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Carl D Perkins Voc and Appl Techn Educ Act 1990; *Ohio IDENTIFIERS

ABSTRACT

This report documents the work done in Fiscal Year 1998 by the Ohio Department of Education, Division of Vocational and Adult Education, to address two major priorities as authorized by the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology Education Act of 1990: (1) single parents, displaced homemakers, and single pregnant women; and (2) vocational students in nontraditional programs, specifically those programs that will result in economic self-sufficiency. The report provides a review of each program; a profile of the participants in each of the programs; statistical data about participants' economic and personal situations at intake; and the outcomes at the end of the fiscal year. The grants highlighted in the report are as follows: (1) grants for single parents, displaced homemakers, and single pregnant women (Comprehensive Support Services Grant; Displaced Homemaker Program; Graduation, Occupation, and Living Skills Program; and Ventures in Business Ownership Program); and (2) equity funded grants (Nontraditional Education for Teens Work Program; Orientation to Nontraditional Occupations for Women Program; and Promoting Access in Technical Education Grant). Program information is provided in more than 50 tables and graphs. (KC)

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PROGRAMS AND SERVICES

FY 98

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Office of Educational Research and Improvement EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES INFORMATION CENTER (ERIC)

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OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

MOVING TOWARD SELF-SUFFICIENCY

DIVISION OF VOCATIONAL AND ADULT EDUCATION

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This publication documents the work done in FY 98 by the Ohio Department of Education, Division of Vocational and Adult Education to address two major priorities as authorized by the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology Education Act of 1990. Specifically, this act requires states to address the special needs and enhance the participation of

- single parents, displaced homemakers, and single pregnant women and
- vocational students in nontraditional programs; specifically those programs that will result in economic self-sufficiency.

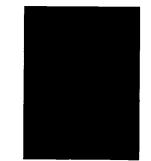
This report provides a review of each program; a profile of the participants in each of the programs; statistical data about participants' economic and personal situations at intake; and the outcomes at the end of the fiscal year. The grants highlighted in this report include:

Single Parents, Displaced Homemakers, and Single Pregnant Women Grants

- Comprehensive Support Services (CSS) Grant
- Displaced Homemaker (DH) Program
- Graduation, Occupation, and Living Skills (GOALS) Program
- Ventures in Business Ownership (VBO) Program

Equity Funded Grants

- Nontraditional Education for Teens Work (NETWork) Program
- Orientation to Nontraditional Occupations for Women (ONOW)
 Program
- Promoting Access in Technical Education (PATE) Grant





Single Parent, Displaced Homemaker, and Single Pregnant Women Grants and Programs



Graduation, Occupation, and Living Skills



Ventures in Business Ownership



Comprehensive Support Services



Displaced Homemaker

In Ohio, as well as nationwide, the statistics for single parents and displaced homemakers paint a grim picture of this population's economic situation. With the assistance of the programs and services offered by 52 Vocational Education Planning Districts and colleges, significant and positive changes have been made. Child care, travel, and tuition assistance enable grant recipients to attend vocational job training programs that can help this at-risk population move into successful, higher paying jobs.









Comprehensive Support Services Grant (CSS)

The purpose of this grant is to assist single parents and displaced homemakers to attend workforce development programs by providing support services such as dependent care, transportation, and tuition. The goal is to move these individuals from poverty to economic self-sufficiency. Fifty Vocational Education Planning Districts (VEPDs) received grant funding averaging \$20,660 per site.

'Jane'* received financial reimbursement for child care for her son for three years through the CSS grant. Jane graduated this year and is looking forward to a bright future despite many bardsbips. Being a single parent and going to school is difficult, but on top of that Jane was also the sole caregiver to ber mother who was battling cancer. In February of ber senior year, ber mother passed away leaving Jane without family and the emotional support ber mother provided. Thanks to the child care CSS reimbursement ber son's care was never a worry. Jane concentrated on getting ber life back on track and completed school. She graduated in June and is currently looking for employment in Carpentry.

CSS GRANT STANDARDS

CSS Grant - Secondary Recipients

Of the secondary students who receive services under this grant:

- 85% will graduate from high school or will be promoted to the next grade level.
- 25% will enter a nontraditional vocational training program or establish an individual career plan with nontraditional career objectives.
- 50% of those completing job-specific training programs will obtain employment in a field related to their training and earn a minimum of \$5.50 per hour within 6 months of graduation.

CSS Grant - Adult Recipients

Of the adult recipients who receive services under this grant:

- 100% will enter ABLE/GED, return to high school for a diploma, or enter a vocational training program.
- 50% will complete a job training program and obtain employment in a related field, earning a minimum of \$6.25 per hour within six months.
- 25% will enter either a job-specific training program or an occupation that is nontraditional for their gender, to be documented at six months and eighteen months following their exit from the program.
- 25% of public assistance recipients who receive CSS funding and complete a job-specific training program will eliminate or reduce reliance on the following types of public assistance:
- cash assistance medical insurance housing subsidy food stamps
- 85% of individuals receiving CSS while attending GED classes will receive their GED certificate within 2 years.

INTAKE DATA	■ FY 9	8			CSS Secondary Recipients
NUMBER OF PARTIC Female 99.0%	CIPANTS Male 1	S WHO RECEIVED SER .1 % Total 286	VIC	ES:	SECONDARY STUDENT RECIPIENTS WHO LIVE In separate households with children 15.4 % With child(ren) and parent/guardian/relatives 84.6 %
14 1.1 % 15 8.0 % 16 16.1 %	17 18	44.1 % 19 25.5 %	5.2	%	PARTICIPANTS WITH PHYSICAL OR MENTAL HANDICAPS: 27 or 9.4 %
GRADE LEVEL: 8th .7 % 9th 6.3 %	10th 11th	11.5 % 12th 32.2 %	49.3	%	SOURCES OF FINANCIAL SUPPORT: Own employment 34.6 % WIC 78.0 % Parent's employment 57.3 % Medicaid/Health Card 61.9 % Child support 18.9 % Subsidized housing 6.6 % Food Stamps 18.9 % Social Security 15.7 %
RACE/ETHNIC GROU European American 65. African American 27. Bi-racial 3.	.0 % .6 %	Hispanic Native American Asian/Pacific Islander	2.8 .4 : .4	%	ADC/GA own 16.1 % Relatives/friends 10.1 % ADC/GA parents 4.6 % Trust .4 % LEAP 10.1 % Other 4.6 %
MARITAL STATUS: Single 99.	.3 %	Divorced	.7	%	EMPLOYMENT STATUS AT TIME OF INTAKE: Not employed 67.1% Working less than 20 hrs/wk 18.9% Working 20–34 hrs/wk 12.6% Working 35 hrs/wk or more 1.4%

TOTAL NUMBER OF SINGLE PREGNANT FEMALES SERVED BY CSS GRANT: 46 or 16.1 %

SINGLE PARENT PARTICIPANTS WHO HAVE MINOR CHILDREN LIVING AT HOME: 281 or 98.3 %

NUMBER OF CHILDREN BY AGE: Total 292 0-2 years 96.6 % 3-5 years 3.4%

NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS LIVING IN POVERTY AT TIME OF INTAKE: 240 or 83.9 %

WAGES PER HOUR AT TIME OF INTAKE:

2.1 %

5.3 %

61.7 %

- 2.50

\$ 2.51 - 4.25

\$ 4.26 - 5.50

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\$5.51 - 6.50 26.6 %

\$ 6.51 - 7.50

4.3 %

Total number of VEPDs who served secondary students through the CSS grant during FY 98: 32 (34% of all VEPDs in Ohio)

Total number of secondary students served with the CSS Grant: 286

SERVICES	RECEIVED	BY EACH	CSS	RECIPIENT:
OCK VICEO	RECEIVED	DIEGOI	LOUG	KECH LEH 1:

Both dependent care and travel	29.4	%
Dependent care only	50.4	%
Travel only	17.1	%
Nontraditional entry expenses	.7	%
Fees only	2.0	%
Fees and dependent care	.4	%

NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS' DEPENDENTS SERVED: 259

Total number of CSS students who were enrolled in

GRADS:	262	or 91.6 %	NETWork	2 or .7 %
OWE.	15	or 57%		

Total number of CSS Grant recipients who were enrolled in grades 11 or 12: 234 or 81.8% of total served

Percentage of 11th-12th graders served through CSS who are enrolled in job-specific programs: 157 or 67.1%



CSS SECONDARY ENROLLMENTS: Percentage of 163 CSS students in job training:	
Agriculture Education	6.1 %
Business Education	22.7 %_
Family & Consumer Sciences	17.8 %
Health Occupations	23.9 %
Marketing Education	6.8 %
Trade & Industrial Education	22.7 %

OCCUPATIONAL SPECIFIC TRAINING OUTCOMES:

Students who completed vocational programs	50.3	%
Students who completed one year of a		
two-year vocational program	36.2	<u>%</u>
Students who transferred to another program or school	3.7	<u>%</u>
Students who dropped out of vocational programs	9.8	<u>%</u>

Percentage of students who completed job training programs, are currently enrolled, or transferred to another program or school: 90.2%

OVERALL EDUCATIONAL PROGRESS:

Earned high school diploma, employed in area related to vocational training	11.5	%
Earned diploma, employed in area unrelated to field	10.8	<u>%</u>
Earned high school diploma, looking for work	14.7	<u>%</u>
Earned high school diploma, not in the labor force	3.9	%
Promoted to the next grade level	39.9	%
Currently enrolled, same grade level	8.7	%
Transferred to another school	3.2	%
Dropped out of school and is employed	3.5	%
Dropped out of school and is unemployed	3.9	%

Percentage of secondary students served who graduated from high school, were promoted to the next grade level, or were still enrolled in school at the school year's end: 92.7 %

Comprehensive Support Services Grant (CSS) - ADULT RECIPIENTS

55 years and older

All adult student recipients of CSS services in the VEPD are represented in this report, including students supported by CSS local contribution funds.

INTAKE DATA • FY 98

Based on 39 (98%) sites reported NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS WHO RECEIVED SERVICES:

Female 97.5%	М	Male 2.5 %		
AGE: Under 22 years old	13.9 %	45–54 vears old	8.5 %	

76.8 %

22-44 years old

RACE/ETHNIC GR	OUP:				
European American	69.9	%	Native American	3.0	%
African American	23.0	%	Asian/Pacific Islander	.6	%
Hispanic	1.8	%	Middle Eastern	.4	%
Bi-racial	1.0	%	Other	.3	%

MARITAL STATUS:

WHITEILID OTHER OUT			
Never married	43.5 %	Married	22.4 %
Divorced	32.1 %	Widowed	1.9 %

EMADDIED. Total 224

ai ZZ4				
10.7	%	Spouse disadvantaged/		
8.5	%	low income	28.1	%
4.9	%	Spouse incarcerated	.9	%
42.9	%	Other	4.0	%
	10.7 8.5 4.9	10.7 % 8.5 % 4.9 % 42.9 %	10.7 % Spouse disadvantaged/ 8.5 % low income 4.9 % Spouse incarcerated	10.7 % Spouse disadvantaged/ 8.5 % low income 28.1 4.9 % Spouse incarcerated .9

E PARENT PARTICIPANTS WITH CHILDREN :R AGE 18 AT HOME: 788 or 78.9 %

CSS Adult Recipients

NUMBER OF	DEPI	ENDENTS	BY AGE GROUP: 7	Fotal	1,648	
0-23 months	14.2	%	13-17 years		15.0	%
2-5 years	31.7	%	Dependents 18 and o	ver	2.9	%
6-12 years	36.2	%				

Average: 1.6 children per participant

NUMBER OF SINGLE PREGNANT WOMEN SERVED: 33 or 3.3 %

NUMBER OF EX-OFFENDERS SERVED: 26 or 2.6 %

HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATION ACHIEVED:

THOUGHT LEVEL OF	LDCCMI	TOTA MOTIFIE A PP.		
No diploma or GED	9.3 %	Technical certificate/		
GED	18.4 %	associate's degree	7.5	%
High school diploma	42.2 %	Bachelor's degree	1.1	%
Some post high school	21.4 %			

BARRIERS TO SCHOOL OR EMPLOYMENT:

41.4	%
39.1	%
50.4	%
17.7	%
59.5	%
1.5	%
.7	%
4.9	%
	50.4 17.7 59.5

DARRIOTO ANTO INTERNA DIVINOS AL COLORO DE CONTRA DE CON	
PARTICIPANTS WITH PHYSICAL OR MENTAL HANDICAPS: 88 or 8.8 %	SOURCE(S) OF FINANCIAL SUPPORT:
HANDICAPS: 00 0r 0.0 %	Own employment 32.4 % Social Security 9.6 %
EMPLOYMENT STATUS AT TIME OF INTAKE:	Spouse's employment 6.7 % Unemployment Comp. 2.3 %
	Parent's/relatives/friends 7.8 % Workers Comp. 1.2 %
	Alimony 4.3 % Interest/dividends/savings 1.9 %
Less than 20 hrs/week 9.1 % 35+ hrs/week 10.8 %	Child support 19.7 % JTPA 1.3 %
AVERAGE WAGES PER HOUR AT TIME OF INTAKE:	Welfare/JOBS/ADC 51.3 % LEAP .9 %
\$6.28 statewide	WIC 6.8 % Other 1.8 %
40.20 Stateward	NUMBER OF BARTICIDANTS LIVING IN POLITICITY AT
IF NOT EMPLOYED AT TIME OF INTAKE, HOW LONG	NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS LIVING IN POVERTY AT TIME OF INTAKE: 871 or 87.2 %
SINCE EMPLOYED:	THATE OF INTERES 6/1 OF 6/1.2 %
Within last year 41.0 % 6 or more years 11.4 %	Seventy-three percent of women work in non-professional
1–5 years 36.2 % Never employed 11.4 %	occupations such as clerical or service jobs.
over sample your carry to	
VOCATIONAL TRAINING OUTCOMES - FY 98	CSS Adult Recipients
TOTAL NUMBER SERVED: 999	NUMBER OF RADITIONS AND MAIN AVERDED TO TAKE
	NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS WHO NEEDED TO EARN A
Single parents 59.8 % Single pregnant females 2.7 % Displaced homemakers 37.5 %	GED: 93 or 9.3% of total participants served
-	Of these, the number who enrolled for GED: 59 or 64.8 %
PARTICIPANTS WHO APPLIED FOR	Based on 91 reported
Dependent care 23.5 % Educational materials 63.4 %	Of these, the number who earned GED: 16 or 33.3 %
Transportation expenses 21.2 % Nontraditional entry	Based on 48 reported
Tuition 79.3 % expenses 2.9 %	
ENROLLMENT IN VOCATIONAL PREPARATORY	CSS ADULT ENROLLMENTS
PROGRAMS: 515	Percentage of 878 CSS students reported in job training:
Displaced Homemaker 41.0 % Transitions 44.7 %	Agriculture Education 0 %
GOALS 2.5 % VBO 2.0 %	Business Education 45.5 %
ONOW 9.9 %	Family & Consumer Sciences 1.2 %
	Health Occupations 41.7 %
OF PARTICIPANTS ENROLLED IN VOCATIONAL	Marketing Education 2 % Trade & Industrial Education 11.6 %
PREPARATORY PROGRAMS, PERCENTAGE WHO	Trade & Industrial Education 11.6 %
Are currently enrolled: 129 or 25.1 % of total participants	VOCATIONAL & TECHNICAL COLLEGE TRAINING RESULTS:
Of these, percentage who	Currently enrolled: 337 or 38.4 % of total job training participants
are in job specific training while in preparatory program 95.4 %	of these, percentage who are currently employed in
are working while in preparatory program 3.1 %	related area while in job training 13.1 %
Completed: 372 or 72.2 % of total participants	Completed training: 396 or 45.1 %. Of these, percentage who
Of these, percentage who	are employed in related area 58.1 %
are working 29.3 %	are employed in unrelated area 8.8 %
are looking for work 13.4 %	are enrolled in higher education .5 %
are waiting to enroll in job training 2.2 %	are looking for employment 25.8 %
are enrolled in a second preparatory program 1.9 %	are not in labor force 5.6 %
are enrolled in higher education 45.4 %	status unknown 1.3 %
are enrolled in Community Work Experience (CWEP) .8 %	Transferred to another job training program .6 %
are choosing not to work or additional training/education 2.7 %	Dropped out of program 13.7 %
are not available for work or additional training/education 3.2 %	of these, percentage who dropped for employment 39.3 %
status unknown 1.1 %	Unknown status 2.1 %
Dropped out of program 2.5 %	
Unknown status 2.5 %	NUMBER OF COMPLETERS ON PUBLIC ASSISTANCE: 231 or 58.3%
	Based on 224 reported
SERVICES RECEIVED BY CSS RECIPIENTS:	Of these, percentage who
Participants' dependents served: 557	dropped all public assistance 25.9 %
Number who received transportation assistance 17.0 %	dropped some public assistance 33.0 %
Number who received tuition assistance 75.6 %	Percentage of adult participant completers who reduced reliance on public
Number who received educational materials 55.5 %	assistance: 58.9%
Number who received nontraditional entry expenses 1.1 %	
Number who received complementary activities 9.5 %	INCOME STATUS OF COMPLETERS:
Number who received dependent care services 17.2 %	Percentage who
	increased personal/household income 32.7 %
	became economically self-sufficient 17.7 %
	became employed in nontraditional and/or

became employed in nontraditional and/or

Displaced Homemaker (DH) Program

This program assists low-income displaced homemakers and single parents to make the transition from homemaking to wage earning. The program provides supportive instruction and services to help participants cope with new life situations, overcome barriers that prevent them from becoming independent, and acquire marketable skills. Twenty-seven sites received an average grant award of \$28,845 per site.

DISPLACED HOMEMAKER PROGRAM

INTAKE DATA • FY 98

DISPLACED HOMEMAKER (DH) GRANT STANDARDS

- 80% of program completers who do not have a high school diploma will enter ABLE/GED training or return to high school.
- 70% of the program graduates will complete their ABLE/GED training, enter a job-training program, or enter employment.
- 15% of graduates will enter a nontraditional occupation or enter an occupation that enables them to eliminate or reduce reliance on the following types of public assistance:
 - cash assistance
- medical insurance
- housing subsidy
- food stamps

NILDADED	OF DDC	OD A L	DADT	CIDANITE .
NUMBER	Or PKU	JGKAM	PARI	ICIPANTS :

TOMBER OF TROOP			T 110	200
Female 91.3%	Male 8.7	%	Total 1,9	900
AGE				
Under 22	12.0 %	45-54	11.4	%
22-44	73.4%	55 and older	3.2	%
RACE/ETHNIC GRO	UP:			
European American	56. 4 %	Bi-racial	1.1	%
African American	33.4%	Asian American	.3	%
Hispanic	2.9 %	Middle Eastern	.2	%
Native American	4.9 %	Other	.8	%
MARITAL STATUS:		•		
Never married	38.6 %	Divorced	26.4	%
Married	31.6%	Widowed	3.4	%
IF MARRIED:				
Spouse disabled	11.7%	Spouse incarcerated	l 4.5	%
Spouse absent	6.3 %	Spouse disadvantage	ed/	
Spouse unemployed	16.0 %	low income	11.7	%
Spouses separated	37.6 %	Other	12.3	%
TOTAL NUMBER W	HO WERE			
Single parents	40.3 %	Single pregnant fem	ales 5.3	%
Displaced homemakers	53.7 %	Unknown	.7	%

SINGLE PARENT PARTICIPANTS WHO HAVE MINOR

CHILDREN LIVING AT HOME: 1,234 or 65.0 %

NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS LIVING WITH PARTICI-PANTS: 2,973 or an average of 1.6 children per participant NUMBER OF EX-OFFENDERS SERVED: 348 or 18.3 % of total

NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS WITH PHYSICAL OR MENTAL HANDICAPS: 327 or 17.2% of total

HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATION ACHIEVED:

No diploma or GED	30.5 %	Technical certificate		
GED	11.2 %	or associate's degree	7.4	%
High school diploma	33.8 %	Bachelor's degree	2.7	%
Some post high school	14.3 %	Master's degree or higher	.2	%

BARRIERS TO SCHOOL/EMPLOYMENT:

Child care/dependent care problems	37.4	%
Lack of work experience	36.3	%
Lack of work skills	38.3	%
Transportation/no driver's license	31.2	%
Lack of money	41.6	%
Limited English skills	.7	%
Alcohol/drug problems	9.4	%
Other	12.2	%

EMPLOYMENT STATUS AT TIME OF INTAKE:

Unemployed	85.8 %	20-34 hrs/week	4.7	%
Less than 20 hrs/week	4.7%	35+hrs/week	4.8	%
Average wage at intake \$	6.28/hr			

IF NOT EMPLOYED AT TIME OF INTAKE, HOW LONG SINCE EMPLOYED:

Within last year	43.3 %	6 or more years	12.3	%
1-5 years	30.6 %	Never employed	13.8	%
Based on 1,558 reported				

SOURCE(S) OF EINIANCIAL SUPPORT.

SOURCE(S) OF FINA	MACIAT	SUFFURT:		
Own employment	13.9%	Unemployment	1.7	%
Spouse's employment	7.4%	Worker's Comp.	.4	%
Parents/relatives/friends	4.9 %	Interest/dividends/savings	.8	%
Alimony	1.6 %	JTPA	.3	%
Child support	9.5 %	WIC	5.4	%
Welfare	54.0 %	LEAP	.7	%
Social Security	10.5 %	Other	15.7	%

TOTAL LIVING IN POVERTY AT TIME OF INTAKE:

1,636 or 86.1% of total

DISPLACED HOMEMAKER PROGRAM OUTCOMES

PERCENTAGE WHO DID NOT HAVE A HIGH SC	HOOL	
DIPLOMA AT INTAKE:	30.5	%
Percentage of the above who enrolled in GED classes:	55.6	%

Pere Based on 532 reported Percentage of the above who received a GED:

Based on 249 reported

PERCENTAGE WHO NEEDED TO IMPROVE BASIC SKILLS: 50.1 % Based on 1,720 reported Percentage of the above who enrolled in remediation 74.5 %

TOTAL NUMBER WHO ENROLLED IN JOB TRAINING: 451 or 25.8%

~~1,751 reported.

Based on 765 reported

OF THOSE ENROLLED IN JOB TRAINING Percentage who:

unknown status

are currently enrolled: 271 or 60.1% of total participants of these, percentage who

, <u>.</u>		
are currently employed in related area while job training	<u> 16.2</u>	<u>%</u>
completed training: 130 or 28.8 % of total participants		
of these, percentage who		
are employed in related area	_57.7	%
are employed in non-related area	10.0	%
are looking for employment	29.2	%
are not in labor force	3.1	%
transferred to another job training program	.7	%
dropped out of program	8.8	%
of these, percentage who dropped for employment	51.3	%



28.9 %

FY 98

Graduation, Occupation, and Living Skills (GOALS) Program

The GOALS Program serves single parents and homemakers between the ages of 16 and 30 who have dropped out of high school. This program helps students assess their career interests and abilities and to develop an educational plan for completing their high school education. As a result of this program most students enroll in ABLE/GED and then enroll in a job training program that will enable them to become economically independent. Most GOALS programs also provide parenting information and skills to help them to be responsible citizens. Four sites received grant funding averaging \$37,178 per site.

GOALS PROGR	RAM • I	NTAKE DATA •	FY 98	3	
NUMBER OF PROG	RAM PAR	TICIPANTS:			
Female 98.7 %	Male	2 1.3 %	Total :	231	
AGE:					
Under 22	72.7 %	22 -44	27.3	%	
RACE/ETHNIC GRO	OUP:				
African American	45.9 %	Bi-racial	3.5	%	
European American	40.7 %	Native American	1.7		
Hispanic	8.2 %		•	_	
MARITAL STATUS:	:				
Never married	85.3 %	Divorced	6.1	%	
Married	8.2 %	Widowed	.4	%	
IF MARRIED:					
Spouse absent	26.3 %	Spouses separated	36.8	%	
Spouse unemployed	5.3 %	Other	5.3	%	
Spouse disadvantaged/					
low income	26.3 %				
TOTAL NUMBER SE	ERVED: 23	31			
Single parents	68.8 %	Single pregnant			
Displaced homemakers	14.7 %	females	16.5	%	
SINGLE PARENT PARTICIPANTS WHO HAVE MINOR CHILDREN LIVING AT HOME: 140 or 60.6 %					
NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS LIVING WITH PARTICI- PANTS: 333 or an average of 1.4 children per participant					
NUMBER OF EX-OFE	ENDERS	SEDVED. 44 10 1 0	£ 1		

NUMBER OF EX-OFFENDERS SERVED: 44 or 19.1 % of total

HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATION ACHIEVED:

No diploma or GED 99.1 % High school diploma .9 %

BARRIERS TO SCHOOL/EMPLOYMENT:

Child care/dependent care problems	53.7	%
Lack of work experience	50.7	%
Lack of work skills	52.0	%
Transportation/no driver's license		%
Lack of money	61.0	%
Limited English skills		%
Alcohol/drug problems		
Other	5.6	%

GOALS GRANT STANDARDS

- 80% of program completers who do not have a high school diploma will enter ABLE/GED training or return to high school.
- 70% of the program graduates will complete their ABLE/GED training, enter a job-training program, or enter employment.
- 15% of graduates will enter a nontraditional occupation or enter an occupation that enables them to eliminate or reduce reliance on the following types of public assistance:
 - cash assistance
- medical insurance
- housing subsidy
- food stamps

NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS WITH PHYSICAL OR MENTAL HANDICAPS: 24 or 10.4 % of total

EMPLOYMENT STATUS AT TIME OF INTAKE:

Unemployed	85.7 %	20–34 hrs/week	6.1	%
Less than 20 hrs/week	5.2 %	35+hrs/week	3.0	%
The average income for the	ose who wo	rked was \$5.62/hr at intake.		

IF NOT EMPLOYED AT TIME OF INTAKE, HOW LONG SINCE EMPLOYED:

Within last year	28.3 %	6 or more years	1.0	
1–5 years	4.0 %	Never employed	66.7	
SOURCE(S) OF FIN	NANCIAL SU	PPORT:	10.4	٥,

Own employment	15.2 %	Social Security	10.4	%
Spouse's employment	1.7 %	WIC	28.1	%
Parents/relatives/friends	17.8 %	LEAP	4.8	%
Child support	5.2%	Unemployment	.4	%
Welfare	74.5 %	Other	2.2	%
Interest/Dividends	4 %			

TOTAL LIVING IN POVERTY AT TIME OF INTAKE: 225 or 97.4 % of total

'Rhonda' dropped out of high school when she was 14 and ran away from bome. At the age of 16, she had an eight month old child and wanted to become, "... the best parent she could be and work on her GED." She attended the GOALS program regularly and turned in all assignments. She received her GED, is currently employed at a local restaurant, and will be enrolling in technical college this Autumn.

GOALS PROGRAM OUTCOMES

FY 98

PERCENTAGE WHO DID NOT HAVE A HIGH SCHO	OOL	
DIPLOMA AT INTAKE:	99.1	%
Number of the above who enrolled in ABLE classes: Based on 227 reported	85.0	%
Number of the above who received a GED: Based on 145 reported	13.1	%

NUMBER WHO NEEDED TO IMPROVE BASIC SKILLS:100.0 %

Based on 229 reported

ber of the above who enrolled in remediation 89.4 % î 226 reported

TOTAL NUMBER WHO ENROLLED IN JOB TRAIN	ING:	
11 or 4.8%; of these, percentage who:		
are currently enrolled in job training programs	100.0	%
Based on 10 reported		

Ventures in Business Ownership (VBO) Program

The VBO Program assists single parents, displaced homemakers, and single pregnant women to start, own, and manage their own business. VBO provides a practical step-by-step approach through a 20-week program that includes extensive, individualized instruction. Students receive quality training from instructors who have had experience in starting, owning, and managing a business. Seven sites received grant funding at \$39,000 per site.

VBO	PROG	RΑ	M	
INTAKE	DATA		FΥ	98

INTA	NE DAT	A - F1 70		
NUMBER OF PROGRA	AM PART	ICIPANTS: 169		
Female 91.1 %	Male 8	.9 %		
ACE.				
AGE: Under 22	6.5 %	45–54	23.7	%
22–44	63.3 %	55 and older	6.5	%
22 -44	05.5 %	JJ and older	0.5	70
RACE/ETHNIC GROU	J P:			
European American	76.9 %	Native American	7.1	%
African American	14.2 %	Hispanic	1.8	%
MADITAL STATUS				
MARITAL STATUS:	23.7 %	Divorced	39.1	%
Never married			4 ,	
Married	32.0 %	Widowed	5.3	%
IF MARRIED:				
Spouse disabled	11.1 %	Spouse disadvantaged/		
Spouse absent	11.1 %	low income	38.9	%
Spouse unemployed	9.3 %	Other	14.8	%
Spouses separated	13.0 %	Spouse incarcerated	1.9	%
		•		
TOTAL NUMBER SEI	RVED:			
Single parents	42.0 %	Single pregnant female	es 3.0	%
Displaced homemakers	50.9 %	Other	4.1	%

SINGLE PARENT PARTICIPANTS WHO HAVE MINOR CHILDREN LIVING AT HOME: 75 or 44.4 % of total

NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS LIVING WITH PARTICIPANTS:

172 or an average of 1.0 child per participant

HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATION ACHIEVED:

No diploma or GED	11.2 %	Technical certificate		
GED	11.2 %	or associate's degree	14.8	%
High school diploma	39.6 %	Bachelor's degree	4.1	%
Some post high school	17.2 %	Master's degree	1.8	%

BARRIERS TO SCHOOL/EMPLOYMENT:

Child care/dependent care problems	39.1	%
Lack of work experience	46.8	%
Lack of work skills	50.9	%
Transportation/no driver's license	17.8	%
Lack of money	65.7	%
Alcohol/drug problems	1.8	%
Other	4.1	%

VBO GRANT STANDARDS

- 85% of students who start the section of the curriculum on business plan development (phase 2) will complete the program.
- 100% of those who complete the program will develop a business plan and submit it to two or more qualified business professionals for review.
- 75% of graduates will start a business, enter employment, or pursue additional education or training related to their areas of entrepreneurial interest within 3 years of completing the program.

NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS WITH PHYSICAL OR MENTAL HANDICAPS: 24 or 14.2 % of total

EMPLOYMENT STATUS AT TIME OF INTAKE:

Within last year

DIVIL DO INIDIA I GILLE	·				
Unemployed	52.7	%	20-34 hrs/week	13.0	%
Beco tilaii 20 iiio, con			00 1110, 110011	22.5	%
The average income for those	who u	orked	was \$6.55/hr at intake.		

37.1 % 6 or more years

14.6 %

IF NOT EMPLOYED AT TIME OF INTAKE, HOW LONG SINCE EMPLOYED:

1–5 years	44.9	%	Never employed	3.4	%
SOURCES OF FINANC	CIAL S	UPP	ORT:		
Own employment	43.8	%	Unemployment	5.9	%
Spouse's employment	21.9	%	Worker's Comp.	.6	%
Parents/relatives/friends	10.1	%	Interest/dividends/savings	2.4	%
Alimony	6.5	%	JTPA	.6	%
Child support	18.9	%	WIC	2.4	%
Welfare	25.4	%	Other	2.4	%
Social Security	14.8	%			

TOTAL LIVING IN POVERTY AT TIME OF INTAKE: 157 or 92.9 % of total

SOME FACTS ABOUT VBO LONG-TERM RESULTS

- From 1994–1997, 319 qualifiers completed VBO. Of those completers, 56% started a small business, 15% were employed in positions related to their future ownership goal, 14% sought additional education, and 11% entered unrelated employment. In total, 96% of completers identified positive professional outcomes.
- Of the 56% who started a business in FY 95, FY 96, or FY 97, 93% were still in business at report time (July, 1998). 24% of the business owners received all their financial support from their business and 70% received some financial support from their business.

VBO PROGRAM OUTCOMES

Completed program	62.1	%
Completed program and started business	26.6	%
Left program for employment	5.9	%
Left program for school	1.8	%
Left program after phase I	25.4	%
Left program after phase II	3.6	%

OF 67 PARTICIPANTS WHO WERE REPORTED ON PUBLIC ASSISTANCE:

I ODDIO IIIOTO IIII OD.	
Those who dropped all public assistance	7.5 %
Those who dropped some public assistance	19.4 %



FY 98



Equity Funded Programs and Grants

NETWork

PATE

ONOW



Educators as well as students need to be made aware of the obligation for and the opportunities of an education that is free of gender bias. Ohio's vocational education system continuously strives to inform all students of the opportunities in vocational education.

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

Nontraditional Education for Teens Work (NETWork) Program

The Nontraditional Education for Teens Work (NETWork) Program introduces students to nontraditional career choices within a supportive environment. The program is designed for tenth-grade female students who are at high risk of dropping out of school due to contributing factors such as pregnancy or family economic status.

NETWork students explore a variety of nontraditional career options in fields such as law enforcement, telecommunications, auto and truck mechanics, fire services, auto body repair, carpentry, welding, and electronics. While learning job-related skills, NETWork students complete a remedial academic class in an area such as math or science along with a minimum of two other academic classes to earn credits needed for graduation. Being physically prepared to work in a nontraditional career is an important component of the NETWork Program. All students earn one credit in physical education through the NETWork Program. The NETWork class also helps students deal with personal issues ranging from peer pressure to job application strategies. Individual attention and preparation for high-paying jobs are some of the key benefits of this program. Five VEPDs received a grant award of \$20,000.

NETWork PROGRAM • INTAKE DATA • FY 98

NUMBER OF PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS: 75

AGE: 14 15	8.0 52.0		16 17	32.0 8.0	% %
RACE/ETHNIC GI	ROUP	:			
European American	58.7	%	Bi-racial	8.0	%
African American	24.0	%	Other	4.0	%
Hispanic	5.3	%			

PERCENTAGE OF STUDENTS WHO WERE

Formerly enrolled in OWA	42.7	<u>%</u>
Teen parents at intake	5.3	%
On public assistance	36.0	%
Receiving ADC	28.0	%
Eligible for free/reduced lunch at intake	65.3	%
Involved in the LEAP program	4.0	%
Court involved	34.7	%

NETWork GRANT STANDARDS

- 85% of the NETWork students will complete the NETWork program and continue working toward graduation.
- 65% of the NETWork Program completers will enter a vocational job training program.
- 50% of the NETWork completers who enter a vocational training program will enter a job training program that is nontraditional for their gender and enables them to earn at least \$5.50 per hour.

When 'Louise' entered the NETWork program she was homeless, had no parents, was 7-1/2 months pregnant, had a GPA of .25, and had been absent from school 64 days the previous school year. Louise ended her sophomore year as a NETWork student with a 2.0 GPA, had passed two of the four proficiency exams, was working 20 hours a week, and was taking good care of her son. For her junior year she was enrolled in 5-1/2 courses and is enrolled in vocational education.



NETWork students learn nontraditional job-related skills along with their academic classes.

NETWork PROGRAM OUTCOMES

OF TOTAL SERVED:		
Percentage who completed program	77.3	%
Percentage who dropped out of school	13.3	%
Percentage who moved out of district	5.3	%
Percentage expelled	1.3	%
Status unknown	2.7	%

OF NETWORK PROGRAM COMPLETERS:

OF NET WORK PROGRAM COMPLETERS:		
Percentage enrolled in vocational education for FY99	86.2	%
Percentage who continued in the general or college prep track	13.8	%

PERCENTAGE OF STUDENTS WHO SHOWED

Gains in upper body strength (based on 55 reported)	87.3 %
Gains in flexibility (based on 56 reported)	80.4 %
Gains in cardiovascular stamina (based on 56 reported)	83.9 %

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Orientation to Nontraditional Occupations for Women (ONOW) Program

Orientation to Nontraditional Occupations for Women (ONOW) is an eight-week vocational exploratory training program designed for economically disadvantaged women who wish to enter high-wage, nontraditional occupations. The intensive 208 hour program prepares women for careers in construction, manufacturing, service, or high-tech areas. ONOW students participate in hands-on labs in at least five nontraditional areas. In addition, they participate in physical fitness classes three times a week, enhance their math, mechanical and spatial reasoning skills, and learn to use hand and power tools safely. Seven VEPDs received an average grant award of \$50,000 per site.

'Tonette' is a single parent of four who had always worked in minimum wage jobs. Hoping for a chance for a better life, she enrolled in the ONOW program. She had perfect attendance and discovered that she had an aptitude for welding. She prepared for and passed an apprenticeship test and is now a die welder earning \$20.00 per hour. She says that if it weren't for the ONOW program and the support services it provided, she would probably be on welfare today. Instead she is completely self-sufficient and is happy in her new career.

ONOW PROGRAM . INTAKE DATA

NUMBER OF PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS SERVED: 260

NUMBER OF STUDENTS WHO COMPLETED THE

PROGRAM: 184 or 71% of students served

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RACE	/CITINIC	UTRUJUTE

RACE/ETHNIC GRO	UP:						
European American	69	%	Asian American	1	%		
African American	27	%	Native American	1	%		
Hispanic	2	% .					
AGE:							
Under 22	7	%	45+	7	%		
22–44	87	%					
MARITAL STATUS:							
Single	38	%	Divorced	33	%		
Married	28	%	Widowed	1	%		
HIGHEST LEVEL OF	EDU	CATIC	N ACHIEVED:				
No diploma or GED	18	%	Some post-secondary	8	%		
High school diploma			Bachelor's degree	2	%		
or GED	72	%	•				
EMPLOYMENT STAT	EMPLOYMENT STATUS AT TIME OF INTAKE:						
Unemployed	71	%	Employed full-time	3	%		

PERCENTAGE OF PARTICIPANTS WHO

Employed part-time

73	%
3	%
5	%
40	%
	73 3 5 40

ONOW PROGRAM - OUTCOMES - FY 98

PERCENTAGE OF COMPLETERS WHO

TERCEITTICE OF COMMELTERS WITH		
Were placed in nontraditional employment	68	%
Entered nontraditional vocational job training	17	%
Entered nontraditional technical training	6	%
Entered a registered apprenticeship	12	%
Continued their GED preparation	14	%
Were positively placed (total)	81	%

VERAGE STARTING WAGE OF COMPLETERS PLACED ONTRADITIONAL EMPLOYMENT: \$ 9.55/hr

ONOW GRANT STANDARDS

- 100% of ONOW program completers who do not have a high school diploma or GED will enter ABLE/GED training during the fiscal year of the grant.
- 70% of ONOW program completers will complete ABLE/GED training, and/or enter job training programs, apprenticeships, or occupations that are nontraditional for their sex within six months of program completion.
- 50% of ONOW completers who seek immediate employment will be earning at least \$8.00 per hour within six months after completing the program.



The ONOW Program at Ohio's Correctional Facilities

The Ohio Department of Education also funded ONOW programs at four correctional facilities that serve adult females. These included the Ohio Reformatory for Women, Franklin Pre-Release Center, Northeast Pre-Release Center, and the Licking County Justice Center. These sites were funded with federal Perkins dollars along with a local match from the institution.

Correctional ONOW sites served a total of 245 students, 215 of whom completed the program (88%). Of these, 52% were European American, 47% were African American, and 1% were Hispanic. Of the program completers, 96% were placed into ABLE/GED classes, job-specific training programs, nontraditional job assignments within the institution, were employed upon release, or were receiving treatment or counseling. The average starting wage for those placed into employment was \$8.00 per hour.

Promoting Access in Technical Education (PATE) Grant

The Promoting Access in Technical Education (PATE) Grant assists students to become aware of and to enroll in technical education programs based on interest and ability rather than gender. The purpose of the grant is to enroll, retain, and place students in technical education programs nontraditional for their sex. Five sites received an average grant award of \$12,000.

TYPICAL ACTIVITIES FOR THIS GRANT INCLUDED

- Mentoring programs for nontraditional program enrollees at the technical college
- Career days to promote nontraditional occupations with high school students who would not typically enroll in the program
- Printing of brochures and flyers to promote nontraditional careers



PATE GRANT STANDARDS

- The technical education program identified in this grant will increase their nontraditional enrollment by 20% over the three-year grant time period.
- The retention and placement rate of the identified nontraditional students is equal to or better than the rate of traditional students in the program and no less than an 80% rate.

Although gender bias is subtle, its effects are not. Bias about the roles and capabilities of women and men have an adverse effect on all of us. In an era of increasing emphasis on excellence and accountability, we cannot afford to squander any of our talent.

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EQUITY SERVICES

Technical Assistance

The Ohio Department of Education, Division of Vocational and Adult Education, offers technical assistance that helps educators share career information in a way not confined to traditional gender roles and gives them strategies for infusing equity-related concepts into the classroom. A variety of services are offered:

- Customized workshops on topics such as sexual harassment, equitable teaching styles, and the importance of education in math and science
- Advice to teachers and administrators as they establish their plans, goals, and strategies for equitable education
- Collection, analysis, and dissemination of data on the status of men and women in vocational education in Ohio
- Assistance for teachers, counselors, and school administrators to improve vocational education opportunities for both women and men

Inservice Training

Available free of charge to school systems statewide are guest speakers who share information on career opportunities and encourage bias-free attitudes among school administrators, counselors, and teachers.

In FY 98, 107 inservice sessions were presented to 3,264 individuals on the following topics:

- Integrating Equity in the Classroom
- Equity and Excellence in the Classroom
- Thinking about Diversity
- Recruitment and Retention Strategies for Nontraditional Students
- Energizing your Classroom for Positive Student Participation
- Is Sexual Harassment Going on in Your School?

moting Success in Math, Science, and Technology

Publications

Equity-related publications are produced to maintain awareness of career-oriented issues and research:

- Equity Exchange, a quarterly newsletter
- Equity Issues, a series of informative papers highlighting current topics in sex equity
- Curriculum guides for special equity-related training programs
- Brochures that offer overviews of equity programs and suggest new strategies for the classroom

Resource Center

A central reference point for gender equity-related information, ideas, and referrals is the Vocational Sex Equity Resource Center. Available for loan to Ohio educators are hundreds of reference materials:

- Curriculum materials
- Videotapes
- Books
- Articles
- Posters

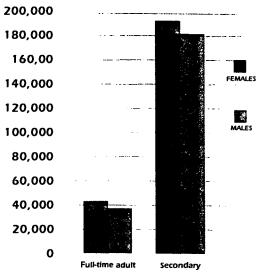
Resource materials cover diverse topics:

- Nontraditional careers
- Women's history
- Computer equity
- Sex bias
- Nondiscrimination laws
- Sex-fair classroom instruction
- Sexual harassment

Vocational Education Enrollment in Ohio

Total Vocational Enrollment in Ohio

Total Nontraditional Enrollment in Ohio



Full-time adult		Secondary			
Ful	l-Time Adult	Secondary			
Females	43,106	193,335			
Males	<u>38.032</u>	180,308			
TOTAL	81,138	373,643			

8,000 7,000 6,000 5,000 4,000 3,000 2,000 1,000 0 Full-time adult Secondary

Full-Time Adult		Secondary
Females	4,423	7,652
Males	<u>2,284</u>	7.374
TOTAL	6,707	15,026

Nontraditional Vocational Program Areas for Females Ohio FY 97 Closing Enrollment Data

PROGRAM NAME	SECONDARY FEMALE ENROLLMENT	FULL-TIME ADULT FEMALE ENROLLMENT
Agriscience	28.1 %	N/A
Agribusiness	26.9 %	0 %
Food Processing	19.4 %	0 %
Natural Resources	20.4%	44.4 %
Environmental Management	40.8 %	36.7 %
Air Conditioning & Heating	2.4 %	1.3 %
Auto Collision Repair	3.8 %	0 %
Automotive Technology	4.5 %	7.8 %
Carpentry	4.2 %	14.5 %
Electricity	4.4 %	3.2 %
Masonry	4.1 %	1.4 %
Building Maintenance	5.4 %	9.8 %
Drafting	17.3 %	57.5 %
Electronics	7.2 %	1.6 %
Diversified Industrial Training	N/A	22.2 %
Graphic Occupations	47.3 %	0 %
Precision Machining	5.6 %	12.7 %
Welding and Cutting	5.2 %	4.5 %
Basic Law Enforcement	33.0 %	17.8 %

Nontraditional Vocational Program Areas for Males Ohio FY 97 Closing Enrollment Data

PROGRAM NAME	SECONDARY MALE ENROLLMENT	FULL-TIME ADULT MALE ENROLLMENT
Travel & Tour	18.3 %	0 %
Dental Assistant	4.7 %	0 %
Medical Lab Assistant	12.9 %	13.5 %
Practical Nurse	7.4 %	7.6 %
Nurse Assistant	5.5 %	4.5 %
Surgical Technician	15.0 %	18.2 %
Medical Assistant	6.0 %	1.9 %
Diversified Health Occupations	5.4 %	8.3 %
Family Life	N/A	27.8 %
Child Care	3.0 %	1.1 %
Accounting	28.7 %	22.3 %
Business/Information Systems	53.7 %	26.2 %
Administrative/Office Technology	15.5 %	8.4 %
Business Administration/Managemen	nt 30.2 %	37.0 %
Customized Office	N/A	38.0 %
Cosmetology	1.3 %	0 %

Obio increased its secondary nontraditional vocational enrollment by 1,297 students (a 9% increase) from FY 97 to FY 98.



Moving Obio's Youth and Adults Toward Economic Self-Sufficiency:

PROGRAMS THAT MAKE A DIFFERENCE



In Ohio and nationally, the statistics for single parents and displaced homemakers paint a grim picture of this population's economic situation.

However, with the assistance of the programs and services provided by 52 Vocational Education Planning Districts and Institutions, significant and positive changes have been made.

For example:

- In FY 98, a total of 3,385 single patents or displaced homemakers received support services or enrolled in a vocation at education program funded through the Carl D. Perkins Single Parent Grants.
- 93% of the single parent high school students who received child care and travel assistance through the CSS Grant graduated from high school, were promoted to the next grade level or were still enrolled at the end of the school year.
- Of the 163 secondary CSS Grant recipients who enrolled in vocational job training, 87% completed their job training programs or were currently enrolled at the end of the school year.
- 29% of the adult single parents and displaced homemakers served through the CSS, DH and GOALS Programs did not have a high school diploma or GED at intake. Of those, 61% enrolled in GED classes.
- 88% of the adult CSS participants enrolled in job training programs or vocational preparatory programs designed to assist them to successfully complete job training or enter employment. For those placed, 61% increased their hourly wages over the \$6.28 average at intake. 29% became economically self-sufficient or were employed in a non-traditional and/or higher wage occupation.
- 56% of VBO Program completers started a business from FY 95–97 and of those, 93% were still in business at the end of FY 98.

EQUITY

Ohio's vocational education system continuously strives to inform all students of the opportunities in vocational education. Notable enrollment gains were seen in the following areas:

- Female enrollment—agriculture programs, carpentry, drafting, and graphic occupations
- Male enrollment—business administration / management, medical lab assistant, and accounting
- 107 inservice training sessions were conducted for vocational teachers and administrators to increase their awareness and knowledge of equity issues.

Obio's nontraditional career exploration programs are making a difference in students' lives. For example,

71% of all ONOW students were unemployed at intake and 40% were receiving public assistance. At program completion, 68% were placed in nontraditional employment and 12% in a registered apprenticeship. In addition, 17% entered a nontraditional vocational job training program. The average starting wage of completers

placed in nontraditional employment was \$9.55 per hour.

 100% of the students enrolled in the NETWork Program were considered high at-risk of dropping out of high school. At-risk factors included teen pregnancy, abuse, poverty, court involvement, and poor school attendance. At the end of the year, 77% of these students were still enrolled in school and planned to enroll in vocational education or college preparatory the following year. 86% of these planned to enroll in vocational education.

SUMMARY

- The funds set aside through the Perkins legislation for single parents, displaced homemakers, and single pregnant women are essential to the training and employment of this audience.
- Ohio had 21,733 nontraditional vocational students.
- These funds do not supplant other resources, are used as a last resort, and therefore enable individuals to get an education and become fully functioning wage earners.

In summary. Obio's single parent, displaced bomemaker and equity programs assisted individuals to develop job skills and to become economically self-sufficient. Total enrollment in all programs for FY 98 was 3,920.



PROGRAM GRANT SITES FY 98

	CSS	DH	GOALS	NETWork	ONOW	PATE	VBO
AKRON CITY SCHOOLS	•	•	•	<u>'</u>	Ì '		ΙΊ
ALLIANCE CITY SCHOOLS	•						
APOLLO JVSD	•	•					
ASHLAND COUNTY JVSD	•						
ASHTABULA COUNTY JVSD	•					ļ	
AUBURN JVSD	•						
BUTLER COUNTY JVSD	•				•		
CANTON CITY SCHOOLS	•						
CINCINNATI CITY SCHOOLS	•	•					
CLEVELAND CITY SCHOOLS	•		•	•		İ	
CLEVELAND HEIGHTS/ UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS CITY SCHOOLS	•						
COLUMBIANA COUNTY JVSD	•	•		1			•
COLUMBUS CITY SCHOOLS	•	•		•			
COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE					•		
CUYAHOGA COMMUNITY COLLEGE	•	•					
DAYTON CITY SCHOOLS	•			Ì		ĺ	
DELAWARE COUNTY JVSD	•						
EASTLAND CAREER CENTER	•						
EHOVE JVSD	•	•		•	•		
FRANKLIN PRE-RELEASE CENTER					•		
GALLIA-JACKSON-VINTON JVSD	•	•			l		
GREAT OAKS JVSD	•	•					
GREENE COUNTY JVSD	•	•					•
HOCKING TECHNICAL COLLEGE						•	
LAKELAND COMMUNITY COLLEGE						•	
LAKEWOOD CITY SCHOOLS				•			
LAWRENCE COUNTY JVSD	•	•					
LICKING COUNTY JVSD	•	•			•		
LICKING COUNTY JUSTICE CENTER					•		
LIMA CITY SCHOOLS	•			•			
LORAIN CITY SCHOOLS	•						
LORAIN COUNTY JVSD	•	•					
MADISON LOCAL SCHOOLS	•	•			•		

Ohio Department of Education

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	CSS	ΩН	GOALS	NETWork	ONOW	PATE	VBO
MAHONING COUNTY JVSD	•	•					
MANSFIELD CITY SCHOOLS			•				
MEDINA COUNTY JVSD	•						
MIAMI VALLEY CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER	•	•					
MID-EAST OHIO JVSD							•
MUSKINGUM AREA TECHNICAL COLLEGE						•	
NORTHEAST PRE-RELEASE CENTER					•		
OHIO HI-POINT JVSD	•						
OHIO REFORMATORY FOR WOMEN					•		
PENTA COUNTY JVSD	•						•
PICKAWAY-ROSS JVSD	•	•					
PIONEER JVSD	•				•		
POLARIS CAREER CENTER	•	•			•		•
PORTAGE LAKES CAREER CENTER	•	•					
SANDUSKY CITY SCHOOLS	•	•					
SOUTHERN HILLS JVSD	•						
SOUTHERN STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE		•					
SOUTH-WESTERN CITY SCHOOLS	•						
SPRINGFIELD-CLARK JVSD	•	•					
STARK TECHNICAL COLLEGE						•	
TOLEDO CITY SCHOOLS		•	•		•		
TRI-COUNTY JVSD	•						• 1
TRI-RIVERS JVSD	•	•					
TRUMBELL COUNTY JVSD	•	•					
UNIVERSITY OF TOLEDO						•	
UPPER VALLEY JVSD	•	•					•
VANGUARD-SENTINEL	•			Ì			
VANTAGE JVSD	•	•					
WASHINGTON COUNTY JVSD	•						
WAYNE COUNTY JVSD	•						
YOUNGSTOWN CITY SCHOOLS	•						:

| | | | | | | | | |

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