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ABSTRACT

This paper reports on a survey that examined writing pedagogy and assessment across the State University of New York (SUNY) system. The survey attempted to identify "best practices" in writing pedagogy, the extent to which these practices are being implemented, characteristics of campuses implementing these practices, and whether instruction by full-time professors is more likely to include these practices. Respondents included 3 university centers, 12 colleges, and 18 community colleges. Major findings indicated that half of the respondents have assessment under the English Department's control and half have all-campus assessment; half of composition is taught by part-time staff or teaching assistants; three-fourths of campuses have class sizes limited to 25 or less, 87 percent have a writing center; 97 percent provide writing tutors; 69 percent use writing samples to place students in composition classes; 64 percent use holistic scoring; only 18 percent use portfolio assessment for composition program evaluation; and only 12 percent require two semesters of freshman composition and two semesters of writing across the curriculum. Appendices include a map showing SUNY campus locations, detailed data on survey responses by question, cross-tabular analysis of the assessment questionnaire, and a list of respondents. (DB)



A Decade Past Wyoming...

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WRITING PEDAGOGY AND ASSESSMENT IN THE SUNY SYSTEM A REPORT TO THE SUNY COUNCIL ON WRITING APRIL, 1998

by Susan Mondschein Leist, EDD. SUNY College at Buffalo With Charles H. Leist Statistical Consultant

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Without the assistance and support of my husband, Chuck Leist, a graduate student at SUNY Buffalo, this report would have never come into existence in this form. The writing of it as well as the processing and the statistical treatment of the data has been a learning experience for both of us and a true test of our relationship. He deserves all my love and lots of gratitude for what he has done during this process. He has both.

Also, as always, my thanks to Pat Belanoff, President of the SUNY Council on Writing, for encouragement and support. Norman Gayford, Executive Secretary of the Council has supported this effort also, particularly by making copies for the members



SUMMARY COMMENTARY On A REPORT ON WRITING PEDAGOGY AND ASSESSMENT

Susan Mondschein Leist

The survey contains 27 items designed to collect information about the state of writing instruction in the SUNY system. It was constructed in four sections.

First was a section on assessment and teaching procedures. Four questions dealt with who assesses writing on the specific campus and how those assessments are used. Then the next questions dealt with who teaches writing and how part-time faculty and TA's are paid to teach it. (Questions 1-6)

Data in this section reveals that among the campuses who responded a third have assessment under the control of the English department, another third have all-campus assessment, and the rest did not answer. Two-thirds have the responsibility for assessment in the English department, but half have results delivered to the academic community by the administration. Half use assessment results both to influence and improve teaching and learning and to enhance institutional effectiveness. As to who teaches writing, in colleges and community colleges, half of composition is taught by part-time staff. In universities, most of it is taught by TA's. Under a third of all people who teach composition have composition credentials. Around 45% have some training, on-site or otherwise, in composition pedagogy. Around half of the responding campuses pay their part-timers between \$1200 and \$2000 per course. Sometimes TA's make more than part-timers.

Next was one question with 27 parts stated as conditions present on the campus. This covered diverse elements such as whether grammar is taught, whether writing centers and a WAC program exist, whether exit exams are used, and whether portfolio assessment is in place. (Question 7)

Data in this section reveal that three-fourths of the campuses have class sizes limited to 25 or less. On 91% of campuses, composition is required for graduation, but data from a later section show that some campuses require only one semester (15%) and only 12% require two composition courses and two WAC courses. Three-fourths have the writing program within the English department. More, 87%, have a writing center, but only half have that center within the English department. Most have developmental composition, and half don't count it toward graduation. Half teach no grammar in any composition classroom; another quarter teach grammar 20% of the time. A little over a fourth have exit exams for all composition courses; 30% have exit exams only for developmental courses. (Many did not answer this item). In the great majority (81%), goals and objectives are agreed on by only the composition faculty. Over a third of campuses are involved in goal assessment procedures.

On 97% of campuses, writing tutors are available; on 87% there is a word processing lab available for class sessions. Only a fourth use portfolio assessment for composition. Half the campuses have WAC programs of some kind, but only 21% make any attempt to assess them.



Next was the section on assessment. (Questions 8-21)

Only a few campuses use writing assessment in the admission process or in granting equivalency for composition. Sixty-nine percent (69%) use writing samples to place students in the composition program. The others use either tests or a combination of test scores and writing samples. Thirty-nine percent (39%) measure all entering students; 33% measure only freshmen, (9%) measure only selected groups like those who do not make the cut-off score on ACT or SAT.

As to scoring approaches, the majority (64%) use holistic scoring. On a quarter of campuses, there is no exemption from composition. Sixty-nine percent (69%) accept transfer courses and 54% grant equivalency from outside test scores-ACT, SAT, CLEP, AP. The data is about equally divided on who evaluates exits from composition-half use committees and half use all composition faculty.

A quarter of the respondents use writing assessments for program evaluation and fewer use them for curriculum revision.. Sixty-three percent said that there is congruence between assessment and program goals, but only half have specific program goals. Only 12% are using portfolios as a pre- or post-measure.

Questions on portfolio assessment particularly came next. (Questions 22-23)

Still at this time, woefully few campuses are using portfolio assessment. Eighteen percent (18%) use it for composition program evaluation. Twelve percent (12%) use it to exempt from composition. A quarter use it for field-specific proficiency for graduation and only 3% use it for WAC program evaluation. Interestingly enough, 90% report that they have field-specified writing requirements. Thirty-six percent (36%) reported the nature of their portfolio requirements, though this is not tied to what those portfolios are used for.

Next were questions on the nature of writing requirements on campuses. (Question 24-25)

Forty-five percent (45%) require 2 semesters of freshman composition; 15% only require one. Eighteen percent (18%) require 1 semester of freshman comp and 1 semester of WAC. Only 12% require two semesters of freshman composition and two semesters of WAC. All the respondents supplied names of their writing courses.

Last were two items-an indication of desire to participate in an e-mail discussion list and a name/address/phone for the contact person on campus. (Questions 26-27)

Appendix D is a list of the respondents who expressed a desire for E-mail contact. Only two did not. If you did not get a copy of the full document, we will supply copies of this list to you.



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I. INTRODUCTION:

This is the second time in recent years that writing assessment and pedagogy in the SUNY system have been studied. An earlier survey concerning writing programs and assessment in the SUNY system was conducted by Dr. Mary Lynch Kennedy of SUNY Cortland in 1992. The results of that survey were analyzed for simple counts, and a report on the results was delivered to the Council at the C.O.W. Spring Conference in 1995. At that time, the Council decided to sponsor a more extensive survey to be conducted in 1996-97. This report is on the results of that new survey.

The present survey is an elaboration of the 1992 survey form. In the process of constructing it, I also read the 1994 version of the "Missouri Writing Survey", modeling some questions on items in it.

In this survey, I attempted to elicit information on: freshman composition programs and their assessment, the amount of freshman composition being taught by part-time professors and teaching assistants the rates of pay for that work writing-across-the-curriculum programs and their assessment use of portfolio assessment in general in the system.

My basic purpose for conducting this survey was to reveal the state of writing pedagogy and assessment over the whole system. My research questions were:

- "According to the criteria established by the profession as a whole for what comprises 'best practices' in writing pedagogy and assessment, are the practices in the SUNY system as a whole congruent with these principles?"
- "According to this same criteria, on which kind of campuses in the system are 'best practices' most prevalent"?
- "Are campuses where most composition is taught by full-time professors those which have best practices? (The assumption is that having composition taught by full-time professors costs much more than having composition taught by part-time professors.)"

These questions as well as others revealed during the process of data analysis yielded interesting answers.

II. LITERATURE SURVEY

In order to facilitate answering the first two of these questions, I ran database searches in ERIC and MLA abstracts to find out whether other surveys of this kind had been done and whether there was a statement of established principles for writing programs which would be useful as a criteria set for evaluating this data.



In fact, there was a national survey on writing assessment conducted in 1992 under the auspices of the Conference on College Composition and Communication. Titled "Survey of Postsecondary Writing Assessment Practices", its results were presented at Four C's in 1993, then later published in ERIC. This survey dealt only with assessment practices in institutions of higher education in the nation, both public and private. Its results were presented in five sections: 1. Overall Results, 2. Results for Institutions of Different Sizes, 3. Results for Institutions Categorized by Public/Private Status, 4. Results for Institutions Categorized According To Their Status as 2 Year or 4 Year Institutions, and 5. Respondents' Reports of Satisfaction or Dissatisfaction Related to Selected Survey Questions.

The conclusions section of the report on this survey stated that the "portrait of writing assessment practices in the United States provided by the survey results is not always encouraging. (85)". Too many institutions were still using standardized tests for placement or graduation gatekeeping, but many of those used such tests in combination with direct writing assessment. Also, a "growing number" were using direct writing assessment alone, most timed writing assessment. A majority of those collected only one writing sample for assessment rather than a portfolio. However, faculty were involved in and/or governed writing assessment on most campuses reporting and were generally satisfied with assessment procedures on their campuses. "In general, most (75%) respondents agreed that the assessment of writing skills had a good influence on writing instruction at their campuses. (86)". Those who were not cited inadequate methods, interference with the educational process, and misrepresentation of student abilities (87).

The "Missouri Writing Survey", a survey similar to this present one has been conducted in recent years by Jane Frick, (Missouri Western University) under the auspices of the Missouri Colloquim on Writing Assessment. That survey has been conducted every year since 1989. It includes questions on writing pedagogy as well as assessment, as does this present survey.

As to statements of "best practices", College Composition and Communication (October, 1989), published a "Statement of Principles and Standards for the Postsecondary Teaching of Writing" which was approved by the CCCC Executive Committee. The statement was developed after the famous Wyoming Conference on College Composition and Communication in Laramie, Wyoming, in 1987 which produced the famous Wyoming Resolution. After a two-year study of conditions nationwide, CCCC issued this statement. In two parts, the statement deals with "Professional Standards That Promote Quality Education" and "Teaching Conditions Necessary For Quality Education". Much of this statement concerns working conditions for professionals, not a concern of our survey, but these parts of the statement are relevant:

1. Professional Standards That Promote Quality Education

A. Full-time faculty

To provide the highest quality of instruction, departments offering composition and writing courses should rely on full-time tenured or tenure-track faculty members who are both prepared for and committed to the teaching of writing. The teaching of writing courses need not be limited, however, to those faculty members whose primary area of scholarship is rhetoric and composition. Because of the significant intellectual and practical connections between reading and writing, composition and literature, it is desirable that faculty from both areas of specialization teach I the composition program. Ideally, faculty from each area should have the training and experience necessary to teach in both the composition and literature programs.



- Whenever possible, faculty professionally committed to rhetoric and composition should coordinate and supervise composition programs. Those who supervise writing programs should also be involved in determining policy and budget for their programs.
- B. Graduate Assistants
- Graduate students' teaching experience should be understood as an essential part of their training for future professional responsibilities. They are primarily students and should never, for mere economic expediency, be used to replace tenure-line faculty in the staffing of composition programs.
- Each institution should provide adequate training and supervision of graduate writing instructors, and this training should be conducted by someone with appropriate preparation or experience in rhetoric and composition.
- Nearly all graduate students teaching writing in English departments are fully in charge of their classes. Because the university entrusts them with such serious responsibility—their compensation, benefits, class size and course load should be adjusted accordingly.
- C. Part-time Faculty
- CCCC and other professional associations generally recognize two legitimate reasons for hiring parttime faculty: 1. To teach specialized courses for which no regular faculty are available and which require special practical knowledge, and 2. To meet unexpected increases in enrollment. Abuses in this second category are cause for the most serious concern. Assuring and sustaining quality in education is incompatible with relying, purely for fiscal expediency, on part-time faculty appointments in rhetoric and composition.
- When more than 10% of a department's course sections are taught by part-time faculty, the department should reconsider its hiring practices.
- To assure that students receive the instructional excellence to which they have the right, the educational qualifications and experience of all part-time faculty members should meet the highest professional standards. Part-time teachers of writing should 1. Demonstrate superior writing ability, 2. Demonstrate professional involvement with composition theory and pedagogy, and
 - 3. Present evidence in the successful teaching of composition.
- They should receive a salary that accurately reflects their teaching duties and any duties outside the classroom they are asked to assume. Compensation, per course, for part-time faculty should never be lower than per course compensation for full-time faculty with comparable experience, duties, and credentials.
- 2. Teaching Conditions Necessary for Quality Education

No more than 20 students should be permitted in any writing class.

Remedial or developmental sections should be limited to 15.

- No English faculty member should teach more than 60 writing students in a term. In developmental writing classes, the maximum should be 45.
- D. The effectiveness of classroom instruction is significantly improved by the assistance students receive in writing centers....Because these centers enhance the conditions of teachings and learning, their development and support should be an important departmental and institutional priority.

In <u>College Composition and Communication</u>, (October, 1990) Susan Wyche-Smith and Shirley K. Rose published "One Hundred Ways to Make the Wyoming Resolution a Reality: A Guide to Personal and Political Action". This is a list divided into eight categories advising actions which can be taken by every constituency involved from students through deans and then professional organizations and editors of professional journals. Eight years later, it is as apropos as it was in 1990,



but if people have been acting on its suggestions, their action cannot have been highly effective.

The English Council of the California State University System published its version of the CCCC Statements in College Composition and Communication, (October 1991). Their principles statement was based on a questionnaire and attitude survey distributed among the California State System's English professors. Their statement is completely reflective of the CCCC Statement with only a few additions in the area of specifying the evaluation of composition research being considered for tenure.

III. METHODOLOGY

The survey was sent in hard copy to all 64 campuses of the system as well as Comell University, which has some of its functions under the system. It was, as well, distributed over E-mail to the C.O.W. distribution list. I was aided in the second distribution by Dr. Norman Gayford and by DeAnna Bradford, a doctoral student at Stony Brook, who also assisted by making some follow-up calls.

I received a return of 33 surveys from both these distributions, representing a 51.5% response rate. Surveys came in from 3 university centers, (including Cornell), which represents a 60% response rate for that sub-sample. Twelve colleges responded, representing a 40% response for that sub-sample. Eighteen community colleges responded, representing a 60% response rate for that sub-sample. (There are 4 university centers, plus Cornell. There are 30 colleges, including health science centers, colleges of technology, specialized colleges, and statutory colleges. There are 30 community colleges. (See Appendix A – State University of New York Campuses.)

As a whole, the sample is substantially larger than the minimum 10% required for descriptive research and allows generalization to the local population (Gay, 1987, 114-115.) Each of the subsamples is also substantially larger than 10% of the population represented. The relatively high rate of return suggests that the sample can be termed unbiased.

The only major challenge to internal reliability of the data is the relatively high number of "missing" answers on the responses. Were the survey to be conducted again, a lesser number of "missing" entries could affect the results. "Missing" entries in this data can often be interpreted as "no" answers; however, that interpretation was not made in this report.

The processing was completed by entering the data yielded by these surveys into a computer program called Statistical Programs for Social Science (SPSS), a general use program for statistical research. I then ran frequencies for all the data and cross tabulations for all of the other 72 variables with the one categorical variable called "years"-community college, college, and university center.



IV. RESULTS

This is the survey form as it was distributed. ***********************************

ASSESSMENT QUESTIONNAIRE
1. At your institution,, how is writing assessment conducted? (Attach separate sheets, if necessary, for questions 1,2,3.)
2. By whom is writing assessment conducted at your institution?
3. How are assessment results delivered to the academic community on your campus?
4. Do you use assessment results to: A. Influence/improve teaching and learning B. Strengthen programs and activities C. Enhance institutional effectiveness
5. By whom is composition taught on your campus? A. Part-time professors% B. Full-time professors% C. Teaching Assistants% D. Persons with credentials in composition pedagogy% E. Persons with on-site training in composition pedagogy% F. Persons without credentials in composition pedagogy or on-site training%
6. What is the rate of pay per composition course on your campus? A. Part-time professors per B. Teaching Assistants
7. Please check the conditions in this list which exist on your campus: A. Developmental composition exists B. Developmental composition counts toward graduation C. Formal grammar is taught in developmental composition classrooms (% of instructional time) D. Formal grammar is taught in all composition classrooms (% of instructional time) E. Class size in all composition classrooms is limited to F. One or more writing centers exist G. Writing tutors are available



I. V	Word processing lab for class sessions exists
	Composition is required for graduation
	Goals and objectives for composition are agreed upon by all composition
	uctors
	Goals and objectives for composition receive campus-wide input
	A writing-across-the-curriculum program exists
	Two or more writing intensive courses are required for graduation
	Course exit exams are used for all composition courses
	Course exit exams are used only for developmental courses
	Course exit exams are used only for specified courses (What are they?)
	Exit portfolios are used for all composition courses
	Exit portfolios are used only for developmental courses
	Exit portfolios are used only for specified courses (What are they?)
	Exit exams are common for all sections of a course
	Exit exams are common for all sections of a course
	•
	Writing-across-the-curriculum is assessed
	Writing program has a set of written goals/objectives or a mission
	ement
	My campus is planning or involved in goal assessment procedures
	Writing program is within the English Department
a. '	Writing program is under non-English Department jurisdiction(Whose?)
8. W	hat are your purposes for assessing student writing?
	College admission (e.g. Application essays)
	lacement
	reshman composition equivalence credit
	Exit from developmental or regular composition courses
	Evaluation of two-year program
	ertification of writing proficiency
	ng junior level
	er division level
	or field level
,	
	duation gatekeeper
G. I	Program evaluation
9 W	/hat kinds of measures do you use to place students in writing courses?
	Tests (short-answer, multiple-choice, or true-false)
	nmercially prepared tests (Which one?)
	Vriting sample
	Combination of these
	Portfolio(in some classes)
	Other (Please describe.)
1:. C	Juiet (x lease describe.)

Will you enclose a copy of a prompt recently used on your placement test?



10. Which students do you measure?
A. All students entering the college, freshmen and transfers
B. Graduating students
C. Freshmen only
D. Transfers only
E. Selected groups (e.g., bottom 10% of freshmen) (Please describe
groups.)
groups.)
11. What scoring approach is used in writing assessment on your campus
A. Analytical
B. General impression: holistic
C. General impression: primary trait
D. Other (what kind?)
,
12. Do you use different measures for placement and for equivalency?
Yes
No
13. How do students gain equivalency credit or composition waivers?
A. Cannot. All students must take composition
B. Outside course work (e.g., AP, CLEP)
C. Standardized test scores (e.g. SAT, ACT)
D. Portfolios
E. Courses transferred from other campuses
F. Placement writing sample
G. Other (Explain?)
14 Who evaluates common evit events alecoment events or portfolios?
14. Who evaluates common exit exams, placement exams, or portfolios?
A. All faculty teaching composition
B. Special committee
15. Do you assess writing at upper-division entry level?
A. By test
B. By portfolio
C. Do not
C. Do not
16. Do you assess at upper division exit level?
A. By test
B. By portfolio
C. Do not
17. What purposes do these assessments serve?
A. Program evaluation
B. Graduation barrier
C. Further study barrier
D. Other (Explain?)



18. What is done with the results?
A. Curriculum revision
B. Program evaluation
C. Require remediation for individuals
D. Other(Explain?)
Di Guiti (Enpina)
19. Is there congruence between your program goals and your assessment
measures?
Yes
No
20. Are now a constant cools appeiled?
20. Are your program goals specific?
Specific
General
21. Which of these pre- and post-measures do you use?
A. None
B. Quantitative
C. Writing samples
D. Portfolios
E. Combination(Explain?)
F. Other(Explain?)
22. For what purpose do you use portfolio assessment?
A. We do not
B. Placement
C. Exemption or equivalency for composition
D. Exit from freshman composition
E. Goals assessment for composition
<u>-</u>
F. Program evaluation documentation
G. Field-specific writing proficiency for graduation
H. Writing-across-the-curriculum program evaluation
23. Describe your portfolio requirements:
A. Cover sheet
Unspecified
One sheet for whole portfolio
One sheet for each essay
B. Contents
Unspecified 3 6 or more
1 4
25
23 C. Drafts
Unspecified
Final drafts only
Preliminary drafts and revisions



24. What is the writing requirement on your campus?
A. Freshman year:
number of semesters
B. After freshman year, but not WAC or Writing Intensive: number of
semesters
C. WAC or Writing Intensive:
number of semesters
D. What are the names of your writing courses?
26. Would you like to participate in a state-wide e-mail discussion list
focusing on the issues covered in this questionnaire?
Yes
No
27. Will you supply your name or that of a willing contact person on your campus? Name Address
e-mail
Phone

See Appendix B for the frequency count tables on all survey answers. Appendix C contains cross tabulations for each variable accruing to each question by type of institution. Information for contac persons on each responding campus is not part of Appendix B or C. For that list, which also comprises a list of those who responded to the survey, see Appendix D.
The survey contains 27 items designed to collect information about the state of writing instruction in the SUNY system. It was constructed in four sections.
First was a section on assessment and teaching procedures. Four questions dealt with who assesses
while a who according a many and how those assessments are used. Then the next questions

writing on the specific campus and how those assessments are used. Then the next questions dealt with who teaches writing and how part-time faculty and TA's are paid to teach it. (Questions 1-6)

Next was one question with 27 parts stated as conditions present on the campus. This covered diverse elements such as whether grammar is taught, whether writing centers and a WAC program exist, whether exit exams are used, and whether portfolio assessment is in place. (Question 7)

Next was the section on assessment. (Questions 8-21)

Questions on portfolio assessment particularly came next. (Questions 22-23)

Next were questions on the nature of writing requirements on campuses. (Question 24-25)

Last were two items-an indication of desire to participate in an e-mail discussion list and a name/address/phone for the contact person on campus. (Questions 26-27)

I have chosen to interpret the results using the rubric of relevant material from the Principles. To deal with each of the survey's 74 variables in this section would be counterproductive. The cross



tabulations are as user-friendly as my colleague and I could make them. Further interpretation of them can be done on future occasions in new reports or by individual readers.

Here is the interpretation of our data in the light of each principle:

- To provide the highest quality of instruction, departments offering composition and writing courses should rely on fulltime tenured or tenure-track faculty members who are both prepared for and committed to the teaching of writing. The teaching of writing courses need not be limited, however, to those faculty members whose primary area of scholarship is rhetoric and composition. Because of the significant intellectual and practical connections between reading and writing, composition and literature, it is desirable that faculty from both areas of specialization teach in the composition program.
- In the crosstabs for question 5, we see that there is a fairly wide range of evidence on how we are measuring up to this principle.
- In universities, TA's do between 66% and 85% of the teaching of composition. Part-timers do 12% to 20%. Full-time faculty do 0% to 33%.
- In community colleges, there are a few less full-time than part-time professors teaching. About 54% have above half their composition taught by part-time faculty.
- In colleges, 50% of the responding sites have under half and 50% over half their composition taught by part-timers. Full-time faculty teaching composition ranges between 10% and 100%.
- Ideally, faculty from each area should have the training and experience necessary to teach in both the composition and literature programs.
- In community colleges, 83% have less than 50% of faculty teaching composition with credentials, with 44% of faculty teaching composition having no composition credentials. In colleges, 100% have 50% or less with composition credentials. And 66% of universities have 50% or less with credentials
- In community colleges, only 5% have everyone teaching composition go through on-site training, and 61% have no on-site training. In colleges, only 16% have all composition teachers on-site trained, and 33% have no on-site trained people. Universities do best here with all of them having over 95% trained on-site.
- Whenever possible, faculty professionally committed to rhetoric and composition should coordinate and supervise composition programs. Those who supervise writing programs should also be involved in determining policy and budget for their programs.
- Two other question 7 variables tell us that goals and objectives for composition receive campus-wide input in 24% of community colleges, a third of colleges, and two thirds of universities, but goals and objectives are agreed on by only comp instructors in 95% of community colleges, and in two thirds each of colleges and universities. Certainly in community colleges, composition instructors seem to be in charge of their programs.

B. Graduate Assistants

- Graduate students' teaching experience should be understood as an essential part of their training for future professional responsibilities. They are primarily students and should never, for mere economic expediency, be used to replace tenure-line faculty in the staffing of composition programs.
- Each institution should provide adequate training and supervision of graduate writing instructors, and this training



should be conducted by someone with appropriate preparation or experience in rhetoric and composition.

Nearly all graduate students teaching writing in English departments are fully in charge of their classes. Because the university entrusts them with such serious responsibility—their compensation, benefits, class size and course load should be adjusted accordingly.

Two of the 3 university centers paid their TA's above \$4500. I did not ask how far above!

Part-time Faculty

- CCC and other professional associations generally recognize two legitimate reasons for hiring part-time faculty: 1. To teach specialized courses for which no regular faculty are available and which require special practical knowledge, and 2. To meet unexpected increases in enrollment. Abuses in this second category are cause for the most serious concern. Assuring and sustaining quality in education is incompatible with relying, purely for fiscal expediency, on part-time faculty appointments in rhetoric and composition.
- When more than 10% of a department's course sections are taught by part-time faculty, the department should reconsider its hiring practices.
- In colleges, 50% of the responding sites have under half and 50% over half their composition taught by part-timers. Full-time faculty teaching composition ranges between 10% and 100%. So there is a campus in the system which barely meets the 10% standard of the *Principles*, but then there is also at least one college where all composition is taught by full-time faculty.
- To assure that students receive the instructional excellence to which they have the right, the educational qualifications and experience of all part-time faculty members should meet the highest professional standards. Part-time teachers of writing should 1. Demonstrate superior writing ability, 2. Demonstrate professional involvement with composition theory and pedagogy, and 3. Present evidence in the successful teaching of composition.
- They should receive a salary that accurately reflects their teaching duties and any duties outside the classroom they are asked to assume. Compensation, per course, for part-time faculty should never be lower than per course compensation for full-time faculty with comparable experience, duties, and credentials.

About the matter of part-time pay:

- 11% of community colleges pay less that \$1200 per course. 61% pay \$1200-2000. 28% pay \$2001-2999
- 33% of colleges pay \$1200-2000. 50% pay \$2001-2999.
- Universities pay about the same as colleges, but 66% pay TA's more than \$4500. Often, then, TA's make more than part-timers.
- 2. Teaching Conditions Necessary for Quality Education
- No more than 20 students should be permitted in any writing class.

 Remedial or developmental sections should be limited to 15. No English faculty member should teach more than 60 writing students in a term. In developmental writing classes, the maximum should be 45.
- The first variable in question 7 says that 55% of community colleges, 92% of colleges, and all universities have composition class sizes under 25.
- The effectiveness of classroom instruction is significantly improved by the assistance students receive in writing centers....Because these centers enhance the conditions of teachings and learning, their development and support should be an important departmental and institutional priority.



In 88% of community colleges, 83% of colleges, and 100% of universities, there is a writing center. That center is housed in the English department, however, in only half of community colleges, 25% of colleges, and a third of universities. Centers not housed in the English department are sometimes not controlled by English department needs.

V. Conclusions

A. Research Question One:

"According to the criteria established by the profession as a whole for what comprises 'best principles' in writing pedagogy and assessment, are the practices in the SUNY system as a whole in congruence with these principles?"

We have a lot of writing centers, and our classes sizes are within shouting distance of 20. We still have too much composition being taught by part-time people and TA's. We do not pay our part-time faculty or our TA's well enough. Some of us are in control of our own goals and objectives, but not as many are in control of the writing center. Not nearly enough of us have credentialed writing professors OR on-site training for our writing teachers.

B. Research Question Two:

"According to this same criteria, on which kind of campuses in the system are 'best principles most prevalent"?

Considering ourselves in the light of the 1989 Statement of Principles, community colleges seem to be the place where we are doing best, except in the matter of pay for part-time faculty. In the university centers, composition is still being taught by TA's. That is not necessarily a bad thing since TA's may receive closer supervision than part-time faculty. Universities, of course, have plenty of on-site training for composition teachers.

C. Research Question Three:

"Are campuses where most composition is taught by full-time professors those who have best practices? (The assumption is that having composition taught by full-time professors costs much more than having composition taught by part-time professors.)"

The "Statement" cites 10% of the composition program being taught by part-time faculty as an ideal limit. Only 11% of community colleges have as little as 10% taught by part-timers. 16% of colleges have 10% or less. 66% of universities fit this criteria, because their composition is taught by TA's.

The data are not clear enough to make a conclusive statement on this question without a consensual working definition on what constitutes "best practices".



This report points to several further directions for research:

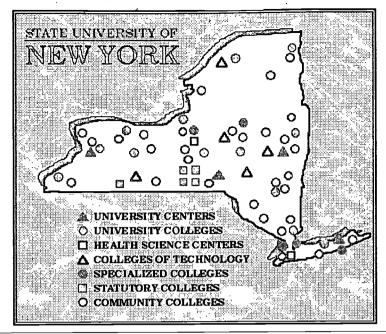
- 1. A codification of best practices within the SUNY system.
- 2. Yearly or bi-yearly distribution of surveys to produce a longitudinal study of writing assessment and pedagogy.
- 3. Definition of "student success" and inclusion in future surveys.
- 4. Development of a survey that is more conducive to computer analysis.

VI. WORKS CITED:

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- Gay, L.R. Educational Research: Competencies for Analysis and Application. Columbus: Merrill Publishing Company. (1987)
- Murphy, Sandra and Ed Nolte. Survey of Postsecondary Writing Assessment Practices. ERIC. (1993).
- Wyche-Smith, Susan and Shirley K. Rose. One Hundred Ways to Make the Wyoming Resolution a Reality: A Guide to Personal and Political Action. College Composition and Communication. 41:3, October, 1990.



APPENDIX A



State University of New York campuses

State University of New York's 64 campuses are geographically dispersed and bring educational opportunity within commuting distance of virtually all New York citizens. SUNY campuses comprise the nation's most diverse system of public higher education.

Alphabetical list of SUNY Campuses

• University Centers

Albany Binghamton

<u>Buffalo</u>

Stony Brook

• University Colleges

Brockport

Buffalo

Cortland

Empire State College

Fredonia

Geneseo

New Paltz

Old Westbury

Oneonta

Oswego

BEST COPY AVAILABLE



Plattsburgh Potsdam

Purchase

• Health Science Centers

Brooklyn

Syracuse

• Colleges of Technology

Alfred

Canton

Cobleskill

Delhi

Morrisville

• Specialized Colleges

College of Environmental Science and Forestry

College of Technology at Farmingdale

Maritime College

College of Optometry

Institute of Technology at Utica/Rome

• Statutory Colleges

College of Ceramics at Alfred

College of Agriculture and Life Sciences at Cornell

School of Industrial and Labor Relations at Cornell

College of Veterinary Medicine at Cornell

College of Human Ecology at Cornell

• Community Colleges

Adirondack

Broome

Cayuga County

Clinton

Columbia-Greene

Corning

Dutchess



Erie

Fashion Institute of Technology

Finger Lakes

Fulton-Montgomery

Genesee

Herkimer County

Hudson Valley

Jamestown |

Jefferson

Mohawk Valley

Monroe

Nassau

Niagara County

North Country

Onondaga

Orange County

Rockland

Schenectady County

Suffolk County

Sullivan County

Tompkins Cortland

Ulster County

Westchester

Members of the SUNY Community are encouraged to <u>register</u> their World Wide Web and other information services of interest to the public and the SUNY community.





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Appendix B: Frequencies

Use of Assessment Results

	·	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Influence-Improve Teaching-Learning	4	12.1	12.1	12.1
	Enhance instutional effectiveness	1	3.0	3.0	15.2
	All the above	19	57.6	57.6	72.7
	Missing	9	27.3	27.3	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

student writing assessed in college admission

	. '	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	4	12.1	12.1	12.1
Į	no	3	9.1	9.1	21.2
	missing	26	78.8	78.8	100.0
1	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

writing assessment used in comp placement

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	23	69.7	69.7	69.7
	no	2	6.1	6.1	75.8
	missing	8	24.2	24.2	100.0
1	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33_	100.0		

class sizes are under 25

				Valid	Cumulative
		Frequency	Percent	Percent	Percent
Valid	yes	24	72.7	72.7	72.7
	no	5	15.2	15.2	87.9
1	missing	4	12.1	12.1	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		



writing assessment used in granting composition equivalency

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	5	15.2	15.2	15.2
	no	7	21.2	21.2	36.4
	missing	21	63.6	63.6	100.0
	Total	33	100,0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

comp required for graduation

			_	Valid	Cumulative
		Frequency	Percent	Percent	Percent
Valid	yes	30	90.9	90.9	90.9
	no	2	6.1	6.1	97.0
	missing	1	3.0	3.0	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	ļ
Total		33	100.0		

Percent having composition credentials

				Valid	Cumulative
		Frequency	Percent	Percent	Percent
Valid	0	10	30.3	30.3	30.3
	2	1	3.0	3.0	33.3
	3	3	9.1	9.1	42.4
	5	2	6.1	6.1	48.5
	6	1	3.0	3.0	51.5
	10	2	6.1	6.1	57.6
	15	2	6.1	6.1	63.6
	20	2	6.1	6.1	69.7
	25	1	3.0	3.0	72.7
	30	1	3.0	3.0	75.8
!	40	1	3.0	3.0	78.8
	50	3	9.1	9.1	87.9
	70	1	3.0	3.0	90.9
ĺ	100	3	9.1	9.1	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

developmental comp cpunts toward graduation

	•		•	Valid	Cumulative
		Frequency	Percent	Percent	Percent
Valid	yes	9	27.3	27.3	27.3
	no	18	54.5	54.5	81.8
	Missing	6	18.2	18.2	100.0
•	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		



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developmental comp exists

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	27	81.8	81.8	81.8
	no	5	15.2	15.2	97.0
	missing	1	3.0	3.0	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

Method of Delivery

				Valid	Cumulative
		Frequency	Percent	Percent	Percent
Valid	English Dept.	6	18.2	18.2	18.2
	Administration	17	51.5	51.5	69.7
	not delivered	3	9.1	9.1	78.8
1	Missing	7	21.2	21.2	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

the writing center is in the English department

		Eroguenav	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	_	Frequency	reicem	reicent	reiçeni
Valid	yes	13	39.4	39.4	39.4
	no	17	51.5	51.5	90.9
1	missing	3	9.1	9.1	100.0
ł	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

exit exams are common for all courses

				Valid	Cumulative
		Frequency	Percent	Percent	Percent
Valid	yes	4	12.1	12.1	12.1
	no	12	36.4	36.4	48.5
	missing	17	51.5	51.5	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33_	100.0		

writing assessment is used for exit from developmental and regualr composition courses.

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes .	18	54.5	54.5	54.5
į	no	3	9.1	9.1	63.6
	missing	12	36.4	36.4	100.0
1	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		



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course exit exams are required for all composition courses

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	9	27.3	27.3	27.3
1	no	10	30.3	30.3	57.6
ł	missing	14	42.4	42.4	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

course exit exams are required only for developmental comp

				Valid	Cumulative
į		Frequency	Percent	Percent	Percent
Valid	yes	10	30.3	30.3	30.3
	no	9	27.3	27.3	57.6
	missing	14	42.4	42.4	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

exit exams are used only for specified courses

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	4	12.1	12.1	12.1
	no	6	18.2	18.2	30.3
	missing	23	69.7	69.7	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

exit portfolio criteria are common for all courses

				Valid	Cumulative
		Frequency	Percent	Percent	Percent
Valid	yes	7	21.2	21.2	21.2
	no	7	21.2	21.2	42.4
	missing	19	57.6	57.6	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total	_	33	100.0		

exit portfolios used only for developmental courses

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	3	9.1	9.1	9.1
	no	8	24.2	24.2	33.3
	missing	22	66.7	66.7	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		



exit portfolios used only for specified courses

	, 	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	10	30.3	30.3	30.3
	no	5	15.2	15.2	45.5
	missing	18	54.5	54.5	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

Exit portfolios are used for all comp courses

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	8	24.2	24.2	24.2
	no	5	15.2	15.2	39.4
•	missing	20	60.6	60.6	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

Percent taught by full time professors

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid 0	1	3.0	3.0	3.0
10	•			l i
	2	6.1	6.1	9.1
20	1	3.0	3.0	12.1
25	2	6.1	6.1	18.2
30	1	3.0	3.0	21.2
33	1	3.0	3.0	24.2
40	2	6.1	6.1	30.3
42	1	3.0	3.0	33.3
43	1	3.0	3.0	36.4
50	9	27.3	27.3	63.6
55	1	3.0	3.0	66.7
60	2	6.1	6.1	72.7
71	1	3.0	3.0	75.8
75	1	3.0	3.0	78.8
80	3	9.1	9.1	87.9
90	2	6.1	6.1	93.9
100	2	6.1	6.1	100.0
Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total	33	100.0		



goals and objectives are receive campus-wide input

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	10	30.3	30.3	30.3
	no	13	39.4	39.4	69.7
	missing	10	30.3	30.3	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

goals and objectives agreed on only by comp instructors

	_	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	27	81.8	81.8	81.8
	no	3	9.1	9.1	90.9
	missing	3	9.1	9.1	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

Percent of time Grammar is taught in all composition classrooms

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	0	18	54.5	54.5	54.5
	1	1	3.0	3.0	57.6
	10	2	6.1	6.1	63.6
ŀ	15	1	3.0	3.0	66.7
	20	8	24.2	24.2	90.9
	25	1	3.0	3.0	93.9
ĺ	40	1	3.0	3.0	97.0
1	75	1	3.0	3.0	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

grammar is taught in all developmental comp classrooms

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	0	16	48.5	48.5	48.5
	20	7	21.2	21.2	69.7
l	25	2	6.1	6.1	75.8
	30	2	6.1	6.1	81.8
l	35	1	3.0	3.0	84.8
	40	1	3.0	3.0	87.9
	50	1	3.0	3.0	90.9
	60	1	3.0	3.0	93.9
	75	2	6.1	6.1	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		_



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my campus is currently involved or planning to get in involved in goal assessment procedures

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	13	39.4	39.4	39.4
=	no	4	12.1	12.1	51.5
	missing	16	48.5	48.5	100.0
Ī	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

Kinds of students measured

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	All entering students	13	39.4	39.4	39.4
	Graduating students	1	3.0	3.0	42,4
	Freshmen only	11	33.3	33.3	75.8
	Selected groups	3	9.1	9.1	84.8
	Missing	5	15.2	15.2	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

Method of assessment

	·	Eroquonou	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
		Frequency	reiceill	reiceill	reiceilt
Valid	English Dept	12	36.4	36.4	36.4
	All College	11	33.3	33.3	69.7
	no assessment	1	3.0	3.0	72.7
	Missing	9	27.3	27.3	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		



Percentage having no training in composition

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	0	14	42.4	42.4	42.4
	2	1	3.0	3.0	45.5
ŀ	3	2	6.1	6.1	51.5
:	10	1	3.0	3.0	54.5
	15	1	3.0	3.0	57.6
	20	2	6.1	6.1	63.6
	50	3	9.1	9.1	72.7
	80	1	3.0	3.0	75.8
	95	2	6.1	6.1	81.8
	99	1	3.0	3.0	84.8
	100	5	15.2	15.2	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

Percent taught by part time professors

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid 0	3	9.1	9.1	9.1
10	2	6.1	6.1	15.2
12	1	3.0	3.0	18.2
20	4	12.1	12.1	30.3
25	2	6.1	6.1	36.4
29	1	3.0	3.0	39.4
30	1	3.0	3.0	42.4
40	2	6.1	6.1	48.5
45	1	3.0	3.0	51.5
50	9	27.3	27.3	78.8
57	1	3.0	3.0	81.8
60	1	3.0	3.0	84.8
70	1	3.0	3.0	87.9
75	2	6.1	6.1	93.9
80	1	3.0	3.0	97.0
90	1	3.0	3.0	100.0
Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total	33	100.0		



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Pay for course-partime instructors

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Less than \$1200	2	6.1	6.1	6.1
	\$1200 to \$2000	16	48.5	48.5	54.5
	\$2001 to2999	12	36.4	36.4	90.9
	Missing	3	9.1	9.1	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

Pay for Teaching Assistants

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	More than \$4500	2	6.1	6.1	6.1
	\$3500 to \$4499	1	3.0	3.0	9.1
	Missing	30	90.9	90.9	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

Place students in writing courses with tests

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	13	39.4	39.4	39.4
	no	7	21.2	21.2	60.6
1	missing	13	39.4	39.4	100.0
1	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33_	100.0		

Student writing assessments used for program evaluation.

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	9	27.3	27.3	27.3
	no	6	18.2	18.2	45.5
	missing	18	54.5	54.5	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		



Percent having on site training

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	0	15	45.5	45.5	45.5
	3	1	3.0	3.0	48.5
	20	1	3.0	3.0	51.5
	30	1	3.0	3.0	54.5
	35	1	3.0	3.0	57.6
1	40	1	3.0	3.0	60.6
	50	4	12.1	12.1	72.7
	75	1	3.0	3.0	75.8
]	90	1	3.0	3.0	78.8
1	95	2	6.1	6.1	84.8
1	100	5	15.2	15.2	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

Percent taught by Teaching Assistants

	-	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	0	28	84.8	84.8	84.8
	30	1	3.0	3.0	87.9
	33	1	3.0	3.0	90.9
ł	66	1	3.0	3.0	93.9
1	70	1	3.0	3.0	97.0
l	85	1	3.0	3.0	100.0
1	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

writing tutors are available

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	32	97.0	97.0	97.0
l	missing	1	3.0	3.0	100.0
1	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

writing across the curriculum courses are assessed

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	7	21.2	21.2	21.2
	no	7	21.2	21.2	42.4
	missing	19	57.6	57.6	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		



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a writing across the curriculum program exists

				Valid	Cumulative
!		Frequency	Percent	Percent	Percent
Valid	yes	18	54.5	54.5	54.5
İ	no	8	24.2	24.2	78.8
	missing	7	· 21.2	21.2	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	´ 100.0	
Total_		33	100.0		

two or more writing intensive courses are rrequired for graduation

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	0	21	63.6	63.6	63.6
	1	1	3.0	3.0	66.7
	2	11	33.3	33.3	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

whoass

	_			Valid	Cumulative
		Frequency	Percent	Percent	Percent
Valid	English dept	21	63.6	63.6	63.6
	administration	6	18.2	18.2	81.8
	Missing	6	18.2	18.2	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total	_	33	100.0		

a word processing lab exists for class sessions

	·	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
17-64					
Valid	0	3	9.1	9.1	9.1
l	1	29	87.9	87.9	97.0
	2	1	3.0	3.0	100.0
	Tota!	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

the writing program is within the English department

				Valid	Cumulative
		Frequency	Percent	Percent	Percent
Valid	yes	25	75.8	75.8	75.8
	no	3	9.1	9.1	84.8
	missing	5	15.2	15.2	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	. 100.0	
Total		33	100.0		



writing program under non-english jurisdiction

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	7	21.2	21.2	21.2
	no	4	12.1	12.1	33.3
	missing	22	66.7	66.7	100.0
1	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

writing program has a written set of goal; Is and objectives

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	19	57.6	57.6	57.6
Ì	no	2	6.1	6.1	63.6
Ì	missing	12	36.4	36.4	100.0
l	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0	_	

Students are placed in composition courses through writing samples

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	22	66.7	66.7	66.7
	no	3	9.1	9.1	75.8
j	missing	8	24.2	24.2	100.0
į	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

a writing center exists

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
<u> </u>		i requency	reicent	reicent	1 CICCIN
Valid	Yes	29	87.9	87.9	87.9
1	No	1	3.0	3.0	90.9
	Missing	3	9.1	9.1	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

Type

_		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Community College	18	54.5	54.5	54.5
	College	12	36.4	36.4	90.9
	University	3	9.1	9.1	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		



Analytical scoring is used on this campus

				Valid	Cumulative
		Frequency	Percent	Percent	Percent
Valid	yes	13	39.4	39.4	39.4
i	no	16	48.5	48.5	87.9
	missing	4	12.1	12.1	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

use results for curriculum revision

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	6	18.2	18.2	18.2
	no	4	12.1	12.1	30.3
	missing	23	69.7	69.7	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Totai		33	100.0		

There is congruence between program goals and assessment

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
		riequency	reiteill	_ reiteill	reiceill
Valid	yes	21	63.6	63.6	63.6
	no	4	12.1	12.1	75.8
	missing	8	24.2	24.2	100.0
1	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

All composition faculty evaluate exit from composition

				Valid	Cumulative
		Frequency	Percent	Percent	Percent
Valid	yes	14	42.4	42.4	42.4
1	no	14	42.4	42.4	84.8
	missing	5	15.2	15.2	100.0
İ	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

General impression holistic scoring is used on thsi campus

				Valid	Cumulative
		Frequency	Percent	Percent	Percent
Valid	yes	21	63.6	63.6	63.6
:	no	8	24.2	24.2	87.9
l	missing	4	12.1	12.1	100.0
l	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		



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There is no exemption from composition

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	8	24.2	24.2	24.2
	no	25	75.8	75.8	100.0
Į	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

Number of semesters of writing required

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	2 freshman comp	15	45.5	45.5	45.5
:	upper level	3	9.1	9.1	54.5
	2 fr + 2 WAC	4	12.1	12.1	66.7
	1 freshman comp	5	15.2	15.2	81.8
	1 fres + 1 WAC	6	18.2	18.2	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

will participate in E-mail state list

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	25	75.8	75.8	75.8
	no	8	24.2	24.2	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total	_	33	100.0		

Students can gain equivalency by placement tests

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	6	18.2	18.2	18.2
	no	25	75.8	75.8	93.9
	missing	2	6.1	6.1	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		_ ,



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use portfolios for program evaluation in composition program

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	6	18.2	18.2	18.2
	no	2	6.1	6.1	24.2
1	missing	25	75.8	75.8	100.0
ł	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

use portfolios for exemption from composition

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	4	12.1	12.1	12.1
	no	28	84.8	84.8	97.0
	missing	1	3.0	3.0	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

use portfolios for field-specific proficiency for graduation

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	8	24.2	25.0	25.0
	no	17	51.5	53.1	78.1
ł	missing	7	21.2	21.9	100.0
	Total	32	97.0	100.0	
Missing	System Missing	1	3.0		
	Total	1	3.0		
Total		33	100.0		

portfolio requirements specified

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	12	36.4	36.4	36.4
	no	9	27.3	27.3	63.6
	missing	12	36.4	" 36.4	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0	515	



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use portfolios for wac program evaluation

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	1	3.0	3.0	3.0
	no	22	66.7	66.7	69.7
	missing	10	30.3	30.3	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

Pre and Post Measures Used

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	None	5	15.2	15.2	15.2
	Writing Sample	9	27.3	27.3	42.4
	Portfolios	4	12.1	12.1	54.5
	Combination	4	12.1	12.1	66.7
Ì	Other	1	3.0	3.0	69.7
	Missing	10	30.3	30.3	100.0
İ	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

Primary trait scoring is used on this campus

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	9	27.3	27.3	27.3
	no	20	60.6	60.6	87.9
	missing	4	12.1	12.1	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

Program Goals

				Valid	Cumulative
		Frequency	Percent	Percent	Percent
Valid	Specific	18	54.5	54.5	54.5
	General	5	15.2	15.2	69.7
ļ	missing	10	30.3	30.3	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		



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Students can gain equivalency by outside course work or standardized teat scores

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	18	54.5	54.5	54.5
	no	13	39.4	39.4	93.9
	missing	2	6.1	6.1	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

Transferred courses provide Exemption

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	23	69.7	69.7	69.7
1	no	9	27.3	27.3	97.0
ĺ	missing	1	3.0	3.0	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		

Assessment is done at upperdivision entry level

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	1	3.0	3.0	3.0
	no	28	84.8	84.8	87.9
]	missing	4	12.1	12.1	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	:
Total		33	100.0		

writing is assessed at upperdivision levels

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	3	9.1	9.1	9.1
ł	no	26	78.8	78.8	87.9
	missing	4	12.1	12.1	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0	_	

names of writing courses given

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	33	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33_	100.0		



Writing requirement field- specified

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	yes	30	90.9	90.9	90.9
	no	2	6.1	6.1	97.0
	missing	1	3.0	3.0	100.0
	Total	33	100.0	100.0	
Total		33	100.0		



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APPENDIX C

ASSESSMENT QUESTIONNAIRE WITH CROSSTABULAR ANALYSIS

1. At your institution, how is writing assessment conducted?

Method of assessment * Type Crosstabulation

		-		Type		
		_	Community College	College	University	Total
Method of	English Dept	Count	7	5		12
assessment		% within Type	38.9%	41.7%		36.4%
	All College	Count	6	3	2	11
		% within Type	33.3%	25.0%	66.7%	33.3%
	no assessment	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	Missing	Count	5	3	1	9
		% within Type	27.8%	25.0%	33.3%	27.3%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

2. By whom is writing assessment conducted at your institution?

Who Assesses Writing * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
Who	English dept	Count	11	7	3	21
Assesses Writing		% within Type	61.1%	58.3%	100.0%	63.6%
	administration	Count	5	1		6
		% within Type	27.8%	8.3%		18.2%
ł	Missing	Count	2	4		6
		% within Type	11.1%	33.3%		18.2%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



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3. How are assessment results delivered to the academic community on your campus?

Method of Delivery * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
Method of	English Dept.	Count	2	2	2	6
Delivery		% within Type	11.1%	16.7%	66.7%	18.2%
	Administration	Count	11	6		17
		% within Type	61.1%	50.0%		51.5%
	not delivered	Count	3			3
		% within Type	16.7%			9.1%
	Missing	Count	2	4	1	7
		% within Type	11.1%	33.3%	33.3%	21.2%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

4. Do you use assessment results to:

Use of Assessment Results * Type Crosstabulation

		-		Туре		·
			Community College	College	University	Total
Use of	Influence-Improve	Count	2	2		4
Assessment Results	Teaching-Learning	% within Type	11.1%	16.7%		12.1%
	Enhance instutional effectiveness	Count	1			1
		% within Type	5.6%		!	3.0%
	All the above	Count	11	6	2	19
		% within Type	61.1%	50.0%	66.7%	57.6%
	Missing	Count	4	4	1	9
		% within Type	22.2%	33.3%	33.3%	27.3%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



5. By whom is composition taught on your campus?

Percent having composition credentials * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		· —
			Community			
			College	College	University	Total
Percent having	0	Count	8	2		10
composition credentials		% within Type	44.4%	16.7%		30.3%
	2	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	3	Count	1	1	1	3
		% within Type	5.6%	8.3%	33.3%	9.1%
	5	Count	2			2
		% within Type	11.1%			6.1%
	6	Count			1	1
		% within Type			33.3%	3.0%
	10	Count		2		2
		% within Type		16.7%		6.1%
	15	Count		2		2
		% within Type		16.7%		6.1%
	20	Count	1	1		2
		% within Type	5.6%	8.3%		6.1%
	25	Count	1			1
		% within Type	5.6%			3.0%
	30	Count	1			1
		% within Type	5.6%			3.0%
	40	Count	1	1		1
:		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	50	Count	1	2		3
		% within Type	5.6%	16.7%		9.1%
	70	Count	1			1
		% within Type	5.6%		:	3.0%
1	100	Count	2		1	3
		% within Type	11.1%		33.3%	9.1%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



Percent taught by full time professors * Type Crosstabulation

	<u> </u>			Туре		_
			Community College	College	University	Total
Percent taught by	0	Count			1	1
full time professors		% within			33.3%	3.0%
	40	Туре	<u> </u>			
	10	Count		1	1	2
		% within Type		8,3%	33.3%	6.1%
	20	Count	1			1
		% within	5.6%	:		3.0%
		Туре	3.076	!		
	25	Count	1	1		2
		% within Type	5.6%	8.3%		6.1%
	30	Count		1		1
		% within		0.00/		2.00/
		Туре		8.3%		3.0%
	33	Count			1	1
		% within			33.3%	3.0%
		Туре			00.070	
	40	Count		2		2
		% within Type		16.7%		6.1%
	42	Count	1	1		1
		% within		8.3%		3.0%
		Туре		6.3%		3.0%
	43	Count	1			1
		% within	5.6%			3.0%
		Туре			ļ	_
	50	Count	7	2		9
		% within Type	38.9%	16.7%		27.3%
	55	Count		1		1
		% within	ļ	8.3%		3.0%
		Туре		0.3%		3.0%
	60	Count	2			2
		% within	11.1%			6.1%
	 _	Type	1			
	71	Count	1			1
		% within Type	5.6%			3.0%
	75	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	80	Count	3			3
		% within				
		Type	16.7%			9.1%
	90	Count	2	_	<u> </u>	2
		% within				£ 10/
		Туре	11.1%			6.1%
	100	Count		2		2
		% within		·		



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Percentage having no training in composition * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
Percentage	0	Count	9	2	3	· 14
having no training in		% within Type	50.0%	16.7%	100.0%	42.4%
composition	2	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	3	Count	2			2
		% within Type	11.1%			6.1%
	10	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	15	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	20	Count	1	1		2
		% within Type	5.6%	8.3%		6.1%
ļ	50	Count		3		3
		% within Type		25.0%		9.1%
	80	Count	1			1
		% within Type	5.6%			3.0%
	95	Count	2			2
		% within Type	11.1%			6.1%
	99	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	100	Count	3	2		5
		% within Type	16.7%	16.7%		15.2%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



Percent taught by part time professors * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
Percent	0	Count		2	1	3
taught by part time		% within Type		16.7%	33.3%	9.1%
professors	10	Count	2			2
		% within				
		Type	11.1%		1	6.1%
	12	Count		!	1	1
		% within			33.3%	3.0%
		Туре				
	20	Count	3		1	4
		% within Type	16.7%		33.3%	12.1%
	25	Count		2		2
		% within Type		16.7%		6.1%
	29	Count	1			1
		% within	5.00			0.004
		Туре	5.6%			3.0%
	30	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	40	Count	2			2
		% within	44.40/			0.40/
		Type	11.1%			6.1%
	45	Count		1		1
		% within		8.3%	[3.0%
		Туре	<u> </u>		_	
	50	Count	7	2	}	9
		% within Type	38.9%	16.7%		27.3%
	57	Count	1			1
		% within Type	5.6%			3.0%
	60	Count		1		1
		% within		8.3%		3.0%
		Туре		0.570		
	70	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	75	Count	1	1		2
		% within	F 60/	0.20/	Ì	6 40/
		Туре	5.6%	8.3%		6.1%
	80	Count	1			1
		% within	5.6%			3.0%
	90	Type Count		1	_	1
	50	% within		_		•
		Type		8.3%		3.0%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within			. <u></u>	



Percent having on site training * Type Crosstabulation

			1	Type		
ļ			Community	Туре		
			College	College	University	Total
Percent	0	Count	11	4	Oniversity	15
having on site training	ŭ	% within Type	61.1%	33.3%		45.5%
	3	Count	1			1
	3	% within	'			•
		Type	5.6%			3.0%
	20	Count	1			1
		% within Type	5.6%			3.0%
	30	Count	1			1
		% within Type	5.6%			3.0%
	35	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	40	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	50	Count	2	2	_	4
		% within Type	11.1%	16.7%		12.1%
	75	Count		1		1
		% within Type	:	8.3%		3.0%
	90	Count	1			1
		% within Type	5.6%			3.0%
	95	Count	<u> </u>	1	1	2
		% within		_	-	_
		Type		8.3%	33.3%	6.1%
	100	Count	1	2	2	5
		% within Type	5.6%	16.7%	66.7%	15.2%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



Percent taught by Teaching Assistants * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
Percent	0	Count	18	10		28
taught by Teaching		% within Type	100.0%	83.3%		84.8%
Assistants	30	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%	_	3.0%
	33	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	66	Count			1	1
		% within Type			33.3%	3.0%
	70	Count			1	1
		% within Type			33.3%	3.0%
1	85	Count			1	1
		% within Type			33.3%	3.0%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

6. What is the rate of pay per composition course on your campus?

Pay for course-partime instructors * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
Pay for	Less	Count	2			2
course-partime instructors	course-partime than instructors \$1200	% within Type	11.1%			6.1%
	\$1200 to	Count	11	4	1	16
\$2000	\$2000	% within Type	61.1%	33.3%	33.3%	48.5%
•	\$2001	Count	5	6	1	12
	to2999	% within Type	27.8%	50.0%	33.3%	36.4%
•	Missing	Count		2	1	3
		% within Type		16.7%	33.3%	9.1%
Total	-	Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



Pay for Teaching Assistants * Type Crosstabulation

				Type		
			Community College	College	University	Total
Pay for More than	Count			2	2	
Teaching Assistants	Teaching \$4500 Assistants	% within Type			66.7%	6.1%
-	\$3500 to	Count		1		1
	\$4499	% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	Missing	Count	18	11	1	30
		% within Type	100.0%	91.7%	33.3%	90.9%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

7. Please check the conditions in this list which exist on your campus:

class sizes are under 25 * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
class sizes	yes	Count	10	11	3	24
are under 25		% within Type	55.6%	91.7%	100.0%	72.7%
•	no	Count	5			5
	% within Type	% within Type	27.8%			15.2%
	missing	Count	3	1		4
•		% within Type	16.7%	8.3%		12.1%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



developmental comp exists * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
developmental	yes	Count	18	6	3	27
comp exists		% within Type	100.0%	50.0%	100.0%	81.8%
1	no	Count		5		5
		% within Type		41.7%		15.2%
	missing	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

the writing center is in the English department * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
the writing center is in the	yes	Count	9	3	1	13
English department		% within Type	50.0%	25.0%	33.3%	39.4%
	no	Count	8	7	2	17
		% within Type	44.4%	58.3%	66.7%	51.5%
	missing	Count	1	2		3
	,	% within Type	5.6%	16.7%		9.1%
Total		Count	. 18	12	3	33
	_	% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



exit exams are common for all courses * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
exit exams	yes	Count	2	2		4
are common for all courses		% within Type	11.1%	16.7%		12.1%
r	no	Count	5	4	3	12
		% within Type	27.8%	33.3%	100.0%	36.4%
	missing	Count	11	6		17
		% within Type	61.1%	50.0%		51.5%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

course exit exams are required for all composition courses * Type Crosstabulation

				Type		
	_		Community College	College	University	Total
course exit exams are	yes	Count	6	3		9
required for all composition courses		% within Type	33.3%	25.0%		27.3%
	no	Count	4	4	2	10
		% within Type	22.2%	33.3%	66.7%	30.3%
	missing	Count	8	5	1	14
		% within Type	44.4%	41.7%	33.3%	42.4%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



course exit exams are required only for developmental comp * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре	_	
			Community College	College	University	Total
course exit exams are	yes	Count	9	1		10
required only for developmental comp		% within Type	50.0%	8.3%		30.3%
	no	Count	3	3	3	9
		% within Type	16.7%	25.0%	100.0%	27.3%
	missing	Count	6	8		14
		% within Type	33.3%	66.7%		42.4%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

exit exams are used only for specified courses * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
exit exams are used only	yes	Count	2	2		4
for specified courses		% within Type	11.1%	16.7%		12.1%
	no	Count	2	1	3	6
		% within Type	11.1%	8.3%	100.0%	18.2%
	missing	Count	14	9		23
		% within Type	77.8%	75.0%		69.7%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



exit portfolio criteria are common for all courses * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
exit portfolio criteria are	yes	Count	2	4	1	7
common for all courses		% within Type	11.1%	33.3%	33.3%	21.2%
	no	Count	4	1	2	7
		% within Type	22.2%	8.3%	66.7%	21.2%
	missing	Count	12	7		19
		% within Type	66.7%	58.3%		57.6%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

exit portfolios used only for developmental courses * Type Crosstabulation

,						
			Community College	College	University	Total
exit portfolios used	yes	Count	1	1	1	3
only for developmental courses		% within Type	5.6%	8.3%	33.3%	9.1%
	no	Count	4	2	2	8
		% within Type	22.2%	16.7%	66.7%	24.2%
	missing	Count	13	9		22
		% within Type	72.2%	75.0%		66.7%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



exit portfolios used only for specified courses * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
exit portfolios used only	yes	Count	4	4	2	10
for specified courses		% within Type	22.2%	33.3%	66.7%	30.3%
	no	Count	3	1	1	5
		% within Type	16.7%	8.3%	33.3%	15.2%
	missing	Count	11	7		18
		% within Type	61.1%	58.3%		54.5%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Exit portfolios are used for all comp courses * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре	·	·
			Community College	College	University	Total
Exit portfolios are used for	yes	Count	3	4	1	8
all comp courses		% within Type	16.7%	33.3%	33.3%	24.2%
	no	Count	2	1	2	5
		% within Type	11.1%	8.3%	66.7%	15.2%
	missing	Count	13	7		20
		% within Type	72.2%	58.3%		60.6%
Total	-	Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



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goals and objectives receive campus-wide input * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре	-	
			Community College	College	University	Total
goals and objectives	yes	Count	4	4	2	10
receive campus wide input		% within Type	22.2%	33.3%	66.7%	30.3%
	no	Count	9	3	1	13
		% within Type	50.0%	25.0%	33.3%	39.4%
	missing	Count	5	5		10
		% within Type	27.8%	41.7%		30.3%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

goals and objectives agreed on only by comp instructors * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
goals and objectives	yes	Count	17	8	2	27
agreed on only by comp instructors		% within Type	94.4%	66.7%	66.7%	81.8%
	no	Count		2	1	3
		% within Type		16.7%	33.3%	9.1%
	missing	Count	1	2		3
		% within Type	5.6%	16.7%		9.1%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



Percent of time Grammar is taught in all composition classrooms * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
Percent of time Grammar	0	Count	7	8	3	18
is taught in all composition classrooms		% within Type	38.9%	66.7%	100.0%	54.5%
	1	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	10	Count	2			2
		% within Type	11.1%			6.1%
	15	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	20	Count	6	2		8
		% within Type	33.3%	16.7%		24.2%
	25	Count	1			1
		% within Type	5.6%			3.0%
	40	Count	1			1
		% within Type	5.6%			3.0%
	75	Count	1			1
		% within Type	5.6%			3.0%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



Percent of time Grammar is taught in all composition classrooms * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
Percent of time Grammar	0	Count	7	8	3	18
is taught in all composition classrooms		% within Type	38.9%	66.7%	100.0%	54.5%
	1	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	10	Count	2			2
		% within Type	11.1%			6.1%
	15	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	20	Count	6	2		8
		% within Type	33.3%	16.7%		24.2%
	25	Count	1			1
		% within Type	5.6%			3.0%
	40	Count	1			1
		% within Type	5.6%			3.0%
	75	Count	1			1
		% within Type	5.6%			3.0%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



grammar is taught in all developmental comp classrooms * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
grammar is	0	Count	5	8	3	16
taught in all developmental		% within Type	27.8%	66.7%	100.0%	48.5%
comp classrooms	20	Count	5	2		7
		% within Type	27.8%	16.7%		21.2%
	25	Count	2			2
		% within Type	11.1%			6.1%
	30	Count	2		,	2
		% within Type	11.1%			6.1%
	35	Count	1			1
		% within Type	5.6%			3.0%
	40	Count	1			1
•		% within Type	5.6%			3.0%
	50	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	60	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	75	Count	2			2
		% within Type	11.1%			6.1%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



my campus is currently involved or planning to get in involved in goal assessment procedures * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
my campus is currently involved or	yes	Count	6	7		13
planning to get in involved in goal assessment procedures		% within Type	33.3%	58.3%		39.4%
	no	Count	2	_	2	4
		% within Type	11.1%		66.7%	12.1%
	missing	Count	10	5	1	16
		% within Type	55.6%	41.7%	33.3%	48.5%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

writing tutors are available * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
writing tutors	yes	Count	18	11	3	32
are available		% within Type	100.0%	91.7%	100.0%	97.0%
	missing	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



writing across the curriculum courses are assessed * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
writing across the	yes	Count	2	4	1	7
curriculum courses are assessed		% within Type	11.1%	33.3%	33.3%	21.2%
	no	Count	3	2	2	7
		% within Type	16.7%	16.7%	66.7%	21.2%
	missing	Count	13	6		19
		% within Type	72.2%	50.0%		57.6%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

a writing across the curriculum program exists * Type Crosstabulation

		_		Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
a writing across	yes	Count	9	7	2	18
the curriculum program exists		% within Type	50.0%	58.3%	66.7%	54.5%
	no	Count	5	2	1	8
		% within Type	27.8%	16.7%	33.3%	24.2%
	missing	Count	4	3		7
		% within Type	22.2%	25.0%		21.2%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



two or more writing intensive courses are rrequired for graduation * Type Crosstabulation

:	·	<u> </u>		Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
two or more writing intensive courses	0	Count	15	5	1	21
are rrequired for graduation		% within Type	83.3%	41.7%	33.3%	63.6%
	1	Count		1		1
	•	% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	2	Count	3	6	2	11
		% within Type	16.7%	50.0%	66.7%	33.3%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

a word processing lab exists for class sessions * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
a word	0	Count	1	2		3
processing lab exists for class		% within Type	5.6%	16.7%		9.1%
sessions	1	Count	16	10	3	29
		% within Type	88.9%	83.3%	100.0%	87.9%
,	2	Count	1			1
		% within Type	5.6%			3.0%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



the writing program is within the English department * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
the writing program	yes	Count	15	9	1	25
is within the English department		% within Type	83.3%	75.0%	33.3%	75.8%
	no	Count	1		2	3
		% within Type	5.6%		66.7%	9.1%
	missing	Count	2	3		5
		% within Type	11.1%	25.0%		15.2%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

writing program under non-english jurisdiction * Type Crosstabulation

	*			Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
writing program under	yes	Count	3	2	2	7
non-english jurisdiction		% within Type	16.7%	16.7%	66.7%	21.2%
	no	Count	2	2		4
		% within Type	11.1%	16.7%		12.1%
	missing	Count	13	8	1	22
		% within Type	72.2%	66.7%	33.3%	66.7%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



writing program has a written set of goals and objectives * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
writing program has	yes	Count	10	7	2	19
a written set of goals and objectives		% within Type	55.6%	58.3%	66.7%	57.6%
	no	Count		1	1	2
		% within Type		8.3%	33.3%	6.1%
	missing	Count	8	4		12
	٠	% within Type	44.4%	33.3%		36.4%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

a writing center exists * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
a writing	Yes	Count	16	10	3	29
center exists		% within Type	88.9%	83.3%	100.0%	87.9%
_	No		1	-		1
		% within Type	5.6%	_		3.0%
:	Missing	Count	1	2		3
		% within Type	5.6%	16.7%		9.1%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



comp required for graduation * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
comp	yes	Count	18	9	3	30
required for graduation		% within Type	100.0%	75.0%	100.0%	90.9%
	no	Count		2		2
		% within Type		16.7%		6.1%
	missing	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

developmental comp counts toward graduation * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
developmental comp counts toward graduation	yes	Count	3	3	3	9
		% within Type	16.7%	25.0%	100.0%	27.3%
	no	Count	12	6		18
		% within Type	66.7%	50.0%		54.5%
	Missing	Count	3	3		6
		% within Type	16.7%	25.0%		18.2%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

8. What are your purposes for assessing student writing?



student writing assessed in college admission * Type Crosstabulation

	•			Type		
			Community College	College	University	Total
student writing	yes	Count	4			4
assessed in college admission		% within Type	22.2%			12.1%
	no	Count	1	3		3
		% within Type		25.0%		9.1%
	missing	Count	. 14	9	3	26
		% within Type	77.8%	75.0%	100.0%	78.8%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

writing assessment used in granting composition equivalency * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		_
			Community College	College	University	Total
writing assessment used in	yes	Count	2	2	1	5
granting composition equivalency		% within Type	11.1%	16.7%	33.3%	15.2%
	no	Count	2	4	1	7
		% within Type	11.1%	33.3%	33.3%	21.2%
	missing	Count	14	6	1	21
		% within Type	77.8%	50.0%	33.3%	63.6%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



writing assessment is used for exit from developmental and regualr composition courses. * Type Crosstabulation

	9			Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
writing assessment is used for exit from developmental and regualr composition courses.	yes	Count	11	6	1	18
		% within Type	61.1%	50.0%	33.3%	54.5%
	no	Count		2	1	3
	•	% within Type		16.7%	33.3%	9.1%
	missing	Count	7	4	1	12
		% within Type	38.9%	33.3%	33.3%	36.4%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

9. What kinds of measures do you use to place students in writing courses?

writing assessment used in comp placement * Type Crosstabulation

		-		Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
writing assessment used	yes	Count	15	6	2	23
in comp placement		% within Type	83.3%	50.0%	66.7%	69.7%
	no	Count		2		2
		% within Type		16.7%		6.1%
	missing	Count	3	4	1	8
		% within Type	16.7%	33.3%	33.3%	24.2%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



Place students in writing courses with tests * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
Place students in	yes	Count	11	1	1	13
writing courses with tests		% within Type	61.1%	8.3%	33.3%	39.4%
	no	Count		6	1	7
	% witl Type	% within Type		50.0%	33.3%	21.2%
	missing	Count	7	5	1	13
		% within Type	38.9%	41.7%	33.3%	39.4%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Students are placed in composition courses through writing samples * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
Students are placed in composition courses through writing samples	yes	Count	14	6	2	22
		% within Type	77.8%	50.0%	66.7%	66.7%
	no	Count		3		3
		% within Type		25.0%		9.1%
	missing	Count	4	3	1	8
		% within Type	22.2%	25.0%	33.3%	24.2%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

10. Which students do you measure?



Kinds of students measured * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
Kinds of	All	Count	9	3	1	13
students measured	entering students	% within Type	50.0%	25.0%	33.3%	39.4%
	Graduating	Count		1		1
	students	% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	Freshmen	Count	6	5		11
	only	% within Type	33.3%	41.7%		33.3%
	Selected	Count	2		1	3
	groups	% within Type	11.1%		33.3%	9.1%
	Missing	Count	1	3	1	5
		% within Type	5.6%	25.0%	33.3%	15.2%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



11. What scoring approach is used in writing assessment on your campus? Analytical scoring is used on this campus * Type Crosstabulation

				Type		·
			Community College	College	University	Total
Analytical scoring is	yes	Count	8	4	1	13
used on this campus		% within Type	44.4%	33.3%	33.3%	39.4%
	no	Count	8	6	2	16
		% within Type	44.4%	50.0%	66.7%	48.5%
	missing	Count	2	2		4
		% within Type	11.1%	16.7%		12.1%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
	,	% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



General impression holistic scoring is used on thsi campus * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
General impression holistic	yes	Count	13	6	2	21
scoring is used on thsi campus		% within Type	72.2%	50.0%	66.7%	63.6%
	no	Count	3	4	1	8
		% within Type	16.7%	33.3%	33.3%	24.2%
	missing	Count	2	2		4
		% within Type	11.1%	16.7%		12.1%
Total	-	Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Primary trait scoring is used on this campus * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
Primary trait scoring is	yes	Count	6	2	1	9
used on this campus		% within Type	33.3%	16.7%	33.3%	27.3%
	no	Count	10	8	2	20
		% within Type	55.6%	66.7%	66.7%	60.6%
	missing	Count	2	2		4
		% within Type	11.1%	16.7%		12.1%
Total	_	Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

12. Do you use different measures for placement and for equivalency?

No one supplied any information for this question.



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13. How do students gain equivalency credit or composition waivers?

There is no exemption from composition * Type Crosstabulation

			Community College	College	University	Total
There is no	yes	Count	4	2	2	8
exemption from composition		% within Type	22.2%	16.7%	66.7%	24.2%
	no	Count	14	10	1	25
		% within Type	77.8%	83.3%	33.3%	75.8%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Students can gain equivalency by placement tests * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
Students can gain	yes	Count	1	5		6
equivalency by placement tests		% within Type	5.6%	41.7%		18.2%
	no	Count	17	5	3	25
		% within Type	94.4%	41.7%	100.0%	75.8%
	missing	Count		2		2
		% within Type		16.7%		6.1%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



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Students can gain equivalency by outside course work or standardized teat scores * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
Students can gain equivalency by	yes	Count	11	7		18
outside course work or standardized teat scores		% within Type	61.1%	58.3%		54.5%
	no	Count	7	3	3	13
		% within Type	38.9%	25.0%	100.0%	39.4%
	missing	Count		2		2
		% within Type		16.7%		6.1%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Transferred courses provide Exemption * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
Transferred	yes	Count	15	7	1	23
courses provide Exemption		% within Type	83.3%	58.3%	33.3%	69.7%
	no	Count	3	4	2	9
		% within Type	16.7%	33.3%	66.7%	27.3%
	missing	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

14. Who evaluates common exit exams, placement exams, or portfolios?



All composition faculty evaluate exit from composition * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
All composition faculty	yes	Count	9	4	1	14
evaluate exit from composition		% within Type	50.0%	33.3%	33.3%	42.4%
	no	Count	6	7	1	14
		% within Type	33.3%	58.3%	33.3%	42.4%
	missing	Count	3	1	1	5
		% within Type	16.7%	8.3%	33.3%	15.2%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

15. Do you assess writing at upper-division entry level?

Assessment is done at upperdivision entry level * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
Assessment is done	yes	Count		1		1
at upperdivision entry level		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	no	Count	15	10	3	28
		% within Type	83.3%	83.3%	100.0%	84.8%
	missing	Count	3	1		4
		% within Type	16.7%	8.3%		12.1%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

16. Do you assess at upper division exit level?



writing is assessed at upperdivision levels * Type Crosstabulation

		<u>-</u>		Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
writing is assessed at	yes	Count	1	2	, -	3
upperdivision levels		% within Type	5.6%	16.7%		9.1%
	no	Count	14	9	3	26
		% within Type	77.8%	75.0%	100.0%	78.8%
	missing	Count	3	1		4
		% within Type	16.7%	8.3%		12.1%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



17. What purposes do these assessments serve?

Student writing assessments used for program evaluation. * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
Student writing	yes	Count	4	5		9
assessments used for program evaluation.		% within Type	22.2%	41.7%		27.3%
	no	Count	1	4	1	6
		% within Type	5.6%	33.3%	33.3%	18.2%
-	missing	Count	13	3	2	18
		% within Type	72.2%	25.0%	66.7%	54.5%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

18. What is done with the results?

use results for curriculum revision * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
		_	Community College	College	University	Total
use results for curriculum revision	yes	Count	3	3		6
		% within Type	16.7%	25.0%		18.2%
	no	Count	1	2	1	4
		% within Type	5.6%	16.7%	33.3%	12.1%
	missing	Count	- 14	7	2	23
		% within Type	77.8%	58.3%	66.7%	69.7%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



19. Is there congruence between your program goals and your assessment measures?

There is congruence between program goals and assessment * Type Crosstabulation

-				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
There is congruence between	yes	Count	11	8	2	21
program goals and assessment		% within Type	61.1%	66.7%	66.7%	63.6%
	no	Count	3	1		4
		% within Type	16.7%	8.3%		12.1%
	missing	Count	4	3	1	8
		% within Type	22.2%	25.0%	33.3%	24.2%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

20. Are your program goals specific?

Program Goals * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре	·	
			Community College	College	University	Total
Program	Specific	Count	11	6	1	18
Goals		% within Type	61.1%	50.0%	33.3%	54.5%
	General	Count	3	2		5
		% within Type	16.7%	16.7%		15.2%
	missing	Count	4	4	2	10
		% within Type	22.2%	33.3%	66.7%	30.3%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



21. Which of these pre- and post-measures do you use?

Pre and Post Measures Used * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
Pre and Post	None	Count	3	2		5
Measures Used		% within Type	16.7%	16.7%	:	15.2%
-	Writing	Count	4	4	1	9
	Sample	% within Type	22.2%	33.3%	33.3%	27.3%
	Portfolios	Count	1	3	,	4
		% within Type	5.6%	25.0%		12.1%
	Combination	Count	4			4
		% within Type	22.2%			12.1%
	Other	Count	1			1
		% within Type	5.6%			3.0%
	Missing	Count	5	3	2	10
		% within Type	27.8%	25.0%	66.7%	30.3%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



22. For what purpose do you use portfolio assessment?

use portfolios for program evaluation in composition program * Type Crosstabulation

	<u>-</u>			Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
use portfolios for program	yes	Count	1	5		6
evaluation in composition program		% within Type	5.6%	41.7%		18.2%
	no	Count	2			2
		% within Type	11.1%			6.1%
	missing	Count	15	7	3	25
		% within Type	83.3%	58.3%	100.0%	75.8%
Total	-	Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

use portfolios for exemption from composition * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
		_	Community College	College	University	Total
use portfolios for exemption	yes	Count		3	1	4
from composition		% within Type		25.0%	33.3%	12.1%
	no	Count	18	8	2	28
	% :	% within Type	100.0%	66.7%	66.7%	84.8%
	missing	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



use portfolios for field-specific proficiency for graduation * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
use portfolios for	yes	Count	3	4	1	8
field-specific proficiency for graduation		% within Type	17.6%	33.3%	33.3%	25.0%
	no	Count	10	7		17
		% within Type	58.8%	58.3%		53.1%
	missing	Count	4	1	2	7
		% within Type	23.5%	8.3%	66.7%	21.9%
Total		Count	17	12	3	32
4.00		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

use portfolios for wac program evaluation * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
use portfolios for wac program evaluation	yes	Count		1		1
		% within Type		8.3%		3.0%
	no	Count	12	9	1	22
		% within Type	66.7%	75.0%	33.3%	66.7%
	missing	Count	6	2	2	10
		% within Type	33.3%	16.7%	66.7%	30.3%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



Writing requirement field- specified * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
Writing	yes	Count	16	11	3	30
requirement field- specified		% within Type	88.9%	91.7%	100.0%	90.9%
	no	Count	1	1		2
		% within Type	5.6%	8.3%		6.1%
	missing	Count	1			1
		% within Type	5.6%			3.0%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



23. Describe your portfolio requirements:

portfolio requirements specified * Type Crosstabulation

	-			Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
portfolio	yes	Count	4	7	1	12
requirements specified		% within Type	22.2%	58.3%	33.3%	36.4%
	no	Count	6	2	1	9
		% within Type	33.3%	16.7%	33.3%	27.3%
	missing	Count	8	3	1	12
		% within Type	44.4%	25.0%	33.3%	36.4%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

24. What is the writing requirement on your campus?

Number of semesters of writing required * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
			Community College	College	University	Total
Number of	2	Count	12	2	1	15
semesters of writing required	freshman comp	70 Within	66.7%	16.7%	33.3%	45.5%
	upper	Count		2	1	3
	level	% within Type		16.7%	33.3%	9.1%
	2 fr + 2	Count	1	3		4
	WAC	% within Type	5.6%	25.0%		12.1%
	1	Count	4		1	5
	freshman comp	% within Type	22.2%		33.3%	15.2%
	1 fres +	Count	1	5		6
1 WAC	1 WAC	% within Type	5.6%	41.7%		18.2%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



25. What are the names of your writing courses?

names of writing courses given * Type Crosstabulation

			Туре			
			Community College	College	University	Total
names of writing courses given	yes	Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

26. Would you like to participate in a state-wide e-mail discussion list focusing on the issues covered in this questionnaire?

will participate in E-mail state list * Type Crosstabulation

				Туре		
·			Community College	College	University	Total
will participate in	yes	Count	13	9	3	25
E-mail state list		% within Type	72.2%	75.0%	100.0%	75.8%
	no	Count	5	3		8
		% within Type	27.8%	25.0%		24.2%
Total		Count	18	12	3	33
		% within Type	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

27. Will you supply your name or that of a willing contact person on your campus?

For respondents list see Appendix "D"



<u>APPENDIX D</u>

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