#### DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 432 393 PS 027 783

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TITLE KidsCount in Colorado! 1998.

INSTITUTION Colorado Children's Campaign, Denver.

SPONS AGENCY Annie E. Casey Foundation, Baltimore, MD.

PUB DATE 1998-00-00

NOTE 147p.; For 1999 report, see PS 027 784.

AVAILABLE FROM Colorado Children's Campaign, 225 East 16th Ave., Suite

B-300, Denver, CO 80203; Tel: 303-839-1580; Web site:

http://www.coloradokids.org

PUB TYPE Numerical/Quantitative Data (110) -- Reports - Descriptive

(141)

EDRS PRICE MF01/PC06 Plus Postage.

DESCRIPTORS \*Adolescents; Birth Weight; Births to Single Women; Child

Abuse; Child Health; Child Welfare; \*Children; Counties; Demography; Elementary Secondary Education; Family Programs;

Health Insurance; High School Graduates; Incidence;

Mortality Rate; Poverty; Prenatal Care; Preschool Education;

\*Social Indicators; State Surveys; Statistical Surveys; Suicide; Tables (Data); Trend Analysis; Unemployment;

Violence; \*Well Being; Youth Problems

IDENTIFIERS \*Colorado; \*Indicators; Vaccination

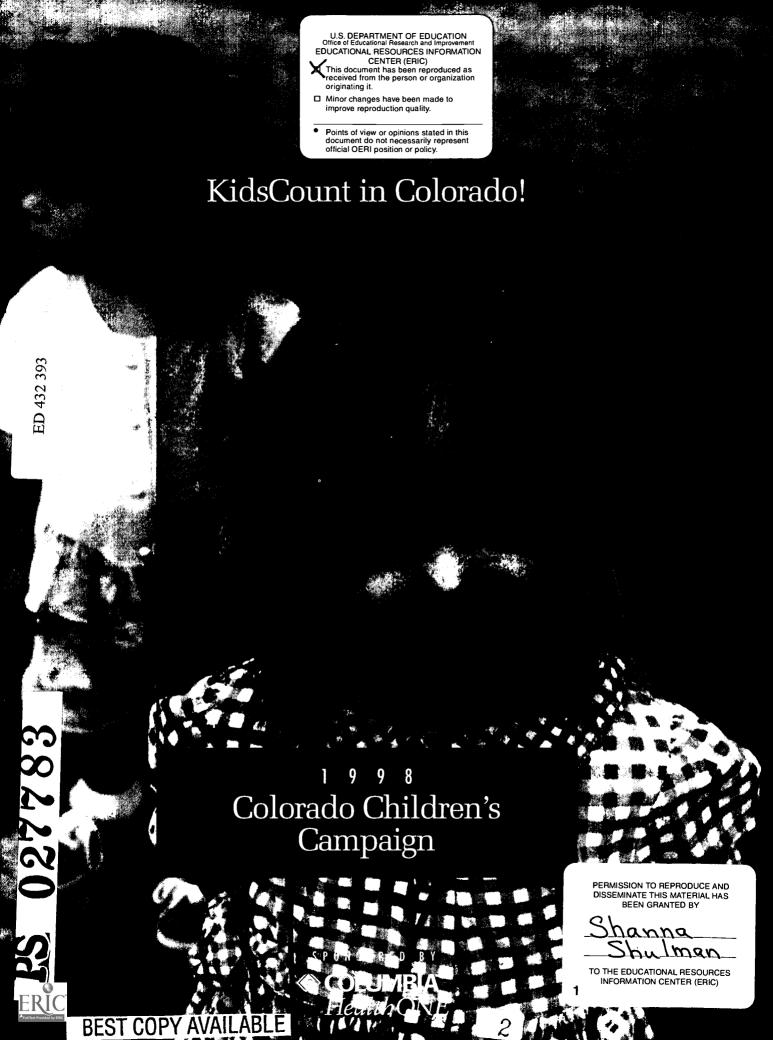
#### ABSTRACT

This Kids Count report examines statewide and county trends in the well-being of Colorado's children. The statistical portrait is based on 12 indicators of well-being: (1) infant mortality; (2) low birth weight births; (3) immunizations; (4) child poverty; (5) early prenatal care; (6) child abuse deaths; (7) health insurance; (8) paternity establishment; (9) teen births; (10) teen suicide rate; (11) youth unemployment; and (12) high school graduations. The report begins with a discussion of the major results. The bulk of the report details county- and state-level demographic, economic, health, education, and safety data. County-level trends for data are indicated where appropriate, based on 1991, 1994, and 1996 data. Additional information on school enrollment, child abuse and neglect, and teen suicide is also included. Findings indicate that since 1990, only 1 of the 12 indicators (infant mortality) has met the decade goal, but that progress has been made toward meeting seven goals. Fifteen percent of Colorado's children live in poverty. About 25 percent of infants are born to unwed mothers and 10 percent to teen mothers. Over 80 percent of women who gave birth in 1996 received early prenatal care. The low birth weight rate continues to rise and is one of the worst in the nation. However, the infant mortality rate is on the decline. Over 90 percent of Colorado's licensed child care facilities were ranked poor or mediocre. The high school graduation rate is still well below the state's goal. (KB)

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The Colorado Children's Campaign would like to recognize the following generous contributors to KidsCount in Colorado!



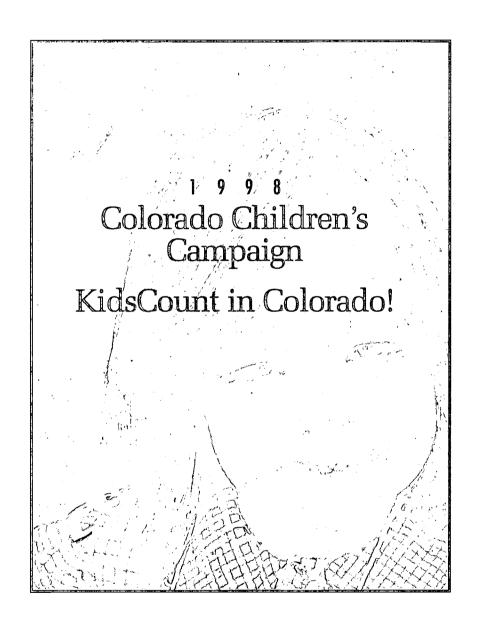
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Christine Staberg
Policy and Communications Coordinator
Colorado Children's Campaign

# Foreword:

The Colorado Children's Campaign aims to help children live better lives. Our dream is that all Colorado children will have everything they need to grow up safe, healthy, well-educated, cherished, and with hope for the future.

Since 1985, the Colorado Children's Campaign has worked to mobilize individuals and organizations to think and act



on behalf of children. The *KidsCount in Colorado!* report is an important part of what we do because it allows us to track key indicators of child health, education and safety

child is a person who is going to carry on what you have started. He is going to sit where you are sitting, and when you are gone, attend to those things which you think are important. You may adopt all the policies you please, but how they are carried out depends on him. He will assume control of your cities, states and nations. He is going to move in and take over your churches, schools, universities, and corporations. All your books are going to be judged, praised or condemned by him. The fate of humanity is in his hands.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN

and spread the news to all of our state's communities.

The 1998 KidsCount in Colorado! report features county-level data in a new format. For the first time, the report includes 63 individual county report cards with county-level demographic, economic, health, education and safety data that lets us know how children in each county are doing. Statewide data is reported in the same way so that comparisons may be made easily. County-level trends for data in the report cards are indicated where appropriate, based on 1991, 1994, and 1996 data. Additional information on school enrollment, child abuse and neglect, and teen suicide is also included in this year's report.



# Decade of the Child

In 1990, concerned about the effect of emerging economic and social trends on the state's children, the Colorado Children's Campaign established specific "Decade of the Child" goals in critical areas of child health, education and safety. A coalition of 1,200 organizations and community leaders endorsed the stated goals. Since that time, only 1 of the 12 indicators (infant mortality) has met the decade goal, but progress has been made toward meeting 7 of the 12 goals.

	Where we were (1990)	Where we are (1996)	Our goal (2000)
Mortality Rate	8.8 per 1,000	6.6 per 1,000	7 per 1,000
Low Birth Weight Births	8.0%	8.9%	5%
Children Fully Immunized	58% (1991)	79%	90%
Children Living in Poverty	15%	available after 2000 census	8%
Moms Receiving Early Prenatal Care	77.8%	81.4%	90%
Number of Children Dying From Child Abuse	31	20 (1995)	12
Children with Health Insurance	85%	85%	100%
Cases in Which Paternity Established for Births to Unmarried Women	37%	58% (1995)	70%
Teen Birth Rate	54.3 per 1,000	50.7 per 1,000	25 per 1,000
Teen Suicide Rate	9.7 per 100,000	7.9 per 100,000	3.5 per 100,000
Youth Unemployment	13%	available after 2000 census	7%
High School Graduation Rate	78.9% (1991)	77.7%	90%

"The solutions for adult problems tomorrow depends in large measure upon the way our children grow up today. There is no greater insight into the future than recognizing when we save our children, we save ourselves."

MARGARET MEAD



## **Definitions**

Children receiving AFDC (rate)

Number of children under 18 receiving Aid to Families with Dependent Children per 1,000 children provided by the CO Dept. of Human Services. Calculations for 1996 by the Colorado Children's Campaign.

Children qualified for free lunch (percent)

Public school children qualify for free lunches if their family income is less than 130% of the official poverty level. Number of children who qualify for free school lunches per 100 students in public school provided by the CO Dept. of Education. Comparable 1991 data not available due to significant change in reporting practices.

Children in out-of-home placements (rate)

Out-of-home placements include family foster care. specialized group homes, residential child care facilities, independent living situations. foster care with relatives. residential treatment centers, detention, legal risk adoptions, medical care and both emergency and non-emergency placements in shelters. Number of emergency and non-emergency out-of-home placements per 1.000 children provided by the Child Welfare Division, CO Dept. of Human Services.

Births to single moms (percent)

Number of all births to single moms per 100 live births provided by the Health Statistics Section, CO Dept. of Public Health and Environment.

Births to single teens (percent)

Number of live births to single teens per 100 teen live births provided by the Health Statistics Section, CO Dept. of Public Health and Environment.

# Families in Need

For some Colorado families, life's basics seem out of reach. Shelter, food and clothing, to say nothing of child care, can equal—or exceed—a monthly budget for those living at the poverty level. It is estimated that 15% of the state's children are currently living in poverty, despite tremendous economic growth in our state since the early 1990's. Should this be cause for concern? Absolutely. Children who grow up in impoverished families are much more likely to experience bad outcomes in terms of their health, education and safety throughout childhood and into their adult years.

What can be done? Early educational opportunities for poor children have the ability to mitigate the harmful effects of poverty. For instance, four-year-olds enrolled in the Colorado Preschool Program come from at-risk households and typically lag 17 months behind their peers in language development. By the time they graduate from the program at age five, they have made up for lost ground and enter kindergarten on even footing, ready to learn. Best of all, studies suggest that the effects of high quality early education on young, high risk children, are long lasting and cumulative.

## **KIDSCOUNT! QUICK FACTS**



Census figures show that 15% of Colorado's children live in poverty. In a few Colorado counties, up to 40-50% of children live in poverty.

> Children who are poor when they are young are more likely to die during childhood, be in poor health, experience learning disabilities and developmental delays, suffer from emotional or behavioral problems, score lower on standardized tests, be retained a grade, and drop out of school.



Though the rate of children in Colorado receiving Aid to Families with Dependent Children has declined since 1991, still almost 7% of the state's children were relying on AFDC benefits in 1996.

➤ 1996 federal changes in welfare legislation replaced the AFDC program with the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program. As of July 1, 1997, Colorado families must apply to the Colorado Works/TANF office and meet all training, education, and work requirements to receive cash benefits.

Population estimates provided by the Health Statistics Section. Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment and the y Section. Department airs, Division of Local

### Household Income of Colorado's Families







Median income of married couple family \$40.095

Source: 1990 Census



"For low income children, preschool education programs can mean the difference between failing and passing, regular or special education, staying out of trouble or becoming involved in crime and delinquency, dropping out or graduating from high school"

Children's Defense Fund



20% of public school students in Colorado qualify for a free lunch at school.

➤ Good nutrition is necessary for optimum psychological and cognitive development in children and child care programs and schools often are relied on to meet this need. One study showed that children in preschool received 75% of their nutritional intake from their child care provider.



The rate of out-of-home placements for Colorado children, including placements in foster care, residential child care, and specialized group homes, has risen from 9.5 to 14.2 per 1,000 since 1991.

➤ A national study estimates that almost 1/3 of the children in out-of-home placements have severe emotional problems.



About 25% of Colorado's babies are born to unwed mothers. More than 70% of teens who have babies are single.

- Children of single mothers are 5 times as likely to be poor as children living in two parent families.
- Of those cases in which child support payments are ordered in Colorado, payments are collected only 14% of the time.



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### Sources:

Adams, Gina and Nicole Oxendine Poersch, Key Facts About Child Care and Early Education, Children's Defense Fund, 1997.

APA Monitor, American Psychological Association, 1997.

Children and Poverty, Center for the Future of Children, 1997.

US Department of Agriculture, Household Food Security in the United States in 1995.

Weill, James D. and Donna M. Jablonski, (Ed.), The State of America's Children: Yearbook 1997, Children's Defense Fund.

## **Definitions**

Mams receiving early prenatal care (percent)

Number of births for which known prenatal care was initiated in the first trimester of pregnancy per 100 live births provided by the Health Statistics Section, CO Dept. of Public Health and Environment.

Low birth weight births (percent)

Number of babies born weighing 5.5 pounds or less (less than 2.5 kilograms) per 100 live births provided by the Health Statistics Section, CO Dept. of Public Health and Environment.

Deaths of infants under age 1 (rate)

Number of deaths during the first year of life per 1,000 births provided by the Health Statistics Section, CO Dept. of Public Health and Environment.

Deaths of children under age 18 (rate)

Number of deaths of children under 18 per 100,000 children provided by the Health Statistics Section, CO Dept. of Public Health and Environment, includes deaths from natural causes (such as illness or congenital defects) and injury (including motor vehicle deaths, homicides and suicides). Calculations by the Colorado Children's Campaign.

Child abuse/neglect

Number of confirmed incidents of child abuse or neglect provided by the Central Registry of Child Protection, Division of Child Welfare Services, CO Dept. of Human Services. An incident may involve more than one child, and includes physical abuse, neglect, medical neglect, sexual abuse and psychological or emotional abuse or neglect.

Population estimates provided by the Health Statistics Section. Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment and the Demography Section, Department of Local Affairs, Division of Local Government.

# ERIC\*

# Child Health

It makes sense that the health of a child has an effect on all of the other things a child does. Everything from school work to social relationships can suffer when a child is ill. While missing a week of activity due to poor health isn't likely to have a long-term impact on a child's potential, poor health that stretches through childhood can.

New research on early brain development has shown that medical conditions that go untreated in young children can have a dramatic effect on the rest of their lives. For instance, children with untreated ear infections can suffer irreversible hearing damage that later will impair their ability to hear a classroom teacher's instructions. If not removed by the age of 2, cataracts that cloud a baby's vision will make that child blind forever. The truth is, the health of our children is not just an issue of their health today, but of their overall well-being far into the future.

## **KIDSCOUNT! QUICK FACTS**



81.4% of Colorado women who gave birth in 1996 received early prenatal care, nearly 9 percentage points shy of the Decade of the Child goal but an improvement when compared to 1991 figures.

> Women who receive prenatal care throughout their pregnancy stand a better chance of delivering healthy babies and are more likely to get preventive care such as immunizations and well-baby care for their infants.



Colorado's low birth weight rate continues to rise, reaching 8.9% in 1996, and is one of the worst in the country.

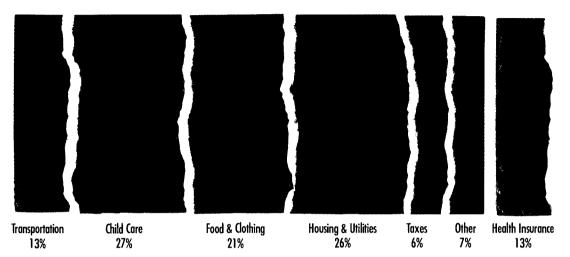
> The average hospital costs for a low birth weight baby are 10 times the cost of prenatal care. Also, up to 40% of babies born at a low birth weight experience learning difficulties.



Colorado's infant and child mortality rates, following the national trend, are on the decline. In 1996, the state's infant mortality rate was 6.6 deaths per 1,000, and the child mortality rate was 66.5 deaths per 100,000.

> The infant mortality rate for babies born into poor families remains 50% higher than the rate for babies born into families with incomes above the poverty line.

### Monthly expenses for a family of four with annual income of \$30,300.



Source note: Provided by the CO Department of Health Core Policy and Financing, Office of Public and Private Initiatives. Initial data by: Bureau of Labor Statistics/US Department of Labor, CO Department of Revenue, CO Department of Human Services, CO Division of Insurance, and the Census Bureau.



In 1996, there were 5,112 confirmed incidents of child abuse or neglect. The last year for which complete data is available, 1995, saw 20 children die statewide as a result of child abuse.

> Research shows that a child who has either been abused or witnesses such behavior is 40% more likely to be violent as an adult.



161,000 children in Colorado, or approximately 15% of the total population under the age of 18, have no health insurance.

> Children without health insurance are less likely to get preventive care or see a doctor when they are sick, and more likely to get treatment in an emergency room and report poor health. National studies show that almost 90% of uninsured children have a parent who works.



An increasing percentage of Colorado's children are getting timely immunizations. The statewide rate has risen from 58% in 1991 to 79% in 1996.

➤ Immunizations are extremely cost-effective over time. Nationally, every dollar spent on childhood immunizations has been shown to save \$10 in later medical expenses.



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"State legislators grappling with health care reform soon realize that child health, particularly the health and nutrition of young children, is a cornerstone of health care cost containment.

Good health is key to children's development, to their future personal and social development and their success in school and, later, work."

National Conference of State Legislatures

### Sources:

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Shiono, P. and Behrman, R., Low birth weight: Analysis and recommendations, The Future of Children: Low Birth Weight, 1995.

Smith, Shelley, et al, Early Childhood Care and Education: An Investment that Works, National Conference of State Legislatures, 1997.

Starting Points: Meeting the Needs of Our Youngest Children, Carnegie Corporation of New York, 1994.

U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Survey, 1997.

Weill, James D. and Donna M. Jablonski (Ed.), The State of America's Children: Yearbook 1997, Children's Defense Fund, 1997.

1997 Kids Count Data Book, Annie E. Casey Foundation, 1997.

## **Definitions**

#### Child core

An estimate of child care need was calculated for children under the age of six with all parents in the workforce based on the number of spaces in state licensed child care centers and homes. Children under the age of six with all parents in the workforce taken from the 1990 Census: number of licensed child care spaces provided by the CO Dept. of Human Services, Division of Child Care Services Facility and Spaces Report. May 1995. Calculations by the Piton Foundation and the Colorado Children's Campaign.

#### Number of public school, non-public school and home school students

Number of public school, non-public school, and home school students provided by the CO Dept. of Education. Students enrolled in BOCES are included in the state total, but not the county report card breakout.

High school graduation rate

The graduation rate is a fouryear rate based on dividing the membership base which is derived from an end-of-year count of eighth graders or a beginning-of-year count of ninth graders four years earlier, and adjusting that figure for the number of students who have transferred into or out of the district during the years covering grades 9 through 12. In addition, high schools can adjust their membership base for a student reported as a dropout during the previous school year if the high school has documentation that the student returned or transferred to another educational program. Graduation rates provided by the CO Dept. of Education.

High school dropout rate

The dropout rate is an annual rate reflecting the percentage of all students enrolled in grades 7-12 who leave school during the reporting period for any reason except for death and are not known to transfer to other public or private schools or an approved home study program. In accordance with a 1993 legislative mandate, beginning with the 1993-94 school year, the dropout rate calculation excludes expelled students. Drop out rates provided by the CO Dept. of Education.

# Early Care & Education

Common sense has always told us that babies benefit from an environment of love, nurturing, and stimulation. Now, new medical research confirms the notion that the experiences of children in the first three years of life determine, to a large degree, the brightness of their future.

Unfortunately, an opportunity to build the foundation for learning in some young children is being wasted. Only 6% of Colorado's licensed child care centers are providing the level of quality needed to best support young children's developmental needs. At the same time, our schools have seen a dramatic increase in the numbers of entering students deemed at-risk, as well as those needing special education in order to catch up. Warm, responsive care for young children by parents, families, and other caregivers is the key to fostering development that will pay big dividends for today's children and their communities well into the future.

## **KIDSCOUNT! QUICK FACTS**



On any given day, it is estimated that 48% of Colorado's young children spend some or all of their day in a child care center or a child care home. An analysis of 1990 Census data estimated that there was a significant shortage of licensed slots for care.

> Economic and social conditions have changed. By 1990, more than 6 in 10 married mothers with children under the age of six were working—double the 1970 figure.



94% of Colorado's licensed child care facilities were ranked "poor" or "mediocre" according to a recent study that looked at children's developmental needs and the quality of the state's facilities.

➤ Children in high-quality child care programs have stronger language, pre-mathematics, and social skills than those in low quality programs, and in the long run are more likely to be successful in school, avoid trouble with the law, and earn higher incomes as adults.



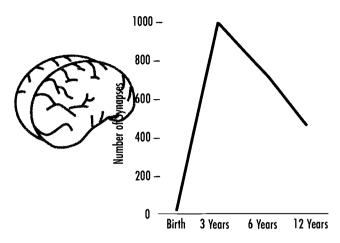
Statewide enrollment in Colorado's public, private, and home schools continues to swell, with schools in the state serving 731,000 students in 1996.

> Since 1991, enrollment in public schools has grown by 14%, private schools have 29% more students, and 155% more are being home schooled.



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## Growth of brain cell connections (in trillions)



Source: 1990 Census



"For a baby, those early weeks and months of growth, understanding, and reasoning can never be brought back to do over again.

This is not a rehearsal—this is the main show."



First year results from the Colorado State Assessment Program indicate that state reading standards were met or surpassed by 57% of fourth grade students, but writing standards by only 31% of students.

> The assessment program is currently putting in place tests for students in the 3rd, 4th, 5th and 8th grades in the areas of reading, writing, math, science, history and geography.



Colorado's high school graduation rate is 77.7%, slightly worse than the 1991 rate and still 12 percentage points shy of the Decade of the Child goal.

> Graduation rates for black and Hispanic students are substantially lower than the statewide rate. In 1996, only 59% of Hispanic students and 65% of black students graduated in four years.



In 1996, almost 13,000 high school students dropped out of school.

- > Dropout rates for non-Asian minority students are higher than the average.

  In 1996, more American Indian students in Colorado dropped out of school than graduated.
- > On average, a high school dropout earns about 40% less annually than a high school graduate.



Adams, Gina and Nicole Oxendine Poersch, Key Facts About Child Care and Early Education, Children's Defense Fund, 1997.

APA Monitor, American Psychological Association, 6/97.

Augenblick, John and John Myers, A Profile of the Fiscal Status of Public Schools in Colorado, 1996.

Center for Educational Enhancement and Development, 1997.

Helburn, S., Quality and child outcomes in child care centers: Technical report, 1995, University of Colorado at Denver.

National Adult Literacy Survey, National Center for Education Statistics, U.S. Department of Education, 1992.

National Child Care Survey, National Association for the Education of Young Children, 1990.

Pupil Membership and Related Information 1996, Colorado Department of Education.

U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1990 and 1994.



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## **Definitions**

Births to teens (percent)

Number of births to teens per 100 live births provided by the Health Statistics Section, CO Dept. of Public Health and Environment.

#### Teen birth rate

Number of live births to girls, ages 15-19, per 1,000 female teens of that age provided by the Health Statistics Section, CO Dept. of Public Health and Environment. Calculations for 1996 by the Colorado Children's Campaign.

## Three risk factor births (percent)

Number of births that are to single moms under age 25 with less than a high school education per 100 live births provided by the Health Statistics Section, CO Dept. of Public Health and Environment.

#### Teen suicide rate

The teen suicide rate is the average annual number of suicides from 1992-1996 per 100,000 teens age 10-19.

#### Juvenile crime and violent crime arrest rates

The arrest rate is the number of all juvenile arrests per 1,000 youth ages 10-17. The violent crime arrest rate is the number of arrests of juveniles for violent crimes (homicide, forcible rape, aggravated assault, and robbery) per 10,000 youth ages 10-17. All agencies may not have reported 12 months of juvenile arrest data; the rates are subject to change. The annual figures include all arrests of youth during the year reported by law enforcement agencies. An individual is counted once for each time s/he is arrested. If the arrest is for multiple offenses, the arrest is counted only for the most serious offense. Arrests made by the State Patrol are included in the state total but not in the county report card breakout. Number of juvenile arrests provided in the annual report of the Colorado Bureau of Investigation's Crime Information Center.

# Population estimates provided by the Health Statistics Section. Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment and the aphy Section, Department I Affairs, Division of Local ment.

# Signs of Trouble

"Signs of Trouble" are not only indications of troubled lives, but of social costs as well. Youth crime, suicides, and three-risk factor births all exact a toll at some point on human lives and community resources. For instance, the cost of punishing Colorado youth for crimes committed has tripled over the past 10 years, and shows no sign of slowing. Fortunately, long-term solutions such as home visitation programs for new parents have the ability to turn around these negative statistics.

Ultimately, programs that target at-risk families with young children will be a key factor in reducing "signs of trouble" because circumstances in the lives of three- and four-year-olds often lead 10 years later to risk behaviors in teenagers. At the same time that we focus on long-term prevention strategies, it is important to keep a vigilant watch on children and teens who are currently at risk, and ensure that programs that are proven to work, like mentorships, are utilized to their fullest potential.

## **KIDSCOUNT! QUICK FACTS**



More than 10% of Colorado babies are born to teenage moms. Only 28 percent of Colorado's teen mothers, aged 15-19, are married.

➤ Bearing a child during adolescence increases the likelihood that the teen mother and the child will experience greater obstacles in the long run.

For instance, teen mothers are more likely to have limited schooling and, in turn, less likely to meet their full earnings potential in the future.



About 8% of births in Colorado are considered to have "three risk factors," meaning that the babies are born to single mothers under the age of 25 with less than a high school diploma.

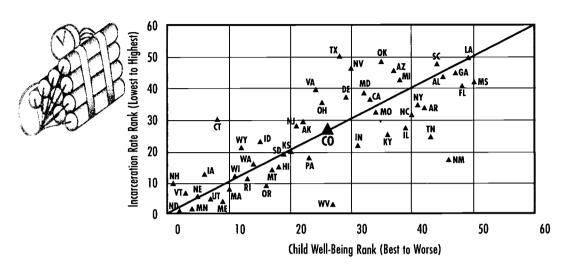
> More than 4,500 Colorado children are being born each year into circumstances that are strongly linked to long-term poverty.



Colorado's teen suicide rate averaged from 1992-1996 was 13.2 teen suicides per 100,000 teens. Western mountain states, including Colorado, typically have the nation's highest rates.

> Over the past 35 years, the youth suicide rate has tripled. Research has shown that access to or the availability of firearms is a significant factor in the increase of youth suicide.

## Relationship of Incarceration Rate and Child Well-Being (1994 - Rank order of the 50 States)



Indicators of child well-being: Percent low birth weight, infant mortality rate, death rate (1-4), teen violent death rate (15-19), juvenile incorceration rate, percent of children living in poverty, percent graduating high school. Source: American Probation and Parole Association, 1996



In 1996, Colorado's juvenile crime arrest rate was higher than in-1991, while the juvenile *violent* crime arrest rate was lower.

> There were more than 60,000 juvenile arrests recorded in 1996, for offenses ranging from curfew violations to rape. Almost 20% of the total number of people arrested on murder charges were juveniles.



A recent nationwide poll showed that a majority of adults consider drug abuse the biggest danger facing our nation's children.

- > After declining for 14 years in a row, drug use among high school seniors has been on the rise nationally since 1992. In Colorado, public schools expelled 40% more students for drug offenses during the 1996-97 school year than during the previous year.
- > Teens who aren't living with both biological parents are much more likely to use and become dependent on illicit drugs, alcohol, and cigarettes.



"We must restore to teenagers a belief in themselves, their futures, and the broader society. As long as they lack adequate opportunities to learn, work, develop healthy self-esteem, and succeed, our nation will face abnormally high rates of teen pregnancy, drug use, and violence..."

Children's Defense Fund

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America's Children: Key National Indicators of Well-Being, Forum on Child and Family Statistics, 1997.

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# Acknowledgments

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The Colorado Children's Campaign also thanks the following people and organizations who helped prepare *KidsCount in Colorado!* and who dedicate themselves to the well-being of Colorado's children every day. We could not have done it without their many contributions of time, help, advice, and generous donations.

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#### **SPECIAL THANKS TO:**

Shelley Karp, Abacus Statistical Consultants Kelly Murphy Shanna Shulman

#### THANKS ALSO GO TO:

Neila Achter (CO Office of Child Care Resource & Referral Agencies), Grey Buckley (CO Dept. of Public Safety), Susan Colling, (CO Dept. of Public Safety), Patricia Daniluk (CO Dept. of Public Health & Environment), Eileen Gerstner (CO Dept. of Public Health & Environment), JoAnn Keith (CO Dept. of Education), Ronne Kuhn (CO Dept. of Health Care Policy & Financing), Geneva Lotti (CO Dept. of Human Services), Susan Ludwig (CO Dept. of Human Services), Katy Meng (CO Dept. of Public Health & Environment), Ann Mignerey (CO Dept. of Human Services), Donna Pope (CO Dept. of Human Services), Lori Quick (CO Dept. of Public Health & Environment), John Roybal (CO Dept. of Human Services), Jenny Rylands (CO Dept. of Public Safety), Martina Wamboldt (CO Dept. of Education), Rebecca Weiss (CO Dept. of Health Care Policy & Financing), and Judy Zullo (CO Dept. of Human Services).

Book Design: Rassman Design

Photography: Bright Beginnings, Mile High United Way, Montessori Institute Children's House

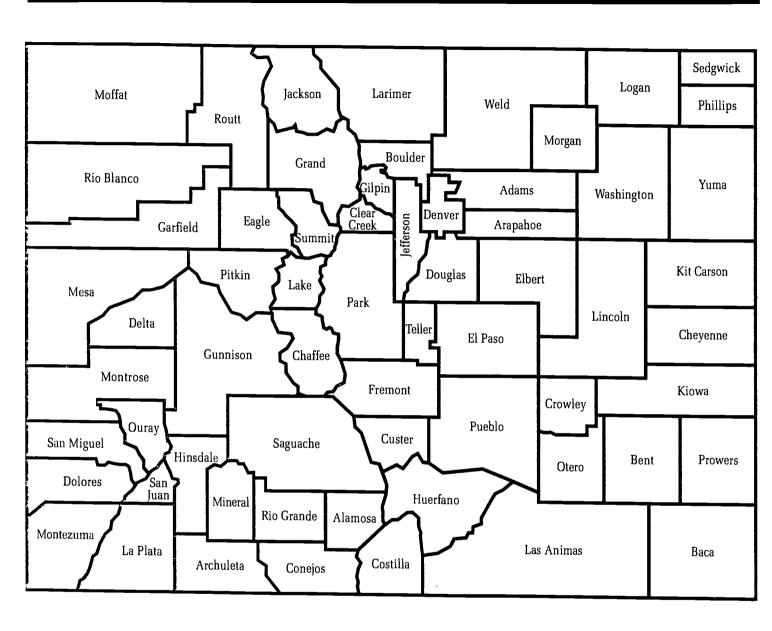


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Colorado Children's Campaign County Report Cards



# County Report Cards

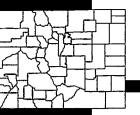




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# Colorado 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did you know?				_
Did you know:	Did	$\mathbf{v} \circ \mathbf{n}$	z n o	TAT T
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Concerned in 1990 about the effect of emerging economic and social trends on the state's children, the Colorado Children's Campaign established specific "Decade of the Child" goals in the areas of child health, education and safety with the endorsement of 1200 organizations and individuals across the state. Since that time, only 1 of the 12 indicators (infant mortality) has reached the decade goal.

STATE DEMOGRAPHICS				
1997 population	3,895,524			
1997 population under 18	1,043,910			
Under 1	58,351			
1–4	235,270			
5–9	297,199			
10–14	287,054			
15–19	289,709			
1996 # of live births	55,779			

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$35,930
Median income of	·
married couple family	\$40,095
Median income of	
female headed family	\$17,505
# of children living in poverty	126,181
% of children living in poverty	15%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."

James Baldwin



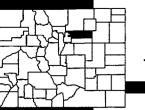
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## 1998 KidsCount in Colorado!

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96	trend
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	85.9	83.9	67.4	Û
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	20.8	21.8	
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	9.5	13.4	14.2	Û
Births to single moms (%)	23.8	25.0	24.8	
Teen births to single teens (%)	67.4	72.5	71.6	••
CHILD HEALTH				
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	78.6	80.7	81.4	Û.
Low birth weight births (%)	8.2	8.6	8.9	Û
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	8.4	6.9	6.6	<u></u>
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	83.3	73.1	66.5	<u> </u>
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	5,886	5,112	<u> </u>
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION	_			
Children needing child care (# 1990)			177,027	
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			106,293	
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	593,030	640,521	673,438	Û
K-12 non-public school students (#)	38,142	47,314	49,078	Û
K-12 home school students (#)	3,331	6,656	8,490	Û
High school graduation rate (%)	78.9	78.8	77.7	
High school dropout rate (%)	3.6	4.3	4.0	
SIGNS OF TROUBLE				
Births to teens (% of all births)	11.6	12.1	11.7	
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	54.7	50.6	50.7	Û
Three risk factor births (%)	8.1	8.3	8.1	
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			13.2	
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	148.0	138.0	159.0	••
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	50.1	42.0	32.0	Û
n/o - Not available			_	
Trends should be viewed with coution, especially in smaller countie In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods ma	s, because of var y hove chonged o	iability due to chan over time.	ce.	







# Adams County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

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Since 1991, Adams County's teen birth rate and high school graduation rate have been improving. Despite recent progress, however, Adams County's graduation rate remains almost 17 percentage points shy of the decade goal.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 papulation	312,183
1997 population under 18	90,470
Under 1	5,008
1–4	20,134
5–9	25,812
10–14	24,900
15–19	23,639
1996 # of live births	4,855

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$34,618
Median income of	
married couple family	\$38,385
Median income af	
female headed family	\$18,297
# of children living in poverty	10,628
% of children living in poverty	14.1%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



## 1998 KidsCount! in Adams County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 sta
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	101.5	103.8	84.1 (48)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	24.5	23.3 (34)		21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	11.6	17.3	15.9 (44)		14.2
Births to single moms (%)	30.3	32.3	27.9		24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	71.1	77.8	72.4		71.6
CHILD HEALTH				_	
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	75.3	77.1	79.2 (35)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	8.5	9.6	9.3		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	8.3	7.1	4.9	Û	6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	88.7	73.4	54.8	Û	66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	651	482	Û	5,111
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			17,102		177,0
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			7,749		106,2
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	48,733	51,794	54,398		673,4
K-12 non-public school students (#)	1,630	1,881	1,882	<u></u>	49,07
K-12 home school students (#)	147	336	434	Û	8,49
High school graduation rate (%)	68.6	71.6	73.2 (53)	Û	77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	4.5	4.5	4.1 (52)	Û	4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	15.1	15.8	13.1		11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	84.5	77.2	65.5	Û	50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	10.9	11.6	9.5		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			12.0		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	389.9	338.0	324.0	Û	159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	179.3	158.0	64.2	Û	32.0
n/a - Not available					
Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller countie	s harnusa of vor	inhility due to ch	ıra		
In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods ma	y have changed o	ver time.	rto.		•









# Alamosa County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

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Since 1991, student enrollment in Alamosa County's public schools has declined slightly. At the same time, enrollment in private schools has more than doubled and the number of home school students has increased from 28 to 54.

COUNTY DEMOGRAF	PHICS
1997 population	15,601
1997 population under 18	4,698
Under 1	220
1–4	1,029
5–9	1,415
10–14	1,322
15–19	1,404
1996 # of live births	227

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$23,114
Median income of	·
married couple family	\$27,232
Median income of	
female headed family	\$9,229
# of children living in poverty	1,219
% of children living in poverty	30.5%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children... we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



# 1998 KidsCount! in Alamosa County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	157.6	140.0	116.9(53)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	44.9	40.1 (54)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	7.1	10.3	17.9 (48)	Û	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	21.4	19.2	36.6	Û	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	62.5	43.2	79.5		71.6

CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	79.3	88.2	78.3 (40)		81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	11.3	8.9	11.9		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	35.2		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	73.5	64.7	227.9	Û	66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	23	15	û	5,112
 Confirmed incidents of child apose) hedieri (#1				<del>\</del>	

Children needing child care (# 1990)			811		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			300		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	2,847	2,813	2,797	Û	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	60	129	160	仓	49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	28	31	54	Û	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	70.5	88.6	83.9 (30)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	3.2	2.8	3.7 (50)		4.0

15.6	19.6	19.4	Û	11.7
54.9	55.2	54.9		50.7
7.0	8.3	9.7	仓	8.1
		*		13.2
154.8	155.0	148.8	û	159.0
23.9	33.0	10.3	-	32.0
	54.9 7.0	54.9 55.2 7.0 8.3 154.8 155.0	54.9     55.2     54.9       7.0     8.3     9.7       *     *       154.8     155.0     148.8	54.9 55.2 54.9 7.0 8.3 9.7 企 * 154.8 155.0 148.8 基

n/a - Not available

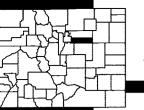
\* - Fewer than 3 events

Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller counties, because of variability due to chance. In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods may have changed over time.









# Arapahoe County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did	you	kno	$\mathbf{w}$ ?
DIU	y o a		•

There were 492 confirmed incidents of child abuse or neglect in Arapahoe County in 1996 – the equivalent of one and a half each day.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1 997 population	457,158
1997 population under 18	122,876
Under 1	6,560
1-4	26,001
5–9	34,190
10–14	34,615
15–19	35,260
1996 # of live births	6,115

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$44,874
Median income of	
married couple family	\$49,760
Median income of	
female headed family	\$23,830
# of children living in poverty	7,849
% of children living in poverty	7.5%
*1 990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



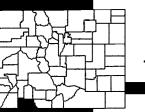
# 1998 KidsCount! in Arapahoe County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 s
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	45.0	44.6	40.5 (32)	Û	67
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	13.1	13.6 (20)		21
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	5.4	9.0	10.1 (23)	仓	14
Births to single moms (%)	18.6	21.3	21.7	(32)	24
Teen births to single teens (%)	70.5	75.6	77.0	Û	71
CHILD HEALTH	_	_			
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	83.3	86.5	87.4 (16)	Û	81
Low birth weight births (%)	7.7	9.0	9.6	Û	8
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	8.1	7.2	6.7	Û	6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	68.2	67.7	60.7	Û	60
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	627	492	Û	5,1
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION			_		
Children needing child care (# 1990)			22,697		177
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			15,720		106
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	79,775	85,120	88,875	Û	673
K-12 non-public school students (#)	5,928	7,364	7,426	Û	49,
K-12 home school students (#)	340	746	990	Û	8,4
High school graduation rate (%)	78.8	82.2	84.1 (28)	Û	77
High school dropout rate (%)	3.4	2.9	2.4 (28)	Û	4
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	7.8	8.6	9.0	仓	11
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	41.1	38.7	39.5		50
Three risk factor births (%)	5.0	5.2	5.5	仓	8
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			14.0		13
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	46.7	22.0	50.4		15
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	10.2	4.0	9.0		32









# Archuleta County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

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## Did you know?

Since 1991, Archuleta County's

high school graduation rate

has declined by about 5%,

and is now 80.6%.

COUNTY DEMOGRAP	HICS
1997 population	8,364
1997 population under 18	2,305
Under 1	102
1–4	418
5–9	671
10–14	698
15–19	649
1996 # of live births	78

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$27,359
Median income of	·
married couple family	\$29,422
Median income of	
female headed family	\$10,481
# of children living in poverty	360
% of children living in poverty	23.0%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



# 1998 KidsCount! in Archuleta County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	83.1	54.7	34.9 (29)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	28.7	23.6 (35)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	10.6	14.9	9.6 (22)		14.2
Births to single moms (%)	23.6	28.8	26.9		24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	46.2	100.0	58.8		71.6

CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	66.7	78.0	82.1 (28)	仓	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	11.1	5.1	14.1		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	*	*		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	27	22	Û	5,112

		280		177,027
5)		76		106,293
1,162	1,331	1,483	①	673,438
25	81	81	む	49,078
7	16	53	Û	8,490
85.4	83.8	80.6 (44)	Û	77.7
2.2	1.9	3.6 (48)	û	4.0
	1,162 25 7 85.4	1,162 1,331 25 81 7 16 85.4 83.8	76 1,162 1,331 1,483 25 81 81 7 16 53 85.4 83.8 80.6 (44)	76 1,162 1,331 1,483 分 25 81 81 分 7 16 53 分 85.4 83.8 80.6 (44) ↓

SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	18.1	15.3	21.8		11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	73.4	40.7	66.7		50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	8.3	14.0	7.7		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)		-	*		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	14.5	48.0	52.6	仓	159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	0.0	0.0		32.0
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n/a - Not available

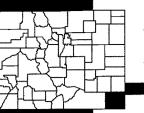
\* - Fewer than 3 events

Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller counties, because of variability due to chance. In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods may have changed over time.









# Baca County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

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Did	you	kno	w?
	<i>J</i>		

Baca County's high school
graduation rate reached the Decade
of the Child goal in 1996 and the
county now ranks 15th in the
state for high school graduation
and dropout rates.

COUNTY DEMOGRAF	HICS
1997 population	4,525
1997 population under 18	1,136
Under 1	51
1–4	211
5–9	310
10–14	384
15–19	284
1996 # of live births	59

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$23,054
Median income of	
married couple family	\$24,286
Median income of	
female headed family	\$12,625
# of children living in poverty	242
% of children living in poverty	<b>2</b> 1.1%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



## 1998 KidsCount! in Baca County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	69.8	55.9	52.8 (38)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	31.8	28.8 (43)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	10.0	7.4	13.0 (33)		14.2
Births to single moms (%)	10.9	13.2	15.3	Û	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	50.0	33.3	50.0		71.6

CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	81.4	71.2	86.4 (17)		81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	*	*	*		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	*	*		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	3	5	Û	5,112

EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			167		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			48		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	851	928	876		673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	0	0		49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	31	10	14		8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	85.7	87.0	90.5 (15)	Û	77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	1.2	1.7	1.1(15)		4.0

				<del></del>	***
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	20.7	0.0	0.0	Û	32.0
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	2.1	2.0	1.8	Û	159.0
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
Three risk factor births (%)	4.4	5.7	5.1		8.1
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	63.0	66.7	57.6		50.7
Births to teens (% of all births)	17.4	17.0	13.6	Û	11.7
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					

n/a - Not available

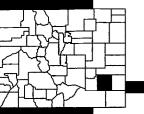
\* • Fewer than 3 events

Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller counties, because of variability due to chance. In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods may have changed over time.









# Bent County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

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Did	vou	knov	N?
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One of every two babies born in Bent County in 1996 was born to a single mother — a marked increase over 1991 when the ratio was closer to one in every four.

HICS
5,796
1,493
64
305
414
453
425
52

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income  Median income of	\$22,325
married couple family	\$24,082
Median income of	
female headed family	\$11,771
# of children living in poverty	350
% of children living in poverty •1990 Census data	25.8%

"For these are all our children... we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



# 1998 KidsCount! in Bent County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	164.7	146.3	140.8 (59)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	45.5	43.6 (56)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	9.3	13.9	19.1 (53)	Û	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	26.1	29.9	50.0	Û	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	50.0	71.4	72.7		71.6

CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	73.3	71.6	69.2 (55)	Û	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	8.7	10.4	11.5	Û	8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	*	*		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	7	19	·····································	5,112

EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION			•		
Children needing child care (# 1990)			153		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			76		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	986	1,022	1,017		673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	0	0		49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	6	10	22	仓	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	82.1	84.9	83.6(33)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	1.8	2.1	0.8(11)		4.0

SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	26.1	20.9	21.2	Û	11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	71.4	80.6	67.9		50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	17.4	7.5	13.5		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)		-	*		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	14.9	30.0	63.5	矿	159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	49.5	0.0	16.3		32.0

n/a - Not available

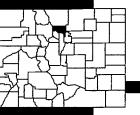
\* - Fewer than 3 events

Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller counties, because of variability due to chance. In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods may have changed over time.









# Boulder County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

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Boulder County's infant mortality rate was lower in 1996 than in 1991, and better than the Decade of the Child goal. At the same time, other indications of poor infant health, including low birth weight births and the percent of three-risk factor births, are at a decade high.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	265,490
1997 population under 18	62,548
Under 1	3,273
1–4	13,343
5–9	18,350
10–14	17,772
15–19	20,442
1996 # of live births	3,260

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$43,782
Median income of	
married couple family	\$48,039
Median income of	
female headed family	\$21,430
# of children living in poverty	4,590
% of children living in poverty	9.1%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



## 1998 KidsCount! in Boulder County

	FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
	Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	41.9	34.4	27.5 (22)	Û	67.4
	Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	12.2	11.9 (16)		21.8
	Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	7.7	9.7	8.5 (16)	Û	14.2
	Births to single moms (%)	16.4	17.5	18.8	Û	24.8
	Teen births to single teens (%)	66.4	72.1	75.6	Û	71.6
	CHILD HEALTH					
	Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	77.7	84.0	81.7 (29)	<b>-</b> -	81.4
	Low birth weight births (%)	6.4	7.0	8.0	Û	8.9
	Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	5.4	5.2	4.3	Û	6.6
	Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	69.9	54.4	45.8	Û	66.5
	Confirmed in ideas. Califold has a first last 100	n/a	554	423	Û	5,112
	Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)					3,112
	EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION			423		<u> </u>
-		 	774	11,029		
	EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION		774			177,027 106,293
	EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION Children needing child care (# 1990)	38,185	41,140	11,029	Û	177,027
	EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION  Children needing child care (# 1990)  Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			11,029 7,812		177,027 106,293
	EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION  Children needing child care (# 1990)  Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)  Pre K-12 public school students (#)	38,185	41,140	11,029 7,812 43,107	Û	177,027 106,293 673,438
	EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION  Children needing child care (# 1990)  Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)  Pre K-12 public school students (#)  K-12 non-public school students (#)	38,185 2,822	41,140 4,015	11,029 7,812 43,107 4,590	Û Û	177,027 106,293 673,438 49,078
	EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION  Children needing child care (# 1990)  Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)  Pre K-12 public school students (#)  K-12 non-public school students (#)  K-12 home school students (#)	38,185 2,822 172	41,140 4,015 277	11,029 7,812 43,107 4,590 349	† † † † † † † † † † † † † † † † † † †	177,027 106,293 673,438 49,078 8,490
	EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION  Children needing child care (# 1990)  Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)  Pre K-12 public school students (#)  K-12 non-public school students (#)  K-12 home school students (#)  High school graduation rate (%)	38,185 2,822 172 80.5	41,140 4,015 277 82.8	11,029 7,812 43,107 4,590 349 84.0 (29)	Û Û Û Û Û	177,027 106,293 673,438 49,078 8,490 77.7
	EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION  Children needing child care (# 1990)  Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)  Pre K-12 public school students (#)  K-12 non-public school students (#)  K-12 home school students (#)  High school graduation rate (%)  High school dropout rate (%)	38,185 2,822 172 80.5	41,140 4,015 277 82.8	11,029 7,812 43,107 4,590 349 84.0 (29)	Û Û Û Û Û	177,027 106,293 673,438 49,078 8,490 77.7

4.5

131.7

31.0

5.3

170.0

26.0

5.3

7.5

170.5

32.9

Û

Û

8.1

13.2

159.0

32.0

Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)

n/a - Not available

Three risk factor births (%)

Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)

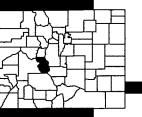
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)

Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller counties, because of variability due to chance. In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods may have changed over time.









# Chaffee County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

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Since 1991, two important indicators show progress, the teen birth rate and the percent of all births in Chaffee County to teenage mothers. At the same time, the county's high school graduation rate remains relatively low, ranking 40th of Colorado's 63 counties.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 populotion	15,781
1997 population under 18	3,570
Under 1	158
1–4	630
5–9	977
10–14	1,128
15-19	1,132
1996 # of live births	120

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$25,439
Median income of	
married couple family	\$27,130
Median income of	
female headed family	\$10,862
# of children living in poverty	518
% of children living in poverty	18.3%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



## 1998 KidsCount! in Chaffee County

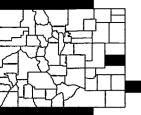
	<u> </u>				
FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	54.0	65.7	51.0 (37)		67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	22.9	21.3 (31)	û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	10.5	10.0	4.5 (7)	Û	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	10.0	18.5	17.5	仓	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	37.0	54.5	41.7		71.6
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	83.3	75.8	86.4 (17)		81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	9.2	12.9	7.5		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	94.0	*		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	27	24	Û	5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			515		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			276		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	2,167	2,206	2,265	Û	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	90	222	220	Û	49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	21	75	60		8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	78.0	75.0	81.4 (40)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	2.8	3.7	2.9 (38)		4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	22.5	17.7	10.0	Û	11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	73.8	53.8	28.6	Û	50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	6.7	6.5	4.2	Û	8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			43.9		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	78.0	72.0	105.6		159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	14.2	7.0	19.4	- ;	32.0
n/a - Not available * - Fewer than 3 events				ų.	
→ - rewer mail 2 events					







Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller counties, because of variability due to chance. In addition, data reparting and population estimation methods may have changed over time.



# Cheyenne County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did	you	kno	$\mathbf{w}$ ?
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Cheyenne County consistently
turns in one of the best high school
graduation rates in Colorado, reaching
almost 97% in 1996. Unfortunately,
confirmed incidents of child abuse or
neglect in the county nearly doubled
from 1994 to 1996.

COUNTY DEMOGRAF	HICS
1997 population	2,356
1997 population under 18	721
Under 1	28
1–4	118
5–9	206
10–14	254
15–19	176
1996 # of live births	24

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS	
Median family income	\$30,053	
Median income of		
married couple family	\$30,788	
Median income of		
female headed family	\$18,125	
# of children living in poverty	101	
% of children living in poverty	13.4%	
*1990 Census data		

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



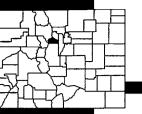
#### 1998 KidsCount! in Cheyenne County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 stat
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	27.9	36.6	26.5 (19)	••	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	18.6	17.8 (26)		21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	7.2	16.6	25.0 (60)	仓	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	8.9	13.6	16.7	仓	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	*	*	80.0		71.6
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	80.0	59.1	79.2 (35)	••	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	6.7	*	*		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	*	*		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	6	11	Û	5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			174		177,0
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			42		106,2
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	506	511	493		673,4
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	0	0		49,07
K-12 home school students (#)	2	13	19	仓	8,49
High school graduation rate (%)	97.1	100.0	96.9 (1)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	0.0	0.0	0.4 (5)	••	4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	17.8	22.7	20.8		11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	127.0	71.2	65.8	Û	50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	*	*	*		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	6.3	9.0	22.7	Û	159.
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	0.0	0.0		32.0
n/a · Nat available					









## Clear Creek County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Clear Creek County's high school graduation rate has dropped dramatically — from 93.3% in 1991 to 71.0% in 1996.

Also, though the teen birth rate is on the decline, a greater number of the teens having babies are single.

COUNTY DEMOGRAF	PHICS
1997 population	8,798
1997 population under 18	2,334
Under 1	105
1–4	487
5–9	652
10–14	680
15–19	647
1996 # of live births	94

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$41,111
Median income of	
married couple family	\$43,796
Median income of	
female headed family	\$14,766
# of children living in poverty	214
% of children living in poverty	11.1%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



### 1998 KidsCount! in Clear Creek County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	32.0	13.3	11.7 (7)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	11.8	12.7 (17)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	32.0	28.5	21.9(57)	Û	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	20.4	16.9	22.3		24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	62.5	71.4	100.0	Û	71.6
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	86.3	90.6	91.1 (8)	Û	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	12.2	13.6	7.4	Û	8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	25.4	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	206.4	180.2	*		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	5	8	Û	5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			416		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			150		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	1,443	1,393	1,449		673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	59	79	Û	49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	7	16	10		8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	93.3	81.7	71.0 (55)	Û	77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	0.9	4.8	1.7 (21)		4.0

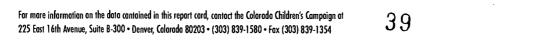
SIGNS OF TROUBLE	_				
Births to teens (% of all births)	8.2	5.9	3.2	Û	11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	37.7	25.6	11.6	Û	50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	4.1	2.6	3.2		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)		_	*	_	13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	39.5	107.0	26.7		159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	23.9	98.0	10.3		32.0

n/a - Nat available

\* - Fewer than 3 events









### Conejos County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

#### Did you know?

Conejos County's high school graduation rate has improved since 1991, and met the Decade of the Child goal of 90% in 1996. Over the same time period, however, "three risk factor" births to moms who are single, under the age of 25, and haven't graduated from high school have more than doubled.

COUNTY DEMOGRAF	PHICS
1997 population	7,835
1997 population under 18	2,500
Under 1	118
1–4	506
5–9	690
10–14	735
15–19	706
1996 # of live births	124

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$17,155
Median income of	
married couple family	\$19,073
Median income of	
female headed family	\$9,473
# of children living in poverty	1,071
% of children living in poverty	41.4%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



#### 1998 KidsCount! in Conejos County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	142.5	132.6	129.5(54)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	51.1	49.5(60)		21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	5.3	10.4	5.6 (8)		14.2
Births to single moms (%)	22.7	25.9	31.5	Û	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	68.8	60.7	61.5		71.6
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	72.9	85.2	81.5 (30)		81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	7.2	6.9	8.9		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	25.9	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	153.5	*		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	10	6	Û	5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			370		177,02
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			63		106,29
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	1,950	2,002	2,058	Û	673,43
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	0	0		49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	1	5	4		8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	81.8	86.8	90.4(17)	Û	77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	3.9	2.7	1.0(13)	Û	4.0

SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	16.5	24.1	21.0		11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	54.6	80.6	74.5		50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	5.2	9.6	11.3	Û	8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)	_		*	_	13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	31.0	n/a	n/a		159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	n/a	n/a		32.0

n/o - Nat available

\* - Fewer than 3 event









# Costilla County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

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Two-thirds of Costilla County's public school students qualify for free lunch because their families' income is less than 130% of the federal poverty level (\$16,874 for a family of three in 1996).

COUNTY DEMOGRAF	HICS
1997 population	3,494
1997 population under 18	997
Under 1	43
1–4	211
5–9	282
10–14	269
15–19	277
1996 # of live births	38

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$15,127
Median income of	
married couple family	\$16,474
Median income of	
female headed family	\$7,510
# of children living in poverty	456
% of children living in poverty	50.2%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



### 1998 KidsCount! in Costilla County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	203.3	189.0	181.2 (62)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	63.3	66.4 (63)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (p	er 1,000) 5.8	12.0	13.7 (37)	Û	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	17.9	38.3	28.9		24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	*	90.9	66.7		71.6
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%	5) 71.1	78.7	71.1 (53)		81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	5.1	21.3	13.2		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,0	)00) *	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per	100,000) *	*	*		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/ne	glect (#) n/a	2	2		5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			75		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (#	1995)		0		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	675	714	770	Û	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	0	0		49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	7	10	2		8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	90.9	97.4	90.5 (15)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	1.9	0.0	0.0 (1)	Û	4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	*	23.4	15.8		11.7

102.5

11.9

13.0

0.0

36.9

0.0

51.7

n/a

n/a

50.7

8.1

13.2

159.0

32.0

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n/a - Not available

\* • Fewer than 3 events

Teen birth rate (per 1,000)

Three risk factor births (%)

Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)

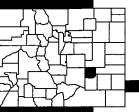
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)

Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)









# Crowley County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

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In 1996, children under the age of 18 in Crowley County received federal aid in the form of Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) at a greater rate than children living in any other Colorado county.

COUNTY DEMOGRAPHICS					
1997 population	4,474				
1997 population under 18	1,019				
Under 1	45				
1–4	198				
5–9	280				
10–14	325				
15–19	279				
1996 # of live births	45				

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$18,345
Median income of	
married couple family	\$19,614
Median income of	
female headed family	\$7,706
# of children living in poverty	263
% of children living in poverty	32.4%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



#### 1998 KidsCount! in Crowley County

91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
210.5	253.9	224.9 (63)		67.4
n/a	51.3	48.8 (58)		21.8
5.9	13.4	8.8(18)		14.2
34.1	23.7	44.4		24.8
100.0	*	80.0		71.6
	210.5 n/a 5.9 34.1	210.5 253.9 n/a 51.3 5.9 13.4 34.1 23.7	210.5     253.9     224.9 (63)       n/a     51.3     48.8 (58)       5.9     13.4     8.8(18)       34.1     23.7     44.4	210.5 253.9 224.9 (63) n/a 51.3 48.8 (58) 5.9 13.4 8.8(18) 34.1 23.7 44.4

CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	68.3	64.9	77.8 (41)		81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	9.8	10.5	8.9		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	*	324.3		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	2	4	Û	5,112

EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			129		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			94		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	583	614	642	Û	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	28	25	21	Û	49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	8	19	26	Û	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	81.3	89.1	83.9 (30)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	4.0	1.3	1.0 (13)	Û	4.0

				<del></del>	
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	0.0	43.5	Û	32.0
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	5.6	7.0	52.2	Û	159.0
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
Three risk factor births (%)	19.5	*	15.6		8.1
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	93.3	61.9	96.2		50.7
Births to teens (% of all births)	17.1	15.8	22.2		11.7
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					

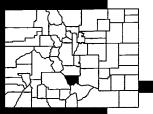
n/a - Not available

\* - Fewer than 3 events









### Custer County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

#### Did you know?

Custer County's 1996 high school graduation rate was second best in the state, with over 96% of students completing in four years. This fact is particularly impressive given Custer County's relatively high rate of low income children under the age of 18 receiving Aid to Families with Dependent Children.

COUNTY DEMOGRAI	PHICS
1997 population	3,073
1997 population under 18	796
Under 1	40
1–4	169
5–9	206
10–14	233
15–19	233
1996 # of live births	35

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$23,919
Median income of	
married couple family	\$24,797
Median income of	
female headed family	\$11,000
# of children living in poverty	117
% of children living in poverty	24.4%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



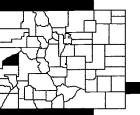
### 1998 KidsCount! in Custer County

	FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
	Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	67.7	71.6	85.4 (49)	Û	67.4
	Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	28.3	20.8 (30)	Û	21.8
	Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	7.6	5.2	3.2 (2)	ΰ	14.2
	Births to single moms (%)	8.3	17.5	28.6	Û	24.8
	Teen births to single teens (%)	*	60.0	75.0		71.6
	CHILD HEALTH					
	Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	62.5	87.2	77.1 (45)		81.4
	Low birth weight births (%)	4.2	12.5	14.3	仓	8.9
	Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
	Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	*	*		66.5
	Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	4	0	<u>û</u>	5,112
	EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
	Children needing child care (# 1990)			92		177,027
	Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			16		106,293
	Pre K-12 public school students (#)	369	410	448		673,438
	K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	0	21	仓	49,078
	K-12 home school students (#)	11	7	22		8,490
	High school graduation rate (%)	95.7	94.4	96.2 (2)		77.7
	High school dropout rate (%)	0.0	0.5	1.7 (21)	仓	4.0
	SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
	Births to teens (% of all births)	*	12.5	11.4		11.7
	Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	*	57.7	39.6		50.7
	Three risk factor births (%)	*	*	*		8.1
	Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
	Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	26.6	13.0	34.5		159.0
	Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	0.0	0.0		32.0
	n/a - Not available			_		
l	* - Fewer than 3 events					
l	Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller counties	s. because of var	riability due to cha	ince.		
l	In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods may	/ have changed o	ver time.			









### Delta County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did	V 0 11	knov	v ?
Diu	you	KHUV	٠.

Delta County's teen birth rate,
87.6 per 1,000, has worsened
since 1991 and is one of the highest
in the state. In 1996, more than
2 in 10 babies born in Delta County
was born to a teen mother.

COUNTY DEMOGRAI	PHICS
1997 population	26,223
1997 population under 18	6,681
Under 1	332
1–4	1,375
5–9	1,801
10–14	1,960
15–19	1,948
1996 # of live births	320

FAMILY ECONOMIC	CS
Median family income	\$22,197
Median income of	
married couple family	\$23,661
Median income of	
female headed family	\$10,000
# of children living in poverty	1,206
% of children living in poverty	24.1%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
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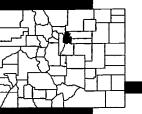
### 1998 KidsCount! in Delta County

	FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
	Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	105.2	89.6	70.1 (45)	Û	67.4
	Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	31.3	29.0 (44)	<u>Û</u>	21.8
	Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	25.3	15.0	11.2 (27)	Û	14.2
**	Births to single moms (%)	21.5	31.7	21.9	•	24.8
	Teen births to single teens (%)	40.5	65.3	58.6		71.6
	CHILD HEALTH					
	Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	53.9	68.7	71.7 (51)	Û	81.4
·= ···	Low birth weight births (%)	7.7	7.7	7.5		8.9
	Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	15.4	*	*		6.6
	Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	114.1	84.4	104.6		66.5
	Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	31	21	Û	5,112
	EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
	Children needing child care (# 1990)			657		177,027
	Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			286		106,293
	Pre K-12 public school students (#)	4,065	4,564	4,676	<b>û</b>	673,438
	K-12 non-public school students (#)	91	97	82		49,078
	K-12 home school students (#)	59	107	130	Û	8,490
	High school graduation rate (%)	86.8	86.2	85.9 (26)		77.7
	High school dropout rate (%)	2.9	3.1	3.4 (46)	Û	4.0
	SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
	Births to teens (% of all births)	16.2	24.0	21′.9		11.7
	Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	62.1	93.6	87.6		50.7
	Three risk factor births (%)	8.5	15.1	9.7		8.1
	Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			18.7		13.2
	Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	39.5	24.0	26.8	Û	159.0
	Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	3.0	7.2	Û	32.0
	n/a - Not available					
	* - Fewer than 3 events					
	Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller countie In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods may			nce.		









### Denver County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did	you	kno	$\mathbf{w}$ ?
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Since 1991, Denver County's high school graduation rate has dropped significantly, from 72.5% to 60.6% in just five years. Out of home placements have also worsened. County indicators showing recent improvement include the teen birth rate and the child mortality rate, which has declined from 114 to 71 per 100,000 since 1991 and is nearing the state average.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	501,473
1997 population under 18	133,730
Under 1	9,260
1–4	34,972
5–9	39,817
10–14	31,956
15–19	32,706
1996 # of live births	9,131

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$32,038
Median income of	
married couple family	\$38,047
Median income of	
female headed family	\$16,365
# of children living in poverty	27,106
% of children living in poverty	<b>27.2</b> %
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
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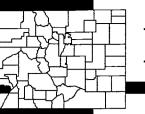


#### 1998 KidsCount! in Denver County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 sta
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	195.3	197.4	165.9 (60)	Û	<b>67</b> .4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	52.0	53.4 (61)		21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	16.9	26.7	30.1 (62)	បិ	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	38.4	38.7	36.2	û	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	77.7	80.4	75.9		71.6
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	74.5	72.1	74.6 (48)		81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	10.3	10.3	10.0		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	10.8	8.7	6.0	Û	6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	114.4	100.9	71.0	û	66.
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	754	784	Û	5,11
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			22,492		177,0
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			14,010		106,2
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	60,552	62,773	66,331	Û	673,4
K-12 non-public school students (#)	10,910	11,345	11,323	Û	49,0
K-12 home school students (#)	212	399	405	· Û	8,49
High school graduation rate (%)	72.5	67.8	60.6 (61)	Û	77.
High school dropout rate (%)	6.8	9.0	8.5 (63)	Û	4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	15.8	15.3	15.3		11.
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	87.4	63.9	71.4		50.
Three risk factor births (%)	14.9	15.2	14.0		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			11.2		13.
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	263.3	171.0	231.7		159
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	33.0	13.0	37.1		32.0
n/a - Not available					







# Dolores County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Three of every 10 Dolores County babies born in 1996 were born to a single mother, an increase over 1991 figures. Out of home placements were also higher in 1996 than in 1991.

COUNTY DEMOGRAF	PHICS
1997 population	1,708
1997 population under 18	438
Under 1	23
1-4	89
5–9	114
10–14	1 <b>27</b>
15–19	145
1996 # of live births	22

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$24,671
Median income of	
married couple family	\$25,150
Median income of	
female headed family	\$9,293
# of children living in poverty	51
% of children living in poverty	12.5%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
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### 1998 KidsCount! in Dolores County

Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000) 32.9 37.9 34.4 (28) Children qualifying for free lunch (%) n/a 16.6 20.4(29) & Children in out of home placements (per 1,000) 0.0 9.9 10.1 (23) & Births to single moms (%) 21.4 30.8 31.8 & Teen births to single teens (%) * * * 100.0  CHILD HEALTH  Moms receiving early prenatal care (%) 61.5 84.6 71.4 (52) Low birth weight births (%) * * * * Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000) * * * * Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#) n/a 1 2  EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION  Children needing child care (# 1990) 62 Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995) 17 Pre K-12 public school students (#) 6 15 5 K-12 home school students (#) 5 5 5 2	67.4 21.8 14.2
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000) 0.0 9.9 10.1 (23) 12  Births to single moms (%) 21.4 30.8 31.8 12  Teen births to single teens (%) * * 100.0  CHILD HEALTH  Moms receiving early prenatal care (%) 61.5 84.6 71.4 (52)  Low birth weight births (%) * * * *  Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000) * * * *  Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000) * * * *  Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#) n/a 1 2  EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION  Children needing child care (# 1990) 62  Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995) 17  Pre K-12 public school students (#) 305 332 382 12  K-12 non-public school students (#) 6 15 5	
Births to single moms (%)   21.4   30.8   31.8   ①	14.2
Teen births to single teens (%)   *   *   100.0	
CHILD HEALTH  Moms receiving early prenatal care (%) 61.5 84.6 71.4 (52)  Low birth weight births (%) * * * *  Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000) * * * *  Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000) * * *  Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#) n/a 1 2  EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION  Children needing child care (# 1990) 62  Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995) 17  Pre K-12 public school students (#) 305 332 382 \$\frac{1}{2}\$  K-12 non-public school students (#) 6 15 5	24.8
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%) 61.5 84.6 71.4 (52)  Low birth weight births (%) * * * *  Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000) * * * *  Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000) * * * *  Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#) n/a 1 2  EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION  Children needing child care (# 1990) 62  Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995) 17  Pre K-12 public school students (#) 305 332 382 ①  K-12 non-public school students (#) 6 15 5	71.6
Low birth weight births (%)  Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)  Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)  Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)  Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)  Children needing child care (# 1990)  Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)  Pre K-12 public school students (#)  K-12 non-public school students (#)  *  *  *  *   Children needing child care (# 1990)  62  Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)  To the confirmed incidents (#)  8305  832  10  K-12 non-public school students (#)  6 15  5	
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	81.4
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	8.9
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#) n/a 1 2  EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION  Children needing child care (# 1990) 62  Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995) 17  Pre K-12 public school students (#) 305 332 382 û  K-12 non-public school students (#) 6 15 5	6.6
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION  Children needing child care (# 1990) 62  Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995) 17  Pre K-12 public school students (#) 305 332 382 û  K-12 non-public school students (#) 6 15 5	66.5
Children needing child care (# 1990)       62         Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)       17         Pre K-12 public school students (#)       305       332       382       む         K-12 non-public school students (#)       6       15       5	5,112
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)       17         Pre K-12 public school students (#)       305       332       382       ☆         K-12 non-public school students (#)       6       15       5	
Pre K-12 public school students (#)         305         332         382         ☆           K-12 non-public school students (#)         6         15         5	177,027
K-12 non-public school students (#) 6 15 5	106,293
	673,438
K-12 home school students (#) 5 5 2	49,078
N 12 HOME SCHOOL STUDENTS (// )	8,490
High school graduation rate (%) 81.8 95.0 92.0 (11)	77.7
High school dropout rate (%) 0.6 1.1 2.3 (26) ☆	4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE	
Births to teens (% of all births) 28.6 * 22.7	11.7

SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	28.6	*	22.7		11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	111.1	*	74.6		50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	21.4	*	*		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	0.0	24.0	0.0		159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	0.0	0.0	7	32.0
					C 2017, USS

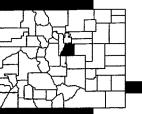
n/a - Not available

\* - Fewer than 3 events









# Douglas County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

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Did	you	knov	<i>v</i> ?
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From 1991 to 1996, Douglas

County's student enrollment grew
by more than 10,600 students,
or 71% in just five years.

Douglas County is one of the
best counties in the state in terms
of child well-being.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	119,472
1997 population under 18	35,060
Under 1	2,129
1–4	8,396
5–9	10,280
10–14	9,375
15–19	7,899
1996 # of live births	2,121

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$54,244
Median income of	
married couple family	\$56,190
Median income of	
female headed family	\$24,957
# of children living in poverty	673
% of children living in poverty	3.6%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



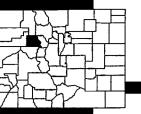
### 1998 KidsCount! in Douglas County

	FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 st
	Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	9.3	10.1	6.1 (5)		67
	Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	2.1	1.8 (3)		21.
	Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	2.4	2.2	1.8 (1)	Û	14.
	Births to single moms (%)	5.1	4.9	4.6		24
	Teen births to single teens (%)	70.8	87.2	69.4		71.
	CHILD HEALTH					
	Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	94.6	95.7	95.6 (5)		81
_	Low birth weight births (%)	6.6	7.1	7.4	Û	8.
	Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	5.4	2.4	5.7		6.
	Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	58.9	39.8	54.6		66
	Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	39	21	Û	5,1
	EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
	Children needing child care (# 1990)			4,025		177,
	Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			3,288		106
	Pre K-12 public school students (#)	14,720	20,041	24,495	仓	673
	K-12 non-public school students (#)	211	482	838	Û	49,
	K-12 home school students (#)	90	185	299	Û	8,4
	High school graduation rate (%)	88.4	90.3	89.1 (19)		77
	High school dropout rate (%)	1.1	1.0	1.1 (15)		4
	SIGNS OF TROUBLE .					
	Births to teens (% of all births)	1.8	2.3	2.3	Û	11
	Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	12.8	17.3	19.5	Û	50
	Three risk factor births (%)	0.8	1.1	0.8		8
	Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			15.7		13
	Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	100.4	107.0	68.3		15
	Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	10.3	10.0	10.7		32
	n/a - Not ovailable					









## Eagle County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did	you	kno	$\mathbf{w}$ ?
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There were 31 confirmed incidents

of child abuse or neglect in

Eagle County in 1996 — up from

22 confirmed incidents in 1994.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	31,447
1997 population under 18	8,527
Under 1	509
1-4	2,008
5-9	2,593
10–14	2,251
15–19	1,753
1996 # of live births	560

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$41,183
Median income of	
married couple family	\$44,043
Median income of	
female headed family	\$20,641
# of children living in poverty	437
% of children living in poverty	8.0%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



#### 1998 KidsCount! in Eagle County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	10.1	8.6	5.3 (4)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	13.6	14.0 (22)		21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	7.7	6.1	7.0 (14)		14.2
Births to single moms (%)	13.5	13.2	12.1		24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	56.7	46.9	27.6	Û	71.6
	_				

CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	75.8	74.3	76.1 (46)		81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	8.4	12.7	10.4		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	8.8	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	33.6	98.7	41.9		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	22	31	Û	5,112

EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			1,543		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995	)		821		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	2,897	3,515	3,954	Û	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	186	219	227	Û	49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	24	19	38		8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	82.3	81.8	82.3 (35)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	3.0	2.6	3.4 (46)		4.0

SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	6.8	7.0	10.4	Û	11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	59.2	49.6	78.9		50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	4.1	5.4	4.3		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	70.1	48.0	84.2		159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	4.0	6.9	仓	32.0

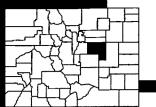
n/a - Not available

\* - Fewer than 3 events









# Elbert County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

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	<i></i>		

Over 92% of Elbert County's mothers-to-be in 1996 received early prenatal care, reaching the Decade of the Child goal. Low birth weight births in Elbert County remain about 3 1/2 percentage points higher than the state's goal.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	17,793
1997 population under 18	4,826
Under 1	272
1–4	989
5–9	1,393
10–14	1,399
15–19	1,237
1996 # of live births	190

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$38,193
Median income of	
married couple family	\$39,784
Median income of	
female headed family	\$17,361
# of children living in poverty	197
% of children living in poverty	6.7%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



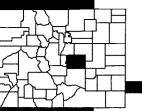
#### 1998 KidsCount! in Elbert County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 stat
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	24.5	27.6	16.2 (12)		67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	9.3	6.4 (7)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	0.0	5.2	3.8 (4)		14.2
Births to single moms (%)	8.0	14.0	12.1		24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	50.0	81.8	100.0	Û	71.6
CHILD HEALTH		_			
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	85.3	88.2	92.6 (6)	Û	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	9.5	9.4	8.4		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	96.2	*	115.7		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	15	13	Û	5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			603		177,0
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)		-	258		106,29
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	2,192	2,734	3,417	Û	673,43
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	0	0		49,07
K-12 home school students (#)	19	76	90	Û	8,49
High school graduation rate (%)	74.4	88.6	74.1 (51)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	2.1	1.3	3.3 (45)		4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	4.4	6.4	4.7		11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	16.0	24.5	15.8	<u>:</u> -	50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	*	2.9	2.6		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	16.1	37.0	58.5	Û	159.
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	6.9	0.0	4.7		32.0
n/a - Not available					
* - Fewer than 3 events					









# El Paso County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did	you	know?
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An increasing number of school aged children are living in El Paso County, as more than 15,000 additional students have enrolled since 1991.

During that same time period, the county's out of home placement rate has nearly doubled, and there has been a slight increase in moms receiving early prenatal care.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	478,918
1997 population under 18	140,543
Under 1	9,015
1–4	36,935
5–9	40,708
10–14	34,731
15–19	34,458
1996 # of live births	7,695

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$33,932
Median income of	·
married couple family	\$37,438
Median income of	
female headed family	\$15,499
# of children living in poverty	15,030
% of children living in poverty	14.1%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."

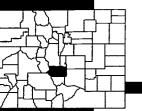


#### 1998 KidsCount! in El Paso County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	74.6	76.3	60.0 (40)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	20.2	18.8 (28)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	7.4	12.7	13.4 (35)	Û	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	19.9	20.8	23.4	Û	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	58.3	63.1	66.9	Û	71.6
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	81.3	83.4	83.7 (24)	Û	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	9.4	8.6	8.5		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	9.6	7.1	7.0	Û	6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	102.9	69.7	72.1	Û	66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	757	593	Û	5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			21,931		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			11,160		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	74,130	82,335	86,396	Û	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	4,094	5,658	5,700	Û	49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	616	1,352	1,820	Û	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	79.8	75.7	73.0 (54)	Û	77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	2.8	4.8	3.9 (51)		4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	11.4	11.8	11.7		11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	60.3	56.0	55.8	Û	50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	6.1	5.4	6.3	••	8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			11.8		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	147.8	195.0	203.2	Û	159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	41.2	77.0	38.3	- T	32.0
n/a - Not available				,	







### Fremont County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did you know	?
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More than 3 in 10 babies born in

Fremont County are born to
single mothers. Almost 2 in 10
births are to mothers in their teens.
1996 child abuse and neglect incidents for the county are much
improved over 1994.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	41,399
1997 population under 18	9,808
Under 1	493
1–4	1,947
5–9	2,675
10–14	2,898
15–19	2,888
1996 # of live births	451
_	

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$24,350
Median income of	
married couple family	\$26,684
Median income of	
female headed family	\$12,787
# of children living in poverty	1,356
% of children living in poverty	18.9%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



#### 1998 KidsCount! in Fremont County

. FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	127.4	121.5	94.4 (51)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	26.1	24.3 (38)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	21.3	18.1	17.3 (46)	Û	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	28.5	33.8	31.7		24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	62.0	72.4	70.4		71.6

CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	79.8	79.3	80.8 (32)		81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	9.3	9.6	10.6	បិ	8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	9.0	*	8.9		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	111.2	80.4	68.2	Û	66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	72	40	û	5,112

EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			1,132		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)		,	419		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	5,347	6,092	6,391	Û	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	196	232	240	Û	49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	59	149	168	Û	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	78.0	75.1	78.8 (45)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	3.4	4.3	2.8 (37)		4.0
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			• •		

15.0	18.8	18.0		11.7
51.3	64.5	67.8	Û	50.7
9.0	13.2	10.2		8.1
		25.4	-	13.2
132.3	136.0	148.2	Û	159.0
64.0	13.0	16.7	Û	32.0
	51.3 9.0	51.3 64.5 9.0 13.2 132.3 136.0	51.3       64.5       67.8         9.0       13.2       10.2         25.4         132.3       136.0       148.2	51.3     64.5     67.8     ①       9.0     13.2     10.2        25.4       132.3     136.0     148.2     ①

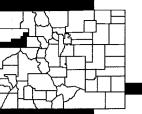
n/a - Not available

\* - Fewer than 3 events









# Garfield County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did	you	kno	w?
	<i>J</i>		

Nearly 25% of pregnant women in Garfield County did not receive prenatal care early in their pregnancies in 1996, well below the state average.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	37,932
1997 population under 18	10,985
Under 1	568
1–4	2,283
5–9	3,053
10–14	3,253
15–19	2,814
1996 # of live births	619

FAMILY ECONOMI	ICS
Median family income	\$32,377
Median income of	
married couple family	\$35,312
Median income of	
female headed family	\$16,196
# of children living in poverty	853
% of children living in poverty	10.5%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



#### 1998 KidsCount! in Garfield County

FAI	AILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Chi	ldren receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	42.7	46.5	33.2 (27)		67.4
Chi	ldren qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	14.5	13.5 (19)	Û	21.8
Chi	ldren in out of home placements (per 1,000)	10.3	14.5	14.7 (41)	Û	14.2
Bir	ths to single moms (%)	15.4	17.7	17.8	Û	24.8
Tee	n births to single teens (%)	49.0	53.7	47.8		71.6

CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	70.6	73.8	74.1 (49)	矿	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	5.0	6.7	6.3		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	6.3	12.5	9.7		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	34.6	71.5	90.9	Û	66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	68	48	Û	5,112

EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			1,890		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			770		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	6,866	8,055	8,640	Û	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	253	260	276	Û	49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	38	77	52		8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	82.1	84.6	81.9 (39)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	2.8	2.9	2.4 (28)		4.0

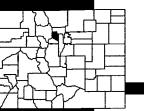
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	10.6	13.9	11.1	· <u>-</u> -	11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	53.5	61.7	56.7		50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	4.6	6.4	5.8		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			16.6		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	56.4	36.0	82.5		159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	5.7	2.0	2.1	Û	32.0

n/a - Not available









### Gilpin County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

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Did	you	kno	$\mathbf{w}$ :
	J		

An increasing number of pregnant women in Gilpin County are seeking prenatal care early in their pregnancies, and the county has almost reached the Decade of the Child goal of 90%.

COUNTY DEMOGRAP	HICS
1997 population	3,906
1997 population under 18	971
Under 1	49
1-4	200
5–9	257
10–14	280
15–19	277
1996 # of live births	44

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$36,218
Median income of	
married couple family	\$39,840
Median income of	
female headed family	\$16,346
# of children living in poverty	82
% of children living in poverty	11.7%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



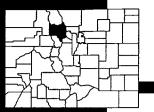
### 1998 KidsCount! in Gilpin County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	29.3	19.9	21.9 (15)		67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	8.6	9.7 (13)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	16.3	29.3	12.9 (32)		14.2
Births to single moms (%)	9.7	32.6	25.0		24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	*	*	*		71.6
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	75.9	80.5	88.4 (13)	Û	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	12.9	9.3	*		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	*	*		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	0	5	Û	5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)	_		131		177,02
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			18		106,29
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	351	349	373	Û	673,43
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	0	0		49,07
K-12 home school students (#)	1	2	0		8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	84.0	100.0	88.9 (20)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	1.1	0.0	6.7 (61)		4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	*	7.0	*		11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	*	31.7	*		50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	*	7.3	*		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	35.6	34.0	41.3		159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	0.0	27.5	Û	32.0
n/a - Nat available					
* - Fewer than 3 events					









# Grand County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did	y o u	knov	<i>N</i> ?
	J		

In 1996, nearly 13% of Grand

County's babies were born at a low

birth weight — more than double

the Decade of the Child goal of 5%.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	9,812
1997 population under 18	2,320
Under 1	137
1–4	464
5–9	623
10–14	669
15–19	672
1996 # of live births	132

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$34,072
Median income of	
married couple family	\$35,581
Median income of	
female headed family	\$18,309
# of children living in poverty	147
% of children living in poverty	7.4%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



#### 1998 KidsCount! in Grand County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	9.6	15.5	14.2 (9)	仓	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	11.3	9.0 (11)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	8.4	16.1	8.4 (15)		14.2
Births to single moms (%)	12.8	16.4	15.2		24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	100.0	66.7	50.0	Û	71.6
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	82.8	82.6	83.7 (24)		81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	9.6	11.5	12.9	Û	8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	*	*		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	9	1	Û	5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION		_			Ú
Children needing child care (# 1990)			394		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			266		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	1,595	1,632	1,847	Û	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	0	0		49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	15	44	78	仓	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	86.7	79.4	80.7 (43)	Û	77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	3.5	2.0	2.0 (24)	Û	4.0

SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	5.3	12.3	6.1		11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	21.0	54.3	29.5		50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	4.3	4.2	4.5		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	25.8	24.0	7.1	Û	159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	21.0	0.0	`	32.0

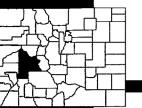
n/a - Not available

\* - Fewer than 3 events









# Gunnison County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did	you	kno	$\mathbf{w}$ ?
-----	-----	-----	----------------

Almost 93% of Gunnison County's pregnant women are receiving early prenatal care, meeting the Decade of the Child goal. The percent of high school students in Gunnison County graduating in four years has dropped by 5 percentage points since 1991.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	12,338
1997 population under 18	2,790
Under 1	134
1–4	551
5–9	823
1014	819
15–19	1,368
1 <b>996</b> # of live births	119

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$29,533
Median income of	
married couple family	\$32,117
Median income of	
female headed family	\$13,657
# of children living in poverty	234
% of children living in poverty	11.7%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



#### 1998 KidsCount! in Gunnison County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	23.9	24.0	18.1 (13)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	6.6	6.6 (8)		21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	7.7	8.5	12.2 (29)	Û	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	9.6	13.5	15.1	Û	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	*	45.5	50.0		71.6

CHILD HEALTH				
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	92.6	92.7	92.4 (7)	 81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	6.4	4.5	9.2	 8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*	 6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	*	*	 66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	18	19	 5,112
	<del>-</del>			

EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)		557			177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			310		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	1,497	1,676	1,645	Û	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	0	74	Û	49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	17	38	70	Û	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	87.1	84.8	82.0 (37)	Û	77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	1.7	3.8	2.5 (31)		4.0

SIGNS OF TROUBLE				
Births to teens (% of all births)	3.2	9.9	5.0	 11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	7.3	18.8	10.5	 50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	2.4	4.5	*	 8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000	))		*	 13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	85.5	20.0	45.4	 159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,	000) 0.0	0.0	0.0	 32.0

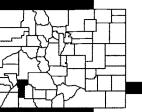
n/a · Not available

\* • Fewer than 3 events









# Hinsdale County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910
children and youth benefit from a
strong, healthy start in life. They are
born to parents who have the time
and the resources to nurture them,
they attend good schools, live in safe
neighborhoods, and know their family
doctors by name. There are children
in each of Colorado's counties, however,
who aren't so lucky. KidsCount!
county-level data is provided so that
members of every community have
the information they need to make a
difference in the lives of local children.

Did	you	kno	w?
	J		

Of the women who were pregnant in Hinsdale County in 1996, all received prenatal care early in their pregnancies. Of the 60 students attending school in Hinsdale County in 1996, 30% were home schooled.

COUNTY DEMOGRAPI	HICS
1997 population	712
1997 population under 18	163
Under 1	8
1-4	33
5–9	42
10–14	45
15–19	48
1996 # of live births	7

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$30,125
Median income of	
married couple family	\$30,750
Median income of	
female headed family	\$5,000
# of children living in poverty	12
% of children living in poverty	13.8%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
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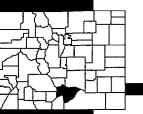
### 1998 KidsCount! in Hinsdale County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 s
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	34.5	22.0	0.0 (1)	Û	67
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	7.9	8.1 (10)		21
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	25.3	8.5	12.2 (29)	Û	14
Births to single moms (%)	*	*	42.9		24
Teen births to single teens (%)	*	*	*		71
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	*	83.3	100.0( 1)		81
Low birth weight births (%)	*	*	*		8.
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	*	*		66
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	0	0	••	5,1
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION				-	
Children needing child care (# 1990)			22		177
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			12		106
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	44	38	37	Û	673
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	8	5		49,
K-12 home school students (#)	13	10	18		8,4
High school graduation rate (%)	87.1	84.8	82.0 (37)	Û	77
High school dropout rate (%)	0.0	3.8	2.5 (31)		4
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	*	*	*		11
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	*	*	*		50
Three risk factor births (%)	*	*	*		8
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	0.0	0.0	14.5	Û	15
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	0.0	0.0		3:
n/a - Nat available					
* - Fewer than 3 events					









# Huerfano County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

#### Did you know?

Huerfano County's graduation rate is on the rise and one of the state's best at over 95%. While the AFDC rate for the county has declined since 1991, it is one of the highest rates in Colorado.

COUNTY DEMOGRAP	HICS
1997 population	7,413
1997 population under 18	1,854
Under 1	81
1–4	338
5–9	516
10–14	598
15–19	515
1996 # of live births	58

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$18,955
Median income of	
married couple family	\$20,427
Median income of	
female headed family	\$9,537
# of children living in poverty	549
% of children living in poverty	35.9%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
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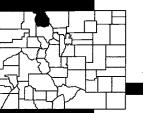
### 1998 KidsCount! in Huerfano County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 sto
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	200.8	175.3	137.8 (57)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	48.3	47.0 (57)		21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	11.8	28.3	25.6 (61)	Û	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	34.0	37.0	48.3	<u></u>	24.
Teen births to single teens (%)	63.6	50.0	92.9		71.
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	70.0	81.1	67.2 (58)		81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	*	11.1	*		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	*	*		66.
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	8	9	••	5,11
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			277		177,0
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			69		106,2
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	1,032	1,139	1,228	Û	673,4
K-12 non-public school students (#)	138	91	76	Û	49,0
K-12 home school students (#)	2	17	21	Û	8,49
High school graduation rate (%)	86.1	86.9	95.4 (4)	Û	77.
High school dropout rate (%)	2.3	0.8	2.2 (25)		4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	22.0	18.5	24.1		11.
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	63.2	41.8	58.6		50.
Three risk factor births (%)	10.0	7.4	12.1		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	112.0	87.0	159.9		159.
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	50.0	36.1		32.
n/a - Nat available					,,









## Jackson County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did	you	kno	w?
DIG	you	KIII	, ,,

The AFDC rate in Jackson County
has doubled since 1991, while the
statewide rate has declined. Jackson
County's high school graduation
and dropout rates remain among the
best in Colorado.

COUNTY DEMOGRAP	HICS
1997 population	1,744
1997 population under 18	403
Under 1	16
1–4	68
5–9	129
10–14	124
15–19	118
1996 # of live births	7

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$23,239
Median income of	
married couple family	\$24,716
Median income of	
female headed family	\$8,080
# of children living in poverty	42
% of children living in poverty	10.1%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



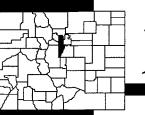
### 1998 KidsCount! in Jackson County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	21.6	36.5	43.5 (34)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	29.8	22.8 (33)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	12.0	5.0	13.5 (36)		14.2
Births to single moms (%)	*	15.0	42.9	Û	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	*	*	*		71.6
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	56.5	60.0	100.0 (1)	Û	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	13.0	*	*		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	*	*		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	0	0		5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			68		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			18		106,29
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	306	325	316		673,43
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	0	0		49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	3	7	10	Û	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	94.1	100.0	96.0 (3)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0 (1)		4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	*	*	*		11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	*	*	*		50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	*	*	*	**	8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	0.0	n/a	12.3		159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	n/a	122.7	`	32.0
n/a - Not ovailable					
* - Fewer than 3 events					
Trends should be viewed with coution, especially in smaller countie	s hermise of voi	riahility due to cha	nra		

Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller counties, because of variability due to chance. In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods may have changed over time.







# Jefferson County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

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	<i>J</i>		

Since 1991, the rate of low birth weight births in Jefferson County has been on the rise. At the same time, however, a greater percentage of Jefferson County's moms have been receiving prenatal care, and are quickly closing in on the Decade of the Child goal of 90%.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	500,611
1997 population under 18	126,972
Under 1	6,263
1–4	26,372
5–9	35,893
10—14	37,145
15–19	34,983
1 <b>996</b> # of live births	6,333

FAMILY ECONOMI	ر د
TAMILI LCONOMI	
Median family income	\$44,679
Median income of	
married couple family	\$48,294
Median income of	
female headed family	\$24,167
# of children living in poverty	8,103
% of children living in poverty	7.1%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
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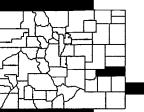
### 1998 KidsCount! in Jefferson County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	35.0	33.0	27.5 (22)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	9.7	9.8 (14)		21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	5.2	7.3	6.4 (13)		14.2
Births to single moms (%)	15.6	15.9	16.9	Û	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	67.7	74.0	73.5	Û	71.6
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	86.9	89.4	89.6 (11)	·····································	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	7.1	7.5	8.2	Û	8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	7.4	5.9	5.7	Û	6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	64.0	59.0	53.8	Û	66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	563	535	Û	5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			25,561		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			19,264		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	79,244	84,018	86,670	Û	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	6,233	7,111	7,630	Û	49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	386	672	817	Û	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	85.0	82.9	82.1 (36)	Û	77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	3.3	3.9	4.1 (52)	Û	4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	6.7	7.6	7.0		11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	32.2	36.6	32.4		50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	4.3	4.6	4.6	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)	_		14.4		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	103.3	114.0	132.8	Û	159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	42.2	30.0	28.6	Û	32.0
n/a - Not available					
					• • •
Trends should be viewed with coution, especially in smaller countie In addition, data reporting and papulation estimation methads ma			nce.		









## Kiowa County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

#### Did you know?

Kiowa County's high school graduation rate is on the decline, and is now below the Decade of the Child goal of 90%. At the same time, the county reached the Decade of the Child goal for early prenatal care in 1996 with 100% of pregnant women receiving early care.

COUNTY DEMOGRAP	HICS
1997 population	1,757
1997 population under 18	449
Under 1	18
1_4	72
5–9	110
10–14	156
15–19	150
1996 # of live births	13

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$26,779
Median income of	
married couple family	\$28,438
Median income of	
female headed family	\$13,750
# of children living in poverty	52
% of children living in poverty	10.7%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
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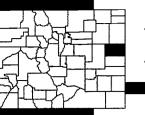
### 1998 KidsCount! in Kiowa County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 sta
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	29.1	12.7	30.9 (25)		67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	24.7	31.1 (47)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	9.9	8.5	17.9 (48)	Û	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	22.2	14.3	30.8		24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	*	*	*		71.0
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	50.0	66.7	100.0 (1)	Û	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	*	*	23.1		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	*	*		66.
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	3	5	Û_	5,11
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION .					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			64		177,0
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)	_		12		106,2
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	419	392	379	Û	673,4
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	0	0		49,0
K-12 home school students (#)	0	2	7	Û	8,49
High school graduation rate (%)	100.0	91.7	83.9 (30)	Û	77.
High school dropout rate (%)	0.5	2.6	1.4 (19)		4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	*	*	*		11.
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	*	*	*		50.
Three risk factor births (%)	*	*	*		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	0.0	0.0	0.0		159
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	0.0	0.0	•	32.
n/a - Nat available					
* - Fewer than 3 events					









## Kit Carson County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

#### Did you know?

11.6% of Kit Carson County's
babies were considered "three risk
factor births" in 1996, meaning
that their mothers were single,
under the age of 25, and had not
graduated from high school.

COUNTY DEMOGRAI	PHICS
1997 population	7,371
1997 population under 18	2,040
Under 1	91
1–4	371
5–9	604
10–14	629
15–19	548
1996 # of live births	76

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$27,648
Median income of	
married couple family	\$29,163
Median income of	
female headed family	\$12,157
# of children living in poverty	373
% of children living in poverty	17.8%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



### 1998 KidsCount! in Kit Carson County

	AMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
(	hildren receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	46.2	48.8	25.2 (18)	Û	67.4
(	hildren qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	24.7	21.4 (32)	Û	21.8
	hildren in out of home placements (per 1,000)	9.8	8.6	8.7 (17)	Û	14.2
	Births to single moms (%)	8.7	8.1	26.3	Û	24.8
1	een births to single teens (%)	46.7	50.0	78.6	⇧	71.6

78.9	82.6	81.3 (31)		81.4
5.8	*	10.7		8.9
*	*	*	••	6.6
146.6	*	339.5		66.5
n/a	11	1	Û	5,112
	5.8	5.8 * * 146.6 *	5.8 * 10.7 * * * 146.6 * 339.5	5.8 * 10.7  * * *  146.6 * 339.5

		379		177,027
		177		106,293
1,636	1,658	1,714	Û	673,438
8	0	0	Û	49,078
19	35	46	Û	8,490
92.7	90.4	87.4 (22)	Û	77.7
0.4	1.3	0.8 (11)		4.0
	8 19 92.7	8 0 19 35 92.7 90.4	177 1,636 1,658 1,714 8 0 0 19 35 46 92.7 90.4 87.4 (22)	177 1,636 1,658 1,714 企 8 0 0 录 19 35 46 企 92.7 90.4 87.4 (22) 录

14.4	7.0	18.4		11.7
64.7	23.0	56.2		50.7
3.8	*	11.8		8.1
		*		13.2
26.4	34.0	17.1		159.0
0.0	21.0	30.2	仓	32.0
	64.7 3.8 26.4	64.7 23.0 3.8 * 26.4 34.0	64.7 23.0 56.2 3.8 * 11.8 * 26.4 34.0 17.1	64.7 23.0 56.2 3.8 * 11.8 *  26.4 34.0 17.1

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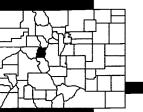
\* - Fewer than 3 events

Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller caunties, because of variability due to chance. In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods may have changed over time.









# Lake County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did	you	kno	w?
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Nearly 25% of the babies born in
Lake County in 1996 were born to
teen mothers. The county also was
among the state's worst in terms
of early prenatal care and low birth
weight births in 1996.

COUNTY DEMOGRAP	HICS
1997 population	8,127
1997 population under 18	2,331
Under 1	116
1–4	495
5–9	665
10-14	666
15–19	597
1996 # of live births	114

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$28,950
Median income of	
married couple family	\$29,750
Median income of	
female headed family	\$20,156
# of children living in poverty	285
% of children living in poverty	16.4%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



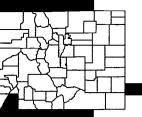
### 1998 KidsCount! in Lake County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	17.7	15.3	24.0 (16)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	21.0	27.1 (42)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	25.6	28.2	18.8 (52)		14.2
Births to single moms (%)	22.8	26.8	37.7	Û	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	46.2	64.3	69.2	Û	71.6
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	54.9	63.5	64.3 (61)	Û	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	15.8	13.4	19.3		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	116.1	*	*		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	7	8		5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					_
Children needing child care (# 1990)			378		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			235		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	1,157	1,176	1,338		673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	0	0		49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	3	27	17		8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	72.7	72.0	59.5 (62)	Û	77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	5.3	6.6	2.5 (31)		4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	11.4	14.4	22.8	Û	11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	67.7	66.4	94.9	Û	50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	7.5	6.2	16.7	Û	8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	8.4	13.0	15.1	Û	159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	0.0	0.0		32.0
n/a - Not available					n Afrika
* - Fewer than 3 events					
Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller cauntie In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods ma			nce.		









# La Plata County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did	you	know	?
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Since 1991, the percent of pregnant women in La Plata County receiving early prenatal care has increased, and is nearing the Decade of the Child goal of 90%. The number of confirmed cases of child abuse or neglect in the county has risen to almost one confirmed incident every four days.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	41,065
1997 population under 18	10,513
Under 1	510
1–4	2,025
5–9	2,891
10–14	3,230
15–19	3,745
1 <b>996</b> # of live births	464

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$30,788
Median income of	
married couple family	\$33,998
Median income of	
female headed family	\$14,020
# of children living in poverty	1,350
% of children living in poverty	16.5%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



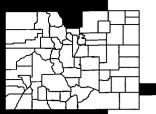
## 1998 KidsCount! in La Plata County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	46.4	40.9	26.8 (20)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	19.7	16.5 (25)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	6.7	7.0	9.1 (20)	Û	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	23.8	22.6	23.5		24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	54.7	67.4	69.2	Û	71.6
		_			
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	77.3	83.1	88.1 (14)	仓	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	8.7	7.8	6.7	<u>û</u>	8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	7.3	6.7	8.6		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	82.6	50.3	63.4		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	52	83	<u></u>	5,112
				_	
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			1,700		177,02
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			839		106,29
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	6,018	6,590	6,900	Û	673,43
K-12 non-public school students (#)	370	440	472	Û	49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	12	91	85	<u> </u>	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	73.2	67.0	74.6 (50)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	4.2	4.2	2.9 (38)	û	4.0
				_	
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	12.9	9.6	8.4	Û	11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	35.4	24.7	23.0	Û	50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	6.1	4.1	4.7		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			9.9		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	118.1	109.0	81.1	Û	159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	5.5	29.0	19.6		32.0
n/a - Not available					
-y a trot aranasis					









## Larimer County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

	Did	y o u	knov	w ?
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Almost 2 in 10 babies born in

Larimer County are born to single

moms. 25% of pregnant women in

the county are not receiving prenatal

care early in their pregnancies.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	225,045
1997 population under 18	55,921
Under 1	2,938
1–4	11,718
5–9	15,5 <b>69</b>
10–14	16,119
15–19	19,154
1996 # of live births	2,761

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$36,931
Median income of	
married couple family	\$40,300
Median income of	
female headed family	\$17,606
# of children living in poverty	4,819
% of children living in poverty	10.4%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



### 1998 KidsCount! in Larimer County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	56.1	55.9	41.8 (33)	Û	67.4
 Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	15.1	14.1 (23)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	6.9	10.1	10.9 (26)	Û	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	19.2	18.9	19.9		24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	70.1	68.6	73.0		71.6

CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	75.5	76.4	75.7 (47)		81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	7.5	7.1	7.7		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	8.4	7.2	7.2	û	6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	90.8	67.9	69.2	Û	66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	175	214	Û	5,112

 Children needing child care (# 1990)			9,247		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			6,198		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	32,902	35,719	37,058	Û	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	1,755	2,401	2,735	Û	49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	304	550	564	Û	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	80.7	81.7	78.5 (46)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	3.4	3.9	3.6 (48)		4.0

9.7	8.6	8.7	Û	11.7
34.0	26.9	27.7	Û	50.7
6.4	5.8	5.3	ΰ	8.1
000)		14.2		13.2
89.5	108.0	143.7	Û	159.0
10,000) 29.1	27.0	35.2		32.0
	34.0 6.4 000) 89.5	34.0 26.9 6.4 5.8 000) 89.5 108.0	34.0     26.9     27.7       6.4     5.8     5.3       000)     14.2       89.5     108.0     143.7	34.0     26.9     27.7     中       6.4     5.8     5.3     中       000)     14.2       89.5     108.0     143.7     中

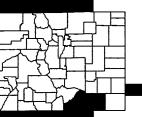
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Trends should be viewed with cautian, especially in smaller counties, because of variability due to chance. In addition, doto reporting and population estimation methods may have changed over time.









## Las Animas County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

#### Did you know?

More than 20% of babies born

in Las Animas County in

1996 were born to teen mothers.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	15,685
1997 population under 18	4,013
Under 1	170
1–4	775
5–9	1,205
10-14	1,193
15–19	1,212
1996 # of live births	135

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$20,844
Median income of	,
married couple family	\$23,826
Median income of	
female headed family	\$11,042
# of children living in poverty	1,144
% of children living in poverty	33.4%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
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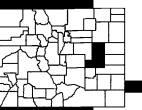
### 1998 KidsCount! in Las Animas County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	197.0	197.0	140.6 (58)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	48.4	49.2 (59)		21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	10.2	14.8	18.0 (50)	<b>立</b>	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	33.3	36.1	32.6		24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	64.9	61.4	51.7	û	71.6
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	73.3	71.2	71.1 (53)		81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	4.6	7.3	9.6	Û	8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	15.4	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	113.7	98.2	*		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	17	16		5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			449		177,02
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)		,	136		106,29
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	2,320	2,481	2,466	Û	673,43
K-12 non-public school students (#)	128	221	231	Û	49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	20	28	40	Û	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	89.7	92.2	81.4 (40)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	0.8	1.6	4.3 (55)	Û	4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	19.0	23.0	21.5		11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	69.5	75.0	50.5		50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	8.2	6.8	10.4		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	65.6	107.0	127.4	Û	159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	30.7	105.0	73.9		32.0
n/a - Not ovailoble					
* - Fewer than 3 events					

Trends should be viewed with coution, especially in smaller counties, because of variability due to chance. In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods may have changed over time.







# Lincoln County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

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In 1996, about 33 of every 1,000 children living in Lincoln County were not living with their families but were instead placed in foster care, shelters, or group homes.

COUNTY DEMOGRAF	PHICS
1997 population	6,531
1997 population under 18	1,681
Under 1	78
1–4	267
5–9	487
10–14	573
15–19	419
1996 # of live births	60

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$24,173
Median income of	
married couple family	\$25,909
Median income of	
female headed family	\$13,583
# of children living in poverty	286
% of children living in poverty	24.8%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



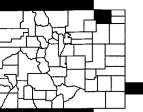
### 1998 KidsCount! in Lincoln County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	34.4	21.7	32.7 (26)		67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	24.1	24.5 (39)		21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	19.8	28.7	33.1 (63)	Û	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	19.0	20.3	18.3		24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	71.4	71.4	42.9	Û	71.6
CHILD HEALTH			_		
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	84.2	79.7	77.6 (42)	Ŷ	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	8.6	13.6	8.3		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	*	*		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	12	12		5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					_
Children needing child care (# 1990)			283		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			256		106,29
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	845	940	996	Û	673,43
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	0	0		49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	6	20	36	Û	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	94.1	90.2	90.9 (14)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	1.2	0.5	1.3 (18)		4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	12.1	11.9	11.7	-	11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	51.1	39.3	37.4	Û	50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	*	5.1	5.0		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	17.5	13.0	7.7	Û	159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	0.0	0.0		32.0
n/a - Not available					
* - Fewer than 3 events  Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller counties	hernuse of vo	iahility due to cha	ince		









## Logan County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

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More than 93% of Logan County's high school students graduate in four years, one of the better rates among Colorado counties. However, almost 1/3 of the county's pregnant women don't receive prenatal care early in their pregnancies.

COUNTY DEMOGRAI	PHICS
1997 population	18,782
1997 population under 18	4,985
Under 1	248
1–4	1,073
5–9	1,385
10–14	1,472
15–19	1,480
1996 # of live births	222

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$26,436
Median income of	
married couple family	\$29,274
Median income of	
female headed family	\$10,761
# of children living in poverty	845
% of children living in poverty	18.5%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



### 1998 KidsCount! in Logan County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	80.0	96.6	60.8 (41)		67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	28.6	25.9 (41)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	9.9	9.4	10.7 (25)		14.2
Births to single moms (%)	23.4	31.0	31.1	Û	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	60.0	77.3	76.9	Û	71.6

CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	74.2	75.2	67.1 (59)	Û	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	3.7	6.9	4.5		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	18.3	12.2	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	84.0	134.1	*		66.5
 Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	20	26	Û	5,112

			000		177.007
Children needing child care (# 1990)			839		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			483		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	3,274	3,372	3,472	Û	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	134	124	114	Û	49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	11	28	29	Û	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	94.1	92.8	93.1 (10)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	2.0	1.3	3.1 (43)		4.0

SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	18.3	18.0	17.6		11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	51.0	49.9	47.2	Û	50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	11.5	9.5	10.8		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	122.9	92.0	83.8	û	159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	23.6	32.0	13.2		32.0

n/a - Not available

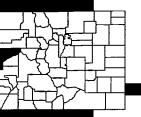
\* - Fewer thon 3 events

Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller counties, because of voriability due to chance. In addition, dato reporting and population estimation methods may have changed over time.









# Mesa County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

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and dropout rates for Mesa

County's students have worsened

since 1991 and are among the

most dismal in the state.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	109,706
1997 population under 18	29,701
Under 1	1,434
1–4	5,956
5–9	8,088
10–14	8,830
15–19	8,974
1996 # of live births	1,367

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$27,637
Median income of	
married couple family	\$31,183
Median income of	
female headed family	\$12,577
# of children living in poverty	4,913
% of children living in poverty	20.1%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



### 1998 KidsCount! in Mesa County

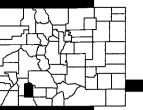
FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	117.5	102.6	79.7 (47)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	26.1	35.1 (49)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	12.9	17.9	20.0 (54)	Û	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	22.9	26.5	27.0	Û	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	56.9	71.4	66.5		71.6
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	75.9	81.6	85.7 (20)	仓	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	6.0	6.3	7.5	<u> </u>	8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	9.6	5.4	11.7		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	93.9	70.4	95.0		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	237	229	Û	5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			4,510		177,02
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			2,480		106,29
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	18,106	19,103	19,782	Û	673,43
K-12 non-public school students (#)	981	1,152	1,056		49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	64	192	248	Û	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	71.1	68.4	69.4 (57)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	6.2	6.3	7.6 (62)	Û	4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE				•	
Births to teens (% of all births)	16.3	16.6	17.0		11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	57.5	54.5	56.6		50.7
room Biriti rato (por 1,000)	10.3	10.4	10.0		8.1
Three risk factor births (%)	10.5				
<u> </u>	10.3		25.7		13.2
Three risk factor births (%)	103.6	100.0	25.7 128.7	Û	13.2 159.0

Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller counties, because of variability due to chance. In addition, data reparting and population estimation methods may have changed over time.









# Mineral County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did	you	kno	$\mathbf{w}$ ?
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According to the 1990 Census, married-couple families with children under the age of 18 in Mineral County made three times the income of single mother households.

COUNTY DEMOGRAPHI	CS
1997 population	675
1997 population under 18	178
Under 1	8
1–4	38
5–9	55
10–14	55
15–19	36
1996 # of live births	9

FAMILY ECONOM	ICS
Median family income	\$22,232
Median income of	
married couple family	\$22,687
Median income of	
female headed family	\$7,743
# of children living in poverty	19
% of children living in poverty *1990 Census data	15.2%

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



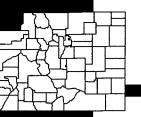
### 1998 KidsCount! in Mineral County

	FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
	Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	23.8	53.3	37.7 (30)		67.4
	Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	18.1	13.3 (18)	<u>Û</u>	21.8
	Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	0.0	6.0	5.6 (8)		14.2
	Births to single moms (%)	*	*	*		24.8
	Teen births to single teens (%)	*	*	*		71.6
	CHILD HEALTH					
	Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	66.7	100.0	66.7 (60)		81.4
	Low birth weight births (%)	*	*	*		8.9
	Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
	Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	*	*		66.5
-	Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	1	0		5,112
	EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION				-	
	Children needing child care (# 1990)			32		177,02
	Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)	<del></del>		12		106,29
	Pre K-12 public school students (#)	92	116	150	Û	673,43
	K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	0	0		49,078
	K-12 home school students (#)	1	1	0		8,490
	High school graduation rate (%)	100.0	100.0	70.0 (56)	Û	77.7
	High school dropout rate (%)	2.0	8.2	0.0 (1)		4.0
	SIGNS OF TROUBLE			_		
	Births to teens (% of all births)	*	*	*		11.7
	Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	*	*	*		50.7
	Three risk factor births (%)	*	*	*		8.1
	Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
	Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	0.0	0.0	0.0		159.0
	Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	0.0	0.0		32.0
	n/a - Not available					
	* - Fewer than 3 events					









# Moffat County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did you know?	Did	you	know	?
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Confirmed incidents of child
abuse or neglect in Moffat County
were fewer in 1996 than in 1994,
but still equal to about 1 incident
every 5 days.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	12,255
1997 population under 18	3,631
Under 1	157
1–4	605
5–9	975
10–14	1,162
15–19	1,140
1996 # of live births	144
·	

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$35,577
Median income of	•
married couple family	\$38,621
Median income of	
female headed family	\$10,104
# of children living in poverty	464
% of children living in poverty	12.9%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



### 1998 KidsCount! in Moffat County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	49.2	53.9	50.9 (35)		67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	12.5	13.9 (21)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	21.6	10.3	14.8 (42)		14.2
Births to single moms (%)	29.2	24.4	27.8		24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	63.6	83.3	50.0		71.6

CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	77.1	78.0	78.6 (39)		81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	8.8	7.1	8.3		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	133.1	77.5	111.9		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	78	65	Û	5,112
·					

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Children needing child care (# 1990)			654		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			168		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	2,675	2,847	2,830	Û	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	0	0		49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	24	65	92	Û	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	81.9	87.0	86.5 (25)	Û	77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	2.8	2.0	2.9 (38)		4.0

SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	12.9	14.2	19.4	Û	11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	54.2	35.9	54.3		50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	9.9	7.9	9.0		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	154.1	170.0	148.8		159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	6.0	28.0	27.2	Û	32.0

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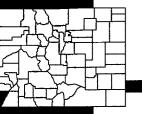
\* - Fewer than 3 events

Trends should be viewed with coution, especially in smaller counties, because of variability due to chance. In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods may have changed over time.









## Montezuma County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

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Over one-third of pregnant women in Montezuma County in 1996 did not receive prenatal care early in their pregnancies, one of the worst rates in the state.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	22,901
1997 population under 18	6,869
Under 1	335
1–4	1,424
5–9	1,910
10–14	1,965
15–19	1,950
1996 # of live births	341

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$25,825
Median income of	
married couple family	\$28,548
Median income of	
female headed family	\$11,488
# of children living in poverty	1,505
% of children living in poverty	26.5%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



### 1998 KidsCount! in Montezuma County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	95.2	64.9	64.4 (42)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	30.3	32.4 (48)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	8.6	12.5	15.4 (43)	Û	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	32.9	35.9	34.6		24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	75.0	68.5	63.6	Û	71.6
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	65.2	66.9	63.4 (62)		81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	7.9	7.1	6.7	Û	8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	8.8		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	85.8	61.3	64.7		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	37	25	Û	5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			970		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)		_	401		106,29
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	4,342	4,614	4,763	Û	673,43
K-12 non-public school students (#)	15	68	47		49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	42	40	66	·····································	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	73.4	68.9	65.3 (60)	Û	77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	3.3	5.4	4.4 (56)		4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	15.8	16.7	16.1		11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	67.5	63.0	64.8		50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	12.8	9.8	10.3		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)	-		*		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	56.9	42.0	33.1	Û	159.0

n/a - Not available

\* • Fewer than 3 events

Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)

Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller counties, because of variability due to chance. In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods may have changed over time.

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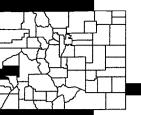






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## Montrose County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did	you	knov	w?
	_		

Montrose County's high school graduation rate has slipped by nearly eight percentage points since 1991, and is now 23 percentage points away from the Decade of the Child goal of 90%.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	30,890
1997 population under 18	8,486
Under 1	446
1–4	1,809
5–9	2,142
10–14	2,513
15–19	2,507
1996 # of live births	479

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$26,804
Median income of	
married couple family	\$29,392
Median income of	
femole headed family	\$12,287
# of children living in poverty	1,226
% of children living in poverty 18.6%	
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children... we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



### 1998 KidsCount! in Montrose County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	60.0	48.7	50.9 (35)		67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	23.3	25.0 (40)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	19.6	19.4	21.7 (56)	Û	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	21.0	24.5	26.7	Û	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	49.2	45.9	58.2	Û	71.6
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	61.0	66.5	69.1 (56)	Û	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	6.8	7.6	8.4	Û	8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	12.9	*	6.3		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	116.1	52.0	93.3		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	34	89	Û	5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			1,121		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			489		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	5,046	5,692	5,907	Û	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	183	201	185		49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	101	147	205	Û	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	75.1	71.2	67.2 (58)	û	77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	3.4	5.3	5.5 (59)	Û	4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	20.4	17.6	14.0	Û	11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	76.5	71.7	61.4	Û	50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	9.7	7.7	9.8		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)		_	*		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	63.4	67.0	102.9	Û	159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	9.4	14.0	8.0		32.0
	<u>-</u>				

n/o - Not available

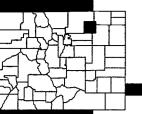
\* - Fewer than 3 events

Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smoller counties, because of variability due to chance. In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods may have changed over time.









# Morgan County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did	you	know	?
	<i>J</i>		

In 1996, Morgan County had the equivalent of one confirmed incident of child abuse or neglect about every three and a half days. Out of home placements and births to single teens in the county are higher in 1996 than in 1991.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	26,279
1997 population under 18	8,007
Under 1	444
1–4	1,867
5–9	2,239
10–14	2,265
15–19	1,825
1996 # of live births	485

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS	
Median family income	\$27,463	
Median income of		
married couple family	\$30,195	
Median income of		
female headed family	\$12,072	
# of children living in poverty	1,331	
% of children living in poverty	20.5%	
*1990 Census data		

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



### 1998 KidsCount! in Morgan County

	FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
	Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	93.2	71.3	65.2 (43)	Û	67.4
	Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	34.1	35.8 (50)	Û	21.8
	Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	12.0	14.9	20.0 (54)	Û	14.2
	Births to single moms (%)	21.2	24.1	33.2	Û	24.8
	Teen births to single teens (%)	43.8	58.2	75.9	Û	71.6
_	CHILD HEALTH			n		
	Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	63.3	68.1	72.7 (50)	Û	81.4
	Low birth weight births (%)	7.8	8.1	8.3	Û	8.9
_	Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	8.1	9.0	14.4		6.6
	Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	88.6	104.5	107.5	Û	66.5
	Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	121	109	Û	5,112
	EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
	Children needing child care (# 1990)			1,292		177,027
	Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			412		106,293
	Pre K-12 public school students (#)	4,841	5,149	5,359	Û	673,438
	K-12 non-public school students (#)	106	317	358	Û	49,078
	K-12 home school students (#)	39	51	59	Û	8,490
		82.6	78.5	77.1 (48)	Û	77.7
	High school graduation rate (%)	02.0	70.3	77.1 (40)	•	77.7

SIGNS OF TROUBLE						ı
Births to teens (% of all births)	17.2	20.5	17.1		11.7	
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	84.3	108.2	95.5		50.7	
Three risk factor births (%)	10.0	11.8	16.5	<u></u>	8.1	_
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			16.3		13.2	_
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	107.6	75.0	166.8		159.0	_
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	10.4	21.0	8.9		32.0	

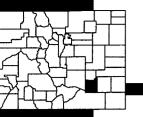
n/a - Not available

Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller counties, because of variability due to chance. In addition, data reparting and population estimation methods may have changed over time.









## Otero County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

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Otero County's children qualify for the free lunch program and receive Aid to Families with Dependent Children at one of the highest rates in Colorado, indicating a relatively high number of households with children living in poverty.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	21,404
1997 population under 18	6,065
Under 1	274
1–4	1,315
5–9	1,719
10–14	1,781
15–19	1,724
1996 # of live births	274

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$22,239
Median income of	
married couple family	\$25,625
Median income of	
female headed family	\$8,501
# of children living in poverty	1,909
% of children living in poverty	33.3%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



## 1998 KidsCount! in Otero County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	182.6	157.1	136.5 (55)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	46.3	42.9(55)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	10.8	11.8	14.0 (38)	Û	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	32.0	39.3	39.8	Û	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	67.3	81.3	77.6		71.6
CHILD HEALT	_				
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	75.3	69.1	80.3 (33)		81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	5.7	8.9	8.4		8.9
 Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	52.2	48.0	118.2		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	103	54	Û	5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			870		177,027
 Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			605		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	4,429	4,511	4,427		673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	63	60	96	Û	49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	17	45	52	Û	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	80.7	87.0	84.5 (27)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	2.1	2.0	1.8 (23)	Û	4.0

SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	17.5	21.1	24.5	Û	11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	65.8	77.3	84.8	<b>立</b>	50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	13.1	11.3	13.1		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	116.3	115.0	172.7	<u></u>	159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	56.5	70.0	51.1	- 4.	32.0
			-		

n/a - Not available

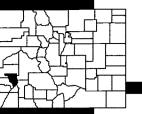
\* - Fewer than 3 events

Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller caunties, because of variability due ta chance. In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods may have changed over time.









# Ouray County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

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Ouray County's high school graduation rate is better than the Decade of the Child goal and one of the top 10 in the state in 1996. However, the county remains shy of the goal for early prenatal care at 77%.

COUNTY DEMOGRAP	HICS
1997 population	3,340
1997 population under 18	807
Under 1	38
1–4	148
5–9	230
10–14	235
15–19	256
1996 # of live births	31

FAMILY ECONOMIC	S
Median family income	\$30,669
Median income of married couple family	\$32,104
Median income of female headed family	\$18,750
# of children living in poverty	72
% of children living in poverty *1990 Census data	12.5%

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



### 1998 KidsCount! in Ouray County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	8.2	14.4	14.7 (10)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	9.6	5.3 (5)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	3.3	3.1	4.4 (6)	Û	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	19.2	17.6	16.1	Û	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	*	*	*		71.6

CHILD HEALTH				
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	*	75.8	77.4 (43)	 81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	*	*	9.7	 8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*	 6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	*	*	 66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	2	1	 5,112

EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			70		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			42		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	422	509	564	Û	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	11	7		49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	9	12	19	Û	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	95.8	94.3	93.3 (9)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	0.0	1.2	0.4 (5)		4.0
					, and the second

SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	*	*	*		11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	*	*	*		50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	*	*	*		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	0.0	0.0	17.6	Û	159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	0.0	0.0		32.0

n/a - Nat available

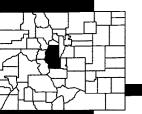
\* - Fewer than 3 events

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# Park County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did you know?
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Park County's teen birth rate has declined 23% since 1991, and in 1996 was less than half the statewide rate. During the same time period, the county's AFDC rate for children under 18 more than doubled, while the statewide rate declined.

COUNTY DEMOGRAP	HICS
1997 population	12,050
1997 population under 18	3,188
Under 1	151
1-4	657
5–9	864
10–14	922
15–19	925
1996 # of live births	134

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
	005.401
Median family income	\$35,491
Median income of	
married couple family	\$36,683
Median income of	
female headed family	\$10,100
# of children living in poverty	222
% of children living in poverty	11. <b>8</b> %
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



### 1998 KidsCount! in Park County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	12.8	18.5	26.9 (21)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	12.0	11.6 (15)		21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	11.4	15.8	16.6 (45)	Û	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	8.4	11.0	11.9	仓	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	66.7	62.5	62.5	Û	71.6

CHILD HEALTH				
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	86.3	86.3	88.0 (15)	 81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	10.5	13.2	11.2	 8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*	 6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	*	*	 66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	7	8	 5,112

EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			360		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			151		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	1,633	2,045	2,240	Û	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	22	26	Û	49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	26	44	89	Û	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	93.2	90.7	91.6 (13)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	0.3	1.6	0.7 (9)		4.0

SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	6.3	5.9	6.0		11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	27.9	26.4	21.4	û	50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	3.2	2.2	*		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	31.6	61.0	42.4		159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	10.6	64.0	0.0		32.0
					•

n/a - Not available

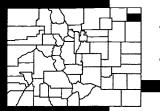
\* - Fewer than 3 events

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# Phillips County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

### Did you know?

12.3% of Phillips County's babies were considered "three risk factor births" in 1996, meaning their mothers were single, under the age of 25, and had not graduated from high school. The county's high school graduation rate, while still one of the state's best, has declined by 5 percentage points since 1991.

COUNTY DEMOGRAPHICS				
1997 population	4,564			
1997 population under 18	1,177			
Under 1	63			
1–4	235			
5–9	317			
10–14	379			
15–19	287			
1996 # of live births	57			

FAMILY ECONOMICS					
Median family income	\$26,051				
Median income of					
married couple family	\$27,444				
Median income of					
female headed family	\$12,750				
# of children living in poverty	184				
% of children living in poverty	17.0%				
*1990 Census data					

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



### 1998 KidsCount! in Phillips County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	32.6	37.7	15.8 (11)		67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	23.6	18.1 (27)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	2.6	16.2	13.1 (34)	Û	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	8.5	18.5	21.1	Û	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	*	66.7	100.0		71.6
	Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000) Children qualifying for free lunch (%) Children in out of home placements (per 1,000) Births to single moms (%)	Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)  Children qualifying for free lunch (%)  Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)  Births to single moms (%)  32.6  8.5	Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)       32.6       37.7         Children qualifying for free lunch (%)       n/a       23.6         Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)       2.6       16.2         Births to single moms (%)       8.5       18.5	Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)       32.6       37.7       15.8 (11)         Children qualifying for free lunch (%)       n/a       23.6       18.1 (27)         Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)       2.6       16.2       13.1 (34)         Births to single moms (%)       8.5       18.5       21.1	Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)       32.6       37.7       15.8 (11)          Children qualifying for free lunch (%)       n/a       23.6       18.1 (27)       ♣         Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)       2.6       16.2       13.1 (34)       ☆         Births to single moms (%)       8.5       18.5       21.1       ☆

CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	87.2	81.5	78.9 (38)	Û	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	6.4	*	8.8		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	*	*		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	4	6	Û	5,112

EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			151		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			76		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	897	952	991	<u></u>	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	0	0		49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	3	9	14	Û	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	96.4	97.2	91.7(12)	Û	77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	0.2	1.5	0.4 (5)		4.0

SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	8.5	11.1	10.5	Û	11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	25.8	39.8	42.6	Û	50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	*	13.0	12.3		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	8.1	27.0	27.7	Û	159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	0.0	0.0		32.0
	Teen birth rate (per 1,000) Three risk factor births (%) Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000) Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	Teen birth rate (per 1,000) 25.8  Three risk factor births (%) *  Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)  Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000) 8.1	Teen birth rate (per 1,000) 25.8 39.8  Three risk factor births (%) * 13.0  Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)  Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000) 8.1 27.0	Teen birth rate (per 1,000) 25.8 39.8 42.6  Three risk factor births (%) * 13.0 12.3  Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000) *  Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000) 8.1 27.0 27.7	Teen birth rate (per 1,000) 25.8 39.8 42.6 分  Three risk factor births (%) * 13.0 12.3  Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000) *  Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000) 8.1 27.0 27.7 ☆

n/a - Not available

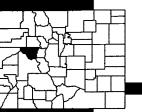
\* - Fewer than 3 events

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# Pitkin County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

### Did you know?

Pitkin County's high school graduation rate has declined since 1991, and is now below the Decade of the Child goal of 90%. At the same time, the county's teen birth rate has increased 74%, but remains lower than the 1996 rate for the state.

COUNTY DEMOGRAPHICS				
1997 population	14,304			
1997 population under 18	2,776			
Under 1	148			
1–4	611			
5–9	817			
10–14	811			
15–19	583			
1996 # of live births	141			

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income Median income of	\$52,976
married couple family	\$57,846
Median income of female headed family	\$31,250
# of children living in poverty	331,230 78
% of children living in poverty *1990 Census data	3.7%
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"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



## 1998 KidsCount! in Pitkin County

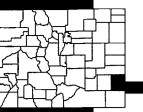
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FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	5.8	2.8	1.7 (2)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	0.0	0.0 (1)		21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	3.2	2.5	3.2 (2)		14.2
Births to single moms (%)	16.8	15.3	14.2	Û	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	75.0	77.8	50.0		71.6
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	73.7	84.6	84.3 (22)	Û	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	10.3	10.3	13.6	Û	8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	135.6	*	*		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	5	5		5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			562		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			646		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	1,080	1,197	1,245	Û	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	200	228	165		49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	0	2	0		8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	94.5	95.7	86.6 (24)	Û	77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	1.5	1.7	1.4 (19)		4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	2.6	5.7	5.7	Û	11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	19.5	36.2	34.0	Û	50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	3.2	4.8	2.1		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*	_	13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	41.6	23.0	56.3		159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	11.0	10.4	Û	32.0
n/a - Not available					
* - Fewer than 3 events					

\* - Fewer than 3 events

Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller counties, because of variability due to chance. In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods may have changed over time.







# Prowers County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

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Only 58.9% pregnant women in

Prowers County received prenatal

care early in their pregnancies in

1996 — the worst rate of Colorado's

63 counties.

COUNTY DEMOGRAF	HICS
1997 population	13,858
1997 population under 18	4,240
Under 1	192
1–4	907
5–9	1,157
10–14	1,297
15–19	1,240
1996 # of live births	207

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$23,931
Median income of	
married couple family	\$26,929
Median income of	
female headed family	\$10,678
# of children living in poverty	1,127
% of children living in poverty 27.3%	
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



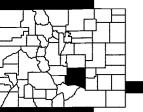
## 1998 KidsCount! in Prowers County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	126.1	117.4	93.6 (50)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	39.4	39.2(52)		21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	10.7	10.5	9.2 (21)	<u>Û</u>	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	33.8	33.0	31.9	Û	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	63.6	72.9	68.5		71.6
CHILD HEALTH		_			
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	64.4	60.5	58.9 (63)	Û	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	9.9	8.1	7.7	Û	8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	*	144.8		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	33	18	Û	5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			672		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			221		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	2,945	3,048	2,986		673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	43	59	45		49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	6	14	31	Û	8,490
High school graduation rate (%	80.0	79.9	77.3 (47)	Û	77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	3.6	3.4	2.3 (26)	Û	4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE			_		
Births to teens (% of all births)	14.9	21.7	26.1	Û	11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	62.4	84.1	92.3	Û	50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	14.4	15.5	16.4		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	20.0	44.0	82.2	Û	159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	5.0	5.0	Û	32.0
n/a - Not available					
* - Fewer than 3 events					
Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller countie	s, because of vor	iability due to cha	nce.		
In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods ma					









# Pueblo County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did	you	kno	w?
	<i></i>		

41% of Pueblo County's babies are born to single moms. The state average in 1996 was less than 25%.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	132,132
1997 population under 18	33,676
Under 1	1,725
1–4	7,216
5–9	9,094
10–14	9,626
15–19	10,681
1996 # of live births	1,699

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$25,784
Median income of	
married couple family	\$29,741
Median income of	
female headed family	\$11,016
# of children living in poverty	9,352
% of children living in poverty	29.3%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
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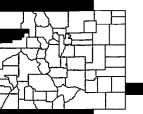
## 1998 KidsCount! in Pueblo County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	214.1	208.5	167.8 (61)	û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	37.9	35.9 (51)	û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	15.7	19.6	24.0 (58)	Û	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	37.6	41.4	41.4	·····································	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	71.9	79.3	81.2	Û	71.6
- CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	77.1	82.8	83.1 (26)	仓	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	7.1	9.4	9.3	<b>立</b>	8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	7.8	8.5	8.8	Û	6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	63.6	99.6	65.9		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	232	131	Û.	5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			5,277		177,02
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			2,574		106,29
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	22,578	22,750	23,624	<b>û</b>	673,43
K-12 non-public school students (#)	670	851	893	û	49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	74	168	166		8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	77.5	85.0	87.4 (22)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	3.5	4.0	4.1 (52)	Û	4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	20.2	20.3	20.4	••	11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	75.5	71.7	70.6	Û	50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	13.9	13.9	14.6		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			12.6		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	321.0	223.0	322.2		159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	269.5	122.0	112.2	û	32.0
n/a - Not available					









# Rio Blanco County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did you know?	Did	you	know	?
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In 1996, there were 46 confirmed incidents of child abuse or neglect in Rio Blanco County, up from 14 in 1994.

COUNTY DEMOGRAP	HICS
1997 population	7,121
1997 population under 18	1,939
Under 1	84
1–4	316
5–9	538
10–14	590
15–19	682
1996 # of live births	68
	_

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS _
Median family income	\$34,122
Median income of	
married couple family	\$36,141
Median income of	
female headed family	\$14,375
# of children living in poverty	290
% of children living in poverty	16.5%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



### 1998 KidsCount! in Rio Blanco County

FAMILIES IN NEE	D	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receivin	g AFDC (per 1,000)	35.0	37.1	38.0 (31)	Û	67.4
Children qualifyi	ng for free lunch (%)	n/a	12.1	14.5 (24)	Û	21.8
Children in out o	f home placements (per 1,000)	16.6	18.5	17.4 (47)		14.2
Births to single n	noms (%)	11.7	14.5	16.2	Û	24.8
Teen births to sin	gle teens (%)	50.0	61.5	50.0		71.6

CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	75.0	72.6	90.9 (9)	Û	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	*	4.8	10.3		B.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	145.1	*		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	14	46	Û	5,112

Children needing child care (# 1990)			283		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			78		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	1,479	1,617	1,623	Û	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	0	0		49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	8	33	23		8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	92.2	84.3	83.2 (34)	Û	77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	1.7	2.7	2.4 (28)		4.0
	Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)  Pre K-12 public school students (#)  K-12 non-public school students (#)  K-12 home school students (#)  High school graduation rate (%)	Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)  Pre K-12 public school students (#) 1,479  K-12 non-public school students (#) 0  K-12 home school students (#) 8  High school graduation rate (%) 92.2	Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)  Pre K-12 public school students (#) 1,479 1,617  K-12 non-public school students (#) 0 0  K-12 home school students (#) 8 33  High school graduation rate (%) 92.2 84.3	Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)       78         Pre K-12 public school students (#)       1,479       1,617       1,623         K-12 non-public school students (#)       0       0       0         K-12 home school students (#)       8       33       23         High school graduation rate (%)       92.2       84.3       83.2 (34)	Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)       78         Pre K-12 public school students (#)       1,479       1,617       1,623       ☆         K-12 non-public school students (#)       0       0       0          K-12 home school students (#)       8       33       23          High school graduation rate (%)       92.2       84.3       83.2 (34)       ♣

	•				
(% of all births)	7.8	21.0	8.8		11.7
(per 1,000)	22.3	38.2	17.3		50.7
or births (%)	3.9	4.8	*		B.1
te 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
arrest rate (per 1,000)	18.8	46.0	46.3	Û	159.0
t crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	11.0	10.8	Û	32.0
	(% of all births) (per 1,000) or births (%) the 92-96 ave. (per 100,000) arrest rate (per 1,000) th crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	22.3 or births (%) 3.9 ste 92-96 ave. (per 1,000) arrest rate (per 1,000) 18.8	22.3 38.2 or births (%) 3.9 4.8 ste 92-96 ave. (per 1,000) 18.8 46.0	2 (per 1,000) 22.3 38.2 17.3 or births (%) 3.9 4.8 * tite 92-96 ave. (per 100,000) * arrest rate (per 1,000) 18.8 46.0 46.3	2 (per 1,000) 22.3 38.2 17.3 or births (%) 3.9 4.8 * the 92-96 ave. (per 100,000) * arrest rate (per 1,000) 18.8 46.0 46.3 ①

n/a - Not available

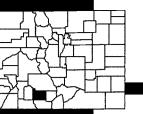
\* - Fewer than 3 events

Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller counties, because of variability due to chance. In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods may have changed over time.









# Rio Grande County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did	you	kno	w?
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About 40% of Rio Grande County's public school students qualify for free lunch under the federally funded program. 34% of babies born in the county are born to single mothers, a large increase since 1991.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	11,962
1997 population under 18	3,518
Under 1	166
1–4	706
5–9	1,013
10–14	1,022
15–19	941
1996 # of live births	163

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$21,370
Median income of	
married couple family	\$24,245
Median income of	
female headed family	\$11,525
# of children living in poverty	1,000
% of children living in poverty	31.8%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



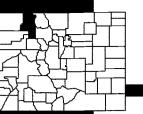
## 1998 KidsCount! in Rio Grande County

F	AMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 stat
(	hildren receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	136.9	154.1	114.4 (52)		67.4
C	hildren qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	41.1	39.9 (53)		21.8
C	hildren in out of home placements (per 1,000)	6.5	6.0	5.6 (8)	Û	14.2
В	irths to single moms (%)	25.1	24.3	34.4	Û	24.8
Te	een births to single teens (%)	70.0	60.0	86.2		71.6
(	HILD HEALTH					
M	oms receiving early prenatal care (%)	72.2	83.2	82.7 (27)	Û	81.4
L	ow birth weight births (%)	10.1	7.9	10.4		8.9
D	eaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	16.8	*	*		6.6
D	eaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	178.7	113.3	87.5	Û	66.5
C	onfirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	24	16	Û	5,112
E	ARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
C	hildren needing child care (# 1990)			567		177,02
A	vailable licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			152		106,29
P	re K-12 public school students (#)	2,562	2,580	2,699	Û	673,43
K	-12 non-public school students (#)	14	17	22	Û	49,07
K	-12 home school students (#)	11	39	46	<b></b>	8,490
Н	igh school graduation rate (%)	83.5	79.8	81.1(42)		77.7
H	igh school dropout rate (%)	1.1	2.2	2.5 (31)	Û	4.0
S	GNS OF TROUBLE					
В	irths to teens (% of all births)	16.8	19.7	17.8		11.7
Te	een birth rate (per 1,000)	69.6	69.8	64.4		50.7
TI	nree risk factor births (%)	10.6	8.2	16.0		8.1
Te	een suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
Ju	venile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	71.0	83.0	124.0	Û	159.0
<u>J</u> ر	venile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	19.7	44.0	31.3		32.0
n/	'a - Not available					
	- Fewer than 3 events					









# Routt County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did you know?
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Routt County is nearing the Decade of the Child goal for the percent of moms receiving prenatal care early in their pregnancies. At the same time, however, low birth weight births are on the rise.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	17,360
1997 population under 18	4,223
Under 1	217
1–4	790
5–9	1,187
10–14	1,277
15–19	1,253
1996 # of live births	192

FAMILY ECONOMI	(5
TAMIET ECONOMI	
Median family income	\$37,050
Median income of	
married couple family	\$40,300
Median income of	
female headed family	\$15,404
# of children living in poverty	365
% of children living in poverty	10.4%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



### 1998 KidsCount! in Routt County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	12.9	11.5	7.6 (6)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	6.8	6.1 (6)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	3.6	6.4	6.2 (12)	Û.	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	12.2	17.9	14.6		24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	37.5	100.0	61.5		71.6

CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	78.9	80.4	88.8 (12)	仓	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	6.6	8.3	9.9	Û	8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	16.6	17.9	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	138.9	126.2	*		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	22	18	Û	5,112

EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			802		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			549		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	2,532	2,856	2,970	Û	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	103	194	217	Û	49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	23	7	17		8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	90.4	85.0	93.8 (8)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	1.2	1.7	1.1 (15)		4.0

8.8	4.2	6.8		11.7
44.8	15.9	28.6		50.7
2.2	1.8	1.6	Û	8.1
		*		13.2
16.6	40.0	75.1	Û	159.0
0.0	0.0	5.9	Û	32.0
	44.8 2.2	44.8 15.9 2.2 1.8 16.6 40.0	44.8     15.9     28.6       2.2     1.8     1.6       *     *       16.6     40.0     75.1	44.8     15.9     28.6        2.2     1.8     1.6     □       *     *       16.6     40.0     75.1     ①

n/a - Not available

\* - Fewer than 3 events

Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller counties, because of variability due to chance. In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods may have changed over time.









# Saguache County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

### Did you know?

Saguache County's graduation rate is one of the state's worst. In 1991, 75% of high school students graduated in four years. By 1996, only slightly more than 50% graduated.

COUNTY DEMOGRAP	HICS
1997 population	5,925
1997 population under 18	1,842
Under 1	86
1–4	395
5–9	540
10–14	523
15–19	456
1996 # of live births	86

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$18,915
Median income of	·
married couple family	\$21,907
Median income of	
female headed family	\$9,091
# of children living in poverty	610
% of children living in poverty	42.4%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children... we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



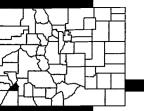
## 1998 KidsCount! in Saguache County

	FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
	Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	151.4	148.9	136.7 (56)	Û	67.4
	Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	62.9	62.2 (62)		21.8
	Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	7.7	10.7	8.9 (19)		14.2
	Births to single moms (%)	20.8	27.6	26.7	仓	24.8
	Teen births to single teens (%)	56.3	52.9	41.7	Û	71.6
	CHILD HEALTH					
	Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	78.5	84.2	77.4 (43)		81.4
	Low birth weight births (%)	9.4	6.6	11.6		8.9
	Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
	Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	*	*		66.5
	Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	12	5	Û	5,112
	EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
	Children needing child care (# 1990)			194		177,027
·- ·	Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)		-	6		106,293
	Pre K-12 public school students (#)	965	1,116	1,166	仓	673,438
	K-12 non-public school students (#)	20	0	0	Û	49,078
	K-12 home school students (#)	8	8	11	仓	8,490
	High school graduation rate (%)	74.2	68.6	55.1 (63)	Û	77.7
	High school dropout rate (%)	3.8	6.9	6.3 (60)	Û	4.0
	SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
	Births to teens (% of all births)	16.7	22.4	14.0		11.7
	Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	87.4	92.2	63.2	Û	50.7
	Three risk factor births (%)	8.3	10.7	9.3		8.1
	Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*	_	13.2
	Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	29.4	61.0	116.0	①	159.0
	Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	0.0	75.7	仓	32.0
	n/a - Not available					
	* - Fewer than 3 events					
	Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller countie			nce.		
	In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods ma	y have changed	over time.			









# San Juan County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

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	<i>j</i>		

While San Juan County is tied for the state's best in terms of moms who receive early prenatal care, the county had among Colorado's worst high school graduation and dropout rates in 1996.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	578
1997 population under 18	161
Under 1	8
1–4	31
5–9	34
10–14	48
15–19	58
1996 # of live births	8

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$28,906
Median income of	
married couple family	\$29,286
Median income of	
female headed family	\$22,917
# of children living in poverty	33
% of children living in poverty	14.8%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
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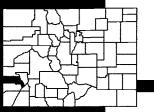
### 1998 KidsCount! in San Juan County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	51.4	55.9	55.9 (39)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	15.1	0.0 (1)	Û.	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	0.0	0.0	24.2 (59)	Û	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	*	*	50.0		24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	*	*	*	••	71.6
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	71.4	66.7	100.0 (1)	Û	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	*	*	*		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	*	*		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	1	6	Û	5,112
·					
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			37		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			0		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	119	93	109		673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	0	0		49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	10	6	8		8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	100.0	100.0	66.7 (59)	Û	77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	0.0	1.7	5.4 (58)	Û	4.0
" SIGNS OF TROUBLE			_		
Births to teens (% of all births)	*	*	*		11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	*	*	*		50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	*	*	*		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	215.7	143.0	82.5	Û	159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	0.0	0.0	0.0	••	32.0
n/a - Nat available					
* - Fewer than 3 events					
Trends should be viewed with cautian, especially in smaller cauntie			nce.		
In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods ma	y have changed	over time.			









# San Miguel County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

### Did you know?

Over 95% of high school students in San Miguel County graduate in four years — one of the best rates in Colorado. In 1996, almost 25% of San Miguel County's babies were born to single moms.

COUNTY DEMOGRAP	PHICS
1997 population	5,688
1997 population under 18	1,386
Under 1	65
1-4	275
5–9	412
10–14	397
15–19	367
1996 # of live births	61

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$32,708
Median income of	·
married couple family	\$37,560
Median income of	
female headed family	\$11,447
# of children living in poverty	96
% of children living in poverty	11. <b>9</b> %
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



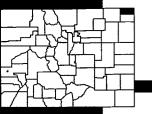
### 1998 KidsCount! in San Miguel County

Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)  Children qualifying for free lunch (%)  Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)  Births to single moms (%)  Teen births to single teens (%)  CHILD HEALTH  Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)  Low birth weight births (%)	18.9 n/a 13.9 18.8 *	9.2 8.4 1.8 16.7	13.9 (8) 7.7 (9) 4.3 (5) 23.0	    	67.4 21.8 14.2 24.8 71.6
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000) Births to single moms (%) Teen births to single teens (%)  CHILD HEALTH  Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	13.9	1.8	4.3 (5) 23.0	 Û	14.2 24.8
Births to single moms (%) Teen births to single teens (%)  CHILD HEALTH  Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	18.8	16.7	23.0		24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)  CHILD HEALTH  Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	*				
CHILD HEALTH  Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	_	*	*		71.6
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	79 2				
<del></del>	79 2				
Low birth weight births (%)	1 L.J	83.0	86.4 (17)	Û	81.4
	10.4	8.3	11.7		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	*	*		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	4	8	Û	5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			217		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			110		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	665	786	840	Û	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	0	8	仓	49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	6	11	17	Û	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	83.3	95.7	95.2 (5)	Û	77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	2.2	0.6	2.5 (31)		4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	8.3	8.3	4.9	Û	11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	50.6	35.2	22.9	Û	50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	*	*	*		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	21.4	15.0	33.3		159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	29.6	22.0	0.0	Û	32.0
n/a - Not ovailable					
* - Fewer than 3 events					









# Sedgwick County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did	you	kno	$\mathbf{w}$ ?
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Nearly 1/3 of public school students in Sedgwick County qualify for free lunch because their family income is less than 130% of the poverty level. About 1 in 4 babies born in the county are born to a single mother.

COUNTY DEMOGRAP	HICS
1997 population	2,671
1997 population under 18	603
Under 1	34
1–4	122
5–9	161
10–14	179
15–19	179
1996 # of live births	30
_	

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$23,569
Median income of	
married couple family	\$24,187
Median income of	
female headed family	\$13,760
# of children living in poverty	103
% of children living in poverty	16.0%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children... we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



## 1998 KidsCount! in Sedgwick County

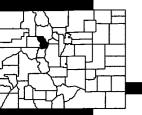
		O			J	
FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state	
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	58.6	47.0	69.0 (44)		67.4	
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	29.3	30.3 (46)		21.8	
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	9.7	18.0	11.8 (28)		14.2	
Births to single moms (%)	25.0	20.0	23.3		24.8	
Teen births to single teens (%)	*	71.4	60.0		71.6	-
CHILD HEALTH						
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	68.8	88.6	80.0 (34)		81.4	
Low birth weight births (%)	*	*	*		8.9	
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6	1
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	161.0	*	*		66.5	İ
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	11	4	Û	5,112	
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION						
Children needing child care (# 1990)			103		177,027	
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			30		106,293	
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	520	498	488	Û	673,438	1
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	0	0		49,078	
K-12 home school students (#)	4	3	4		8,490	1
High school graduation rate (%)	93.3	97.8	87.8 (21)		77.7	
High school dropout rate (%)	0.7	0.0	0.7 (9)		4.0	
SIGNS OF TROUBLE						
Births to teens (% of all births)	12.5	20.0	16.7		11.7	
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	44.9	70.2	54.3		50.7	
Three risk factor births (%)	*	8.6	*		8.1	
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*		13.2	1
	6.2	23.0	37.7	·····································	159.0	
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	U. L					п

Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller counties, because of variability due to chance. In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods may have changed over time.









# Summit County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did you know?
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Summit County reached the

Decade of the Child goal for percent
of moms receiving early prenatal
care in 1996 with 90.7%. Despite
this progress in early care, over
12% of babies are born at a low
birth weight.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	18,675
1997 population under 18	4,228
Under 1	254
1–4	960
5–9	1,351
10–14	1,125
15–19	948
1996 # of live births	231

FAMILY ECONOMI	cs 。
Median family income	\$41,709
Median income of	
married couple family	\$44,539
Median income of	
female headed family	\$21,641
# of children living in poverty	172
% of children living in poverty	6.5%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



## 1998 KidsCount! in Summit County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	5.0	1.9	2.2 (3)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	3.9	3.1 (4)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	8.0	14.4	5.9 (11)		14.2
Births to single moms (%)	8.1	10.1	10.0	Û	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	*	55.6	66.7		71.6

CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	85.6	86.5	90.7 (10)	仓	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	12.0	13.9	12.1		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	14.4	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	114.7	*		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	11	15	仓	5,112
		-			

EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			823		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			611		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	1,738	2,157	2,380	Û	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	35	72	59		49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	3	6	16	Û	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	80.8	81.9	95.0 (6)	Û	77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	2.0	2.8	2.9 (38)	Û	4.0

SIGNS OF TROUBLE				
Births to teens (% of all births)	3.3	4.3	3.9	 11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	26.3	27.8	26.0	 50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	0.5	2.4	2.2	 8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			*	13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	79.1	70.0	163.0	 159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	10.4	9.0	14.5	 32.0

n/a - Not available

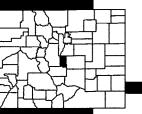
\* - Fewer than 3 events

Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller counties, because of variability due to chance. In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods may have changed over time.









# Teller County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Did	you	kno	$\mathbf{w}$ ?
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The percent of pregnant women in Teller County receiving early prenatal care in 1996 was lower than in 1991, and low birth weight births are on the rise. The percent of births to single moms has increased from 10% in 1991 to nearly 23% in 1996.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	19,793
1997 population under 18	5,316
Under 1	247
1–4	1,024
5–9	1,468
10–14	1,623
15–19	1,495
1996 # of live births	208

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$35,370
Median income of	
married couple family	\$36,847
Median income of	
female headed family	\$15,202
# of children living in poverty	392
% of children living in poverty	11.1%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



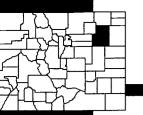
### 1998 KidsCount! in Teller County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	43.6	45.6	29.0 (24)	Û	67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	11.1	9.4 (12)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	7.5	13.5	18.3 (51)		14.2
Births to single moms (%)	9.7	15.7	22.6		24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	66.7	66.7	68.4		71.6
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	88.6	89.2	84.1 (23)		81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	8.6	13.0	13.5	·····································	8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	*	88.5	63.1		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	36	41		5,112
	<u></u>				
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			792		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			460		106,293
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	2,753	3,392	3,854	Û	673,438
K-12 non-public school students (#)	12	64	97	Û	49,078
K-12 home school students (#)	36	82	139	Û	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	79.9	86.3	74.9 (49)		77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	2.7	2.0	2.5 (31)		4.0
					-
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
Births to teens (% of all births)	6.9	6.5	9.1		11.7
Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	28.8	22.2	30.3		50.7
Three risk factor births (%)	3.4	2.7	2.9		8.1
Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			24.5		13.2
Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	93.0	129.0	111.4		159.0
Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	54.2	22.0	16.9	Û	32.0
n/a - Not available					
* - Fewer than 3 events					
Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller counties			nce.		
In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods may	/ have changed (	over time.			









# Washington County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

Since 1991, three risk factor births (births to single moms under the age of 25 with less than a high school diploma) have declined.

Washington County's graduation rate has increased since 1991, and surpassed the Decade of the Child goal of 90% in 1996.

COUNTY DEMOGRAP	HICS
1997 population	5,357
1997 population under 18	1,384
Under 1	71
1–4	261
5–9	376
10–14	445
15–19	368
1996 # of live births	62

FAMILY ECONOMI	( (
TAMILI ECONOMI	
Median family income	\$24,351
Median income of	
married couple family	\$25,759
Median income of	
female headed family	\$12,273
# of children living in poverty	288
% of children living in poverty	22.2%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
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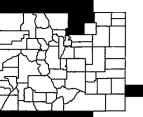
### 1998 KidsCount! in Washington County

	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 stat
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	30.3	41.9	20.1 (14)		67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	29.9	24.1 (37)	Û	21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	14.1	22.1	12.2 (29)		14.2
Births to single moms (%)	20.8	19.4	9.7	Û	24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	83.3	75.0	50.0	Û	71.6
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	81.1	81.9	85.5 (21)	Û	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	9.4	5.6	12.9		8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	70.3	*	*		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	8	16	Û	5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			201		177,02
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			68		106,29
Pre K-12 public school students (#)	948	1,021	1,064	Û	673,43
K-12 non-public school students (#)	0	0	0		49,07
K-12 home school students (#)	4	17	30	Û	8,490
High school graduation rate (%)	85.0	83.6	94.8 (7)	Û	77.7
High school dropout rate (%)	2.6	1.6	0.0 (1)	Û	4.0
SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
אַנעטטאר ווע כאיטוכ					
Births to teens (% of all births)	11.3	11.1	9.7	Û	11.7
-	11.3 38.0	11.1 42.9	9.7	 	
Births to teens (% of all births)					
Births to teens (% of all births) Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	38.0	42.9	30.8		50.7 8.1
Births to teens (% of all births) Teen birth rate (per 1,000) Three risk factor births (%)	38.0	42.9	30.8 4.8		50.7

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# Weld County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

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Only 68% of pregnant women in Weld County received prenatal care early in their pregnancies in 1996. Three risk factor births in the county remain higher than the state average.

COUNTY DEMOGRA	PHICS
1997 population	154,340
1997 population under 18	42,510
Under 1	2,311
1–4	9,562
5–9	11,753
10–14	11,735
15–19	13,430
1996 # of live births	2,416

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$30,800
Median income of	
married couple family	\$33,906
Median income of	
female headed family	\$13,609
# of children living in poverty	6,839
% of children living in poverty	18.9%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
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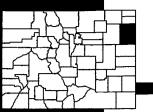
# 1998 KidsCount! in Weld County

	FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
	Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	99.0	96.5	73.3 (46)	Û	67.4
	Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	33.1	29.4 (45)	Û	21.8
	Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	10.1	16.1	14.4 (39)		14.2
	Births to single moms (%)	25.6	32.8	27.5		24.8
	Teen births to single teens (%)	63.3	74.4	68.5		71.6
_	CHILD HEALTH					
	Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	67.1	71.8	68.0 (57)		81.4
	Low birth weight births (%)	6.9	6.4	8.4		8.9
	Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	6.7	6.2	6.6		6.6
	Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	81.6	72.9	84.0		66.5
	Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	226	175	Û	5,112
	EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
	Children needing child care (# 1990)			7,392		177,02
	Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			3,972		106,29
	Pre K-12 public school students (#)	23,622	25,302	26,752	Û	673,43
	K-12 non-public school students (#)	392	1,214	1,228	Û	49,078
	K-12 home school students (#)	79	115	190	Û	8,490
	High school graduation rate (%)	83.1	77.7	74.0 (52)	Û	77.7
	High school dropout rate (%)	3.2	4.7	4.5 (57)	<u>û</u>	4.0
	SIGNS OF TROUBLE					
	Births to teens (% of all births)	14.4	16.0	15.2		11.7
	Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	55.4	57.0	59.3	Û	50.7
	Three risk factor births (%)	10.5	12.9	11.8		8.1
	Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)			15.0		13.2
	Juvenile crime arrest rate (per 1,000)	96.6	118.0	129.1	①	159.0
	Juvenile violent crime arrest rate (per 10,000)	21.0	16.0	20.8	••	32.0
	n/o - Not available					
	Trends should be viewed with caution, especially in smaller countie In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods ma			nce.		









# Yuma County 1998 KidsCount! Report Card

Most of Colorado's 1,043,910 children and youth benefit from a strong, healthy start in life. They are born to parents who have the time and the resources to nurture them, they attend good schools, live in safe neighborhoods, and know their family doctors by name. There are children in each of Colorado's counties, however, who aren't so lucky. KidsCount! county-level data is provided so that members of every community have the information they need to make a difference in the lives of local children.

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Yuma County's graduation rate has increased since 1991, and is nearing the Decade of the Child goal of 90%. However, the percent of pregnant women receiving early prenatal care has slipped from the goal of 90% in 1991 to just 79% in 1996.

COUNTY DEMOGRAPI	HICS		
1997 population	9,504		
1997 population under 18	2,536		
Under 1	125		
1–4	463		
` 5–9	672		
10–14	814		
15–19	716		
1996 # of live births	106		

FAMILY ECONOMI	CS
Median family income	\$26,465
Median income of	
married couple family	\$27,525
Median income of	
female headed family	\$10,000
# of children living in poverty	381
% of children living in poverty	15.0%
*1990 Census data	

"For these are all our children...
we will all profit by, or pay for, whatever they become."



### 1998 KidsCount! in Yuma County

FAMILIES IN NEED	91	94	96 (rank)	trend	96 state
Children receiving AFDC (per 1,000)	30.7	34.6	24.5 (17)		67.4
Children qualifying for free lunch (%)	n/a	23.1	23.8 (36)		21.8
Children in out of home placements (per 1,000)	8.2	7.5	14.5 (40)	Û	14.2
Births to single moms (%)	10.0	9.4	17.9		24.8
Teen births to single teens (%)	50.0	50.0	*		71.6
CHILD HEALTH					
Moms receiving early prenatal care (%)	90.0	86.3	79.0 (37)	Û	81.4
Low birth weight births (%)	6.4	6.3	3.8	Û	8.9
Deaths of infants under age 1 (per 1,000)	*	*	*		6.6
Deaths of children under age 18 (per 100,000)	77.8	*	*		66.5
Confirmed incidents of child abuse/neglect (#)	n/a	21	21		5,112
EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION					
Children needing child care (# 1990)			381		177,027
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)			236		106,293
Available licensed child care spaces (# 1995)  Pre K-12 public school students (#)	1,872	1,910	236 2,022	Û	106,293 673,438
<u>_</u>	1,872	1,910		Û	<u> </u>
Pre K-12 public school students (#)			2,022		673,438
Pre K-12 public school students (#) K-12 non-public school students (#)	9	64	2,022 55		673,438 49,078
Pre K-12 public school students (#) K-12 non-public school students (#) K-12 home school students (#)	9	64 30	2,022 55 24		673,438 49,078 8,490
Pre K-12 public school students (#) K-12 non-public school students (#) K-12 home school students (#) High school graduation rate (%)	9 11 86.7	64 30 87.2	2,022 55 24 89.4 (18)	 û	673,438 49,078 8,490 77.7
Pre K-12 public school students (#) K-12 non-public school students (#) K-12 home school students (#) High school graduation rate (%) High school dropout rate (%)	9 11 86.7	64 30 87.2	2,022 55 24 89.4 (18)	 û	673,438 49,078 8,490 77.7
Pre K-12 public school students (#) K-12 non-public school students (#) K-12 home school students (#) High school graduation rate (%) High school dropout rate (%) SIGNS OF TROUBLE	9 11 86.7 1.3	64 30 87.2 1.7	2,022 55 24 89.4 (18) 0.6 (8)	 û	673,438 49,078 8,490 77.7 4.0
Pre K-12 public school students (#) K-12 non-public school students (#) K-12 home school students (#) High school graduation rate (%) High school dropout rate (%)  SIGNS OF TROUBLE  8irths to teens (% of all births)	9 11 86.7 1.3	64 30 87.2 1.7	2,022 55 24 89.4 (18) 0.6 (8)	  	673,438 49,078 8,490 77.7 4.0
Pre K-12 public school students (#) K-12 non-public school students (#) K-12 home school students (#) High school graduation rate (%) High school dropout rate (%)  SIGNS OF TROUBLE  Births to teens (% of all births) Teen birth rate (per 1,000)	9 11 86.7 1.3 7.3 26.2	64 30 87.2 1.7	2,022 55 24 89.4 (18) 0.6 (8) 5.7 17.8	  	673,438 49,078 8,490 77.7 4.0
Pre K-12 public school students (#) K-12 non-public school students (#) K-12 home school students (#) High school graduation rate (%) High school dropout rate (%)  SIGNS OF TROUBLE  8irths to teens (% of all births) Teen birth rate (per 1,000) Three risk factor births (%)	9 11 86.7 1.3 7.3 26.2	64 30 87.2 1.7	2,022 55 24 89.4 (18) 0.6 (8) 5.7 17.8 6.6	  	673,438 49,078 8,490 77.7 4.0
Pre K-12 public school students (#) K-12 non-public school students (#) K-12 home school students (#) High school graduation rate (%) High school dropout rate (%)  SIGNS OF TROUBLE  Births to teens (% of all births) Teen birth rate (per 1,000) Three risk factor births (%) Teen suicide rate 92-96 ave. (per 100,000)	9 11 86.7 1.3 7.3 26.2 2.7	12.5 36.7 4.3	2,022 55 24 89.4 (18) 0.6 (8) 5.7 17.8 6.6 *	 Û   Û	673,438 49,078 8,490 77.7 4.0 11.7 50.7 8.1 13.2

n/o - Not avoilable

\* • Fewer thon 3 events

Trends should be viewed with coution, especially in smaller counties, because of variability due to chance. In addition, data reporting and population estimation methods may have changed over time.

225 East 16th Avenue, Suite B-300 • Denver, Colorado 80203 • (303) 839-1580 • Fax (303) 839-1354











#### Mission Statement

Since 1985, the Colorado Children's Campaign has worked to mobilize individuals and organizations to think and act on behalf of children, with particular attention to the health, education, and safety of those most at risk.



#### KidsCount in Colorado!

KidsCount in Colorado is the Campaign's annual report on the status of children. It documents the health, education, safety, and economic trends in each of Colorado's 63 counties. This report helps local groups and public policy makers identify new issues, evaluate the effectiveness of programs, and set priorities for the coming years. KidsCount! is the most widely quoted and used report about children in Colorado.



#### BrainChild

"We have the information. Let's use it!" Eighty percent of brain growth takes place in the first three years of life. The Campaign's renowned project, BrainChild, is designed to translate the new science around brain development into practical steps parents and other caregivers can take to ensure optimum cognitive development for children. Tip sheets for parents, training materials for child care providers, public awareness campaigns, conferences on brain development, and recommendations for policy makers are just part of this project.



#### The Doll Project

The Doll Project helps raise public awareness about the needs of children. Every April, a grassroots army of volunteers throughout the state makes thousands of cardboard dolls that represent the real stories of Colorado children. Major improvements in the health, education, and safety of children have been passed in the state legislature because the dolls have created heightened awareness about our kids.



#### Corporate Campaign for Kids

A committee of today's corporate business leaders has been formed with the pledge to make Colorado "the best place to raise a child." The Corporate Campaign for Kids is committed to the goal of using their brains, their know-how, and their connections to help Colorado children measure up to, and exceed, national standards for health, safety, and educational performance.

#### Ad Hoc Children's Legislative Committee

Public policy decisions shape the world our children will inherit. In 1996, the Colorado Children's Campaign created the Ad Hoc Children's Legislative Committee to coordinate major initiatives that would improve the health, education, and safety of children. Our goals are to be above politics and to focus state resources on early prevention of the problems in the lives of children and their families. The Ad Hoc Children's Legislative Committee has created tax breaks for parents, expanded The Child Health Plan, created a tax check off fund for quality child care, streamlined child care, and funded the Youth Crime Prevention and Intervention Fund with the support of 250 phone tree volunteers.





Colorado Children's Campaign 225 East 16th Avenue, Suite B-300 Denver, Colorado 80203 (303) 839-1580 FAX (303) 839-1354 www.coloradokids.org (coming this Spring)







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EFF-089 (9/97)

