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AUTHOR Baker, Brenda; Familia, Yahaira; Gifford, Amy; Knowlton, Gretchen; Matakis, Brian; Olson, Melissa; Owens, Tracy; Zasadny, Julie

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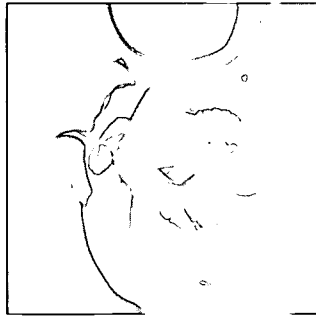
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ABSTRACT

This Kids Count report examines statewide trends in the well-being of Illinois' children. The statistical portrait is based on indicators in the areas of family, education and child care, arts and recreation, safety, health, and economic security. The indicators are: (1) percent of children living in poverty; (2) number of children enrolled in state/federal health insurance programs; (3) number of students in arts/recreation programs; (4) teen births; (5) number of children in foster care; (6) Head Start enrollment; (7) high school dropout rate (8) licensed child care; (9) child abuse and neglect; (10) child death rate; (11) low birth weight; (12) infant mortality; (13) children receiving free and reduced lunches; (14) child support compliance; (15) families receiving TANF; and (16) affordable housing. The first part of the report explores Voices for Illinois Children's "Charter for Illinois Children," highlighting relevant programs in the areas of family, education, arts and recreation, safety, health, and economic security. The bulk of the document presents data tables for each of the indicators for the state, each county, and the city of Chicago. The findings indicate some improvement, showing decreases in the number of births to teens, the number of children in foster care, high school dropout rates, rate of child abuse and neglect, and the number of families and children receiving welfare. However, the report cites areas still in need of improvement, including the number of children still uninsured, the lack of affordable housing, and racial disparities in the areas of births to teens and infant mortality rates. The report concludes with endnotes, definitions, and data sources. (HTH)

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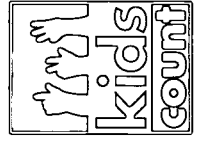
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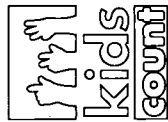
FOR THE FUTURE



2001

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About Voices for Illinois Children



Voices for Illinois Children champions the full development of every child in Illinois to assure the future well-being of the people of the state. We work with families, communities and policy makers to ensure that all children grow up healthy, nurtured, safe and well educated.

Voices is a non-profit, non-partisan, citizen-based advocacy group addressing problems faced by Illinois children and their families. Through research, public education and coalition building, Voices generates support from civic, business and community leaders for cost-effective proposals to improve the lives of Illinois children. Jerome Stermer is the President of Voices for Illinois Children, and Lorraine Barba is the Chair of the board.

Voices for Illinois Children dedicates this report to all the individuals who make an impact on the lives of children, including parents, teachers, family members, volunteers, advocates—and all who help children cross the bridge to adulthood through examples of caring, patience, creativity and humor.

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Voices for Illinois Children
208 South LaSalle Street, Suite 1490
Chicago, Illinois 60604-1103
phone: 312.456.0600
fax: 312.456.0088
E-mail: info@voices4kids.org
website: www.voices4kids.org



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Envisioning the Future

The quality of life for children in Illinois has seen real progress the past few years. Fewer teens are having babies and more are graduating from high school. More children are covered by KidCare and Medicaid and fewer are being abused or neglected. Welfare dependency and child poverty rates are down dramatically, and more babies are living past their first birthday.

These are accomplishments worth celebrating. Yet we must recognize our work to improve the well being of all children in our state is certainly not done.

To that end, hundreds of people and organizations from around the state gathered at a February 1999 conference to ponder the future for Illinois children. Parents, community leaders, policy makers, the leaders of faith-based organizations and others examined the needs, talents and expectations of children. Their thoughts were consolidated into a document that has become *The Charter for Illinois Children*, which was launched in communities across Illinois in March 2000.

The *Charter* is a clear and comprehensive statement of a vision for the children of our state and of the responsibilities we all share in helping them thrive and succeed. The *Charter* expresses a vision and series of goals for children in six key areas: family, education, arts, recreation and culture, safety, health and economic security. The *Charter* begins on page 3. More than 600 people and organizations throughout Illinois have endorsed the *Charter*, and many are working to make its goals a reality in their communities.

The 2001 *Illinois Kids Count* uses the *Charter* as a framework to explore the quality of life for children in Illinois. The statistics on the state, county and City of Chicago data pages are categorized into the six themes of the *Charter*. The introduction also follows the *Charter* theme, demonstrating how statistics and policy work are striving to improve life for children and highlighting organizations across the state that are working to fulfill the *Charter*.

As this year's *Illinois Kids Count* illustrates, we are making progress:

- Births to Illinois teens dropped 2.3 percent from the years 1989-93 to 1994-98.
- The rate of children in foster care statewide fell 30.4 percent from 1998 to 2000.
- The high school dropout rate has fallen 11 percent from 1993 to 1999.
- The rate of child abuse and neglect in Illinois dropped 6.1 percent from 1998 to 1999.
- The number of families and children on welfare decreased 55.9 percent from 1997 to 2000.

Still, there is much room for improvement. While the number of children enrolled in KidCare more than tripled from 1998 to 2000, an estimated 12.2 percent of children are still without health insurance, and many of their parents—especially those who work at low-paying jobs with limited or no benefits—are uninsured as well.

The decrease in the percentage of Illinois children living in poverty is undoubtedly good news, falling from 20 percent in 1988-89 to 14.4 percent in 1998-99. Yet a new statistic in this year's book illustrates the difficulties families face in finding affordable housing. An estimated 39 percent of renters statewide cannot afford the fair market rent for a two-bedroom unit.

The teen birth and infant mortality rates continue to fall in Illinois, but the racial disparities are obvious. While 9.7 percent of births to white mothers in 1994-98 were to teens, 25.9 percent of births to African-American mothers and 16.4 percent of births to Hispanic mothers in those years were to teenagers.

Similarly, the infant mortality rate for African-American babies—17.4 deaths per 1,000 births in 1994-98—far exceeds the rate for any other race and the statewide rate of 8.6 deaths per 1,000 births. This year's *Illinois Kids Count* for the first time provides racial breakdowns of several other statistics on a statewide level to provide a more complete picture of conditions facing children.

Illinois' national position is improving, however. Each year the Annie E. Casey Foundation releases the national *Kids Count Data Book*, profiling conditions for children in each state. The 2000 national Kids Count ranks Illinois 30th among the 50 states and District of Columbia, the highest ranking for Illinois in the history of the report. Illinois ranked above the national average in the child death rate, high school dropout rate and percentage of children in poverty.

The Charter for Illinois Children is a banner that is rallying our efforts to improve conditions for the children of our state. All of us—families, communities, businesses and government—must play an active role. Only by working together can we provide enriching opportunities that will help children—and, in turn, our state—thrive.



The Charter for Illinois Children

We are committed to the well being of every child. All children, regardless of circumstances, are vital to the preservation of a vigorous democracy. For children to prosper, we must meet all their basic needs. We must nurture each child through the full and active participation of families and the broader community, including neighborhoods, schools, business, faith communities and government. When children realize their potential and fulfill their dreams, our communities flourish and we are enriched beyond measure.

We believe in these values and principles and commit to work together to secure the goals of this charter for all the children of Illinois:

- Childhood is a sacred time that should be nurtured, celebrated and preserved.
- Children's basic needs are family, safety, health, education, economic security and arts, recreation and culture.
- All children need to know they belong to loving families and caring communities.
- Just as families must support children, communities must support families, and government and business must support both.
- All children deserve safe homes, safe schools and safe communities.
- Our children's sense of hope and possibility requires equal access to appropriate resources.
- Children are prepared for the future when we teach them and they learn to honor and respect diversity.
- As children mature, we must seek their voices, engage them, and recognize the freedom they need to shape their destinies.
- Children can learn from their mistakes. They deserve systems that give them that opportunity.
- Each child is unique.
- Every child is entitled to respect.
- We must never give up on any child.

When children realize their potential and fulfill their dreams, our communities flourish and we are enriched beyond measure.

FAMILY

Our Vision:

All children are part of loving and safe families. All segments of society share responsibility for supporting families in raising their children and future generations.

Goals:

- Protect the dignity and value the diversity of every family
- Respect and preserve the child's bond with parents, family and community
- Support children's moral, spiritual and ethical development
- Provide families with the skills, knowledge and resources to develop, support and sustain loving homes
- Empower families to balance the demands of parenting, work and education
- Encourage parents to be active in the democratic process and promote the interests of children and families

EDUCATION

Our Vision:

All children receive, as a right, free quality education that fosters their intellectual, social, emotional, physical, spiritual, cultural and creative development.

Goals:

- Foster learning beginning at birth
- Respect and support family as the child's first teacher
- Value and invest in teachers as a key component of every child's development
- Create an educational system that is a partnership of family, community, and school
- Respect and provide for each child's differences and capacities to learn
- Support an equitable, fully-funded system that prepares every child for lifelong learning
- Provide safe, excellent, well-funded schools in every community
- Develop the use of schools as community resources during and beyond school hours
- Teach children to understand and respect diversity, multiple cultures and languages, and a global perspective

Our Vision:

All children can express and celebrate their souls and spirits through arts, culture and recreation. Children have open time to dream, play and create.

Goals:

- Integrate arts, culture and recreation into the core curriculum of education
- Provide access to a wide variety of affordable, quality arts, culture and recreational programs for children of all ages
- Create ongoing opportunities to discover, recover, preserve and celebrate traditions across cultures
- Ensure that museums, libraries, parks and diverse cultural resources are accessible to all children

SAFETY

Our Vision:

Every child lives in a physically and emotionally safe environment that cultivates acceptance and peace.

Goals:

- Promote and ensure safe, non-violent family and community environments
- Protect children from the dangers confronting them
- Eliminate children's access to handguns
- Teach and practice conflict resolution in all segments of society
- Promote social justice through the elimination of prejudice and discrimination
- Invest in prevention and intervention programs through legislation, funding, evaluation and research
- Increase safe indoor and outdoor neighborhood recreational activities
- Promote non-violent, positive images that reflect diversity
- Ensure equal protection and due process of law for all children and youth in a system which recognizes their differing capacities and promotes rehabilitation and learning

HEALTH

Our Vision:

Every child and family is guaranteed quality, comprehensive health care. All children live in a healthy environment that allows them to thrive.

Goals:

- Ensure that no children go hungry
- Ensure quality prenatal care is available for all
- Implement an effective health and nutrition education curriculum
- Provide integrated, accessible and high quality mental health care
- Focus on prevention as a key to preserving the health and well-being of children
- Develop partnerships for clean air, water, land and a healthy ecosystem

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Our Vision:

All children have economic security and economic justice: Meaning access to food, clothing, transportation and safe, affordable housing, and that all families have equal opportunities to provide these basic economic needs.

Goals:

- Provide family-friendly policies in the workplace
- Develop a fair tax policy
- Cultivate marketable job skills through training and education
- Provide accessible, affordable, high-quality child care
- Promote corporate partnerships that strengthen communities
- Provide economic security through government initiatives for the children whose parents cannot support them
- Enhance access to jobs through sound policies for housing and transportation



Family



Charter vision: All children are part of loving and safe families. All segments of society share responsibility for supporting families in raising their children and future generations.

The Charter for Illinois Children envisions a world where children are nurtured through the full and active participation of families and the broader community, including neighborhoods, schools, business, faith organizations and government.

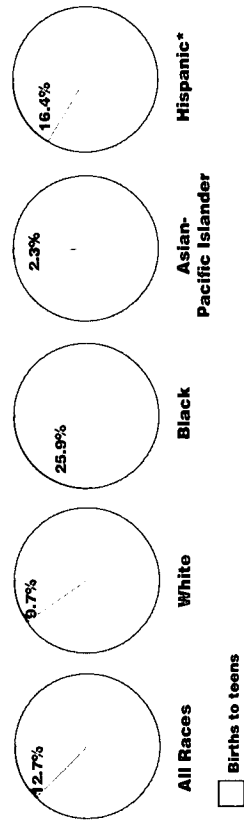
Parents and families are a child's first teacher, role model and protector. They provide for a child's basic needs and create a healthy and safe environment. Yet just as families must support children, communities must support families, and business and government must support both.

BIRTHS TO TEENAGE MOTHERS

Charter goal: Empower families to balance the demands of parenting, work and education.

American teenagers are having babies at the lowest rate in at least 60 years. For every 1,000 girls ages 15 to 19, there were 49.6 births last year, according to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. A decrease is occurring in Illinois as well—births to girls under age 20 fell 2.3 percent from the period

Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98



* Hispanic may be of any race
Source: Illinois Department of Public Health

1989-93 to 1994-98.

The drop has been attributed to fewer teens having sex and increased use of birth control among those who do. The Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System, a study conducted for the CDC, found 48 percent of high school students nationwide reported having sex in 1997, down from 54 percent in 1990. And 57 percent reported using condoms in 1997, up from 45 percent in 1990.

Teen births represented 12.7 percent of all births in Illinois between 1994 and 1998. In those years:

- 25.9 percent of births to African-American mothers were to teens.
- 16.4 percent of births to Hispanic mothers were to teens.
- 9.7 percent of births to white mothers were to teens.

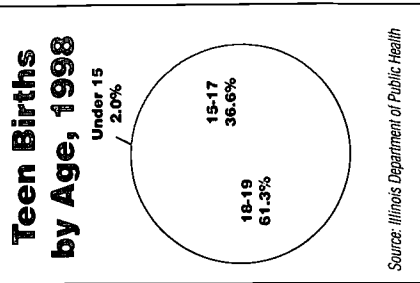
Pregnant and parenting teens face additional obstacles for themselves as well as for their baby. Young mothers need support in completing their education, earning a living wage and achieving necessary social, emotional and parenting skills to ensure the health and well being of their babies.

While many programs—including Voices for Illinois Children's *Start Early: Learning Begins at Birth*—work with young mothers, the Oak Park Health Department targets a generally overlooked population. Its Fatherhood Program educates young men about preventing unwanted pregnancies and also works with unmarried and married young men to prepare them for their new role as fathers.

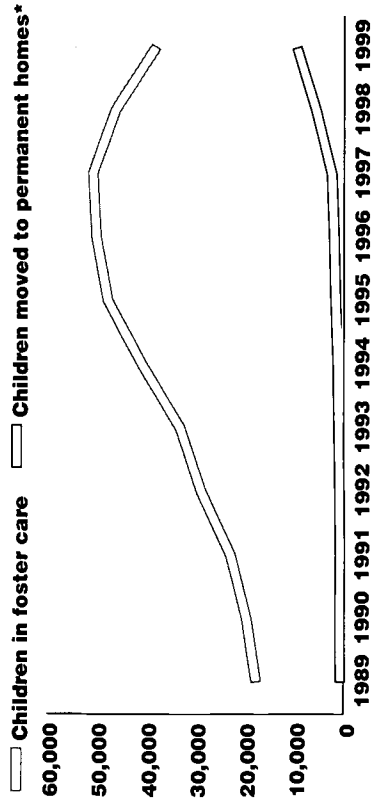
CHILDREN LIVING IN FOSTER AND SUBSTITUTE CARE

Charter goal: Provide families with the skills, knowledge and resources to develop, support and sustain loving homes.

The number of children removed from their homes because of abuse or neglect and



Children in Foster and Substitute Care



* Adoptions or guardianships
Source: Illinois Department of Children and Family Services

placed in substitute care (which includes foster care, institutions and group homes) reached its peak of 51,599 children in March 1997. But the numbers are changing:

- There were 33,664 children in substitute care in 2000, a rate of 12.8 per 1,000 children.
- That's a decline from 1998, when 48,468 children—or 16.4 per 1,000—were in substitute care.

The Illinois Department of Children and Family Services attributes the turnaround to renewed emphasis on moving children out of the foster system and into permanent homes. More children were moved into permanent homes in fiscal year 1999 than in the previous 10 years combined.

- DCFS arranged for the adoption of 7,040 children in 2000, an 83 percent increase since 1998, making Illinois the nation's leader in adoptions of children in foster care.
- An additional 1,500 foster children were placed with legal guardians in 2000, a whopping 800 percent increase since 1997. Guardians receive a state subsidy for taking in a foster child.

DCFS received accreditation in June 2000 from the national Council on Accreditation for Children and Family Services after achieving a series of system reforms and quality improvements. DCFS is the second

Just as families must support children, communities must support families, and business and government must support both.

Fulfilling the Charter: Southern Region Parent Resource Center

The Southern Region Parent Resource Center in Mount Vernon, which opened in August 2000, is an example of a community joining forces to support and empower families. The vision for a resource facility emerged when a group of concerned parents from southern Illinois came together around the common frustration of finding resources and support in their communities.

"The southern region is unique because resources aren't concentrated in a central location and parents live in such rural areas that they are often isolated and don't know where to turn for help," co-founder Dian Ledbetter explained.

The center links families to resources, trains parents to advocate for their children and empowers them to speak up for better schools and communities. "We want to give parents a place to learn to be leaders and to talk to other leaders," co-founder Darline Johnson said.

One of the unique qualities of the center is that it is operated for and by parents. One active parent said the greatest benefit is feeling connected to other parents. "You feel you're out there all alone when you have a problem with your child or your child's school, but just getting in touch with other parents makes all the difference in the world," the parent said.

The center endorsed *The Charter for Illinois Children* because, according to Ledbetter, "we agree with the *Charter* that communities are responsible for supporting families. We are all about empowering and encouraging parents and we know that the way to achieve this is to work together."

The center itself is the result of the collaborative efforts of many diverse groups from schools and social service agencies to businesses and volunteer organizations.

For more information, call Darline Johnson or Dian Ledbetter at (618) 244-6952 or 1-800-205-8232.

child-welfare agency in the country to receive accreditation by adhering to high national standards.

Critics of DCFS' turnaround are concerned that reports of child abuse will be deemed unsubstantial and not needing intervention, resulting in abused or neglected children not being taken into protective custody.

DCFS Director Jess McDonald credits "front-end" services for families, such as counseling and crisis intervention, with helping to decrease the number of children in substitute care. The department also decreased the caseload per worker.

Education



Charter vision: All children receive, as a right, free quality education that fosters their intellectual, social, emotional, physical, spiritual, cultural and creative development.

A parent's continual involvement in their child's learning process—along with quality educational experiences from birth through high school—is part of the foundation that helps children thrive. Qualified and caring teachers, a balanced and engaging curriculum, technology that prepares children for the future and adequate resources to make such necessities a reality at each grade level are key ingredients for success in school and beyond.

The state's early intervention system plays a critical role in preparing children with developmental disabilities for lifelong learning. Early intervention services must be available for all children who need them.

EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION

Charter goal: Value and invest in teachers as a key component of every child's development.

As breakthroughs in brain research demonstrate that most development occurs in the first years of life, education takes on a more meaningful role prior to kindergarten. What children learn in these early years affects their ability to understand language, solve problems and get along well with others, among other factors.

What children learn in their early years affects their ability to understand language, solve problems and get along well with others.

Welfare reform and the strong economy have increased the number of parents in the workforce, accentuating the importance of child care. Currently, about half of the nation's preschoolers have mothers who are working.¹ Of those, 77 percent receive some form of child care.² With so many children requiring child care, the quality of the care becomes increasingly important.

The impact of quality care is particularly important for low-income children. A 1999 study found low-income children who received high-quality child care from infancy to kindergarten were more likely to have higher IQ, language, reading and math scores; be in school at age 21; attend or graduate from a four-year college; delay pregnancy; and be employed.³

Approximately 60 percent of young children with employed parents who participate in

the Illinois Department of Human Services' subsidized child care program are cared for in license-exempt settings. In order to ensure quality care, many policy makers and advocates encourage license-exempt providers to become licensed and participate in training.

Child care centers in Illinois are struggling to find and retain qualified teaching staff. A typical center must replace nearly half its staff every two years because low wages—an average of \$7.40 per hour—and lack of benefits cause many child care teachers to leave their jobs.

In spring 2000, the Illinois Legislature and Gov. George Ryan took a first step toward addressing this problem by approving Great START. Great START will offer bonuses to child care teachers who remain working at one center or home and attain higher levels of education.

Another strategy to improve the quality of child care is through voluntary accreditation by independent organizations such as the National Association for the Education of Young Children. Accredited centers and homes must meet national standards of quality. Some states offer higher reimbursement rates for subsidized care at accredited centers and homes.

In Illinois, there were 303 accredited child care centers and 125 accredited child care homes in 2000—only 3.4 percent of all licensed centers and homes.



HEAD START AND PRE-KINDERGARTEN

Charter goal: Create an educational system that is a partnership of family, community and school.

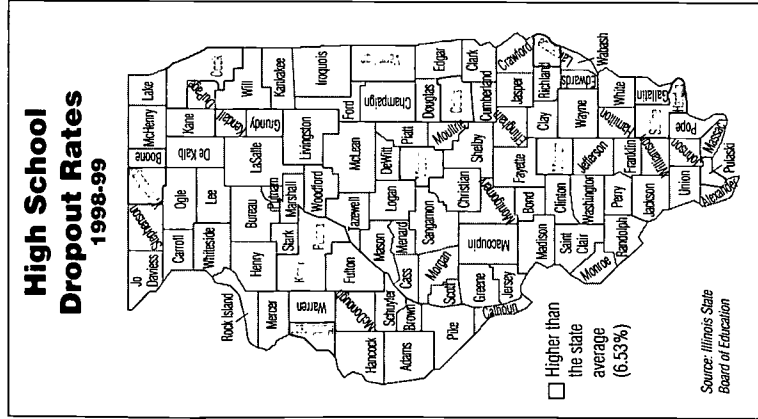
The federal Head Start and state pre-kindergarten programs provide crucial educational resources for preschool-age children from low-income families who are at greater risk of school failure.

In Illinois, 15.3 percent of 3- to 5-year-old children were enrolled in Head Start or pre-kindergarten during the 1999-2000 school year. But 7,000 eligible children are on waiting lists for pre-kindergarten, according to the Illinois State Board of Education.

While these programs provide a much-needed resource for children and families, few offer full-day, year-round care. Nationally, only about half of all Head Start programs provide full-day programs.⁴ More than a quarter of the children served by Head Start require supplemental child care. These children spend, on average, an additional 19 hours a week in child care.⁵

There is a need to assist Head Start and pre-kindergarten programs, child care providers and nursery schools in forming partnerships that lead to providing full-day, quality care for working parents.

High School Dropout Rates 1998-99



HIGH SCHOOL DROPOUTS

Charter goal: Respect and provide for each child's differences and capacities to learn.

Graduating from high school is a minimum requirement to compete effectively in today's labor market. But the consequences of dropping out are not solely economic. Dropouts are 3½ times more likely than high school graduates to be arrested and six times as likely to become unmarried parents.⁶

The national high school dropout rate for students aged 16 to 19—10 percent—has not changed significantly during the last 10 years. In the 1998-99 school year, 6.5 percent of all Illinois high school students dropped out, a decrease from the 7.3 percent who dropped out in the 1993-94 school year.

Racial disparities exist among students who drop out. In 1998-99, 13.3 percent of African-

Fulfilling the Charter Pledge for Life Partnership

Children in Iroquois and Kankakee counties are learning about healthy lifestyles—such as the importance of choosing the right friends and the benefits of a balanced diet—from the Pledge for Life Partnership.

The partnership, which celebrated its 10th anniversary as a collaborative program in 1999, formed in reaction to destructive behaviors in school-age youth. The partnership started with the Junior League of Kankakee County and the Iroquois-Kankakee Regional Office of Education and has grown to include myriad other organizations and individuals.

The partnership's flagship program is the Life Education Center, a mobile classroom that visits schools annually to educate students on a variety of human development topics. The Life Education Center programs were launched in 1990 to counter teen pregnancy, illegal drug use among youth and other destructive behaviors, partnership Director Debra Baron explained.

The mobile classroom offers lessons on topics from the benefits of exercise to substance abuse and violence prevention. These classroom sessions "are not a scare tactic," Baron said, but rather an attempt to educate children about healthy lifestyle choices. Mascot Harold the Giraffe both entertains children and leaves an impression on them after the lessons are over.

The Life Education Center visits 14,500 students in kindergarten through seventh grade in 55 public and private schools each year. The program will expand to include eighth graders during the next two years.

For more information, call Debra Baron at (815) 936-4606.



Harold the Giraffe meets with students.

American students in Illinois dropped out, compared with 11.4 percent of Hispanic students and 4 percent of white students.

Thirteen of 102 counties in Illinois had dropout rates higher than the state average in 1998-99. Four of those counties—Cook, Macon, Marion and Peoria—saw an improvement in their dropout rate. The others—Coles, Hardin, Henderson, Knox, Lawrence, Pulaski, Saline, Vermillion and Winnebago counties—saw increases.

Addressing differences in individual students' learning abilities—as well as the racial disparities in dropout rates—can help teens stay in school.

Arts, recreation and culture



Charter vision: All children can express and celebrate their souls and spirits through arts, culture and recreation. Children have open time to dream, play and create.

Children experience the arts, recreation and culture in many ways and in many settings. Schools are just one place where children learn about the arts. Ninety-seven percent of public elementary schools offer music and 85 percent offer visual arts programs, while a majority of high schools offer separate instruction in music (94 percent) and visual arts (89 percent).⁷

Providing experiences in arts, recreation and culture is not the sole responsibility of school districts. Park districts and non-profit organizations across the state are a major source of these activities. A study by the Chapin Hall Center for Children at the University of Chicago found that in Chicago alone 208 public parks, 79 public libraries and 211 private, non-profit organizations offer arts programs for children.⁸

In Chicago alone, 208 public parks, 79 public libraries and 211 private, non-profit organizations offer arts programs for children.

There is no centralized method of collecting data on children's access and exposure to art, recreation and culture in Illinois. Designing a systematic collection of data would help families better understand the fabric of opportunities and enable public agencies and non-profit organizations to forge new collaborations. Better data would also inform the design of strategies to enhance the role of arts and recreation in all children's lives.

This year's *Illinois Kids Count* examines one limited measure of children's exposure to arts and recreation: the number of arts and recreation teachers in public schools.



Kids Count Fact:
There are 3.18 million children in Illinois

- During the 1998-99 school year, there were 12,884 arts and recreation teachers in Illinois, or one teacher for every 153 students. Chicago had one teacher for every 236 students, the highest ratio in the state.
 - The lowest teacher-to-student ratios were in Pope (one teacher for every 80 students), Henderson (83), McDonough (85), Brown (89) and Hancock (89) counties.
- The Marwin Foundation in Chicago is one organization that provides exposure to the arts outside the classroom. The foundation of-



fers afterschool, weekend and summer fine arts programs—as well as access to studios, galleries and libraries—to underserved children ages 6 to 12.

The members of the Illinois Association of Park Districts provide a range of activities, including use of computers for children who may not have the technology at home. The Oak Brook Park District's afterschool program provides access to computers as well as arts and crafts activities and swimming.

Faith-based organizations also play a role. The Spiritual Assembly of the Baha'i in Springfield promotes racial tolerance and unity through their "Calling All Colors" program. Children ages 6 to 9 organize youth conferences to explore cultural and racial differences through art, dialogue and performances.

Create ongoing opportunities to discover, recover, preserve and celebrate traditions across cultures.
—The Charter for Illinois Children

Fulfilling the Charter: 4-H Cloverbud

The 4-H Cloverbud program embraces the *Charter's* vision that children express themselves through arts, recreation and culture by offering "an eclectic, cooperative and fun approach to learning."

While 4-H programs traditionally serve youth ages 8 and up, the Cloverbud program is for children ages 5 to 7. Illinois 4-H introduced Cloverbud in 1997 in response to the growing number of younger children who were participating in the 4-H program with their older siblings.

"4-H is very family oriented and we didn't want to exclude all the younger brothers and sisters," 4-H Youth Development Specialist Ann Rund said. "However, the 4-H program wasn't developmentally appropriate for the younger children."

Cloverbud, which is offered in communities across the state, initiates younger children into the 4-H curriculum of providing creative, educational, esteem-building opportunities. Topics include nutrition, expressive arts, the environment and citizenship. "They're learning and they don't notice it because they're having so much fun," one Cloverbud leader said. There are now hundreds of Cloverbud groups around the state.

Cloverbud programs collaborate with local schools by sharing materials with teachers to enhance classroom lessons and providing activities before and after school. The cooperative emphasis of Cloverbud often extends into the community as well.

"Community service is a large part of what we do," explained one leader. "We want kids to learn that they're part of their community and what they do impacts the lives of people in their community."

For more information, contact Ann Rund at (217) 333-0911 or e-mail runda@mail.aces.uiuc.edu.

Safety

Charter vision: Every child lives in a physically and emotionally safe environment that cultivates acceptance and peace.

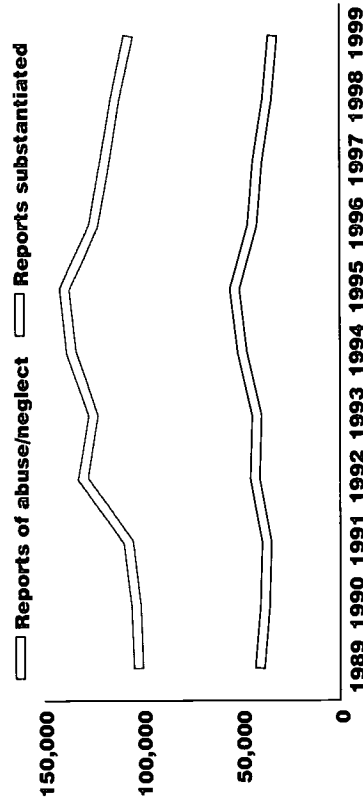
Providing safe homes and neighborhoods for children means keeping children away from environmental hazards—such as smoking or drinking alcohol while pregnant and exposing a child to pesticides or lead-based paint—that can adversely affect brain development and health.

Safety also means preventing abuse, injury or death of a child and not exposing children to violence at home or in their neighborhood. Children exposed to violence, even as infants, can suffer from stress and develop aggressive behavior.⁹

After-school programs are an effective way to keep children safe. These programs provide enriching, supervised activities during the primary time when juvenile crime occurs—the hours between the end of school and the time parents return home from work.



Child Abuse and Neglect



Source: Illinois Department of Children and Family Services

CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT

Charter goal: Promote and ensure safe, non-violent family and community environments.

Illinois' child abuse hotline—the first of its kind in the nation—marked its 20th anniversary in 2000.

More than 1.1 million reports of abuse have been phoned in to the toll-free hotline, resulting in 400,000 cases that were substantiated by an investigation and required intervention to protect the children. In the past 20 years, call volumes have increased from 200 calls per day to more than 900.

Despite the growth in the number of calls, the number of substantiated cases of child abuse or neglect continued to decline in 1999 for the fourth straight year. "We can attribute this drop to the organizations and individuals across Illinois who have made children a priority," said Roy Harley, executive director of Prevent Child Abuse Illinois.

- In 1999, Illinois had 29,392 substantiated reports of child abuse or neglect, or 9.2 cases per 1,000 children, a 6.1 percent drop from 1998. However, 40 of 102 counties reported a 5 percent or greater increase in the rate of cases of abuse or neglect.
- The number of children taken into protective custody by DCFS has fallen from 9,037

in 1995 to 6,375 in 1999. In 1999, 74 child deaths of 144 investigated by DCFS, or 53 percent, were related to abuse or neglect. While the number of deaths has fallen from 1981, when 93 of 175 deaths were linked to abuse or neglect, the percentage remained the same.

CHILD DEATHS

Charter goal: Protect children from the dangers confronting them.

Between 1995 and 1998, 14.6 out of every 10,000 Illinois children ages 1 to 18 died. That's an improvement over the 17.1 per 10,000 children who died in 1991-94.

The number of child homicides in Illinois is dropping as well—falling 12 percent to 939 deaths from 1995-98 when compared with 1991-94. But the number of youth suicides is holding steady at 240 in 1995-98.

Preventing teen suicide is getting national attention. Suicide is being considered a public health issue and the U.S. surgeon general, for the first time, is involved with the call to action.

Legislators, community leaders and advocates have created strategies to prevent child deaths. In the 2000 legislative session, Illinois enacted a law requiring parents to make guns inaccessible to children or to use a locking device to prevent the gun from firing. Legislators also approved car safety and driving standards.

The number of substantiated cases of child abuse or neglect in Illinois declined in 1999 for the fourth straight year.

Fulfilling the Charter: Youth Ambassadors/YouthPeace®

The Illinois Center for Violence Prevention launched YouthPeace® in 1995 to train young people to advocate for peace and violence prevention in their schools, neighborhoods and families. The program has expanded to form a statewide network that includes the Youth Ambassadors / YouthPeace® (YAP) chapter in Cairo.

The Cairo program began as a response to local needs, said prevention specialist Vernon Stubblefield. "The lack of job training and employment opportunities for young people is a real problem in our small, rural community," he said. "Kids need something they can do to keep busy."

The program for middle- and high school-aged youth emphasizes community service, leadership and prevention of violence and substance abuse. About two dozen Cairo youth attend workshops that teach topics ranging from bullying to teen dating violence to hate crimes.

"We learn what these forms of violence are and how to address them, and then we practice role playing and peer mediation so we can do something about it," said Devone Eurales, a longtime youth participant. YAP members give presentations, hold rallies and provide mediation in crisis situations in their schools and communities.

YAP emphasizes leadership and social skill building. "The kids who are in the program come because they want to be involved. They're a creative and motivated group," Stubblefield said. Members raise the money to operate the program, and also organized a gospel festival with local artists in support of the substance abuse awareness campaign's "Red Ribbon Week."

Members say they see the success of their efforts in the attitudes of their peers. "When I talk to my friends about violence and substance abuse, they really listen because I have the facts," James Posey Jr. said. "Once you know the facts, you think twice about doing something stupid."

For more information about YAP in Cairo, call Vernon Stubblefield at (618) 734-4400. For more information about YouthPeace®, call the Illinois Center for Violence Prevention at (312) 986-9200 or visit their web site at www.violence-prevention.com.



Health



Charter vision: Every child and family is guaranteed quality, comprehensive health care. All children live in a healthy environment that allows them to thrive.

Studies have shown that children who repeatedly miss school due to illness progress at a slower rate than their healthy peers. To ensure that all children have a fair chance at life from the start, every child must be provided with quality health care from prenatal care through pediatric medicine.

MEDICAID, KIDCARE AND THE HEALTH CARE GAP

Charter goal: Focus on prevention as a key to preserving the health and well being of children.

One way to help children get the preventive health care they need is to provide health insurance. Yet in Illinois an estimated 424,342 children, or 12.2 percent of all children in the state, are uninsured despite programs such as Medicaid and KidCare, which provide coverage for children in low-income families.¹⁰

An estimated 275,533 uninsured children live in families with incomes below 200 percent of the federal poverty level, which is slightly above KidCare's income eligibility cutoff at 185 percent of the federal poverty level. KidCare enrollment efforts have stepped up—121,814 children were enrolled in 2000, nearly five times the number of enrollees in Medicaid in 2000, up from 753,142 in 1998. With more children receiving health insurance through Medicaid and KidCare, the chal-

An estimated 391,000 children—about 12.2 percent of all children in the state—are uninsured.



lenge is to provide coverage to more low-income adults. According to the 1997 National Survey of American Families, 37 percent of low-income adults nationwide were uninsured. More than one-third of uninsured adults in America are parents, and half of them earn incomes below the federal poverty level.

One way to reach adults is to expand KidCare to include parents of KidCare-eligible children. Insuring parents would allow them to seek preventive medical care, making them healthier and, as a result, better able to care for their children. And because many low-income working families don't receive health insurance from their employer, expanding KidCare will increase the likelihood of a family's ability to stay off welfare. Seventeen states are including more parents in state-sponsored health insurance plans. California includes all parents earning less than the federal poverty level. Wisconsin and Massachusetts cover parents earning nearly twice the poverty level, and Washington and Minnesota provide subsidized insurance to

adults earning twice the poverty level.

NUTRITION AND HUNGER

Charter goal: Ensure that no children go hungry.

While hunger problems are not confined to poor families, the condition is strongly associated with poverty. And, like poverty, hunger or the risk of hunger persists:

- About 14 million children in the United States live in homes where food may be scarce or diets altered due to limited incomes.¹¹
- Nearly 73 percent of households that regularly missed meals because they were unable to buy food are at or below 185 percent of the poverty level.¹²
- Between 1996 and 1998, low incomes led to scarcity of food in 8 percent of Illinois

households, and 3 percent of households experienced a recurrent lack of food.¹³ Recent studies of programs designed to provide healthy, nutritious meals and snacks to children, however, suggest that these programs may remedy the outcomes of poor nutrition, even if the interventions occur after the early periods of rapid brain growth.¹⁴

The National School Lunch Program is one such program that provides free or reduced-price lunches to low-income children. In Illinois, 730,438 students received free or reduced lunches during the 1999-2000 school year. That's 40 percent of all students enrolled in public schools, private schools or residential child care centers that furnish free or reduced-price lunches.

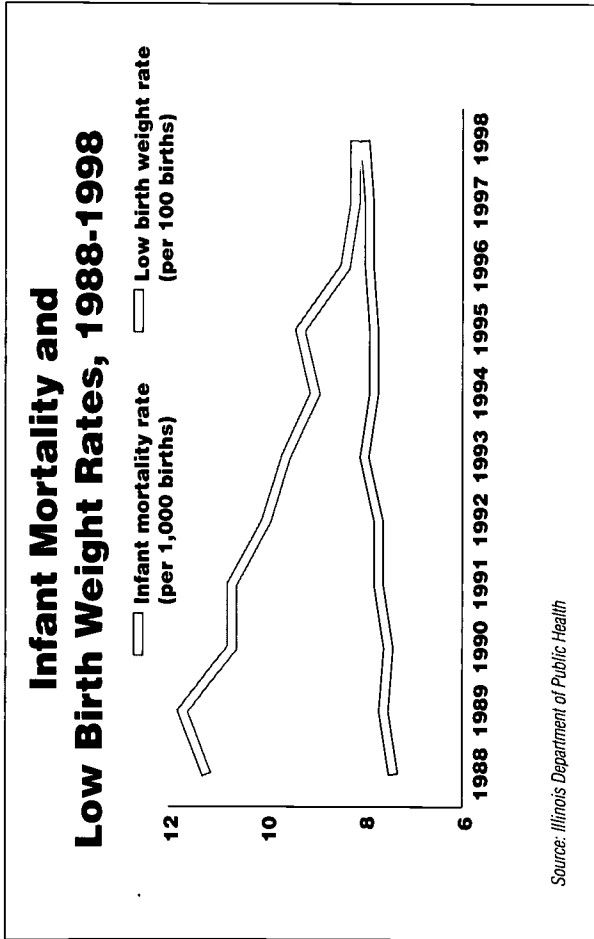
This year, *Illinois Kids Count* provides a county-by-county look at the number of children receiving free or reduced-price lunches.

At the same time many children confront hunger, a growing number of children, regardless of race or class, are overweight—making child obesity a serious public health problem.

- The proportion of overweight children jumped from 5 percent in 1964 to nearly 13 percent in 1994, the most recent year on record.
- Recent research estimates that one in three children are now overweight or at risk of becoming so.¹⁵

Children with an obese parent or who watch a lot of television are at an increased risk for being overweight. The trend toward being overweight is also associated with a greater reliance on high-calorie, high-fat convenience foods, drinking soda and diminished physical activity, especially among teenagers.

Unfortunately, there is no existing data to determine the scope of child obesity in Illi-



Fulfilling the *Charter*: Central Illinois Foodbank and Illinois Hunger Coalition

The battle against hunger is being fought on two fronts in Illinois - by the food banks and other providers who feed the hungry, and by a coalition of organizations that address the causes of hunger.

The Central Illinois Foodbank in Springfield opened in 1982 in response to a great hunger need in the area, program director Mary Hervey said. The food bank distributes 4.5 million pounds of food a year to 219 food pantries and soup kitchens that aid more than 25,000 people a month. The food banks also operate Kids Café programs—after-school meal, learning and recreational programs for children ages 2 to 17 and their families.

Executive Director Tracy Ryan explained that most people who use the food bank regularly are working full time. "Over 50 percent of the people served are children," she said. "That's higher than the national average."

The food bank is a member of the Illinois Hunger Coalition, which for more than a decade has been fulfilling the *Charter* goal of ensuring that no children go hungry. The coalition, a statewide membership organization based in Chicago and Springfield, works with nine food banks and more than 400 people and organizations across the state in its advocacy efforts.

The coalition and its partners work to find "the most efficient way to solve problems and look at creative strategies" for preventing hunger, said Sister Connie Probst, community organizer. The coalition focuses on policies that affect children, and its efforts have helped bring about legislation such as the Childhood Hunger Relief Act.

The coalition also provides community organizing, education, networking and empowerment activities. The Building Blocks program explains why hunger exists, proposes solutions and works to increase the number of childhood nutrition programs. For more information, call Diane Doherty at the Illinois Hunger Coalition at (312) 629-9580 or Tracy Ryan at the Central Illinois Foodbank at (217) 522-4022.

nois. But developing Illinois data is possible. South Dakota, for example, leads the nation in collection of statewide data on childhood obesity. Schools voluntarily submit student height and weight data to the state, and the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention helped analyze the data for a report released in February 2000.¹⁶

Crafting a statewide analysis of childhood obesity would help Illinois agencies and local schools measure the problem and design prevention strategies.

Charter goal: Ensure quality prenatal care is available for all.

The infant mortality rate is a well-established health measure that tracks the number of babies who die before their first birthday. These deaths often are connected to problems such as poor health care, inadequate nutrition and unsafe home environments.

The infant mortality rate in Illinois continues to fall, reaching 8.6 deaths per 1,000 live births for 1994-98. That's an 18 percent

drop from 1989-93. The

Children who repeatedly miss school due to illness progress at a slower rate than their healthy peers.

trend was mirrored by two-thirds of Illinois counties (65) that experienced a 5 percent or greater decrease in the infant mortality rate.

But there is a significant racial disparity in infant mortality in Illinois.

The infant mortality rate is highest among African-American babies—17.4 deaths per 1,000 births in 1994-98. The rate for white



and Hispanic babies was 6.6 per 1,000 for the same years. And Illinois still lags behind the national average of 7.2 deaths per 1,000 births in 1997.¹⁷

The key factor that influences the infant mortality rate is the number of babies born at a low birth weight of less than 5½ pounds. These tiny babies are significantly more likely to die during their first year than normal-weight babies. Those who do survive are more likely to suffer chronic physical and learning disabilities than babies born at a normal weight.

- The percentage of low birth weight babies in Illinois continues to increase, reaching 7.9 percent of births for 1994-98. This rate has been increasing steadily since the 1980s.
- Sixty-six of Illinois' 102 counties mirrored the state trend, showing a 5 percent or greater increase in the percentage of low birth weight babies for 1994-98.

Innovations in health care technology are helping drive both the decrease in the infant mortality rate and the increase in low birth weight babies. Fertility drugs have increased the number of multiple pregnancies and low birth weight babies, and incubators and other machines help these small babies survive.

Providing early prenatal care to pregnant women can improve the health of their babies. More women nationwide are getting this necessary care—those who received late or no prenatal care fell from 25 percent to 18 percent from 1989 to 1997.¹⁸

Economic security

Charter vision: All children have economic security and economic justice: Meaning access to food, clothing, transportation and safe, affordable housing, and that all families have equal opportunities to provide these basic economic needs.

Despite the strong economy and low unemployment rates, the United States still has the highest child poverty rate in the developed world. Nationally, nearly 18 percent of children were poor in 1998-99. Illinois has seen a dramatic improvement in the child poverty rate. In 1998-99, 14.4 percent of Illinois children were still living in poverty—a 28 percent decline from the child poverty rate in 1988-89.¹⁹

Three out of four poor American children lived with someone who worked in 1998, the highest rate in the 24 years that this data has been collected.²⁰

Poverty presents serious immediate and long-term consequences for children. Poverty affects every statistic discussed in this book. Compared to non-poor children, those born into poverty are more likely to:

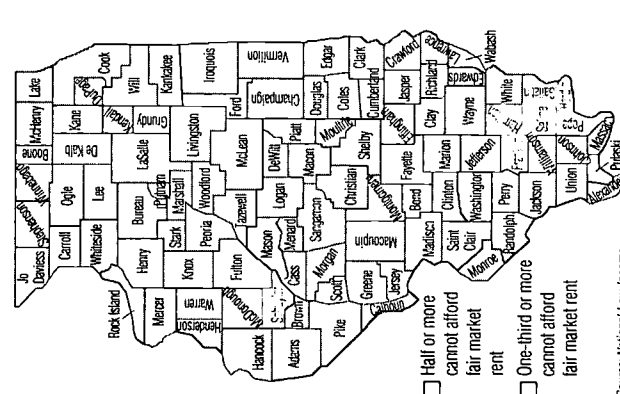
- Die before their first birthday.
- Suffer health problems such as stunted growth or lead poisoning.
- Score significantly lower on reading, math and vocabulary tests.²¹
- Become teen parents.
- Earn less and be unemployed more frequently as adults.²²

AFFORDABLE HOUSING

Charter goal: Enhance access to jobs through sound policies for housing and transportation.

For many Illinois families, access to decent, affordable housing is becoming increasingly difficult. Beyond the extreme and explicit hardships of homelessness, shelters or temporary housing, there is often a family balancing the need to pay for a roof over their heads and purchase basic needs such as food and clothing.

Renters Unable to Afford Fair Market Rent, 2000 (2-bedroom unit)



Access to affordable housing can also mean overcrowded, unsafe tenements far away from the workplace, which introduces transportation complexities for families.

While housing policies move away from constructing economically segregated high-rise projects toward a growing number of low-density and mixed-income housing developments, most people who need access to affordable housing still cannot obtain it.

- Nationally, at least 5.4 million low-income families—a record level—spend more than half their income on housing or live in severely inadequate housing that is overcrowded, unsafe or physically dilapidated.²³
- More than 400,000 Illinois families pay more than half of their income toward housing.²⁴
- The housing stock affordable to the lowest-income families continues to shrink—dropping by 5 percent between 1991 and 1997, the most recent years for which data is available.²⁵

The federal Department of Housing and Urban Development annually calculates the median income for each county in America and also determines an estimate of the actual market rent for all apartment types in the conventional marketplace. This is called “fair market rent.” Rental housing is considered affordable if it costs no more than 30 percent of a family’s income. This year’s *Illinois Kids Count* provides a county-by-county look at median income, fair market rent and the income needed for affordable housing.



Illinois, the fair market rent for a two-bedroom unit is \$665; approximately 39 percent of renters are unable to afford this amount.

- Illinois workers earning the federal minimum wage would have to work 99 hours per week in order to afford a two-bedroom unit at fair market rent in their county.
- An Illinois resident working 40 hours a week would have to earn \$12.79 an hour to afford a two-bedroom unit at the state's fair market rent. This is more than double the present minimum wage.²⁶

The South Suburban Housing Center in Homewood helps families find affordable housing in south suburban Chicago by providing mortgage counseling and education. The non-profit organization also works to promote diversity by monitoring and enforcing fair housing activities and educating realtors, municipal officials and bank staff about their fair housing obligations.

WELFARE TO WORK: STEPS TOWARD ECONOMIC SECURITY

Charter goal: Provide accessible, affordable, high-quality child care.

For families in Illinois that have depended on Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF), the rules have changed. Time limitations on the receipt of benefits began July 1, 1997, and many families are faced with the permanent expiration of their financial aid.

There were 86,613 TANF cases in June 2000, 25 percent less than in June 1999. Of that, 55,442 people were considered available to work, meaning they are not pregnant women or "child-only" cases. The number of available-to-work cases dropped 32 percent from 1999.

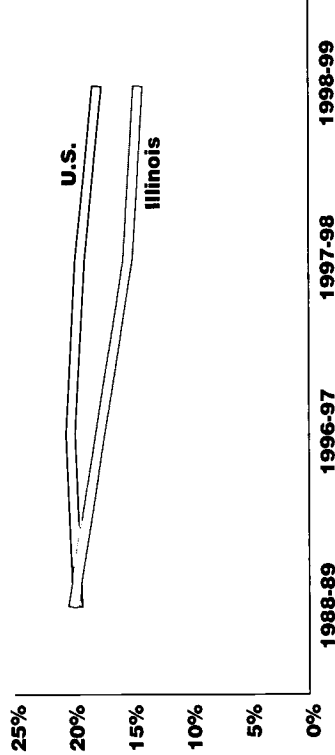
- There were 197,218 children receiving TANF in June 2000, a 22 percent decrease from June 1999.
- TANF rolls have been reduced by 145,216 cases since September 1994. That translates to more than 72 percent of the cases in Illinois.

A study prepared for the Illinois Department of Human Services found only one-third to one-half of people who leave welfare provide evidence that they have a job. Moreover, many people who left welfare have lost their jobs, leaving their families without TANF benefits or other income.²⁷

While Illinois families are moving from welfare to work, many are not moving to self-sufficiency. A single parent earning the minimum wage earns \$10,700 per year, below the 1999 federal poverty level of \$16,895 for a family of four.

Adding to the struggle for self-sufficiency is the lack of affordable and accessible quality child care for working parents. A recent study found that the amount of regulated child care in Illinois grew by just 6 percent from 1997 to 1998. That growth largely occurred in affluent neighborhoods rather than near high concentrations of low-income families, where there is a greater need for child care with extended hours and evening and weekend care.²⁸

Child Poverty Rate



Source: U.S. Census Bureau

CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT

Charter goal: Provide economic security through government initiatives for the children whose parents cannot support them.

Child support affects a large number of Illinois families. In fiscal year 2000, there were more than 1 million child support cases—25 percent of which involved TANF families.

Despite the potential for child support to increase financial self-sufficiency, families on TANF only receive \$50 of the child support collected by the state on their behalf. In many cases, the \$50 pass-through is countered by reductions in food stamps and other benefits so child support provides little or no financial benefit to poor families.

Of the \$82.7 million in child support Illinois collected for families receiving TANF in fiscal year 1999, only \$6.7 million (or 8.1 percent) was passed to the families. The state and federal governments kept the rest to offset welfare payments.

Other states, including Wisconsin, Vermont and Connecticut, have adopted legislation to pass all child support collected directly to families receiving TANF. Statistics in these states suggest that families who receive more child support leave welfare sooner.

Attempts in Illinois to increase the \$50 pass-through have been unsuccessful, largely due to federal policy that places the entire financial burden of increasing the pass-through on the state. A bill introduced in Congress, the Child Support Disbursement Act of 2000, aims to remove those financial burdens so more states can afford to provide families leaving welfare a larger share of their child support payments.

ILLINOIS EARNED INCOME TAX CREDIT

Charter goal: Develop a fair tax policy

Illinois tax policy has consistently served as an additional financial burden facing the families who need relief the most.

But starting next year, working families will get a boost from a state Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) that was approved during the 2000 legislative session. This represents a modest victory for working families who are struggling to move up the economic ladder.

Nearly 18 percent of children nationwide and 14.4 percent of children in Illinois were living in poverty in 1998-99.

The legislature approved a non-refundable state EITC set at 5 percent of the federal credit and will allocate \$105 million of tobacco settlement funds over the next three years toward relief to low- and moderate-income families.

The state EITC increases the level of income at which low-income families will begin paying taxes. For instance, a two-parent family of four with gross earnings below \$13,850 will receive an EITC that eliminates their tax liability.

The state EITC will provide an average benefit of about \$60 each year to families, with a maximum credit of \$116 for families with one child and \$191 for families with two or more children. These are substantial gains for families and demonstrate recognition among policy makers that the state income tax should not be a roadblock in the pursuit of self-sufficiency.

Among the groups who worked to promote passage of the EITC was the Conference of Women Legislators (COWL), a bipartisan group of state senators and representatives. Many COWL members have expressed an interest in improving the state EITC by making it larger and permanent and by making it refundable so the lowest-income working families will benefit.



An Illinois resident receives help in filing out tax forms from the Center for Law and Human Services' Tax Counseling Project.

Fulfilling the Charter Center for Law and Human Services

Low-income Illinois workers received more than \$12 million in tax refunds this year thanks to the assistance of the Center for Law and Human Services' Tax Counseling Project, which has provided free tax preparation for low-income residents for the past five years.

Three hundred volunteers prepared more than 16,000 federal and state tax returns at 21 sites throughout the state, including Chicago, Joliet, Waukegan, Rockford, Peoria, Springfield, Decatur, Champaign, Harvey, Granite City and East St. Louis. Individuals who earn less than \$15,000 a year qualify for help. Families – defined as couples with and without children and single parents, with no limit on the number of children – must earn less than \$31,500.

Volunteers primarily help Illinois workers take advantage of the federal Earned Income Tax Credit. Last year's average return was \$1,500, said J.C. Craig, the project's acting director.

"You can tell people about the new tax benefits, but what they need is help finding out if they're eligible," said Michael O'Connor, who founded the Center for Law and Human Services. "The primary constituency (of the Tax Counseling Project) is very low-income families who are often cycling on and off TANF (Temporary Assistance to Needy Families). To them, the couple hundred dollar cost of hiring a tax preparer is a significant expense."

The non-profit, Chicago-based Center for Law and Human Services was established in 1990 to increase economic opportunities for low-income families, children and individuals through advocacy, direct service, outreach and training. The center was part of a coalition that worked for passage of the state Earned Income Tax Credit this year.

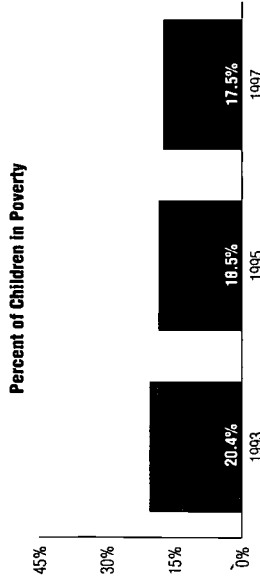
For more information, call J.C. Craig at (312) 341-1666.



Children of Illinois

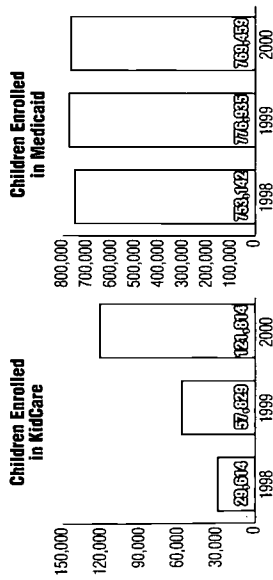
1999 Child Population:
3,181,338

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 388,855

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93 12.8%
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98 117,323

Percent, 1994-98 12.6%

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -1.7%

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998 48,468
Rate/1,000, 1998 15.2

Rate/1,000, 2000 10.6

Percent Change since March 1998 -30.4%

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000 35,501
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000 46,833

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99 35,934
Dropout Rate, 1998-99 6.5%

Percent Change since 1993-94 -11.0%

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers Total, 1999 3,217
Total, 1999 9,573
Accredited, 1999 431
Accredited, 1999 143

Total, 2000 3,015
Total, 2000 9,573
Accredited, 2000 303
Accredited, 2000 125

% Change in Centers -6.3%
% Change in Homes 20.0%

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998 31,375
Rate/1,000, 1998 9.8

Cases, 1999 29,392
Rate/1,000, 1999 9.2

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999 -6.1%

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94 17.1
Overall, 1995-98 14.6

Suicide, 1991-94 245
Suicide, 1995-98 240

Homicide, 1991-94 1,068
Homicide, 1995-98 939

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98 73,243
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98 8.0

LBW Babies/100, 1989-93 7.7
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 2.4%

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000 730,438
All Students 1,811,251
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch 40.3%

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98 929,196
Infant Deaths, 1994-98 7,952

Deaths/1,000, 1989-93 10.4
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98 8.6

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -17.9%

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases 1,098,353
% of Total Child Support Collected 58.1%

TANF Child Support Cases 270,333
% of TANF Child Support Collected 41.0%

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms) \$665
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR 39%
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR \$12.79

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997 145,978

Children, 1997 383,790

Grantees, 2000 51,480

Children, 2000 182,239

% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000 -64.7%

State, County and Chicago Data Pages

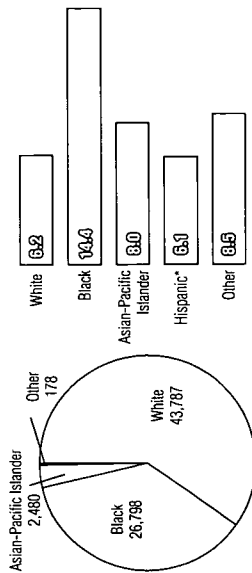




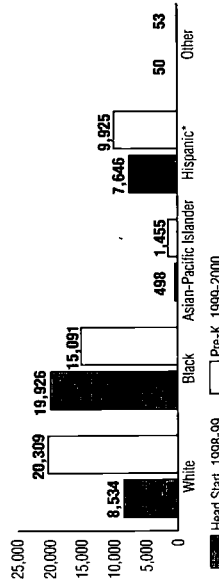
Children of Illinois

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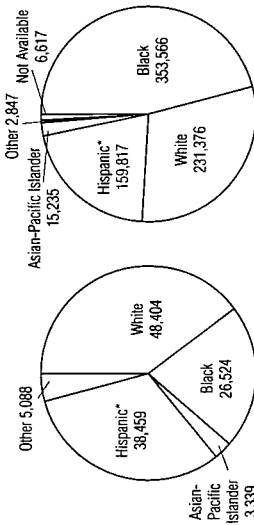
Low Birth Weight Babies by Race, LBW Babies/100, 1994-1998



Head Start and Pre-K Enrollment by Race, 1998-99



KidCare and Medicaid Enrollment by Race, 2000



NA = Not Available
* People who are Hispanic may be of any race and are not counted in the total.

FAMILY

Teen Births by Race, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Race	Percent, 1989-93	Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98	Percent, 1994-98	Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
White	9.3%	68,220	9.7%	4.1%
Black	26.6%	48,096	25.9%	-2.6%
Asian-Pacific Islander	2.2%	710	2.3%	4.3%
Hispanic*	16.4%	26,721	16.4%	0.0%
Other	16.5%	297	14.1%	-14.5%

Children in Foster/Substitute Care by Race, March 1998 to March 2000

Race	# Children, 1998	# Children, 1999	# Children, 2000	Percent Change, 1998-2000
White	7,649	6,853	6,222	-18.7%
Black	37,861	32,178	25,190	-33.5%
Asian-Pacific Islander	47	40	41	-12.8%
Hispanic*	2,251	2,006	1,643	-27.0%
Other	475	446	436	-8.2%
Unknown	173	152	130	-24.9%

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

High School Dropouts by Race, FY 1999

Race	High School Dropouts, 1998-99	Dropout Rate, 1998-99	Percent Change Since 1993-94
White	14,868	4.0%	-14.9%
Black	13,412	13.3%	-2.9%
Asian-Pacific Islander	492	2.5%	-13.8%
Hispanic*	7,068	11.4%	-21.9%
Other	94	9.8%	25.6%

HEALTH

Infant Mortality by Race, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Race	Live Births, 1994-98	Infant Deaths, 1994-98	Deaths/1,000, 1994-98	Deaths/1,000, 1989-93	% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
White	702,676	4,607	6.6	7.8	-15.4%
Black	185,519	3,223	17.4	20.7	-15.9%
Asian-Pacific Islander	30,918	105	3.4	3.8	-10.5%
Hispanic*	163,025	1,082	6.6	8.3	-20.5%
Other	2,101	17	8.1	6	-25.9%

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Race	Grantees, 1997	Grantees, 2000	Children, 2000	% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000
White	50,796	12,505	24,165	-75.4%
Black	117,702	56,418	133,829	-52.1%
Asian-Pacific Islander	1,838	675	1,608	-63.3%
Hispanic*	20,529	7,695	18,387	-62.5%
Other	262	117	268	-55.3%

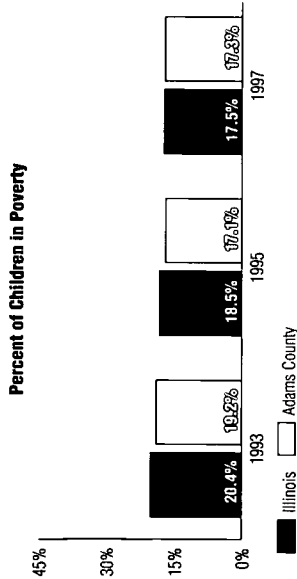




Children of Adams County

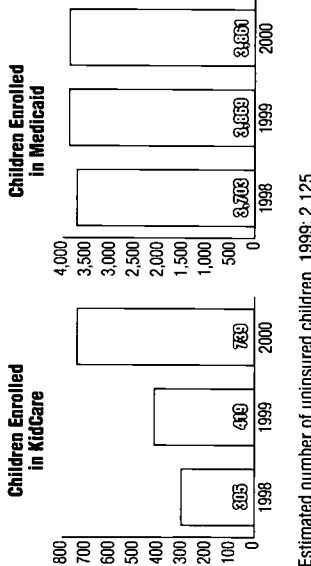
1999 Child Population: 17,096
(0.54% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 2,125

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
** Data were insufficient to calculate a rate*
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 13.2% (12.8%)[†]
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 560

Percent, 1994-98: 13.3% (12.6%)[†]
 Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 1.0% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 149
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 8.6 (15.2)[†]
 # Children, 2000: 111
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 6.5 (10.6)[†]

Percent Change since March 1998: -24.1% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 345
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 654

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 147
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 4.7% (6.5%)[†]
 Percent Change since 1993-94: -20.2% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers: Total, 1999: 14; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 10
 Homes: Total, 1999: 182; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 164

Total, 2000: 15; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 10
 Total, 2000: 206; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 190
 % Change in Centers: 7.1% (-6.3%)[†]
 % Change in Homes: 13.2% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 284
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 16.3 (9.8)[†]

Cases, 1999: 200
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 11.7 (9.2)[†]
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -28.3% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 15.1 (17.1)[†]
 Overall, 1995-98: 9.6 (14.6)[†]

Homicide, 1991-94: 0
 Homicide, 1995-98: 0
 Suicide, 1991-94: 0
 Suicide, 1995-98: 1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 255
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.1 (8.0)[†]

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1989-93: 255
 LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 6.2 (7.7)[†]

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -1.6% (2.4%)[†]
 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 4,111
 All Students: 12,724
 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 32.3% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 4,197
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 26

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 6.2 (8.6)[†]
 Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 7.1 (10.4)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -13.0% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 4,858
 % of Total Child Support Collected: 29.4% (58.1%)[†]
 TANF Child Support Cases: 701

% of TANF Child Support Collected: 32.1% (41.0%)[†]
 Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)
 Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 35% (39%)[†]
 Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 605
 Children, 1997: 1,288

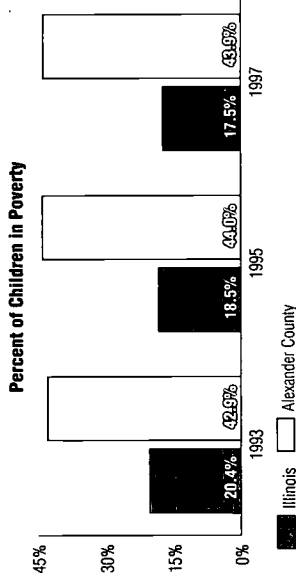
Grantees, 2000: 119
 Children, 2000: 439
 % Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -80.3% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of Alexander County

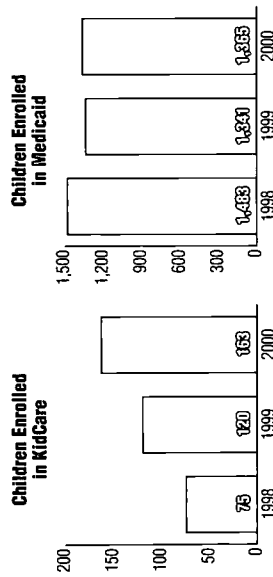
1999 Child Population: 2,840
(0.09% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 347

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 30.3% (12.8%)
Percent, 1994-98: 25.7% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -15.2% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 19
Rate/1,000, 1998: 6.7 (15.2)
Children, 2000: 18
Rate/1,000, 2000: 6.3 (10.6)
Percent Change since March 1998: -5.1% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 140
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 139

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 25
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 5.9% (6.5%)
Percent Change since 1993-94: 24.0% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	Total, 1999	Accept Subsidies, 1999	Accredited, 1999	Total, 2000	Accept Subsidies, 2000	Accredited, 2000	% Change in Centers
Centers	3	1	0	3	1	0	0.0% (-6.3%)
Homes	9	8	0	15	11	0	66.7% (20.0%)

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 55
Rate/1,000, 1998: 19.3 (9.8)

Cases, 1999: 61
Rate/1,000, 1999: 21.5 (9.2)
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 11.1% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 32.3 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98: 30.1 (14.6)
Homicide, 1991-94: 1
Homicide, 1995-98: 0
Suicide, 1991-94: 1
Suicide, 1995-98: 1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 84
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 11.7 (8.0)
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 8.6 (7.7)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 36.2% (2.4%)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 1,387
All Students: 1,744
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 79.5% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 717
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 8
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 11.2 (8.6)

Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 14.9 (10.4)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -25.2% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Category	Total Child Support Cases	% of Total Child Support Collected	TANF Child Support Cases	% of TANF Child Support Collected
Total Child Support Cases	2,115	51.5% (58.1%)	512	32.3% (41.0%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Category	Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	Estimated % to Afford FMR	% Unable to Afford FMR	Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$380 (\$665)	63% (39%)	37%	\$7.31 (\$12.79)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

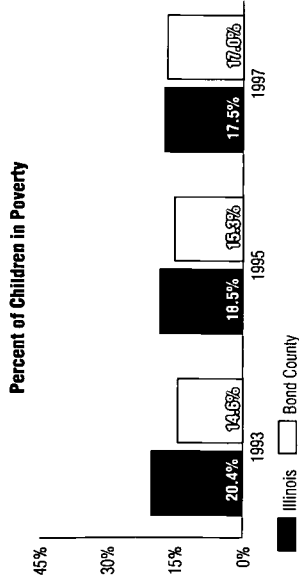
Grantees, 1997: 391
Grantees, 1999: 945
Children, 1997: 945
Children, 2000: 410
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -64.0% (-64.7%)



Children of Bond County

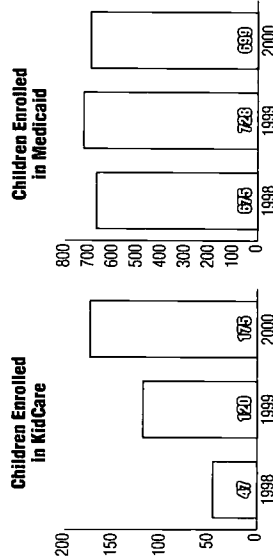
1999 Child Population: 3,841
(0.12% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 434

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 13.1% (12.8%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 131

Percent, 1994-98: 13.2% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 0.9% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 13
Rate/1,000, 1998: 3.7 (15.2)
Children, 2000: 15
Rate/1,000, 2000: 3.9 (10.6)

Percent Change since March 1998: 6.8% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 32
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 38

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 33
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 4.6% (6.5%)
Percent Change since 1993-94: -10.9% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers: Total, 1999: 5; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 4; Accredited, 1999: 0
Homes: Total, 1999: 10; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 7; Accredited, 1999: 0

Total, 2000: 5; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 4; Accredited, 2000: 0
Total, 2000: 10; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 7; Accredited, 2000: 0
% Change in Centers: 0.0% (-6.3%)
% Change in Homes: 0.0% (20.0%)

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 53
Rate/1,000, 1998: 14.9 (9.8)

Cases, 1999: 43
Rate/1,000, 1999: 11.2 (9.2)
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -24.9% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 21.6 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98: 20.2 (14.6)

Homicide, 1991-94: 0
Homicide, 1995-98: 1
Suicide, 1991-94: 0
Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 86
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 8.7 (8.0)
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 6.0 (7.7)

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 45.0% (2.4%)
Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 611
All Students: 2,387
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 25.6% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 990
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 6

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 6.1 (8.6)
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 13.4 (10.4)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -54.9% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 947
% of Total Child Support Collected: 71.1% (58.1%)
TANF Child Support Cases: 65
% of TANF Child Support Collected: 26.9% (41.0%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 33% (39%)
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -94.6% (-64.7%)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

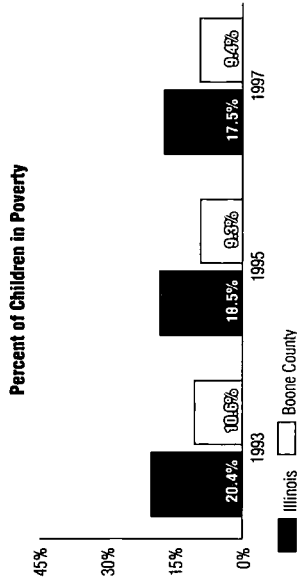
Grantees, 1997: 92
Children, 1997: 209
Grantees, 2000: 5
Children, 2000: 41



Children of Boone County

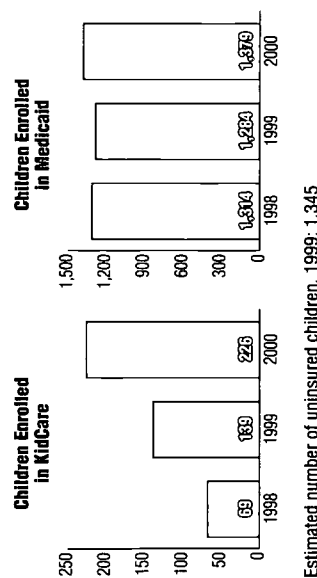
1999 Child Population: 11,151
(0.35% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,345

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93 11.6% (12.8%)[†] Percent, 1994-98 11.0% (12.6%)[†] Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -4.8% (-1.7%)[†]

Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98 299

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998 29 Rate/1,000, 1998 2.6 (15.2)[†] # Children, 2000 17 Rate/1,000, 2000 1.5 (10.6)[†] Percent Change since March 1998 -42.0% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000 34 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000 108

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99 57 Dropout Rate, 1998-99 2.8% (6.5%)[†] Percent Change since 1993-94 -50.6% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers	Total, 1999	Accept Subsidies, 1999	Accredited, 1999	Total, 2000	Accept Subsidies, 2000	Accredited, 2000	% Change in Centers since 1993-94
Homes	6	3	0	6	3	0	0.0% (-6.3%) [†]
	56	46	0	66	56	1	% Change in Homes 17.9% (20.0%) [†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1988 to 1999

Cases, 1998 115 Rate/1,000, 1998 10.4 (9.8)[†] Cases, 1999 90 Rate/1,000, 1999 8.1 (9.2)[†] Percent Change, 1988 to 1999 -22.6% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94 16.4 (17.1)[†] Overall, 1995-98 5.7 (14.6)[†] Homicide, 1991-94 0 Homicide, 1995-98 0 Suicide, 1991-94 0 Suicide, 1995-98 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98 179 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98 6.6 (8.0)[†] LBW Babies/100, 1989-93 5.7 (7.7)[†] % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 15.8% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000 1,255 All Students 7,706 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch 16.3% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98 2,709 Infant Deaths, 1994-98 22 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98 8.1 (8.6)[†] Deaths/1,000, 1989-93 8.6 (10.4)[†] % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -5.4% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases	% of Total Child Support Collected	TANF Child Support Cases	% of TANF Child Support Collected
1,966	60.8% (58.1%) [†]	65	42.4% (41.0%) [†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR	Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000
\$574 (\$665) [†]	36% (39%) [†]	\$11.04 (\$12.79) [†]	-93.4% (-64.7%) [†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

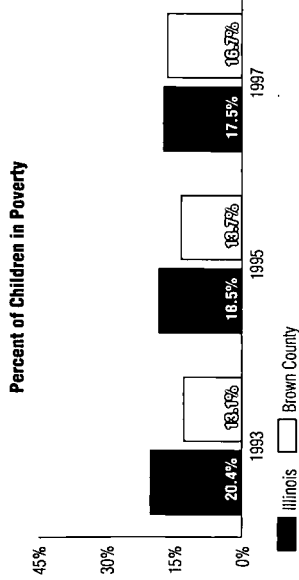
Grantees, 1997 91 Children, 1997 238 Grantees, 2000 6 Children, 2000 44 % Change in Grantees, 1997-2000 -93.4% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of Brown County

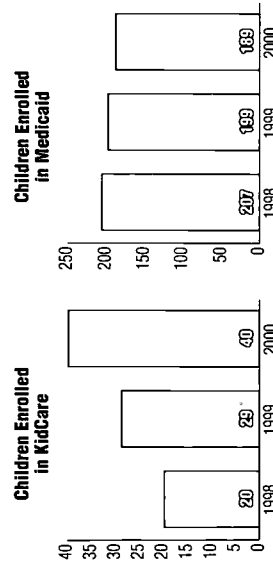
1999 Child Population: 1,366
(0.04% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 166

Focus on: Arts and recreation

Ratio of students to arts/recreation teachers: 89 : 1

Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 11.6% (12.8%)[†] Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 27
Percent, 1994-98: 9.7% (12.6%)[†] Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -16.6% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 2 Rate/1,000, 1998: 1.5 (15.2)[†] # Children, 2000: 3 Rate/1,000, 2000: 2.2 (10.6)[†]
Percent Change since March 1998: 49.2% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 13 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 9
High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 7 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 2.4% (6.5%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 7 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 2.4% (6.5%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers	Total, 1999	Accept Subsidies, 1999	Accredited, 1999	Total, 2000	Accept Subsidies, 2000	Accredited, 2000	% Change in Centers since 1993-94
	1	1	0	2	1	0	100.0% (-6.3%) [†]
Homes	16	13	0	18	15	0	% Change in Homes since 1993-94: 12.5% (20.0%) [†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 13 Rate/1,000, 1998: 9.6 (9.8)[†] Cases, 1999: 15 Rate/1,000, 1999: 11.0 (9.2)[†]
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 14.8% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 7.5 (17.1)[†] Overall, 1995-98: 0.0 (14.6)[†] Homicide, 1991-94: 0 Homicide, 1995-98: 0
Suicide, 1991-94: 0 Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 14 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 5.0 (8.0)[†] % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 14.3% (2.4%)[†]
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 4.4 (7.7)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 233 All Students: 916
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 25.4% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 279 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 0 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 0.0 (8.6)[†]
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 6.3 (10.4)[†] % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -100.0% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child-Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases	% of Total Child Support Collected	TANF Child Support Cases	% of TANF Child Support Collected
268	69.5% (58.1%) [†]	28	112.5% (41.0%) [†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR	Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000
\$380 (\$665) [†]	30% (39%) [†]	\$7.31 (\$12.79) [†]	-93.8% (-64.7%) [†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

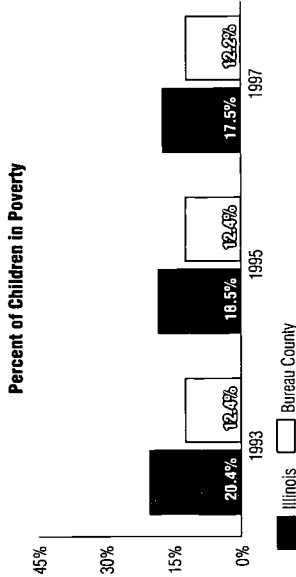
Grantees, 1997: 16 Children, 1997: 41
Grantees, 2000: 1 Children, 2000: 10
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -93.8% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of Bureau of County

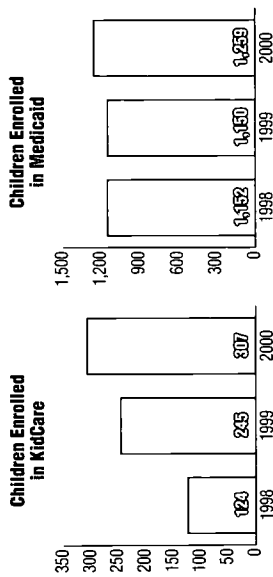
1999 Child Population: 9,294
(0.29% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



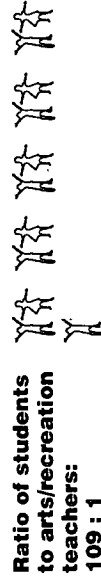
Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,149

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 11.0% (12.8%)
Percent, 1994-98: 12.5% (12.6%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 258
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 13.7% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 45
Children, 2000: 27
Rate/1,000, 1998: 4.8 (15.2)
Rate/1,000, 2000: 2.9 (10.6)
Percent Change since March 1998: -39.2% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 22
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 233
High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 68
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 3.4% (6.5%)

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Total, 1999: 7
Total, 2000: 7
Accredited, 1999: 1
Accredited, 2000: 1
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 2
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 2
Percent Change since 1993-94: 15.8% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers: Total, 1999: 7; Total, 2000: 7; Accredited, 1999: 1; Accredited, 2000: 1; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 2; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 2; % Change in Centers: 0.0% (-6.3%)
Homes: Total, 1999: 25; Total, 2000: 32; Accredited, 1999: 0; Accredited, 2000: 0; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 21; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 24; % Change in Homes: 28.0% (20.0%)

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 62
Cases, 1999: 69
Rate/1,000, 1998: 6.6 (9.8)
Rate/1,000, 1999: 7.4 (9.2)
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 12.8% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 7.4 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98: 11.5 (14.6)
Homicide, 1991-94: 2
Homicide, 1995-98: 0
Suicide, 1991-94: 0
Suicide, 1995-98: 1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 101
Low Birth Weight Babies/100, 1994-98: 4.9 (8.0)
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 4.8 (7.7)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 0.7% (2.4%)
Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 1,406
All Students: 6,424
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 21.9% (40.3%)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 2,069
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 15
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 7.2 (8.6)
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 9.4 (10.4)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -23.0% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases, 1,957
% of Total Child Support Collected: 76.3% (58.1%)
TANF Child Support Cases, 164
% of TANF Child Support Collected: 61.3% (41.0%)
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$389 (\$665)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 27% (39%)
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.48 (\$12.79)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

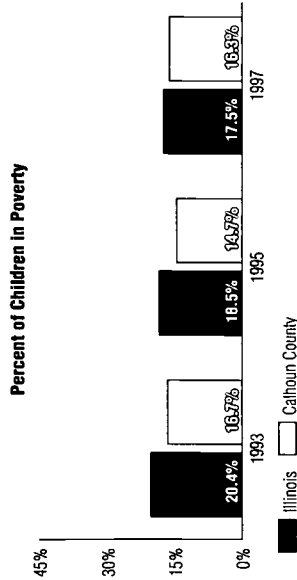
Grantees, 1997: 109
Grantees, 2000: 30
Children, 1997: 305
Children, 2000: 115
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -72.5% (-64.7%)



Children of Calhoun County

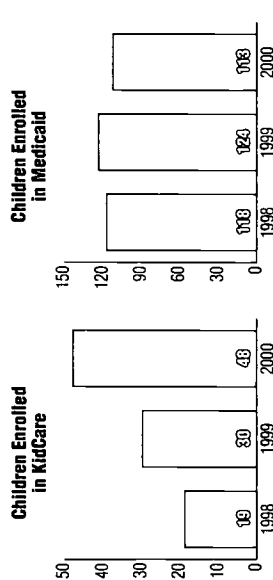
1999 Child Population: 1,165
(0.04% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 146

Focus on: Arts and recreation

Ratio of students to arts/recreation teachers: 98 : 1

Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 5.8% (12.8%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 18

Percent, 1994-98: 7.5% (12.6%)

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 30.9% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 2
Rate/1,000, 1998: 1.7 (15.2)
Children, 2000: 1

Rate/1,000, 2000: 0.9 (10.6)

Percent Change since March 1998: -48.7% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 18
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 30

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 10
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 3.8% (6.5%)[†]

Percent Change since 1993-94: 37.4% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers: Total, 1999: 1; Accepted Subsidies, 1999: 1; Accredited, 1999: 0
Homes: Total, 1999: 0; Accepted Subsidies, 1999: 0; Accredited, 1999: 0

Total, 2000: 2; Accepted Subsidies, 2000: 2; Accredited, 2000: 0
Total, 2000: 0; Accepted Subsidies, 2000: 0; Accredited, 2000: 0

% Change in Centers: 100.0% (-6.3%)[†]
% Change in Homes: 0.0% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 3
Rate/1,000, 1998: 2.5 (9.8)[†]

Cases, 1999: 1
Rate/1,000, 1999: 0.9 (9.2)[†]

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -65.8% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 39.7 (17.1)[†]
Overall, 1995-98: 40.8 (14.6)[†]

Homicide, 1991-94: 0
Homicide, 1995-98: 0

Suicide, 1991-94: 0
Suicide, 1995-98: 1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 9
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 3.8 (8.0)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -25.2% (2.4%)[†]

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 215

All Students: 933
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 23.0% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 239
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 2

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 8.4 (8.6)[†]

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 16.3% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 205
% of Total Child Support Collected: 71.2% (68.1%)[†]

TANF Child Support Cases: 34
% of TANF Child Support Collected: 6.1% (41.0%)[†]

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)[†]
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 34% (39%)[†]
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 30
Children, 1997: 53

Grantees, 2000: 4
Children, 2000: 18

% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -86.7% (-64.7%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

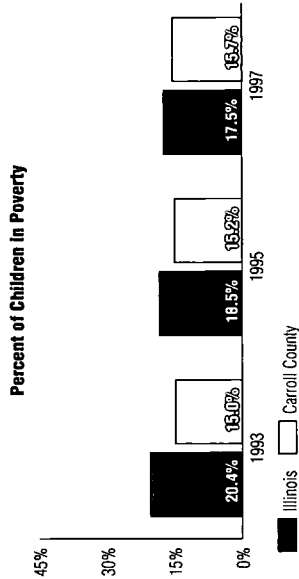




Children of Carroll County

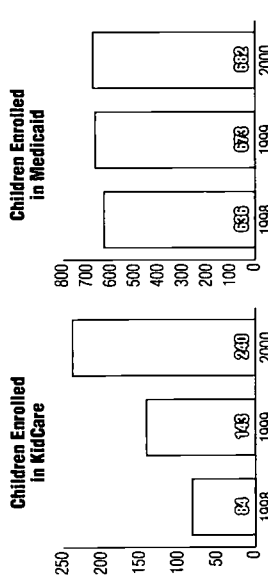
1999 Child Population: 4,128
(0.13% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 520

Focus on: Arts and recreation

Ratio of students to arts/recreation teachers: 98 : 1

Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.



FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93
11.6% (12.8%)†

Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98
108

Percent, 1994-98
12.2% (12.6%)†

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
5.4% (-1.7%)†

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998
20

Children, 2000
17

Rate/1,000, 1998
4.7 (15.2)†

Percent Change since March 1998
-12.3% (-30.4%)†

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000
34

High School Dropouts, 1998-99
36

Dropout Rate, 1998-99
3.7% (6.5%)†

Percent Change since 1993-94
35.0% (-11.0%)†

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers
Total, 1999
3

Accredited, 1999
0

Total, 2000
3

Accredited, 2000
0

% Change in Centers
0.0% (-6.3%)†

Homes
Total, 1999
19

Accredited, 1999
13

Total, 2000
25

Accredited, 2000
17

% Change in Homes
31.6% (20.0%)†

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998
67

Cases, 1999
51

Rate/1,000, 1998
15.7 (9.8)†

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999
-21.5% (-6.1%)†

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94
4.8 (17.1)†

Overall, 1995-98
32.8 (14.6)†

Homicide, 1991-94
0

Homicide, 1995-98
1

Suicide, 1991-94
0

Suicide, 1995-98
1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98
54

LBW Babies/100, 1994-98
6.1 (8.0)†

LBW Babies/100, 1989-93
4.6 (7.7)†

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
-31.3% (2.4%)†

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000
887

All Students
3,147

% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch
28.2% (40.3%)†

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98
885

Infant Deaths, 1994-98
9

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98
10.2 (8.6)†

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
14.2% (-17.9%)†

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases, 1,046

% of Total Child Support Collected
46.0% (58.1%)†

TANF Child Support Cases, 70

% of TANF Child Support Collected
14.4% (41.0%)†

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms) \$380 (\$665)†

Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR
26% (39%)†

Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR
\$7.31 (\$12.79)†

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997
71

Children, 1997
182

Grantees, 2000
10

Children, 2000
41

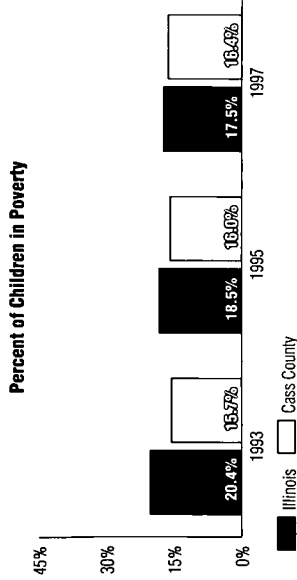
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000
-85.9% (-64.7%)†



Children of Cass County

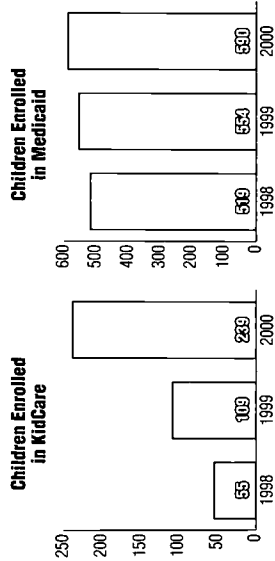
1999 Child Population: 3,411
(0.11% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 421

Focus on: Arts and recreation

Ratio of students to arts/recreation teachers: 93 : 1

Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 16.3% (12.8%)*
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 126

Percent, 1994-98: 14.7% (12.6%)*

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -10.1% (-1.7%)*

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 22
Rate/1,000, 1998: 6.4 (15.2)*

Rate/1,000, 2000: 5.0 (10.6)*

Percent Change since March 1998: -21.8% (-30.4%)*

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 52
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 102

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 30
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 4.4% (6.5%)*

Percent Change since 1993-94: 23.9% (-11.0%)*

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers: Total, 1999: 3; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 2; Accredited, 1999: 0
Homes: Total, 1999: 23; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 21; Accredited, 1999: 0

Total, 2000: 4; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 3; Accredited, 2000: 0
Total, 2000: 29; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 26; Accredited, 2000: 0

% Change in Centers: 33.3% (-6.3%)*
% Change in Homes: 26.1% (20.0%)*

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 53
Rate/1,000, 1998: 15.4 (9.8)*

Cases, 1999: 42
Rate/1,000, 1999: 12.3 (9.2)*

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -19.8% (-6.1%)*

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 34.8 (17.1)*
Overall, 1995-98: 14.4 (14.6)*

Homicide, 1991-94: 0
Homicide, 1995-98: 0

Suicide, 1991-94: 0
Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 51
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 5.9 (8.0)*

LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 7.6 (7.7)*
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -22.0% (2.4%)*

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 721
All Students: 2,502

% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 28.8% (40.3%)*

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 860
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 2

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 2.3 (8.6)*
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 9.9 (10.4)*

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -76.5% (-17.9%)*

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 1,013
% of Total Child Support Collected: 68.7% (58.1%)*

TANF Child Support Cases: 67
% of TANF Child Support Collected: 87.8% (41.0%)*

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)*
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 34% (39%)*
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)*

Affordable Housing, 2000

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 61
Children, 1997: 128

Grantees, 2000: 0
Children, 2000: 31

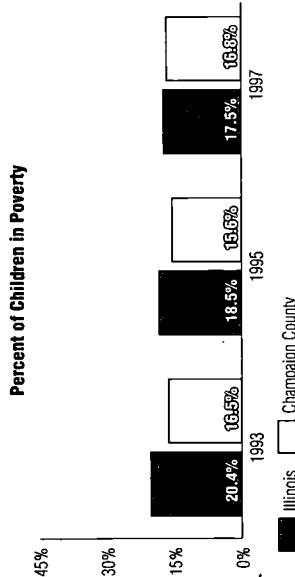
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -100.0% (-64.7%)*
% Change in Children, 1997-2000: -100.0% (-64.7%)*



Children of Champaign County

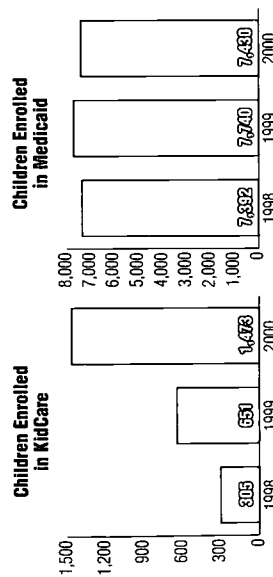
1999 Child Population: 37,653
(1.2% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 4,450

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.



FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 11.5% (12.8%)
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 1,159
 Percent, 1994-98: 10.6% (12.6%)
 Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -8.0% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 529
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 14.5 (15.2)
 # Children, 2000: 427
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 11.3 (10.6)
 Percent Change since March 1998: -21.8% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 418
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 414
 High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 336
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 4.9% (6.5%)[†]
 Percent Change since 1993-94: -11.7% (-11.0%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Total, 1999: 52
 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 38
 Total, 2000: 471
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 337
 Accredited, 1999: 4
 Accredited, 2000: 5
 % Change in Centers: 5.8% (-6.3%)[†]
 % Change in Homes: 20.5% (20.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Total, 1999: 391
 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 276
 Total, 2000: 471
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 337
 Accredited, 1999: 4
 Accredited, 2000: 5
 % Change in Centers: 5.8% (-6.3%)[†]
 % Change in Homes: 20.5% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 475
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 13.0 (9.8)[†]
 Cases, 1999: 473
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 12.6 (9.2)[†]
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -3.5% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 11.9 (17.1)[†]
 Overall, 1995-98: 18.3 (14.6)[†]
 Homicide, 1991-94: 2
 Homicide, 1995-98: 6
 Suicide, 1991-94: 1
 Suicide, 1995-98: 1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 771
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 7.1 (8.0)[†]
 LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 7.1 (7.7)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -0.2% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 6,213
 All Students: 20,488
 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 30.3% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 10,930
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 76
 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 7.0 (8.6)[†]
 Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 8.6 (10.4)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -19.1% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 11,319
 % of Total Child Support Collected: 60.6% (68.1%)[†]
 TANF Child Support Cases: 2,101
 % of TANF Child Support Collected: 28.0% (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$605 (\$665)[†]
 Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 46% (39%)[†]
 Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$11.63 (\$12.79)[†]
 Children, 1997: 1,309
 Children, 2000: 1,414
 % Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -70.9% (-64.7%)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

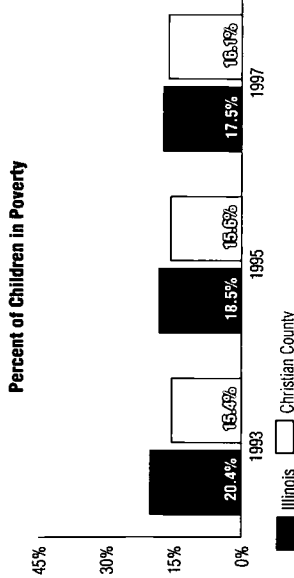
Grantees, 1997: 1,309
 Children, 1997: 3,274
 Grantees, 2000: 381
 Children, 2000: 1,414
 % Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -70.9% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of Christian County

1999 Child Population: 8,689
(0.27% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,070

Focus on: Arts and recreation

Ratio of students to arts/recreation teachers: 120 : 1

Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 13.8% (12.8%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 309

Percent, 1994-98: 14.6% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 5.8% (-1.7%)†

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 53
Rate/1,000, 1998: 6.0 (15.2)†

Children, 2000: 38
Rate/1,000, 2000: 4.4 (10.6)†

Percent Change since March 1998: -27.6% (-30.4%)†

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 98
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 296

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 76
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 4.5% (6.5%)†

Percent Change since 1993-94: -37.4% (-11.0%)†

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers: Total, 1999: 5; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 2
Homes: Total, 1999: 27; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 24

Total, 2000: 5; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 2
Total, 2000: 30; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 26

% Change in Centers: 0.0% (-6.3%)†
% Change in Homes: 11.1% (20.0%)†

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 89
Rate/1,000, 1998: 10.1 (9.8)†

Cases, 1999: 96
Rate/1,000, 1999: 11.0 (9.2)†

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 8.9% (-6.1%)†

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 19.4 (17.1)†
Overall, 1995-98: 25.8 (14.6)†

Homicide, 1991-94: 0
Homicide, 1995-98: 1

Suicide, 1991-94: 2
Suicide, 1995-98: 1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 161
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 7.6 (8.0)†

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 11.6% (2.4%)†

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 1,912

All Students: 6,985
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 27.4% (40.3%)†

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 2,118
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 16

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 7.6 (8.6)†

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -15.5% (-17.9%)†

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 2,415
% of Total Child Support Collected: 51.2% (58.1%)†

TANF Child Support Cases: 189
% of TANF Child Support Collected: 36.4% (41.0%)†

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$382 (\$665)†
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 33% (39%)†
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.35 (\$12.79)†

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 311

Children, 1997: 610

Grantees, 2000: 3
Children, 2000: 89

% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -99.0% (-64.7%)†

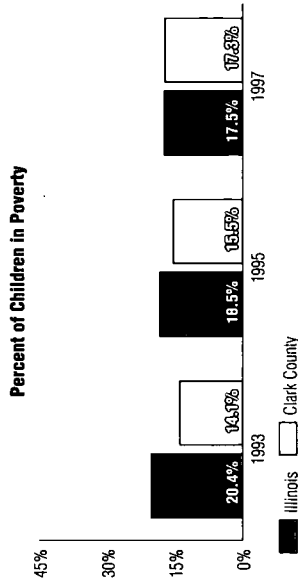




Children of Clark County

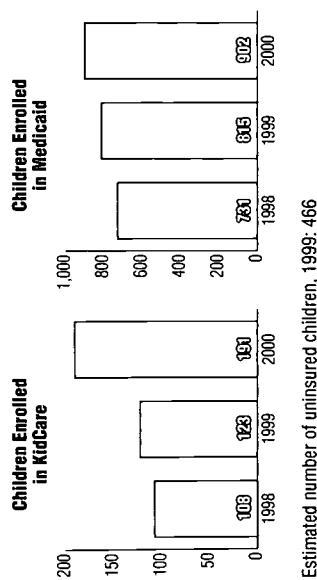
1999 Child Population: 4,093
(0.13% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 466

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.



FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 13.0% (12.8%)[†] Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 141 Percent, 1994-98: 14.1% (12.6%)[†] Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 7.7% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 2 Rate/1,000, 1998: 0.5 (15.2)[†] # Children, 2000: 1 Rate/1,000, 2000: 0.2 (10.6)[†] Percent Change since March 1998: -53.4% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 34 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 20 High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 39 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 4.1% (6.5%)[†] Percent Change since 1993-94: 57.9% (-11.0%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total	7	7	0.0% (-6.3%) [†]
Accredited	2	4	100.0% (20.0%) [†]
Accept Subsidies	5	3	-33.3% (-10.0%) [†]

Centers

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total	7	7	0.0% (-6.3%) [†]
Accredited	2	4	100.0% (20.0%) [†]
Accept Subsidies	5	3	-33.3% (-10.0%) [†]

Homes

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total	21	27	28.6% (20.0%) [†]
Accredited	0	0	0.0%
Accept Subsidies	21	27	28.6% (20.0%) [†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 36 Rate/1,000, 1998: 9.4 (9.8)[†] Cases, 1999: 62 Rate/1,000, 1999: 15.1 (9.2)[†] Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 60.7% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 15.2 (17.1)[†] Overall, 1995-98: 9.7 (14.6)[†] Homicide, 1991-94: 0 Homicide, 1995-98: 0 Suicide, 1991-94: 0 Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 63 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.3 (8.0)[†] LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 6.6 (7.7)[†] % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -4.5% (2.4%)[†] All Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 3,169 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 25.2% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 1,003 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 5 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 5.0 (8.6)[†] Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 7.7 (10.4)[†] % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -35.1% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases, 1,054 % of Total Child Support Collected: 64.9% (58.1%)[†] TANF Child Support Cases, 35 % of TANF Child Support Collected: 58.3% (41.0%)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 91 Children, 1997: 189 Grantees, 2000: 1 Children, 2000: 18 % Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -98.9% (-64.7%)[†] % Change in Children, 1997-2000: -90.5% (-64.7%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)[†] Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 34% (39%)[†] Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]

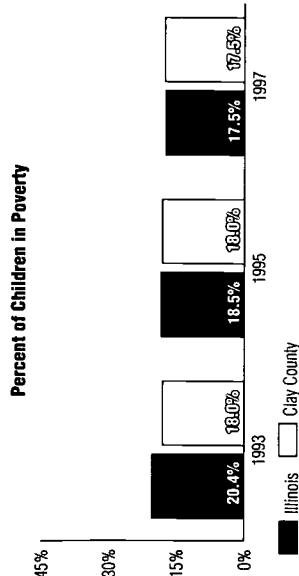




Children of Clay County

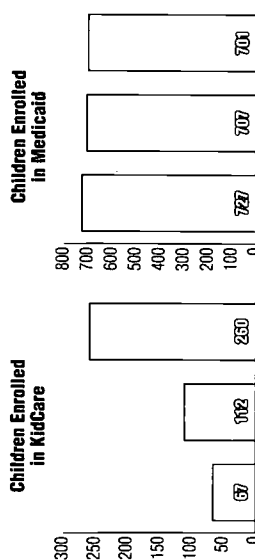
1999 Child Population: 3,633
(0.11% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 456

Focus on: Arts and recreation

Ratio of students to arts/recreation teachers: 104 : 1

Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 146 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 146
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 4.0% (-1.7%)
Percent, 1994-98: 16.9% (12.6%)
Percent Change since March 1998: 13.2% (-30.4%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 10 Rate/1,000, 1998: 2.7 (15.2)
Children, 2000: 11 Rate/1,000, 2000: 3.0 (10.6)
Percent Change since March 1998: 13.2% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 63
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 119

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 45
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 5.4% (6.5%)
Percent Change since 1993-94: -16.9% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Centers	3	1	0.0% (-6.3%)
Homes	19	16	15.8% (20.0%)
Total	22	17	15.8% (20.0%)

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 46 Rate/1,000, 1998: 12.3 (9.8)
Cases, 1999: 52 Rate/1,000, 1999: 14.3 (9.2)
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 16.4% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Category	1991-94	1995-98	% Change
Overall	13.6 (17.1)	21.5 (14.6)	57.3% (-39.1%)
Homicide	0	0	0.0%
Suicide	0	0	0.0%

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 64 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 7.4 (8.0)
Low Birth Weight Babies, 1989-93: 912 LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 7.4 (7.7)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 0.0% (2.4%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 866 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 8
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 9.2 (8.6)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 39.6% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Category	Value	% of Total Child Support Collected
Total Child Support Cases	1,071	60.2% (58.1%)
TANF Child Support Cases	43	57.5% (41.0%)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Category	1997	2000	% Change
Grantees	64	5	-92.2% (-64.7%)
Children	183	26	-85.8% (-64.7%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

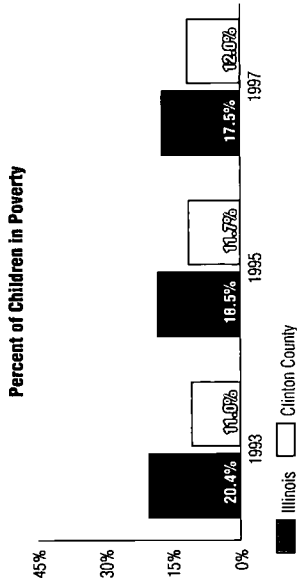
Category	Value	% of Families
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$380 (\$665)	38% (39%)
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	\$7.31 (\$12.79)	38% (39%)



Children of Clinton County

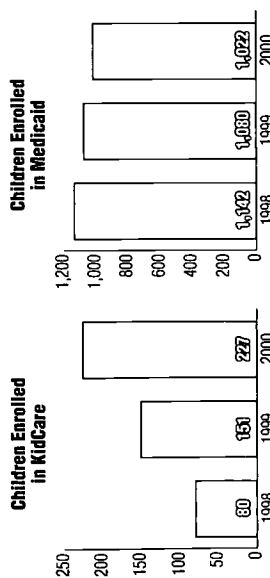
1999 Child Population: 9,404 (0.30% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,161

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
 * Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
 † Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 9.5% (12.8%)
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 223

Percent, 1994-98: 10.9% (12.6%)
 Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 15.1% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 22
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 2.3 (15.2)
 # Children, 2000: 26

Rate/1,000, 2000: 2.8 (10.6)
 Percent Change since March 1998: 19.6% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 49
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 273

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 68
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 5.1% (6.5%)

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Percent Change since 1993-94: 47.0% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers
 Total, 1999: 4
 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 3
 Accredited, 1999: 0

Homes
 Total, 1999: 61
 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 43
 Accredited, 1999: 0

Total, 2000
 Total, 2000: 6
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 5
 Accredited, 2000: 0

Total, 2000
 Total, 2000: 66
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 47
 Accredited, 2000: 0

% Change in Centers since 1993-94: 50.0% (-6.3%)
 % Change in Homes since 1993-94: 8.2% (20.0%)

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 67
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 7.0 (9.8)

Cases, 1999: 74
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 7.9 (9.2)
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 11.8% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 11.9 (17.1)
 Overall, 1995-98: 12.7 (14.6)

Homicide, 1991-94: 0
 Homicide, 1995-98: 0
 Suicide, 1991-94: 0
 Suicide, 1995-98: 1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 96
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 4.7 (8.0)

LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 4.4 (7.7)
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 6.2% (2.4%)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 1,091
 All Students: 5,863
 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 18.6% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 2,040
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 7

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 3.4 (8.6)
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -55.4% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 1,280
 % of Total Child Support Collected: 73.1% (68.1%)
 TANF Child Support Cases: 160

% of TANF Child Support Collected: 47.0% (41.0%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$519 (\$665)
 Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 34% (39%)
 Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$9.98 (\$12.79)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 165
 Children, 1997: 356

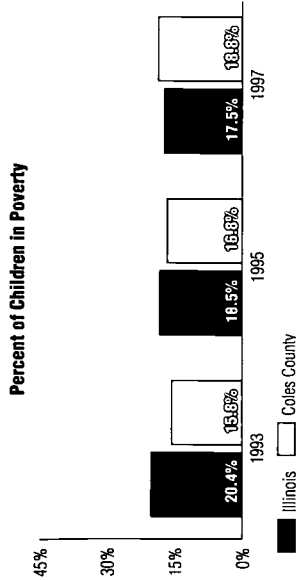
Grantees, 2000: 27
 Children, 2000: 109
 % Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -83.6% (-64.7%)



Children of Coles County

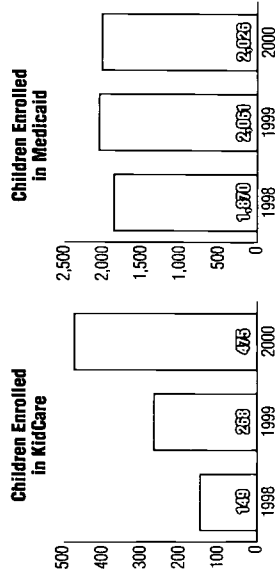
1999 Child Population: 10,721
(0.34% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,329

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93	15.3% (12.8%)†	Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98	439	Percent, 1994-98	14.9% (12.6%)†	Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98	-2.3% (-1.7%)†
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Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

# Children, 1998	36	Rate/1,000, 1998	3.3 (15.2)†	# Children, 2000	29	Rate/1,000, 2000	2.7 (10.6)†	Percent Change since March 1998	-18.1% (-30.4%)†
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EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000	100	Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000	280
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High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99	188	Dropout Rate, 1998-99	8.1% (6.5%)†	Percent Change since 1993-94	34.3% (-11.0%)†
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Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers	Total, 1999	17	Accept Subsidies, 1999	13	Accredited, 1999	1	Total, 2000	18	Accept Subsidies, 2000	13	Accredited, 2000	1	% Change in Centers	5.9% (-6.3%)†
Homes	Total, 1999	107	Accept Subsidies, 1999	83	Accredited, 1999	3	Total, 2000	127	Accept Subsidies, 2000	105	Accredited, 2000	3	% Change in Homes	18.7% (20.0%)†

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998	155	Rate/1,000, 1998	14.2 (9.8)†
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Cases, 1999	123	Rate/1,000, 1999	11.5 (9.2)†
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Percent Change, 1998 to 1999	-19.3% (-6.1%)†
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Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94	12 (17.1)†	Overall, 1995-98	16.3 (14.6)†	Homicide, 1991-94	0	Homicide, 1995-98	0	Suicide, 1991-94	0	Suicide, 1995-98	1
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HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98	199	LBW Babies/100, 1994-98	6.8 (8.0)†	% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98	13.3% (2.4%)†
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Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000	1,959	All Students	7,658	% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch	25.6% (40.3%)†
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Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98	2,939	Infant Deaths, 1994-98	27	Deaths/1,000, 1994-98	9.2 (8.6)†	% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98	-26.9% (-17.9%)†
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ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases	2,932	% of Total Child Support Collected	68.1% (66.1%)†	TANF Child Support Cases	289	% of TANF Child Support Collected	55.4% (41.0%)†	Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$440 (\$665)†	Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR	36% (39%)†	Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	\$8.46 (\$12.79)†
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Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997	289	Children, 1997	649	Grantees, 2000	29	Children, 2000	129	% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000	-90.0% (-64.7%)†
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Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$440 (\$665)†	Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR	36% (39%)†	Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	\$8.46 (\$12.79)†
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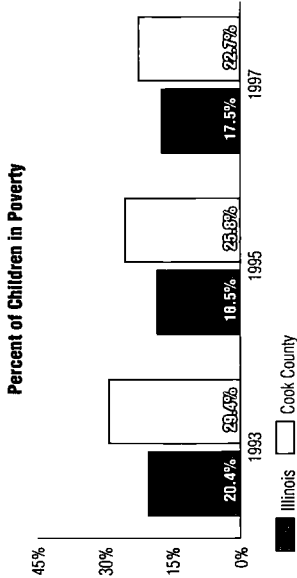




Children of Cook County

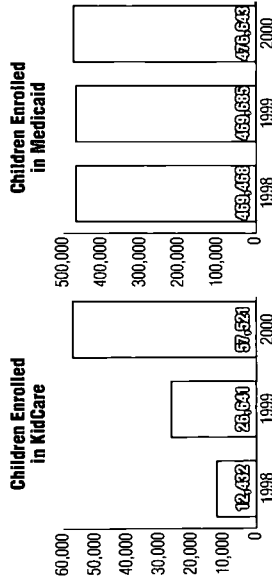
1999 Child Population: 1,345,897
(42.3% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 165,148

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.



FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93	Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98	Percent, 1994-98	Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
14.6% (12.8%)†	63,502	14.4% (12.6%)†	-1.6% (-1.7%)†

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

# Children, 1998	# Children, 2000	Rate/1,000, 2000	Percent Change since March 1998
4,323	2,867	2.1 (10.6)†	-33.3% (-30.4%)†

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000	Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000	High School Dropouts, 1998-99	Dropout Rate, 1998-99	Percent Change since 1993-94
20,222	23,638	19,777	9.8% (6.5%)†	-7.9% (-11.0%)†

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000		Total, 2000		Accredited, 2000		% Change in Centers	
Total, 1999	Accept Subsidies, 1999	1,369	802	717	180	-22.6% (-6.3%)†	
Total, 1999	Accept Subsidies, 1999	1,650	1,389	1,759	36	21.7% (20.0%)†	

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998	Rate/1,000, 1998	Cases, 1999	Rate/1,000, 1999	Percent Change, 1998 to 1999
2,757	2.0 (9.8)†	2,517	1.9 (9.2)†	-8.2% (-6.1%)†

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94	Overall, 1995-98	Homicide, 1991-94	Homicide, 1995-98	Suicide, 1991-94	Suicide, 1995-98
20.5 (17.1)†	16.6 (14.6)†	851	736	99	75

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98	LBW Babies/100, 1994-98	% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98	% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000	% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch
40,973	9.3 (8.0)†	0.0% (2.4%)†	451,453	752,450

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Live Births, 1994-98	Infant Deaths, 1994-98	Deaths/1,000, 1994-98	% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
442,216	4,477	12.8 (10.4)†	-21.0% (-17.9%)†

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases	% of Total Child Support Collected	TANF Child Support Cases	% of TANF Child Support Collected	Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR	Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR
598,741	59.2% (58.1%)†	179,369	42.0% (41.0%)†	\$788 (\$665)†	40% (39%)†	\$15.15 (\$12.79)†

Affordable Housing, 2000

Grantees, 1997	Grantees, 2000	% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000
96,460	41,282	-57.2% (-64.7%)†

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997	Grantees, 2000	% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000
96,460	41,282	-57.2% (-64.7%)†

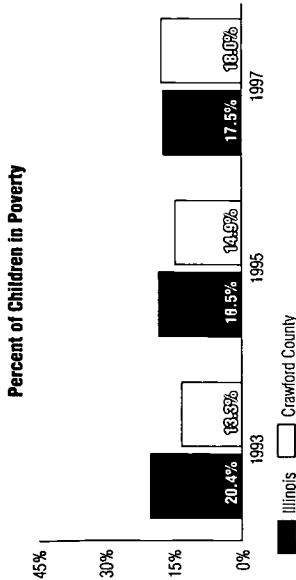




Children of Crawford County

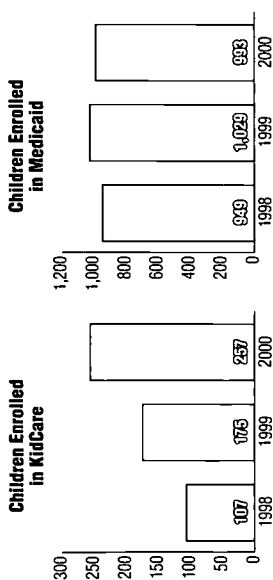
1999 Child Population: 4,927
(0.15% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 611

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 17.1% (12.8%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 195

Percent, 1994-98: 17.5% (12.6%)

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 2.4% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 11
Rate/1,000, 1998: 2.2 (15.2)
Children, 2000: 20
Rate/1,000, 2000: 4.1 (10.6)

Percent Change since March 1998: 84.8% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 46
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 102

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 46
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 4.3% (6.5%)

Percent Change since 1993-94: 13.0% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers: Total, 1999: 7; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 4
Homes: Total, 1999: 22; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 21

Total, 2000: 7; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 6
Total, 2000: 24; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 22

% Change in Centers: 0.0% (-6.3%)
% Change in Homes: 9.1% (20.0%)

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 74
Rate/1,000, 1998: 14.8 (9.8)

Cases, 1999: 65

Rate/1,000, 1999: 13.2 (9.2)
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -10.7% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 12.2 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98: 13.8 (14.6)

Homicide, 1991-94: 0
Homicide, 1995-98: 1
Suicide, 1991-94: 0
Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 76
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.8 (8.0)

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 18.0% (2.4%)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 966
All Students: 3,651

% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 26.5% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 1,113
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 7

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 6.3 (8.6)

Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 9.9 (10.4)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -36.6% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 1,266
% of Total Child Support Collected: 75.3% (58.1%)

% of TANF Child Support Collected: 70.9% (41.0%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 35% (39%)

Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 157
Children, 1997: 288

Grantees, 2000: 5
Children, 2000: 40

% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -96.8% (-64.7%)

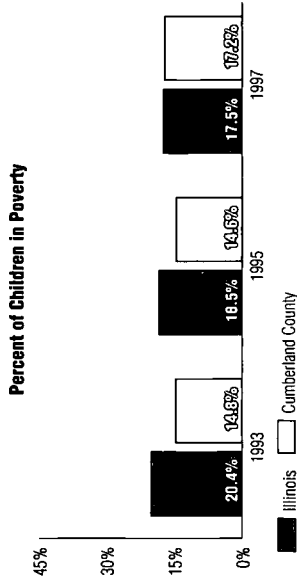




Children of Cumberland County

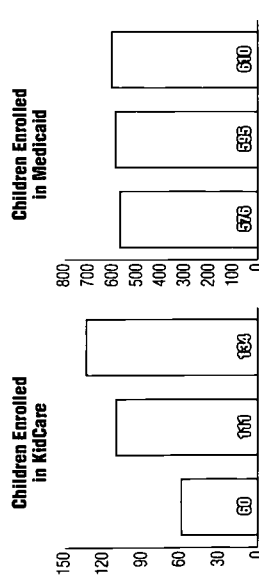
1999 Child Population: 3,107
(0.10% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



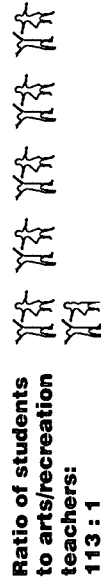
Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 384

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Ratio of students to arts/recreation teachers: 113:1

Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.



FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 11.8% (12.8%)
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 95
 Percent, 1994-98: 13.7% (12.6%)
 Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 16.0% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 1
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 0.3 (15.2)[†]
 # Children, 2000: 2
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 0.6 (10.6)[†]
 Percent Change since March 1998: 102.8% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 44
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 18
 High School Dropouts, 1999-99: 14
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 2.2% (6.5%)[†]
 Percent Change since 1993-94: -40.0% (-11.0%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total	7	7	0.0%
Accredited	3	3	0.0%
Accept Subsidies	4	4	0.0%

Centers

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total	7	7	0.0%
Accredited	0	0	0.0%
Accept Subsidies	7	7	0.0%

Homes

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total	18	23	27.8%
Accredited	0	0	0.0%
Accept Subsidies	18	23	27.8%

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 36
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 11.4 (9.8)[†]
 Cases, 1999: 21
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 6.8 (9.2)[†]
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -40.9% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 9.9 (17.1)[†]
 Overall, 1995-98: 9.5 (14.6)[†]
 Homicide, 1991-94: 0
 Homicide, 1995-98: 0
 Suicide, 1991-94: 0
 Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 57
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 8.2 (8.0)[†]
 LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 5.9 (7.7)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 40.8% (2.4%)[†]
 Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 515
 All Students: 2,079
 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 24.8% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 692
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 7
 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 10.1 (8.6)[†]
 Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 4.1 (10.4)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 147.8% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Category	2000	% of Total Child Support Collected
Total Child Support Cases	623	68.0%
TANF Child Support Cases	39	8.9%
% of TANF Child Support Collected	3	41.0%

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Category	1997	2000	% Change
Grantees	70	133	90.0%
Children	133	3	-95.7%

Affordable Housing, 2000

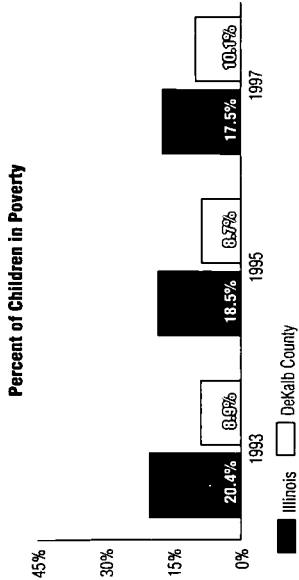
Category	2000	% of TANF Child Support Collected
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$380 (\$665)	36%
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR	36%	39%
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	\$7.31 (\$12.79)	



Children of DeKalb County

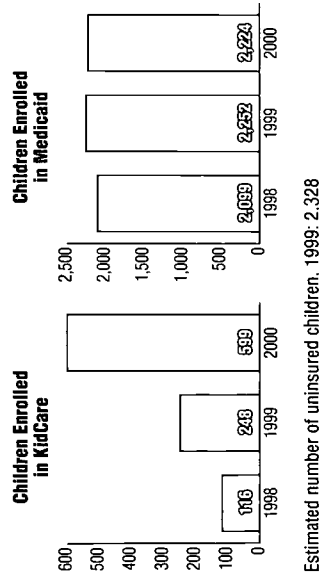
1999 Child Population: 19,107
(0.6% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 2,328

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 7.9% (12.8%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 496

Percent, 1994-98: 9.7% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 21.9% (-1.7%)†

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 60
Rate/1,000, 1998: 3.1 (15.2)†

Children, 2000: 66
Rate/1,000, 2000: 3.5 (10.6)†
Percent Change since March 1998: 9.9% (-30.4%)†

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 104
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 171

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 138
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 3.2% (6.5%)†

Percent Change since 1993-94: -33.1% (-11.0%)†

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Total, 1999: 32
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 19
Accredited, 1999: 2

Total, 2000: 98
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 48
Accredited, 2000: 2

% Change in Centers: 6.3% (-6.3%)†
% Change in Homes: 22.5% (20.0%)†

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 255
Rate/1,000, 1998: 13.4 (9.8)†

Cases, 1999: 148
Rate/1,000, 1999: 7.7 (9.2)†
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -42.0% (-6.1%)†

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 14.5 (17.1)†
Overall, 1995-98: 17.5 (14.6)†

Homicide, 1991-94: 1
Homicide, 1995-98: 0
Suicide, 1991-94: 1
Suicide, 1995-98: 6

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 295
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 5.8 (8.0)†

Low Birth Weight Babies/100, 1989-93: 4.9 (7.7)†
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 18.3% (2.4%)†

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 1,801
All Students: 14,709
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 12.2% (40.3%)†

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 5,127
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 26

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 5.1 (8.6)†
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 8.1 (10.4)†
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -37.7% (-17.9%)†

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 3,874
% of Total Child Support Collected: 71.7% (58.1%)†

TANF Child Support Cases: 262
% of TANF Child Support Collected: 48.3% (41.0%)†

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$669 (\$665)†
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 44% (39%)†
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$12.87 (\$12.79)†

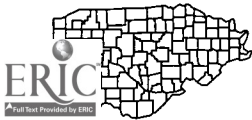
Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 274
Children, 1997: 643

Grantees, 2000: 37
Children, 2000: 153

% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -86.5% (-64.7%)†

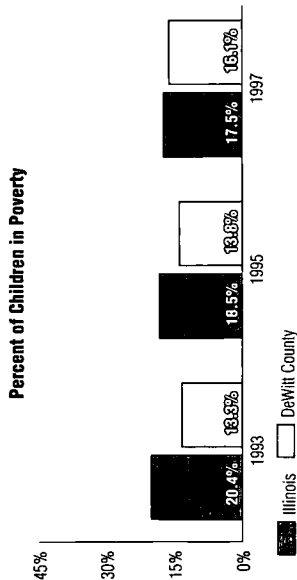




Children of DeWitt County

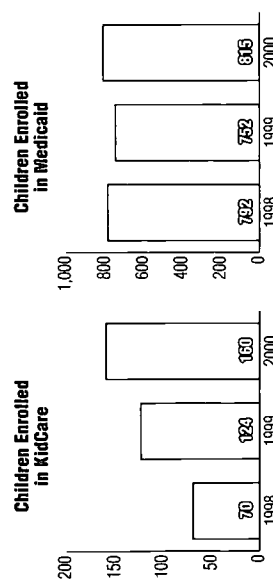
1999 Child Population: 4,267
(0.13% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 531

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.



FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 12.8% (12.8%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 138

Percent, 1994-98: 13.5% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 5.5% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 11
Rate/1,000, 1998: 2.5 (15.2)
Children, 2000: 7
Rate/1,000, 2000: 1.6 (10.6)

Percent Change since March 1998: -35.1% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 34
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 128

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 55
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 5.6% (6.5%)
Percent Change since 1993-94: 57.3% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers: Total, 1999: 5; Accepted Subsidies, 1999: 3; Accredited, 1999: 0
Homes: Total, 1999: 21; Accepted Subsidies, 1999: 15; Accredited, 1999: 0

Total, 2000: 5; Accepted Subsidies, 2000: 3; Accredited, 2000: 0
Total, 2000: 25; Accepted Subsidies, 2000: 18; Accredited, 2000: 0
% Change in Centers: 0.0% (-6.3%)
% Change in Homes: 19.0% (20.0%)

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 75
Rate/1,000, 1998: 17.2 (9.8)

Cases, 1999: 77
Rate/1,000, 1999: 18.0 (9.2)
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 4.7% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 11.6 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98: 11.5 (14.6)

Homicide, 1991-94: 0
Homicide, 1995-98: 0
Suicide, 1991-94: 1
Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 74
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 7.2 (8.0)
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 6.9 (7.7)

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 5.2% (2.4%)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 728
All Students: 3,389
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 21.5% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 1,024
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 5

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 4.9 (8.6)
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 5.3 (10.4)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -7.6% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases, 1,093
% of Total Child Support Collected: 76.7% (58.1%)
TANF Child Support Cases, 117
% of TANF Child Support Collected: 28.1% (41.0%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 23% (39%)
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -87.2% (-64.7%)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 148
Children, 1997: 351

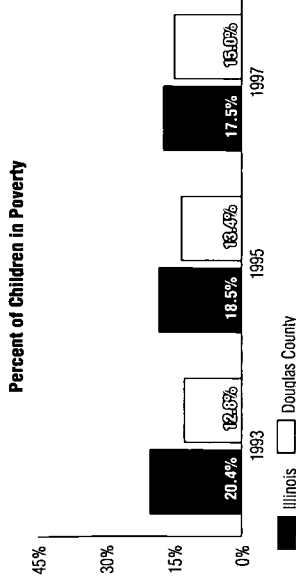
Grantees, 2000: 19
Children, 2000: 89



Children of Douglas County

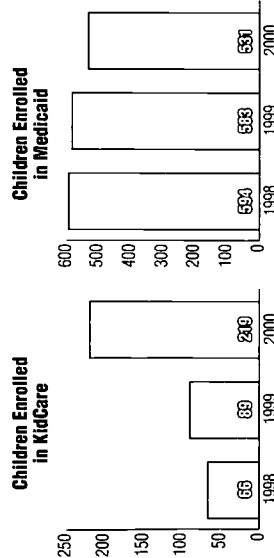
1999 Child Population: 5,520
(0.17% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 683

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 9.8% (12.8%)[†]
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 123

Percent, 1994-98: 8.8% (12.6%)[†]

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -11.0% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 6
Rate/1,000, 1998: 1.1 (15.2)[†]

Children, 2000: 2
Rate/1,000, 2000: 0.4 (10.6)[†]

Percent Change since March 1998: -66.2% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 34
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 28

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 32
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 3.4% (6.5%)[†]

Percent Change since 1993-94: 18.7% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers: Total, 1999: 5; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 2; Accredited, 1999: 0
Homes: Total, 1999: 34; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 21; Accredited, 1999: 0

Total, 2000: 5; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 2; Accredited, 2000: 0
Total, 2000: 37; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 24; Accredited, 2000: 0

% Change in Centers: 0.0% (-6.3%)[†]
% Change in Homes: 8.8% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 32
Rate/1,000, 1998: 5.7 (9.8)[†]

Cases, 1999: 56
Rate/1,000, 1999: 10.1 (9.2)[†]

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 77.4% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 11.0 (17.1)[†]
Overall, 1995-98: 17.8 (14.6)[†]

Homicide, 1991-94: 0
Homicide, 1995-98: 0

Suicide, 1991-94: 1
Suicide, 1995-98: 1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 89
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.3 (8.0)[†]

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 22.3% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 715
All Students: 3,671

% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 19.5% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 1,404
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 10

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 7.1 (8.6)[†]

Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 6.8 (10.4)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 5.3% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 848
% of Total Child Support Collected: 67.8% (58.1%)[†]

% of TANF Child Support Collected: 55.8% (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)[†]
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 33% (39%)[†]
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 70
Children, 1997: 175

Grantees, 2000: 7
Children, 2000: 42

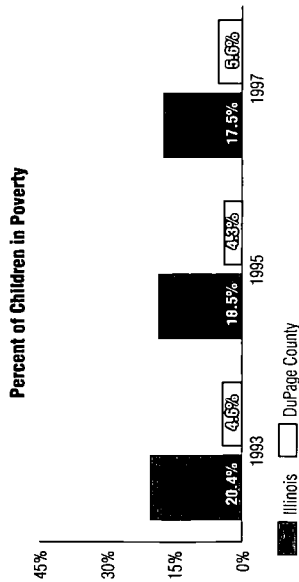
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -90.0% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of DuPage County

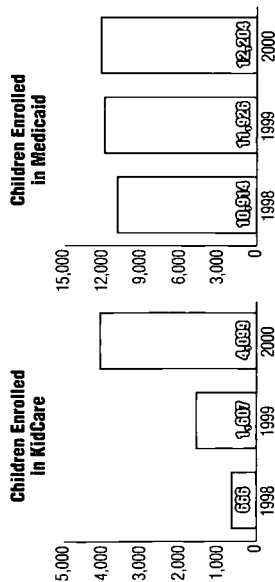
1999 Child Population: 234,041
(7.36% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 28,457

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 3.5% (12.8%)[†]
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 2,753
 Percent, 1994-98: 4.0% (12.6%)[†]
 Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 15.2% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 259
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 1.1 (15.2)[†]
 # Children, 2000: 208
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 0.9 (10.6)[†]
 Percent Change since March 1998: -20.0% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 427
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 1,117

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 1,111
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 2.6% (6.5%)[†]
 Percent Change since 1993-94: -15.8% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total	215	224	4.2% (-6.3%) [†]
Centers	114	120	5.3% (-6.3%) [†]
Homes	101	104	3.0% (20.0%) [†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 591
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 2.5 (9.8)[†]
 Cases, 1999: 570
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 2.4 (9.2)[†]
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -3.9% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 9.9 (17.1)[†]
 Overall, 1995-98: 8.5 (14.6)[†]
 Homicide, 1991-94: 11
 Homicide, 1995-98: 12
 Suicide, 1991-94: 11
 Suicide, 1995-98: 17

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 3,981
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 5.8 (8.0)[†]
 LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 5.0 (7.7)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 15.2% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 7,230
 All Students: 69,292
 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 10.4% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 68,511
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 429
 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 6.3 (8.6)[†]
 Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 6.0 (10.4)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 3.8% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Category	1997	2000	% Change
Total Child Support Cases	20,636	20,636	0.0%
% of Total Child Support Collected	63.9% (58.1%) [†]	63.0% (41.0%) [†]	-1.9%
TANF Child Support Cases	1,732	1,732	0.0%
% of TANF Child Support Collected	38.0% (41.0%) [†]	38.0% (41.0%) [†]	0.0%

Affordable Housing, 2000

Category	2000	% Change
Grantees, 1997	1,499	-
Grantees, 2000	323	-78.5% (-64.7%) [†]
Children, 1997	3,438	-
Children, 2000	1,184	-65.9% (-54.7%) [†]
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$788 (\$665) [†]	-
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR	39% (39%) [†]	-
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	\$15.15 (\$12.79) [†]	-

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

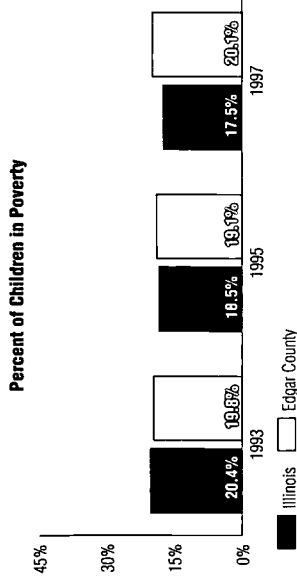
Grantees, 1997: 1,499
 Children, 1997: 3,438
 Grantees, 2000: 323
 Children, 2000: 1,184
 % Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -78.5% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of Edgar County

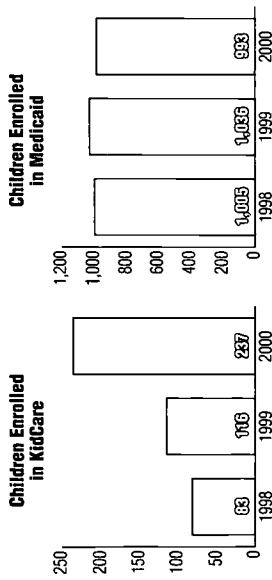
1999 Child Population: 4,963
(0.16% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



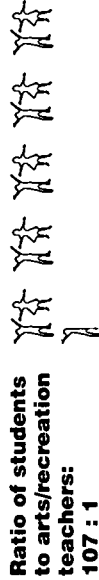
Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 616

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 19.8% (12.8%)[†]
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 211

Percent, 1994-98: 18.8% (12.6%)[†]

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -5.1% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 1
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 0.2 (15.2)[†]
 # Children, 2000: 1

Rate/1,000, 2000: 0.2 (10.6)[†]
 Percent Change since March 1998: 1.8% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 59
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 163

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 28
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 2.6% (6.5%)[†]

Percent Change since 1993-94: -6.8% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers: Total, 1999: 7; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 3; Accredited, 1999: 0
 Homes: Total, 1999: 35; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 30; Accredited, 1999: 0

Total, 2000: 8; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 4; Accredited, 2000: 0
 Total, 2000: 47; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 41; Accredited, 2000: 0

% Change in Centers: 14.3% (-6.3%)[†]
 % Change in Homes: 34.3% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 66
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 13.1 (9.8)[†]

Cases, 1999: 65
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 13.1 (9.2)[†]

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 0.2% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 20.1 (17.1)[†]
 Overall, 1995-98: 17.3 (14.6)[†]

Homicide, 1991-94: 0
 Homicide, 1995-98: 0

Suicide, 1991-94: 0
 Suicide, 1995-98: 1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 101
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 9.0 (8.0)[†]

Low Birth Weight Babies/100, 1989-93: 9.0 (8.0)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 55.1% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 1,090
 All Students: 3,706
 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 29.4% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 1,124
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 7

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 6.2 (6.6)[†]

Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 8.9 (10.4)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -30.1% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 1,343
 % of Total Child Support Collected: 67.0% (58.1%)[†]

TANF Child Support Cases: 77
 % of TANF Child Support Collected: 62.8% (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)[†]
 Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 38% (39%)[†]
 Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 146
 Children, 1997: 314

Grantees, 2000: 2
 Children, 2000: 58

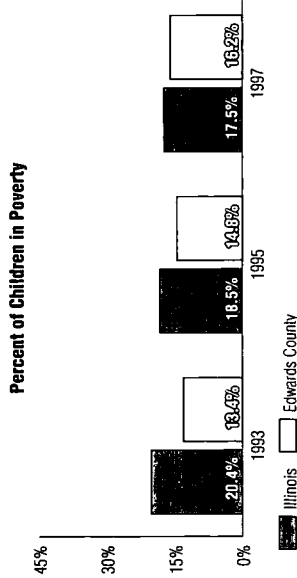
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -98.6% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of Edwards County

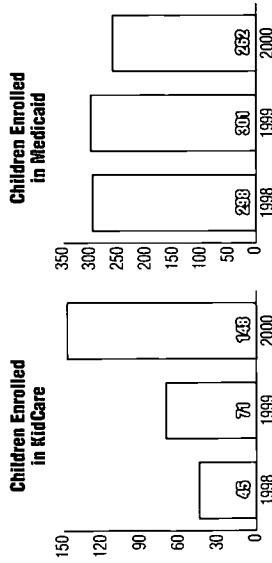
1999 Child Population: 1,673
(0.05% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 210

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 14.1% (12.8%)[†] Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 55
Percent, 1994-98: 15.7% (12.6%)[†] Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 11.1% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 7 Rate/1,000, 1998: 4.1 (15.2)[†] # Children, 2000: 9
Rate/1,000, 2000: 5.4 (10.6)[†] Percent Change since March 1998: 32.0% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 23
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 24
High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 6
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 2.1% (6.5%)[†]
Percent Change since 1993-94: -6.8% (-11.0%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Centers Total	2	2	0.0% (-6.3%) [†]
Homes Total	7	8	14.3% (20.0%) [†]

Accept Subsidies

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Centers	2	2	0.0%
Homes	5	5	0.0%

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 14 Rate/1,000, 1998: 8.1 (9.8)[†]
Cases, 1999: 21 Rate/1,000, 1999: 12.6 (9.2)[†]
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 54.0% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 22.0 (17.1)[†] Overall, 1995-98: 33.7 (14.6)[†]
Homicide, 1991-94: 0 Homicide, 1995-98: 0
Suicide, 1991-94: 0 Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 21 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.0 (8.0)[†]
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 6.8 (7.7)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -12.0% (2.4%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 350 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 4
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 11.4 (8.6)[†]
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 22.7 (10.4)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -49.7% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Category	Value	% of Total Child Support Collected
Total Child Support Cases	511	55.6% (68.1%) [†]
TANF Child Support Cases	25	0.0% (41.0%) [†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 35 Children, 1997: 74
Grantees, 2000: 7 Children, 2000: 15
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -80.0% (-64.7%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

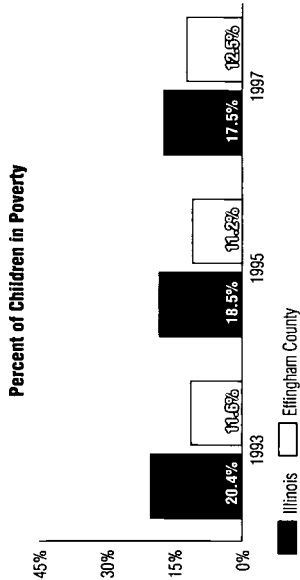
Category	Value	% of TANF Child Support Collected
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$380 (\$665) [†]	42% (39%) [†]
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR	\$380 (\$665) [†]	42% (39%) [†]
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	\$7.31 (\$12.79) [†]	



Children of Effingham County

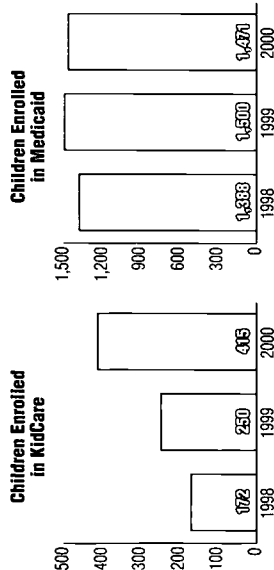
1999 Child Population: 10,061
(0.32% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,232

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 10.1% (12.8%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 272

Percent, 1994-98: 11.6% (12.6%)

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 14.8% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Rate/1,000, 1998: 2.0 (15.2)
Children, 2000: 8

Rate/1,000, 2000: 0.8 (10.6)

Percent Change since March 1998: -59.9% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 117
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 117

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 48
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 2.4% (6.5%)

Percent Change since 1993-94: -28.9% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Total, 1999: 13
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 8
Accredited, 1999: 0

Total, 2000: 59
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 45
Accredited, 1999: 0

Total, 2000: 14
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 8
Accredited, 2000: 0

Total, 2000: 70
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 58
Accredited, 2000: 0

% Change in Centers: 7.7% (-6.3%)
% Change in Homes: 18.6% (20.0%)

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 148
Rate/1,000, 1998: 14.7 (9.8)

Cases, 1999: 107
Rate/1,000, 1999: 10.6 (9.2)

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -27.4% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 20.8 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98: 6.0 (14.6)

Homicide, 1991-94: 1
Homicide, 1995-98: 0

Suicide, 1991-94: 2
Suicide, 1995-98: 0

Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 153
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.5 (8.0)

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 23.7% (2.4%)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 1,649

All Students: 7,077
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 23.3% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 2,354
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 8

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 3.4 (8.6)

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -56.3% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 2,142
% of Total Child Support Collected: 65.6% (68.1%)
TANF Child Support Cases: 138

% of TANF Child Support Collected: 42.0% (41.0%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 30% (39%)
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 161
Children, 1997: 376

Grantees, 2000: 7
Children, 2000: 58

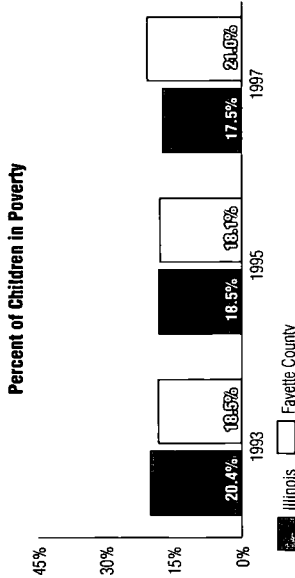
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -95.7% (-64.7%)



Children of Fayette County

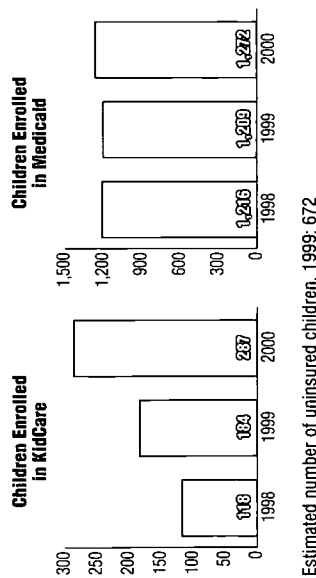
1999 Child Population: 5,481
(0-1.7% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



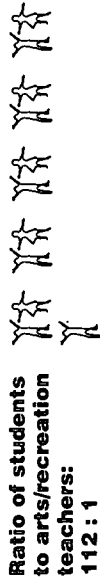
Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 672

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 16.8% (12.8%)
Percent, 1994-98: 18.6% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 10.5% (-1.7%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 241

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 24
Rate/1,000, 1998: 4.4 (15.2)
Children, 2000: 15
Rate/1,000, 2000: 2.7 (10.6)
Percent Change since March 1998: -37.1% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 34
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 163

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 40
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 4.2% (6.5%)
Percent Change since 1993-94: -36.6% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Total, 1999: 5
Total, 2000: 5
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 3
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 3
Accredited, 1999: 1
Accredited, 2000: 1

Total, 2000: 5
Total, 2000: 32
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 27
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 1
Accredited, 2000: 0
% Change in Centers: 0.0% (-6.3%)
% Change in Homes: 14.3% (20.0%)

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 87
Rate/1,000, 1998: 15.8 (9.8)

Cases, 1999: 73
Rate/1,000, 1999: 13.3 (9.2)
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -15.6% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 9.5 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98: 16.4 (14.6)

Homicide, 1991-94: 0
Homicide, 1995-98: 0
Suicide, 1991-94: 0
Suicide, 1995-98: 2

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 90
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.9 (8.0)
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 5.9 (7.7)

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 16.6% (2.4%)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 1,003
All Students: 3,440
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 29.2% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 1,298
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 8

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 6.2 (8.6)
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 5.6 (10.4)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 9.5% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases, 1,553
% of Total Child Support Collected: 76.1% (68.1%)
TANF Child Support Cases, 138
% of TANF Child Support Collected: 58.8% (41.0%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

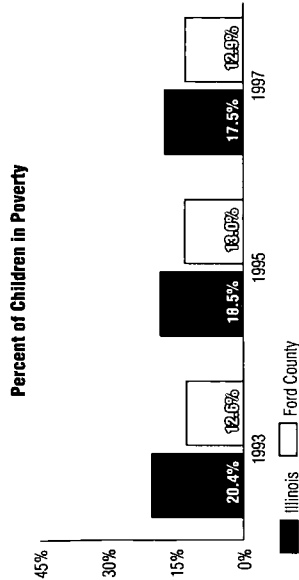
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms) \$380 (\$665)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 36% (39%)
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)
Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000
Grantees, 1997: 170
Grantees, 2000: 12
Children, 1997: 352
Children, 2000: 81
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -92.9% (-64.7%)



Children of Ford County

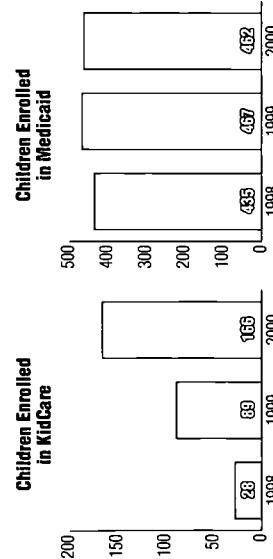
1999 Child Population: 3,611
(0.11% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 446

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 10.6% (12.8%)
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 104

Percent, 1994-98: 11.8% (12.6%)
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 1.7 (10.6)[†]

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 10.5% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 9
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 2.5 (15.2)[†]
 # Children, 2000: 6
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 1.7 (10.6)[†]

Percent Change since March 1998: -32.4% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 28
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 12

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 37
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 4.6% (6.5%)[†]

Percent Change since 1993-94: 16.2% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Total, 1999: 4
 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 2
 Total, 2000: 5
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 2

Total, 2000: 5
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 2
 Total, 2000: 36
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 31

% Change in Centers: 25.0% (-6.3%)[†]
 % Change in Homes: 5.9% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 23
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 6.3 (9.8)[†]

Cases, 1999: 25
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 6.9 (9.2)[†]

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 10.1% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 13.8 (17.1)[†]
 Overall, 1995-98: 13.6 (14.6)[†]

Suicide, 1991-94: 0
 Suicide, 1995-98: 0

Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 67
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 7.6 (8.0)[†]

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1989-93: 604
 LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 4.8 (7.7)[†]

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 58.1% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 604
 All Students: 3,155
 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 19.1% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 885
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 8

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 9.0 (8.6)[†]

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -14.0% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 701
 % of Total Child Support Collected: 66.8% (58.1%)[†]

% of TANF Child Support Collected: 18.3% (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$457 (\$665)[†]
 Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 38% (39%)[†]
 Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$8.79 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 66
 Children, 1997: 142

Grantees, 2000: 11
 Children, 2000: 34

% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -83.3% (-64.7%)[†]

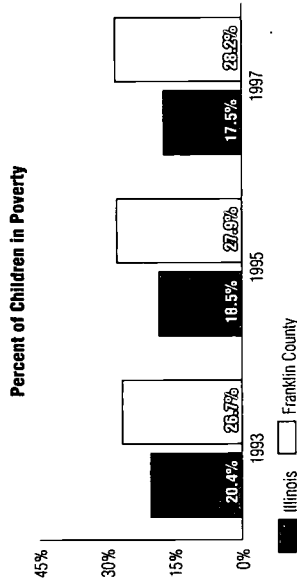




Children of Franklin County

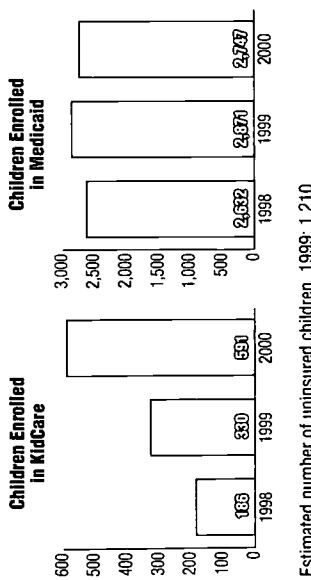
1999 Child Population: 9,786
(0.31% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,210

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
! Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.



FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93 18.0% (12.8%)¹
Percent, 1994-98 17.3% (12.6%)¹
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -4.1% (-1.7%)¹

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998 49
Children, 2000 43
Rate/1,000, 1998 4.9 (15.2)¹
Rate/1,000, 2000 4.4 (10.6)¹
Percent Change since March 1998 -11.1% (-30.4%)¹

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000 148
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000 60
Dropout Rate, 1998-99 5.1% (6.5%)¹
Percent Change since 1993-94 0.2% (-11.0%)¹

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99 101
Total, 2000 13
Accept Subsidies, 2000 9
Accredited, 2000 0
Total, 2000 36
Accept Subsidies, 2000 29
Accredited, 2000 1
% Change in Centers -7.1% (-6.3%)¹
% Change in Homes 24.1% (20.0%)¹

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Total, 1999 14
Total, 1999 29
Accept Subsidies, 1999 11
Accept Subsidies, 1999 24
Accredited, 1999 0
Accredited, 1999 0
Total, 2000 13
Total, 2000 36
Accept Subsidies, 2000 9
Accept Subsidies, 2000 29
Accredited, 2000 0
Accredited, 2000 1
% Change in Centers -7.1% (-6.3%)¹
% Change in Homes 24.1% (20.0%)¹

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998 138
Cases, 1999 118
Rate/1,000, 1998 13.9 (9.8)¹
Rate/1,000, 1999 12.1 (9.2)¹
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999 -13.3% (-6.1%)¹

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94 17.5 (17.1)¹
Overall, 1995-98 15.9 (14.6)¹
Homicide, 1991-94 0
Homicide, 1995-98 0
Suicide, 1991-94 1
Suicide, 1995-98 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98 183
Low Birth Weight Babies/100, 1994-98 8.0 (8.0)¹
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93 6.4 (7.7)¹
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 24.1% (2.4%)¹
Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000 2,789
All Students 6,661
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch 41.9% (40.3%)¹

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98 2,300
Infant Deaths, 1994-98 17
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98 7.4 (8.6)¹
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93 12.3 (10.4)¹
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -40.0% (-17.9%)¹

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases 3,752
% of Total Child Support Collected 63.7% (58.1%)¹
TANF Child Support Cases 410
% of TANF Child Support Collected 40.4% (41.0%)¹

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997 514
Grantees, 2000 40
Children, 1997 1,082
Children, 2000 274
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000 -92.2% (-64.7%)¹
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR \$380 (\$665)¹ 50% (39%)¹
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR \$7.31 (\$12.79)¹

Affordable Housing, 2000

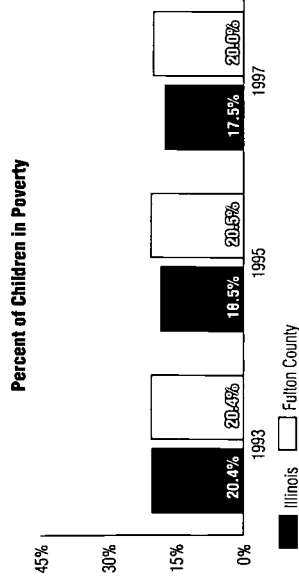
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms) \$380 (\$665)¹
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR 50% (39%)¹
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR \$7.31 (\$12.79)¹



Children of Fulton County

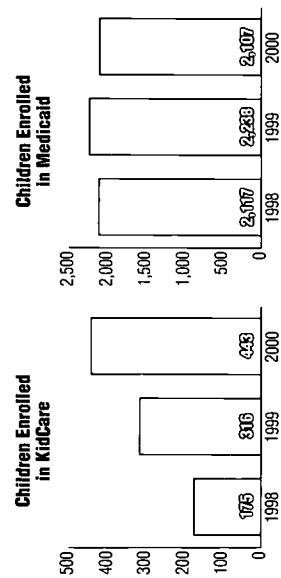
1999 Child Population: 9,197
(0.29% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,137

Focus on: Arts and recreation

Ratio of students to arts/recreation teachers: 95 : 1

Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 15.0% (12.8%)[†]
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 310
 Percent, 1994-98: 15.0% (12.6%)[†]
 Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 0.4% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 97
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 10.4 (15.2)[†]
 # Children, 2000: 82
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 8.9 (10.6)[†]
 Percent Change since March 1998: -14.4% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 152
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 106

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 103
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 5.6% (6.5%)[†]
 Percent Change since 1993-94: 19.0% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	Total, 1999	Accept Subsidies, 1999	Accredited, 1999	Total, 2000	Accept Subsidies, 2000	Accredited, 2000	% Change in Centers
Centers	11	4	0	11	5	0	0.0% (-6.3%) [†]
Homes	5	5	0	10	9	0	% Change in Homes: 100.0% (20.0%) [†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 168
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 18.0 (9.8)[†]
 Cases, 1999: 119
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 12.9 (9.2)[†]
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -28.2% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Category	Overall, 1991-94	Overall, 1995-98	Homicide, 1991-94	Homicide, 1995-98	Suicide, 1991-94	Suicide, 1995-98
Overall	20.3 (17.1) [†]	17.0 (14.6) [†]	0	0	2	2

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 118
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 5.7 (8.0)[†]
 LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 6.2 (7.7)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -7.8% (2.4%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 2,063
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 11
 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 5.3 (8.6)[†]
 Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 6.1 (10.4)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -12.0% (-17.9%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 2,088
 All Students: 5,969
 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 35.0% (40.3%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Category	Total Child Support Cases, 2,893	% of Total Child Support Collected, 78.2% (58.1%) [†]	TANF Child Support Cases, 276	% of TANF Child Support Collected, 75.5% (41.0%) [†]
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Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Category	1997	1999	2000	% Change
Grantees	367	703	715	+92.6% (-64.7%) [†]
Children	367	703	715	+92.6% (-64.7%) [†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Category	2000	% Change
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$391 (\$665) [†]	36% (39%) [†]
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR	36% (39%) [†]	36% (39%) [†]
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	\$7.52 (\$12.79) [†]	\$7.52 (\$12.79) [†]

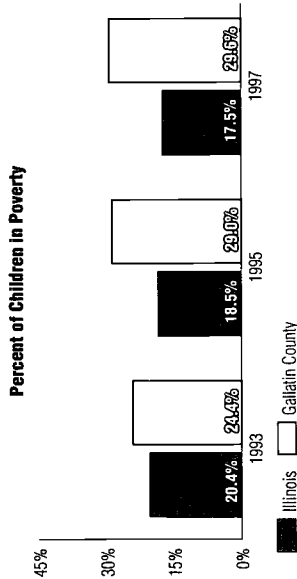




Children of Gallatin County

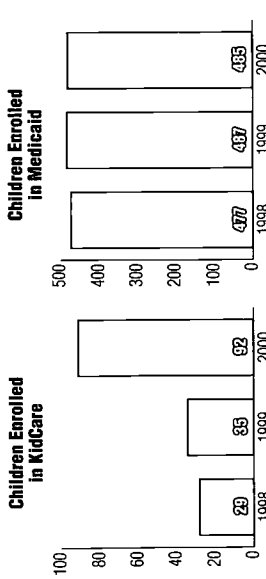
1999 Child Population: 1,546
(0.05% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health Insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 193

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.



FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 19.7% (12.8%)[†] Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 64
Percent, 1994-98: 19.2% (12.6%)[†] Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -2.6% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 8 Rate/1,000, 1998: 5.1 (15.2)[†] # Children, 2000: 10
Rate/1,000, 2000: 6.5 (10.6)[†] Percent Change since March 1998: 27.7% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 34
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 32

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 13 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 4.6% (6.5%)[†]
Percent Change since 1993-94: -28.6% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	Total, 1999	Accept Subsidies, 1999	Accredited, 1999	Total, 2000	Accept Subsidies, 2000	Accredited, 2000	% Change in Centers
Centers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0% (-6.3%) [†]
Homes	3	3	0	4	4	0	% Change in Homes: 33.3% (20.0%) [†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 26 Rate/1,000, 1998: 16.5 (9.8)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 12.4 (17.1)[†] Overall, 1995-98: 24.8 (14.6)[†]
Homicide, 1991-94: 0 Homicide, 1995-98: 0
Suicide, 1991-94: 0 Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 19 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 5.7 (8.0)[†]
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 6.6 (7.7)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -13.2% (2.4%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 334 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 1
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 3.0 (8.6)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -36.1% (-17.9%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 428 All Students: 1,009
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 42.4% (40.3%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Category	Value	% of Total Child Support Collected
Total Child Support Cases	669	57.5% (68.1%) [†]
TANF Child Support Cases	37	28.5% (41.0%) [†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Category	Value	% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000
Grantees, 1997	111	
Grantees, 2000	1	-99.1% (-64.7%) [†]
Children, 1997	203	
Children, 2000	19	-99.1% (-64.7%) [†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

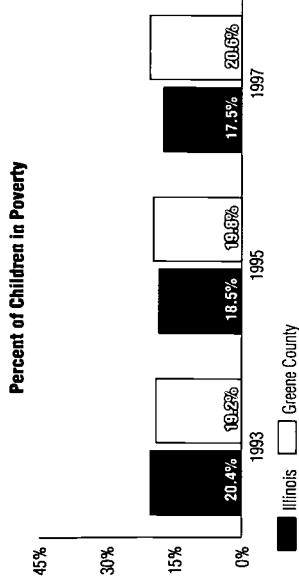
Category	Value	% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$380 (\$665) [†]	
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR	57% (39%) [†]	
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	\$7.31 (\$12.79) [†]	



Children of Greene County

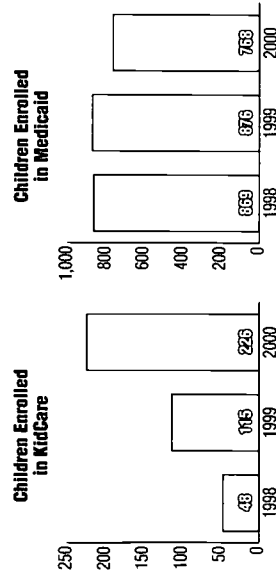
1999 Child Population: 4,143
(0.13% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 505

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 15.5% (12.8%)[†] Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 150
Percent, 1994-98: 16.1% (12.6%)[†] Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 3.9% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 34 Rate/1,000, 1998: 8.2 (15.2)[†] # Children, 2000: 29 Rate/1,000, 2000: 7.0 (10.6)[†]
Percent Change since March 1998: -14.8% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 57 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 82
High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 24 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 3.0% (6.5%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Total, 1999: 3 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 0 Total, 2000: 2 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 1
Total, 1999: 15 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 12 Total, 2000: 17 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 14
Accredited, 1999: 0 Accredited, 2000: 0
% Change in Centers: -33.3% (-6.3%)[†]
% Change in Homes: 13.3% (20.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers: Total, 1999: 3 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 0 Total, 2000: 2 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 1
Homes: Total, 1999: 15 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 12 Total, 2000: 17 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 14
Accredited, 1999: 0 Accredited, 2000: 0
% Change in Centers: -33.3% (-6.3%)[†]
% Change in Homes: 13.3% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 47 Rate/1,000, 1998: 11.4 (9.8)[†] Cases, 1999: 57 Rate/1,000, 1999: 13.8 (9.2)[†]
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 21.1% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 12.3 (17.1)[†] Overall, 1995-98: 33.4 (14.6)[†] Homicide, 1991-94: 0 Homicide, 1995-98: 0
Suicide, 1991-94: 1 Suicide, 1995-98: 1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 64 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.9 (8.0)[†] LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 7.0 (7.7)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -2.7% (2.4%)[†]
Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 925 All Students: 2,702
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 34.2% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 934 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 7 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 7.5 (8.6)[†]
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 9.5 (10.4)[†] % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -20.8% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 1,131 % of Total Child Support Collected: 69.1% (68.1%)[†] TANF Child Support Cases: 80 % of TANF Child Support Collected: 15.3% (41.0%)[†]
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)[†] Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 46% (39%)[†] Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 115 Children, 1997: 265 Grantees, 2000: 4 Children, 2000: 53
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -96.5% (-64.7%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)[†] Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 46% (39%)[†] Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]

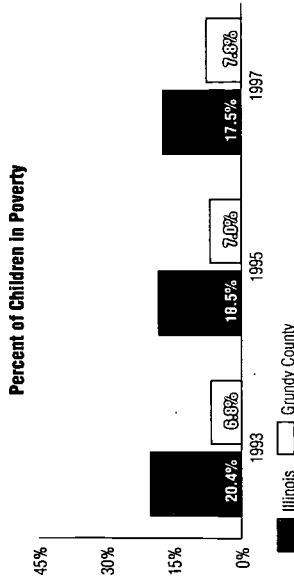




Children of Grundy County

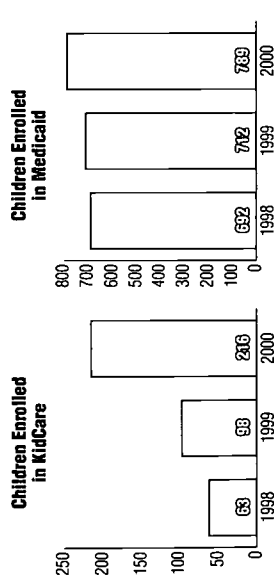
1999 Child Population: 10,291
(0.32% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,253

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.



FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 10.8% (12.8%)[†] Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 267
Percent, 1994-98: 11.4% (12.6%)[†] Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 5.4% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 19 Rate/1,000, 1998: 1.9 (15.2)[†] # Children, 2000: 12
Rate/1,000, 2000: 1.2 (10.6)[†] Percent Change since March 1998: -37.0% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 34
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 57
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 2.3% (6.5%)[†]
Percent Change since 1993-94: -31.5% (-11.0%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Total, 1999: 10 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 5 Accredited, 1999: 0 Total, 2000: 20 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 13 Accredited, 2000: 0
Total, 1999: 11 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 7 Accredited, 2000: 0
Total, 2000: 22 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 15 Accredited, 2000: 1
% Change in Centers: 10.0% (-6.3%)[†]
% Change in Homes: 10.0% (20.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Cases, 1998: 40 Rate/1,000, 1998: 3.9 (9.8)[†] Cases, 1999: 24
Overall, 1991-94: 10.7 (17.1)[†] Overall, 1995-98: 8.0 (14.6)[†] Homicide, 1991-94: 1 Homicide, 1995-98: 0
Suicide, 1991-94: 2 Suicide, 1995-98: 0

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 40 Rate/1,000, 1998: 3.9 (9.8)[†] Cases, 1999: 24
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -40.1% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 10.7 (17.1)[†] Overall, 1995-98: 8.0 (14.6)[†] Homicide, 1991-94: 1 Homicide, 1995-98: 0
Suicide, 1991-94: 2 Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 129 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 5.5 (8.0)[†]
Low Birth Weight Babies, 1989-93: 198 LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 4.1 (7.7)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 34.8% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 555 All Students: 4,834
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 11.5% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 2,346 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 21
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 9.0 (8.6)[†] Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 6.9 (10.4)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 29.0% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 1,650 % of Total Child Support Collected: 62.8% (58.1%)[†]
TANF Child Support Cases: 67 % of TANF Child Support Collected: 18.3% (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$605 (\$665)[†] Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 33% (39%)[†]
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$11.63 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

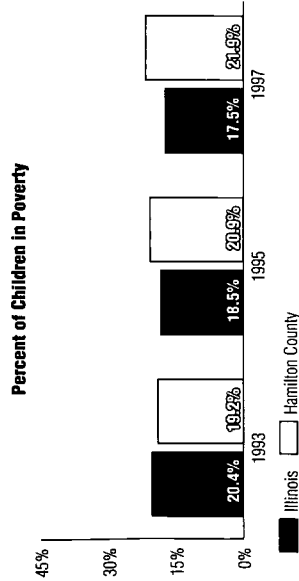
Grantees, 1997: 121 Children, 1997: 259
Grantees, 2000: 8 Children, 2000: 36
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -93.4% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of Hamilton County

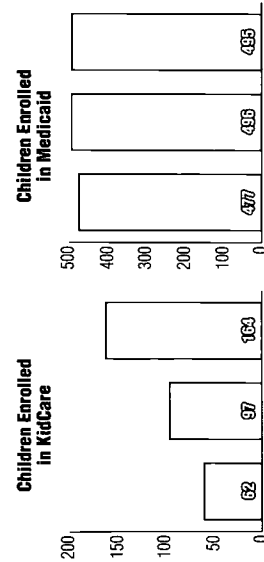
1999 Child Population: 2,092
(0.07% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 258

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
! Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93 14.5% (12.8%)[†] Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98 76 Percent, 1994-98 16.8% (12.6%)[†] Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 14.8% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998 7 Rate/1,000, 1998 3.3 (15.2)[†] # Children, 2000 6 Rate/1,000, 2000 2.9 (10.6)[†] Percent Change since March 1998 -13.3% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000 36 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000 67 High School Dropouts, 1998-99 20 Dropout Rate, 1998-99 4.7% (6.5%)[†] Percent Change since 1993-94 -26.8% (-11.0%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000
Centers Total, 1999 3 Accept Subsidies, 1999 2 Accredited, 1999 0 Total, 2000 3 Accept Subsidies, 2000 2 Accredited, 2000 0
Homes Total, 1999 3 Accept Subsidies, 1999 3 Accredited, 1999 0 Total, 2000 3 Accept Subsidies, 2000 3 Accredited, 2000 0

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998 27 Rate/1,000, 1998 12.8 (9.8)[†] Cases, 1999 24 Rate/1,000, 1999 11.5 (9.2)[†] Percent Change, 1998 to 1999 -10.0% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94 14.8 (17.1)[†] Overall, 1995-98 19.1 (14.6)[†] Homicide, 1991-94 0 Homicide, 1995-98 0 Suicide, 1991-94 0 Suicide, 1995-98 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98 30 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98 6.6 (8.0)[†] LBW Babies/100, 1989-93 4.9 (7.7)[†] % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 35.9% (2.4%)[†] Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000 543 All Students 1,425 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch 38.1% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98 453 Infant Deaths, 1994-98 3 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98 6.6 (8.6)[†] Deaths/1,000, 1989-93 2.1 (10.4)[†] % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 212.6% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases 610 % of Total Child Support Collected 31.3% (58.1%)[†] TANF Child Support Cases 82 % of TANF Child Support Collected 32.6% (41.0%)[†] Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms) \$380 (\$665)[†] Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR 54% (39%)[†] Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR \$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997 76 Children, 1997 177 Grantees, 2000 10 Children, 2000 52 % Change in Grantees, 1997-2000 -86.8% (-64.7%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms) \$380 (\$665)[†] Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR 54% (39%)[†] Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR \$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]

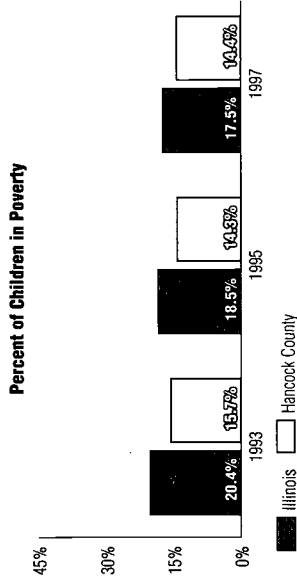




Children of Hancock County

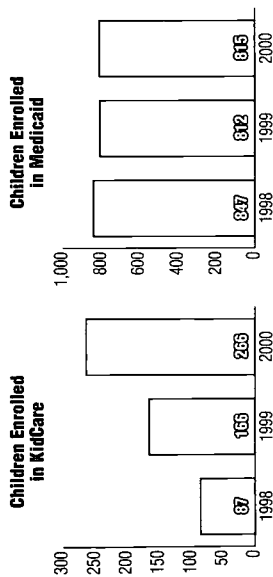
1999 Child Population: 5,317
(0-17% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 664

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 10.3% (12.8%)
Percent, 1994-98: 12.0% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 15.7% (-1.7%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 133

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 32
Children, 2000: 34
Rate/1,000, 1998: 5.9 (15.2)
Rate/1,000, 2000: 6.4 (10.6)
Percent Change since March 1998: 8.7% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 40
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 110
High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 51
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 3.8% (6.5%)
Percent Change since 1993-94: 11.2% (-11.0%)

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total	8	9	12.5% (-6.3%)
Accept Subsidies	4	5	25.0% (-16.7%)
Accredited	0	0	0%
Total	61	71	16.4% (20.0%)
Accept Subsidies	52	65	23.1% (20.0%)
Accredited	0	0	0%

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 64
Cases, 1999: 54
Rate/1,000, 1998: 11.8 (9.8)
Rate/1,000, 1999: 10.2 (9.2)
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -13.7% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 14.4 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98: 23.5 (14.6)
Homicide, 1991-94: 0
Homicide, 1995-98: 2
Suicide, 1991-94: 0
Suicide, 1995-98: 3

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 57
Low Birth Weight Babies/100, 1994-98: 5.1 (8.0)
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 5.4 (7.7)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -4.5% (2.4%)
Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 1,189
All Students: 4,170
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 28.5% (40.3%)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 1,189
All Students: 4,170
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 28.5% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 1,111
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 6
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 5.4 (8.6)
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 5.5 (10.4)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -2.3% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Category	Value	% of Total Child Support Collected
Total Child Support Cases	1,264	55.2% (68.1%)
TANF Child Support Cases	104	69.3% (41.0%)
% of TANF Child Support Collected	69.3% (41.0%)	

Affordable Housing, 2000

Category	Value	% Change
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$380 (\$665)	30% (39%)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR	30% (39%)	
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	\$7.31 (\$12.79)	
Children, 1997	132	
Children, 2000	18	
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000	-86.4% (-64.7%)	

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Category	Value
Grantees, 1997	132
Children, 1997	247
Grantees, 2000	18
Children, 2000	75
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000	-86.4% (-64.7%)

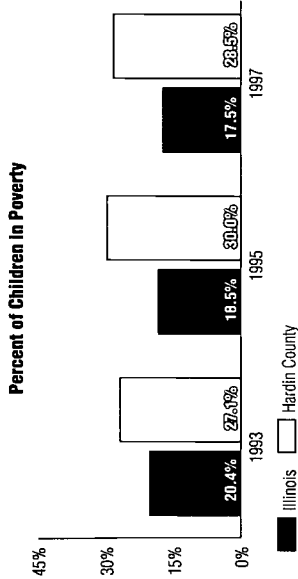




Children of Hardin County

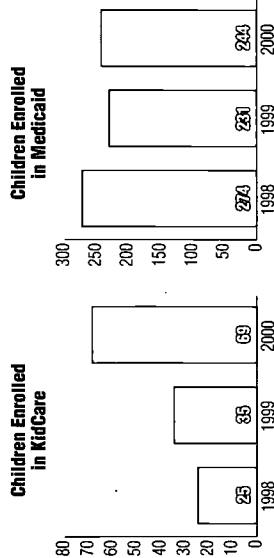
1999 Child Population: 1,129
(0.04% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



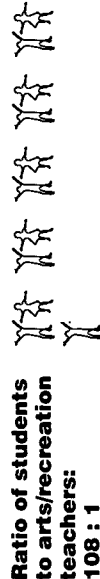
Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 140

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 18.6% (12.8%)[†]
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 51

Percent, 1994-98: 21.9% (12.6%)[†]

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 17.8% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Rate/1,000, 1998: 1.7 (15.2)[†]
Children, 2000: 1

Rate/1,000, 2000: 0.9 (10.6)[†]

Percent Change since March 1998: -49.1% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 65
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 14

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 23
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 8.6% (6.5%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Percent Change since 1993-94: 29.6% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Total, 1999: 1
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 0
Accredited, 1999: 0

Total, 2000: 3
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 3
Accredited, 2000: 0

% Change in Centers: 0.0% (-6.3%)[†]
% Change in Homes: 50.0% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 20
Rate/1,000, 1998: 17.4 (9.8)[†]

Cases, 1999: 16
Rate/1,000, 1999: 14.2 (9.2)[†]

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -18.5% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 0.0 (17.1)[†]
Overall, 1995-98: 8.4 (14.6)[†]

Homicide, 1991-94: 0
Homicide, 1995-98: 1

Suicide, 1991-94: 0
Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 11
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 4.7 (8.0)[†]

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -8.1% (2.4%)[†]

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 374
All Students: 752
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 49.7% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 233
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 0

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 0.0 (8.6)[†]

Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 0.0 (10.4)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 0.0% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 360
% of Total Child Support Collected: 63.2% (58.1%)[†]

% of TANF Child Support Cases NA: (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)[†]
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 58% (39%)[†]
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 58
Children, 1997: 110

Grantees, 2000: 1
Children, 2000: 6

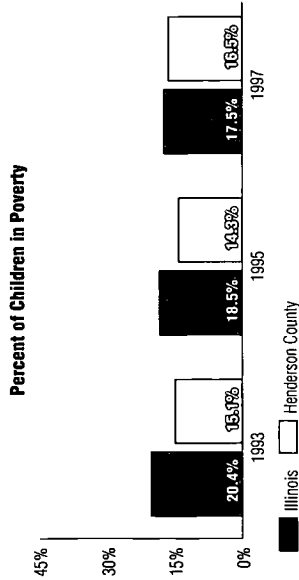
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -98.3% (-64.7%)[†]
% Change in Children, 1997-2000: -94.5% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of Henderson County

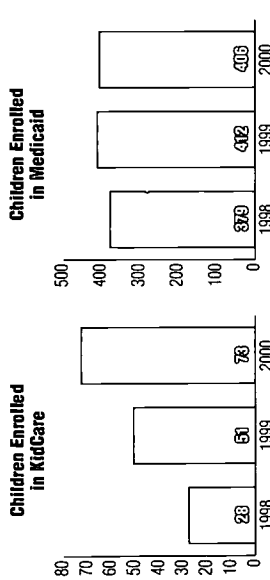
1999 Child Population: 2,175
(0.07% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 270

Focus on: Arts and recreation

Ratio of students to arts/recreation teachers: 83 : 1

Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.



FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93
12.8% (12.8%)†

Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98
63

Percent, 1994-98
14.6% (12.6%)†

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
14.4% (-1.7%)†

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998
8

Children, 2000
8

Rate/1,000, 1998
3.6 (15.2)†

Percent Change since March 1998
1.7% (-30.4%)†

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000
24

Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000
57

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99
28

Dropout Rate, 1998-99
6.6% (6.5%)†

Percent Change since 1993-94
73.9% (-11.0%)†

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Total, 1999
1

Total, 2000
12

Accept Subsidies, 1999
1

Accept Subsidies, 2000
9

% Change in Centers
0.0% (-6.3%)†

% Change in Homes
20.0% (20.0%)†

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998
15

Cases, 1999
14

Rate/1,000, 1998
6.8 (9.8)†

Rate/1,000, 1999
6.4 (9.2)†

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999
-5.1% (-6.1%)†

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94
42.1 (17.1)†

Overall, 1995-98
18.2 (14.6)†

Homicide, 1991-94
1

Homicide, 1995-98
0

Suicide, 1991-94
0

Suicide, 1995-98
1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98
24

LBW Babies/100, 1989-93
5.1 (7.7)†

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
8.0% (2.4%)†

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000
426

All Students
1,297

% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch
32.8% (40.3%)†

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98
432

Infant Deaths, 1994-98
2

Deaths/1,000, 1989-93
11.2 (10.4)†

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
-58.6% (-17.9%)†

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases
553

% of Total Child Support Collected
70.9% (58.1%)†

TANF Child Support Cases
73

% of TANF Child Support Collected
71.3% (41.0%)†

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)
\$380 (\$665)†

Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR
34% (39%)†

Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR
\$7.31 (\$12.79)†

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997
71

Children, 1997
159

Grantees, 2000
8

Children, 2000
40

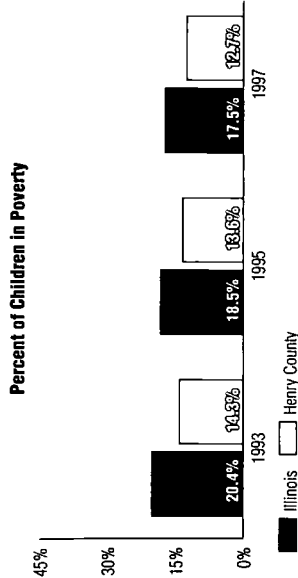
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000
-88.7% (-64.7%)†



Children of Henry County

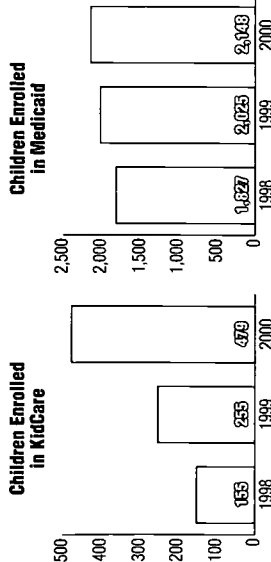
1999 Child Population: 13,779
(0.43% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



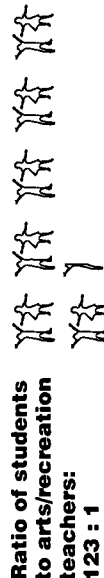
Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,694

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
* Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 11.9% (12.8%)*
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 354
 Percent, 1994-98: 12.3% (12.6%)*
 Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 3.2% (-1.7%)*

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 44
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 3.2 (15.2)*
 # Children, 2000: 49
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 3.6 (10.6)*
 Percent Change since March 1998: 12.2% (-30.4%)*

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 102
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 282
 High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 111
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 3.8% (6.5%)*
 Percent Change since 1993-94: 27.9% (-11.0%)*

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Centers
 Total, 1999: 8
 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 6
 Accredited, 1999: 0
 Total, 2000: 10
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 5
 Accredited, 2000: 0
 % Change in Centers: 25.0% (-6.3%)*

Homes
 Total, 1999: 59
 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 42
 Accredited, 1999: 1
 Total, 2000: 83
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 64
 Accredited, 2000: 1
 % Change in Homes: 40.7% (20.0%)*

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 168
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 12.1 (9.8)*
 Cases, 1999: 157
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 11.4 (9.2)*
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -5.8% (-6.1%)*

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 18.8 (17.1)*
 Overall, 1995-98: 13.6 (14.6)*
 Homicide, 1991-94: 4
 Homicide, 1995-98: 2
 Suicide, 1991-94: 1
 Suicide, 1995-98: 5

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 193
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.7 (8.0)*
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 31.3% (2.4%)*
 LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 5.1 (7.7)*

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 2,315
 All Students: 10,134
 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 22.8% (40.3%)*

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 2,879
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 18
 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 6.3 (8.6)*
 Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 6.2 (10.4)*
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 0.5% (-17.9%)*

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 2,954
 % of Total Child Support Collected: 70.1% (58.1%)*
 TANF Child Support Cases: 329
 % of TANF Child Support Collected: 69.6% (41.0%)*

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$489 (\$665)*
 Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 34% (39%)*
 Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$9.40 (\$12.79)*
 Children, 1997: 345
 Children, 2000: 260
 % Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -78.3% (-64.7%)*

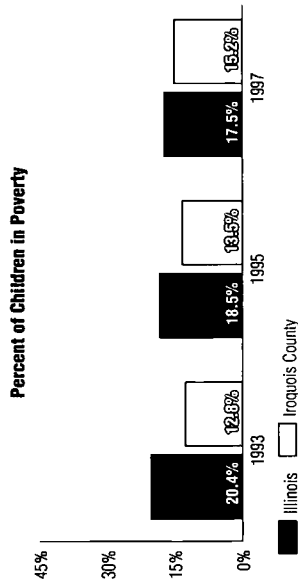




Children of Iroquois County

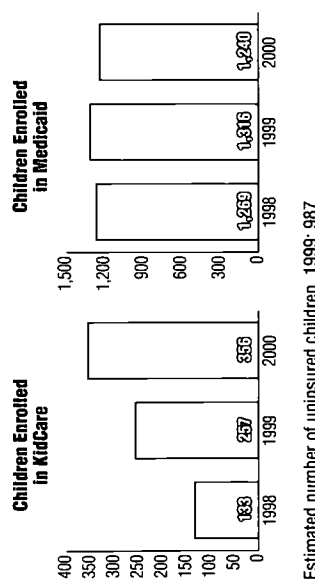
**1999 Child Population: 7,962
(0.25% of Illinois children)**

Focus on: Poor children



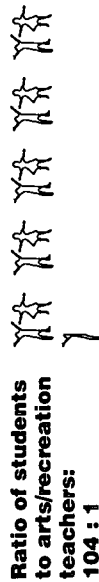
Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health Insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 987

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
 * Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
 † Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.



FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 12.6% (12.8%)
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 237
 Percent, 1994-98: 13.4% (12.6%)
 Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 6.2% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 41
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 5.1 (15.2)
 # Children, 2000: 34
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 4.3 (10.6)
 Percent Change since March 1998: -15.7% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 18
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 101

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 90
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 5.1% (6.5%)
 Percent Change since 1993-94: 27.4% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total	7	8	14.3% (-6.3%) [†]
Accredited	5	5	0%
Accept Subsidies	37	68	81.1% (20.0%) [†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 82
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 10.1 (9.8)
 Cases, 1999: 85
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 10.7 (9.2)
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 5.4% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Category	1991-94	1995-98	% Change
Overall	16.1 (17.1) [†]	14.6 (14.6)	-9.3% (-17.9%) [†]
Homicide	0	0	0%
Suicide	1	1	0%

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 126
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 7.1 (6.0)
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 24.7% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 1,464
 All Students: 5,814
 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 25.2% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 1,772
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 13
 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 7.3 (8.6)
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -9.9% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total Child Support Cases	1,929	1,86	-3.1% (-1.0%) [†]
% of Total Child Support Collected	65.0%	58.1%	-10.6% (-11.0%) [†]
TANF Child Support Cases	186	26	-86.0% (-84.7%) [†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Category	2000	% Change
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$380 (\$665)	27% (39%) [†]
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR	27%	27% (39%) [†]
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	\$7.31 (\$12.79)	27% (39%) [†]
Children, 2000	122	122
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000	-84.6%	-84.6% (-64.7%) [†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

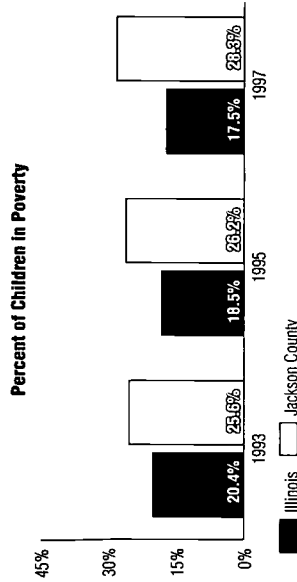
Category	1997	2000	% Change
Grantees	169	26	-84.6% (-64.7%) [†]
Children	416	122	-70.4% (-64.7%) [†]



Children of Jackson County

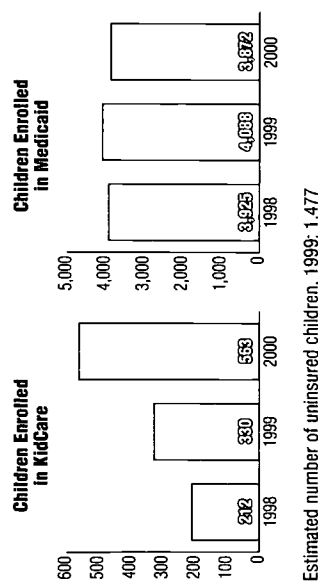
1999 Child Population: 11,915
(0.37% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,477

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 12.4% (12.8%)
Percent, 1994-98: 14.1% (12.6%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 480
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 13.5% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 45
Rate/1,000, 1998: 3.7 (15.2)
Children, 2000: 52
Rate/1,000, 2000: 4.4 (10.6)
Percent Change since March 1998: 17.4% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 205
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 232

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 132
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 5.2% (6.5%)
Percent Change since 1993-94: 56.6% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total	23	20	0.0% (-6.3%)
Accredited	2	2	0.0%
Not Accredited	21	18	-14.3%
Total	35	25	-28.6%
Accredited	0	0	0.0%
Not Accredited	35	25	-28.6%

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 178
Rate/1,000, 1998: 14.7 (9.8)
Cases, 1999: 184
Rate/1,000, 1999: 15.4 (9.2)
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 5.1% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 18.6 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98: 22.7 (14.6)
Homicide, 1991-94: 1
Homicide, 1995-98: 3
Suicide, 1991-94: 0
Suicide, 1995-98: 1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 264
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 7.8 (8.0)
Low Birth Weight Babies, 1989-93: 199
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 6.7 (7.7)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 16.3% (2.4%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 3,401
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 36
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 10.6 (8.6)
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 10.2 (10.4)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 3.5% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Category	Value	% of TANF Child Support
Total Child Support Cases	5,190	55.8% (58.1%)
Support Collected	885	41.6% (41.0%)
% of TANF Child Support Collected	885	41.6% (41.0%)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 890
Grantees, 1999: 1,827
Children, 1997: 1,827
Children, 2000: 226
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -74.6% (-64.7%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

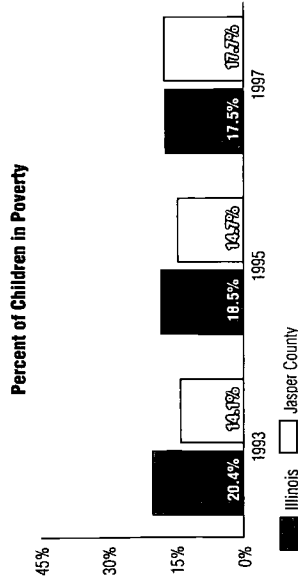
Category	Value	% of FMR
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$405 (\$665)	47% (39%)
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	\$7.79 (\$12.79)	47% (39%)



Children of Jasper County

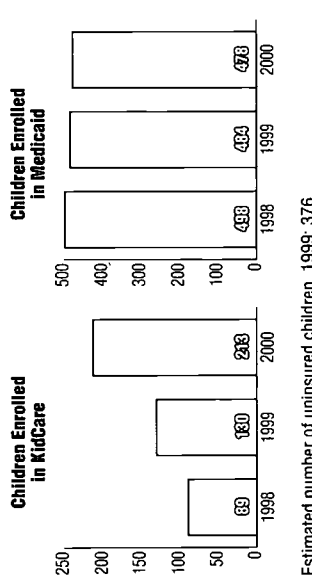
1999 Child Population: 3,019
(0.09% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 376

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 12.2% (12.8%)
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 64
 Percent, 1994-98: 10.5% (12.6%)
 Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -14.2% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 21
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 6.8 (15.2)
 # Children, 2000: 22
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 7.3 (10.6)
 Percent Change since March 1998: 6.8% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 34
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 39

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 14
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 2.2% (6.5%)
 Percent Change since 1993-94: -18.6% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Total, 1999: 2
 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 0
 Accredited, 1999: 0
 Total, 2000: 23
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 22
 Accredited, 2000: 0

Total, 2000: 3
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 2
 Accredited, 2000: 0
 Total, 2000: 24
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 23
 Accredited, 2000: 0

% Change in Centers: 50.0% (-6.3%)
 % Change in Homes: 4.3% (20.0%)

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 26
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 8.4 (9.8)
 Cases, 1999: 27
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 8.9 (9.2)
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 5.9% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 16.5 (17.1)
 Overall, 1995-98: 9.7 (14.6)
 Homicide, 1991-94: 0
 Homicide, 1995-98: 0
 Suicide, 1991-94: 1
 Suicide, 1995-98: 1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 42
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.9 (8.0)
 Low Birth Weight Babies, 1989-93: 607
 LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 5.0 (7.7)
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 37.5% (2.4%)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 607
 All Students: 2,045
 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 29.7% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 612
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 7
 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 11.4 (8.6)
 Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 11.7 (10.4)
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -2.6% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 571
 % of Total Child Support Collected: 58.7% (68.1%)
 TANF Child Support Cases: 28
 % of TANF Child Support Collected: 30.4% (41.0%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)
 Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 36% (39%)
 Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)
 % Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -95.5% (-64.7%)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

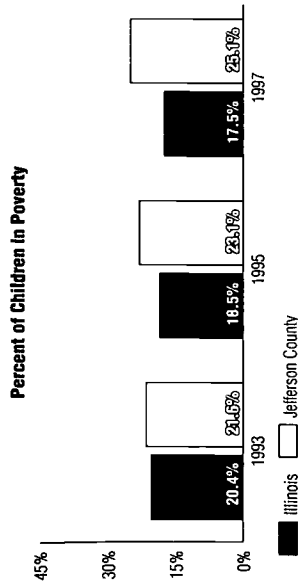
Grantees, 1997: 44
 Children, 1997: 87
 Grantees, 2000: 2
 Children, 2000: 10



Children of Jefferson County

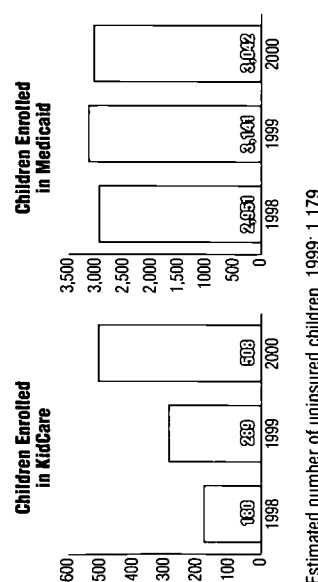
1999 Child Population: 10,166
(0.32% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,179

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 17.0% (12.8%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 405

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 1.7% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Rate/1,000, 1998: 6.8 (15.2)
Children, 1998: 66

Rate/1,000, 2000: 7.2 (10.6)
Percent Change since March 1998: 5.1% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 216
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 216

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 108
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 5.5% (6.5%)[†]

Percent Change since 1993-94: -10.4% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Total, 1999: 9
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 8
Total, 2000: 44
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 44

% Change in Centers: 0.0% (-6.3%)[†]
% Change in Homes: 18.9% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 99
Rate/1,000, 1998: 10.2 (9.8)[†]

Cases, 1999: 154
Rate/1,000, 1999: 15.1 (9.2)[†]
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 47.9% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 22.0 (17.1)[†]
Overall, 1995-98: 15.6 (14.6)[†]

Homicide, 1991-94: 0
Homicide, 1995-98: 2
Suicide, 1991-94: 0
Suicide, 1995-98: 4

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 144
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.1 (8.0)[†]

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -13.7% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 2,631
All Students: 6,853
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 38.4% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 2,345
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 13

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 5.5 (8.6)[†]
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 7.1 (10.4)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -21.7% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 4,119
% of Total Child Support Collected: 59.4% (58.1%)[†]
TANF Child Support Cases: 650

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$387 (\$665)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 40% (39%)[†]
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.44 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 504
Children, 1997: 1,201

Grantees, 2000: 66
Children, 2000: 360

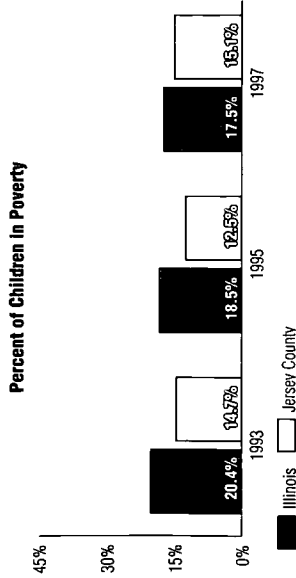
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -86.9% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of Jersey County

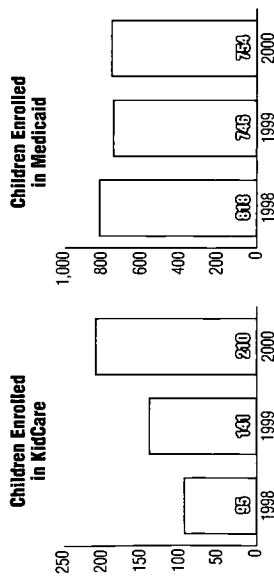
1999 Child Population: 5,741
(0.18% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 704

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
* Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 10.9% (12.8%)
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 138
 Percent, 1994-98: 11.6% (12.6%)
 Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 6.1% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 16
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 2.8 (15.2)
 # Children, 2000: 10
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 1.7 (10.6)
 Percent Change since March 1998: -37.2% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 20
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 154

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 48
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 4.4% (6.5%)
 Percent Change since 1993-94: 33.4% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Centers	6	4	0.0% (-6.3%)
Homes	28	22	17.9% (20.0%)
Accept Subsidies	4	0	0.0%
Accept Subsidies	0	0	0.0%

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 44
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 7.6 (9.8)
 Cases, 1999: 48
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 8.4 (9.2)
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 9.7% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 8.9 (17.1)
 Overall, 1995-98: 24.5 (14.6)
 Homicide, 1991-94: 0
 Homicide, 1995-98: 0
 Suicide, 1991-94: 2
 Suicide, 1995-98: 1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 72
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.1 (8.0)
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 14.1% (2.4%)
 LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 5.3 (7.7)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 874
 All Students: 3,466
 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 25.2% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 1,189
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 9
 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 7.6 (8.6)
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -4.5% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases, 1,041
 % of Total Child Support Collected: 62.3% (68.1%)
 TANF Child Support Cases: 66
 % of TANF Child Support Collected: 41.5% (41.0%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$519 (\$665)
 Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 35% (39%)
 Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$9.98 (\$12.79)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

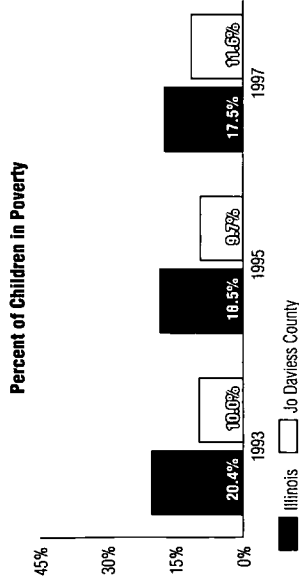
Grantees, 1997: 127
 Children, 1997: 249
 Grantees, 2000: 2
 Children, 2000: 28
 % Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -98.4% (-64.7%)



Children of Jo Daviess County

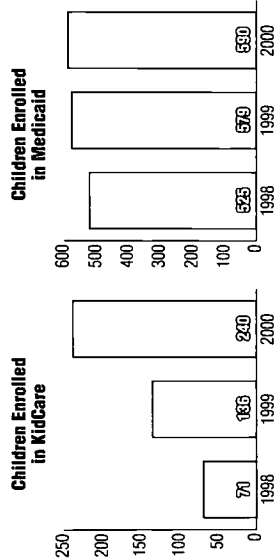
1999 Child Population: 5,443
(0.17% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 672

Focus on: Arts and recreation

Ratio of students to arts/recreation teachers:
98 : 1

Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available

* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
* Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 7.2% (12.8%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 97

Percent, 1994-98: 7.9% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 9.2% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 9
Rate/1,000, 1998: 1.6 (15.2)
Children, 2000: 8
Rate/1,000, 2000: 1.5 (10.6)

Percent Change since March 1998: -10.0% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 18
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 158

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 45
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 4.0% (6.5%)

Percent Change since 1993-94: 42.7% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers
Total, 1999: 4
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 0
Accredited, 1999: 0
Total, 2000: 4
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 0
Accredited, 2000: 0

Homes
Total, 1999: 27
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 0
Accredited, 1999: 0
Total, 2000: 29
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 27
Accredited, 2000: 0

% Change in Centers: 0.0% (-6.3%)
% Change in Homes: 7.4% (20.0%)

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 49
Rate/1,000, 1998: 8.9 (9.8)

Cases, 1999: 46
Rate/1,000, 1999: 8.5 (9.2)

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -4.9% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 17.6 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98: 10.6 (14.6)

Homicide, 1991-94: 1
Homicide, 1995-98: 1
Suicide, 1991-94: 1
Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 47
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 3.8 (8.0)

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -26.4% (2.4%)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 770
All Students: 4,064

% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 18.9% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 1,231
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 3

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 2.4 (8.6)

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -24.9% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 914
% of Total Child Support Collected: 70.9% (58.1%)

TANF Child Support Cases: 40
% of TANF Child Support Collected: 34.7% (41.0%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 27% (39%)
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 42
Children, 1997: 95

Grantees, 2000: 5
Children, 2000: 24

% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -88.1% (-64.7%)

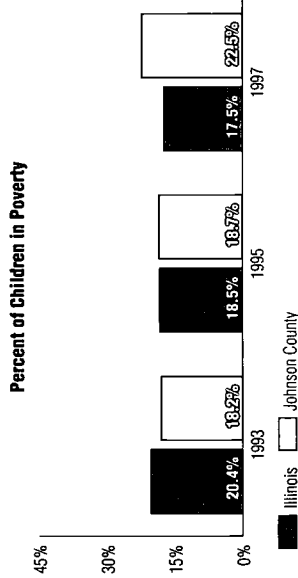




Children of Johnson County

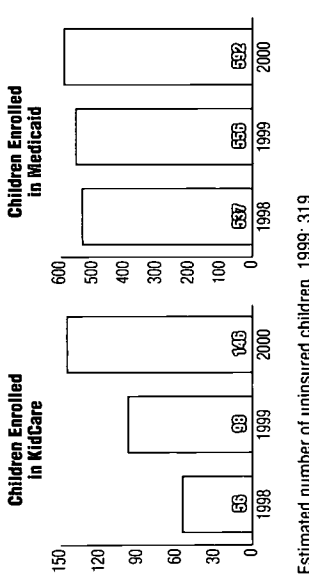
1999 Child Population: 2,605
(0.08% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 319

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 14.6% (12.8%)[†]
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 74
 Percent, 1994-98: 13.5% (12.6%)[†]
 Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -7.3% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 9
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 3.4 (15.2)[†]
 # Children, 2000: 14
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 5.4 (10.6)[†]
 Percent Change since March 1998: 56.3% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 73
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 63

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 12
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 2.3% (6.5%)[†]
 Percent Change since 1993-94: -11.9% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers	Total, 1999	Accept Subsidies, 1999	Accredited, 1999	Total, 2000	Accept Subsidies, 2000	Accredited, 2000	% Change in Centers
	1	0	0	1	0	0	0.0% (-6.3%) [†]
Homes	8	7	0	9	9	0	% Change in Homes: 12.5% (20.0%) [†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 21
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 8.0 (9.8)[†]
 Cases, 1999: 15
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 5.8 (9.2)[†]
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -28.2% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 21.3 (17.1)[†]
 Overall, 1995-98: 11.7 (14.6)[†]
 Homicide, 1991-94: 0
 Homicide, 1995-98: 0
 Suicide, 1991-94: 0
 Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 40
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 7.3 (8.0)[†]
 LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 5.6 (7.7)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 30.5% (2.4%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 547
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 5
 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 9.1 (8.6)[†]
 Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 6.8 (10.4)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 34.6% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases	% of Total Child Support Collected	TANF Child Support Cases	% of TANF Child Support Collected
805	59.6% (58.1%) [†]	56	30.5% (41.0%) [†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR	Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR
\$380 (\$665) [†]	40% (39%) [†]	\$7.31 (\$12.79) [†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

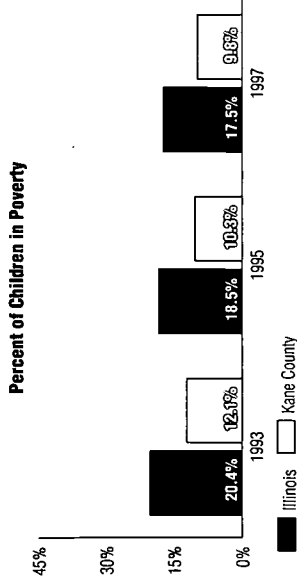
Grantees, 1997	Children, 1997	Grantees, 2000	Children, 2000	% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000
84	166	8	36	-90.5% (-64.7%) [†]



Children of Kane County

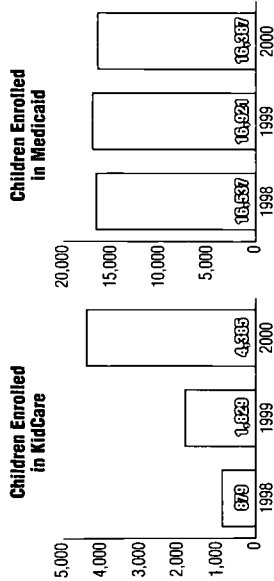
1999 Child Population: 123,957
(3.9% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 14,783

Focus on: Arts and recreation



NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 11.5% (12.8%)[†] Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 3,873
Percent, 1994-98: 11.3% (12.6%)[†] Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -1.8% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 491 Rate/1,000, 1998: 4.1 (15.2)[†] # Children, 2000: 383 Rate/1,000, 2000: 3.1 (10.6)[†]
Percent Change since March 1998: -23.8% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 631
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 958
High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 1,190
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 4.9% (6.5%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Total, 1999: 82 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 50 Accredited, 1999: 7
Total, 2000: 166 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 67 Accredited, 1999: 2
Total, 2000: 85 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 53 Accredited, 2000: 9
Total, 2000: 182 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 83 Accredited, 2000: 5

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Percent Change since 1993-94: -35.3% (-11.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 976 Rate/1,000, 1998: 8.1 (9.8)[†] Cases, 1999: 932 Rate/1,000, 1999: 7.5 (9.2)[†]
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -6.7% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 13.4 (17.1)[†] Overall, 1995-98: 12.9 (14.6)[†] Homicide, 1991-94: 26 Homicide, 1995-98: 31
Suicide, 1991-94: 8 Suicide, 1995-98: 6

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 2,189 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.4 (8.0)[†] LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 6.3 (7.7)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 0.9% (2.4%)[†] % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 20,917 Students: 81,801 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 25.6% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 34,261 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 273 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 8.0 (8.6)[†] Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 8.6 (10.4)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -7.1% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 23,962 % of Total Child Support Collected: 52.9% (58.1%)[†] TANF Child Support Cases: 2,382 % of TANF Child Support Collected: 19.6% (41.0%)[†]
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$788 (\$665)[†] Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 40% (39%)[†] Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$15.15 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 1,928 Children, 1997: 6,063 Grantees, 2000: 252 Children, 2000: 1,527
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -86.9% (-64.7%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

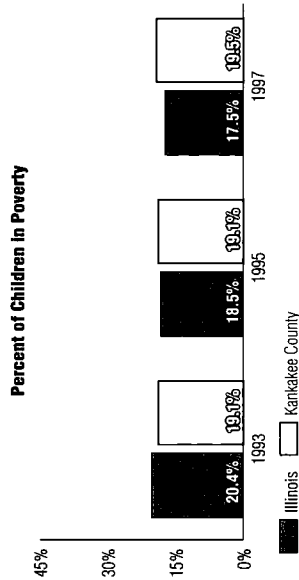
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$788 (\$665)[†] Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 40% (39%)[†] Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$15.15 (\$12.79)[†]



Children of Kankakee County

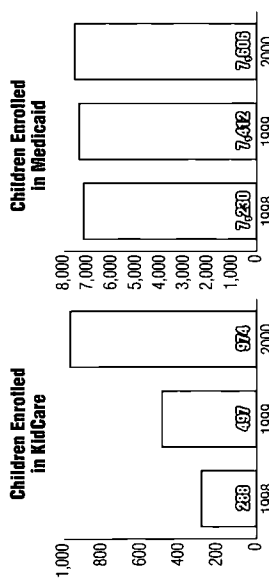
1999 Child Population: 29,319
(0.92% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 3,589

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93
17.7% (12.8%)[†]

Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98
1,247

Percent, 1994-98
16.4% (12.6%)[†]

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
-7.1% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998
326

Children, 2000
267

Rate/1,000, 1998
11.1 (15.2)[†]

Rate/1,000, 2000
9.1 (10.6)[†]

Percent Change since March 1998
-17.8% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000
381

Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000
756

Dropout Rate, 1998-99
4.8% (6.5%)[†]

Percent Change since 1993-94
-17.4% (-11.0%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers
Total, 1999
32

Total, 2000
32

Accept Subsidies, 1999
28

% Change in Centers
0.0% (-6.3%)[†]

Homes
Total, 1999
141

Total, 2000
166

Accept Subsidies, 1999
119

% Change in Homes
17.7% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998
410

Cases, 1999
400

Rate/1,000, 1998
13.9 (9.8)[†]

Rate/1,000, 1999
13.6 (9.2)[†]

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999
-2.1% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94
20.6 (17.1)[†]

Overall, 1995-98
17.8 (14.6)[†]

Homicide, 1991-94
9

Homicide, 1995-98
11

Suicide, 1991-94
3

Suicide, 1995-98
1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98
560

Low Birth Weight Babies/100, 1994-98
7.4 (8.0)[†]

LBW Babies/100, 1989-93
7.7 (7.7)[†]

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
-4.0% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000
7,274

All Students
18,710

% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch
38.9% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98
7,599

Infant Deaths, 1994-98
69

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98
9.1 (8.6)[†]

Deaths/1,000, 1989-93
11.5 (10.4)[†]

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
-20.9% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases
10,744

% of Total Child Support Collected
57.2% (58.1%)[†]

TANF Child Support Cases
2,015

% of TANF Child Support Collected
41.6% (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)
\$576 (\$665)[†]

Estimated % Unrble to Afford FMR
38% (39%)[†]

Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR
\$11.08 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997
1,409

Grantees, 2000
262

Children, 1997
3,805

Children, 2000
1,293

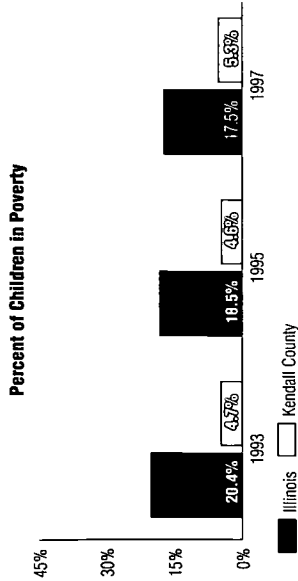
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000
-81.4% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of Kendall County

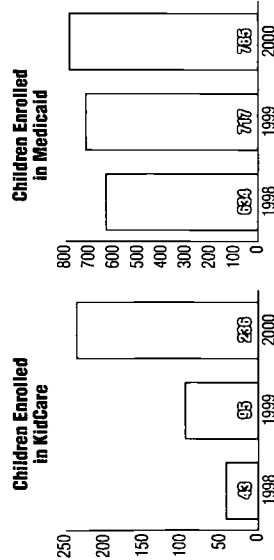
1999 Child Population: 15,880
(0.50% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,889

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available

* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 8.0% (12.8%)
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 261

Percent, 1994-98: 7.4% (12.6%)
 Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -8.2% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 23
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 1.5 (15.2)
 # Children, 2000: 12
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 0.8 (10.6)

Percent Change since March 1998: -49.1% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 34
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 56

Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 3.1% (6.5%)[†]
 Percent Change since 1993-94: -6.1% (-11.0%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 91
 Total, 2000: 12
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 6
 Total, 1999: 5
 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 0

% Change in Centers: 20.0% (-6.3%)[†]
 % Change in Homes: 13.2% (20.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Total, 1999: 10
 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 5
 Total, 2000: 43
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 25

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 96
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 6.2 (9.8)[†]

Cases, 1999: 73

Rate/1,000, 1999: 4.6 (9.2)[†]
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -25.9% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 14.6 (17.1)[†]
 Overall, 1995-98: 11.9 (14.6)[†]

Homicide, 1991-94: 0
 Homicide, 1995-98: 0

Suicide, 1991-94: 2
 Suicide, 1995-98: 3

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 180
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 5.1 (8.0)[†]

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 19.2% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 399
 All Students: 6,314

% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 6.3% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 3,539
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 23

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 6.5 (8.6)[†]

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 21.8% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 1,110
 % of Total Child Support Collected: 64.3% (68.1%)[†]

% of TANF Child Support Collected: 70.5% (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$752 (\$665)[†]
 Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 36% (39%)[†]
 Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$14.46 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 125
 Children, 1997: 261

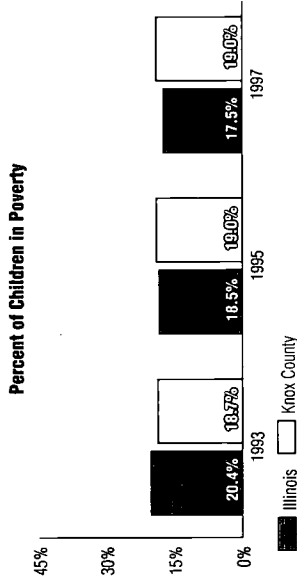
Grantees, 2000: 12
 Children, 2000: 59

% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -90.4% (-64.7%)[†]

Children of Knox County

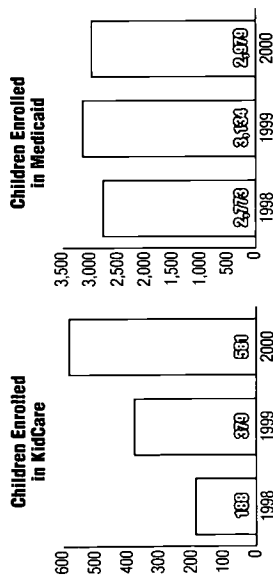
1999 Child Population: 12,873
(0.40% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



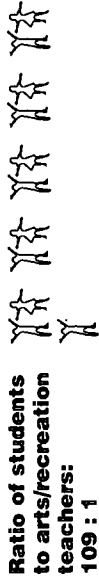
Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,595

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 13.9% (12.8%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 509
Percent, 1994-98: 16.0% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 15.4% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 136
Rate/1,000, 1998: 10.4 (15.2)[†]
Children, 2000: 111
Rate/1,000, 2000: 8.6 (10.6)[†]
Percent Change since March 1998: -17.1% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 155
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 216
High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 165
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 6.6% (6.5%)[†]
Percent Change since 1993-94: 17.4% (-11.0%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total	9	13	44.4% (-6.3%) [†]
Accredited	8	6	25.0% (-25.0%) [†]
Accept Subsidies	1	7	600.0% (500.0%) [†]

Centers

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total	9	13	44.4% (-6.3%) [†]
Accredited	8	6	25.0% (-25.0%) [†]
Accept Subsidies	1	7	600.0% (500.0%) [†]

Homes

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total	63	86	36.5% (20.0%) [†]
Accredited	37	62	67.6% (30.6%) [†]
Accept Subsidies	26	24	-7.7% (-29.2%) [†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 314
Rate/1,000, 1998: 24.0 (9.8)[†]
Cases, 1999: 248
Rate/1,000, 1999: 19.3 (9.2)[†]
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -19.8% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 13.4 (17.1)[†]
Overall, 1995-98: 9.8 (14.6)[†]
Homicide, 1991-94: 0
Homicide, 1995-98: 0
Suicide, 1991-94: 0
Suicide, 1995-98: 4

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 197
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.2 (8.0)[†]
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 7.0 (7.7)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -11.1% (2.4%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 3,183
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 20
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 6.3 (8.6)[†]
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 9.9 (10.4)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -36.8% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Category	Value	% of Total Child Support Collected
Total Child Support Cases	4,665	77.6% (68.1%) [†]
TANF Child Support Cases	624	39.9% (41.0%) [†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 538
Children, 1997: 1,194
Grantees, 2000: 109
Children, 2000: 422
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -79.7% (-64.7%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

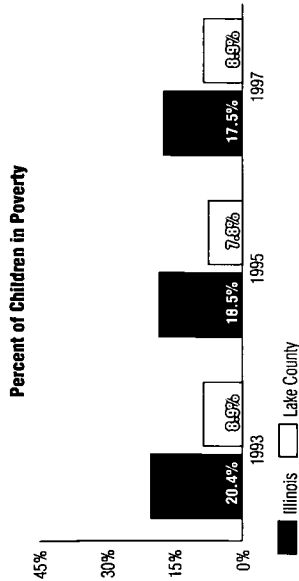
Category	Value	% Change
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$380 (\$665) [†]	36% (39%) [†]
Estimated % Unavailable to Afford FMR	36% (39%) [†]	Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79) [†]



Children of Lake County

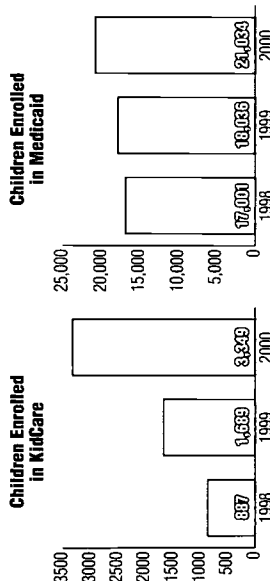
1999 Child Population: 171,274
(5.38% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 20,767

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 8.4% (12.8%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 4,182

Percent, 1994-98: 8.2% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -1.8% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 727
Rate/1,000, 1998: 4.3 (15.2)
Children, 2000: 587
Rate/1,000, 2000: 3.4 (10.6)

Percent Change since March 1998: -19.8% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 658
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 996

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 1,050
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 3.3% (6.5%)
Percent Change since 1993-94: -34.1% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers
Total, 1999: 164
Total, 2000: 271
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 89
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 152
Accredited, 1999: 25
Accredited, 2000: 10

Homes
Total, 1999: 289
Total, 2000: 289
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 179
Accredited, 2000: 7

% Change in Centers: 3.0% (-6.3%)
% Change in Homes: 6.6% (20.0%)

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 1,072
Rate/1,000, 1998: 6.3 (9.8)
Cases, 1999: 1,084
Rate/1,000, 1999: 6.3 (9.2)

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 0.5% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 10.6 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98: 10.7 (14.6)

Homicide, 1991-94: 21
Homicide, 1995-98: 17
Suicide, 1991-94: 7
Suicide, 1995-98: 11

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 3,211
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.3 (8.0)
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 6.1 (7.7)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 4.0% (2.4%)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 20,328
All Students: 81,483
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 24.9% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 50,781
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 299
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 5.9 (8.6)

Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 7.5 (10.4)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -21.6% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 28,681
% of Total Child Support Collected: 57.2% (58.1%)
TANF Child Support Cases: 3,236
% of TANF Child Support Collected: 32.1% (41.0%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$788 (\$665)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 44% (39%)
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$15.15 (\$12.79)

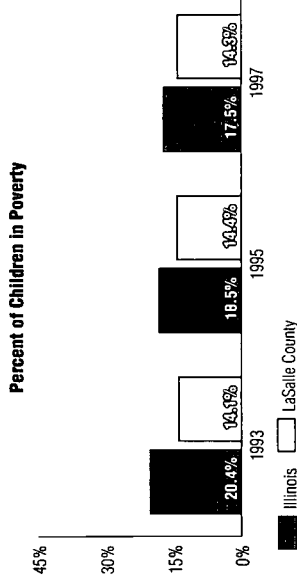
Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 2,236
Children, 1997: 6,225
Grantees, 2000: 470
Children, 2000: 2,030
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -79.0% (-64.7%)

Children of LaSalle County

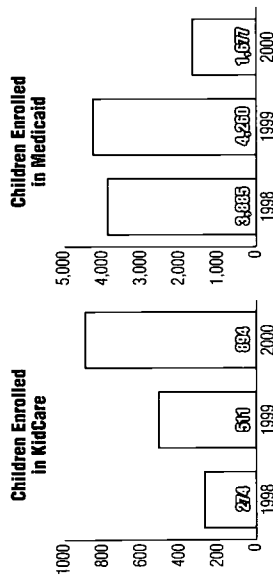
1999 Child Population: 28,082
(0.88% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 3,467

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 11.9% (12.8%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 844
Percent, 1994-98: 12.4% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 3.8% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 127
Rate/1,000, 1998: 4.5 (15.2%)
Children, 2000: 148
Rate/1,000, 2000: 5.3 (10.6%)
Percent Change since March 1998: 17.9% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 316
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 376
High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 299
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 5.5% (6.5%)
Percent Change since 1993-94: -22.6% (-11.0%)

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 299
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 5.5% (6.5%)
Percent Change since 1993-94: -22.6% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total	27	27	0.0% (-6.3%)
Accredited	0	15	100.0%
Accept Subsidies	13	15	15.4%
Total	50	69	38.0% (20.0%)
Accredited	0	50	100.0%
Accept Subsidies	39	69	76.9%

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 547
Rate/1,000, 1998: 19.3 (9.8)
Cases, 1999: 481
Rate/1,000, 1999: 17.1 (9.2)
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -11.0% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 16.7 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98: 13.8 (14.6)
Homicide, 1991-94: 1
Homicide, 1995-98: 4
Suicide, 1991-94: 1
Suicide, 1995-98: 1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 429
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.3 (8.0)
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 5.6 (7.7)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 11.5% (2.4%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 6,832
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 46
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 6.7 (8.6)
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 7.8 (10.4)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -13.4% (-17.9%)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 17,590
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 24.7% (40.3%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases, 2000: 7,049
% of Total Child Support Collected: 67.4% (58.1%)
TANF Child Support Cases, 2000: 517
% of TANF Child Support Collected: 48.1% (41.0%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$499 (\$665)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 36% (39%)
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$9.60 (\$12.79)
Children, 1997: 688
Children, 2000: 56
Children, 2000: 270
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -91.6% (-64.7%)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

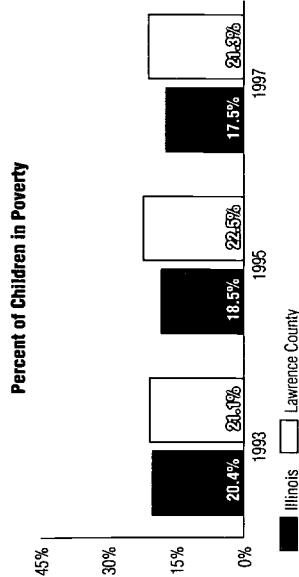
Grantees, 1997: 688
Children, 1997: 1,522
Grantees, 2000: 56
Children, 2000: 270
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -91.6% (-64.7%)



Children of Lawrence County

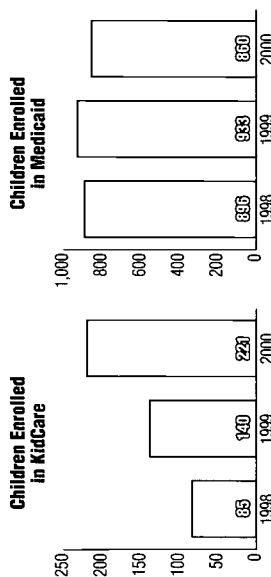
1999 Child Population: 3,622
(0.11% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 455

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 16.6% (12.8%)[†] Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 136
Percent, 1994-98: 16.5% (12.6%)[†] Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -0.5% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 14 Rate/1,000, 1998: 3.8 (15.2)[†] # Children, 2000: 20
Rate/1,000, 2000: 5.5 (10.6)[†] Percent Change since March 1998: 47.1% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 68 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 56
High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 47 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 6.7% (6.5%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000
Centers Total, 1999: 5 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 3 Accredited, 1999: 0 Total, 2000: 5 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 3 Accredited, 2000: 0
Homes Total, 1999: 17 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 15 Accredited, 1999: 1 Total, 2000: 18 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 15 Accredited, 2000: 1
Percent Change since 1993-94: 8.5% (-11.0%)[†]
Percent Change in Centers: 0.0% (-6.3%)[†]
Percent Change in Homes: 5.9% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 37 Rate/1,000, 1998: 9.9 (9.8)[†] Cases, 1999: 56 Rate/1,000, 1999: 15.5 (9.2)[†] Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 55.9% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 23.7 (17.1)[†] Overall, 1995-98: 23.5 (14.6)[†] Homicide, 1991-94: 0 Homicide, 1995-98: 0
Suicide, 1991-94: 2 Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 57 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.9 (8.0)[†] LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 8.3 (7.7)[†] % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -16.6% (2.4%)[†]
Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 895 All Students: 2,701 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 33.1% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 824 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 10 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 12.1 (8.6)[†] Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 12.0 (10.4)[†] % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 1.1% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 1,271 % of Total Child Support Collected: 42.3% (58.1%)[†] TANF Child Support Cases: 106 % of TANF Child Support Collected: 15.2% (41.0%)[†]
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)[†] Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 44% (39%)[†] Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 114 Children, 1997: 243 Grantees, 2000: 8 Children, 2000: 48
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -93.0% (-64.7%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

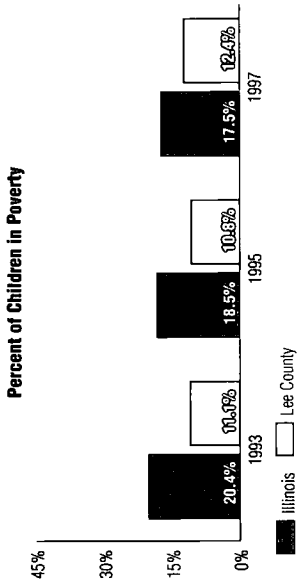
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)[†] Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 44% (39%)[†] Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]



Children of Lee County

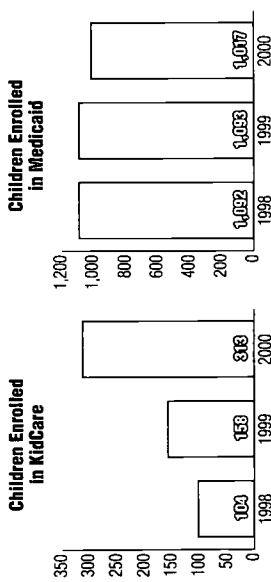
1999 Child Population: 9,107
(0.29% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,134

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93 11.5% (12.8%)[†] Percent, 1994-98 11.7% (12.6%)[†] Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 2.3% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998 64 # Children, 2000 43 Rate/1,000, 1998 6.9 (15.2)[†] Rate/1,000, 2000 4.7 (10.6)[†] Percent Change since March 1998 -31.4% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000 73 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000 33 High School Dropouts, 1998-99 65 Dropout Rate, 1998-99 3.9% (6.5%)[†] Percent Change since 1993-94 -27.4% (-11.0%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total	13	11	0.0% (-6.3%) [†]
Accredited	9	11	22.2% (20.0%) [†]
Accept Subsidies	4	0	-100.0%

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total	41	25	-39.0% (-30.0%) [†]
Accredited	30	25	-16.7% (-11.0%) [†]
Accept Subsidies	11	0	-100.0%

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998 136 Rate/1,000, 1998 14.6 (9.8)[†] Cases, 1999 161 Rate/1,000, 1999 17.7 (9.2)[†] Percent Change, 1998 to 1999 20.9% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94 18.8 (17.1)[†] Overall, 1995-98 16.1 (14.6)[†] Homicide, 1991-94 0 Homicide, 1995-98 1 Suicide, 1991-94 0 Suicide, 1995-98 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Category	1989-93	1994-98	% Change
Low Birth Weight Babies	111	111	0.0%
LBW Babies/100	5.5 (8.0) [†]	4.6 (7.7) [†]	-16.4% (-19.7%) [†]
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93	4.6 (7.7) [†]	4.6 (7.7) [†]	0.0%

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98 2,005 Infant Deaths, 1994-98 18 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98 9.0 (8.6)[†] Deaths/1,000, 1989-93 7.9 (10.4)[†] % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 13.2% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Category	2000	% of Total Child Support Collected
Total Child Support Cases	2,059	62.1% (58.1%) [†]
TANF Child Support Cases	189	36.2% (41.0%) [†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Category	1997	2000	% Change
Grantees	138	7	-94.9% (-64.7%) [†]
Children	374	64	-82.9% (-64.7%) [†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

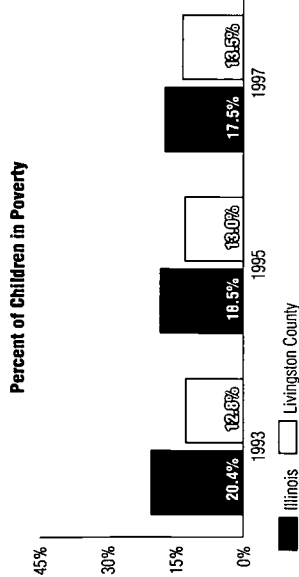
Category	2000	% Change
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$404 (\$665) [†]	26% (39%) [†]
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR	26% (39%) [†]	26% (39%) [†]
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	\$7.77 (\$12.79) [†]	\$7.77 (\$12.79) [†]



Children of Livingston County

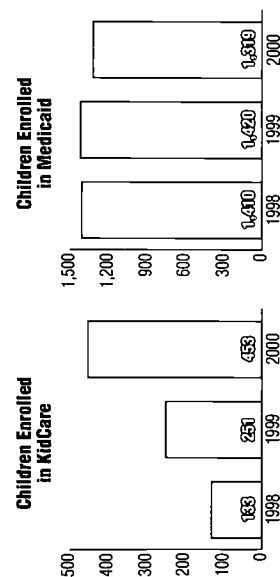
1999 Child Population: 10,017
(0.31% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,235

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
 * Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
 † Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 10.7% (12.8%)
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 286
 Percent, 1994-98: 12.4% (12.6%)
 Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 15.8% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 70
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 6.9 (15.2)[†]
 # Children, 2000: 77
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 7.7 (10.6)[†]
 Percent Change since March 1998: 11.2% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 28
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 287
 High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 112
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 4.7% (6.5%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Category	1999	2000	Percent Change since 1999
Total	6	5	0.0% (-6.3%) [†]
Accredited	1	1	0.0%
Not Accredited	5	4	0.0% (-6.3%) [†]
Total	41	32	26.8% (20.0%) [†]
Accredited	0	0	0.0%
Not Accredited	41	32	26.8% (20.0%) [†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	1999	2000	Percent Change since 1999
Total	6	5	0.0% (-6.3%) [†]
Accredited	1	1	0.0%
Not Accredited	5	4	0.0% (-6.3%) [†]
Total	41	38	26.8% (20.0%) [†]
Accredited	0	0	0.0%
Not Accredited	41	38	26.8% (20.0%) [†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 160
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 15.8 (9.8)[†]
 Cases, 1999: 217
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 21.7 (9.2)[†]
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 37.1% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Category	1991-94	1995-98	Percent Change, 1995-98 to 1991-94
Overall	10.0 (17.1) [†]	13.7 (14.6) [†]	37.1% (-6.1%) [†]
Homicide	0	0	0.0%
Suicide	0	0	0.0%

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Category	1989-93	1994-98	Percent Change, 1994-98 to 1989-93
LBW Babies/100	5.5 (8.0) [†]	5.6 (7.7) [†]	-2.6% (2.4%) [†]
Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000	1,428	6,505	22.0% (40.3%) [†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Category	1989-93	1994-98	Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
Live Births	2,308	11	-36.5% (-17.9%) [†]
Deaths/1,000	4.8 (8.6) [†]	7.5 (10.4) [†]	36.5% (-17.9%) [†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Category	1997	2000	Percent Change, 1997 to 2000
Total Child Support Cases	2,367	318	23.3% (41.0%) [†]
% of Total Child Support Collected	65.8% (58.1%) [†]	34% (39%) [†]	34% (39%) [†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Category	1997	2000	Percent Change, 1997-2000
Grantees	158	24	-84.8% (-64.7%) [†]
Children	421	116	-84.8% (-64.7%) [†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Category	2000	Percent Change, 1997-2000
Fair Market Rent (2 Bedrooms)	\$433 (\$665) [†]	34% (39%) [†]
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	\$8.33 (\$12.79) [†]	34% (39%) [†]

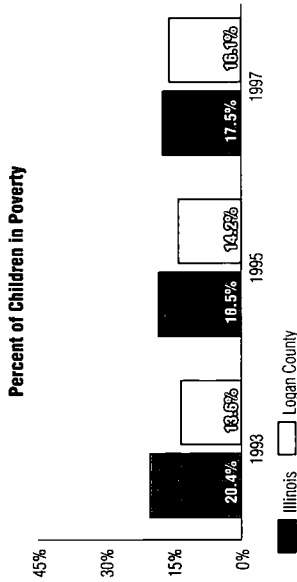




Children of Logan County

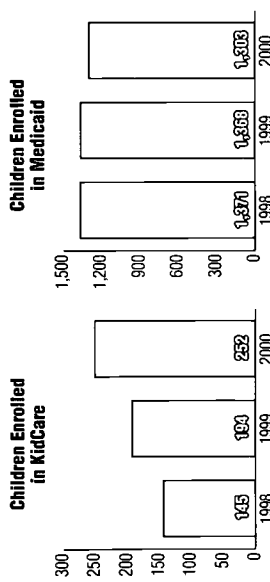
1999 Child Population: 7,132
(0.22% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 890

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.



FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 14.0% (12.8%)[†] Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 257
Percent, 1994-98: 15.1% (12.6%)[†] Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 7.7% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 51 Rate/1,000, 1998: 7.0 (15.2)[†] # Children, 2000: 43
Rate/1,000, 2000: 6.0 (10.6)[†] Percent Change since March 1998: -13.7% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 66
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 96
High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 71
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 5.2% (6.5%)[†]
Percent Change since 1993-94: 0.4% (-11.0%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Centers	8	4	-50.0%
Homes	30	24	-20.0%
Total	38	28	-26.3%

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Category	1998	1999	% Change
Cases	69	90	30.4%
Overall	16.2 (14.6) [†]	16.2 (14.6) [†]	0.0%

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Category	1991-94	1995-98	% Change
Overall	25.8 (17.1) [†]	16.2 (14.6) [†]	-37.2%

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Category	1989-93	1994-98	% Change
LBW Babies/100	7.2 (7.7) [†]	7.3 (8.0) [†]	1.4%
Overall	16.2 (14.6) [†]	16.2 (14.6) [†]	0.0%

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Category	1989-93	1994-98	% Change
Live Births	1,704	1,704	0.0%
Infant Deaths	13	13	0.0%
Rate/1,000	7.6 (8.6) [†]	7.6 (8.6) [†]	0.0%

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Category	2000	% Students
Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch	961	4.457
Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch	4,457	21.6% (40.3%) [†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 69 Rate/1,000, 1998: 9.5 (9.8)[†] Cases, 1999: 90 Rate/1,000, 1999: 12.6 (9.2)[†] Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 33.5% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 25.8 (17.1)[†] Overall, 1995-98: 16.2 (14.6)[†] Homicide, 1991-94: 2 Homicide, 1995-98: 0
Suicide, 1991-94: 2 Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 124 7.3 (8.0)[†] LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 7.2 (7.7)[†] % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 1.6% (2.4%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 1,704 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 13 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 7.6 (8.6)[†] % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 56.2% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Category	2000	% of Total Child Support Collected
Total Child Support Cases	2,153	62.3% (58.1%) [†]
TANF Child Support Cases	239	33.3% (41.0%) [†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 169 Children, 1997: 370
Grantees, 2000: 5 Children, 2000: 46

Affordable Housing, 2000

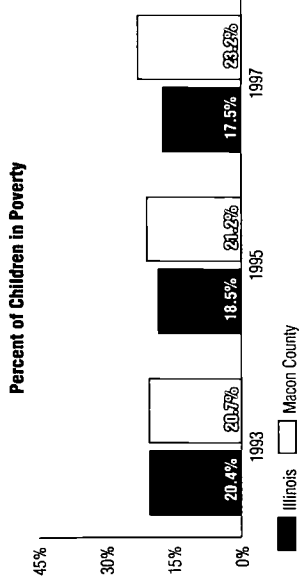
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$417 (\$665)[†] Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 28% (39%)[†] Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$8.02 (\$12.79)[†]
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -97.0% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of Macon County

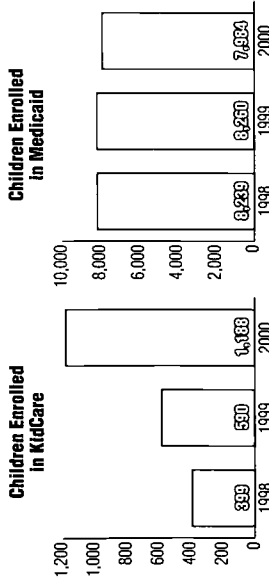
1999 Child Population: 28,775
(0.90% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 3,582

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 18.1% (12.8%)
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 1,521

Percent, 1994-98: 19.5% (12.6%)
 Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 7.5% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 407
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 13.9 (15.2)[†]
 # Children, 2000: 254
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 8.8 (10.6)[†]

Percent Change since March 1998: -36.3% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 378
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 503
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 7.1% (6.5%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Percent Change since 1993-94: -24.5% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers Total, 1999: 40
 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 30
 Homes Total, 1999: 94
 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 47

Total, 2000: 42
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 32
 Total, 2000: 113
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 59
 % Change in Centers: 5.0% (-6.3%)[†]
 % Change in Homes: 20.2% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 318
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 10.8 (9.8)[†]

Cases, 1999: 311
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 10.8 (9.2)[†]

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -0.2% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 17.0 (17.1)[†]
 Overall, 1995-98: 18.0 (14.6)[†]

Homicide, 1991-94: 8
 Homicide, 1995-98: 7
 Suicide, 1991-94: 5
 Suicide, 1995-98: 5

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 707
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 9.1 (8.0)[†]

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1989-93: 1,994-98: 7.5 (7.7)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 20.6% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 18,926
 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 35.4% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 7,805
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 78

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 10.0 (8.6)[†]
 Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 9.7 (10.4)[†]

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 2.7% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases, 1997: 13,368
 % of Total Child Support Collected: 65.0% (58.1%)[†]

TANF Child Support Cases, 1997: 2,451
 % of TANF Child Support Collected: 39.8% (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$459 (\$665)[†]
 Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 38% (39%)[†]
 Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$8.83 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 1,782
 Children, 1997: 4,431

Grantees, 2000: 447
 Children, 2000: 1,757

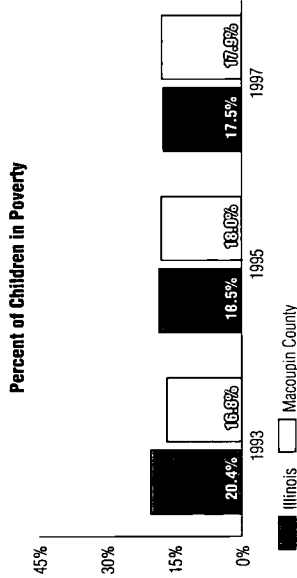
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -74.9% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of Macoupin County

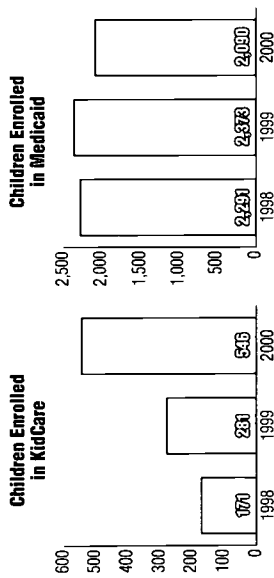
1999 Child Population: 12,677
(0.40% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,555

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
* Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93 14.2% (12.8%)[†] Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98 418
Percent, 1994-98 15.6% (12.6%)[†] Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 9.4% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998 31 Rate/1,000, 1998 2.4 (15.2)[†] # Children, 2000 25
Rate/1,000, 2000 2.0 (10.6)[†] Percent Change since March 1998 -18.9% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000 158
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000 349
High School Dropouts, 1998-99 124
Dropout Rate, 1998-99 4.1% (6.5%)[†]
Percent Change since 1993-94 17.3% (-11.0%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000
Centers Total, 1999 14 Accept Subsidies, 1999 8 Accredited, 1999 2 Total, 2000 15 Accept Subsidies, 2000 7 Accredited, 2000 1
Homes Total, 1999 33 Accept Subsidies, 1999 23 Accredited, 1999 0 Total, 2000 37 Accept Subsidies, 2000 27 Accredited, 2000 0
% Change in Centers 7.1% (-6.3%)[†]
% Change in Homes 12.1% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998 161 Rate/1,000, 1998 12.6 (9.8)[†]
Cases, 1999 162 Rate/1,000, 1999 12.8 (9.2)[†]
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999 1.2% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94 12.8 (17.1)[†] Overall, 1995-98 17.9 (14.6)[†]
Homicide, 1991-94 0 Homicide, 1995-98 1
Suicide, 1991-94 2 Suicide, 1995-98 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98 202 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98 7.5 (8.0)[†]
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93 5.8 (7.7)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 29.2% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000 2,412 All Students 10,079
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch 23.9% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98 2,687 Infant Deaths, 1994-98 15
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98 5.6 (8.6)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -15.7% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases 3,525 % of Total Child Support Collected 72.4% (68.1%)[†]
TANF Child Support Cases 267 % of TANF Child Support Collected 51.4% (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms) \$380 (\$665)[†] Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR 36% (39%)[†] Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR \$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]
Children, 1997 459 Children, 2000 132
Grantees, 1997 991 Grantees, 2000 4
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000 -99.1% (-64.7%)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

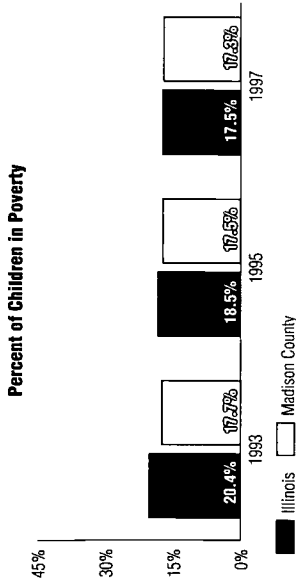
Grantees, 1997 459 Children, 1997 991
Grantees, 2000 4 Children, 2000 132
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000 -99.1% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of Madison County

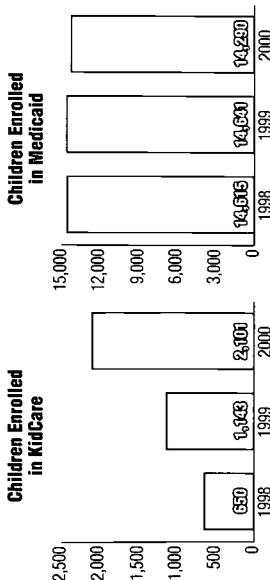
1999 Child Population: 66,006
(2.07% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 8,145

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 14.6% (12.8%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 2,412

Percent, 1994-98: 14.3% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -1.9% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 379
Rate/1,000, 1998: 5.7 (15.2)[†]
Children, 2000: 351
Rate/1,000, 2000: 5.3 (10.6)[†]

Percent Change since March 1998: -6.3% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 780
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 933

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 731
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 5.6% (6.5%)[†]
Percent Change since 1993-94: -13.4% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers
Total, 1999: 73
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 63
Accredited, 1999: 4

Homes
Total, 1999: 184
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 147
Accredited, 1999: 4

Total, 2000
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 84
Accredited, 2000: 4

Total, 2000
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 172
Accredited, 2000: 6

% Change in Centers since 1993-94
15.1% (-6.3%)[†]

% Change in Homes since 1993-94
15.8% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 953
Rate/1,000, 1998: 14.3 (9.8)[†]
Cases, 1999: 887

Rate/1,000, 1999: 13.4 (9.2)[†]
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -5.9% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 16.9 (17.1)[†]
Overall, 1995-98: 12.7 (14.6)[†]

Homicide, 1991-94: 11
Homicide, 1995-98: 9
Suicide, 1991-94: 7
Suicide, 1995-98: 3

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 1,283
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 7.6 (8.0)[†]
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 6.8 (7.7)[†]

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 11.8% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 13,751
All Students: 46,654

% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 29.5% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 16,819
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 135

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 8.0 (8.6)[†]
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 8.6 (10.4)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -6.2% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases, 2000: 20,865
% of Total Child Support Collected: 59.6% (58.1%)[†]
TANF Child Support Cases, 2000: 4,053

% of TANF Child Support Collected: 27.9% (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$519 (\$665)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 35% (39%)[†]
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$9.98 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 3,261
Children, 1997: 7,764

Grantees, 2000: 954
Children, 2000: 3,181

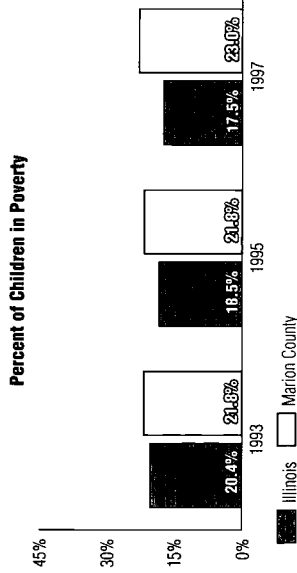
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -70.7% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of Marion County

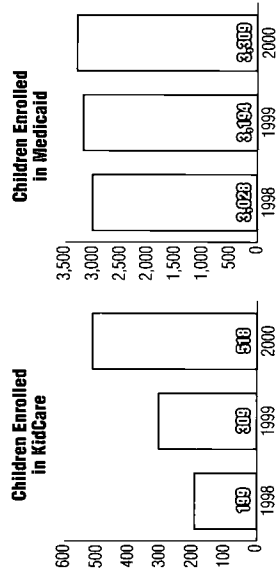
1999 Child Population: 11,113
(0.35% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,375

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 16.8% (12.8%)[†] Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 512
Percent, 1994-98: 18.7% (12.6%)[†] Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 11.3% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 83 Rate/1,000, 1998: 7.4 (15.2)[†] # Children, 2000: 113
Rate/1,000, 2000: 10.2 (10.6)[†] Percent Change since March 1998: 38.1% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 217
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 150

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 199
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 7.2% (6.5%)[†]
Percent Change since 1993-94: -18.1% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers
Total, 1999: 12
Total, 2000: 14
% Change in Centers: 16.7% (-6.3%)[†]

Homes
Total, 1999: 46
Total, 2000: 70
% Change in Homes: 52.2% (20.0%)[†]

Accredited, 1999: 0
Accredited, 2000: 11
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 9
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 14

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 215
Rate/1,000, 1998: 19.1 (9.8)[†]
Cases, 1999: 277
Rate/1,000, 1999: 24.9 (9.2)[†]
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 30.7% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 12.6 (17.1)[†]
Overall, 1995-98: 16.6 (14.6)[†]
Homicide, 1991-94: 0
Homicide, 1995-98: 0
Suicide, 1991-94: 1
Suicide, 1995-98: 3

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 218
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 8.0 (8.0)[†]
Low Birth Weight Babies/100, 1989-93: 6.7 (7.7)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 18.3% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 3,085
All Students: 8,867
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 34.8% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 2,738
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 20
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 7.3 (8.6)[†]
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 6.8 (10.4)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 8.0% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 4,640
% of Total Child Support Collected: 68.8% (58.1%)[†]
TANF Child Support Cases: 655
% of TANF Child Support Collected: 59.7% (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)[†]
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 38% (39%)[†]
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

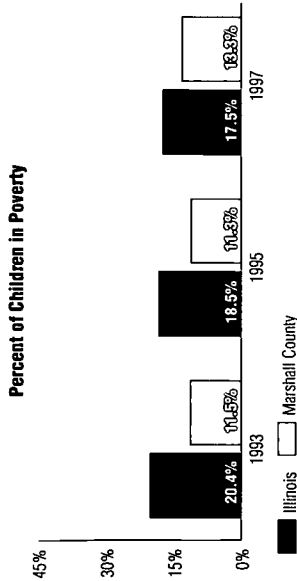
Grantees, 1997: 549
Grantees, 2000: 124
Children, 1997: 1,280
Children, 2000: 462
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -77.4% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of Marshall County

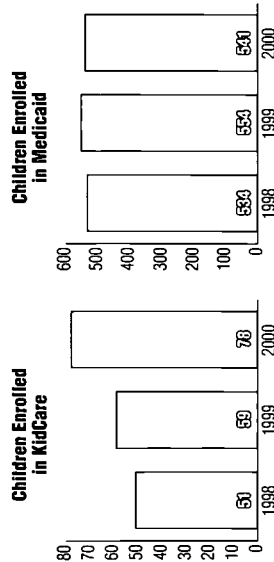
1999 Child Population: 3,210
(0.10% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



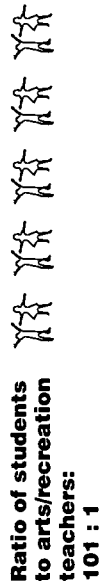
Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 395

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 11.1% (12.8%)[†]
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 74

Percent, 1994-98: 9.7% (12.6%)[†]

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -12.5% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 11
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 3.4 (15.2)[†]
 # Children, 2000: 10
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 3.1 (10.6)[†]

Percent Change since March 1998: -8.3% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 18
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 31

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 27
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 5.2% (6.5%)[†]
 Percent Change since 1993-94: 0.4% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers
 Total, 1999: 4
 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 2
 Accredited, 1999: 0

Homes
 Total, 1999: 6
 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 6
 Accredited, 1999: 0

Total, 2000
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 4
 Accredited, 2000: 0

Total, 2000
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 8
 Accredited, 2000: 7

% Change in Centers: 0.0% (-6.3%)[†]
 % Change in Homes: 33.3% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 30
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 9.3 (9.8)[†]

Cases, 1999: 20
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 6.2 (9.2)[†]
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -32.7% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 21.6 (17.1)[†]
 Overall, 1995-98: 12.4 (14.6)[†]

Homicide, 1991-94: 0
 Homicide, 1995-98: 0
 Suicide, 1991-94: 0
 Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 40
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 5.3 (8.0)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -10.9% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 464
 All Students: 2,201
 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 21.1% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 759
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 10

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 13.2 (8.6)[†]
 Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 5.5 (10.4)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 139.5% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 743
 % of Total Child Support Collected: 65.0% (58.1%)[†]
 TANF Child Support Cases: 87
 % of TANF Child Support Collected: 46.6% (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)[†]
 Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 34% (39%)[†]
 Hourly Wage Needed: \$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 91
 Children, 1997: 172

Grantees, 2000: 26
 Children, 2000: 68

% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -71.4% (-64.7%)[†]

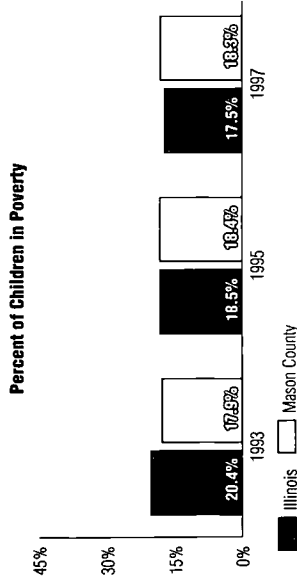




Children of Mason County

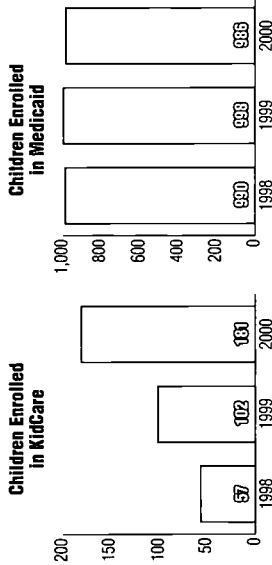
1999 Child Population: 4,341
(0-14% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



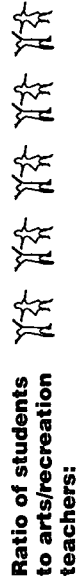
Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 538

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.



FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93 17.5% (12.6%)[†] Percent, 1994-98 20.9% (-1.7%)[†]
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98 171

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998 25 Rate/1,000, 1998 5.7 (15.2)[†] # Children, 2000 32 Rate/1,000, 2000 7.4 (10.6)[†]
 Percent Change since March 1998 29.9% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000 51 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000 69 High School Dropouts, 1998-99 53 Dropout Rate, 1998-99 5.1% (6.5%)[†] Percent Change since 1993-94 2.9% (-11.0%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000
 Centers Total, 1999 6 Accept Subsidies, 1999 3 Accredited, 1999 0 Total, 2000 6 Accept Subsidies, 2000 3 Accredited, 2000 0 % Change in Centers 0.0% (-6.3%)[†]
 Homes Total, 1999 10 Accept Subsidies, 1999 8 Accredited, 1999 0 Total, 2000 11 Accept Subsidies, 2000 8 Accredited, 2000 0 % Change in Homes 10.0% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998 58 Rate/1,000, 1998 13.2 (9.8)[†] Cases, 1999 40 Rate/1,000, 1999 9.2 (9.2)[†] Percent Change, 1998 to 1999 -30.0% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94 25.4 (17.1)[†] Overall, 1995-98 9.1 (14.6)[†] Homicide, 1991-94 1 Homicide, 1995-98 0 Suicide, 1991-94 2 Suicide, 1995-98 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98 74 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98 7.6 (8.0)[†] % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 12.2% (2.4%)[†]
 Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000 1,074 All Students 3,626 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch 29.6% (40.3%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000 1,074 All Students 3,626 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch 29.6% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98 978 Infant Deaths, 1994-98 9 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98 9.2 (8.6)[†] Deaths/1,000, 1989-93 7.8 (10.4)[†] % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 17.7% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases	1,380	% of Total Child Support Collected	65.0% (58.1%) [†]
TANF Child Support Cases	148	% of TANF Child Support Collected	30.4% (41.0%) [†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$380 (\$665) [†]	Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR	32% (39%) [†]	Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	\$7.31 (\$12.79) [†]
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Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

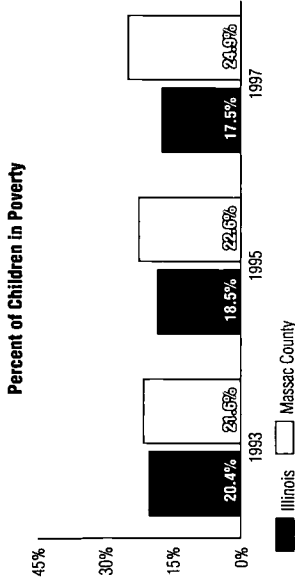
Grantees, 1997	187	Children, 1997	393
Grantees, 2000	32	Children, 2000	119
		% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000	-82.9% (-64.7%) [†]



Children of Massac County

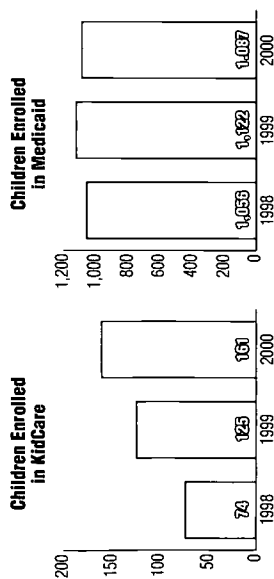
1999 Child Population: 3,715
(0.12% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 461

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 19.7% (12.8%)[†]
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 172

Percent, 1994-98: 20.0% (12.6%)[†]

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 1.8% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 15
Rate/1,000, 1998: 4.0 (15.2)[†]

Rate/1,000, 2000: 4.0 (10.6)[†]

Percent Change since March 1998: 1.6% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 90
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 170

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 39
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 5.2% (6.5%)[†]

Percent Change since 1993-94: -40.0% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers: Total, 1999: 2; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 1; Accredited, 1999: 0
Homes: Total, 1999: 12; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 10; Accredited, 1999: 0

Total, 2000: 2; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 1; Accredited, 2000: 0
Total, 2000: 14; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 12; Accredited, 2000: 0

% Change in Centers: 0.0% (-6.3%)[†]
% Change in Homes: 16.7% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 48
Rate/1,000, 1998: 12.7 (9.8)[†]

Cases, 1999: 47
Rate/1,000, 1999: 12.7 (9.2)[†]

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -0.5% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 25.2 (17.1)[†]
Overall, 1995-98: 21.3 (14.6)[†]

Homicide, 1991-94: 0
Homicide, 1995-98: 0

Suicide, 1991-94: 0
Suicide, 1995-98: 2

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 54
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.3 (8.0)[†]

Low Birth Weight Babies/100, 1989-93: 5.8 (7.7)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 8.8% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 878
All Students: 2,552

% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 34.4% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 859
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 1

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 1.2 (8.6)[†]

Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 4.4 (10.4)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -73.8% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 1,725
% of Total Child Support Collected: 54.0% (58.1%)[†]

TANF Child Support Cases: 222
% of TANF Child Support Collected: 51.5% (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)[†]
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 49% (39%)[†]

Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 173
Children, 1997: 379

Grantees, 2000: 46
Children, 2000: 164

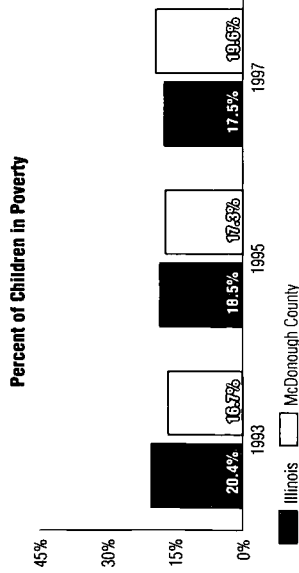
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -73.4% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of McDonough County

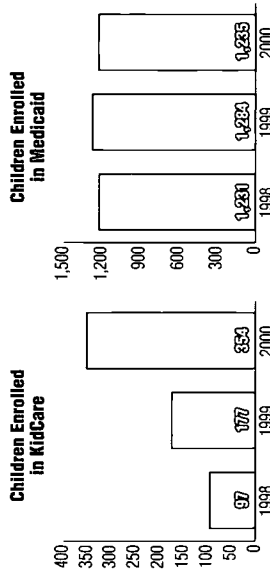
1999 Child Population: 6,456
(0.20% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 811

Focus on: Arts and recreation

Ratio of students to arts/recreation teachers: 85 : 1

Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 11.9% (12.8%)
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 160
 Percent, 1994-98: 10.7% (12.6%)
 Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -10.4% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 46
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 6.9 (15.2)
 # Children, 2000: 22
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 3.4 (10.6)
 Percent Change since March 1998: -50.8% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 68
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 141
 High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 27
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 2.1% (6.5%)
 Percent Change since 1993-94: -44.8% (-11.0%)

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Centers	13	11	-15.4%
Homes	24	15	-37.5%
Subsidies	11	11	0%
Accredited	1	1	0%
Not Accredited	10	10	0%
Total	34	22	-35.3%

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Category	1998	1999	% Change
Cases	131	97	-25.9%
Rate/1,000	19.7 (9.8)	15.0 (9.2)	-23.8% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Category	1991-94	1995-98	% Change
Overall	15.5 (17.1)	16.4 (14.6)	5.8% (-13.4%)
Homicide	0	0	0%
Homicide, 1991-94	0	1	0%
Homicide, 1995-98	0	0	0%
Suicide	0	1	0%
Suicide, 1991-94	0	0	0%
Suicide, 1995-98	0	0	0%

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 131
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 19.7 (9.8)
 Cases, 1999: 97
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 15.0 (9.2)
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -23.8% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 15.5 (17.1)
 Overall, 1995-98: 16.4 (14.6)
 Homicide, 1991-94: 0
 Homicide, 1995-98: 0
 Suicide, 1991-94: 1
 Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 93
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.2 (8.0)
 LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 6.7 (7.7)
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -7.5% (2.4%)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 4,392
 All Students: 4,392
 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 32.2% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 1,499
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 12
 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 8.0 (8.6)
 Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 13.9 (10.4)
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -42.5% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Category	2000	% of TANF Child Support Collected
Total Child Support Cases	1,900	62.2% (58.1%)
TANF Child Support Cases	236	38.1% (41.0%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Category	2000	% Change
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$380 (\$665)	40% (39%)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR	40% (39%)	
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	\$7.31 (\$12.79)	
Children, 2000	169	
Grantees, 2000	40	
Children, 1997	510	
Grantees, 1997	297	
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000	-86.5% (-64.7%)	

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

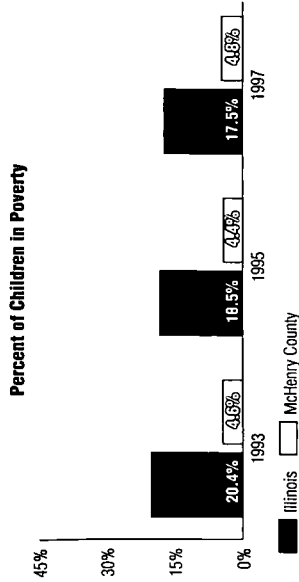
Children, 1997: 510
 Children, 2000: 169
 % Change in Children, 1997-2000: -66.5% (-64.7%)



Children of McHenry County

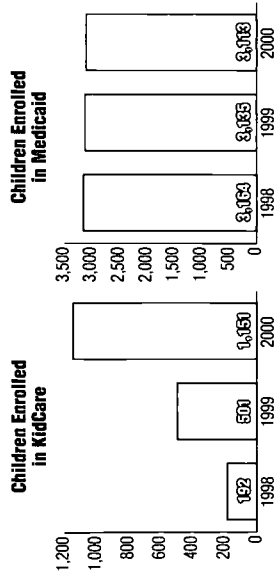
1999 Child Population: 71,962
(2.26% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 8,666

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available

* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
' Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93 4.9% (12.8%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98 1,001

Percent, 1994-98 5.3% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 6.4% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998 96
Rate/1,000, 1998 1.4 (15.2)
Children, 2000 78
Rate/1,000, 2000 1.1 (10.6)

Percent Change since March 1998 -19.8% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000 220
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000 318

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99 384
Dropout Rate, 1998-99 3.3% (6.5%)
Percent Change since 1993-94 0.6% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers Total, 1999 64
Total, 1999 171
Accredited, 1999 44
Accept Subsidies, 1999 76

Total, 2000 67
Total, 2000 204
Accredited, 2000 7
Accept Subsidies, 2000 45
Accept Subsidies, 2000 79

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998 512
Rate/1,000, 1998 7.2 (9.8)

Cases, 1999 480
Rate/1,000, 1999 6.7 (9.2)
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999 -7.5% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94 12.5 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98 10.4 (14.6)

Homicide, 1991-94 1
Homicide, 1995-98 0
Suicide, 1991-94 4
Suicide, 1995-98 11

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98 1,057
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98 5.5 (8.0)
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93 5.3 (7.7)

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 3.9% (2.4%)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000 3,148
All Students 38,024
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch 8.3% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98 19,060
Infant Deaths, 1994-98 88

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98 4.6 (8.6)
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93 7.0 (10.4)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -34.4% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases 6,602
% of Total Child Support Collected 59.9% (58.1%)
TANF Child Support Cases 255

% of TANF Child Support Collected 33.6% (41.0%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms) \$788 (\$665)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR 39% (39%)
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR \$15.15 (\$12.79)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

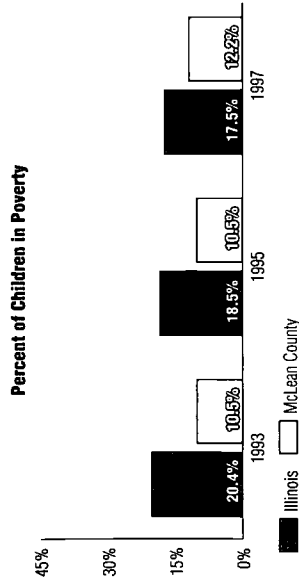
Grantees, 1997 256
Children, 1997 654
Grantees, 2000 9
Children, 2000 99

% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000 -96.5% (-64.7%)

Children of McLean County

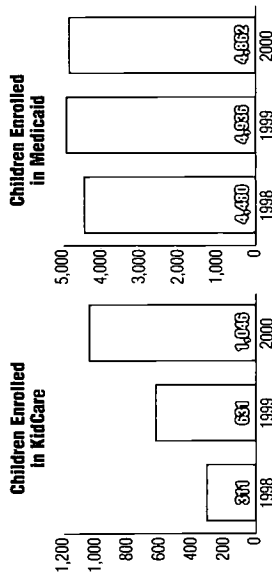
1999 Child Population: 34,533
(1.09% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 4,186

Focus on: Arts and recreation

Ratio of students to arts/recreation teachers: 120 : 1

Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 926
Percent, 1989-93: 8.9% (12.8%)
Percent, 1994-98: 9.6% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 8.6% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 327
Rate/1,000, 1998: 9.5 (15.2)
Children, 2000: 475
Rate/1,000, 2000: 13.8 (10.6)
Percent Change since March 1998: 44.3% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 239
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 331
High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 246
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 4.0% (6.5%)
Percent Change Since 1993-94: -16.8% (-11.0%)

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Category	Total, 1999	Accept Subsidies, 1999	Accredited, 1999	Total, 2000	Accept Subsidies, 2000	Accredited, 2000	% Change in Centers
Centers	70	56	8	74	65	9	5.7% (-6.3%) [†]
Homes	166	100	2	199	119	3	% Change in Homes: 19.9% (20.0%) [†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 590
Rate/1,000, 1998: 17.2 (9.8)
Cases, 1999: 691
Rate/1,000, 1999: 20.0 (9.2)
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 16.4% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 11.5 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98: 8.3 (14.6)
Homicide, 1991-94: 2
Homicide, 1995-98: 3
Suicide, 1991-94: 2
Suicide, 1995-98: 1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 671
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 7.0 (8.0)
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 5.9 (7.7)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 17.6% (2.4%)[†]
Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 4,529
All Students: 22,171
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 20.4% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 9,605
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 78
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 8.1 (8.6)
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 7.2 (10.4)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 13.3% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Category	Total Child Support Cases	% of Total Child Support Collected	TANF Child Support Cases	% of TANF Child Support Collected
Total Child Support Cases	7,209	62.8% (58.1%) [†]	895	33.7% (41.0%) [†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Category	Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR	Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$565 (\$665) [†]	36% (39%) [†]	\$10.87 (\$12.79) [†]
Children, 2000	305		% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -90.0% (-64.7%) [†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

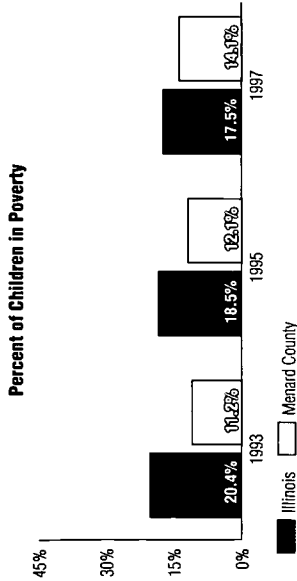
Grantees, 1997: 661
Children, 1997: 1,651
Grantees, 2000: 66
Children, 2000: 305



Children of Menard County

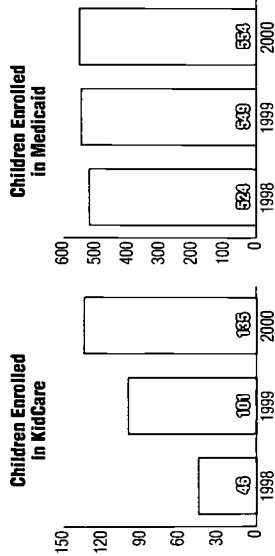
1999 Child Population: 3,494
(0.11% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



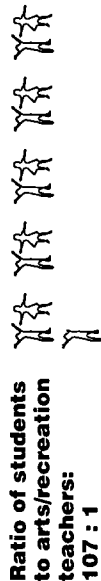
Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 423

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 7.9% (12.8%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 64

Percent, 1994-98: 9.1% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 14.5% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Rate/1,000, 1998: 1.7 (15.2)
Children, 1998: 6

Rate/1,000, 2000: 2.0 (10.6)
Children, 2000: 7
Percent Change since March 1998: 15.8% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 16
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 134

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 37
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 4.5% (6.5%)
Percent Change since 1993-94: 5.1% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers
Total, 1999: 5
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 4
Accredited, 1999: 0

Homes
Total, 1999: 18
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 14
Accredited, 1999: 0

Total, 2000
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 5
Accredited, 2000: 0

Total, 2000
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 19
Accredited, 2000: 0

% Change in Centers: 0.0% (-6.3%)
% Change in Homes: 5.6% (20.0%)

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 30
Rate/1,000, 1998: 8.7 (9.8)

Cases, 1999: 26
Rate/1,000, 1999: 7.4 (9.2)
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -14.0% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 9.6 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98: 5.8 (14.6)

Homicide, 1991-94: 0
Homicide, 1995-98: 0
Suicide, 1991-94: 0
Suicide, 1995-98: 1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 46
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.5 (8.0)

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 30.0% (2.4%)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 501
All Students: 2,787
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 18.0% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 704
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 4

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 5.7 (8.6)
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 9.3 (10.4)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -38.6% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 721
% of Total Child Support Collected: 73.2% (58.1%)

TANF Child Support Cases: 57
% of TANF Child Support Collected: 53.9% (41.0%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$524 (\$665)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 36% (39%)
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$10.08 (\$12.79)

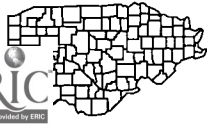
Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 73
Children, 1997: 168

Grantees, 2000: 10
Children, 2000: 45

% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -86.3% (-64.7%)

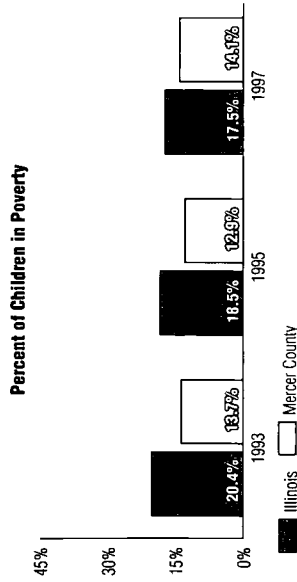




Children of Mercer County

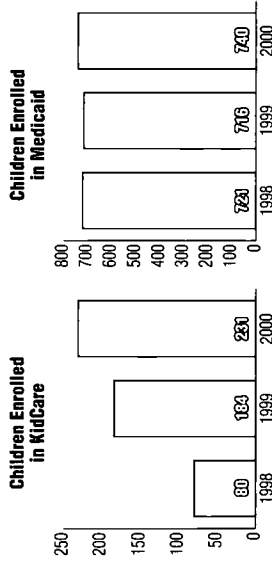
1999 Child Population: 4,654
(0.15% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



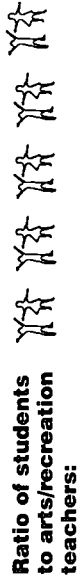
Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 573

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 10.8% (12.8%)[†] | Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 97 | Percent, 1994-98: 10.9% (12.6%)[†] | Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 0.5% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 10 | Rate/1,000, 1998: 2.1 (15.2)[†] | # Children, 2000: 7 | Rate/1,000, 2000: 1.5 (10.6)[†] | Percent Change since March 1998: -29.4% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 40 | Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 46 | High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 13 | Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 2.4% (6.5%)[†] | Percent Change since 1993-94: 17.4% (-11.0%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Centers	4	6	50.0% (-6.3%) [†]
Homes	10	17	70.0% (20.0%) [†]

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Category	1998	1999	% Change
Cases	38	41	8.8% (-6.1%) [†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Category	1991-94	1995-98	% Change
Overall	13.0 (17.1) [†]	21.3 (14.6) [†]	Suicide, 1995-98: 2

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 38 | Rate/1,000, 1998: 8.1 (9.8)[†] | Cases, 1999: 41 | Rate/1,000, 1999: 8.8 (9.2)[†] | Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 8.8% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 13.0 (17.1)[†] | Overall, 1995-98: 21.3 (14.6)[†] | Homicide, 1991-94: 0 | Homicide, 1995-98: 0 | Suicide, 1991-94: 2 | Suicide, 1995-98: 2

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 46 | LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 5.2 (8.0)[†] | % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 19.7% (2.4%)[†] | LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 4.3 (7.7)[†] | Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunches, 2000: 854 | All Students: 3,980 | % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 21.5% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 892 | Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 8 | Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 9.0 (8.6)[†] | Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 4.2 (10.4)[†] | % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 113.5% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Category	Value	% of Total Child Support Collected
Total Child Support Cases	1,011	54.4% (58.1%) [†]
TANF Child Support Cases	130	26.8% (41.0%) [†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Category	1997	2000	% Change
Grantees	108	33	-69.4% (-64.7%) [†]
Children	238	98	-58.8% (-54.7%) [†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

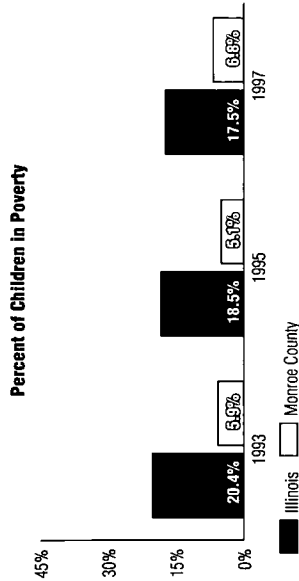
Category	Value	% of Families
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$380 (\$665) [†]	30% (39%) [†]
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	\$7.31 (\$12.79) [†]	



Children of Monroe County

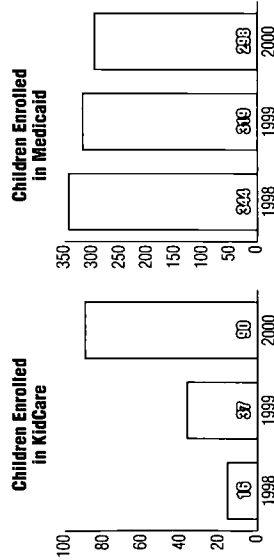
1999 Child Population: 7,227
(0.23% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 872

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93	6.1% (12.8%)†	Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98	81	Percent, 1994-98	5.3% (12.6%)†	Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98	-13.3% (-1.7%)†		
# Children, 1998	12	Rate/1,000, 1998	1.7 (15.2)†	# Children, 2000	11	Rate/1,000, 2000	1.5 (10.6)†	Percent Change since March 1998	-9.4% (-30.4%)†

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000	17	Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000	62	High School Dropouts, 1998-99	40	Dropout Rate, 1998-99	2.9% (6.5%)†	Percent Change since 1993-94	2.1% (-11.0%)†
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High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Total, 1999	10	Accredited, 1999	0	Total, 2000	10	Accredited, 2000	0	% Change in Centers	0.0% (-6.3%)†
Total, 1999	11	Accredited, 1999	0	Total, 2000	15	Accredited, 2000	9	% Change in Homes	36.4% (20.0%)†

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998	31	Rate/1,000, 1998	4.3 (9.8)†	Cases, 1999	26	Rate/1,000, 1999	3.6 (9.2)†	Percent Change, 1998 to 1999	-17.1% (-6.1%)†
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Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94	17.5 (17.1)†	Overall, 1995-98	16.1 (14.6)†	Homicide, 1991-94	0	Homicide, 1995-98	0	Suicide, 1991-94	2	Suicide, 1995-98	0
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HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98	90	LBW Babies/100, 1994-98	5.9 (8.0)†	% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98	10.4% (2.4%)†	Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000	442	All Students	5,081	% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch	8.7% (40.3%)†
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Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98	1,533	Infant Deaths, 1994-98	6	Deaths/1,000, 1994-98	3.9 (8.6)†	Deaths/1,000, 1989-93	5.8 (10.4)†	% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98	-32.9% (-17.9%)†
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ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases	670	% of Total Child Support Collected	60.2% (58.1%)†	TANF Child Support Cases	34	% of TANF Child Support Collected	77.1% (41.0%)†	Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$519 (\$665)†	Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR	29% (39%)†	Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	\$9.98 (\$12.79)†
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Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997	53	Children, 1997	126	Grantees, 2000	6	Children, 2000	34	% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000	-88.7% (-64.7%)†
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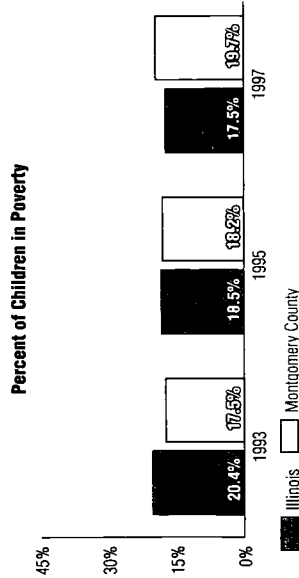




Children of Montgomery County

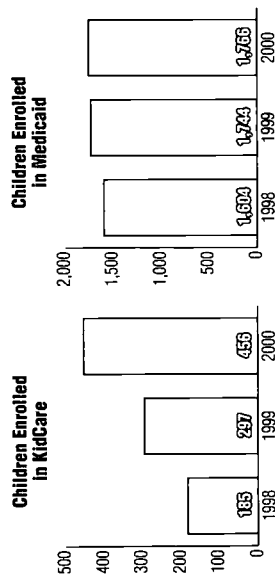
1999 Child Population: 7,804
(0.25% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 968

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93 15.0% (12.8%)[†] Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98 287
Percent, 1994-98 16.7% (12.6%)[†] Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 11.0% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998 13 Rate/1,000, 1998 1.6 (15.2)[†] # Children, 2000 18 Rate/1,000, 2000 2.3 (10.6)[†]
Percent Change since March 1998 40.8% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000 52 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000 376
Dropout Rate, 1998-99 4.3% (6.5%)[†] Percent Change since 1993-94 16.4% (-11.0%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99 70 Total, 2000 10 Accept Subsidies, 2000 7
Total, 2000 20 Accept Subsidies, 2000 15
% Change in Centers 0.0% (-6.3%)[†]
% Change in Homes 5.3% (20.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Total, 1999 10 Accept Subsidies, 1999 0 Accredited, 1999 0 Total, 2000 10 Accept Subsidies, 2000 7 Accredited, 2000 0
Total, 1999 19 Accept Subsidies, 1999 13 Accredited, 1999 0 Total, 2000 20 Accept Subsidies, 2000 15 Accredited, 2000 0

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998 81 Rate/1,000, 1998 10.2 (9.8)[†] Cases, 1999 65 Rate/1,000, 1999 8.3 (9.2)[†]
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999 -18.4% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94 16.5 (17.1)[†] Overall, 1995-98 13.9 (14.6)[†] Homicide, 1991-94 1 Homicide, 1995-98 1
Suicide, 1991-94 1 Suicide, 1995-98 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98 115 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98 6.7 (8.0)[†] LBW Babies/100, 1989-93 6.0 (7.7)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 12.0% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000 1,756 All Students 5,793
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch 30.3% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98 1,718 Infant Deaths, 1994-98 11 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98 6.4 (8.6)[†]
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93 5.7 (10.4)[†] % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 13.0% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases 2,430 % of Total Child Support Collected 65.8% (58.1%)[†] TANF Child Support Cases 117 % of TANF Child Support Collected 24.3% (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms) \$380 (\$665)[†] Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR 33% (39%)[†] Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR \$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

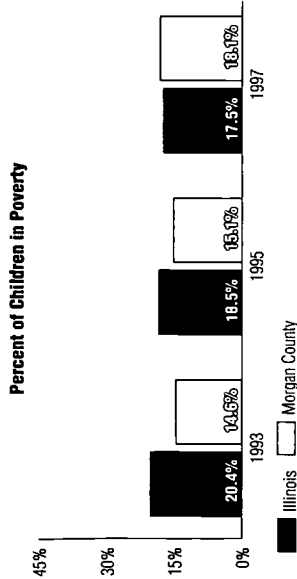
Grantees, 1997 290 Children, 1997 541 Grantees, 2000 4 Children, 2000 56
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000 -98.6% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of Morgan County

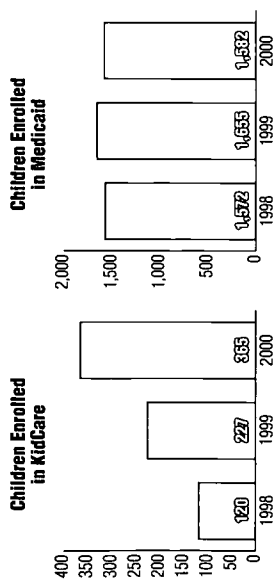
1999 Child Population: 8,341
(0.26% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 995

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
 * Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
 † Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 12.0% (12.8%)[†] Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 303
 Percent, 1994-98: 14.6% (12.6%)[†] Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 21.1% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 72 Rate/1,000, 1998: 8.8 (15.2)[†] # Children, 2000: 57
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 6.8 (10.6)[†] Percent Change since March 1998: -22.6% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 143
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 127
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 3.5% (6.5%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 60
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 3.5% (6.5%)[†]
 Percent Change since 1993-94: -32.1% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total	12	7	0.0% (-6.3%) [†]
Accredited	7	1	0.0% (-6.3%) [†]
Accept Subsidies	5	6	11.3% (20.0%) [†]
Total	53	45	11.3% (20.0%) [†]
Accredited	2	1	0.0% (-50.0%) [†]
Accept Subsidies	51	44	11.3% (20.0%) [†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 140 Rate/1,000, 1998: 17.2 (9.8)[†]
 Cases, 1999: 100 Rate/1,000, 1999: 12.0 (9.2)[†]
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -30.1% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 15.8 (17.1)[†] Overall, 1995-98: 12.5 (14.6)[†]
 Homicide, 1991-94: 0 Homicide, 1995-98: 0
 Suicide, 1991-94: 1 Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Category	1989-93	1994-98	% Change
LBW Babies/100	7.5 (8.0) [†]	5.7 (7.7) [†]	23.3% (-24.4%) [†]
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93	5.7 (7.7) [†]	31.6% (2.4%) [†]	31.6% (2.4%) [†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 2,080 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 21
 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 10.1 (8.6)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 63.1% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Category	1997	2000	% Change
Total Child Support Cases	2,525	262	89.5% (-94.9%) [†]
% of Total Child Support Collected	66.8% (58.1%) [†]	56.3% (41.0%) [†]	15.5% (-39.9%) [†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 350 Children, 1997: 680
 Grantees, 2000: 18 Children, 2000: 153
 % Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -94.9% (-64.7%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Category	2000	% Students
Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch	1,691	28.9% (40.3%) [†]
All Students	5,844	28.9% (40.3%) [†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

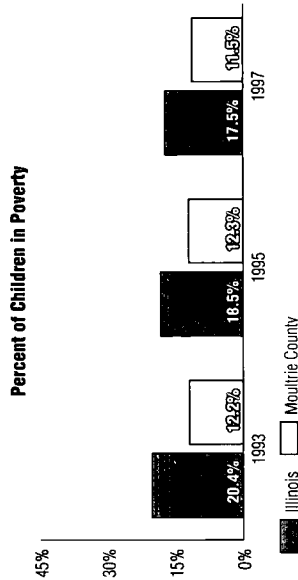
Category	2000	% Change
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$443 (\$665) [†]	35% (39%) [†]
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	\$8.52 (\$12.79) [†]	35% (39%) [†]



Children of Moultrie County

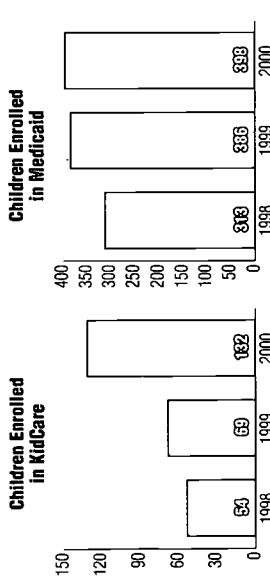
1999 Child Population: 3,863
(0.12% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



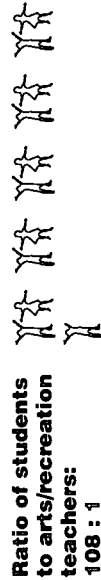
Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 471

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93	Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98	Percent, 1994-98	Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
8.9% (12.8%)†	107	12.0% (12.6%)†	34.4% (-1.7%)†

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

# Children, 1998	Rate/1,000, 1998	# Children, 2000	Rate/1,000, 2000	Percent Change since March 1998
1	0.3 (15.2)†	0	0.0 (10.6)†	-100.0% (-30.4%)†

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000	Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000	Dropout Rate, 1998-99	Percent Change since 1993-94
34	16	2.7% (6.5%)†	31.4% (-11.0%)†

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99	Accredited, 1999	Accept Subsidies, 2000	Accredited, 2000	% Change in Centers
16	0	3	0	25.0% (-6.3%)†
Total, 1999	Accredited, 1999	Accept Subsidies, 2000	Accredited, 2000	% Change in Homes
4	0	5	0	17.6% (20.0%)†

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Total, 1999	Accept Subsidies, 1999	Accredited, 1999	Total, 2000	Accept Subsidies, 2000	Accredited, 2000
17	2	0	5	3	0
Total, 1999	Accept Subsidies, 1999	Accredited, 1999	Total, 2000	Accept Subsidies, 2000	Accredited, 2000
4	2	0	5	3	0

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998	Rate/1,000, 1998	Cases, 1999	Rate/1,000, 1999	Percent Change, 1998 to 1999
22	5.7 (9.8)†	28	7.2 (9.2)†	27.1% (-6.1%)†

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94	Overall, 1995-98	Homicide, 1991-94	Homicide, 1995-98	Suicide, 1991-94	Suicide, 1995-98
10.7 (17.1)†	15.7 (14.6)†	0	0	0	0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98	LBW Babies/100, 1994-98	% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98	Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000	All Students	% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch
62	6.9 (8.0)†	4.7 (7.7)†	352	1,886	18.7% (40.3%)†

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98	Infant Deaths, 1994-98	Deaths/1,000, 1994-98	Deaths/1,000, 1989-93	% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
893	5	5.6 (8.6)†	8.0 (10.4)†	-30.0% (-17.9%)†

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases	% of Total Child Support Collected	TANF Child Support Cases	% of TANF Child Support Collected	Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR	Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR
696	67.8% (58.1%)†	42	47.9% (41.0%)†	\$380 (\$665)†	26% (39%)†	\$7.31 (\$12.79)†

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

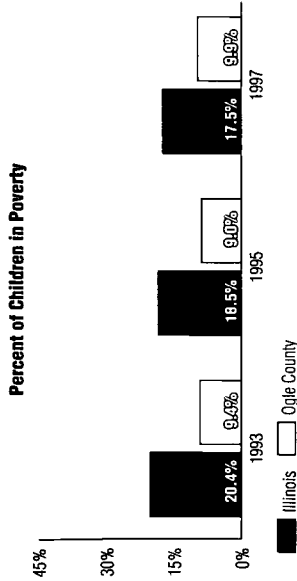
Grantees, 1997	Children, 1997	Grantees, 2000	Children, 2000	% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000
46	101	1	16	-97.8% (-64.7%)†



Children of Ogle County

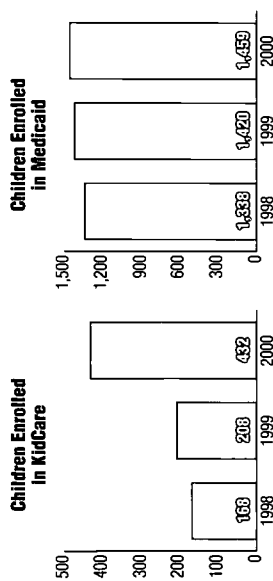
1999 Child Population: 13,989
(0.44% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,707

Focus on: Arts and recreation

Ratio of students to arts/recreation teachers: 126 : 1

Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93 10.7% (12.8%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98 335

Percent, 1994-98 11.2% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 4.2% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998 35
Rate/1,000, 1998 2.5 (15.2)

Children, 2000 23
Rate/1,000, 2000 1.6 (10.6)
Percent Change since March 1998 -34.3% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000 83
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000 135

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99 82
Dropout Rate, 1998-99 2.6% (6.5%)
Percent Change since 1993-94 -16.4% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers
Total, 1999 13
Total, 2000 13
% Change in Centers 0.0% (-6.3%)

Homes
Total, 1999 58
Total, 2000 74
% Change in Homes 27.6% (20.0%)

Accept Subsidies, 1999 2
Accept Subsidies, 2000 2
Accredited, 1999 0
Accredited, 2000 0

Accept Subsidies, 2000 53
Accredited, 2000 0

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998 193
Rate/1,000, 1998 13.8 (9.8)

Cases, 1999 99
Rate/1,000, 1999 7.1 (9.2)
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999 -48.7% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94 17.6 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98 12.2 (14.6)

Homicide, 1991-94 1
Homicide, 1995-98 0
Suicide, 1991-94 3
Suicide, 1995-98 3

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98 173
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98 5.8 (8.0)

LBW Babies/100, 1989-93 6.0 (7.7)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -4.7% (2.4%)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000 1,390

All Students 10,566
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch 13.2% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98 3,000
Infant Deaths, 1994-98 18

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98 6.0 (8.6)
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93 6.6 (10.4)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -9.4% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases 2,560
% of Total Child Support Collected 67.3% (58.1%)

TANF Child Support Cases 101
% of TANF Child Support Collected 70.5% (41.0%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms) \$574 (\$665)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR 34% (39%)
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR \$11.04 (\$12.79)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997 182
Children, 1997 393

Grantees, 2000 18
Children, 2000 73

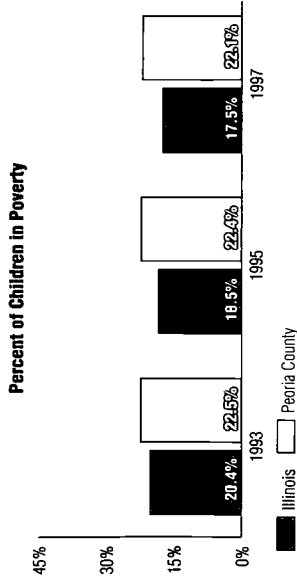
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000 -90.1% (-64.7%)
% Change in Children, 1997-2000 -81.2% (-64.7%)



Children of Peoria County

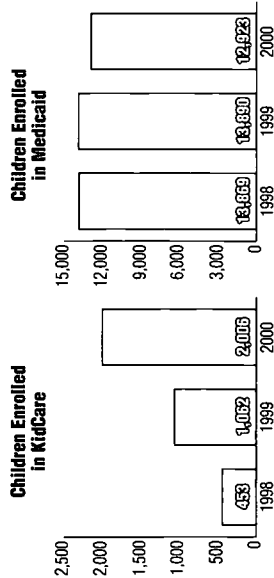
1999 Child Population: 47,131
(1.48% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 5,836

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 17.8% (12.8%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 2,339
Percent, 1994-98: 17.3% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -2.6% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 1,016
Rate/1,000, 1998: 21.2 (15.2)
Children, 2000: 1,138
Rate/1,000, 2000: 24.1 (10.6)
Percent Change since March 1998: 13.7% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 670
Pre-K Enrollment, 1995-2000: 717
High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 662
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 8.0% (6.5%)
Percent Change since 1993-94: -0.1% (-11.0%)

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total	72	77	6.9% (-6.3%)
Centers	49	57	16.3% (-6.3%)
Homes	117	144	23.1% (20.0%)

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 846
Rate/1,000, 1998: 17.7 (9.8)
Cases, 1999: 898
Rate/1,000, 1999: 19.1 (9.2)
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 7.7% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 14.6 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98: 13.2 (14.6)
Homicide, 1991-94: 5
Homicide, 1995-98: 9
Suicide, 1991-94: 3
Suicide, 1995-98: 1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 1,111
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 8.2 (8.0)
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 8.0 (7.7)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 3.2% (2.4%)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 11,372
All Students: 31,114
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 36.5% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 13,493
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 116
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 8.6 (8.6)
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 10.1 (10.4)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -15.0% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 20,754
% of Total Child Support Collected: 62.2% (58.1%)
TANF Child Support Cases: 5,804
% of TANF Child Support Collected: 43.6% (41.0%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$567 (\$665)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 39% (39%)
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$10.90 (\$12.79)
Children, 1997: 7,399
Children, 2000: 3,390
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -70.2% (-64.7%)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

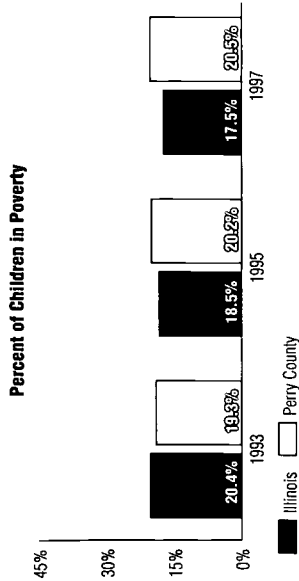
Grantees, 1997: 2,868
Grantees, 2000: 855



Children of Perry County

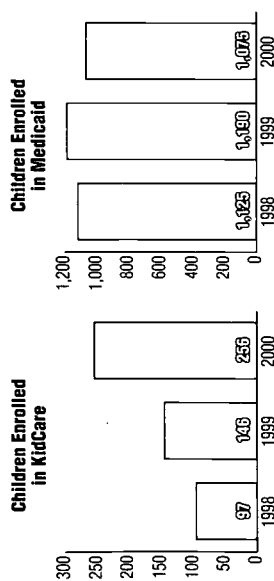
1999 Child Population: 5,471
(0.17% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 668

Focus on: Arts and recreation

Ratio of students to arts/recreation teachers: 122 : 1

Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93 14.2% (12.8%)
Percent, 1994-98 13.6% (12.6%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98 165

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -4.5% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998 17
Rate/1,000, 1998 3.1 (15.2)
Children, 2000 17
Rate/1,000, 2000 3.1 (10.6)

Percent Change since March 1998 0.0% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000 97
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000 40

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99 47
Dropout Rate, 1998-99 4.6% (6.5%)
Percent Change since 1993-94 -3.7% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers	Total, 1999	Accept Subsidies, 1999	Accredited, 1999	Total, 2000	Accept Subsidies, 2000	Accredited, 2000	% Change in Centers since 1993-94
Homes	6	4	0	7	4	0	16.7% (-6.3%) [†]
	8	7	0	11	8	0	% Change in Homes 37.5% (20.0%) [†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998 68
Rate/1,000, 1998 12.4 (9.8)
Cases, 1999 63
Rate/1,000, 1999 11.5 (9.2)
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999 -7.3% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94 16.0 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98 19.5 (14.6)
Homicide, 1991-94 1
Homicide, 1995-98 0
Suicide, 1991-94 1
Suicide, 1995-98 5

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98 90
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98 7.4 (8.0)
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93 6.3 (7.7)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 18.5% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000 496
All Students 2,236
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch 22.2% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98 1,213
Infant Deaths, 1994-98 6
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98 4.9 (8.6)

Deaths/1,000, 1989-93 8.6 (10.4)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -42.7% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases 1,561
% of Total Child Support Collected 47.5% (58.1%)[†]
TANF Child Support Cases 166
% of TANF Child Support Collected 31.4% (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms) \$380 (\$665)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR 48% (39%)[†]
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR \$7.31 (\$12.79)
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000 -87.2% (-64.7%)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

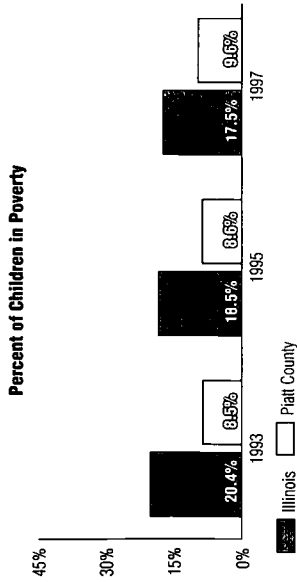
Grantees, 1997 218
Children, 1997 454
Grantees, 2000 28
Children, 2000 107
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000 -87.2% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of Piatt County

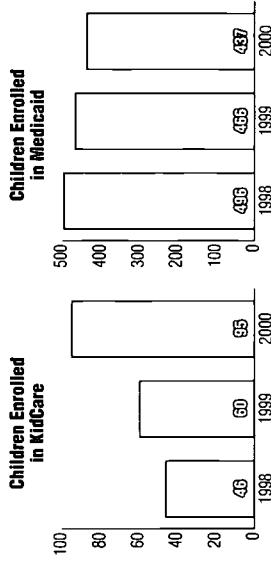
1999 Child Population: 4,198
(0.13% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 510

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93 9.7% (12.8%)*
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98 94
Percent, 1994-98 9.8% (12.6%)*
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 1.1% (-1.7%)*

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998 24
Rate/1,000, 1998 5.7 (15.2)*
Children, 2000 21
Rate/1,000, 2000 5.0 (10.6)*
Percent Change since March 1998 -12.8% (-30.4%)*

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000 19
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000 48

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99 30
Dropout Rate, 1998-99 2.9% (6.5%)*
Percent Change since 1993-94 20.7% (-11.0%)*

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers	Total, 1999	Accept Subsidies, 1999	Accredited, 1999	Total, 2000	Accept Subsidies, 2000	Accredited, 2000	% Change in Centers since 1993-94
Homes	63	3	0	68	3	0	0.0% (-6.3%)*
	4	0	0	4	0	0	% Change in Homes since 1993-94
	63	26	0	68	30	0	7.9% (20.0%)*

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998 10
Rate/1,000, 1998 2.4 (9.8)*
Cases, 1999 21

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94 22.3 (17.1)*
Overall, 1995-98 19.1 (14.6)*
Homicide, 1991-94 0
Homicide, 1995-98 1
Suicide, 1991-94 0
Suicide, 1995-98 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98 58
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93 5.2 (7.7)*
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98 6.0 (8.0)*
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 15.9% (2.4%)*

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000 417
All Students 2,966
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch 14.1% (40.3%)*

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98 959
Infant Deaths, 1994-98 3
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98 3.1 (8.6)*
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93 7.5 (10.4)*
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -58.0% (-17.9%)*

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases	% of Total Child Support Collected	TANF Child Support Cases	% of TANF Child Support Collected
678	90.8% (58.1%)*	42	57.2% (41.0%)*

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR	Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR
\$416 (\$665)*	28% (39%)*	\$8.00 (\$12.79)*

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

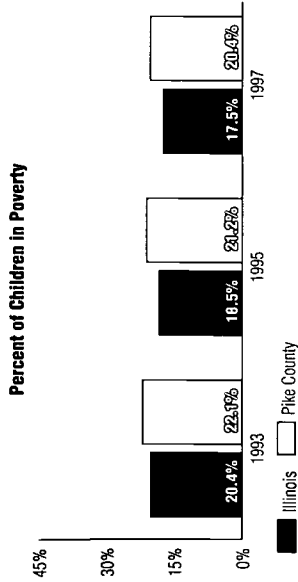
Grantees, 1997 50
Children, 1997 111
Grantees, 2000 9
Children, 2000 28
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000 -82.0% (-64.7%)*
% Change in Children, 1997-2000 -74.8% (-64.7%)*



Children of Pike County

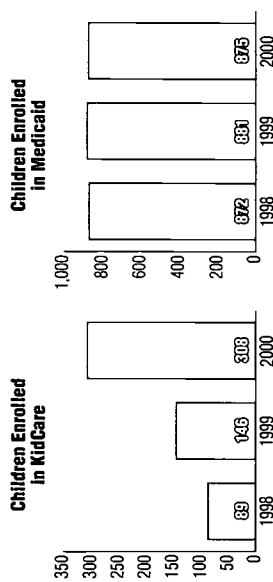
1999 Child Population: 4,292
(0.13% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



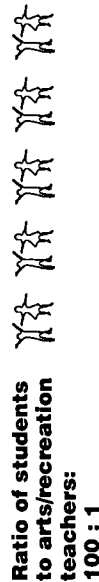
Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 534

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available

* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate

† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 13.8% (12.8%)*
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 145

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 22
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 5.0 (15.2)*
 # Children, 2000: 12
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 2.8 (10.6)*

Percent, 1994-98: 14.9% (12.6%)*

Percent Change since March 1998: -44.4% (-30.4%)*

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 7.9% (-1.7%)*

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 61
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 125

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 43
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 4.5% (6.5%)*
 Percent Change since 1993-94: 19.0% (-11.0%)*

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers: Total, 1999: 4; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 1
 Homes: Total, 1999: 48; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 40

Total, 2000: 5; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 2
 Total, 2000: 48; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 39

% Change in Centers: 0.0% (-6.3%)*
 % Change in Homes: 7.9% (20.0%)*

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 82
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 18.7 (9.8)*

Rate/1,000, 1999: 11.0 (9.2)*
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -41.5% (-6.1%)*

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 16.0 (17.1)*
 Overall, 1995-98: 18.1 (14.6)*

Homicide, 1991-94: 0
 Homicide, 1995-98: 0
 Suicide, 1991-94: 0
 Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 79
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 8.1 (8.0)*

Low Birth Weight Babies/100, 1989-93: 7.2 (7.7)*
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 12.3% (2.4%)*

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 904
 All Students: 3,165
 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 28.6% (40.3%)*

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 975
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 3

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 3.1 (8.6)*
 Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 17.1 (10.4)*
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -82.0% (-17.9%)*

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 1,125
 % of Total Child Support Collected: 66.2% (58.1%)*

TANF Child Support Cases: 102
 % of TANF Child Support Collected: 58.1% (41.0%)*
 Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)*
 Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 44% (39%)*
 Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)*

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 105
 Children, 1997: 242

Grantees, 2000: 19
 Children, 2000: 76

% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -81.9% (-64.7%)*

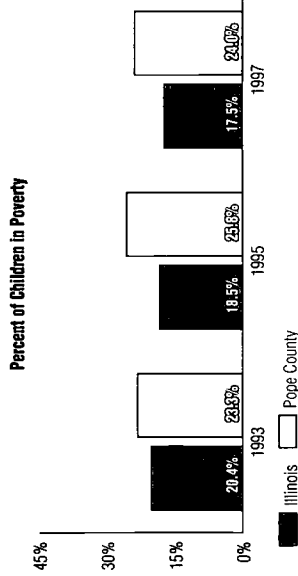




Children of Pope County

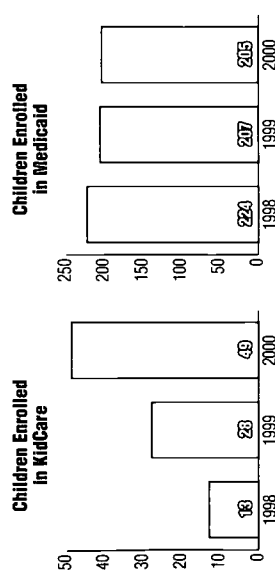
1999 Child Population: 1,126
(0.04% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 137

Focus on: Arts and recreation

Ratio of students to arts/recreation teachers: 80 : 1

Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.



FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 13.5% (12.8%)[†]
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 34
 Percent, 1994-98: 17.3% (12.6%)[†]
 Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 27.6% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 4
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 3.6 (15.2)[†]
 # Children, 2000: 4
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 3.6 (10.6)[†]
 Percent Change since March 1998: -0.6% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 15
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 25
 High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 11
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 5.6% (6.5%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Total, 2000: 0
 Total, 1999: 0
 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 0
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 0
 Accredited, 1999: 0
 Accredited, 2000: 0
 Percent Change since 1993-94: 36.0% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers: Total, 1999: 0; Total, 2000: 0
 Homes: Total, 1999: 0; Total, 2000: 0
 % Change in Centers: 0.0% (-6.3%)[†]
 % Change in Homes: 0.0% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 16
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 14.3 (9.8)[†]
 Cases, 1999: 9
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 8.0 (9.2)[†]
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -44.1% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 0.0 (17.1)[†]
 Overall, 1995-98: 0.0 (14.6)[†]
 Homicide, 1991-94: 0
 Homicide, 1995-98: 0
 Suicide, 1991-94: 0
 Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 12
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.1 (8.0)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 3.6% (2.4%)[†]
 LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 5.9 (7.7)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 197
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 1
 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 5.1 (8.6)[†]
 Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 0.0 (10.4)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 100.0% (-17.9%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 247
 All Students: 668
 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 37.0% (40.3%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 309
 % of Total Child Support Collected: 93.1% (58.1%)[†]
 TANF Child Support Cases: 22
 % of TANF Child Support Collected: 76.7% (41.0%)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 50
 Children, 1997: 95
 Grantees, 2000: 4
 Children, 2000: 11
 % Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -92.0% (-64.7%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

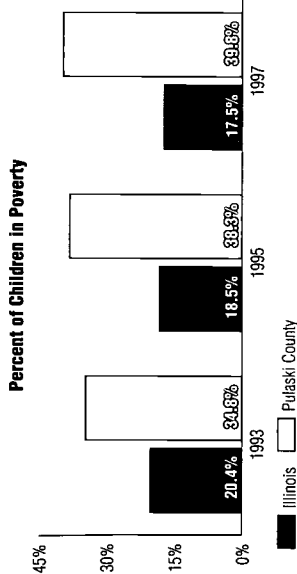
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)[†]
 Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 61% (39%)[†]
 Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]



Children of Pulaski County

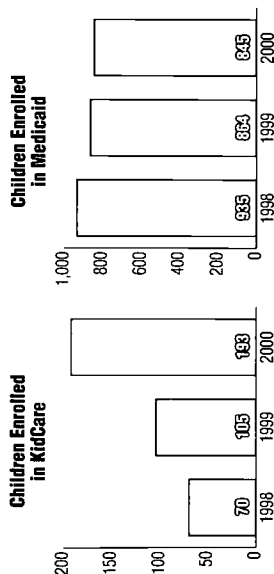
1999 Child Population: 2,146
(0.07% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 265

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 23.0% (12.8%)
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 122
 Percent, 1994-98: 25.0% (12.6%)
 Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 8.9% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 16
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 7.4 (15.2)
 # Children, 2000: 16
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 7.5 (10.6)
 Percent Change since March 1998: 1.1% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 90
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 96
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 7.1% (6.5%)
 Percent Change since 1993-94: 9.6% (-11.0%)

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 30
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 7.1% (6.5%)
 Percent Change since 1993-94: 9.6% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Centers	3	3	0.0%
Homes	11	11	0.0%
Total	14	14	0.0%

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 46
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 21.2 (9.8)
 Cases, 1999: 55
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 25.6 (9.2)
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 20.8% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 18.3 (17.1)
 Overall, 1995-98: 4.6 (14.6)
 Homicide, 1991-94: 0
 Homicide, 1995-98: 0
 Suicide, 1991-94: 0
 Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Category	1989-93	1994-98	% Change
Low Birth Weight Babies	59	59	0.0%
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93	12.1 (8.0)	10.4 (7.7)	15.9% (2.4%)
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98	10.4 (7.7)	10.4 (7.7)	0.0%

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 488
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 3
 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 6.1 (8.6)
 Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 10.4 (10.4)
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -41.1% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Category	2000	% of TANF Child Support Collected
Total Child Support Cases	1,310	32.9% (41.0%)
% of Total Child Support Collected	60.8% (58.1%)	67% (39%)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Category	1997	2000	% Change
Grantees	253	163	-84.2% (-64.7%)
Children	575	163	-84.2% (-64.7%)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Category	2000	% of Students
Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch	1,192	76.3% (40.3%)
All Students	1,562	76.3% (40.3%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Category	2000	% of Families
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$380 (\$665)	67% (39%)
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	\$7.31 (\$12.79)	67% (39%)

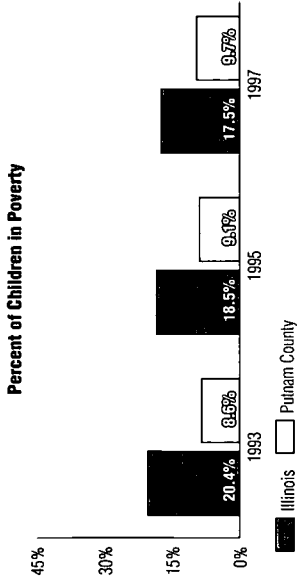


Children of Putnam County



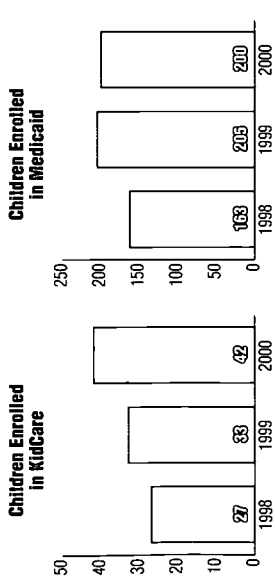
1999 Child Population: 1,491
(0.05% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 184

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93	Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98	Percent, 1994-98	Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
6.9% (12.8%) [†]	30	8.8% (12.6%) [†]	26.2% (-1.7%) [†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

# Children, 1998	Rate/1,000, 1998	# Children, 2000	Rate/1,000, 2000	Percent Change since March 1998
0	0.0 (15.2) [†]	5	3.4 (10.6) [†]	100.0% (-30.4%) [†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000	Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000	Dropout Rate, 1998-99	Percent Change since 1993-94
17	48	4.3% (6.5%) [†]	28.4% (-11.0%) [†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99	Dropout Rate, 1998-99	Percent Change since 1993-94
13	4.3% (6.5%) [†]	28.4% (-11.0%) [†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers	Total, 1999	Accept Subsidies, 1999	Accredited, 1999	Total, 2000	Accept Subsidies, 2000	Accredited, 2000	% Change in Centers since 1993-94
	2	0	0	2	0	0	0.0% (-6.3%) [†]
Homes	Total, 1999	Accept Subsidies, 1999	Accredited, 1999	Total, 2000	Accept Subsidies, 2000	Accredited, 2000	% Change in Homes since 1993-94
	5	4	0	7	6	0	40.0% (20.0%) [†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998	Rate/1,000, 1998	Cases, 1999	Rate/1,000, 1999	Percent Change, 1998 to 1999
19	12.6 (9.8) [†]	7	4.7 (9.2) [†]	-62.8% (-6.1%) [†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94	Overall, 1995-98	Homicide, 1991-94	Homicide, 1995-98	Suicide, 1991-94	Suicide, 1995-98
20.1 (17.1) [†]	27.0 (14.6) [†]	0	0	0	0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98	LBW Babies/100, 1994-98	LBW Babies/100, 1989-93	% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
21	6.1 (8.0) [†]	5.7 (7.7) [†]	7.0% (2.4%) [†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98	Infant Deaths, 1994-98	Deaths/1,000, 1994-98	Deaths/1,000, 1989-93	% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
342	4	11.7 (8.6) [†]	6.0 (10.4) [†]	93.6% (-17.9%) [†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases	% of Total Child Support Collected	TANF Child Support Cases	% of TANF Child Support Collected	Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR	Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR
276	75.0% (58.1%) [†]	11	54.7% (41.0%) [†]	\$380 (\$665) [†]	28% (39%) [†]	\$7.31 (\$12.79) [†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997	Children, 1997	Grantees, 2000	Children, 2000	% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000
14	39	0	1	-100.0% (-64.7%) [†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

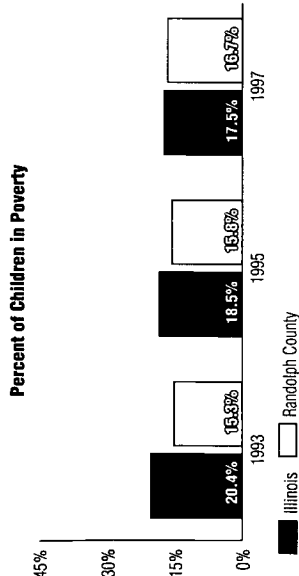
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR	Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR
\$380 (\$665) [†]	28% (39%) [†]	\$7.31 (\$12.79) [†]



Children of Randolph County

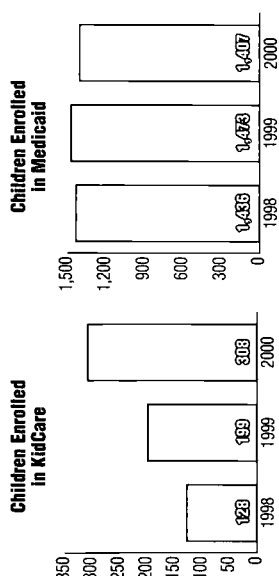
1999 Child Population: 8,123
(0.26% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,003

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93 14.7% (12.8%)[†]
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98 246

Percent, 1994-98 13.1% (12.6%)[†]

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -11.2% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998 34
Rate/1,000, 1998 4.1 (15.2)[†]

Children, 2000 31
Rate/1,000, 2000 3.8 (10.6)[†]

Percent Change since March 1998 -7.7% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000 177
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000 157

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99 44
Dropout Rate, 1998-99 2.6% (6.5%)[†]
Percent Change since 1993-94 -25.4% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Total, 1999 6
Accept Subsidies, 1999 3
Total, 2000 28
Accept Subsidies, 1999 24

Total, 2000 7
Accept Subsidies, 2000 4
Total, 2000 31
Accept Subsidies, 2000 27

% Change in Centers 16.7% (-6.3%)[†]
% Change in Homes 10.7% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998 86
Rate/1,000, 1998 10.5 (9.8)[†]

Cases, 1999 100
Rate/1,000, 1999 12.3 (9.2)[†]

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999 17.7% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94 9.5 (17.1)[†]
Overall, 1995-98 19.0 (14.6)[†]

Homicide, 1991-94 0
Homicide, 1995-98 1

Suicide, 1991-94 1
Suicide, 1995-98 2

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98 142
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98 7.6 (8.0)[†]

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 14.4% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000 1,554
All Students 5,706

% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch 27.2% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98 1,878
Infant Deaths, 1994-98 16

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98 8.5 (8.6)[†]

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -5.2% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases 2,367
% of Total Child Support Collected 55.8% (58.1%)[†]

TANF Child Support Cases 293
% of TANF Child Support Collected 38.1% (41.0%)[†]

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms) \$380 (\$665)[†]
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR 34% (39%)[†]

Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR \$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997 251
Children, 1997 569

Grantees, 2000 32
Children, 2000 161

% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000 -87.3% (-64.7%)[†]

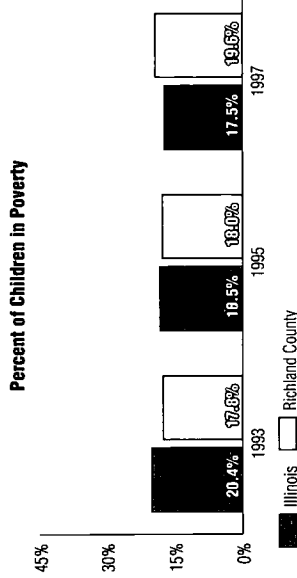




Children of Richland County

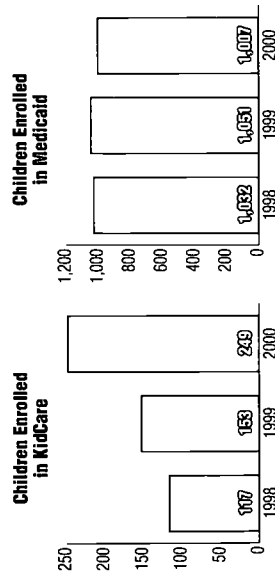
1999 Child Population: 4,291
(0.13% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 534

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93 14.1% (12.8%)[†] Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98 183
Percent, 1994-98 17.8% (12.6%)[†] Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 26.6% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998 23 Rate/1,000, 1998 5.3 (15.2)[†] # Children, 2000 22
Rate/1,000, 2000 5.1 (10.6)[†] Percent Change since March 1998 -2.5% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000 68 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000 66
High School Dropouts, 1998-99 49 Dropout Rate, 1998-99 5.6% (6.5%)[†]
Percent Change since 1993-94 -22.0% (-11.0%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000
Centers Total, 1999 5 Accept Subsidies, 1999 2 Accredited, 1999 0 Total, 2000 5 Accept Subsidies, 2000 2 Accredited, 2000 0 % Change in Centers 0.0% (-6.3%)[†]
Homes Total, 1999 22 Accept Subsidies, 1999 19 Accredited, 1999 0 Total, 2000 24 Accept Subsidies, 2000 21 Accredited, 2000 0 % Change in Homes 9.1% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998 84 Rate/1,000, 1998 19.2 (9.8)[†] Cases, 1999 88 Rate/1,000, 1999 20.5 (9.2)[†]
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999 6.8% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94 20.7 (17.1)[†] Overall, 1995-98 15.9 (14.6)[†] Homicide, 1991-94 1 Homicide, 1995-98 5
Suicide, 1991-94 2 Suicide, 1995-98 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98 75 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98 7.3 (8.0)[†] % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 21.6% (2.4%)[†]
Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000 744 All Students 2,231 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch 33.3% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98 1,028 Infant Deaths, 1994-98 4 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98 3.9 (8.6)[†]
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93 7.5 (10.4)[†] % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -48.1% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases 1,389 % of Total Child Support Collected 50.1% (58.1%)[†] TANF Child Support Cases 190 % of TANF Child Support Collected 20.4% (41.0%)[†]
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms) \$380 (\$665)[†] Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR 38% (39%)[†] Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR \$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997 141 Children, 1997 310 Grantees, 2000 14 Children, 2000 105
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000 -90.1% (-64.7%)[†]
% Change in Children, 1997-2000 -90.1% (-64.7%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

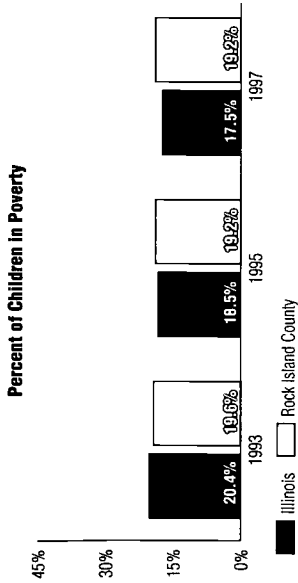
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms) \$380 (\$665)[†] Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR 38% (39%)[†] Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR \$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]



Children of Rock Island County

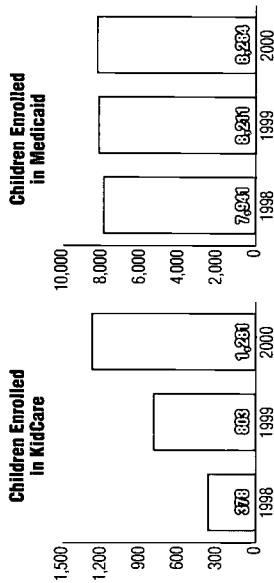
1999 Child Population: 37,495
(1.18% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 4,628

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93 17.1% (12.8%)[†]
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98 1,600

Percent, 1994-98 16.5% (12.6%)[†]
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -3.2% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998 332
Rate/1,000, 1998 8.8 (15.2)[†]
Children, 2000 309
Rate/1,000, 2000 8.2 (10.6)[†]

Percent Change since March 1998 -5.8% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000 501
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000 526

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99 485
Dropout Rate, 1998-99 6.4% (6.5%)[†]
Percent Change since 1993-94 -31.4% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers
Total, 1999 37
Accept Subsidies, 1999 29
Accredited, 1999 1

Homes
Total, 1999 147
Accept Subsidies, 1999 103
Accredited, 1999 1

Total, 2000
39
26
7

Accept Subsidies, 2000
26
199
163

Accredited, 2000
7
1
1

% Change in Centers
5.4% (-6.3%)[†]

% Change in Homes
35.4% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998 588
Rate/1,000, 1998 15.5 (9.8)[†]

Cases, 1999 633
Rate/1,000, 1999 16.9 (9.2)[†]

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999 8.9% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94 15.6 (17.1)[†]
Overall, 1995-98 13.6 (14.6)[†]

Homicide, 1991-94 8
Homicide, 1995-98 3

Suicide, 1991-94 12
Suicide, 1995-98 5

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98 643
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98 6.6 (8.0)[†]

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1989-93 75 (7.7)[†]
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93 7.5 (7.7)[†]

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -11.8% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000 8,098
All Students 23,696
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch 34.2% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98 9,685
Infant Deaths, 1994-98 79

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98 8.2 (8.6)[†]

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -32.9% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases 13,997
% of Total Child Support Collected 54.3% (58.1%)[†]
TANF Child Support Cases 2,778

% of TANF Child Support Collected 28.8% (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms) \$489 (\$665)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR 36% (39%)[†]
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR \$9.40 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997 1,764
Children, 1997 4,229

Grantees, 2000 715
Children, 2000 2,225

% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000 -59.5% (-64.7%)[†]

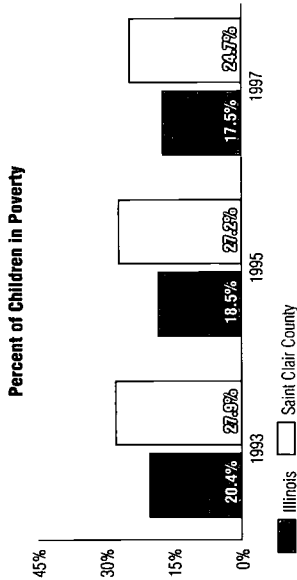




Children of Saint Clair County

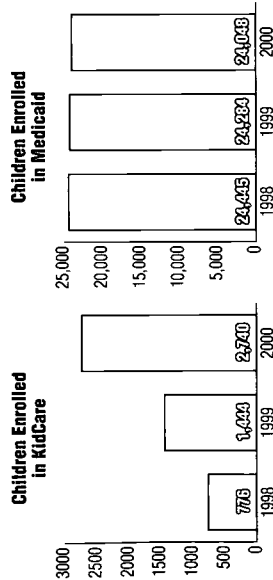
1999 Child Population: 74,401
(2.34% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 9,250

Focus on: Arts and recreation



NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 19.1% (12.8%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 3,580

Percent, 1994-98: 18.3% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -4.2% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 816
Rate/1,000, 1998: 10.8 (15.2)
Children, 2000: 601
Rate/1,000, 2000: 8.1 (10.6)

Percent Change since March 1998: -24.9% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 1,368
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 1,440

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 608
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 4.7% (6.5%)
Percent Change since 1993-94: -33.5% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Total, 1999: 72
Total, 1999: 302
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 57
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 259
Accredited, 1999: 4
Accredited, 1999: 2
Total, 2000: 77
Total, 2000: 417
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 60
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 365
Accredited, 2000: 5
Accredited, 2000: 8
% Change in Centers: 6.9% (-6.3%)
% Change in Homes: 38.1% (20.0%)

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 968
Rate/1,000, 1998: 12.8 (9.8)

Cases, 1999: 1,007
Rate/1,000, 1999: 13.5 (9.2)
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 6.0% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 22.2 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98: 15.1 (14.6)
Homicide, 1991-94: 43
Homicide, 1995-98: 19

Suicide, 1991-94: 8
Suicide, 1995-98: 5

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 1,721
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 8.8 (8.0)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -4.7% (2.4%)
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 9.2 (7.7)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -4.7% (2.4%)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 49,220
Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunches, 2000: 19,302
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 39.2% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 19,579
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 210
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 10.7 (8.6)

Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 12.6 (10.4)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -14.8% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 35,941
% of Total Child Support Collected: 51.6% (58.1%)
TANF Child Support Cases: 9,162
% of TANF Child Support Collected: 30.5% (41.0%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$519 (\$665)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 33% (39%)
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$9.98 (\$12.79)
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -66.3% (-64.7%)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 5,849
Children, 1997: 15,720
Grantees, 2000: 1,971
Children, 2000: 7,358

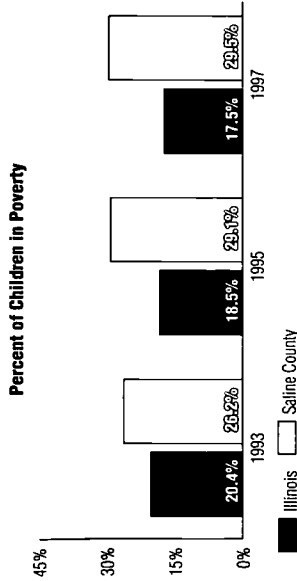
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -66.3% (-64.7%)



Children of Saline County

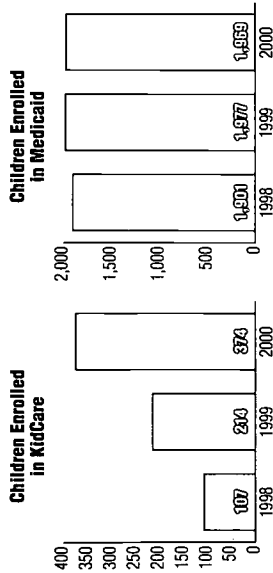
1999 Child Population: 6,326
(0.20% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 787

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 16.2% (12.8%)[†]
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 276
 Percent, 1994-98: 17.9% (12.6%)[†]
 Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 10.2% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 42
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 6.5 (15.2)[†]
 # Children, 2000: 44
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 7.0 (10.6)[†]
 Percent Change since March 1998: 6.8% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 125
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 197
 High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 94
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 7.6% (6.5%)[†]
 Percent Change since 1993-94: 6.7% (-11.0%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total	4	4	0.0%
Accept Subsidies	3	3	-6.3%
Accredited	0	0	0.0%
Total	25	30	20.0%
Accept Subsidies	22	24	20.0%
Accredited	0	0	0.0%

Centers

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total	4	4	0.0%
Accept Subsidies	3	3	-6.3%
Accredited	0	0	0.0%

Homes

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total	25	30	20.0%
Accept Subsidies	22	24	20.0%
Accredited	0	0	0.0%

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 136
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 21.1 (9.8)[†]
 Cases, 1999: 127
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 20.1 (9.2)[†]
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -4.8% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Category	1991-94	1995-98	% Change
Overall	10.8 (17.1) [†]	26.0 (14.6) [†]	140%
Homicide	0	1	100%
Homicide, 1991-94	0	1	100%
Homicide, 1995-98	0	1	100%
Suicide	0	0	0%
Suicide, 1995-98	0	0	0%

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Category	1989-93	1994-98	% Change
Low Birth Weight Babies	120	120	0%
LBW Babies/100	7.8 (8.0) [†]	7.0 (7.7) [†]	-10.3%
1989-93	7.0 (7.7) [†]	11.4% (2.4%) [†]	62.9%
1994-98	11.4% (2.4%) [†]	11.4% (2.4%) [†]	0%

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Category	1989-93	1994-98	% Change
Live Births	1,545	1,545	0%
Infant Deaths	11	11	0%
Deaths/1,000	7.1 (8.6) [†]	7.1 (8.6) [†]	0%
1989-93	7.1 (8.6) [†]	16.4% (-17.9%) [†]	-57.2%
1994-98	16.4% (-17.9%) [†]	16.4% (-17.9%) [†]	0%

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Category	1997	2000	% Change
Total Child Support Cases	2,612	2,612	0%
% of Total Child Support Collected	59.9% (58.1%) [†]	59.9% (58.1%) [†]	0%
TANF Child Support Cases	256	256	0%
% of TANF Child Support Collected	17.5% (41.0%) [†]	17.5% (41.0%) [†]	0%

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Category	1997	2000	% Change
Grantees	350	350	0%
Children	728	728	0%
Grantees, 2000	18	18	0%
Children, 2000	159	159	0%
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000	-94.9% (-64.7%) [†]	-94.9% (-64.7%) [†]	0%

Affordable Housing, 2000

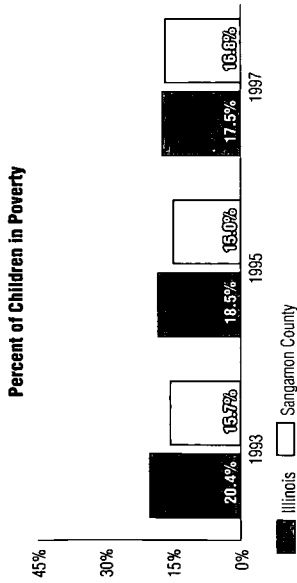
Category	2000	% Change
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$380 (\$665) [†]	54% (39%) [†]
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR	54% (39%) [†]	54% (39%) [†]
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	\$7.31 (\$12.79) [†]	\$7.31 (\$12.79) [†]



Children of Sangamon County

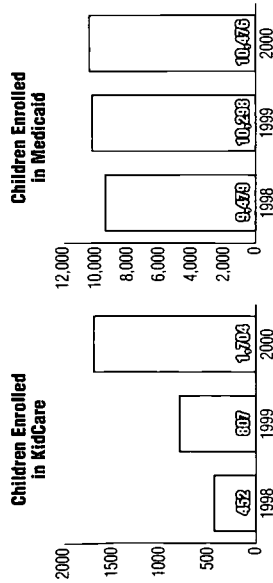
1999 Child Population: 48,731
(1.53% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 6,022

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
 * Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
 † Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 13.9% (12.8%)
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 1,781
 Percent, 1994-98: 14.1% (12.6%)
 Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 1.2% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 462
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 9.4 (15.2)[†]
 # Children, 2000: 355
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 7.3 (10.6)[†]
 Percent Change since March 1998: -22.2% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 459
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 1,061
 High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 328
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 4.0% (6.5%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Percent Change since 1993-94: -24.0% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers	Total, 1999	Accept Subsidies, 1999	Accredited, 1999	Total, 2000	Accept Subsidies, 2000	Accredited, 2000	% Change in Centers
	78	63	2	79	62	2	1.3% (-6.3%) [†]
Homes	Total, 1999	Accept Subsidies, 1999	Accredited, 1999	Total, 2000	Accept Subsidies, 2000	Accredited, 2000	% Change in Homes
	269	209	0	307	231	0	14.1% (20.0%) [†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 678
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 13.7 (9.8)[†]
 Cases, 1999: 677
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 13.9 (9.2)[†]
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 1.1% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 16.0 (17.1)[†]
 Overall, 1995-98: 14.1 (14.6)[†]
 Homicide, 1991-94: 9
 Homicide, 1995-98: 10
 Suicide, 1991-94: 3
 Suicide, 1995-98: 7

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 1,024
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 8.1 (8.0)[†]
 LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 7.2 (7.7)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 12.2% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 9,364
 All Students: 28,747
 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 32.6% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 12,670
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 123
 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 9.7 (8.6)[†]
 Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 9.1 (10.4)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 6.6% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 15,817
 % of Total Child Support Collected: 65.6% (58.1%)[†]
 TANF Child Support Cases: 2,433
 % of TANF Child Support Collected: 31.6% (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$524 (\$665)[†]
 Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 33% (39%)[†]
 Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$10.08 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 1,807
 Children, 1997: 4,753
 Grantees, 2000: 272
 Children, 2000: 1,404
 % Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -84.9% (-64.7%)[†]

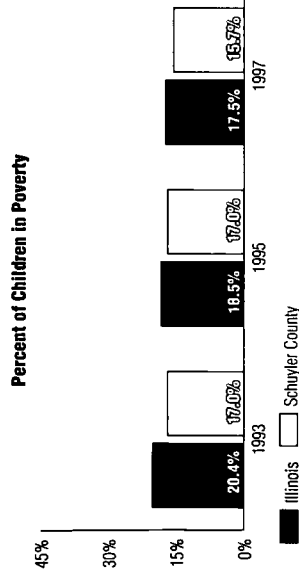




Children of Schuyler County

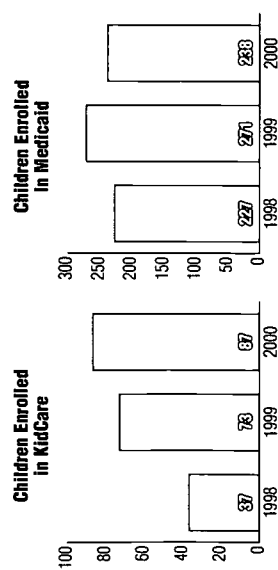
1999 Child Population: 1,862
(0.06% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



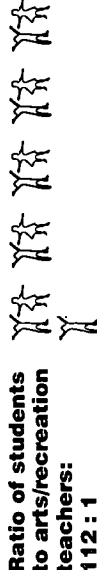
Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 234

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 14.6% (12.8%)
Percent, 1994-98: 12.3% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -15.9% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 9
Children, 2000: 6
Rate/1,000, 1998: 4.7 (15.2)[†]
Rate/1,000, 2000: 3.2 (10.6)[†]
Percent Change since March 1998: -31.2% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 5
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 75
High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 11
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 3.0% (6.5%)[†]
Percent Change since 1993-94: -54.0% (-11.0%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Total, 1999	0	Accredited, 1999	0	Total, 2000	0	Accredited, 2000	0	% Change in Centers	0.0% (-6.3%) [†]
Total, 1999	16	Accredited, 1999	13	Total, 2000	24	Accredited, 2000	19	% Change in Homes	50.0% (20.0%) [†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 13
Cases, 1999: 10
Rate/1,000, 1998: 6.8 (9.8)[†]
Rate/1,000, 1999: 5.4 (9.2)[†]
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -20.6% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 26.6 (17.1)[†]
Overall, 1995-98: 10.3 (14.6)[†]
Homicide, 1991-94: 0
Homicide, 1995-98: 0
Suicide, 1991-94: 0
Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 29
Low Birth Weight Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.9 (8.0)[†]
Low Birth Weight Babies/100, 1989-93: 4.4 (7.7)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 55.5% (2.4%)[†]
Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 326
All Students: 1,242
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 26.2% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 423
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 7
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 16.5 (8.6)[†]
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 9.3 (10.4)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 78.3% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 370
% of Total Child Support Collected: 73.3% (58.1%)[†]
TANF Child Support Cases: 6
% of TANF Child Support Collected: NA (41.0%)[†]
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)[†]
Estimated % Unavailable to Afford FMR: 52% (39%)[†]
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 26
Grantees, 2000: 0
Children, 1997: 48
Children, 2000: 2
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -100.0% (-64.7%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

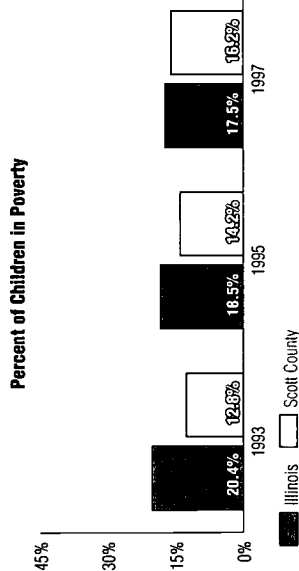




Children of Scott County

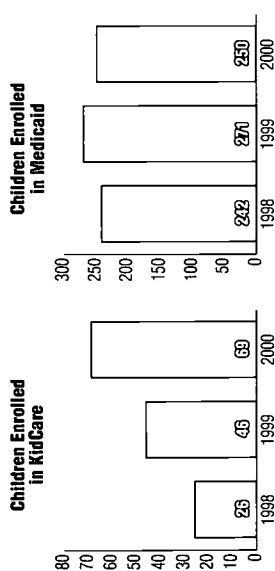
1999 Child Population: 1,473
(0.05% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 183

Focus on: Arts and recreation

Ratio of students to arts/recreation teachers: 98 : 1

Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.



FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93
12.0% (12.8%)[†]

Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98
37

Percent, 1994-98
11.3% (12.6%)[†]

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
-5.2% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998
1

Rate/1,000, 1998
0.7 (15.2)[†]

Children, 2000
1

Rate/1,000, 2000
0.7 (10.6)[†]

Percent Change since March 1998
1.6% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000
10

Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000
56

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99
7

Dropout Rate, 1998-99
2.0% (6.5%)[†]

Percent Change since 1993-94
41.2% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers
Total, 1999
0
Total, 2000
0
Accept Subsidies, 1999
0
Accept Subsidies, 2000
0
Accredited, 1999
0
Accredited, 2000
0

Homes
Total, 1999
10
Total, 2000
12
Accept Subsidies, 1999
9
Accept Subsidies, 2000
10
Accredited, 1999
0
Accredited, 2000
0

% Change in Centers
0.0% (-6.3%)[†]
% Change in Homes
20.0% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998
11

Rate/1,000, 1998
7.3 (9.8)[†]

Cases, 1999
6

Rate/1,000, 1999
4.1 (9.2)[†]

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999
-44.5% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94
13.4 (17.1)[†]

Overall, 1995-98
6.7 (14.6)[†]

Homicide, 1991-94
0

Homicide, 1995-98
0

Suicide, 1991-94
0

Suicide, 1995-98
0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98
14
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98
4.3 (8.0)[†]

LBW Babies/100, 1989-93
5.7 (7.7)[†]

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
-24.5% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000
236

All Students
1,098

% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch
21.5% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98
326

Infant Deaths, 1994-98
2

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98
6.1 (8.6)[†]

Deaths/1,000, 1989-93
6.0 (10.4)[†]

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
2.5% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases
319

% of Total Child Support Collected
65.9% (58.1%)[†]

TANF Child Support Cases
21

% of TANF Child Support Collected
1.3% (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)
\$380 (\$665)[†]

Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR
34% (39%)[†]

Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR
\$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997
37

Children, 1997
83

Grantees, 2000
3

Children, 2000
17

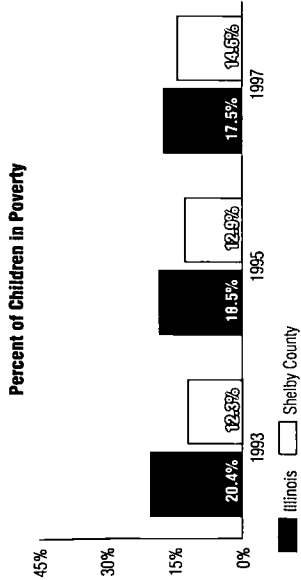
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000
-91.9% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of Shelby County

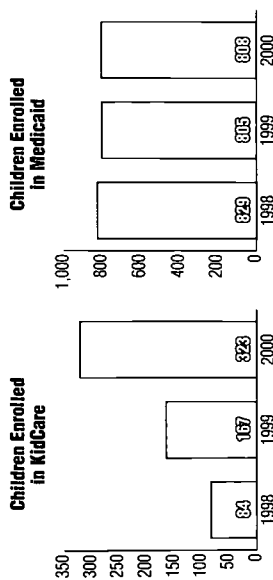
1999 Child Population: 5,787
(0.18% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



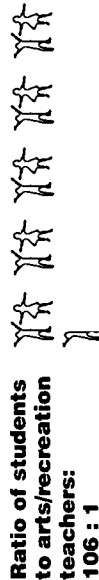
Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 723

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 13.1% (12.8%)[†]
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 172
 Percent, 1994-98: 12.8% (12.6%)[†]
 Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -2.5% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 5
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 0.8 (15.2)[†]
 # Children, 2000: 8
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 1.4 (10.6)[†]
 Percent Change since March 1998: 63.8% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 52
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 85
 High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 47
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 3.6% (6.5%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Total, 1999: 7
 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 1
 Total, 2000: 16
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 15
 Accredited, 1999: 0
 Accredited, 2000: 0
 Percent Change since 1993-94: 3.3% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers
 Total, 1999: 7
 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 1
 Total, 2000: 6
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 1
 Accredited, 1999: 0
 Accredited, 2000: 0
 % Change in Centers: -14.3% (-6.3%)[†]

Homes
 Total, 1999: 15
 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 14
 Total, 2000: 16
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 15
 Accredited, 1999: 0
 Accredited, 2000: 0
 % Change in Homes: 6.7% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 38
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 6.4 (9.8)[†]
 Cases, 1999: 41
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 7.1 (9.2)[†]
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 10.5% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 12.1 (17.1)[†]
 Overall, 1995-98: 21.8 (14.6)[†]
 Homicide, 1991-94: 0
 Homicide, 1995-98: 1
 Suicide, 1991-94: 2
 Suicide, 1995-98: 2

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 74
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 5.5 (8.0)[†]
 LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 5.8 (7.7)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -4.6% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 915
 All Students: 3,536
 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 25.9% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 1,346
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 7
 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 5.2 (8.6)[†]
 Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 11.7 (10.4)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -55.4% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 1,162
 % of Total Child Support Collected: 80.5% (58.1%)[†]
 TANF Child Support Cases: 64
 % of TANF Child Support Collected: 38.4% (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)[†]
 Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 32% (39%)[†]
 Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 107
 Children, 1997: 243
 Grantees, 2000: 0
 Children, 2000: 35
 % Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -100.0% (-64.7%)[†]

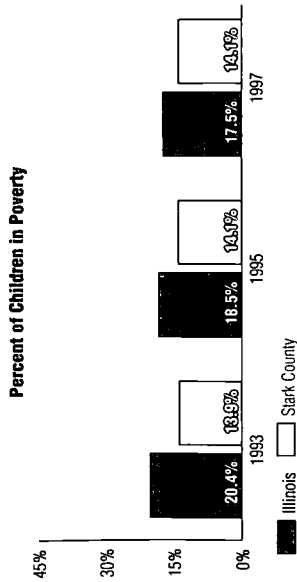




Children of Stark County

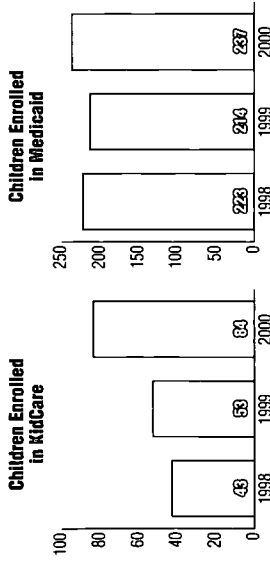
1999 Child Population: 1,572
(0.05% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 198

Focus on: Arts and recreation

Ratio of students to arts/recreation teachers: 96 : 1

Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.



FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 14.3% (12.8%)
Percent, 1994-98: 11.6% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -19.3% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 4
Children, 2000: 2
Rate/1,000, 1998: 2.5 (15.2%)
Rate/1,000, 2000: 1.3 (10.6%)
Percent Change since March 1998: -48.4% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 17
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 68
High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 12
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 3.3% (6.5%)
Percent Change since 1993-94: -35.8% (-11.0%)

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total	2	0	0.0% (-6.3%)
Accept Subsidies	1	1	0.0%
Accredited	0	0	0.0%
Total	9	10	11.1% (20.0%)
Accept Subsidies	8	7	-12.5%
Accredited	1	1	0.0%

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 16
Cases, 1999: 15
Rate/1,000, 1998: 9.9 (9.8)
Rate/1,000, 1999: 9.5 (9.2)
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -3.2% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 12.1 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98: 18.3 (14.6)
Homicide, 1991-94: 0
Homicide, 1995-98: 1
Suicide, 1991-94: 0
Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 25
Low Birth Weight Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.3 (8.0)
Low Birth Weight Babies/100, 1989-93: 5.1 (7.7)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 22.8% (2.4%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 398
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 2
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 5.0 (8.6)
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 15.3 (10.4)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -67.3% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Category	Value	% of Total Child Support Collected
Total Child Support Cases	350	87.0% (58.1%)
TANF Child Support Cases	24	57.3% (41.0%)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Category	1997	2000	% Change
Grantees	42	2	-95.2% (-64.7%)
Children	61	9	-85.2% (-64.7%)

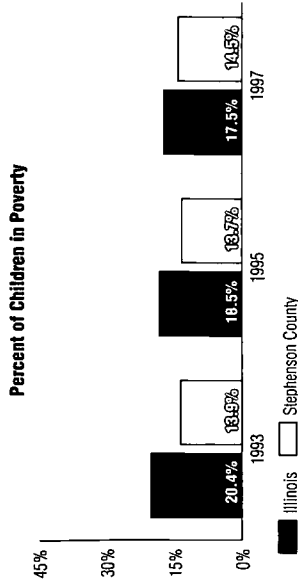
Affordable Housing, 2000

Category	Value	% of Families
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$380 (\$665)	35% (39%)
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	\$7.31 (\$12.79)	

Children of Stephenson County

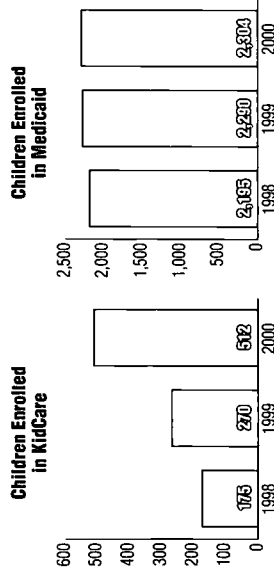
1999 Child Population: 12,445
(0.39% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,543

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 11.4% (12.8%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 449

Percent, 1994-98: 14.4% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 25.9% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 105
Rate/1,000, 1998: 8.3 (15.2)
Children, 2000: 68
Rate/1,000, 2000: 5.5 (10.6)

Percent Change since March 1998: -34.2% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 172
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 122

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 112
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 4.6% (6.5%)

Percent Change since 1993-94: -18.6% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers
Total, 1999: 14
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 10
Accredited, 1999: 0

Homes
Total, 1999: 105
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 97
Accredited, 1999: 0

Total, 2000
14
121
111

Accept Subsidies, 2000
9
111
1

Accredited, 2000
0
1
1

% Change in Centers
0.0% (-6.3%)

% Change in Homes
15.2% (20.0%)

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 122
Rate/1,000, 1998: 9.6 (9.8)

Cases, 1999: 152
Rate/1,000, 1999: 12.2 (9.2)

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 26.6% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 23.2 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98: 11.0 (14.6)

Homicide, 1991-94: 3
Homicide, 1995-98: 0
Suicide, 1991-94: 2
Suicide, 1995-98: 1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 244
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 7.8 (8.0)

LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 6.5 (7.7)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 20.0% (2.4%)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 2,056
All Students: 8,215
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 25.0% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 3,125
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 24

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 7.7 (8.6)

Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 10.0 (10.4)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -23.1% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 3,610
% of Total Child Support Collected: 59.3% (58.1%)
TANF Child Support Cases: 364

% of TANF Child Support Collected: 27.6% (41.0%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$403 (\$665)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 28% (39%)
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.75 (\$12.79)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 273
Children, 1997: 795

Grantees, 2000: 15
Children, 2000: 204

% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -94.5% (-64.7%)

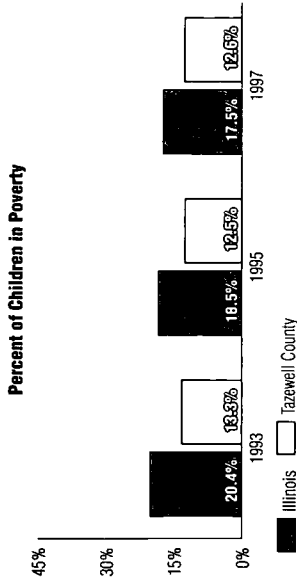




Children of Tazewell County

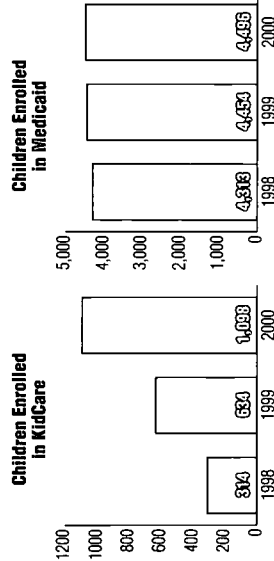
1999 Child Population: 32,817
(1.03% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 3,996

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 13.0% (12.8%)
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 1,021

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -1.2% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 113
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 3.5 (15.2)[†]
 # Children, 2000: 96
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 2.9 (10.6)[†]

Percent Change since March 1998: -15.2% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 303
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 245

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 264
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 4.2% (6.5%)[†]
 Percent Change since 1993-94: -23.2% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers: Total, 1999: 35; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 20
 Homes: Total, 1999: 85; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 51
 Total, 2000: 36; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 108
 % Change in Centers: 2.9% (-6.3%)[†]
 % Change in Homes: 27.1% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 369
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 11.3 (9.8)[†]

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 14.4% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 12.1 (17.1)[†]
 Overall, 1995-98: 10.8 (14.6)[†]
 Homicide, 1991-94: 1
 Homicide, 1995-98: 2

Suicide, 1991-94: 1
 Suicide, 1995-98: 1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 492
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.2 (8.0)[†]
 LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 6.0 (7.7)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 2.4% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 4,304
 All Students: 20,670
 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 20.8% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 7,951
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 57
 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 7.2 (8.6)[†]

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 3.1% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 6,402
 % of Total Child Support Collected: 64.4% (58.1%)[†]
 TANF Child Support Cases: 500
 % of TANF Child Support Collected: 58.8% (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$567 (\$665)[†]
 Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 40% (39%)[†]
 Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$10.90 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 832
 Children, 1997: 1,670

Grantees, 2000: 65
 Children, 2000: 301

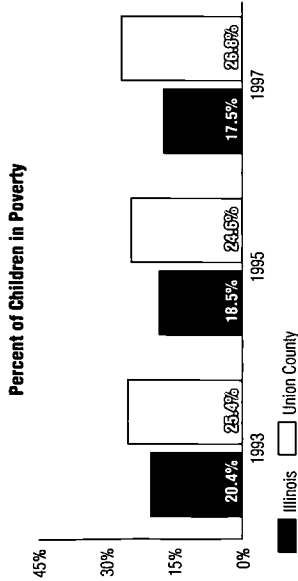
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -92.2% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of Union County

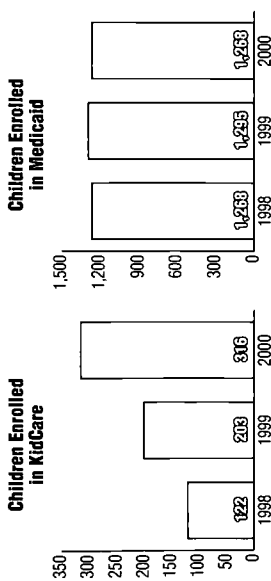
1999 Child Population: 4,254
(0.13% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



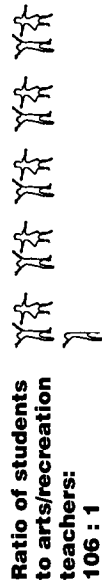
Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 521

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 16.0% (12.8%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 136

Percent, 1994-98: 13.1% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -18.4% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Rate/1,000, 1998: 6.8 (15.2)
Children, 1998: 29

Rate/1,000, 2000: 3.5 (10.6)
Percent Change since March 1998: -48.1% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 100
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 97

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 62
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 6.4% (6.5%)
Percent Change Since 1993-94: -11.8% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Total, 1999: 3
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 1
Total, 2000: 3
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 1
% Change in Centers: 0.0% (-6.3%)

Total, 1999: 14
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 10
Total, 2000: 15
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 11
% Change in Homes: 7.1% (20.0%)

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 37
Rate/1,000, 1998: 8.7 (9.8)

Cases, 1999: 50
Rate/1,000, 1999: 11.8 (9.2)
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 35.6% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 14.3 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98: 18.5 (14.6)

Homicide, 1991-94: 0
Homicide, 1995-98: 0
Suicide, 1991-94: 0
Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 66
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.4 (8.0)

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 16.3% (2.4%)
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 5.5 (7.7)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 1,389
All Students: 3,418
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 40.6% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 1,039
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 8

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 7.7 (8.6)
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 9.5 (10.4)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -19.3% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 1,521
% of Total Child Support Collected: 59.6% (58.1%)
TANF Child Support Cases: 180

% of TANF Child Support Collected: 38.6% (41.0%)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 44% (39%)
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 44% (39%)
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 237
Children, 1997: 467

Grantees, 2000: 33
Children, 2000: 153

% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -86.1% (-64.7%)
% Change in Children, 1997-2000: -66.1% (-64.7%)

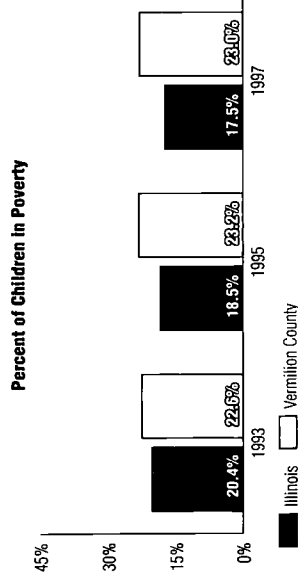




Children of Vermilion County

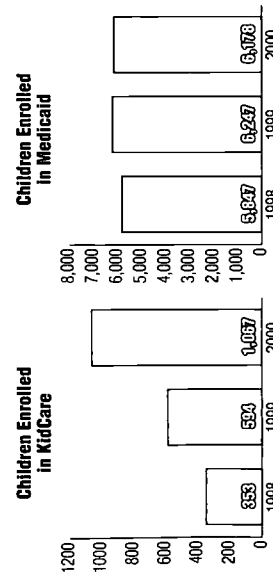
1999 Child Population: 21,425
(0.67% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 2,664

Focus on: Arts and recreation

Ratio of students to arts/recreation teachers: 116 : 1

Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.



FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 18.2% (12.8%)
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 1,151
 Percent, 1994-98: 19.7% (12.6%)
 Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 8.3% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 288
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 13.2 (15.2)
 # Children, 2000: 223
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 10.4 (10.6)
 Percent Change since March 1998: -21.1% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 368
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 406
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 8.3% (6.5%)
 Percent Change since 1993-94: 8.4% (-11.0%)

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 333
 Total, 1999: 17
 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 13
 Accredited, 1999: 1
 Total, 2000: 183
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 111
 Accredited, 2000: 1
 % Change in Centers: 0.0% (-6.3%)
 % Change in Homes: 23.6% (20.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Total, 1999: 148
 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 85
 Accredited, 1999: 1
 Total, 2000: 183
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 111
 Accredited, 2000: 1

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 393
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 18.0 (9.8)

Cases, 1999: 326
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 15.2 (9.2)
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -15.5% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 15.4 (17.1)
 Overall, 1995-98: 19.5 (14.6)

Homicide, 1991-94: 2
 Homicide, 1995-98: 2
 Suicide, 1991-94: 1
 Suicide, 1995-98: 2

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 478
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 8.2 (6.0)
 LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 7.6 (7.7)

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 7.1% (2.4%)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 5,785
 All Students: 15,165
 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 38.1% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 5,849
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 56

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 9.6 (6.6)
 Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 9.1 (10.4)
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 5.6% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 9,190
 % of Total Child Support Collected: 60.6% (58.1%)
 TANF Child Support Cases: 1,462
 % of TANF Child Support Collected: 34.8% (41.0%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$419 (\$665)
 Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 42% (39%)
 Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$8.06 (\$12.79)
 % Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -76.5% (-64.7%)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 1,026
 Children, 1997: 2,805

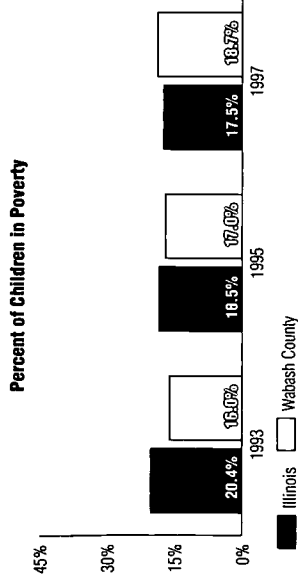
Grantees, 2000: 241
 Children, 2000: 1,150



Children of Wabash County

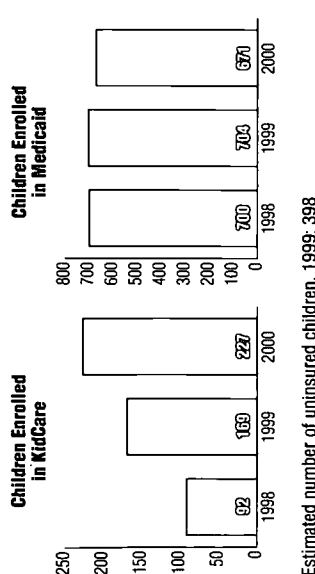
1999 Child Population: 3,186
(0.10% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 398

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 15.0% (12.6%)
Percent, 1994-98: 15.0% (12.6%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 99
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -4.9% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 2
Children, 2000: 1
Rate/1,000, 1998: 0.6 (15.2)
Rate/1,000, 2000: 0.3 (10.6)
Percent Change since March 1998: -48.8% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 42
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 105
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 4.8% (6.5%)
Percent Change since 1993-94: -5.1% (-11.0%)

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 36
Total, 2000: 3
Total, 2000: 15
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 2
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 2
Accredited, 2000: 0
Accredited, 2000: 0
% Change in Centers: 0.00% (-6.3%)
% Change in Homes: -6.30% (20.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Total, 1999: 3
Total, 2000: 3
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 2
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 2
Accredited, 1999: 0
Accredited, 2000: 0
Cases, 1999: 56
Rate/1,000, 1998: 15.3 (9.8)
Rate/1,000, 1999: 17.6 (9.2)
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 14.7% (-6.1%)

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 50
Cases, 1999: 56
Rate/1,000, 1998: 15.3 (9.8)
Rate/1,000, 1999: 17.6 (9.2)
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 14.7% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 14.7 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98: 6.0 (14.6)
Homicide, 1991-94: 0
Homicide, 1995-98: 0
Suicide, 1991-94: 0
Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 50
Low Birth Weight Babies/100, 1994-98: 7.6 (8.0)
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 6.9 (7.7)
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.9 (7.7)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 10.4% (2.4%)
Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 541
All Students: 2,455
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 22.0% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 658
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 8
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 12.2 (6.6)
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 13.8 (10.4)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -11.7% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases, 1,070
% of Total Child Support Collected: 70.3% (58.1%)
TANF Child Support Cases, 65
% of TANF Child Support Collected: 54.8% (41.0%)
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 44% (39%)
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

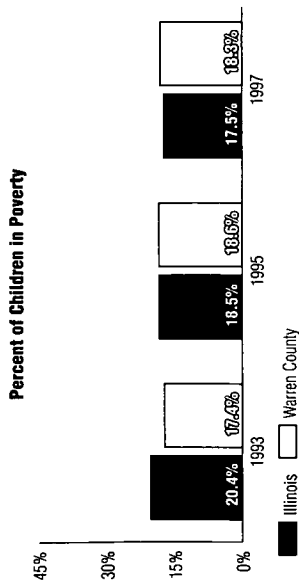
Grantees, 1997: 90
Grantees, 1997: 200
Children, 1997: 1
Children, 2000: 33
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -98.9% (-64.7%)
% Change in Children, 1997-2000: -98.9% (-64.7%)



Children of Warren County

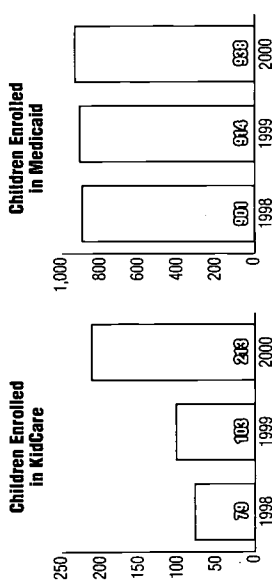
1999 Child Population: 4,789
(0.15% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 589

Focus on: Arts and recreation

Ratio of students to arts/recreation teachers: 96 : 1

Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93
14.2% (12.8%)[†]

Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98
173

Percent, 1994-98
15.4% (12.6%)[†]

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
8.6% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998
26

Rate/1,000, 1998
5.4 (15.2)[†]

Children, 2000
16

Rate/1,000, 2000
3.3 (10.6)[†]

Percent Change since March 1998
-37.9% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000
163

Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000
37

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99
49

Dropout Rate, 1998-99
4.8% (6.5%)[†]

Percent Change since 1993-94
-35.9% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers
Total, 1999
13

Accept Subsidies, 1999
3

Accredited, 1999
0

Homes
Total, 1999
22

Accept Subsidies, 1999
15

Accredited, 1999
0

Total, 2000
14

Accept Subsidies, 2000
3

Accredited, 2000
0

Total, 2000
38

Accept Subsidies, 2000
29

Accredited, 2000
0

% Change in Centers
7.7% (-6.3%)[†]

% Change in Homes
72.7% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998
100

Rate/1,000, 1998
20.7 (9.8)[†]

Cases, 1999
83

Rate/1,000, 1999
17.3 (9.2)[†]

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999
-16.3% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94
20.0 (17.1)[†]

Overall, 1995-98
10.3 (14.6)[†]

Homicide, 1991-94
0

Homicide, 1995-98
0

Suicide, 1991-94
0

Suicide, 1995-98
0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98
79

LBW Babies/100, 1994-98
7.0 (8.0)[†]

Low Birth Weight Babies/100, 1989-93
5.1 (7.7)[†]

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
39.2% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000
1,016

All Students
2,901

% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch
35.0% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98
1,121

Infant Deaths, 1994-98
5

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98
4.5 (8.6)[†]

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
-54.3% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases
1,377

% of Total Child Support Collected
65.6% (58.1%)[†]

TANF Child Support Cases
163

% of TANF Child Support Collected
61.9% (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)
\$380 (\$665)[†]

Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR
38% (39%)[†]

Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR
\$7.31 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997
164

Children, 1997
307

Grantees, 2000
30

Children, 2000
105

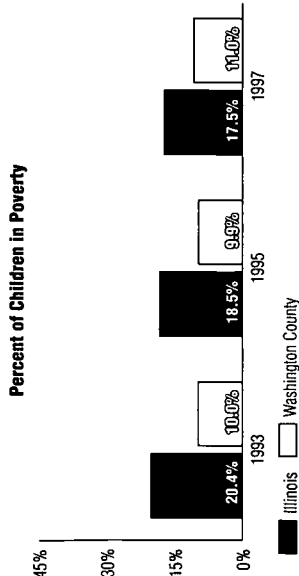
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000
-81.7% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of Washington County

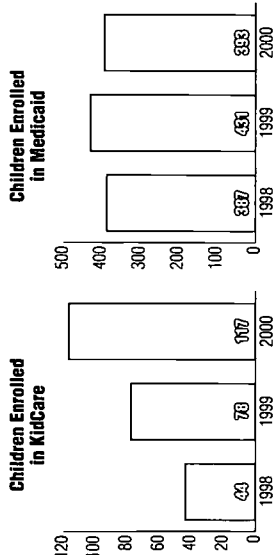
1999 Child Population: 4,017
(0.13% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 500

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
* Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 10.5% (12.8%)
 Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 74
 Percent, 1994-98: 9.4% (12.6%)
 Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -10.7% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 8
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 2.0 (15.2)[†]
 # Children, 2000: 7
 Rate/1,000, 2000: 1.7 (10.6)[†]
 Percent Change since March 1998: -10.6% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 18
 Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 80
 Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 2.7% (6.5%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 21
 Accept Subsidies, 1999: 4
 Total, 2000: 5
 Accented, 2000: 0
 Accept Subsidies, 2000: 16
 Total, 2000: 16
 Accented, 2000: 0
 Percent Change since 1993-94: -21.7% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers: Total, 1999: 5; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 4; Total, 2000: 5; Accented, 2000: 0; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 4; Total, 2000: 9; % Change in Centers: 0.0% (-6.3%)[†]

Homes: Total, 1999: 13; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 13; Total, 2000: 16; Accented, 2000: 0; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 16; Total, 2000: 32; % Change in Homes: 23.1% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 24
 Rate/1,000, 1998: 5.9 (9.8)[†]
 Cases, 1999: 37
 Rate/1,000, 1999: 9.2 (9.2)[†]
 Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 57.4% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 15.4 (17.1)[†]
 Overall, 1995-98: 12.3 (14.6)[†]
 Homicide, 1991-94: 0
 Homicide, 1995-98: 0
 Suicide, 1991-94: 1
 Suicide, 1995-98: 0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 40
 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 5.1 (8.0)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 31.0% (2.4%)[†]
 Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 525
 All Students: 2,820
 % Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 18.6% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 791
 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 3
 Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 3.8 (8.6)[†]
 Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 7.7 (10.4)[†]
 % Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -50.9% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 563
 % of Total Child Support Collected: 70.6% (58.1%)[†]
 TANF Child Support Cases: 37
 % of TANF Child Support Collected: 69.2% (41.0%)[†]
 Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$420 (\$665)[†]
 Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 23% (39%)[†]
 Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$8.08 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 49
 Children, 1997: 139
 Grantees, 2000: 1
 Children, 2000: 15
 % Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -98.0% (-64.7%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

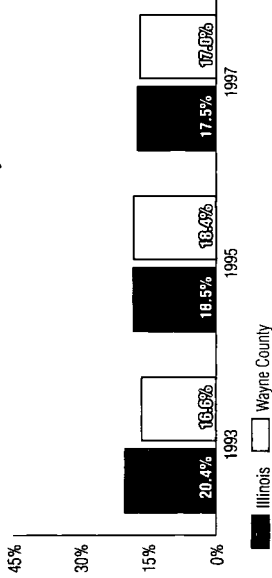
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$420 (\$665)[†]
 Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 23% (39%)[†]
 Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$8.08 (\$12.79)[†]

Children of Wayne County

1999 Child Population: 4,152
(0.13% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children

Percent of Children in Poverty



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance

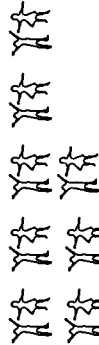
Children Enrolled in Medicaid



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 511

Focus on: Arts and recreation

Ratio of students to arts/recreation teachers: 159 : 1



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93
15.6% (12.8%)*

Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98
151

Percent, 1994-98
16.3% (12.6%)*

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
4.7% (-1.7%)*

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998
10

Children, 2000
4

Rate/1,000, 1998
2.4 (15.2)*

Rate/1,000, 2000
1.0 (10.6)*

Percent Change since March 1998
-59.6% (-30.4%)*

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000
54

Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000
133

Dropout Rate, 1998-99
4.0% (6.5%)*

Percent Change since 1993-94
1.5% (-11.0%)*

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers	Total, 1999	Accept Subsidies, 1999	Accredited, 1999	Total, 2000	Accept Subsidies, 2000	Accredited, 2000	% Change in Centers since 1993-94
Homes	14	13	0	15	15	0	7.1% (20.0%)*

Centers	Total, 1999	Accept Subsidies, 1999	Accredited, 1999	Total, 2000	Accept Subsidies, 2000	Accredited, 2000	% Change in Centers since 1993-94
Homes	2	1	0	2	1	0	0.0% (-6.3%)*

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998
42

Cases, 1999
55

Rate/1,000, 1998
10.0 (9.8)*

Rate/1,000, 1999
13.2 (9.2)*

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999
32.2% (-6.1%)*

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94
16.8 (17.1)*

Overall, 1995-98
11.9 (14.6)*

Homicide, 1991-94
0

Homicide, 1995-98
1

Suicide, 1991-94
0

Suicide, 1995-98
0

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98
65

Low Birth Weight Babies/100, 1989-93
7.3 (7.7)*

Low Birth Weight Babies/100, 1994-98
7.0 (8.0)*

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
-3.9% (2.4%)*

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000
1,018

All Students
3,019

% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch
33.7% (40.3%)*

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98
927

Infant Deaths, 1994-98
7

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98
7.6 (8.6)*

Deaths/1,000, 1989-93
10.7 (10.4)*

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98
-29.4% (-17.9%)*

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases
1,078

% of Total Child Support Collected
66.4% (58.1%)*

TANF Child Support Cases
71

% of TANF Child Support Collected
88.6% (41.0%)*

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)
\$380 (\$665)*

Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR
44% (39%)*

Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR
\$7.31 (\$12.79)*

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997
103

Children, 1997
208

Grantees, 2000
8

Children, 2000
47

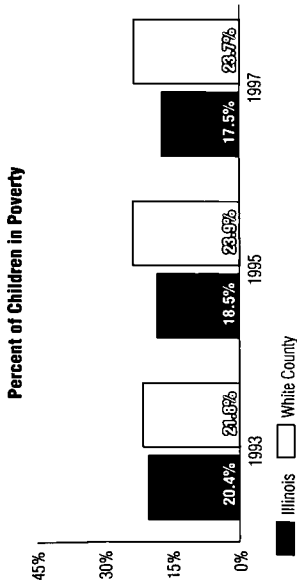
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000
-92.2% (-64.7%)*

Children of White County



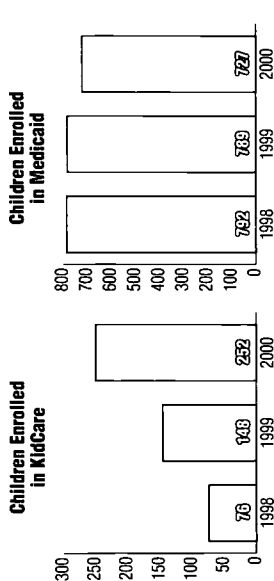
1999 Child Population: 3,651
(0.11% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



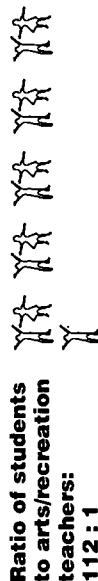
Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 452

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 14.6% (12.8%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 147

Percent, 1994-98: 17.7% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 21.2% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 13
Rate/1,000, 1998: 3.5 (15.2)
Children, 2000: 9

Rate/1,000, 2000: 2.5 (10.6)
Percent Change since March 1998: -29.7% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 28
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 92

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 35
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 3.9% (6.5%)
Percent Change since 1993-94: -45.4% (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers	Total, 1999	Accept Subsidies, 1999	Accredited, 1999	Total, 2000	Accept Subsidies, 2000	Accredited, 2000	Percent Change since 1993-94
Homes	6	4	0	7	4	0	% Change in Centers: 16.7% (-6.3%)
	4	2	0	4	2	0	% Change in Homes: 0.0% (20.0%)

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 52
Rate/1,000, 1998: 14.0 (9.8)
Cases, 1999: 46
Rate/1,000, 1999: 12.6 (9.2)
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -10.2% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 23.6 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98: 45.2 (14.6)
Homicide, 1991-94: 0
Homicide, 1995-98: 1
Suicide, 1991-94: 0
Suicide, 1995-98: 1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 69
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 8.3 (8.0)
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 5.5 (7.7)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 50.6% (2.4%)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 952
All Students: 2,828
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 33.7% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 831
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 2
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 2.4 (8.6)
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 8.6 (10.4)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -72.2% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 1,148
% of Total Child Support Collected: 61.8% (58.1%)
TANF Child Support Cases: 84
% of TANF Child Support Collected: 52.4% (41.0%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$380 (\$665)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 39% (39%)
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$7.31 (\$12.79)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

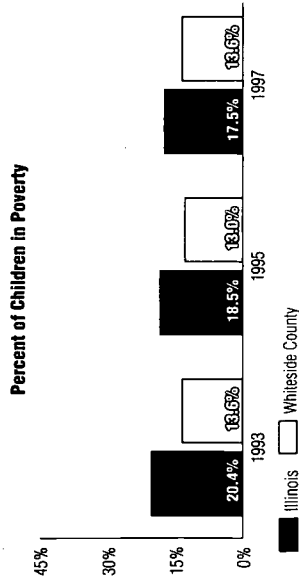
Grantees, 1997: 165
Children, 1997: 338
Grantees, 2000: 5
Children, 2000: 36
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -97.0% (-64.7%)



Children of Whiteside County

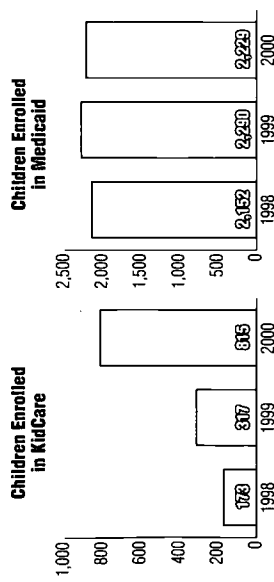
1999 Child Population: 15,797
(0.50% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



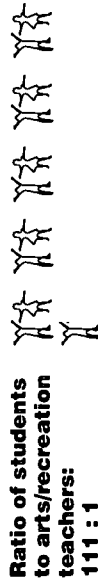
Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,953

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 14.4% (12.8%)[†]
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 653

Percent, 1994-98: 16.7% (12.6%)[†]
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 16.5% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 89
Rate/1,000, 1998: 5.6 (15.2)[†]
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 299

Children, 2000: 91
Rate/1,000, 2000: 5.8 (10.6)[†]
Percent Change since March 1998: 3.6% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 164
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 299
High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 165
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 5.3% (6.5%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Percent Change since 1993-94: -19.4% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Total, 1999: 18
Accept Subsidies, 1999: 8
Total, 2000: 35
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 30
Accredited, 1999: 0
Accredited, 2000: 1

Total, 2000: 18
Accept Subsidies, 2000: 8
Accredited, 2000: 0
% Change in Centers: 0.0% (-6.3%)[†]
% Change in Homes: 20.7% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 227
Rate/1,000, 1998: 14.2 (9.8)[†]

Cases, 1999: 233
Rate/1,000, 1999: 14.7 (9.2)[†]
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 4.0% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 16.0 (17.1)[†]
Overall, 1995-98: 14.1 (14.6)[†]

Homicide, 1991-94: 2
Homicide, 1995-98: 1
Suicide, 1991-94: 2
Suicide, 1995-98: 1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 234
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.0 (8.0)[†]
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 5.5 (7.7)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 9.4% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 11,347
Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 1999: 2,551
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 22.5% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 3,901
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 20
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 5.1 (8.6)[†]

Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 8.7 (10.4)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -41.0% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 4,246
% of Total Child Support Collected: 47.4% (58.1%)[†]
TANF Child Support Cases: 322
% of TANF Child Support Collected: 21.4% (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$421 (\$665)[†]
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 32% (39%)[†]
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$8.10 (\$12.79)[†]
Grantees, 1997: 280
Grantees, 2000: 10
Children, 1997: 705
Children, 2000: 108
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -96.4% (-64.7%)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

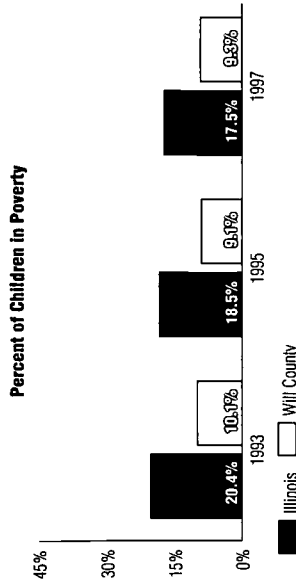
Grantees, 1997: 280
Grantees, 2000: 10
Children, 1997: 705
Children, 2000: 108
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -96.4% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of Will County

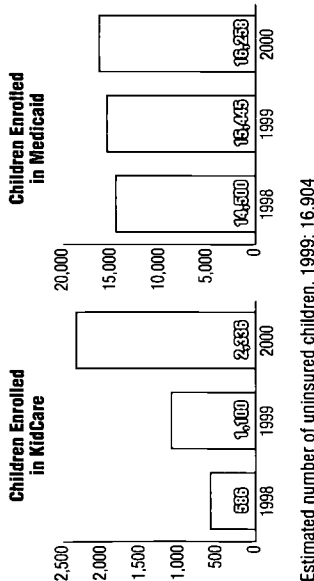
1999 Child Population: 143,021
(4.50% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 16,904

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 9.9% (12.8%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 2,870

Percent, 1994-98: 8.5% (12.6%)
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -14.1% (-1.7%)†

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 499
Rate/1,000, 1998: 3.6 (15.2)†

Children, 2000: 355
Rate/1,000, 2000: 2.5 (10.6)†
Percent Change since March 1998: -31.1% (-30.4%)†

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 639
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 588

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 704
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 3.5% (6.5%)†
Percent Change since 1993-94: -38.5% (-11.0%)†

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers: Total, 1999: 86; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 60; Accredited, 1999: 1
Homes: Total, 1999: 268; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 183; Accredited, 1999: 10

Total, 2000: 105; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 72; Accredited, 2000: 2
Total, 2000: 329; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 237; Accredited, 2000: 10
% Change in Centers: 22.1% (-6.3%)†
% Change in Homes: 22.8% (20.0%)†

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 471
Rate/1,000, 1998: 3.4 (9.8)†

Cases, 1999: 550
Rate/1,000, 1999: 3.8 (9.2)†
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 13.1% (-6.1%)†

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 13.7 (17.1)†
Overall, 1995-98: 10.9 (14.6)†

Homicide, 1991-94: 17
Homicide, 1995-98: 11
Suicide, 1991-94: 10
Suicide, 1995-98: 9

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 2,249
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.7 (8.0)†

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 9.1% (2.4%)†

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 13,613
All Students: 57,676
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 23.6% (40.3%)†

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 33,749
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 261

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 7.7 (8.6)†
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 7.8 (10.4)†
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -1.3% (-17.9%)†

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases: 22,911
% of Total Child Support Collected: 50.9% (58.1%)†

TANF Child Support Cases: 3,078
% of TANF Child Support Collected: 24.5% (41.0%)†

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$788 (\$665)†
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 44% (39%)†
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$15.15 (\$12.79)†

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 2,456
Children, 1997: 6,298

Grantees, 2000: 486
Children, 2000: 2,143

% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -80.2% (-64.7%)†

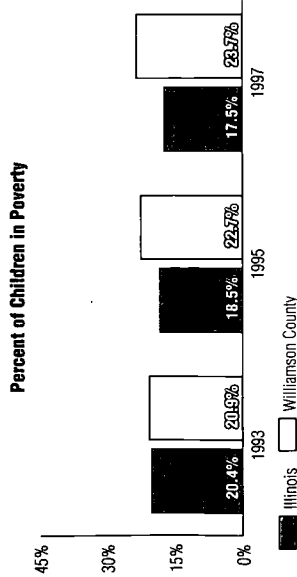




Children of Williamson County

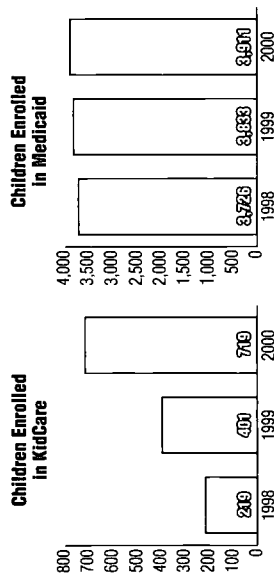
1999 Child Population: 14,672
(0.46% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,783

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.



FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93 16.0% (12.8%)[†]
Percent, 1994-98 14.7% (12.6%)[†]
Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -8.3% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998 71
Children, 2000 65
Rate/1,000, 1998 4.9 (15.2)[†]
Rate/1,000, 2000 4.4 (10.6)[†]
Percent Change since March 1998 -8.8% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000 211
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000 117
High School Dropouts, 1998-99 85
Dropout Rate, 1998-99 3.1% (6.5%)[†]
Percent Change since 1993-94 -45.2% (-11.0%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	1999	2000	% Change
Total	16	16	0.0% (-6.3%) [†]
Accept Subsidies	15	14	0.0% (-6.3%) [†]
Total	51	58	13.7% (20.0%) [†]
Accept Subsidies	45	50	13.7% (20.0%) [†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998 189
Rate/1,000, 1998 12.9 (9.8)[†]
Cases, 1999 194
Rate/1,000, 1999 13.2 (9.2)[†]
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999 2.2% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94 12.7 (17.1)[†]
Overall, 1995-98 16.4 (14.6)[†]
Homicide, 1991-94 0
Homicide, 1995-98 0
Suicide, 1991-94 1
Suicide, 1995-98 3

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98 190
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98 5.5 (8.0)[†]
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93 6.8 (7.7)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -18.8% (2.4%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000 9,705
Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 1999 9,705
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000 38.6% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98 3,466
Infant Deaths, 1994-98 29
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98 8.4 (8.6)[†]
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93 9.0 (10.4)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -7.1% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Category	Value	% of Total Child Support Collected
Total Child Support Cases	4,878	58.8% (58.1%) [†]
TANF Child Support Cases	707	44.1% (41.0%) [†]

Affordable Housing, 2000

Category	Value	% Change
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$382 (\$665) [†]	40% (39%) [†]
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	\$7.35 (\$12.79) [†]	40% (39%) [†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

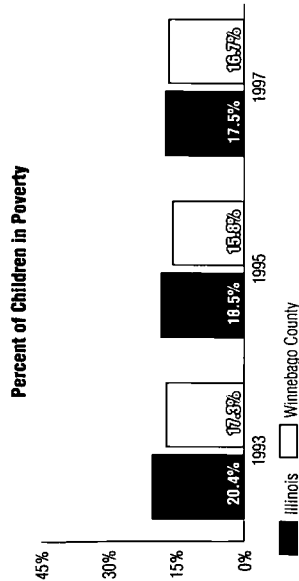
Grantees, 1997 710
Children, 1997 1,516
Grantees, 2000 174
Children, 2000 613
% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000 -75.5% (-64.7%)[†]



Children of Winnebago County

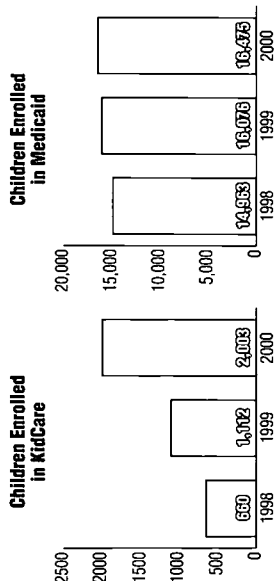
1999 Child Population: 70,243
(2.21% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 8,647

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93 14.2% (12.8%)
Percent, 1994-98 13.7% (12.6%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98 2,661

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -3.7% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Rate/1,000, 1998 10.5 (15.2)[†]
Rate/1,000, 2000 8.9 (10.6)[†]
Children, 1998 745
Children, 2000 625

Percent Change since March 1998 -15.4% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000 557
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000 1,197
High School Dropouts, 1998-99 1,065
Dropout Rate, 1998-99 9.3% (6.5%)[†]

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

Percent Change since 1993-94 30.9% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers Total, 1999 60
Total, 2000 63
Accept Subsidies, 1999 36
Total, 2000 498
Accredited, 1999 1
Total, 2000 37
Accept Subsidies, 1999 396
Total, 2000 580
Accredited, 2000 1
Total, 2000 498

% Change in Centers 5.0% (-6.3%)[†]
% Change in Homes 22.6% (20.0%)[†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998 900
Rate/1,000, 1998 12.7 (9.8)[†]
Cases, 1999 923
Rate/1,000, 1999 13.1 (9.2)[†]

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999 3.5% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94 16.7 (17.1)[†]
Overall, 1995-98 15.3 (14.6)[†]
Homicide, 1991-94 15
Homicide, 1995-98 16
Suicide, 1991-94 7
Suicide, 1995-98 6

Suicide, 1995-98 6

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98 1,565
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98 8.1 (8.0)[†]
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93 7.4 (7.7)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 9.4% (2.4%)[†]

% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000 46,218
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch 33.7% (40.3%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98 19,422
Infant Deaths, 1994-98 161
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98 8.3 (8.6)[†]

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98 -7.1% (-17.9%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases 25,869
% of Total Child Support Collected 54.1% (58.1%)[†]
TANF Child Support Cases 3,410
% of TANF Child Support Collected 33.0% (41.0%)[†]

Affordable Housing, 2000
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms) \$574 (\$665)[†]
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR 38% (39%)[†]
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR \$11.04 (\$12.79)[†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997 2,527
Grantees, 1999 289
Children, 1997 7,033
Children, 2000 1,742

% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000 -88.6% (-64.7%)[†]

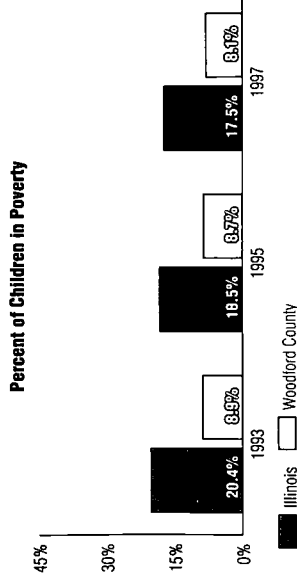




Children of Woodford County

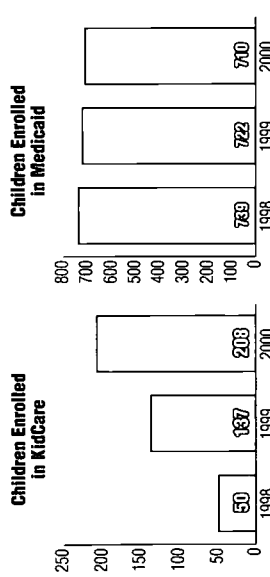
1999 Child Population: 10,084
(0.32% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



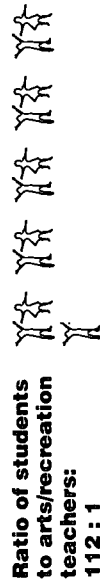
Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 1,233

Focus on: Arts and recreation



Each pair represents 20 students

NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 7.1% (12.8%)[†] Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 178
Percent, 1994-98: 8.8% (12.6%)[†] Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 23.0% (-1.7%)[†]

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 35 Rate/1,000, 1998: 3.5 (15.2)[†] # Children, 2000: 24
Rate/1,000, 2000: 2.4 (10.6)[†] Percent Change since March 1998: -31.3% (-30.4%)[†]

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 17
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 194

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 83
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 3.5% (6.5%)[†]
Percent Change since 1993-94: -10.5% (-11.0%)[†]

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Category	Total, 1999	Accept Subsidies, 1999	Accredited, 1999	Total, 2000	Accept Subsidies, 2000	Accredited, 2000	% Change in Centers
Centers	12	8	0	12	8	0	0.0% (-6.3%) [†]
Homes	8	6	0	13	9	0	% Change in Homes: 62.5% (20.0%) [†]

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 76 Rate/1,000, 1998: 7.5 (9.8)[†]
Cases, 1999: 77 Rate/1,000, 1999: 7.6 (9.2)[†]
Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: 1.6% (-6.1%)[†]

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 12.5 (17.1)[†] Overall, 1995-98: 15.0 (14.6)[†]
Homicide, 1991-94: 0 Homicide, 1995-98: 0
Suicide, 1991-94: 0 Suicide, 1995-98: 1

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 127 LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 6.3 (8.0)[†]
LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 5.7 (7.7)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 10.1% (2.4%)[†]

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 2,030 Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 14
Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 6.9 (8.6)[†]
Deaths/1,000, 1989-93: 7.5 (10.4)[†]
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -7.5% (-17.9%)[†]

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 871
All Students: 7,101
% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 12.3% (40.3%)[†]

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Category	% of Total Child Support Cases	TANF Child Support Cases	% of TANF Child Support Collected
Total Child Support Cases	2,358	294	39.3% (41.0%) [†]
% Collected	69.1% (58.1%) [†]		

Affordable Housing, 2000

Category	Value	% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000
Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms)	\$567 (\$665) [†]	40% (39%) [†]
Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR	\$10.90 (\$12.79) [†]	
Children, 2000	46	-92.0% (-64.7%) [†]

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

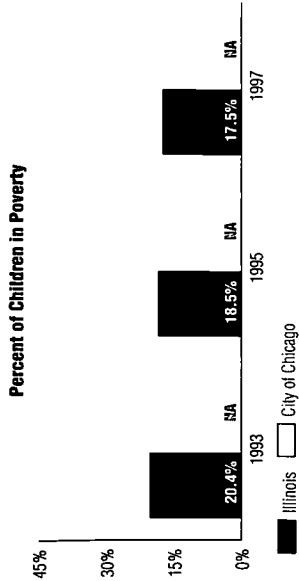
Grantees, 1997: 112 Children, 1997: 270
Grantees, 2000: 9 Children, 2000: 46



Children of the City of Chicago

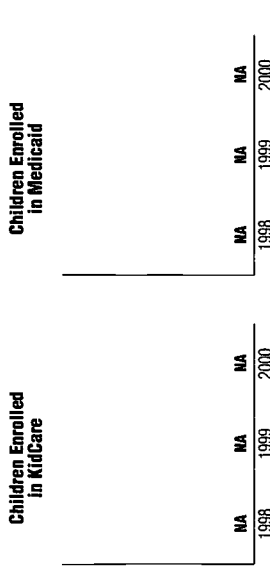
1999 Child Population: 716,234
(22.50% of Illinois children)

Focus on: Poor children



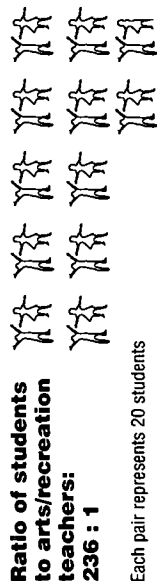
Federal poverty level for a family of four, 1997: \$16,276

Focus on: Health insurance



Estimated number of uninsured children, 1999: 87,831

Focus on: Arts and recreation



NA = Not Available
* Data were insufficient to calculate a rate
† Numbers in parentheses are comparable rates or percentages for the entire state.

FAMILY

Teen Births, Percent Change 1989-93 to 1994-98

Percent, 1989-93: 18.4% (12.8%)
Births to Teen Mothers, 1994-98: 49,254

Percent, 1994-98: 19.0% (12.6%)

Percent Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: 3.3% (-1.7%)

Children in Foster/Substitute Care, March 1998 to March 2000

Children, 1998: 31,813
Rate/1,000, 1998: 44.2 (15.2)

Children, 2000: 20,576
Rate/1,000, 2000: 28.7 (10.6)

Percent Change since March 1998: -35.1% (-30.4%)

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start Enrollment, 2000

Head Start Enrollment, FY 2000: 16,518
Pre-K Enrollment, 1999-2000: 18,451

High School Dropouts, FY 1999

High School Dropouts, 1998-99: 15,464
Dropout Rate, 1998-99: 16.2% (6.5%)

Percent Change since 1993-94 NA (-11.0%)

Licensed Child Care, 1999 to 2000

Centers: Total, 1999: 642; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 420; Accredited, 1999: 146
Homes: Total, 1999: 1,011; Accept Subsidies, 1999: 947; Accredited, 1999: 30

Total, 2000: 534; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 398; Accredited, 2000: 88
Total, 2000: 1,263; Accept Subsidies, 2000: 1,207; Accredited, 2000: 21

% Change in Centers: -16.8% (-6.3%)
% Change in Homes: 24.9% (20.0%)

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect, 1998 to 1999

Cases, 1998: 9,007
Rate/1,000, 1998: 12.5 (9.8)

Cases, 1999: 7,632
Rate/1,000, 1999: 10.7 (9.2)

Percent Change, 1998 to 1999: -14.9% (-6.1%)

Child Death Rate/10,000, 1991-94 to 1995-98

Overall, 1991-94: 5.8 (17.1)
Overall, 1995-98: 4.4 (14.6)

Homicide, 1991-94: 743
Homicide, 1995-98: 617

Suicide, 1991-94: 59
Suicide, 1995-98: 41

HEALTH

Low Birth Weight, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Low Birth Weight Babies, 1994-98: 28,408
LBW Babies/100, 1994-98: 10.6 (8.0)

LBW Babies/100, 1989-93: 10.8 (7.7)
% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -2.0% (2.4%)

Free and Reduced Lunches, 2000

Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch, 2000: 376,873
All Students: 503,872

% Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch: 74.8% (40.3%)

Infant Mortality, 1989-93 to 1994-98

Live Births, 1994-98: 267,304
Infant Deaths, 1994-98: 3,078

Deaths/1,000, 1994-98: 11.5 (8.6)

% Change, 1989-93 to 1994-98: -22.8% (-17.9%)

ECONOMIC SECURITY

Child Support, FY 2000

Total Child Support Cases, NA
% of Total Child Support Collected, NA (58.1%)

TANF Child Support Cases, NA
% of TANF Child Support Collected, NA (41.0%)

Affordable Housing, 2000

Fair Market Rent (2 bedrooms): \$788 (\$665)
Estimated % Unable to Afford FMR: 40% (39%)

Hourly Wage Needed to Afford FMR: \$15.15 (\$12.79)

Families and Children on TANF, June 1997 to September 2000

Grantees, 1997: 80,757
Children, 1997: NA

Grantees, 2000: 35,659
Children, 2000: NA

% Change in Grantees, 1997-2000: -55.8% (-64.7%)

Endnotes, Definitions and Sources

ENDNOTES

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² Capizzano, Jeff & Gina Adams, "The Hours That Children Under Five Spend in Child Care: Variation Across States," *New Federalism National Survey of America's Families*, The Urban Institute, Series B: B-8, March 2000.

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⁴ *1999 Head Start Fact Sheet*, November 1999. (http://www2.acf.dhhs.gov/program/hsb/te-search/99_hsf.htm)

⁵ O'Brien, Robert W., Mary Ann D'Elia, & Michael J. Keane, *An Evolving Portrait of Head Start Families*. (<http://www2.acf.dhhs.gov/programs/hsb/hsreac/faces/parent99.pdf>)

⁶ Schorr, L.B., *Within Our Reach: Breaking the Cycle Of Disadvantage*, Doubleday, 1998.

⁷ "Arts Education in Public Elementary and Secondary Schools," U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, October 1995.

⁸ Costello, Joan & Amelia Kohm, "Arts Opportunities for Young People in Chicago," Chapin Hall Center for Children, University of Chicago, July 2000.

⁹ Shonkoff, Jack P. & Deborah A. Phillips, editors, "From Neurons to Neighborhoods: The Science of Early Childhood Development," Committee on Integrating the Science of Early Childhood Development, October 2000.

¹⁰ This estimate is a tabulation of Census Bureau's March Current Population Survey data from 1995-1999.

¹¹ USDA, Household Food Security in the United States 1995-1998 (Advance Report), U.S. Department of Agriculture, Food and Consumer Service, July 1999.

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¹³ USDA, Prevalence of Food Insecurity and Hunger by State 1996-1998, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, July 1999.

¹⁴ USDA, Food and Nutrition Service. (<http://www.fns.usda.gov/oane/menu/sbppilot/sbpliteview.pdf>)

¹⁵ Cowley, Geoffrey, "Generation XXL," *Newsweek*, July 3, 2000.

¹⁶ "School Height and Weight Surveillance Report of Data for School Year 1998-1999," South Dakota Department of Health. (<http://www.state.sd.us/doh/Famhlth/nutri.htm>)

¹⁷ *2000 KIDS COUNT Data Book*, Annie E. Casey Foundation, 2000. (<http://www.kidscount.org>)

¹⁸ Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report, "Entry into Prenatal Care—United States, 1989—1997," May 12, 2000.

¹⁹ March Current Population Survey Data, U.S. Census Bureau.

²⁰ *Children and Poverty*, Children's Defense Fund, Sept. 14, 2000. (<http://www.cdfaction-council.org>)

²¹ *Ibid.*

²² *Indicators of Child Well-being*, Forum on Child and Family Statistics, America's Children 1999 Part II, Sept. 14, 2000. (<http://childstats.gov/ac1999/econtxt.asp>)

²³ "Rental Housing Assistance—The Worsening Crisis: A Report to Congress on Worst Case Housing Needs," Housing and Urban Development, March 2000. (<http://www.huduser.org/publications/affhsg/worstcase00.html>)

²⁴ "The Illinois Affordable Housing Crisis," Statewide Housing Action Coalition. (<http://www.statewidehousing.com/ahfact.html>)

²⁵ "Rental Housing Assistance—The Worsening Crisis: A Report to Congress on Worst Case Housing Needs," Housing and Urban Development, March 2000. (<http://www.huduser.org/publications/affhsg/worstcase00.html>)

²⁶ "Out of Reach," National Low Income Housing Coalition, September 2000. (<http://www.nlihc.org>)

²⁷ "Illinois Study of Former TANF Clients," Prepared for the Illinois Department of Human Services by the University of Illinois at Springfield—Institute of Public Affairs and the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign—School of Social Work, August 2000.

²⁸ Kreader, J. Lee, Jessica Brickman Piecyk, & Ann Collins, "Scant Increases After Welfare Reform: Regulated Child Care Supply in Illinois and Maryland, 1996-1998," National Center for Children in Poverty, June 2000.

Definitions and Sources

Numbers and percentages on the state and county pages may not add due to rounding error.

FAMILY

Teen Births

This indicator refers to births to women under age 20. The years 1989 to 1993 and 1994 to 1998 were grouped to generate sufficient numbers to calculate rates. The percent of births to teen mothers was calculated by comparing the number of births to teens to the number of all births during those years. The percent change in teen births was calculated by subtracting the percent of teen births in 1989-93 from the percent of teen births in 1994-98, dividing this total by the percent of teen births in 1989-93 and multiplying by 100.

Source: Illinois Department of Public Health

Children in Foster/Substitute Care

This indicator represents the number of children in the Illinois Department of Children and Family Services' custody living in out-of-home placements, not including children who are runaways or homeless. The data provided are from March 1998 and March 2000. A rate was constructed by comparing these figures to the under-19 population. The state substitute care totals include 1,993 children in 1998 and 1,250 children in 2000 with unknown, out-of-state or out-of-country residence. As population data by county was not available for the year 2000, we generated the rate of children in foster or substitute care using 1999 populations at the county and state level.

Source: *Illinois Department of Children and Family Services*

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE

Head Start and Pre-Kindergarten Enrollment

The Head Start program serves children ages 3 to 5 who, due to economic factors, are at risk of educational failure. Actual Head Start enrollment can only be captured on statewide and individual grantee levels. The racial breakdown of Head Start participants on the state data page is based on actual enrollment data for the 1998 to 1999 program year. County-by-county data represents funded enrollment or "slots." Actual enrollment is typically higher than funded enrollment because it includes all children, including those who dropped out and those who replaced the drops.

Source: *U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Region 5, Office of Head Start Administration*

Children in pre-kindergarten refers to the number of children ages 3 to 5 enrolled in the Illinois State Board of Education's Children at Risk of Academic Failure program in the 1999 to 2000 school year. The 1,351 children in the pre-kindergarten bilingual program and the 10,420 children in the pre-kindergarten special education program are not included in the enrollment numbers.

Source: *Illinois State Board of Education, Early Childhood Education Section*

Licensed Child Care Providers

The data on licensed child care providers listed with the Illinois Child Care Resource and Referral Agencies includes information on the number of providers willing to accept a Department of Human Services certificate, DHS voucher or DCFS voucher. This does not count the actual number of children receiving subsidies, only the number of providers indicating that they will accept a child care subsidy. Accredited providers refer to centers and homes that have been accredited by independent, national accreditation organizations. Information reported to Illinois Child Care Resource and Referral Agencies by child care programs is voluntary. Variances in data from year-to-year may be impacted by the following: the actual number of accredited programs; the voluntary reporting of accredited programs by providers; and procedures Child Care Resource and Referral Agencies use to ensure data integrity.

Source: *Illinois Network of Child Care Resource and Referral Agencies*

High School Dropouts

The number and rate of high school dropouts were provided by the Illinois State Board of Education and refer to all dropouts among students in grades nine through 12.

Source: *Illinois State Board of Education*

ARTS, RECREATION AND CULTURE

Arts and Recreation Teachers

This indicator reflects the ratio of public school students to arts and recreation teachers. The ratio was calculated by dividing the number of students enrolled in public school in FY 1998 by the total number of arts and recreation teachers.

Source: *Illinois State Board of Education*

SAFETY

Child Abuse and Neglect

An "indicated" case refers to those children where the Department of Children and Family Services found evidence that abuse or neglect occurred. This number is smaller than the number of reported cases, some of which are eventually proven unfounded. We present unduplicated counts, meaning that a child was only counted once during a given year, regardless of the number of times an indication was made. A rate was constructed by comparing these figures to the under-19 population. The state child abuse and neglect total includes 1,300 children in 1998 and 1,240 children in 1999 with unknown, out-of-state or out-of-country residence.

Source: *Illinois Department of Children and Family Services*

Child Deaths

Child deaths for 1991-94 were computed by dividing all the deaths for persons between 1 and 18 years of age by the child population in 1992 and multiplying by 10,000. Child deaths for 1995-98 were computed similarly using total number of persons ages 1 to 18 in 1996. The years were grouped to generate sufficient numbers to calculate rates. A single year (1992 and 1996) was used to calculate a rate because of the lack of general population data. This technique is used and recommended by the Population Reference Bureau and the Illinois Department of Public Health. Homicides and suicides were calculated by adding the number of those deaths for children ages 1 to 18 for the years 1991-94 and 1995-98.

Source: *Illinois Department of Public Health*

Child Health Insurance

The estimated number of uninsured children in a county was derived by using 1999 Current Population Survey Data and an analysis of the survey data by the Center on Budget and Policy Priorities. The center's analysis determined that 12.2 percent of all children in Illinois are uninsured, and that 275,533 of those children live in families with incomes below 200 percent of the federal poverty level. The estimated number of uninsured children by county was calculated as 12.2 percent of the child population of that county.

Source: *U.S. Census Bureau and the Center on Budget and Policy Priorities*

The KidCare and Medicaid enrollment numbers are from November 1998, November 1999 and October 2000. Hispanic children are counted as part of the statewide total.

Source: *Illinois Department of Public Aid*

Infant Mortality

The infant mortality rate was computed by dividing the number of deaths of persons under 1 year old by the total number of live births that year and multiplying by 1,000. The years 1989-93 and 1994-98 were grouped to generate sufficient numbers to calculate rates.

Source: *Illinois Department of Public Health*

Low Birth Weight

The low birth weight rate was computed by dividing the number of low birth weight babies (less than 5½ pounds) by the total number of live births that year and multiplying by 100. The years 1989-93 and 1994-98 were grouped to generate sufficient numbers to calculate rates. The statewide racial breakdown of low birth weight babies does not count Hispanic as part of the total. Hispanic may be of any race.

Source: *Illinois Department of Public Health*

Free and Reduced Lunch

Children receiving free or reduced-price lunches in 2000 include students in public schools, private schools and residential child care centers that participate in the program.

Source: *Illinois State Board of Education*

ECONOMIC SECURITY**Children in Poverty**

The county-by-county numbers and rates of children in poverty are based on the 1997 Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates provided by the U.S. Census Bureau, the most recent year for which county information is available. The statewide child poverty rates are two-year averages of March Current Population Survey Data. Two-year averages are used to increase the accuracy and reliability of results.

Source: *U.S. Census Bureau*

Affordable Housing

"Fair market rent" is an annual determination by the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development of the actual market rent for all apartment types in the conventional marketplace. Rental housing is considered affordable if it costs no more than 30 percent of a family's income. This indicator compares the fair market rent for a two-bedroom unit to the median income for each county in 2000 to determine what percent of residents cannot afford fair market rent and the hourly wage needed to reach fair market rent.

Source: *National Low-Income Housing Coalition*

Families and Children on TANF

Grantees refers to Temporary Assistance to Needy Families recipients in the "available-to-work" category defined by the Illinois Department of Human Services, which does not include pregnant women or child-only cases.

Source: *Illinois Department of Human Services*

Child Support

This indicator represents the number of active child support cases. Due to a change in accounting systems, the Illinois Department of Public Aid was unable to provide caseload data for previous years. The percent of support collected represents the collection on cases within the state / federal child support enforcement program, as reported by the Office of Child Support Enforcement at the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

Source: *Illinois Department of Public Aid*

Additional sources for information on children and families:

American Academy of Pediatrics—<http://www.aap.org>

American Public Human Services Association—<http://www.aphsa.org>

Asset-Based Community Development Institute—<http://www.nwu.edu/IPR/abcd.html>

The Chapin Hall Center for Children—<http://www.chapin.uchicago.edu>

Children's Defense Fund—<http://www.childrendefense.org>

Chicago Early Childhood News Network—<http://www.ecnewsnet.org>

Connect for Kids—<http://www.connectforkids.org>

Illinois Association for the Education of Young Children—<http://www.ilaeyc.org>

National Association of Child Advocates—<http://www.childadvocacy.org>

National Association for the Education of Young Children—<http://www.naeyc.org>

National Campaign to Prevent Teen Pregnancy—<http://www.teenpregnancy.org>

National Center for Education Statistics—<http://nces.ed.gov>

National Center for Health Statistics—<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs>

RAND—<http://www.rand.org>

The Urban Institute—<http://www.urban.org>

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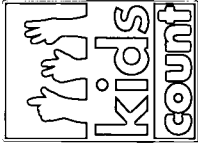
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Supported by the Annie E. Casey Foundation

208 South LaSalle Street, Suite 1490
Chicago, Illinois 60604
phone: 312.456.0600
fax: 312.456.0088
E-mail: info@voices4kids.org
website: www.voices4kids.org

