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ABSTRACT

In fall 1997, students in a Social Science Research Methods class developed and administered a survey questionnaire to assess the degree of stress experienced by students at Texas A&M International University (TAMIU). Located in Laredo, TAMIU serves communities along the Texas-Mexico border. The student body includes many older students who work, who have families, and who are the first in their families to attend college. The survey questionnaire was completed by 301 students, primarily full-time juniors and seniors. Respondents had an average age of 26, two-thirds were female, and 92 percent were Hispanic. About half of respondents felt overwhelmed during their freshman year, and 39 percent continued to feel overwhelmed. Over half found it hard to balance their responsibilities, 69 percent had more to do than they could get done, and 92 percent thought the university should have a counseling center. Over 60 percent did not exercise regularly, eat balanced meals, or get enough sleep. Open-ended questions addressed awareness and use of university health, counseling, and financial services; student influence on faculty and administrative decisions; and university conditions that contribute to student stress. This paper includes the survey questionnaire, response data, and general information on TAMIU. (SV)



TAMIU COLLEGE STUDENT SURVEY NOVEMBER, 1997

Research organized and summarized by: Dr. Marjorie L. Coppock Assistant Professor of Sociology

SOCI 4303 - Social Science Research Methods Fall, 1997 Texas A&M International University Laredo, Texas

Report supmitted May, 1998

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TAMIU COLLEGE STUDENT SURVEY

November, 1997

Research organized and summarized by: Dr. Marjorie L. Coppock

PURPOSE OF THE STUDY

In the Fall of 1997 the students in the Social Science Research Methods class (SOCI 4303), under the direction and supervision of Dr. Marjorie Coppock, developed and administered a survey questionnaire to assess the degree of stress experienced by students at Texas A&M International University (TAMIU). The study identified the levels of stress and the factors related to stressful conditions in their lives. A lifestyle profile was developed which identified personal conditions including: age, marital status, presence of children, living arrangements, work involvements, religious activity, study activities, and health habits.

The purpose of the survey was to gain an understanding of the problems experienced by the students in pursuit of their educational goals, and to provide informational feedback to the university administration so that programs and support services can be developed to better assist the students in the successful completion of their degree programs. The data will be made public and available to individuals and groups concerned about and interested in improving learning conditions for students.

The student body at TAMIU differs in several ways from the students of a typical college campus. TAMIU has many older



students who are working part time or full time jobs, students who are married, who have children, and students who are the first in their families to attend college. (* See Appendix for TAMIU Homepage summary of the location, history, and institutional missions of the University. A summary of statistics on the Fall, 1997 TAMIU faculty and student body characteristics is also included.)

Stress is a frequent part of university life. Stress is the way our body reacts, physically and emotionally, to changes in our lives and demands made upon us. Feelings of stress can have both positive and negative aspects. Stress can help us concentrate, focus, and perform. However, when stress becomes continuous and/or experienced in many aspects of our lives it can result in anger, depression, and anxiety which disturbs our ability to focus and concentrate, and in turn stress can lead to health problems.

Handling stress effectively is essential if students are to accomplish their educational and life goals. Some students can deal with stress better than others. This survey can help students think through and assess factors related to feelings of stress and the ways in which they are dealing with it.

SURVEY METHODOLOGY

The data were collected through a six page questionnaire survey which was administered by TAMIU students in classes representing all of the colleges in the University. Anonymity was



assured the respondents as no name or personally identifing information was required. The questionnaires were administered the 2 weeks before and 1 week after the Thanksgiving holiday at the end of November, 1997.

The questionnaire was filed with the Human Subjects Committee of TAMIU through Dr. Todd Russell. Dr. Russell, Associate Professor of Psychology, and Mrs. Debbie Russell, Coordinator of Disabled Student Services, assisted in the development of the questionnaire by providing resources and advice helpful in contructing appropriate questions.

After the questionnaire was developed, it was pretested by the eleven students in the research methods class. The questionnaire took about 10-15 minutes to complete.

The questionnaire data were summarized and examined using the Statistical Package of the Social Sciences (SPSS - MS Windows Release 6.1). The data were entered into the computer for analysis by Mr. Gus Pena, who was a student in the Fall, 1997 research methods class.

A TAMIU University Mini-grant of \$350 was received to help cover expenses of computer entry and xerox reproduction costs. Appreciation is expressed to the University for this support.

A cross section of college classes was selected to obtain a representative sample of students. The following classes were included in the sample.

English Composition
Developmental Psychology
Abnormal Psychology
Introduction to Political Thought

Social Studies American National Government Managerial Accounting Survey of Life Science Man and Environment



Δ

Introduction to Public Administration
American History

Criminal Justice Sociological Theory

The students who administered the survey in the classes were given the following instructions to follow.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ADMINISTERING THE COLLEGE STUDENT SURVEY SOCI 4304. Social Science Research Methods November, 1997

- ** The pretests were mostly completed in 10-12 minutes. A couple took a few more minutes.
- ** Call the professor or drop by to talk to them tomorrow or Monday to make arrangements to administer the survey.
- ** Confirm with the professor the time and location of the class to which you will be going.
- ** Arrive before the class time to greet the professor and answer any questions
- ** Instruct anyone who has filled in the survey in another class to not fill in another one.
- ** Read the purpose to the class
- ** Be sure to wait to collect all the surveys.
- ** Clip the surveys from each class together.
- ** Note on the top of each stack what class was represented and when it was administered (time and day).
- ** This is your data. Protect it carefully. It will be turned in for grading
- ** If you want a copy for yourself, xerox a copy for yourself, before turning it in.

The following represents the cover letter given to each student at the time of administration of the questionnaire.



TAMIU COLLEGE STUDENT SURVEY November, 1997

Dear Fellow Student;

THE PURPOSES OF THIS SURVEY ARE TO:

- 1. IDENTIFY FACTORS CONTRIBUTING TO FEELINGS OF STRESS AMONG COLLEGE STUDENTS,
- 2. IDENTIFY WAYS IN WHICH STUDENTS HANDLE THE STRESS IN THEIR LIVES, AND
- 3. IDENTIFY STEPS THAT CAN BE TAKEN BY THE UNIVERSITY TO HELP RELIEVE THE EXPERIENCES OF STRESS IN STUDENT'S LIVES.

Stress is a frequent part of university life. Feelings of stress are highly correlated with an increase in illness.

- ** Your contribution to this study will provide valuable insight into the problems faced by TAMIU students, the ways in which these problems are being dealt with, and suggestions to improve the conditions for students.
- ** YOUR CONTRIBUTION IS ANONYMOUS. YOUR NAME OR OTHER PERSONAL-LY IDENTIFYING INFORMATION IS NOT NEEDED.

This survey is being conducted by the students of Social Science Research Methods class (SOCI 4303), under the supervision of Dr. Coppock to study the effects of university life upon students at TAMIU.

The survey will identify:

- the background characteristics of TAMIU students,
- attitudes of students toward feelings of being stressed
- suggestions by students of ways to better conditions at TAMIU .

The student body at TAMIU differs in several ways from the typical college campus. TAMIU has many older students who are working part time or full time jobs, students who are married and have the responsibility of children, students who are the first in their family to attend college, and students who have come from other countries to study.

An understanding of the difficulties and stress related events encountered by students will provide information for the university in implementing programs to assist students toward academic success.



The data (N=301) are summarized below. Because of missing values, not all items total to 301.

TABLE 1. DEMOGRAPHICS OF TAMIU STUDENTS - Fall, 1997 (N=301)

AGE	SEX
	M - 105 (35%) MARITAL STATUS
17-24 - 54%	F - 196 (65%) Single - 193 (64%)
29 - 76%	Married - 88 (29%)
29 - 76% 34 - 87%	Divorced - 18 (6%)
44 - 96%	widowed - 2 (.7%)
62 - 100%	widowed 2 (.7%)
02 - 100%	CHILDREN
Mean - 26	Yes - 86 (29%)
SD - 7.65	No - 215 (71%)
SD = 7.65	NO - 215 (71%)
AMMENDING COLLEGE	ODEDIE HOUDG
ATTENDING COLLEGE	CREDIT HOURS
Full time - 249 (83%)	3-7 - 48 (16%)
Part time - 51 (17%)	9-12 - 143 (49%)
	13-15 - 84 (28%)
	16-19 - 20 (7%)
CLASSIFICATION	
Freshman - 18 (6%)	•
Sophomore _ 33 (11%)	HOLD A PAYING JOB
Junior _ 109 (36%)	No - 108 (36%)
Senior _ 122 (41%)	Yes, 20 hours or less - 61 (20%)
Graduate _ 19 (6%)	Yes, 20-30 hours - 39 (13%)
	Yes, over 30 hours/week - 92 (31%)
MAJORS	
Business - 41	PLACE OF RESIDENCE
CIS - 14	Home with both parents - 122 (41%) Home with mother - 31 (10%)
English - 9	Home with mother - 31 (10%)
Education - 54	Home with father - 6 (2%)
Math/Science - 9	Home with spouse - 24 (8%) Home with children - 8 (3%) Home with spouse/children- 47 (16%)
Criminal Justice - 57	Home with children - 8 (3%)
Spanish - 8	Home with spouse/children- 47 (16%)
History - 7	Home with parent/spouse - 3 (1%)
Political Science - 16	Home parents/spouse/kids - 2 (.7%)
Psychology - 47	Home with mother/children- 4 (1%)
Sociology - 27	Home with mother/children- 4 (1%) Home with relative/spouse- 1 (.3%)
Undetermined - 12	With other relatives - 16 (5%)
	Campus Village - 6 (2%)
	Alone at home - 2 (.7%)
	Alone in apartment - 21 (7%)



TABLE 2. CULTURAL/ETHNIC/SOCIO-ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

```
ATTENDANCE AT CHURCH SERVICES
RELIGIOUS IDENTIFICATION
                                  At least weekly - 98 (33%)
              249 (83%)
Catholic -
                                 At least monthly
                                                      - 71 (24%)
Christian
              7 (2%)
                                 At least 2X a year - 46 (15%)
Muslin -
                1
                                  Special occasions - 57 (19%)
                1
Jewish
                                              - 29 (10%)
                                  Never
Undetermined - 4
Protestant - 24 (8%)
 (including Jehovah Witnesses,
 Seventh Day Adventist,
 Baptist, Lutheran, and
 Methodist)
                14 (5%)
None
                                  LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME
ETHNICITY
Hispanic
                               English - 70 (23%)
Spanish - 69 (23%)
                - 278 (92%)
Anglo/European - 15 (5%)
African-Amer. - 1 (.3%)
Native-Amer. - 1 (.3%)
                                             - 160 (53%)
                                  Both
                                  Other
                                              - 2 (.7%)
                        READ SPANISH?

No - 30 (10%)

Some - 65 (22%)

Yes - 202 (67%)

WRITE SPANISH?

No - 60 (20%)

Some - 70 (23%)

Yes - 167 (56%)
                                               WRITE SPANISH?
SPEAK SPANISH?
No - 12 ( 4%)
Some - 46 (15%)
Yes - 243 (81%)
FIRST PERSON IN YOUR FAMIY TO GO TO COLLEGE?
Yes - 75 (25%)
No - 225 (74%)
                                          cumulative %
                             - 52 (18%)
- (27%)
ANNUAL FAMILY INCOME
                                             18%
Below $15,000
                            - 80 (27%)
Between $15,000-$30,000
                                             45%
                              - 71 (24%)
                                             69%
Between $30,000-$45,000
Between $45,000-$60,000
                              - 45 (15%) 84%
                               - 48 (16%) 100%
Over $60,000
```



TABLE 3. COMPARING THE SAMPLE TO THE TOTAL STUDENT BODY

	Student body, Fall, 1	.997 Sample (N=301)
SEX		258
Males	36%	35%
Females	63%	65%
AVERAGE AGE	25.6	26
CLASSIFICATION		_
Freshmen	15%	6%
Sophomore	10%	11%
Juniors	16%	36%
Seniors	27%	41%
Graduates	29%	6%
ETHNICITY		_
Hispanic	89%	92%
Anglo/European	6%	5%
African-America	n .2% -	. 3%
Native-American	0%	.3%
Asian	.5%	0%

In comparing selected sample characteristics with the total student body characteristics (see appendix) it becomes evident that the sample is representative in regard to sex, age, and ehtnicity. However the sample is over representative of full time students and junior and seniors. Freshman and graduate students are under represented by the sample. These conditions should be considered in generalizing the results to the total student body.



TABLE 4. EDUCATIONAL INVOLVEMENT AND PARTICIPATION PREFERENCES

```
GRADE POINT AVERAGE
                            HOURS PER WEEK SPENT STUDYING
         cumulative %
                                                         cum. %
                           5 hours or less - 90 (31%) 31%
2.3 or less - 11%
                         6-10 hours - 91 (31%) 62%
11-15 hours - 42 (14%) 77%
16-20 hours - 44 (15%) 92%
21-60 hours - 22 (7%) 100%
Average = 11.207
2.5 or less - 28%
3.0 or less - 69%
3.5 or less - 86%
3.8 or less - 96%
4.0 or less - 100%
                            SD = 8.456
                            Mode = 5 (N=42)
CLASS HOUR PREFERENCES QUIET PLACE TO STUDY?
Night - 54 (18%)
                            Yes - 224 (75%)
           - 187 (62%)
                             No - 73
                                         (24%)
Morning
Afternoon - 172 (57%)
Saturday - 32 (11%)
                            WHERE DO YOU MOSTLY STUDY?
                            Home - 183 (61%)
Library - 86 (29%)
                            Both - 22 (7%)
STUDY ALONE?
Alone - 238 (79%)
                             Other
                                       - 8 ( 3%)
With others - 44 (15%)
Both - 16 (5%)
                                 INTERESTED IN INTRAMURAL
PARTICIPATE IN STUDENT
                                 SPORTS?
ORGANIZATION?
                                No - 181 (60%)
No - 230 (76%)
Yes - 68 (23%)
                                 Yes - 110 (37%)
```



TABLE 5. DISTANCE TRAVELED AND LOCATION OF BIRTH

MILES FROM THE UNIVERSITY ક્ષ cum.% 128 46% 46% 5 or less -82% 6-10 99 33% 28 92% 10% 11-30 31-55 9 3 ક્ર 95% 13 4% 100% 56-86

WHERE WERE YOU BORN?

Laredo - 185 (61%)

Nuevo Laredo - 13 (4%)

Other/Mexico - 11 (4%) (including Mexico City and Monterrey)

Other/Texas - 40 (13%) (including Abilene, Austin, Brownsville, Corpus Christi, Carrizo Springs, Dallas, Dilley, Falfurias, Houston, Kerrville, McAllen, Port Arthur, Rio Grande City, San Antonio, San Diego, San Benito, Uvalde, Victoria, Zapata

Other/states - 27 (9%) (including Alabama, Arizona, California, Illinois, Kansas, Louisiana, Michigan, North Carolina, New York, Ohio, Wisconsin

Other/countries - 2 (.5%) (including Cuba, Puerto Rico)

Undetermined - 4



USE THESE ANSWERS TO RESPOND TO THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS.

(Answers are below the statement)

MEAN SD	(1) Strongly Agree	(2) Agree	(3) Disagree	(4) Strongly Disagree
2.362	I felt ove 57	erwhelmed by	university life 109	my first year. 27
2.653	I continue	e to feel ove	rwhelmed by uni	versity life.
.819	25	92		40
1.554	My parents	s encourage m	e in my univers	ity education.
.764	164	99	12	12
1.415 .827	My spouse 76	encourages m	e in my univers	sity education. 6
2.342	I find it	hard to bala 105	nce all my respo	onsibilities. 27
1.789 .644	I feel com 94	nfortable at 180	the university. 19	6
3.322	I feel ald	one and out o	f place at the 1	university.
.701	6	22	138	129
1.926	I have mad	de important :	friendships at [.]	the university.
.704	79	166	45	6
2.017	I deal wel	ll with the p	ressures of uni	versity life.
.644	52		43	7



MEAN SD	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
2.051		el that I ha	ave more to do t	han I can get
.866	done. 91	117	78	14
2.687	Different i	deas and pe	erspectives I me	et in my univer-
.873	27	es cause me 91	123	53
3.003			o talk to a cour	selor about my
.884	frustration 21	ns and prob 51	lems. 128	94
	21	31		
3.340	Male stude	nts are giv	en preferential	treatment
.664	compared to	o female st	udents.	121
	5	10	151	121
	m 1	3	iven profesentis	1 treatment
3.264 .718	remale stude compared to	dents are g o male stud	iven preferentia ents.	
	8	16	152	111
1.662 .624	The univers where studes 119	sity should nts can go 158	have a student for support and 12	counseling center assistance. 14
USE THE	SE ANSWERS TO :	RESPOND TO e below the	THE FOLLOWING ST	PATEMENTS
Mean	1	2	•	4 5
SD				d part Most all f time of time
	or none o	 T CIME		
4.266	-	_		100
.780	1	8	31 13	28 129
	~ 6 3 3	aa	entral of mucal	f
3.896 .869		ed and in C 14	control of mysel:	8 78



MEAN SD	Rarely or none	Little of time	Some of time	Good part of time	Most all of time
2.852	I feel te 24	nse. 66	152	40	15
2.162 1.114	I get ups 110	et easily or 72	feel panicky 79	y unexpected 26	ly. 9
1.751 .989	My school 167	work causes 58	s conflicts at 54	t home. 15	3
1.789 1.069	My school 148	work causes 46	s conflicts at 47	t work. 15	6
1.224 .678	I feel di 259	scriminated 15	against at th	ne university 3	7 • 3
1.166 .671	I use tra anxiety. 270	nquilizers o	or antidepress	sants to cope	e with 5
1.317 .791	I drink a 240	lcoholic bev	verages to cop 20	pe with anxie 5	ety. 4
1.374 .920	I smoke t 238	o cope with 19	anxiety. 13	13	6
1.366 .910	I drink m 240	ore than I s	should. 17	9	7
2.564 1.242	I exercis	e regularly 72	• 85	39	26
2.672 1.226	I eat bal 62	anced meals 75	with fruits a	and vegetable 52	es. 25
3.034 1/314	I sleep w 46	ell at night 61	t. 77	61	51
3.980	I am conf 7	ident about 17	the future. 54	115	103



TABLE 7. DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE OF TAMIU STUDENTS - FALL, 1997 (SAMPLE N = 301)

76% are 29 years old or younger 65% are female 64% are single 83% are attending full time 77% are juniors or seniors 64% hold a paying job 53% live at home with a parent or parents 83% identify as Catholics 92% are Hispanic 96% speak (at least some) Spanish 69% have a Grade Point Average of 3.0 or below 63% spend 10 hours or less a week studying 82% travel 10 miles or less to attend classes 61% were born in Laredo. 69% have a family income below \$45,000 (45% family income below \$30,000) 84% are taking 9-19 credit hours at TAMIU



TABLE 8. PROBLEMS OF STRESS AND LIFESTYLE IDENTIFIED BY PERCENT

STUDENTS WHO AGREE OR STRONGLY AGREE WITH THE FOLLOWING ITEMS

- 52% felt overwhelmed their first year at TAMIU
- 39% continue to feel overwhelmed
- 54% find it hard to balance all their responsibilities
- 9% feel alone and out of place
- 69% feel that they have more to do than they can get done
- 39% become anxious by different ideas they meet in classes
- 24% often feel a need to talk to a counselor
- 5% feel that male students are given preference
- 8% feel that female students are given preference
- 92% feel that the university should have a counseling center

STUDENTS WHO DISAGREE OR STRONGLY DISAGREE WITH THE FOLLOWING

- 8% feel their parents (do not) encourage them
- 3% feel his/her spouse (does not) encourage him/her
- 8% (do not) feel comfortable at the university
- 17% have (not) made important friendships
- 17% feel they (do not) deal well with pressure

STUDENTS WHO RESPOND THAT THEY RARELY, LITTLE OF THE TIME OR SOME OF TIME EXPERIENCE THE FOLLOWING

- 13% are (not) generally happy
- 30% are (not) relaxed and in control
- 76% (do not) exercise regularly
- 73% (do not) eat balanced meals
- 61% (do not) sleep well at night
- 26% (do not) feel confident about the future

STUDENTS WHO RESPOND THAT MOST ALL OF THE TIME, A GOOD PART OF THE TIME OR SOME OF THE TIME EXPERIENCE THE FOLLOWING

- 69% feel tense
- 38% get upset easily or feel panicky
- 24% school work causes conflicts at home
- 23% school work causes conflicts at work
 - 7% feel discriminated against
 - 5% use tranquilizers or antidepressants to cope
- 10% use alcohol to cope
- 11% smoke to cope
- 11% drink more than they should



OPEN-ENDED RESPONSES

Several open-ended questions were included in the questionnaire. They are listed and discussed below.

1. ARE YOU AWARE OF THE FACILITIES OFFERED BY THE UNIVERSITY FOR HEALTH AND COUNSELING SERVICES AND FINANCIAL SERVICES? HAVE YOU USED THESE FACILITIES?

While 143 responded that they were aware of the services, 70 replied that they were not aware of the services. Some of the comments directed toward not being aware included the following.
"They need to promote services better."

"There needs to be more direct communication and explanations about finances and health services."

"More information is needed"

"I am not aware of the health and counseling services."

While 93 respondants stated that they did not use the services, 75 said that they did use the services. Thirty students noted use of the financial aid services. Eleven noted that they had used the health services when they needed medical assistance or advice. Four noted that the counseling service had been a good help to them. Four were frustrated that they needed financial aid but did not qualify for it. Another student noted that she did not use the health or counseling services because she felt a lack of privacy in such a small university.



2. AS A STUDENT DO YOU FEEL THAT YOUR VOICE IS HEARD BY THE FACULTY AND ADMINISTRATION?

Seventy-nine respondents replied 'Yes' and nineteen replied "Sometimes". Comments related to this question include the following.

"Open forums are held and opinions are taken into consideration."

"Most of the faculty go the extra mile."

"Students can join Student Government Association to be heard or talk about their concerns with their representative."

Seventy-two respondents replied 'No" they did not feel their voice was heard. The following comments express these concerns.
"Administration and faculty do what they please."

"I had a problem and I spoke to the Provost, but even then nothing happened."

"It's hard to voice my opinion. I only have a AA degree and the professors have a Ph.D."

"I feel there is some type of power struggle with different department heads, and that SUCKS! Stop power struggles and enhance the education of students."

"Not enough is done to help the students, its very political."

"It's too political!"

3/4. WHAT UNIVERSITY CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTE TO STUDENT STRESS?
WHAT SUGGESTIONS DO YOU HAVE FOR IMPROVEMENT OF THE EDUCATIONAL
EXPERIENCE AT TAMIU?

(The number in parentheses designates the number of students who



listed the problem as a concern.) Comments have been grouped into paragraphs of similar concerns.

(24) PARKING

There are not enough parking places. Not finding a place makes you late for class. There is not enough lighting in the parking lot.

(4) TRAFFIC LIGHT

A traffic light is needed at the intersection of the entrance to university and Loop 20.

(19) STUDENT CENTER/ (8) FOOD SERVICE / (10) ORGANIZATIONS

Students need a place to socialize and a place for relaxation. This will help to relieve stress. At the present time there is no place to hang out. There is a need for a better and bigger cafeteria that has more variety. More extracurricular activities, such as clubs and organizations, are needed so students can interact with each other. Intramural activities will increase interactions between students. Students need more access to the gym. This will help to relieve stress. Tennis courts, a football field, and a track are needed.

CLASS SCHEDULING

(19) There is a LACK OF COURSES offered. The classes that I need are rarely offered. This is especially frustrating when a class needed to graduate is not being offered. (5) MORE PROFES-



SORS and MORE CLASS OPTIONS and MORE CLASS HOUR OPTIONS are needed. I hate that their is only one class with one professor teaching it. There are not enough professors to choose from.

(7) MORE MORNING CLASSES are needed. This is especially important for mothers who have children who come home from school in the afternoon. (10) MORE NIGHT CLASSES and SUMMER CLASSES are needed.

(9) LIBRARY/ COMPUTER ACCESS

The library CLOSES TOO EARLY. It should be opened longer, especially at midterm and during finals. The library needs CURRENT, UPDATED BOOKS and JOURNALS for necessary research. There should be more ACCESS TO COMPUTERS. The labs are too crowded. High school students are being allowed to use them and taking spots of college students who have paid to attend.

PROFESSORS AND CLASS REQUIREMENTS

(5) Some professors feel that we are only taking class with them. They SCHEDULE SO MUCH and don't realize we have MANY OTHER PROJECTS. There are too many (15) RESEARCH PAPERS AND PROJECTS due, too many (11) EXAMS AT THE SAME TIME. (Do they do it on purpose?) There is too much to be turned in at the (6) END OF THE SEMESTER. (3) Too much READING is required. (9) Faculty need to realize that we have WORK/FAMILIES/CHILDREN. (4) FINALS are too close together. They should be two weeks long. We should have more TIME TO STUDY FOR FINALS.



Some of the faculty INTIMIDATE STUDENTS/ CAN'T TEACH/ DO NOT CARE ABOUT THE STUDENT/ DON'T KEEP THEIR WORD/ DON'T TRY TO UNDERSTAND THE STUDENTS/ ARE INCONSIDERATE. All the professors need to give out a SYLLABUS, this way we are aware of deadlines in tests, assignments, and term papers. There should be (3) HIGHER GRADING STANDARDS, the students need to be CHALLENGED. We are treated like high school students. Some professors require that you MEET IN GROUPS outside of class. This is difficult to fit into your schedule if you work.

ADMINISTRATION/STAFF

The administration (3) DOES NOT LISTEN to student needs. They are here for their own good. (3) REGISTRATION is frustrating. Going back and forth between offices is confusing. It's difficult when you ask a question and that person sends you to another person and that person sends you to another. (7) ADVICE is inconsistent. Advisors say different things. They send us to an advisor we don't know to advise us about out career plans. INFORMATION CHANGES depending on who you talk to. The staff should be (2) FRIENDIIER and more (3) PROFESSIONAL. The administration should guit letting GOOD TEACHERS LEAVE.

FINANCIAL CONCERNS

(3) TUITION IS HIGH, especially if you are not on financial aid. Teachers expect us to buy TOO MANY BOOKS. Paying for books is a big expense. If you are on financial aid there is a lot of



pressure to pass. If you don't pass no monies are awarded for the following semester.

MISCELLANEOUS

- (3) DAY CARE SERVICES are needed for mothers. We need to be more mother friendly.
- There should be MORE LANGUAGE CLASSES besides Spanish. I prefer a French class. I do not plan to stay in Laredo.
 - CLASSROOMS ARE DRAB. They need color.
 - Recruit more OUT OF TOWN STUDENTS.
 - Eliminate ENGL 3301. It's frustrating.
- (3) Some of the EDUCATION CLASSES are overwhelming. I have to spend money for projects, copies, and materials. Education should provide some materials for interns.
- (7) TUTORING CENTERS for subjects other than math, English, and Science are needed. They should be offered on the weekends for students who work.

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

The TAMIU College Student Survey (November, 1997) documents the extent of stressful conditions and levels of experienced stress reported by the 301 student respondents. Besides attending college full time (83%), many are also working at a paying job (64%) and/or involved in family responsibilities through marriage (29%) and/or children (29%). The majority come from a religious orientation (86%). Many become anxious by different ideas they meet in classes (39%). Financial concerns are also



suggested in the 45% of respondents whose annual family income is \$30,000 or below. Time constraints created by many responsibilities may be a factor in the 62% of respondents who study 10 hours or less a week and the 69% of respondents with a grade point average of 3.00 or less.

Many respondents (54%) felt it hard to balance all their responsibilities, 69% felt that they had more to do than they could get done, and 69% stated that they 'get tense'. Health concerns are also noted in that many (76%) do not exercise regularly, do not eat balanced meals (73%), or do not sleep well at night (61%). About 11% of the respondents use alcohol and/or cigarettes to cope with their tensions.

Handling stress effectively is essential for the accomplishment of educational and life goals. Stress and anxiety disturbs a person's ability to focus and concentrate. Stress can lead to health problems. Poor health habits can exacerbate stressful situations. These data present ample justification for the development of an expanded health education program and expanded counseling and health services. A large majority of the students (92%) agreed that a counseling center was needed at TAMIU.



Texas A&M International University General Information

A Resource for South Texas and Beyond

 □ Location □ History □ Institutional Mission □ Laredo Map □ University Map

Location

As its name implies, Texas A&M International University is an international university, poised at the Gateway to Mexico and serving as the intellectual center of a vibrant bilingual and bicultural community.

Laredo is 156 miles south of San Antonio, 158 miles west of Corpus Christi, and 153 miles north of Monterrey, Nuevo Leon, Mexico. Laredo is an enviable crossroads of international business and life. Laredo's history is hallmarked by seven sovereign flags and people of all races and nations seem drawn by a colorful environment and tropical climate that affords a pleasant lifestyle for all.

Over 160,000 people call Laredo home and the city was recently named the fastest growing city in Texas and the second fastest in the United States.

The Rio Grande winds its way between Laredo and its sister city, Nuevo Laredo, Tamaulipas, Mexico. Nuevo Laredo is home to over 360,000 people and offers its own rich culture, history and traditions, most proudly shared by the peoples of Los Dos Laredos.

History

In August of 1970 students were accepted for the very first time at what was then called Texas A&I University at Laredo. This beginning, as a "center" under Texas A&I University, was the start of a legacy in education for south Texas. The focus was to fill a demand in teacher education and business disciplines. Texas A&I at Laredo was organized under the upper level concept of higher education, offering only junior and senior level coursework. This approach provided a local bachelors degree opportunity for area residents. This upper-level University was later expanded to include graduate degree programs.

In September 1977, the name was changed to Laredo State University and the old "center" status was removed officially in 1987. As the university grew it expanded its scope of operations to include international operations and agreements with degree programs and a faculty to meet the requirements

The University became a member of The Texas A&M University System on September 1, 1989. The name was changed to Texas A&M International University in 1993.

The 74th Texas Legislature authorized an expansion to 4-year status in the fall of 1995, and authorized the university to develop joint degree programs with Mexican and Canadian institutions of higher education. Further authorization has permitted the development of doctoral level programs.



The year 1995 was the cornerstone of the legacy in education for South Texas and Texas A&M International University. The start of the Fall 1995 term marked the Universitys 25th anniversary, and the inauguration of a newly constructed campus in northeast Laredo, and offering freshman and sophomore courses for the first time.

Institutional Mission

Texas A&M International University, a member of The Texas A&M University System, is a co-educational, state-supported institution offering baccalaureate and master's degrees. The University was authorized by the 73rd Legislature to offer select doctoral degree programs. Program areas include arts and humanities, business administration, education, and science and technology, with a special emphasis on developing a strong undergraduate program and a progressive agenda for international studies. The international focus addresses the special responsibility the University inherits from its unique geographical location on the Texas - Mexico border. The University is dedicated to improving the quality and accessibility of higher education and providing new opportunities and options as an emerging comprehensive institution with the authority to offer degrees at all academic levels.

Designed to improve the quality of life for citizens of the Texas - Mexico Border Region and the State of Texas, Texas A&M International University, through innovative quality instruction, faculty and student generated research, and public service, serves as a strategic point of delivery for a variety of local, regional, national, and international programs and services.



Faculty Headcount Fall 1997

http://www.tamiu.edu/adminis/oire/fy979814.htm

Faculty Headcount

Semester	Faculty Headcount
Fall 1997	143

Faculty by Gender

Semester	Male	Female
Fall 1997	94	49

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Enrollment by Gender

Semester	Male	Female
Fall 1997	1,024	1,797

Average Age Fall 1997

http://www.tamiu.edu/adminis/oire/fy979806.htm

Average Age

Semester	Undergraduate	Graduate	All Students
Fall 1997	25.6	32.3	27.7

Enrollment by Load Fall 1997

http://www.tamiu.edu/adminis/oire/fy979804.htm

Enrollment by Load

Semester	Part-Time	Full-Time
Fall 1997	1,705	1,134

Enrollment by Class Fall 1997

Enrollment by Ethnicity Fall 1997

Enrollment By Classification

Classification	<u>Fall</u> 1997
Concurrent HS	16
Freshman	420
Sophomore	279
Junior	466
Senior	769
Post Graduate	53
Graduate	836

Enrollment By Ethnicity

Ethnicity	Fall 1997	
White	165	
Black	7	
Hispanic	2,520	
Asian	14	
American Indian	0	
Non-Res Alien	133	
Total	2,839	





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