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ABSTRACT

A formative evaluation was conducted to determine the types and amount of dissemination and services the Pacific Regional Educational Laboratory (REL) provided to its constituency in the first 9 months of 1999. The evaluation also studied how recipients of REL products and services perceived the usefulness and quality of the products and services provided, and it identified strengths and areas for improvement for program refinement. A total of 129 questionnaires (39%) of an original 300 were returned, and most were usable. In the first 9 months of 1999, the REL disseminated over 8,000 copies of products, print and other media, to its constituents, and over 75% of the recipients found the products useful. They expressed satisfaction with the overall quality of the materials, indicated that the products had a positive impact on their work, and encouraged the REL to continue to improve the accessibility of its products to educators. In the same period, the REL provided about 60,000 person hours of service in the various formats. Response to these services were favorable. Over 50% of respondents received the services available to them, and most did so more than once. The REL conducted 21 workshops and presentations, and an overwhelming majority of participants ranked the attributes of the workshops and presentations very highly. About 20% of survey respondents were not familiar with REL products, a finding that suggests that ways should be found to promote REL products and services and improve their accessibility. Three appendixes contain the client survey, the workshop participant questionnaire, and a list of products distributed. (Contains 19 tables.) (SLD)



FORMATIVE EVALUATION OF

PREL'S REGIONAL EDUCATIONAL LABORATORY PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Pacific Regional Educational Laboratory (REL), a major program within Pacific Resources for Education and Learning (PREL), serves Pacific children and educators in 10 U.S.-affiliated entities in the Pacific region. The REL primarily conducts development and applied research that directly contribute to broad-based school improvement to help all students meet high performance and content standards. At the same time, the REL works closely with partners such as educators, researchers, parents, and policymakers in planning, implementing, and guiding the development of new information, knowledge, and programs to improve educational practices at school and in other educational contexts.

This formative evaluation has three purposes. First, the study summarizes the types and amount of dissemination and services REL provided to its constituency in the first nine months of 1999. Second, the study examines how recipients of REL products and services perceive the usefulness and quality of products and services provided. Third, the study identifies strengths and areas for improvement for program refinement.

A total of 129 (39%) questionnaires, out of an original 330, were returned. The majority of the questionnaires are complete and valid except two with no responses and a few with illegible handwriting in the open question sections.

In the first nine months of 1999, the REL disseminated over eight thousands copies of products, print and other media, to its constituents. Most respondents were familiar with REL products and used the materials in their work, and over 75 percent of the users found the materials useful. They expressed their satisfaction with the overall quality of the products, and indicated that the products have a positive impact on their work. In addition, respondents encouraged the REL to continue the good work and to improve the accessibility of its products to educators, especially at school levels.

In the same period, the REL provided about 60,000 person hours of services in the various formats. Responses to REL services were favorable. A large portion of the respondents were familiar with the REL services, with workshops and training as the most recognized form of services. Over 50 percent of the respondents received the services available to them, and most did so more than once. They found REL services to be useful and have noticed the impact on their work and their students' performance. For future REL service provision, respondents primarily recommended that REL expanded the content coverage of its services.

The REL conducted 21 workshops and presentations, mostly in Honolulu and in Saipan. which served as the host site of the 16th Annual Pacific Educational Conference. An overwhelming majority of the participants ranked the various attributes of workshops and presentations they attended very highly. The responses indicated that the content of the workshops and presentations was appropriate, content coverage adequate, and ideas presented useful. A common theme of the comments is a request to allocate more time to these activities since there is so much to learn.



An average of 20 percent of the respondents was not familiar with REL products, including the most widely distributed newsletters and brochures. Ways should be explored to promote REL products and improve their accessibility to a broad base of educators. One of these ways is to seek assistance from service centers in the region in both promoting REL products and updating the REL mailing database.

REL services to the region, including products and services, were highly praised, individually and collectively. To make its service to the region more effective, the REL should, based on the needs in the region and its strengths/specialty areas, develop series of workshops around a theme, and coordinate the production and dissemination of products and technical assistance.

Introducing new knowledge and promising practices to the region via workshops and presentations is the beginning of a process, and follow-up activities are necessary to secure positive changes. The REL should consider developing means to measure the changes occurring over time in terms of implementation and outcomes.



INTRODUCTION

Background

The Regional Educational Laboratory (REL), a major program within Pacific Resources for Education and Learning (PREL), serves Pacific children and educators in 10 U.S.affiliated entities in the Pacific region. They are: American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI), the Federated States of Micronesia (FSM) (Chuuk, Kosrae, Pohnpei, and Yap), Guam, Hawai'i, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, and the Republic of Palau. These ten states are referred at entities because of their very different forms of political affiliation with the United States.

These ten entities cover a vast area of almost five million square miles in the Pacific, with a total population of 1.3 million. The level of economic development varies from entity to entity.

Schools in the Pacific are challenged not only by political and economic diversity, but also by cultural and linguistic differences. At least nine distinct Pacific cultures are prominent in the region. Although the language of instruction is English; for most students outside of Hawai'i, it is not their native language.

In Hawai'i, there are 179,876 students in 240 public schools, while the other nine entities have about 98,000 students in 343 schools, according to the data collected in the 1993-94 school year.

REL works closely with other federally funded programs under the parent organization PREL, a nonprofit organization that provides the overall governance and infrastructure that support educational programs and service to children, educators, and schools in the region. Other major programs are the following:

- Pacific Mathematics and Science Regional Consortium
- PRELStar: A Pacific Islands Distance Learning Program
- Pacific Comprehensive Regional Assistance Center
- NEARStar: Network for English Acquisition and Reading, A Star School Project
- Pacific Vocational Education Improvement Program
- Freely-Associated States Educational Grant Program
- Pacific Parental Information Resource Center
- Pacific Center for the Arts and Humanities in Education

PREL has service centers in American Samoa, Honolulu, Saipan, Guam, the Marshall Islands, Palau, Pohnpei, Chuuk, and Yap. Other centers will be established in the remaining entities to build a region-wide network of service centers.



REL Objectives

REL's program of work is guided by the objectives of the REL program derived from Title IX of the U.S. Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA). Primarily, the REL conducts development and applied research that directly contributes to broad-based school improvement to help all students meet high performance and content standards. At the same time, the REL works closely with partners such as educators. researchers. parents, and policymakers in planning, implementing, and guiding the development of new information, knowledge, and programs to improve educational practices at school and in other educational contexts.

REL Programs

Nineteen ninety-nine is Year Four of the program's second five-year contract, and the REL continues to focus on the following functions to achieve the objective of supporting education in the Pacific:

- Strengthen governance, management, and planning;
- Conduct applied research and development;
- Participate in the formation of a nationwide system of education information and assistance;
- Collaborate on development and dissemination services;
- Assist the U.S. Office of Educational Research and Improvement as requested; and
- Conduct development, applied research, and dissemination in the specialty area of Language and Cultural Diversity.

To perform these functions, the REL established these task forces: Governance, Planning and Evaluation; Applied Research; Production and Dissemination; Pacific Data Center; Scaling Up; Technology; and Specialty Area: Cultural and Language.

The broad range of services performed by the REL to its constituency falls into two major service categories: production and dissemination of information, and training and technical assistance.

The REL keeps abreast of the educational innovations and research materials that respond to needs expressed by Pacific educators. These, along with educational publications and products resulting from original research work by REL staff, are disseminated throughout the Pacific region and shared nationwide with other regional educational laboratories, educational agencies, and other interested organizations. The products that the REL produces and disseminates to its constituents encompasses a broad spectrum of media including newsletters, briefing papers, research syntheses and reports, audio/video tapes. and websites.

A significant part of REL services to the region is as convener and trainer in conferences. workshops and seminars, technical assistance, and partnership collaboration. The REL facilitates exchanges among diverse groups across entities with a focus on specific role



groups, special interest topics, and continuing initiatives. In addition, the REL provides various forms of technical assistance in response to the needs of local communities. The workshops and presentations cover topics such as school reform, at-risk students, evaluation, school management, and literacy.

Purpose of the Survey

Formative evaluation is conducted during the operation of a program to provide program directors or managers with evaluative information useful for program improvement. The purpose of this formative evaluation is three-fold:

- First, the study summarizes the types and amount of dissemination and services that the REL provided to its constituency in the first nine months of its fourth contract year.
- Second, the study examines how recipients of REL products and services perceive the usefulness and quality of products and services provided.
- Third, based on the review of survey results, the study summarizes the strengths and areas for improvement to help program directors and managers to refine future program planning and implementation.

The information derived from this formative evaluation could be used to improve development of applied research, materials production, and services delivery as they are being planned, implemented, and maintained to support regional and local educational reform efforts.



METHODS

Instrument

The 1999 Annual REL Products and Services Survey instrument was modified based on the one used in 1998 Annual Survey, in accordance with the objectives of the REL and the intent of this year's formative evaluation study. (See Appendix A.) The instrument is comprised of two parts, a cover letter and a survey form. The cover letter from the Director of Planning and Evaluation gives survey respondents a brief introduction to the survey purpose and the goals of the REL, and requests their cooperation in completing and returning the forms within a specified time frame.

The survey form includes three sections. The first section contains two demographic data fields: entity, where the respondents are from; and role, their professional capacity.

The second section was designed to check whether respondents were familiar with each of REL products in the following categories: newsletters, policy briefings, research papers, conference information, audio/video tapes, and websites/pages. Examples were provided for each category to remind respondents in case they were unsure of which product the category referred to. If they were familiar with them, the next section asks respondents to indicate how often they used the product over the past nine months by choosing one of the four levels: four or more times, two to three times, once, or none. Further, if they did use the product at least once, respondents were asked to indicate how useful each product was for them in their professional work, again with four levels: very useful, moderately useful, a little useful, and not useful.

The third section lists six statements about the products as a whole, regarding the overall quality, their contribution to respondents' professional knowledge, skills, work, decision-making and planning, and finally, the impact on student performance. For these items, respondents have five choices: strongly agree, agree, neutral, disagree, and strongly disagree.

The two open-ended questions are for respondents to elaborate on the aspects they like about the REL products, areas for improvement, and areas not covered by the items in the two tables.

An identical format was used to study REL services including workshops, training, and technical assistance: respondents' familiarity with, frequency of using, and usefulness of services in the first table; ranking of quality, contribution, and impact in the second table; followed by open-ended questions for strengths and improvement.



Specific evaluation questions related to REL products and services addressed by this formative study include:

- What products and services are REL constituents aware of?
- How do REL constituents use the products and services?
- How are REL products and services useful?
- What judgments of quality do our constituents have regarding the products and services?
- What are the best things about REL products and services?
- How could the REL improve its products and services?

Sampling

PREL has maintained comprehensive client databases tracking individuals, who over the years received products and services from the REL and other programs. Also collected is information on the intensity of services received in terms of hours. In the services database there are over 1,000 non-duplicated names, with accumulated service units ranging from 30 minutes of phone conversation to more than 10 hours of intensive training.

According to past experience, a person who only received a copy of newsletter or had a one-hour information session with REL staff was unable to give meaningful feedback on REL products and services. To address this issue, the survey focused limited resources on a sample that is smaller but more knowledgeable about REL products and services. After examining the distribution of service units of those in the database, it was determined that those with more than a total of two hours of services should be included in this study. This amount of service allowed surveyors to have a pool large enough to take care of the "no returns," while ensuring that respondents had a reasonable amount of exposure to the products and/or services to be able to make informed choices and offer meaningful comments and suggestions to improve future REL products and services. By using this criteria, a sample of 240 participants was extracted from the database, which served as the mailing list for this study.

Data Collection

A PREL envelope containing a cover letter, a survey form, and a self-addressed and stamped return envelope was mailed to each of the individuals on the mailing list. They were requested to complete and return the survey form in about two weeks time after receiving the package. In entities where PREL has established a service center, center staff's help was enlisted to distribute and collect survey forms. Barriers of distributing and returning survey forms were encountered in the region in the previous studies, largely due to the remote location of schools, related transportation and communication difficulties, and different postal service systems in the Federated States of Micronesia, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, and the Republic of Palau. To alleviate the negative impact on the return rate, in addition to direct mailing, service center staff were requested



to distribute an additional 90 survey forms to other recipients of REL products and services who met the above mentioned conditions.

Data were stored electronically and a quality control process was in place to ensure that data were coded and entered accurately, i.e., random visual spot check and computer check for outliers.

Analysis

Data analysis was performed using SPSS windows statistical package for IBM personal computers. Most of the statistics presented in this report are descriptive in nature, i.e., frequency distributions for most of the data fields. In some cases, means and standard deviations are reported. These statistics are presented in tables in their respective sections and efforts are made to make them comprehensible and meaningful.

Respondent Profile

A total number of 129 (39%) questionnaires, out of a total of 330, were returned by the end of November, the deadline for data entry. Most of the questionnaires were complete and valid, except two with no responses and a few with illegible handwriting in the open question sections. As a result, the number of responses in each field might not always be identical.

The following is the profile of the survey respondents. Table 1 indicates that of a total of 127 respondents, 28 percent were from Hawai'i, 23 percent from the Federated States of Micronesia (FSM), 17 percent from Palau, 13 percent from Guam, 10 percent from CNMI, 5 percent from American Samoa, and 4 percent from the Republic of the Marshall Islands (RMI). Among the four states of FSM, most of the respondents, 86 percent, were from Yap.

Entity	Respondents	Percentage
American Samoa	6	5
CNMI	13	10
Guam	16	13
FSM	29	23
Chuuk	1	1
Kosrae	2	2
Pohnpei	1	1
Yap	25	19
Hawaiʻi	35	28
Marshall Island	5	4
Palau	23	17
Total	127	100

Table 1: Number of Survey Respondents by Entity





Table 2 reports the breakdown of the respondents by professional role. It shows that 30 percent of the respondents were administrators; 36 percent teachers; and 21 percent specialists. Students had a small presence in the respondent pool, 2 percent, and so did the *other* group, which included two school aides and one curriculum staff.

Role	Number	Percentage
Teacher	46	36
Specialist	27	21
Administrator	48	39
Student	3	2
Other	3	2
Total	127	100

Table 2. Number of Survey Respondents by Role



STUDY ONE: EVALUATION OF REL PRODUCTS

Products Disseminated

During the first nine months of 1999, from January 1 to September 31, the REL distributed a total number of 84,982 copies of materials to its constituents. (See Appendix C for listing.) The total student enrollment of the 10 entities is 276.991, according to the data collected in 1993-94 school year; on the average, the REL disseminated approximately one copy to every four students. A large portion of these materials, 43,080 copies, went to the Hawai'i educational system, which had the largest student enrollment among all entities, 179,876. The copy to student ratio for the State of Hawai'i was about one copy per every four students, close to the region-wide average. Although other entities received fewer copies of materials, the copy to student ratios were higher than that of Hawai'i because of their relatively small student enrollments. Yap and Palau had the highest ratio with more than one copy per student, CNMI and Kosrae, about one copy for every two students, and American Samoa, Chuuk, and Guam had similar ratios to Hawai'i with about one copy for every four students. (See Table 3.)

Entity	Items Disseminated	Student Enrollment	Items per Student
A. Samoa		Emonnent	
	3,690	14,375	0.26
Chuuk	4,089	17,650	0.23
CNMI	4,769	7,710	0.62
Guam	8,338	30,417	0.27
Hawaiʻi	43,080	179,876	0.24
Kosrae	1,567	2,546	0.62
RMI	3,500	11,096	0.32
Palau	3,454	3,317	1.04
Pohnpei	3,362	8,798	0.38
Yap	2,041	1,206	1.69
Subtotal	77,890	276,991	0.28
Other	7,092		
Total	84,982		

Table 3. Number of Items Disseminated by Entities

Note: Student enrollments are for public schools (1993-94) only.

About one third (32%) of the materials were sent to classroom teachers, including elementary, intermediate/middle, high, and other types of schools. Nearly one fourth (27%) of them went to curriculum specialists. The next two largest groups of recipients were District or Central Office administrators (13%) and school principals (9%). Faculty of higher education institutions, universities and community colleges accounted for 8 percent of the dissemination materials, while students, parents, and community members had a share of 5 percent (see Table 4).



Role Group	Items	Percentage
DOE/Central	10,685	13
Specialist	22,572	27
Principal/Vice Principal	7,440	9
Student/Parent	4,529	5
Teacher	27,210	32
IHE Faculty	7,084	8
Other	5,462	6
Total	84,982	100

Table 4. Number of Items Disseminated by Role Group

Survey Findings

Familiarity with REL products

The large quantity of products that the REL disseminated were grouped into six major categories:

- Newsletters
- Briefing papers
- Research syntheses and reports
- Audio/video tapes
- Information about conferences and meetings
- REL websites/pages

The first section of the survey form asks respondents to indicate whether they are familiar with each product category. Table 5 shows that most of the respondents, 78 percent, were familiar with the REL newsletters, *Pacific Education Updates*, which was the most widely distributed in the region through mass mailing. Seventy-two percent of the respondents reported familiarity with information about conferences and meetings such as the Pacific Educational Conference, also widely publicized. In the next two product groups, 47 percent and 42 percent of the respondents indicated familiarity with research syntheses and briefing papers, which were content/area specific. Unlike the previous four categories which use print media, the last two groups require additional hardware to utilize the rich information contained in the products. About a third of the respondents (36% and 31% respectively) were familiar with the REL website and audio/video products.



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Products	Familiar	Not Familiar
Newsletters	78	22
Information about conferences and	72	28
meetings		
Briefing papers	40	60
Research syntheses and reports	47	53
Audio/video tapes	31	69
REL website	36	64
N - 107		

Table 5. Familiarity with REL Products

N = 127

Frequency of Use

Table 6 shows how frequently respondents used materials disseminated by the REL. if they were familiar with them. The sample size for each product varied as a result. Among those who were familiar with the product, 90 percent used newsletters and information about conferences and meetings at least once, 85 percent or more for audio/video tapes, research syntheses and reports, and briefing papers, and 67 percent for websites. Again, the use of websites/pages was limited by the availability of computer and internet capability, especially in entities other than Hawai'i.

Information about conferences and meetings was the most frequently product used: 28 percent of respondents reported that they used it more than four times. Newsletters were the second most frequently used product with 24 percent for four or more times. The REL distributed newsletters and conference brochures more than any other products, and people used them to find out information about conferences and meetings, and the happenings in the Pacific education community.

	Frequency of use			
Product	4 or more	2-3	Once	Never
	times	times	Once	NUVUI
Newsletters	24	51	15	10
Briefing papers	17	43	25	15
Research syntheses and reports	10	41	35	14
Audio/video tapes	20	37	40	13
Information about conferences and	28	37	25	10
meetings			_	
REL website	13	31	23	33

Table 6. Frequency of Use of REL Products



Usefulness of Products

The percentages reported in Table 7 were calculated based on the number of respondents who were familiar with and used the products. Again the sample sizes for each category varied from one to another. An overwhelming majority of at least 85 percent of respondents found the products very useful or moderately useful. Over 50 percent of the users indicated that briefing papers, website, information about conferences and meetings, and audio/video tapes were very useful, 46 percent for research syntheses and reports, and 27 percent for newsletters.

	Usefulness				
Product	Very	Moderately	A little	Not	
	useful	useful	useful	useful	
Newsletters	27	49	18	6	
Briefing papers	58	32	6	4	
Research syntheses and reports	46	41	11	2	
Audio/video tapes	55	39	6	0	
Information about conferences	55	31	8	6	
and meetings					
REL website	56	28	16	0	

Table 7. Usefulness of REL Produ

Ratings of Products

Table 8 summarizes the responses to the six items in the survey form from those who were familiar with the products as a whole. Fifty-six percent of respondents agreed that the quality of REL products was high, with an additional 30 percent strongly agreeing. Over 90 percent reported that the products had contributed to their professional knowledge. A slightly smaller portion indicated that REL products had contributed to the improvement of their professional skills (73%) and work (75%). About 70 percent agreed that they used the products to inform decision-making and planning, while slightly over half (51%) of respondents observed that products had positively impacted student performance in many ways.



Evaluation Item	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
The quality of REL products is	30	56	13	0	1
high.					, †
REL products have contributed to	29	62	4	3	2
my professional knowledge.			, t		
REL products have contributed to	24	49	20	5	2
my professional skills.					
REL products have contributed to	25	50	17	6	2
my professional work.					
I have used REL products to	21	48	25	5	l
inform decision-making and					
planning.					
REL products have positively	16	35	41	7	1
impacted student performance.					:

Table 8. Ratings of Attributes of REL Products

Comments

"What do you like about the REL products?"

New Information

The majority of the respondents expressed emphatically that they valued the body of knowledge and information delivered in REL products. For many educators in the region REL products are one of the main venues to update their professional knowledge and follow the latest development in the field. Without the products it would be either impossible or at great cost to obtain the information essential to improving their decision making or classroom practices for the educators. The following are some typical responses:

- The latest information on teaching strategies.
- Very informative. Keep us updated on current events. Keep me abreast of what's out there.
- [P]REL products are very informative.
- Update on latest information, share research, reports, and papers.
- Informative and resourceful.
- Keep me informed of the trends in education.
- Good source of information, and an ideal way to communicate to each entity.
- I like reading the Pacific Education Updates because it is the only way of learning what is happening at PREL in regard to workshop, training, programs and teaching tips from schools and teachers of other places, mostly from Hawai'i top teachers.



- The products that are available are of a wide variety. P, K-12 and generally high quality.
- Easy to follow, to the point, research based.
- Like the professional work.

Relevant and Practical

One of the strengths of REL products evident in survey responses is that the information delivered addressed their educational needs and the new ideas were applicable in classroom teaching and decision making. Some responses indicated that the promising practices would result in improved teaching practices and student performance.

- So far the REL products have positively impacted student performance.
- REL products have contributed a lot to my professional knowledge, and work in any subject areas.
- Its diversity and applications
- Several teachers are subscribed to the REL products for enhancements.
- It helps educators to improve their performance, and, in return, students' learning improved.
- It helps students succeed. Or I should say, "want to succeed"!
- Research syntheses and reports because they relate to our Pacific clientele and mesh importantly to our <u>culture</u>.
- Concise and practical. Can (be) put to immediate use.
- Address the needs of professional developers to...impact school improvement and thus student achievement.

Focus on the region

This point, closely related to the above one, was emphasized repeatedly in the survey. Respondents particularly appreciated the fact that REL focused on the regional needs in producing and distributing culturally appropriate products that educators and students in the region could identify with.

- The appropriateness and relevancy of the products -- focus on the region.
- Research that applies to our entity.
- Appropriate to local areas.
- Targets Pacific Island needs and issues.
- You are doing a good job. It is sometimes that our entity doesn't take advantage of your service.
- Research-based articles to support Pacific regional issues.
- They address local issues and topics. Information is relevant to local situations. They also compare/contrast with information from other national sites.



Suggestions for future improvement

Keep up with the good work

Many respondents indicated they had nothing to offer for this part because they were satisfied with the current REL product dissemination, while others wrote to encourage **REL** to keep up with the good work they had been doing. Some suggested that the REL re-evaluate the needs in the region, and then produce and distribute quality products on a variety of topics to address the urgent needs.

- Continue on as you have done the previous years.
- Evaluate to make sure that the products fit the needs of our students.
- Include variety of innovative approaches and strategies that would appeal to classroom teachers.
- More research on Micronesia.
- More product diversity affecting learning process of Pacific (students).
- Follow up in the entities on how they use those materials.
- Provided a <u>series</u> of products connected to each other.
- Do more research on certain problems that we face today and give us more explanation about it.

Easy Accessibility

Quite a few respondents reported they knew nothing about REL products distributed in the region until they received this survey, and would like to learn more about them and receive some REL products. The titles and examples provided in the survey form had already attracted their strong interest.

- What are they? How can I obtain one?
- Not disseminated to program office.
- Make them more accessible to teachers in the entities. Maybe distribute them to specific departments or spending time meeting with departments on their needs and inform them about your products.
- It would help if schools can be exposed to the other products that REL has to offer. 1 only got one.

Strong Promotion

To make REL products more accessible to educators, especially at the school level, a strong promotion effort is necessary to raise public awareness of REL products available for the community and to improve the distribution mechanism connecting REL and educators in the region.



- Keep publicizing the availability of these publications. Do more publicity for the website.
- Put every teacher on the mailing list of PREL. It will ensure that all teachers will read, know, and understand the benefits of all these products and services.
- Make sure to send all the professional information to all participants.
- Broaden access and distribution.
- Have available a listing of resources and where to find them.



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STUDY TWO: REL SERVICES

Services Rendered

REL provided a range of services in the region in the following categories:

- Workshops and training;
- Training of trainers;
- Technical assistance;
- Conferences and meetings; and
- Collaborative partnerships.

During the first nine months of 1999, a total number of 57,401 person-hours of service were provided to REL constituents. The unit of service, person-hours, was calculated by multiplying duration of an activity with the number of participants. In terms of student enrollment, services were provided at a rate of about one half of an hour per student enrolled. Among the ten entities, the State of Hawai'i accounted for a significant amount of person-hours. However, with an equally larger portion of student enrollment, the average hour of service per student was about one tenth of an hour (six minutes), which is below the region-wide average of 11 minutes. American Samoa, Guam, and Chuuk had similar person-hours per student as Hawai'i. Compared with these four entities, Kosrae, RMI, and Pohnpei had slightly more services per student, ranging from 12 to 20 minutes. In contrast, Palau and CNMI both received more than one hour of service per student (see Table 9).

Entity	Person-Hours	Student Enrollment	Person-Hours per Student
A. Samoa	1,487	14,375	0.10
Chuuk	3,022	17,650	0.17
CNMI	10,667	7,710	1.38
Guam	3,566	30,417	0.11
Hawaiʻi	18,023	179,876	0.10
Kosrae	800	2,546	0.31
RMI	2,415	11,096	0.22
Palau	3,452	3,317	1.04
Pohnpei	2,109	8,798	0.24
Yap	1,190	1,206	0.98
Subtotal	46,731	276,991	0.17
Other	10,670		•
Total	57,401		

Table 9. Number of Person-Hours by Entity Compared with Student Enrollment

Note 1. Student enrollments are for public schools (1993-1994) only.

Note 2. Person-hours = number of persons x hours contacted.



Table 10 reports the distribution of service hours by role group. The largest role group served by the REL was *teacher*, which included teachers of elementary school. intermediate or middle school, high school, and other types of schools such as K-12. This group received 45,621 person-hours of service from REL, 32 percent of the total volume. Eleven percent of service hours went to the *specialist* group which includes curriculum specialist and resource teachers. A similar portion (12%) was accounted for by *administrator of DOE/Central Office* and a smaller one, 8 percent, by the group of *principal and vice principal. Faculty of higher education* (10%) and *professional association* (2%) received a combined 12 percent of the total service hours, while the *student/parent/community* group reported a portion of 4 percent. The *Other* group, including regional service providers and federal agencies, received a sizable portion of services, 20 percent.

Role Group	Person-Hours	Percentage
DOE/Central	7,303	13
Specialist	6,245	11
Principal	4,386	8
Teacher	18,411	32
IHE Faculty	6,169	10
Student/Parent/Community	2,047	4
Professional Association	1,007	2
Other	11,833	20
Total	57,401	100

Table 10. Number of Person-J	ours Contacted by Role Group
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Note: Other includes regional service providers, federal agencies, etc.

Survey Findings

Table 11 reports how familiar respondents were with the types of services that the REL provided in the region. The majority of the survey respondents indicated that they were familiar with REL's various types of services. Of the five types listed in the survey, workshops and training were the ones that most of the respondents were familiar with, with 89 percent reporting affirmative, followed by conferences and meetings at 76 percent. About two thirds of respondents knew about training of trainers (67%) and technical assistance (65%), while 58 percent reported familiarity with collaborative partnerships.



Service	Familiar	Not Familiar
Workshops and training	89	11
Training of trainers	67	33
Technical assistance	65	35
Conferences (i.e., Pacific	76	24
Educational Conference)	1	:
Collaborative partnerships	58	42
N = 172		

Table 11. Survey Respondent's Familiarity with REL Services

Of those who were familiar with REL services, over 90 percent attended workshops and training in the past nine months. Almost an equal percentage (36% and 37%) attended once or two to three times, while 19 percent attended training four times or more. A smaller percentage, yet still more than half, of the respondents utilized other types of services: collaborative partnerships (56%), training of trainers (58%), conference (61%), and technical assistance (65%). Most of them utilized the services once or two to three times. (See Table 12.)

		Frequency of use			
Services	4 or more times	2-3 times	Once	Never	
Workshops and training	19	36	37	8	
Training of trainers	5	26	27	42	
Technical assistance	6	33	26	35	
Conference (i.e., Pacific Educational Conference)	6	27	28	39	
Collaborative partnerships	11	23	22	44	

Table 12. Frequency of Using REL Services

An overwhelming majority of the service participants (80% or more) gave positive responses to all five types of REL services on a four-point scale, from very useful to not useful. Over 50 percent of respondents reported that the services they received were very useful and more than 20 percent reported moderately useful. Among the five types of services, workshops and training received the highest ratings, with 76 percent indicating very useful and an additional 20 percent reporting moderately useful (see Table 13).



	Usefulness				
Service	Very	Moderately	A little	Not	
	useful	useful	useful	useful	
Workshops and training	76	20	2	2	
Training of trainers	67	21	6	6	
Technical assistance	58	26	8	6	
Conference (i.e., Pacific	58	32	5	5	
Educational Conference)					
Collaborative partnerships	57	25	7	11	

Table 13. Usefulness of REL Services

When asked about the overall quality of REL services, the respondents gave a very clear message: 52 percent agreed and an additional 35 percent strongly agreed with the first statement that "The quality of REL services is high." Responses to other items demonstrate a similar pattern. Over 80 percent of them reported that REL services had contributed to their professional knowledge, skills, and work. A smaller yet still substantial portion of them indicated that REL services had positively impacted their decision-making and planning and student performance, which is the ultimate goal of REL services. (See Table 14.)

Evaluation Item	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
The quality of REL services (i.e.,	35	52	11	2	0
technical assistance and training) is					
high.					1
REL services have contributed to	42	46	10	2	0
my professional knowledge.					
REL services have contributed to	33	47	18	2	0
my professional skills.					
REL services have contributed to	36	46	17	1	0
my professional work.					
REL services have impacted my	25	48	24	2	1
decision-making and planning.				1	
REL services have positively	28	36	31	5	0
impacted student performance.					

Table 14. Ranking of Attributes for REL Services





Comments

"What do you like about the REL services?"

Quality Services

Almost all those who responded to this question indicated that what impressed them the most is the high quality of REL services. This assessment was also reflected in their responses to other attributes of services such as content coverage, cultural sensitivity. local relevance, presentation style, and the professional staff, some of which will be elaborated in the following sections.

- In terms of workshops and training, I mostly like how they are set up. Workshops have people who really know what they are talking about -- experienced teachers. Their experience I can relate to.
- Training and workshops: it gives teachers more ideas to deal with strategies in classrooms.
- Provide the high standard of learning to students and myself.
- Professional. And good follow-up system.
- Very good systemic procedure -- practical and hands-on. Simple to understand and teach.
- The workshops on various areas: lesson planning, screening, assessment, teaching...
- Services are accessible, appropriate, and well planned. They are useable for teachers. trainers who work with schools.
- REL services helped teachers in updating with new trends in education.

Professional Staff

Staff who delivered REL services played a vital role in meeting the needs of their constituents. Responses show that educators in the region gave high marks to REL staff, for their professional knowledge, extensive experience, understanding of the local culture and needs, and their willingness to travel extra miles to serve the community.

- Friendly, competent trainers. Trainers have left no stone unturned in their efforts to assist our school reform.
- Good presenters with a lot of experience.
- Consultants are familiar with Pacific Islands. They know how to train Pacific Island educators.
- They find the most competent or qualified trainers to do their training.
- The willingness of experts in the field have been very helpful in providing training workshops for our schools both on-island and off-island whenever they are available.
- Nice staff, people knowledgeable.



Relevance

One prominent feature of REL services is its relevance to the needs of its constituents. REL services provided participants with opportunities to gain knowledge of promising practices and new skills they can actually use in their work: policy making, school administration, or classroom teaching, and to know somebody they can rely on for further consultation and assistance.

- Reliability, applicability, relevance.
- Relevance to our needs and purposes.
- Able to accommodate when assistance is needed.
- Reach out to meet the unique needs of island type education as well as Western schooling.
- Sensitivity to its constituents.
- It connects Pacific Island educators.
- REL services are relevant for Micronesia Islands.
- They are tailored to meet the needs of local school/programs.
- Relevance! Almost all of the training is immediately applicable and relevant for making teaching and learning in the classroom better.

Collaborative work

Another feature that respondents liked about REL services is the collaborative approach that REL adheres to in planning and implementing services. By working together with educators in the region, REL has been able to offer useful services relevant to the local needs.

- The collaborative work among entities like the PCIC.
- Collaborative in approach and delivery.
- Supports system initiatives.
- Involvement with M/S, R&D Cadre, and PCIC.
- Collaborative efforts.
- Promote collaboration and joint planning and implementation.

Impact on work

The goal of REL services is to positively impact service recipients in their work, and through their work, on children's learning. Most of the responses reported encouraging outcomes of REL services, ranging from gaining new ideas to improved teaching skills. and to networking with other educators.

- They improve my skills and knowledge.
- Training and workshops, it gives teachers more ideas to deal with strategies in classrooms.



- Provides greater contributions in enhancing students' learning abilities. Also REL services assist teachers in their everyday lesson planning.
- REL services helped teachers in updating with new trends in education.
- I like the Pacific Conference the most. Because I have a good chance to meet other educators from other places and share knowledge among educators.
- Resources of inspirations

Suggestions for improvement

As the previous section shows, respondents were generally satisfied with REL services for the high quality of services, professional staff, local focus, and collaborative approach. Many respondents who were familiar with REL services encouraged REL to further improve its services to the region in various areas. In addition to providing more services, they suggested REL cover more content areas, have follow-ups after initial services, and build local capacity.

More workshops

- More services to the neighboring islands.
- Provide workshops and training to all teachers, especially the new hires.
- Extend the workshops to all schools in our entity and work collaboratively with our curriculum specialists.
- More on-site visits.
- Make resource people more available for teacher training.

More content coverage

- Make an impact study and outcome evaluation of SAT 9 Test results from California that is presently being administered in CNMI. What is the substance compared to the curriculum? Does it provide accurate evaluation for student profile? Can REL develop an evaluation for Pacific Islands?
- Strengthen health education component and increase training opportunity to all the service entities.
- Offer more training to administrators.
- REL could improve its services by conducting more seminars and workshops for teachers particularly in Reading and Literature.

<u>Follow-up</u>

- Follow up on implementations.
- Provide more follow-ups. Review how implementation of specific teaching techniques went. Do not disappear.



- Collect impact data and follow-up data. impact on teaching/instruction. impact on content, impact on assessment.
- Do more research on certain problems that we face today and give us more explanation about it.

Local capacity

- Highlight local strength! And build local capacity.
- Make sure higher education faculty participate in standards training so we know what is expected for teachers. We will then apply them to teacher training programs.
- The training should be long enough for trainees to learn what they should learn. Train more local educators to be trainers, so they can help consultant when they conduct training.

Miscellaneous

- Keep shaping the technical advice, training and workshop to fit our needs. 1 appreciate the assistance I have received in Drug Free school and computer training.
- More services and information geared for Hawai'i educators. It is hard for Hawai'i teachers to attend four hours that are so much geared for Pacific islands teachers. Although we can benefit from each other's cultures, etc. Our teachers often need different kinds of help and focus. Offer practical workshops and technical assistance for Hawai'i schools.
- Provides lists of services available and schedules. Indicate how each entity can get the services and the related costs. It would really help if services were given to entities free.
- Not just lecture type and training but need to incorporate more hands-on activities to clarify meaning.



STUDY THREE: EVALUATION OF WORKSHOPS AND PRESENTATIONS

Workshops and Presentations Conducted

Twenty-one training workshops and conference presentations were conducted during the first nine months of 1999, including 14 training workshops during the period and seven at PEC (four pre-conference institutes and three conference workshops). The following is a listing of workshops and presentations:

- Enchanted Lake Elementary CSRDP Awareness
- CSRD Kea'au First Step Awareness
- Kapālama School Reform
- Powerful Units
- Radford High School Workshop
- Leadership Institute
- Leader: A Change Agent
- Tattooing Aloud Instills Learning
- Comprehensive School Reform,
- Wai'anae High School Standards Workshop
- Reading Success Network Institute (3)
- Strategic Teaching and Reading at Nānākuli
- Ebeye Literacy Development
- STRP/CSR
- English Literacy for Second Language Learners
- Enhancing Teaching and Learning
- Program Evaluation
- Parent Involvement: Read Aloud, Key to Literacy
- Project Exceptional
- Comprehensive School Reform
- Common Sense Parenting

Findings from Evaluation

Every training or event convened by REL was evaluated through the use of a standardized participants evaluation instrument -- the Presentation/Workshop Participant Questionnaire. (See Appendix B.) Staff who conducted a workshop or made a presentation collected participant evaluations. In most cases, presenters and trainers facilitated the workshop evaluation data collection by directly distributing questionnaires to the participants mailed the evaluation questionnaires to REL.



This questionnaire includes eight evaluation statements and four open-ended questions. For the statements, respondents are asked to rank the workshop or presentation on a fivepoint scale from "Strongly Agree" (5) to "Strongly Disagree" (1).

More than half of the workshops and presentations, 12 out of 21, were conducted in Hawai'i. Seven conference workshop presentations were delivered in Saipan (CNMI), host of the 16th Annual Pacific Educational Conference. In addition, CNMI and Kosrae each hosted one workshop. (See Table 15.)

Location	Number	Percentage
Hawaiʻi	12	57
CNMI	8	38
Kosrae	1	5
Total	21	100

Table 15. Number of Workshops/Presentations by Location

Three hundred and ninety-nine participants attended the 21 workshops. Corresponding to the number of workshops held in different entities, 236 participants (59%) were from Hawai'i. The next largest groups of participants were from CNMI and Guam, 33 (8%) and 23 (6%) respectively due to the fact that PEC was held at CMNI, and these two entities sent large contingents to the conference. The rest of the seven entities each accounted for a percentage ranging from 2 percent to 4 percent. When the workshop participant numbers compared with the student enrollment of each entities, again. Yap. Palau, Kosrae, and CNMI became the ones with the largest participant to student ratios (0.004 or larger), while the rations of other six entities were about the same as the overall average (0.001). (See Table 16.)

Entity	Participants	Percentage	Student Enrollment	Participants per Student
A. Samoa	14	4	14,375	0.001
Chuuk	17	4	17,650	0.001
CNMI	33	8	7,710	0.004
Guam	23	6	30,417	0.001
Hawaiʻi	236	59	179,876	0.001
Kosrae	10	3	2,546	0.004
RMI	15	4	11,096	0.001
Palau	13	3	3,317	0.004
Pohnpei	13	3	8,798	0.001
Yap	8	2	1,206	0.007
Subtotal	382	96	276,910	0.001
Other	17	4		
Total	399	100		

Table 16. Number of Workshop/Presentation Participants by Entity



With 180 participants, 45 percent of the total, *teacher*, again, was the largest role group followed by DOE and Central Office *administrator* at 17 percent, *principal* and *vice principal* at 16 percent, and *specialist* at 13 percent. Twelve *parents* (3%) also attended REL workshops and presentations. (See Table 17.)

Role Group	Participants	Percentage
Teacher	180	45
Principal	63	16
Specialist	51	13
Administrator	68	17
Parent	12	3
Other	25	6
Total	399	100

Table 17. Number of Workshops/Presentations Participants by Role Group

Note: Twenty-one workshops were evaluated.

Participants' overall ratings for the 21 workshops were positive. Of the 399 participants, 250, over 60 percent, ranked the workshops they attended as "Excellent," 26 percent as "Good," and 9 percent as "Average." Twelve participants (3%) assigned low rankings of "Poor" and "Very Poor" to the workshops they attended. Combining the first two groups of "Excellent" and "Good" ratings, almost 90 percent of the respondents had a favorable impression of REL workshops and presentations as a whole. (See Table 18.)

Table 18. Ratings of Overall Workshop/Presentation Quality

Rating	Respondents	Percentage
Excellent	250	63
Good	102	26
Average	35	9
Poor	8	2
Very Poor	4	1
Total	399	100

Note: Twenty-one workshops/presentations were evaluated.

Table 19 reports the mean ratings for the workshop attributes based on participants' responses to each attribute on a five-point scale. All mean ratings were larger than 4.00, and most of them close to 4.50. The first item: the appropriateness of the workshop and presentation content to the region, had the highest mean rating of 4.56. The sixth item, the workshop's impact on the region, was given a lower rating of 4.39, which was still well above the mid point of 3, with a possible range from 1 to 5.



Attribute	Mean Rating	Standard Deviation
Appropriate to region	4.56	0.43
Appropriate to work	4.53	0.45
Content Adequacy	4.46	0.51
Usefulness	4.52	· 0.49
Likeliness to recommend	4.44	0.55
Impact on region	4.39	0.77
Meeting expectations	4.51	0.52
Overall quality	4.47	0.51

Table 19. Ratings for Attributes of Workshops/Presentations

Note: Twenty-one workshops/presentations were evaluated.

Comments

<u>"What do you like about the content and/or the style of the presentation of this</u> workshop/presentation?"

- Stimulating ideas

The first question gave the participants an opportunity to say what they like about the content/style of the workshops presented by REL staff and its sub-contractors. A review of the responses reveals that new and practical ideas presented at the REL workshops and presentations is the number one reason participants liked the presentations. The following are some typical comments:

- It is a subject that I need to address in my classroom but have a hard time finding materials.
- Very stimulating ideas.
- The content was relevant to my job that needs critical analysis and understanding.
- Gave us things to ponder -- good to revisit ideas presented earlier.
- Eye opening.
- Theory can be directly related to classroom implementation.
- Lots of great ideas, and new mental tools to develop learning in the classroom.
- This is a "shot" in the arm -- a booster that should last until next time.
- Relevant philosophically as well as practically.
- The content and style of the presentation are remembered and will be used back home.
- Great synthesis of information.



Effective presentation

Workshop and presentation participants liked the ways presentations were delivered for their engaging style, audience-oriented and balanced format (lecturing, group discussion, and hands-on activities), and energetic and knowledgeable staff who made workshops instructive and enjoyable. Participants always appreciated the effective use of media technology, i.e., video clips, slide shows, and good handouts.

- Effective presentation style, because of his use of examples of media documentation. fast pacing, super storytelling ability, sense of humor, and excellent handouts.
- Boring presenters are deadly -- this team was very motivating.
- The presenter was dynamic, entertaining and extremely informative
- Energetic and charismatic.
- Student work samples were great.
- Hands on materials and real life discussion.
- The presentation style is relaxed just right for Pacific Islander participants. Both teams were sensitive to the participants needs which made this whole week every enjoyable.
- The material was presented at a good pace with enough reinforcement.
- Good organization, able to look at a variety of materials in a time saving manner.
- A good combination of lecturing, group discussion, and hands on experience
- Presented material logically and thoroughly. Made a difficult to understand topic very comprehensible.
- Great use of visuals that add to the lecture PowerPoint, overhead and videos
- Nice combination of lecture, video, and computer slides.
- Video clips.

Suggestions regarding the content and/or the style of this workshop presentation.

Allocate more time for workshop presentations

A strong voice from responses is that these workshops and presentations were of high quality. At the same time, they indicated that these activities can be improved by allocating more time to them so that participants can really learn and understand the information and new ideas, enabling them to use the skills in their future work.

- Well presented but the time was short.
- Keep content and style, but in a two to three day workshop, (instead of one.)
- Would like to have more time to review the entire program.
- Keep style, and content of presentation, but in a two to three day workshop. So much information to cram into one day.
- Plan for presentation better and allow for more time for teachers to look at material for the various components.



- Would have been more effective if she has shown more video clips and/or other examples of her project. Let's have more of it next time.
- Shorter days with more days rather than 8:30 to 4:30.

Miscellaneous

In addition to having more time allocated to workshops and presentations, participants also want to see improvement in other areas such as the use of media technology and handouts.

- Continue this effort and develop this into a series.
- Can be more effective to show more video clips and or other examples of the project.
- Less lecturing and more talk among us during breakouts.
- Have materials and outlines prepared ahead of time.
- The transparency might be incorporated in the PowerPoint presentation.
- Transparencies might be better incorporated in the PowerPoint presentation using a scanner so we can better view them.
- Prepare the reading material in advance.

What should be the content of the next workshop as a follow up to this workshop?

No specific content areas for the next round of workshops/presentations were identified. However participants did express clearly and loudly that they desired more workshops in the same content area, but at different levels so more educators in the region can attend and then apply the knowledge and skills in their work.

- Same content, but more time.
- More advanced skills training.
- Conducting workshops pertaining to each entity's needs.
- Instructional strategies to beef up results.
- Unit lessons that will help to engage and motivate slow learners in the classroom.
- Teaching techniques and strategies.
- Integration between vocational education and core subject areas.
- Some good/practical alternative evaluations.
- One to one reading instruction.



SUMMARY OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Summary of Findings

REL Products

In the first nine months of 1999, the REL distributed over eight thousand copies of products, printed and other media, to its constituents, mostly in the Pacific region. A majority of the respondents was familiar with each of the five categories of REL products. Of those, most of them used the materials in their work, and over 75 percent of the users found the materials useful. When queried about the overall quality of REL products, they overwhelmingly expressed their satisfaction with the products as a whole, and indicated that the products had improved their professional knowledge, skills, work, and decision-making. More importantly, over half of them reported that the products have improve the accessibility of its products to educators in the region, especially at the school level.

<u>Services</u>

In the same period covered by this survey, REL provided about sixty thousand personhours of services: workshops and training, training of trainers, technical assistance, conferences and meetings, and collaborative partnerships. Responses to REL services were favorable. A large portion of the respondents were familiar with the REL services in various forms, with workshops and training as the most recognized form of REL services. Over 50 percent of these respondents received the services available to them, and most did so more than once. They found REL services to be useful and have noticed the positive impact on them, their work and their students' performance. In addition, they found that overall the quality of the services was high. For future REL service provision, respondents primarily recommended that REL expand the content coverage of its services.

Workshops

Workshops and presentations were key components of REL services to the region. REL conducted 21 of them in nine months, mostly in Honolulu and Saipan, which served as the host site of the 16th Annual Pacific Educational Conference. An overwhelming majority of the participants ranked the various attributes of workshops and presentations they attended highly, at an average of 4.5 on a five-point scale. The responses indicated that the content of the workshops and presentation was appropriate, content coverage adequate, and ideas presented useful. It is also clearly stated that the activities met their expectations to their colleagues and friends. A common theme of their comments is to allocate more time to these activities since there is so much to learn.





In addition to the overwhelmingly positive remarks on REL products and services, survey respondents encouraged and urged REL to keep up with the good work it has been doing for the education community throughout the region. Their input for REL service provision in the years to come is summarized in the following section.

Recommendations

Promote public awareness and improve accessibility of REL products

An average of 20 percent of the respondents was not familiar with REL products, including its most widely distributed newsletters and conference and meeting brochures. It is expected that fewer people were familiar with and actually used other types of media such as audio/video tapes, CD-ROMs, and websites which require additional hardware often not available at many schools in the region.

Ways should be explored to promote REL products and improve their accessibility to a broad base of educators. REL maintains a database with over six thousand mailing addresses accumulated over years of consistent efforts. To reach as many target audiences as possible, it is essential to update the mailing address regularly, especially since the teacher retention rate has been low in the region, including some school districts in Hawai'i. One of these ways would be to seek assistance from new service centers in the region that can play a pivotal role in both promoting REL products and getting the most current data for updating the REL mailing database.

Develop workshops and presentations around common themes

REL services to the region, including products and services, were highly praised individually and collectively. However a review of the titles of the products, services, and workshops/presentations failed to identify strong common themes linking activities together as concerted efforts for many of the services. As suggested by one of the participants, REL should, based on the needs in the region and its strengths/specialty area, develop series of workshops with a clear focus and coordinate the production and dissemination of products and technical assistance. Then REL will have a good chance to improve decision-making, school administration, teaching practices, and ultimately improve students' performance.

Follow-up on the initial services

Introducing new knowledge and promising practices to educators via workshops and presentations or other types of services is the beginning of a long process. To make sure that the seeds planted will bear fruits, follow-up activities are an integral part of this process. Also, in line with the second recommendation, REL should consider developing means to measure the fidelity of implementations and the changes occurring over time with respect to specific programs.





APPENDIX A: REL Annual Client Survey of Products and Services



PREL



October 5, 1999

Dear Service Recipient:

The Regional Educational Laboratory (REL) is a major program of Pacific Resources for Education and Learning (PREL). The REL's goal is to help all students meet high standards through development, applied research, dissemination, and technical assistance conducted with local, state and intermediate agencies. Over the years, the REL has distributed briefing papers, research syntheses and reports, audio/video tapes, and other informational materials. The REL also has conducted workshops and training, provided technical assistance, and sponsored conferences.

Please take time to fill out this survey of the services and materials provided in this contract year from December 1998. The information is important for us. We will use it to improve REL's materials and strengthen its services.

We request that you complete this survey and send it to us in the enclosed Business Reply Mail envelope by Monday, October 18, 1999. Thank you for your cooperation and we look forward to serving you again soon.

Sincerely,

Ormond Hammond, Ph.D. Director, Planning and Evaluation



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PREL	This survey is d Laboratory (RE	REGIONAL CIFIC RESOURC A esigned to collect L) at PREL impro spond as accurate	EDUCATIONAL I A PROGRAM SES FOR EDUCATI nnual Participa September 1 t information that w ove its products and	LABORATORY M OF ON AND LEARN I nt Survey 999 ill help the Regio services to you.	(REL) HING (PREL)
Indicate the State/Entity	in which you wo	rk:			
O A. Samoa	O Chuuk	O CNMI	O Guam	O Hawai'i	
O Kosrae	O RMI	O Palau	O Pohnpei	O Yap	O Other
Indicate the one categor		y describes your	•		
O Teacher:					
	O Elementar	у Ом	/liddle/Junior High		
	O High Scho	ol O C)ther (e.g., K-12)		
O Curriculum/	Content Specialis	st (e.g., central/di	strict specialist, cou	nselor)	
O Administrate	or (e.g., principal	, program directo	r)		
O Other (pleas	e specify):				

REL Products

REL provides products that support educational improvement. Please indicate if you are familiar with each of the REL products listed below, by filling the circle corresponding to "yes" or "no." For each product you are familiar with, also indicate how often you use it, and the degree to which you find it useful in your work.

Product	Are yo familia this pro	r with							work?	
	Yes	No	Never	Once	2 – 3 times	4 or more times	Very Useful	Moderately Useful	A Little Useful	Not Useful
1. Newsletter: Pacific Education Updates	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2. Briefing papers (e.g., Reading Instruction for Older Struggling Readers)	0	0	0	0	0	Ο	ο	Ο	0	0
3. Research syntheses and reports (e.g., Retention and Attrition of Pacific School Teachers and Administrators)	0	0	0	0	0	Ο	Ο	0	0	0
4. Audio/video tapes (e.g., First and Second Language Literacy: From Research to Practice)	0	0	Ο	0	0	о	Ο	0	Ο	0
5. Information about conferences and meetings (e.g., Pacific Educational Conference)	0	0	Ο	0	0	0	Ο	0	Ο	0
6. Website	0	0	0	Ο	0	0	Ο	0	0	0

Please respond to the following statements by circling in how strongly you agree or disagree with each.

Statement	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Don't Know
1. The quality of REL products (e.g., publications and Videotapes) is high.	0	0	0	0	0	0
2. REL products have contributed to my professional knowledge .	Ο	0	Ο	0	0	0
3. REL products have contributed to my professional Skills .	Ο	0	0	0	0	0
4. REL products have contributed to my professional Work .	0	0	0	0	0	0
5. I have used REL products to inform decision Making and planning.	0	0	0	Ο	0	0
6. REL products have positively impacted Student performance.	Ο	0	0	0	0	0

What do you like best about REL products?

How could the REL improve its products?



REL Services

REL also provides services that support student educational success. Please indicate whether you are familiar with each of the REL services listed below, by circling in "yes" or "no." For each service you are familiar with, also indicate how often you received this service, and the degree to which it is useful in your work.

Service	Are y famil with servio	iar this	How often have you received this service in the last year?				How useful is this service in your work?				
	Yes	No	Never	Once	$\begin{array}{c} 2-3 \\ \text{times} \end{array}$	4 or more times	Very Useful	Moderately Useful	A Little Useful	Not Useful	
1. Workshops and training	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2. Training of trainers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ο	0	0	
3. Technical assistance	0	0	0	0	0	Ο	0	Ο	0	0	
4. Conferences (e.g., Pacific Educational Conference)	0	0	Ο	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ο	
5. Collaborative partnerships	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	Ο	Ο	Ο	

Please respond to the following statements by circling in how strongly you agree or disagree with each.

Statement	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Don't Know
1. The quality of REL services (e.g., technical assistance, and training) is high.	ο	0	Ο	0	0	0
2. REL services have contributed to my professional knowledge .	0	0	0	0	0	0
3. REL services have contributed to my professional skills.	Ο	0	0	0	0	0
4. REL services have contributed to my professional work.	Ο	0	0	0	0	0
5. REL services have impacted my decision making and planning.	0	0	0	0	0	0
6. REL services have positively impacted student performance.	Ο	0	Ο	Ο	Ο	0

What do you like best about REL services?

How could the REL **improve** its services?

Educational Reform

Please respond to the following statements related to the REL's involvement in educational reforms.

Statement	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Don't Know
 REL assists schools and school districts in adapting educational reform strategies that contribute to comprehensive reform. 	0	0	0	0	0	0
2. The number of schools undergoing comprehensive educational reforms is increasing over time.	О	0	Ο	Ο	Ο	0

THANK YOU FOR COMPLETING THIS SURVEY!

Please use the enclosed, prepaid, return-addressed envelope to return the completed survey by October 1, 1999.





APPENDIX B: Presentation/Workshop Participant Questionnaire





PACIFIC RESOURCES FOR EDUCATION AND LEARNING

Presentation/Workshop Participant Questionnaire

Presenter:		Date: _		Entity:
Which entity are you from? (C	heck one.)			
1. American Samoa	2. Chuuk		3. CNMI	🔲 4. Guam 📃 5. Hawai
6. Kosrae	7. RMI		8. Palau	9. Pohnpei 10. Yap
Your professional role. (Check	(one.)			
1. Teacher (Elementary)		eacher (Se	condary)	. 3. Principal/Assistant Principal
4. Curriculum Specialist			al Administrator	
7. Higher Education	8. Pa	arent		9. Other (Specify):
		op by circ	ling the numb	er that best describes your response to
each of the following questions	S.			
How appropriate was the content	of this work	shon for th	ne betterment o	of Pacific children's education?
				Not at all
Very appropriate 5	4	3	2	1
Ũ	•	•	_	
How appropriate was the content	of this work	shop to yo	our work?	
Very appropriate				Not at all
5	4	3	2	1
How adequate was the content co	overage in th	nis worksh	002	
Very adequate	Sverage in ti		op :	Very inadequate
very adequate	4	3	2	1
	·			
How useful are the ideas and cor	ntent of this v	workshop	in your work?	
Very useful				Not useful
5	4	3	2	1
How likely are you to recommend	the ideas o	f this work	shop to others	2
Very likely				Very unlikely
S	4	3	2	1
_				
What impact will the content of th	is workshop	have on f	the betterment	of Pacific children's education?
Very useful				Not useful
	4	3	2	1
5				
5	ectations?			
5 Did this workshop meet your exp	ectations?			Notucoful
5 Did this workshop meet your exp Very useful		3	2	Not useful 1
5 Did this workshop meet your exp	ectations? 4	3	2	Not useful 1
5 Did this workshop meet your exp Very useful	4			Not useful 1
5 Did this workshop meet your exp Very useful 5	4			Not useful 1 Not useful

What did y	you like abou	it the content	t and/or the	style of preser	ntation of this	workshop?	
			•				_
Suggestio	ns regarding	the content a	and/or the s	tyle of present	ation of this w	/orkshop:	
					un to this wor		
Wildt Shot			ext workshi	op as a follow-		Shop :	
Additional	Comments:						

APPENDIX C: Listing of Products Distributed



ERIC Argil Each Provided by ERIC 47

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Listing of Products Distributed

REL's New Products Distributed

Annual Report:

- 1998 PREL Annual Report: A Report to the Board of Directors
- REL 1998 Annual Report: Improving America's Schools through Educational R&D

Brochures and Posters:

- 16th Annual PEC Poster
- 16th Annual PEC Registration Packet Brochure
- Classroom Organization and Management Program Flier
- Discipline-Based Art Education Flier
- Hawai'i Art Education Association Flier
- Literacy Teleconference Video Announcement
- Pacific Curriculum and Instruction Council Brochure
- Pacific Regional Educational Laboratory Brochure
- Pacific Resources for Education and Learning Information Sheet
- PREL Products and Publications Catalog, 1999-2000
- Program Planning Council Brochure
- Workshop/Conference Information Brochure

Newsletters:

- Pacific Center News, Vol. 3, No. 3
- Pacific Center News, Vol. 4, No. 1
- Pacific Education Updates, Vol. 10, No. 4
- Pacific Education Updates, Vol. 11, No. 1

REL Briefing Paper:

- Professional Development for School Leaders -- A Hawai'i Model
- Reading Instruction for Older Struggling Readers
- Title VII Bilingual Education In Hawai'i: Lessons Learned

Promising Practices in the Pacific Region:

• Promising Practices in the Pacific Region 1998, Issue 2

Videotapes:

- CRIZMAC: Island Worlds
- First and Second Language Literacy: From Research to Practice
- PEC '97, Nainoa Thompson Keynote Speech

Audio tapes:

- Reading Aloud to Children—Carolinian
- Reading Aloud to Children-Kosraean



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Directory:

• Service Providers' Networking Directory, 1999

Focused Discussion Series:

Peaceful Schools

Others:

- 21st Century Learning Centers Program Booklets
- DBAE Material Folders
- First and Second Language Literacy Teleconference Announcement

REL's Previous Products Distributed

Annual Reports:

- 1996 Annual Report: Pacific Resources for Education and Learning
- 1997 Annual Report: Pacific Resources for Education and Learning
- 1997 PREL Annual Report: A Report to the Board of Directors
- 1998 Annual Report: Pacific Resources for Education and Learning

Audio Tapes:

- Reading Aloud to Children (bilingual audio tapes available in eight different Pacific languages)
- Reading Aloud to Children in Chuukese
- Reading Aloud to Children in Hawaiian
- Reading Aloud to Children in Marshallese
- Reading Aloud to Children in Palauan
- Reading Aloud to Children in Pohnpeian
- Reading Aloud to Children in Samoan
- Reading Aloud to Children in Woleaian (Yap)
- Reading Aloud to Children in Yapese

Brochures and Posters:

- 15th Annual Pacific Educational Conference Registration Packet—Voyaging With a Vision
- 16th Annual Pacific Educational Conference Registration Packet—Pacific Communities: Leaders of The New Millennium
- 1998 Publications and Products Catalog
- A Checklist for Helping Your Child with Homework Brochure
- A Checklist for Helping Your Child with Homework Poster
- A Checklist for Helping Your Child with Homework Poster—American Samoan
- A Checklist for Helping Your Child with Homework Poster---Carolinian
- A Checklist for Helping Your Child with Homework Poster-Chamorro
- A Checklist for Helping Your Child with Homework Poster----Chuukese
- A Checklist for Helping Your Child with Homework Poster—English



- A Checklist for Helping Your Child with Homework Poster-Marshallese
- A Checklist for Helping Your Child with Homework Poster-Palauan
- A Checklist for Helping Your Child with Homework Poster--Pohnpeian
- A Conversation with Parents about Language—Chinese
- A Conversation with Parents about Language—Chuukese
- A Conversation with Parents about Language—Ilocano
- A Conversation with Parents about Language---Marshallese
- A Conversation with Parents about Language—Pohnpeian
- A Conversation with Parents about Language---Vietnamese
- Adult Literacy brochure
- Fact Sheet: Comprehensive School Reform Program
- Let's Do Homework brochure—American Samoan
- Let's Do Homework brochure—Chamorro
- Let's Do Homework brochure—English
- Let's Do Homework brochure—Marshallese
- Our Pacific Region brochure
- Pacific Center for the Arts and Humanities in Education (PCAHE) Brochure
- Pacific Resources for Education and Learning Information Sheet
- PEIR Program Brochure
- PREL Publications and Products, 1998 Catalog
- Talking Story "Come Join Me On My Back Porch"

CD-ROMs:

- Making Schools Work for Every Child
- Pacific Interactive 1.0 CD-ROM

Directories:

- Directory of Pacific Professionals for Educational Improvement--Second Edition
- Service Providers' Networking Directory, 1998

Educational Innovations in the Pacific:

- Assessment in the Pacific: The Yap Assessment Model
- Ka'ahumanu School's ESL Program: Creative Solutions to Some Nagging Problems
- Schools-Within-A-School: The Kapa'a Elementary School Model
- University Of Hawai'i's Early Childhood Visual Arts Cohort Concept
- Year-round Schools: The Star of the Sea Model

Newsletters:

- Pacific Education Updates, Vol. 9, No.2, July, 1997
- Pacific Education Updates, Vol. 9, No.4. November. 1997
- Pacific Education Updates, Vol. 10, No.1, March, 1998
- Pacific Education Updates, Vol. 10, No.2, July, 1998
- Pacific Education Updates, Vol. 10, No.3, December, 1998



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REL Briefing Papers:

- A Review of "The Use of First and Second Language in Education"
- America's Youth: Managed Care's Most Valuable Population
- Charter School Concept Versus School/Community-Based Management
- Integrated Curriculum—A Reflection of Life
- Integrating Title IV and Title VII: Using TRIBES to Teach English as a Second Language (ESL)
- Language Change and Language Planning and Policy
- Language of Instruction: Choices and Consequences
- Managed Care for Children with Disabilities and the Interface of Legislative Policy
- New Research on Learning Indicates Need for Cultural Awareness
- School/Community-Based Management Revisited in the Pacific
- School-Based Programs to Promote Safety and Civility
- Schools For Disruptive Students: A Questionable Alternative
- Storytelling: The Heart and Soul of Education
- Taking a Canoe to the Moon: Comprehensive Art Education for the Pacific
- Teacher Education in Hawai'i
- The Role of Teacher Mentoring in Educational Reform

Promising Practices in the Pacific Region:

- Promising Practices in the Pacific Region, 1996
- Promising Practices in the Pacific Region, 1997
- Promising Practices in the Pacific Region, 1998
- Promising Practices in the Pacific Region: Parental Involvement in Education

Research and Development Reports:

- A Study of Risk Factors Among High School Students in the Pacific Region
- Culture and Learning at Home and School: A Study in Kosrae State
- Educational Needs Assessment for the Pacific Region: 1993-1994
- Pacific Region School Finance and Facilities Study
- Profile of Pacific Public Schools
- Retention and Attrition of Pacific School Teachers and Administrators (RAPSTA)

Research Syntheses:

- Family Involvement in Education: A Synthesis of Research for Pacific Educators
- Language Use at Home and School: A Synthesis of Research for Pacific Educators
- Modified School Schedules: A Look at the Research in the Pacific
- Research Review for Inclusive Practices
- Research Review for the Study of Pacific At-Risk Factors
- Research Synthesis: At-Risk Teachers
- Synthesis of the Research on Educational Change

Videotapes:

• PEC '98 Nainoa Thompson Keynote Speech





- Clean Water in the Pacific
- Discipline Based Arts Education
- Reading the Wind—Video and Guide

Others:

- Hawai'i Directory of Informal Education Opportunities
- Making Schools Work for Every Child



PREL

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