DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 459 860 IR 058 412

AUTHOR Case, Mary S.

TITLE The Outsourcing Experience of the Technical Library at NASA

Glenn Research Center.

PUB DATE 2001-07-00

NOTE 147p.; Master of Library and Information Science Research

Paper, Kent State University.

PUB TYPE Dissertations/Theses (040) -- Tests/Questionnaires (160)

EDRS PRICE MF01/PC06 Plus Postage.

DESCRIPTORS Case Studies; Federal Government; *Government Libraries;

Interprofessional Relationship; *Library Administration;
*Library Personnel; *Library Services; *Privatization;
Public Policy; *Special Libraries; User Satisfaction

(Information)

IDENTIFIERS National Aeronautics and Space Administration; *Outsourcing

ABSTRACT

The purpose of this study was to conduct a case study of the NASA (National Aeronautics and Space Administration) Glenn Research Center library to examine strictures related to outsourcing, how they have helped and/or harmed the relationship between the civil servants employed by the library and the contracted employees, and the management of the library as outsourcing is utilized. Sources of data for the case study included documentation, archival records, interviews, and direct observation. Findings are reported in the following areas: (1) the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-76, which sets federal policy regarding the performance of commercial activities by government employees; (2) notification of government employees of the plan to increase the use of on-site contractors; (3) contracted employees' duties and office space; (4) relations between government and contracted employees; (5) a 1992 library user survey; (6) observations of the library and its staff; and (7) proposed revision of Circular A-76. Appendices include a glossary, interview questions, Circular A-76, staff meeting notes, the statement of work for library services, circulation desk procedures, performance standards/monthly statistics, the 1992 library users survey and results, and documents related to revision of Circular A-76. (Contains 28 references.) (MES)



THE OUTSOURCING EXPERIENCE OF THE TECHNICAL LIBRARY AT NASA GLENN RESEARCH CENTER

A Master's Research Paper submitted to the Kent State University School of Library and Information Science in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Master of Library Science

by

Mary S. Case

July, 2001

PERMISSION TO REPRODUCE AND DISSEMINATE THIS MATERIAL HAS **BEEN GRANTED BY**

D.P. Wallace

TO THE EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES INFORMATION CENTER (ERIC)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Office of Educational Research and Improvement EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES INFORMATION CENTER (ERIC)

This document has been reproduced as received from the person or organization originating it.

originating it.

☐ Minor changes have been made to improve reproduction quality.

Points of view or opinions stated in this document do not necessarily represent official OERI position or policy.



Master's Research Paper by

Mary S. Case

B.S., Bowling Green State University, 1970

M.L.S., Kent State University, 2001

Approved by

Adviser J. M. Humb

Date 7-27-01

ii



TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	INTRODUCTION	1
	Purpose of the StudyLimitations of the Study	2
II.	LITERATURE REVIEW	3
	Works on Special Libraries How-to Guidebooks Government Agencies and Their Libraries	3
III.	METHODOLOGY	1
IV.	FINDINGS.	13
	Circular A-76 Notification of Government Employees Contracted Employees Relations Between Government and Contracted Employees 1992 User Survey Observations Proposed Revision of Circular A-76	13 14 16 18 20 21 22
V.	SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS	26
APP	PENDIX A: GLOSSARY	
APP	PENDIX B: QUESTIONS SUBMITTED TO INTERVIEWEES	
APP	PENDIX C: CIRCULAR A-76	
APP	PENDIX D: STAFF MEETING NOTES	
APP	ENDIX E: STATEMENT OF WORK FOR LIBRARY SERVICES	
APP	ENDIX F: "CIRCULATION DESK" PROCEDURES	
APP	ENDIX G: PERFORMANCE STANDARDS/MONTHLY STATISTICS	
APP	ENDIX H: 1992 LIBRARY USERS SURVEY	



APPENDIX I: RESULTS OF 1992 LIBRARY USERS SURVEY

APPENDIX J: DOCUMENTS RE: REVISION OF CIRCULAR A-76

- Pub. Law No. 106-398
- Federal Register, Vol. 66, No. 100, p. 28494-28495
- Federal Register, Vol. 66, No. 100, p. 19786-19787

REFERENCE LIST (Note: Due to the number of added documents for appendices, the Reference List appears in the last two pages of the document.)



I. INTRODUCTION

Much has been written over the years about the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA)¹ and its predecessor, the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics (NACA) since its inception in 1915. Books and other documents have been written by or on behalf of the agency itself and published by the Government Printing Office. Other documents have been written and published privately. The majority of the publications, whether done by the government or private publishers, concentrate on the agency as a whole, certain areas of the agency, special programs (e.g. the Apollo program or Project Gemini), or specific research centers (e.g. Cleveland's Glenn Research Center). However, none of the publications have focused exclusively on the technical libraries set up at the various research centers.

NASA's technical libraries are located at its centers around the country. Glenn Research Center (formerly known as NASA Lewis Research Center) is one of four research centers, which NASA labels Code R research centers. The research centers come under the arm of NASA known as Aeronautics and Space Transportation Technology. This designation differs from the space centers, which fall under the designation of Space Flight. The space centers also maintain technical libraries.

Glenn Research Center's Technical Library employs three professional librarians with MLIS degrees, and six staff members. Of these nine people, only one is a civil servant employed by NASA. The library supports many of the research needs of the 1,069 scientists and engineers at Glenn Research Center. The library also provides support for interlibrary loan inquiries and requests from NASA's other libraries (not to

² The other Code R research centers are: Langley Research Center in Hampton, VA; Ames Research Center near San Francisco, CA; and Dryden Research Center near Los Angeles, CA.



¹ Appendix A to this paper contains a short glossary of terms.

mention ILL requests from outside NASA). The outsourcing, or contracting out, of the library technical services at Glenn Research Center began in 1983. Due to its standing as an arm of a federal agency, certain strictures were put in place surrounding the outsourcing.

Purpose of the Study

The purpose of this study is to conduct a case study of the Glenn Research Center library to examine those strictures, how they have helped and/or harmed the relationship between the civil servants employed by the library, and the contracted employees, and will examine the management of the library as outsourcing is utilized. In order to accomplish the study, the author will examine the history of the library before the decision to outsource was made, the changes, which have taken place since then, and how the current operations have been influenced by the use of contracted employees.

Limitations of the Study

This study is limited to the outsourcing experience at NASA Glenn Research

Center's Technical Library, although the decision to outsource was made by the federal
government on behalf of all of its agencies and offices.



II. LITERATURE REVIEW

Outsourcing in libraries has been a hot topic since the 1980s. This author has narrowed the search for this paper to include those works which are (1) aimed at special libraries, (2) have been written as how-to guidebooks, or (3) are concerned with government agencies and their libraries. Interestingly, many of the above-mentioned works contained quotes from Peter Drucker, a leading authority on management, about outsourcing in organizations. In one quote, Drucker states that within ten to fifteen years of his writing, it "may well be the rule especially in larger organizations to farm out all activities that do not offer the people working in them opportunities for advancement into senior management" (Drucker 1989, A16).

This aspect of outsourcing may not fit the library setting as well as it might corporate America. While cost effectiveness and improving customer service in libraries are high on the list of "why outsource," inability to move up the ladder of success is not in the outsourcing literature for libraries. However, in a later article, Drucker (Drucker 1994) gets closer to the mark. Drucker states, "[W]ithout systematic and purposeful abandonment an organization will be overtaken by events. It will squander its best resources on things it should never have been doing or should no longer do"(Drucker 1994, 102).

Works on Special Libraries

This author found three sources that specifically discusses the case studies of special libraries presently engaged in outsourcing. The first, and arguably best, source of information documenting the actual experiences of libraries engaged in outsourcing is a compendium of sixteen case studies covering academic, public and special libraries



(Wilson and Colver 1997). A librarian from each of the libraries being studied authors each case study. Each case study describes the objectives that the library hoped to achieve by implementing outsourcing; provides an evaluation of how well the objectives were met, and relates the impact of outsourcing on the staff and other aspects of library operations.

The case studies of most relevance here were the Chubb Law & Business Library in New Jersey (cataloging and database management) and the Indiana Historical Society Library (cataloging a special collection of trade literature pamphlets published by Indiana businesses). The Chubb analysis contained several interesting points with regard to the topic of this paper. The first point addresses the fact that not only were the technical goals achieved but, that "[t]he benefit of the interpersonal or client/consultant relationship was added value to the project, which in many ways was not anticipated at the outset" (Wilson and Colver 1997, 173). Another interesting point was that the Chubb outsourcing was initially rooted in the fact that until 1990, the collection was uncataloged. The cataloging and its maintenance were outsourced at that time to Cassidy Cataloging Services (also located in New Jersey). By 1994, the backlog of uncataloged items was reduced to 25-30% of the collection (new and revised titles). In 1994, the library staff was told to severely reduce or eliminate its outsourcing budget due to a general cost curtailment. The backlog has never disappeared, and uncataloged items needed to be kept separate from the rest of the collection, and required a separate circulation procedure.

The other two works of special library case studies, contained studies of for-profit corporations and their outsourcing experiences. The first article examines the



Information Center of Lexmark International Inc., which partnered successfully with the University of Kentucky for bibliographic conversion of all records to enable migration to a MARC standard system, and gradually included document delivery, dealing with vendors, and eventually all cataloging, acquisitions, interlibrary loan, database searching, and document delivery (Hatfield 1994).

The second article detailed the experiences of the Apple Library and its demise, but also tells the more hopeful tale of the Sun Microsystems library, which was originally an outsourced library but ended up as an insourced one (Helfer 1998). The article states that the Sun library was outsourced from its inception. A librarian hired to administer the library's operations tracked the occasions when its staff members were blocked from assisting patrons because of their contract status; the viewpoint being that contract employees were not as loyal, and could not be trusted with company information that was confidential. The head librarian stated that, "By documenting 'failures' of outsourcing, we created an argument for insourcing" (Helfer 1998).

How-to Guidebooks

Hirshon and Winters (1996) have written a guidebook on how a library should decide whether or not to outsource, and how to go about achieving a successful outsourcing endeavor once the decision is made. They heavily caution, however, that libraries should only view outsourcing as a tool, and state that a library should look for ways to improve its services to become as efficient and effective as possible. If a library operation "is running highly effectively with in-house staff, the library should understandably be reticent to outsource" (Hirshon and Winters 1996, 23). Hirshon and

³ It should also be noted that Sun Microsystems is located in Silicon Valley, which was experiencing a booming economy at the time.



Winters also stress the importance of retaining in-house direction. They state that this is necessary for monitoring contract compliance, preparing future requests for proposals (RFPs), and providing information to the staff. Certain operations that may still need in-house direction include bibliographic control matters, and possibly acquisitions matters that need to be handled in-house.

The American Library Association has written a thorough how-to guide which contains a section called "Preparing for Outsourcing," and includes a part on "Staff Involvement," that states in part:

Unless a very quick decision must be made, it is a good idea to involve staff in the outsourcing decision. Not only can resistance be minimized if those who might otherwise do the work are consulted, but they can also provide the expertise required to develop a suitable procurement document – typically an RFP (request for proposals). (American Library Association 1998)

This section goes on to discuss appointing a staff committee ("care should be taken to appoint people who are open to new ideas"), with written responsibilities, deadlines, and budget. This guidebook even suggests various line items to include in RFPs to vendors of services. For instance, under "Cataloging and Processing," and after listing reasons for outsourcing this function, outside services available, possible vendors, and costs, the guide has a template to use. It lists background of the library seeking services to be performed, general instructions for responding to the RFP, and 33 requirements for the cataloging tasks themselves. A few of these requirements include:

- Cataloging is to be supplied only if it fully conforms to AACR-2 and the OCLC MARC format.
- Supply on full records.
- Use access points "established in the OCLC or LC authority file.



• Cuttering for non-fiction shall be per the Cutter-Sanborn three-figure author table. Fifteen library functions, or functions necessary to a library's operation, are handled in similar fashion, from computer system management to barcoding.

Government Agencies and Their Libraries

Benaud and Bordeianu (1998) centered their research on outsourcing issues for academic libraries. However, they included a small section on federal libraries, finding that these libraries are moving away from the trend of outsourcing all library services.

In the mid-1980s, the federal government's long-term strategy was to shift public functions to private enterprise. This movement toward privatization included federal libraries, which were defined as a commercial activity in Circular A-76 issued by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget. As a result, a number of federal libraries were contracted out to the private sector. Many librarians questioned the appropriateness of considering federal libraries as commercial activities and strongly opposed the practice, arguing that libraries could not be considered products that could be purchased off the shelf. This movement eventually fizzled out because privatization costs became higher than anticipated. (Benaud and Bordeianu 1998, 22)

The comments expressed in the above quote were particularly interesting when compared with a survey conducted for the U.S. Department of Education's National Center for Education Statistics (Hawkins and Rossi 1998). The survey reported on trends in federal libraries from 1992-1994 in three basic areas: services, collections and expenditures, and staffing. Although the libraries surveyed were not identified by name, there were 1,234 respondents. The respondents were broken down by (1) organizational structure (e.g., autonomous; reporting to a headquarters; and branch/non-autonomous), (2) functions of the parent organization, and (3) mission/subject area. For instance, in the case of a NASA library, it would be a library (1) with a headquarters, (2) reporting to a



parent organization with research/technical responsibilities, and (3) with a mission/subject area in science and technology.

The survey found that federal libraries with the same characteristics as a NASA library reported among the highest percentages of increases in contracting out services. (Hawkins and Rossi 1998, 55, 57, Table 3.5)

One recent study on outsourcing included NASA's libraries in its examination and focused on the issue of managing outsourcing (Martin et al. 2000). Funded by a grant to the Texas Woman's University School of Library and Information Studies, the study also included case studies of outsourcing selection done by the Hawaii Public Library System and the Ft. Worth Public Library System, and the managing of outsourcing by the Riverside County (CA) Library system.

On the issue of management, the study noted differences in staffing, identity, population served, archiving of records, and participation in consortia and networks. The findings on NASA's libraries were based on the responses of only two head librarians or supervisors. Even the authors said that the low response rate "does not permit the survey data to be used or reported with confidence that the answers are representative of all NASA libraries and their staffs" (Martin et al. 2000, 42).

The conclusions reached by the authors appear to have been based on published literature and Web sites. A memorandum written by Langley's Library Team Leader and sent to various NASA librarians stated that she was disturbed by the report due to those circumstances (Helmetsie, 2000).

The conclusions listed regarding NASA included:

• Contract employment is likely to increase.



- NASA's libraries are not having the problems that public libraries appear to have on negotiating and administering contracts.
- Each of the libraries has differing methods of governance, staffing models, archiving, and participation in corsortia and networks.
- Data and published research limited. Further research should be conducted and comparisons made with other federal libraries for statistical significance.

Several articles on outsourcing of federal libraries were found. One compares user perceptions of library services in government libraries contracted out with perceptions of users of government libraries not contracted out. The study found little difference between the two groups (Koenig, Canevello, and Morrison 1999). Johns examined outsourced government libraries from a supplier's (of outsourced services) point of view. She focused on the University of Illinois at Chicago University Library, which successfully provides library services to various corporate and government entities (Johns 1999). Two other articles on government libraries were more general in nature, and were not focused on outsourcing issues. Both articles deal with libraries attempting to meet the needs of government agency employees, as well as the needs of persons outside government agencies desiring special knowledge (Pinelli, Kennedy, and Barclay 1990) (Sy and Walther 1989). Pinelli, Kennedy, and Barclay (1990) reported on a study to be done in the face of more rapid diffusion of technology, with a focus on the diffusion of aerospace knowledge and emphasizing the role of aerospace librarians as information intermediaries. They proposed a study in four phases, involving surveys of various groups:

- 1. U.S. aerospace engineers and scientists to determine their information-seeking habits and preferences,
- 2. U.S. aerospace libraries in government and industry on their use of print and online databases, IT, marketing strategies, and services provided,



- 3. U.S. academic aerospace/engineering libraries, faculty and students questions similar to Phase 2, and
- 4. Non-U.S. aerospace engineers and scientists, information intermediaries, faculty and students questions similar to Phases 1-3.

Sy and Walther (1989) determined that government agency librarians depended on two vital factors in order to operate effectively: the ability to function as members of policy teams, and flexibility in expending resources. The librarians need to learn to track issues and anticipate change; learn how to identify clients associated with new projects or issues; and need to determine and meet information needs required by new trends. The article states that early clues to the above information can often be picked up from outside sources, including news media, scanning periodicals (and now, electronic sources) for certain issues.



III. METHODOLOGY

This paper is a case study of the Technical Library at NASA Glenn Research Center and its experiences with outsourcing. Case study methodology is known as a triangulated research strategy. "Triangulation" refers to the protocols used to ensure accuracy and alternative explanations (Stake 1995), and can be accomplished by using multiple sources of data (Yin 1984). This study is a single-case design. Although a criticism of case study research is that the results are not widely applicable in real life, it may be that assumptions are made that the case under study is a "sample" of the universe of cases. However, Yin (1994) states that a single case may be used to confirm or challenge a theory, or to represent a unique or extreme case.

Yin (1994) identified six sources of date to establish the reliability of a case study.

These sources include:

- Documentation,
- Archival records,
- Interviews,
- Direct Observation,
- Participant observation, and
- Physical artifacts

No single source has a complete advantage over others; they may be complementary and can be used in tandem. A case study should use as many sources as are relevant to the study (Tellis 1997). This study uses the first four sources listed above. The strengths of using documentation and archival records are that they are in existence prior to the case study; interviews are targeted and focus on the topic of the study; direct observation



covers the events in context and real time. Weaknesses can include bias and selectivity. (Yin 1994).

This author has attempted to adhere to the protocols of triangulation by using multiple sources, increasing the reliability of the data and the process of gathering it (Tellis 1997). Specific sources used for this case study include interviews with Susan Oberc, Head Librarian of the library, who has been employed there since 1972, was present consistently during the outsourcing, and is now the only remaining civil servant in the library; several of the outsourced NASA employees; and the contracted employees themselves. (A list of questions submitted to interviewees is attached as Appendix B.)

Documentation of the 1983-84 outsourcing obtained for this study include staff meeting notes, memoranda, and library procedures to be used by contract employees. Other documents include a 1992 user survey and the results obtained. Direct observation of the work and interaction between contracted employees and civil servant on a day-to-day basis has been another important source of information for the study.



IV. FINDINGS

Circular A-76

On August 4, 1983 the Office of Management and Budget, Executive Office of the President, issued a revision to Circular A-76 (issued originally in 1966 and previously revised in 1967 and 1979). The original circular set federal policy regarding the performance of "commercial activities" by government employees. The federal government had declared that it did not want to compete with its citizens in the performance of activities that did not necessarily need to be accomplished by the government.

Under Section 5. **Policy.**, the Circular states:

It is the policy of the United States Government to:

b. Retain Governmental Functions In-House. Certain functions are inherently Governmental in nature, being so intimately related to the public interest as to mandate performance only by Federal employees. These functions are not in competition with the commercial sector. Therefore, these functions shall be performed by Government employees.

c. Rely on the Commercial Sector. The Federal Government shall rely on commercially available sources to provide commercial products and services. In accordance with the provisions of this Circular and its Supplement, the Government shall not start or carry on any activity to provide a commercial product or service if the product or service can be procured more economically from a commercial source.

Further on in the Circular, the term "commercial activity" is defined as being an activity "which is operated by a Federal executive agency and which provides a product or service that could be obtained from a commercial source." The full text of the 1983 Circular A-76 is attached to this paper as Appendix C.



Until the 1983 revision, however, the government had not actually designed those activities that could and could not be performed by government agencies. Attachment A to the revision left little doubt concerning types of commercial activity. It covers a wide range of products and services; for instance, data processing, maintenance and repair of a variety of equipment (including space systems), training, laboratory testing, security, studies and analyses, and under "Office and Administrative Services" is listed library operations.

Notification of Government Employees

The first wave of contracting started before Circular A-76's revision was issued. During the library's staff meeting of January 27, 1983, representatives of the union (Lewis Engineers and Scientists Association), the division head, and the branch chief in Personnel for labor relations announced a 5-year plan of the Center's Director to increase the use of on-site contractors at the Center to 1,100-1,200 by 1988. It was announced that the library would be receiving contractors within several months, and would be replacing four temporary clerical employees. At a division-level meeting the following day, further discussion took place concerning the contracting within the division (known at the time as the Management Services Division), which at the time consisted of mailroom operations, photo lab and print shop, travel and communications, editorial section, graphics, as well as library services.

At a branch chief meeting on March 2, 1983, at which on-site contracting was the main focus, a number of comparisons were made between Lewis, Langley and Goddard Research Centers. In 1983, Lewis employed 2,485 civil service employees and 397

⁴ Copies of staff meeting notes taken by Ms. Oberc are attached as Appendix D.



contractors (13.8% contracted out); Langley employed 2,800 civil service employees and 1,336 contractors (32.3%); and Goddard employed 3,619 civil service employees and 5,952 contractors (62.2%). Within the library branch alone, Lewis employed no contractors (15 permanent civil service employees), while Langley already had 11 contractors (plus 16 civil service employees) and Goddard had 18 contractors (plus 5 civil service employees).

Also announced at the March 2nd meeting were the upcoming performance appraisals. These appraisals were to cover not only supervisory positions, but non-supervised personnel as well. However, in interviews conducted for this study it was stated that, generally, the remaining employees felt the layoff of the temporary employees and contracting of four replacements was as far as the library would be going with the contracting-out of its operations. That notion was dispelled on Friday, August 26, 1983 in a staff meeting that was recalled clearly by each of the persons interviewed for this study. The division chief described what steps were to be taken, and then proceeded to point out which individuals were to be replaced by contractors. The employees were later counseled by representatives of their union and other labor officials, and were provided with three alternate job position openings at the Center. These positions were not promised to them, but were open positions for which they could apply. There was no monetary compensation offered (Crowley 2001)(Dietz 2001)(Mattes 2001)(Oberc 2001)(Taylor 2001).



Contracted Employees

The original contract for performing library services was awarded to a company called D & K Associates ("D & K"). D & K was also the contractor for other services contracted out by the division, but was one of a number of contractors at Lewis Research Center.

According to staff meeting notes from March 8, 1983, the first duties assigned to the new contracted employees at the library were to man the circulation desk, prepare distribution lists (for new books and periodicals), service copy machines, shelve books, reports, and other items on a daily basis, file catalog cards, file microfiche, and other clerical-type responsibilities. They would also be responsible for pulling items off the shelves for copying requests. At that time, D & K was responsible for scheduling duty times on the circulation desk, lunch hours, break times, and "filling in anytime that there is much work at desk" (Staff meeting notes April 26, 1983).

A "Statement of Work for Library Services" was written and shared with the contractor. A copy of this original statement of work is attached as Appendix E. It listed the duties the contracted employees would be responsible for and stated in detail the procedures for performing each of the duties. For instance, under "Circulation Desk" the contractors are responsible for charging and discharging materials. Before the material is to be charged out, however, the identity and security clearance of the requester needed to be checked.

Ensure that requester's security clearance, need to know..., and employment status are adequate considering the nature of the material requested. Check requester's badge and/or lists of employees to determine requester's status as potential borrower of library material, i.e., is requester a Lewis employee, NASA employee, employee of other U.S. Government agency, faculty fellow, NRC fellow, co-op student, summer employee,



NASA retiree, NASA grantee or contractor, or VIC visitor, etc. If requester's security clearance, need to know, or employment status is not adequate for the material requested, refer the request to Lewis Technical Monitor⁵ or to Lewis reference librarian.

The procedures stated in the Statement of Work were later expanded. The "Circulation Desk" section was originally 1½ pages long. In the later version the same section increased to 15 pages plus 5 attachments. A copy of the later version is attached as Appendix F. According to Susan Oberc, currently Head Librarian, proper training of contracted employees was a substantive concern (Oberc 2001).

Another concern was the rule that civil servants and contractors must occupy different offices. Of course, this stricture was more difficult during times of high occupancy and the resulting lack of available office space. In December 2000, a new Historian was hired as a contract employee for the Records Management and History branch of the same division as the library. Ms. Oberc's office mate is head of that office. The office space to be occupied by the Historian was still being prepared and not ready for occupancy, so the Historian was placed for the time being in the office occupied by Ms. Oberc and her office mate. Knowing it would be a temporary, short-term situation, Ms. Oberc chose not to make an issue of it (Oberc 2001).

Between 1983 and the present time, there have been three contracting companies involved with the library. D & K Associates had a tenure that lasted from 1983 to 1989. D & K was followed by Cortez III (1989-1999), and the current contractor is InDyne, Inc.(Long 2001)(Louderback 2001). Contracted employees are generally left in place even though the company changes. It can be concluded that the most difficult parts of a

The "Lewis Technical Monitor" mentioned refers to a civil service employee who was assigned the task of overseeing the work being done by the contracted employees. The contracting company also assigned a supervisor for its employees who was responsible for personnel-type matters such as salaries and labor relations matters.



changed management are rooted in the paperwork involved for employees and the changes in benefits (Louderback 2001).

Not a great deal is known about the financial side of the contracts between the library and the contracting companies. However, from staff meeting notes dated January 13, 1984 it can be seen that the government agency reimburses the contractor for paying all state unemployment (SUI), federal unemployment (FUI), federal income tax (FICA), and hospitalization benefits.⁶ Ms. Oberc stated that an "award fee" is also paid by the agency at the end of each contract period, and that overall budgetary finances are handled through a central contract management office.

Relations Between Government and Contracted Employees

The library was operated on a very strict basis. The head of the library at the time of the outsourcing had previously been in the military and ran the library in a regimented fashion (Oberc 2001). At the time contracting began, each staff member was requested to write down the procedures for their own position (Crowley 2001). The head of the library did the actual writing of the original Statement of Work. Two other government employees were appointed as technical monitors for the contracted library technicians, overseeing their work. One of these technical monitors was the author of the detailed procedures that followed later. All of the parties interviewed for this section of the study agreed that she especially took her duties seriously. The contracted employees were strictly scrutinized during the years these two technical monitors had the responsibility for overseeing them (Louderback 2001)(Oberc 2001).

⁶ These items are still reimbursed by the agency.



Due to the circumstances in which the outsourcing occurred, a great deal of resentment and bitterness was felt and shown towards the incoming contractors (Louderback 2001)(Oberc 2001). The contracted employees felt they were treated like "second class citizens" due to the strict monitoring (Long 2001) (Oberc 2001), and although never proven, it was believed that the technical monitors may have deliberately attempted to make the contract employees look poorly by filing items incorrectly and blaming the contract employees (Long 2001). In addition, D & K, impressed the notion on the contracted employees that because theirs was the first contract, they were "on trial" (Louderback 2001). Further, at least two of the contract supervisors employed by the later contractor, Cortez III, seemed to exacerbate an already difficult situation (Oberc 2001). Both supervisors seemed to distance themselves from the civil servants, and displayed a deliberate lack of cooperation. The lack of rapport had reached such a low that, when one of the contract supervisors was being considered for a civil servant position within the library, the other civil service librarians presented their opposition to the division head.

The stressful environment never completely disappeared until the supervisors (both government and contractor) retired, moved on to other positions, or had their contract revoked. The head of the library retired in 1987. One of the technical monitors left the library for another position in the same building sometime between 1990 and 1992. Both of the original technical monitors retired in 1995. One of the Cortez III supervisors was made a civil service employee at the library, and later transferred to the Center's law library. The contract of the other Cortez III supervisor was not picked up when InDyne, Inc. took over from Cortez III.



The present employees agree that the atmosphere is calmer and less strictly monitored (Louderback 2001)(Oberc 2001). To foster this more positive environment, it should be noted that the current contract with InDyne, Inc. is performance-based. A list of the performance measurements/monthly standards being used in the current contract is attached as Appendix G.

1992 Library User Survey

In late 1992, a library user survey was distributed. Although it was not designed to be an evaluation of contracting up to that point in time, it may have inadvertently accomplished that, in part. The letter that accompanied each copy of the survey stated, "The library staff wants to help you do your job 'better, cheaper, faster' by providing the information you need quickly and economically." At the time the survey was done, there were 23 people working in the library. Eight of those people were civil servants and fifteen were contract employees. There were four professional librarians (one of whom was the head of the library, or Library Branch Chief), three library technicians, and a secretary among the civil servants. The contract employees were comprised of four professional librarians (one of whom was also the contract supervisor) and eleven library technicians. The survey asked respondents to indicate satisfaction levels about various library functions and holdings, and also sought comments on whether the person had been treated "courteously" by the library staff. There were questions requesting suggestions about how the library could be improved. The survey was sent to all employees at the Center. Nearly 600 employees responded. The responses and

⁷ A copy of the 1992 Library Users Survey is attached as Appendix H.



comments were tallied by organizational code, which was identified on the survey form by the person being surveyed. Contractors were tallied separately.

In an e-mail sent to those responding who had identified himself or herself, the Chair of the Library User Committee⁸ stated, "In general, most people are satisfied with the Library services. However, almost 25% of the replies believe the Library should provide information more quickly, improve the collection in their areas of interest, get additional or improved copying machines, and a wide variety of other things" (Beins 1993). A compilation of the survey responses and a copy of comments received from the survey responses are attached as Appendix I.

Observations

The library and its staff were under observation for this study from January-June, 2001. This author performed a practicum and an internship during that period of time, and was directly involved in the day-to-day functioning of the library. However, it was not apparent, and did not become known until part of that time had passed, exactly who was and who was not a contract employee. The head librarian, Susan Oberc, is the only civil servant in the library now. Of the contract employees, two are professional librarians and the other six employees are support staff.

First, it must be taken into account that the original outsourcing of the library took place 18 years ago. There have been many changes in the library during that time. As was stated in an earlier section, many of the original staff members have departed from the library over the years. Ms. Oberc is the only one person remaining from the original staff.

⁸ The Library User Committee is always composed of employees from a variety of divisions within the Center.



One of the largest concerns in a library's decision to outsource is whether the incoming contract employees will be as "loyal" or "dependable" as their "own" employees were. In the environment of a government agency, this was an even greater reason for anxiety. It was questioned whether the contractors could be trusted with classified documents. Keys to the "vault" area of the library, where classified documents are housed, were kept by the civil servants during the early period of outsourcing. In the beginning, and in the face of the mass contracting starting at the Center, the legal department and the security branch issued memoranda about the furnishing of meals and entertainment by contractors, and the entry and exiting of the base on weekends and holidays (Brahms 1984)(Banker 1985).

By January 2001, the library was functioning as a well-organized unit. Except for one person, all of the library personnel had been performing their jobs for a number of years. During the author's practicum, and as a part of that practicum, she met with each of the librarians and staff members, and discussed their duties and responsibilities with them. Each person clearly articulated what those duties and responsibilities were. Each employee expressed pride and a sense of ownership in their positions, and at no time did any of the employees indicate a lack of concern for the library, Glenn Research Center, or NASA as a whole.

The Web librarian, who also is the team leader for the contract employees, eagerly showed the author the new developments she is making to the library's web site. The library will benefit from new innovations she is learning. The staff members who are responsible for special collections the library holds, such as NASA technical reports, standards, papers, and documents issued by the Government Printing Office displayed

⁹ The librarian responsible for cataloging was hired in May 2000.



23

great integrity and conscientiousness in the attention taken with the documents in their care.

This author was also impressed with the staff members observed at the circulation desk. Even though they are not professional librarians, they are the first line for reference questions. They are also the ones who teach patrons how to use the computer databases available through the library. Their attitude toward the patrons was always respectful and patient. The same types of comments could be made just as well about the librarians and staff members who handle cataloging, acquisitions, serial holdings, and interlibrary loans. Many of the staff told this author, without prodding, that their job was the best one in the library. All of the functions of the library are being handled in a fully proficient manner, with no need to question about "loyalty" or "dependability."

Proposed Revision of Circular A-76

The Floyd D. Spence Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001, Pub. L. 106-398, was passed on October 30, 2000. Section 832 of the Act ordered the Comptroller General of the United States to begin a study of the policies and procedures regarding the outsourcing of services by the federal government to contractors. The study is to be performed by a panel of experts to be composed of representatives from the Department of Defense, private industry, federal labor organizations, and the Office of Management and Budget. The persons chosen for the panel are the following:

David M. Walker - Comptroller General of the United States

Frank A. Camm, Jr. – RAND

Stephen Goldsmith – chairman, Netgov.com (provider of e-government services

Kay Coles James – Senior Fellow, The Citizenship Project at the Heritage Foundation

Sean O'Keefe - Deputy Director, Office of Management and Budget



Stan Z. Soloway – President, Professional Services Council (national trade association for professional and technical services industry)

E.C. "Pete" Aldridge, Jr. – CEO, The Aerospace Corporation

Mark C. Filteau – President, Johnson Controls World Services, Inc. (one of the largest providers of facilities management and specialized technical services)

Bobby L. Harnage, Sr. - National President, American Federation of Government Employees, AFL-CIO

Colleen M. Kelley – National President, National Treasury Employees Union

The Honorable David Pryor – Director, Institute of Politics (former Senator from Arkansas)

Robert M. Tobias – Distinguished Adjunct Professor, American University

The four mandated areas to be included in the study are:

- 1. procedures for determining whether functions should continue to be performed by Government personnel;
- 2. procedures for comparing the costs of performance of functions by Government personnel and the costs of performance of such functions by Federal contractors'
- 3. implementation by the Department of Defense of the Federal Activities Inventory Reform Act of 1998 (Public Law 105-270); 31 U.S.C. 501 note); and
- 4. procedures of the Department of Defense for public-private competitions pursuant to the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-76.

(Floyd D. Spence National Defense Authorization Act 2000)

The study is to be completed with a report from the panel submitted to Congress by the Comptroller General no later than May 1, 2002. "Recommended changes with respect to implementation of policies and enactment of legislation" are to be included with the report. Several public hearings are to be held on the matter. The first one, announced in the *Federal Register* on May 23, 2001 (66 FR 28494), was held on June 11, 2001, and forty individuals gave public testimony. Summaries of the views expressed at the hearing can be found on the General Accounting Office's web site



(http://www.gao.gov). Attached, as Appendix J are copies of Pub. L. No. 106-398, 66 FR 19786-19787, and 66 FR 28494.



V. SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

In 1983 and 1984, the Technical Library at NASA's Glenn Research Center outsourced the majority of its technical services to D & K Associates, the first of three vendors it has utilized. The outsourcing was done as a result of a government pronouncement, Circular A-76, which stated that government agencies could not perform "commercial activities" which could just as easily be performed by citizens. Listed services in the appendix to Circular A-76 included "Library operations." For most libraries considering the option of outsourcing services, cost is the primary focus. This was not an available choice for Glenn/Lewis Research Center or for NASA as a whole. The federal government said it was to be done, and so it was done.

Once the decision has been made, employees must be notified. There is never a perfect way to perform this difficult task. However, at that point, the interests of the human beings whose lives will be turned upside down must be considered. In the case of Lewis Research Center's Technical Library, and at the very least, the officials should have met individually with each employee directly involved. If only upper level executives would follow the adage about "walking a mile in the other fellow's shoes," how much more humanely this task might be accomplished.

Choosing government monitors should have been done much more carefully by the library. Of course, no one knows how much sooner a more cohesive unit could have been achieved. However, either more even-handed monitors should have been chosen without prejudices against contractors, or some type of supervisor training should have been supplied. Perhaps training/counseling sessions should have been provided to the



entire staff, government employees and contractors, to aid in bringing closure to a difficult situation.



APPENDIX A GLOSSARY



GLOSSARY

contract/contracted employees - terms used interchangeably to indicate persons hired by outside vendors to work in the library

contractors - vendors under contract to the government to furnish services for the library; the term may also refer to the employees hired by the vendors

NACA - National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics

NASA - National Aeronautics and Space Administration

stricture - restriction/rule placed on government agencies



APPENDIX B QUESTIONS SUBMITTED TO INTERVIEWEES



PROPOSED QUESTIONS FOR THURSDAY

What was the library like before outsourcing?

Staff - number of staff members, responsibilities, organizational structure

Services provided

Client base

Facilities

Rules governing - e.g., how much direct access to materials did clients have

How was announcement of layoffs/outsourcing made?

Did professional staff hear before other staff members?

How long before people actually left; how much time were they given?

Discuss 2-wave layoffs.

Any outplacement help; NASA opportunities?

Any monetary compensation?

What was it like for those displaced?

How long had you worked at Lewis/Glenn?

What types of responsibilities did you have just before you left?

Were any other job opportunities provided to you?

If not, what did you do about future employment?

How long did it take?

Where were you next employed?

What were you responsibilities there?

How long did you stay?

Any other job positions since then?

What emotions/feelings did you work through?

What was it like for those staff members who stayed?

What new duties did you pick up?

What emotions/feelings did you work through?

What responsibilities did you have regarding the new contracted employees?

How have these changed?

What strictures/rules were there regarding the contracted employees?

How have these changed over the years?

What other changes have taken place over the years?

Do you think the outsourcing has been successful?

Why or why not?

As an outsider, I couldn't tell who was or was not a contracted employee.

Do you ever think about using/being contracted employees, or are you ever bothered by it?



Company handling contracted employees (now InDyne)
Names of companies and dates
How are salaries/benefits/vacations handled?
Any reports/evaluations to be performed?

For contracted employees -

What has it been like to work under these circumstances?

Were there strong resentments – if so, how did you deal with them?

Do you sense anything like that now?

Did you know any of the civil servants before you started working here?

What were your job responsibilities when you started?

How have your responsibilities changed over the years?



APPENDIX C CIRCULAR A-76



THE WHITE HOUSE

OMB Circular A-76

Help Text Only



Office of Management and Budget

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

CIRCULAR NO. A-76 (REVISED 1999)

August 4, 1983

TO THE HEADS OF EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS

SUBJECT: Performance of Commercial Activities

- 1. **Purpose**. This Circular establishes Federal policy regarding the performance of commercial activities and implements the statutory requirements of the Federal Activities Inventory Reform Act of 1998, Public Law 105-270. The Supplement to this Circular sets forth the procedures for determining whether commercial activities should be performed under contract with commercial sources or in-house using Government facilities and personnel.
- 2. **Rescission**. OMB Circular No. A-76 (Revised), dated March 29, 1979; and Transmittal Memoranda 1 through 14 and 16 through 18.
 - 3. Authority. The Budget and Accounting Act of 1921 (31 U.S.C. 1 et seq.), The Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act Amendments of 1979. (41 U.S.C. 401 et seq.), and The Federal Activities Inventory Reform Act of 1998. (P. L. 105-270).

4. Background.

- a. In the process of governing, the Government should not compete with its citizens. The competitive enterprise system, characterized by individual freedom and initiative, is the primary source of national economic strength. In recognition of this principle, it has been and continues to be the general policy of the Government to rely on commercial sources to supply the products and services the Government needs.
- b. This national policy was promulgated through Bureau of the Budget Bulletins issued in 1955, 1957 and 1960. OMB Circular No. A-76 was issued in 1966. The Circular was previously revised in 1967, 1979, and 1983. The Supplement (Revised Supplemental Handbook) was previously revised in March 1996 (Transmittal Memorandum 15).
- 5. Policy. It is the policy of the United States Government to:
 - a. Achieve Economy and Enhance Productivity. Competition enhances quality, economy, and productivity. Whenever commercial sector performance of a Government operated commercial activity is permissible, in accordance with this Circular and its Supplement, comparison of the cost of contracting and the cost of in-house performance shall be performed to determine who will do the work.



When conducting cost comparisons, agencies must ensure that all costs are considered and that these costs are realistic and fair.

- b. Retain Governmental Functions In-House. Certain functions are inherently Governmental in nature, being so intimately related to the public interest as to mandate performance only by Federal employees. These functions are not in competition with the commercial sector. Therefore, these functions shall be performed by Government employees.
- c. Rely on the Commercial Sector. The Federal Government shall rely on commercially available sources to provide commercial products and services. In accordance with the provisions of this Circular and its Supplement, the Government shall not start or carry on any activity to provide a commercial product or service if the product or service can be procured more economically from a commercial source.

6. **Definitions**. For purposes of this Circular:

- a. A commercial activity is one which is operated by a Federal executive agency and which provides a product or service that could be obtained from a commercial source. Activities that meet the definition of an inherently Governmental function provided below are not commercial activities. A representative list of commercial activities is provided in Attachment A. A commercial activity also may be part of an organization or a type of work that is separable from other functions or activities and is suitable for performance by contract.
- b. A *conversion to contract* is the changeover of an activity from Government performance to performance under contract by a commercial source.
- c. A conversion to in-house is the changeover of an activity from performance under contract to Government performance.
- d. A commercial source is a business or other non-Federal activity located in the United States, its territories and possessions, the District of Columbia or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, which provides a commercial product or service.
- e. An inherently Governmental function is a function which is so intimately related to the public interest as to mandate performance by Government employees. Consistent with the definitions provided in the Federal Activities Inventory Reform Act of 1998 and OFPP Policy Letter 92-1, these functions include those activities which require either the exercise of discretion in applying Government authority or the use of value judgment in making decisions for the Government. Services or products in support of inherently Governmental functions, such as those listed in Attachment A, are commercial activities and are normally subject to this Circular. Inherently Governmental functions normally fall into two categories:
 - (1) The act of governing; i.e., the discretionary exercise of Government authority. Examples include criminal investigations, prosecutions and other judicial functions; management of Government programs requiring value judgments, as in direction of the national defense; management and direction of the Armed Services; activities performed exclusively by military personnel who are subject to deployment in a combat, combat support or combat service support role; conduct of foreign relations; selection of program priorities; direction of Federal employees; regulation of the use of space, oceans, navigable rivers and other natural resources; direction of intelligence and counter-intelligence operations; and regulation of industry and commerce, including food and drugs.



- (2) Monetary transactions and entitlements, such as tax collection and revenue disbursements; control of the Treasury accounts and money supply; and the administration of public trusts.
- f. A cost comparison is the process of developing an estimate of the cost of Government performance of a commercial activity and comparing it, in accordance with the requirements of the Supplement, to the cost to the Government for contract performance of the activity.
- g. Directly affected parties are Federal employees and their representative organizations and bidders or offerors on the instant solicitation.
- h. *Interested parties* for purposes of challenging the contents of an agency's Commercial Activities Inventory under the Federal Activities Inventory Reform Act of 1998 are:
 - (1) A private sector source that (A) is an actual or prospective offeror for any contract or other form of agreement to perform the activity; and (B) has a direct economic interest in performing the activity that would be adversely affected by a determination not to procure the performance of the activity from a private sector source.
 - (2) A representative of any business or professional association that includes within its membership private sector sources referred to in (1) above.
 - (3) An officer or employee of an organization within an executive agency that is an actual or prospective offeror to perform the activity.
 - (4) The head of any labor organization referred to in section 7103(a) (4) of Title 5, United States Code that includes within its membership officers or employees of an organization referred to in (3) above.

7. Scope.

- a. Unless otherwise provided by law, this Circular and its Supplement shall apply to all executive agencies and shall provide administrative direction to heads of agencies.
- b. This Circular and its Supplement apply to printing and binding only in those agencies or departments which are exempted by law from the provisions of Title 44 of the U.S. Code.
- c. This Circular and its Supplement shall not:
 - (1) Be applicable when contrary to law, Executive Orders, or any treaty or international agreement;
 - (2) Apply to inherently Governmental functions as defined in paragraph 6.e.;
 - (3) Apply to the Department of Defense in times of a declared war or military mobilization;
 - (4) Provide authority to enter into contracts;
 - (5) Authorize contracts which establish an employer-employee relationship



between the Government and contractor employees. An employer-employee relationship involves close, continual supervision of individual contractor employees by Government employees, as distinguished from general oversight of contractor operations. However, limited and necessary interaction between Government employees and contractor employees, particularly during the transition period of conversion to contract, does not establish an employer-employee relationship.

- (6) Be used to justify conversion to contract solely to avoid personnel ceilings or salary limitations;
- (7) Apply to the conduct of research and development. However, severable in-house commercial activities in support of research and development, such as those listed in Attachment A, are normally subject to this Circular and its Supplement; or
- (8) Establish and shall not be construed to create any substantive or procedural basis for anyone to challenge any agency action or inaction on the basis that such action or inaction was not in accordance with this Circular, except as specifically set forth in Part 1, Chapter 3, paragraph K of the Supplement, "Appeals of Cost Comparison Decisions" and as set forth in Appendix 2, Paragraph G, consistent with Section 3 of the Federal Activities Inventory Reform Act of 1998.
- d. The requirements of the Federal Activities Inventory Reform Act of 1998 apply to the following executive agencies:
 - (1) an executive department named in 5 USC 101,
 - (2) a military department named in 5 USC 102, and
 - (3) an independent establishment as defined in 5 USC 104.
- e. The requirements of the Federal Activities Inventory Reform Act of 1998 do not apply to the following entities or activities:
 - (1) the General Accounting Office,
 - (2) a Government corporation or a Government controlled corporation as defined in 5 USC 103,
 - (3) a non-appropriated funds instrumentality if all of its employees are referred to in 5 USC 2105(c), or
 - (4) Depot-level maintenance and repair of the Department of Defense as defined in 10 USC 2460.
- 8. Government Performance of a Commercial Activity. Government performance of a commercial activity is authorized under any of the following conditions:
 - a. No Satisfactory Commercial Source Available. Either no commercial source is capable of providing the needed product or service, or use of such a source would cause unacceptable delay or disruption of an essential program. Findings shall be supported as follows:
 - (1) If the finding is that no commercial source is capable of providing the needed product or service, the efforts made to find commercial sources



must be documented and made available to the public upon request. These efforts shall include, in addition to consideration of preferential procurement programs (see Part I, Chapter 1, paragraph C of the Supplement) at least three notices describing the requirement in the Commerce Business Daily over a 90-day period or, in cases of bona fide urgency, two notices over a 30-day period. Specifications and requirements in the solicitation shall not be unduly restrictive and shall not exceed those required of in-house Government personnel or operations.

- (2) If the finding is that a commercial source would cause unacceptable delay or disruption of an agency program, a written explanation, approved by the assistant secretary or designee in paragraph 9.a. of the Circular, must show the specific impact on an agency mission in terms of cost and performance. Urgency alone is not adequate reason to continue in-house operation of a commercial activity. Temporary disruption resulting from conversion to contract is not sufficient support for such a finding, nor is the possibility of a strike by contract employees. If the commercial activity has ever been performed by contract, an explanation of how the instant circumstances differ must be documented. These decisions must be made available to the public upon request.
- (3) Activities may not be justified for in-house performance solely on the basis that the activity involves or supports a classified program or the activity is required to perform an agency's basic mission.
- b. National Defense.
 - (1) The Secretary of Defense shall establish criteria for determining when Government performance of a commercial activity is required for national defense reasons. Such criteria shall be furnished to OMB, upon request.
 - (2) Only the Secretary of Defense or his designee has the authority to exempt commercial activities for national defense reasons.
- c. Patient Care. Commercial activities performed at hospitals operated by the Government shall be retained in-house if the agency head, in consultation with the agency's chief medical director, determines that in-house performance would be in the best interests of direct patient care.
- d. Lower cost. Government performance of a commercial activity is authorized if a cost comparison prepared in accordance with the Supplement demonstrates that the Government is operating or can operate the activity on an ongoing basis at an estimated lower cost than a qualified commercial source.
- 9. Action Requirements. To ensure that the provisions of this Circular and its Supplement are followed, each agency head shall:
 - a. Designate an official at the assistant secretary or equivalent level and officials at a comparable level in major component organizations to have responsibility for implementation of this Circular and its Supplement within the agency.
 - b. Establish one or more offices as central points of contact to carry out implementation. These offices shall have access to all documents and data pertinent to actions taken under the Circular and its Supplement and will respond in a timely manner to all requests concerning inventories, schedules, reviews, results of cost comparisons and cost comparison data.



- c. Be guided by Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) Subpart 24.2 (Freedom of Information Act) in considering requests for information.
- d. Implement this Circular and its Supplement with a minimum of internal instructions. Cost comparisons shall not be delayed pending issuance of such instructions.
- e. Ensure the reviews of all existing in-house commercial activities are completed within a reasonable time in accordance with the Federal Activities Inventory Reform Act of 1998 and the Supplement.
- 10. Annual Reporting Requirement. As required by the Federal Activities Inventory Reform Act of 1998 and Appendix 2 of the Supplement, no later than June 30 of each year, agencies shall submit to OMB a Commercial Activities Inventory and any supplemental information requested by OMB. After review and consultation by OMB, agencies will transmit a copy of the Commercial Activities Inventory to Congress and make the contents of the Inventory available to the public. Agencies will follow the process provided in the Supplement for interested parties to challenge (and appeal) the contents of the inventory.
- 11. **OMB Responsibility and Contact Point**. All questions or inquiries should be submitted to the Office of Management and Budget, Room 6002 NEOB, Washington, DC 20503. Telephone number (202) 395-6104, FAX (202) 395-7230.
- 12. **Effective Date**. This Circular and the changes to its Supplement are effective immediately.

Attachment A OMB Circular No. A-76

EXAMPLES OF COMMERCIAL ACTIVITIES

Audiovisual Products and Services

Photography (still, movie, aerial, etc.)
Photographic processing (developing, printing, enlarging, etc.)
Film and videotape production (script writing, direction, animation, editing, acting, etc.)
Microfilming and other microforms
Art and graphics services
Distribution of audiovisual materials
Reproduction and duplication of audiovisual products
Audiovisual facility management and operation
Maintenance of audiovisual equipment

Automatic Data Processing

ADP services - batch processing, time-sharing, facility management, etc. Programming and systems analysis, design, development, and simulation Key punching, data entry, transmission, and teleprocessing services Systems engineering and installation Equipment installation, operation, and maintenance

Food Services



Operation of cafeterias, mess halls, kitchens, bakeries, dairies, and commissaries Vending machines Ice and water

Health Services

Surgical, medical, dental, and psychiatric care
Hospitalization, outpatient, and nursing care
Physical examinations
Eye and hearing examinations and manufacturing and fitting glasses and hearing aids
Medical and dental laboratories
Dispensaries
Preventive medicine
Dietary services
Veterinary services

Industrial Shops and Services

Machine, carpentry, electrical, plumbing, painting, and other shops
Industrial gas production and recharging
Equipment and instrument fabrication, repair and calibration
Plumbing, heating, electrical, and air conditioning services, including repair
Fire protection and prevention services
Custodial and janitorial services
Refuse collection and processing

Maintenance, Overhaul, Repair, and Testing

Aircraft and aircraft components
Ships, boats, and components
Motor vehicles
Combat vehicles
Railway systems
Electronic equipment and systems
Weapons and weapon systems
Medical and dental equipment
Office furniture and equipment
Industrial plant equipment
Photographic equipment
Space systems

Management Support Services

Advertising and public relations services Financial and payroll services Debt collection

Manufacturing, Fabrication, Processing, Testing, and Packaging

Ordnance equipment
Clothing and fabric products
Liquid, gaseous, and chemical products
Lumber products
Communications and electronics equipment
Rubber and plastic products
Optical and related products
Sheet metal and foundry products



Machined products Construction materials Test and instrumentation equipment

Office and Administrative Services

Library operations
Stenographic recording and transcribing
Word processing/data entry/typing services
Mail/messenger
Translation
Management information systems, products and distribution
Financial auditing and services
Compliance auditing
Court reporting
Material management
Supply services

Other Services

Laundry and dry cleaning
Mapping and charting
Architect and engineer services
Geological surveys
Cataloging
Training -- academic, technical, vocational, and specialized Operation of utility systems (power, gas, water steam, and sewage)
Laboratory testing services

Printing and Reproduction

Facility management and operation
Printing and binding -- where the agency or department is exempted from the provisions of Title 44 of the U.S. Code
Reproduction, copying, and duplication
Blueprinting

Real Property

Design, engineering, construction, modification, repair, and maintenance of buildings and structures; building mechanical and electrical equipment and systems; elevators; escalators; moving walks
Construction, alteration, repair, and maintenance of roads and other surfaced areas
Landscaping, drainage, mowing and care of grounds
Dredging of waterways

Security

Guard and protective services Systems engineering, installation, and maintenance of security systems and individual privacy systems Forensic laboratories

Special Studies and Analyses

Cost benefit analyses Statistical analyses



Scientific data studies Regulatory studies Defense, education, energy studies Legal/litigation studies Management studies

Systems Engineering, Installation, Operation, Maintenance, and Testing

Communications systems - voice, message, data, radio, wire, microwave, and satellite Missile ranges
Satellite tracking and data acquisition
Radar detection and tracking
Television systems - studio and transmission equipment, distribution systems, receivers, antennas, etc.
Recreational areas
Bulk storage facilities

Transportation

Operation of motor pools
Bus service
Vehicle operation and maintenance
Air, water, and land transportation of people and things
Trucking and hauling

The Budget | Legislative Information | Management Reform/GPRA | Grants Management | Financial Management | Procurement Policy | Information & Regulatory Policy

Privacy Statement



APPENDIX D STAFF MEETING NOTES



Jan. 27, 1982 ecting - Confem in Office 2d fl.

Larry Andrews Dick Typles, 6M, Iom Cons
(Union Rep for PACE)

Larry Andrews Dick Typles, 6M, Iom Cons Publications Division formerly Mgt Services Division
Stufan's 5yr plan (more people 1100-1200 on- site contractors by 1985
On-site contractors coming in in next 2 ms.

Lebrary getting on-site contractors in peweral months

4 temp people Mike, Maggie, Delarse & Pappy effect Contractor use asks for name of people working in paritin new. You have to agree to work for contractor; interview w. then; negotiate them for parition Contractor not selected yet / Procurement must work out Contractor) comes on board > temporarius are phased out as

ERIC

Friday /28/83 Division Mtg (5 Grandes) in Conflom - 2d fl. EV+ Sue represented library On Site Contracting Office Services Branch
1) Mail room: mail rarters & being contracted out (Coleen =)
Passenger Dispotch - still Harry D. (Civil service) No intent to feel that they are being forced out! (permanent eng.) 2) Travel & Communications - no Change Photo hat I print I hap

1) Birdery Group (1 permanent & 2 temp)

1 perm. Stay in print shap & fave Clance for Carear advance

temp. - phosedout (6 mo. appt here)

- get 3 people in birdery

- get 3 capy machine operators in 1 in grint play

2 in chear yelline needed.

But Halkup - perm.; now have off site Contractor >

Echang jot in section I bring them onsite

Tom Coul - perm > photolot processor

lot processors become onsite.

2d shift in lot processors & camero capy area Editorial Section

1.) Editorial - no impact
2.) Research Laboriscript typing & 6 word processors coming on site

naw have 6 temp. Library Branch

4 temp. people

mail hm - part of on-site mail partinic Contracting

4 people coming in library technician great (clerical)

(on-site pontractors) [have to have clearance for contractors to handle our material] ERÍC-BEST COPY AVAILABLE

				
Staff 1	neeting			
	•			
- Stran	liera) contractor de	my Dininin office	in that	
-ta	A San and A Rocket and San And	the process of the state of the	the round	
	morary people to	in apply to see	Cintractor Was a kelens	2_
	form			
xa	ruginer to all tech	niclans		
	all with contractor	of contractor from Division office in today rang people han agaly to see contractor was a release given to all technicians in with Contractor during lunch hour for after hours		
		J si	7 9 23 73333	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·		
_				
				_
·				•
				
			·	_
			•	_
				
		<u> </u>		
				-
	 -			
·				
_				
		· 		
		\mathcal{F}_{i}		
		- ,		

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

Branch Chief Mtg for Division: 6 m. Theling, Dicht efter, Krais Walter, Hal boodering Branch Chief Mtg for Division: 5 m. Theling, Appleby, China Taylor, B. Mallotto, Sandy Line, LT, DM+50, Steve Stepkar ____ On-site contracting - main reason for mtg. Performance appraisal review session - due 2 w/s intermed Mon. - Dorothy - 11: Am Supervisor performance review 2) Branch Chiefs due there's by fre Mar. 11 6 M rept to Hal Sharton - hey Monday

1) also submit rating on non - supervisory people by Mar. 11, 83

4 also complete or reaffirm Career plan Jeb-83 - Mar. 84

- Co-op students do appraisal vun if here 120 daysor less Inspector General review graphics operation (1 month)
reviewed good report -> probably only a 2-3 page report from it group achievement award to 2 areas => Ink get frinter
in print shop & are now online with update: Ellie Zay - Landles montly report to Ed. Richley On- Site Contracting STRATEGIC PLANNING 83-88

5 yr plan of Director's Office for whole lab- divided lab into Institutional a R+D Support STRATEGIC PLANNING 83-88 SLIDES from Director 's Office - publications = Institutional support - George prefers insite contractors

- Compter computer from Computer Services Direction > 1 TBM

personal computer in Rept Contral: mgt. computer tied

-ERIC -

		·				
	•		2			
		Permanent	In House Contractors	Total	To contractors	
· _	LEWIS	2485	397	2882	13.870	
	Lang	2800	1336	W 136	32. 3 70	
	Goddard	3619	5952	9571	62.270	
	TOTAL NAS	SA 21222	27000			
	Lewis was lon	west on list	for state of A	upport serv	ince contractors	
	Lewis only	library w.	no sse.	other tha	w Marshall (have)	Redstone
_	Divory Ar	senal next	door which	exall Contract	av)	
	Lower Lange	ey 16 @	ivil servant	o (CS)	<u> </u>	
			contractors	(SSC) =	support service contr	actors
	boad		Civil Slrv.			
<u> </u>		18	Contractor			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	d				
_	Our Division	F/82	<u> </u>	3		
		80 livel Serv	67	hi	b have 16 in 82 (
		II Cont.	34		11 CS+ 5a	nt w83
_;		91	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	
	Paris		D.	1 V. 1. 1 ·	1. 0.4.	
	Revised proper	rement par	chages - Pai			
	λ.	V Alara	to in Divis	10x - > 1	egn of May	
	<i>U</i> \	FIC IGNIOCO	bindery, c	upy mach.	Rein of Mari	
	do	eedtone	am + 11023 ×	3 Shiel -	Begn. of May Begn. of May	
	- Jago	CALCOTAL	Color Came	sacsrage -	1signo. of mag	
			Copy came			
	1 mare p	erson to me	et with ne	It who,	charing out; all pr	
	Mail r	oon - di	Herent devestor	v-George A	Charing out; all per	manento
		elocated in	either direi	signs as es		
						<u> </u>
	* Have r	our layen	t & lquips	nent ready	outside phone	
	Outside	contractor	e supply:	there own o	rutside phone	
	1.			_	<u> </u>	
	Umbrella Con	stracting -	Alc 13, 8.	2 - Aviation	Wh lefferent contracts; :- may not subcontra	
· —	E	G+G >comp	sany taking	our many o	afferent contracts; :-	deal_
<u> </u>		with me	contractor u	the may in	may not publicatra	ct
						-
	13 fresh-outs	rired *	E1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
ERI Full Text Provided In	Vy ERIC	<u> </u>	53			

Monthly mtg -1) Dorothy paijing back bills of lit. rearches 2.) Contractor coming on in May: D+K Associates Anderson Josephson (Recon + OCLC) hat to use Yang MQ + EV are contract monitors

JOB STATUS: do all euro work; distrib lists; service Capy machines, etc.; shelve the repts etc on daily basis; sort, pre-file + file tratalog cods; mother file MF; book processing — peach ocle & prepare books as M I does now (all mJ works); doing pulling of J. and copying from Lewis collection; repart processing Michael jobs on mail contract: mly sart & deliner mail getting 4 people + Mail person. this is an eftension of D+K Contract; later put out on hid and Glannie, Mg, Lucy & Mary will no longer be at major circ. desk.

go back to checking in it.

ILL - not on contract 2 clark typists - jury desk + filing 2 library technicians -Love clearance through Confidential cover 8-4:30 Contractor could work of with approval LEE: Beginning March 1 Section copies Need Division Approval + also Section; Still make books charged to Section Head ANIAMON WK de not get put on current magazine
plick - in EV's office IMERAVIA SKYATELESCOPE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN

ERÍC

Doreen go through LC cards a see of pottern for more lost material; Section Capies for Contractor: tech monitor (COR); & Division Hd Nest fiscalyr - have seperate p.O. for contractor purchase naturial TASP Project Office - Harvey Bloomfield ids should be under H.B.
Technology for Advanced Space Power Office WHITE CDS: Should me interfile contractor a NASA white colo Interfile contractors with many NASA personnel I mentioned about recotaloging date put on Charge cds - for weeding purposes DM: Spannie purgested - color cards for 2d time circulation Mil most doors locked & fifed to stay lock. #2 key for Delorse : DM / with Security to see if o kay to

		4-5-83
	DM, EC, MJH, SFO	
	Contractor (DVK) here tomerrow	or to interview Poppy,) clarse+
	With the state of	
···	at land of catalog	zing
-	It rite instructions for catalog Cotolog Card maintain	ence part of card catalog feling
	Lue - still do cataloging carr doing	ections x order online as presently
	avery	
	Frite basic instructions - 1	
· · · · * = - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		·
	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>
		
(
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

----56

ERIC Pratrational by the

May 2 - Library contract starts & D'4 printed Hashington D.C.] ender guerter speed Tone, Inc - dast whe with Law Sliman 2 library technicans — Delorse Stevens 2 clerical — Magica A. Maggie Brawn - Rired Tom Alter - manages egraphics contract

--- aperations manager (for other) parts of contract)

printing, liendery, Copy machine, library

3PRINT 3PRINT

EV Carnahan - COR (MG - back up)

EV Carnahan - COR (MG - back up) Lebrary: Circ desk call backs & statistics

fill regreets

Copying 3/4 hrs day: we'll time

Book requests

Repart processing

Rocated in Room 117 Located in Room 117 Mary move to Rm 120 Interview people from Tri-C (3 men applied)
7:45 to 4:30 their hours of work
45 minute lunch, 45 minute lunch DAK are responsible for scheduling circ desh, lunch & 2 15 minute breaks & for filling in anytime that there is much work at desh. 7 Maybe should have training sessions at desk to help them.

Answer questions — technicians

Statement of work - Mylerox & give to libro Home weekly meeting with contractor ERIC Slewrity Clearance - have Secret clearance for Contractors.

57 (at least). STEVENS)

Bronch Chiefs - mtg in Guerin House DANIEL PROK - Chief, Logistics Management Devision (1700)

million handle administrative functions

but sixion logistics - military term measing moving people, supplies,

ttc. ICSS contract - 1.2 million; FY 85 cost plus award fee contract =

Contractor) only gets profit after job has been completed yets goodgrad

- 48 contractor personnel [60-10% profit every 6 mo.] D Transportation + Communication Branch - Chris Kennedy Transportation Section - Mark Copper Communication Travel Section - Phyllis Seffert Office Planning 1985 - automated place sys RFP on street in 2 mo. use 11/2 yr. to get operational after contract is awarded entire lat rewired for automated system. 2) Supply Harelousing Branch - automated systems of supply Management Section - Judith M. Dempsey supply Distribution & Starge Section -Smillion party | call x3208 | call x3208 | let them know if get wrong items; or get too many of right thing work for this is a cost plus award fee contract

10,000 to do total inventory over 2 1/2 who period shutdown

2 people | 800 to do sample inventory with regard down.

C-260 to return excess items to Stock; you Jogeto 21 people Credited with return items Our center is most efficient in supply area of all NASA Cals If have efces mat'h - 1st lat looks at material, then agency-wide, gow't wide, to GSA, to all states individually, to individuals on a bid sale basis. 3 Equipment Managhment Branch BEST COPY AVAILABLE

Signature Support Section - Frank Della Tore

(Karen Cox - Cor on all repair contracts for office machine)

(Togged equipment; anthing worth over

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

Ou-Sire Contracting: Major Topic)
ON-SITE Contracting: Major Topic
1) New Phonebooks - come yesterday: distributed 5/24-26/83 printed through GPO in Columbus - 350 people & moving 86 to 6
printed through GPO in Columbus
- 350 people i moving
86 76 6
21 to 86 (10×10)
Security is going to 21 G. Earls Office
Safety Office " ")
- Removed more committee names & members
2) Lewis News - getting it ready for printing trouble with printing; revised contract
3) Howard Hieroky Replaces Vern Hirls at NASA Headgtes - for 1 yr. from NASA Lewis OAST has I person from Lewis, Langley & Ames at Helgtro for 1 yr to act as NASA Liason + get 1 yr. apperience
for 1 yr. from NASA Lewis
OAST Kar person from Lewis, Langley at Homes al Higher
for Tyr to act as NHSH & sason + get Tyr. Sperimon
programa time has been increasing
4.) Project on processing + handling TP at Lewis processing time has been increasing trying to shorten processing time - in all areas
7 8
5.) Hiring at Lewis of S+E (scientists + engineers)
238 offers 140 accepted 98 defined (fresh out)
47 18 (Special Vice)
190 145
and Elay Am - 2 offers a till wetatending
5) of new fires are from Clev area college/reniv
86 " Ohio " " " " "
58 " (Mich Indiana)
7
true Walker - say quality of new incoming people
ERIC TO TO TO THE TOTAL AND E
59 EST COPY AVAILABLE

6) Stafan went to Holatro to raise complement of lab + wants to higher reiling to accept new S+E - Living freeze Still on under rest Fy => Oct 84 - a precluded from hiring in all categories - no replacement of civil service people upto Sept 84 - support Service people hire to replace Civil Service - summer people - hire 85 (almost same as next yo) - double number of Summer Faculty People! (usu Rive)

38? -> now 2x) Stofan really liked that program)

- temporaries: 4 or 5 left in ; n after contracting out a) temp to later convert to perm t) temp to fill only certain job Stofan, etc. review appointments

try to convert to perm. They & convert I in photolab, &

lin library > GEORGE try + new there? coop now considered in permanent employee category. - no discussion of early outs for this ig. On-Site Contracting ERNIE WALKER'S comment high rate of turnover among contractors 4 - Spril 17 = May 21 total Rived 13 new-foces & temporaries converted to contractor Pour so much Le Gals: 6 hired (4 orig; 3 hired) D+K: responsible for objecte copies contractor

- pelested GRAPHCO as subcontractor that winder Humbert Co - asked to provide on-site work in 2 people fle did not want on-site work + so in July get \$= 2 on-site people for black + white camera work Opn 12 - get umbrella contract for all service contracts in our division + maybe alker divisions Training making an orientation for new S+E. George asked to

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

George asked for Training to provide a class for COR's

E. Walker - where do I stand legally with contractor

6 M also asked for Munager's class who have COR's working

for them so they know how to run operation + how to

write statements of work, etc.

(Chomis went to George about Library) + Contractor Stofon told by Beggs to live as many people as possible 2 days later Marks told him (stofon) to Stop Kiring Gudy Fring is now Judy Krugman

ERIC -

DIVISION MIG Strategic Planning Anderson: hew office) Program Coordination Office (to Von strategic planning; I that it is up to date, on time, etc) March 283 - slides (review)

1) Institutional support (Rechley & Stewart)

strengthen capabilities & reduce sivil sevice positions by

increase support service contracting (also to riplace attrition)

consolidate research & functional organ to move people around) (Hoddard & Ames last their Jaint Comite on Printing (JCP)

Authorization & row reproduction plants) pendow representate,
with staff to advise, Perm Emps as of 11/82 LERC 2485 CS 397 contractors Birectarates Ido at Mohican State Park. Prior Rod mtgs with in chief. Stofan spoke for I heat I mtg -/- Marshall, Johnson + Kennedy in trouble. - Beggs + Mark have to restructure whole NASA orga. - Emphasis on high tech. space telescape, space station + shuttle from talk (Abe Selverstein apptd chairman of ad hoc committee for peronautics program ful Lewis)

- reganization of proper ful new profess grams

centain in shettle -280 CS + 1200 Support Serv. Ctrs in 1988 (see if - get mare in line with SSctro. - Blogtro provide - no rif is 1983 BEST COPY AVAILABLE 62

ERIC

	Be business like with contractor. Document descussions +
_(Be business like with contractor. Document discussions & potions during daily work. Follow-ups relded
	Umbrella Contracting downstream: join smaller contractors into larger one => by Jan 84 Tefler coordinate in reflew days Look at work - # of hrs involved, etc. (library, Le Gals, lapsy operators, etc.) Need new statement of work to augment present contracts
	larger one => 4in for 84 lefter coordinate in the few trains
	door at ware - # of promisive, etc.
	Mula att de
	relation & corement of work to dispress plant a structure
	June 1983 70 Civil Serv. 35 Ctrs = 105 70TAL = K Staff (library = 16/0 CTR)
	tentined
	32: 1-11 peo- 2834
	83°4-35 -566K
	Questions: DENNY => How terminate contracts
	GM: Contracto are 1 yr & 4 1 exaptions to renew
<u> </u>	Variation contract May 1- Car 11
- , <u></u> -	Le Gals May 1 - July 22, 83 Graff-sit
	Le Gals May! - July 22, 8 3 (of off-sid now want to phase Le Gals Contlicter) to Jan if possible. Problem with procurement!!
	to Jan if possible. Problem
	with provirement.
	Umbrella contract - have prince core's (hape this happens allower) Bot furgued in procurement is coordinating umbrella contracts
	Bot furgues in procurement is coordinating umbrella
	Contracto
	<u> </u>
_	
(—	DECT CODY AVAILABLE
	BEST COPY AVAILABLE
ERIC	63
Full Text Provided by ERIC	

Mtg w. 6M, DM, LJ, SC, EC & D Contracting out librarian position

Contracting in lib. : Stofon's memo & feelings
1989 - Hooo people work at lab rather than 2000

SUERDLUP got contract - 12 engineers - 28 expanded Service Areas: Admin Serv. - Richley

Tech Serv - Stewart

Strategic Planning at Holders (started) - now doing 1984-89 Stofan told when the took job that there would be no problem with money for contract support (from Headquarters)

Each branch chief had in to George for future strategic planning - July 7, 8.3 current strategic planning for 84-89 tried to convert Doreer to perm. by FY 84. rever lappen

Dorothy + Lee do statement of work

6 m talked to ER + to Budget Office. 6 m wants to move

fast on issue

DM meet with GM about statement of work this pm.

DM - has partially prepared st. of w. (?about Ving Security
status of people doing searches etc.) GM socy write contract

- well placed with D4K as contractors

Typical contract: 1 yr + 4 1 yr aptions And patisfied with contractor - do not take up option D+K good businessmen" - ie do what George says.

or hires another librarian. In will be invalued

GM wants this to happen heft month & have mty this pm.

Cupitracting Out on Lab (Logistics) n PUBLICATIONS DIVISION Hoad Processing Bindery Graphics Copy Machine Operators Copy Camera Black + 34 hite frinting Regative Composing Literary Och & 4 (FY 85) - umbrella contract; Dick Tefler coordinate To get paperwork done & out on street much be out by Sept 15, 83 In our in they i trying to change (eftend) contracts to coincide with changeover to unbielle in Och 1, 8 \$ - eftend some contracts to Sept 30, 84. each contractor knows that there will be an umbrella Contract in future. Some contractors not large enough to hid on ulmbrella but I co. that gets contract could sut contract to others (or om example Facility keep some people through 4 contractor orgas). NASAKennedy - doing institutional contract: awarded to E G + G

took over 2000 plagle;

Not going to key:

personnel. shuttle development 4 places not subcontracted under umbrella - library was one rat pulsontracted. Vince Cappette works for minarity contractor

Le Galo - no longer here originally here + in Procurement Procurement + Le Hols could not agree on overhead price)
Our ; n still has Le Hols off-site.

ERIC

BM? - Have a professional librarian and a COR. can have a backup as a COR? 6m. brywhere you have a corpshould have a backup for leave, ite.

profil - do ref lists; circ desh; lit searches; recataloging; check facilities shelflist D-K people not have clearances yet - check with Hody Corcara about their security clearance GM: Judgment thing. Water haw handle things Expects a lat from contractor!! No shrugging EV - not necessary to have

:		1-13-84 Friv pm				
				Fri	pm	
Leorge M.	Dm + 2g - 100	<u> </u>				
		porter		-		
Marco Fel	r. 13 - replace w.	sscto				
BUDGET			, Contractor			M
<u>\$w</u>	Fica Ho	epital.	venefets	paid by	gout) (4	10 esco
Harnes	13547 20 13547 20 12:18/hr 2:10 Suey, F 6 70 then 73/4 900 84 budat - T	967+ S+F+F	j0,08/ju,	straight	salary	
This	670 then 73/470 i	of total				
need Fy	84 budget - T	OTAL LIBR	ARY BUDG	-ET (84-5-6)	
	<u> </u>					
FY 84		20, 9	67			
<u> </u>	\$7 Techn					
	2 Clerhs 2 Stadent	<u> </u>	1 88			_
	& Jugaro					
FY 85	augment	mith 1 P	roful Lih	<u>۱۱۲ د</u>	ech.	
	·	= 210	1 8,1 tc	+ 2		
EV 81		2. · *+4. 3. F		+ 1 T		
FY 86	ugnent	with 1 f	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ick_	
<u>on equipme</u>	nt pg: for MF	Readir	_			
	_	_				
·	<i>#</i>					
	·		_			
	<u> </u>					
<u> </u>						
						

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

APPENDIX E STATEMENT OF WORK FOR LIBRARY SERVICES



STATEMENT OF WORK

for

LIBRARY SERVICES

Scope: The Contractor shall provide services in the following task areas:

- 1. Circulation Desk # 036 P
- 2. File Maintenance
- 3. Processing of Research Reports and Documents
- 4. Filling requests for books, journal articles, reports, specs, etc.
- Book Processing
- 1. Circulation Desk. The Contractor shall perform the following duties: Process all circulation transactions at the library circulation desk. Charge and discharge materials and prepare waiting lists. Prepare material for routing to successive requesters, checking the security classification of documents and security clearance of requester. Ensure that requester's security clearance, need to know (R&D vs. Tech. Services), and employment status are adequate considering the nature of the material requested. Check requester's badge and/or lists of employees to determine requester's status as potential horrower of library material, i.e., is requester a Lewis employee, NASA employee, employee of other U.S. Government agency, faculty fellow, NRC fellow, co.op student, summer employee, NASA



retiree, NASA grantee or contractor, or VIC visitor, etc. If requester's security clearance, need to know, or employment status is not adequate for the material requested, refer the request to Lewis Technical Monitor or to Lewis reference librarian. Maintain circulation records, employing a system of alphabetical listings by title, requester, accession number, Dewey Decimal/Library of Congress code as appropriate. Distribute overdue notices. Maintain Library distribution lists and membership lists for current awareness systems such as SCAN, Current Contents, IAA, STAR, etc. Meet patrons and answer phones at the library circulation desk. Ascertain nature of request and answer questions on location of library collections, organization of the collection, location of specific materials, etc. Assist requesters in locating material, recalling itemsfrom circulation as required. When material requested is not available, assist requester in completing library request card. Completed request cards shall be arranged by category of material requested (books to be obtained on loan, journal articles, technical reports, NASA SP's, items to be purchased) and given to Lewis Technical Monitor on a daily basis or immediately if the request is urgent. Instruct and assist callers in use and operation of microfiche readers, reader-printers, and copy machines. Stock machine with paper and toner, maintain minimal preventive maintenance such as cleaning surfaces, clearing jams, changing lenses, adjusting controls, etc. Notify Lewis Technical Monitor when machine breakdown requires service call. Assure that copyrighted or classified items are not reproduced without authorization from Lewis Technical Monitor. Maintain circulation and filing statistics.

2. <u>File Maintenance</u>. - The Contractor shall: Shelve books, journals, research reports, specifications, microfiche, and other Library materials.



Place all Library materials left out in the Library, returned from the bindery, or returned from circulation on the shelves in proper order on a daily basis. Provide copies of requested journal articles, book chapters, reports, and specifications in accordance with security regulations and Copyright Law requirements. Report requests calling for violation of security regulations or the Copyright Law to Lewis Technical Monitor. Maintain statistics required.

3. Processing of Research Reports. - The Contractor shall: Process technical report literature in conformance with current Lewis procedures in identifying literature using NASA RECON's information database. Receive technical reports, journal articles, films, microfiche, etc., and prepare reference and cross reference cards for filing, indicating code number, originator, title, author, subject, contract, and other identifying information. Check NASA/RECON online system for accession number, and, when none is available, accumulate documents and forward to the NASA Scientific and Technical Information Facility for cataloging and entry into the NASA information system. Sort, prefile, and file catalog cards. Prepare material for circulation which was received in reply to specific request from NASA employees and others authorized by NASA employees. Prepare material for files which was received on general distribution. Prepare microfiche for files by assembling and sorting microfiche sets, inserting complete set in filing envelope, and prefile. Prepare lists of surplus books and journals for mailing to other NASA Centers. Send material to other Centers as requests are received from other Centers. Prepare shipments for surplus to Library of Congress or other destination. Maintain statistics required.



4. Filling requests for books, journal articles, reports, specs, etc. -The Contractor shall: Fill requests for books, journal articles, technical reports, microfiche, specifications, etc., from Lewis collection. Fill out library request cards in the absence of request card submitted by requester for material not in the library collection; or to clarify information submitted by the requester on a library request card; or to help requester identify item requested with item sent, i.e., requests for journal articles (also needed for library records of items copied), chapters of books, technical reports having more than one identifying report number. Requests. submitted by means of copies of checklists, handwritten lists, or copies of typed lists may be cut up and posted to library request cards with requester's name added. Prepare material for circulation and recall material from circulation. Check the security classification of documents and security clearance of requester. Ensure that requester's security clearance, need to know (R&D vs. Tech. Services), and employment status are adequate considering the nature of the material requested. Check lists of employees to determine requester's status as potential borrower of library material, i.e., is requester a Lewis employee, NASA employee, employee of other U.S. Government agency, faculty fellow, NRC fellow, co-op student, summer employee, NASA retiree, NASA grantee or contractor, etc. If requester's security clearance, need to know, or employment status is not adequate for the material requested, refer request to Lewis Technical Monitor. Photocopy materials as required, in accordance with security regulations and Copyright Law requirements. Report requests which would violate security regulations or Copyright Law to Lewis Technical Monitor. Maintain statistics on titles, pages copied, etc.



5. Book Processing. - The Contractor shall: Perform routine cataloging of new editions and new volumes of publications already in the library via careful comparison of the information contained in the book and on the cards already in the catalog. Search the card catalog by author/title and compare bibliographic information previously entered to determine if book in hand is identical to previous entry; if so, post added copies to library shelf list card, type charge cards, prepare book pocket, apply call number to spine of book, deliver book to cataloging librarian for checking. Forward books requiring nonroutine cataloging to the cataloging librarian. Complete technical processing of new acquisitions after catalog cards are received from OCLC; that is, check books against requests or orders, stamp library copy, prepare charge cards, etc. Use the online terminal and NASA/RECON electronic mail system to post Lewis book holdings to computerized entries; add or change local call numbers as necessary; delete Lewis holdings for material weeded by Lewis civil service staff or by contractor upon instruction from Lewis Technical Monitor. Print out completed transaction for inspection by Lewis Technical Monitor. Check OCLC (Online Computer Library Center) Online Union Catalog for Library of Congress catalog records for new acquisitions. Check Library of Congress records for accuracy, compare Library of Congress record with Cataloging in Publication information, update Cataloging in Publication information, store the record for the cataloging librarian's review before cards are ordered from OCLC. As need arises, file catalog cards.



APPENDIX F CIRCULATION DESK PROCEDURES



CIRCULATION DESK

OPENING LIBRARY:

Starting with the basement area:

Unlock padlocks to Room 15 (A# & N# Lektrievers) and DOE full-size documents.

Unlock and unlatch doors to Rooms 14, 22, and 28. ROOMS 12, 19, 20-18 ARE NOT TO BE OPENED.

Turn on lights in Room 28 (basement library).

Unlock door at top of stairs.

Turn on the IBM Copying Machine.

Turn on RECON equipment.

First floor area:

Unlock doors to Rooms 114 and 122 (Rainbow Room).

Unlock loading dock area (only left door needs to be unlocked).

Unlock and unlatch first set of double doors leading to Main Reading room and open second set of double doors if closed.

Within the Main Reading Room (carpeted area), unlock doors to Shelf-list room, Mailroom, RECON room and room behind reference librarian's desk.

Unlock and unlatch back doors to Main Reading Room.

Turn on lights.

Turn on RECON equipment.

YELLOW CHARGE CARDS:

File yellow charge cards, using following card sequence:

JOURNALS (by journal title, volume no., issue no, date, & copy no.)

DEWEY BOOKS (by book no., edition no., volume & year, copy no.)

DICTIONARIES (by title, year & copy no.)

LC BOOKS (by book no., edition no., volume & year, copy no.)

A-NUMBERS (by A-number & copy no.)

DOE (by DOE number & copy no.)



Card sequence, continued:

```
UNNUMBERED (A- or N-) (by source, report no. or paper no., title)
N-NUMBERS (by N-number & copy no.)
R & MS (by R & M-number & copy no.)
NACA (by NACA-number & copy no.)
NASA (by NASA-number & copy no.)
COLLEGE CATALOGS (by college name & year)
 COMPUTER TAPE REEL (by COMPUTER TAPE CT-number & copy no.)
 DISKETTES (by DISKETTE D-number & copy no.)
 FILM (by FILM REEL-number & copy no.)
 KIT (by KIT K-number & copy no.)
 MICROFILM - REEL (by MICROFILM REEL-number & copy no.)
 MICROFICHE (by MICROFICHE M-number & copy no.)
 MISCELLANEOUS LOAN (INTERLIBRARY LOANS, BLUE CARDS) (by author &
                    title)
 RECORDS (by RECORD R-number & copy no.)
  SLIDE FILES (by SLIDE S-number & copy no.)
  VIDEO TAPES (by VIDEO TAPE V.T.-number & copy no.)
  TECH BRIEFS (by B-number & copy no.)
  D-NUMBERS (by D-number & copy no.)
```

Discharge returned material:

Get "DISCHARGING TRUCK" from mailroom (room 125), remove discharging from truck and return truck to mailroom.

Arrange material using above card sequence.

Pull yellow charge card - matching information on material against charge card.

Journals with routing slips attached - <u>DO NOT HAVE CHARGE CARDS</u> - pull routing slip from journal, count as "Journal Discharged" and place in dumb waiter. <u>EXCEPTION</u>: Those journals noted "ABSTRACT" on front cover - then place on filing truck.

Journals with requester's name printed in the upper right-hand corner of front cover - DO NOT HAVE CHARGE CARDS - cross name off, count as "Journal Discharged" and place in dumb waiter. EXCEPTION: Those journals noted "ABSTRACT" on front cover - then place on filing truck.



Books with requester's name printed either on first page after cover or in the upper right-hand corner of front cover - DO NOT HAVE CHARGE CARDS - count as "Books Discharged" and give to Lewis Technical Monitor.

Red-Numbered Documents - <u>DO NOT HAVE CHARGE CARDS</u> - cross name off, count as "Document Discharged" and place in dumb waiter.

P-Numbered Documents - <u>DO NOT HAVE CHARGE CARDS</u> - cross name off, count as "Document Discharged" and place in dumb waiter.

Copied Material with a property stamp on back - DO NOT HAVE CHARGE CARDS - are to be tossed in wastebasket.

Source & Send - DO NOT HAVE CHARGE CARDS - count as "Document Discharged" and put on shelf in Room 113.

Adding requester's name to "YELLOW CHARGE CARDS". This information is to be taken from the "Call Back Form (NASA-C-502)" or "Library Action Notice (NASA-C-514)" on all material returned to Library for discharging.

EXCEPTION: Occasionally requestor will include a note requesting to see material again.

Removal of "green signal clip" on all library material not containing a waiting list.

After yellow charge cards are pulled and routing notations made - the material is then placed on white charge card side of counter by requester's last name.

WHITE CHARGE CARDS:

File white charge cards by requester's last name, then use following card sequence.

There should be a guide card for each requester:

If there is not a guide card, check name against phone book addenda and make up guide cards as necessary.

If name does not appear in phone book addenda, then call personnel to verify whether person is a Lewis employee, NASA employee, employee for other U.S. Government agency, faculty fellow, NRC fellow, co-op student, summer employee, NASA retiree, NASA grantee or contractor, or VIC visitor, etc.

Guide cards for all employees who are not Lewis employees should be noted with either the contractor name, the proctor's name or any other identifying information. Identifying information should be highlighted with yellow marker. (see Attachment 1 for sample of guide card).



PAGE 3

If unable to verify requestor's employment status, notify Lewis Technical Monitor.

Card sequence:

```
JOURNALS (by journal title, volume no., issue no, date, & copy no.)
DEWEY BOOKS (by book no., edition no., volume & year, copy no.)
DICTIONARIES (by title, year & copy no.)
LC BOOKS (by book no., edition no., volume & year, copy no.)
A-NUMBERS (by A-number & copy no.)
DOE (by DOE number & copy no.)
UNNUMBERED (A- or N-) (by source, report no. or paper no., title)
N-NUMBERS (by N-number & copy no.)
R & MS (by R & M-number & copy no.)
NACA (by NACA-number & copy no.)
 NASA (by NASA-number & copy no.)
 COLLEGE CATALOGS (by college name & year)
 COMPUTER TAPE REEL (by COMPUTER TAPE CT-number & copy no.)
 DISKETTES (by DISKETTE D-number & copy no.)
 FILM (by FILM REEL-number & copy no.)
 KIT (by KIT K-number & copy no.)
 MICROFILM - REEL (by MICROFILM REEL-number & copy no.)
 MICROFICHE (by MICROFICHE M-number & copy no.)
 MISCELLANEOUS LOAN (INTERLIBRARY LOANS, SALMON CARDS) (by author &
                     title)
  RECORDS (by RECORD R-number & copy no.)
  SLIDE FILES (by SLIDE S-number & copy no.)
  VIDEO TAPES (by VIDEO TAPE V.T.-number & copy no.)
  TECH BRIEFS (by B-number & copy no.)
  D-NUMBERS (by D-number & copy no.)
```

Discharge returned material:

Pull white charge card from requester's name file - matching information taken from material and yellow charge card.

After white charge cards are pulled:



Add to the "WHITE CHARGE CARDS" all names that appear on "yellow charge cards" and set aside. Also, type new charge cards when necessary include date new charge cards were typed. (see Attachment 2 for sample)

Staple "LEWIS LIBRARY" form (NASA-C-515) to request card for those items which can be copied and set aside.

For those items that are fifty (50) pages or more - clip "LEWIS LIBRARY" form (NASA-C-515) to front of library material and fill out requester's name on both the "YELLOW AND WHITE CHARGE CARDS" and set aside.

SAMPLE OF LEWIS LIBRARY form (NASA-C-515):

LEWIS LIBRARY

TO:	
This item fills your request for	
Reference pages: See attached.	

NASA-C-515 (Rev. 10-78)

Library Material requested by Library Staff member, clip charge cards to front cover and set aside.

Unrouted library material, place charge cards in either the book pocket or paper clipped to first page following front cover and set aside. EXCEPTION: Charge cards for "Library/Reference" journals should be tossed in wastebasket.

Count the number of books, journals, and documents discharged, place figures in appropriation location on "Circulation and Discharging" statistic sheet.

After statistics have been taken:

Library material ready for circulation should be placed on "mailing truck".

Library material ready for copying should be placed on "copying shelf" located in basement library.



Library material ready for filing should be placed as follows:

Library Material requested by Library Staff member - give to person as noted.

Books - on filing truck.

Journals stamped "ABSTRACT" - on filing truck.

Journals either stamped "BINDERY SHELF" or if "bindery shelf" is indicated on charge card - place on cabinet in Room 119.

All other journals - place in dumbwaiter.

Documents - place in dumbwaiter.

Dictionaries - place in dumbwaiter.

Audio visual material - on filing truck.

Interlibrary Loans - return to Room 120.

MEET PATRONS & ANSWER PHONES AT THE LIBRARY CIRUCLATION DESK:

REFERENCE TOOLS TO BE USED:

NASA RECON's information database.

Book Catalog. (Dewey, LC, dictionaries, and unnumbered books)

Reference books and abstracts.

Shelf lists for documents, photostats, source & send, and miscellaneous materials.

Document collections.

Microfiche collections.

Journal holdings and bound NACA/NASA collection.

Specification collections.

Ascertain nature of request and answer questions on location of library collections, organization of the collection, location of specific materials, etc.

Reference requests are to be referred to reference librarian.



Mail generated from phone requests, add requester's name to both the "yellow and white charge cards" before placing on mailing truck.

Assist requesters in locating material, recalling items from circulation as required.

Assure that copyrighted or classified items are not reproduced without authorization from Lewis Technical Monitor.

When material requested is not available, assist requester in completing library request card. (see Attachment 5 for sample of request card)

Requests for SP, CP, RP and Specifications unless urgently required, a request card is to be filled out.

Completed request cards should be arranged by category of material requested (books to be obtained on loan, journal articles, technical reports, NASA SP's, items to be purchased) and given to Lewis Technical Monitor on a daily basis or immediately if the request is urgent.

Hold File (wooden shelf) contains requested interlibrary loans from outside libraries, phoned in request for reference type materials and other related library materials.

Lewis Personnel Office will call requesting what library material is charged to exiting employees. Advise as to the number of journals, books, dictionaries, unclassified documents, classified documents, etc.

NOTE: A listing of exiting employees is to be made indicating what library materials are charged and given to the Lewis Technical Monitor.

Retirees or exiting employees with a personnel type clearance sheet are to be referred to the Lewis Technical Monitor.



OVERDUE/CALL BACK NOTICES:

TYPES OF GALL BACKS:

FIRST CALL BACK

- sent two-weeks after receipt of material.

SECOND CALL BACK

- sent one-week after first call

back is generated.

THIRD CALL BACK

- phone call made one-week after second call back is generated.

FOURTH CALL BACK

- sent to "Section Head" one-week

after third call back is

generated.

FIFTH CALL BACK

- give yellow charge cards to Lewis Technical Monitor for action.

OVERNIGHT CALL BACK - Reference material that has not been returned by 9:00 a.m.*

Check "green signal clips" on yellow charge cards - ON A DAILY BASIS.

If user's has had material longer than a two-week period or one-week after each call back, pull yellow charge card.

Either yellow charge card along with call back form can be copied on copying machine or call back forms can be typed for each yellow charge card. (see Attachments 3 and 4)

If copied, insert yellow charge card in appropriate slot on master call back form - making sure that identifying information is legible.

If typed on call back form - include all identifying information, such as: journal title, vol. no., issue no, date, copy no.; book no., edition no., volume & year, copy no.; document number and copy no.

PRINT current user's name and mail stop in the "TO" area of form.

"X" the appropriate block on form.

Date form.

Date yellow charge card by current user's name each time call back is generated.

SECOND call back being sent - indicate under identifying information the following: "SECOND REQUEST - PLEASE RETURN".

THIRD call back - phone call is made to user requesting prompt return of material.

FOURTH call back - check library collection for number of copies and types of copies.



PAGE 8.

If there is another copy that can be used to fill requester's needs, then transfer names to yellow charge card and send call back where needed. If there is a circulating copy on shelf, fill out charge cards and place on mailing truck.

If this is our only circulating copy, send call back notice to user's Section Head asking for his assistance. Indicate under identifying information: "THIS IS OUR ONLY CIRCULATING COPY, PROMPT RETURN REQUIRED. IF A SECTION COPY IS NEEDED, PLEASE GENERATE APPROPRIATE REQUEST - BUT HAVE THIS COPY RETURNED TO THE LIBRARY".

FIFTH call back - give yellow charge cards to Lewis Technical Monitor for action.

Take call back/overdue notice statistics - by counting yellow charge cards and indicate figure on monthly statistic sheet under "CALL BACKS". Rubber band yellow charge cards and place in wooden circulation box.

After call back forms are completed - place on mailing truck.

If user is an outside Library or Organization, give call back form to Anita Solarz, Room 120.

OVERNIGHT CALL BACK:

Call users and remind them that the library reference material should have been returned by 9:00 a.m.

Date yellow charge card by current user's name each time call back is generated.

Overnight call backs are done on a daily basis.

FOURTH call back - give yellow charge cards to Lewis Technical Monitor for action.

Take overnight call back statistics - by counting charge cards and indicate figure on monthly statistic sheet under "CALL BACKS".

Refile charge cards in wooden circulation box under overnight loans.



SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF DOCUMENTS & SECURITY CLEARANCE OF REQUESTER:

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF DOCUMENTS

Confidential

Unclassified limited

Unclassified "For Early Domestic Dissemination" (FEDD)

SECURITY CLEARANCE OF REQUESTER

Ensure that requester's security clearance, need to know (R&D vs. Tech. Services), and employment status are adequate considering the nature of the material requested.

Check requester's badge and/or lists of employees to determine requester's status as potential borrower of library material, i.e., is requester a Lewis employee, NASA employee, employee of other U.S. Government agency, faculty fellow, NRC fellow, co-op student, summer employee, NASA retiree, NASA grantee or contractor, or VIC visitor, etc.

If requester's security clearance, need to know, or employment status is not adequate for the material requested, refer the request to Lewis Technical Monitor or to Lewis reference librarian.



LIBRARY EQUIPMENT

Instruct and assist callers in use and operation of microfiche readers, reader-printers, and copy machines.

Stock machines with paper and toner, maintain minimal preventive maintenance such as cleaning surfaces, clearing jams, changing lenses, adjusting controls, etc.

Notify Lewis Technical Monitor when machine breakdown requires service call.



PAGE 11

Arrange "yellow charge cards", using following card sequence:

```
JOURNALS (by journal title, volume no., issue no, date, & copy no.)
DEWEY BOOKS (by book no., edition no., volume & year, copy no.)
DICTIONARIES (by title, year & copy no.)
LC BOOKS (by book no., edition no., volume & year, copy no.)
A-NUMBERS (by A-number & copy no.)
DOE (by DOE number & copy no.)
UNNUMBERED (A- or N-) (by source, report no. or paper no., title)
 N-NUMBERS (by N-number & copy no.)
 R & MS (by R & M-number & copy no.)
 NACA (by NACA-number & copy no.)
 NASA (by NASA-number & copy no.)
 COLLEGE CATALOGS (by college name & year)
 COMPUTER TAPE REEL (by COMPUTER TAPE CT-number & copy no.)
  DISKETTES (by DISKETTE D-number & copy no.)
  FILM (by FILM REEL-number & copy no.)
  KIT (by KIT K-number & copy no.)
  MICROFILM - REEL (by MICROFILM REEL-number & copy no.)
  MICROFICHE (by MICROFICHE M-number & copy no.)
  MISCELLANEOUS LOAN (INTERLIBRARY LOANS, BLUE CARDS) (by author &
                      title)
   RECORDS (by RECORD R-number & copy no.)
   SLIDE FILES (by SLIDE S-number & copy no.)
   VIDEO TAPES (by VIDEO TAPE V.T.-number & copy no.)
   TECH BRIEFS (by B-number & copy no.)
   D-NUMBERS (by D-number & copy no.)
```

Count "yellow charge cards" and place totals in appropriate block on monthly statistic sheet.



Arrange "white charge cards" by requester's last name, then first name or initials - then using following card sequence:

```
JOURNALS (by journal title, volume no., issue no, date, & copy no.)
DEWEY BOOKS (by book no., edition no., volume & year, copy no.)
 DICTIONARIES (by title, year & copy no.)
 LC BOOKS (by book no., edition no., volume & year, copy no.)
A-NUMBERS (by A-number & copy no.)
 DOE (by DOE number & copy no.)
 UNNUMBERED (A- or N-) (by source, report no. or paper no., title)
 N-NUMBERS (by N-number & copy no.)
 R & MS (by R & M-number & copy no.)
 NACA (by NACA-number & copy no.)
 NASA (by NASA-number & copy no.)
  COLLEGE CATALOGS (by college name & year)
  COMPUTER TAPE REEL (by COMPUTER TAPE CT-number & copy no.)
  DISKETTES (by DISKETTE D-number & copy no.)
  FILM (by FILM REEL-number & copy no.)
  KIT (by KIT K-number & copy no.)
  MICROFILM - REEL (by MICROFILM REEL-number & copy no.)
  MICROFICHE (by MICROFICHE M-number & copy no.)
  MISCELLANEOUS LOAN (INTERLIBRARY LOANS, SALMON CARDS) (by author &
                      title)
   RECORDS (by RECORD R-number & copy no.)
   SLIDE FILES (by SLIDE S-number & copy no.)
   VIDEO TAPES (by VIDEO TAPE V.T.-number & copy no.)
   TECH BRIEFS (by B-number & copy no.)
   D-NUMBERS (by D-number & copy no.)
```

Total figures on the "Circulation and Discharging Statistic" sheet and place totals in appropriate blocks on monthly statistic sheet.

Straightening and picking up library material from carrells and tables located in main reading room and basement library areas. Place material in or on appropriate locations for refiling.



CLOSING LIBRARY:

Starting with the basement area:

Lock padlocks to Room 15 (A# & N# Lektrievers) and DOE full-size documents and turn lights off.

Lock and latch doors to Rooms 14, 22, and 28.

Check to be sure ROOMS 12, 19, 20-18 are locked and lights are off.

Turn off lights in Room 28 (basement library).

Lock door at top of stairs.

Turn off the IBM Copying Machine.

Turn off RECON equipment.

First floor area:

Lock doors to Rooms 114 and 122 (Rainbow Room) and turn off lights.

Lock and latch loading dock area, push on doors to be sure they are locked.

Lock and latch front doors leading to Main Reading room, push on doors to be sure they are locked.

Within the Main Reading Room (carpeted area), lock doors to Shelf-list room, Mailroom, RECON room and room behind reference librarian's desk.

Lock and latch back doors to Main Reading Room, push on doors to be given sure they are locked.

Turn all off lights.

Turn off RECON equipment.

Advise the Reference Librarian on duty that all areas have been (Nowh ())



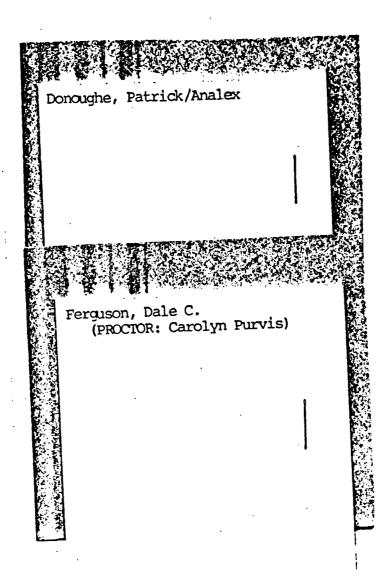
MAINTAIN LIBRARY DISTRIBUTION LISTS AND MEMBERSHIP LISTS

Verify mail stops and/or organization codes against new phone book addendus and organizational notifications as they are received.

Requests for additions or deletions to lists are to be noted, along with date noted and your initials.

Lists are to be given to Lewis Technical Monitor at the end of each month.





QC 175.2 .S68 1982 c.1

Stanislav, J. F.
Mathematical modeling of transport
phenomena processes.
c1982.

5-2-83/Second Card

	econd Card Issued To	Division
Date	122060 10	
	l	<u> </u>
	\	_1
		l l
		1
		1
		1
 -		1
NA'-A C-509	LIBRARY CHA	Main Bun.

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

· Alekai Manana manana

FROM:

113 1983

1950 Reply to Attn of

C. C. Charris

1950/Library, Mail Stop 60-3, PAX: 2234

SUBJECT: Prompt Return of the Material Noted Below

	There is a waiting list for the material.
•	[] The material is a reference copy (Overnight-Loan,
	The material is to be bound.
	The material is to be recataloged.
	The material is needed for interlibrary loan.
	If you wish this material returned to you, please check here

QA 402 .P34 1982

c.1

Patel, Rajnikant V. Multivariable system theory and design. 1st ed.

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

NASA-C-502 (Rev. 6-82)



April 18, 1983

Reply to Atle of 1950

TO: C. C. Chamis 49-6

FROM: 1950/Library, Mail Stop 60-3, PAX: 2234

SUBJECT: Prompt Return of the Material Noted Below

XX There is a waiting list for the material.
The material is a reference copy (Overnight-Loan).
[]] The material is to be bound.
The material is to be recataloged.
The material is needed for interlibrary loan.
If you wish this material returned to you, please check here

QA 402 .P34 1982 c.l

Patel, Rajnikant V.
Multivariable system theory and design.
1st ed.

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

LIBRARY L	ITERATURE REQUEST	NASA AEC collection will be sent	
TRUCTIONS: Use a ball-point pen and press firmly. BOOKS: Complete items 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 10, and 11. BOURNAL ARTICLES: Complete items 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, and 11. TECHNICAL REPORTS: If NASA or AEC number is known. (N65-, A65-) Complete items 8, 10, and 11. If there is no NASA or AEC number, complete items 2, 4, 6, 7, 9, 10, and 11. JOURNAL (Tille, Yol., Israe, Year)	Microfiche copies of report whenever possible for scre copy. Indicate with an X already been established.	is in the NASA-AEC collection will be sent ening purposes to determine need for full-size in Item 10 if the need for full-size copy has used to be supproved (item 12) by Section Head copy of this form for your records and submit 8. NASA LIBRARY NO. OR AEC NO.	
		9. DDC NO.	
R. ORGANIZATION (Name, Report No., Date)		10. COPIES REQUESTED FULL SIZE MICROFICHE FOR SECTION USE (Approve below) XEROX TRANSLATION	
CONTRACT NO. CLASSIFICA		11. REQUESTER DATE PAX	
3. PUBLISHER (ABAN TITLE	5. INCLUSIVE PAGES	2.	
4. AUTHOR (8)		3.	
6. TITLE		4.	
		5.	OR
		12. APPROVED	
7. REFERENCED IN:			

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

APPENDIX G

PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENTS/ MONTHLY STATISTICS



Page 1

									0			+	+		0		Н		+	╢	Ш
							П	\dashv		_		- 1	1	H							0
			П						0						0						0
	1	╙							0						0						0
									0						0						0
									0						0						٥
									0			$\frac{1}{1}$			0			-	_		0
				4					0						0		_				0
				+							+	_	Н			Н	\dashv		+	4	\dashv
ns																					
Exiting patrons processed Directional/informational question	ocuments supplied manually	ontrolled docs circulated	ems Charged	ems Discharged	lecall notices	ooks	ocuments	ournals	otal items weeded	helf list cards	ournals	ocuments	pecifications	licroform	otal items filed/shelved	ournals	ooks	ocuments	pecifications	licrotorm	Total shelves shifted
rons processed	Directional/informational questions	Directional/informational questions Documents supplied manually	Directional/informational questions Documents supplied manually Controlled docs circulated	Directional/informational questions Documents supplied manually Controlled docs circulated Items Charged	Directional/informational questions Documents supplied manually Controlled docs circulated Items Charged Items Discharged	naVinformational quarts supplied manued docs circulated harged ischarged ischarged	naVinformational q ents supplied manu led docs circulated harged ischarged totices	naVinformational q ents supplied manu led docs circulated harged ischarged notices	naVinformational q ents supplied manu ed docs circulated harged ischarged iotices otices	naVinformational quests supplied manued docs circulated tharged ischarged ischarged ottices stress stress stress weeded Wing	naVinformational q ents supplied manu- led docs circulated harged ischarged ischarged intices ints ms weeded Wing t cards	naVinformational q ents supplied manued docs circulated harged ischarged ottices ottices mrs weeded mrs weeded Wing t cards	naVinformational quests supplied manued docs circulated docs circulated tharged ischarged softices. Sams weeded wing treates.	naVinformational q ents supplied manu- led docs circulated tharged ischarged ischarged iotices iotices ints weeded Wing t cards s sents	naVinformational q ents supplied manu- led docs circulated harged ischarged ottices ints ms weeded Wing t cards s articards ms ations	onal/informational quents supplied manuled docs circulated Charged Charged Discharged notices Institute In	onavinformational quents supplied manuled docs circulated Charged Charged Discharged notices Institute Ins	onavinformational quents supplied manuled docs circulated Charged Charged Discharged notices Institute Ins	onavinformational quents supplied manuled docs circulated Charged Charged Discharged notices Institute Ins	naVinformational quants supplied manued docs circulated harged harged ischarged notices and wing trans weeded Wing at cards at ions manuelled she was alled shelved and and all and	onavinformational quents supplied manulled docs circulated Charged Charged Discharged notices Institute In



:

۳	-
c	
c	3
Č	Ī
C	
-	
-	

Glenn Technical Library FY 2001 Monthly	l Library F	FY 2001	Monthly		_	Ţ			
June, 2001	Dick, Jan	Kelley, Suzanne	Long, Melanie	Louderback, Beverly	IlsdarsMarshall	Merritt, Kathy	Stegenga, Marcia	Watson, Karen	Total
Copying (number of pages)									
Journals									0
Microform									0
Book chapters/papers									0
Documents									0
CDs									0
Total No. of pages copied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Items received & processed									
Journals & other subscribed items (microforms)									0
Books									0
Documents									0
Controlled Documents									0
Specifications									0
Microfiche									0
Translations									0
Reprints/page charges						•			0
Gift Journals									0
Other									0
Total Items Received & Processed	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
No. of shelf list cards prepared									0
No. of volumes prepared for binding									0
No. of volumes bound/rebound		,							0
Acquisitions									
Requests received - Overall Total									0
Books									
Electronic									0
Paper									0
Total books requested	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



Page 2

Page 3

Total	0	0	0	٥	0	0		٥	0	0	0	0	0		0	和外表的外面的	0	0	0	0	0	٥	9	9	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
Watson, Karen			0			0								- (0	到 物种的东西				0				 	t				0			
Stegenga, Marcia			0			0								ľ	9	 大型和光线				0									0			
Merritt, Kathy			0			0								1	O	海洲外河中				0									0			
Catherine Marshall			0			0								ľ	0	建筑建筑				0									0			
Louderback, Beverly CE			0			0								1	O	在2000年的				0									0			
Kelley, Suzanne Long, Melanie			0			0								ľ	o i	是是				0									0			
			0			0								1	O	的情報的政				0									0			
Dick, Jan			0			0		1		Ī				9	D	2000年				0									0			
Glenn Technical Library F. June, 2001 ਤੁੰ	Electronic	Paper	Total articles requested	Reports, etc.	Paper	Total reports requested	No. of items filled in-house	Journal articles	Hecords input to database	BOOKS	Documents	Controlled Documents	Other	Total Home filled in benied	Subscriptions	*No longer using Moved to Cataloging	No. of print subs. ordered	No. of electronic subs. ordered	No. of online databases ordered	Total subscription items ordered	No. claimed		Documents	Controlled Documents	Specifications	Translations	Reprints/page charges	Other	Total nonsubs. items ordered	Interlibrary loan	Items borrowed	Items loaned



Poick, Jan Kelley, Suzann Kelley, Suzann Catherine Ma Merritt, Kathry Stegenga, Mc Stegenga, Mc MS Access report) MS Access report)	Glenn Technical Library FY 2001 Month	y FY 2001 Montl	Á			Ų:	
a analyses)* a analyses)* Telerence MS Access report) MS Access report)	June, 2001		ongelpsck'			Vatson, Kare	
analyses)* analyses)* Margarete MS Access report) Margarete MS Access report)			7			۸	,
analyses)** Interest to a subsess report) MS Access report) MS Access report) MS Access report)	New document requests						0
a analyses)** In the contract of the contract	Requests completed						0
analyses)** Betalvases in the control of the contr	Docs. added to collection						0
a analyses)** Beta analyses in the state of	Docs. revised/updated						0
analyses)** analyses)** reference MS Access report) MS Access report)	PDC subscribers served						0
analyses)** Paralyses (Paralyses)** Paralyse	Cataloging						
analyses)** e analyses)** Ceference MS Access report) MS Access report) MS Access report)	Items cataloged, original						0
analyses)* e analyses)* Marcess report) Marcess report) Marcess report)	Items cataloged, copy						0
e analyses)* Maccess report) Mis Access report) Mis Access report)	Serials records created						0
e analyses)* Paralyses steport) MS Access report) MS Access report)	Copies added or corrected						0
analyses)* analyses)* feference MS Access report) MS Access report)	Shelf list cards created						0
analyses)** a analyses)** a contact of the contac	OCLC holdings updated						0
analyses)* eference MS Access report) MS Access report)	Recataloging						0
a analyses)* eference MS Access report) MS Access report)	Reference Services						
a analyses)* eference MS Access report) MS Access report)	Quick reference searches						0
a analyses)* Paralyses)* Paralyses)* Paralyses)* Paralysesion(*) Paralyses)*	Directional questions						0
reference MS Access report) MS Access report)	In-depth searches (reference analyses)*				_		0
reference MS Access report) MS Access report)	User training sessions**						0
reference MS Access report) MS Access report)	Users trained **						0
reference MS Access report) MS Access report)	Outreach activities **						0
reference MS Access report) MS Access report)	Citations verified						0
eference MS Access report) MS Access report)	Electronic Library						
reference MS Access report) MS Access report)	Web pages created						0
reference MS Access report) MS Access report)	Web pages redesigned						0
eference MS Access report) MS Access report)	Web pages edit						0
reference MS Access report) MS Access report)	Links added						0
reference MS Access report) MS Access report)	Links updated						0
	Links removed						0
·	-						
	** Training topics (reference MS Access report)			-			



COTR/TR		sutst2	NA	NA	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	NA	WA	NA	NA	A O NA	<u> </u>
Score		91005	N/A	N/A	V	V	N/A	N/A	NA	¥ X	¥ Z	N/A	0.00%	
灣鄉	Γ	to sugisw Standard	12%	10%	12%	10%	4%	%01	10%	%01	12%	10%		
	,	nəmssəssA Isni7	Ϋ́	Υ _N	¥.	Ψ/N	N/A	Α¥	Ψ _N	¥ Z	Ψ/N	N/A		
		lis7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
COTR/TR		Соттепъ					ğ	형	형		SID	Click		
03		esa¶ batsuįbA												
		InemasesaA HeC	N/A	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N.A.	N/A	N/A	0.00%	
ation	Adjusted Data	Fail	0	0	o	o	0	0	o	0	0	0		
Contractor Information	Adjus	8889	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0		l.
Itracto		StriemmoO	형	Sig		ğ	형	흲	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	절	Click	$\ \ $	
ို့		ess PateulbA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		•
	Date	Pass Fail												:
	Original Data				_									
	9	ezi2 eldme2		_				<u> </u>						1
		Actual Monthly			_									
Workload		₩	%08	78%	80%	78%	%0	78%	75%	75%	80%	75%	74.70%	
		JdS	%26	% 06	%26	. %06	% 66	%88	%88	%88	%26	%56	%86:06	
Workload Contractor Information	50-library	June, 2001	Charging material shall be done in Galaxie when the requestor presents it: discharging shall be done within 8 working hours and exit lists shall be prepared within 8 working hours of request.	Shelved items shall be in the proper order (alphabetically, numerically, etc.) within each collection and shelflist cards are to be accurate and filed numerically.	Purchase requests and purchase orders shall be completed accurately (including ordering and receipt), according to the most current publisher information with rush orders processed within 8 working hours and regular requests within 2 working days of the request.	Journals shall be checked in within 10 working hours of receipt and shelved alphabetically within 3 working days and predetermined titles shall be bound within 18 months of issue.	Journal usage reports shall be submitted by the 10th working day in July.	<u> </u>	Databases shall be maintained for bibliographic data and subscriber information and incoming documents shall be filled within 3 working days of receipt.	Originally cataloged material shall be shelf ready within 10 working days, copy cataloged material shall be shelf ready within 5 working days, regular requests shall be processed within 10 working days, and rush items shall be ready within 3 working days (excluding original cataloging).		Networks shall be fully operational for access by customers and library staff.	Totals	Printed On: 06/04/2001
6			5.1	5.2	5.3	5.3.1	5.3.1	5.3.2	5.3.4	5.	5.5	5.6		ted On:
			8	110	09	61	107	62	89	64	65	99		Prim



5.0 - Library Services

TIME TANK YOUR FORD

Sec
Servi
Library
5.0

_		_													
			Status	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	N/A	N/A	
	Score		Score	¥ Z	¥ /Z	A A	Ψ/Z	N/A	Ψ _N	Ψ/N	N/A	N/A	N/A	%00.0	
		p.	sebnet2 to tdgieW	12%	10%	12%	%01 ————————————————————————————————————	4%	10%	10%	10%	12%	10%		
		1	Final Assessmen	∀/Ž	N/A	V/V	¥,	N/A	N/A	¥ X	V/V	V/N	N/A		
			Fail	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
4	COTR / TR		Pass	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o 	0	٥		
		_	Comments	ğ	<u>Ş</u>	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	3	Click	Click	Click	기	Click	Click		
	္ပ		Adjusted Pass	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
			tnemeseasA NeS	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	ΝΑ	N/A	N/A	NA	N/A	0.00%	
	ation	Adjusted Data	lis T	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Contractor Information	Adjus	9889	o	o	0	o	0:	0	0	0	0	0		
	ractor		Somments	Click	Click	Click	Click	Click	Click	Click	Click	Click	Click		
	БО С	1	eas9 beteujbA		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
			Pass 		0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0 0		
		Original Data									•	*			
	+	<u> </u>	ezi2 elqms2		0	O.	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥		
			Actual Monthly	0	o	o	0	0	0	0	o 	o 	0		
	Workload		עסר∨	%08	78%	%08	78%	%0	%8/	75%	75%	%08	75%	74.70%	
		No. 100/2		%26	%06	%26	%06	%66	%88	%88	%B8%	%26		%86.06	
	5.0 - Library		= U \$	5.1 Charging material shall be done in Galaxie when the requestor presents it: discharging shall be done within 8 working hours and exit lists shall be prepared within 8 working hours of request.		5.3 Purchase requests and purchase orders shall be completed a courately (including ordering and receipt), according to the most current publisher information with rush orders processed within 8 working hours and regular requests within 2 working days of the request.	5.3.1 Journals shall be checked in within 10 working hours of receipt and shelved alphabetically within 3 working days and predetermined titles shall be bound within 18 months of issue.			5.3.4 Databases shall be maintained for bibliographic data and subscriber information and incoming documents shall be filled within 3 working days of receipt.	5.4 Originally cataloged material shall be shelf ready within 10 working days, copy cataloged material shall be shelf ready within 5 working days, regular requests shall be processed within 10 working days, and rush items shall be ready within 3 working days (excluding original cataloging).	1	5.6 Networks shall be fully operational for access by customers and library staff.	Totals	Printed On: 06/01/2001
	2			28	110	09	19	107	62	63	49		99		
															r

€. C

APPENDIX H 1992 LIBRARY USERS SURVEY



-LeRC Bulletin

AT EWIS, RESIDENT, CONTRACTOR,

AND EXCHANGE PERSONNEL

NASA Lewis Research Center Cleveland, Ohio

November 24, 1992

TO:

Lewis Employees, On-Site Contractors, and NASA Exchange

and Resident Personnel

FROM:

Chief, Technical Information Services Division

SUBJECT: Lewis Library Survey

Before you say "Oh, no, not another survey!" please read on.

I'm asking you to take a few minutes to think about your contacts with the main Lewis Library located in Building 60. Then share your opinion of the library and its services.

The library is a valuable resource. The library staff wants to help you do your job "better, cheaper, faster" by providing the information you need quickly and economically. This survey will provide user feedback. It will generate information to make the library more useful to all of us. It will help provide direction for growth and improvement.

Return the completed survey to any of the Library User Committee members listed on the back. Or deliver it in person if you want to add your own touch. Please return it by December 7. The committee members will summarize the data, make a list of action items, recommend solutions and suggestions, and publish the results of the survey as quickly as possible.

Thanks for your help.

Richard E. Texler

Enclosure

Copy Distribution:
List A-1



LIBRARY USER SURVEY

The diversity and evolution of the scientific and engineering research areas that are represented here at LeRC place rather critical requirements on the library and its staff to support the information needs of such research activity. The Library User Committee of LeRC, the liaison between the user community and the library staff, would like to know how the library has served you in the past and how it can be improved to serve you in the future. Please take a few minutes of your valuable time to complete this survey form which will help the Library User Committee understand the wants and needs you have of the LeRC library.

1.	What is your	organizational code ?	·						
2.	Approximate	ely how often do you u	se the library?						
	1) Weekly	2) Twice a Month	3) Monthly	4) Or	nce a year	5)	Never		
3.	Do you requ	ire assistance from the	library staff whe	n you ı	use the librar	y ?			
	1) Always	2) Often	3) Not very o	ften	4) Not at a	all			
	If not "alway	ys", please feel free to	explain:						
4.	Are you trea	ted courteously by the	library staff ?						
	1) Always	2) Often	3) Not very o	ften	4) Not at	all			
	If not "alway	ys", please feel free to	explain:						
5.	Do you think that the library should install and enforce a book return policy?								
	1) Yes	2) No	. •		•				
	Please feel f	ree to explain:							



6. Please indicate your satisfaction level with each of the following:

•	Very Satisfied	Satisfied	Not Satisfied	Not Applicable	Unaware of Service
Availability of Books Related to your Research Area					
Availability of Journals Related to your Research Area					
Availability of Technical Reports (TM's, CR's etc)		·			
Availability of Abstracts & Indexes					***************************************
Book acquisition process	· <u>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </u>				
Journal Routing					
Reference assistance at the Library		, 			
Data Bases Subscribed to by the library					
Results of Data Base Searches	-· 				
Timeliness in Obtaining Ordered Materials					
Copy Machine Availability					
Hours of Operation (Currently 8:00-4:30 PM)				-	

- 7. What library services should be improved or added to those that already exist?
- 8. On what subjects do we need more books, journals, on-line materials, and documents added to the existing Library collection?

Thank you for helping us to provide you with the library services you desire.

If you would like to add comments and ideas, please include them. However, if you would like to speak to any member of the Library User Committee directly, please call one of the members listed on the accompanying list.



APPENDIX I RESULTS OF 1992 LIBRARY USERS SURVEY



MASTER TOTALS SUMMARY OF LIBRARY USER COMMITTEE SURVEY NOVEMBER-DECEMBER 1992

Que	stion					
2	Frequency of Use	Weekly 57	Twice/M	o. Monthly 173	Annual 151	Never 68
3	Require Assistance?	Always 65	Often 193	Not often 220	No 9	
4	Courteous Staff?	409	75	5	3	
5	Book Return (install & enfor		Y es 275	No 203		
6	Levels of Satisfaction	Very Sa	tis. Sati	is. Not Satis	. N/A	Unaware
6a	Books in Research Area	4	1 223	125	61	12
6b	Journals in Research Area	8	235	47	77	19
6c	Available Tech. Reports	8	88 228	34	79	30
6d	Available Abstracts, Indices	9	2 . 217	19	85	31
6e	Book Acquisition	5	224	119	38	26
6f	Journal Routing	3	9 151	38	111	102
6g	Reference Assistance	20	207	12	30	17
6h	Available Databases	5	6 199	30	69	86
6i	Database Search Results	6	7 185	44	108	14
6j	Timely Ordered Materials	5	1 218	137	45	14
6k	Copy Machine Availability	6	7 217	62	73	44
61	Hours of Operation	9	7 298	42	15	2



Question 3. Library Assistance

Recon is easy enough to use, but much of my interaction is related to non-standard tasks, hence my need for assistance. (0153) (twice a month)

Assistance is needed to order Journals/Publications not in the library. (0153) (twice a month)

Usually just looking for a quiet place to escape and do work. (0152) (once a vear)

Computerized card catalog simplifies things. Library staff originally showed me how to use this. (0153) (twice a month)

Often, I know my way around. (5230) (weekly)

Can find journals myself on at least 50% of my visits. (2650) (monthly)

Occasional help finding references and journals not available at Lewis. (5140) (monthly)

Mostly for subscription renewals (0210) (twice a month)

4. Courtesy

Staff members are very helpful. Desk clerks could use some customer service training. (0215) (twice a month)

5. Book Return

Why not? (0150) (monthly)

Most libraries do. (0210) (> twice a month)

Present system works well. (0153) (twice a month)

Library strength is in reports and articles not books. (0153) (twice a month)

No, for periodicals/Journals/Publications, because they are of an individual use. Yes, for books because others could use them for info/research. I see library books on peoples shelves untouched for years. (0153) (twice a month)

Depends-If someone requests a book that someone else has- How easy and quick is it to get it back? (0152) (once a year)

I have had to have books recalled that were checked out before 1985. (0153) (twice a month)

When a book is needed, a return is arranged. (0152) (monthly).

The person who orders a book and retains it is often most knowledgeable about it and could be used as a resource as well by one who wants to see the book if they know the name of the book holder. (5230) (once a year)



Better material acquisition service, more timely(< 1 month) (monthly)

Nothing for a blue collar worker. (7290) (never)

Obtaining articles from NASA Scan Sheets. (2650) (monthly)

Dial in CPL, CCL, CWRU, CSU---(5140) (monthly)

More copy machines, strict enforcement of book returnpolicy, timely routing of journals. (5130) (weekly)

Stay open until 6:00 two nights a week. (0120) (once a year or possibly never)

Improve turn around time on article copying, book acquisition. Improve data bases for searches esp. Science Citation Index (government base is useless). Acquire a better copying machine. Find more space for journal collection and don't microfiche. The journals are the heart of the R and D work. (0130) (weekly)

Network access to catalog system would be very nice, i.e. LIMS (6780) (once a year)

Sometimes, it seems to take a long time to receive material requested by filling out the "library literature request" forms. (6830) (monthly)

8. Updating Material

ø

History of aeronautics and space travel, including journals. (0153) (twice a month)

Journals from all NASA centers on "Research and Technology". (0153) (twice a month)

Guess I'd better come see what you have first! How's your software references book collection? (0152) (once a year)

Optics and Photonics-Need newere material. Existing material is good but somewhat obsolete. (0153) (twice a month)

Business functions, TQM, management materials. (0215) (twice a month)

Within budget (0152) (monthly)

Thermoelectricity, Monte Carlo Simulation (0300) (monthly)

Applied mathematics, undergraduate level new textbooks in many areas. (5230) (weekly)

I don't know. (120) (twice a month)

Computer How-to-do-it manuals (soft back) (0152) (weekly)

Ceramics and ceramic matrix composites. (5130) (weekly)



Administrative areas and procurement matters also. (0120) (once a year)

Computers and related publications such as the subject of computer languages, programming techniques. (6780) (once a year)



On responders well reasoned comments

Availability of Journals Related to your Research Area:

Subscription service has been a problem. We have not received certain journals for over a year. Not only was the library unaware of the problem, but we have been unable to get any response when we made them aware of it.

Availability of Abstracts & Indexes:

The selection of abstracting services is adequate, but when they are stored on microfiche they are virtually unusable. It is all right to archive journals that way, but not Chem. Abstract, etc.

Journal Routing:

The practice of routing the only copy of journals to a long list should be stopped. It makes the latest issues unavailable for long periods of time, and those at the end of the routing list see the journals months late. When it is not possible to keep a second copy in the library, it would be better to route a copy of the journal table of contents. Such a copy could be sent to everyone on the routing list simultaneously so that they would see the titles as soon as the journal is received, and the journal would be available to everyone.



1

Library User Committee Survey 1000 Directorate

#	ORG CODE	QUES	Comments
1	1300	5 .	focus on widely available material in library
1	1300	5	long term need, use local PR
2	1300	5	keep books from getting lost,not using return
2	1300	7	reading/area in basement needed
2	1300	8	mathematics
4	1310	5	dictionary, thesaurus necessary for long term
5	1310	5	rarely find current materials in lib
5	1310	8	computer, text retrieval materials
6	1310	5	insure prompt return of books
6	1310	7	A1 distribution of all services, open house
6	1310	7	What services are available
7	1320	5	call for book when needed
8	1320	7	book acquisition, arin is not easy to use
8	1320	8	numercial analysis, software engineering
9	1330	8	OSF, Xwindow system
11	1360	3	I know more than they do
11	1360	4	rude vague
11	1360	5	would save money, larger selection
11	1360	7	all services should be improved, computers used
11	1360	8	all subjects
12	1380	7	I should take a tour
12	1380	8	I should look
15	1930	7	video tapes, photos
18	1530	5	I assumed that there was a return policy
18	1530	7	more info on services offered
20	1000		who can use services, what are services
20	1000	8	what type of lib is it; mainly R& D
21	1540	5	people keep books indefintely
21	1540	7	more current reference material
21	1540	8	MBA material
22	1570	7	access books through lims
23	1520	7	what materials available for business, economics, commerce
23	1520	8	library needs more PR, you do not market
26	1580	7	don't know what is there, let people know services
27	1380	5	allow permanent copies by pr
27	1380	7	terrible process for ordering books, too much time
29	1730	5	books in someones office not in library
32	1530	2	hope to get over there to check it out
33	1540	8	business info? has library any??
34	1520	5	only if others have requested book
35	1720	3	Regulations not accessible/identifiable
36	1140	8	Need more variety of material(Human Resources)
38	1730	7	Do not like Journal Routing/need own copy
40	1013	5	No-un-necessary work effort
41	1012	5	Yes-would give more people more access
43	1590	7	Extended hours a few evenings per week
44	1330	7	On-line access to computer searches
- •		•	on mic access to competer contents

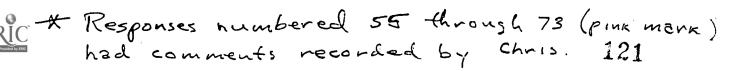


	4000	•	14 t . (B) 11 t =
45	1380	8	Variety(Parallel Processing, distributed computing)
48	1310	8	Variety (Secretarial)
49	1940	3	Not very often; look w/o assistance
49	1940	, 5	Yes-but own copy should be provided by Library if needed
51	1011	5	Yes-so not responsible for books when retire
53	1570	5	Yes-with long-term lending available
54	1300	5	Thought already have one
54	1300	7	Follow-up(been on waiting list 4 yrs)
54	1300	-8	OAG Desktop Flight Guide-North American Ed.
55	1500	5	Yes-all available for everyone
56	1710	5	Yes-How many not returned?
56	1710	7	"I miss the days when the library took care
		of ev	verything. The PR process is a pain."
62	1310	5	Know of several books not needed belong to library
62	1310	7	Better public relations: was told library for
		only	scientists & engineers
62	1320	7	Book Return Policy
62	1320	8	Optimization & Mathematics
66	1310	3	Not very often: use reference index
66	1310	7	Current books & journals in reading room
66	1310	8	Statistics
68	1380	5	Yes-with extended loans available
69	1570	8	Procurement
71	1380	4	Not very often: clerks unfriendly/no follow-up
71	1380	5	Yes: 2-3 weeks w/fines
71	1380	7	On-line services (all) including CD-ROM on network
71	1380	8	Object-Oriented Programming; Prog Manag
73	1330	7	NOTE stating survey applied to CSD Library
			Second Note: "Bldg. 60 Library is 'Technologically Depressed'. They would benefit form new technology equipment & major 'process Analysis & Application Development' to support their work function.
74	1390	7	On-line/network accessible listings
74	1390	8	Computer, networking, & telecommunications



Library Survey: Summary of Comments

Organizational Code: 2000 Compiled by Tony Powell Total responses in this Summary of Comments: 54 - Responses numbered 1 through 54 No. data base system is terrible, so need help library poorly organized, so need help need help with on-line searches and classified refs need to have class on searching for books and materials get condescending attitude from staff courteous, but personnel are loud in reading room yes, it would help to have more books readily available yes, but allow branch/office copies yes, what you want is never there yes, too often, books checked out and forgotten yes, waiting to retrieve books is a roadblock to work yes, takes too long to retrieve a book due dates on books no, I can request book from person who has it no, many books are needed for months at a time no, but library needs method of recalling books quickly yes, frustrating to have slim chance of finding book no, but enforce penalties when requested books not given yes, books stay on office shelves for years yes, books seem to disappear for various reasons yes, in particular for some ref. books no, system okay no, books should be returned only if requested would like to browse the stacks no, likes freedom of no due date no, projects often require books for a long time don't know, could do more harm than good yes, don't see how you keep track of books yes, 1 out of 10, I can find the book I want no, important to have books readily available in office yes, many classic ref. books are out permanently yes, it would help the library keep better tabs on books yes, books are lost no, people can be contacted if book is needed yes, would like to have books to browse through no, most books are not available no, many books are extremely handy to have near by yes, all other libraries do no, but current system should be modified no, would need a much bigger library no, a book belongs in the hands of a user



Ques. No. Source Comment ability to searches at my desk using PC orientation of users to available services RECON not adequate (lacks for.journals & key word search) institute a book-return policy and enforce it speed up acquisition process more technical books need to be purchased a quiet reading room in main library better data base for aeronautics and chemistry faster acquisition of books and requested articles on line search of literature from my desk on line searches of IEEE and AIP journals and abstracts speed up ordering of materials improve speed in getting new books expanded hours 7 - 4:30 put a copy machine upstairs new data base system improved timeliness in services fluid mechanics, aerodynamics extend hours till 5:30 more books and references stay open till 5:30 ability to request books by e-mail extended hours, till 6:00 book and paper search procedure ability to request material by phone or computer extend hours to at least 8:00 - 5:30 electronic catalog and data base search should have 24 hour electronic access aeropropulsion instrumentation, flow theory electronic/electrical properties of materials laser doppler velocimetry aeronautics, fluid mechanics, propulsion aero-propulsion AIAA microfiche is 1 and 1/2 years behind combustion, computer modeling general engr, basic designing, operations engr IEEE and AIP journals and abstracts through LIMS or CD '93 edition of Thomas Register journals: J. Math. and J. of Rational Mech. and Anal. design codes (ASME, ANSI, ASTM) optics, laser speckle, optical measurement techniques solid state physics, materials science optics



semiconductors, applied mathematics

computers and software

7. Summary of what library services should be improved or added to those that already exist.

- Up to date, faster copy machine needed.

- Quality of copies from microfische is poor.

- LIMS library request form is unforgiving to errors.

- Publicize capability to access RECON via INTERNET.

- Personal access to DIALOG system would be nice.

- Should have online abstract search service from own computer network (e.g. ERBNET).

* Provide training for data base searches.

* Do not destroy old Journals.

* Essentially only one person at a time can use the movable shelves. This is unacceptable.

8. Summary of what subjects do we need more books, journals, on-line materials, and documents added to the existing Library collection?

OK as is.

Spectroscopy, Heat transfer, Transonic wind tunnel testing, Ames tables, Hot-wire anemometry.



7. Summary of what library services should be improved or added to those that already exist.

- Want ability to use research finds to purchase branch copies of book/journals.

- Wants online access to abstracts a summaries,

- Courd Certalog on LIMS.

- Courd Certalog on LIMS.

- Believe that affree copies should be reduced/eliminated and that materials should be shared

- Therease hours to 7:00-5:30

8. Summary of what subjects do we need more books, journals, on-line materials, and documents added to the existing Library collection?

- Liquid Atomization & Sprays
- Wants a pamphlet on Library Services (we already have one)
- Photography

2. How often do you use the library?1) Weekly <u>2</u>

2) Twice a month 4

3) Monthly 22 +5 ~ 27
4) Once a year 17 +4 21

5) Never

6) 2-6 times per year <u>9</u>

3. Do you require assistance?

1) Always	<u>9</u>
2) Often	<u> 25</u>
3) Not very often	<u>21</u>
4) Not at all	<u>1</u>

COMMENTS

- a) Sometimes I know what I'm doing
- b) Sometimes I find books, journals myself
- c) Only when I need help finding something
- d) If I'm looking for a similar item as last time, I don't need to ask
- e) I can locate periodicals and texts myself, but ask for help on RECON
 - f) If I can find the information from the PC, I do it myself
 - g) ARIN is very comprehensive and stack location of materials is not complicated
 - h) Usually use computer search for information
- i) I look for information myself, if I can't find it I ask for assistance
- j) Usually to locate and order publications not in the library
- k) I usually call to order what I want
- I) I can never find what I'm looking for, I'm familiar with the library layout

4. Are you treated courteously?

1) Always	<u>48</u>
2) Often	<u>7</u>
3) Not very often	<u>O</u>
4) Not at all	0

COMMENTS

- a) Librarian helped me order a book
- b) I only used the library once
- c) I find that the staff goes out of its way to explore all options in my search for info.
- d) Especially when I have showered recently



- e) They always look busy, I'm afraid to ask for help
- f) Once I asked for a Space Station Freedom spec and was jerked around. I had to call SSF directorate to find out how to get the spec
- g) They are very helpful
- 5. Do you think there should be a book return policy?

. 1) Yes

<u>28</u>

2) No

<u>29</u>

3) Maybe

1

COMMENTS

- a) Y We probably have a lot of duplicate books collecting dust
- b) Y In order for someone else to use the book they need
- c) Y If a book is held beyond its due date, the person should be 'blocked' from further library privileges until it is resolved. If necessary, the person's branch should be 'blocked'
- d) Y Its easier to select a good reference book when you can page through it. It should be much longer than public libraries, like one month, with no limit on renewals
- e) N But there should be a better way to get call backs more quickly.

 Those who lost books should replace them
- f) Y At least encourage people to return books they aren't using
- g) Y Too many books end up decorating someone's personal book shelves when the books could be utilized by someone else
- h) Y People take advantage and don't return library property which effects others and more NASA money will have to be spent to replace the books
- i) Y Should be a return policy unless books really are being used
- j) Y Some people forget they ever had the books what good is a library if you never have access to the materials
- k) Y New books are always in demand, but 'branch copies' should be purchased by the branch leaving the library copies free to circulate
- I) N But books that people keep should be available on demand
- m) N as long as required books can be acquired in a timely manner
- n) Y/N Yes, I borrow a book and sometimes someone borrows it from me and I lose track of it. A return policy would be a good reminder to return the book. I suggest a 1 month loan with the option to extend once for another month. No, book return policy should not include 'branch loan' books. I have 53 books charged to me for branch use. These books must be on hand for reference.
- o) N They just call the person who has the book, otherwise the person who has the book should be able to keep it as long as they need it. Projects go on for years and sometimes you need a particular reference for that long.
- p) N In some cases book should be returned so they can be used by others



- q) N If another person needs a book that is checked out, send the person a note to return it. Although, books tend to sit on desks, bookcases for long periods of time
- r) Y More than half of the resources I could use are usually on loan
- s) N In my experience, getting books that are on loan to other people does not take that long. I have no problem returning books that others need. Perhaps a reminder to people that have had books for a long time in case they have forgotten about them
- t) N only if someone else requests the book
- u) Maybe Based on number of requests for a specific book
- v) Y Most books that are worth checking out are not in the library. It can take many days to locate a copy which is probably on a shelf somewhere. This is unnecessary. 1 month is an adequate time to check out a book, of course it may be renewed, but at least some thought must be taken.
- w) Y I use the library to look at a subject and see what is in the books. I don't always know what I'm looking for, but I think most good books are not there.
- x) Y If someone needs a book checked out by someone else, it should be relatively simple and quick to get the book back.
- y) N I have only heard people say that it is nice not to have to return the book. I have never heard any complaints about books not being available.
- z) Y Sometimes you need a book that someone else has had for 10 years and then they can't find it.
 - aa) Y There have been times when I have requested a book that someone couldn't find because they had it so long.
 - bb) N Current situation is acceptable as long as records of who has books are correct. The only policy may be needed for a person who wants a book and the person who has it isn't willing to give it up.
 - cc) N It's not worth the hassle for a \$50 book
 - dd) Y/N Books in high demand should have a return policy, others are available within a short amount of time.
 - ee) Y If you require a book full-time, you should acquire a branch copy.
 - ff) N However, literature not on shelf and not retrievable should be replaced.
 - gg) N If all copies of a book are checked out, they make an effort to see who has them and return them if they are done with it. I have always been able to borrow what I need.



6. Satisfaction level

Availability of books	Very <u>9</u>	Satisfied 31	Not <u>8</u>	N/A <u>4</u>	Unaware <u>0</u>
Availability of journals	<u>8</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>2</u>	Z .	<u>3</u>
Availability of TMs	<u>15</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>2</u>
Availability of abstracts and indexes	<u>15</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>O</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>2</u>
Book acquisition	<u>5</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>3</u>	1
Journal routing	<u>3</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>13</u>
Reference assistance	<u>22</u>	<u>26</u>	1	<u>3</u>	1
Data bases	<u>4</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>12</u>
Results of DB searches	<u>8</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>Z</u>	
Timeliness in obtaining ordered materials	<u>3</u>	<u>33</u>	8	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>
Copy machine availabilit	y <u>9</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>5</u> .	<u>9</u>	<u>3</u>
Hours of operation	<u>10</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	

7. What library services should be added or improved?

- A way to search the on-line catalog from my PC (through LIMS?)
- Can't think of any at this time
- All library personnel should know names and telephone numbers of other sources at LeRC such as SSF specs
- The time it takes to receive ordered materials often is not in sufficient time to be applicable
- More timely receipt of ordered books and specs
- Display counter and promotion of new books
- More space to improve collections
- More books, more space, make it look like a library, not a warehouse
- You can never have too many books
- Besides library parking, easier book referencing
- Computer (LIMS) access. Allow me to search through card files from my desk



- Get books quicker
- I get the feeling that I need to know exactly what I want before I get to the library. I would like training and access to the databases so I can do searches myself. Maybe databases and catalogues could be put on LIMS.
- Expand databases
- Can we get branch copies of magazines?
- Maintain historical documents, the foundation of newer technical disciplines
- Add new books to electronic bulletin board as they do at HQ on NASA-MAIL
- On-line computer menus similar to what the cuyahoga branch has
- Need more sitting and working space
- Training on RECON
- Provide a new book list in various categories
- Provide list of who ordered each book, they may be an expert in an area
- 8. On what subjects do we need more resources?
 - Materials
 - MIL, Fed, ASTM, NAS, AMS, etc. specifications
 - Human, Business
 - Standards, catalogues, classical engineering reference books, materials
 - Structural dynamics, acoustics
 - ASCE journals
 - Management references
 - Spacecraft
 - Incompressible fluid flow through small annular regions
 - Branch magazine subscriptions
 - Electronic engineering: Surface mount technology, semi-conductor devices, battery technology break-throughs
 - Instrumentation, optics, imaging systems
 - Modern texts on electronics, electrical engineering, electronic power converters, power supply design



7. Summary of what library services should be improved or added to those that already exist.

ORDALING OF BR COPNED -700 COMB MAINT
DOLLING FILMS

1-2 MOTING GROER TIME IF POSSIBLE

NEW + FISTER COLY MALLI.

TOURH ROUTHD TOO WHILL

CLOSE & 6:00

ORDOWN TO MICROFIS. DURINGS

SCENCIEL CIME THAT OF COPL.

COMPREDICTION PARTY FISTE STATE HES

RETTAL LIME ACCURS TO SOUN

ARUS. FILL PROUSE TOO SOUN

RIT A COPNEL ON IST FROM

BRITCO STARRENT DAMN FRENCH TO -DATE

+ PROCESSIONS

8. Summary of what subjects do we need more books, journals, on-line materials, and documents added to the existing Library collection?

MEND CIPLETAT TORTS

SPENNA, ECETANICS, ENERGO-NOWS

A DIFFICUT QUETON

MURE TOM EDONS

2 WAS TOO STAT TO HATE LOOK IF RETAIN POULL;

MOUSEUR PHYS T SPECHOSCOPY

COMMINIONIS

MICROMANTE REMAND DURLITED

CRYOLEMICS

BEST COPY AVAILABLE



7. Summary of what library services should be improved or added to those that already exist.

EXTEND HRS 7:00-6:00 CL TOST LEATE LIB. UNLOCADO QUILLAR ALQUIS. OF LOOKS.

A CLUTE PROJESS OF WHO PAYS FOR BROWN SESUAD OF TOURNAIS - MAG.

DIRECT PEDWI TO PUROS WHO STOLL JOVENINS THAT LERC ASSENT HAVE.

UP-TO-DATE SHUTTLE SPECS.

A HIGH WHAT OF EDRICE THATMY ILI PARE

IMPRIME ILL-RATE BOTHER TO INTUD CHAY BOOKS

MULE CURRENT TEXTS

8. Summary of what subjects do we need more books, journals, on-line materials, and documents added to the existing Library collection?

CURRENT WARRING OF CCITT + CCIR

" " ANSI TI STITUBALOS

FUID MARIT + INANT X-ARI

SPHOE SCI.

DOD PVEU(S.

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

LIBRARY USER SURVEY

Question 5. Do you think that the library should install and enforce a book return policy?

1) Yes 2) No

Please feel free to explain:

Org. Code: 7010/No, anytime I needed a book that was out they were able to get it back in a few days.

7022/Yes, your books shouldn't be kept forever by anyone.

7022/Yes, it could, however, be an extended loan period, ie., 30 days or even 60 days.

7025/Yes, because books or other material are taken out with no due date, and this information maybe needed by someone else.

7025/No, most of the books maybe of specific interest to the one who checks them out.

7230/No, usually it has been my experience that the books are used as references in the shops that they go to. If books are returned, a method would have to be installed to buy books for the shops.

7250/No, these books are used for work, I should be allowed to keep until I retire, or until I have no use. I would like to spend more time but, don't have the time to look around.

7260/Yes, the book I would like to view are usually not in the library. Only the old out dated ones. Test books (used at local colleges) are not available. Special order books are kept by individuals for years.

7280/Yes & No, I say this because sometimes a person may need more time with a book than normal.

7280/Yes & No, if the library has the name and contact point of user and if a request comes in for specific book you should enforce book return! If you acquired a book during your career and it is not needed by others why enforce?

7280/Yes, why not?

7301/Yes, only publications that are in demand.



If publications is in demand it should have a limitive borrowing time.

7303/Yes, they need to keep more accurate records of returned books when used for schooling (long periods of use) I returned a book after a 6 week course of school and 2 years later they could not find it, even though it was returned after the class!

7310/Yes, this should improve availability of material and minimize loss due to office moves or retirements.

7320/No, as long the book can be found and provided in a timely matter.

7320/Yes, books should be loaned for specific period of time. Then they should be returned or renewed.

7370/Yes, people keep library books in their offices and never use them - so no one else may use them because they are not available.

7399/Yes, if a problem is indicated by past results.

7400/Yes, because some people keep them until they retire. Then can't find some of them.

7440/No, on rare occasion when the book I needed was out, the library was able to recall it for me.

7600/No, it's already in place.

7601/No opinion, never been a problem for me.

7620/No, for material ordered for a specific person/group.

Yes, for material maintained for general use.

7620/No, usually able to get material needed in a short time.

7630/No, I've had good luck getting books quickly from other users.

Question 7. What library services should be improved or added to those that already exist?

Org. Code: 7025/Another more modern copier would be nice.

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

133

magazines, it takes months to find out if they will be able to be ordered. Very slow response time.

7601/Renewal subscriptions should be paid promptly so users don't continue to receive notices.

7620/We work with ANSI & IEEE standards regularly and the availability of these is very poor.

7620/Availability to "Take-out" some material.

7620/Return mail address should be added to circulation slip. Consideration should be given to making all library database available over LIMS.

7630/Improve timeliness in obtaining ordered materials. Requests marked "Urgent" still take months.

7630/Weekly news or magazines

Question 8. On what subjects do we need more books, journals, on-line materials, and documents added to the existing Library collection?

Org. Code: 7010/Changes with Mission of the Center

7022/Many fo the Environmental Reference books are a bit outdated. An updated collection would be helpful, although not entirely necessary.

7200/Technical

7230/Manager techniques and periodicals for supervisors on the lab.

7250/Most subjects are there, the updating of all material is needed.

7250/Mechanical Trades

7250/Mechanical Work

7260/Periodicals, Electronic related (industry constantly changing), and computer related (industry constantly changing)

7303/General Engineering Principals Tech briefs

7320/Management, multicultualism, institutional subjects (ie., preventive, predictive maintenance, operations, etc.)



7025/More space for reading in the library. Another copier should be located on the 1st floor.

7200/Runs very well.

7230/Computerization of materials available to user.

7230/Change hours from 7:30 to 4:30.

7250/Update as much material as possible you can't do 1992 Research on 1982 Books.

7250/I would attend a technicians orientation on how the library can be utilized technical trades people (specifically).

7250/Allow us to use our modems at home to look through the catalog. I am a mechanic and I am curious, I have more time at home.

7260/Limit, enforce, and institute realistic book return policy similar to public and college libraries.

7280/Bookmobile

7303/More subject matter for hobbies such as: Model Railroading, Planes, Model Cars, etc.

7320/What you offer is O.K.

7370/Services are fine.

7390/Computer Software references.

7399/Extend hours for second shift. (5:30 p.m.?)

7399/I have no knowledge of the library whatsoever. Are contractors able to use the library? Would the library be of any assistance to the operators in the NASA FOD - do you carry any information of a technical nature that would be helpful to electrical, mechanical, supervisory, etc. Where can I direct my questions to for this information?

7440/Can the library be set up for use similar to a public library for personal withdrawals not related to our research? Is LeRC a part of the area inter-library loan network?

7600/Several people I know of when ordering



7330/Updated COOES, ANSI, & ASME

7399/Not sure at this time.

7600/Hypersonics

7601/0.K. now

7630/Financial, economic and new products



7. Summary of what library services should be improved or added to those that already exist. 1) IT as much into as possible available electronically 2) LIBRURY Should Subscribe to more journals/megs. For specific Tech Fields 3) FILOW personal sign-out so person can keep book 4) timiliness in obtaining ordered material 5) MORE INFO ON WHAT LIBRARY HAS/HOW IT CAN help me do MY Jab. guidelines on ordering magi subscriptions - who pays /who opposits c) clear) Replace books, JOURINA'S , LTC That were lost /destroyed in Fire

3, improve book return policy). Purchase / ROUTE Subscriptions To Tech. magazines

) Expand book Stacks in Terms of Numbers of volumes) Don't like policy of hand-carrying borrowed material - IT's uct. COSTLY TOTALE "higher paid researchers" TRANSPORTING COOKS.
A COURIER Should be used.

8. Summary of what subjects do we need more books, journals, on-line materials, and documents added to the existing Library collection?

-Messal Neworks - parallel computing - COMPUTER Algorithms -S/W ENGINEERIAS -s/w froj. Man E - Pato Acquisition related to FCs - Hda _Systems Engry -FINITE element finalysis - ELECTRONIC COMPONENTE REFERENCES. Engry mechanics + Comportational methods

-Document Imaging Technology

- Space Power ogneration, characteristics - FEFERENCE BOOKS ON Physical/Thermal Properties of NOT-SO-commit engineering nat'ls of caregories: 1) Metals 2) Ceramics 3) Plastics

- Deed more modern books in science+ math area Castronomy, chemistry, moth, etc YOUR books are outdated, but southlais make up FOR IT

- SUCJECTS FRIATES TO COURSE WORK (UNDERGRAD / GRAD) FOR CLASSES TOKEN OF LEWIS

Publish list of substaces Library covers, or list of "new" publications received.

-Tell US What you have
-Tell US What you have of Lerc's special projects that people on these states
- ERIC PORTICIPATE IN LOSK SELECTION TOM REST COPY AVAILABLE

7. Summary of what library services should be improved or added to those that already exist.

" access beatalog for LIMS."

8. Summary of what subjects do we need more books, journals, on-line materials, and documents added to the existing Library collection?

"De have enough books, but They're out in people's offices."

APPENDIX J

DOCUMENTS RE: REVISION OF CIRCULAR A-76

- Pub. Law No. 106-398
- Federal Register, Vol. 66, No. 100, p. 28494-28495
- Federal Register, Vol. 66, No. 100, p. 19786-19787



Frames | No Frames Site Map Highlights Search Home

The United States General Accounting Office

Commercial Activities Panel

This page was last revised December 1, 2000 Back to Commercial Activities Panel page

Pub. L. No. 106-398

Floyd D. Spence National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001

SEC. 832. STUDY OF POLICIES AND PROCEDURES FOR TRANSFER OF COMMERCIAL ACTIVITIES.

- (a) GAO-CONVENED PANEL- The Comptroller General shall convene a panel of experts to study the policies and procedures governing the transfer of commercial activities for the Federal Government from Government personnel to a Federal contractor, including--
 - 1. procedures for determining whether functions should continue to be performed by Government personnel;
 - 2. procedures for comparing the costs of performance of functions by Government personnel and the costs of performance of such functions by Federal contractors;
 - 3. implementation by the Department of Defense of the Federal Activities Inventory Reform Act of 1998 (Public Law 105-270; 31 U.S.C. 501 note); and
 - 4. procedures of the Department of Defense for public-private competitions pursuant to the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-76.
- (b) COMPOSITION OF PANEL- (1) The Comptroller General shall appoint highly qualified and knowledgeable persons to serve on the panel and shall ensure that the following entities receive fair representation on the panel:
 - (A) The Department of Defense.
 - (B) Persons in private industry.
 - (C) Federal labor organizations.
 - (D) The Office of Management and Budget.
- (2) For the purposes of the requirement for fair representation under paragraph (1), persons serving on the panel under subparagraph (C) of that paragraph shall not be counted as persons serving on the panel under subparagraph (A), (B), or (D) of that paragraph.
- (c) CHAIRMAN- The Comptroller General, or an individual within the General Accounting Office designated by the Comptroller General, shall be the chairman of the panel.



- (d) PARTICIPATION BY OTHER INTERESTED PARTIES- The chairman shall ensure that all interested parties, including individuals who are not represented on the panel who are officers or employees of the United States, persons in private industry, or representatives of Federal labor organizations, have the opportunity to submit information and views on the matters being studied by the panel.
- (e) INFORMATION FROM AGENCIES- The panel may request directly from any department or agency of the United States any information that the panel considers necessary to carry out a meaningful study of the policies and procedures described in subsection (a), including the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-76 process. To the extent consistent with applicable laws and regulations, the head of such department or agency shall furnish the requested information to the panel.
- (f) REPORT- Not later than May 1, 2002, the Comptroller General shall submit the report of the panel on the results of the study to Congress, including recommended changes with respect to implementation of policies and enactment of legislation.
- (g) DEFINITION- In this section, the term 'Federal labor organization' has the meaning given the term 'labor organization' in section 7103(a)(4) of title 5, United States Code.

Accountability	4	Integrity	4	Reliability	
		meaginey	<u> </u>	i selia sility	



Section 8 of the Fair Credit and Charge Card Disclosure Act of 1998 (15 U.S.C. 1637 note); * * *". Upon reinstatement, this report will collect data on credit card pricing and availability from a sample of at least 150 financial institutions that offer credit cards. The information will be reported to the Congress and made available to the public in order to promote competition within the industry.

3. Report title: Annual Report on Status of Disposition of Assets Acquired in Satisfaction of Debts Previously Contracted.

Agency form number: FR 4006. OMB control number: 7100–0129. Frequency: Annual. Reporters: Banking holding companies.

Annual reporting hours: 3,000 hours. Estimated average hours per response: 5 hours.

Number of respondents: 600.
Small businesses are affected.
General description of report: This information collection is required (12 U.S.C. 1842(a) and 1843(c)(2)) and may be given confidential treatment upon request (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(4)).

Abstract: Bank holding companies that have acquired assets or shares through foreclosure in the ordinary course of collecting a debt previously contracted (DPC) are required to submit the report annually for assets or shares sthat have been held beyond two years from the acquisition date. The report does not have a required format; bank holding companies submit the information in a letter. The letter contains information on the progress made to dispose of such assets or shares and also requests permission for a oneyear extension to hold them, as applicable. The Federal Reserve may grant requests for up to three one-year extensions. This report is required pursuant to the Board's authority under the Bank Holding Company Act and Regulation Y. The Federal Reserve uses the information to fulfill its statutory obligation to supervise bank holding companies.

4. Report title: Notice of Branch Closure

Closure.

Agency form number: FR 4031.

OMB control number: 7100–0264.

Frequency: on occasion.

Reporters: state member banks.

Annual reporting hours: 783 hours.

Estimated average hours per response:
2 hours for reporting requirements; 1
hour for disclosure requirements; 8
hours for recordkeeping requirements.

Number of respondents: 226.

Small businesses are affected.

General description of report: This
information collection is mandatory (12)

U.S.C. 1831r-1(a)(1)) and may be given confidential treatment upon request (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(4)).

Abstract: These reporting, recordkeeping, and disclosure requirements regarding the closing of any branch of an insured depository institution are imposed by section 228 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Improvement Act of 1991 (FDICIA). There is no reporting form associated with the reporting portion of this information collection; state member banks notify the Federal Reserve by letter prior to closing a branch. The Federal Reserve uses the information to fulfill its statutory obligation to supervise state member banks.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, May 17, 2001.

Jennifer J. Johnson,

Secretary of the Board.
[FR Doc. 01–12971 Filed 5–22–01; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6210–01–P

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Formations of, Acquisitions by, and Mergers of Bank Holding Companies

The companies listed in this notice have applied to the Board for approval, pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841 et seq.) (BHC Act), Regulation Y (12 CFR part 225), and all other applicable statutes and regulations to become a bank holding company and/or to acquire the assets or the ownership of, control of, or the power to vote shares of a bank or bank holding company and all of the banks and nonbanking companies owned by the bank holding company, including the companies listed below.

The applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The application also will be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)). If the proposal also involves the acquisition of a nonbanking company, the review also includes whether the acquisition of the nonbanking company complies with the standards in section 4 of the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1843). Unless otherwise noted, nonbanking activities will be conducted throughout the United States. Additional information on all bank holding companies may be obtained from the National Information Center website at www.ffiec.gov/nic/.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors not later than June 15, 2001.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago (Phillip Jackson, Applications Officer) 230 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois 60690–1414:

1. Bank of Montreal, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, and Bankmont Financial Corp., Chicago, Illinois; to merge with First National Bancorp, Inc., Joliet, Illinois, and thereby indirectly acquire voting shares of First National Bank of Joliet, Joliet, Illinois.

2. Harris Joliet Bankcorp, Inc., Chicago, Illinois; to become a bank holding company by acquiring 100 percent of the voting shares of First National Bancorp, Inc., Joliet, Illinois, and thereby indirectly acquire voting shares of First National Bank of Joliet, Joliet, Illinois.

B. Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas (W. Arthur Tribble, Vice President) 2200 North Pearl Street, Dallas, Texas 75201–2272:

1. Bank of DeSoto, N.A., Employee Stock Ownership Trust, DeSoto, Texas; to acquire 38.43 percent of the voting shares of D Bancorp, Inc., DeSoto, Texas, and thereby indirectly acquire voting shares of Bank of DeSoto, N.A., DeSoto, Texas.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, May 17, 2001.

Robert deV. Frierson,

Associate Secretary of the Board.
[FR Doc. 01-12969 Filed 5-22-01; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6210-01-S

GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE

Commercial Activities Panel

AGENCY: General Accounting Office. **ACTION:** Notice of public hearing.

SUMMARY: Section 832 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 requires the Comptroller General of the United States to convene a panel of experts to study the transfer of commercial activities currently performed by government employees to federal contractors, a procedure commonly known as "contracting out" or "outsourcing." This notice announces the first of three public hearings to be held by the Commercial Activities Panel ("the Panel"). For the first hearing, the Panel is interested in hearing views on the principles and policies that should govern decisions concerning whether particular functions should be performed by the public sector or the private sector.



DATES: The Commercial Activities Panel will hold a public hearing on June 11, 2001, beginning at 9:00 a.m. in the Walsh-Reckord Hall of States at One Massachusetts Avenue, Washington, DC. Individuals or groups that wish to attend or participate in the hearing should notify the Panel and submit written summaries of their statements by June 4, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Submit requests to attend or participate in the hearing, written summaries of oral statements, and any other relevant materials via E-mail to A76panel@gao.gov or to the General Accounting Office, Office of the General Counsel, Room 7476, 441 G St., NW, Washington, DC 20548. See **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** for other information about electronic filing. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: William T. Woods, Project Director, (202) 512-8214; E-mail: woodsw@gao.gov

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 832 of the Floyd D. Spence National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001, Public Law 106-398, Oct. 30, 2000, directs the Comptroller General of the United States to convene a panel of experts to study the policies and procedures governing the transfer of commercial activities for the federal government from government personnel to a federal contractor. The Panel's study is to include a review of: (1) procedures for determining whether functions should continue to be performed by government personnel; (2) procedures for comparing the costs of performing functions by government personnel with the costs of performing those functions by federal contractors; (3) implementation by the Department of Defense of the Federal Activities Inventory Reform (FAIR) Act of 1998 (Pub. L. 105-270, 112 Stat. 2382, 31 U.S.C. 501 note); and (4) procedures of the Department of Defense for publicprivate competitions under Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-76. Formation of the Panel was announced in the Federal Register on April 17, 2001 (66 FR 19786). By May 1, 2002, the Comptroller General must submit to Congress a report of the Panel on the results of the study, including recommended changes with regard to implementing policies and enactment of legislation.

During the course of its work, the Panel will hold several public hearings. Interested parties are invited to attend these hearings to provide their perspectives on sourcing issues. The first public hearing will be held on June 11, 2001, in the Walsh-Reckord Hall of States at One Massachusetts Avenue,

NW, Washington, DC. The hearing will begin at 9:00 a.m. The focus of this first hearing will be the principles and policies underlying outsourcing. Specifically, the Panel is interested in hearing views on the principles and policies that should govern decisions concerning whether particular functions should be performed by the public sector or by the private sector. Future hearings will focus on other aspects of outsourcing.

Any party who would like to attend the hearing or make a presentation should contact William T. Woods at (202) 512–8214 or woodsw@gao.gov. Those who wish to make presentations at the hearing should submit written summaries of their oral statements via E-mail or regular mail as indicated in the ADDRESSES section by 5:30 p.m. on June 4, 2001. The Panel will attempt to accommodate all interested parties who respond before the deadline. Each presenter will have 3 to 5 minutes to make an oral statement at the hearing. Interested parties who would like to make electronic presentations during the hearing must indicate their desire to do so by the June 4 deadline. More detailed guidance on hearing procedures will be provided to presenters by E-mail in advance of the hearing. Any interested party may submit full statements for inclusion in the hearing record by 5:30 p.m. on June

15. The hearing will be transcribed. Two additional hearings currently are planned outside of Washington, DC. A public hearing will be held in Îndianapolis, Îndiana, on August 8, 2001, which will focus on alternatives to the public/private competitions conducted pursuant to OMB Circular A-76. Another public hearing will be held in San Antonio, Texas, on August 15, 2001, and will address current processes under OMB Circular A-76 and the FAIR Act. Further information, including the exact locations and times of these hearings, will be announced in a later Federal Register notice. In addition, a notice was issued on March 23, 2001 (66 FR 16245), seeking submission of public comments identifying significant sourcing issues, as well as references to or copies of written materials related to these issues. The Panel will continue to consider all such information received at any time.

Electronic Access and Filing

This notice is available on GAO's website at http://www.gao.gov under "Commercial Activities Panel." Requests to participate in the hearing, electronic presentations, written summaries of oral statements, full statements, and other submissions

regarding outsourcing issues may be sent via E-mail to A76panel@gao.gov.

Dated: May 18, 2001.

Jack L. Brock, Jr.,

Managing Director, Acquisition and Sourcing Management, General Accounting Office. [FR Doc. 01-13051 Filed 5-22-01; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 1610-02-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

Guidelines for Public Access Defibrillation Programs in Federal

AGENCY: Office of Public Health and Science, Office of the Secretary, HHS and Office of Governmentwide Policy,

ACTION: Notice of availability of guidelines.

SUMMARY: The Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) and the General Services Administration (GSA) have worked collaboratively to develop the following guidelines, entitled "Guidelines for Public Access **Defibrillation Programs in Federal** Facilities." Theses guidelines were prepared, in part, in response to a May 🖟 19, 2000, Presidential Memorandum pertaining to the establishment of guidelines for the placement of automated external defibrillators (AEDs) in Federal buildings.

In addition, the Department of Health and Human Services is publishing this notice pursuant to section 7 of the Healthcare Research and Quality Act of 1999, Public Law 106-129, 42 U.S.C. 241 note, and section 247 of the Public Health Service Act, 42 U.S.C. 238p (as added by section 403 of the Public Health Improvement Act, Public Law 106-505).

The guidelines provide a general framework for initiating a design process for public access defibrillation (PAD) programs in Federal facilities and provide basic information to familiarize facilities leadership with the essential elements of a PAD program. The guidelines are not intended to exhaustively address or cover all aspects of AED or PAD programs. They are aimed at outlining the key elements of a PAD program so that facility-specific, detailed plans and programs can be developed in an informed manner.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Stanley C. Langfeld, Director, Real Property Policy Division (MPR), Room 6210, General Services Administration,



decision concerning the hiring or retention of an employee, the issuance of a security clearance, the issuance of a contract, grant or other benefit, to the extent that the information is relevant and necessary to the requesting agency's decision on the matter.

- i. By the National Archives and Records Administration in connection with records management inspections and its role as Archivist.
- j. To disclose to contractors, grantees or volunteers performing or working on a contract, service, grant, cooperative agreement, or job for the Board.

DISCLOSURE TO CONSUMER REPORTING AGENCIES:

Not applicable.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

STORAGE:

Records are maintained in paper and electronic format.

RETRIEVABILITY:

Electronically-stored information may be retrieved based on name, address, telephone numbers, and other identifying information.

SAFEGUARDS:

Only employees in the Protective Services Unit will be able to access the information, and only a limited number of those employees will be authorized to enter data into the automated system.

RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

All judicial case records are retained for a period of 30 years. All other protective intelligence case records, including protective surveys and non-judicial protective intelligence cases are routinely retained for a period of five years.

SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Robert Agnew, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, 20th and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20551.

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Inquiries should be sent to the Secretary of the Board, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, 20th and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20551. The request should contain the individual's name, date of birth, Social Security number, identification number (if known), approximate date of record, and type of position.

RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Same as "Notification procedure" above.

CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

Same as "Notification procedure" above.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

This information is exempt pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(k)(2).

SYSTEMS EXEMPTED FROM CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE ACT:

This system is exempt from 5 U.S.C. 552a(c)(3), (d), (e)(1), (e)(4)(G), (e)(4)(H), (e)(4)(I), and (f) of the Privacy Act pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(k)(2).

By order of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, April 11, 2001.

Jennifer J. Johnson,

Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 01–9433 Filed 4–16–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210-01-P

GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE

Commercial Activities Panel

AGENCY: General Accounting Office. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: Section 832 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 requires the Comptroller General of the United States to convene a panel of experts to study the transfer of commercial activities currently performed by government employees to federal contractors, a procedure commonly known as "contracting out" or "outsourcing." Selection of panel members has been completed and this notice announces the composition of the panel. The authorization act requires the Comptroller General to submit the panel's report to Congress by May 1, 2002

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: William T. Woods, Project Director, (202) 512–8214; E-mail: woodsw@gao.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 832 of the Floyd D. Spence National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001, Public Law 106-398, Oct. 30. 2000, directs the Comptroller General of the United States to convene a panel of experts to study the policies and procedures governing the transfer of commercial activities for the federal government from government personnel to a federal contractor. The panel's study is to include a review of: (1) Procedures for determining whether functions should continue to be performed by government personnel; (2) procedures for comparing the costs of performing functions by government personnel with the costs of performing those functions by federal contractors;

(3) implementation by the Department of Defense of the Federal Activities Inventory Reform Act of 1998 (Pub. L. 105–270, 112 Stat. 2382, 31 U.S.C. 501 note); and (4) procedures of the Department of Defense for public-private competitions under Office of Management and Budget Circular A–76. By May 1, 2002, the Comptroller General must submit to Congress a report of the panel on the results of the study, including recommended changes with regard to implementing policies and enactment of legislation.

The Act requires the Comptroller General or a person within GAO designated by him to serve as the panel's chairman. The Comptroller General must appoint highly qualified and knowledgeable persons to serve on the panel and must ensure that the following entities receive fair representation on the panel: (1) The Department of Defense, (2) persons in private industry, (3) federal labor organizations, and (4) the Office of Management and Budget.

During the initial stages of forming a panel to conduct this study, the General Accounting Office issued a Federal Register notice on December 1, 2000, 65 FR 75288, inviting the public to submit suggestions on the composition of the panel. In this notice, GAO invited interested parties to submit suggestions on who should serve on the panel, specific agencies and organizations that should be represented, and the qualifications of panel members. In response to the notice, the GAO received a variety of comments on the composition of the panel, as well as numerous nominations of individuals to serve on the panel. Specifically, the GAO received nominations of 44 individuals, including representatives from the private sector, federal labor organizations, industry groups, research organizations, interest groups, and contractors. The Comptroller General considered all of the comments and nominations and has appointed the following individuals to serve on the Commercial Activities Panel:

- David M. Walker, Chairman, Comptroller General of the United States
- Dr. Frank A. Camm, Senior Economist, RAND
- Mark Filteau, President, Johnson Controls World Services
- Stephen Goldsmith, former Mayor of Indianapolis, Indiana
- Bobby L. Harnage Sr., National President, American Federation of Government Employees
- Colleen M. Kelley, National President, National Treasury Employees Union



- Sean O'Keefe, Deputy Director, Office of Management and Budget
- Senator David Pryor (retired),
 Director, Institute of Politics, Harvard
 University
- Stan Z. Soloway, President, Professional Services Council
- Robert M. Tobias, Distinguished Adjunct Professor, and Director of the Institute for the Study of Public Policy Implementation, American University

• Director, Office of Personnel
Management

Management

 Department of Defense representative (to be designated at a later date)

During the course of its work, the panel will hold several public hearings. Interested parties are encouraged to attend these hearings to provide their perspective on outsourcing issues. The schedules for these hearings will be announced in a later Federal Register notice. In addition, the GAO issued a notice on March 23, 2001, 66 FR 16245, seeking submission of comments identifying significant sourcing issues, as well as references to or copies of written materials related to these issues. Although it would be most useful to receive responses by May 7, 2001, comments received at any time will be considered.

Dated: April 12, 2001.

David M. Walker,

Comptroller General of the United States. [FR Doc. 01-9509 Filed 4-16-01; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 1610-02-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60 Day-01-30]

Proposed Data Collections Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

In compliance with the requirement of Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the

Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 for opportunity for public comment on proposed data collection projects, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) will publish periodic summaries of proposed projects. To request more information on the proposed projects or to obtain a copy of the data collection plans and instruments, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer on (404) 639–7090.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Send comments to Anne O'Connor, CDC Assistant Reports Clearance Officer, 1600 Clifton Road. MS-D24, Atlanta, GA 30333. Written comments should be received within 60 days of this notice.

Proposed Project: Gonococcal Isolate Surveillance Project (GISP) (0920– 0307)—Extension—The National Center for HIV, STD, and TB Prevention (NCHSTP), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) proposes to continue data collection for the Gonococcal Isolate Surveillance Project (OMB No. 0920–0307). This request is a three-year extension of clearance.

The purposes of the Gonococcal Isolate Surveillance Project (GISP) are (1) to monitor trends in antimicrobial susceptibility of strains of Neisseria gonorrhoeae in the United States and (2) to characterize resistant isolates. GISP provides critical surveillance for antimicrobial resistance, allowing for informed treatment recommendations. GISP was begun in 1986 as a voluntary

surveillance project and now involves five regional laboratories and 26 publicly funded sexually transmitted disease (STD) clinics around the country. The STD clinics submit up to 25 gonococcal isolates per month to the regional laboratories, which measure susceptibility to a panel of antibiotics. Limited demographic and clinical information corresponding to the isolates are submitted directly by the clinics to CDC.

Data gathered through GISP are used to alert the public health community to changes in antimicrobial resistance in Neisseria gonorrhoeae which may impact treatment choices, and to guide recommendations made in CDC's STD Treatment Guidelines, which are published periodically.

Under the GISP protocol, clinics are asked to provide 25 isolates per month. However, due to low volume at some sites, clinics submit an average of 17 isolates per clinic per month, providing an average of 88 isolates per laboratory per month. The estimated time for clinic personnel to abstract data is 11 minutes per response. Based on previous laboratory experience in analyzing gonococcal isolates, we estimate 88 gonococcal isolates per laboratory each month. The estimated burden for each participating laboratory is one hour per response. Averaged over 88 isolates per laboratory per month, the estimated time for recording control strain data is 0.34 minutes per response. There is no cost to respondents.



REFERENCE LIST

American Library Association. 1998. Guide to outsourcing in libraries (Industry overview). Library Technology Reports 34 (September): 559.

Benaud, Claire-Lise and Sever Bordeianu. 1998. Outsourcing library operation in academic libraries: An overview of issues and outcomes. Englewood, CO: Libraries Unlimited.

Crowley, Sandra. 2001. Interview by author, 10 May, Cleveland.

Dietz, Mary. 2001. Interview by author, 10 May, Cleveland.

Drucker, Peter F. 1989. Drucker on management: Sell the mailroom. Wall Street Journal, July 25, A16.

. 1994. The theory of business. *Harvard Business Review*, September/October, 102.

Federal Register, Vol. 66, No. 100, p.19786

Federal Register, Vol. 66, No. 100, p. 28494-28495

Hatfield, Deborah. 1994. Partnerships in information services: The contract library. *Special Libraries* 85 (Spring): 77-81.

Hawkins, Evelyn F. and Robert J. Rossi. 1998. See U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics. 1998.

Helfer, Doris Small. 1998. Outsourcing, teaming, and special libraries: threats and opportunities. *Information Outlook* 2 (December): 26-30.

Hirshon, Arnold and Barbara Winters. 1996. Outsourcing library technical services: A how-to-do-it manual for librarians. New York: Neal-Schuman Publishers.

Johns, Nancy R. 1999. Providing outsourced internet services to a government agency. *IFLA Journal* 25(2): 87-9.

Koenig, Michael E. D., Patrick Canevello and Ronald Morrison. 1999. User perceptions of the effect of the outsourcing of U.S. government libraries. *IFLA Journal* 25(2): 79-86.

Long, Melanie. 2001. Interview by author, 10 May, Cleveland.

Louderback, Beverly. 2001. Interview by author, 10 May, Cleveland.



Martin, Robert S. et al. 2000. The impact of outsourcing and privatization on library services and management. American Library Association. Available at http://www.ala.org/alaorg/ors/outsourcing/index.html.

Mattes, Lucy. 2001. Interview by author, 10 May, Cleveland.

Oberc, Susan. 2001 Interview by author, 17 May, Cleveland.

Pinelli, Thomas E., John M. Kennedy and Rebecca O. Barclay. 1990. The role of the information intermediary in the diffusion of aerospace knowledge. *Science & Technology Libraries* 11 (Winter): 59-76.

Pub. Law No. 106-398

Stake, R. 1995. The art of case research. Newbury Park, CA: Sage Publications.

Sy, Karen J. and Peg Walther. 1989. Tracking issues and meeting information needs in government agency libraries. *Special Libraries* 80 (Summer): 157-164.

Taylor, Jean. 2001. Interview by author, 10 May, Cleveland.

Tellis, Winston. 1997. Application of a case study methodology. *The Qualitative Report* 3(3). Available at http://www.nova.edu/ssss/QR/QR3-3/tellis2.html

U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics. 1998. The status of federal libraries and information centers in the United States: Results from the 1994 federal libraries and information centers survey, NCES 98-296, by Evelyn F. Hawkins and Robert J. Rossi. Washington, D.C.: Government Printing Office.

Wilson, Karen A. and Marylou Colver, ed. 1997. Outsourcing library technical services operations: Practices in academic, public, and special libraries. Chicago, IL: American Library Association.

Yin, Robert K. 1984. Case study research: Design and methods (1st ed.) Beverly Hills, CA: Sage Publishing.

_____. 1994. Case study research: Design and methods (2nd ed.). Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage Publishing.





U.S. Department of Education
Office of Educatonal Research and Improvement (OERI)
National Library of Education (NLE) Educational Resources Information Center (ERIC)



REPRODUCTION RELEASE (Specific Document)

NOTICE

This document is covered by a signed "Reproduction Release (Blanket) form (on file within the ERIC system), encompassing all or classes of documents from its source organization and, therefore, does not require a "Specific Document" Release form.				
This document is Federally-funded, or carries its own permission to reproduce, or is otherwise in the public domain and, therefore, may be reproduced by ERIC without a signed Reproduction Release form (either "Specific Document" or "Blanket").				



