### DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 432 107 EC 307 312

TITLE Guide to Substance Abuse & Disability Resources Produced by

NIDRR Grantees.

INSTITUTION Wright State Univ., Dayton, OH.; Southwest Educational

Development Lab., Austin, TX. Southwest Consortium for the

Improvement of Mathematics and Science Teaching.

SPONS AGENCY National Inst. on Disability and Rehabilitation Research

(ED/OSERS), Washington, DC.

PUB DATE 1999-06-00

NOTE 53p.

CONTRACT H133D50016

AVAILABLE FROM National Center for the Dissemination of Disability

Research, Southwest Educational Development Laboratory, 211
East Seventh St., Suite 400, Austin, TX 78701-3281; Tel:
800-266-1832 (Toll Free); Tel: 512-476-6861 (V/TT); Fax:

512-476-2286; Web site: http://www.ncddr.org

PUB TYPE Guides - Non-Classroom (055) -- Reference Materials -

Directories/Catalogs (132)

EDRS PRICE MF01/PC03 Plus Postage.

DESCRIPTORS Adolescents; Adults; \*Alcohol Abuse; \*Disabilities; \*Drug

Abuse; Journal Articles; \*Publications; Reference Materials; Resource Materials; \*Substance Abuse; Videotape Recordings

IDENTIFIERS \*National Center for the Dissem of Disabil Research

### **ABSTRACT**

This booklet is intended for use as a resource guide on substance abuse and co-existing disability areas by researchers, professionals, and people with disabilities. It contains scholarly items as well as a number of immediately functional resources for use by teachers, rehabilitation personnel, and others in their work with substance abuse issues. Resources are divided into eight categories with citations and abstracts for all listings: (1) 3 books/book chapters; (2) 10 fact sheets/brochures; (3) 6 conference papers and proceedings; (4) 51 journal articles; (5) 10 newsletters and articles; (6) 10 project reports; (7) 14 training manuals; and (8) 5 video and audio tapes. A list of National Institute on Disability and Rehabilitation Research (NIDRR) grantees who provided substance abuse and disability information is also provided. (CR)

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# Guide to

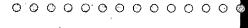
# Substance Abuse

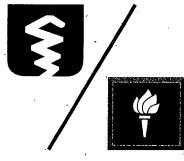
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EC 307312

© 1999, National Center for the Dissemination of Disability Research Guide to Substance Abuse and Disability Resources Produced by NIDRR Grantees

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Available on the internet at <a href="http://www.ncddr.org">http://www.ncddr.org</a>

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# Guide to

# Substance Abuse

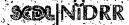
Disability

Resources

Produced by
NIDRR Grantees

June 1999

Southwest Educational Development Laboratory



National Institute on Disability and Rehabilitation Research

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This booklet is available in alternate formats upon request.



### PREFACE

This Guide to Substance Abuse and Disability Resources Produced by NIDRR Grantees was a cooperative effort of the National Center for the Dissemination of Disability Research (NCDDR) and the Rehabilitation Research and Training Center on Drugs and Disability (RRTC). In mid 1998, the NCDDR approached the RRTC to jointly develop the Guide. The NCDDR subsequently contacted a large number of NIDRR Grantees most likely to have produced research information concerning drug and alcohol abuse relating to their research topic, including mental health, brain injury, spinal cord injury and other areas. Following the NCDDR's telephone and email contact, the NCDDR collected the Grantees' materials. These were shared with the RRTC staff who developed most of the item descriptions in this Guide, and NCDDR staff arranged the items alphabetically by type (Book/Book Chaper, Journal Article, etc.). The NCDDR formatted the items as they appear in the Guide and contacted the 25 NIDRR Grantees who provided items for their revision and approval of the items. As a final step, a list of Grantees with corresponding item codes, and a subject index of terms and disabilities co-existing with substance abuse with corresponding item codes, were developed.

The *Guide* is intended as a resource for substance abuse and co-existing disability areas for use by researchers, professionals and people with disabilities. It contains scholarly items as well as a number of immediately functional resources for use by teachers, rehabilitation personnel and others in their work with substance abuse issues. The *Guide* serves as a link between research and practice by providing readers with basic information about *Guide* items and information for obtaining the items directly from NIDRR Grantees or the National Rehabilitation Information Center (NARIC). It is hoped that the present *Guide* will provide a base for future revised versions containing a larger number of items, and that it will serve as a model for similar collaborations with NIDRR Grantees.

The NCDDR thanks the RRTC on Drugs and Disability and the Grantees who provided items. We look forward to further collaborative involvement of NIDRR Grantees in future versions of this *Guide*.



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### HOW TO USE THIS GUIDE

The Guide to Substance Abuse and Disability Resources Produced by NIDRR Grantees was developed to assist researchers, professionals and people with disabilities to locate research and training materials relating to substance abuse and disabilities developed by projects funded by the National Institute on Disability and Rehabilitation Research (NIDRR). The items in this *Guide* may also be located on the National Rehabilitation Information Center (NARIC) Web site <a href="http://www.naric.com/">http://www.naric.com/</a> and purchased using their online order form or by telephone request (800-346-2742).

Individual items in the *Guide* may be located using the following strategies:

**Browsing:** All items\* are coded corresponding to their type, such as "**D. Journal Articles**", and numbered according to their alphabetical order in Sections A.-H., such as "**D.10**." Readers may locate items of interest by reviewing each section and using the "**Grantee:**" code (e.g. **I.6**) in the items to locate the corresponding NIDRR-funded projects in Section I. Readers may use the information in Section I. in ordering items by mail, telephone or email from the Grantee.

**By Grantee:** Readers may go directly to Section I. to locate a particular Grantee. Item codes under each Grantee may be used to locate items, in Sections A.-H. for review and ordering directly from the Grantee.

**By Subject:** The Subject Index includes terms and disabilities that commonly co-exist with substance abuse, such as "Brain Injury," "Rehabilitation," etc. Codes for items relating to each term or disability are listed. Readers may locate the items in Sections A.-H. for review and subsequent order from the Grantees in Section I.

\* Note: Some items have no stated **"Cost"** information. Contact the designated grantee or NARIC for current information.



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### Subject Index of Terms and Disabilities Co-existing with Substance Abuse

### Aging with a Disability:

B.5; B.6; B.7; E.10

### Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990:

A.1; E.2; E.6; E.7

### **Blindness:**

B.2; C.2

### **Brain Injury:**

A.2; B.3; B.10; C.2; D.2; D.5; D.7; D.10; D.11; D.17; D.25; D.29; D.30; D.31; D.33; D.34; D.35; D.39; D.42; D.43; D.44; E.5; G.2; G.13; G.14

### Community/Independent Living:

A.2; B.8; C.2; D.10; D.31; D.50; E.8; G.8

### **Deafness and Hearing Impairment:**

C.2; E.4; E.6; G.10

### **Fetal Alcohol Syndrome:**

B.4; H.5

### **Healthcare and Disability Services:**

D.14; D.20; D.36; D.39; E.1; G.2; G.4; G.5; G.8; H.1

### **HIV/AIDS:**

B.8; C.2; D.37; E.7; G.7; G.9

### **Mental Health-Mental Illness:**

A.2; A.3; C.1; C.2; D.1; D.9; D.15; D.17; D.18; D.20; D.22; D.25; D.27; D.28; D.29; D.35; D.45; D.50; D.51; E.9; F.2; F.5; G.7; G.9

### Motor Vehicle Injury and Other Trauma:

C.5; D.4; D.7; D.8; D.15; D.19; D.21; D.24; D.28; D.41

### **Native Americans:**

C.3; C.4; C.6; D.3; D.32; D.47; F.1; F.3; F.4; F.6; F.9; F.10; H.4; H.5

### Rehabilitation:

### Medical:

D.12; D.13; D.17; D.25; D.31; D.35; D.39; D.43; D.49; D.51; E.7; G.13; G.14; H.2; H.3

### **Vocational:**

A.2; B.3; C.1; C.2; C.3; D.2; D.3; D.14; D.16; D.22; D.23; D.31; D.33; D.34; D.36; D.37; D.38; D.40; D.42; D.43; D.44; D.46; D.47; D.51; E.2; E.5; E.8; F.3; F.8; F.9; F.10; G.2; G.3; G.5; G.6; G.11; G.12

### **Spinal Cord Injury:**

B.1; B.5; B.6; B.7; C.2; D.12; D.13; D.41; D.49; D.50; E.1; E.3; E.10; G.4; G.8; H.1; H.2; H.3

### Women with Disabilities:

A.1; D.26; D.48; D.50; E.9

### Youth with Disabilities:

A.3; B.4; B.9; D.5; D.9; D.18; D.27; D.28; D.32; D.45; D.50; E.4; E.6; E.8; E.9; F.2; F.5; G.1; G.3; H.5



# A. Books/Book Chapters

TIME Fostering recovery for women with disabilities: Eliminating barriers to substance abuse programs.

AUTHOR(S) Ann Cupolo Freeman, Nancy Ferreyra and Christine Calabrese

**DATE** 1997

GRANTEE I.5

Written primarily for service providers of alcohol and drug DESCRIPTION programs, booklet is also intended for women with disabilities trying to make their service provider agencies more accessible.

Includes a chapter on the ADA.

\$10.00 COST

TITLE Managing psychosocial dysfunction. Book chapter.

Vocational rebabilitation for persons with traumatic brain injury.

Jeffrey S. Kreutzer, Bruce E. Leininger, Pamela Sherron and AUTHOR(S)

Christine Groah

**DATE** 1990

GRANTEE I.23

DESCRIPTION

The problem of returning persons with traumatic brain injury to community living and gainful employment represents a series of complex challenges because most clients have more than one problem. The number, complexity and interaction of problems contribute to the difficulty in maintaining long-term employment. The chapter covers many of the difficulties, including references to substance abuse, experienced by persons with head injury.

TITLE Serving youth with mental health and substance abuse

problems. Book chapter, Children's mental health: Creating

systems of care in a changing society.

AUTHOR(S) Amelia Petrila, Lynn Foster-Johnson and Paul Greenbaum

**DATE** 1996

GRANTEE I.20

**DESCRIPTION** Discusses challenges to practitioners involved in the assessment and treatment of alcohol and other drug (AOD) use co-occurring with mental health disorders among adolescents. This chapter outlines a number of issues that are central to understanding adolescents with co-occurring AOD and mental health disorders. Included is a discussion of the differences between mental health and substance abuse systems and the difficulties that arise from



these differences, and a discussion of assessment and treatment considerations that are important for this population. The chapter concludes with a description of programs that exemplify unique and innovative approaches to the needs of adolescents with both AOD and mental health problems.

# **B. Fact Sheets/Brochures**

TITLE Alcohol abuse and SCI.

DATE 1996

GRANTEE I.9

**DESCRIPTION** Brief description of the theory behind Motivational Enhancement

Therapy (MET) and adverse effects of alcohol abuse on people

with SCI.

AVAILABLE ONLINE <a href="http://weber.u.washington.edu/~rehab/sci/update/">http://weber.u.washington.edu/~rehab/sci/update/</a>

alcohol6-1.html>

TITLE Blindness, visual impairment, and substance abuse: Facts for substance abuse prevention and treatment professionals.

DATE 1996

GRANTEE I.18

**DESCRIPTION** Provides basic information about visual impairments and blindness

including demographics. The concepts of enabling and language are addressed as well as suggestions for interacting with individuals who are visually impaired and solutions to accessibility issues.

**COST** Free in quantities of 1-5. Permission to copy granted.

**B.3** TITLE Brain injury and substance abuse.

six booklets:

DATE 1998

GRANTEE I.10

**DESCRIPTION** This series of booklets contains information for professionals in healthcare, human services agencies and vocational rehabilitation. Its purpose is to provide the most up-to-date information about brain injury and substance use and abuse. Inside a folder are

> Whatever it Takes: 10 principles for community professionals helping persons with brain injury.

ABUSE Screening: How to screen for substance abuse among persons with brain injury.

TBI Screening: How to screen for traumatic brain injury.

Stages of Change: How people change addictive behavior and what supports the changeprocess



Motivational Interviewing: A counseling technique to help people make difficult changes.

Community Teams: How community professionals can work together collaboratively.

COST \$5.00

**B.4** TITLE Fetal alcohol syndrome.

DATE October 1997

GRANTEE I.22

DESCRIPTION Defines FAS, explains the cause and gives characteristics of an FAS

child. Describes the prevalence of FAS. Prevention is listed as the abstinence from alcohol consumption during pregnancy. Strategies

for working with FAS children are listed.

AVAILABLE ONLINE <a href="http://www.lsi.ukans.edu/beach/html/d6.htm">http://www.lsi.ukans.edu/beach/html/d6.htm</a>

**B.5** TIME Spinal cord injury & aging: Alcohol abuse.

DATE December 1996

GRANTEE I.16

DESCRIPTION

What do all the following have in common? Increased muscle spasticity; fractures; heart, liver, kidney & brain damage; pressure sores, malnutrition, urinary tract infections. All of these problems are associated with mixing spinal cord injury with alcohol. Many of the same issues that caused stress at the time of SCI show up again with aging. Alcohol, plus aging and SCI can be a risky combination.

**B.6** TITLE Spinal cord injury & aging: Medications.

DATE December 1996

GRANTEE I.16

DESCRIPTION

Some of these may sound familiar. Are you: taking more than one prescription drug? getting prescriptions from more than one doctor or pharmacy? taking one or several over the counter drugs with prescriptions? having trouble keeping track of all your medications? having liver or kidney problems? confused, disoriented or "spacey" some of the time? You may take prescriptions for bladder management or to keep spasms under control. Then there are the antibiotics for the urinary tract infections and possibly something for pain. There are always risks with medications, and the risks rise as you age with your SCI and as the number of medications you take increases.

Spinal cord injury & aging: Smoking & lungs, skin and bladder.

DATE January 1997

GRANTEE I.16

DESCRIPTION

You already know that a spinal cord injury causes an impairment of the muscles involved in breathing—the higher the injury, the greater the impairment. That's strike one. The fact that smoking is harmful to your lungs is hardly news. Still, that's strike two. How smoking affects your lungs, just what happens when you smoke, and just what it means when you have an SCI and an already compromised respiratory system is what's important to know.

TITLE Substance abuse and living with HIV/AIDS: What you need to know.

> 1996 DATE

GRANTEE I.18

DESCRIPTION

Designed for people living with HIV/AIDS and for service providers working with this population. The effects of tobacco, alcohol and marijuana use for people living with HIV/AIDS are discussed, and a list of common medication types and their potential drug interactions are provided.

Free in quantities of 1-5. Permission to copy granted.

TITLE Substance abuse and students with disabilities: Little known facts.

**DATE** 1994

GRANTEE I.18

DESCRIPTION Details some of the risks for substance abuse associated with disability. Targeted audience is college or university students with disabilities. However, the information would also be valuable for younger individuals and for parents, educators, dormitory staff and personal care attendants.

Free in quantities of 1-5. Permission to copy granted.

TITLE Traumatic brain injury seizure study information sheet for patients and their families.

GRANTEE I.11

DESCRIPTION

Brochure type of information that describes types of seizures, causes (including trauma from alcohol or drugs), prevention, what to do when seizure occurs and what to do post-seizure.



# C. Conference Papers and **Proceedings**

TITLE Dual diagnosis: Serving the individual with MI/CA in assessment, treatment, recovery and vocational rehabilitation.

AUTHOR(S) Matrix Research Institute

**DATE** January 25-26, 1996

GRANTEE I.6

**DESCRIPTION** Provides outline format for each session within the training. Among issues addressed in the seminar were: barriers to employment; motivation; DSM-IV diagnosing; clinical overview of mental illness; clinical overview of substance use disorders; clinical overview of "dual-diagnosis" (MI/CA); assessment; treatment; rehabilitation and recovery; group work; multi-cultural sensitivity; collaboration strategies; relapse prevention; and how to avoid burn-out.

\$25.00 COST

TITLE First national conference on substance abuse and coexisting disabilities.

**AUTHOR(S)** Jacques Demers (Ed.).

DATE 1996

GRANTEE I.18

DESCRIPTION

Includes entire conference proceedings, June 1996. Session topics included: Co-existing disabilities and substance abuse; Working toward common solutions; Independent living centers responses to chemical dependence; Substance abuse treatment for people who have HIV/AIDS; Employer perspectives on substance abuse; Role of vocational rehabilitation in recovery: Integrating vocational rehabilitation into substance abuse treatment; Innovative program models; Treatment planning for people who have co-existing disabilities; Substance abuse treatment for people who have mental illness; Substance abuse treatment for people who have a spinal cord injury; Substance abuse treatment for people who have a traumatic brain injury; Case management for people with co-existing disabilities; Collaboration models to serve individuals with coexisting disabilities; Multicultural sensitivity in treatment; Substance abuse treatment for people who are Deaf or hard of hearing; Managing change: New directions in the field of substance abuse treatment for people with disabilities; Substance abuse treatment for people who are blind/visually impaired; Key issues in adapting treatment for persons with disabilities; Substance abuse treatment



for people who have developmental disabilities; and the plenary session address by Nancy Kilpatrick from CSAT-Treatment community responses to disabilities: The recognition of a growing need.

**COST** \$8.00.

TITLE Indian firefighters—Drug free workplace. Proceedings of a conference held in Tucson, Arizona.

AUTHOR(S) Jennie R. Joe and Robert Young

**DATE** 1991

GRANTEE I.8

**DESCRIPTION** Transcripts of five sessions discuss historical perspectives, contemporary problems, medical consequences and viable Drug Free Workplace strategies. The first session, entitled Fire and Fire Warriors: A Historical & Cultural Examination of American Indian firefighters, is by David H. DeJong. The second session, American Indians & Substance Use: An Overview of the Past, Present, and Future, is by Patricia Mail. The third session, The Indian Firefighters of Today: The Nature of Work and Problems of Substance Abuse, is by Dorothy L. Miller. The fourth session, Medical Consequences of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse, is by Eva Marie Smith and the fifth session, The Drug Free Workplace: What Works is by Jeanne G. Trumble.

### TITLE The Indianization of Alcoholics Anonymous.

**AUTHOR(S)** Marie-France Lisette Womack

DATE May 1996

GRANTEE I.8

**DESCRIPTION** Most literature on the history and experience of American Indians with alcoholism and alcohol abuse is pathologically oriented and focuses on possible causes and theoretical solutions. Lacking from the discussion is current, Indian-run solutions available throughout Indian Country. The goal of the monograph is to examine one such solution: the growing movement of "Indianized" twelve step recovery programs. Differences, which speak to the cultural needs of Indian alcoholics, between the standard Twelve Step program and the new Twelve Step movement are defined and the differences speak to the cultural needs of Indian alcoholics. Examining the cultural focus leads to a clearer understanding of what Indians, themselves, believe to be the assigned cause and the most effective treatment of alcohol abuse in their communities.



C.5 TITLE The presence of disabilities among impaired drivers.

Conference paper.

AUTHOR(S) Dennis Moore, Jo Ann Ford and Li Li

**DATE** 1995

GRANTEE I.18

Discusses results of a pilot study designed to test the hypothesis that there is a high prevalence of disabilities among persons convicted of impaired driving. The findings strongly suggest that people with disabilities disproportionately incur drunk driving arrests.

**COST** Free

C.6 IIILE Review of treatment strategies for Native American alcoholics: The need for a cultural perspective.

AUTHOR(S) Robert S. Young

DATE 1992

GRANTEE I.8

Alcohol abuse and its effects account annually for approximately 30% of the Indian mortality rate. The high incidence of alcoholism among American Indians has been attributed to acculturation stress, peer pressure and the "dream quest." The monograph explores treatment strategies that meet the need for training programs that emphasize the traditional Indian medical treatment strategies combined with those intervention strategies from Western medical models that have proven effective with Indian clients.

# D. Journal Articles

**D.1** IIILE Acceptance of disability and its correlates.

AUTHOR(S) Li Li and Dennis Moore

**JOURNAL** (1998) *The Journal of Social Psychology, Volume 138*, Number 1, 13-25.

GRANTEE I.18

**DESCRIPTION** Study examines relationship between acceptance of disability and (a) demographic characteristics (age, gender, race, education, marital status, and income); (b) disability condition (disability onset, multiple disabilities, and chronic pain); and (c) other psychosocial factors (self-esteem, emotional support, perceived discrimination and hostility).

**COST** Free



D<sub>2</sub> IME Addressing substance abuse issues in the context of a supported employment program.

AUTHOR(S) Christine Groah, Patricia Goodall, Jeffrey S. Kreutzer, Pamela Sherron and Paul Wehman

JOURNAL (July/August 1990) Cognitive Rehabilitation.

GRANTEE I.23

The unique characteristics of supported employment as a vocational rehabilitation approach are explored. The Supported Employment Program at the Medical College of Virginia is described and a strategy for developing an effective substance abuse policy is outlined.

### D.3 TITLE After substance abuse treatment, then what?

AUTHOR(S) Jeanette Hassin

JOURNAL (Summer 1996) American Rehabilitation.

GRANTEE I.8

Trying to address cultural, social and personal barriers that exist for Native Americans, particularly in obtaining vocational rehabilitation services, is a real and significant problem, one that is strongly substantiated by RSA statistics. This article looks at many issues that need to be addressed. Among these issues are: 1) many American Indians live in urban and suburban areas outside reservations and feel disenfranchised from social service programs that target Indians living on tribal lands; 2) alcohol related mortality rates far exceed that of the general U. S. population rates; 3) Recidivism rates for American Indians run as high as 86% 2 years post-treatment; and 4) VR counselors are not adequately prepared to deal with the consequences of the historical process or with the cultural values of their Indian clients, whose views are

# D.4 IIIE Alcohol abuse/dependence in motor vehicle crash victims presenting to the emergency department.

AUTHOR(S) Ronald F. Maio, Patricia Waller, Frederic C. Blow, Elizabeth M. Hill and Kathleen M. Singer

often in conflict with the dominant society.

JOURNAL (1997) Academic Emergency Medicine, Volume 4, Number 4.

GRANTEE I.24

The objective of the study is: 1) to determine the prevalence of current alcohol abuse/alcohol dependence (AA/AD) among the full injury range of emergency department (ED) motor vehicle crash (MVC) patients; and 2) compare AA/AD and non-AA/AD patient characteristics. The prospective cohort study uses a stratified random sample of MVC patients aged 18 and older presenting to a university hospital and university-affiliated community hospital



ED from May 1, 1992, to August 30, 1994. A diagnosis of current AA/AD is based on the alcohol section of the Diagnostic Interview Survey. Other measurements include the presence of blood alcohol, injury severity score, occupant status, age, gender, seat belt use, culpability for crash and ED disposition (admitted vs. Released). A weighted prevalence is determined; and subgroups are compared using t-tests, 2-factor analysis and logistic regression modeling.

# **D.5** TITLE Alcohol and drug use among young persons with traumatic brain injury.

AUTHOR(S) Jeffrey S. Kreutzer, Adrienne D. Witol and Jennifer Harris Marwitz JOURNAL (1996) Journal of Learning Disabilities, Volume 29, Number 6, 643-651.

GRANTEE I.23

**DESCRIPTION** Pre and post injury patterns of alcohol and illicit drug use of 87 persons with traumatic brain injury ages 16–20 are examined. Follow-up data is collected at two intervals, 8 months and 28 month. Review of data indicated that persons with a history of pre-injury heavy drinking are at greatest risk for long-term alcohol abuse post-injury. Post-injury illicit drug use rates remained relatively low, at both follow-up intervals.

# **D.6** IIILE Alcohol and other substance use/abuse among- people with disabilities.

AUTHOR(S) Dennis Moore, Bobby G. Greer and Li Li

**JOURNAL** (1994) Journal of Social Behavior and Personality, Volume 9, Number 5, 359-382.

GRANTEE I.18

**DESCRIPTION** Reports findings of a multi-state survey on substance use/abuse among 916 people with disabilities.

COST Free

### **D.7** TITLE Alcohol, brain injury, manslaughter, and suicide.

**AUTHOR(S)** Jeffrey S. Kreutzer, Stephanie L. Myers, Jennifer Harris and Nathan Zasler

JOURNAL (July/August 1990) Cognitive Rehabilitation.

GRANTEE I.23

DESCRIPTION Several newspaper articles and case studies are cited as evidence of the interrelationships between alcohol use, risks for brain injury and post injury psychosocial adjustment. A pitch is made to increase the availability of comprehensive substance abuse programs that address the unique needs of persons with traumatic brain injury and their families.



**D.8** TITLE Alcohol, central nervous system injury, and time to death in fatal motor vehicle crashes.

AUTHOR(S) Brian Zink, Ronald Maio and Bonny Chen

JOURNAL (1996) Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, Volume 20, Number 9.

GRANTEE I.24

DESCRIPTION

A retrospective cohort of 401 motor vehicle crash fatalities from four Michigan counties for the time period 1985 to 1991 is studied. Medical examiner records were reviewed to determine age, blood alcohol concentration and time to death. Anatomical profile scores and G scores are also calculated and used to identify central nervous system injury (CNSI) subjects. The data suggests that alcohol intoxication is associated with increased frequency of early death in motor vehicle crash (MVC) victims with CNSI, despite there being no detectable difference in anatomical injury scoring.

**D.9** TITLE Alcohol expectancies among adolescents with conduct disorder: Predicting and mediation of drinking.

AUTHOR(S) Paul E. Greenbaum, Eric C. Brown and Robert M. Friedman

JOURNAL (1995) Addictive Behaviors, Volume 20, Number 3.

GRANTEE I.20

DESCRIPTION

Among adolescents with conduct disorder, alcohol expectancies were examined for both predictive utility and mediation of other predictors of alcohol use (i.e., delinquency, family history, demographic and psychopathology variables). Data were collected from 260 adolescents with conduct disorder 11-18 years of age, who had been in either mental health residential facilities or community-based special education programs for adolescents with serious emotional disturbances. Zero-order correlations and structural path models assessed relationships between expectancies, alcohol use and other predictors of alcohol use. Results indicated: (a) expectancies of enhanced social and cognitive behavior were significant (p < .05) univariate predictors of drinking and (b) among all of the selected predictors, expectancies of enhanced social behavior (i.e., Subscale 2 of the Alcohol Expectancy Questionnaire -Adolescent Form AEO-A) had the strongest association with alcohol use (r=.54) and mediated between 31% to 44% of the drinking variance associated with other significant predictors (p<.01). Results were discussed as supporting similar expectancydrinking relationships among CD and nonclinical youth,



D. 10 ITTLE Alcohol use after traumatic brain injury: Concordance of patients' and relatives' reports.

AUTHOR(S) Angela M. Sanders, Adrienne D. Witol and Jeffrey S. Kreutzer

JOURNAL (February 1997) Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation,
Volume 78.

GRANTEE I.23

DESCRIPTION

Using a quasi-experimental static group comparison design, article investigates bias and concurrent validity of patients' alcohol use reports by examining concordance with relatives' reports. Participants included 175 adult patients and 175 family informants. Surprisingly, patient reports were consistent with family member reports. The results do not support the hypothesis that patients underreport drinking and that their reports are inconsistent with those of caregivers. The high levels of concordance are consistent with those found in similar research studies involving alcoholic populations. Results suggest that patients' reports should be given higher credibility and should not be routinely dismissed in favor of information provided by families. However, more caution is necessary when collecting information from a person with severe injury.

D.11 TITLE Alcohol use among persons with traumatic brain injury.

AUTHOR(S) Jeffrey S. Kreutzer, Kathleen Doherty, Jennifer Harris and Nathan Zasler

JOURNAL (1990) Journal of Head Trauma Rehabilitation, Volume 5, Number 3.

GRANTEE 1.23

DESCRIPTION

The General Health and History Questionnaire, the Quantity-Frequency-Variability Index and the Brief Michigan Alcoholism Screening Test were used to investigate the pre-injury and post-injury drinking patterns of 87 persons with traumatic brain injury. Compared to other persons of similar age, a slightly higher proportion of persons with TBI were abstinent preinjury, but a significantly greater proportion fell within the heavy drinker classification. After injury, drinking rates for the sample declined, and there were fewer heavy drinkers in the group with TBI than in uninjured comparison groups composed of the population at large and of drinkers of similar age. Nevertheless, the number of post-injury problem drinkers were relatively large in consideration of the potentially adverse effects on long-term outcome.

**D.12** TITLE Alcohol use among SCI patients.

JOURNAL (1991) Journal of the American Paraplegia Society, Volume 14, Number 2, 63.

### GRANTEE I.24

DESCRIPTION

Based on SCI data, researchers looked at the relationship of patients self-reported alcohol use at admission and variables such as age, history of drug abuse and history of alcohol abuse as reported by physicians. Furthermore, the data revealed: 1) that the CAGE appears to be a reliable, efficient quick and easy-to-use assessment tool of alcohol use among SCI patients; 2) patients with a history of alcohol abuse may also have a history of drug abuse; and 3) age at the onset of SCI does not appear to be a significant factor in relation to alcohol abuse.

### D.13 TITLE Alcohol use among spinal cord-injured patients.

AUTHOR(S) Denise G. Tate

JOURNAL (1993) American Journal of Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation, Volume 72, Number 4.

GRANTEE I.24

DESCRIPTION Study assesses the utility of using a brief screening interview questionnaire, the CAGE (cut, annoyed, guilty and eye opener), to further evaluate patients with SCI for alcohol use including alcoholism using retrospective data. The study also explores patterns of alcohol consumption among SCI patients and investigates the relationship between self-reported alcohol use, age, previous history of drug and alcohol abuse and medical complications after discharge.

### Alcohol use and drinking-related consequences amongconsumers of disability services.

AUTHOR(S) Dennis Moore and Li Li

JOURNAL (1994) Rehabilitation Counseling Bulletin, Volume 38, Number 2, 124-133.

GRANTEE I.18

DESCRIPTION

Alcohol use patterns are analyzed in relation to demographic characteristics, disability groupings and various consequences of abuse. Study examines specific self-reported consequences of abuse as they relate to health, family relationships, legal involvement and work problems.

**COST** Free

### D.15 TITLE Alcohol use and trauma.

AUTHOR(S) Brian Zink and Ronald Maio

JOURNAL (1994) Academic Emergency Medicine, Volume 1, Number 2.

GRANTEE I.24



DESCRIPTION

Highlights the role of alcohol use in trauma. Clinical studies that explore the effects of acute and chronic alcohol use on the response to injury are presented. Potential physiologic and cellular mechanisms by which alcohol may enhance injury are reviewed Advances in the identification of alcohol abuse in trauma victims and the use of early alcohol counseling are addressed and areas for future investigation are proposed.

**D.16** TITLE Alcohol use, ethnicity, and disability: A comparison of African-American and Caucasian groups.

AUTHOR(S) Eddie Booker Sample, Li Li and Dennis Moore

**JOURNAL** (1997) Social Behavior and Personality, Volume 25, Number 3, 265-276.

GRANTEE I.18

**DESCRIPTION** Explores the factors of alcohol use of African Americans and Caucasians with disabilities who were seeking rehabilitation

services in three Midwestern states

COST Free

D. 17 IIILE Axis I Psychopathology in individuals with traumatic brain injury.

AUTHOR(S) Mary Hibbard, Suzan Uysai, Karen Kepler, Jennifer Bogdani and Jonathon Silver

JOURNAL (1998) Journal of Head Trauma Rehabilitation, Volume 3, Number 4.

GRANTEE I.21

**DESCRIPTION** Article assesses the incidence, co-morbidity and patterns of resolution of DSM-IV mood, anxiety, and substance use disorders in individuals with traumatic brain injury on 100 adults with TBI from 18–65 and average 8 year post onset at time of interview.

**D.18** TITLE Co-occurring addictive and mental disorders among adolescents: Prevalence research and future directions.

AUTHOR(S) Paul E. Greenbaum, Lynn Foster-Johnson and Amelia Petrilia

JOURNAL (1996) American Journal of Orthopsychiatry, Volume 66, Number 1.

GRANTEE I.20

Recent epidemiological research documenting the pervasive cooccurrence of addictive and mental disorders has been concerned primarily with adults. This paper proposes the need for similar studies of adolescents, considers the special problems inherent in the assessment of co-occurrence in this age group, reviews evidence suggesting that the prevalence of co-occurring disorders in adolescents parallels that documented for adults and delineates

future research strategies.



D.19 TITLE Crash characteristics and injuries of victims impaired by alcohol versus illicit drugs.

AUTHOR(S) P. F. Waller, F. C. Blow, R. F. Maio, K. Singer, E. M. Hill and N. Schaffer

JOURNAL (1997) Accident Analysis and Prevention, Volume 29, Number 6, 817-827.

GRANTEE I.24

Blood samples from 894 patients presenting to two emergency departments for treatment of motor vehicle injury were tested for alcohol and other drugs. Results were related to other demographic characteristics including prior history of alcohol or drug use; crash characteristics; and injury characteristics.

D.20 TITLE Does scoliosis have a psychological impact and does gender make a difference?

AUTHOR(S) William K. Payne, James W. Ogilvie, Michael D. Resnick, Robert L. Kane, Ensor E. Transfeldt and Robert W. Blum

JOURNAL (1997) SPINE, Volume 22, Number 12, 1380-1384.

GRANTEE I.15

Article looks at psychosocial impact of scoliosis on the areas of peer relations, body image and health compromising behavior such as suicidal thought and alcohol consumption.

D.21 TIME EMS providers do not accurately note motor-vehicle crash patients with positive serum alcohol concentrations.

AUTHOR(S) Ronald F. Maio, Audrey Wu, Frederic C. Blow and Brian Zink

JOURNAL (1995) Pre-hospital and Disaster Medicine, Volume 10, Number 2.

GRANTEE I.24

Alcohol use is associated with many motor-vehicle crashes and may increase the severity of injury. Because alcohol use also may mask injury, prehospital emergency car providers (PHECPs) may make inaccurate assessments. To assess and triage crash victims accurately, PHECPs must identify recent alcohol use. This study examines the accuracy of PHECPs in identifying motor-vehicle crash victims who had positive serum alcohol concentrations.

D.22 IIILE Emotional factors involved in substance abuse in a sample of rehabilitation clients.

AUTHOR(S) Bobby G. Greer and Richard T. Walls

JOURNAL (October, November/December 1997) Journal of Rehabilitation, Volume 63.

GRANTEE I.25



DESCRIPTION The relationship between substance abuse and emotional functioning of 2,837 consumers of vocational rehabilitation services is investigated. Substance abusers scored higher on measures of anger but not on measures of bizarre thoughts or depression. Findings are discussed in terms of the nature of and therapies for anger and anxiety.

TIME Evaluation of physical fitness, activity level, and substance abuse in vocational rehabilitation patients.

AUTHOR(S) D. D. Pringle, Li Li, Eddie Booker Sample, Dennis Moore, D. R. Imbrogno and Roger Glaser

JOURNAL (1998) Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, Volume 34, Number 5, s1172.

GRANTEE I.18

**DESCRIPTION** Physical inactivity and substance abuse may lead to a greater likelihood for developing secondary complications in a

rehabilitation population. This study develops an evaluation instrument and techniques to determine the relationship among activity level, physical fitness and substance abuse in a group of adults in a vocational rehabilitation program.

**COST** Free

TIME Geographic variation in preventable deaths from motor vehicle crashes.

AUTHOR(S) Bonny Chen, Ronald Maio, Paul Greens and Richard Burney

JOURNAL (1995) The Journal of Trauma: Injury, Infection, and Critical Care, Volume 38. Number 2.

GRANTEE 1.24

DESCRIPTION Studies the hypothesis that the preventable death rate is higher and that anatomic injury severity is lower for rural compared to non-rural motor vehicle crash fatalities.

**ITTLE** Group Psychotherapy for persons with traumatic brain injury: Management of frustration and substance abuse.

Richard L. Delmonico, Patricia Hanley-Peterson and Jeffrey Englander

JOURNAL (1998) Journal of Head Trauma Rehabilitation, Volume 13, Number 6, 10-22.

GRANTEE I.3

DESCRIPTION Describes group therapy models used with individuals with acute or postacute TBI within a comprehensive rehabilitation center. Interdisciplinary treatment of frustration and substance abuse and continuum of care are emphasized. Education, social support,

skills development, interpersonal process, and cognitive behavioral approaches are discussed. The psychotherapy groups focus on treatment of substance abuse and frustration management through education, social support and development of interpersonal skills. Practical considerations of running such groups are presented.

D.26 TITLE Illicit drug use by women with disabilities.

AUTHOR(S) Li Li and Jo Ann Ford

JOURNAL (1998) The American Journal on Addictions, Volume 24, Number 3, 105-118.

GRANTEE I.18

Using a random sample of 900 women, study of patterns of illicit drug use and risk factors relating to illicit drug use by women with various disabilities.

cost Free

D.27 IIILE Improving mental health and substance abuse services for adolescents.

AUTHOR(S) Robert Friedman, Barbara D. Burns and Lenore Behar

JOURNAL (1992) Administration and Policy in Mental Health, Volume 19, Number 3.

GRANTEE I.20

Focuses on nine overlapping topics dealing with improving mental health and substance abuse services for adolescents and their families. Depending on the state of knowledge of each topic, the authors either highlight the importance of the area or offer a specific position statement. It is intended that these statements be reviewed for possible endorsement by the American College of Mental Health Administration (ACMHA) and for transmission to other professional organizations, federal and state governmental agencies and the field in general.

D.28 IIILE Injury type, injury severity, and repeat occurrence of alcohol-related trauma in adolescents.

AUTHOR(S) Ronald F. Maio, Joel Portnoy, Frederic C. Blow and Elizabeth M. Hill

JOURNAL (1994) Research Society on Alcoholism, Volume 18, Number 2.

GRANTEE I.24

Purpose of study is to compare injured adolescents presenting to an emergency room with a positive serum alcohol concentration (SAC) with those injured adolescents with a negative serum alcohol concentration. Information collected included mechanism and severity of injury, outcome, serum alcohol concentration, length of



stay, psychiatric history, prior or subsequent admission for injury and hospital charges. The results indicate that a SAC should be obtained on all adolescents admitted for trauma, that adolescents presenting with injuries and a positive SAC should be referred for alcohol and psychiatric assessment, and that injured adolescents may be at increased risk for repeat injuries in the future.

IIILE Interrelationships between crime, substance abuse, and aggressive behaviors among persons with traumatic brain injuries.

AUTHOR(S) J. S. Kreutzer, J. Harris Marwitz and Adrienne D. Witol

JOURNAL (1995) Brain Injury, Volume 9, Number 8.

GRANTEE I.23

**DESCRIPTION** With a sample of 327 patients varying in severity of injury, the study investigates alcohol use patterns, arrest histories, behavioral characteristics and psychiatric treatment histories. Relative to the uninjured population, analysis revealed relatively high incidence of heavy drinking, both pre and post injury, among patients with a history of arrest. Increases in abstinence rates were found regardless of arrest history. In addition, a history of arrest was associated with a greater likelihood of psychiatric treatment. Findings also indicated relatively high levels of aggressive behaviors. Discussion focuses on implications for evaluation, rehabilitation and future research.

TITLE Making Treatment Work.

**AUTHOR(S)** Jo Ann Ford and Dennis Moore

JOURNAL (1995) i.e. Magazine, Volume 3, Number I, 19-23.

GRANTEE I.18

**DESCRIPTION** Addresses issues related to substance abuse treatment for individuals with a diagnosed traumatic brain injury.

**COST** Free

TITLE A multicenter longitudinal investigation of return to work and community integration following traumatic brain injury.

AUTHOR(S) Angela M. Sanders, Jeffrey S. Kreutzer, Mitchell Rosenthal, Richard Delmonico and Mary Ellen Young

JOURNAL (1996) Journal of Head Trauma Rehabilitation, Volume 11, Number 5, 70-84.

GRANTEE I.23

2.5

DESCRIPTION Article describes changes in employment status and community integration following traumatic brain injury and investigates relationships among outcomes, sociodemographics and injury related variables. The study was composed of patients with traumatic brain injury who received acute medical care at a Level I Trauma Center and received inpatient rehabilitation. Mean age of subjects was 33.9 years. The full range of injury severity was represented. Less than 40% of persons employed before injury were employed at any follow-up interval. Unemployed persons had longer acute hospital stays than employed persons at follow-up intervals. These findings highlight the need for post-acute rehabilitation programs with particular emphasis on vocational rehabilitation. Uncertainties remain about the impact of brain injury on socialization and home activity patterns, partly because of limitations in measurement of community integration.

### TITLE Native American youth and alcohol: An annotated bibliography (book review).

AUTHOR(S) Jennie R. Joe

JOURNAL (1992) American Ethnologist. Volume 19, 184-185.

GRANTEE I.8

**DESCRIPTION** Following the forward, a 45 page introduction summarizes the materials to come and offers a brief cursory critique of them. Eleven categories are described: "Accidental death," "Biomedical factors," "Crime," "Etiology," "Gender," "Policy and prevention," "Reservations," "Sociological factors," "Suicide," "treatment" and "Urban vs. Rural."

### TITLE The nature and extent of substance abuse problems in persons with traumatic brain injury.

AUTHOR(S) John D. Corrigan, Elizabeth Rust and Gary L. Lamb-Hart JOURNAL (1995) Journal of Head Trauma Rehabilitation, Volume 10, Number 3, 29-46.

GRANTEE I.18

**DESCRIPTION** Provides preliminary data from a community-based substance abuse and traumatic brain injury program. Findings suggest that the program positively impacts abstinence rates and employment outcomes.

**COST** Free



Neurobehavioral functioning, substance abuse, and employment after brain injury: Implications for vocational rehabilitation.

AUTHOR(S) Angela M. Sanders, Jeffrey S. Kreutzer and Carmen C. Fernandez

JOURNAL (1997) Journal of Head Trauma Rehabilitation, Volume 12, Number 5, 28-41.

GRANTEE I.23

DESCRIPTION

Article describes neurobehavioral and substance abuse problems distinguishing between employed and unemployed persons with brain injury and proposes relevant vocational rehabilitation interventions. Patients are evaluated an average of 16 months after injury. Employed (33%) and unemployed (67%) groups are similar regarding age and chronicity, but unemployed persons have more severe injuries. The conclusion of the study states that the unique neurobehavioral difficulties of unemployed persons should be carefully considered when developing empirically based pre-placement training, job matching and post-placement interventions. The high rate of alcohol use among employed persons indicates the need for follow-along that emphasizes education and prevention.

**D.35** TITLE A prospective longitudinal multicenter analysis of alcohol use patterns among persons with traumatic brain injury.

AUTHOR(S) Jeffrey S. Kreutzer, Angela M. Sanders, David X. Cifu and Jennifer Harris Marwitz

JOURNAL (1996) Journal of Head Trauma Rehabilitation, Volume 11, Number 5, 58-69.

GRANTEE I.23

DESCRIPTION

Article describes long-term post injury drinking patterns of persons with traumatic brain injury and to identify injury related and sociodemographic factors related to post injury consumption. For the longitudinal group results revealed substantial differences in drinking ratings for individuals over time. A pattern of increasing consumption was indicated. The study was composed of patients with moderate and severe brain injury who received acute medical care and inpatient rehabilitation. Inclusion criteria were: patient > 16 years old, participation in follow-up medical and psychological evaluations and willingness to provide information regarding alcohol consumption. At each follow-up interval, the proportion of persons classified as moderate or heavy drinkers was generally comparable to that in the general population. For the crosssectional sample, c2 analyses revealed no significant differences in the distribution of drinking classifications across follow-up intervals. For the longitudinal group, however, Wilcoxon matched-pairs signed-ranks tests revealed substantial differences in

drinking ratings for individuals over time. A pattern of increasing consumption was indicated. Correlational analyses revealed higher consumption levels for younger persons and those with higher admission blood alcohol levels. Furthermore, relationships were observed between injury severity and consumption levels. Higher levels of disability were associated with lower consumption rates. The data suggests that alcohol use patterns may be cost-effective, particularly for younger persons and those with a pre-injury history of problem drinking.

# **D.36** TITLE Policy responses to substance abuse and disability: A concept paper.

AUTHOR(S) Dennis Moore and Jo Ann Ford

JOURNAL (1996) Journal of Disability Policy Studies, Volume 7, Number 1, 91-106.

GRANTEE I.18

Paper describes need for disability agency substance abuse policies and how to write a policy, also gives a sample or "model" policy to use as a guideline for VR and other programs.

# D.37 TITLE Preparation of rehabilitation counselors to serve people living with HIV/AIDS.

**JOURNAL** (1998) Rehabilitation Counseling Bulletin, Volume 41, Number 3, 190–200.

AUTHOR(S) Margaret Glenn, Jorge Garcia, Li Li and Dennis Moore

GRANTEE I.18

The researchers investigate the relationship among rehabilitation counselor's years of experience in rehabilitation, age, sex, previous training and experience with HIV/AIDS and three criterion variables, namely their perceptions, knowledge and self-reported level of skills in working with people living with HIV/AIDS. Results indicate statistically significant correlations between predictor and criterion variables.

cost Free

# D.38 TITLE Prevalence and risk factors of illicit drug use by people with disabilities.

AUTHOR(S) Dennis Moore and Li Li

JOURNAL (1998) The American Journal on Addictions, Volume 7, Number 2, 93-102.

GRANTEE I.18

DESCRIPTION Examines patterns and risk factors of illicit drug use among people with disabilities by use of a random sample of 1,876



persons actively involved in vocational rehabilitation in three Midwestern states.

**COST** Free

**D.39** IIILE A program of interventions for substance abuse following traumatic brain injury.

AUTHOR(S) John D. Corrigan, Gary L. Lamb-Hart and Elizabeth Rust.

JOURNAL (1995) Brain Injury, Volume 9, Number 3, 221-236.

GRANTEE I.18

**Describes** a pilot community-based program that addresses substance abuse in people with traumatic brain injuries. Results show the efficacy of this model.

**COST** Free

**D.40** IIILE Providing vocational services to clients in substance abuse rehabilitation.

AUTHOR(S) Eileen Wolkstein and Haike Spiller

JOURNAL (1998) Directions in Rehabilitation Counseling, Volume 9, 65-77.

GRANTEE I.18

**DESCRIPTION** The lesson focuses on a holistic approach to vocational rehabilitation for consumers with substance abuse disabilities. The delivery of such services is addressed and strategies to overcome obstacles to the delivery of these services are offered.

**COST** Free

**D.41** IIILE Spinal cord injury identified with violence: Community reintegration in urban areas.

**AUTHOR(S)** Rodney H. Adkins, Bruce Hume, Melinda Nabor and Robert L. Waters

**JOURNAL** (1998) Topics in Spinal Cord Injury Rehabilitation, Volume 4, 18-27.

GRANTEE I.12

**DESCRIPTION** Data from a two part study comparing outcomes related to firearm injuries versus injuries caused by motor vehicle crashes are reanalyzed from the perspective of an operational definition of antisocial behavior.

**D.42** IIILE Substance abuse and crime patterns among persons with traumatic brain injury referred for supported employment.

**AUTHOR(S)** Jeffrey S. Kreutzer, Paul Wehman, Jennifer Harris, Cheryl Burns and Harold F. Young

JOURNAL (1991) Brain Injury, Volume 5, Number 2.

ERIC

Full Text Provided by ERIC

### GRANTEE I.23

**DESCRIPTION** Primary caretakers of 74 consecutive referrals completed the General Health and History Questionnaire, the Quantity-Frequency-Variability Index and the Brief Michigan Alcoholism Screening Test. This investigation examines the incidence of alcohol use, drug use and criminal behavior among these persons with traumatic brain injury referred for supported employment. Implications for further research and program development are discussed.

TITLE Substance abuse as a mediating factor in outcome from traumatic brain injury.

**AUTHOR(S)** John D. Corrigan

JOURNAL (1995) Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, Volume 76, 302-306.

GRANTEE I.18

DESCRIPTION Reviews recent research in the field of substance abuse and traumatic brain injury. Discusses the implications for rehabilitation.

**COST** Free

TITLE Substance abuse assessment and treatment in vocational rehabilitation for persons with brain injury.

AUTHOR(S) Jeffrey S. Kreutzer, Jennifer Harris Marwitz and Paul H. Wehman JOURNAL (1991) Journal of Head Trauma Rehabilitation, Volume 6, Number

GRANTEE I.23

**DESCRIPTION** To assist vocational rehabilitation professionals, information is presented regarding commonly used terminology, pre- and postinjury levels of substance abuse and assessment methodologies. Guidelines for policy development and implementation as well as education and prevention efforts are described.

TITLE Substance abuse prevalence and co-morbidity with other psychiatric disorders among adolescents with severe emotional disturbance.

AUTHOR(S) Paul Greenbaum, Mark Prangle, Robert Friedman and Starr Silver JOURNAL (1991) Journal of the American Academy of Child & Adolescent Psychiatry, Volume 30, Number 4.

GRANTEE I.20

DESCRIPTION Among 547 adolescents with serious emotional disturbances, ages 12 to 18, the study assesses (1) the prevalence of DSM-III substance abuse disorders, and (2) co-morbidity with DSM-III Axis I disorders.



**D.46** IIILE Substance use among rehabilitation consumers of vocational rehabilitation services.

AUTHOR(S) Dennis Moore and Li Li

JOURNAL (1993) Journal of Rehabilitation, Volume 60, Number 4, 48-53.

GRANTEE I.18

DESCRIPTION Study

Study reports findings of a regional survey of substance use among rehabilitation consumers seeking vocational rehabilitation services (N=227). Prevalence and patterns of smoking, alcohol, illicit drug and medication use are described in comparison with that of general population. Taking into account disability backgrounds, this study also examines relationships between substance use and disability onset, multiple disability and chronic pain. Findings suggest that respondents with favorable attitudes toward substance use are more likely to use alcohol and other drugs.

**COST** Free

DA7 TIME A survey of vocational rehabilitation counselors concerning American Indian and Alaska Native clients with alcohol and other drug abuse disorders.

AUTHOR(S) Robert M. Schacht and Lee Gaseoma

JOURNAL (1997) American Indian and Alaskan Native Mental Health Research, Volume 7, Number 3.

GRANTEE I.2

DESCRIPTION VR counselors in states where many American Indians reside were

questioned about the characteristics of their American Indian clients with alcoholism or drug abuse problems and the kinds of services that were provided to them. Order#: RR 46, 18 pages.

**COST** \$2.00

**D.48** Triple trouble: Alcohol abuse by women with disabilities.

AUTHOR(S) Li Li and Jo Ann Ford

**JOURNAL** (1996) Applied Behavioral Science Review, Volume 4, Number 1, 99-109.

GRANTEE I.18

**DESCRIPTION** Study provides a primary examination of alcohol use patterns and

drinking related problems among women with disabilities.

**COST** Free

DAS TITLE The use of the CAGE Questionnaire to assess alcohol abuse among spinal cord injury persons.

AUTHOR(S) Denise G. Tate

JOURNAL (January, February, March 1994) Journal of Rehabilitation, 31-35.

GRANTEE I.24

DESCRIPTION

Study investigates the use of a screening questionnaire, the CAGE (Cut, Annoyed, Guilty, Eye opener), to assess potential alcohol abuse among persons with SCI during their inpatient rehabilitation program. Also examines relationship between subject's responses to the CAGE questionnaire and their histories of alcohol and substance abuse, as reported in their medical charts. Thirdly, the associations of potential alcohol abuse with subject's chronological age, and with their physician's assessed post-discharge medical complications are examined. The findings suggest the importance of rehabilitation professionals assessing potential alcohol abuse among persons with SCI during inpatient rehabilitation in order to prevent complications after discharge.

D.50 TITLE What self-care means—A lesson learned.

**AUTHOR(S)** Linda Lindsey

JOURNAL Pushin' On, Volume 13, Number 1.

GRANTEE I.19

**DESCRIPTION** 

Short essay written by young female adult with a spinal cord injury who discovers the meaning and importance of self-care but not until medical emergencies, chemical dependence and depression began to destroy her life.

**D.51** Work status and attrition from longitudinal studies are influenced by psychiatric disorder.

AUTHOR(S) James A. Fauerbach, John Lawrence, Sandra Stevens and Andrew Munster

JOURNAL (1998) Journal of Burn Care & Rehabilitation, Volume 19, Number 3.

GRANTEE I.4

DESCRIPTION

Participants (n=95) were assessed at the time of discharge and at 4 and 12 month intervals after discharge in regard to work status and psychiatric history both before and after the burn injury. Complex psychiatric co-morbidity and substance abuse disorders that occurred before the burn injury each significantly raised the risk of unemployment before the burn injury; pre-burn substance abuse also affected unemployment at 4 months after the burn injury. Trends for higher unemployment rates at 12 months after discharge also were noted among those with a pre-burn history of complex psychiatric co-morbidity and alcohol use, anxiety or mood disorder.



# E. Newsletters and Articles

E.1 TITLE Alcohol: Who uses it, who abuses it?

AUTHOR(S) Greg Goldstein and Linda Herson

NEWSLETTER (Fall 1995) Healthworks, 1-2.

GRANTEE I.17

**DESCRIPTION** Lead article in newsletter targeting people with SCI, their families

and service providers.

**COST** \$1.50

E.2 IIILE Employing and accommodating individuals with histories of alcohol and drug abuse.

AUTHOR(S) Ellen M. Weber

NEWSLETTER (March 1994) ADA Materials Development Project Relating to Employment, Cornell University

GRANTEE I.1

**DESCRIPTION** Article answers pertinent questions such as: Why is drug and

alcohol abuse considered a disability?, What protection against discrimination are these individuals granted?, What is "current" illegal use of a drug?, What medical tests are permitted to determine whether an individual has a drug or alcohol problem?, What can employers do to ensure that an individual is no longer

using drugs? and What accommodations are required?

**COST** \$2.00

ALSO AVAILABLE Online: As a PDF download:

<a href="http://www.ilr.cornell.edu/ped/ada/documents/alcohol.pdf">http://www.ilr.cornell.edu/ped/ada/documents/alcohol.pdf</a>

**E.3** TITLE Medications: A double-edged sword.

AUTHOR(S) Richard Holicky

NEWSLETTER (September 1995) Paraplegia News, Volume 49, Number 9, 47-50.

GRANTEE I.16

**DESCRIPTION** Includes an article about medications, Medications: A double-

edged sword, that addresses risk factors and misuse. Discussion on how to stay safe when using multiple therapeutic prescription and ever the counter drugs.

and over-the-counter drugs.

**E.4** NEWSLETTER ONLINE: Substance Abuse Resources and Disability Issues.

Special Edition, Spring 1994.

GRANTEE I.18

Training Center, Director's report, SARDI model provides direct

Training Center; Director's report; SARDI model provides direct



26 3,

service training; Chicago Hearing Society creates provider network; and Training available for special educators.

**COST** Free

E.5 NEWSLETTER ONLINE: Substance Abuse Resources and Disability Issues.

Volume 6, Number 1, March 1995.

GRANTEE I.18

**DESCRIPTION** This issue includes: J.R. Five years later: Still winning; model

programs spotlight TBI Network; Vocational rehabilitation counselors view "JR's Story;" Government Titles available; and

SARDI wins national and state awards of excellence.

**cost** Free

E.6 NEWSLETTER ONLINE: Substance Abuse Resources and Disability Issues.

Volume 6, Number 2, July 1995.

GRANTEE I.18

**DESCRIPTION** This issue includes: Model programs spotlight: State Training

Institute and Rehabilitation Center (STIRC); Substance abuse and the ADA; Being part of "PALS;" SARDI's RRTC on Drugs and Disability to co-sponsor national conference; and National survey

results available.

**cost** Free

E.7 NEWSLETTER ONLINE: Substance Abuse Resources and Disability Issues.

Special Edition HIV/AIDS, Spring 1996.

GRANTEE I.18

**DESCRIPTION** This issue includes: Double Jeopardy: HIV and disability; Model

programs spotlight: Multitasking systems; Cindy's story: A personal perspective on HIV and Disability; HIV, workplace discrimination and the ADA; AIDS and Disability Action Project, Vancouver, BC; and World Institute on Disability: HIV/AIDS Disability Project.

**COST** Free

**E.** 8 NEWSLETTER ONLINE: Substance Abuse Resources and Disability Issues.

Volume 8, Number 1, Fall 1997.

GRANTEE I.18

DESCRIPTION This issue includes: Substance abuse among consumers of

vocational rehabilitation services; Model programs spotlight: Consumer Advocacy Model (CAM); and Providing accessible

prevention education for youth with disabilities.



Thresholds' mothers project's family support program and parenting wards program.

AUTHOR(S) Jessica Jonikas and Mary Ann Zeitz

NEWSLETTER (Spring 1995) Community Support News, Volume 10, Number 3, 8.

GRANTEE I.7

DESCRIPTION The Thresholds program is described. The Chicago-based program serves mothers and fathers with psychiatric disorders and their children. Among the many services listed are services for parents who have substance abuse disorders including screening, support

and educational groups and individual counseling. Specialized support groups are offered for those parents who are adult

children of families with histories of substance abuse.

ALSO AVAILABLE The Center for Psychiatric Rehabilitation, Boston, (617) 353-3549

TITLE Who me? Drink too much?

AUTHOR(S) Richard Holicky

NEWSLETTER (October 1995) Paraplegia News, Volume 49, Number 10, 56-59.

GRANTEE I.16

DESCRIPTION Includes an article about alcohol consumption, "Who, Me? Drink too much?" Identifies alcohol combined with aging and spinal cord injury as a risky combination. Identifies risk factors and where to go for help.

# F. Project Reports

IIILE Alcohol and substance abuse prevention curriculum project: An assessment of the effectiveness of the implementation of the Beauty Way curriculum and of the curriculum itself.

AUTHOR(S) Robert M. Schacht

DATE August 1991

GRANTEE I.2

**DESCRIPTION** This study examines and discusses the results of an evaluation of the Beauty Way curriculum, used on the Navajo Nation. Recommendations are made concerning the continued use of the curriculum. Order #: RR 27, technical report, 83 pages.

**COST** \$8.00

TITLE Co-occurring disorders in adolescence: Serious emotional disturbances and substance use disorders service needs for a vulnerable population.

AUTHOR(S)

Paul E. Greenbaum, Lynn Foster-Johnson and Amelia Petrila

DATE May 1994

GRANTEE I.20

DESCRIPTION

Report gathers comprehensive information on the status of adolescents who have been identified or may need to be identified as having both a serious emotional disturbance and substance use problems. Information is gathered regarding: 1) prevalence of population; 2) assessment tools available and their utility; 3) proposed service needs with state of the art practices identified; 4) current state of services; 5) policies that need to be addressed; and 6) research areas that need to be addressed.

TITLE An examination of the vocational rehabilitation needs of American Indians with behavioral health diagnoses in New York State.

Catherine A. Marshall, Susanne Bruyere, David Shern and Lois Jircitano

1996 DATE

GRANTEE 1.2

DESCRIPTION

This research project examines the current level of vocational rehabilitation and mental health services being provided in New York State to American Indians with behavioral health diagnosis. It assesses the need for services to ensure successful outcomes and identifies opportunities to establish and/or strengthen collaborative programs between Vocational and Educational Services for Individuals with Disabilities (VESID) and the New York State Office of Mental Health (OMH). Order#: RR 43, 111 pages.

COST \$11.00

TITLE Issues in the treatment of Native Americans with alcohol problems.

AUTHOR(S)

Timothy C. Thomason and Hanna Thurber

DATE

1998

1.2

GRANTEE

DESCRIPTION

This paper reviews the literature on the treatment of Native Americans who have alcohol or dependence disorders and discusses how to interpret research on this topic. Order #: RR49

\$4.00 COST



F.5 Mental health and substance abuse services for adolescents: Clinical and service system issues.

**AUTHOR(S)** Robert Friedman

DATE December 1990

GRANTEE I.20

DESCRIPTION

Paper seeks to identify critical clinical and service system issues needing to be addressed if mental health and substance abuse services are to effectively meet the needs of adolescents and their families. The paper not only identifies important issues but, in a concluding section, offers some general recommendations for addressing them. The paper is not intended to be a thorough and scholarly review of the current state of knowledge in the field but rather a selective highlighting of topics in order to provoke further discussion. The paper focuses both on clinical and service system issues and addresses the public, private not-for-profit and private for-profit section, and the relationship between them in the belief that each section has a vital role to play in meeting the mental health and substance abuse needs of adolescents.

F.6 TITLE NCADI's 1995 National Directory of Drug Abuse and Alcoholism Treatment and Prevention Programs that have a special program for American Indians/Alaska Natives.

AUTHOR(S) Compiled by Rebecca Vanderbilt and Robert Schacht

DATE February 1998

GRANTEE I.2

DESCRIPTION

Information compiled from the Web site of the National Clearinghouse for Alcohol and Drug Information, consisting of alcoholism treatment centers coded for having a specialized program for American Indians/Alaska Natives. No attempt has been made to determine what these programs are or to verify their current status. Instructions to access the Web site are included. Order#: D 4, 55 pages.

**COST** \$6.50

F.7 TITLE Rehabilitation Research and Training Center on Drugs and Disability final report.

DATE 1997

GRANTEE I.18

**DESCRIPTION** Discusses findings of the RRTC on Drugs and Disability

epidemiology study.

**COST** Free



F.8 TITLE Substance abuse among consumers of vocational rehabilitation services: Executive summary of epidemiology study.

DATE December 1996

GRANTEE I.18

DESCRIPTION An epidemiological study of substance use and abuse by consumers of vocational rehabilitation services within a multi-state region in the mid-west. Previous research findings by SARDI indicated that substance abuse among VR consumers is hidden much more often than diagnosed. For this reason, the epidemiology study included all VR consumers, not just those

with documented histories of substance use problems.

**COST** Free

F.9 TITLE The vocational rehabilitation of American Indians who have alcohol or drug abuse disorders.

AUTHOR(S) Robert M. Schacht and Julie Baldwin

DATE 1997.

GRANTEE I.2

**DESCRIPTION** A summary of research, including information about treatment centers and vocational rehabilitation counselors. Order #: RR 47, 25 pages.

**COST** \$4.00

F. 10 TITLE The vocational rehabilitation of American Indians who have alcohol or drug abuse disorders.

AUTHOR(S) Robert M. Schacht and Lee Gaseoma

DATE December 1993

GRANTEE I.2

The results of a survey of VR counselors in 14 states to determine the proportion of American Indian clients with alcohol or substance abuse problems and the kinds of specialized services provided to them. Order #: RR 3, 45 pages.

**COST** \$6.00



## G. Training Manuals

G. 1 ATOD prevention activities for youth and adults with disabilities.

AUTHOR(S) Jacques C.Demers (Ed.)

DATE 1998

GRANTEE I.18

DESCRIPTION

Developed for teachers, prevention specialists, health educators and others who have an impact on the lives of people with disabilities. Included are a broad selection of activities that can be used to help people with disabilities avoid involvement in unhealthy behaviors such as alcohol, tobacco and other drug use. The activities were designed to appeal to individuals with a wide range of cognitive abilities and learning styles. Also included are an overview of alcohol, tobacco and other drug prevention for people with disabilities and guidelines for implementing prevention activities with this population.

**COST** \$12.00

**G.2** TITLE Brain injury and substance abuse.

DATE 1998

GRANTEE I.10

**DESCRIPTION** 

This series of booklets contains information for professionals in healthcare, human services agencies and vocational rehabilitation. Its purpose is to provide the most up-to-date information about brain injury and substance use and abuse. Inside a folder are six booklets:

Whatever it Takes. 10 principles for community professionals helping persons with brain injury.

ABUSE Screening: How to screen for substance abuse among persons with brain injury.

TBI Screening: How to screen for traumatic brain injury. Stages of Change: How people change addictive behavior and what supports the change process.

Motivational Interviewing: A counseling technique to help people make difficult changes.

Community Teams: How community professionals can work together collaboratively.

**COST** \$5.00

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Chapter 9: Substance abuse services. In When a farmworker bas a disability: A guide for providers.

DATE October 1997

GRANTEE I.13

DESCRIPTION

Chapter 9 addresses issues related to the definition of substance abuse disability, raising awareness and making referrals, and available resources. Includes patient handouts in English and Spanish. Chapter is part of a larger resource for health care providers to help them understand disability issues and educate low-literacy farmworkers. Other chapters cover general disability issues, vocational rehabilitation, income support (SSI/SSDI), special education, adaptive aids, developmental disabilities and mental health services. Chapter 9 is not sold separately.

AVAILABLE National Center for Farmworker Health, Inc., PO Box 150009, Austin, TX 78715, (512) 312-2700.

COST \$7.00

**Chapter 11, Substance abuse.** In *Spinal cord injury:* A manual for healthy living

1998 DATE

GRANTEE I.17

DESCRIPTION

One of twenty-nine chapters in the comprehensive publication, Spinal Cord Injury: A Manual for Healthy Living, this eight-page chapter provides a broad overview of substance abuse and SCI. Includes definitions of "substances of abuse" and information on the short- and long-term effects of alcohol, hallucinogens, marijuana, stimulants and depressants on people with spinal cord injury. Also included are questionnaires for self-assessment and information on organizations, programs and other resources for individuals and their family members. Chapter not sold separately.

\$60.00 plus \$7.50 shipping & handling for the entire manual.

TIME Disabilities and possible challenges in the learning **environment.** In Accommodating adults with disabilities in adult education programs.

DATE May 1998

GRANTEE I.14

**DESCRIPTION** Research and demonstration of a model for successfully accommodating adults with disabilities in adult education programs. Among the list of examples of challenges learners with disabilities may face in the classroom setting is a recovery from substance abuse category.

\$24.00 COST



**G.6** TITLE The Hatherleigh Guide to Treating Substance Abuse, Part II, Introduction.

AUTHOR(S) Eileen Wolkstein

DATE 1996

GRANTEE I.18

**DESCRIPTION** Volume II addresses the important issues affecting special populations of individuals with substance abuse problems. Twenty-two experts in the field discuss strategies for treating special populations of substance abusing patients.

**COST** \$29.95

ALSO AVAILABLE Hatherleigh Press, 1114 1st Avenue, New York, NY, 10021, 1-800-376-2550.

G.7 TITLE HIV/AIDS & People with Serious Mental Illness: Strategies for Service Providers Working with Mental Health Consumers.

**AUTHOR(S)** Lisa Razzano, Cynthia Mason, Jay Callahan, Jerre Donnelly, Nicole Richardson and Margaret Murphy

DATE 1997

GRANTEE I.7

DESCRIPTION The chapter on substance abuse includes: Prevalence of SA in specific diagnostic groups, reasons for SA among persons with severe mental illness, drugs of choice, unique problems, relationship of SA to risk for HIV infection in persons with mental illness and clinical implications.

**COST** \$10.00

**G.8** TITLE Hospital to Community Independent Living Program Manual,

AUTHOR(S) Darlene A. Groomes, Denise Tate, Marty Forchheimer, Mark Arnett, RoAnne Chaney, Rosalie Karunas and Julie Smith

DATE March 1996

GRANTEE I.24

DESCRIPTION Manual includes Module II on substance abuse. The unit objectives include (1) increasing the participant knowledge of the effects and possible interaction of prescription and over-the-counter medications, alcohol and illicit drugs, and (2) helping the participant to examine the importance of the role of alcohol and illicit drugs in their lives and home environments.

**COST** Cost of printing and mailing.



G.9 TITLE Living with psychiatric disability and HIV/AIDS.

AUTHOR(S) John H. Perry, Laura L. Mancuso, Lisa Razzano and Judith A. Cook

**DATE** 1997

GRANTEE I.7

**DESCRIPTION** 122 page manual developed from a need for more information

about mental health consumers who are HIV-positive. Appendix B, Study Instruments, includes three questions regarding consumer

SA in the interview protocols.

**COST** \$10.00

**G.10** TITLE Orientation to deafness and hearing loss: Identity, culture and resiliency.

AUTHOR(S) Jo Ann Ford, Dennis Moore and Jean Modry (Ed.)

DATE March 1996

GRANTEE I.18

**DESCRIPTION** This set includes a manual and two signed video tapes which

were developed for use as either a self-guided training or as part of a group training. The manual and accompanying videotapes explore hearing loss, Deaf culture, risks for substance abuse and resiliency traits. Resources for further study are included as well.

All tapes have sign language interpretation.

**COST** \$50.00

G.11 TITLE Substance abuse, disability, and vocational rehabilitation.

TYPE Training Manual

AUTHOR(S) Eileen Wolkstein and Dennis Moore

DATE 1996

GRANTEE I.18

**DESCRIPTION** Set of nine curriculum modules, case studies, and guides provides

a wealth of information about providing services to people with co-existing disabilities and is applicable to vocational rehabilitation professionals, substance abuse professionals and other professionals who are working with this population. Modules can be used alone or in combination to meet a variety of training needs. Modules included: addressing substance abuse in rehabilitation counseling; integrating substance abuse in community based rehabilitation programs; collaboration and consumer empowerment; psychosocial adjustment and vocational planning; job placement issues and approaches; relapse prevention; and career planning.

**COST** \$10.00



WILE Substance abuse, disability and vocational rehabilitation.

TYPE Internet course

AUTHOR(S) Eileen Wolkstein and Dennis Moore

1999

GRANTEE I.18

This Web course, which requires online registration and a user password, is designed to provide current information and skill building in the area of substance abuse and coexisting disabilities with an emphasis on vocational rehabilitation strategies. By taking this course, participants will increase their knowledge of the risks and consequences associated with substance abuse and disability. This course can be used to gain college credits, CEUs or CRCs. It can also be purchased for a minimal fee as a textbook or can be used for trainings within agencies and institutions, or for private use.

AVAILABLE ONLINE Drug Abuse and Disability Web Site: "Substance Abuse, Disability and Vocational Rehabilitation" <a href="http://nri.drake.edu/nyu>">http://nri.drake.edu/nyu>">

**G.13** TITLE Substance use and abuse after brain injury: A programmer's guide.

AUTHOR(S) Ohio Valley Center for Brain Injury Prevention and Rehabilitation

**DATE** 1998

GRANTEE I.10

**DESCRIPTION** Contents include a broad overview, stages of change for individuals who use or abuse substances, patient education program, parent or significant other education program, screening, assessment, motivational interviewing, concept of team approach, making referrals and follow-up and handouts designed for facility-based professionals.

\$5.00 each (complimentary samples available) COST

User's manual for faster... More reliable operation of a brain after injury.

AUTHOR(S) Ohio Valley Center for Brain Injury Prevention and Rehabilitation

**DATE** 1997

GRANTEE I.10

DESCRIPTION A secondary prevention education piece for survivors of brain injury and family members presenting material about the adverse effects of substance use after a brain injury.

COST \$.40 each (complimentary samples available)



## H. Video and Audio Tapes

Mal TITLE Alcohol, medications and you.

**DATE** 1988

GRANTEE I.17

RUNNING TIME (video) 17 minutes

**DESCRIPTION** Describes alcohol's effects and interactions with medication.

Starts with a description of BAC related to spinal cord injury, then describes effects on the central nervous system, the urinary system, the cardio-vascular system and the gastro-intestinal system. Discusses dangerous interactions with alcohol and medicine by medication categories including analgesics, narcotics, anti-depressants, stimulants, sedatives, muscle relaxants, anti-spasmatics, antihypertensives, diuretics, anti-infectives, hypoglycemics, blood thinners and mild and major tranquilizers as well as over the counter medications.

**COST** \$75.00 plus \$7.50 shipping and handling.

H.2 THE From nowhere to somewhere: Street drugs & your rehabilitation.

DATE 1988

GRANTEE I.17

RUNNING TIME (video) 15 minutes

DESCRIPTION Discusses street drugs and how they may affect rehabilitation for

spinal cord injury. Adverse effects, alcohol and prescription drug interactions and expected physiologic response to marijuana, hallucinogens, stimulants including cocaine, crack and crank and depressants including heroin and barbiturates are explored through the experience of a recovering addict with a spinal

cord injury.

**COST** \$75.00 plus \$7.50 shipping and handling.

Hall TIME Substance abuse in rehabilitation facilities. No problem? Think again...

DATE 1995

GRANTEE I.17

RUNNING TIME (video) 31 minutes

A panel of individuals with traumatic spinal cord and brain injuries dispels the myth that substance abuse in rehabilitation facilities is

not a problem. Includes discussion of (a) substance abuse while in



10 44

rehabilitation; (b) denial—patient, staff, institutional; and (c) signs and symptoms.

**COST** \$89.95 plus \$7.50 shipping and handling.

H.4 TITLE Treatment of alcoholism in Native Americans.

**AUTHOR(S)** Christine and Fred Cobell

DATE August 1994

GRANTEE I.2

RUNNING TIME (audio) 90 minutes

DESCRIPTION Christine and Fred are recovering alcoholics who have been working in alcoholism treatment since their recovery about 20 years ago. Informal approach lecture discusses what it is like to be an alcoholic and Native American in the United States. They discuss alternative treatment modalities and include many personal

experiences in their talk. Order #: AC 1.

**COST** \$6.00

H.5 TITLE Update on fetal alcohol syndrome and fetal alcohol effects.

**AUTHOR(S)** Carolyn Hartness

DATE August 1994

GRANTEE I.2

**RUNNING TIME** (audio) 45 minutes

**DESCRIPTION** Training tape utilizing personal testimony from Carolyn Hartness whose father is Cherokee. Carolyn shares her experience on working with American Indians in the Southwest around issues related to fetal alcohol syndrome and fetal alcohol effects. This is an audio tape of a training that uses slides so its usefulness may be limited. Order #: AC 8.

**COST** \$6.00

## I. NIDRR Grantees that Provided Substance Abuse and Disability Information

\* Note: All Grantees indicated that items were available in December 1998. Some of these projects have completed their NIDRR-funded work.

ADA Materials Development Project Relating to Employment, Cornell University, 106 ILR Extension, Ithaca, NY 14853-3901

PHONE (607) 255-2906

**CONTACT** Dr. Susanne Bruyere

E-MAIL smb23@cornell.edu

ITEMS E.2

American Indian RRTC, Institute for Human Development, University Affiliated Programs, Northern Arizona University, PO Box 5630, Flagstaff, AZ 86011-5630

PHONE (520) 523-1340

CONTACT Ms. Julie Anna Clay

E-MAIL Julie.Clay@nau.edu

ITEMS D.47; F.1; F.3; F.4; F.6; F9; F.10; H.4; H.5

Comprehensive Systems of Care of Traumatic Brain Injury, Santa Clara Valley Medical Center, 950 South Bascom Avenue, Suite 2011, San Jose, CA 95128

PHONE (408) 295-9896

**CONTACT** Dr. Jeffrey Englander

E-MAIL bookies@aol.com

ITEMS D.25

Johns Hopkins University Burn Injury Rehabilitation Model System, Baltimore Regional Burn Center, Johns Hopkins Bayview Medical Center, 4940 Eastern Avenue, Baltimore, MD 21224

**PHONE** (410) 550-0894

CONTACT Ms. Amy Bryant

E-MAIL abryant@jhmi.edu

ITEMS D.51



Meeting the Needs of Women with Disabilities: A Blueprint for Change, Berkeley Planning Associates, 440 Grand Avenue, Suite 500, Oakland, CA 94610

PHONE (510) 465-7884

CONTACT Ms. Ann Cupolo Freeman

E-MAIL ann@bpacal.com

ITEMS A.1

1.6

MRI/Penn RTC on Vocational Rehabilitation Services for Persons with Long-Term Mental Illness, Matrix Research Institute, 6008 Wayne Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19144

PHONE (215) 438-8200

**CONTACT** Dr. Barbara Granger

E-MAIL bgmatrix@aol.com

ITEMS C.1

1.7

National RTC on Psychiatric Disability, University of Illinois-Chicago, 104 South Michigan Avenue, Suite 900, Chicago, IL 60603-5901

PHONE (312) 422-8180

CONTACT Ms. Jessica Jonikas

E-MAIL jonikas@psych.uic.edu

ITEMS E.9; G.7; G.9

8.1

Native American Research and Training Center (NARTC), Rehabilitation of American Indians with Disabilities, University of Arizona, 1642 East Helen Street, Tucson, AZ 85719

PHONE (520) 621-5075

CONTACT Dr. Jennie R. Joe

E-MAIL jrjoe@u.arizona.edu

ITEMS C.3; C.4; C.6; D.3; D.32

**1.9**.

Northwest Regional Spinal Cord Injury System, University of Washington School of Medicine, Department of Rehabilitation Medicine, Box 356490, Seattle, WA 98195-6490

PHONE (206) 543-8171

CONTACT Ms. Cynthia Salzman

E-MAIL csalzman@u.washington.edu

ITEMS B.1

47



Ohio Regional Traumatic Brain Injury Model System, Ohio Valley Center for Brain Injury Prevention & Rehabilitation, Department of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, 480 W. 9th Avenue, 1166 Dodd Hall, Columbus, OH 43210

PHONE (614) 293-3802

CONTACT Mr. Gary Lamb-Hart

E-MAIL lamb-hart.1@osu.edu

TEMS B.3; G.2; G.13; G.14

0,11

Post-Traumatic Epilepsy in Traumatic Brain Injury, Santa Clara Valley Medical Center, 950 South Bascom Avenue, Suite 2011, San Jose, CA 95128

PHONE (408) 295-9896

CONTACT Dr. Jeffrey Englander

E-MAIL bookies@aol.com

ITEMS B.10

1.12

Regional Spinal Cord Injury Care System of Southern California, Rancho Los Amigos Medical Center, Los Amigos Research & Education Institute, Inc. (LAREI), East Imperial Highway, Downey, CA 90242

PHONE (562) 401-7161

CONTACT Dr. Robert L. Waters

**E-MAIL** rwaters@dhs.co.la.ca.us

ITEMS D.41

1.13

Rehabilitation of Migrant & Seasonal Farmworkers with Disabilities, Berkeley Planning Associates, 440 Grand Avenue, Suite 500, Oakland, CA 94610

PHONE (510) 465-7884

CONTACT Ms. Marlene F. Strong

E-MAIL marlene@bpacal.com

ITEMS G.3

.14

Research & Demonstration of a Model for Successfully Accommodating Adults with Disabilities in Adult Education Programs, University of Kansas, Institute for Adult Studies, Center for Research on Learning, Dole Center, Lawrence, KS 66045-2342

PHONE (785) 864-4780

CONTACT Dr. Daryl Mellard

E-MAIL dmellard@quest.sped.ukans.edu

items G.5





Research and Training Project for Infants, Children and Youth; Center for Children with Chronic Illness and Disability (C3ID); Institute for Health and Disability; Division of General Pediatrics and Adolescent Health; University of Minnesota, Box 721, 420 Delaware Street SE, Minneapolis, MN 55455-0392

**PHONE** (612) 626-3014

CONTACT Ms. Marty Smith

**E-MAIL** martys@maroon.tc.umn.edu

ITEMS D.20

1.16

RRTC on Aging with Spinal Cord Injury (1993-1997), Craig Hospital, Research Department, 3425 South Clarkson Street, Englewood, CO 80110

**PHONE** (303) 789-8308

**CONTACT** Mr. Kenneth Gerhart

**E-MAIL** kgerhart@craighospital.org

ITEMS B.5; B.6; B.7; E.3; E.10

1.17

RRTC in Community Integration for Individuals with Spinal Cord Injury, Baylor College of Medicine, The Institute of Rehabilitation and Research, TIRR, B-107, 1333 Moursund, Houston, TX 77030-3405

**PHONE** (713) 797-5940; (800) 732-8124

CONTACT Dr. Karen A. Hart

**E-MAIL** khart@bcm.tmc.edu

ITEMS E.1; G.4; H.1; H.2; H.3

1:18

RRTC on Drugs and Disability, Wright State University School of Medicine, PO Box 927, Dayton, OH 45401-0927. (V/TTY)

**PHONE** (937) 259-1384 voice/TTD

**CONTACT** Dr. Beth Corbitt

**E-MAIL** sardi@wright.edu

ITEMS B.2; B.8; B.9; C.2; C.5; D.1; D.6; D.14; D.16; D.23; D.26; D.30; D.33; D.36; D.37; D.38; D.39; D.40; D.43; D.46; D.48; E.4; E.5; E.6; E.7; E.8; F.7; F.8.; G.1; G.6; G.10; G.11; G.12



RRTC in Secondary Complications in Spinal Cord Injury, University of Alabama-Birmingham, Spain Rehabilitation Center, Department of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, 1717 6th Avenue South, Room 506, Birmingham, AL 35233-7330

PHONE (205) 934-3283

CONTACT Ms. Barbara H. Key

E-MAIL key@sun.rehabm.uab.edu

ITEMS D.50

1.20

RTC for Children's Mental Health, University of South Florida, Louis de la Parte Florida Mental Health Institute, Bruce B. Downs Boulevard, Tampa, FL 33612

**PHONE** (813) 974-4500

**CONTACT** Ms. Jane Willis

**E-MAIL** willis@fmhi.usf.edu

ITEMS A.3; D.9; D.18; D.27; D.45; F.2; F.5

1.21

RTC on Community Integration of Individuals with Traumatic Brain Injury, Mount Sinai School of Medicine, Gustave L. Levy Place, Box 1240, New York, NY 10029-6574

PHONE (212) 241-7917

CONTACT Dr. Wayne A; Gordon

**E-MAIL** wayne\_gordon@smtplink.mssm.edu

ITEMS D.17

1.22

RTC on Improving the Functioning of Families Who Have Members with Disabilities, University of Kansas, Beach Center on Families and Disability, 3111 Haworth Hall, Lawrence, KS 66045

PHONE (785) 864-7600

CONTACT Dr. Ann Turnbull

**E-MAIL** ann@dole.lsi.ukans.edu

ITEMS B.4



Traumatic Brain Injury Model System of Rehabilitation Care, Virginia Commonwealth University, Medical college of Virginia, Department of PM & R, MVC Station, Box 980542, Richmond, VA 23298-0542

PHONE (804) 828-9055.

CONTACT Ms. Jennifer Marwitz

E-MAIL jmarwitz@gems.vcu.edu

A.2; D.2; D.5; D.7; D.10; D.11; D.29; D.31; D.34; D.35; D.42; D.44

1.24

University of Michigan Model Spinal Cord Injury Care System, University of Michigan Medical Center, Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, 300 North Ingalls, Room NI2A09, Ann Arbor, MI 48109-0491

PMONE (734) 763-0971

CONTACT Ms. Rosalie Karunas

E-MAIL rosakaru@umich.edu

ITEMS D.4; D.8; D.12; D.13; D.15; D.19; D.21; D.24; D.28; D.49; G.8

1.25

WVRRTC: Management of Information and Informational Systems in State Vocational Rehabilitation Agencies, West Virginia University RRTC, 806 Allen Hall, P.O. Box 6122, Morgantown, WV 26506-6122

PHONE (304) 293-5313

**CONTACT** Dr. Ranjit Majumder

E-MAIL majumder@rtc1.icdi.wvu.edu

ITEMS D.22

## Contact NARIC about purchasing items in this Guide:

National Rehabilitation Information Center KRA Corporation 1010 Wayne Avenue, Suite 800 Silver Spring, MD 20910-5633 (800) 346-2742 (301) 562-2400 (301) 495-5626 (TTY) <a href="http://www.naric.com">http://www.naric.com</a>

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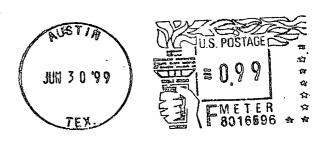






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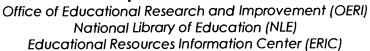


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