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ABSTRACT

Because education in the United States is largely determined at the state and local levels, there has been considerable interest in how the performance of students in individual states compares with each other, with the United States as a whole, and with other nations. The comparison of state performance with other states and with the nation as a whole is made possible by the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP). In 1996, NAEP assessed mathematics and science in the United Sates as a whole. The Third International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS) conducted in 1995 provides the most recent information about America's progress in mathematics and science education compared with other countries in the world. This study is one of two reports about the linking of NAEP results to TIMSS results for Grade 8 mathematics and science. The study describes the types of linking approaches considered, the methods used to develop the linking functions, the sources of variability that affect the variance of the linking functions, and the validation and results obtained for Grade 8 mathematics and science achievement. (ASK)

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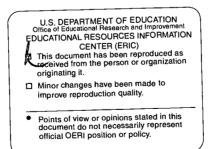
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Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS): Eighth-Grade Results



U.S. Department of Education Office of Educational Research and Improvement

NCES 98-500

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

Research and Development Report July 1998

Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS): Eighth-Grade Results

Eugene G. Johnson, Educational Testing Service Adriane Siegendorf, Education Statistics Services Institute

Gary W. Phillips, Project Officer National Center for Education Statistics

U.S. Department of Education Office of Educational Research and Improvement

NCES 98-500



U.S. Department of Education Richard W. Riley Secretary

Office of Educational Research and Improvement C. Kent McGuire Assistant Secretary

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Contact:

Arnold Goldstein (202) 219–1741



Foreword

The Research and Development (R&D) series of the reports has been initiated:

- 1. To share studies and research that are developmental in nature. The results of such studies may be revised as the work continues and additional data become available.
 - 2. To share results of studies that are, to some extent, on the "cutting-edge" of methodological developments. Emerging analytical approaches and new computer software development often permits new, and sometimes controversial, analysis to be done. By participating in "frontier research," we hope to contribute to the resolution of issues and improved analysis.
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> Marilyn M. McMillen Chief Statistician Statistical Standards Services Group National Center for Education Statistics 555 New Jersey Avenue NW Washington, DC 20208-5654



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1. INTRODUCTION

In 1989, the Nation's President along with its governors made clear that there was a keen interest in comparing the educational performance of United States' students with that of students in other countries. That year a National Education Summit adopted six education goals, one of which stated that by the year 2000, "U.S. students will be first in the world in science and mathematics achievement" (National Education Goals Panel, 1991, p. 16).

The Third International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS), conducted in 1995, provides the most recent information about our country's progress toward this goal. TIMSS is the largest, most comprehensive, and most rigorous international study of the schools and student achievement ever conducted. The international project involved the testing of more than a half-million students in mathematics and science at several different grade levels in 41 countries. The TIMSS results for the United States describe student mathematics and science achievement for both the country as a whole and for various subgroups of the population. These U.S. results are directly comparable to TIMSS results from many other countries. However, with the exception of a few states that chose to participate in the state-level TIMSS program, equivalent TIMSS results are not available at the state level.

Because education in the United States is largely determined at the state and local levels, there has been considerable interest in how the performance of students in individual states compares with each other, with the United States as a whole, and with other nations. The comparison of state performance with other states and with the nation as a whole is made possible by the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP). NAEP surveys the educational accomplishment of U.S. students and monitors changes in those accomplishments. NAEP tracks the educational achievements of fourth-, eighth-, eleventh-, and twelfth-grade students over time in selected content areas. For nearly 30 years, NAEP has been collecting data to provide educators and policymakers with accurate and useful information.

In 1996, NAEP assessed mathematics and science in the United States as a whole. Additionally, results for the individual states that chose to participate in the state NAEP assessment are available at grades 4 and 8 for mathematics and at grade 8 for science. While it is directly possible to compare the participating states with each other and with the nation as a whole, policymakers and the general public cannot know directly how the students in the various states would perform relative to students in other countries.



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Because TIMSS and NAEP were administered within a year of each other, there has been considerable interest in attempting to link the two assessments. Such a linkage would allow states that participated in the state component of the NAEP mathematics or science assessments to compare their predicted TIMSS results with the actual results from countries participating in TIMSS at the same grade level. Specifically, predicted performance on TIMSS could be estimated for each state that participated in NAEP by applying the link to that state's NAEP data.

The success of the link between the 1992 NAEP mathematics results with those from the 1991 International Assessment of Educational Progress (IAEP) in mathematics (Pashley and Phillips 1993) provided encouragement that a link between TIMSS and NAEP was possible.



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2. NAEP AND TIMSS

NAEP is an ongoing, congressionally mandated survey designed to measure what students know and can do. The goal of NAEP is to estimate educational achievement and changes in that achievement over time for American students of specified grades as well as for subpopulations defined by demographic characteristics and by specific background characteristics and experiences. In 1996, NAEP collected mathematics and science data from nationally representative samples of students in public and private schools in grades 4, 8, and 12. Additionally, directly comparable state assessments were conducted in public and private schools in participating states and jurisdictions at grade 4 for mathematics and at grade 8 for mathematics and science. (For many of the states and jurisdictions the sample of private school students was not adequate to support reporting of private school results. Accordingly, state-level results were reported by NAEP for the public school samples only.) State-level NAEP mathematics and science results are available for grade 8 public school students in 44 states and jurisdictions.

TIMSS is the largest and most ambitious study ever conducted by the International Association for the Evaluation of Educational Achievement (IEA). TIMSS is an international comparative study designed to provide information about educational achievement and learning contexts for the participating countries. Each participating country assessed mathematics and science in the two grades with the largest proportion of 13-year-olds (grades 7 and 8 in most countries, including the United States). Mathematics and science results are available for 41 countries for the higher of these grade levels--which, for convenience, will be referred to as the grade 8 level in this report. The U.S. TIMSS results are based on the sample of students from public and private schools.

In addition to the national results, three states opted to collect grade 8 data from representative samples of their students. Minnesota participated in a state-level administration of grade 8 TIMSS mathematics and science in 1995, while Missouri and Oregon participated in state-level administrations of grade 8 TIMSS in 1997. All three states also participated in the 1996 State NAEP. Thus, released public school NAEP results are available for all three states, as well as released TIMSS results for Minnesota. The TIMSS results for Missouri and Oregon have not yet been publicly released; however, preliminary data allowed some empirical verification of the linkage between NAEP and TIMSS.



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3. **REPORT OUTLINE**

This is one of two reports about the linking of NAEP results to TIMSS results for grade 8 mathematics and science. The first, "Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report," is a technical discussion of the statistical methods employed to link NAEP and TIMSS. It describes the types of linking approaches considered, the method used to develop the linking functions, the sources of variability that affect the variance of the linking functions, and the validation and results obtained for grade 8 mathematics and science. Readers interested in the statistical aspects of this research are referred to the technical report.

The results presented in this report are based on a link of NAEP to TIMSS, thereby providing predicted TIMSS results for given NAEP results. Since a major goal of the link is to enable comparisons between states and countries, links were estimated for those grades and subjects where there are both state NAEP data and international TIMSS data. The links are based on the data from the U.S. TIMSS national sample and from the NAEP national sample. Furthermore, the links are derived from public school data, since this is the population for which NAEP state-level results have been published. The actual TIMSS results of the participating nations include both private and public school data. The results in this report are for mathematics and science at grade 8. An additional link is being attempted for grade 4 mathematics but is still undergoing NCES review.

The quality of the link between NAEP and TIMSS was evaluated using data from the few states for which representative data were available from both assessments. Specifically, the predicted TIMSS performance, based on NAEP data, was compared with the actual TIMSS results for these states. In the 1995 administration of TIMSS, one state, Minnesota, elected to participate in the grade 8 TIMSS assessments of mathematics and science. The predicted results were quite close to the actual results for the grade 8 mathematics and science assessments. In addition, two states, Missouri and Oregon, participated in a special assessment of the TIMSS in their states in 1997. While the results of these assessments have not yet been publicly released, the predicted TIMSS results for these states were reasonably close to their actual TIMSS results.

This report, "Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science: Eighth Grade Results," presents the results of the linking project. Comparisons are given for grade 8 mathematics and science of the states and jurisdictions which participated in NAEP in 1996 with the nations that participated in TIMSS in



1995. In addition, for each state and jurisdiction, the estimated percentage of students reaching the TIMSS International Top Half and Top Ten Percent marker levels are given for grade 8 mathematics and science.

The reader should use caution when using the results presented in this report. The results presented here are adequate for approximate comparisons of the relative rankings of individual states versus other countries, but are not adequate for extensive analyses based on the estimated scores. The results presented in this report are not appropriate for comparing performance between states or between countries.



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4. COMPARISONS OF EACH NAEP STATE AND JURISDICTION WITH THE TIMSS NATIONS FOR GRADE 8 MATHEMATICS

This chapter presents one-page profiles for each state and jurisdiction participating in NAEP in grade 8 mathematics in alphabetical order. Each profile contains two tables.

- The first table displays how the state or jurisdiction would perform in comparison to the 41 nations that took TIMSS mathematics at grade 8. Each table indicates whether the **actual** scores of the participating TIMSS nations are significantly higher than, not significantly different from, or significantly lower than the **estimated** average performance of public school students in the state or jurisdiction.
- The second table displays a range of possible values for the estimated percentage of public school students in the state or jurisdiction that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level and the TIMSS Top Half marker level for mathematics at grade 8. The TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level represents the score achieved by the top ten percent of all eighth grade students in the 41 TIMSS countries combined. The TIMSS Top Half marker level represents the score achieved by the top fifty percent of all eighth grade students in the 41 TIMSS countries combined. Each table presents the estimated percentage of public school students in the state that are expected to perform above the TIMSS marker levels. The lower and upper bounds represent the range of possible values around these estimated percentages (95% confidence intervals).

A second profile is presented for the state of Minnesota. Similar tables to those described above are included. However, in this profile, the **actual** TIMSS results for Minnesota's public school students are compared with the results of the 41 nations who participated in TIMSS for grade 8 mathematics.

Readers of these profiles are reminded that the state's or jurisdiction's TIMSS performance in grade 8 mathematics is **estimated** from its NAEP score, using the linking function, and must therefore be interpreted with caution. Furthermore, the calculations for the 1996 NAEP scores and 1995 TIMSS scores for the participating states, jurisdictions, and nations are based on samples of the student populations, not entire student populations. Hence, estimates are imprecise.



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The SOLE purpose of these profiles is to allow the comparison of the predicted TIMSS performance for individual states with the actual TIMSS performance of individual countries. It is NOT appropriate to use these profiles to compare performance between states or between countries. Accordingly, the profiles for the states and jurisdictions participating in NAEP grade 8 mathematics are arranged in alphabetical order. The proper between state comparisons are provided in the NAEP reports (O'Sullivan, Reese and Mazzeo 1997; Reese et al. 1997), while the proper between country comparisons are provided in the TIMSS reports (Beaton, Mullis, et al. 1997; Beaton, Martin, et al. 1997).

State/Jurisdiction: Alabama

If the public school students in Alabama participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Not significantly different from Alabama | Lower than Alabama |
|---|--|
| | |
| | (Colombia) |
| · · | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| | (Kuwait) |
| | (South Africa) |
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| Spain | |
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| | Not significantly different from Alabama Cyprus (Greece) Iceland (Lithuania) Portugal (Romania) Spain Spain |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Alabama that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 0% | 1% | 3% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 23% | 32% | 42% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO. 8

State/Jurisdiction: (Alaska)

If the public school students in Alaska participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than Alaska | Not significantly different from Alaska | Lower than Alaska |
|-----------------------|--|------------------------|
| Belgium – Flemish | (Australia) | (Colombia) |
| Czech Republic | (Austria) | Cyprus |
| Hong Kong | (Belgium – French) | (Greece) |
| Japan | (Bulgaria) | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| Korea | Canada | (Kuwait) |
| Singapore | (Denmark) | (Lithuania) |
| Slovak Republic | (England) | Portugal |
| (Switzerland) | France | (Romania) |
| | (Germany) | (South Africa) |
| | Hungary | Spain |
| | Iceland | |
| | Ireland | |
| | (Israel) | |
| ' | (Latvia – LSS) | |
| | (Netherlands) | |
| | New Zealand | |
| | Norway | |
| | Russian Federation | |
| | (Scotland) | |
| | (Slovenia) | |
| | Sweden | |
| | (Thailand) | |
| • | United States (average) | |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Alaska that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 3% | 7% | 11% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 46% | 55% | 64% |
| <u></u> | | | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

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State/Jurisdiction: Arizona

If the public school students in Arizona participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Arizona | Not significantly different from Arizona | Lower than Arizona |
|----------------------------------|---|------------------------|
| (Australia) | Cyprus | (Colombia) |
| (Austria) Belgium – Flemish | (Denmark) | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| | (England) | (Kuwait) |
| (Belgium – French) (Bulgaria) | (Germany) | Portugal |
| Canada | (Greece) | (South Africa) |
| Canada Czech Republic | | |
| France | (Israel) | |
| | (Latvia-LSS) | |
| Hong Kong | (Lithuania) | |
| Hungary | New Zealand | |
| Ireland | Norway | |
| Japan | (Romania) | |
| Korea | (Scotland) | |
| (Netherlands) | Spain | |
| Russian Federation | United States (average) | |
| Singapore | | |
| Slovak Republic | | |
| (Slovenia) | | |
| Sweden | | |
| (Switzerland) | | |
| (Thailand) | | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Arizona that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 1% | 2% | 4% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 34% | 43% | 52% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: (Arkansas)

If the public school students in Arkansas participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than Arkansas | Not significantly different from Arkansas | Lower than Arkansas |
|-------------------------|--|------------------------|
| (Australia) | Cyprus | (Colombia) |
| (Austria) | (Greece) | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| Belgium – Flemish | Iceland | (Kuwait) |
| (Belgium – French) | (Latvia-LSS) | (South Africa) |
| (Bulgaria) | (Lithuania) | |
| Canada | Portugal | |
| Czech Republic | (Romania) | |
| (Denmark) | (Scotland) | |
| (England) | Spain | |
| France | United States (average) | |
| (Germany) | | |
| Hong Kong | | |
| Hungary | | |
| Ireland | | |
| (Israel) | | |
| Japan | | |
| Korea | | |
| (Netherlands) | | |
| New Zealand | | |
| Norway | | |
| Russian Federation | | |
| Singapore | | |
| Slovak Republic | | |
| (Slovenia) | | |
| Sweden | | |
| (Switzerland) | | |
| (Thailand) | | |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Arkansas that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|
| Top 10% | 0% | 2% | 3% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 28% | 37% | 46% | <u>`</u> |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: California

If the public school students in California participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|---|--|--|
| California | from California | California |
| (Australia) (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Belgium – French) (Bulgaria) Canada Czech Republic (England) France (Germany) Hong Kong Hungary Ireland (Israel) Japan Korea (Netherlands) New Zealand Russian Federation Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) Sweden (Switzerland) (Thailand) | Cyprus (Denmark) (Greece) Iceland (Latvia-LSS) (Lithuania) Norway Portugal (Romania) (Scotland) Spain United States (average) | (Colombia) Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) (South Africa) |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in California that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 1% | 3% | 5% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 30% | 38% | 46% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

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State/Jurisdiction: Colorado

If the public school students in Colorado participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Colorado | Not significantly different from Colorado | Lower than Colorado |
|--|---|---|
| (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Bulgaria) Czech Republic France Hong Kong Hungary Japan Korea (Netherlands) Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) (Switzerland) | (Australia) (Belgium – French) Canada (Denmark) (England) (Germany) Iceland Ireland (Israel) (Latvia – LSS) New Zealand Norway Russian Federation (Scotland) Sweden (Thailand) | (Colombia) Cyprus (Greece) Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) (Lithuania) Portugal (Romania) (South Africa) Spain |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Colorado that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 1% | 4% | 6% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 44% | 52% | 60% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Connecticut

If the public school students in Connecticut participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Connecticut | Not significantly different from Connecticut | Lower than Connecticut |
|----------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| Belgium – Flemish | (Australia) | (Colombia) |
| Czech Republic | (Austria) | Cyprus |
| Hong Kong | (Belgium – French) | (Greece) |
| Japan | (Bulgaria) | Iceland |
| Korea | Canada | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| Singapore | (Denmark) | (Kuwait) |
| Slovak Republic | (England) | (Latvia – LSS) |
| (Switzerland) | France | (Lithuania) |
| | (Germany) | Portugal |
| | Hungary | (Romania) |
| | Ireland | (South Africa) |
| · | (Israel) | Spain |
| | (Netherlands) | |
| | New Zealand | |
| | Norway | |
| | Russian Federation | |
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| | Sweden | |
| | (Thailand) | |
| | United States (average) | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Connecticut that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|-----------------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 2% | 5% | 9% | |
| <u>Top 50% (Half)</u> | 49% | 56% | 64% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Delaware

If the public school students in Delaware participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|--|---|--|
| Delaware | from Delaware | Delaware |
| (Australia) (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Belgium – French) (Bulgaria) Canada Czech Republic France Hong Kong Hungary Ireland (Israel) Japan Korea (Netherlands) Russian Federation Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) Sweden (Switzerland) (Thailand) | Cyprus (Denmark) (England) (Germany) (Greece) Iceland (Latvia-LSS) (Lithuania) New Zealand Norway (Romania) (Scotland) Spain United States (average) | (Colombia) Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) Portugal (South Africa) |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Delaware that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 1% | 3% | 5% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 33% | 41% | 49% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Department of Defense Domestic Dependent Elementary and Secondary Schools – DDESS

If the public school students in DDESS participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than | |
|--|---|--|--|
| DDESS | from DDESS | DDESS | |
| (Australia) (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Belgium – French) (Bulgaria) Canada Czech Republic France Hong Kong Hungary Ireland Japan Korea (Netherlands) Russian Federation Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) (Switzerland) | Cyprus (Denmark) (England) (Germany) (Greece) Iceland (Israel) (Latvia-LSS) (Lithuania) New Zealand Norway (Romania) (Scotland) Spain Sweden (Thailand) United States (average) | (Colombia) Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) Portugal (South Africa) | |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in DDESS that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 2% | 5% | 8% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 33% | 43% | 54% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Department of Defense Dependent Schools – DoDDS

If the public school students in the DoDDS participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than DoDDS | Not significantly different from DoDDS | Lower than DoDDS |
|---------------------------|---|------------------------|
| DoDDS | | . Dodds |
| (Austria) | (Australia) | (Colombia) |
| Belgium – Flemish | (Belgium – French) | Cyprus |
| (Bulgaria) | Canada | (Greece) |
| Czech Republic | (Denmark) | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| France | (England) | (Kuwait) |
| Hong Kong | (Germany) | (Lithuania) |
| Hungary | Iceland | Portugal |
| Japan | Ireland | (Romania) |
| Korea | (Israel) | (South Africa) |
| (Netherlands) | (Latvia – LSS) | Spain |
| Russian Federation | New Zealand | • |
| Singapore | Norway | |
| Slovak Republic | (Scotland) | |
| (Slovenia) | Sweden | |
| (Switzerland) | (Thailand) | |
| | United States (average) | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in the DoDDS that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 1% | 3% | 6% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 42% | 50% | 58% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES'98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: District of Columbia

If the public school students in the District of Columbia participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Nations whose | performance is | expected to be | e: |
|---------------|----------------|----------------|----|
|---------------|----------------|----------------|----|

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| DC | from DC | DC |
| (Australia) | (Colombia) | (South Africa) |
| (Austria) | (Kuwait) | |
| Belgium – Flemish | | |
| (Belgium – French) | | |
| (Bulgaria) | | |
| Canada | | |
| Cyprus | | |
| Czech Republic | | |
| (Denmark) | | |
| (England) | | |
| France | | |
| (Germany) | | |
| (Greece) | | |
| Hong Kong | | |
| Hungary | | · |
| Iceland | | |
| Iran, Islamic Republic | | |
| Ireland | | |
| (Israel) | | |
| Japan | | |
| Korea | | |
| (Latvia-LSS) | | |
| (Lithuania) | | |
| (Netherlands) | | |
| New Zealand | | |
| Norway | | |
| Portugal | | |
| (Romania) | | |
| Russian Federation | | |
| (Scotland) | | |
| Singapore | | |
| Slovak Republic | | |
| (Slovenia) | | |
| Spain | | |
| Spann Sweden | | |
| | | |
| (Switzerland) | | |
| (Thailand) | | |
| United States (average) | | |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in the District of Columbia that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 0% | 1% | 2% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 9% | 13% | 17% | |

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SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.



State/Jurisdiction: Florida

If the public school students in Florida participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|--|---|--|
| Florida | from Florida | Florida |
| (Australia) (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Belgium – French) (Bulgaria) Canada Czech Republic France Hong Kong Hungary Ireland (Israel) Japan Korea (Netherlands) Russian Federation Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) Sweden (Switzerland) (Thailand) | Cyprus (Denmark) (England) (Germany) (Greece) Iceland (Latvia-LSS) (Lithuania) New Zealand Norway (Romania) (Scotland) Spain United States (average) | (Colombia) Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) Portugal (South Africa) |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Florida that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 0% | 2% | 3% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 31% | 40% | 49% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Georgia

If the public school students in Georgia participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Nations whose | e performance is expected to be | : |
|---------------|---------------------------------|---|
|---------------|---------------------------------|---|

| Higher than Georgia | Not significantly different from Georgia | Lower than Georgia |
|--|---|--|
| Georgia (Australia) (Australia) Belgium – Flemish (Belgium – French) (Bulgaria) Canada Czech Republic (Denmark) (England) France (Germany) Hong Kong Hungary Ireland (Israel) Japan Korea (Netherlands) New Zealand Norway Russian Federation Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) Sweden | Cyprus (Greece) Iceland (Latvia-LSS) (Lithuania) Portugal (Romania) (Scotland) Spain United States (average) | (Colombia) Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) (South Africa) |
| (Switzerland) (Thailand) | | |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Georgia that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 1% | 2% | 4% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 30% | 38% | 46% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Guam

If the public school students in Guam participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| Guam | from Guam | Guam |
| (Australia) | Iran, Islamic Republic | (Colombia) |
| (Austria) | | (Kuwait) |
| Belgium – Flemish | | (South Africa) |
| (Belgium – French) | | (, |
| (Bulgaria) | | |
| Canada | | |
| Cyprus | | |
| Czech Republic | | |
| (Denmark) | | |
| (England) | | |
| France | | |
| (Germany) | | |
| (Greece) | | |
| Hong Kong | | |
| Hungary | | |
| Iceland | | |
| Ireland | | |
| (Israel) | | |
| Japan | | |
| Korea | | |
| (Latvia-LSS) | | |
| (Lithuania) | | |
| (Netherlands) | | |
| New Zealand | | |
| Norway | | |
| Portugal | | |
| (Romania) | | |
| Russian Federation | | |
| (Scotland) | | |
| Singapore | | |
| Slovak Republic | | |
| (Slovenia) | | |
| Spain | | |
| Sweden | | |
| (Switzerland) | | |
| (Thailand) | | |
| United States (average) | | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Guam that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | • |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|---|
| Top 10% | 0% | 1% | 2% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 13% | 19% | 25% | |

SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.



State/Jurisdiction: Hawaii

If the public school students in Hawaii participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than Hawaii | Not significantly different from Hawaii | Lower than Hawaii |
|-----------------------|--|------------------------|
| (Australia) | Cyprus | (Colombia) |
| (Austria) | (Greece) | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| Belgium – Flemish | Iceland | (Kuwait) |
| (Belgium – French) | (Latvia-LSS) | Portugal |
| (Bulgaria) | (Lithuania) | (South Africa) |
| Canada | (Romania) | |
| Czech Republic | (Scotland) | |
| (Denmark) | Spain | |
| (England) | United States (average) | |
| France | | |
| (Germany) | | |
| Hong Kong | | |
| Hungary | | |
| Ireland | | |
| (Israel) | | |
| Japan | | |
| Korea | | |
| (Netherlands) | | |
| New Zealand | | |
| Norway | | |
| Russian Federation | | |
| Singapore | | |
| Slovak Republic | | |
| (Slovenia) | | |
| Sweden | • | |
| (Switzerland) | | |
| (Thailand) | | |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Hawaii that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 1% | 3% | 4% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 30% | 37% | 44% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Indiana

If the public school students in Indiana participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|---|---|---|
| Indiana | from Indiana | Indiana |
| (Austria) Belgium – Flemish Czech Republic France Hong Kong Hungary Japan Korea Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) (Switzerland) | (Australia) (Belgium – French) (Bulgaria) Canada (Denmark) (England) (Germany) Iceland Ireland (Israel) (Latvia – LSS) (Netherlands) New Zealand Norway Russian Federation (Scotland) Sweden (Thailand) United States (average) | (Colombia) Cyprus (Greece) Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) (Lithuania) Portugal (Romania) (South Africa) Spain |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Indiana that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 1% | 3% | 6% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 42% | 52% | 62% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

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State/Jurisdiction: (Iowa)

If the public school students in Iowa participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Iowa | from Iowa | Iowa |
| Belgium – Flemish | (Australia) | (Colombia) |
| Czech Republic | (Austria) | Cyprus |
| Hong Kong | (Belgium – French) | (Denmark) |
| Japan | (Bulgaria) | (England) |
| Korea | Canada | (Greece) |
| Singapore | France | Iceland |
| | (Germany) | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| | Hungary | (Kuwait) |
| | Ireland | (Latvia – LSS) |
| | (Israel) | (Lithuania) |
| | (Netherlands) | · Norway |
| | New Zealand | Portugal |
| | Russian Federation | (Romania) |
| | Slovak Republic | (Scotland) |
| | (Slovenia) | (South Africa) |
| | Sweden | Spain |
| | (Switzerland) | United States (average) |
| | (Thailand) | - |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in lowa that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 1% | 4% | . 7% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 54% | 63% | 72% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Kentucky

If the public school students in Kentucky participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than Kentucky | Not significantly different from Kentucky | Lower than Kentucky |
|--|--|--|
| (Australia) (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Belgium – French) (Bulgaria) Canada Czech Republic France Hong Kong Hungary Ireland (Israel) Japan Korea (Netherlands) Russian Federation Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) Sweden (Switzerland) (Thailand) | Cyprus (Denmark) (England) (Gerece) Iceland (Latvia-LSS) (Lithuania) New Zealand Norway (Romania) (Scotland) Spain United States (average) | (Colombia) Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) Portugal (South Africa) |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Kentucky that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 0% | 2% | 3% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 31% | 40% | 48% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

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State/Jurisdiction: Louisiana

If the public school students in Louisiana participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Louisiana | Not significantly different from Louisiana | Lower than Louisiana |
|--------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| (Australia) | Сургия | (Colombia) |
| (Austria) | Iran, Islamic Republic | (Kuwait) |
| Belgium – Flemish | (Lithuania) | (South Africa) |
| (Belgium – French) | Portugal | |
| (Bulgaria) | 0 | |
| Canada | 11 | |
| Czech Republic | | |
| (Denmark) | | |
| (England) | | |
| France | 11 11 | |
| (Germany) | | |
| (Greece) | | |
| Hong Kong | | |
| Hungary | | |
| Iceland | | |
| Ireland | | |
| (Israel) | | |
| Japan | | |
| Korea | | |
| (Latvia-LSS) | | |
| (Netherlands) | | |
| New Zealand | | |
| Norway | | |
| (Romania) | | |
| Russian Federation | | |
| (Scotland) | | |
| Singapore | | |
| Slovak Republic | | |
| (Slovenia) | | |
| Spain | | |
| Sweden | | |
| (Switzerland) | | |
| (Thailand) | 11 11 | |
| United States (average) | | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Louisiana that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 0% | 1% | 1% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 17% | 25% | 33% |

SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO. 26



State/Jurisdiction: Maine

If the public school students in Maine participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Maine | Not significantly different from Maine | Lower than Maine |
|--|---|--|
| Iviaine Belgium – Flemish Czech Republic Hong Kong Japan Korea Singapore | (Australia) (Australia) (Belgium - French) (Bulgaria) Canada France (Germany) Hungary Ireland (Israel) (Netherlands) New Zealand Russian Federation | Maine (Colombia) Cyprus (Denmark) (England) (Greece) Iceland Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) (Latvia - LSS) (Lithuania) Norway Portugal (Romania) |
| | Slovak Republic (Slovenia) Sweden (Switzerland) (Thailand) | (Scotland) (South Africa) Spain United States (average) |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Maine that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 2% | 6% | 9% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 54% | 62% | 71% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

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State/Jurisdiction: (Maryland)

If the public school students in Maryland participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|---|---|--|
| Maryland | from Maryland | Maryland |
| (Australia) (Australia) (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Belgium – French) (Bulgaria) Canada Czech Republic France Hong Kong Hungary Ireland Japan Korea (Netherlands) Russian Federation Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) (Switzerland) | Cyprus (Denmark) (England) (Germany) (Greece) Iceland (Israel) (Latvia-LSS) (Lithuania) New Zealand Norway (Romania) (Scotland) Spain Sweden (Thailand) United States (average) | (Colombia) Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) Portugal (South Africa) |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Maryland that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 2% | 6% | 9% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 37% | 45% | 54% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Massachusetts

If the public school students in Massachusetts participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Massachusetts | Not significantly different from Massachusetts | Lower than Massachusetts |
|--|--|---|
| Massachusetts Belgium – Flemish Czech Republic Hong Kong Japan Korea Singapore Slovak Republic (Switzerland) | from Massachusetts (Australia) (Austria) (Belgium – French) (Bulgaria) Canada (Denmark) (England) France (Germany) Hungary Ireland (Israel) (Latvia – LSS) (Netherlands) New Zealand | Massachusetts (Colombia) Cyprus (Greece) Iceland Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) (Lithuania) Portugal (Romania) (South Africa) Spain |
| | Norway Russian Federation (Scotland) (Slovenia) Sweden (Thailand) United States (average) | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Massachusetts that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 2% | 5% | 8% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 45% | 55% | 64% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: (Michigan)

If the public school students in Michigan participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than | |
|--|--|---|--|
| Michigan | from Michigan | Michigan | |
| (Austria) Belgium – Flemish Czech Republic Hong Kong Japan Korea Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) (Switzerland) | (Australia) (Belgium – French) (Bulgaria) Canada (Denmark) (England) France (Germany) Hungary Iceland Ireland (Israel) (Latvia – LSS) (Netherlands) New Zealand Norway Russian Federation (Scotland) Sweden (Thailand) United States (average) | (Colombia) Cyprus (Greece) Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) (Lithuania) Portugal (Romania) (South Africa) Spain | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Michigan that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 1% | 5% | 8% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 44% | 54% | 63% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Minnesota

If the public school students in Minnesota participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Minnesota | Not significantly different from Minnesota | Lower than Minnesota |
|--------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Belgium – Flemish | (Australia) | (Colombia) |
| Czech Republic | (Austria) | Cyprus |
| Hong Kong | (Belgium – French) | (Denmark) |
| Japan | (Bulgaria) | (England) |
| Korea | Canada | (Greece) |
| Singapore | France | Iceland |
| | (Germany) | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| | Hungary | (Kuwait) |
| | Ireland | (Latvia – LSS) |
| | (Israel) | (Lithuania) |
| | (Netherlands) | Norway |
| | New Zealand | Portugal |
| | Russian Federation | (Romania) |
| | Slovak Republic | (Scotland) |
| | (Slovenia) | (South Africa) |
| | Sweden | Spain |
| | (Switzerland) | United States (average) |
| | (Thailand) | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Minnesota that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Тор 10% | 3% | 6% | 10% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 54% | 62% | 71% | |

SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.



Comparison of Actual TIMSS Scores from Public School Data for Minnesota with Actual TIMSS Scores for Nations: Grade 8 Mathematics (1995)

State/Jurisdiction: Minnesota*

How did the students in Minnesota perform in grade 8 mathematics in comparison to the students in the 41 nations that participated in TIMSS?

Nations whose performance was:

| Higher than Minnesota | Not significantly different from Minnesota | Lower than Minnesota |
|--------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Belgium – Flemish | (Australia) | (Colombia) |
| Czech Republic | (Austria) | Cyprus |
| Hong Kong | (Belgium – French) | (Denmark) |
| Japan | (Bulgaria) | (Greece) |
| Korea | Canada | Iceland |
| Singapore | (England) | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| | France | (Kuwait) |
| | (Germany) | (Latvia – LSS) |
| | Hungary | (Lithuania) |
| | Ireland | Norway |
| | (Israel) | Portugal |
| | (Netherlands) | (Romania) |
| | New Zealand | (Scotland) |
| | Russian Federation | (South Africa) |
| | Slovak Republic | Spain |
| | (Slovenia) | United States (average) |
| | Sweden | |
| | (Switzerland) | |
| | (Thailand) | |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What percentage of Minnesota's students performed above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What percentage performed above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates for the percentage of students who performed above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 3% | 7% | 11% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 49% | 57% | 66% | |

* The comparisons and values shown in this profile represent actual TIMSS results and not estimated TIMSS results based on the link the between NAEP and TIMSS.

SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO. 32



State/Jurisdiction: Mississippi

If the public school students in Mississippi participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Mississippi | Not significantly different from Mississippi | Lower than Mississippi |
|----------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| (Australia) | Iran, Islamic Republic | (Colombia) |
| (Austria) | Portugal | (Kuwait) |
| Belgium – Flemish | l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l | (South Africa) |
| (Belgium – French) | | (bouilt / litter) |
| (Bulgaria) | | |
| Canada | | |
| Cyprus | | |
| Czech Republic | | |
| (Denmark) | | |
| (England) | | |
| France | | |
| (Germany) | | |
| (Greece) | | |
| Hong Kong | | |
| Hungary | | |
| Iceland | | |
| Ireland | | |
| (Israel) | | |
| Japan | | |
| Korea | | |
| (Latvia-LSS) | | |
| (Lithuania) | | |
| (Netherlands) | | |
| New Zealand | | |
| Norway | | |
| (Romania) | | |
| Russian Federation | | |
| (Scotland) | | |
| Singapore | | |
| Slovak Republic | | |
| (Slovenia) | | |
| Spain | | |
| Sweden | | |
| (Switzerland) | | |
| (Thailand) | | |
| United States (average) | | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Mississippi that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 0% | 1% | 1% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 17% | 23% | |

SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO. 33



State/Jurisdiction: Missouri

If the public school students in Missouri participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than | |
|--|--|---|--|
| Missouri | from Missouri | Missouri | |
| (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Bulgaria) Czech Republic France Hong Kong Hungary Japan Korea (Netherlands) Russian Federation Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) (Switzerland) | (Australia) (Belgium – French) Canada (Denmark) (England) (Germany) (Greece) Iceland Ireland (Israel) (Latvia – LSS) New Zealand Norway (Romania) (Scotland) Spain Sweden (Thailand) United States (average) | (Colombia) Cyprus Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) (Lithuania) Portugal (South Africa) | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Missouri that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 1% | 3% | 5% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 39% | 49% | 58% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO. 34

State/Jurisdiction: (Montana)

If the public school students in Montana participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took. TIMSS at grade 8?

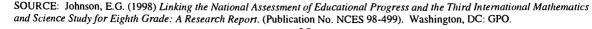
| Higher than Montana | Not significantly different from Montana | Lower than Montana |
|---|---|---|
| Belgium – Flemish Czech Republic Hong Kong Japan Korea Singapore | (Australia) (Austria) (Belgium – French) (Bulgaria) Canada France (Germany) Hungary | (Colombia) Cyprus (Denmark) (England) (Greece) Iceland Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) |
| | Ireland (Israel) (Netherlands) New Zealand Russian Federation Slovak Republic (Slovenia) Sweden (Switzerland) (Thailand) | (Lutwart) (Latvia – LSS) (Lithuania) Norway Portugal (Romania) (Scotland) (South Africa) Spain United States (average) |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Montana that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|-----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10 <i>%</i> | 2% | 6% | 9% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 53% | 62% | 70% | |



12

State/Jurisdiction: Nebraska

If the public school students in Nebraska participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Nebraska | Not significantly different from Nebraska | Lower than Nebraska |
|-------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| Belgium – Flemish | (Australia) | (Colombia) |
| Czech Republic | (Austria) | Cyprus |
| Hong Kong | (Belgium – French) | (Denmark) |
| Japan | (Bulgaria) | (England) |
| Korea | Canada | (Greece) |
| Singapore | France | Iceland |
| | (Germany) | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| | Hungary | (Kuwait) |
| | Ireland | (Latvia – LSS) |
| | (Israel) | (Lithuania) |
| | (Netherlands) | Norway |
| | New Zealand | Portugal |
| | Russian Federation | (Romania) |
| | Slovak Republic | (Scotland) |
| | (Slovenia) | (South Africa) |
| | Sweden | Spain |
| | (Switzerland) | United States (average) |
| | (Thailand) | _ |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Nebraska that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 2% | 5% | 9% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 52% | 61% | 69% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: New Mexico

If the public school students in New Mexico participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| New Mexico | from New Mexico | New Mexico |
| (Australia) | Сургиз | (Colombia) |
| (Austria) | (Greece) | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| Belgium – Flemish | Iceland | (Kuwait) |
| (Belgium – French) | (Latvia-LSS) | Portugal |
| (Bulgaria) | (Lithuania) | (South Africa) |
| Canada | (Romania) | |
| Czech Republic | (Scotland) | |
| (Denmark) | Spain | |
| (England) | United States (average) | |
| France | | |
| (Germany) | | |
| Hong Kong | | |
| Hungary | | |
| Ireland | | |
| (Israel) | | |
| Japan | | |
| Korea | | |
| (Netherlands) | | |
| New Zealand | | |
| Norway | | |
| Russian Federation | | |
| Singapore | | |
| Slovak Republic | | |
| (Slovenia) | | |
| Sweden | | |
| (Switzerland) | | |
| (Thailand) | | |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in New Mexico that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 0% | 2% | 3% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 28% | 36% | 45% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

44

State/Jurisdiction: (New York)

If the public school students in New York participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|--|---|--|
| New York | from New York | New York |
| (Australia) (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Belgium – French) (Bulgaria) Canada Czech Republic France Hong Kong Hungary Ireland Japan Korea (Netherlands) Russian Federation Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) (Switzerland) | Cyprus (Denmark) (England) (Germany) (Greece) * Iceland (Israel) (Latvia – LSS) (Lithuania) New Zealand Norway (Romania) (Scotland) Spain Sweden (Thailand) United States (average) | (Colombia) Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) Portugal (South Africa) |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in New York that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 1% | 3% | 6% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 38% | 47% | 56% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO. 38

State/Jurisdiction: North Carolina

If the public school students in North Carolina participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|--|---|--|
| North Carolina | from North Carolina | North Carolina |
| (Australia) (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Belgium – French) (Bulgaria) Canada Czech Republic France Hong Kong Hungary Ireland Japan Korea (Netherlands) Russian Federation Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) Sweden (Switzerland) (Thailand) | Cyprus (Denmark) (England) (Germany) (Greece) Iceland (Israel) (Latvia-LSS) (Lithuania) New Zealand Norway (Romania) (Scotland) Spain United States (average) | (Colombia) Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) Portugal (South Africa) |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in North Carolina that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|-----------------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10 <i>%</i> | 1% | 3% | 6% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 34% | 42% | 51% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

39

State/Jurisdiction: North Dakota

If the public school students in North Dakota participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|---|--|--|
| North Dakota | from North Dakota | North Dakota |
| Belgium – Flemish Czech Republic Hong Kong Japan Korea Singapore | (Australia) (Austria) (Belgium – French) (Bulgaria) Canada France (Germany) Hungary Ireland (Israel) (Netherlands) Russian Federation Slovak Republic (Slovenia) Sweden (Switzerland) (Thailand) | (Colombia) Cyprus (Denmark) (England) (Greece) Iceland Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) (Latvia – LSS) (Lithuania) New Zealand Norway Portugal (Romania) (Scotland) (South Africa) Spain United States (average) |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in North Dakota that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 2% | 5% | 8% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 56% | 64% | 71% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO. 40

State/Jurisdiction: Oregon

If the public school students in Oregon participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|---|--|---|
| Oregon | from Oregon | Oregon |
| (Austria) Belgium – Flemish Czech Republic France Hong Kong Hungary Japan Korea Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) (Switzerland) | (Australia) (Belgium – French) (Bulgaria) Canada (Denmark) (England) (Germany) Iceland Ireland (Israel) (Latvia – LSS) (Netherlands) New Zealand Norway Russian Federation (Scotland) Sweden (Thailand) | (Colombia) Cyprus (Greece) Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) (Lithuania) Portugal (Romania) (South Africa) Spain |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Oregon that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 1% | 4% | 7% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 44% | 53% | 61% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

48

State/Jurisdiction: Rhode Island

If the public school students in Rhode Island participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|--|---|--|
| Rhode Island | from Rhode Island | Rhode Island |
| (Australia) (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Belgium – French) (Bulgaria) Canada Czech Republic France Hong Kong Hungary Ireland Japan Korea (Netherlands) Russian Federation Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) Sweden (Switzerland) (Thailand) | Cyprus (Denmark) (England) (Germany) (Greece) Iceland (Israel) (Latvia-LSS) (Lithuania) New Zealand Norway (Romania) (Scotland) Spain United States (average) | (Colombia) Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) Portugal (South Africa) |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Rhode Island that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 1% | 3% | 5% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 38% | 46% | 53% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO. 42

State/Jurisdiction: (South Carolina)

If the public school students in South Carolina participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|--|---|--|
| South Carolina | from South Carolina | South Carolina |
| (Australia) (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Belgium – French) (Bulgaria) Canada Czech Republic (Denmark) (England) France (Germany) Hong Kong Hungary Ireland (Israel) Japan Korea (Netherlands) New Zealand Norway Russian Federation Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) Sweden (Switzerland) (Thailand) | Cyprus (Greece) Iceland (Latvia-LSS) (Lithuania) Portugal (Romania) (Scotland) Spain United States (average) | (Colombia) Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) (South Africa) |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in South Carolina that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 1% | 2% | - 4% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 26% | 34% | 42% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Tennessee

If the public school students in Tennessee participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|---|--|--|
| Tennessee | from Tennessee | Tennessee |
| (Australia) (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Belgium – French) (Bulgaria) Canada Czech Republic (England) France (Germany) Hong Kong Hungary Ireland (Israel) Japan Korea (Netherlands) New Zealand Norway Russian Federation Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) Sweden (Switzerland) (Thailand) | Cyprus (Denmark) (Greece) Iceland (Latvia-LSS) (Lithuania) (Romania) (Scotland) Spain United States (average) | (Colombia) Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) Portugal (South Africa) . |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Tennessee that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 0% | 2% | 3% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 30% | 38% | 46% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Texas

If the public school students in Texas participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than Texas | Not significantly different from Texas | Lower than Texas |
|--|---|----------------------------------|
| (Australia) (Austria) | (Denmark) | (Colombia) |
| Belgium – Flemish | (England) (Germany) | Cyprus Iran, Islamic Republic |
| (Belgium – French) (Bulgaria) | (Greece) Iceland | (Kuwait) Portugal |
| Canada | (Israel) | (South Africa) |
| Czech Republic France | (Latvia – LSS) (Lithuania) | |
| Hong Kong | New Zealand | |
| Hungary Ireland | Norway (Romania) | : |
| Japan | (Scotland) | |
| Korea (Netherlands) | Spain Sweden | |
| Russian Federation | (Thailand) | |
| Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) | United States (average) | |
| (Switzerland) | | |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Texas that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|-----------------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 1% | 3% | 5% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 37% | 46% | 55% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Utah

If the public school students in Utah participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than Utah | Not significantly different from Utah | Lower than Utah |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Ctun | | 0 tun |
| · (Austria) | (Australia) | (Colombia) |
| Belgium – Flemish | (Belgium – French) | Cyprus |
| Czech Republic | (Bulgaria) | (Greece) |
| France | Canada | Iceland |
| Hong Kong | (Denmark) | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| Hungary | (England) | (Kuwait) |
| Japan | (Germany) | (Lithuania) |
| Korea | Ireland | Portugal |
| Singapore | (Israel) | · (Romania) |
| Slovak Republic | (Latvia – LSS) | (South Africa) |
| (Slovenia) | (Netherlands) | Spain |
| (Switzerland) | New Zealand | |
| | Norway | |
| | Russian Federation | |
| | (Scotland) | |
| | Sweden | |
| | (Thailand) | |
| | United States (average) | |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Utah that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 1% | 3% | 5% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 45% | 54% | 63% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: (Vermont)

If the public school students in Vermont participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Not significantly different **Higher than** Lower than from Vermont Vermont Vermont Belgium - Flemish (Colombia) (Australia) Czech Republic (Austria) Cyprus (Greece) Hong Kong (Belgium - French) Japan (Bulgaria) Iceland Canada Iran, Islamic Republic Korea (Denmark) (Kuwait) Singapore (Latvia - LSS) Slovak Republic (England) (Switzerland) France (Lithuania) Portugal (Germany) Hungary (Romania) (South Africa) Ireland Spain (Israel) (Netherlands) New Zealand Norway Russian Federation (Scotland) (Slovenia) Sweden (Thailand) United States (average)

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Vermont that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 2% | 4% | 7% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 49% | 57% | 66% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Virginia

If the public school students in Virginia participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than Virginia | Not significantly different from Virginia | Lower than Virginia |
|--|---|--|
| (Australia) (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Belgium – French) (Bulgaria) Canada Czech Republic France Hong Kong Hungary Ireland Japan Korea (Netherlands) Russian Federation Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) (Switzerland) | Cyprus (Denmark) (England) (Germany) (Greece) Iceland (Israel) (Latvia-LSS) (Lithuania) New Zealand Norway (Romania) (Scotland) Spain Sweden (Thailand) United States (average) | (Colombia) Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) Portugal (South Africa) |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Virginia that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 1% | 3% | 5% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 36% | -45% | 54% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO. 48

State/Jurisdiction: Washington

If the public school students in Washington participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Washington | Not significantly different from Washington | Lower than Washington |
|---------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| (Austria) | (Australia) | (Colombia) |
| Belgium – Flemish | (Belgium – French) | Cyprus |
| Czech Republic | (Bulgaria) | (Greece) |
| France | Canada | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| Hong Kong | (Denmark) | (Kuwait) |
| Hungary | (England) | (Lithuania) |
| Japan | (Germany) | Portugal |
| Korea | Iceland | (Romania) |
| Singapore | Ireland | (South Africa) |
| Slovak Republic | (Israel) | Spain |
| (Slovenia) | (Latvia – LSS) | |
| (Switzerland) | (Netherlands) | |
| | New Zealand | |
| | Norway | |
| | Russian Federation | |
| | (Scotland) | |
| | Sweden | |
| | (Thailand) | |
| | United States (average) | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Washington that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 2% | 4% | 7% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 45% | 53% | 61% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: West Virginia

If the public school students in West Virginia participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|--|---|--|
| Virginia | from West Virginia | West Virginia |
| (Australia) (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Belgium – French) (Bulgaria) Canada Czech Republic France Hong Kong Hungary Ireland (Israel) Japan Korea (Netherlands) Russian Federation Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) Sweden (Switzerland) (Thailand) | Cyprus (Denmark) (England) (Germany) (Greece) Iceland (Latvia-LSS) (Lithuania) New Zealand Norway (Romania) (Scotland) Spain United States (average) | (Colombia) Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) Portugal (South Africa) |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in West Virginia that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|-----------------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 0% | 2% | 3% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 30% | 38% | 46% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO. 50

State/Jurisdiction: (Wisconsin)

If the public school students in Wisconsin participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Wisconsin | Not significantly different from Wisconsin | Lower than Wisconsin |
|--------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Belgium – Flemish | (Australia) | (Colombia) |
| Czech Republic | (Austria) | Cyprus |
| Hong Kong | (Belgium – French) | (Denmark) |
| Japan | (Bulgaria) | (Greece) |
| Korea | Canada | Iceland |
| Singapore | (England) | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| | France | (Kuwait) |
| | (Germany) | (Latvia – LSS) |
| | Hungary | (Lithuania) |
| | Ireland | Norway |
| | (Israel) | Portugal |
| | (Netherlands) | (Romania) |
| | New Zealand | (Scotland) |
| | Russian Federation | (South Africa) |
| | Slovak Republic | Spain |
| | (Slovenia) | United States (average) |
| | Sweden | |
| | (Switzerland) | |
| | (Thailand) | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Wisconsin that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 2% | 6% | 9% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 52% | 61% | 70% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

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State/Jurisdiction: Wyoming

If the public school students in Wyoming participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in mathematics compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Nations [•] | whose | performance is | s expected to be: |
|----------------------|-------|----------------|-------------------|
|----------------------|-------|----------------|-------------------|

| Higher than Wyoming | Not significantly different from Wyoming | Lower than Wyoming |
|------------------------|---|------------------------|
| (Austria) | (Australia) | (Colombia) |
| Belgium – Flemish | (Belgium – French) | Cyprus |
| (Bulgaria) | Canada | (Greece) |
| Czech Republic | (Denmark) | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| France | (England) | (Kuwait) |
| Hong Kong | (Germany) | (Lithuania) |
| Hungary | Iceland | Portugal |
| Japan | Ireland | (Romania) |
| Korea | (Israel) | (South Africa) |
| (Netherlands) | (Latvia – LSS) | Spain |
| Russian Federation | New Zealand | - F |
| Singapore | Norway | |
| Slovak Republic | (Scotland) | |
| (Slovenia) | Sweden | |
| (Switzerland) | (Thailand) | |
| | United States (average) | |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Wyoming that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 1% | 3% | 5% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 42% | 52% | 61% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress and the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

5. COMPARISONS OF EACH NAEP STATE AND JURISDICTION WITH THE TIMSS NATIONS FOR GRADE 8 SCIENCE

This chapter presents one-page profiles for each state and jurisdiction participating in grade 8 science in alphabetical order. Each profile contains two tables.

- The first table displays how the state or jurisdiction would perform in comparison to the 41 nations that took TIMSS science at grade 8. Each table indicates whether the **actual** scores of the participating TIMSS nations are significantly higher than, not significantly different from, or significantly lower than the **estimated** average performance of the public school students in the state or jurisdiction.
- The second table displays the range of possible values for the estimated percentage of public school students in the state or jurisdiction that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level and the TIMSS Top Ten Half marker level for science at grade 8. The TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level represents the score achieved by the top ten percent of all eighth grade students in the 41 TIMSS countries combined. The TIMSS Top Half marker level represents the score achieved by the top fifty percent of all eighth grade students in the 41 TIMSS countries combined. The TIMSS marker levels in the 41 TIMSS countries combined. The term of all eighth grade students in the score achieved by the top fifty percent of all eighth grade students in the 41 TIMSS countries combined. Each table presents the estimated percentage of public school students in the state that are expected to perform above the two TIMSS marker levels. The lower and upper bounds represent the range of possible values around the estimated percentages (95% confidence intervals).

A second profile is presented for the state of Minnesota. Similar tables to those described above are included. However, in this profile, the **actual** TIMSS results for Minnesota's public school students are compared with the results of the 41 nations who participated in TIMSS for grade 8 science.

Readers of these profiles are reminded that the state's or jurisdiction's TIMSS performance in grade 8 science is **estimated** from its NAEP score, using the linking function, and must therefore be interpreted with caution. Furthermore, the calculations for the 1996 NAEP scores and 1995 TIMSS scores for the participating states, jurisdictions and nations are based on samples of the student populations, not entire student populations. Hence, estimates are imprecise.



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The SOLE purpose of these profiles is to allow the comparison of predicted TIMSS performances for individual states with the actual TIMSS performances of individual countries. It is NOT appropriate to use these profiles to compare performances between states or between countries. Accordingly, the profiles for the states and jurisdictions participating in NAEP grade 8 science are arranged in alphabetical order. The proper between state comparisons are provided in the NAEP reports (O'Sullivan, Reese and Mazzeo 1997; Reese et al. 1997), while the proper between country comparisons are provided in the TIMSS reports (Beaton, Mullis, et al. 1997; Beaton, Martin, et al. 1997).



State/Jurisdiction: Alabama

If the public school students in Alabama participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than Alabama | Not significantly different from Alabama | Lower than Alabama |
|---|--|--|
| (Australia) (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Bulgaria) Canada Czech Republic (England) | (Denmark) France (Greece) Hong Kong Iceland (Israel) (Latvia – LSS) | (Belgium – French) (Colombia) Cyprus Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) (South Africa) |
| (Germany) Hungary Ireland Japan Korea (Netherlands) Russian Federation Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) Sweden United States (average) | (Lithuania) (Lithuania) New Zealand Norway Portugal (Romania) (Scotland) Spain (Switzerland) (Thailand) | |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Alabama that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 2% | 6% | 10% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 37% | 45% | 53% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: (Alaska)

If the public school students in Alaska participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Higher than Not significantly different · Lower than Alaska from Alaska Alaska Czech Republic (Australia) (Belgium – French) Japan (Austria) (Colombia) Singapore Belgium - Flemish Cyprus (Bulgaria) (Denmark) Canada France (England) (Greece) (Germany) Iceland Hong Kong Iran, Islamic Republic Hungary (Kuwait) Ireland (Latvia - LSS) (Israel) (Lithuania) Korea Portugal (Netherlands) (Romania) New Zealand (Scotland) Norway (South Africa) **Russian Federation** Spain Slovak Republic (Slovenia) Sweden (Switzerland) (Thailand) United States (average)

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Alaska that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|------------------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | . 8% | 13% | 18% | |
| <u>T</u> op 50% (Half) | 55% | 62% | 70% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

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State/Jurisdiction: Arizona

If the public school students in Arizona participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than Arizona | Not significantly different from Arizona | Lower than Arizona |
|--|---|---|
| Arizona (Austria) (Bulgaria) Czech Republic (England) Hungary Japan Korea (Netherlands) Singapore (Slovenia) | (Australia) Belgium – Flemish Canada France (Germany) (Greece) Hong Kong Iceland Ireland (Israel) New Zealand Norway Russian Federation (Scotland) Slovak Republic Spain Sweden | (Belgium – French) (Colombia) Cyprus (Denmark) Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) (Latvia – LSS) (Lithuania) Portugal (Romania) (South Africa) |
| | (Switzerland) (Thailand) United States (average) | |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Arizona that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 4% | 8% | 13% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 43% | 52% | 60% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

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State/Jurisdiction: (Arkansas)

If the public school students in Arkansas participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Nations whose performance is e | X | pected to be: | |
|--------------------------------|---|-------------------|-------|
| Wigher then | | Not significantly | 1:000 |

Notiona whose newformer as is surrouted to be

| Higher than Arkansas | Not significantly different from Arkansas | Lower than Arkansas |
|-------------------------|--|------------------------|
| (Australia) | Canada | (Belgium – French) |
| (Austria) | France | (Colombia) |
| Belgium – Flemish | (Germany) | Cyprus |
| (Bulgaria) | (Greece) | (Denmark) |
| Czech Republic | Hong Kong | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| (England) | Iceland | (Kuwait) |
| Hungary | Ireland | (Latvia – LSS) |
| Japan | (Israel) | (Lithuania) |
| Korea | New Zealand | Portugal |
| (Netherlands) | Norway | (Romania) |
| Singapore | Russian Federation | (South Africa) |
| Slovak Republic | (Scotland) | |
| (Slovenia) | Spain | |
| | Sweden | |
| | (Switzerland) | |
| | (Thailand) | |
| | United States (average) | |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Arkansas that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 4% | 8% | 12% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 44% | 52% | 60% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

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State/Jurisdiction: California

If the public school students in California participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than California | Not significantly different from California | Lower than California |
|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| (Australia) | (Denmark) | (Belgium – French) (Colombia) |
| (Austria) Belgium – Flemish | France (Greece) | Cyprus |
| (Bulgaria) | Hong Kong | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| Canada | Iceland | (Kuwait) |
| Czech Republic | (Israel) | (South Africa) |
| (England) | (Latvia – LSS) | |
| (Germany) | (Lithuania) | |
| Hungary | New Zealand | |
| Ireland | Portugal | |
| Japan | (Romania) | |
| Korea | (Scotland) | |
| (Netherlands) | Spain | |
| Norway | (Switzerland) | |
| Russian Federation | (Thailand) | |
| Singapore | | |
| Slovak Republic | | |
| (Slovenia) | | |
| Sweden | | |
| United States (average) | | |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in California that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 4% | 8% | 11% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 36% | 44% | 53% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

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State/Jurisdiction: Colorado

If the public school students in Colorado participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|-------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Colorado | from Colorado | Colorado |
| Singapore | (Australia) | (Belgium – French) |
| | (Austria) | (Colombia) |
| | Belgium – Flemish | Cyprus |
| | (Bulgaria) | (Denmark) |
| | Canada | France |
| | Czech Republic | (Greece) |
| | (England) | Hong Kong |
| | (Germany) | Iceland |
| | Hungary | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| | Ireland | (Kuwait) |
| | (Israel) | (Latvia – LSS) |
| | Japan | (Lithuania) |
| | Korea | Norway |
| | (Netherlands) | Portugal |
| | New Zealand | (Romania) |
| | Russian Federation | (Scotland) |
| | Slovak Republic | (South Africa) |
| | (Slovenia) | Spain |
| · · · | Sweden | (Switzerland) |
| L | United States (average) | (Thailand) |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Colorado that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|-----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10 <i>%</i> | 8% | 13% | 18% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 58% | 65% | 72% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Connecticut

If the public school students in Connecticut participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Connecticut | Not significantly different from Connecticut | Lower than Connecticut |
|----------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| Singapore | (Australia) | (Belgium – French) |
| | (Austria) | (Colombia) |
| | Belgium – Flemish | Cyprus |
| | (Bulgaria) | (Denmark) |
| | Canada | France |
| | Czech Republic | (Greece) |
| | (England) | Hong Kong |
| | (Germany) | Iceland |
| | Hungary | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| | Ireland | (Kuwait) |
| | (Israel) | (Latvia – LSS) |
| | Japan | · (Lithuania) |
| | Korea | Norway |
| | (Netherlands) | Portugal |
| | New Zealand | (Romania) |
| | Russian Federation | (Scotland) |
| | Slovak Republic | (South Africa) |
| | (Slovenia) | Spain |
| | Sweden | (Switzerland) |
| | United States (average) | (Thailand) |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Connecticut that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 10% | 16% | 22% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 58% | 65% | 72% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

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State/Jurisdiction: Delaware

If the public school students in Delaware participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Delaware | from Delaware | Delaware |
| (Australia) | Canada | (Belgium – French) |
| (Austria) | France | (Colombia) |
| Belgium – Flemish | (Germany) | Cyprus |
| (Bulgaria) | (Greece) | (Denmark) |
| Czech Republic | Hong Kong | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| (England) | Iceland | (Kuwait) |
| Hungary | (Israel) | (Latvia – LSS) |
| Ireland | New Zealand | (Lithuania) |
| Japan | Norway | Portugal |
| Korea | (Romania) | (South Africa) |
| (Netherlands) | (Scotland) | |
| Russian Federation | Spain | |
| Singapore | (Switzerland) | |
| Slovak Republic | (Thailand) | |
| (Slovenia) | United States (average) | |
| Sweden | | |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Delaware that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 4% | 7% | 11% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 42% | 48% | 55% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98, 499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Department of Defense Domestic Dependent Elementary and Secondary Schools – DDESS

If the public school students in the DDESS participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than DDESS | Not significantly different from DDESS | Lower than DDESS | |
|----------------------|---|------------------------|--|
| Czech Republic | (Australia) | (Belgium – French) | |
| Japan | (Austria) | (Colombia) | |
| Singapore | Belgium – Flemish | Cyprus | |
| | (Bulgaria) | (Denmark) | |
| | Canada | France | |
| | (England) | (Greece) | |
| | (Germany) | Iceland | |
| | Hong Kong | Iran, Islamic Republic | |
| · | Hungary | (Kuwait) | |
| | Ireland | (Latvia – LSS) | |
| | (Israel) | (Lithuania) | |
| | Korea | Portugal | |
| | (Netherlands) | (Romania) | |
| | New Zealand | (Scotland) | |
| | Norway | (South Africa) | |
| | Russian Federation | Spain | |
| | Slovak Republic | (Switzerland) | |
| | (Slovenia) | • | |
| | Sweden | | |
| | (Thailand) | | |
| | United States (average) | | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in the DDESS that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 5% | 10% | 16% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 53% | . 62% | 72% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Department of Defense Dependents Schools Overseas - DoDDS

If the public school students in the DoDDS participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|-------------|--|--|
| DoDDS | from DoDDS | DoDDS |
| Singapore | (Australia) (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Bulgaria) Czech Republic (England) (Germany) Hungary Ireland Japan Korea (Netherlands) Russian Federation Slovak Republic (Slovenia) Sweden United States (average) | (Belgium – French) Canada (Colombia) Cyprus (Denmark) France (Greece) Hong Kong Iceland Iran, Islamic Republic (Israel) (Kuwait) (Latvia – LSS) (Lithuania) New Zealand Norway Portugal (Romania) (Scotland) (South Africa) Spain (Switzerland) (Thailand) |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in the DoDDS that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 7% | 12% | 17% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 58% | 65% | 72% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: District of Columbia

If the public school students in the District of Columbia participated in TIMSS; how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| DC | from DC | DC |
| (Australia) | (Colombia) | (South Africa) |
| (Austria) | (Kuwait) | |
| Belgium – Flemish | | |
| (Belgium – French) | | |
| (Bulgaria) | | |
| Canada | | |
| Cyprus | | |
| Czech Republic | | |
| (Denmark) | | |
| (England) | | |
| France | | |
| (Germany) | | |
| (Greece) | | |
| Hong Kong | | |
| Hungary | | |
| Iceland | | |
| Iran, Islamic Republic | | |
| Ireland | | |
| (Israel) | | |
| Japan | | |
| Korea | | |
| (Latvia – LSS) | | |
| (Lithuania) | | |
| (Netherlands) | | |
| New Zealand | | |
| Norway | | |
| Portugal | | |
| (Romania) | | |
| Russian Federation | | |
| (Scotland) | | |
| Singapore | | |
| Slovak Republic | | |
| (Slovenia) | | |
| Spain | | |
| Sweden | | |
| (Switzerland) | | |
| (Thailand) | | |
| United States (average) | | |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in the District of Columbia that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 1% | 2% | 3% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 13% | 17% | 22% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

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State/Jurisdiction: Florida

If the public school students in Florida participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|--|---|--|
| Florida | from Florida | Florida |
| (Australia) (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Bulgaria) Czech Republic (England) Hungary Japan Korea (Netherlands) Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) | Canada France (Germany) (Greece) Hong Kong Iceland Ireland (Israel) New Zealand Norway (Romania) Russian Federation (Scotland) Spain Sweden (Switzerland) (Thailand) United States (average) | (Belgium – French) (Colombia) Cyprus (Denmark) Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) (Latvia – LSS) (Lithuania) Portugal (South Africa) |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Florida that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 4% | 8% | · 12% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 40% | 48% | 57% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Georgia

If the public school students in Georgia participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Georgia | from Georgia | Georgia |
| (Australia) | Canada | (Belgium – French) |
| (Austria) | France | (Colombia) |
| Belgium – Flemish | (Germany) | Cyprus |
| (Bulgaria) | (Greece) | (Denmark) |
| Czech Republic | Hong Kong | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| (England) | Iceland | (Kuwait) |
| Hungary | Ireland | (Latvia – LSS) |
| Japan | (Israel) | (Lithuania) |
| Korea | New Zealand | Portugal |
| (Netherlands) | Norway | (South Africa) |
| Russian Federation | (Romania) | · · · · |
| Singapore | (Scotland) | |
| Slovak Republic | Spain | |
| (Slovenia) | Sweden | |
| | (Switzerland) | |
| | (Thailand) | |
| | United States (average) | |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Georgia that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 4% | 8% | 13% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 39% | 47% | 55% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

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State/Jurisdiction: Guam

If the public school students in Guam participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Nations whose performance is expected to be: | |
|--|---|
| | _ |

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| Guam | from Guam | Guam |
| (Australia) | Cyprus | (Colombia) |
| (Austria) | (Kuwait) | (South Africa) |
| Belgium – Flemish | | |
| (Belgium – French) | | |
| (Bulgaria) | | |
| Canada | | |
| Czech Republic | | |
| (Denmark) | | |
| (England) | | |
| France | | |
| (Germany) | | |
| (Greece) | | |
| Hong Kong | | |
| Hungary | | |
| Iceland | | |
| Iran, Islamic Republic | | |
| Ireland | | |
| (Israel) | | |
| Japan | | |
| Korea | 1 | |
| (Latvia – LSS) | | |
| (Lithuania) | | |
| (Netherlands) | | |
| New Zealand | | |
| Norway | | |
| Portugal | | |
| (Romania) | | |
| Russian Federation | | |
| (Scotland) | | |
| Singapore | | |
| Slovak Republic | | |
| (Slovenia) | | |
| Spain | | |
| Sweden | | |
| (Switzerland) | | |
| (Thailand) | | |
| United States (average) | | |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Guam that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Тор 10% | 1% | 2% | 4% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 19% | 26% | 32% | |

SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.



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State/Jurisdiction: Hawaii

If the public school students in Hawaii participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| . Higher than Hawaii | Not significantly different from Hawaii | Lower than Hawaii |
|--------------------------|--|----------------------|
| (Australia) (Austria) | (Belgium – French) (Denmark) | (Colombia) Cyprus |
| Belgium – Flemish | France | (Kuwait) |
| (Bulgaria) | (Greece) | (South Africa) |
| Canada | Iceland | (|
| Czech Republic | Iran, Islamic Republic | |
| (England) | (Latvia – LSS) | |
| (Germany) | (Lithuania) | |
| Hong Kong | Portugal | |
| Hungary | (Romania) | |
| Ireland | (Scotland) | |
| (Israel) | | · • |
| Japan | | |
| Korea | | |
| (Netherlands) | | |
| New Zealand | | |
| Norway | | |
| Russian Federation | | |
| Singapore | | |
| Slovak Republic | | |
| . (Slovenia) | | |
| Spain | | |
| Sweden | | |
| (Switzerland) | | |
| (Thailand) | | |
| United States (average) | | |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Hawaii that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 2% | 5% | 7% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 33% | 40% | 47% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Indiana

If the public school students in Indiana participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than Indiana | Not significantly different from Indiana | Lower than Indiana |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| Czech Republic Japan Singapore | (Australia) (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Bulgaria) Canada (England) (Germany) Hong Kong Hungary Ireland (Israel) Korea (Netherlands) New Zealand Norway Russian Federation Slovak Republic (Slovenia) Sweden (Switzerland) | (Belgium – French) (Colombia) Cyprus (Denmark) France (Greece) Iceland Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) (Latvia – LSS) (Lithuania) Portugal (Romania) (Scotland) (South Africa) Spain |
| | (Thailand) United States (average) | |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Indiana that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 6% | 12% | . 18% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 53% | 61% | 70% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: (Iowa)

If the public school students in Iowa participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Iowa | Not significantly different from Iowa | Lower than Iowa |
|---------------------|--|--|
| _ | | Iowa (Belgium – French) Canada (Colombia) Cyprus (Denmark) France (Germany) (Greece) Hong Kong Iceland Iran, Islamic Republic (Israel) (Kuwait) (Latvia – LSS) (Lithuania) New Zealand Norway |
| | | Portugal (Romania) (Scotland) (South Africa) Spain Sweden (Switzerland) (Thailand) United States (average) |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Iowa that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 9% | 15% | 20% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 61% | 69% | 76% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Kentucky

If the public school students in Kentucky participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than Kentucky | Not significantly different from Kentucky | Lower than Kentucky |
|-------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| (Austria) | (Australia) | (Belgium - French) |
| (Bulgaria) | Belgium – Flemish | (Colombia) |
| Czech Republic | Canada | Cyprus |
| Japan | (England) | (Denmark) |
| Korea | (Germany) | France |
| (Netherlands) | Hong Kong | (Greece) |
| Singapore | Hungary | Iceland |
| (Slovenia) | Ireland | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| · · · | (Israel) | (Kuwait) |
| | New Zealand | (Latvia – LSS) |
| | Norway | (Lithuania) |
| | Russian Federation | Portugal |
| | (Scotland) | (Romania) |
| | Slovak Republic | (South Africa) |
| | Spain | |
| | Sweden | |
| | (Switzerland) | |
| | (Thailand) | |
| | United States (average) | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Kentucky that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 4% | 9% | 13% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 46% | 54% | 63% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98,499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Louisiana

If the public school students in Louisiana participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than Louisiana | Not significantly different from Louisiana | Lower than Louisiana |
|---|--|--|
| (Australia) (Australia) Belgium – Flemish (Bulgaria) Canada Czech Republic (England) (Germany) Hong Kong Hungary Ireland | (Belgium – French) Cyprus (Denmark) France (Greece) Iceland Iran, Islamic Republic (Latvia – LSS) (Lithuania) Portugal (Romania) | (Colombia) (Kuwait) (South Africa) |
| (Israel) Japan Korea (Netherlands) New Zealand Norway Russian Federation (Scotland) Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) Spain Sweden (Switzerland) (Thailand) United States (average) | | |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Louisiana that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 2% | 5% | 8% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 30% | 38% | 46% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Maine

If the public school students in Maine participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Not significantly different from Maine | Lower than Maine |
|---|---|
| (Austria) | (Australia) |
| (Bulgaria) | Belgium - Flemish |
| Czech Republic | (Belgium – French) |
| | Canada |
| | (Colombia) |
| Korea | Cyprus |
| (Netherlands) | (Denmark) |
| | France |
| | (Germany) |
| | (Greece) |
| | Hong Kong |
| | Hungary |
| | Iceland |
| | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| | Ireland |
| | (Israel) |
| | (Kuwait) |
| 1 | (Latvia - LSS) |
| | (Lithuania) |
| | New Zealand |
| | Norway |
| | Portugal |
| | (Romania) |
| | Russian Federation |
| | (Scotland) |
| | Slovak Republic |
| | (South Africa) |
| | Spain |
| | Sweden |
| | (Switzerland) |
| | (Thailand) |
| | United States (average) |
| | from Maine (Austria) (Bulgaria) Czech Republic (England) Japan |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Maine that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 12% | 18% | 24% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 68% | 75% | 82% |

SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO. 74



State/Jurisdiction: (Maryland)

If the public school students in Maryland participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|---|--|--|
| Maryland | from Maryland | Maryland |
| (Austria) (Bulgaria) Czech Republic (England) Hungary Japan Korea (Netherlands) Singapore (Slovenia) | (Australia) Belgium – Flemish Canada France (Germany) (Greece) Hong Kong Ireland (Israel) New Zealand Norway Russian Federation (Scotland) Slovak Republic Spain Sweden (Switzerland) (Thailand) United States (average) | (Belgium – French) (Colombia) Cyprus (Denmark) Iceland Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) (Latvia – LSS) (Lithuania) Portugal (Romania) (South Africa) |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Maryland that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 6% | 11% | 16% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 45% | 53% | 60% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

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State/Jurisdiction: Massachusetts

If the public school students in Massachusetts participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Massachusetts | Not significantly different from Massachusetts | Lower than Massachusetts |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| Massachusetts Singapore | from Massachusetts (Australia) (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Bulgaria) Czech Republic (England) (Germany) Hungary Ireland Japan Korea (Netherlands) Russian Federation Slovak Republic (Slovenia) | Massachusetts (Belgium – French) Canada (Colombia) Cyprus (Denmark) France (Greece) Hong Kong Iceland Iran, Islamic Republic (Israel) (Kuwait) (Latvia – LSS) (Lithuania) New Zealand |
| | Sweden United States (average) | Norway Portugal (Romania) (Scotland) (South Africa) Spain (Switzerland) (Thailand) |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Massachusetts that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 10% | 16% | 22% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 59% | 67% | 74% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: (Michigan)

If the public school students in Michigan participated in TIMSS, how would their average. performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Michigan | Not significantly different from Michigan | Lower than Michigan |
|---|---|---|
| Michigan Czech Republic Singapore | from Michigan (Australia) (Australia) (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Bulgaria) Canada (England) (Germany) Hong Kong Hungary Ireland (Israel) Japan Korea (Netherlands) New Zealand Norway Russian Federation Slovak Republic (Slovenia) Sweden | Michigan (Belgium – French) (Colombia) Cyprus (Denmark) France (Greece) Iceland Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) (Latvia – LSS) (Lithuania) Portugal (Romania) (Scotland) (South Africa) Spain |
| | (Switzerland) (Thailand) United States (average) | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Michigan that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|---------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 8% | 13% | 19% |
| | 54% | 62% | 70% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Minnesota

If the public school students in Minnesota participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Minnesota | Not significantly different from Minnesota | Lower than Minnesota |
|--------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Singapore | (Australia) | (Belgium – French) |
| | (Austria) | Canada |
| | Belgium – Flemish | (Colombia) |
| | (Bulgaria) | Cyprus |
| | Czech Republic | (Denmark) |
| | (England) | France |
| | Hungary | (Germany) |
| | Ireland | (Greece) |
| | Japan | Hong Kong |
| | Korea | Iceland |
| | (Netherlands) | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| | Russian Federation | (Israel) |
| | Slovak Republic | (Kuwait) |
| | (Slovenia) | (Latvia – LSS) |
| | | (Lithuania) |
| | | New Zealand |
| | | Norway |
| | | Portugal |
| | | (Romania) |
| | | (Scotland) |
| | | (South Africa) |
| | | Spain |
| | | Sweden |
| | | (Switzerland) |
| | | (Thailand) |
| | | United States (average) |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Minnesota that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 9% | 16% | 23% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 62% | 69% | 77% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

Comparisons of Actual TIMSS Scores from Public School Data for Minnesota with Actual TIMSS Scores for Nations: Grade 8 Science (1995)

State/Jurisdiction: Minnesota*

How did the public school students in Minnesota perform in grade 8 science in comparison to the students in the 41 nations that participated in TIMSS?

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|-------------|---|---|
| Minnesota | from Minnesota | Minnesota |
| Singapore | (Australia) (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Bulgaria) Czech Republic (England) Hungary Japan Korea (Netherlands) Slovak Republic (Slovenia) | (Belgium – French) Canada (Colombia) Cyprus (Denmark) France (Germany) (Greece) Hong Kong Iceland Iran, Islamic Republic Ireland (Israel) (Kuwait) (Latvia – LSS) (Lithuania) New Zealand Norway Portugal (Romania) Russian Federation (Scotland) (South Africa) Spain Sweden (Switzerland) (Thailand) United States (average) |

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What percentage of Minnesota's students performed above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What percentage performed above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates for the percentage of students who performed above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 15% | 20% | 25% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 61% | 67% | 74% |

* The comparisons and values shown in this profile represent actual TIMSS results and not estimated TIMSS results based on the link between NAEP and TIMSS.



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Mississippi

If the public school students in Mississippi participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Mississippi | Not significantly different from Mississippi | Lower than Mississippi |
|---|--|--|
| (Australia) (Austrai) Belgium – Flemish (Bulgaria) Canada Czech Republic (England) (Germany) Hong Kong Hungary Ireland (Israel) Japan Korea (Netherlands) New Zealand Norway Russian Federation (Scotland) Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) Spain Sweden (Switzerland) (Thailand) United States (average) | (Belgium – French) Cyprus (Denmark) France (Greece) Iceland Iran, Islamic Republic (Latvia – LSS) (Lithuania) Portugal (Romania) | (Colombia) (Kuwait) (South Africa) |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Mississippi that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 2% | 4% | 7% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 29% | 37% | 45% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Missouri

If the public school students in Missouri participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Missouri | Not significantly different from Missouri | Lower than Missouri | |
|-------------------------|--|------------------------|--|
| Czech Republic | (Australia) | (Belgium – French) | |
| Japan | (Austria) | (Colombia) | |
| Korea | Belgium – Flemish | Cyprus | |
| Singapore | (Bulgaria) | (Denmark) | |
| | Canada | France | |
| | (England) | (Greece) | |
| | (Germany) | Iceland | |
| | Hong Kong | Iran, Islamic Republic | |
| | Hungary | (Kuwait) | |
| | Ireland | (Latvia – LSS) | |
| | (Israel) | (Lithuania) | |
| | (Netherlands) | Portugal | |
| | New Zealand | (Romania) | |
| 1 | Norway | (South Africa) | |
| | Russian Federation | | |
| | (Scotland) | | |
| | Slovak Republic | | |
| | (Slovenia) | | |
| | Spain | | |
| | Sweden | | |
| | (Switzerland) | | |
| | (Thailand) | | |
| | United States (average) | | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Missouri that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 6% | 11% | 16% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 53% | 61% | 69% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

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State/Jurisdiction: (Montana)

If the public school students in Montana participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Montana | Not significantly different from Montana | Lower than Montana |
|------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Singapore | (Austria) | (Australia) |
| | Belgium - Flemish | (Belgium - French) |
| | (Bulgaria) | Canada |
| | Czech Republic | (Colombia) |
| | (England) | Cyprus |
| | Hungary | (Denmark) |
| | Japan | France |
| | Korea | (Germany) |
| | (Netherlands) | (Greece) |
| | (Slovenia) | Hong Kong |
| | | Iceland |
| | | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| | | Ireland |
| | | (Israel) |
| | | (Kuwait) |
| | | (Latvia – LSS) |
| | | (Lithuania) |
| | | New Zealand |
| | | Norway |
| | | Portugal |
| | | (Romania) |
| | | Russian Federation |
| • | | (Scotland) |
| | | Slovak Republic |
| | | (South Africa) |
| | | Spain |
| | | Sweden |
| | | (Switzerland) |
| | | (Thailand) |
| | | United States (average) |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Montana that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 10% | 16% | 23% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 68% | 75% | 82% |

SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.



State/Jurisdiction: Nebraska

If the public school students in Nebraska participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|-------------|---|---|
| Nebraska | from Nebraska | Nebraska |
| Singapore | (Australia) (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Bulgaria) Czech Republic (England) Hungary Ireland Japan Korea (Netherlands) Russian Federation Slovak Republic (Slovenia) United States (average) | (Belgium – French) Canada (Colombia) Cyprus (Denmark) France (Germany) (Greece) Hong Kong Iceland Iran, Islamic Republic (Israel) (Kuwait) (Latvia – LSS) (Lithuania) New Zealand Norway Portugal (Romania) (Scotland) (South Africa) Spain Sweden (Switzerland) (Thailand) |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Nebraska that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 9% | 15% | 21% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 61% | 68% | 75% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

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State/Jurisdiction: New Mexico

If the public school students in New Mexico participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|
| New Mexico | from New Mexico | New Mexico | |
| (Australia) | Canada | (Belgium – French) | |
| (Austria) | France | (Colombia) | |
| Belgium – Flemish | (Germany) | Cyprus | |
| (Bulgaria) | (Greece) | (Denmark) | |
| Czech Republic | Hong Kong | Iran, Islamic Republic | |
| (England) | Iceland | (Kuwait) | |
| Hungary | (Israel) | (Latvia – LSS) | |
| Ireland | New Zealand | (Lithuania) | |
| Japan | Norway | Portugal | |
| Korea | (Romania) | (South Africa) | |
| (Netherlands) | (Scotland) | | |
| Russian Federation | Spain | | |
| Singapore | (Switzerland) | | |
| Slovak Republic | (Thailand) | | |
| (Slovenia) | United States (average) | | |
| Sweden | | | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in New Mexico that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 4% | 7% | 10% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 40% | 47% | 54% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: (New York)

If the public school students in New York participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than New York | Not significantly different from New York | Lower than New York | |
|-------------------------|--|------------------------|--|
| | | | |
| (Austria) | (Australia) | (Belgium – French) | |
| (Bulgaria) | Belgium – Flemish | (Colombia) | |
| Czech Republic | Canada | Cyprus | |
| (England) | (Germany) | (Denmark) | |
| Hungary | Hong Kong | France | |
| Japan | Ireland | (Greece) | |
| Korea | (Israel) | Iceland | |
| (Netherlands) | New Zealand | Iran, Islamic Republic | |
| Singapore | Norway | (Kuwait) | |
| (Slovenia) | Russian Federation | (Latvia – LSS) | |
| | (Scotland) | (Lithuania) | |
| | Slovak Republic | Portugal | |
| | Spain | (Romania) | |
| | Sweden | (South Africa) | |
| | (Switzerland) | | |
| | (Thailand) | | |
| | United States (average) | | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in New York that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | . 7% | 12% | 17% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 46% | 54% | 62% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: North Carolina

If the public school students in North Carolina participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|---|--|--|
| North Carolina | from North Carolina | North Carolina |
| (Austria) (Bulgaria) Czech Republic (England) Hungary Japan Korea (Netherlands) Singapore (Slovenia) | (Australia) Belgium – Flemish Canada (Germany) Hong Kong Ireland (Israel) New Zealand Norway Russian Federation (Scotland) Slovak Republic Spain Sweden (Switzerland) (Thailand) United States (average) | (Belgium – French) (Colombia) Cyprus (Denmark) France (Greece) Iceland Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) (Latvia – LSS) (Lithuania) Portugal (Romania) (South Africa) |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in North Carolina that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | - |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|---|
| Тор 10% | 6% | 10% | 14% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 46% | 54% | 61% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

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State/Jurisdiction: North Dakota

If the public school students in North Dakota participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|--------------|--|---|
| North Dakota | from North Dakota | North Dakota |
| Singapore | (Austria) (Bulgaria) Czech Republic (England) Hungary Japan Korea (Netherlands) (Slovenia) | (Australia) Belgium - Flemish (Belgium - French) Canada (Colombia) Cyprus (Denmark) France (Germany) (Greece) Hong Kong Iceland Iran, Islamic Republic Ireland (Israel) (Kuwait) (Latvia - LSS) (Lithuania) New Zealand Norway Portugal (Romania) Russian Federation (Scotland) Slovak Republic (South Africa) Spain Sweden (Switzerland) (Thailand) |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in North Dakota that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 10% | 17% | 24% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 68% | 75% | 82% | |

SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

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State/Jurisdiction: Oregon

If the public school students in Oregon participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Oregon | Not significantly different from Oregon | Lower than Oregon |
|-----------------------|--|------------------------|
| Singapore | (Australia) | (Belgium – French) |
| | (Austria) | (Colombia) |
| | Belgium – Flemish | Cyprus |
| | (Bulgaria) | (Denmark) |
| | Canada | France |
| | Czech Republic | (Greece) |
| | (England) | Hong Kong |
| | (Germany) | Iceland |
| • | Hungary | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| | Ireland | (Kuwait) |
| | (Israel) | (Latvia – LSS) |
| | Japan | (Lithuania) |
| | Korea | Portugal |
| | (Netherlands) | (Romania) |
| | New Zealand | (Scotland) |
| | Norway | (South Africa) |
| | Russian Federation | Spain |
| | Slovak Republic | (Switzerland) |
| | (Slovenia) | `````` |
| | Sweden | |
| | (Thailand) | |
| | United States (average) | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Oregon that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | | | Upper bound |
|----------------|-----|-----|-------------|
| Top 10% | 8% | 13% | 19% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 57% | 65% | 73% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Rhode Island

If the public school students in Rhode Island participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Rhode Island | Not significantly different from Rhode Island | Lower than Rhode Island | |
|-----------------------------|--|----------------------------|--|
| (Austria) | (Australia) | (Belgium – French) | |
| (Bulgaria) | Belgium – Flemish | (Colombia) | |
| Czech Republic | Canada | Cyprus | |
| Japan | (England) | (Denmark) | |
| Korea | (Germany) | France | |
| (Netherlands) | Hong Kong | (Greece) | |
| Singapore | Hungary | Iceland | |
| (Slovenia) | Ireland | Iran, Islamic Republic | |
| (010 (0112)) | (Israel) | (Kuwait) | |
| | New Zealand | (Latvia – LSS) | |
| | Norway | (Lithuania) | |
| | Russian Federation | Portugal | |
| • | (Scotland) | (Romania) | |
| | Slovak Republic | (South Africa) | |
| | Spain | | |
| | Sweden | | |
| | (Switzerland) | | |
| | (Thailand) | | |
| | United States (average) | | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Rhode Island that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 6% | 10% | 14% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 49% | 57% | 64% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

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State/Jurisdiction: (South Carolina)

If the public school students in South Carolina participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|--|--|--|
| South Carolina | from South Carolina | South Carolina |
| (Australia) (Austria) Belgium – Flemish (Bulgaria) Canada Czech Republic (England) (Germany) Hungary Ireland Japan Korea (Netherlands) Norway Russian Federation Singapore Slovak Republic (Slovenia) Sweden | (Denmark) France (Greece) Hong Kong Iceland (Israel) (Latvia – LSS) (Lithuania) New Zealand Portugal (Romania) (Scotland) Spain (Switzerland) (Thailand) | (Belgium – French) (Colombia) Cyprus Iran, Islamic Republic (Kuwait) (South Africa) |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in South Carolina that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | . 3% | 7% | . 10% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 34% | 43% | 51% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Tennessee

If the public school students in Tennessee participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Tennessee | from Tennessee | Tennessee |
| (Australia) | Canada | (Belgium – French) |
| (Austria) | France | (Colombia) |
| Belgium – Flemish | (Germany) | Cyprus |
| (Bulgaria) | (Greece) | (Denmark) |
| Czech Republic | Hong Kong | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| (England) | Iceland | (Kuwait) |
| Hungary | Ireland | (Latvia – LSS) |
| Japan | (Israel) | (Lithuania) |
| Korea | New Zealand | Portugal |
| (Netherlands) | Norway | (South Africa) |
| Singapore | (Romania) | |
| Slovak Republic | Russian Federation | |
| (Slovenia) | (Scotland) | |
| | Spain | |
| | Sweden | |
| | (Switzerland) | |
| | (Thailand) | |
| | United States (average) | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Tennessee that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 5% | 9% | 14% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 42% | 51% | 60% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

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State/Jurisdiction: Texas

If the public school students in Texas participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than | Not significantly different | Lower than |
|----------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Texas | from Texas | Texas |
| (Austria) | (Australia) | (Belgium – French) |
| (Bulgaria) | Belgium – Flemish | (Colombia) |
| Czech Republic | Canada | Cyprus |
| (England) | France | (Denmark) |
| Hungary | (Germany) | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| Japan | (Greece) | (Kuwait) |
| Korea | Hong Kong | (Latvia – LSS) |
| (Netherlands) | Iceland | (Lithuania) |
| Singapore | Ireland | Portugal |
| (Slovenia) | (Israel) | (Romania) |
| | New Zealand | (South Africa) |
| | Norway | (2 |
| | Russian Federation | |
| | (Scotland) | |
| | Slovak Republic | |
| | Spain | |
| | Sweden | |
| | (Switzerland) | |
| | (Thailand) | |
| | United States (average) | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Texas that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 5% | 9% | 13% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 44% | 53% | 61% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Utah

If the public school students in Utah participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than | Not significantly different from Utah | Lower than Utah |
|-------------|--|--------------------------|
| Utah | Ironi Utan | Utali |
| Singapore | (Australia) | (Belgium French) |
| | (Austria) | Canada |
| | Belgium – Flemish | (Colombia) |
| | (Bulgaria) | Cyprus |
| | Czech Republic | (Denmark) |
| | (England) | France |
| | (Germany) | (Greece) |
| | Hungary | Hong Kong |
| | Ireland | Iceland |
| | Japan | · Iran, Islamic Republic |
| | Korea | (Israel) |
| | (Netherlands) | (Kuwait) |
| | Russian Federation | (Latvia – LSS) |
| | Slovak Republic | (Lithuania) |
| | (Slovenia) | New Zealand |
| | Sweden | Norway |
| | United States (average) | Portugal |
| | | (Romania) |
| | | (Scotland) |
| | | (South Africa) |
| | | Spain |
| | | (Switzerland) |
| | | (Thailand) |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Utah that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 7% | 12% | 17% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 60% | 67% | 74% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: (Vermont)

If the public school students in Vermont participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Vermont | Not significantly different from Vermont | Lower than Vermont |
|------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Singapore | (Australia) | (Belgium – French) |
| | (Austria) | Canada |
| | Belgium – Flemish | (Colombia) |
| | (Bulgaria) | Cyprus |
| | Czech Republic | (Denmark) |
| · · | (England) | France |
| | (Germany) | (Greece) |
| | Hungary | Hong Kong |
| | Ireland | Iceland |
| | Japan | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| | Korea | (Israel) |
| | (Netherlands) | (Kuwait) |
| | Russian Federation | (Latvia – LSS) |
| | Slovak Republic | (Lithuania) |
| | (Slovenia) | New Zealand |
| | Sweden | Norway |
| • | United States (average) | Portugal |
| | | (Romania) |
| | | (Scotland) |
| | | (South Africa) |
| | | Spain |
| | | (Switzerland) |
| | | (Thailand) |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Vermont that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 8% | 14% | 20% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 60% | 67% | . 75% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Virginia

If the public school students in Virginia participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Virginia | Not significantly different from Virginia | Lower than Virginia |
|-------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Czech Republic | (Australia) | (Belgium – French) |
| Japan | (Austria) | (Colombia) |
| Korea | Belgium – Flemish | Cyprus |
| Singapore | (Bulgaria) | (Denmark) |
| • • | Canada | France |
| | (England) | (Greece) |
| | (Germany) | Iceland |
| | Hong Kong | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| | Hungary | (Kuwait) |
| | Ireland | (Latvia – LSS) |
| | (Israel) | (Lithuania) |
| | (Netherlands) | Portugal |
| • | New Zealand | (Romania) |
| | Norway | (South Africa) |
| | Russian Federation | |
| | (Scotland) | |
| | Slovak Republic | |
| | (Slovenia) | |
| | Spain | |
| | Sweden | |
| | (Switzerland) | |
| | (Thailand) | |
| | United States (average) | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Virginia that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | - |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|---|
| Top 10% | 6% | 11% | 16% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 48% | 56% | 65% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Washington

If the public school students in Washington participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Washington | Not significantly different from Washington | Lower than Washington | |
|---------------------------|--|--------------------------|--|
| (Bulgaria) | (Australia) | (Belgium – French) | |
| Czech Republic | (Austria) | (Colombia) | |
| Japan | Belgium – Flemish | Cyprus | |
| Korea | Canada | (Denmark) | |
| Singapore | (England) | France | |
| | (Germany) | (Greece) | |
| | Hong Kong | Iceland | |
| | Hungary | Iran, Islamic Republic | |
| | Ireland | (Kuwait) | |
| | (Israel) | (Latvia – LSS) | |
| | (Netherlands) | (Lithuania) | |
| | New Zealand | Portugal | |
| | Norway | (Romania) | |
| | Russian Federation | (South Africa) | |
| | (Scotland) | . , | |
| | Slovak Republic | | |
| | (Slovenia) | | |
| | Spain | | |
| | Sweden | | |
| | (Switzerland) | | |
| | (Thailand) | | |
| | United States (average) | | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Washington that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 7% | 11% | 16% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 50% | 58% | 66% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

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State/Jurisdiction: West Virginia

If the public school students in West Virginia participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than West Virginia | Not significantly different from West Virginia | Lower than West Virginia | |
|------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|--|
| (Austria) | (Australia) | (Belgium – French) | |
| (Bulgaria) | Belgium – Flemish | (Colombia) | |
| Czech Republic | Canada | Cyprus | |
| (England) | (Germany) | (Denmark) | |
| Hungary | Hong Kong | France | |
| Japan | Ireland | (Greece) | |
| Korea | (Israel) | Iceland | |
| (Netherlands) | New Zealand | Iran, Islamic Republic | |
| Singapore | Norway | (Kuwait) | |
| (Slovenia) | Russian Federation | (Latvia – LSS) | |
| | (Scotland) | (Lithuania) | |
| | Slovak Republic | Portugal | |
| | Spain | (Romania) | |
| | Sweden | (South Africa) | |
| | (Switzerland) | | |
| | (Thailand) | | |
| | United States (average) | | |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in West Virginia that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10% | 4% | . 7% | 10% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 46% | 53% | 61% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

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State/Jurisdiction: (Wisconsin)

If the public school students in Wisconsin participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Wisconsin | Not significantly different from Wisconsin | Lower than Wisconsin |
|--------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Singapore | (Australia) | (Belgium - French) |
| | (Austria) | Canada |
| | Belgium – Flemish | (Colombia) |
| | (Bulgaria) | Cyprus |
| | Czech Republic | (Denmark) |
| | (England) | France |
| | Hungary | (Germany) |
| | Japan | (Greece) |
| | Korea | Hong Kong |
| | (Netherlands) | Iceland |
| | Slovak Republic | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| | (Slovenia) | Ireland |
| | | (Israel) |
| | | (Kuwait) |
| | | (Latvia – LSS) |
| | | (Lithuania) |
| | | New Zealand |
| | | Norway |
| | | Portugal |
| | | (Romania) |
| | | Russian Federation |
| | | (Scotland) |
| | | (South Africa) |
| | | Spain |
| | | Sweden |
| | | (Switzerland) |
| | | (Thailand) |
| | | United States (average) |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Wisconsin that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound | |
|-----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| Top 10 <i>%</i> | 10% | i7% | 24% | |
| Top 50% (Half) | 63% | 71% | 79% | |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

State/Jurisdiction: Wyoming

If the public school students in Wyoming participated in TIMSS, how would their average performance in science compare to that of students in the 41 nations that took TIMSS at grade 8?

| Higher than Wyoming | Not significantly different from Wyoming | Lower than Wyoming |
|------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Singapore | (Australia) | (Belgium – French) |
| | (Austria) | Canada |
| | Belgium – Flemish | (Colombia) |
| | (Bulgaria) | Cyprus |
| | Czech Republic | (Denmark) |
| | (England) | France |
| | Hungary | (Germany) |
| | Ireland | (Greece) |
| | Japan | Hong Kong |
| | Korea | Iceland |
| | (Netherlands) | Iran, Islamic Republic |
| | Russian Federation | (Israel) |
| | Slovak Republic | (Kuwait) |
| | (Slovenia) | (Latvia – LSS) |
| | | (Lithuania) |
| | | New Zealand |
| | | Norway |
| | | Portugal |
| | | (Romania) |
| | | (Scotland) |
| | | (South Africa) |
| | | Spain |
| | | Sweden |
| | | (Switzerland) |
| | | (Thailand) |
| · · · | | United States (average) |

Nations whose performance is expected to be:

(Jurisdiction) indicates that the nation, state, or jurisdiction did not satisfy one or more of the sample participation guidelines. Latvia-LSS: Latvian-speaking schools only

Comparisons of averages tell how typical students perform, but they do not describe how well the best students perform. What is the estimated percentage of students in Wyoming that would perform above the TIMSS Top Ten Percent marker level? What is the estimated percentage that would perform above the Top Half marker level? (Below are estimates of the percentage of students expected to perform above the Top Ten Percent and Top Fifty Percent international marker levels. Each estimate is accompanied by a "Lower bound" and an "Upper bound" that reflect the range of possible values around the estimated percentage.)

| | Lower bound | Estimate | Upper bound |
|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Top 10% | 8% | 13% | 19% |
| Top 50% (Half) | 62% | 69% | 75% |



SOURCE: Johnson, E.G. (1998) Linking the National Assessment of Educational Progress with the Third International Mathematics and Science Study for Eighth Grade: A Research Report. (Publication No. NCES 98-499). Washington, DC: GPO.

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