4 4	45.2 45.7	55.1 58.2	73.8 68.3	73.8 73.9	81.4 79.5	69.6 81.3	79.3 80.7	87.0 87.0	91.3 91.2	5.8 5.7
Houston Texas	4 4 8	45.2 45.7 29.8	55.1 58.2 25.7	73.8 68.3 45.9	73.8 73.9 57.0	81.4 79.5 68.4	69.6 81.3	79.3 80.7	87.0 87.0	91.3 91.2 89.9	5.8 5.7 7.5

# TAAS-Special Education Percent Passing

Reading	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Houston	4	53.0	61.9	63.6	58.6	70.4	61.3	74.1	79.5	87.9	4.4
Texas	4	50.9	54.7	44.2	46.6	56.6	75.2	81.6	85.0	88.6	4.7
Houston	8	31.8	38.9	48.9	48.9	45.8	55.3	65.0	69.1	81.0	6.2
Texas	8	41.1	36.8	37.5	44.4	45.3	63.7	68.9	76.2	85.0	5.5
Houston	10	35.9	38.8	63.2	61.1	70.3	57.6	64.0	61.7	75.5	5.0
Texas	10	42.3	38.8	46.8	50.5	52.2	64.5	68.0	67.1	80.4	4.8
Math	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Houston	4	31.6	42.2	56.6	49.3		51.1	61.0	77.4	86.5	6.9
Texas	4	33.5	43.6	43.9	46.9	51.4	72.7	77.0	85.2	90.3	7.1
Houston	8	15.9	16.3	33.9	31.9	40.5	46.8	57.2	64.3	74.1	7.3
Texas	8	19.5	19.8	24.6	30.8	40.1	58.8	70.7	77.8	81.4	7.7
Houston	10	16.6	23.2	46.1	36.5	56.5	43.6	60.1	60.7	65.9	6.2
Texas	10	21.3	21.8	25.7	29.4	35.0	47.4	58.3	64.1	72.1	6.4

Asterik indicates that data has been updated by the school district.



Indianapolis

STATE

Indiana

### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

State Assessment

Indiana Statewide Testing for Educational Progress

First Year Reported

1997

**Grades Tested** 

3,6,8 & 10 How Reported

Performance Level

Demographics 1	In dian a	POLIS	India	NA.
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	44,896	41,008	977,263	989,225
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	75.0	NA	28.8
Percent of Students with IEPs	17.4	17.6	14.0	15.7
Percent English Language Learners	NA	3.6	NA	3.1
Percent African American	57.2	60.0	11.1	11.7
Percent Hispanic	1.4	4.9	2.3	3.5
Percent White	40.6	34.4	85.6	83.6
Percent Other	0.8	0.6	1.0	1.2
Number of FTE Teachers	2,796	2,635	55,281	59,226
Student-Teacher Ratio	16.1	15.6	17.5	16.7
Number of Schools	95	91	1,924	1,976
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$6,252	\$8,444	\$5,621	\$6,772
Indianapolis as a Percentage of Indiana's P	ublic Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			4.6	4.1
Percent of FRPL			NA	10.8
Percent of IEPs			5.7	4.6
Percent of ELLs			NA	4.7
Percent of Schools		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	4.9	4.6
Percent of Teachers	-		5.0	4.4
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			6.0	5.6

recent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Indianapolis
Indiana Statewide Testing for Educational Progress (ISTEP) CRT <sup>4</sup>
Percent At/Above Academic Standard

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
English/Language Arts							
Indianapolis	3	45	45	51	44	50	1.3
Indiana	3	68	68	68	63	66	-0.5
Indianapolis	6	28	28	29	21	22	-1.5
Indiana	6	61	59	56	52	52	-2.3
Indianapolis	8	38	38	39	38	43	1.3
Indiana	8	73	70	68	68	68	-1.3
Indianapolis	10	42	44	39	37	33	-2.3
Indiana	10	70	72	70	69	68	-0.5
Math							
Indianapolis	3	45	42	56	55	59	3.5
Indiana	3	70	70	73	70	70	0.0
Indianapolis	6	25	27	33	30	29	1.0
Indiana	6	59	59	61	62	61	0.5
Indianapolis	8	24	27	32	30	34	2.5
Indiana	8	65	63	63	64	66	0.3
Indianapolis	10	25	29	31	35	31	1.5
Indiana	10	58	59	63	67	65	1.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The ISTEP is administered in the fall of each school year. The 2002 score is for the fall administration during the 2001-2002 school year.



JEFFERSON COUNTY (LOUISVILLE)

STATE

KENTUCKY

### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

Commonwealth

State Assessment Accountability Testing

Accountability Testing First Year Reported

1997

System

**Grades Tested** 

3-11 How Reported

N ational Percentile

DEMOGRAPHICS 1	Jefferson (	County	Kentu	СКУ	
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01	
Number of Students	93,447*	96,860	659,821	665,850	
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	47.7*	48.7*	NA .	47.6	
Percent of Students with IEPs	NA	13.9	NA	14.2	
Percent English Language Learners	NA	1.1	NA	0.6	
Percent African American	32.2*	34.2	9.8	10.3	
Percent Hispanic	0.6*	1.5	0.4	0.9	
Percent White	65.2	60.4	89.1	84.3	
Percent Other	1.9	1.4	0.7	0.8	
Number of FTE Teachers	5,709*	5,829*	39,120	39,589	
Student-Teacher Ratio	18.1	18.1*	16.9	16.8	
Number of Schools	150	152*	1,402	1,526	
Current Expenditures Per Pupil 2	\$5,565	\$6,162	\$4,807	\$5,560	
Jefferson County as a Percentage of Kentu	cky's Public Schools		1995-96	2000-01	
Percent of Students			14.1	14.5	
Percent of FRPL			NA	15.8	
Percent of IEPs			NA	13.9	
Percent of ELLs			NA	26.8	
Percent of Schools			10.7	10.0	
Percent of Teachers			14.6	14.7	
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			12.3	12.6	

rcent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

### Jefferson County CTBS/5 **National Percentiles**

		_				•	2002	Annualized
	Grade	1997*	1998*	1999* 	2000*	2001	2002	Change in NCEs
Reading								
Jefferson	$EP^1$	43	43	46	47	50	52	1.0
Kentucky	EP	49	50	51	55	58	59	1.1
Jefferson	6	44	45	45	45	45	44	0.0
Kentucky	6	53	53	52	53	54	55	0.2
Jefferson	9	51	52	48	49	50	50	-0.1
Kentucky	9	52	51	51	52	52	54	0.2
Math								
Jefferson	EP	43	41	46	47	51	52	1.0
Kentucky	EP	49	48	51	55	58	60	1.2
Jefferson	6	41	43	41	42	41	43	0.2
Kentucky	6	49	49	49	50	51	52	0.3
Jefferson	9	44	44	43	43	44	44	0.0
Kentucky	9	44	45	46	47	48	49	0.5

**Jefferson County Kentucky Core Content Tests** Academic Index

	Grade	1997	1998	1999	2000*	2001*	2002*	Annualized Change
Reading	-							
Jefferson	4	NA	NA	72.9	73.9	75.2	77.5	1.5
Kentucky	4	NA	NA	78.9	79.9	80.7	81.9	1.0
Jefferson	7	NA	NA	70.8	70.8	72.9	75.2	1.5
Kentucky	7	NA	NA	78.1	78.4	80.5	81.4	1.1
Jefferson	10	NA	NA	61.4	66.7	67.6	67.3	2.0
Kentucky	10	NA	NA	63.6	67.7	68.9	67.8	1.4
Math								
Jefferson	5	NA	NA	55.9	58.4	61.2	64.3	2.8
Kentucky	5	NA	NA	57.7	60.5	63.9	66.1	2.8
Jefferson	8	NA	NA	51.1	52.3	54.3	55.2	1.4
Kentucky	8	NA	NA	56.9	59.9	62.4	61.3	1.5
Jefferson	11	NA	NA	57.3	56.3	62.0	63.9	2.2
Kentucky	11	NA	NA	56.1	57.2	60.7	62.3	2.1

<sup>\*</sup> Asterik indicates that data has been updated by the school district.



Long Beach

STATE

California

### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

State Assessment

Stanford Achievement Test, N inth Edition

(SAT/9)

Test, Ninth Edition First Year Reported

1998

**Grades Tested** 

3-11 How Reported

Percent At/Above 50th
Percentile

DEMOGRAPHICS 1	Long B	EACH	Califo	RNIA
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	80,520	93,694	5,536,406	6,142,348
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	68.7	NA	46.6
Percent of Students with IEPs	8.2	7.5	10.5	10.6
Percent English Language Learners	36.1*	36.4	NA	24.1
Percent African American	21.1	19.7	8.8	8.3
Percent Hispanic	37.4	45.4	38.7	42.5
Percent White	20.6	17.8	40.4	35.4
Percent Other	20.8	17.1	12.1	11.7
Number of FTE Teachers	3,249	4,466	230,849	298,064
Student-Teacher Ratio	24.8	19.8	24.0	20.6
Number of Schools	82	89	7,876	8,773
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$4,771	\$5,494	\$4,937	\$5,801
Long Beach as a Percentage of California's	Public Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			1.5	1.5
Percent of FRPL			NA	2.3
Percent of IEPs			1.1	1.1
Percent of ELLs			NA	2.3
Percent of Schools			1.0	1.0
Percent of Teachers		1.4	1.5	
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>		-	1.5	1.6

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data, "Public Elementary/Secondary School Universe Survey," 2000-2001, "Local Education Agency Universe Survey," 2000-2001, and "National Public Education Financial Survey," 1998-1999, and The Council of the Great City Schools.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

cent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Long Beach SAT/9 Percent Scoring At or Above 50th National Percentile

Reading	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Long Beach	3 3	28	32	37	39	43	3.8
California		38	41	44	46	47	2.3
Long Beach	4 4	28	32	32	40	43	3.8
California		40	41	45	47	49	2.3
Long Beach	5	30	32	32	36	40	2.5
California	5	41	42	44	45	47	1.5
Long Beach	6	30	31	33	· 37	39	2.3
California	6	42	44	46	47	48	1.5
Long Beach	7	34	33	34	40	41	1.8
California	7	44	44	46	48	48	1.0
Long Beach	8	38	37	38	41	44	1.5
California		46	47	49	50	49	0.8
Long Beach	9	27	28	29	27	28	0.3
California	9	34	34	35	35	34	0.0
Long Beach	10	27	27	27	27	27	0.0
California	10	32	33	34	34	34	0.5
Long Beach	11	29	29	29	30	30	0.3
California	11	36	35	36	37	37	0.3
Math	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Math  Long Beach California	Grade 3 3	1998 36 40	1999 46 48	2000 55 56	2001 58 59	2002 64 62	
Long Beach	3	36	46	55	58	64	Change 7.0
Long Beach California	3 3 4	36 40 30	46 48 39	55 56 45	58 59	64 62 55	7.0 5.5 6.3
Long Beach California  Long Beach California  Long Beach	3 3 4 4	36 40 30 39	46 48 39 44	55 56 45 51	58 59 51 54 47	64 62 55 58	7.0 5.5 6.3 4.8
Long Beach California  Long Beach California  Long Beach California  Long Beach	3 3 4 4 5 5	36 40 30 39 32 41	46 48 39 44 38 45	55 56 45 51 42 50	58 59 51 54 47 54	64 62 55 58 54 57	7.0 5.5 6.3 4.8 5.5 4.0
Long Beach California  Long Beach California  Long Beach California  Long Beach California	3	36	46	55	58	64	7.0
	3	40	48	56	59	62	5.5
	4	30	39	45	51	55	6.3
	4	39	44	51	54	58	4.8
	5	32	38	42	47	54	5.5
	5	41	45	50	54	57	4.0
	6	33	39	46	53	57	6.0
	6	46	50	55	57	60	3.5
Long Beach California	3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7	36 40 30 39 32 41 33 46 31 42	46 48 39 44 38 45 39 50 35 45	55 56 45 51 42 50 46 55 38 48	58 59 51 54 47 54 53 57 46 50	64 62 55 58 54 57 60 49 52	7.0 5.5 6.3 4.8 5.5 4.0 6.0 3.5 4.5 2.5
Long Beach California  Long Beach California	3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8	36 40 30 39 32 41 33 46 31 42 34 42	46 48 39 44 38 45 39 50 35 45 45	55 56 45 51 42 50 46 55 38 48 38 48	58 59 51 54 47 54 53 57 46 50 43 49	64 62 55 58 54 57 57 60 49 52 48 50	7.0 5.5 6.3 4.8 5.5 4.0 6.0 3.5 4.5 2.5 3.5 2.0

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Long Beach SAT/9-Reading Percent At/Above 50th NPR

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Long Beach	4						
African American <i>Gap</i> White <i>Gap</i> Hispanic		21 -44 65 -51 14	27 - <b>39</b> 66 - <b>47</b> 19	24 -41 65 -45 20	30 -45 75 -46 29	35 -41 76 -44 32	-3 -7
California	4						
African American <i>Gap</i> White <i>Gap</i> Hispanic	·	24 -37 61 -43 18	27 -37 64 -43 21	30 -38 68 -44 24	33 -37 70 -43 27	36 -35 71 -41 30	-2 -2
Long Beach	8						
African American <i>Gap</i> White <i>Gap</i> Hispanic		30 -41 71 -48 23	27 - <b>45</b> 72 - <b>48</b> 24	32 -40 72 -47 25	34 -43 77 -49 28	37 -43 80 -49 31	2 1
California	8						
African American <i>Gap</i> White <i>Gap</i> Hispanic		31 -36 67 -42 25	31 -37 68 -42 26	34 -36 70 -42 28	35 -36 71 -41 30	35 -36 71 -41 30	0 -1
Long Beach	10						
African American <i>Gap</i> White <i>Gap</i> Hispanic		18 -37 55 -41 14	15 -38 53 -38 15	18 -35 53 -38 15	16 -41 57 -41 16	35 -36 71 -41 30	0 -1
California	10						
African American <i>Gap</i> White <i>Gap</i> Hispanic		18 -32 50 -36 14	17 -33 50 -35 15	18 -33 51 -36 15	19 -33 52 -36 16	19 -32 51 -35 16	0 -1



Long Beach SAT/9-Math Percent At/Above 50th NPR

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001_	2002	Change in Gap
Long Beach	4						
African American		18	27	30	36	41	
Gap		-42	<i>-37</i>	-40	-40	<i>-38</i>	<b>-4</b>
White		60	64	70	76	79	
Gap		-41	-36	-34	-32	-30	-11
Hispanic		19	28	36	44	49	
California	4						
African American		21	25	32	36	40	
Gap		-36	-36	<i>-37</i>	<i>-36</i>	-34	-2
White		57	61	69	72	74	
Gap		-36	-35	-35	<i>-33</i>	-30	-6
Hispanic		21	,26	34	39	44	
Long Beach	8						
African American		21	20	26	28	33	
Gap		<i>-39</i>	-44	-40	<i>-43</i>	-44	5
White		60	64	66	71	77	
Gap		-40	-42	<i>-39</i>	-39	-39	-1
Hispanic		20	22	27	32	38	
California	8						
African American		21	23	26	27	. 27	
Gap		-39	-40	-40	-40	-41	2
White		60	63	66	67	68	
Gap		-39	-38	-38	<i>-37</i>	<i>-37</i>	-2
Hispanic		21	25	28	30	31	
Long Beach	10						
African American		22	20	29	26	29	
Gap		-40	<i>-39</i>	-38	-42	-38	-2
White		62	59	67	68	67	
Gap		-39	<i>-34</i>	<i>-34</i>	-35	-36	<i>-3</i>
Hispanic	•	23	25	33	33	31	
California	10						
African American		21	22	24	23	25	
Gap		-35	-36	-36	-36	-36	1
White		56	58	60	59	61	_
Gap	••	-34	<i>-33</i>	<i>-33</i>	-32	-32	-2
Hispanic	•	22	25	27	27	29	



Long Beach SAT/9-Economically Disadvantaged (ED) Percent At/Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Long Beach	4						Long Beach	4					
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		24 -19 43	22 <b>-40</b> 62	29 <b>-43</b> 72	33 -38 71	19	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		32 -17 49	36 -33 69	43 -32 75	48 <b>-29</b> 77	12
California	4						California	4					
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		22 -34 56	25 <b>-42</b> 67	28 -41 69	31 <b>-39</b> 70	5	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		28 -28 56	35 -35 70	39 -34 73	44 -31 75	3
Long Beach	8						Long Beach	8					
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		26 - <b>25</b> 51	25 -36 61	28 -36 64	32 -35 67	10	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		27 <b>-20</b> 47	28 <b>-29</b> 57	33 -27 60	39 <b>-2</b> 7 66	7
California	8						California	8					
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		27 - <b>30</b> 57	28 -36 64	29 - <b>36</b> 65	30 -34 64	4	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		27 -27 54	29 -33 62	31 -31 62	32 -31 63	4
Long Beach	10						Long Beach	10					
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		14 -21 35	14 -21 35	14 -20 34	15 <b>-20</b> 35	-1	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		29 -15 44	35 <b>-16</b> 51	32 -17 49	32 -16 48	1
California	10						California	10					
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		15 -23 38	15 -27 42	15 -28 43	15 <b>-28</b> 43	5	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		29 -19 48	29 <b>-24</b> 53	28 - <b>24</b> 52	30 -24 54	5



Long Beach SAT/9 - Limited English Proficiency Students Percent At/Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Long Beach	4						Long Beach	4					
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		10 - <b>38</b> 48	14 -33 47	19 -36 55	15 -43 58	5	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		22 - <b>29</b> 51	34 -19 53	37 <b>-24</b> 61	37 <b>-29</b> 66	0
California	4						California	4					
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		11 <b>-42</b> 53	13 <b>-44</b> 57	15 <b>-44</b> 59	18 <b>-43</b> 61	1	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		21 -31 52	27 -33 60	30 -34 64	36 -31 67	0
Long Beach	8		Ş.				Long Beach	8					
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		5 <b>-45</b> 50	5 <b>-46</b> 51	6 <b>-48</b> 54	7 -51 58	6	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		10 -36 46	11 -38 49	16 -37 53	19 <b>-40</b> 59	4
California	8						California	8					
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		8 <b>-49</b> 57	9 <b>-49</b> 58	10 <b>-49</b> 59	11 <b>-48</b> 59	-1	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		15 -37 52	17 -38 55	19 -37 56	20 -37 57	0
Long Beach	10						Long Beach	10					
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		2 -32 34	2 -32 34	2 -32 34	2 -34 36	2	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		13 -32 45	17 -36 53	13 -39 52	13 -38 51	6
California	10						California	10					
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		3 -38 41	3 -36 39	3 -37 40	3 -37 40	-1	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		20 -30 50	21 <b>-29</b> 50	19 -31 50	20 -31 51	1



## Long Beach SAT/9-Special Education Percent At/Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Long Beach	4					Long Beach	4		_		
Smanial Educati	•	24	20								
Special Education Gap	ion	24 <b>-8</b>	29	25	10	Special Educat	ion	29	36	38	2
Non-Special E	ducation	- <b>o</b> 32	<i>-12</i> 41	-18		Gap		-16	-16	-18	
NoiPSpecial D	uucation	32	41	43		Non-Special E	ducation	45	52	56	
California	4					California	4				
Special Educati	ion	25	27	28	1	Special Educati	ion	29	28	34	2
Gap		-21	-21	-22		Gap		-23	-28	-25	-
Non-Special E	ducation	46	48	50		Non-Special E	ducation	52	56	59	
Long Beach	8					Long Beach	8				
Special Educati	on	14	9	13	8	Special Educati	ion	15	8	15	10
Gap		-25	-33	-33	Ū	Gap	OII	-25	-37	-35	10
Non-Special Ed	ducation	39	42	46		Non-Special E	ducation	40	45	50	,
California	8					California	8				
Special Education	on	15	15	15	1	Special Educati	on	15	15	15	2
Gap		-36	-37	-37	_	Gap	OII	-35	<i>-36</i>	-37	2
Non-Special Ed	ducation	51	52	52	•	Non-Special Ed	ducation	50	51	52	
Long Beach	10					Long Beach	10				
Special Education	on	4	3	5	0	Special Education	on	10	7	10	-2
Gap		-24	-25	-24		Gap		-36	-38	-34	-
Non-Special Ed	lucation	28	28	29		Non-Special Ec	lucation	46	45	44	
California	10					California	10				
Special Education	on	8	7	9	0	Special Education	on	13	11	14	-1
Gap		-27	-29	-27		Gap		-35	-36	-34	=
Non-Special Ed	lucation	35	36	36		Non-Special Ed	lucation	48	47	48	



Los Angeles

STATE

California

STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

Stanford Achievement State Assessment

(SAT/9)

Test, Ninth Edition First Year Reported

1998

**Grades Tested** 

3-11 How Reported

Percent At/Above 50th Percentile

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	Los And	GELES	CALIFO	RNIA
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	647,612	721,346	5,536,406	6,142,348
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	73.5	NA	46.6
Percent of Students with IEPs	10.1	11.5	10.5	10.6
Percent English Language Learners	NA	43.2	NA	24.1
Percent African American	14.3	12.8	8.8	8.3
Percent Hispanic	67.3	70.8	38.7	42.5
Percent White	11.3	9.9	40.4	35.4
Percent Other	7.2	6.6	12.1	11.7
Number of FTE Teachers	26,438	35,150	230,849	298,064
Student-Teacher Ratio	24.5	19.6	24.0	20.6
Number of Schools	642	659	7,876	8,773
Current Expenditures Per Pupil 2	\$5,393	\$6,245	\$4,937	\$5,801
Los Angeles as a Percentage of California's	Public Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students	<del>-</del>		11.7	11.7
Percent of FRPL			NA	18.8
Percent of IEPs			11.2	12.8
Percent of ELLs			NA	21.1
Percent of Schools			8.2	7.5
Percent of Teachers			11.5	11.8
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			15.0	14.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&#</sup>x27;Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Los Angeles SAT/9 Percent Scoring At or Above 50th National Percentile Rank

Reading	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Los Angeles California	3 3	21 38	21 41	25 44	31 46	33 47	3.0 2.3
Los Angeles California	4 4	21 40	22 41	26 45	29 47	35 49	3.5 2.3
Los Angeles California	5 5	23 41	24 42	26 44	29 45	31 47	2.0 1.5
Los Angeles California	6 6	22 42	24 44	25 46	27 47	29 48	1.8 1.5
Los Angeles California	7 7	24 44	25 44	27 46	28 48	29 48	1.3 1.0
Los Angeles California	8 8	27 46	28 47	30 49	31 50	31 49	1.0 0.8
Los Angeles California	9 9	19 34	18 34	20 35	19 35	19 34	0.0 0.0
Los Angeles California	10 10	20 32	20 33	21 34	22 34	22 34	0.5 0.5
Los Angeles California	11· 11	25 36	25 35	26 36	27 37	29 37	1.0 0.3
N.d alb		1000	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Math	Grade	1998	1999	2000			
Los Angeles California	Grade 3 3	28 40	32 48	39 56	47 59	52 62	6.0 5.5
Los Angeles	3	28	32	39	47		6.0
Los Angeles California	3 3	28 40 25	32 48 28	39 56 34	47 59 38	62 46	6.0 5.5 5.3
Los Angeles California Los Angeles California	3 3 4 4	28 40 25 39 26	32 48 28 44	39 56 34 51	47 59 38 54	62 46 58 42	6.0 5.5 5.3 4.8
Los Angeles California  Los Angeles California  Los Angeles California  Los Angeles	3 3 4 4 5 5	28 40 25 39 26 41	32 48 28 44 29 45	39 56 34 51 33 50	47 59 38 54 37 54	62 46 58 42 57	6.0 5.5 5.3 4.8 4.0 4.0
Los Angeles California	3 3 4 4 5 5 5	28 40 25 39 26 41 26 46	32 48 28 44 29 45 30 50	39 56 34 51 33 50 32 55	47 59 38 54 37 54 35 57	62 46 58 42 57 39 60	6.0 5.5 5.3 4.8 4.0 4.0 4.0
Los Angeles California	3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7	28 40 25 39 26 41 26 46 24 42	32 48 28 44 29 45 30 50 26 45	39 56 34 51 33 50 32 55 28 48	47 59 38 54 37 54 35 57 30 50	62 46 58 42 57 39 60 30 52	6.0 5.5 5.3 4.8 4.0 4.0 4.0 3.3 3.5 1.5 2.5
Los Angeles California  Los Angeles California	3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8	28 40 25 39 26 41 26 46 24 42 24 42	32 48 28 44 29 45 30 50 26 45 26 45	39 56 34 51 33 50 32 55 28 48 27 48	47 59 38 54 37 54 35 57 30 50 28 49	62 46 58 42 57 39 60 30 52 29 50	6.0 5.5 5.3 4.8 4.0 4.0 4.0 3.3 3.5 1.5 2.5



Los Angeles SAT/9-Reading Percent At/Above 50th NPR

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Los Angeles	4				-		
African American		19	21	26	29	33	
Gap		<i>-37</i>	-40	-40	-39	-38	1
White		56	61	66	68	71	
Gap		-44	-47	-48	-47	-44	0
Hispanic		12	14	18	21	27	
California	4						
African American		24	27	30	33	36	
Gap		<i>-37</i>	<i>-37</i>	-38	<i>-37</i>	-35	-2
White		61	64	68	70	71	
Gap		-43	<b>-43</b>	-44	<i>-43</i>	-41	-2
Hispanic		18	21	24	27	30	
Los Angeles	8						
African American		26	27	28	29	30	
Gap		<i>-36</i>	-36	<i>-37</i>	-36	-36	0
White		62	63	65	65	66	<b>.</b>
Gap		-45	-44	-44	-43	-43	-2
Hispanic		17	19	21	22	23	_
California	8						
African American		31	31	34	35	35	
Gap		<i>-36</i>	<i>-37</i>	<i>-36</i>	-36	<i>-36</i>	0
White		67	68	70	71	71	•
Gap		-42	-42	-42	-41	-41	-1
Hispanic		25	26	28	30	30	-
Los Angeles	10						
African American		16	17	17	19	19	
Gap		-34	-31	-33	-31	-32	-2
White		50	48	50	50	51	-
Gap		-38	-36	-37	-36	-36	-2
Hispanic		12	12	13	14	15	
California	10						
African American		18	17	18	19	19	
Gap		-32	<i>-33</i>	-33	-33	-32	0
White		50	50	51	52	51	<u> </u>
Gap		-36	-35	-36	-36	-35	-1
Hispanic		14	15	15	16	16	<del>-</del>
=			-				



Los Angeles SAT/9-Math Percent At/Above 50th NPR

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Los Angeles	4						
African American		18	20	26	29	35	
Gap		-38	-42	-42	-41	-40	2
White		56	62	68	70	75	
Gap		-38	-41	-41	-38	-34	-4
Hispanic		18	21	27	32	41	
California	4						
African American		21	25	32	36	40	
Gap		<i>-36</i>	-36	<i>-37</i>	-36	-34	-2
White		57	61	69	72	74	
Gap		-36	-35	-35	-33	-30	-6
Hispanic		21	26	34	39	44	
Los Angeles	8						
African American		16	18	19	19	19	
Gap		-41	-41	-41	<b>-43</b>	<b>-43</b>	2
White		57	59	60	62	62	
Gap		<b>-43</b>	-41	-41	-42	-41	-2
Hispanic		14	18	19	20	21	
California	8						
African American		21	23	26	27	27	
Gap		-39	-40	-40	-40	-41	2
White		60	63	66	67	68	
Gap		-39	-38	-38	<i>-37</i>	<i>-37</i>	-2
Hispanic		21	25	28	30	31	
Los Angeles	10						
African American		17	20	21	21	21	
Gap		-41	-39	<i>-38</i>	-38	-40	-1
White		58	59	59	59	61	
Gap		-38	<i>-37</i>	<i>-36</i>	<i>-36</i>	-36	-2
Hispanic		20	22	23	23	25	
California	10						
African American		21	22	24	23	25	
Gap		-35	-36	<i>-36</i>	-36	-36	1
White		56	58	60	59	61	
Gap		-34	-33	-33	-32	-32	-2
Hispanic		22	25	27	27	29	



Los Angeles SAT/9-Economically Disadvantaged (ED) Percent At/Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Los Angeles	4						Los Angeles	4				<u></u>	
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		16 -37 53	19 <b>-46</b> 65	22 <b>-47</b> 69	29 <b>-43</b> 72	6	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		22 -32 54	19 <b>-48</b> 67	32 -38 70	41 -35 76	3
California	4						California	4					
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		22 -34 56	25 <b>-42</b> 67	28 -41 69	31 - <b>39</b> 70	5	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		28 -28 56	35 -35 70	39 -34 73	44 -31 75	3
Los Angeles	8						Los Angeles	8					
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		21 -23 44	23 <b>-24</b> 47	23 -23 46	24 -22 46	-1	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		21 -17 38	23 -18 41	22 -19 41	23 -17 40	0
California	8						California	8					
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		27 - <b>30</b> 57	28 -36 64	29 <b>-36</b> 65	30 -34 64	4	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		27 -27 54	29 -33 62	31 -31 62	32 -31 63	4
Los Angeles	10						Los Angeles	10					
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		13 -15 28	14 -18 32	15 -17 32	15 -17 32	2	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		26 -10 36	14 <b>-25</b> 39	27 -11 38	28 -11 39	1
California	10						California	10					
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		15 -23 38	15 -27 42	15 <b>-28</b> 43	15 <b>-28</b> 43	5	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		29 -19 48	29 <b>-24</b> 53	28 - <b>24</b> 52	30 <b>-24</b> 54	5



Los Angeles SAT/9 - Limited English Proficiency Students Percent At/Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	M ath	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Los Angeles	4						Los Angeles	4					
LEP		8	9	11	15		LEP		16	20	23	31	
Gap		-32	-35	-35	-36	4	Gap		-26	-28	-29	-28	2
Non-LEP		40	44	46	51		Non-LEP		42	48	52	59	
California	4						California	4					
LEP		11	13	15	18		LEP		21	27	30	36	
Gap		-42	-44	-44	-43	1	Gap		-31	-33	-34	-31	0
Non-LEP		53	57	59	61		Non-LEP		52	60	64	67	
Los Angeles	8						Los Angeles	8					
LEP		3	4	4	4		LEP		7	7	8	8	
Gap		-37	-36	-36	-37	0	Gap		-28	-28	-27	-28	0
Non-LEP		40	40	40	41		Non-LEP		35	35	35	36	
California	8						California	8					
LEP		8	9	10	11		LEP		15	17	19	. 20	
Gap		-49	-49	-49	-48	-1	Gap		<i>-37</i>	-38	<i>-37</i>	<b>-37</b>	0
Non-LEP		57	58	59	59		Non-LEP		52	55	56	57	U
Los Angeles	10						Los Angeles	10					
LEP		1	2	2	2		LEP		12	12	12	13	
Gap		-25	-24	-25	-25	0	Gap		-25	-24	-24	-25	0
Non-LEP		26	26	27	27		Non-LEP		37	36	36	38	
California	10						California	10					
LEP		3	3	3	3		LEP		20	21	19	20	
Gap		-38	-36	<i>-37</i>	-37	-1	Gap		-30	-29	-31	-31	1
Non-LEP		41	39	40	40		Non-LEP		50	50	50	51	



Los Angeles SAT/9 - Special Education Percent At/Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math Grad	de 2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Los Angeles	4					Los Angeles 4				
Special Educ	ation	17	19	19		Special Education	21	21	24	
Gap		-10	-11	-16	6	Gap	-14	-18	-23	9
Non-Special	Education	27	30	35	Ū	Non-Special Education		39	47	,
California	. 4					California 4				
Special Educ	ation	25	27	28		Special Education	29	28	34	
Gap		-21	-21	-22	1	Ĝар	-23	-28	-25	2
Non-Special	Education	46	48	50		Non-Special Education	on 52	56	59	
Los Angeles	8					Los Angeles 8				
Special Educ	ation	9	9	11		Special Education	7	7	8	
Gap		-23	-23	-21	-2	Gap	-22	-23	-22	0
Non-Special	Education	32	32	32		Non-Special Education	on 29	30	30	
California	8					California 8				
Special Educ	ation	15	15	15		Special Education	15	15	15	
Gap		-36	-37	-37	1	Gap	-35	-36	-37	2
Non-Special	Education	51	52	52		Non-Special Education	on 50	51	52	
Los Angeles	10					Los Angeles 10				
Special Educa	ation	8	6	6		Special Education	10	8	7	
Gap		-14	<i>-17</i>	<b>-1</b> 7	<i>3</i>	Gap	-22	-25	-27	5
Non-Special	Education	22	23	23		Non-Special Education	on 32	33	34	
California	10					California 10				
Special Educa	ation	8	7	9		Special Education	13	. 11	14	
Gap		-27	-29	-27	0	Gap	-35	-36	-34	-1
Non-Special	Education	35	36	36		Non-Special Education	on 48	47	48	



DISTRICT MEMPHIS
STATE TENNESSEE

#### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

(TCAP)

Tennessee Comprehensive
State Assessment
AssessmentProgram

AssessmentProgram First Year Reported

1998

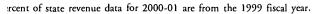
Grades Tested

3-9 How Reported

National Percentiles & Performance Level

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	Мемр	HIS	TENNE	SSEE
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	109,286	113,730	875,670*	909,388
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	69.9*	40.2*	NA
Percent of Students with IEPs	12.5	11.5	19.4*	15.7
Percent English Language Learners	NA	1.7*	0.6*	NA
Percent African American	81.7	86.7*	23.1	24.4
Percent Hispanic	0.5	1.7 <b>*</b>	0.7	1.8
Percent White	15.7	10.3*	75.3	72.2
Percent Other	2.1	1.3*	0.9	1.3
Number of FTE Teachers	5,699	7,486	49,627*	61,233
Student-Teacher Ratio	19.2	15.2*	17.6	14.9
Number of Schools	163	164	1,563	1,624
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$4,787	\$5,693	\$4,172	\$5,123
Memphis as a Percentage of Tennessee's P	ublic Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			12.2	12.5
Percent of FRPL			NA	NA
Percent of IEPs			10.9	9.3
Percent of ELLs			NA	NA
Percent of Schools			10.4	10.1
Percent of Teachers			10.7	12.2
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			11.8	11.5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

### Memphis TCAP Achievement Test Median National Percentiles

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Reading Composite						
Memphis	3	39	39	36	34	41
Tennessee	3	56	55	56	51	59
Memphis	4	35	34	38	38	39
Tennessee	4	55	53	55	52	56
Memphis	5	38	35	34	33	34
Tennessee	5	56	55	56	55	55
Memphis	6	32	30	32	35	33
Tennessee	6	50	48	51	52	51
Memphis	7	32	32	26	31	30
Tennessee	7	51	51	46	52	52
Memphis	8	34	40	32	34	33
Tennessee	8	55	58	54	54	54
Math Composite						
Memphis	3	41	45	44	38 .	54
Tennessee	3	55	58	62	56	67
Memphis	4	39	42	40	41	42
Tennessee	4	56	57	58	59	61
Memphis	5	40	37	36	36	45
Tennessee	5	56	56	53	52	62
Memphis	6	41	35	36	39	36
Tennessee	6	55	52	53	56	52
Memphis	7	29	30	29	30	34
Tennessee	7	52	54	53	52	56
Memphis	8	34	36	31	34	31
Tennessee	8	55	57	58	56	53
OIC.						<b>P4</b>



MIAMI-DADE COUNTY

**STATE** 

FLORIDA

### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

Florida Comprehensive

State Assessment

Achievement Test First Year Reported (FCAT)

**Grades Tested** 

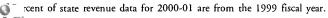
4, 5, 8, & 10 How Reported

Performance Level

1999

DEMOGRAPHICS 1	MIAMI-DADE	Flori	FLORIDA			
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01		
Number of Students	333,444*	368,453*	2,176,222	2,434,821		
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch E ligible (FRPL)	58.5*	59.1*	NA	44.3		
Percent of Students with IEPs	9.4	11.1	13.4	15.0		
Percent English Language Learners	16.0	18.1	NA	7.7		
Percent African American	33.8	31.2	25.3	25.2		
Percent Hispanic	50.6	56.2	15.3	19.4		
Percent White	14.2	11.3	57.5	53.3		
Percent Other	1.4	2.0*	2.0	2.1		
Number of FTE Teachers	17,094	18,608	114,938	132,030		
Student-Teacher Ratio	19.5	18.2	18.9	18.4		
Number of Schools	303*	356	2,760	3,316		
Current Expenditures Per Pupil 2	\$5,745	\$6,141	\$5,275	\$5,790		
Miami as a Percentage of Florida's Public	Schools		1995-96	2000-01		
Percent of Students			15.3	15.1		
Percent of FRPL			NA	20.2		
Percent of IEPs			10.8	11.2		
Percent of ELLs			NA	35.6		
Percent of Schools			11.0	10.7		
Percent of Teachers			14.9	14.1		
Percent of State Revenue 3			18.4	18.7		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

### Miami-Dade County Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT) Percent Scoring Level 3 & Above

	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading						
Miami-Dade	4	36	40	42	48	4.0
Florida	4	48	52	53	54	2.0
Miami-Dade	8	31	29	30	34	1.0
Florida	8	44	39	43	45	0.3
Miami-Dade	10	20	21	23	24	1.3
Florida	10	30	29	35	36	2.0
Math						
Miami-Dade	5	24	37	41	45	7.0
Florida	5	35	46	48	48	4.3
Miami-Dade	8	30	37	39	39	3.0
Florida	8	44	51	55	53	3.0
Miami-Dade	10	32	37	49	44	4.0
Florida	10	47	51	61	60	4.3



Miami-Dade County FCAT-Reading Percent Level 3 and Above

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Miami-Dade	4						
African American		20	23	29	35	36	
Gap		-44	<i>-43</i>	-41	-38	-35	-9
White		64	66	70	73	71	
Gap		-26	-24	-21	-20	-22	-4
Hispanic		38	42	49	53	49	
Florida	4						
African American		23	26	32	31	36	
Gap		-42	-41	-39	-35	-31	-11
White		65	67	71	66	67	
Gap		-27	-26	-23	-23	-21	-6
Hispanic		38	41	48	43	46	
Miami-Dade	8						
African American		18	20	17	20	21	
Gap		-42	-44	-45	-40	-37	-5
White		60	64	62	60	58	
Gap		-26	-26	-25	-24	-23	-3
Hispanic		34	38	37	36	35	
Florida	8						
African American		21	24	20	21	24	
Gap		-34	-37	-38	-35	-34	0
White		55	61	58	56	58	
Gap		-22	-24	-23	-25	-23	1
Hispanic		33	37	35	31	35	
Miami-Dade	10						
African American		11	11	12	13	13	
Gap		-37	-35	-34	-39	-36	-1
White		48	46	46	52	49	
Gap		-27	-24	-24	-25	-25	-2
Hispanic		21	22	22	27	24	
Florida	10						
African American		12	13	13	15	14	
Gap		-26	-29	-27	-34	<i>-33</i>	7
White		38	42	40	49	47	
Gap		-18	-19	-18	-24	-23	5
Hispanic		20	23	22	25	24	



### Miami-Dade County FCAT-Math Percent Level 3 and Above

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Miami-Dade	5						
African American		8	13	26	31	32	
Gap		<i>-37</i>	<i>-37</i>	-38	-38	-35	-2
White		45	50	64	69	67	
Gap		-23	-22	-18	-18	-20	-3
Hispanic		22	28	46	51	47	
Florida	5						
African American		10	15	26	25	27	
Gap		-34	-36	<i>-37</i>	-34	<i>-33</i>	-1
White		44	51	63	59	60	
Gap		-22	-22	-19	-19	-1 <i>7</i>	-5
Hispanic		22	29	44	40	43	
Miami-Dade	8						
African American		17	16	25	28	22	
Gap		-46	-47	-45	-44	-44	-2
White		63	63	70	72	66	
Gap		-29	-26	-24	-23	-25	-4
Hispanic		34	37	46	49	41	
Florida	8	,					
African American		19	21	30	30	28	
Gap		-40	<b>-43</b>	-41	-38	-39	-1
White		59	64	71	68	67	
Gap		-25	-26	-24	-24	-25	0
Hispanic		34	38	47	44	42	
Miami-Dade	10						
African American		13	18	22	35	27	
Gap		-51	-47	-49	-45	-46	-5
White		64	65	71	80	73	
Gap		-35	-30	-29	-22	<i>-31</i>	-4
Hispanic		29	35	42	58	42	
Florida	10						
African American		15	22	26	32	32	
Gap		-39	-41	-44	-40	-41	2
White		54	63	70	72	73	_
Gap		-24	-25	-26	-24	-25	1
Hispanic		30	38	44	48	48	



MILWAUKEE

STATE

Wisconsin

#### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

Wisconsin Knowledge

State Assessment

**Grades Tested** 

and Concepts First Year Reported

Examination

3,4,8, & 10 How Reported

Performance Level

DEMOGRAPHICS <sup>1</sup>	M IL WAU	JKEE	Wisconsin		
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01	
Number of Students	103,676*	97,994*	870,175	879,476	
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	73.3	69.9*	NA	24.9	
Percent of Students with IEPs	14.0	15.0*	12.5	14.2	
Percent English Language Learners	NA	5.5*	NA	2.6	
Percent African American	60.1*	60.8	9.4	10.0	
Percent Hispanic	11.9*	15.1	3.3	4.5	
Percent White	21.1*	16.7*	83.2	80.7	
Percent Other	6.9*	7.4*	4.1	4.7	
Number of FTE Teachers	6,615*	6,972	55,033	62,332	
Student-Teacher Ratio	15.7	14.0*	15.8	14.1	
Number of Schools	159*	202*	2,037	2,182	
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$7,353	\$8,557	\$6,517	\$7,527	
Milwaukee as a Percentage of Wisconsin's	Public Schools		1995-96	2000-01	
Percent of Students			11.9	11.1	
Percent of FRPL			NA	31.2	
Percent of IEPs			12.7	11.8	
Percent of ELLs			NA	23.9	
Percent of Schools			7.8	9.3	
Percent of Teachers			12.0	11.2	
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			17.1	14.9	

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data, "Public Elementary/Secondary School Universe Survey," 2000-2001, "Local Education Agency Universe Survey," 2000-2001, and "National Public Education Financial Survey," 1998-1999, and The Council of the Great City Schools.

Percent of state revenue data for 1999-00 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Current expenditure per pupil data for 1999-00 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Milwaukee Wisconsin Knowledge and Concepts Examinations (WKCE) Percent Proficent/Advanced

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading							
Milwaukee	4	41	52	52	54	55	3.5
Wisconsin	4	69	78	78	78	79	2.5
Milwaukee	8	27	40	43	37	41	3.5
Wisconsin	8	54	74	73	73	74	5.0
Milwaukee	10	27	31	32	35	26	-0.3
Wisconsin	10	63	69	69	69	60	-0.8
Math							
Milwaukee	4	21	45	47	36	42	5.3
Wisconsin	4	52	75	74	65	69	4.3
Milwaukee	8	9	11	11	8	10	0.3
Wisconsin	8	30	42	42	39	44	3.5
Milwaukee	10	7	10	10	10	11	1.0
Wisconsin	10	35	39	39	46	43	2.0

Milwaukee Wisconsin Reading Comprehension Test Percent Proficent/Advanced

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Milwaukee	3	49.9	49.4	55.3	54.9	50.4	0.1
Wisconsin	3	64.9	70.4	74.5	76.5	74.2	2.3



Milwaukee WKCE-Reading Percent Proficent/Advanced

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Milwaukee	4						
African American		34	46	47	49	52	
Gap		-29	-30	-30	-27	-23	-6
White		63	76	77	76	75	
Gap		-26	-29	-33	-26	-30	4
Hispanic		37	47	44	50	45	
Wisconsin	4						
African American		36	50	51	52	54	
Gap		-40	-34	-33	-32	-31	<b>-9</b> .
White		76	84	84	84	85	
Gap		-29	-29	-32	-31	-32	3
Hispanic		. 47	55	52	53	53	
Milwaukee	8						
African American		20	32	34	30	34	
Gap		-33	-35	-35	-36	-33	0
White		53	67	69	66	67	·
Gap		-25	-25	-23	-27	-24	-1
Hispanic		28	42	46	39	43	
Wisconsin	8						
African American		24	36	38	35	38	
Gap		-46	-43	-42	-44	-42	-4
White		70	79	80	79	80	
Gap		-36	-29	-31	-32	-31	-5
Hispanic		34	50	49	47	49	
Milwaukee	10						
African American		17	22	24	27	17	
Gap		-34	-32	-33	-33	-35	1
White		51	54	57	60	52	•
Gap		-23	-25	-28	- <b>29</b>	-28	5
Hispanic		28	29	29	31	24	_
Wisconsin	10						
African American		22	27	29	33	20	
Gap		-48	-48	-46	-42	-46	-2
White		70	75	75	75	66	
Gap		-35	-34	-35	-34	-34	-1
Hispanic		35	41	40	. 41	32	



Milwaukee WKCE-Math Percent Proficent/Advanced

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Milwaukee	4	_					
African American		15	38	41	30	36	
Gap		-27	-32	-31	-29	-30	3
White		42	70	72	59	66	
Gap		-22	-29	-30	-24	-32	10
Hispanic		20	41	42	35	34	
Wisconsin	4						
African American		17	41	43	32	36	
Gap		-41	-40	-38	-40	-41	0
White		58	81	81	72	77	
Gap		-30	-32	-32	-31	-35	5
Hispanic		28	49	49	41	42	
Milwaukee	8						
African American		4	5	5	3	5	
Gap		-21	-27	-26	-19	-23	2
White		25	32	31	22	28	
Gap		-16	-19	-18	-13	-18	2
Hispanic		9	13	13	9	10	
Wisconsin	8						
African American		5	7	7	6	7	
Gap		-30	-41	-40	-39	-44	14
White		35	48	47	45	51	
Gap		-24	-31	-29	-30	-34	10
Hispanic		11	17	18	15	17	
Milwaukee	10						
African American		2	3	4	4	5	
Gap		-19	-21	-21	-24	-24	5
White		21	24	25	28	29	
Gap		-18	-16	-18	-20	-23	5
Hispanic		3	8	7	8	6	
Wisconsin	10						
African American		5	6	. 7	8	8	
Gap		-35	-37	-36	-44	-40	5
White		40	43	43	52	48	
Gap		-28	-28	-30	-36	<i>-33</i>	5
Hispanic		12	15	13	16	15	



District

Minneapolis

STATE

MINNESOTA

STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

Minnesota Comprehensive

State Assessment Asses

Assessment & BasicSkills First Year Reported

Test

Grades Tested 3,5, & 8 How Reported

Performance Level & Percent Passing

1998

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	MINNEA	POLIS	MINNESOTA		
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01	
Number of Students	46,612	48,834	835,166	740,176	
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	60.4*	65.6	NA	25.6	
Percent of Students with IEPs	14.3	13.4	12.4	12.8	
Percent English Language Learners	11.6*	21.7	NA	5.2	
Percent African American	40.4	44.5	4.8	6.6	
Percent Hispanic	4.4	9.2	2.0	3.4	
Percent White	36.6	27.2	87.4	82.9	
Percent Other	18.7	19.2	5.8	7.1	
Number of FTE Teachers	3,080	3,314	46,971	53,457	
Student-Teacher Ratio	15.1	12.5	17.8	16.0	
Number of Schools	144	141	2,157	2,362	
Current Expenditures Per Pupil 2	\$7,831	\$9,625	\$5,801	\$6,791	
Minneapolis as a Percentage of Minnesota'	s Public Schools		1995-96	2000-01	
Percent of Students			5.6	5.7	
Percent of FRPL			NA	14.6	
Percent of IEPs		<u> </u>	6.4	6.0	
Percent of ELLs			NA	23.9	
Percent of Schools			6.7	6.0	
Percent of Teachers			6.6	6.2	
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			6.9	7.3	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3 Percent</sup> of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Minneapolis Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment (MCA) Percent Scoring at Levels III & IV

					• • • • •	• • • •	Annualized
_	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change
Reading							
Minneapolis	3	18.7	22.4	22.9	25.5	26.7	2.0
Minnesota	3	35.3	39.9	44.6	49.0	48.8	3.4
Minneapolis	5	19.8	21.3	26.0	33.2	34.2	3.6
Minnesota	5	38.2	44.6	51.8	62.9	64.0	6.5
Math							
Minneapolis	3	18.9	22.9	25.9	30.1	29.9	2.8
Minnesota	3	35.2	42.1	46.4	52.7	47.9	3.2
Minneapolis	5	16.4	18.1	24.0	26.8	29.3	3.2
Minnesota	5	31.1	36.4	45.6	50.6	52.7	5.4

Minne apolis

Minnesota Basic Standards Test (MBST)

**Percent Passing** 

							Annualized
	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change
Reading							
Minneapolis	8	41	48	56	51	52.5	2.8
Minnesota	8	68	75	80	79	80.0	3.0
Math							
Minneapolis	8	41	42	45	42	47.7	1.6
Minnesota	8	71	70	72	72	74.5	1.0



Minneapolis Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment (MCA)-Reading Percent Scoring Levels III & IV

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Minneapolis	3						
African American	l	7.3	10.5	10.9	14.8	15.5	
Gap		<i>-37.6</i>	-39.4	<i>-43.0</i>	<i>-43.3</i>	-43.5	6
White		44.9	50.0	53.8	58.1	59.0	
Gap		<i>-31.5</i>	-31.0	-38.4	-45.4	-45.8	14
Hispanic		13.5	19.0	15.4	12.7	13.2	
Minnesota	3						
African American	1	10.7	15.0	16.1	20.1	21.1	
Gap		-28.6	-29.5	-34.2	<i>-34.7</i>	-33.8	5
White		39.4	44.5	50.2	54.9	54.9	
Gap		<i>-23.7</i>	-24.2	-28.8	<i>-31.7</i>	-33.0	9
Hispanic		15.7	20.3	21.5	23.1	21.9	
Minneapolis	5						
African American	l	7.4	9.6	14.6	20.0	21.5	
Gap		<i>-37.8</i>	-39.6	-41.4	-49.0	-49.7	12
White		45.1	49.2	56.0	69.1	71.2	
Gap		<i>-34.0</i>	<i>-37.1</i>	<i>-38.2</i>	-46.8	-52.7	19
Hispanic		11.1	12.0	17.8	22.3	18.5	
Minnesota	5						
African American	l	13.0	15.5	19.8	28.0	29.0	
Gap		-29.0	-33.9	-37.6	-41.8	-42.1	13
White		42.0	49.3	57.4	69.7	71.1	
Gap		-25.6	<i>-30.3</i>	-31.5	-36.5	-37.6	12
Hispanic		16.3	19.0	25.9	33.2	33.5	
Minnesota Basi Percent Passing		st (MBST)-F	Reading				
Minneapolis	8						
African American	ı	23.9	30.2	41.8	36.9	39.7	
Gap	•	<b>-48.</b> 7	-47.4	-42.2	-45.7	-45.2	<i>-3</i>
White		72.6	77.6	84.0	82.6	<b>-43.2</b> 84.9	-5
Gap		-48.9	<i>-38.7</i>	<i>-45.8</i>	-44.1	-47.0	-2
Hispanic		23.7	38.9	38.2	38.5	37.9	- <b>2</b>
Minnesota	8						
African American	I	31.2	38.5	48.1	45.2	46.5	
Gap		-41.2	-41.3	-36.0	-38.4	-39.1	-2
White		72.4	79.8	84.1	83.6	85.6	
Gap		<i>-34.1</i>	-34.6	-31.0	-32.4	-33.6	-1
Hispanic		38.3	45.2	53.1	51.2	52.0	



Minneapolis Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment (MCA)-Math Percent Scoring Levels III & IV

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Minneapolis	3	_					
African Americ	can	6.9	7.2	12.5	18.2	16.4	
Gap		-38.4	-46.4	-42.5	-40.8	-42.8	4
White		45.3	53.6	55.0	59.0	59.2	
Gap		<i>-33.5</i>	-34.0	-39.0	-42.4	-41.4	8
Hispanic		11.8	19.6	16.0	16.6	17.8	
Minnesota	3						
African Americ	can	8.2	11.2	15.2	19.8	19.1	
Gap		-31.2	-36.1	-36.7	-38.8	-34.4	3
White		39.4	47.4	51.9	58.6	53.5	
Gap		-25.8	-28.6	-30.6	<i>-33.1</i>	<i>-31.7</i>	6
Hispanic		13.6	18.7	21.3	25.5	21.8	
Minneapolis	5						
African Ameri	can	3.4	5.5	10.4	11.6	14.0	
Gap		-37.1	-39.3	-44.0	-49.1	-48.9	12
White		40.5	44.7	54.4	60.7	62.9	
Gap		<i>-33.1</i>	<i>-36.5</i>	-41.9	-40.9	-45.3	12
Hispanic		7.5	8.3	12.5	19.8	17.6	
Minnesota	5						
African Ameri	can	6.6	7.8	12.7	16.5	18.3	
Gap		-28.0	<i>-32.8</i>	-38.1	-40.1	-40.8	13
White		34.5	40.6	50.8	56.7	59.1	
Gap		-23.5	<i>-27.8</i>	-32.0	-33.8	<i>-34.7</i>	11
Hispanic		11.0	12.8	18.8	22.8	24.3	
Minnesota B	anio Skillo	Took (MDS	T) Math			•	
Percent Pass		lest (MBS	ı j-wıatı				
Minneapolis	8						
African Ameri	can	21.4	19.8	24.5	22.2	30.1	
Gap		<i>-51.3</i>	-54.9	-50.3	-52.0	<b>-48.</b> 7	-3
White		72.7	74.7	74.8	74.2	78.8	
Gap		-51.6	<i>-47.7</i>	-45.7	-42.5	-45.6	-6
Hispanic		21.1	27.0	29.1	31.7	33.2	
Minnesota	8						
African Ameri	can	26.0	26.2	30.6	29.7	33.0	
Gap		-49.5	-48.9	-46.0	<i>-47.5</i>	-47.5	-2
White		75.5	75.1	76.6	77.2	80.5	_
Gap		-38.2	-38.1	-37.1	-36.9	-37.6	-1
Hispanic		37.3	37.0	39.5	40.3	42.9	
<b>9</b>					<b>~</b> ^		

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### Minneapolis Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment (MCA) Percent Scoring Level III and IV

Reading	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Minneapolis	3							Minneapolis	3					·	
Eligible for FI <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible	RPL	8.0 -39.1 47.1	10.7 -39.9 50.7	9.8 <b>-43.9</b> 53.6	12.6 -43.9 56.5	13.5 -44.8 58.3	5.7	Eligible for FR <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible	:PL	8.7 -38.4 47.0	11.3 -40.3 51.5	14.5 -38.3 52.8	19.1 -37.9 57.0	19.3 <b>-36.9</b> 56.1	-1.5
Minnesota	3							Minnesota	3						
Eligible for FI <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible	RPL	18.1 -25.2 43.3	21.5 -26.8 48.3	23.5 - <b>30.6</b> 54.1	28.2 -30.0 58.1	28.1 -29.9 58.0	4.7	Eligible for FR <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible	PL	17.7 <b>-25.6</b> 43.3	23.6 -27.0 50.6	26.8 -28.5 55.3	32.9 -28.5 61.4	29.0 -27.5 56.5	1.9
Minneapolis	5							Minneapolis	5						
Eligible for FR <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible	RPL	8.1 <b>-39.1</b> 47.1	10.0 -38.7 48.7	13.0 -43.0 56.0	19.1 -47.5 66.5	21.0 - <b>46.3</b> 67.3	7.2	Eligible for FR <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible	PL	5.9 <b>-34.8</b> 40.7	7.4 <b>-36.4</b> 43.9	12.5 -38.1 50.6	14.2 -43.1 57.2	17.4 - <b>42.2</b> 59.5	7.4
Minnesota	5							Minnesota	5						
Eligible for FF <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible	RPL	19.6 -26.4 46.0	24.0 - <b>29.4</b> 53.3	29.2 -31.9 61.1	39.4 -33.2 72.5	40.4 -33.9 74.3	7.5	Eligible for FRI Gap Not Eligible	PL	14.0 -24.3 38.2	17.7 <b>-26.5</b> 44.2	23.5 -31.2 54.7	28.4 -31.4 59.8	29.9 -32.8 62.7	8.5
	Minnesota Basic Skills Test (MBST) Percent Passing														
Minneapolis	8							Minneapolis	8						
Eligible for FF <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible	RPL	26.5 -44.5 71.0	32.2 - <b>46.3</b> 78.5	43.0 - <b>36.8</b> 79.9	38.3 -38.9 77.2	39.9 <b>-40.7</b> 80.7	-3.8	Eligible for FRI <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible	PL	26.9 -43.2 70.1	27.6 -42.7 70.3	32.9 -35.5 68.4	30.3 -36.5 66.8	35.3 <b>-40.6</b> 75.9	-2.5
Minnesota	8							Minnesota	8						
Eligible for FR <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible	RPL	45.6 -30.1 75.7	53.2 <b>-29.6</b> 82.7	59.6 <b>-26.9</b> 86.4	57.1 <b>-29.0</b> 86.0	59.3 -28.3 87.6	-1.8	Eligible for FRI <i>Gap</i> Not Eligible	PL	48.1 -30.4 78.5	46.9 -31.4 78.2	49.3 -30.1 79.4	47.8 -32.2 80.0	51.7 -31.2 82.9	0.8



Minneapolis Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment (MCA) Percent Scoring Level III and IV

Reading	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Minneapolis	3							Minneapolis	3						
LEP		4.0	6.2	4.2	7.6	9.0		LEP		7.5	10.0	12.6	19.1	19.0	
Gap		-18.2	-20.1	-23.8	-23.7	-24.0	5.8	Gap		-14.5	-16.1	-17.1	-14.9	-15.1	0.6
Non-LEP		22.2	26.4	28.0	31.3	33.0		Non-LEP		21.9	26.2	29.7	34.0	34.1	
Minnesota	3							Minnesota	3						
LEP		4.5	7.3	6.1	12.6	10.4		LEP		6.6	9.7	12.5	22.1	16.6	
Gap		-32.3	-34.4	-40.8	-38.9	-41.3	8.9	Gap		-30.0	-34.4	-36.0	-32.8	-33.8	3.8
Non-LEP		36.8	41.7	46.9	51.6	51.7		Non-LEP		36.6	44.0	48.5	54.9	50.4	
Minneapolis	5							Minneapolis	5						
LEP		3.6	4.4	4.6	8.0	9.7		LEP		4.3	5.2	8.4	8.6	13.3	
Gap		-19.7	-20.5	-26.4	-32.1	-31.4	11.8	Gap		-14.8	-15.9	-19.5	-23.5	-20.7	5.9
Non-LEP		23.2	25.0	31.0	40.2	41.2		Non-LEP		19.0	21.0	27.8	32.1	34.0	
Minnesota	5							Minnesota	5						
LEP		4.3	5.4	7.2	16.5	15.1		LEP		4.2	4.7	9.5	14.6	14.6	
Gap		-35.3	-41.0	-46.9	-49.3	-52.0	16.7	Gap		-28.0	-33.1	-37.9	-38.4	-40.6	12.6
Non-LEP		39.6	46.4	54.0	65.8	67.1		Non-LEP		32.2	37.8	47.5	53.0	55.2	
Minnesota Percent Pas		ls Test (N	(1BST)												
Minneapolis	8							Minneapolis	8						
LEP		13.0	15.8	25.6	20.5	21.3		LEP		17.0	17.7	27.4	26.3	31.1	
Gap		-33.7	-37.7	-37.2	-37.7	-39.6	5.9	Gap		-28.8	-28.7	-22.0	-20.1	-21.3	-7.6
Non-LEP		46.6	53.5	62.8	58.3	60.9		Non-LEP		45.9	46.4	49.5	46.4	52.3	
Minnesota	8							Minnesota	8						
LEP		15.8	21.6	30.5	32.0	30.8		LEP		22.5	24.2	31.4	33.1	32.1	
Gap		-53.8	-55.3	-51.2	-48.9	-51.8	-2.0	Gap		-49.7	-47.6	-42.1	-40.7	-44.8	-4.9
Non-LEP		69.6	76.9	81.7	80.9	82.6		Non-LEP		72.2	71.8	73.5	73.8	76.9	



Minneapolis Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment (MCA) Percent Scoring Level III and IV

Reading	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Minneapolis	3							Minneapolis	3						
Special Educ	ation	5.7	9.1	6.4	9.7	6.1	i	Special Educa	ıtion	5.8	10.4	8.6	10.7	9.3	
Gap		-14.7	<i>-14.8</i>	-18.7	<i>-17.9</i>	-22.9	8.2	Gap		-15.0	-14.1	-19.6	-22.1	-23.2	8.2
Regular Edu	cation	20.4	23.9	25.1	27.6	29.0		Regular Educa	ation	20.8	24.5	28.2	32.8	32.5	
Minnesota	3							Minnesota	3						
Special Educ	ation	12.4	15.3	17.5	21.4	21.9		Special Educa	tion	14.2	19.5	22.0	26.3	23.5	
Gap		-25.9	-27.9	-30.6	-31.0	-30.1	4.3	Gap		-23.9	-25.7	-27.6	-29.9	-27.6	3.7
Regular Educ	cation	38.3	43.1	48.1	52.4	52.1		Regular Educa	ation	38.0	45.2	49.6	56.1	51.1	3.7
Minneapolis	5							Minneapolis	5						
Special Educ	ation	3.2	4.6	6.9	9.8	11.7		Special Educa	tion	3.2	5.1	7.1	6.9	8.8	
Gap		-19.4	-19.7	-22.5	-26.9	-25.8	6.3	<b>G</b> ap		-15.4	-15.5	-19.9	-23.1	-23.7	8.3
Regular Educ	cation	22.6	24.3	29.4	36.7	37.5		Regular Educa	ıtion	18.7	20.6	27.0	30.0	32.5	0.5
Minnesota	5							Minnesota	5						
Special Educa	ation	12.0	15.0	20.4	28.7	29.2		Special Educat	tion	10.5	13.5	19.1	21.9	23.0	
Gap		-30.3	-34.3	-36.3	-39.5	-40.1	9.8	Gap		-23.8	-26.5	-30.7	-33.3	-34.2	10.4
Regular Educ	ation	42.3	49.3	56.6	68.1	69.2		Regular Educa	tion	34.3	40.0	49.8	55.1	57.3	10.4
Minnesota I	Basic Skil	ls Test (	MBST)												
Percent Pas	sing														
Minneapolis	8							Minneapolis	8						
Special Educa	ation	9.6	13.8	20.9	16.6	15.2		Special Educat	ion	9.5	11.2	12.9	11.4	10.6	
Gap		-37.1	-40.3	-41.5	-41.4	-44.2	7.0	Gap		-37.0	-36.7	-38.3	-37.1	-43.9	6.9
Regular Educ	ation	46.7	54.1	62.3	58.0	59.4		Regular Educa	tion	46.5	47.9	51.2	48.5	54.5	0.7
Minnesota	8							Minnesota	8						
Special Educa	ation	24.9	32.7	39.0	36.7	40.3		Special Educat	ion	26.8	27.0	28.7	30.1	33.1	
Gap		-48.9	-48.3	-46.8	-48.2	-45.5	-3.4	Gap		-49.8	-49.2	-49.6	-48.0	<i>-47.5</i>	-2.3
Regular Educ	ation	73.8	81.0	85.8	84.9	85.8		Regular Educat	tion	76.6	76.2	78.3	78.1	80.6	2.0



District

Nashville

STATE

TENNESSEE

## STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

State Assessment

Tennessee Comprehensive

Assessment Program First Year Reported

(TCAP)

Grades Tested 3-9 How Reported

National Percentiles

1998

DEMOGRAPHICS 1	Nashv	пте	TENNESSEE		
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01	
Number of Students	70,352	67,669	875,670*	909,388	
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	44.8*	44.9*	40.2*	NA	
Percent of Students with IEPs	17.3*	15.1	19.4*	15.7	
Percent English Language Learners	2.0*	10.9*	0.6*	NA	
Percent African American	41.3*	46.3*	23.1	24.4	
Percent Hispanic	1.3	5.4*	0.7	1.8	
Percent White	54.1*	44.6*	75.3	72.2	
Percent Other	3.3*	3.6*	0.9	1.3	
Number of FTE Teachers	4,110*	4,820	49,627*	61,233	
Student-Teacher Ratio	17.1*	14.0*	117.6	14.9	
Number of Schools	122	125	1,563	1,624	
Current Expenditures Per Pupil 2	\$5,078	\$6,608	\$4,172	\$5,123	
Nashville as a Percentage of Tennesee's Pu	blic Schools		1995-96	2000-01	
Percent of Students			8.0	7.4	
Percent of FRPL			NA	NA	
Percent of IEPs			7.2	7.1	
Percent of ELLs			26.5	NA NA	
Percent of Schools			7.8	7.7	
Percent of Teachers			8.3	7.9	
Percent of State Revenue 3		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6.7	5.7	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Nashville TCAP Achievement Test Median National Percentiles

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change in NCEs
Reading							
Nashville	3	49	49	49	47	54	0.7
Tennessee	3	56	55	56	51	59	0.4
Nashville	4	47	45	47	45	49	0.3
Tennessee	4	55	53	55	52	56	0.2
Nashville	5	45	45	44	41	41	-0.5
Tennessee	5	56	55	56	55	55	-0.2
Nashville	6	41	40	44	44	41	0.0
Tennessee	6	50	48	51	52	51	0.1
Nashville	7	42	43	38	42	44	0.3
Tennessee	7	51	51	46	52	52	0.2
Nashville	8	47	50	47	45	44	-0.4
Tennessee	8	55	58	54	54	54	-0.1
Math							
Nashville	3	49	49	56	48	61	1.6
Tennessee	3	55	58	62	56	67	1.7
Nashville	4	47	49	48	49	54	0.9
Tennessee	4	56	57	58	59	61	0.7
Nashville	5	37	42	38	38	47	1.4
Tennessee	5	56	56	53	52	62	0.8
Nashville	6	40	41	44	45	42	0.3
Tennessee	6	55	52	53	56	52	-0.4
Nashville	7	41	45	42	40	47	0.8
Tennessee	7	52	54	53	52	56	0.5
Nashville	8	48	47	48	42	43	-0.7
Tennessee	8	55	57	58	56	53	-0.3

Newark

STATE

New Jersey

#### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

**State Assessment** 

# ESPA, GEPA, & HSPT First Year Reported

1999

**Grades Tested** 

4, 8, & 11 How Reported

**Percent Passing** 

DEMOGRAPHICS 1	N EWA	RK	N EW JE	RSEY
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	45,805	42,150	1,197,381	1,307,828
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	81.5*	82.5	NA	27.2
Percent of Students with IEPs	6.6	16.8*	NA	NA
Percent English Language Learners	NA	9.5*	NA	NA
Percent African American	63.4	60.8	18.5	17.8
Percent Hispanic	27.2	29.3	13.5	15.3
Percent White	8.6	8.8	62.5	60.3
Percent Other	0.8	1.0	5.6	6.5
Number of FTE Teachers	3,558	3,568*	86,706	99,718
Student-Teacher Ratio	12.9	12.4	13.8	13.1
Number of Schools	80	76	2,279	2,410
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$11,266	\$12,654	\$9,361	\$10,145
Newark as a Percentage of New Jersey's Pu	ublic Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			3.8	3.2
Percent of FRPL			NA	9.7
Percent of IEPs			NA	NA
Percent of ELLs			NA	NA
Percent of Schools			3.5	3.2
Percent of Teachers			4.1	3.6
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			9.1	7.3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Newark Elementary School Proficiency Assessment (ESPA) <sup>4</sup> Percent Passing

	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Language Arts Literacy	4					
Newark		32.1	31.1	51.9	65.0	11.0
New Jersey		62.7	61.1	85.2	86.3	7.9
Math	4					
Newark		29.2	33.5	32.2	38.9	3.2
New Jersey		65.7	71.4	71.3	74.2	2.8

Newark

Grade Eight Proficiency Assessment (GEPA)

**Percent Passing** 

	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002*	Annualized Change
Language Arts	8			-		
Newark		52.6	47.5	46.3	46.1	-2.2
New Jersey		85.4	83.7	82.3	82.7	-0.9
Math	8					
Newark		24.1	21.7	26.5	31.0	2.3
New Jersey		68.5	67.3	70.1	66.6	-0.6

Newark

High School Proficiency Test (HSPT) 5

**Percent Passing** 

	Grade	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	Annualized Change
Reading	11							
Newark		43.6	42.5	44.5	43.0	44.6	46.7	0.6
New Jersey		83.4	83.0	84.0	83.5	84.1	83.4	0.0
Math	11							
Newark		42.8	41.4	40.1	46.9	51.7	49.5	1.3
New Jersey		86.2	85.9	85.9	87.0	88.4	88.2	0.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The state standards were revised.

The HSPT is administered in October of each school year. The score reported here under 2001 is from the Fall 2000 administration of the n. Students who do not pass on the first attempt can retake the exam in April. The HSPT is no longer administered.

**New Orleans** 

STATE

Louisiana

#### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

State Assessment

Iowa Test of Basic Skills (ITBS), LEAP 21, & First Year Reported **GEE** 

**Grades Tested** 

3-10 How Reported

Percentile & Performance Level

1999

DEMOGRAPHICS <sup>1</sup>	New Or	LEANS	Louisi	ANA
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	85,596	77,610	797,366	743,089
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	74.6	NA	58.3
Percent of Students with IEPs	11.8	9.4	11.1	13.0
Percent English Language Learners	NA	2.1	NA	1.4
Percent African American	90.4	92.7	51.0	47.8
Percent Hispanic	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.4
Percent White	5.7	3.9	46.0	48.9
Percent Other	2.6	2.2	1.9	1.9
Number of FTE Teachers	3,876	4,629	46,980	49,916
Student-Teacher Ratio	22.1	17.0	17.0	14.9
Number of Schools	121	128	1,470	1,530
Current Expenditures Per Pupil 2	\$4,436	\$5,281	\$4,447	\$5,548
New Orleans as a Percentage of Louisiana	's Public Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students		-	10.7	10.4
Percent of FRPL			NA	13.4
Percent of IEPs			11.4	7.6
Percent of ELLs			NA	16.0
Percent of Schools		-	8.2	8.4
Percent of Teachers			8.3	9.3
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			10.3	10.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

New Orleans ITBS/ITED

National Percentile Ranks '

	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change in NCEs
Composite						
New Orleans	3	23	25	28	27	1.4
Louisiana	3	45	47	50	50	1.3
New Orleans	5	23	25	38	33	3.2
Louisiana	5	44	46	52	51	1.9
New Orleans	6	26	27	30	33	2.1
Louisiana	6	45	47	48	51	1.6
New Orleans	7	24	25	25	27	1.0
Louisiana	7	44	46	47	47	0.8
New Orleans	9	28	29	39	33	1.5
Louisiana	9	44	46	50	48	1.1

New Orleans LEAP 21

Percent At/Above Basic

	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
English Language A	rts					
New Orleans	4	33	33	38	31	-0.7
Louisiana	4	55	55	59	57	0.7
New Orleans	8	23	29	21	22	-0.3
Louisiana	8	43	54	51	48	1.7
Math						
New Orleans	4	19	27	30	25	2.0
Louisiana	4	42	49	54	50	2.7
New Orleans	8	17	22	17	15	-0.7
Louisiana	. 8	38	47	46	41	1.0

**New Orleans** 

Louisiana GEE 21-Graduate Exit Exam

Percent At or Above Basic

	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
English Language	Arts	<del></del> -	-			
New Orleans	10	NA	NA	32	30	-2
Louisiana	10	NA	NA	56	52	-4
Math						
New Orleans	10	NA	NA	27	21	-6
Louisiana	10	NA	NA	51	47	-4

<sup>^</sup> \_\_ualized change indices are presented in Normal Curve Equivalents.



New York City

STATE

New York

## STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

**State Assessment** 

New York State Assessment Program

First Year Reported

1999

**Grades Tested** 

4 & 8 How Reported

Performance Level

DEMOGRAPHICS 1	New Yor	к Сіту	New Y	ORK
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	1,049,039	1,066,516	2,813,230	2,882,188
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch E ligible (FRPL)	NA	71.9	NA	42.9
Percent of Students with IEPs	11.8	14.0	12.9	14.8
Percent English Language Learners	NA	16.9	NA	8.0
Percent African American	36.4	34.9	20.2	20.2
Percent Hispanic	37.2	37.8	17.4	18.5
Percent White	16.5	15.3	56.9	54.9
Percent Other	10.0	12.0	5.4	6.4
Number of FTE Teachers	66,760*	65,242	181,559	206,961
Student-Teacher Ratio	16.0	16.1	15.5	13.9
Number of Schools	1,108	1,203	4,149	4,336
Current Expenditures Per Pupil 2	\$7,428	\$8,818	\$8,361	\$9,344
New York City as a Percentage of New Yo	rk's Public Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students		<del>-</del>	37.3	37.0
Percent of FRPL			NA	62.0
Percent of IEPs			34.2	35.1
Percent of ELLs			NA	78.2
Percent of Schools			26.7	28.0
Percent of Teachers	one of the control of		36.1	31.5
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			34.6	35.0

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data, "Public Elementary/Secondary School Universe Survey," 2000-2001, "Local Education Agency Universe Survey," 2000-2001, and "National Public Education Financial Survey," 1998-1999, and The Council of the Great City Schools.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

New York City New York State Assessment Program Percent Scoring Level 3 & 4

	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
English Language	Arts					
New York City	4	32.7	41.7	43.9	46.5	4.6
New York State	4	48.1	58.7	60.0	61.5	4.5
New York City	8	35.3	32.5	33.1	29.5	-1.9
New York State	8	48.1	44.9	44.9	44.3	-1.3
Math						
New York City	4	49.6	46.2	51.8	51.9	0.8
New York State	4	66.7	65.0	69.1	67.6	0.3
New York City	8	22.8	22.6	22.8	29.8	2.3
New York State	8	37.9	40.3	39.4	47.7	3.3



Norfolk

STATE

Virginia

## STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

Standards of Learning

State Assessment

Assessments, First Year Reported

Stanford 9

**Grades Tested** 

3-6, 8 & 9 How Reported

National Percentiles & Percent Passing

1998

Demographics 1	Norfo	OLK	Virgi	N IA
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	36,084	37,349	1,079,854	1,144,915
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	65.0	57.4	NA	28.0
Percent of Students with IEPs	11.9	12.8	13.1	14.1
Percent English Language Learners	NA	0.1	NA	3.2
Percent African American	63.4	67.1	26.5	27.1
Percent Hispanic	1.7	2.2	3.2	4.9
Percent White	32.6	28.4	66.6	63.6
Percent Other	2.4	2.3	3.7	4.4
Number of FTE Teachers	2,585	2,669	74,731	91,560
Student-Teacher Ratio	14.0	13.8	14.4	12.5
Number of Schools and Program Sites	58	60	1,889	1,969
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$5,362	\$5,912	\$5,528	\$6,350
Norfolk as a Percentage of Virginia's Public	Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			3.4	3.3
Percent of FRPL			NA	6.7
Percent of IEPs			3.2	2.9
Percent of ELLs			NA	0.1
Percent of Schools			3.1	3.0
Percent of Teachers			3.2	2.9
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			3.8	4.3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Norfolk Standards of Learning Assessment Percent Passing

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
	Grade		1999		2001		Cimige
Englis h							
Norfolk	3	38	50	52	59	58	5.0
Virginia	3	55	61	62	74	72	4.2
Norfolk	5	50	68	71	77	69	4.9
Virginia	5	66	75	75	82	78	2.4
Norfolk	8	45	52	62	60	58	4.0
Virginia	8	66	68	74	76	69	1.2
Math							
Norfolk	3	47	56	64	75	73	6.4
Virginia	3	63	68	72	86	80	4.2
Norfolk	5	30	40	58	60	62	8.0
Virginia	5	47	51	64	72	71	6.1
Norfolk	8	32	40	45	51	53	6.8
Virginia	8	58	66	62	70	71	4.5
Norfolk							

Norfolk SAT-9

National Percentile 4

							Annualized
	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in NCEs
Reading				-			
Norfolk	4	37	38	39	39	NA	NA
Virginia	4	50	52	53	54	NA	NA
Norfolk	6	41	44	39	39	NA	NA
Virginia	6	58	59	59	59	NA	NA
Norfolk	9	41	42	43	45	NA	NA
Virginia	9	58	60	60	60	NA	NA
Math							
Norfolk	4	45	45	49	50	NA	NA
Virginia	4	53	57	60	61	NA	NA
Norfolk	6	43	48	47	46	NA	NA
Virginia	6	58	62	65	66	NA	NA
Norfolk	9	34	33	32	35	NA	NA
Virginia	9	54	55	55	55	NA	NA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Annualized change indices are presented in Normal Curve Equivalents.



Oakland

STATE

California

STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

Stanford Achievement

Test, N inth Edition First Year Reported (SAT/9)

rust real reported

**Grades Tested** 

State Assessment

3-11 How Reported

Percent At/Above 50th Percentile

1998

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	OAKLA	ND	CALIFO	RNIA
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	52,452	54,863	5,536,406	6,142,348
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch E ligible (FRPL)	NA	53.8	NA	46.6
Percent of Students with IEPs	9.9	10.5	10.5	10.6
Percent English Language Learners	NA	35.3	NA	24.1
Percent African American	52.0	46.7	8.8	8.3
Percent Hispanic	20.6	28.7	38.7	42.5
Percent White	6.8	5.6	40.4	35.4
Percent Other	20.7	18.5	12.1	11.7
Number of FTE Teachers	2,262	2,834	230,849	298,064
Student-Teacher Ratio	23.2	19.2	24.0	20.6
Number of Schools	89	96	7,876	8,773
Current Expenditures Per Pupil 2	\$5,463	\$6,289	\$4,937	\$5,801
Oakland as a Percentage of California's Pul	olic Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			0.9	0.9
Percent of FRPL			NA	1.0
Percent of IEPs			0.9	0.9
Percent of ELLs			NA	1.3
Percent of Schools			1.1	1.1
Percent of Teachers			1.0	1.0
Percent of State Revenue 3	a ·		1.1	1.0

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data, "Public Elementary/Secondary School Universe Survey," 2000-2001, "Local Education Agency Universe Survey," 2000-2001, and "National Public Education Financial Survey," 1998-1999, and The Council of the Great City Schools.

ent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Oakland
SAT/9
Percent Scoring At or Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
O ak land	3 3	2 2	3 3	2 8	3 0	3 3	2 .8
C a lifornia		3 8	4 1	4 4	4 6	4 7	2 .3
O ak land	4 4	2 1	2 9	2 7	2 8	3 1	2.5
C a lifo rn ia		4 0	4 1	4 5	4 7	4 9	2.3
O a k la n d	5	2 3	27	2 7	2 7	3 1	2.0
C a lifo rn ia	5	4 1	42	4 4	4 5	4 7	1.5
O ak land	6	2 1	2 4	2 2	2 3	2 6	1 .3
C alifornia	6	4 2	4 4	4 6	4 7	4 8	1 .5
O ak land	7	2 4	2 5	2 4	2 6	2 6	0.5
C a lifornia	7	4 4	4 4	4 6	4 8	4 8	1.0
O ak land	8	2 8	2 9	2 6	2 8	2 7	- 0 . 3
C a lifornia	8	4 6	4 7	4 9	5 0	4 9	0 . 8
O ak land	9	1 8	1 8	1 6	1 5	1 6	- 0 . 5
C a lifornia	9	3 4	3 4	3 5	3 5	3 4	0 . 0
O ak land	1 0	1 5	1 9	1 6	1 6	1 5	0.0
C a lifo rn ia	1 0	3 2	3 3	3 4	3 4	3 4	0.5
O ak land	11	2 1	2 0	2 2	2 2	2 2	0.3
C alifornia	11	3 6	3 5	3 6	3 7	3 7	0.3
M ath	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	A nnualized C hange
O ak land	3 3	2 5	3 8	3 7	3 9	4 2	4 .3
C a lifornia		4 0	4 8	5 6	5 9	6 2	5 .5
O ak land	4 4	2 1	3 1	3 1	3 4	3 6	3 . 8
C a lifornia		3 9	4 4	5 1	5 4	5 8	4 . 8
O ak land	5	2 5	3 1	3 3	3 6	3 9	3 . 5
C a lifornia	5	4 1	4 5	5 0	5 4	5 7	4 . 0
O ak land	6	2 2	3 0	2 9	3 3	3 4	3 .0
C a lifornia	6	4 6	5 0	5 5	5 7	6 0	3 .5
O ak land	7	2 4	2 7	2 8	3 1	3 I	1 .8
C a lifornia	7	4 2	4 5	4 8	5 0	5 2	2 .5
O a k la n d	8	2 6	2 8	2 6	27	3 3	1 .8
C a lifo r n ia	8	4 2	4 5	4 8	49	5 0	2 .0
O ak land	9	3 4	3 5	3 1	3 0	3 1	- 0 . 8
C a lifornia	9	4 7	4 8	5 1	5 1	5 2	1 . 3
O ak land	1 0	2 9	3 0	3 0	2 9	2 9	0.0
C a lifornia	1 0	4 1	4 4	4 6	4 5	4 6	1.3
O ak land	1 1	3 4	3 4	3 7	3 6	3 5	0.3
C a lifornia	1 1	4 3	4 5	4 7	4 6	4 7	1.0



Oakland SAT/9-Reading Percent At/Above 50th NPR

Oakland       4         African American       18       23       22       25       29         Gap       -57       -57       -74       77       79       86         Gap       -66       -53       -63       -65       -69       3         Hispanic       9       21       14       14       17         Califòrnia       4       4       4       14       17         African American       24       27       30       33       36		Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Gap         -57         -57         -53         -55         -54         -57         0           White         75         74         77         79         86         -57         9         3           Hispanic         9         21         14         14         17         3	Oakland	4						
White         75         74         77         79         86           Gap         -66         -53         -63         -65         -69         3           Hispanic         9         21         14         14         17           California         4         4         4         14         17           California         4         4         27         30         33         36         6           Gap         -37         -37         -38         -37         -35         -2           White         61         64         68         70         71         76           Gap         -43         -43         -44         -43         -41         -2           Hispanic         18         21         24         27         30         30           Oakland         8         8         8         21         26         26         26           Gap         -59         -53         -54         -52         -46         -13         44         19         15         16         16         13         14         19         15         16         16         13         14				23	22	25	29	
Gap Hispanic         -66 9         -53 21         -63 14         -65 14         -69 14         3           California         4           African American Gap         24 -37 -37 -37 -37 -37 -37 -37 -38 -37 -38 -37 -37 -38 -37 -37 -38 -37 -38 -37 -37 -38 -37 -38 -37 -37 -38 -37 -37 -38 -37 -37 -38 -37 -37 -38 -39 -43 -43 -44 -43 -44 -43 -43 -41 -41 -2 -2 -46 -46 -43 -41 -2 -49 -49 -59 -53 -54 -52 -57 -50 -60 -57 -60 -62 -58 -57 -60 -62 -56 -56 -57 -60 -62 -56 -56 -57 -50 -60 -62 -56 -56 -36 -36 -36 -36 -36 -37 -36 -36 -37 -38 -30<					-55	-54	<i>-57</i>	0
Hispanic					77	79	86	
African American  African Amer							-69	3
African American  Gap  -37 -37 -38 -38 -37 -35 -2 White  61 64 68 70 71 Gap -43 -43 -44 -43 -41 -2 Hispanic  18 21 24 27 30  Oakland  8  African American  24 23 21 26 26 Gap -59 -53 -54 -52 -46 -13 White  83 76 75 78 72 Gap -69 -57 -60 -62 -56 -13 Hispanic  14 19 15 16 16  California  8  African American  31 31 31 34 35 35 Gap -36 -36 -36 -36 0 White 67 68 70 71 71 Gap -42 -42 -42 -42 -41 -41 -1 Hispanic  Cakland  10  African American  12 13 12 12 10 Gap -42 -42 -42 -41 -41 -1 Hispanic  Cakland  10  African American 11  African American 12  African American 13  African American 14  African American 15  African American 16  African American 17  African American 18  African American 19  African American 19  African American 10  African American 10  African American 11  African American 11  African American 12  African American 13  African American 14  African American 15  African American 16  African American 17  African American 18  African American 19  African American 19  African American 19  African American 19  African American 10  African American 10  African American 11  African American 12  African American 13  African American 14  African American 15  African American 16  African American 17  African American 18  African American 19  African American 19  African American 10  African American 10  African American 11  African American 12  African American 13  African American 14  African American 15  African American 16  African American 17  African	Hispanic		9	21	14	14	17	
Gap         -37         -37         -38         -37         -35         -2           White         61         64         68         70         71         71         73         74         72         730         73         74         72         730         73         73         74         72         730         73         74         72         730         73         74         72         730         73         74         72         730         74         72         730         73         74         75         78         72         74         72         74	California	4						•
White         61         64         68         70         71           Gap         -43         -43         -44         -43         -41         -2           Hispanic         18         21         24         27         30         -2           Oakland         8			24	27	30	33	36	
Gap         -43         -43         -44         -43         -41         -2           Hispanic         18         21         24         27         30         -2           Oakland         8				<i>-37</i>	-38	<i>-37</i>	-35	-2
Hispanic       18       21       24       27       30         Oakland       8         African American       24       23       21       26       26         Gap       -59       -53       -54       -52       -46       -13         White       83       76       75       78       72         Gap       -69       -57       -60       -62       -56       -13         Hispanic       14       19       15       16       16         California       8     African American  31 31 34 35 35 35 Gap -36 -36 -36 -36 36 36 0 White 67 68 70 71 71 71 Gap -42 -42 -42 -41 -41 -41 -1 Hispanic 25 26 28 30 30 30  Oakland 10  African American 12 13 12 12 10 10 Gap -42 -42 -42 -41 -41 -41 -1 Gap -37 -46 4 White 54 58 61 49 56 6 Gap -44 -42 -53 -38 -37 -46 4 Gap -44 -42 -53 -38 -47 3 Hispanic 10 16 8 11 9  California 10  African American 18 17 18 19 19 Gap -32 -33 -33 -33 -33 -32 0 Gap -32 -33 -33 -33 -32 0 White 50 50 51 52 51 51 Gap -36 -36 -36 -36 -35 -1	White		61	64	68	70	71	
Oakland       8         African American       24       23       21       26       26         Gap       -59       -53       -54       -52       -46       -13         White       83       76       75       78       72       72         Gap       -69       -57       -60       -62       -56       -13         Hispanic       14       19       15       16       16         California       8     African American  31 31 34 35 35 Gap  -36 -36 -36 -36 36 36 0 White  67 68 70 71 71 71 Gap  -42 -42 -42 -41 -41 -41 -1 Hispanic  25 26 28 30 30  Oakland  10  African American  10  African American  11  12  13  12  12  10  Gap  -42  -45  -49  -37  -46  4  White  54  54  54  54  54  54  54  54  54  5	Gap		<b>-43</b>	-43	-44	-43	-41	<b>-2</b>
African American  24 23 21 26 26  Gap	Hispanic		18	21	24	27	30	
Gap         -59         -53         -54         -52         -46         -13           White         83         76         75         78         72           Gap         -69         -57         -60         -62         -56         -13           Hispanic         14         19         15         16         16           California         8         8         35         35         6           African American         31         31         34         35         35         35           Gap         -36         -37         -36         -36         -36         0         0           White         67         68         70         71         71         71         71           Gap         -42         -42         -42         -42         -41         -41         -1           Hispanic         25         26         28         30         30         30           Oakland         10         10         11         12         12         10         12           Gap         -42         -45         -49         -37         -46         4         4           Whit	Oakland	8						
White         83         76         75         78         72           Gap         -69         -57         -60         -62         -56         -13           Hispanic         14         19         15         16         16         16           California         8         Section of the color o	African American		24	23	21	26	26	
Gap         -69         -57         -60         -62         -56         -13           Hispanic         14         19         15         16         16           California         8           African American         31         31         34         35         35           Gap         -36         -37         -36         -36         -36         0           White         67         68         70         71         71         71           Gap         -42         -42         -42         -41         -41         -1           Hispanic         25         26         28         30         30         30           Oakland         10         10         10         60			-59	<i>-53</i>	-54	-52	-46	<i>-13</i>
Hispanic     14     19     15     16     16       California     8       African American     31     31     34     35     35       Gap     -36     -37     -36     -36     0       White     67     68     70     71     71       Gap     -42     -42     -42     -41     -41     -1       Hispanic     25     26     28     30     30       Oakland     10       African American     12     13     12     12     10       Gap     -42     -45     -49     -37     -46     4       White     54     58     61     49     56       Gap     -44     -42     -53     -38     -47     3       Hispanic     10     16     8     11     9       California     10       African American     18     17     18     19     19       Gap     -32     -33     -33     -32     0       White     50     50     51     52     51       Gap     -36     -36     -36     -35     -1	White		83	76	75	78	72	
California 8  African American 31 31 34 35 35  Gap -36 -37 -36 -36 -36 0  White 67 68 70 71 71  Gap -42 -42 -41 -41 -1  Hispanic 25 26 28 30 30  Oakland 10  African American 12 13 12 12 10  Gap -42 -45 -49 -37 -46 4  White 54 58 61 49 56  Gap -44 -42 -53 -38 -47 3  Hispanic 10  California 10  African American 10  African American 10 16 8 11 9  California 10  African American 11  African American 10  African American 11  African American 11  African American 12  African American 13  African American 14  African American 15  Afric	Gap		-69	<i>-57</i>	-60	-62	-56	<i>-13</i>
African American  31 31 34 35 35  Gap	Hispanic		14	19	15	16	16	
Gap         -36         -37         -36         -36         -36         0           White         67         68         70         71         71           Gap         -42         -42         -42         -41         -41         -1           Hispanic         25         26         28         30         30         30    Oakland  10  African American  110  African American  12  13  12  12  10  10  African American  13  14  15  16  17  18  19  19  19  19  10  California  10  African American  18  17  18  19  19  19  Gap  -32  -33  -33  -33  -33  -33  -32  0  White  50  50  51  52  51  Gap  -36  -36  -36  -35  -1	California	8						
White       67       68       70       71       71       71       Gap       -42       -42       -42       -41       -41       -1       -1       Hispanic       25       26       28       30       30       30       -1       -1       Hispanic       10       -1       -41       -41       -1			31	31	34	35	35	
Gap       -42       -42       -42       -41       -41       -1         Hispanic       25       26       28       30       30         Oakland       10         African American       12       13       12       12       10         Gap       -42       -45       -49       -37       -46       4         White       54       58       61       49       56       6         Gap       -44       -42       -53       -38       -47       3         Hispanic       10       16       8       11       9         California       10         African American       18       17       18       19       19         Gap       -32       -33       -33       -33       -32       0         White       50       50       51       52       51         Gap       -36       -36       -35       -36       -36       -35       -1			-36	<i>-37</i>	-36	<i>-36</i>	<i>-36</i>	0
Hispanic       25       26       28       30       30         Oakland       10         African American       12       13       12       12       10         Gap       -42       -45       -49       -37       -46       4         White       54       58       61       49       56         Gap       -44       -42       -53       -38       -47       3         Hispanic       10       16       8       11       9         California       10         African American       18       17       18       19       19         Gap       -32       -33       -33       -33       -32       0         White       50       50       51       52       51         Gap       -36       -36       -35       -36       -36       -35       -1	White		67	68	70	71	71	
Oakland     10       African American     12     13     12     12     10       Gap     -42     -45     -49     -37     -46     4       White     54     58     61     49     56       Gap     -44     -42     -53     -38     -47     3       Hispanic     10     16     8     11     9       California     10       African American     18     17     18     19     19       Gap     -32     -33     -33     -33     -32     0       White     50     50     51     52     51       Gap     -36     -36     -35     -36     -36     -35     -1			-42	-42	-42	-41	-41	-1
African American  12 13 12 12 10  Gap  -42 -45 -49 -37 -46 4  White 54 58 61 49 56  Gap  -44 -42 -53 -38 -47 3  Hispanic 10  California 10  African American  18 17 18 19 19  Gap  -32 -33 -33 -33 -32 0  White 50 50 50 51 52 51  Gap  -36 -35 -36 -36 -35 -1	Hispanic		25	26	28	30	30	
Gap       -42       -45       -49       -37       -46       4         White       54       58       61       49       56         Gap       -44       -42       -53       -38       -47       3         Hispanic       10       16       8       11       9         California       10         African American       18       17       18       19       19         Gap       -32       -33       -33       -33       -32       0         White       50       50       51       52       51         Gap       -36       -36       -35       -36       -36       -35       -1	Oakland	10						
White       54       58       61       49       56         Gap       -44       -42       -53       -38       -47       3         Hispanic       10       16       8       11       9         California       10         African American       18       17       18       19       19         Gap       -32       -33       -33       -33       -32       0         White       50       50       51       52       51         Gap       -36       -35       -36       -36       -35       -1	African American		12	13	12	12	10	
Gap       -44       -42       -53       -38       -47       3         Hispanic       10       16       8       11       9         California       10         African American       18       17       18       19       19         Gap       -32       -33       -33       -33       -32       0         White       50       50       51       52       51         Gap       -36       -35       -36       -36       -35       -1					-49	<i>-37</i>	-46	4
Hispanic 10 16 8 11 9  California 10  African American 18 17 18 19 19  Gap -32 -33 -33 -33 -32 0  White 50 50 51 52 51  Gap -36 -35 -36 -36 -35 -1	White		54	58	61	49	56	
California 10  African American 18 17 18 19 19  Gap -32 -33 -33 -33 -32 0  White 50 50 51 52 51  Gap -36 -35 -36 -36 -35 -1								3
African American  18 17 18 19 19  Gap  -32 -33 -33 -33 -32 0  White  50 50 51 52 51  Gap  -36 -35 -36 -36 -35 -1	Hispanic		10	16	8	11	9	
Gap     -32     -33     -33     -32     0       White     50     50     51     52     51       Gap     -36     -35     -36     -36     -35     -1	California	10						
White 50 50 51 52 51 Gap -36 -35 -36 -35 -1					18	19	19	
Gap -36 -35 -36 -35 -1	_							0
							51	
Hispanic 14 15 15 16 16								-1
	Hispanic		14	15	15	16	16	



Oakland SAT/9-Math Percent At/Above 50th NPR

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Oakland	4	_					
African American		13	21	21	25	26	
Gap		-50	-50	-52	-55	-54	4
White		63 -	71	73	80	80	
Gap		-52	-44	-50	-58	-54	2
Hispanic		11	27	23	22	26	
California	4						
African American		21	25	32	36	40	
Gap		<i>-36</i>	-36	<i>-37</i>	-36	-34	-2
White		57	61	69	72	74	
Gap		-36	-35	-35	<i>-33</i>	-30	-6
Hispanic		21	26	34	39	44	
Oakland	8						
African American		16	14	16	16	23	
Gap		-58	-55	-54	-54	-48	-10
White		74	69	70	70	71	
Gap		-64	-54	-56	-55	-52	-12
Hispanic		10	15	14	15	19	
California	8						
African American		21	23	26	27	27	
Gap		-39	-40	-40	-40	<u>-41</u>	2
White		60	63	66	67	68	
Gap		-39	-38	-38	<i>-37</i>	<i>-37</i>	-2
Hispanic		21	25	28	30	31	
Oakland	10						
African American		13	16	15	14	14	
Gap		-40	-48	-50	-41	<b>-47</b>	7
White		53	64	65	55	61	,
Gap		-30	-44	-44	-33	-40	10
Hispanic		23	20	21	22	21	
California	10						
African American		21	22	24	23	25	
Gap		-35	-36	-36	-36	-36	1
White		56	58	60	59	61	
Gap		-34	-33	<i>-33</i>	-32	-32	-2
Hispanic		22	25	27	27	29	
				1	96		



Oakland SAT/9-Economically Disadvantaged (ED) Percent At/Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Oakland	4						Oakland	4					
ED <i>Gap</i>		21 -25	19 <b>-26</b>	22 -19	25 -25	0	ED <i>Gap</i>		25 <b>-20</b>	26 -18	29 -14	31 -20	0
Non-ED		46	45	41	50		Non-ED		45	44	43	51	
California	4						California	4					
ED <i>Gap</i>		22 -34	25 -42	28 -41	31 -39	5	ED <i>Gap</i>		28 <b>-28</b>	35 -35	39 -34	44 -31	3
Non-ED		56	67	69	70	3	Non-ED		56	<b>7</b> 0	73	<b>75</b>	3
Oakland	8 .						Oakland	8					
ED C		21	18	21	21	0	ED		22	23	24	29	
<i>Gap</i> Non-ED		<b>-16</b> 37	<b>-15</b> 33	<i>-13</i> 34	<b>-16</b> 37	0	<i>Gap</i> Non-ED		<b>-10</b> 32	-7 30	<b>-6</b> 30	<i>-11</i> 40	1
California	8						California	8					
ED.		27	20	20	20								
ED <i>Gap</i>		27 -30	28 <b>-36</b>	29 <b>-36</b>	30 <b>-34</b>	4	ED <i>Gap</i>		27 <b>-27</b>	29 <b>-33</b>	31 <i>-31</i>	32 <i>-31</i>	4
Non-ED		57	64	65	64		Non-ED		54	62	62	63	
Oakland	10						Oakland	10					
ED		14	12	11	11		ED		30	31	28	30	
<i>Gap</i> Non-ED		<b>-9</b> 23	<i>-7</i> 19	<b>-8</b> 19	<b>-8</b> 19	-1	<i>Gap</i> Non-ED		<i>-1</i> 31	<i>1</i> 30	<b>-2</b> 30	<i>1</i> 29	-2
California	10						California	10					
ED		15	15	15	15	_	ED		29	29	28	30	
<i>Gap</i> Non-ED		<i>-23</i> 38	<i>-27</i> 42	<b>-28</b> 43	<b>-28</b> 43	5	<i>Gap</i> Non-ED		<i>-19</i> 48	<b>-24</b> 53	<b>-24</b> 52	<b>-24</b> 54	5



Oakland SAT/9 - Limited English Proficiency Students Percent At/Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Oakland	4						Oakland	4					
LEP		23	18	16	14		LEP		40	33	31	28	
Gap		-9	-14	-20	-28	19	Gap		11	3	-5	-12	23
Non-LEP		32	32	36	42		Non-LEP		29	30	36	40	
California	4						California	4					
LEP		11	13	15	18		LEP		21	27	30	36	
Gap		-42	-44	-44	<i>-43</i>	1	Gap		-31	-33	-34	-31	0
Non-LEP		53	57	59	61		Non-LEP		52	60	64	67	-
Oakland	8						Oakland	8					
LEP		12	12	7	8		LEP		24	22	19	22	
Gap		-24	-21	-31	-29	5	Gap		-6	-6	-12	-16	10
Non-LEP		36	33	38	37		Non-LEP		30	28	31	38	
California	8						California	8					
LEP		8	9	10	11		LEP		15	17	19	20	
Gap		-49	-49	-49	-48	-1	Gap		-37	-38	-37	-37	0
Non-LEP		57	58	59	59		Non-LEP		52	55	56	57	
Oakland	10						Oakland	10					
LEP		3	2	2	3		LEP		30	28	24	24	
Gap		-23	-21	-20	-19	-4	Gap		-3	-3	-7	-9	6
Non-LEP		26	23	22	22		Non-LEP		33	31	31	33	
California	10						California	10					
	10						Сашонца	10					
LEP		3	3	3	3		LEP		20	21	19	20	
Gap		-38	-36	-37	-37	-1	Gap		-30	-29	-31	-31	1
Non-LEP		41	39	40	40		Non-LEP		50	50	50	51	



Oakland SAT/9-Reading-Special Education Percent At/Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Oakland	4					Oakland	4				
Special Educa	ation	22	22	27		Special Education	on	23	23	29	
Gap		-5	-7	-5	0	Gap		-9	-12	-7	-2
Non-Special	Education	27	29	32		Non-Special Ed	lucation	32	35	36	
California	4					California	4				
Special Educ	ation	25	27	28		Special Educati	on	29	28	34	
Gap		-21	-21	-22	1	Gap		-23	-28	-25	2
Non-Special	Education	46	48	50		Non-Special Ed	ducation	52	56	59	
Oakland	8					Oakland	8				
Special Educ	ation	6	16	15		Special Educati	on	8	12	17	
Gap		-21	-13	-13	-8	Gap		-19	-16	-17	-2
Non-Special	Education	27	29	28		Non-Special Ed	ducation	27	28	34	
California	8					California	8				
Special Educ	ation	15	15	15		Special Educati	on	15	15	15	
Gap		-36	-37	-37	1	Gap		-35	-36	-37	2
Non-Special	Education	51	52	52		Non-Special Ed	ducation	50	51	52	
Oakland	10					Oakland	10				
Special Educ	ation	5	4	5		Special Educati	on	10	5	7	
Gap		-12	-13	-11	-1	Gap		-22	-26	-24	2
Non-Special	Education	17	17	16		Non-Special Ed	ducation	32	31	31	
California	10				•	California	10				
Special Educ	ation	8	7	9		Special Educati	on	13	11	14	
Gap		-27	-29	-27	0	Gap		-35	-36	-34	-1
Non-Special	Education	35	36	36		Non-Special E	ducation	48	47	48	



OKLAHOMA CITY

STATE

Oklahoma

### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

State Assessment

Oklahoma Core Curriculum Tests First Year Reported

1999

**Grades Tested** 

5 & 8 How Reported

Performance Level

Demographics 1	OKLAHOMA	CITY	OKLAH	ОМА
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	38,829	39,750	616,393	623,110
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	73.1*	76.8	NA	48.2
Percent of Students with IEPs	15.9	16.0	11.4	13.7
Percent English Language Learners	8.4*	21.1	NA	6.1
Percent African American	40.1*	37.8	10.5	10.8
Percent Hispanic	14.1*	22.2	3.9	6.0
Percent White	37.8*	31.5	69.4	64.9
Percent Other	8.0*	8.4	16.3	18.3
Number of FTE Teachers	2,402	2,618	39,364	41,318
Student-Teacher Ratio	16.6	15.2	15.7	15.1
Number of Schools	86	92	1,830	1,821
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$4,327	\$5,650	\$4,549	\$5,303
Oklahoma City as a Percentage of Oklaho	ma's Public Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			6.3	6.4
Percent of FRPL			NA	10.2
Percent of IEPs			8.7	7.5
Percent of ELLs			NA	22.0
Percent of Schools			4.7	5.1
Percent of Teachers			6.1	6.3
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			6.7	5.9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

## Oklahoma City Oklahoma Core Curriculum Test Percent Satisfactory/Advanced

	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading						
Oklahoma City	5	64	66	63	54	-3.3
Oklahoma	5	80	76	74	71	-3.0
Oklahoma City	8	59	51	60	54	-1.7
Oklahoma	8	81	77	78	77	-1.3
Math						
Oklahoma City	5	77	79	66	60	-5.7
Oklahoma	5	85	85	72	70	-5.0
Oklahoma City	8	50	45	49	47	-1.0
Oklahoma	8	75	71	71	70	-1.7



DISTRICT STATE

Омана **Nebraska** 

#### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

State Assessment

NA First Year Reported

1994

**Grades Tested** 

2,4,6, & 8 How Reported

National Percentile

Demographics 1	Оман	IA	N ebra	SKA
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	44,247	45,197	289,744	286,199
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	49.8*	50.8	NA	30.4
Percent of Students with IEPs	14.7	15.1	13.9	15.3
Percent English Language Learners	NA	7.7	NA	3.9
Percent African American	29.7	31.9	5.9	6.7
Percent Hispanic	6.6	12.8	4.4	7.3
Percent White	60.9	52.1	87.2	83.0
Percent Other	2.8	3.2	2.7	3.0
Number of FTE Teachers	3,046	3,399*	20,028	20,983
Student-Teacher Ratio	14.7*	16.1*	14.5	13.6
Number of Schools	82	81*	1,411	1,326
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$5,276	\$5,741	\$5,688	\$6,256
Omaha as a Percentage of Nebraska's Publ	lic Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			15.3	15.8
Percent of FRPL			NA	26.4
Percent of IEPs		6	16.1	15.6
Percent of ELLs	,		NA	31.0
Percent of Schools		۰	5.8	6.1
Percent of Teachers			15.2	16.2
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>		-	14.5	15.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Omaha CAT/5 National Percentiles

	Grade	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change in NCEs
					_						
Total Reading											
	2	57	58	59	59	59	59	61	61	61	0.3
	4	61	60	58	60	61	61	58	60	59	-0.1
	6	59	58	58	59	57	59	58	57	53	-0.4
	8	59	59	58	56	57	56	56	56	55	-0.3
Total Math											
	2	70	71	71	72	75	73	76	76	75	0.4
	4	67	67	64	68	70	68	65	68	68	0.1
	6	68	67	66	68	67	69	69	67	67	-0.1
	8	61	61	61	60	59	58	56	57	59	-0.1



ORANGE COUNTY

STATE

FLORIDA

## STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

State Assessment

Florida Comprehensive Achievement Test First Year Reported (FCAT)

1999

**Grades Tested** 

4, 5, 8, & 10 How Reported

Performance Level

DEMOGRAPHICS <sup>1</sup>	Orange C	COUNTY	FLOR	IDA
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	123,165	150,681	2,176,222	2,434,821
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	54.7	47.8	52.6*	44.3
Percent of Students with IEPs	12.5	15.8	13.4	15.0
Percent English Language Learners	7.4*	10.1	7.6*	7.7
Percent African American	28.0	29.3	25.3	25.2
Percent Hispanic	16.1	22.8	15.3	19.4
Percent White	52.3	44.1	57.5	53.3
Percent Other	3.6	3.8	2.0	2.1
Number of FTE Teachers	6,394	8,410	114,938	132,030
Student-Teacher Ratio	19.2	16.1	18.9	18.4
Number of Schools	172	174	2,760	3,316
Current Expenditures Per Pupil 2	\$4,997	\$5,518	\$5,275	\$5,790
Orange County as a Percentage of Florida's	s Public Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			5.7	6.2
Percent of FRPL			5.8	6.7
Percent of IEPs			5.3	6.5
Percent of ELLs			5.5	8.1
Percent of Schools			5.7	5.2
Percent of Teachers			5.6	6.4
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			5.4	5.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3 Dercent</sup> of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Orange County
Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT)
Percent Scoring Level 3 & Above

Reading	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Orange	4	42	43	46	49	2.3
Florida	4	48	52	53	54	2.0
Orange	8	41	35	40	41	0.0
Florida	8 8	44	39	43	45	0.3
Orange	10	32	29	36	34	0.7
Florida	10	30	29	37	36	2.0
·						
Math						
Orange	5 5	33	41	40	42	3.0
Florida	5	35	46	48	48	4.3
Orange	8	43	47	52	50	2.3
Florida	8	44	51	55	53	3.0
Orange	10	49	54	59	58	3.0
Florida	10	47	51	59	60	4.3



Orange County FCAT-Reading Percent Level 3 and Above

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Orange	4						S. S
African American <i>Gap</i>		22 <b>-40</b>	23 -41	30 -39	28 -36	31 -35	-1
White <i>Gap</i> Hispanic		62 <b>-28</b> 34	64 -27 37	69 <b>-29</b> 40	64 -30 34	66 <b>-28</b> 38	1
Florida	4		-,			50	
African American	·	23	26	32	31	36	
<i>Gap</i> White		<b>-42</b> 65	<b>-41</b> 67	- <b>39</b> 71	<b>-35</b> 66	<b>-31</b> 67	-7
Gap		-27	-26	-23	-23	-21	-4
Hispanic		38	41	48	43	46	
Orange	8						
African American		23	24	21	21	24	
<i>Gap</i> White		<b>-36</b> 59	<i>-37</i> 61	<b>-35</b> 56	<b>-35</b> 56	<b>-33</b> 57	-1
Gap		-28	-27	-27	-30	-27	-1
Hispanic		31	34	29	26	30	
Florida	8						•
African American		21	24	20	21	24	
Gap		-34	-37	-38	-35	-34	1
White <i>Gap</i>		55 <b>-22</b>	61 <b>-24</b>	58 <b>-23</b>	56 <b>-25</b>	58 <b>-23</b>	3
Hispanic		33	37	35	31	35	J
Orange	10						
African American		13	17	15	16	13	
<i>Gap</i> White		<b>-29</b> 42	<i>-30</i> 47	-28	-35	-36	-1
White Gap		-20	-24	43 <b>-23</b>	51 <b>-29</b>	49 <b>-29</b>	3
Hispanic		22	23	20	22	20	J
Florida	10						
African American		12	13	13	15	14	
Gap		-26	-29	-27	-34	-33	8
White <i>Gap</i>		38 <b>-18</b>	42 <b>-19</b>	40 <b>-18</b>	49 <b>-24</b>	47 <b>-23</b>	6
Hispanic		20	23	22	25	24	U



## Orange County FCAT-Math Percent Level 3 and Above

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Orange	5						
African American		8	16	25	20	24	
Gap		-36	-37	-40	-37	-35	-1
White		44	53	65	57	59	•
Gap		-25	-27	-25	-28	-26	1
Hispanic		19	26	40	29	33	
Florida	5						
African American		10	15	26	25	27	
Gap	•	-34	-36	<i>-37</i>	-34	-33	-1
White		44	51	63	59	60	
Gap		-22	-22	-19	-19	-17	-5
Hispanic		22	29	44	40	43	
Orange	8						
African American		18	22	32	31	28	
Gap		<b>-4</b> 3	<b>-43</b>	-39	-38	-40	<b>-3</b>
White		61	65	71	69	68	
Gap		-28	-28	-29	-29	-30	2
Hispanic		33	37	42	40	38	
Florida	8						
African American		19	21	30	30	28	
Gap		-40	-43	-41	-38	-39	-1
White		59	64	71	68	67	
Gap		-25	-26	-24	-24	-25	0
Hispanic		34	38	47	44	42	
Orange	10						
African American		15	25	31	34	35	
Gap		-44	<b>-43</b>	-42	-41	-41	<b>-3</b>
White		59	68	73	75	76	
Gap		-29	-31	-28	-30	-31	2
Hispanic		30	37	45	45	45	
Florida	10						
African American		15	22	26	32	32	
Gap		-39	-41	-77	-40	-41	2
White		54	63	70	72	73	
Gap		-24	-25	-26	-24	-25	1
Hispanic		30	38	44	48	48	
()							



PHILADELPHIA

STATE Pennsylvania

STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

**State Assessment** 

Pennsylvania System of **Student Assessments** 

First Year Reported

1996

**Grades Tested** 

5,8, &11 How Reported

Scale Scores & Performance Level

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	PHILADE	LPHIA	Pennsylvania		
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01	
Number of Students	210,503	201,190	1,787,533	1,814,311	
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	72.3*	NA	28.1	
Percent of Students with IEPs	10.5	11.3	10.6	12.3	
Percent English Language Learners	NA	5.4*	NA	NA	
Percent African American	63.5	65.1	14.0	15.1	
Percent Hispanic	11.2	13.1	3.5	4.5	
Percent White	20.4	16.7	80.6	78.2	
Percent Other	4.9	5.1	1.9	2.1	
Number of FTE Teachers	11,105	11,266	104,921	116.963	
Student-Teacher Ratio	19.0	18.0	17.0	15.5	
Number of Schools	258	264	3,182	3,252	
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$5,575	\$6,037	\$6,922	\$7,450	
Philadelphia as a Percentage of Pennsylvar	nia's Public Schools		1995-96	2000-01	
Percent of Students			11.8	11.1	
Percent of FRPL			NA	28.5	
Percent of IEPs			11.6	10.2	
Percent of ELLs			NA	NA	
Percent of Schools			8.1	8.1	
Percent of Teachers			10.6	9.6	
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			13.6	13.7	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Philadelphia Pennsylvania System of School Assessment Percent Scoring Proficient & Advanced

	Grade				1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading	_								
Philadelphia	5			-	NA	NA	18.8	20.8	2.0
Pennsylvania	5				NA	NA	56.1	57.0	0.9
Philadelphia	8				NA	NA	23.0	24.1	1.1
Pennsylvania	8				NA	NA	60.1	58.8	-1.3
Philadelphia	11				NA	NA	34.0	28.7	-5.3
Pennsylvania	11				NA	NA	58.1	59.0	0.9
Math									
Philadelphia	5				NA	NA	17.5	18.7	1.2
Pennsylvania	5				NA	NA	53.0	53.1	0.1
Philadelphia	8				NA	NA	16.2	17.9	1.7
Pennsylvania	8				NA	NA	51.0	51.7	0.7
Philadelphia	11				NA	NA	23.8	23.6	-0.2
Pennsylvania	11				NA	NA	47.9	49.6	1.7
Philadelphia Pennsylvania Sys Mean Scale Scor		Assessmen	t						
Pennsylvania Sys		Assessmen 1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualizeo Change
Pennsylvania Sys	es	1996	1997					_	Change
Pennsylvania Sys Mean Scale Scor Reading Philadelphia	Grade 5	1996 1090	1997 1110	1090	1120	1140	1140	1150	Change
Pennsylvania Sys Mean Scale Scor Reading	Grade	1996	1997				1140 1310	1150 1320	10.0 3.3
Pennsylvania Sys Mean Scale Scor Reading Philadelphia Pennsylvania	Grade 5 5 5 8	1996 1090 1300 1080	1997 1110 1310 1140	1090 1310 1120	1120 1310 1130	1140 1320 1120	1140 1310 1130	1150 1320 1140	10.0 3.3 10.0
Pennsylvania Sys Mean Scale Scor Reading Philadelphia Pennsylvania	Grade 5	1996 1090 1300	1997 1110 1310	1090 1310	1120 1310	1140 1320	1140 1310	1150 1320	10.0 3.3
Pennsylvania Sys Mean Scale Scor Reading Philadelphia Pennsylvania Philadelphia Pennsylvania	Grade 5 5 5 8 8 8 11	1996 1090 1300 1080 1300 1160	1997 1110 1310 1140 1300 1140	1090 1310 1120 1300	1120 1310 1130 1310 1140	1140 1320 1120 1310 1130	1140 1310 1130 1310 1180	1150 1320 1140 1310	10.0 3.3 10.0 1.7
Pennsylvania Sys Mean Scale Scor Reading Philadelphia Pennsylvania Pennsylvania	Grade 5 5 5 8 8 8	1996 1090 1300 1080 1300	1997 1110 1310 1140 1300	1090 1310 1120 1300	1120 1310 1130 1310	1140 1320 1120 1310	1140 1310 1130 1310	1150 1320 1140 1310	10.0 3.3 10.0 1.7
Pennsylvania Sys Mean Scale Scor Reading Philadelphia Pennsylvania Philadelphia Pennsylvania	Grade 5 5 5 8 8 8 11	1996 1090 1300 1080 1300 1160	1997 1110 1310 1140 1300 1140	1090 1310 1120 1300	1120 1310 1130 1310 1140	1140 1320 1120 1310 1130	1140 1310 1130 1310 1180	1150 1320 1140 1310	10.0 3.3 10.0 1.7
Pennsylvania Sys Mean Scale Scor Reading Philadelphia Pennsylvania Pennsylvania Philadelphia Pennsylvania Math Philadelphia	Grade 5 5 8 8 8 11 11 5 5	1996 1090 1300 1080 1300 1160 1300	1110 1310 1140 1300 1140 1300	1090 1310 1120 1300 1140 1300	1120 1310 1130 1310 1140 1300	1140 1320 1120 1310 1130 1300	1140 1310 1130 1310 1180 1300	1150 1320 1140 1310 1170 1320	10.0 3.3 10.0 1.7 1.7 3.3
Pennsylvania Sys Mean Scale Scor Reading Philadelphia Pennsylvania Pennsylvania Philadelphia Pennsylvania Philadelphia Pennsylvania Math	Grade 5 5 5 8 8 8 11 11	1996 1090 1300 1080 1300 1160 1300	1997 1110 1310 1140 1300 1140 1300	1090 1310 1120 1300 1140 1300	1120 1310 1130 1310 1140 1300	1140 1320 1120 1310 1130 1300	1140 1310 1130 1310 1180 1300	1150 1320 1140 1310 1170 1320	10.0 3.3 10.0 1.7 1.7 3.3
Pennsylvania Sys Mean Scale Scor Reading Philadelphia Pennsylvania Pennsylvania Philadelphia Pennsylvania Math Philadelphia	5 5 8 8 11 11 5 5 5 8	1996 1090 1300 1080 1300 1160 1300 1100 1300	1110 1310 1140 1300 1140 1300 1130 1110	1090 1310 1120 1300 1140 1300	1120 1310 1130 1310 1140 1300	1140 1320 1120 1310 1130 1300	1140 1310 1130 1310 1180 1300	1150 1320 1140 1310 1170 1320 1150 1320	10.0 3.3 10.0 1.7 1.7 3.3 8.3 3.3
Pennsylvania Sys Mean Scale Scor Reading Philadelphia Pennsylvania Philadelphia Pennsylvania Philadelphia Pennsylvania Math Philadelphia Pennsylvania	Grade 5 5 5 8 8 8 11 11 5 5 5 5	1996 1090 1300 1080 1300 1160 1300	1110 1310 1140 1300 1140 1300	1090 1310 1120 1300 1140 1300	1120 1310 1130 1310 1140 1300	1140 1320 1120 1310 1130 1300	1140 1310 1130 1310 1180 1300	1150 1320 1140 1310 1170 1320	10.0 3.3 10.0 1.7 1.7 3.3
Pennsylvania Sys Mean Scale Scor Reading Philadelphia Pennsylvania Pennsylvania Philadelphia Pennsylvania Math Philadelphia Pennsylvania	5 5 8 8 11 11 5 5 5 8	1996 1090 1300 1080 1300 1160 1300 1100 1300	1110 1310 1140 1300 1140 1300 1130 1110	1090 1310 1120 1300 1140 1300	1120 1310 1130 1310 1140 1300	1140 1320 1120 1310 1130 1300	1140 1310 1130 1310 1180 1300	1150 1320 1140 1310 1170 1320 1150 1320	10.0 3.3 10.0 1.7 1.7 3.3 8.3 3.3



District

Pittsburgh

STATE

Pennsylvania

## STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

**State Assessment** 

Pennsylvania System of Student Assessments

First Year Reported

1996

**Grades Tested** 

5,8, &11 How Reported

Scale Scores & Performance Level

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	Ріттѕви	RGH	PENNSYL	VAN IA
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	39,761	38,560	1,787,533	1,814,311
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	57.6	NA	28.1
Percent of Students with IEPs	11.1	16.4	10.6	12.3
Percent English Language Learners	NA	NA	NA	NA
Percent African American	55.6	57.6	14.0	15.1
Percent Hispanic	0.4	0.4	3.5	4.5
Percent White	42.6	40.5	80.6	78.2
Percent Other	1.5	1.5	1.9	2.1
Number of FTE Teachers	2,477	2,738	104,921	116,963
Student-Teacher Ratio	16.1	14.1	17.0	15.5
Number of Schools	80	95	3,182	3,252
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$8,524	\$8,653	\$6,922	\$7,450
Pittsburgh as a Percentage of Pennsylvania	's Public Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			2.2	2.1
Percent of FRPL			NA	4.4
Percent of IEPs			2.3	2.8
Percent of ELLs			NA	NA
Percent of Schools			2.5	2.9
Percent of Teachers			2.4	2.3
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			2.8	2.9





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3 Dercent</sup> of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Pittsburgh Pennsylvania System of School Assessment Percent Scoring Proficient & Advanced

	Grade				1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading									
Pittsburgh	5				NA	NA	40.3	36.5	-3.8
Pennsylvania	5				NA	NA	56.1	57.0	0.9
Pittsburgh	8				NA	NA	42.6	38.9	-3.7
Pennsylvania	8				NA	NA	60.1	58.8	-1.3
Pittsburgh	11				NA	NA	36.9	45.6	8.7
Pennsylvania	11				NA	NA	58.1	59.0	0.9
Math									
Pittsburgh	5				NA	NA	37.1	33.6	-3.5
Pennsylvania	5 5				NA	NA	53.0	53.1	0.1
Pittsburgh	8				NA	NA	28.0	30.1	2.1
Pennsylvania	8				NA	NA	51.0	51.7	0.7
Pittsburgh	11				NA	NA	31.6	38.6	7.0
Pennsylvania	11				NA	NA	47.9	49.6	1.7
Pittsburgh Pennsylvania Sys Mean Scale Scor		Assessme	nt						
	Grade	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading									
Pittsburgh	5	NA	NA	1210	1230	1240	1240	1230	5.0
Pennsylvania	5	1300	1310	1310	1310	1320	1310	1320	3.3
Pittsburgh	8	NA	NA	1210	1210	1230	1230	1220	2.5

	Grade	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading									
Pittsburgh	5	NA	NA	1210	1230	1240	1240	1230	5.0
Pennsylvania	5	1300	1310	1310	1310	1320	1310	1320	3.3
Pittsburgh	8	NA	NA	1210	1210	1230	1230	1220	2.5
Pennsylvania	8	1300	1300	1300	1310	1310	1310	1310	1.7
Pittsburgh	11	NA	NA	1210	1230	1230	1200	1260	12.5
Pennsylvania	11	1300	1300	1300	1300	1300	1300	1320	3.3
Math									
Pittsburgh	5	NA	NA	1220	1250	1240	1240	1230	2.5
Pennsylvania	5	1300	1300	1300	1300	1310	1310	1320	3.3
Pittsburgh	8	NA	NA	1200	1210	1200	1220	1230	7.5
Pennsylvania	8	1300	1300	1300	1300	1310	1310	1320	3.3
Pittsburgh	11	NA	NA	1170	1210	1220	1220	1260	22.5
Pennsylvania	11	1300	1300	1300	1300	1310	1310	1320	3.3



DISTRICT PORTLAND
STATE OREGON

### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

**State Assessment** 

Oregon Statewide Assessments

First Year Reported

1998

**Grades Tested** 

3,5,8, &10 How Reported

Performance Level

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	PORTLA	AN D	Oregon		
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01	
Number of Students	55,130	53,141	527,914	546,231	
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	41.2	NA	34.8	
Percent of Students with IEPs	9.9	12.8	11.0	12.6	
Percent English Language Learners	NA	10.4	NA	7.9	
Percent African American	16.1	16.8	2.6	2.9	
Percent Hispanic	5.2	8.9	6.8	10.3	
Percent White	67.7	62.2	85.3	79.1	
Percent Other	11.1	12.1	6.4	6.0	
Number of FTE Teachers	3,073	3,073	26,680	28,094	
Student-Teacher Ratio	17.9	17.8	19.8	19.4	
Number of Schools	101	110	1,216	1,273	
Current Expenditures Per Pupil 2	\$6,622	\$7,941	\$5,790	\$6,828	
Portland as a Percentage of Oregon's Public S	Schools		1995-96	2000-01	
Percent of Students			10.4	9.7	
Percent of FRPL			NA	11.8	
Percent of IEPs			9.4	9.4	
Percent of ELLs			NA	12.8	
Percent of Schools			8.3	8.6	
Percent of Teachers	<del></del>		11.5	10.9	
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			10.6	8.9	

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data, "Public Elementary/Secondary School Universe Survey," 2000-2001, "Local Education Agency Universe Survey," 2000-2001, and "National Public Education Financial Survey," 1998-1999, and The Council of the Great City Schools.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Portland Oregon State Assessment Percent Meeting/Exceeding Standard

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading/Litera	ature						
Portland	3	71	79	79	82	84	3.3
Oregon	3	78	80	82	84	85	1.8
Portland	5	64	68	72	74	77	3.3
Oregon	5	66	68	73	77	79	3.3
Portland	8	50	55	63	60	65	3.8
Oregon	8	55	56	63	62	64	2.3
Portland	10	45	51	52	50	52	1.8
Oregon	10	48	51	51	52	53	1.3
Math							
Portland	3	66	67	74	75	77	2.8
Oregon	3	67	70	75	75	77	2.5
Portland	5	60	70	73	76	76	4.0
Oregon	5	61	66	70	73	75	3.5
Portland	8	52	51	56	59	59	1.8
Oregon	8	50	52	56	55	57	1.8
Portland	10	34	38	41	40	45	2.8
Oregon	10	32	36	40	42	45	3.3



District

PROVIDENCE

STATE

RHODE ISLAND

## STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

**State Assessment** 

New Standards Exam First Year Reported

1998

**Grades Tested** 

4,8, & 10 How Reported

Performance Level

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	Providi	ENCE	RHODE ISLAND		
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01	
Number of Students	24,069	26,937	149,799	157,347	
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	75.4	NA	33.2	
Percent of Students with IEPs	13.6	18.3	17.3	19.4	
Percent English Language Learners	NA	21.4	NA	6.5	
Percent African American	23.1	22.8	7.0	7.9	
Percent Hispanic	41.2	49.6	10.3	14.0	
Percent White	24.1	17.6	78.9	74.3	
Percent Other	11.6	10.0	3.8	3.8	
Number of FTE Teachers	1,377	1,551	10,482	10,646	
Student-Teacher Ratio	17.5	17.4	14.3	14.8	
Number of Schools	42	54	310	328	
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$6,788	\$8,430	\$7,304	\$8,294	
Providence as a Percentage of Rhode Islan	d's Public Schools		1995-96	2000-01	
Percent of Students			16.1	17.1	
Percent of FRPL			NA	38.9	
Percent of IEPs			12.6	16.1	
Percent of ELLs			NA	56.3	
Percent of Schools			13.5	16.5	
Percent of Teachers			13.1	14.6	
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			22.6	25.9	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Providence
R.I. State Assessment
Percent Meeting/Exceeding the Standard

· 	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
English Language Ar Reading: Basic Unde							
Providence	4	35.2	53.4	56.9	44.0	48.0	3.2
Rhode Island	4	65.4	78.8	78.2	70.0	73.0	1.9
Providence	8	23.9	21.9	24.9	27.0	23.0	0.2
Rhode Island	8	50.8	45.6	50.2	49.9	50.0	-0.2
Providence	10	NA	15.5	19.2	22.0	23.0	2.5
Rhode Island	10	NA	28.5	35.9	38.4	42.0	4.5
Math-Skills							
Providence	4	24.0	26.7	34.0	31.0	36.0	3.0
Rhode Island	4	53.8	56.8	58.7	58.4	66.0	3.1
Providence	8	22.7	26.7	25.7	13.0	18.0	-1.2
Rhode Island	8	45.3	55.1	55.0	41.3	51.0	1.4
Providence	10	37.0	20.0	21.5	22.0	21.0	-4.0
Rhode Island	10	56.1	34.1	38.8	39.2	47.0	-2.3



DISTRICT STATE RICHMOND VIRGINIA

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STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

State Assessment Standards of Learning

Assessments & SAT-9 First Year Reported

1998

**Grades Tested** 

3-6,8, &9 How Reported

Percent Passing & National Percentile

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	RICHMO	OND	Virginia		
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01	
Number of Students	27,708	27,237	1,079,854	1,144,915	
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch E ligible (FRPL)	NA	65.8*	NA	28.0	
Percent of Students with IEPs	12.0*	14.6	13.1	14.1	
Percent English Language Learners	NA	1.1	NA	3.2	
Percent African American	90.6	90.8	26.5	27.1	
Percent Hispanic	0.7	1.5	3.2	4.9	
Percent White	7.9	7.1	66.6	63.6	
Percent Other	0.8	0.6	3.7	4.4	
Number of FTE Teachers	1,982	2,068	74,731	91,560	
Student-Teacher Ratio	14.0	13.2	14.4	12.5	
Number of Schools	. 54*	55*	1,889	1,969	
Current Expenditures Per Pupil 2	\$7,054	\$7,518	\$5,528	\$6,350	
Richmond as a Percentage of Virginia's Publ	ic Schools		1995-96	2000-01	
Percent of Students	-		2.6	2.4	
Percent of FRPL		-	NA	5.6	
Percent of IEPs			2.4	2.5	
Percent of ELLs			NA	0.8	
Percent of Schools	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2.9	2.8	
Percent of Teachers			2.7	2.3	
Percent of State Revenue 3			2.4	2.8	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Richmond Standards of Learning Assessment Percent Passing

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Englis h	-						
Richmond	3	35	40	37	44	54	4.6
Virginia	3	55	61	62	74	72	4.2
Richmond	5	48	53	52	67	57	2.7
Virginia	5	68	75	75	82	78	2.4
Richmond	8	48	41	50	50	48	0.7
Virginia	8	65	68	74	76	69	1.2
Math							
Richmond	3	40	41	44	58	60	5.0
Virginia	3	64	68	72	86	80	4.2
Richmond	5	22	20	38	47	50	7.0
Virginia	5	47	51	64	72	71	6.1
Richmond	8	23	35	32	39	42	4.8
Virginia	8	53	66	62	70	71	4.5
Richmond							
SAT-9 National Percentile							
							Annualized
	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in NCE
Reading							
Richmond	4	27	30	30	30	NA	NA
Virginia	4	50	52	53	54	NA	NA
Richmond	6	31	33	33	34	NA	NA
Virginia	6	58	59	59	59	NA	NA
Richmond	9	34	36	36	37	NA	NA
Virginia	9	58	60	60	60	NA	NA
Math							
Richmond	4	35	39	39	39	NA	NA
			_				~

35

62

30

55

53

32

58

32

54



Virginia

Virginia

Virginia

Richmond

Richmond

4

6

6

9

9

217

60

35

65

30

55

61

39

66

34

55

NA

DISTRICT STATE ROCHESTER New York

STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

State Assessment

New York State Assessment Program
First Year Reported

1999

**Grades Tested** 

4 & 8 How Reported

Performance Level

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	Roches	STER	N EW Y	ORK
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	36,195*	36,294	2,813,230	2,882,188
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch E ligible (FRPL)	78.8	73.7	NA	42.9
Percent of Students with IEPs	16.2	18.4	12.9	14.8
Percent English Language Learners	7.9	8.4	NA	8.0
Percent African American	59.2*	62.9	20.2	20.2
Percent Hispanic	17.5*	18.8	17.4	18.5
Percent White	20.6*	16.1	56.9	54.9
Percent Other	2.7*	2.2	5.4	6.4
Number of FTE Teachers	2,475	3,079	181,559	206,961
Student-Teacher Ratio	14.6	11.8	15.5	13.9
Number of Schools	55	62	4,149	4,336
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$8,931	\$9,514	\$8,361	\$9,344
Rochester as a Percentage of New York's F	Public Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			1.3	1.3
Percent of FRPL			NA	2.2
Percent of IEPs			1.5	1.6
Percent of ELLs			NA	1.3
Percent of Schools			1.4	1.4
Percent of Teachers			1.4	1.5
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			2.0	2.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Rochester New York State Assessment Program Percent Scoring Level 3 & 4

	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
English Language	Arts					
Rochester	4	24.4	37.5	41.9	46.4	7.3
New York State	4	48.1	58.7	60.0	61.5	4.5
Rochester	8	23.8	26.6	25.1	18.3	-1.8
New York State	8	48.1	44.9	44.9	44.3	-1.3
Math						
Rochester	4	39.9	37.7	47.5	45.1	1.7
New York State	4	66.7	65.0	69.1	67.6	0.3
Rochester	8	10.2	11.8	10.7	12.1	0.6
New York State	8	37.9	40.3	39.4	47.7	3.3



SACRAMENTO

STATE

California

STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

Stanford Achievement

Test, Ninth Edition First Year Reported

(SAT/9)

1998

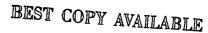
**Grades Tested** 

**State Assessment** 

3-11 How Reported

Percent At or Above 50th Percentile

DEMOGRAPHICS 1	SACRAMI	ENTO	Califo	RNIA
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	50,104	52,734	5,536,406	6,142,348
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	60.5	NA	46.6
Percent of Students with IEPs	11.1	11.5	10.5	10.6
Percent English Language Learners	NA	28.3	NA	24.1
Percent African American	21.2	21.6	8.8	8.3
Percent Hispanic	22.2	25.7	38.7	42.5
Percent White	28.5	24.6	40.4	35.4
Percent Other	28.1	26.8	12.1	11.7
Number of FTE Teachers	1,944	2,513	230,849	298,064
Student-Teacher Ratio	25.8	22.5	24.0	20.6
Number of Schools	75	77	7,876	8,773
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$4,914	\$5,671	\$4,937	\$5,801
Sacramento as a Percentage of California's	Public Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			0.9	0.9
Percent of FRPL			NA	1.1
Percent of IEPs			1.0	0.9
Percent of ELLs			NA	1.0
Percent of Schools			1.0	0.9
Percent of Teachers			0.8	0.8
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			1.0	0.9



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Sacramento SAT/9 Percent Scoring At or Above 50th NPR

							Annualized
Reading	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change
Sacramento	3	29	37	40	42	40	2.8
California	3	38	41	44	46	47	2.3
Saamamanta	4	33	36	39	43	44	2.8
Sacramento California	4	40	41	45	47	49	2.3
Camorna	·						
Sacramento	5	33	37	38	40	41	2.0
California	5	41	42	44	45	47	1.5
Sacramento	6	37	41	43	44	44	1.8
California	6	42	44	46	47	48	1.5
Camorna	Ü						
Sacramento	7	36	39	41	43	43	1.8
California	7	44	44	46	48	48	1.0
	0	40	43	43	45	44	1.0
Sacramento	8 8	40 46	43 47	49	50	49	0.8
California	8	40	47	70	50	.,	0.0
Sacramento	9	26	28	29	27	26	0.0
California	9	34	34	35	35	34	0.0
Sacramento	10	27	26	29	26	26	-0.3
California	10	32	33	34	34	34	0.5
Sacramento	11	32	33	32	35	32	0.0
California	11	36	35	36	37	37	0.3
		1009	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Math	Grade						
	Grade	1998					7.2
Sacramento	3	29	46	54	59	58	7.3
Sacramento				54 56	59 59	58 62	7.3 5.5
Sacramento California	3 3	29 40	46 48	56	59	62	5.5
Sacramento California Sacramento	3 3	29 40 32	46				
Sacramento California Sacramento	3 3	29 40	46 48 39	56 49	59 56	62 58	5.5 6.5
Sacramento California Sacramento California	3 3 4 4	29 40 32	46 48 39	56 49	59 56 54	58 58 57	5.5 6.5 4.8 5.8
Sacramento California Sacramento California Sacramento	3 3	29 40 32 39	46 48 39 44	56 49 51	59 56 54	62 58 58	5.5 6.5 4.8
Sacramento California Sacramento California Sacramento California	3 3 4 4 5 5	29 40 32 39 34 41	46 48 39 44 43 45	56 49 51 49 50	59 56 54 55 54	58 58 57 57	5.5 6.5 4.8 5.8 4.0
Sacramento California Sacramento California Sacramento California Sacramento	3 3 4 4 4 5 5	29 40 32 39 34 41	46 48 39 44 43 45	56 49 51 49 50	59 56 54 55 54	58 58 57 57	5.5 6.5 4.8 5.8 4.0
Sacramento California Sacramento California Sacramento California Sacramento	3 3 4 4 5 5	29 40 32 39 34 41	46 48 39 44 43 45	56 49 51 49 50	59 56 54 55 54	58 58 57 57	5.5 6.5 4.8 5.8 4.0
Sacramento California Sacramento California Sacramento California Sacramento California	3 3 4 4 5 5 5	29 40 32 39 34 41 41	46 48 39 44 43 45 50 50	56 49 51 49 50 57 55	59 56 54 55 54 61 57	58 58 57 57 62 60	5.5 6.5 4.8 5.8 4.0 5.3 3.5
Sacramento California Sacramento California Sacramento California Sacramento California Sacramento Sacramento California	3 3 4 4 5 5 5	29 40 32 39 34 41 41 46	46 48 39 44 43 45	56 49 51 49 50	59 56 54 55 54	58 58 57 57	5.5 6.5 4.8 5.8 4.0
Sacramento California Sacramento California Sacramento California Sacramento California Sacramento Sacramento California	3 3 4 4 5 5 5	29 40 32 39 34 41 41	46 48 39 44 43 45 50 50	56 49 51 49 50 57 55	59 56 54 55 54 61 57 52 50	58 58 57 57 62 60	5.5 6.5 4.8 5.8 4.0 5.3 3.5
Sacramento California Sacramento California Sacramento California Sacramento California Sacramento California Sacramento California	3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6	29 40 32 39 34 41 41 46 39 42	46 48 39 44 43 45 50 50 41 45	56 49 51 49 50 57 55 43 48	59 56 54 55 54 61 57 52 50	58 58 57 57 62 60 52 52	5.5 6.5 4.8 5.8 4.0 5.3 3.5
Sacramento California Sacramento California Sacramento California Sacramento California Sacramento California	3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6	29 40 32 39 34 41 41 46	46 48 39 44 43 45 50 50	56 49 51 49 50 57 55 43 48	59 56 54 55 54 61 57 52 50	58 58 57 57 62 60	5.5 6.5 4.8 5.8 4.0 5.3 3.5
Sacramento California	3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7	29 40 32 39 34 41 41 46 39 42	46 48 39 44 43 45 50 50 41 45	56 49 51 49 50 57 55 43 48 45 48	59 56 54 55 54 61 57 52 50 46 49	58 58 57 57 57 62 60 52 52 52	5.5 6.5 4.8 5.8 4.0 5.3 3.5 3.3 2.5
Sacramento California	3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7	29 40 32 39 34 41 41 46 39 42 39 42	46 48 39 44 43 45 50 50 50 41 45 43 45	56 49 51 49 50 57 55 43 48 45 48	59 56 54 55 54 61 57 52 50 46 49	58 58 57 57 62 60 52 52 52 48 50	5.5 6.5 4.8 5.8 4.0 5.3 3.5 3.3 2.5 2.3 2.0
Sacramento California	3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7	29 40 32 39 34 41 41 46 39 42	46 48 39 44 43 45 50 50 41 45	56 49 51 49 50 57 55 43 48 45 48	59 56 54 55 54 61 57 52 50 46 49	58 58 57 57 57 62 60 52 52 52	5.5 6.5 4.8 5.8 4.0 5.3 3.5 3.3 2.5
Sacramento California	3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8	29 40 32 39 34 41 41 46 39 42 39 42 40 47	46 48 39 44 43 45 50 50 41 45 43 45	56 49 51 49 50 57 55 43 48 45 48	59 56 54 55 54 61 57 52 50 46 49	58 58 57 57 62 60 52 52 52 48 50	5.5 6.5 4.8 5.8 4.0 5.3 3.5 3.3 2.5 2.3 2.0 0.8 1.3
Sacramento California	3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7	29 40 32 39 34 41 41 46 39 42 39 42	46 48 39 44 43 45 50 50 50 41 45 43 45	56 49 51 49 50 57 55 43 48 45 48	59 56 54 55 54 61 57 52 50 46 49 45 51	58 58 57 57 57 62 60 52 52 48 50	5.5 6.5 4.8 5.8 4.0 5.3 3.5 3.3 2.5 2.3 2.0 0.8 1.3
Sacramento California	3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 8	29 40 32 39 34 41 41 46 39 42 39 42 40 47	46 48 39 44 43 45 50 50 50 41 45 45 42 48	56 49 51 49 50 57 55 43 48 45 48 45 48 46	59 56 54 55 54 61 57 52 50 46 49 45 51	58 58 57 57 57 62 60 52 52 52 48 50 43 52	5.5 6.5 4.8 5.8 4.0 5.3 3.5 3.3 2.5 2.3 2.0 0.8 1.3
California Sacramento California Sacramento California Sacramento California Sacramento	3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 8	29 40 32 39 34 41 41 46 39 42 39 42 40 47	46 48 39 44 43 45 50 50 50 41 45 43 45 42 48	56 49 51 49 50 57 55 43 48 45 48 45 41 40	59 56 54 55 54 61 57 52 50 46 49 45 51	58 58 57 57 57 62 60 52 52 52 48 50	5.5 6.5 4.8 5.8 4.0 5.3 3.5 3.3 2.5 2.3 2.0 0.8 1.3



Sacramento SAT/9-Reading Percent At/Above 50th NPR

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Sacramento	4						
African American		24	26	31	34	35	
Gap		-28	<i>-31</i>	-29	-32	-29	1
White		52	57	60	66	64	
Gap		-29	-30	-30	-35	-29	0
Hispanic		23	27	30	31	35	
California	4						
African American		24	27	30	33	36	
Gap		<i>-37</i>	-37	-38	-37	-35	-2
White		61	64	68	70	71	
Gap		<b>-43</b>	-43	-44	-43	-41	-2
Hispanic		18	21	24	27	30	
Sacramento	8						
African American		30	34	30	32	31	
Gap		-32	-26	-35	-32	-34	2
White		62	60	65	64	65	_
Gap		-32	-25	-30	-29	-31	-1
Hispanic		30	35	35	35	34	_
California	8						
African American		31	31	34	35	35	
Gap		-36	-37	-36	-36	-36	0
White		67	68	70	71	71	
Gap		-42	-42	-42	-41	-41	-1
Hispanic		25	26	28	30	30	•
Sacramento	10						
African American		14	16	18	15	15	
Gap		<i>-37</i>	-32	-33	-30	-34	-3
White		51	48	51	45	49	-
Gap		<i>-33</i>	-31	-32	-27	-29	-4
Hispanic		18	17	19	18	20	
California	10						
African American		18	17	18	19	19	
Gap		-32	-33	-33	-33	-32	0
White		50	50	51	52	51	
Gap		-36	-35	-36	-36	-35	-1
Hispanic		14	15	15	16	16	



Sacramento SAT/9-Math Percent At/Above 50th NPR

_	Grade_	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Sacramento	4	_					
African American		17	23	36	42	41	
Gap		-31	-30	-29	-32	-33	2
White		48	53	65	74	74	
Gap		-28	-23	-28	-28	-25	-3
Hispanic		20	30	37	46	49	
California	4						
African American		21	25	32	36	40	
Gap		-36	-36	-37	-36	-34	-2
White		57	61	69	72	74	7
Gap		-36	-35	-35	-33	-30	-6
Hispanic		21	26	34	39	44	
Sacramento	8						
African American		19	27	25	26	27	
Gap		-38	-27	-39	-35	-37	-1
White		57	54	64	61	64	
Gap		-33	-24	-35	-31	-30	-3
Hispanic		24	30	29	30	34	
California	8						
African American		21	23	26	27	27	
Gap		-39	-40	-40	-40	-41	2
White		60	63	66	67	68	
Gap		-39	-38	-38	-37	-37	-2
Hispanic		21	25	28	30	31	
Sacramento	10						
African American		16	17	18	23	20	
Gap		-39	-36	-35	-28	-36	-3
White		55	53	53	51	56	
Gap		-31	-30	-27	-23	-29	-2
Hispanic		24	23	26	28	27	
California	10						
African American		21	22	24	23	25	_
Gap		-35	-36	-36	-36	-36	1
White		56	58	60	59	61	_
Gap		-34	-33	-33	-32	-32	-2
Hispanic		22	25	27	27	29	



.223

Sacramento
SAT/9-Reading-Economically Disadvantaged (ED)
Percent At/Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Sacramento	4						Sacramento	4					
ED		NA	20	22	22								
Gap		NA NA	29 <b>-38</b>	33 <i>-41</i>	33 <b>-44</b>	6	ED <i>Gap</i>		NA <i>NA</i>	40 -32	47 -36	50 <b>-33</b>	1
Non-ED		NA	67	74	77	v	Non-ED		NA	-32 72	-30 83	-33 83	1
										, -	05	05	
California	4						California	. 4					
ED		22	25	28	31	_	ED		28	35	39	44	
<i>Gap</i> Non-ED		-34	-42	<b>-41</b>	-39	5	Gap		-28	-35	-34	-31	3
Noil-ED		56	67	69	70		Non-ED		56	70	73	75	
Sacramento	8						Sacramento	8					
ED		NA	28	30	27		ED		NIA	21	22	2.4	
Gap		NA NA	-36	-38	-43	7	ED <i>Gap</i>		NA	31	33	34	
Non-ED		NA	64	68	70	,	Non-ED		<i>NA</i> NA	-32 63	<i>-33</i> 66	<b>-36</b> 70	4
			•	00	70		NoiFLD		NA	03	00	70	
California	8						California	8					
ED		27	28	29	30		ED		27	20	21	22	
Gap		-30	-36	-36	-34	4	Gap		27 <b>-27</b>	29 <b>-33</b>	31 <i>-31</i>	32 -31	4
Non-ED		57	64	65	64	•	Non-ED		54	62	62	63	4
							22		J.	0L	02	03	
Sacramento	10						Sacramento	10					
ED		NA	12	14	15		ED		NIA	25	22	22	
Gap		NA.	-25	-21	-20	-5	Gap		NA <i>NA</i>	35 <b>-8</b>	33 -12	33 -12	,
Non-ED		NA	37	35	35	3	Non-ED		NA	<b>4</b> 3	45	45	4
									1121	15	13	43	
California	10						California	10					
ED		15	15	15	15		ED		29	20	20	20	
Gap		<i>-23</i>	-27	-28	-28	5	Gap		-19	29 <b>-24</b>	28 -24	30 - <b>24</b>	5
Non-ED		38	42	43	43	J	Non-ED		-19 48	-2 <b>4</b> 53	<i>-24</i> 52	-24 54	5
					=				.0	7.5	J.L	J7	



Sacramento SAT/9 - Limited English Proficiency Students Percent At/Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Sacramento	4						Sacramento	4					
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		21 -25 46	17 -32 49	21 -33 54	21 -32 53	7	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		32 -11 43	38 -16 54	44 -18 62	50 -12 62	1
California	4						California	4					
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		11 -42 53	13 <b>-44</b> 57	15 <b>-44</b> 59	18 <b>-43</b> 61	1	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		21 -31 52	27 -33 60	30 -34 64	36 -31 67	0
Sacramento	8						Sacramento	8					
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		9 <b>-47</b> 56	6 <b>-49</b> 55	11 <b>-45</b> 56	10 -45 55	-2	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		21 -30 51	18 -35 53	25 <b>-28</b> 53	27 <b>-28</b> 55	-2
California	8						California	8					
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		8 <b>-49</b> 57	9 <b>-49</b> 58	10 <b>-49</b> 59	11 <b>-48</b> 59	-1	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		15 -37 52	17 -38 55	19 -37 56	20 -37 57	0
Sacramento	10						Sacramento	10					
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		3 -34 37	2 -36 38	1 -33 34	1 -33 34	-1	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		25 -22 47	21 -25 46	19 <b>-28</b> 47	18 -29 47	7
California	10						California	10					
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		3 -38 41	3 -36 39	3 -37 40	3 -37 40	-1	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		20 -30 50	21 <b>-29</b> 50	19 -31 50	20 -31 51	1



Sacramento SAT/9 - Special Education Percent At/Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Sacramento	4					Sacramento	4				
Special Educa	ation	27	32	22		Special Educati	on	38	42	33	
Gap		-13	-12	-24	11	Gap	OII	-12	-15	-27	15
Non-Special	Education	40	44	46		Non-Special Ed	ducation	50	57	60	13
•						rion opecan Li	aucunon	50	31	00	
California	4					California	4				
Special Educa	ation	25	27	28		Special Educati	Ωn	29	28	34	
Gap		-21	-21	-22	1	<i>Gap</i>	011	-23	-28	-25	2
Non-Special	Education	46	48	50	-	Non-Special Ed	lucation	52	56	59	2
-								02	50	37	
Sacramento	8					Sacramento	8				
Special Educa	ation	12	15	7		Special Education	on	19	14	10	
Gap		-33	-31	-40	7	Gap		-27	-33	-41	14
Non-Special	Education	45	46	47		Non-Special Ed	lucation	46	47	51	4.7
						•					
California	8					California	8				
Special Educa	ation	15	15	15		Special Education	on	15	15	15	
Gap		-36	-37	-37	1	Gap		-35	-36	-37	2
Non-Special	Education	51	52	52		Non-Special Ed	lucation	50	51	52	-
						1				V-	
Sacramento	10					Sacramento	10				
Special Educa	ition	8	8	2		Special Education	on	7	9	5	
Gap		-21	-19	-26	5	Gap	J11	-34	-32	-37	3
Non-Special	Education	29	27	28		Non-Special Ed	lucation	41	41	42	,
-									•		
California	10					California	10				
Special Educa	ition	8	7	9		Special Education	on	13	11	14	
Gap		-27	-29	-27	0	Gap		-35	-36	-34	-1
Non-Special	Education	35	36	36		Non-Special Ed	lucation	48	47	48	4



SALT LAKE CITY

STATE

Utah

## STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

State Assessment

Stanford Achievement
Test Ninth Edition E

Test, Ninth Edition First Year Reported

(SAT/9)

**Grades Tested** 

3, 5, 8 & 11 How Reported

National Percentile

1997

DEMOGRAPHICS 1	SALT LAK	е Сітч	Uta	н
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	25,712	25,367	477,121	481,687
Percent Free & Recluced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	45.3*	50.2	NA	28.3
Percent of Students with IEPs	13.1	13.4	11.2	11.2
Percent English Language Learners	NA	25.7	NA	8.1
Percent African American	2.7*	3.9	0.7	1.0
Percent Hispanic	18.3*	28.3	5.3	8.8
Percent White	67.8	56.1	90.4	85.5
Percent Other	11.2	11.7	3.6	4.3
Number of FTE Teachers	1,216*	1,244	20,039	22,008
Student-Teacher Ratio	19.9	20.4	23.8	21.9
Number of Schools	40	43	735	793
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$4,595	\$4,857	\$3,604	\$4,210
Salt Lake City as a Percentage of Utah's Pa	ublic Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			5.4	5.3
Percent of FRPL			NA	9.4
Percent of IEPs		-	6.3	6.3
Percent of ELLs			NA	16.7
Percent of Schools			5.4	5.4
Percent of Teachers			6.1	5.7
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			4.4	4.7

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data, "Public Elementary/Secondary School Universe Survey," 2000-2001, "Local Education Agency Universe Survey," 2000-2001, and "National Public Education Financial Survey," 1998-1999, and The Council of the Great City Schools.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Salt Lake City SAT-9 National Percentile

	Grade	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change in NCEs
Reading								
Salt Lake City	3	NA	NA	NA	NA	45	44	-0.6
Utah	3	NA	NA	· NA	NA	59	60	0.5
Salt Lake City	5	42	36	39	49	39	36	-0.6
Utah	5	49	47	47	49	49	49	0.0
Salt Lake City	8	46	46	46	53	41	43	-0.5
Utah	8	53	53	53	53	53	51	-0.2
Salt Lake City	11	60	60	60	60	50	50	-1.1
Utah	11	60	60	60	60	55	<b>55</b> .	-0.5
Math								
Salt Lake City	3	NA	NA	NA	NA	45	48	1.5
Utah	3	NA	NA	NA	NA	54	59	2.7
Salt Lake City	5	46	39	46	44	44	42	-0.4
Utah	5	52	49	49	49	49	49	-0.3
Salt Lake City	8	47	50	47	58	41	39	-0.9
Utah	8	60	58	58	58	58	56	-0.4
Salt Lake City	11	63	63	68	63	63	63	0.0
Utah	11	68	68	68	68	68	68	0.0



DISTRICT SAN DIEGO STATE CALIFORNIA

STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

Stanford Achievement

State Assessment Test, N inth Edition First Year Reported (SAT/9)

1998

**Grades Tested** 

3-11 How Reported

Percent At/Above 50th Percentile

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	SAN DI	EGO	California			
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01		
Number of Students	130,360	141,804	5,536,406	6,142,348		
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	59.7*	57.3*	NA	46.6		
Percent of Students with IEPs	10.2	11.0	10.5	10.6		
Percent English Language Learners	27.4*	27.8	NA	24.1		
Percent African American	16.9	16.2	8.8	8.3		
Percent Hispanic	33.3	38.5	38.7	42.5		
Percent White	30.0	27.0	40.4	35.4		
Percent Other	19.8	18.4	12.1	11.7		
Number of FTE Teachers	5,786	7,403	230,849	298,064		
Student-Teacher Ratio	22.5	19.1	24.0	20.6		
Number of Schools	164	180	7,876	8,773		
Current Expenditures Per Pupil 2	\$5,328	\$6,122	\$4,937	\$5,801		
San Diego as a Percentage of California's P	ublic Schools		1995-96	2000-01		
Percent of Students		•	2.4	2.3		
Percent of FRPL			NA	2.9		
Percent of IEPs			2.3	2.4		
Percent of ELLs			NA	2.7		
Percent of Schools			2.1	2.1		
Percent of Teachers	~		2.5	2.5		
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			2.1	2.0		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

San Diego SAT/9 Percent Scoring At or Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	1998	1999	2000*	2001*	2002*	Annualize Change
San Diego California	3 3	41 38	47 41	52 44	49 46	53 47	3.0 2.3
odnio i i i i	3	30	••			• •	2.5
San Diego	4	41	42	48	49	51	2.5
California	4	40	41	45	47	49	2.3
San Diego	5	44	44	44	47	49	1.3
California	5	41	42	44	45	47	1.5
San Diego	. 6	43	45	47	48	50	1.8
California	6	42	44	46	47	48	1.5
n.	7	4.4	4.4	47	48	48	1.0
San Diego California	7 7	44 44	44 44	46	48 48	48	1.0
San Diego	8 8	45 46	48 47	51 49	51 50	52 49	1.8 0.8
California	8	40	47	49	30	<b>4</b> 9	0.8
San Diego	9	36	36	40	38	37	0.3
California	9	34	34	35	35	34	0.0
San Diego	10	34	35	37	37	34	0.0
California	10	32	33	34	34	34	0.5
San Diego	11	37	38	39	37	39	0.5
California	11	36	35	36	37	37	0.3
							A 1°
Math	Grade	1998	1999*	2000*	2001*	2002*	Annualize Change
San Diego	3	46	57	64	61	64	4.5
California	3	40	48	56	59	62	5.5
San Diego	4	42	46	56	52	55	3.3
California	4	39	44	51	54	58	4.8
San Diego	5	45	47	50	52	55	2.5
California	5	41	45	50	54	57	4.0
	_	4.5	50	52	50	5.5	2.0
San Diego California	6 6	47 46	50 50	53 55	52 57	55 60	2.0 3.5
San Diego California	7 7	42 42	42 45	45 48	47 50	50 52	2.0 2.5
Camornia	,	42	43	40	30	3 <b>2</b>	2.5
San Diego	8	40	43	44	43	46	1.5
California	8	42	45	48	49	50	2.0
San Diego	9	48	49	54	53	53	1.3
California	9	47	48	51	51	52	1.3
San Diego	10	42	46	51	46	45	0.8
San Diego California	10	41	44	46	45	46	1.3
	11	45				40	
San Diego		4.5	49	55	47	49	1.0



San Diego SAT/9-Reading Percent At/Above 50th NPR

4 4	27 -40 67 -47 20 24 -37 61 -43 18	30 -40 70 -49 21 27 -37 64 -43 21	38 -39 77 -50 27 30 -38 68 -44	38 -38 76 -46 30	41 -38 79 -47 32	-2 0
	-40 67 -47 20 24 -37 61 -43	-40 70 -49 21 27 -37 64 -43	-39 77 -50 27 30 -38 68	-38 76 -46 30	-38 79 -47 32 36 -35	0
	67 -47 20 24 -37 61 -43	70 -49 21 27 -37 64 -43	77 -50 27 30 -38 68	76 -46 30 33 -37	79 -47 32 36 -35	0
	-47 20 24 -37 61 -43	-49 21 27 -37 64 -43	-50 27 30 -38 68	-46 30 33 -37	-47 32 36 -35	
	24 -37 61 -43	27 -37 64 -43	30 -38 68	33 -37	36 -35	
	24 -37 61 -43	27 -37 64 -43	30 -38 68	33 -37	36 -35	1
	-37 61 -43	-37 64 -43	<b>-38</b> 68	<i>-37</i>	-35	2
8	-37 61 -43	-37 64 -43	<b>-38</b> 68	<i>-37</i>	-35	2
8	61 <b>-43</b>	64 <b>-43</b>	68			2
8	-43	-43		70		-2
8			-44		71	
8	18	21		-43	-41	-2
8		<b>4</b> 1	24	27	30	
	32	32	39	37	41	
	-40	<b>-43</b>	-40	-44	-38	-2
	72	75	79	81	79	
	<b>-4</b> 7	<b>-4</b> 7	-49	<i>-52</i>	-48	1
	25	28	30	29	31	
8						
	31	31	34	35	35	
	-36	-37	-36	-36	-36	0
	67	68	70	71	71	
	-42	-42	-42	-41	-41	-1
	25	26	28	30	30	
10						
	18	20	21	20	21	
	-42	-42	-41	-44	-41	-1
	60	62	62	64	62	
	-42	-45	-43	-45	-46	4
	18	17	19	19	16	
10						
	18	17	18	19	19	
	<i>-32</i>	<i>-33</i>	<i>-33</i>	<i>-33</i>	-32	0
	50	50	51	52	51	
	-36	-35	<i>-36</i>	-36	-35	-1
	14	15	15	16	16	
	8	32 -40 72 -47 25 8 31 -36 67 -42 25 10 18 -42 60 -42 18	32 32 -40 -43 72 75 -47 -47 25 28 8 31 31 -36 -37 67 68 -42 -42 25 26 10 18 20 -42 -42 60 62 -42 -45 18 17 10 18 17 -32 -33 50 50 -36 -35	32 32 39 -40 -43 -40 72 75 79 -47 -47 -49 25 28 30 8 31 31 34 -36 -37 -36 67 68 70 -42 -42 -42 25 26 28 10 18 20 21 -42 -42 -41 60 62 62 -42 -45 -43 18 17 19 10 18 17 19 10	32 32 39 37 -40 -43 -40 -44 72 75 79 81 -47 -47 -49 -52 25 28 30 29  8  31 31 34 35 -36 -37 -36 -36 67 68 70 71 -42 -42 -42 -41 25 26 28 30  10  18 20 21 20 -42 -42 -41 -44 60 62 62 64 -42 -45 -43 -45 18 17 19 19  10  18 17 18 19 -32 -33 -33 -33 50 50 51 52 -36 -35 -36 -36	32 32 39 37 41  -40 -43 -40 -44 -38  72 75 79 81 79  -47 -47 -49 -52 -48  25 28 30 29 31  8  31 31 34 35 35  -36 -37 -36 -36 -36  67 68 70 71 71  -42 -42 -42 -41 -41  25 26 28 30 30  10  18 20 21 20 21  -42 -42 -41 -41  60 62 62 83 30 30  10  18 17 18 19 19  16 10  18 17 18 19 19  16 10

<sup>\*</sup> Asterik indicates that data has been updated by the school district.



San Diego SAT/9-Math Percent At/Above 50th NPR

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
San Diego	4						
African American		25	31	41	36	41	
Gap		-39	-39	-37	-40	-35	-4
White		64	70	78	76	76	
Gap		-41	-42	-40	-40	<i>-36</i>	-5
Hispanic		23	28	38	36	40	
California	4						
African American		21	25 ·	32	36	40	
Gap		-36	-36	-37	-36	-34	-2
White		57	61	69	72	74	
Gap		-36	-35	-35	-33	-30	-6
Hispanic		21	26	34	39	44	
San Diego	8						
African American		19	20	24	21	27	
Gap		-44	-46	-45	-47	<b>-43</b>	-1
White		63	66	69	68	70	
Gap		<b>-43</b>	<b>-43</b>	-44	-45	-44	1
Hispanic		20	23	25	23	26	
California	8						
African American		21	23	26	27	27	
Gap		-39	-40	-40	-40	-41	2
White		60	63	66	67	68	
Gap		-39	-38	-38	-37	<i>-37</i>	-2
Hispanic		21	25	28	30	31	
San Diego	10						
African American		18	25	30	22	25	
Gap		-44	-41	-41	-44	-41	<b>-3</b>
White		62	66	71	66	66	
Gap		-39	-41	-40	-38	-40	1
Hispanic		23	25	31	28	26	
California	10						
African American		21	22	24	23	25	
Gap		-35	-36	-36	-36	-36	1
White		56	58	60	59	61	
Gap		-34	-33	<i>-33</i>	-32	-32	-2
Hispanic		22	25	27	27	29	



San Diego SAT/9 -Economically Disadvantaged (ED) Percent At/Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	1999*	2000*	2001*	2002*	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	1999*	2000*	2001*	2002*	Change in Gap
San Diego	4						San Diego	4					
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		26 - <b>44</b> 70	31 -44 75	33 <b>-42</b> 75	36 <b>-40</b> 76	-4	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		33 -37 70	41 <b>-38</b> 79	39 -37 76	43 -33 76	-4
California	4						California	4					
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		22 -34 56	25 <b>-42</b> 67	28 <b>-41</b> 69	31 -39 70	5	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		28 - <b>28</b> 56	35 -35 70	39 -34 73	44 -31 75	3
San Diego	8						San Diego	8					
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		31 -38 69	33 - <b>39</b> 72	33 - <b>39</b> 72	34 -37 71	-1	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		28 -33 61	28 -36 64	26 -36 62	29 -34 63	1
California	8						California	8					
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		27 - <b>30</b> 57	28 -36 64	29 - <b>36</b> 65	30 -34 64	4	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		27 -27 54	29 -33 62	31 -31 62	32 -31 63	4
San Diego	10						San Diego	10					
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		18 -32 50	18 -33 51	19 -31 50	17 <b>-29</b> 46	-3	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		31 <b>-26</b> 57	37 <b>-25</b> 62	30 <b>-28</b> 58	28 -28 56	2
California	10						California	10					
ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		15 -23 38	15 <b>-2</b> 7 42	15 <b>-28</b> 43	15 -28 43	5	ED <i>Gap</i> Non-ED		29 -19 48	29 <b>-24</b> 53	28 - <b>24</b> 52	30 <b>-24</b> 54	5

<sup>\*</sup> Asterik indicates that data has been updated by the school district.



San Diego SAT/9 - Limited English Proficiency Students Percent At/Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	1999*	2000*	2001*	2002*	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	1999*	2000*	2001*	2002*	Change in Gap
San Diego	4						San Diego	4					
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		12 <b>-44</b> 56	16 <b>-48</b> 64	18 <b>-46</b> 64	18 <b>-49</b> 67	5	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		24 -33 57	32 -35 67	29 -35 64	32 -35 67	2
California	4						California	4					
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		11 - <b>42</b> 53	13 <b>-44</b> 57	15 <b>-44</b> 59	18 -43 61	1	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		21 -31 52	27 -33 60	30 -34 64	36 -31 67	0
San Diego	8						San Diego	8					
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		7 <b>-52</b> 59	9 <b>-54</b> 63	7 <b>-56</b> 63	9 <b>-54</b> 63	2	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		11 -41 52	11 -43 54	11 <b>-41</b> 52	13 -42 55	1
California	8						California	. 8					
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		8 <b>-49</b> 57	9 <b>-49</b> 58	10 -49 59	11 <b>-48</b> 59	-1	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		15 -37 52	17 -38 55	19 -37 56	20 -37 57	0
San Diego	10						San Diego	10					
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		2 -41 43	3 -41 44	3 -42 45	3 -40 43	-1	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		16 -37 53	19 -39 58	14 -39 53	14 -39 53	2
California	10						California	10					
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		3 -38 41	3 -36 39	3 -37 40	3 -37 40	-1	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		20 -30 50	21 <b>-29</b> 50	19 -31 50	20 -31 51	1

<sup>\*</sup> Asterik indicates that data has been updated by the school district.



San Diego SAT/9-Special Education Percent At/Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
San Diego	4					San Diego	4				
Special Educa	ation	32 -17	36 -13	30 -21	4	Special Educa  Gap	ntion	33 <b>-24</b>	38 -15	29 <b>-2</b> 7	3
Non-Special	Education	49	49	51		Non-Special	Education	57	53	56	-
California	4					California	4				
Special Educa	ation	25	27	28		Special Educa	ition	29	28	34	
Gap		-21	-21	-22	1	Gap		-23	-28	-25	2
Non-Special	Education	46	48	50		Non-Special	Education	52	56	59	
San Diego	8					San Diego	8				
Special Educa	ation	22	25	23		Special Educa	ition	17	18	15	
Gap		-31	-29	-31	0	Gap		-29	-27	<i>-33</i>	4
Non-Special	Education	53	54	54		Non-Special	Education	46	45	48	
California	8					California	8				
Special Educa	ation	15	15	15		Special Educa	ition	15	15	15	
Gap		-36	-37	<i>-37</i>	1	Gap		-35	<i>-36</i>	<i>-37</i>	2
Non-Special	Education	51	52	52		Non-Special	Education	50	51	52	
San Diego	10					San Diego	10				
Special Educa	ation	9	13	13		Special Educa	ition	17	18	19	
Gap		-29	-26	-23	-6	Gap		<i>-37</i>	<i>-31</i>	-28	-9
Non-Special	Education	38	39	36		Non-Special	Education	54	49	47	
California	10					California	10				
Special Educa	ation	8	7	9		Special Educa	ntion	13	11	14	
Gap		-27	-29	-27	0	Gap		-35	-36	-34	-1
Non-Special	Education	35	36	36		Non-Special	Education	48	47	48	



San Francisco

STATE

California

STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

Stanford Achievement

State Assessment

Test, N inth Edition First Year Reported (SAT/9)

1998

**Grades Tested** 

3-11 How Reported

Percent At or Above 50th Percentile

Demographics 1	San Fran	CISCO	Califo	RNIA
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	61,734*	59,979	5,536,406	6,142,348
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	49.7*	53.5*	NA	46.6
Percent of Students with IEPs	9.1*	9.9*	10.5	10.6
Percent English Language Learners	30.5*	31.5*	NA	24.1
Percent African American	17.4*	15.6	8.8	8.3
Percent Hispanic	20.5	21.7	38.7	42.5
Percent White	13.1	11.0	40.4	35.4
Percent Other	49.0*	51.0	12.1	11.7
Number of FTE Teachers	2,972	3,261	230,849	298,064
Student-Teacher Ratio	20.8	19.1	24.0	20.6
Number of Schools	111	116	7,876	8,773
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$5,357	\$5,787	\$4,937	\$5,801
San Francisco as a Percentage of California	a's Public Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			1.1	1.0
Percent of FRPL			NA	1.1
Percent of IEPs			1.0	0.9
Percent of ELLs			NA	1.1
Percent of Schools			1.4	1.3
Percent of Teachers			1.3	1.1
Percent of State Revenue 3			0.8	0.7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3 D</sup>arcent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

San Francisco SAT/9 Percent Scoring Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
San Francisco	3	38	42	45	46	50	3.0
California	3	38	41	44	46	47	2.3
San Francisco	4	44	43	50	51	53	2.3
California	4	40	41	45	47	49	2.3
San Francisco	5	45	44	46	47	51	1.5
California	5	41	42	44	45	47	1.5
	_	40	4.5	4.0	45	40	
San Francisco California	6 6	42 42	45 44	46 46	45 47	49 48	1.8 1.5
•							
San Francisco	7 7	47 44	50 44	50 46	48 48	49 48	0.5 1.0
California	/	44	44	46	48	40	1.0
San Francisco	8	48	49	51	48	49	0.3
California	8	46	47	49	50	49	0.8
San Francisco	9	41	43	42	40	40	-0.3
California	9	34	34	35	35	34	0.0
San Francisco	10	38	39	39	37	40	0.5
San Francisco California	10 10	38 32	33	34	34	34	0.5
				•			
San Francisco California	11 11	43 36	41 35	43 36	40 37	41 37	-0.5 0.3
Санюніа	11	30	33	30	37	3,	0.5
Math	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
San Francisco	3	50	55	61	61	63	3.3
California	3	40	48	56	59	62	5.5
San Francisco	4	50	51	56	58	61	2.8
California	4	39	44	51	54	58	4.8
San Francisco	5	54	54	58	60	63	2.3
California	5	41	45	50	54	57	4.0
San Francisco California	6 6	53 46	56 50	58 55	59 57	62 60	2.3 3.5
	· ·		50		2,		
San Francisco	7	54	54	57	57	58	1.0
California	7	42	45	48	50	52	2.5
San Francisco	8	53	54	59	57	59	1.5
California	8	42	45	48	49	50	2.0
San Francisco	9	63	64	67	65	66	0.8
California	9	47	48	51	51	52	1.3
a					50		2.5
San Francisco California	10 10	55 41	57 44	60 46	59 45	65 46	2.5 1.3
~ and the	.0	••	• •		• •	.0	
San Francisco	11	62	60	64	60	63	0.3
California	11	43	45	47	46	47	1.0



San Francisco SAT/9-Reading Percent At/Above 50th NPR

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
San Francisco	4				<u>-</u>		
African American		21	23	25	27	29	
Gap		-47	<b>-49</b>	-56	-46	-45	-2
White		68	72	81	73	74	
Gap		-40	-49	-50	-44	-45	5
Hispanic		28	23	31	29	29	
California	4						
African American		24	27	30	33	36	
Gap		<i>-37</i>	<i>-37</i>	-38	-37	-35	-2
White		61	64	68	70	71	
Gap		<b>-43</b>	<b>-43</b>	-44	<b>-43</b>	-41	-2
Hispanic		18	21	24	27	30	
San Francisco	8						
African American		29	26	28	29	26	
Gap		-41	-51	-46	-43	-42	1
White		70	77	74	72	68	
Gap		-39	-45	-40	-40	-38	-1
Hispanic		31	32	34	32	30	
California	8						
African American		31	31	34	35	35	
Gap		-36	-37	-36	-36	-36	0
White		67	68	70	71	71	
Gap		-42	-42	-42	-41	-41	-1
Hispanic		25	26	28	30	30	
San Francisco	10						
African American		17	17	21	16	16	
Gap		-47	-49	-41	-43	-46	-1
White		64	66	62	59	62	
Gap		-40	-43	-39	-39	-42	2
Hispanic		24	23	23	20	20	
California	10						
African American		18	17	18	19	19	
Gap		-32	<i>-33</i>	<i>-33</i>	<i>-33</i>	-32	0
White		50	50	51	52	51	
Gap		-36	-35	-36	-36	-35	-1
Hispanic		14	15	15	16	16	



San Francisco SAT/9-Math Percent At/Above 50th NPR

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
San Francisco	4						
African American		17	21	23	28	31	
Gap		-45	-44	-52	-43	-41	-4
White		62	65	75	71	72	
Gap		-32	-39	-38	-37	-32	0
Hispanic		30	26	37	34	40	
California	4						
African American		21	25	32	36	40	
Gap		-36	-36	-37	-36	-34	-2
White		57	61	69	72	74	
Gap		-36	-35	-35	-33	-30	-6
Hispanic		21	26	34	39	44	
San Francisco	8						
African American		20	22	21	21	22	
Gap		<b>-4</b> 7	-49	-53	-49	-47	0
White		67	71	74	70	69	
Gap		-44	-46	-44	-41	-40	-4
Hispanic		23	25	30	29	29	
California	8						
African American		21	23	26	27	27	
Gap		-39	-40	-40	-40	-41	2
White		60	63	66	67	68	
Gap		-39	-38	-38	<i>-37</i>	<i>-37</i>	-2
Hispanic		21	25	28	30	31	
San Francisco	10						
African American		20	21	29	24	23	
Gap		-47	-49	-42	-42	-50	3
White		67	70	71	66	73	
Gap		-39	-39	-39	-33	-38	-1
Hispanic		28	31	32	33	35	
California	10						
African American		21	22	24	23	25	
Gap		-35	-36	-36	-36	-36	1
White		56	58	60	59	61	
Gap		-34	-33	-33	-32	-32	-2
Hispanic		22	25	27	27	29	





San Francisco SAT/9-Economically Disadvantaged (ED) Percent At/Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
San Francisco	4						San Francisco	4					
ED		33	39	43	44		ED		45	49	52	56	
Gap		-26	-28	-20	-23	-3	Gap		-15	-19	-15	-14	-1
Non-ED		59	67	63	67		Non-ED		60	68	67	70	•
California	4						California	4					
ED		22	25	28	31		ED		28	35	39	44	
Gap		-34	-42	-41	-39	5	Gap		-28	-35	-34	-31	3
Non-ED		56	67	69	70		Non-ED		56	70	73	75	
San Francisco	8						San Francisco	8					
ED		39	40	38	40		· ED		49	55	53	55	
Gap		-17	-19	-17	-18	1	Gap		-9	-7	-7	-8	-1
Non-ED		56	59	55	58	•	Non-ED		58	62	60	63	-1
California	8						California	8					
ED		27	28	29	30		ED		27	29	31	32	
Gap		-30	-36	-36	-34	4	Gap		-27	-33	-31	-31	4
Non-ED		57	64	65	64		Non-ED		54	62	62	63	
San Francisco	10						San Francisco	10					
ED		27	26	23	24		ED		52	5.5	5.4	<i>C</i> 1	
Gap		-15	-16	-19	-23	8	ED <i>Gap</i>		53 <b>-5</b>	55 <b>-6</b>	54 -7	61 <b>-6</b>	1
Non-ED		42	42	42	47	, 0	Non-ED		58	61	61	67	1
California	10						California	10					
ED		15	15	15	15		ED		29	29	28	30	
Gap		-23	-27	-28	-28	5	Gap		-19	-24	-24	-24	5
Non-ED		38	42	43	43		Non-ED		48	53	52	54	



San Francisco SAT/9 - Limited English Proficiency Students Percent At/Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
San Francisco	4						San Francisco	4					
I ED		23	33	36	37		LEP		46	51	54	55	
LEP <i>Gap</i>		-30	-27	-24	-25	-5	Gap		-8	<b>-8</b>	-7	-10	2
Non-LEP		-30 53	60	60	62	-5	Non-LEP		54	59	61	65	_
TYON EE		55			-								
California	4						California	4					
ED		11	13	15	18		LEP		21	27	30	36	
Gap		-42	-44	-44	-43	1	Gap		<i>-31</i>	-33	-34	-31	0
Non-ED		53	57	59	61		Non-LEP		52	60	64	67	
San Francisco													
Sun i iunosco	8						San Francisco	8					
LEP		12	12	9	9		LEP		32	39	38	38	
Gap		-47	-48	-51	-50	3	Gap		-29	-24	-25	-27	-2
Non-LEP		59	60	60	59	-	Non-LEP		61	63	63	65	,
California	8						California	8					
LEP		8	9	10	11		LEP		15	17	19	20	
Gap		-49	-49	-49	-48	-1	Gap		-37	-38	-37	-37	0
Non-LEP		57	58	59	59		Non-LEP		52	55	56	57	
San Francisco	10						San Francisco	10					
		7	-	-	4		LEP		38	43	45	51	
LEP		7 <b>-39</b>	5 <b>-40</b>	5 <b>-39</b>	4 -43	4	Gap		-25	-20	-17	-17	-8
<i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		-39 46	<b>-40</b> 45	-39 44	-43 47	4	Non-LEP		63	63	62	68	·
NOII-LEP		40	43	77	7/		NoiPLLI		03	05	٠2		
California	10						California	10					
LEP		3	3	3	3		LEP		20	21	19	20	
Gap		-38	-36	-37	-37	-1	Gap		-30	-29	-31	-31	1
Non-LEP		41	39	40	40	_	Non-LEP		50	50	50	51	



San Francisco SAT/9-Special Education Percent At/Above 50th NPR

Reading	Grade	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
San Francisco	4					San Francisco	4				
Special Educati	on	34	37	34		Consider to	•_	40	20		
Gap	OII	-17	-15	-20	3	Special Education Gap	ion	40 -17	38 <i>-21</i>	45 <i>-17</i>	0
Non-Special Ed	ducation	51	52	54	3	Non-Special E	ducation	-1 / 57	-21 59	-17 62	U
•						Tron opecan D	aucation	5,	37	02	
California	4					California	4				
Special Education	on	25	27	28		Special Educati	ion	29	28	34	
Gap		-21	-21	-22	1	Gap		-23	-28	-25	2
Non-Special Ed	ducation	46	48	50		Non-Special E	ducation	52	56	59	~
						• -					
San Francisco	8					San Francisco	8				
Special Education	on	21	19	17		Special Educati	on	23	22	19	
Gap		-32	-31	-34	2	Gap	011	-38	-38	-44	6
Non-Special Ed	ducation	53	50	51		Non-Special E	ducation	61	60	63	Ū
						•					
California	8					California	8				
Special Education	on	15	15	15		Special Educati	on	15	15	15	
Gap		-36	-37	<i>-37</i>	1	Gap	•••	-35	-36	-37	2
Non-Special Ec	lucation	51	52	52		Non-Special Ed	ducation	50	51	52	-
San Francisco	10					San Francisco	10				
Special Education	on	9	19	10		Special Educati	on	23	28	25	
Gap		-31	-19	-31	0	Gap		-39	-32	-41	2
Non-Special Ed	lucation	40	38	41		Non-Special Ed	ducation	62	60	66	
California	10					California	10				
Special Education	on	8	7	9		Special Education	on	13	11	14	
Gap		-27	-29	-27	0	Gap	=	-35	-36	-34	-1
Non-Special Ed	lucation	35	36	36		Non-Special Ed	ducation	48	47	48	-



SEATTLE

STATE

Washington

STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

Washington Assessment

of Student Learning, First Year Reported & ITBS

1998

**Grades Tested** 

State Assessment

3, 4, 6, 7, 9 & 10 How Reported

Performance Level & National Percentile

DEMOGRAPHICS 1	SEATT	LE	Washin	GTON
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	46,757	47,575	956,572	1,004,770
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	43.3*	NA	NA
Percent of Students with IEPs	9.9	12.1	11.1	11.5
Percent English Language Learners	NA	12.4*	NA	NA
Percent African American	23.0	23.2	4.7	5.3
Percent Hispanic	8.0	10.4	7.8	10.2
Percent White	41.1	40.0	78.3	74.4
Percent Other	27.9	26.5	9.1	10.0
Number of FTE Teachers	2,420	2,550	46,907	51,098
Student-Teacher Ratio	19.3	17.3	20.4	19.7
Number of Schools	114	119	2,124	2,305
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$6,723	\$7,059	\$5,639	\$6,110
Seattle as a Percentage of Washington's Pu	blic Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			4.9	4.7
Percent of FRPL			NA	NA
Percent of IEPs		0	4.4	5.0
Percent of ELLs		***************************************	NA	NA
Percent of Schools			5.4	5.2
Percent of Teachers			5.2	5.0
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			4.7	4.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Seattle Washington Assessment of Student Learning (WASL) Percent Meeting Standard

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading		_					
Seattle	4	52.3	56.0	63.6	63.5	64.2	3.0
Washington	4	55.6	59.1	65.8	66.1	65.6	2.5
Seattle	7	33.8	40.1	39.8	38.9	44.3	2.6
Washington	7	38.4	40.8	41.5	39.8	44.5	1.5
Seattle	10	NA	36.0	49.8	49.5	52.4	5.5
Washington	10	NA	51.4	59.8	62.4	59.2	2.6
Math							
Seattle	4	34.8	35.8	44.3	43.5	51.1	4.1
Washington	4	31.2	37.3	41.8	43.4	51.8	5.2
Seattle	7	21.8	26.9	30.9	29.9	29.8	2.0
Washington	7	20.1	24.2	28.2	27.4	30.4	2.6
Seattle	10	NA	24.8	32.2	33.7	35.3	3.5
Washington	10	NA	33.0	35.0	38.9	37.3	1.4
Seattle ITBS							
			1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change in NCEs
ITBS National Percentile			1999	2000	2001	2002	
ITBS National Percentile Reading	3		1999	2000	2001	2002	
ITBS	3 3						Change in NCEs
ITBS National Percentile  Reading Seattle Washington	3		59	60	60	61	Change in NCEs  0.4
ITBS National Percentile  Reading Seattle Washington Seattle	3 3 6 6		59 55	60 56	60 57	61 57	Change in NCEs  0.4  0.4
ITBS National Percentile  Reading  Seattle Washington  Seattle Washington	3 6 6		59 55 NA NA	60 56 57	60 57 55	61 57 57	0.4 0.4 0.0
ITBS National Percentile Reading Seattle	3 6		59 55 NA	60 56 57 54	60 57 55 53	61 57 57 54	0.4 0.4 0.0 0.0
ITBS National Percentile  Reading  Seattle Washington  Seattle Washington  Seattle	3 6 6 9		59 55 NA NA	60 56 57 54 52	60 57 55 53	61 57 57 54 51	0.4 0.4 0.0 0.0 -0.3
National Percentile  Reading  Seattle Washington  Seattle Washington  Seattle Washington  Quantitative Thinking	3 6 6 9 9		59 55 NA NA NA NA	60 56 57 54 52 54	60 57 55 53 53 53	61 57 57 54 51 54	0.4 0.4 0.0 0.0 -0.3 0.0
ITBS National Percentile  Reading Seattle Washington Seattle Washington Seattle Washington	3 6 6 9 9		59 55 NA NA NA	60 56 57 54 52 54	60 57 55 53 53 53	61 57 57 54 51 54	0.4 0.4 0.0 0.0 -0.3 0.0
ITBS National Percentile  Reading Seattle Washington Seattle Washington Seattle Washington Quantitative Thinking Seattle Washington	3 6 6 9 9		59 55 NA NA NA NA	60 56 57 54 52 54	60 57 55 53 53 53 68 64 56	61 57 57 54 51 54 71 66 58	0.4 0.4 0.0 0.0 -0.3 0.0
ITBS National Percentile  Reading  Seattle Washington  Seattle Washington  Seattle Washington  Quantitative Thinking  Seattle	3 6 6 9 9 3 3		59 55 NA NA NA NA	60 56 57 54 52 54	60 57 55 53 53 53 68 64	61 57 57 54 51 54	0.4 0.4 0.0 0.0 -0.3 0.0
National Percentile  Reading  Seattle Washington  Seattle Washington  Seattle Washington  Quantitative Thinking  Seattle Washington  Seattle	3 6 6 9 9 9		59 55 NA NA NA NA 69 60 NA	60 56 57 54 52 54	60 57 55 53 53 53 68 64 56	61 57 57 54 51 54 71 66 58	0.4 0.4 0.0 0.0 -0.3 0.0



Seattle WASL-Reading Percent Meeting Standard

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Seattle	4						
African American		30.6	33.5	40.3	41.3	43.3	
Gap		-41.7	-43.5	-41.1	-41.0	-37.1	-4.6
White		72.3	77.0	81.4	82.3	80.4	-4.0
<i>Gap</i>		-32.1	-34.2	-30.7	<i>-34.3</i>	-28.6	-3.5
Hispanic		40.2	42.8	50.7	48.0	51.8	-3.3
Washington	4						
African American		35.4	39.3	47.7	48.2	49.2	
<i>Бар</i>		-26.1	-26.0	-24.1	-23.9	-21.9	-4.2
Vhite		61.5	65.3	71.8	72.1	71.1	-4.2
<i>Gap</i>		-33.9	<i>-34.0</i>	-32.4	-31.7	-29.2	<b>-4.</b> 7
Hispanic		27.6	31.3	39.4	40.4	41.9	-4./
Seattle	7						
African American		12.2	16.7	15.4	15.9	20.0	
<i>Gap</i>		-40.9	<i>-45.9</i>	<i>-42.7</i>	<i>-41.9</i>	-43.2	2.3
Vhite		53.1	62.6	58.1	57.8	63.2	2.3
Гар		<i>-32.3</i>	<i>-34.5</i>	-24.6	-33.6	-31.0	-1.3
Iispanic		20.8	28.1	33.5	24.2	32.2	-1.3
Vashington	7						
African American		17.5	19.5	20.4	20.4	24.2	
Гар		-25.8	-26.8	<b>-26.</b> 7	-24.5	-25.4	-0.4
Vhite		43.3	46.3	47.1	44.9	49.6	-0.4
iap		-28.6	-28.5	-29.4	-28.2	-28.4	-0.2
lispanic		14.7	17.8	17.7	16.7	21.2	<b>-0.</b> 2
eattle	10						
African American		NA	15.9	25.4	26.5	23.0	
ар		NA	-38.8	-45.1	-41.2	-48.0	9.2
√hite		NA	54.7	70.5	67.7	<b>71.0</b>	<b>y.</b> 2
Гар		NA	-34.3	-26.7	-31.9	-29.1	-5.2
Iispanic		NA	20.4	43.8	35.8	41.9	-3.2
Vashington	10						
African American		NA	26.1	38.2	40.6	36.0	
Гар		NA	-32.2	-27.9	-27.2	-28.5	2 7
/hite		NA NA	58.3	66.1	-27.2 67.8		-3.7
Гар		NA NA	-32.3	-30.2		64.5	<b>A</b> .
Iispanic					-29.4	-29.7	-2.6
гырапис		NA	26.0	35.9	38.4	34.8	



Seattle WASL-Math Percent Meeting Standard

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Seattle	4						
African American		14.2	12.0	17.2	15.0	22.2	
Gap		-38.3	-43.1	-45.7	-50.6	-47.7	9.4
White		52.5	55.1	62.9	65.6	69.9	
Gap		-29.0	-32.1	-31.4	-36.9	-31.9	2.9
Hispanic		23.5	23.0	31.5	28.7	38.0	
Washington	4						
African American		13.0	15.3	18.7	19.5	28.5	
Gap		-22.4	-27.2	-28.5	-29.6	-28.8	6.4
White		35.4	42.5	47.2	49.1	57.3	
Gap		-24.0	-28.3	-29.0	-29.1	-28.1	4.1
Hispanic		11.4	14.2	18.2	20.0	29.2	
Seattle	7						
African American		2.3	4.7	6.3	5.1	6.8	
Gap		-32.7	-41.8	-41.9	-43.3	<i>-38.7</i>	6.0
White		35.0	46.5	48.2	48.4	45.5	
Gap		-24.1	<i>-31.1</i>	<i>-26.7</i>	-30.9	-29.2	5.1
Hispanic		10.9	15.4	21.5	17.5	16.3	
Washington	7						
African American		4.9	6.8	8.7	7.8	10.3	
Gap		-17.9	-21.3	-23.7	-23.8	-24.1	6.2
White		22.8	28.1	32.4	31.6	34.4	
Gap		-17.3	-20.9	-22.7	-23.2	-22.9	5.6
Hispanic		5.5	7.2	9.7	8.4	11.5	
Seattle	10						
African American		NA	5.4	8.3	6.1	8.1	
Gap		NA	-35.9	-40.2	-46.6	-45.6	9.7
White		NA	41.3	48.5	52.7	53.7	
Gap		<i>NA</i>	-30.4	-26.4	-34.9	-33.9	3.5
Hispanic		NA	10.9	22.1	17.8	19.8	
Washington	10						
African American		NA	9.5	11.7	11.9	12.9	2.2
Gap		NA	-28.6	-28.4	-31.8	-28.9	0.3
White		NA	38.1	40.1	43.7	41.8	
Gap		NA	-26.5	-27.5	-29.1	-27.6	1.1
Hispanic		NA	11.6	12.6	14.6	14.2	
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Seattle
WASL - Title I Students
Percent Students Meeting Standard

Reading	Grade	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Seattle	4	48.4	43.8	-4.6
Washington	4	49.2	50.9	1.7
Seattle	7	13.8	30.6	16.8
Washington	7	20.5	26.1	5.6
Math				
Seattle	4	25.0	25.4	0.4
Washington	4	26.9	36.9	10.0
Seattle	7	4.6	2.0	-2.6
Washington	7	12.4	15.8	3.4

Seattle WASL

Percent Students Meeting Standard - Bilingual

Reading	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Seattle	4	NA	NA	24.4	25.9	1.5
Washington	4	14.8	20.9	24.0	24.8	3.3
Seattle	7	NA	NA	1.7	5.0	3.3
Washington	7	5.0	5.4	3.8	6.7	0.6
Seattle	10	NA	NA	11.0	8.5	-2.5
Washington	10	6.8	12.2	17.8	13.0	2.1
Math						
Seattle	4	NA	NA	9.0	18.2	9.2
Washington	4	8.1	10.9	11.6	18.2	3.4
Seattle	7	NA	NA	2.5	4.3	1.8
Washington	7	3.7	4.1	3.8	6.8	1.0
Seattle	10	NA	NA	9.7	10.1	0.4
Washington	10	7.8	7.3	12.0	8.7	0.3



Seattle
WASL
Percent Students Meeting Standard - Special Education

Reading	Grade	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Seattle	4	18.5	25.5	30.0	35.9	5.8
Washington	4	19.7	27.2	29.0	30.2	3.5
Seattle	7	6.5	7.2	9.3	11.0	1.5
Washington	7	7.1	6.7	6.5	8.3	0.4
Seattle	10	7.3	10.0	14.1	16.1	2.9
Washington	10	11.3	14.5	14.1	12.6	0.4
Math						
Seattle	4	7.7	14.2	15.7	28.7	7.0
Washington	4	11.5	14.5	16.4	22.9	3.8
Seattle	7	3.9	3.8	4.9	4.0	0.0
Washington	7	3.3	3.1	3.4	3.9	0.2
Seattle	10	3.7	2.1	7.0	6.5	0.9
Washington	10	4.7	4.5	5.3	4.3	-0.1



St. Louis

STATE

Missouri

**State Assessment** 

M issouri Assessment Program First Year Reported

1997

**Grades Tested** 

3,4,7,8,10, & 11 How Reported

Performance Level

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	St. Lo	UIS	Misso	URI
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	41,711*	44,412	889,881	912,744
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	83.0*	74.3	NA	34.6
Percent of Students with IEPs	15.3*	15.7	15.2	15.0
Percent English Language Learners	NA	5.5	NA	1.1
Percent African American	79.7	80.5	16.1	17.4
Percent Hispanic	0.7	1.1	1.0	1.8
Percent White	18.0	16.8	81.7	79.3
Percent Other	1.7	1.5	1.2	1.5
Number of FTE Teachers	3,152	3,305	57,951	64,739
Student-Teacher Ratio	13.2	13.4	15.4	14.1
Number of Schools	105	120	2,256	2,368
Current Expenditures Per Pupil 2	\$7,696	\$7,855	\$5,092	\$5,855
St. Louis as a Percentage of Missouri's Pub	lic Schools		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			4.7	4.9
Percent of FRPL			NA	10.5
Percent of IEPs			4.6	5.1
Percent of ELLs			NA	23.8
Percent of Schools			5.0	5.1
Percent of Teachers			5.4	5.1
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			7.9	8.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

St. Louis Missouri Assessment Program (MAP) Percent Scoring Proficient and Advanced

	Grade	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Communicati	ion Arts	_					_	
St Louis	3	NA	10.1	12.0	14.0	17.2	20.8	2.7
Missouri	3	NA	28.6	28.8	31.7	31.6	35.4	1.7
St Louis	7	NA	11.7	10.7	12.8	11.4	15.2	0.9
Missouri	7	NA	30.3	30.5	32.3	34.2	32.0	0.4
St Louis	11	NA	10.4	10.0	9.6	8.1	6.7	-0.9
Missouri	11	NA	20.7	23.4	22.8	22.6	23.7	0.8
Math								
St Louis	4	10.6	11.8	17.6	17.9	19.2	20.6	2.0
Missouri	4	34.1	31.8	35.3	36.7	37.7	37.6	0.7
St Louis	8	3.5	3.6	3.0	4.2	6.3	5.3	0.4
Missouri	8	13.5	12.6	10.4	14.1	14.7	13.7	0.0
St Louis	10	5.7	3.0	3.3	3.2	2.6	2.4	-0.7
Missouri	10	11.4	7.0	9.7	10.3	12.7	10.7	-0.1



St. Paul

STATE

Minnesota

## STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

M innesota

State Assessment

Comprehensive Assessment & Basic Skills Test

First Year Reported

1998

**Grades Tested** 

3, 5, & 8 How Reported

Performance Level 7 Percent Passing

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	St. PA	UL	MINNESOTA		
P	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01	
Number of Students	42,520	45,115	835,166	854,340	
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch E ligible (FRPL)	55.0*	63.1	NA	25.6	
Percent of Students with IEPs	15.6*	14.4	12.4	12.8	
Percent English Language Learners	20.5*	35.4	NA	5.2	
Percent African American	21.2	24.3	4.8	6.6	
Percent Hispanic	6.8	9.9	2.0	3.4	
Percent White	45.9	33.3	87.4	82.9	
Percent Other	. 26.2	32.5	5.8	7.1	
Number of FTE Teachers	2,203	3,029	46,971	53,457	
Student-Teacher Ratio	19.3	14.9	17.8	16.0	
Number of Schools	68*	122	2,157	2,362	
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$6,649	\$8,119	\$5,801	\$6,791	
St. Paul as a Percentage of Minnesota's Pul	1995-96	2000-01			
Percent of Students		-	5.1	5.3	
Percent of FRPL			NA	13.0	
Percent of IEPs			6.4	6.0	
Percent of ELLs			NA	36.0	
Percent of Schools			3.2	5.2	
Percent of Teachers			4.7	5.7	
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			5.9	7.3	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

St. Paul Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment (MCA) Percent Scoring at Levels III & IV

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading	-						
St Paul	3	15.6	20.0	22.8	29.5	26.9	2.8
Minnesota	3	35.3	39.9	44.6	49.0	48.8	3.4
St Paul	5	19.1	24.5	27.0	34.4	35.3	4.1
Minnesota	5	38.2	44.6	51.8	62.9	64.0	6.5
Math							
St Paul	3	17.2	21.3	27.3	34.1	30.1	3.2
Minnesota	3	35.2	42.1	46.4	52.7	47.9	3.2
St Paul	5	14.3	17.9	24.3	27.1	30.1	3.9
Minnesota	5	31.1	36.4	45.6	50.6	52.7	5.4
Minnesota Ba Percent Passin	sic Standards Tes ng	et (MBST)					
	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change
Reading							
St. Paul	8	39.6	49.4	55.9	54.8	55.3	3.9
Minnesota	8	68.0	75.2	79.7	78.8	80.0	3.0
Math							
St. Paul	8	38.6	44.0	46.6	46.3	47.7	2.3
Minnesota	8	70.6	70.2	71.8	72.0	74.5	1.0



St. Paul Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment (MCA)-Reading Percent Scoring Levels III & IV

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
St. Paul	3	_					
African American		9.1	12.3	14.7	20.1	20.5	
Gap		-21.9	-24.7	-30.8	-33.8	-34.2	12
White		31.0	37.0	45.5	53.9	54.7	
Gap		-20.1	-22.4	-27.7	-31.9	-34.1	14
Hispanic		10.9	14.6	17.8	22.0	20.5	
Minnesota	3						
African American		10.7	15.0	16.1	20.1	21.1	
Gap		-28.6	-29.5	-34.2	-34.7	-33.8	5
White		39.4	44.5	50.2	54.9	54.9	
Gap		-23.7	-24.2	-28.8	<i>-31.7</i>	-33.0	9
Hispanic		15.7	20.3	21.5	23.1	21.9	
St. Paul	5						
African American		8.5	13.6	15.6	22.4	24.2	
Gap		<i>-27.9</i>	-30.4	<i>-34.3</i>	-40.2	-38.9	11
White		36.4	44.0	49.9	62.7	63.1	
Gap		-20.3	-24.4	-26.7	-32.6	<i>-32.1</i>	<i>12</i>
Hispanic		16.1	19.6	23.1	30.0	31.0	
Minnesota	5						
African American		13.0	15.5	19.8	28.0	29.0	
Gap		-29.0	-33.9	<i>-37.6</i>	-41.8	-42.1	<i>13</i>
White		42.0	49.3	57.4	69.7	71.1	
Gap		-25.6	-30.3	-31.5	-36.5	<i>-37.6</i>	12
Hispanic		16.3	19.0	25.9	33.2	33.5	
Minnesota Basic Percent Passing	Skills Tes	t (MBST)	-Reading				
St. Paul	8					,	
African American		25.5	33.7	41.4	40.1	40.8	
Gap		-33.2	-35.9	-34.6	-35.3	-38.5	5
White		58.7	69.6	76.0	75.4	79.3	
Gap		-30.1	-30.2	-25.7	-24.5	-32.1	2
Hispanic		28.6	39.4	50.3	50.9	47.2	
Minnesota	8						
African American		31.2	38.5	48.1	45.2	46.5	
Gap		-41.2	-41.3	<i>-36.0</i>	-38.4	<i>-39.1</i>	-2
White		72.4	79.8	84.1	83.6	85.6	
Gap		<i>-34.1</i>	-34.6	-31.0	-32.4	<i>-33.6</i>	-1
Hispanic		38.3	45.2	53.1	51.2	52.0	



St. Paul Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment (MCA)-Math Percent Passing

	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
St. Paul	3						
African American		6.6	9.4	13.8	19.1	19.3	
Gap		-28.1	-31.3	-35.0	-34.1	-33.5	5
White		34.7	40.7	48.8	53.1	52.8	3
Gap		-24.8	-24.8	-28.0	-23.7	-32.4	8
Hispanic		<b>-24.6</b> 9.9	15.9	20.8	29.5	20.5	O
rispanic		9.9	13.9	20.8	29.3	20.3	
Minnesota	3						
African American		8.2	11.2	15.2	19.8	19.1	
Gap		-31.2	<i>-36.1</i>	<i>-36.7</i>	-38.8	-34.4	3
White		39.4	47.4	51.9	58.6	53.5	
Gap		-25.8	-28.6	-30.6	<i>-33.1</i>	<i>-31.7</i>	6
Hispanic		13.6	18.7	21.3	25.5	21.8	
St. Paul	5						
African American		3.4	4.7	8.8	12.8	14.9	
Gap		-25.4	-30.4	-35.0	-36.9	-37.5	12
White		28.8	35.0	43.8	49.8	52.4	
Gap		-18.0	-25.1	-27.9	-32.3	-28.6	11
Hispanic		10.8	9.9	15.9	17.5	23.8	
Minnesota	5						
African American		6.6	7.8	12.7	16.5	18.3	
Gap		-28.0	-32.8	-38.1	-40.1	-40.8	13
White		34.5	40.6	50.8	56.7	59.1	
Gap		-23.5	-27.8	-32.0	-33.8	-34.7	11
Hispanic		11.0	12.8	18.8	22.8	24.3	
Minnesota Basic Percent Passing	Skills Te	st (MBS)	Γ)-Math				
St. Paul	8						
African American		17.6	22.0	24.3	26.2	25.7	
Gap		-40.9	-39.9	-41.0	-39.0	-42.7	2
White		58.5	61.9	65.3	65.2	68.4	-
Gap		<i>-34.6</i>	-32.1	-29.0	-27.7	-29.2	-5
Hispanic		23.9	29.8	36.3	37.5	39	-3
Minnesota	8						
African American		26.0	26.2	30.6	29.7	33.0	
Gap		-49.5	-48.9	-46.0	-47.5	-47.5	-2
White		75.5	75.1	76.6	77.2	80.5	
Gap		-38.2	-38.1	-37.1	-36.9	-37.6	-1
Hispanic		37.3	37.0	39.5	40.3	42.9	_
parme		25	57.0	57.5	.0.5		



St. Paul Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment (MCA) Percent Scoring Level III and IV

Reading	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
St. Paul	3							St. Paul	3						
FRPL <i>Gap</i> Non-FRPL		6.6 -31.4 38.0	10.4 -31.6 42.1	11.3 -37.3 48.6	17.6 -37.6 55.2	16.4 -37.8 54.2	6.4	FRPL <i>Gap</i> Non-FRPL		8.5 -30.9 39.4	11.4 -33.3 44.7	17.1 -33.4 50.6	25.0 <b>-29.7</b> 54.6	20.3 -35.4 55.7	4.5
Minnesota	3							Minnesota	3						
FRPL <i>Gap</i> Non-FRPL		18.1 -25.2 43.3	21.5 -26.8 48.3	23.5 -30.6 54.1	28.2 -30.0 58.1	28.1 -29.9 58.0	4.7	FRPL <i>Gap</i> Non-FRPL		17.7 -25.6 43.3	23.6 -27.0 50.6	26.8 -28.5 55.3	32.9 -28.5 61.4	29.0 -27.5 56.5	1.9
St. Paul	5							St. Paul	5						
FRPL <i>Gap</i> Non-FRPL		8.5 -35.0 43.5	11.8 -40.1 51.9	14.1 -39.3 53.3	21.0 -43.4 64.4	23.8 -41.7 65.5	6.8	FRPL <i>Gap</i> Non-FRPL		5.9 <b>-27.9</b> 33.8	7.0 -34.5 41.5	12.2 -36.2 48.4	16.3 -34.9 51.1	19.8 -36.1 55.9	8.2
Minnesota	5							Minnesota	5						
FRPL <i>Gap</i> Non-FRPL		19.6 <b>-26.4</b> 46.0	24.0 -29.4 53.3	29.2 -31.9 61.1	39.4 -33.2 72.5	40.4 -33.9 74.3	7.5	FRPL <i>Gap</i> Non-FRPL		14.0 -24.3 38.2	17.7 <b>-26.5</b> 44.2	23.5 -31.2 54.7	28.4 -31.4 59.8	29.9 -32.8 62.7	8.5
Minnesota Percent Pa		kills Tes	st (MBS	ST)											
St. Paul	8							St. Paul	8						
FRPL <i>Gap</i> Non-FRPL		25.9 -39.7 65.5	34.8 -39.2 74.1	43.8 -34.7 78.5	42.3 -37.6 79.8	43.7 -37.7 81.3	-2.0	FRPL <i>Gap</i> Non-FRPL		26.2 -36.6 62.8	29.9 -38.3 68.2	34.5 -35.7 70.2	34.4 -35.8 70.2	36.8 -35.1 71.8	-1.6
Minnesota	8							Minnesota	8						
FRPL <i>Gap</i> Non-FRPL		45.6 -30.1 75.7	53.2 <b>-29.6</b> 82.7	59.6 <b>-26.9</b> 86.4	57.1 <b>-29.0</b> 86.0	59.3 -28.3 87.6	-1.8	FRPL <i>Gap</i> Non-FRPL		48.1 -30.4 78.5	46.9 -31.4 78.2	49.3 -30.1 79.4	47.8 -32.2 80.0	51.7 -31.2 82.9	0.8



St. Paul Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment (MCA) Percent Scoring Level III and IV

Reading	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
St. Paul	3							St. Paul	3						
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		1.5 <b>-20.3</b> 21.8	3.9 <b>-24.0</b> 27.8	3.7 -29.5 33.2	14.7 -24.1 38.8	5.2 -33.0 38.2	12.6	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		3.8 -19.6 23.4	5.2 -24.3 29.4	11.3 -25.0 36.3	27.2 -11.7 38.9	14.9 -23.4 38.3	3.8
Minnesota	3							Minnesota	3						
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		4.5 -32.3 36.8	7.3 -34.4 41.7	6.1 <b>-40.8</b> 46.9	12.6 -38.9 51.6	10.4 -41.3 51.7	8.9	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		6.6 -30.0 36.6	9.7 -34.4 44.0	12.5 -36.0 48.5	22.1 -32.8 54.9	16.6 -33.8 50.4	3.8
St. Paul	5							St. Paul	5						
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		2.6 -22.7 25.2	3.0 -30.2 33.2	4.2 -33.3 37.4	17.8 -28.0 45.7	8.7 <b>-39.6</b> 48.3	17.0	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		2.2 -16.7 18.9	2.4 -21.8 24.2	8.4 <i>-23.1</i> 31.5	16.5 -17.9 34.4	11.4 -27.5 38.9	10.8
Minnesota	5							Minnesota	5						
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		4.3 -35.3 39.6	5.4 <b>-41.0</b> 46.4	7.2 <b>-46.9</b> 54.0	16.5 -49.3 65.8	15.1 - <b>52.0</b> 67.1	16.7	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		. 4.2 -28.0 32.2	4.7 -33.1 37.8	9.5 -37.9 47.5	14.6 -38.4 53.0	14.6 <b>-40.6</b> 55.2	12.6
Minnesota Percent Pa		kills Tes	st (MBS	ST)											
St. Paul	8							St. Paul	8						
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		11.5 -36.3 47.8	17.0 <b>-43.6</b> 60.6	30.0 -37.9 67.9	41.0 -22.5 63.4	32.9 -35.1 68.0	-1.3	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		15.7 <b>-29.8</b> 45.5	21.7 -30.3 51.9	30.2 -25.1 55.2	39.0 -12.0 51.0	32.9 -23.2 56.1	-6.5
Minnesota	8							Minnesota	8						
LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		15.8 -53.8 69.6	21.6 -55.3 76.9	30.5 -51.2 81.7	32.0 -48.9 80.9	30.8 -51.8 82.6	-2.0	LEP <i>Gap</i> Non-LEP		22.5 <b>-49.7</b> 72.2	24.2 -47.6 71.8	31.4 -42.1 73.5	33.1 -40.7 73.8	32.1 -44.8 76.9	-4.9



St. Paul Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment (MCA) Percent Scoring Level III and IV

Reading	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap	Math	Grade	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Change in Gap
St. Paul	3							St. Paul	3			_			
Special Edu	cation	4.3	7.6	9.0	11.4	10.9		Special Educ	ation	5.2	9.1	13.2	14.8	11.2	
Gap		-12.4	-14.2	-15.4	-20.3	-18.4	6.1	Gap		-13.3	-14.1	-16.0	-22.0	-21.7	8.4
Regular Edu	ecation	16.6	21.8	24.5	31.8	29.3		Regular Educ	cation	18.5	23.2	29.2	36.8	32.9	
Minnesota	3							Minnesota	3						
Special Edu	cation	12.4	15.3	17.5	21.4	21.9		Special Educ	ation	14.2	19.5	22.0	26.3	23.5	
Gap		-25.9	-27.9	-30.6	-31.0	-30.1	4.3	Gap		-23.9	-25.7	-27.6	-29.9	-27.6	3.7
Regular Edu	cation	38.3	43.1	48.1	52.4	52.1		Regular Educ	eation	38.0	45.2	49.6	56.1	51.1	
St. Paul	5							St. Paul	5						
Special Edu	cation	2.9	6.8	7.8	13.1	13.8		Special Educ	ation	2.7	5.4	6.4	9.9	10.4	
Gap		-19.0	-20.8	-22.4	-25.5	-26.1	7.1	Ġар		-13.7	-14.9	-20.7	-20.5	-23.6	9.8
Regular Edu	cation	21.9	27.6	30.2	38.6	39.9		Regular Educ	ation	16.4	20.3	27.1	30.4	34.0	
Minnesota	5							Minnesota	5						
Special Edu	cation	12.0	15.0	20.4	28.7	29.2		Special Educ	ation	10.5	13.5	19.1	21.9	23.0	
Gap		-30.3	-34.3	-36.3	-39.5	<b>-40.1</b>	9.8	Gap		-23.8	-26.5	-30.7	-33.3	-34.2	10.4
Regular Edu	cation	42.3	49.3	56.6	68.1	69.2		Regular Educ	eation	34.3	40.0	49.8	55.1	57.3	
Minnesota Percent Pa		cills Test	(MBST	")											
St. Paul	8							St. Paul	8						
Special Edu	cation	11.5	13.7	19.6	18.3	19.3		Special Educ	ation	10.1	10.9	12.7	13.9	13.5	
Gap		<i>-32.7</i>	-41.0	<b>-42.</b> 7	-42.9	-42.8	10.1	Gap		-33.4	-38.0	-40.2	-38.0	-40.4	7.0
Regular Edu	ecation	44.2	54.6	62.3	61.2	62.1		Regular Educ	ation	43.5	49.0	52.9	51.9	54.0	
Minnesota	8							Minnesota	8						
Special Edu	cation	24.9	32.7	39.0	36.7	40.3		Special Educ	ation	26.8	27.0	28.7	30.1	33.1	
Gap		-48.9	-48.3	-46.8	-48.2	-45.5	-3.4	Gap		-49.8	-49.2	-49.6	-48.0	<b>-47.5</b>	-2.3
Regular Edu	ecation	73.8	81.0	85.8	84.9	85.8		Regular Educ	ation	76.6	76.2	78.3	78.1	80.6	



DISTRICT TOLEDO STATE OHIO

#### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

State Assessment Ohio Proficiency Tests First Year Reported

1996

Grades Tested 4, 6, 9, & 12 How Reported

Performance Level

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	Tolei	00	Оні	o
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01
Number of Students	39,193	37,738	1,836,015	1,835,049
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	53.2	NA	26.3
Percent of Students with IEPs	4.7	15.8	3.7	12.5
Percent English Language Learners	NA	NA	NA	NA
Percent African American	43.7	46.1	15.3	16.3
Percent Hispanic	6.2	6.7	1.4	1.7
Percent White	49.3	45.7	82.2	80.7
Percent Other	0.9	0.7	1.1	1.3
Number of FTE Teachers	2,512	2,816	107,347	118,361
Student-Teacher Ratio	15.6	13.4	17.1	15.5
Number of Schools	64	66	3,865	3,916
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$6,154	\$7,120	\$5,669	\$6,627
Toedo as a Percentage of Ohio's Public Schools	;		1995-96	2000-01
Percent of Students			2.1	2.1
Percent of FRPL			NA	4.1
Percent of IEPs			* 2.7	2.6
Percent of ELLs			NA	0.3
Percent of Schools			1.7	1.7
Percent of Teachers			2.3	2.4
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>			2.6	2.7

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data, "Public Elementary/Secondary School Universe Survey," 2000-2001, "Local Education Agency Universe Survey," 2000-2001, and "National Public Education Financial Survey," 1998-1999, and The Council of the Great City Schools.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Toledo State Proficiency Test Percent At or Above the Proficient Level

	Grade	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading									
Toledo	4	28.7	33.4	23.6	37.2	34.5	29.1	41.2	2.1
Ohio	4	45.6	51.7	47.1	59.2	58.2	56.0	67.7	3.7
Toledo	6	23.8	30.5	29.9	35.4	34.6	35.7	33.4	1.6
Ohio	6	43.2	45.8	52.6	52.1	53.2	58.3	58.2	2.5
Toledo	9	71.1	74.2	76.7	81.1	76.8	80.6	82.0	1.8
Ohio	9	85.3	86.1	86.6	88.7	89.1	90.5	91.6	1.1
Toledo	12	55.1	52.2	45.1	48.7	40.1	48.1	NA	NA
Ohio	12	67.9	68.2	66.7	68.6	65.9	74.1	NA	NA
Math									
Toledo	4	25.2	19.5	20.1	27.4	24.4	32.6	33.9	1.5
Ohio	4	44.4	39.3	41.7	50.6	48.9	59.4	62.9	3.1
Toledo	6	21.8	30.3	23.5	31.4	33.4	34.6	38.4	2.8
Ohio	6	44.4	49.7	46.9	51.4	54.4	61.1	61.7	2.9
Toledo	9	33.4	38.3	39.4	44.0	43.9	46.6	45.2	2.0
Ohio	9	64.1	64.5	65.0	68.8	70.4	72.5	73.5	1.6
Toledo	12	29.1	28.5	28.3	29.1	33.9	34.8	NA	NA
Ohio	12	47.9	47.4	50.1	53.8	59.0	61.9	NA	NA



District

Tucson

STATE

Arizona

#### STATE READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

(AIMS)

Arizona Instrument to

Measure Standards First Year Reported

1997

**Grades Tested** 

**State Assessment** 

2-9 How Reported

National Percentiles

DEMOGRAPHICS 1	Tucso	Arizona			
	1995-96	2000-01	1995-96	2000-01	
Number of Students	62,317	61,869	743,566	877,696	
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	55.0*	59.0*	NA	NA	
Percent of Students with IEPs	9.6	11.2	9.7	10.2	
Percent English Language Learners	10.4*	11.6	NA	15.0	
Percent African American	6.5	6.7	4.3	4.6	
Percent Hispanic	41.0	45.3	30.0	33.9	
Percent White	46.5	41.5	56.9	52.8	
Percent Other	6.0	6.4	8.9	8.7	
Number of FTE Teachers	3,179	3,446	38,017	44,438	
Student-Teacher Ratio	19.6	17.1	19.6	19.8	
Number of Schools	110	123	1,133	1,724	
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$4,433	\$5,051	\$4,476	\$4,672	
Tucson as a Percentage of Arizona's Public	e Schools		1995-96	2000-01	
Percent of Students	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>.                                    </u>	8.4	7.0	
Percent of FRPL		******	NA	NA	
Percent of IEPs		<u> </u>	8.3	7.7	
Percent of ELLs			NA	5.4	
Percent of Schools			9.7	7.1	
Percent of Teachers			8.4	7.8	
Percent of State Revenue <sup>3</sup>		Out.	8.4	8.0	

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data, "Public Elementary/Secondary School Universe Survey," 2000-2001, "Local Education Agency Universe Survey," 2000-2001, and "National Public Education Financial Survey," 1998-1999, and The Council of the Great City Schools.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Tucson SAT/9-Reading National Percentiles

	Grade	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change in NCEs
Tucson	2	NA	NA	48	43	46	46	-0.3
Arizona	2	NA	NA	50	52	53	57	1.2
Tucson	3	41	45	45	44	46	43	0.2
Arizona	3	44	47	47	48	50	50	0.6
Tucson	4	49	49	52	48	52	47	-0.2
Arizona	4	52	53	54	54	55	55	0.3
Tucson	5	47	47	48	48	47	47	0.0
Arizona	5	50	51	51	51	51	53	0.3
Tucson	6	48	48	47	45	51	46	-0.2
Arizona	6	52	53	54	53	54	56	0.4
Tucson	7	49	48	49	46	48	49	0.0
Arizona	7	52	52	53	52	53	55	0.3
Tucson	8	53	51	51	49	52	52	-0.1
Arizona	8	54	54	54	53	55	56	0.2
Tucson	9	42	43	42	43	40	41	-0.1
Arizona	9	43	44	43	43	43	43	-0.1



Tucson SAT/9-Math National Percentiles

	Grade	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change in NCEs
Tucson	2	NA	NA	50	44	48	50	0.0
Arizona	2	NA	NA	51	55	57	61	1.8
Tucson	3	34	41	41	43	44	45	1.2
Arizona	3	41	46	49	52	54	56	1.4
Tucson	4	40	43	47	44	50	47	0.7
Arizona	4	48	51	54	55	57	58	1.0
Tucson	5	40	44	45	48	46	48	0.8
Arizona	5	47	51	54	55	57	59	1.3
Tucson	6	48	49	50	49	54	49	0.1
Arizona	6	54	57	59	60	63	65	1.2
Tucson	7	45	46	47	47	50	50	0.5
Arizona	7	50	53	55	56	58	60	1.1
Tucson	8	48	48	50	50	52	54	0.6
Arizona	8	50	52	54	56	58	59	1.0
Tucson	9	54	57	55	59	59	59	0.5
Arizona	9	54	57	57	59	61	62	0.9



Tucson SAT/9 Normal Curve Equivalents

	Grade	1997	1998	1999	2000_	2001	2002	Change in Gap
Reading	3							
African Amer	rican	39.8	40.5	41.5	40.9	42.7	42.3	
Gap		-12.4	-13.6	-12.6	-11.6	-12.0	<i>-12.7</i>	0.3
White		52.2	54.1	54.1	52.5	54.7	55.0	
Gap		-14.4	-13.6	-12.4	-11.1	<i>-12.1</i>	-14.0	-0.4
Hispanic		37.8	40.5	41.7	41.4	42.9	41.0	
	5							
African		42.5	43.9	44.2	43.4	44.0	45.3	
American		-14.6	-13.7	-13.8	-15.6	-13.0	-12.5	<i>-2.1</i>
Gap		57.1	57.6	58.0	59.0	57.0	<i>5</i> 7.8	
White		-17.6	<i>-17.6</i>	-17.3	-17.8	-15.1	-15.5	-2.1
<i>Gap</i> Hispanic		39.5	40.0	40.7	41.2	41.9	42.3	
- F	0				•			
African	8	45.0	45.7	A.C. 1	40.7	AO 1	40.0	
American		45.9	45.7	46.1	42.7	48.1	48.2	1 1
Gap		<i>-12.9</i>	-12.6	<i>-12.2</i>	<i>-14.6</i>	<i>-11.1</i>	-11.8	-1.1
White		58.8	58.3	58.3	57.3	59.2	60.0	0.1
Gap		-15.8	-15.4	-15.2	-15.2	-15.9	-15.7	-0.1
Hispanic		43.0	42.9	43.1	42.1	43.3	44.3	
Math								
. 0:	3							
African		35.2	38.0	38.8	39.5	40.5	41.1	
American		-12.4	<i>-13.7</i>	<i>-12.8</i>	<i>-12.1</i>	<i>-12.8</i>	<i>-14.1</i>	<i>1.7</i>
Gap		47.6	51.7	51.6	51.6	53.3	55.2	
White		-12.5	<i>-13.1</i>	-11.8	- <b>9.9</b>	-11.6	-12.8	0.3
<i>Gap</i> Hispanic		35.1	38.6	39.8	41.7	41.7	42.4	
	5							
African	J	25.0	39.4	42.1	42.8	41.9	43.6	
American		35.8				-14.1	-13.8	-3.5
Gap		<i>-17.3</i>	-15.4	-13.8	-15.0	-14.1 56.0	-13.6 57.4	-3.3
White		53.1	54.8	55.9 16.0	57.8		-13.7	-2.4
Gap		-16.1	-16.1	-16.0	-16.5	<i>-13.7</i> 42.3	-13.7 43.7	-2. <del>4</del>
Hispanic		37.0	38.7	39.9	41.3	42.3	43.7	
	8							
African		41.6	41.9	43.4	43.9	46.4	46.4	
American		<i>-14.5</i>	-14.3	-14.3	-13.5	-11.8	-12.9	-1.6
Gap		56.1	56.2	57.7	57.4	58.2	59.3	
White		-14.8	-14.8	-14.8	-14.4	-13.5	-13.1	<i>-1.7</i>
Gap		41.3	41.4	42.9	43.0	44.7	46.2	
Hiepanic				,				

DISTRICT WASHINGTON D.C.

### READING AND MATH ASSESSMENTS

Assessment

Stanford Achievement Test, N inth Edition First Year Reported (SAT/9)

1997

**Grades Tested** 

1-11 How Reported

Performance Level

Demographics <sup>1</sup>	Washingto	on D.C.	
	1995-96	2000-01	
Number of Students	79,802	68,925	
Percent Free & Reduced Price Lunch Eligible (FRPL)	NA	76.0*	
Percent of Students with IEPs	8.9	15.4	
Percent English Language Learners	6.1*	12.5	
Percent African American	87.6	84.6	
Percent Hispanic	7.0	9.2	
Percent White	4.0	4.5	
Percent Other	1.4	1.7	
Number of FTE Teachers	5,305	5,044	
Student-Teacher Ratio	15.0	13.5	
Number of Schools	186	165	
Current Expenditures Per Pupil <sup>2</sup>	\$8,510	\$9,650	
NOT APPLICABLE			
		and the remaining sec	
		<u> </u>	

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data, "Public Elementary/Secondary School Universe Survey," 2000-2001, "Local Education Agency Universe Survey," 2000-2001, and "National Public Education Financial Survey," 1998-1999, and The Council of the Great City Schools.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent of state revenue data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asterisk indicates that NCES data have been replaced with data provided by the school district.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Current expenditure per pupil data for 2000-01 are from the 1999 fiscal year.

Washington, D.C. SAT-9 Percent Proficient/Above

	Grade	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Annualized Change
Reading								
	1	39	47	42	45	47	51	2.4
	2	20	25	25	28	28	33	2.5
	3	29	32	30	34	30	33	0.8
	4	20	29	28	32	31	34	2.8
	5	20	25	24	26	25	26	1.3
	6	26	29	26	32	29	29	0.6
	7	NA	22	23	26	25	26	1.0
	8	22	30	28	30	31	28	1.2
	9	NA	14	16	15	19	17	0.9
	10	16	15	13	16	15	15	-0.2
	11	14	14	13	12	15	15	0.2
Math								
	1	NA	45	39	49	50	53	2.0
	2	NA	29	29	37	37	42	3.2
	3	25	30	25	35	33	35	2.0
	4	NA	25	26	33	32	35	2.6
	5	NA	18	21	25	26	27	2.3
	6	17	22	20	30	26	26	1.8
	7	NA	10	10	14	13	14	0.9
	8	9	12	11	15	15	15	1.2
	9	NA	11	11	14	15	15	0.9
	10	3	4	5	9	8	6	0.6
	11	NA	12	10	10	11	9	-0.7



# DATA SOURCES

#### State Reading and Math Assessments

Source: Assessment and Accountability in the Fifty States: 1999-2000, Consortium for Policy Research in Education, April 2000; State and District accountability reports, State website

#### **Grades Tested**

Source: Assessment and Accountability in the Fifty States: 1999-2000, Consortium for Policy Research in Education, April 2000; State and District accountability reports, State website

### First Year Reported

Source: State and District accountability reports, State website

Notes: Baseline year of current test. Trend line may be different for different tests.

#### How Reported

Source: State and District accountability reports, State website

Notes: States reported data in scale scores, percent above a specified cutoff, percent at or above a performance level, Normal Curve Equivalents or National Percentiles.

#### **Demographics**

Source: U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Educational Statistics, *Characteristics of 100 Largest Public Elementary and Secondary School Districts in the United Sates: 1995-96*, NCES 98-214, by Beth Aronstamm Young, Washington DC: 1998.

U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Educational Statistics, *Characteristics of 100 Largest Public Elementary and Secondary School Districts in the United Sates: 2000-01*, NCES 2000-351, by Beth Aronstamm Young, Washington DC: 2002.

U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Educational Statistics, *Digest of Education Statistics 1997*, NCES 98-015, by Thomas D. Snyder. Production Manager, Charlene M. Hoffman. Program Analyst, Claire M. Geddes. Washington DC: 1997.

U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Educational Statistics, *Digest of Education Statistics 1998*, NCES 1999-036, by Thomas D. Snyder. Production Manager, Charlene M. Hoffman. Program Analyst, Claire M. Geddes. Washington DC: 1999

U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Educational Statistics, *Digest of Education Statistics 2000*, NCES 2001-034, by Thomas D. Snyder. and Charlene M. Hoffman. Washington DC: 2001.

U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Educational Statistics, *Digest of Education Statistics 2001*, NCES 2002-130, by Thomas D. Snyder, and Charlene M. Hoffman. Washington DC: 2002.

U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Educational Statistics, Common Core of data. Public Elementary/Secondary School Universe Survey, 2000-01, and Local Education Agency Universe Survey, 2000-01.

otes: State and district data were not both reported in free priced lunch or free and reduced price lunch for 1995-96 or 1998-99. Current Expenditures Per Pupil data for the 2000-01 school year is from the 1999 fiscal year



# **C**ALCULATIONS

## Annualized Change

Annualized Change = (<u>Data from most recent school year – Baseline year</u>)
Number of years-1

### Achievement Gaps

African American/White Achievement Gap = African American - White

Hispanic/White Gap = Hispanic-White

#### Change of Achievement Gaps

Change in Gap = Achievement Gap for the Baseline year - Most current year

Notes: A negative change indicates that the gap is closing. The larger the negative number, the more the gap has closed.



# APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: Normal Curve Equivalents (NCE) Corresponding to Percentile Ranks

APPENDIX B: Districts Contributing to N Counts

APPENDIX C: Grades Tested by District: Mathematics

APPENDIX D: Grades Tested by District: Reading



# Appendix A. Normal Curve Equivalents (NCE) Corresponding to Percentile Ranks

Percentile Rank	NCE	Percentile Rank	NCE	Percentile Rank	NCE	Percentile Rank	NCE
1	1.0	26	36.5	51	50.5	76	64.9
2	6.7	27	37.1	52	51.1	77	65.6
3	10.4	28	37.7	53	51.6	78	66.3
4	13.1	29	38.3	54	52.1	79	67.0
5	15.4	30	39.0	55	52.6	80	67.7
6	17.3	31	39.6	56	53.2	81	68.5
7	18.9	32	40.2	57	53.7	82	69.3
8	20.4	33	40.7	58	54.3	83	70.1
9	21.8	34	41.3	59	54.8	84	70.9
10	23.0	35	41.9	60	55.3	85	71.8
11	24.2	36	42.5	61	55.9	86	72.8
12	25.3	37	43.0	62	56.4	87	73.7
13	26.3	38	43.6	63	57.0	88	74.7
14	27.2	39	44.1	64	57.5	89	75.8
15	28.2	40	44.7	65	58.1	90	77.0
16	29.1	41	45.2	66	58.7	91	78.2
17	29.9	42	45.7	67	59.3	92	79.6
18	30.7	43	46.3	68	59.8	93	81.1
19	31.5	44	46.8	69	60.4	94	82.7
20	32.3	45	47.4	70	61.0	95	84.6
21	33.0	46	47.9	71	61.7	96	86.9
22	33.7	47	48.4	72	62.3	97	89.6
23	34.4	48	48.9	73	62.9	98	93.3
24	35.1	49	49.5	74	63.5	99	99.0
25	35.8	50	50.0	75	64.2		



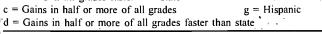
## Appendix B. Districts Contributing to N Counts

	-						1, 000	r	<u> </u>	
Figure Number			1			2		3	4	
Grade Level										_
District	а	b	С	d	а	b	e	See App. C	f	R
Albuquerque	х		х		х		х			
Anchorage	х	х	x	x	x	x	×			
Atlanta	x	x	x	х	×	×	x		х	х
Austin	х	x	×	х	х	x	х		x	х
Baltimore	х	х	×	х	х	×	×		x	х
Birmingham	x	x	x	×	x	x	x	<del>-</del>		
Boston	x	x	×	x	x	x	x		<del></del>	
Broward		x	x	x	x	x	x	<u>,                                    </u>	x	
	X							1	<del>  ^  </del>	Х
Buffalo	X	Х	x	×	х	х	х		<b>—</b>	
Charlotte-Mecklenburg	. X	X	х	х	x	x	x		x	х
Chicago	х	х	×	X_	х	х	х		$\vdash$	
Clark County	х	х	х	х	×	×	×		L .	
Cleveland	х	×	x	х	х	x	x			
Columbus	х	X	х	x	х	×	×			
Dallas	х	x	х	х	x	×	x		x	х
Dayton	x	×	х	х	х	×	×			
Denver	X	x	x	х	x	×	х			
Des Moines	x		x		х		x	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	
Detroit	×	x	x	x	x	x	×	ł – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –		
									<del>                                     </del>	
Duval County	X	X	x	X 	x	x	X 	-	x	×
Fort Worth	х	х	<u>x</u>	x	х	х	х		×	×
Fresno	х	х	x	х	х	х	х	ļ	х	х
Greensboro	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	ļ	х	х
Greenville	х	х	х	x	x	×	x			
Hillsborough County	x	x	х	х	x	x	x		х	х
Houston	x	x	х	x	x	х	×		x	х
Indianapolis	х	х	x	х	х	×	х			
Jefferson County	х	х	х	х	х.	x	х			
Long Beach	х	x	х	×	х .	x	×		х	х
Los Angeles	х	х	х	x	х	х	х		x	x
Memphis	x	x	x	x	x	x	x			
Miami-Dade County	x	x	x	x	x	x	×		x	x
Milwaukee					_		<del>-</del>			x
	х	x	X	x	×	х	х		х	
Minneapolis	х	х	x	x	х	х	х	<u> </u>	х	×
Nas hville	х	×	х	×	х	х	х			
Newark	×	X	х	×	x	x	×			
New Orleans	х	х	х	х	x	x	×			
New York	X	×	×	x	x	x	x			
Norfolk	×	×	x	×	x	x	x			
Oakland	×	x	x	x	x	×	x		x	х
Oklahoma City	x	x	х	х	х	х	х			
Omaha	x		x		x		х	Ì		
Orange County	x	×	x	х	x	x	×	Ì	×	х
Philadelphia	- X	x	x	x	x	x	×	,	<del></del>	
Pittsburgh										
	×	X	x	х	х	×	х	<del> </del>	$\vdash$	
Portland	Х	Х	X	х	х	х	×		<del>                                     </del>	_
Providence	х	Х	x	x	х	x	х			
Richmond	х	х	х	х	х	х	x		<b></b> _	
Rochester	х	х	х	х	х	x	х		$oxed{oxed}$	
Sacramento	х	х	х	х	х	х	x		x	×
Salt Lake City	х	х	x	х	х	х	х			
San Diego	х	х	х	x	х	х	x		х	х
San Francisco	х	х	х	х	х	х	×		x	х
Seattle	x	х	x	x	х	x	x		х	x
St. Louis	x	x.	x	x	x	x	×			
								<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	
St. Paul	×	×	х	х	х	×	х	ļ	х	х
	_		x	x	x	х	х			į .
Toledo	X	×	- "						·	
Toledo Tucson	X X	×	x	х	х	х	x		х	х
					x	x	x x		х	х
Tucson	х		х			х	-		x	х
Tucson	х		х			x 55	-		x 25	25

#### Legend

- a = Gains in all gradesb = Gains in all grades faster than state
- e = Grades with declines
- f = A frican American

- h = Students with IEPs
- i = English Language Learners
- j = Economically Disadvantaged



Annendix B. Districts Contributing to N Counts (Continued)

	_ Ap	pena	IX B.	Disti	icus (	Contr	ibuting	to N C	oun	ts (Co	ontini	ued)			
Figure Number				5				6	T	7				8	
Grade Level	40	h		Sth	10	th:									
District	f	Ŕ	f	g	f	В	f	g	j	í	h	a	ь	c	d
Albuque rque			i						_		$\vdash$	×	_	×	
Anchorage									t -		_	×	×	×	×
Atlanta	х	x	×	×			×	х	<del>                                     </del>		×	×	×	×	×
Austin	- 8	×	×	×	×	×	×	x	1	_	<u> </u>	×	×	x	×
Baltimore			×	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<del></del>	×	x	$\vdash$	<del>                                     </del>		x	x	×	×
Birmingham		-	<del>                                     </del>	<u> </u>	<del></del>	-		<del></del>	<b>├</b> ─	<u> </u>					
Buston	<del> </del>	-		-		<del> </del>			₩		<u> </u>	×	×	×	×
Broward	-		x						├──	<u> </u>		×	×	×	×
Buffato			<b>├</b> `	×	×	`	×	×	<u> </u>			×	×	×	×
Charlotte			<u> </u>			<u> </u>						×	×	x	x
	×	×	*	×	ļ	<b>└</b>	×	×	×	×	×	х	×	×	×
Chlengo			Ļ							<u></u>		×	×	×	x
Clark County												x	×	x	x
Cleveland												x	×	×	×
Columbus								_				х	×	x	×
Dallas	۲	×	x	x	. *	х	x	х				x	×	х	x
Dayton												×	×	×	×
Denver										T T		×	×	×	×
Des Moines						l						×		×	_
Detroit					Ī				1			×	х	×	х
Duval County			×	×	×	×	х	x	<b>†</b>			×	×	×	×
Fort Worth	×	×	x	х	х	×	x	х	t			×	x	×	×
Fresno		×	×	×	×	×	x	x	x	×	x	x	x	×	×
Greensboro	×	×	×	×		$\vdash$	x	×	x	х	×	×	x	×	×
Greenville		<del>                                     </del>	_			<u> </u>			<del></del>			×	x	×	×
Hillsborough		<del>                                     </del>	\ \	×	×	х	×	×	<del>                                     </del>	-		×			
Houston	×		×	x	х .	x	x		-				×	×	×
Indianapolis		<del></del>	<u> </u>						-			×	x	×	×
Jefferson County	-				_			<u> </u>	┞——			×	x	×	х
Long Beach	×	<u> </u>	-									×	×	×	×
Los Angeles		├	6 ×	×	×	٧	х	×	×	- 8	×	×	×	×	х
Memphis	×	\ \	X	×	ν	×	×	х	×	*	×	×	х	×	×
			<u> </u>									× _	х	x	×
Minni	<u> </u>		*	×	×	×	×	×				_ ×	×	×	×
Milwaukee	x	×	×	х	×	×	×	x	L			×	×	×	×
Minneapolis			×	×			x	x	×	*	×	×	*	х	×
Nashville												×	x	x	×
Newark												×	x	x	×
New Orleans							_					х	х	×	×
New York												x	×	×	х
Norfolk									ĺ			×	×	х	×
Onkland	х	×	×	×	×	×	x	x	×	х	×	х	×	×	×
Oklahoma City												×	×	x	×
Omaha							_					x		×	$\vdash$
Orange			×	x	×	х	x	x				x	×	×	x
Phitadelphia			1									×	x	×	×
Pittsburgh					_							×	×	x	×
Portland							_					x	x	×	×
Provide nee	i											x	×	×	×
Richmond		<del>                                     </del>	_					<del> </del>	-	<b>-</b>	-	×	×	×	×
Rochester	-						-	L .	-						
Sacramento	×	×	x	λ	x	×	x	×	×	×	الـــِــا	x	×	×	* -
Salt Lake City			<u> </u>		<u> </u>				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	×	×	×	×	×
San Diego			<u> </u>						├			×	х	×	×
San Francisco	×	*	×	×	×	×	х	x	x	^	×	×	×	×	×
	X	۸	N	x	X	8	×	×	×	*	×	×	×	×	×
Senttle	N .	×			*	_ ×	×	x				×	×	×	×
St. Louis	L											x	x	x	×
St. Paul	L		×	х			x	×	X	×	х	x	x	x	х
Toledo		]										х	×	×	×
Tueson			×	х			х	x				х	х	×	×
Washington, DC												х		×	
Total Districts	16	16	24	24	18	18	25	25	11	13	12	59	55	59	55
		-					_								<u> </u>

#### Legend

a = Gains in all grades

b = Gains in all grades faster than state

c = Gains in half or more of all grades d = Gains in half or more of all grades faster than state

e = Grades with declines

f = African American g = Hispanic

h = Students with IEPs

i = English Language Learners

j = Economically Disadvantaged



# Appendix B. Districts Contributing to N Counts (Continued)

District	4th g	1	8th 8 x x x x	f	Oth g
District	x x	x x x	x x x x	f	g
Albuquerque	x x	x x , x	x x x		
Albuquerque	x x	x x , x	x x x		
Anchorage	x	x x	x	x	х
Atlanta	x	x x	x	х	x
Austin	x	x x	x	х	х
Baltimore	x	, <b>x</b>	x		<del>                                     </del>
Birndingham	1				
Boston	1	x			
Broward	1	х	+	1	<del>                                     </del>
Buffalo	1		X	+ ×	,
Chartotte-Mecklenburg	x		+	<del>                                     </del>	<del></del>
Chicago		х	x	<del>                                     </del>	
Clark County	+	<del>                                     </del>	<del></del>		
Celurabus	+	+			<del>                                     </del>
Columbus		<del>                                     </del>		<del>†                                      </del>	<del>                                     </del>
Dallas	+		<del>†</del>		$\vdash$
Dayton	х	х	x	x	< x
Denver	<del>  "</del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                      </del>	<del>                                     </del>	
Des Moines	+	1	t	-	$\vdash$
Detroit	<del>+</del>	1	<del>                                     </del>	†	
Duval County	1	1	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<b>—</b>
Fort Worth	x	x	x	x	x
Fresho	- x	x	x	x	x
Greensboro	x	x	x	x	x
Greenville	X	х	x	- "	<del>-                                    </del>
Hillsborough County	<del>                                     </del>		<u> </u>	1	
Houston	х	x	×	×	х
Indianapolis	x	x	x	x	x
Jefferson County	<del>  "</del>	<del>"</del>	<del>  "</del>	<del>  "</del>	<u> </u>
Long Beach	†	+	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	
Los Angeles	x	x <sup>′</sup>	х	x	х
Mcmphis         x </td <td>* x</td> <td>x</td> <td>x</td> <td>x</td> <td>x</td>	* x	x	x	x	x
Miami-Dade County         x	<del>                                     </del>		<del>  "</del>	<del>  "</del>	T
Milwaukce         x	x	x	x	х	х
Minneapolis         x         x         x         x         x           Nashville         x	x	x	x	x	x
Nashville         x	<del>                                     </del>	x	x	<del>  "</del>	,
Newark         x <td>+</td> <td></td> <td><del> </del></td> <td>1</td> <td></td>	+		<del> </del>	1	
New Orleans         x <th< td=""><td>†</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	†				
New York         x<	1	1	1		
Norfolk         x </td <td>†</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td><u> </u></td> <td></td>	†	1		<u> </u>	
Oakland         x </td <td>+</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td><u> </u></td> <td></td>	+			<u> </u>	
Oktahoma City         x         x         x           Omaha         x         x         x           Orunge County         x         x         x         x           Philadelphia         x         x         x         x           Pittsburgh         x         x         x         x           Portland         x         x         x         x           Providence         x         x         x         x           Richmond         x         x         x         x           Rochester         x         x         x         x           Sacramento         x         x         x         x           Salt Lake City         x         x         x	х	x	x	x	х
Omaha         x <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>+</td> <td>† — —</td> <td></td>	1		+	† — —	
Orange County         x         x         x         x         x           Philadelphia         x         x         x         x           Pittsburgh         x         x         x         x           Portland         x         x         x         x           Providence         x         x         x         x           Richmond         x         x         x         x           Rochester         x         x         x         x           Sacramento         x         x         x         x           Salt Lake City         x         x         x	†	1	$\vdash$	t	$\vdash$
Philadelphia	x	х	x	х	х
Pittsburgh	†	1	`	Ì	
Portland         x         x         x           Providence         x         x         x           Richmond         x         x         x           Rochester         x         x         x           Sacramento         x         x         x         x           Salt Lake City         x         x         x	1	1	<u> </u>	1	
Providence         x         x         x           Richmond         x         x         x           Rochester         x         x         x           Sacramento         x         x         x         x         x           Salt Lake City         x         x         x         x         x	$\top$	1	†	Ì	
Richmond         x         x         x           Rochester         x         x         x           Sacramento         x         x         x         x         x           Salt Lake City         x         x         x         x         x	1	1	İ		
Rochester         x         x         x           Sacramento         x         x         x         x         x           Salt Lake City         x         x         x         x         x	$\overline{}$		1		
Sacramento x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	$\overline{}$	1	1		
Salt Lake City x x x	×	х	×	x	х
	,	1	1		
San Diego x x x x x x	x	x	х	х	x
San Francisco x x x x x x	x	x	х	х	x
Scattle x x x x x x		<del>                                     </del>	T	х	х
St. Louis x x x	x	1 -			
St. Paut x x x x	*	x	x	1	
Toledo x x x	*	†	t	1	
Tucson x x x x x	×	x	х	<b>†</b>	
Washington, DC x x	x	<del>                                     </del>	<b>†</b>	t	
<del></del>	x	<del>                                     </del>	T T	†	
Total Districts 59 55 59 26 26 21	x	•	1	18	18
	21	24	24		

#### Legend

a = Gains in all grades

b = Gains in all grades faster than state

= Gains in half or more of all grades faster than state

e = Grades with declines

f = African American

g = Hispanic

h = Students with IEPs

i = English Language Learners

j = Economically Disadvantaged

## Appendix B. Districts Contributing to N Counts (Continued)

	Ap	penaix	к в. п	istrict	s Co	ntributi	ng to	N Cour	nts (Coi	ntinue	a)	_	
Figure Number	1	3		14		1.5	16	1	7	18	19	20	21
Grade Level													
District	f	g	j	i	h			h	ì				
Alhuquerque						x	×	x	×	x	×	x	×
Anchorage						x	×	×	×	×	×	х	``
Atlanta	x	×			×	х	×	- x	x	×	×	х	- 3
Austin	×	x			Ī	×	×	х	x	х	×	х	х
Baltimore	×	×				`	×	х	×	х	×	x	x
Birmingham							х	х	×	×	×	×	×
Boston						×	×	х	×	×	×	×	×
Broward	٧.	×				x	×	×	×	x		×	` `
Buffalo						×	×	×	N	×		x	× ×
Charlotte-Mecklenhurg	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Chleago		_				x	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Clark County						×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Cleveland						×	×	×		×	X0	x	×
Columbus		-				×	×	× ×		×	~	×	- X
Dallas	X	N				×	×	x	×	×	×	×	×
Dayton						*		×		×	×	×	
Denver	~			_				_					
Des Moines	×	×				X	×	×	×	×	×	x	×
		<del>                                     </del>				×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Detroit David County						×	×	N.	×	x	×	×	`
Duval County	N	×				×	×	×	х	x		x	N
Fort Worth	×	×				×	×	×	×	×	×	х	×
Fresno	×	×	×	×	×	N	×	×	×	×	×	x	×
Greensboro	×	×	×	×	×	X.	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Greenville						×	×	N	×	×	×	×	×
Hillsborough County	×	×				×	N	×	×	×	N.	×	×
Houston	`	- 8				×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Indianapolls						ν.	×	×	. x	×	×	X	×
Jefferson County						×	×	×	×	×	×	х	х
Long Beach	×	×	×	×	×	х	×	×	×	×	×	х	×
Los Angeles	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	`	×	×	×	X	x
Memphis						×	x	х	x	×	×	×	х
Miami-Dade County	×	x				x	x	х	×	x	х	x	х
Milwaukee	×	x				×	×	×	x	×	×	х	x
M inne apolis	×	×	×	×	×	x	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Nashville						×	×	×	×	×	×	×	*
Newark						×	×	N	x	×	×	×	x
New Orleans						×	×	×	×	x	×	×	×
New York						x	x	×	×	×	×	×	×
Norfolk						×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Oakland	×	×	×	×	×	x	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Oklahoma City						ж	x	x	х	×	×	×	x
Omaha						×	×	x	N.	×	N >	×	N.
Orange County	x	×				х	x	×	×	×	х	×	×
Philadelphia		1			1	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Pittsburgh		1	Ì	i	ì	` `	×	×	<del>                                     </del>	×	×	×	×
Portland					<u> </u>	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Provide nce		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		· x	×		×	×	×	×	×
Richmond		†		$\vdash$	<del>                                     </del>	×	×	×	×	×		×	x
Rochester		<del>                                     </del>		$\vdash$		×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Sacramento	×	×	×	×	×	~	×	×	×	×	×	×	^_
Salt Lake City	<u> </u>	<del> </del>	<del>-</del> -	<del>- ^ -</del>	<u> </u>	×	×			×	×	×	
San Diego	<del>ا</del> ب	<del>-</del>	<del>                                     </del>	×	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>					<del></del>	·	
San Francisco	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	× ×	×	×	×	×
	×	×	×	<del>  ^</del>	×	×	×	X	-	×	*	×	x
Scattle		×	├	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	×	×	х	X	N	N	×	<u> </u>
St. Louis	<b></b>	<del>                                     </del>	⊢	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<u> </u>	×	<u>*</u>	<u> </u>	×	×	×	×
St. Paul	×	×	*	×	×	\ \ \	×	×	* <u> </u>	×	×	×	×
Toledo		<b>├</b>	├	<u> </u>	<b>—</b>	×	×	×	<del> </del>	×	×	х	×
Tucson	×	×	ļ		ļ	×	N.	×	×	×	×	×	`
Washington, DC			<b>└</b>		<b>—</b>	×	×	x.	×	×	×	×	x
Total Districts	26	26	11	11	12	59	59	59	5-4	59	59	59	59

#### Legend

b = Gains in all grades faster than state

e = Grades with declines

h = Students with IEPs

i = English Language Learners

j = Economically Disadvantaged

a = Gains in all grades

f = African American g = Hispanic

c = Gains in half or more of all grades d = Gains in half or more of all grades faster than state

# Appendix C. Grades Tested by District: Mathematics

		penaix										
District	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11:	12
Albuquerque			x	x	х	x	×	x	x	x		
Anchorage			x			×		×		x	-	
Atlanta				×		x		٧.			х	
Austin			x	٧	x	×	х	x		х		
Baltimore			х		х		<u> </u>	x				
Birmingham			x	x		х	-	х	<del> </del>		x	<del>-</del>
Boston				λ		x		x		λ		
Broward					x			x	<del>                                     </del>	x		<del></del>
Buffalo		-		x	<u> </u>	-		``				<del>                                     </del>
Charlotte-Mecklenburg								<del></del>	<del></del>	-		<del></del>
	<del>                                     </del>		x	λ	х	λ	×	X	<b> </b>			<del>                                     </del>
Chicago	-		x		x			x				<del></del>
Clark Cty	<del>                                     </del>			х	-		ļ	x		х		
Cle ve land		_	_	х		х	l	<u> </u>	×			<u> </u>
Columbus				x		x			x			
Dailas			x	х	x	х	х	х		x		
Dayton				٧		×			x			
Denver					х			x		٠,		
Des Moines			х	x		ĸ	х	×				
Detroit				х				х				
Duval County					x			x		×		
Fort Worth			х	x	х	х	x	x		x		
Fresno			х	λ	х	х	x	,	x	х .	×	
Greens boro			х	x	x	х	x	×				
Greenville			x	х	x	x	х	×				
Hills borough County					x			x		x		
Houston			x	x	x	x	x	x			_	
Indianapolls	<del></del>				<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<del>                                     </del>	-	x		
	<del>                                     </del>		x			х		×		×		
Jefferson County	<del>                                     </del>		х		x	x		х	×		x	
Long Beach	ļ		х	x	х	х	х –	x	x	х	x	
Los Angeles			х	x	х	x	×	х	×	x	х.	
M emphis			х	х	х	x	x	×				_
Miami-Dade County					х			x		x		
Milwaukee				_ x				х		x		
Minneapolis			x		х			x				
Nashville			х	λ	x	х	х	λ				
Newark				λ				λ				_
New Orleans			x	×	х	λ	x	x	x	x		
New York				х				x				
Norfolk		_	x		х			x				
Oakland			x	х	x	х	x	x	x	x	х	
Oklahoma City					x			x				
Omaha		x		x		x		x		_		
Orange County				_	x			x		x		-
Philadelphia Philadelphia	<del> </del>				x			x			·	
Pittsburgh	<del>                                     </del>						-				x	
Portland	$\vdash$				x			×		ļ	х	
Providence	<b> </b>	_	х		х			х		×		
	$\vdash$			<u> </u>				x		x		
Richmond	<b> </b>		x		х			×				
Rochester	<b></b>			^				Х				
Sacramento	igsquare		x	λ _	×	x	x	x	х	λ	x	
Salt Lake City			x		х			x			х	
San Diego			х	x	х	x	x	х	x	х	x	
San Francisco			x	x	x	х	x	х	х	x	x	
Seattle			х	x		_ x	x		x	x		
St. Louis				x				х		x		
St. Paul			x		х			x				
Toledo				×		x			х			
Tueson		x	x	×	х	×	х	×	x			
Washington, DC	х	×	x	x	х	×	x	x	x	х	x	
Total Districts	ı	3	34	39	38	33	22	541	172	29	14	0
	لــنــا	~	- •		-50				- '	<i>⊶</i> ″		

# Appendix D. Grades Tested by District: Reading

				Giad	ob icst		Jistrict:	110441	<b></b> 6			
District	I	2	3	4	5	_ 6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Albuquerque			×	х	×	x	×	×	×	×		
Anchorage			×			×		×		×	_	
Atlanta				x		x		x			×	
Austin		_		x				-		_	^	
			×		×	х	×	x		×		
Baltimore			×		x			×				
Birmingham			×	×	×	×	_ ×	x			x	
Boston			×	х			×	_		λ		
Broward				x				x		x		
Buffalo				х				х				
Charlotte-Mecklenburg			×	х	x	λ	×	×				
Chicago			×		×			х		-		
Clark Cty				x				х		×		
Cleveland				x		x			×			
Columbus												
				x		x	<del>                                     </del>		×			
Dallas			×	х	×	×	×	х		×	_	
Dayton				х		х		_	×			
Denver			×	x			×			×		
Des Moines			×	×		×	×	x				
Detroit				×			×					
Duval County				x				х		х -		
Fort Worth			×	×	×	x	×	x		x		
Fresno			×	x -	×	x	×	x	×	×	×	<del>                                     </del>
Greensboro									<u> </u>	<del>- ^ -</del>		<del></del>
			×	λ	×	λ	×	х				
Greenville			x	X	x	×	×	×				<u> </u>
Hillsborough County				λ				×		х		
Houston			×	х	×	х	×	x		x		
Indianapolls			×			×		x		х		
Jefferson County			x	x		×	x		×	ν.		
Long Beach			×	х	x	×	×	×	×	x	x	
Los Angeles			×	x	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	
Memphis			×	x	×	х -	×	×				
Miami-Dade County				x		_ ^	<u> </u>				_	<del></del>
		_						×	_	×		
Milwaukee			×	×				×		×		<b>—</b> —
Minneapolis			×		×		Ļ	х	ļ		_	<u> </u>
N as hville			x	х	x	λ	x	х				<u> </u>
Newark				х				х				
New Orleans			×	x	×	x	×	х	×	x		
New York				Х.				х				
Norfolk			×		x			x				
Oakland			×	x	х	×	х	x	х	×	×	
Oklahoma City				_	×	_		x				
Omaha		x		х	-	x			<u> </u>			<del></del>
				_			-	×	<del>                                     </del>			┼──
Orange County		·		×			-	×	<u> </u>	×		├──
Phila de Iphia	_				×			×	ļ		×	——
Pittsburgh	_				×			×			×	<u> </u>
Portland			×		x			×		λ		
Providence				×				x		х		
Richmond			×		×			×			l .	
Rochester				x				х	l			
Sacramento			×	х	×	х	×	x	×	x	x	<u> </u>
Salt Lake City			×		×			x	-		×	<del></del>
San Diego				λ.	×	× -	×	^	_ ×	<del>                                     </del>	<del></del>	<del></del>
San Francisco				_		-				×	×	<del>                                     </del>
-			x	X	x	×	×	x	×	×	×	<del>                                     </del>
Seattle			х	x		×	×		×	×	<u> </u>	<del></del>
St. Louis			×	L			×		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	. х	
St. Paul			x		x			х				
Toledo				×		х			×			
Tueson		×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×			
Washington, DC	×	x	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	_ ×	<del></del>
Total Districts	1	3	38	45	32	32	28	49	17	29	14	0
				L				L	<u> </u>	L		<u>`</u> _



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Sacramento City Unified School District

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