

DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 419 550

IR 057 054

AUTHOR Kroe, Elaine; Garner, Patricia; Medina, John; Padgett, Regina  
TITLE State Library Agencies, Fiscal Year 1996. E.D. Tabs.  
INSTITUTION National Center for Education Statistics (ED), Washington, DC.; Bureau of the Census (DOC), Washington, DC. Governments Div.  
REPORT NO NCES-98-258  
ISBN ISBN-0-16-049624-1  
PUB DATE 1998-06-00  
NOTE 256p.; For fiscal year 1995 report, see ED 410 974.  
AVAILABLE FROM U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, Mail Stop: SSOP, Washington, DC 20402-9328.  
PUB TYPE Numerical/Quantitative Data (110) -- Reports - Research (143) -- Tests/Questionnaires (160)  
EDRS PRICE MF01/PC11 Plus Postage.  
DESCRIPTORS Computer Networks; Grants; Library Collections; Library Development; Library Expenditures; Library Funding; Library Personnel; Library Services; \*Library Statistics; \*Library Surveys; State Agencies; \*State Libraries; Tables (Data)  
IDENTIFIERS Library Services and Construction Act

ABSTRACT

This report contains data on state library agencies in the 50 states and the District of Columbia for state fiscal year 1996. The data were collected through the State Library Agencies (STLA) Survey, the product of a cooperative effort between the Chief Officers of State Library Agencies, the United States National Commission on Libraries and Information Science, and the National Center for Education Statistics. This survey is the third in the series. Report highlights discuss results in terms of: governance; allied and other special operations; electronic network development; library development services; service outlets; collections; staff; income; and expenditures. The body of the report consists of 50 tables which present the survey statistics. Appendices include the survey methodology, LSCA Titles I-III Federal allotments, by title and state, recipients of LSCA Titles IV-VIII and/or "other" federal income, and the survey facsimile. (AEF)

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* Reproductions supplied by EDRS are the best that can be made \*  
\* from the original document. \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

FR

ED 419 550

---

# NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

---

**E.D. Tabs**

**June 1998**

---

## State Library Agencies, Fiscal Year 1996

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION  
Office of Educational Research and Improvement  
EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES INFORMATION  
CENTER (ERIC)

- This document has been reproduced as received from the person or organization originating it.
- Minor changes have been made to improve reproduction quality.

- Points of view or opinions stated in this document do not necessarily represent official OERI position or policy.

---

**U.S. Department of Education  
Office of Educational Research and Improvement**

**NCES 98-258**

IR057054



---

# NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

---

**E.D. Tabs**

**June 1998**

---

## **State Library Agencies, Fiscal Year 1996**

Elaine Kroe  
National Center for Education Statistics

Patricia Garner  
John Medina  
Regina Padgett  
Governments Division, Bureau of the Census

---

**U.S. Department of Education  
Office of Educational Research and Improvement**

**NCES 98-258**

U.S. Department of Education  
Richard W. Riley  
*Secretary*

Office of Educational Research and Improvement  
Ricky T. Takai  
*Acting Assistant Secretary*

National Center for Education Statistics  
Pascal D. Forgione, Jr.  
*Commissioner*

The National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) is the primary federal entity for collecting, analyzing, and reporting data related to education in the United States and other nations. It fulfills a congressional mandate to collect, collate, analyze, and report full and complete statistics on the condition of education in the United States; conduct and publish reports and specialized analyses of the meaning and significance of such statistics; assist state and local education agencies in improving their statistical systems; and review and report on education activities in foreign countries.

NCES activities are designed to address high priority education data needs; provide consistent, reliable, complete, and accurate indicators of education status and trends; and report timely, useful, and high quality data to the U.S. Department of Education, the Congress, the states, other education policymakers, practitioners, data users, and the general public.

We strive to make our products available in a variety of formats and in language that is appropriate to a variety of audiences. You, as our customer, are the best judge of our success in communicating information effectively. If you have any comments or suggestions about this or any other NCES product or report, we would like to hear from you. Please direct your comments to:

National Center for Education Statistics  
Office of Educational Research and Improvement  
U.S. Department of Education  
555 New Jersey Avenue NW  
Washington, DC 20208-5574

June 1998

The NCES World Wide Web Home Page address is  
<http://NCES.ed.gov>

#### **Suggested Citation**

U.S. Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics. *State Library Agencies, Fiscal Year 1996*, NCES 98-258, by Elaine Kroe, Patricia Garner, John Medina, and Regina Padgett. Survey Manager, Elaine Kroe. Washington, DC: 1998.

#### **Contact:**

Elaine Kroe  
(202) 219-1361

## Introduction

This report contains data on state library agencies in the 50 states and the District of Columbia for state fiscal year 1996.<sup>1</sup> The data were collected through the State Library Agencies (STLA) Survey, the product of a cooperative effort between the Chief Officers of State Library Agencies (COSLA), the U.S. National Commission on Libraries and Information Science (NCLIS), and National Center for Education Statistics (NCES). The FY 1996 STLA Survey is the third in the series.

### Background

A state library agency is the official agency of a state charged by the law of that state with the extension and development of public library services throughout the state, which has adequate authority under law of the state to administer state plans in accordance with the provisions of the Library Services and Construction Act (LSCA) (P.L. 101-254, as amended). Beyond these two essential roles, these agencies vary greatly. They are located in various departments of state government and report to different authorities. They are involved in various ways in the development and operation of electronic information networks. They provide different types of services to different types of libraries. STLAs are increasingly receiving broader legislative mandates affecting libraries of all types in the states (i.e., public, academic, school, special, and library systems). For example, their administrative and developmental responsibilities under LSCA Title III (Interlibrary Cooperation and Resource Sharing) affect the operation of thousands of public, academic, school, and special libraries in the nation. STLAs provide important reference and information services to state government and administer the state library and special operations such as state archives, libraries for the blind and physically handicapped, and the State Center for the Book. The STLA may also function as the state's public library at large, providing service to the general public and state government employees. This report provides information on the variety of roles being played by such agencies and the various combinations of fiscal, human, and informational resources invested in such work. The definitions of terms used in this report are provided in the survey facsimile at the end of the report.

### Purpose of Survey

The STLA Survey provides state and federal policymakers, researchers, and other interested users with descriptive information about STLAs in the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Data on STLAs complement NCES data collected on public, academic, school, and federal libraries, and on library cooperatives. The public library data collected by the STLA survey, when added to the data collected by the NCES Public Libraries Survey, will help complete the national picture of public library service. In summary, the STLA Survey data will join the results of these other NCES data collections to provide a comprehensive, national profile of libraries and information services.

### Congressional Authorization

The STLA Survey is conducted in compliance with the NCES mission "to collect, analyze, and disseminate statistics and other information related to education in the United States...", P.L. 103-382, Title IV, National Education Statistics Act of 1994, Sec 404 (a).

---

<sup>1</sup>See the section on *Reporting Period* in Appendix A for more information on state fiscal year.

## Highlights

### Governance

- Nearly all state library agencies (48 states and the District of Columbia) are located in the executive branch of government. Of these, over 60 percent are part of a larger agency, the most common being the state department of education. In two states, Arizona and Michigan, the agency reports to the legislature (tables 1a and 1b).

### Allied and Other Special Operations

- A total of 17 state library agencies reported having one or more allied operations (table 2). Allied operations most frequently linked with a state library agency are the state archives (10 states), the state records management service (11 states), and the state legislative reference/research service (eight states).
- Fourteen state agencies contract with libraries in their states to serve as resource or reference/information service centers. Seventeen state agencies operate a State Center for the Book<sup>2</sup> (table 2).

### Electronic Network Development

- In all 50 states, the state library agency plans or monitors electronic network development, 43 states operate such networks, and 46 states develop network content (table 3).
- State agencies also provide significant support to library access to the Internet. All of them are involved in facilitating library access to the Internet in one or more of the following ways: training library staff or consulting in the use of the Internet; providing a subsidy for Internet participation; providing equipment needed to access the Internet; mounting directories, data bases, or online catalogs; or managing gophers, file servers, bulletin boards, or listservs (table 3).

### Library Development Services

#### Services to Public Libraries

- Every state library agency provides these types of services to public libraries: administration of LSCA (Library Services and Construction Act) grants, collection of library statistics, continuing education, and library planning, evaluation, and research (table 4a).
- Services to public libraries provided by at least three-quarters of state agencies include administration of state aid, consulting services, interlibrary loan referral services, library legislation preparation or review, literacy program support, reference referral services, state standards or guidelines, public relations or promotional campaigns, summer reading program support, and union list development (table 4a).

---

<sup>2</sup>The State Center for the Book is part of the Center for the Book program sponsored by the Library of Congress which promotes books, reading, and literacy, and is hosted or funded by the state.

- Over three-fifths of state agencies provide Online Computer Library Center (OCLC) Group Access Capability (GAC) to public libraries (table 4a).
- Less common services to public libraries include accreditation of libraries, cooperative purchasing of library materials, preservation/conservation services, and retrospective conversion of bibliographic records (table 4a).

### Services to Academic Libraries

- Over two-thirds of state library agencies report the following services to the academic library sector: administration of LSCA Title III grants, continuing education, interlibrary loan referral services, reference referral services, and union list development (table 4b).
- Less common services to academic libraries provided by state agencies include cooperative purchasing of library materials, literacy program support, preservation/conservation, retrospective conversion, and state standards or guidelines. No state agency accredits academic libraries; only Washington state certifies academic librarians (table 4b).

### Services to School Library Media Centers

- Two-thirds of all state library agencies provide continuing education and interlibrary loan referral services to school library media centers (LMCs) (table 4c). Services to LMCs provided by over half of state agencies include administration of LSCA Title III grants and reference referral (table 4c).
- Less common services to LMCs include administration of state aid, cooperative purchasing of library materials, and retrospective conversion. No state agency accredits LMCs or certifies LMC librarians (table 4c).

### Services to Special Libraries

- At least two-thirds of state agencies serve special libraries<sup>3</sup> through administration of LSCA grants, consulting services, continuing education, interlibrary loan referral, reference referral, and union list development (table 4d).
- Less common services to special libraries include administration of state aid, cooperative purchasing of library materials, and summer reading program support. Only Nebraska accredits special libraries and only Washington state certifies librarians of special libraries (table 4d).

---

<sup>3</sup>A library in a business firm, professional association, government agency, or other organized group; a library that is maintained by a parent organization to serve a specialized clientele; or an independent library that may provide materials or services, or both, to the public, a segment of the public, or to other libraries. Scope of collections and services are limited to the subject interests of the host or parent institution. Includes libraries in state institutions.

## Services to Systems

- Three-fifths of state agencies serve library systems<sup>4</sup> through administration of LSCA grants, consulting services, continuing education, library legislation preparation or review, and library planning, evaluation, and research (table 4e).
- Accreditation of systems is provided by only six states and certification of librarians, by only seven states (table 4e).

## Service Outlets

- State library agencies reported a total of 154 service outlets. Main or central outlets accounted for 45.5 percent of all outlets, other outlets (excluding bookmobiles) made up 48.1 percent, and bookmobiles represented 6.5 percent of the total (table 5).

## Collections

- The number of books and serial volumes held by state library agencies totaled 22.2 million, with New York accounting for the largest collection (2.3 million) (table 7). Six state agencies had book and serial volumes of over one million. In other states, these collections ranged from 500,000 to one million (10 states); 200,000 to 499,999 (12 states); 100,000 to 199,999 (8 states); 50,000 to 99,999 (5 states); and 50,000 or less (8 states). The state library agency in Maryland does not maintain a collection, and the District of Columbia does not maintain a collection in its function as a state library agency.
- The number of serial subscriptions held by state library agencies totaled almost 78,000, with New York holding the largest number (over 14,200) (table 7). Ten state agencies reported serial subscriptions of over 2,000. In other states, these collections ranged from 1,000 to 1,999 (5 states), 500 to 999 (19 states), 100 to 499 (13 states), and under 100 (2 states and the District of Columbia).

## Staff

- The total number of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in state library agencies was 3,682 (table 11a). Librarians with ALA-MLS degrees accounted for 1,169 of these positions, or 31.8 percent of total FTE positions. Rhode Island reported the largest percentage (57.1) of ALA-MLS librarians, and Utah reported the lowest (17.8 percent).

## Income

- State library agencies reported a total income of \$795.6 million in FY 96 (84.0 percent came from state sources, 14.6 percent from federal, and 1.4 percent from other sources) (table 13).
- Of state library agency income received from state sources, nearly \$433 million (64.8 percent) was designated for state aid to libraries (table 15). Eight states had 75 percent or more of their income

---

<sup>4</sup> A system is a group of autonomous libraries joined together by formal or informal agreements to perform various services cooperatively such as resource sharing, communications, etc. Includes multitype library systems and public library systems. Excludes multiple outlets under the same administration.



from state sources set aside for state aid. Georgia had the largest percentage of state library agency income set aside for state aid (97.0 percent). Six states and the District of Columbia targeted no state funds for aid to libraries. Hawaii, Iowa, Louisiana, South Dakota, Vermont, Washington, and the District of Columbia reported state income only for operation of the state agency.<sup>5</sup>

## Expenditures

- State library agencies reported total expenditures of over \$767.2 million (table 16). The largest percentage (83.3 percent) came from state funds, followed by federal funds (15.5 percent), and other funds (1.2 percent).
- In five states, over 90 percent of total expenditures were from state sources (table 16). These states were Massachusetts (93.2 percent), Maryland (93.1 percent), Georgia (92.5 percent), New York (92.0 percent), and Illinois (91.2 percent). Louisiana had the lowest percentage of expenditures from state sources (53.6 percent), with most of its expenditures from federal sources.
- Sixty-nine percent of total state library expenditures were for aid to libraries, with the largest percentages expended on individual public libraries (52.1 percent) and public library systems (17.2 percent) (tables 21 and 23c). Most aid-to-libraries expenditures (86.0 percent) were from state sources, and 13.8 percent were from federal sources (table 18).
- Fifteen state library agencies reported expenditures for allied operations (table 25). These expenditures totaled almost \$19.7 million and represented 2.6 percent of total expenditures by state library agencies. Of states reporting allied operations expenditures, California reported the highest expenditure (\$2.5 million) and Arizona the lowest (\$127,000).<sup>6</sup>
- Twenty-eight state library agencies reported a total of almost \$28.9 million in grants and contracts expenditures to assist public libraries with state education reform initiatives or the National Education Goals (table 26). Four-fifths of the expenditures were used to promote adult literacy and lifelong learning, and almost one-fifth to promote readiness for school. Two state agencies (Nebraska and Rhode Island) focused their expenditures exclusively on readiness for school projects, and nine state agencies (Colorado, Connecticut, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, New Jersey, Oklahoma, and Texas) focused their expenditures exclusively on adult literacy and lifelong learning projects.

---

<sup>5</sup>The District of Columbia Public Library functions as a state library agency and is eligible for Federal LSCA (Library Services and Construction Act) funds in this capacity. The state library agency in Hawaii is associated with the Hawaii State Public Library System and operates all public libraries within its jurisdiction. The state funds for aid to libraries for these two agencies are reported on the NCES Public Libraries Survey, rather than on the STLA survey, because of the unique situation of these two state agencies, and in order to eliminate duplicative reporting of these data.

<sup>6</sup>Alaska and Kansas have allied operations, but the expenditures are not from the state library agency budget.

## Acknowledgments

This report was prepared by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) and the Governments Division, Bureau of the Census. The data in the report are from the State Library Agencies Survey, the product of a cooperative effort between the Chief Officers of State Library Agencies (COSLA), the U.S. National Commission on Libraries and Information Science (NCLIS), and NCES.

This report was reviewed by James Scheppke, Oregon State Library, Joseph Shubert, New York State Library; Barratt Wilkins, Florida State Library; and Michael Cohen, Claire Geddes, Frank Johnson, Roslyn Korb, and Marilyn McMillen of NCES.

Sincere gratitude is expressed to all the individuals who provided the data that made this report possible.

## Additional Information

The *E.D. TABS: State Library Agencies, FY 1996* is available on diskette, on the Internet, and as a printed publication. *State Library Agencies Data, FY 1996 On Disk* (the data file and data base documentation) is available on diskette and the Internet.

On the Internet, the World Wide Web site is <http://nces.ed.gov>. (To access the E.D. TABS, select **Publications; Publications by Subject; L** under the Subject Index; and **Libraries**.)

To order a printed copy of the E.D. TABS, contact the Government Printing Office (GPO):

New Orders  
Superintendent of Documents, GPO  
P.O. Box 371954  
Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7954  
Telephone: (202) 512-1800  
Fax: (202) 512-2250

To order the **data file and documentation on diskette**, contact the Government Printing Office (GPO):

Superintendent of Documents, GPO  
Attn: Electronic Products  
P.O. Box 37082  
Washington, D.C. 20013-7082  
Fax: (202) 512-1262  
Telephone: (202) 512-1530

The E.D. TABS and the data file and data base documentation are also available on diskette from the National Education Data Resource Center (NEDRC). NEDRC will provide the E.D. TABS and the data file and data base documentation free of charge if the user supplies two DOS-formatted high density 3.5 inch diskettes and a self-addressed diskette mailer. NEDRC also responds to requests for tabulations and limited analysis of NCES data. Contact:

NEDRC  
1900 N. Beauregard Street, Suite 200  
Alexandria, VA 22311-1722  
Fax: (703) 820-7465  
Telephone: (703) 845-3151  
Internet: [nedrc@pcci.com](mailto:nedrc@pcci.com)

## Contents

<b>Introduction</b>		iii
<b>Highlights</b>		v
<b>Acknowledgments</b>		ix
<b>Additional Information</b>		xi
<b>Tables</b>		
Table 1a	Location of state library agencies, by branch of government, type of executive branch agency, and state: Fiscal year 1996	2
Table 1b	State library agencies, by type of executive branch agency, reporting and selection methods of independent agency, and state: Fiscal year 1996	4
Table 2	State library agencies with allied operations, by type of operation; agencies that contract with a local public library or academic library to serve as a state resource or reference/information service center; and agencies that host or provide funding for a State Center for the Book, by state: Fiscal year 1996	6
Table 3	Electronic network functions supported at the state level, and library access to the Internet supported by state library agencies, by type of function and access, and by state: Fiscal year 1996	8
Table 4a	State library agency services to public libraries, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996	10
Table 4b	State library agency services to academic libraries, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996	14
Table 4c	State library agency services to school library media centers, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996	18
Table 4d	State library agency services to special libraries, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996	22
Table 4e	State library agency services to systems, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996	26
Table 5	Number of state library agency service outlets, by type of outlet, by user group and type of outlet, and state: Fiscal year 1996	30
Table 6	Public service hours per typical week of state library agency outlets open to the general public and/or state government employees, and public service basis of outlets open to the general public, by state: Fiscal year 1996	34

Table 7	Number of library materials in state library agencies, by type of material, designation of state library agencies as state or federal depository libraries, and type of federal depository library, by state: Fiscal year 1996 . . . . .	36
Table 8	Collections maintained by state library agencies, by type of collection, subject area of special collection, and state: Fiscal year 1996 . . . . .	38
Table 9	Number of library service transactions in state library agency outlets that serve the general public and/or state government employees, by type and state: Fiscal year 1996 . . . . .	40
Table 10	Number of library development transactions of state library agencies, by type and state: Fiscal year 1996 . . . . .	42
Table 11a	Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996 . . . . .	44
Table 11b	Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in state library agencies, by type of activity and state: Fall 1996 . . . . .	46
Table 11c	Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in library development in state library agencies, by type of library served and state: Fall 1996 . . . . .	48
Table 11d	Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in library services in state library agencies, by type of service and state: Fall 1996 . . . . .	50
Table 12a	Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in administration of LSCA grants in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996 . . . . .	52
Table 12b	Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in administration of state aid in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996 . . . . .	54
Table 12c	Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in automation/electronic network development in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996 . . . . .	56
Table 12d	Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in blind and physically handicapped services in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996 . . . . .	58
Table 12e	Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in children's/young adult services in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996 . . . . .	60
Table 12f	Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in institutional library services in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996 . . . . .	62



Table 12g	Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in library statistics in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996 . . .	64
Table 12h	Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in literacy program support in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996 . . . . .	66
Table 13	Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency income, by source and state: Fiscal year 1996 . . . . .	68
Table 14	Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency income from federal sources, by federal program and state: Fiscal year 1996 . . . . .	70
Table 15	Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency income from state sources, by type of state program and state: Fiscal year 1996 . . . . .	72
Table 16	Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency expenditures, by source, and total expenditures per capita, by state: Fiscal year 1996 . . . . .	74
Table 17	Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency operating expenditures, by source, and operating expenditures per capita, by state: Fiscal year 1996 . . . . .	76
Table 18	Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency aid-to-libraries expenditures, by source and state: Fiscal year 1996 . . . . .	78
Table 19	Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency capital outlay expenditures, by source and state: Fiscal year 1996 . . . . .	80
Table 20	Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency other expenditures, by source and state: Fiscal year 1996 . . . . .	82
Table 21	Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency expenditures, by type of expenditure and state: Fiscal year 1996 . . . . .	84
Table 22	Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency operating expenditures, by type of expenditure and state: Fiscal year 1996 . . . . .	86
Table 23a	Expenditures of state library agencies for aid to libraries from all sources, by type of library/program and state: Fiscal year 1996 . . . . .	88
Table 23b	Expenditures of state library agencies for aid to libraries from state sources, by type of library/program and state: Fiscal year 1996 . . . . .	90
Table 23c	Percentage distribution of expenditures from all sources of state library agencies for aid to libraries, by type of library/program and state: Fiscal year 1996 . . . . .	92
Table 23d	Percentage distribution of expenditures from state sources of state library agencies for aid to libraries, by type of library/program and state: Fiscal year 1996 . . . . .	94

Table 23e	Per capita expenditures from all sources of state library agencies for aid to libraries, by type of library/program and state: Fiscal year 1996 .....	96
Table 23f	Per capita expenditures from state sources of state library agencies for aid to libraries, by type of library/program and state: Fiscal year 1996 .....	98
Table 24a	Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency LSCA Titles I-III expenditures, by title and state: Fiscal year 1996 .....	100
Table 24b	Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency LSCA Title I expenditures, by type of expenditure and state: Fiscal year 1996 .....	102
Table 24c	Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency LSCA Title II expenditures, by type of expenditure and state: Fiscal year 1996 .....	104
Table 24d	Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency LSCA Title III expenditures, by type of expenditure and state: Fiscal year 1996 .....	106
Table 25	Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency allied operations expenditures, by type of expenditure, and allied operations expenditures as a percent of total expenditures, by state: Fiscal year 1996 .....	108
Table 26	Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency expenditures to assist public libraries with state or national education reform initiatives, by type of initiative and state: Fiscal year 1996 .....	110
Table 27	Number and percentage distribution of combined libraries, by type and state: Fiscal year 1996 .....	112
 <b>Appendixes</b>		
Appendix A:	Survey Methodology .....	117
Appendix B:	LSCA Titles I-III Federal allotments, by title and state: Fiscal year 1996 .....	119
Appendix C:	Recipients of LSCA Titles IV-VIII and/or "Other" Federal Income .....	121
Appendix D:	Survey Facsimile .....	123

## Tables



Table 1a.--Location of state library agencies, by branch of government, type of executive branch agency, and state: Fiscal year 1996

State	Branch of government			Type of executive branch agency		Total
	Executive	Legislative	Judicial	Independent agency	Part of larger agency	
50 States and DC	49	2	0	18	31	
Alabama	X	-	-	X	-	
Alaska	X	-	-	-	X	
Arizona	-	X	-	-	-	
Arkansas	X	-	-	-	X	
California	X	-	-	X	-	
Colorado	X	-	-	-	X	
Connecticut	X	-	-	-	X	
Delaware	X	-	-	-	X	
District of Columbia	X	-	-	X	-	
Florida	X	-	-	-	X	
Georgia	X	-	-	-	X	
Hawaii	X	-	-	-	X	
Idaho	X	-	-	-	X	
Illinois	X	-	-	-	X	
Indiana	X	-	-	X	-	
Iowa	X	-	-	-	X	
Kansas	X	-	-	X	-	
Kentucky	X	-	-	-	X	
Louisiana	X	-	-	-	X	
Maine	X	-	-	X	-	
Maryland	X	-	-	-	X	
Massachusetts	X	-	-	X	-	
Michigan	-	X	-	-	-	
Minnesota	X	-	-	-	X	
Mississippi	X	-	-	X	-	
Missouri	X	-	-	-	X	
Montana	X	-	-	X	-	
Nebraska	X	-	-	X	-	
Nevada	X	-	-	-	X	
New Hampshire	X	-	-	-	X	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1a.--Location of state library agencies, by branch of government, type of executive branch agency, and state: Fiscal year 1996--Continued

State	Branch of government			Type of executive branch agency	
	Executive	Legislative	Judicial	Independent agency	Part of larger agency
New Jersey	X	-	-	-	X
New Mexico	X	-	-	-	X
New York	X	-	-	-	X
North Carolina	X	-	-	-	X
North Dakota	X	-	-	-	X
Ohio	X	-	-	X	-
Oklahoma	X	-	-	X	-
Oregon	X	-	-	X	-
Pennsylvania	X	-	-	-	X
Rhode Island	X	-	-	X	-
South Carolina	X	-	-	X	-
South Dakota	X	-	-	-	X
Tennessee	X	-	-	-	X
Texas	X	-	-	X	-
Utah	X	-	-	-	X
Vermont	X	-	-	-	X
Virginia	X	-	-	-	X
Washington	X	-	-	X	-
West Virginia	X	-	-	X	-
Wisconsin	X	-	-	-	X
Wyoming	X	-	-	-	X

X Applicable.

- Not applicable.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 1b.--State library agencies, by type of executive branch agency, reporting and selection methods of independent agency, and state: Fiscal year 1996

State	Executive branch agency, by type				Independent agency				Part of larger agency					
	Reporting to		Board or commission selection method(s)		Board or commission		Board or commission selection method(s)		Department of Education		Department of Cultural Resources		Department of State	
	Governor	5	13	11	4	4	0	0	14	4	5	8		
50 States and DC														
Alabama			X											
Alaska				X					X					
Arizona														
Arkansas 2/									X					
California	X													
Colorado									X					
Connecticut 2/									X					
Delaware											X			
District of Columbia			X		X									
Florida											X			
Georgia													X	
Hawaii									X				X	
Idaho													X	
Illinois														
Indiana	X													
Iowa									X					
Kansas	X												X	
Kentucky														
Louisiana										X				
Maine			X											
Maryland									X					
Massachusetts	X													
Michigan													X	
Minnesota														
Mississippi			X		X									
Missouri													X	
Montana			X		X									
Nebraska			X		X									
Nevada													X	
New Hampshire										X				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1b.--State library agencies, by type of executive branch agency, reporting and selection methods of independent agency, and state: Fiscal year 1996--Continued

State	Executive branch agency, by type									
	Reporting to			Independent agency				Part of larger agency		
	Governor	Board or commission	Appointed by Governor	Board or commission selection method(s)		Department of Education	Department of Cultural Resources	Department of State	Other 1/	
				Appointed by other official	Ex-officio members					Elected members
New Jersey	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	
New Mexico	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	
New York	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	
North Carolina	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	
North Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	
Ohio	-	X	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	
Oklahoma	-	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oregon	-	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Pennsylvania	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Rhode Island	X	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	
South Carolina	-	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	
South Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	
Tennessee	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	
Texas	-	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Utah	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	
Vermont	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	
Virginia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Washington	-	X	X	-	-	X	-	-	-	
West Virginia	-	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Wisconsin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Wyoming	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	
X Applicable.										

- Not applicable.

1/ Georgia--Department of Technical and Adult Education.

Idaho--Office of the State Board of Education.

Kentucky--Education, Arts, and Humanities.

Minnesota--Department of Children, Families and Learning.

Nevada--Department of Museums, Library and Arts.

Utah--Department of Community and Economic Development.

Vermont--Agency of Administration.

Wyoming--Department of Administration and Information.

2/ The state library agency is part of the Department of Education but has a board or commission appointed by the governor.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 2.—State library agencies with allied operations, by type of operation; agencies that contract with a local public library or academic library to serve as a state resource or reference/information service center; and agencies that host or provide funding for a State Center for the Book, by state: Fiscal year 1996

State	Allied operations						Contract for state resource center or reference/information service center	Host or provide funding for State Center for the Book
	State archives	State legislative reference/research service	State history museum/art gallery	State records management service	Other*			
50 States and DC	10	8	3	11	5	14	17	
Alabama	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Alaska	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	
Arizona	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	
Arkansas	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
California	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	
Colorado	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	
Connecticut	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	
Delaware	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
District of Columbia	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Florida	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	N	
Georgia	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Hawaii	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Idaho	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Illinois	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	
Indiana	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	
Iowa	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Kansas	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	
Kentucky	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	
Louisiana	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	
Maine	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	
Maryland	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	
Massachusetts	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	
Michigan	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	
Minnesota	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	
Mississippi	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Missouri	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	
Montana	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	
Nebraska	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Nevada	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	N	
New Hampshire	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2.--State library agencies with allied operations, by type of operation; agencies that contract with a local public library or academic library to serve as a state resource or reference/information service center; and agencies that host or provide funding for a State Center for the Book, by state: Fiscal year 1996--Continued

State	Allied operations						Contract for state resource center or reference/information service center	Host or provide funding for State Center for the Book
	State archives	State legislative reference/research service	State history museum/art gallery	State records management service	Other*			
New Jersey	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
New Mexico	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
New York	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
North Carolina	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y
North Dakota	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y
Ohio	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y
Oklahoma	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	Y
Oregon	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y
Pennsylvania	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N
Rhode Island	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N
South Carolina	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y
South Dakota	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Tennessee	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Texas	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N
Utah	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Vermont	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N
Virginia	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	Y
Washington	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N
West Virginia	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Wisconsin	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N
Wyoming	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y

Y Yes.

N No.

\* California--California Research Bureau.

Connecticut--Arts Commission.

Montana--Natural Resource Information System and State Literacy Resource Center.

Pennsylvania--Education Resources and Learning Technology Office.

Wisconsin--Brokered Services for Public Libraries.

Note: State library agencies were asked to report all allied operations, regardless of whether the allied operations were funded from the agency's budget.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

**Table 3.--Electronic network functions supported at the state level, and library access to the Internet supported by state library agencies, by type of function and access, and by state: Fiscal year 1996**

State	Electronic network functions supported at the state level					Library access to the Internet				
	Electronic network planning or monitoring	Electronic network operation	Data base development		Full text or data files	Training or consultation for participation	Subsidy for participation	Providing equipment	Mounting directories, data bases, or online catalogs	Managing gophers, file servers, bulletin boards, or listservs
			Bibliographic data bases							
50 States and DC	50	43	46	31	49	38	35	44	43	
Alabama	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	
Alaska	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Arizona	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	
Arkansas	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	
California	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Colorado	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	
Connecticut	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	
Delaware	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
District of Columbia	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	
Florida	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Georgia	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Hawaii	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	
Idaho	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Illinois	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	
Indiana	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Iowa	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	
Kansas	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Kentucky	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	
Louisiana	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	
Maine	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	
Maryland	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Massachusetts	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Michigan	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Minnesota	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	
Mississippi	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	
Missouri	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	
Montana	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Nebraska	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Nevada	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	
New Hampshire	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3.—Electronic network functions supported at the state level, and library access to the Internet supported by state library agencies, by type of function and access, and by state: Fiscal year 1996—Continued

State	Electronic network functions supported at the state level					Library access to the Internet				
	Electronic network planning or monitoring	Electronic network operation	Data base development		Full text or data files	Training or consultation for participation	Subsidy for participation	Providing equipment	Mounting directories, data bases, or online catalogs	Managing gophers, file servers, bulletin boards, or listservs
			Bibliographic data bases							
New Jersey	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
New Mexico	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
New York	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
North Carolina	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
North Dakota	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y
Ohio	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Oklahoma	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
Oregon	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Pennsylvania	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Rhode Island	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
South Carolina	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y
South Dakota	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y
Tennessee	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y
Texas	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Utah	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Vermont	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Virginia	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Washington	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y
West Virginia	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y
Wisconsin	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Wyoming	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y

Y Yes.

N No.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.



Table 4a.—State library agency services to public libraries, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996

State	Services to public libraries									
	Accreditation of libraries	Admini- stration of LSCA grants 1/	Admini- stration of state aid	Certification of librarians	Collection of library statistics	Consulting services	Continuing education programs	Cooperative purchasing of library materials	Interlibrary loan referral services	Library legislation preparation/ review
50 States and DC	12	51	40	24	51	50	51	11	45	46
Alabama	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Alaska	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Arizona	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Arkansas	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
California	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y
Colorado	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Connecticut	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y
Delaware	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
District of Columbia	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
Florida	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Georgia	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Hawaii	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Idaho	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Illinois	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Indiana	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Iowa	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Kansas	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Kentucky	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Louisiana	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Maine	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Maryland	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y
Massachusetts	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y
Michigan	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Minnesota	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Mississippi	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Missouri	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Montana	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Nebraska	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Nevada	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
New Hampshire	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4a.--State library agency services to public libraries, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996--Continued

State	Services to public libraries									
	Accreditation of libraries	Admini- stration of LSCA grants 1/	Admini- stration of state aid	Certification of librarians	Collection of library statistics	Consulting services	Continuing education programs	Cooperative purchasing of library materials	Interlibrary loan referral services	Library legislation preparation/ review
New Jersey	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
New Mexico	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
New York	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
North Carolina	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
North Dakota	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Ohio	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Oklahoma	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Oregon	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y
Pennsylvania	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Rhode Island	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
South Carolina	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
South Dakota	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Tennessee	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Texas	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Utah	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Vermont	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
Virginia	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Washington	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y
West Virginia	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Wisconsin	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Wyoming	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4a.--State library agency services to public libraries, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996--Continued

State	Services to public libraries									
	Library planning/evaluation/research	Literacy program support	OCLC Group Access Capability (GAC) 2/	Preservation/conservation services	Reference referral services	Retrospective conversion of bibliographic records	State standards/guidelines	Statewide public relations/library promotion campaigns	Summer reading program support	Union list development
50 States and DC	51	48	32	19	43	24	44	39	42	40
Alabama	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
Alaska	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
Arizona	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Arkansas	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
California	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y
Colorado	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N
Connecticut	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y
Delaware	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
District of Columbia	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Florida	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
Georgia	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Hawaii	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Idaho	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N
Illinois	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Indiana	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N
Iowa	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
Kansas	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y
Kentucky	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Louisiana	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y
Maine	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
Maryland	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N
Massachusetts	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N
Michigan	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
Minnesota	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y
Mississippi	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y
Missouri	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Montana	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Nebraska	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Nevada	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N
New Hampshire	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4a.--State library agency services to public libraries, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996--Continued

State	Services to public libraries										Union list development	
	Library planning/evaluation/research	Literacy program support	OCLC Group Access Capability (GAC) 2/	Preservation/conservation services	Reference referral services	Retrospective conversion of bibliographic records	State standards/guidelines	public relations/library promotion campaigns	Summer reading program support			
New Jersey	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
New Mexico	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
New York	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
North Carolina	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
North Dakota	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y
Ohio	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
Oklahoma	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Oregon	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y
Pennsylvania	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y
Rhode Island	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
South Carolina	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
South Dakota	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Tennessee	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Texas	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Utah	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Vermont	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Virginia	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Washington	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N
West Virginia	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Wisconsin	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Wyoming	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Y Yes.												
N No.												

1/ LSCA--the Library Services and Construction Act (P.L. 101-254).

2/ OCLC Group Access Capability (GAC)--Use of the Online Computer Library Center (OCLC) system, originally the Ohio College Library Center, by a group of libraries for resource sharing and interlibrary lending (ILL). Group Access Capability (GAC) related activities may include coordinating group profiling, establishing group policies, coordinating ILL protocols within the group, and referring requests outside of a GAC group.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 4b.—State library agency services to academic libraries, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996

State	Services to academic libraries									
	Accreditation of libraries	Administration of LSCA grants 1/	Administration of state aid	Certification of librarians	Collection of library statistics	Consulting services	Continuing education programs	Cooperative purchasing of library materials	Interlibrary loan referral services	Library legislation preparation/ review
50 States and DC	0	39	4	1	23	27	35	3	39	22
Alabama	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N
Alaska	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Arizona	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N
Arkansas	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N
California	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
Colorado	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Connecticut	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N
Delaware	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
District of Columbia	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Florida	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N
Georgia	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N
Hawaii	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N
Idaho	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Illinois	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Indiana	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Iowa	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Kansas	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y
Kentucky	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N
Louisiana	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y
Maine	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Maryland	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Massachusetts	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y
Michigan	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	N
Minnesota	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	N
Mississippi	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y
Missouri	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Montana	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Nebraska	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Nevada	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y
New Hampshire	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4b.--State library agency services to academic libraries, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996--Continued

State	Services to academic libraries									
	Accreditation of libraries	Administration of LSCA grants 1/	Administration of state aid	Certification of librarians	Collection of library statistics	Consulting services	Continuing education programs	Cooperative purchasing of library materials	Interlibrary loan referral services	Library legislation preparation/ review
New Jersey	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N
New Mexico	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y
New York	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
North Carolina	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N
North Dakota	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Ohio	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Oklahoma	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N
Oregon	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y
Pennsylvania	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Rhode Island	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
South Carolina	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	N
South Dakota	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y
Tennessee	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Texas	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Utah	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Vermont	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N
Virginia	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
Washington	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y
West Virginia	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N
Wisconsin	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N
Wyoming	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4b.--State library agency services to academic libraries, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996--Continued

State	Services to academic libraries										Union list development
	Library planning/evaluation/research	Literacy program support	OCLC Group Access Capability (GAC) 2/	Preservation/conservation services	Reference referral services	Retrospective conversion of bibliographic records	State standards/guidelines	Statewide public relations/library promotion campaigns	Summer reading program support		
50 States and DC	21	8	22	14	36	11	2	18	0	36	
Alabama	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	
Alaska	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	
Arizona	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Arkansas	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	
California	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	
Colorado	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	
Connecticut	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	
Delaware	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	
District of Columbia	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Florida	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	
Georgia	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	
Hawaii	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	
Idaho	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	
Illinois	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Indiana	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	
Iowa	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	
Kansas	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	
Kentucky	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	
Louisiana	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	
Maine	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	
Maryland	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Massachusetts	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Michigan	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	
Minnesota	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	
Mississippi	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	
Missouri	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	
Montana	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	
Nebraska	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Nevada	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	
New Hampshire	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4b.--State library agency services to academic libraries, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996--Continued

State	Services to academic libraries									
	Library planning/evaluation/research	Literacy program support	OCLC Group Access Capability (GAC) 2/	Preservation/conservation services	Reference referral services	Retrospective conversion of bibliographic records	State standards/guidelines	Statewide public relations/library promotion campaigns	Summer reading program support	Union list development
New Jersey	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y
New Mexico	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N
New York	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N
North Carolina	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y
North Dakota	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y
Ohio	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N
Oklahoma	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	Y
Oregon	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y
Pennsylvania	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y
Rhode Island	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y
South Carolina	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N	Y
South Dakota	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y
Tennessee	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Texas	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y
Utah	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y
Vermont	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y
Virginia	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y
Washington	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
West Virginia	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y
Wisconsin	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y
Wyoming	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y

Y Yes.

N No.

1/ LSCA--the Library Services and Construction Act (P.L. 101-254).

2/ OCLC Group Access Capability (GAC)--Use of the Online Computer Library Center (OCLC) system, originally the Ohio College Library Center, by a group of libraries for resource sharing and interlibrary lending (ILL). Group Access Capability (GAC) related activities may include coordinating group profiling, establishing group policies, coordinating ILL protocols within the group, and referring requests outside of a GAC group.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.



Table 4c.—State library agency services to school library media centers, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996

State	Services to school library media centers									
	Accreditation of libraries	Admini- stration of LSCA grants I/	Admini- stration of state aid	Certification of librarians	Collection of library statistics	Consulting services	Continuing education programs	Cooperative purchasing of library materials	Interlibrary loan referral services	Library legislation preparation/ review
50 States and DC	0	31	2	0	9	24	34	2	37	21
Alabama	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N
Alaska	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Arizona	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N
Arkansas	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N
California	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Colorado	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Connecticut	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N
Delaware	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
District of Columbia	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Florida	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N
Georgia	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N
Hawaii	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N
Idaho	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N
Illinois	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Indiana	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Iowa	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Kansas	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N
Kentucky	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N
Louisiana	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y
Maine	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Maryland	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Massachusetts	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y
Michigan	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N
Minnesota	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y
Mississippi	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Missouri	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Montana	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Nebraska	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Nevada	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N
New Hampshire	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y

Table 4c.—State library agency services to school library media centers, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996—Continued

State	Services to school library media centers									
	Accreditation of libraries	Administration of LSCA grants 1/	Administration of state aid	Certification of librarians	Collection of library statistics	Consulting services	Continuing education programs	Cooperative purchasing of library materials	Interlibrary loan referral services	Library legislation preparation/ review
New Jersey	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
New Mexico	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
New York	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
North Carolina	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N
North Dakota	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N
Ohio	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N
Oklahoma	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N
Oregon	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y
Pennsylvania	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Rhode Island	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
South Carolina	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
South Dakota	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Tennessee	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Texas	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	N
Utah	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N
Vermont	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N
Virginia	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N
Washington	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y
West Virginia	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N
Wisconsin	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Wyoming	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4c.—State library agency services to school library media centers, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996—Continued

State	Services to school library media centers									
	Library planning/evaluation/research	Literacy program support	OCLC Group Access Capability (GAC) 2/	Preservation/conservation services	Reference referral services	Retrospective conversion of bibliographic records	State standards/guidelines	Statewide public relations/library promotion campaigns	Summer reading program support	Union list development
	21	14	19	12	33	13	10	19	15	25
50 States and DC										
Alabama	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y
Alaska	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y
Arizona	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y
Arkansas	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N
California	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y
Colorado	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N
Connecticut	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y
Delaware	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y
District of Columbia	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N
Florida	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N
Georgia	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Hawaii	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	N
Idaho	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y
Illinois	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
Indiana	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N
Iowa	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y
Kansas	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y
Kentucky	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	Y
Louisiana	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Maine	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y
Maryland	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Massachusetts	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Michigan	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y
Minnesota	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N
Mississippi	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Missouri	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y
Montana	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y
Nebraska	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y
Nevada	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N
New Hampshire	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4c.--State library agency services to school library media centers, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996--Continued

State	Services to school library media centers										Union list development	
	Library planning/evaluation/research	Literacy program support	OCLC Group Access Capability (GAC) 2/	Preservation/conservation services	Reference referral services	Retrospective conversion of bibliographic records	State standards/guidelines	Statewide public relations/library promotion campaigns	Summer reading program support			
New Jersey	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
New Mexico	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N
New York	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N
North Carolina	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
North Dakota	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y
Ohio	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N
Oklahoma	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N
Oregon	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y
Pennsylvania	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Rhode Island	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
South Carolina	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N
South Dakota	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
Tennessee	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Texas	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
Utah	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Vermont	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y
Virginia	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	Y
Washington	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
West Virginia	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N
Wisconsin	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Wyoming	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Y Yes.												
N No.												

1/ LSCA--the Library Services and Construction Act (P.L. 101-254).

2/ OCLC Group Access Capability (GAC)--Use of the Online Computer Library Center (OCLC) system, originally the Ohio College Library Center, by a group of libraries for resource sharing and interlibrary lending (ILL). Group Access Capability (GAC) related activities may include coordinating group profiling, establishing group policies, coordinating ILL protocols within the group, and referring requests outside of a GAC group.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 4d.—State library agency services to special libraries, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996

State	Services to special libraries									
	Accreditation of libraries	Admini- stration of LSCA grants 1/	Admini- stration of state aid	Certification of librarians	Collection of library statistics	Consulting services	Continuing education programs	Cooperative purchasing of library materials	Interlibrary loan referral services	Library legislation preparation/ review
50 States and DC	1	38	5	1	17	34	38	3	39	20
Alabama	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Alaska	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Arizona	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N
Arkansas	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N
California	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
Colorado	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Connecticut	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
Delaware	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N
District of Columbia	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Florida	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N
Georgia	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N
Hawaii	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N
Idaho	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Illinois	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Indiana	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Iowa	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Kansas	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Kentucky	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N
Louisiana	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Maine	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Maryland	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Massachusetts	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y
Michigan	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N
Minnesota	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	N
Mississippi	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y
Missouri	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Montana	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Nebraska	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Nevada	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y
New Hampshire	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4d.—State library agency services to special libraries, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996—Continued

State	Services to special libraries									
	Accreditation of libraries	Administration of LSCA grants 1/	Administration of state aid	Certification of librarians	Collection of library statistics	Consulting services	Continuing education programs	Cooperative purchasing of library materials	Interlibrary loan referral services	Library legislation preparation/ review
New Jersey	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
New Mexico	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y
New York	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
North Carolina	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N
North Dakota	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Ohio	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Oklahoma	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Oregon	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y
Pennsylvania	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Rhode Island	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
South Carolina	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
South Dakota	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Tennessee	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Texas	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Utah	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Vermont	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N
Virginia	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Washington	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y
West Virginia	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	N
Wisconsin	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	N
Wyoming	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4d.--State library agency services to special libraries, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996--Continued

State	Services to special libraries									
	Library planning/evaluation/research	Literacy program support	OCLC Group Access Capability (GAC) 2/	Preservation/conservation services	Reference referral services	Retrospective conversion of bibliographic records	State standards/guidelines	Statewide public relations/library promotion campaigns	Summer reading program support	Union list development
50 States and DC	24	12	21	14	38	13	8	17	4	34
Alabama	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y
Alaska	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y
Arizona	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y
Arkansas	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	N
California	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y
Colorado	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N
Connecticut	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y
Delaware	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y
District of Columbia	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Florida	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N
Georgia	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y
Hawaii	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N
Idaho	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y
Illinois	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y
Indiana	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N
Iowa	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y
Kansas	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y
Kentucky	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y
Louisiana	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y
Maine	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y
Maryland	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Massachusetts	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Michigan	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y
Minnesota	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N
Mississippi	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y
Missouri	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y
Montana	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y
Nebraska	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y
Nevada	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N
New Hampshire	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4d.--State library agency services to special libraries, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996--Continued

State	Services to special libraries										Union list development
	Library planning/evaluation/research	Literacy program support	OCLC Group Access Capability (GAC) 2/	Preservation/conservation services	Reference referral services	Retrospective conversion of bibliographic records	State standards/guidelines	Statewide public relations/library promotion campaigns	Summer reading program support		
New Jersey	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y
New Mexico	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N
New York	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N
North Carolina	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	Y
North Dakota	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	Y
Ohio	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y
Oklahoma	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y
Oregon	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	Y
Pennsylvania	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y
Rhode Island	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
South Carolina	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
South Dakota	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N
Tennessee	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N
Texas	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y
Utah	Y	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N
Vermont	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	Y
Virginia	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	Y
Washington	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
West Virginia	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	Y
Wisconsin	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	Y
Wyoming	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	Y

Y Yes.

N No.

1/ LSCA--the Library Services and Construction Act (P.L. 101-254).

2/ OCLC Group Access Capability (GAC)--Use of the Online Computer Library Center (OCLC) system, originally the Ohio College Library Center, by a group of libraries for resource sharing and interlibrary lending (ILL). Group Access Capability (GAC) related activities may include coordinating group profiling, establishing group policies, coordinating ILL protocols within the group, and referring requests outside of a GAC group.

Note: Special Library--A library in a business firm, professional association, government agency, or other organized group, a library that is maintained by a parent organization to serve a specialized clientele; or an independent library that may provide materials or services, or both, to the public, a segment of the public, or to other libraries. Scope of collections and services are limited to the subject interests of the host or parent institution. Includes libraries in state institutions.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.



Table 4e.—State library agency services to systems, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996

State	Services to systems									
	Accreditation of libraries	Admini- stration of LSCA grants I/	Admini- stration of state aid	Certification of librarians	Collection of library statistics	Consulting services	Continuing education programs	Cooperative purchasing of library materials	Interlibrary loan referral services	Library legislation preparation/ review
	6	33	26	7	26	34	34	5	30	31
50 States and DC	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Alabama	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Alaska	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Arizona	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Arkansas	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
California	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y
Colorado	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N
Connecticut	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y
Delaware	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
District of Columbia	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Florida	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Georgia	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N
Hawaii	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Idaho	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Illinois	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Indiana	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Iowa	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Kansas	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Kentucky	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Louisiana	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	N
Maine	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Maryland	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y
Massachusetts	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y
Michigan	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Minnesota	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y
Mississippi	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Missouri	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y
Montana	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Nebraska	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Nevada	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
New Hampshire	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4e.--State library agency services to systems, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996--Continued

State	Services to systems									
	Accreditation of libraries	Admini- stration of LSCA grants 1/	Admini- stration of state aid	Certification of librarians	Collection of library statistics	Consulting services	Continuing education programs	Cooperative purchasing of library materials	Interlibrary loan referral services	Library legislation preparation/ review
New Jersey	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
New Mexico	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
New York	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
North Carolina	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
North Dakota	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N
Ohio	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Oklahoma	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Oregon	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y
Pennsylvania	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Rhode Island	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
South Carolina	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
South Dakota	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N
Tennessee	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
Texas	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Utah	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Vermont	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N
Virginia	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Washington	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
West Virginia	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Wisconsin	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
Wyoming	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4e.--State library agency services to systems, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996--Continued

State	Services to systems									
	Library planning/evaluation/research	Literacy program support	OCLC Group Access Capability (GAC) 2/	Preservation/conservation services	Reference referral services	Retrospective conversion of bibliographic records	State standards/guidelines	Statewide public relations/library promotion campaigns	Summer reading program support	Union list development
50 States and DC	32	25	20	10	30	12	24	24	20	27
Alabama	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y
Alaska	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y
Arizona	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Arkansas	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N
California	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y
Colorado	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N
Connecticut	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y
Delaware	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
District of Columbia	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Florida	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Georgia	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Hawaii	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Idaho	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N
Illinois	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Indiana	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N
Iowa	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y
Kansas	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y
Kentucky	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Louisiana	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Maine	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y
Maryland	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N
Massachusetts	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N
Michigan	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
Minnesota	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y
Mississippi	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y
Missouri	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Montana	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
Nebraska	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Nevada	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
New Hampshire	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4c.--State library agency services to systems, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 1996--Continued

State	Services to systems										Union list development	
	Library planning/evaluation/research	Literacy program support	OCLC Group Access Capability (GAC) 2/	Preservation/conservation services	Reference referral services	Retrospective conversion of bibliographic records	State standards/guidelines	Statewide public relations/library promotion campaigns	Summer reading program support			
New Jersey	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y
New Mexico	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N
New York	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
North Carolina	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
North Dakota	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Ohio	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Oklahoma	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Oregon	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y
Pennsylvania	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y
Rhode Island	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
South Carolina	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
South Dakota	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Tennessee	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Texas	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y
Utah	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Vermont	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y
Virginia	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Washington	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N
West Virginia	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Wisconsin	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y
Wyoming	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N

Y Yes.

N No.

1/ LSCA--the Library Services and Construction Act (P.L. 101-254).

2/ OCLC Group Access Capability (GAC)--Use of the Online Computer Library Center (OCLC) system, originally the Ohio College Library Center, by a group of libraries for resource sharing and interlibrary lending (ILL). Group Access Capability (GAC) related activities may include coordinating group profiling, establishing group policies, coordinating ILL protocols within the group, and referring requests outside of a GAC group.

Note: System--A system is a group of autonomous libraries joined together by formal or informal agreements to perform various services cooperatively such as resource sharing, communications, etc. Includes multitype library systems and public library systems. Excludes multiple outlets under the same administration.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 5.—Number of state library agency service outlets, by type of outlet, by user group and type of outlet, and state: Fiscal year 1996

State	Total outlets			General public			User group			State government employees			
	Total	Main or central outlet	Other outlets (excluding book-mobiles)	Total	Main or central outlet	Other outlets (excluding book-mobiles)	Total	Main or central outlet	Book-mobiles	Total	Main or central outlet	Other outlets (excluding book-mobiles)	Book-mobiles
50 States and DC	154	70	74	10	87	51	26	10	100	51	45	4	
Alabama	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
Alaska	2	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
Arizona	4	4	0	0	3	3	0	0	3	3	0	0	
Arkansas	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
California	3	1	2	0	2	1	1	0	2	1	1	0	
Colorado	3	0	3	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	
Connecticut*	4	1	3	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
Delaware	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
District of Columbia	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Florida	2	1	1	0	2	1	1	0	2	1	1	0	
Georgia	2	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
Hawaii	2	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
Idaho	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
Illinois	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
Indiana	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
Iowa	4	1	3	0	4	1	3	0	4	1	3	0	
Kansas	3	1	2	0	3	1	2	0	1	1	0	0	
Kentucky	24	17	7	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
Louisiana	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
Maine	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
Maryland	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Massachusetts	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
Michigan	2	1	1	0	2	1	1	0	2	1	1	0	
Minnesota	3	3	0	0	3	3	0	0	2	2	0	0	
Mississippi	5	1	4	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
Missouri	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
Montana	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
Nebraska	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
Nevada	2	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
New Hampshire	3	1	2	0	2	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5.--Number of state library agency service outlets, by type of outlet, by user group and type of outlet, and state: Fiscal year 1996--Continued

State	Total outlets			General public			User group			State government employees			
	Total	Main or central outlet	Other outlets (excluding book-mobiles)	Total	Main or central outlet	Other outlets (excluding book-mobiles)	Total	Main or central outlet	Other outlets (excluding book-mobiles)	Total	Main or central outlet	Other outlets (excluding book-mobiles)	Book-mobiles
New Jersey	2	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
New Mexico	7	1	2	7	1	4	7	1	4	7	1	2	4
New York	4	1	3	1	1	0	4	1	0	4	1	3	0
North Carolina	2	1	1	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	1	0
North Dakota	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
Ohio	9	1	2	9	1	6	9	1	2	3	1	2	0
Oklahoma	3	1	2	3	1	0	3	1	2	3	1	2	0
Oregon	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
Pennsylvania	2	1	1	2	1	0	2	1	1	2	1	1	0
Rhode Island	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
South Carolina	2	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
South Dakota	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
Tennessee	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
Texas	2	1	1	2	1	0	2	1	1	1	1	0	0
Utah	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
Vermont	7	1	6	7	1	6	7	1	6	7	1	6	0
Virginia	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
Washington	21	1	20	1	1	0	21	1	0	21	1	20	0
West Virginia	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
Wisconsin	2	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	2	1	1	0
Wyoming	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5.--Number of state library agency service outlets, by type of outlet, by user group and type of outlet, and state: Fiscal year 1996--Continued

State	User group											
	Blind and physically handicapped individuals			Residents of state correctional institutions			Residents of other state institutions					
	Total	Main or central outlet	Other outlets (excluding book-mobiles)	Total	Main or central outlet	Other outlets (excluding book-mobiles)	Total	Main or central outlet	Other outlets (excluding book-mobiles)	Total		
50 States and DC	59	36	19	4	46	21	25	0	40	22	18	0
Alabama	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Alaska	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arizona	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
Arkansas	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
California	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Colorado	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Connecticut	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Delaware	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
District of Columbia	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
Florida	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Georgia	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hawaii	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Idaho	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Illinois	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indiana	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
Iowa	4	1	3	0	4	1	3	0	4	1	3	0
Kansas	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kentucky	3	1	2	0	11	6	5	0	8	8	0	0
Louisiana	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Maine	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
Maryland	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Massachusetts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Michigan	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	1	1	0
Minnesota	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mississippi	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	2	0
Missouri	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Montana	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
Nebraska	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nevada	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
New Hampshire	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5.--Number of state library agency service outlets, by type of outlet, by user group and type of outlet, and state: Fiscal year 1996--Continued

State	User group											
	Blind and physically handicapped individuals				Residents of state correctional institutions				Residents of other state institutions			
	Total	Main or central outlet	Other outlets (excluding book-mobiles)	Book-mobiles	Total	Main or central outlet	Other outlets (excluding book-mobiles)	Book-mobiles	Total	Main or central outlet	Other outlets (excluding book-mobiles)	Book-mobiles
New Jersey	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
New Mexico	6	1	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
New York	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Carolina	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Dakota	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ohio	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
Oklahoma	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oregon	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
Pennsylvania	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
Rhode Island	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
South Carolina	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
South Dakota	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tennessee	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Texas	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Utah	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vermont	1	1	0	0	7	1	6	0	7	1	6	0
Virginia	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
Washington	0	0	0	0	8	0	8	0	5	0	5	0
West Virginia	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wisconsin	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wyoming	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0

\* In Connecticut, 2 of the 3 outlets listed under "Total outlets" in the category "Other outlets (excluding book-mobiles)" serve other libraries, not individuals.

Notes: 1. Service outlets include:

- (a) Main or central outlet--A single unit library or the unit where the principal collections are located and handled. Note: Does not include a state library agency administrative center which is separate from the principal collections and is not open to users.
- (b) Other outlets (excluding book-mobiles)--Units that have all of the following: (1) separate quarters; (2) a permanent basic collection of books and/or other materials; (3) a permanent paid staff; and (4) a regular schedule of hours open to users.
- (c) Book-mobiles--Trucks or vans specially equipped to carry books and other library materials. They serve as travelling branch libraries. Note: The number of vehicles in use are counted, rather than the number of stops each vehicle makes.

2. User group outlets may not sum to total outlets because an outlet may serve more than one user group.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.



**Table 6.--Public service hours per typical week of state library agency outlets open to the general public and/or state government employees, and public service basis of outlets open to the general public, by state:**

State	Public service hours of outlets open to general public and/or state government employees				Public service basis of outlets open to the general public		
	Total hours per week	Monday to Friday after 5:00 p.m.	Saturday and Sunday	Walk-in	Referral		
50 States and DC	3,641	86	107	47	40		
Alabama	45	0	0	Y	Y		
Alaska	40	0	0	Y	Y		
Arizona	45	0	0	Y	Y		
Arkansas	45	0	0	Y	Y		
California	108	0	0	Y	N		
Colorado	45	0	0	Y	Y		
Connecticut	35	0	0	Y	N		
Delaware	47	4	0	Y	N		
District of Columbia	0	0	0	N	N		
Florida	96	0	6	Y	Y		
Georgia	53	3	0	Y	Y		
Hawaii	45	6	8	Y	Y		
Idaho	40	0	0	Y	Y		
Illinois	40	0	0	Y	Y		
Indiana	45	6	8	Y	Y		
Iowa	80	0	0	Y	N		
Kansas	120	0	0	Y	N		
Kentucky	43	0	8	Y	N		
Louisiana	43	0	0	Y	Y		
Maine	45	0	5	Y	Y		
Maryland	0	0	0	N	N		
Massachusetts	45	0	0	N	Y		
Michigan	80	5	12	Y	Y		
Minnesota	90	0	0	Y	Y		
Mississippi	40	0	0	N	Y		
Missouri	53	0	0	Y	N		
Montana	45	0	0	Y	Y		
Nebraska	40	0	0	Y	Y		
Nevada	45	0	0	Y	Y		
New Hampshire	37	0	79	Y	Y		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6.—Public service hours per typical week of state library agency outlets open to the general public and/or state government employees, and public service basis of outlets open to the general public, by state:  
Fiscal year 1996—Continued

State	Public service hours of outlets open to general public and/or state government employees				Public service basis of outlets open to the general public		
	Total hours per week	Monday to Friday after 5:00 p.m.			Saturday and Sunday	Walk-in	Referral
		hours	Monday to Friday after 5:00 p.m.	Saturday and Sunday			
New Jersey	45	0		0	Y	Y	
New Mexico	254	11		0	Y	Y	
New York	70	0		0	Y	Y	
North Carolina	55	5		7	Y	Y	
North Dakota	45	0		0	Y	Y	
Ohio	164	0		0	Y	Y	
Oklahoma	45	0		0	Y	Y	
Oregon	35	0		0	Y	N	
Pennsylvania	45	4		7	Y	Y	
Rhode Island	40	0		0	Y	Y	
South Carolina	51	3		4	Y	N	
South Dakota	45	0		0	Y	Y	
Tennessee	60	5		10	Y	Y	
Texas	54	0		8	Y	Y	
Utah	40	0		0	Y	Y	
Vermont	280	0		0	Y	Y	
Virginia	53	0		9	Y	Y	
Washington	608	34		15	Y	Y	
West Virginia	37	0		0	Y	Y	
Wisconsin	40	0		0	Y	Y	
Wyoming	40	0		0	Y	Y	

Y Yes.

N No.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 7.--Number of library materials in state library agencies, by type of material, designation of state library agencies as state or federal depository libraries, and type of federal depository library, by state: Fiscal year 1996

State	Books and serial volumes	Audio materials	Films	Video materials	Serial subscriptions	"Uncatalogued" government documents 1/	Depository library 2/		Federal depository library	
							State	Federal	Regional	Selective
50 States and DC	22,186,833	681,570	32,861	102,056	77,632	30,150,752	46	45	14	31
Alabama	161,934	225,500	0	3,951	1,101	3,223	N	Y	N	Y
Alaska	109,000	500	100	390	300	78,000	Y	Y	N	Y
Arizona	308,877	16,042	96	326	984	791,604	Y	Y	Y	N
Arkansas	92,938	0	0	15,921	963	1,812,932	Y	Y	Y	N
California	730,894	293	11	223	7,119	3,018,091	Y	Y	Y	N
Colorado	27,945	25	0	100	255	319	Y	N	N	N
Connecticut	998,789	200	0	20	9,579	1,591,800	Y	Y	Y	N
Delaware	4,880	0	0	0	115	21,036	Y	Y	N	Y
District of Columbia	0	0	0	0	0	0	Y	Y	N	Y
Florida	292,089	311	4,883	6,929	760	204,750	Y	Y	N	Y
Georgia	28,803	27	0	362	430	0	N	N	N	N
Hawaii	550,908	16,729	2,327	3,554	1,300	839,792	Y	Y	N	Y
Idaho	104,410	5,124	1,268	2,498	401	84,721	Y	Y	N	Y
Illinois	1,200,000	500	100	250	3,200	5,000,000	Y	Y	Y	N
Indiana	858,785	997	5,111	618	-	1,367,589	Y	Y	Y	N
Iowa	209,297	0	1,980	4,000	1,306	25,000	Y	Y	N	Y
Kansas	100,000	100	0	200	210	150,000	Y	Y	N	Y
Kentucky	116,600	784	3,108	5,202	486	45,000	Y	Y	N	Y
Louisiana	424,688	1,882	1,484	5,261	1,019	342,378	Y	Y	N	Y
Maine	240,000	115,000	0	3,200	710	175,000	Y	Y	N	Y
Maryland	0	0	0	0	0	0	N	N	N	N
Massachusetts	4,270	20	0	64	117	250	N	N	N	N
Michigan	2,204,954	260	25	1,081	4,001	793,342	Y	Y	Y	N
Minnesota	27,684	500	25	800	775	415,000	Y	Y	N	Y
Mississippi	205,319	157,148	13	2,927	801	53,450	Y	Y	N	Y
Missouri	81,514	0	0	175	418	198,139	Y	Y	N	Y
Montana	67,738	3,745	0	98	527	338,983	Y	Y	N	Y
Nebraska	9,964	25	0	1,482	669	347,685	Y	Y	N	Y
Nevada	52,036	40	0	110	445	526,666	Y	Y	N	Y
New Hampshire	512,617	200	20	1,131	255	37,897	Y	Y	N	Y

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7.—Number of library materials in state library agencies, by type of material, designation of state library agencies as state or federal depository libraries, and type of federal depository library, by state: Fiscal year 1996—Continued

State	Books and serial volumes	Audio materials	Films	Video materials	Serial subscriptions	"Uncatalogued" government documents 1/	Depository library 2/		Federal depository library	
							State	Federal	Regional	Selective
New Jersey	1,400,000	30	30	50	1,993	504,000	Y	Y	N	Y
New Mexico	197,090	40	300	725	720	1,226,955	Y	Y	Y	N
New York	2,332,682	0	0	150	14,223	20,000	Y	Y	Y	N
North Carolina	200,000	0	4,218	6,068	624	556,398	Y	Y	N	Y
North Dakota	226,441	14,558	13	607	858	11,626	Y	Y	N	Y
Ohio	650,117	805	492	3,176	555	2,500,000	Y	Y	Y	N
Oklahoma	326,141	0	0	959	2,194	79,000	Y	Y	Y	N
Oregon	1,011,073	562	0	2,898	684	499,845	Y	Y	N	Y
Pennsylvania	988,225	1,211	0	449	3,932	952,484	Y	Y	Y	N
Rhode Island	5,200	5	0	150	105	1,500	Y	N	N	N
South Carolina	267,477	296	1,951	1,913	2,127	254,503	Y	Y	N	Y
South Dakota	160,614	0	0	0	988	123,000	Y	Y	N	Y
Tennessee	583,672	36,407	265	132	520	140,065	Y	Y	N	Y
Texas	1,853,697	223	0	241	597	2,112,552	Y	Y	Y	N
Utah	52,655	0	0	0	53	-	Y	Y	N	Y
Vermont	400,000	39,000	1,300	2,800	3,700	220,000	Y	Y	N	Y
Virginia	695,744	0	0	1,014	802	587,293	Y	Y	N	Y
Washington	716,011	11,601	251	6,490	2,847	1,550,000	Y	Y	Y	N
West Virginia	212,124	1,319	3,298	4,114	601	133,929	N	Y	N	Y
Wisconsin	153,719	29,526	192	9,112	978	24,955	Y	N	N	N
Wyoming	27,218	35	0	135	285	390,000	Y	Y	N	Y

- Data not reported.

Y Yes.

N No.

1/ Includes only government documents not accessible through the library catalog and not reported elsewhere.

2/ Indicates that the state library agency is officially designated as a depository of publications bearing the imprint of the state (or federal) government.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 8.--Collections maintained by state library agencies, by type of collection, subject area of special collection, and state: Fiscal year 1996

State	General collection	Special collections at the support, research, or comprehensive level*							Other
		Agriculture	Education	Genealogy	Law	Library and information science	State history		
50 States and DC	43	4	15	24	15	42	35	29	
Alabama	Y	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	
Alaska	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	
Arizona	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	
Arkansas	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	
California	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Colorado	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	
Connecticut	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Delaware	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	
District of Columbia	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	
Florida	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	
Georgia	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	
Hawaii	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	
Idaho	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	
Illinois	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	
Indiana	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	
Iowa	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	
Kansas	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	
Kentucky	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	
Louisiana	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	
Maine	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	
Maryland	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
Massachusetts	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	
Michigan	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	
Minnesota	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	
Mississippi	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	
Missouri	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	
Montana	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	
Nebraska	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	
Nevada	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	
New Hampshire	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8.--Collections maintained by state library agencies, by type of collection, subject area of special collection, and state: Fiscal year 1996  
--Continued

State	General collection	Special collections at the support, research, or comprehensive level*							Other
		Agriculture	Education	Genealogy	Law	Library and information science	State history		
New Jersey	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
New Mexico	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
New York	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
North Carolina	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
North Dakota	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N
Ohio	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
Oklahoma	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N
Oregon	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
Pennsylvania	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Rhode Island	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N
South Carolina	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
South Dakota	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
Tennessee	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N
Texas	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N
Utah	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N
Vermont	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y
Virginia	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
Washington	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y
West Virginia	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Wisconsin	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y
Wyoming	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y

Y Yes.

N No.

\* Definitions of these collection levels are included in the instructions to question 14 in the Survey Facsimile (appendix E).

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

**Table 9.--Number of library service transactions in state library agency outlets that serve the general public and/or state government employees, by type of transaction and state: Fiscal year 1996**

State	Library visits	Circulation	Reference transactions	Interlibrary loan/document delivery	
				Provided to	Received from
50 States and DC	2,043,372	4,603,628	2,524,876	733,576	167,169
Alabama	2,286	9,474	4,325	22,949	4,216
Alaska	88,407	4,512	14,836	1,895	2,064
Arizona	27,168	3,649	23,663	1,087	683
Arkansas	10,742	17,922	6,200	16,120	402
California	-	48,164	142,011	27,375	599
Colorado	14,437	6,313	2,972	821	749
Connecticut	164,616	687	71,190	1,544	224
Delaware	3,139	277	5,552	2	1,440
District of Columbia	0	0	0	0	0
Florida	80,000	80,362	45,167	34,761	5,898
Georgia	217	0	971	1,212	10
Hawaii	541,772	810,738	797,744	69	127
Idaho	-	44,878	4,278	3,254	-
Illinois	-	16,500	10,037	22,980	2,654
Indiana	-	12,454	89,738	3,831	224
Iowa	106,300	10,434	36,473	10,403	680
Kansas	10,000	20,000	25,000	2,500	2,500
Kentucky	50,000	23,000	14,500	2,700	3,000
Louisiana	-	230,504	16,611	13,580	12,290
Maine	84,462	277,654	32,796	8,679	14,038
Maryland	0	0	0	0	0
Massachusetts	200	1,014	938	40	40
Michigan	213,900	44,962	84,864	15,997	5,359
Minnesota	6,800	11,700	2,210	402	695
Mississippi	450	3,264	9,127	13,566	577
Missouri	12,122	20,860	5,602	3,099	3,499
Montana	5,800	165,857	9,100	15,537	3,705
Nebraska	3,810	2,301	4,088	453	2,001
Nevada	20,111	7,500	9,384	639	520
New Hampshire	6,791	13,218	20,163	6,195	664

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 9.--Number of library service transactions in state library agency outlets that serve the general public and/or state government employees, by type of transaction and state: Fiscal year 1996--Continued**

State	Library visits	Circulation	Reference transactions	Interlibrary loan/document delivery	
				Provided to	Received from
New Jersey	42,000	32,000	50,204	5,625	13,100
New Mexico	-	315,428	15,200	1,055	1,217
New York	160,000	60,689	83,877	57,373	3,676
North Carolina	26,754	8,576	59,649	27,457	661
North Dakota	12,785	16,180	7,985	38,745	26,041
Ohio	-	67,780	36,500	6,392	4,227
Oklahoma	52,471	31,883	16,231	13,352	2,400
Oregon	29,800	26,110	18,062	21,970	5,757
Pennsylvania	-	55,753	59,358	10,841	481
Rhode Island	156	1,092	1,300	297	175
South Carolina	30,022	51,598	22,906	31,680	3,172
South Dakota	-	45,901	7,721	63,161	17,075
Tennessee	29,665	0	42,228	2,803	104
Texas	39,269	9,173	115,345	2,712	2,500
Utah	-	1,791	6,660	10,078	349
Vermont	50,000	145,084	57,840	101,772	7,391
Virginia	39,572	195,197	78,612	16,644	1,012
Washington*	44,636	1,629,336	260,821	16,844	6,416
West Virginia	11,960	12,531	14,779	42,630	1,594
Wisconsin	15,452	4,476	74,818	27,899	328
Wyoming	5,300	4,852	5,240	2,556	635

- Data not reported.

\* Circulation includes circulation from state library agency outlets that serve both state government employees and residents of state correctional institutions or other state institutions.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.



**Table 10.--Number of library development transactions of state library agencies, by type of transaction and state: Fiscal year 1996**

State	LSCA and state grants*		Continuing education programs	
	Grants monitored	On-site monitoring visits	Number of events	Attendance at events
50 States and DC	6,098	2,125	2,005	54,168
Alabama	183	27	5	132
Alaska	114	10	10	200
Arizona	185	41	46	816
Arkansas	27	60	20	1,200
California	332	103	104	3,396
Colorado	51	38	21	460
Connecticut	183	15	45	851
Delaware	34	10	2	36
District of Columbia	4	12	17	408
Florida	356	80	140	4,918
Georgia	311	76	50	592
Hawaii	2	5	0	0
Idaho	77	0	36	998
Illinois	93	150	7	2,214
Indiana	84	4	8	363
Iowa	29	6	40	850
Kansas	71	26	17	735
Kentucky	52	10	147	542
Louisiana	30	49	14	925
Maine	12	12	150	2,000
Maryland	53	46	6	310
Massachusetts	108	164	92	1,997
Michigan	349	17	36	465
Minnesota	101	60	15	450
Mississippi	142	0	17	998
Missouri	40	6	22	814
Montana	32	10	6	150
Nebraska	129	6	75	1,949
Nevada	103	26	13	877
New Hampshire	16	13	15	210

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10.--Number of library development transactions of state library agencies, by type of transaction and state: Fiscal year 1996--Continued

State	LSCA and state grants*		On-site monitoring visits	Continuing education programs	
	Grants monitored			Number of events	Attendance at events
New Jersey	123		40	26	866
New Mexico	90		112	10	240
New York	1,076		104	36	934
North Carolina	257		51	47	1,948
North Dakota	17		27	5	100
Ohio	37		111	136	4,615
Oklahoma	35		35	22	698
Oregon	146		5	4	114
Pennsylvania	229		12	36	1,814
Rhode Island	86		0	30	888
South Carolina	86		114	42	1,066
South Dakota	20		10	20	400
Tennessee	60		135	55	975
Texas	80		50	87	3,746
Utah	39		47	18	293
Vermont	6		6	45	900
Virginia	114		89	70	1,362
Washington	80		11	48	434
West Virginia	99		57	8	482
Wisconsin	109		24	45	1,835
Wyoming	6		3	39	602

\* LSCA--the Library Services and Construction Act (P.L. 101-254).

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 11a.--Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996

State	Type of position				Type of position				
	Total	Librarians with		Other		Librarians with		Other	
		ALA-MLS* Number (in full-time equivalents)	ALA-MLS* professionals	professionals	Other paid staff	ALA-MLS professionals	Other paid staff	ALA-MLS professionals	Other paid staff
50 States and DC	3,682.4	1,169.2	608.5	1,904.7	31.8	16.5	16.5	51.7	
Alabama	62.3	24.8	3.0	34.5	39.8	4.8	4.8	55.4	
Alaska	39.0	19.0	2.0	18.0	48.7	5.1	5.1	46.2	
Arizona	123.0	29.0	16.0	78.0	23.6	13.0	13.0	63.4	
Arkansas	68.5	22.0	12.0	34.5	32.1	17.5	17.5	50.4	
California	197.5	49.5	43.0	105.0	25.1	21.8	21.8	53.2	
Colorado	40.6	16.0	8.1	16.5	39.5	19.9	19.9	40.7	
Connecticut	112.0	36.0	14.0	62.0	32.1	12.5	12.5	55.4	
Delaware	19.0	5.0	7.0	7.0	26.3	36.8	36.8	36.8	
District of Columbia	7.0	2.0	4.0	1.0	28.6	57.1	57.1	14.3	
Florida	120.0	30.5	35.5	54.0	25.4	29.6	29.6	45.0	
Georgia	30.5	16.0	0.5	14.0	52.5	1.6	1.6	45.9	
Hawaii	81.5	40.0	0.0	41.5	49.1	0.0	0.0	50.9	
Idaho	43.7	15.1	1.0	27.6	34.6	2.3	2.3	63.2	
Illinois	106.0	33.0	20.0	53.0	31.1	18.9	18.9	50.0	
Indiana	72.0	30.0	6.0	36.0	41.7	8.3	8.3	50.0	
Iowa	32.5	10.8	20.8	1.0	33.1	63.8	63.8	3.1	
Kansas	27.0	13.0	3.0	11.0	48.1	11.1	11.1	40.7	
Kentucky	175.5	40.0	51.0	84.5	22.8	29.1	29.1	48.1	
Louisiana	69.0	27.0	0.0	42.0	39.1	0.0	0.0	60.9	
Maine	59.0	18.5	1.0	39.5	31.4	1.7	1.7	66.9	
Maryland	27.0	12.0	0.0	15.0	44.4	0.0	0.0	55.6	
Massachusetts	29.0	13.0	8.0	8.0	44.8	27.6	27.6	27.6	
Michigan	104.0	39.0	18.0	47.0	37.5	17.3	17.3	45.2	
Minnesota	21.5	9.0	0.0	12.5	41.9	0.0	0.0	58.1	
Mississippi	63.0	23.0	22.0	18.0	36.5	34.9	34.9	28.6	
Missouri	47.5	17.0	11.0	19.5	35.8	23.2	23.2	41.1	
Montana	34.8	8.0	17.0	9.8	23.0	48.9	48.9	28.1	
Nebraska	43.9	18.0	11.0	14.9	41.0	25.1	25.1	33.9	
Nevada	42.5	12.5	9.0	21.0	29.4	21.2	21.2	49.4	
New Hampshire	51.0	18.0	3.0	30.0	35.3	5.9	5.9	58.8	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 11a.--Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996--Continued

State	Type of position				Type of position			
	Total	Librarians with	Other	Other paid staff	Librarians with	Other	Other paid staff	Other professionals
		ALA-MLS*	professionals		ALA-MLS	professionals		
Number (in full-time equivalents)				Percentage distribution				
New Jersey	86.0	29.0	3.0	54.0	33.7	3.5	62.8	
New Mexico	61.3	19.3	2.0	40.0	31.4	3.3	65.3	
New York	183.1	71.1	7.0	105.0	38.8	3.8	57.3	
North Carolina	97.5	32.0	1.0	64.5	32.8	1.0	66.1	
North Dakota	29.0	11.0	6.0	12.0	37.9	20.7	41.4	
Ohio	126.0	35.0	16.0	75.0	27.8	12.7	59.5	
Oklahoma	78.8	29.5	13.5	35.8	37.5	17.1	45.4	
Oregon	42.9	14.0	2.0	26.9	32.6	4.7	62.7	
Pennsylvania	104.0	32.0	12.0	60.0	30.8	11.5	57.7	
Rhode Island	18.9	10.8	3.6	4.5	57.1	19.0	23.8	
South Carolina	45.9	20.6	5.6	19.7	44.9	12.3	42.8	
South Dakota	33.3	7.0	4.0	22.3	21.1	12.0	66.9	
Tennessee	95.0	20.0	13.0	62.0	21.1	13.7	65.3	
Texas	210.5	49.8	45.8	115.0	23.6	21.7	54.6	
Utah	78.7	14.0	21.0	43.7	17.8	26.7	55.5	
Vermont	42.1	12.6	10.0	19.5	29.9	23.8	46.3	
Virginia	155.0	28.0	63.0	64.0	18.1	40.6	41.3	
Washington	127.6	44.0	20.7	62.9	34.5	16.2	49.3	
West Virginia	47.0	10.3	2.8	33.8	22.0	6.0	72.0	
Wisconsin	40.1	20.4	4.3	15.5	50.7	10.6	38.7	
Wyoming	30.3	12.3	5.4	12.6	40.5	17.8	41.7	

\* Librarians with ALA-MLS--These are paid librarians with Master of Library Science degrees from programs accredited by the American Library Association.

Notes: 1. Number of staff represent staff on the payroll as of October 1, 1996, and unfilled but budgeted positions.

2. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

3. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 11b.—Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in state library agencies, by type of activity and state:  
Fall 1996

State	Type of activity				Type of activity				
	Total	Administration	Library development	Library services	Other services	Administration	Library development	Library services	Other services
50 States and DC	3,682.4	490.4	531.9	2,175.7	484.5	13.3	14.4	59.1	13.2
Alabama	62.3	16.0	8.0	27.3	11.0	25.7	12.9	43.8	17.7
Alaska	39.0	6.0	7.0	23.0	3.0	15.4	17.9	59.0	7.7
Arizona	123.0	14.0	8.0	68.0	33.0	11.4	6.5	55.3	26.8
Arkansas	68.5	16.0	6.0	44.5	2.0	23.4	8.8	65.0	2.9
California	197.5	44.0	23.0	93.5	37.0	22.3	11.6	47.3	18.7
Colorado	40.6	6.6	5.5	21.0	7.5	16.2	13.5	51.8	18.5
Connecticut	112.0	20.0	23.0	59.0	10.0	17.9	20.5	52.7	8.9
Delaware	19.0	4.0	4.0	11.0	0.0	21.1	21.1	57.9	0.0
District of Columbia	7.0	2.0	1.5	3.5	0.0	28.6	21.4	50.0	0.0
Florida	120.0	11.0	19.0	37.5	52.5	9.2	15.8	31.3	43.8
Georgia	30.5	7.8	5.8	17.0	0.0	25.4	18.9	55.7	0.0
Hawaii	81.5	2.0	0.0	79.5	0.0	2.5	0.0	97.5	0.0
Idaho	43.7	6.0	11.6	26.1	0.0	13.7	26.5	59.7	0.0
Illinois	106.0	22.0	19.0	54.0	11.0	20.8	17.9	50.9	10.4
Indiana	72.0	6.0	7.0	59.0	0.0	8.3	9.7	81.9	0.0
Iowa	32.5	4.0	9.5	19.0	0.0	12.3	29.2	58.5	0.0
Kansas	27.0	2.5	2.5	18.0	4.0	9.3	9.3	66.7	14.8
Kentucky	175.5	27.0	49.0	32.5	67.0	15.4	27.9	18.5	38.2
Louisiana	69.0	6.0	7.0	56.0	0.0	8.7	10.1	81.2	0.0
Maine	59.0	6.0	31.0	22.0	0.0	10.2	52.5	37.3	0.0
Maryland	27.0	2.0	9.0	16.0	0.0	7.4	33.3	59.3	0.0
Massachusetts	29.0	5.3	16.3	1.0	6.5	18.1	56.0	3.4	22.4
Michigan	104.0	4.0	5.0	95.0	0.0	3.8	4.8	91.3	0.0
Minnesota	21.5	1.0	6.0	14.0	0.5	4.7	27.9	65.1	2.3
Mississippi	63.0	28.0	5.0	30.0	0.0	44.4	7.9	47.6	0.0
Missouri	47.5	6.0	9.0	32.5	0.0	12.6	18.9	68.4	0.0
Montana	34.8	4.7	3.9	26.3	0.0	13.4	11.1	75.5	0.0
Nebraska	43.9	9.0	5.0	14.9	15.0	20.5	11.4	33.9	34.2
Nevada	42.5	5.5	3.5	31.5	2.0	12.9	8.2	74.1	4.7
New Hampshire	51.0	5.8	9.3	35.0	1.0	11.3	18.1	68.6	2.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 11b.--Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in state library agencies, by type of activity and state:  
Fall 1996--Continued

State	Type of activity				Type of activity				
	Total	Administration	Library development	Library services	Other services	Administration	Library development	Library services	Other services
	Number (in full-time equivalents)				Percentage distribution				
New Jersey	86.0	12.0	11.0	40.0	23.0	14.0	12.8	46.5	26.7
New Mexico	61.3	7.0	7.0	47.3	0.0	11.4	11.4	77.1	0.0
New York	183.1	8.5	18.9	152.0	3.8	4.7	10.3	83.0	2.0
North Carolina	97.5	6.0	13.0	78.5	0.0	6.2	13.3	80.5	0.0
North Dakota	29.0	5.0	6.0	18.0	0.0	17.2	20.7	62.1	0.0
Ohio	126.0	15.0	15.0	86.0	10.0	11.9	11.9	68.3	7.9
Oklahoma	78.8	14.5	11.0	46.3	7.0	18.4	14.0	58.7	8.9
Oregon	42.9	5.0	3.8	34.1	0.0	11.7	8.7	79.6	0.0
Pennsylvania	104.0	16.0	31.0	52.0	5.0	15.4	29.8	50.0	4.8
Rhode Island	18.9	4.4	1.8	11.7	1.0	23.3	9.5	61.9	5.3
South Carolina	45.9	8.4	4.7	32.8	0.0	18.4	10.2	71.4	0.0
South Dakota	33.3	4.5	3.0	25.8	0.0	13.5	9.0	77.4	0.0
Tennessee	95.0	5.0	6.0	84.0	0.0	5.3	6.3	88.4	0.0
Texas	210.5	17.0	19.0	96.3	78.3	8.1	9.0	45.7	37.2
Utah	78.7	9.5	10.0	33.2	26.0	12.1	12.7	42.2	33.0
Vermont	42.1	4.5	2.0	33.6	2.0	10.7	4.8	79.8	4.8
Virginia	155.0	9.0	13.5	67.0	65.5	5.8	8.7	43.2	42.3
Washington	127.6	25.6	9.0	93.0	0.0	20.1	7.1	72.9	0.0
West Virginia	47.0	3.8	5.6	37.6	0.0	8.0	12.0	80.0	0.0
Wisconsin	40.1	2.0	12.1	26.0	0.0	5.0	30.2	64.8	0.0
Wyoming	30.3	7.7	9.4	13.3	0.0	25.3	30.9	43.8	0.0

Notes: 1. Number of staff represent staff on the payroll as of October 1, 1996, and unfilled but budgeted positions.

2. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

3. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 11c.--Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in library development in state library agencies, by type of library served and state: Fall 1996

State	Library development					Library development					
	Total	Public library	School library media center	Academic library	Special library	Other	Public library	School library media center	Academic library	Special library	Other
	Number (in full-time equivalents)	Percentage distribution	Percentage distribution	Percentage distribution	Percentage distribution	Percentage distribution	Percentage distribution	Percentage distribution	Percentage distribution	Percentage distribution	
50 States and DC	531.9	363.7	29.5	6.8	3.7	128.2	68.4	5.5	1.3	0.7	24.1
Alabama	8.0	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Alaska	7.0	2.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	3.0	35.7	21.4	0.0	0.0	42.9
Arizona	8.0	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Arkansas	6.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
California	23.0	23.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Colorado	5.5	0.8	1.3	0.0	0.0	3.3	15.2	24.5	0.0	0.0	60.3
Connecticut	23.0	23.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Delaware	4.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	75.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.0
District of Columbia	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Florida	19.0	13.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	68.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	31.6
Georgia	5.8	5.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hawaii	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Idaho	11.6	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.6	43.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	56.9
Illinois	19.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	17.0	5.3	5.3	0.0	0.0	89.5
Indiana	7.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	57.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	42.9
Iowa	9.5	9.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kansas	2.5	2.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	90.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0
Kentucky	49.0	49.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Louisiana	7.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	3.0	42.9	0.0	0.0	14.3	42.9
Maine	31.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	31.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Maryland	9.0	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Massachusetts	16.3	11.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.2	68.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	32.0
Michigan	5.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	60.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	40.0
Minnesota	6.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0
Mississippi	5.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Missouri	9.0	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Montana	3.9	3.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	80.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	19.5
Nebraska	5.0	2.8	0.4	0.2	0.1	1.5	56.0	8.0	3.0	2.6	30.4
Nevada	3.5	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	71.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	28.6
New Hampshire	9.3	3.0	0.3	0.3	0.3	5.5	32.4	2.7	2.7	2.7	59.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 11c.--Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in library development in state library agencies, by type of library served and state: Fall 1996--Continued

State	Library development						Library development				
	Total	Public library	School library media center	Academic library	Special library	Other	Public library	School library media center	Academic library	Special library	Other
New Jersey	11.0	8.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	72.7	9.1	0.0	0.0	18.2
New Mexico	7.0	4.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	57.1	14.3	0.0	0.0	28.6
New York	18.9	7.3	2.0	3.6	0.3	5.7	38.8	10.5	19.2	1.5	30.1
North Carolina	13.0	13.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North Dakota	6.0	5.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	83.3	16.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ohio	15.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.0	26.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	73.3
Oklahoma	11.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	90.9	0.0	0.0	9.1	0.0
Oregon	3.8	1.6	0.2	0.1	0.1	1.8	42.7	5.3	2.7	2.7	46.7
Pennsylvania	31.0	12.3	15.0	0.0	0.7	3.0	39.8	48.4	0.0	2.2	9.7
Rhode Island	1.8	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0
South Carolina	4.7	4.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
South Dakota	3.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	66.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.3
Tennessee	6.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Texas	19.0	19.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Utah	10.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vermont	2.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Virginia	13.5	10.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	3.0	74.1	3.7	0.0	0.0	22.2
Washington	9.0	5.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	61.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	38.9
West Virginia	5.6	5.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wisconsin	12.1	8.1	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.9	33.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wyoming	9.4	6.3	0.3	2.7	0.1	0.1	67.4	3.2	28.3	0.5	0.5

Notes: 1. Number of staff represent staff on the payroll as of October 1, 1996, and unfilled but budgeted positions.

2. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

3. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.



Table 11d.--Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in library services in state library agencies, by type of service and state: Fall 1996

State	Library services			Percentage distribution			
	Total	Public services	Technical services	Other	Public services	Technical services	Other
	Number (in full-time equivalents)	Number (in full-time equivalents)	Number (in full-time equivalents)	Percentage distribution	Percentage distribution	Percentage distribution	
50 States and DC	2,175.7	1,032.7	495.8	647.2	47.5	22.8	29.7
Alabama	27.3	23.3	4.0	0.0	85.3	14.7	0.0
Alaska	23.0	12.0	5.0	6.0	52.2	21.7	26.1
Arizona	68.0	56.0	12.0	0.0	82.4	17.6	0.0
Arkansas	44.5	11.0	24.0	9.5	24.7	53.9	21.3
California	93.5	41.5	26.0	26.0	44.4	27.8	27.8
Colorado	21.0	11.5	1.0	8.5	54.8	4.8	40.5
Connecticut	59.0	27.0	17.0	15.0	45.8	28.8	25.4
Delaware	11.0	3.5	1.8	5.8	31.8	15.9	52.3
District of Columbia	3.5	2.0	0.5	1.0	57.1	14.3	28.6
Florida	37.5	25.0	8.5	4.0	66.7	22.7	10.7
Georgia	17.0	11.5	1.8	3.8	67.6	10.3	22.1
Hawaii	79.5	79.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Idaho	26.1	10.1	6.0	10.0	38.7	23.0	38.3
Illinois	54.0	20.0	16.0	18.0	37.0	29.6	33.3
Indiana	59.0	42.0	8.0	9.0	71.2	13.6	15.3
Iowa	19.0	14.0	5.0	0.0	73.7	26.3	0.0
Kansas	18.0	6.5	1.5	10.0	36.1	8.3	55.6
Kentucky	32.5	16.0	9.0	7.5	49.2	27.7	23.1
Louisiana	56.0	26.0	12.0	18.0	46.4	21.4	32.1
Maine	22.0	9.5	12.5	0.0	43.2	56.8	0.0
Maryland	16.0	0.0	0.0	16.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Massachusetts	1.0	0.7	0.3	0.0	70.0	30.0	0.0
Michigan	95.0	30.0	23.0	42.0	31.6	24.2	44.2
Minnesota	14.0	12.3	1.8	0.0	87.5	12.5	0.0
Mississippi	30.0	15.0	15.0	0.0	50.0	50.0	0.0
Missouri	32.5	13.5	1.0	18.0	41.5	3.1	55.4
Montana	26.3	5.3	3.3	17.7	20.2	12.4	67.4
Nebraska	14.9	6.9	5.0	3.0	46.1	33.7	20.2
Nevada	31.5	7.0	4.5	20.0	22.2	14.3	63.5
New Hampshire	35.0	12.0	9.0	14.0	34.3	25.7	40.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 11d.--Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in library services in state library agencies, by type of service and state: Fall 1996--Continued

State	Library services			Percentage distribution			
	Total	Public services	Technical services	Other	Public services	Technical services	Other
	Number (in full-time equivalents)			Percentage distribution			
New Jersey	40.0	33.0	7.0	0.0	82.5	17.5	0.0
New Mexico	47.3	11.3	12.0	24.0	23.8	25.4	50.8
New York	152.0	82.9	43.4	25.7	54.6	28.6	16.9
North Carolina	78.5	25.2	14.0	39.3	32.1	17.8	50.0
North Dakota	18.0	16.0	2.0	0.0	88.9	11.1	0.0
Ohio	86.0	30.0	21.0	35.0	34.9	24.4	40.7
Oklahoma	46.3	25.0	6.0	15.3	54.1	13.0	33.0
Oregon	34.1	11.0	9.0	14.1	32.2	26.4	41.4
Pennsylvania	52.0	36.0	16.0	0.0	69.2	30.8	0.0
Rhode Island	11.7	4.1	0.2	7.4	35.0	1.7	63.2
South Carolina	32.8	21.6	8.4	2.8	65.7	25.7	8.6
South Dakota	25.8	13.3	5.0	7.5	51.5	19.4	29.1
Tennessee	84.0	26.0	24.0	34.0	31.0	28.6	40.5
Texas	96.3	23.0	10.3	63.0	23.9	10.6	65.5
Utah	33.2	4.0	3.0	26.2	12.0	9.0	78.9
Vermont	33.6	25.1	4.5	4.0	74.7	13.4	11.9
Virginia	67.0	35.0	27.0	5.0	52.2	40.3	7.5
Washington	93.0	26.0	24.5	42.5	28.0	26.3	45.7
West Virginia	37.6	5.6	13.2	18.8	15.0	35.0	50.0
Wisconsin	26.0	23.0	3.0	0.0	88.5	11.5	0.0
Wyoming	13.3	5.3	8.0	0.0	39.6	60.4	0.0

Notes: 1. Number of staff represent staff on the payroll as of October 1, 1996, and unfilled but budgeted positions.

2. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

3. Percentages may not sum to 100 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 12a.—Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in administration of LSCA grants in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996

State	Administration of LSCA grants				Administration of LSCA grants			
	Total	Librarians with ALA-MLS*	Other professionals	Other paid staff	Librarians with ALA-MLS	Other professionals	Other paid staff	Other paid staff
50 States and DC	90.0	44.2	23.1	22.8	49.0	25.7	25.3	
Alabama	4.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	25.0	25.0	50.0	
Alaska	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	
Arizona	0.8	0.8	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	
Arkansas	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	
California	2.5	2.0	0.0	0.5	80.0	0.0	20.0	
Colorado	1.3	0.0	1.0	0.3	0.0	75.2	24.8	
Connecticut	3.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	33.3	33.3	33.3	
Delaware	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.0	50.0	50.0	0.0	
District of Columbia	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	
Florida	4.0	2.2	0.0	1.9	53.8	0.0	46.3	
Georgia	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	
Hawaii	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	
Idaho	1.8	0.3	0.0	1.5	14.3	0.0	85.7	
Illinois	2.5	1.0	1.0	0.5	40.0	40.0	20.0	
Indiana	2.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	50.0	0.0	50.0	
Iowa	3.0	2.0	1.0	0.0	66.7	33.3	0.0	
Kansas	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.3	50.0	25.0	25.0	
Kentucky	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	
Louisiana	1.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	50.0	0.0	50.0	
Maine	1.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	50.0	0.0	50.0	
Maryland	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	
Massachusetts	1.7	0.6	0.9	0.3	33.3	51.5	15.2	
Michigan	6.0	0.0	4.0	2.0	0.0	66.7	33.3	
Minnesota	1.5	1.3	0.0	0.3	83.3	0.0	16.7	
Mississippi	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	
Missouri	0.8	0.5	0.0	0.3	66.7	0.0	33.3	
Montana	1.2	0.9	0.3	0.0	78.3	21.7	0.0	
Nebraska	0.7	0.0	0.6	0.0	5.9	94.1	0.0	
Nevada	1.3	1.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	
New Hampshire	3.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	33.3	0.0	66.7	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12a.—Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in administration of LSCA grants in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996—Continued

State	Administration of LSCA grants					Administration of LSCA grants				
	Total	Librarians with		Other		Librarians with	Other		Other	paid staff
		ALA-MLS*	professionals	professionals	paid staff		ALA-MLS	professionals		
Number (in full-time equivalents)										
New Jersey	1.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3
New Mexico	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
New York	2.0	1.3	0.7	0.0	0.0	65.2	34.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
North Carolina	1.4	1.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	71.4	0.0	0.0	28.6	0.0
North Dakota	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ohio	6.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	50.0	33.3	33.3	16.7	16.7
Oklahoma	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oregon	1.1	0.1	0.7	0.3	0.0	10.4	66.0	66.0	23.6	23.6
Pennsylvania	3.0	0.5	0.5	2.0	0.0	16.7	16.7	16.7	66.7	66.7
Rhode Island	1.2	0.5	0.6	0.1	0.0	43.5	52.2	52.2	4.3	4.3
South Carolina	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	49.5	45.6	45.6	4.9	4.9
South Dakota	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tennessee	4.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	75.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	25.0
Texas	7.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	42.9	28.6	28.6	28.6	28.6
Utah	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.0	35.7	50.0	50.0	14.3	14.3
Vermont	2.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	0.0	0.0
Virginia	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Washington	1.5	1.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	66.7	33.3	33.3	0.0	0.0
West Virginia	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	27.3	72.7	72.7	0.0	0.0
Wisconsin	1.2	0.6	0.1	0.5	0.0	52.2	4.3	4.3	43.5	43.5
Wyoming	1.5	1.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	66.7	16.7	16.7	16.7	16.7

\* Librarians with ALA-MLS—These are paid librarians with Master of Library Science degrees from programs accredited by the American Library Association.

Notes: 1. Number of staff represent staff on the payroll as of October 1, 1996, and unfilled but budgeted positions.

2. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

3. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 12b.—Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in administration of state aid in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996

State	Administration of state aid			Administration of state aid			
	Total	Librarians with ALA-MLS*	Other professionals	Other paid staff	Librarians with ALA-MLS	Other professionals	Other paid staff
50 States and DC	57.0	30.7	10.1	16.2	53.8	17.8	28.5
Alabama	4.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	25.0	25.0	50.0
Alaska	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Arizona	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Arkansas	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
California	4.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	25.0	0.0	75.0
Colorado	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	50.0	0.0	50.0
Connecticut	2.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	50.0	0.0	50.0
Delaware	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.0	50.0	50.0	0.0
District of Columbia	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Florida	1.5	0.9	0.0	0.7	56.7	0.0	43.3
Georgia	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Hawaii	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Idaho	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0
Illinois	6.0	4.0	0.0	2.0	66.7	0.0	33.3
Indiana	0.9	0.8	0.0	0.1	88.2	0.0	11.8
Iowa	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kansas	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.3	33.3	33.3	33.3
Kentucky	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
Louisiana	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maine	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	50.0	0.0	50.0
Maryland	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Massachusetts	2.0	1.3	0.0	0.8	62.5	0.0	37.5
Michigan	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Minnesota	2.5	2.0	0.0	0.5	80.0	0.0	20.0
Mississippi	2.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	50.0	50.0	0.0
Missouri	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.3	50.0	0.0	50.0
Montana	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
Nebraska	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.0	80.6	16.1	3.2
Nevada	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
New Hampshire	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12b.—Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in administration of state aid in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996—Continued

State	Administration of state aid				Administration of state aid				
	Total	Librarians with	Other	Other paid staff	Librarians with	Other	Other paid staff		
		ALA-MLS*	professionals		ALA-MLS	professionals			
Number (in full-time equivalents)								Percentage distribution	
New Jersey	1.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	50.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	50.0
New Mexico	4.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
New York	6.9	4.9	2.0	0.0	70.7	29.3	70.7	29.3	0.0
North Carolina	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	66.7	0.0	66.7	0.0	33.3
North Dakota	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
Ohio	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.3	50.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	50.0
Oklahoma	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Oregon	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	35.5	32.3	35.5	32.3	32.3
Pennsylvania	2.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	50.0	50.0
Rhode Island	1.4	0.6	0.7	0.1	44.4	51.9	44.4	51.9	3.7
South Carolina	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	0.0
South Dakota	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tennessee	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Texas	2.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	50.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	50.0
Utah	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.0	60.0	40.0	60.0	40.0	0.0
Vermont	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Virginia	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Washington	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
West Virginia	1.2	0.2	0.5	0.5	20.3	39.8	20.3	39.8	39.8
Wisconsin	0.6	0.1	0.5	0.0	16.7	83.3	16.7	83.3	0.0
Wyoming	1.1	1.0	0.1	0.0	90.9	9.1	90.9	9.1	0.0

\* Librarians with ALA-MLS—These are paid librarians with Master of Library Science degrees from programs accredited by the American Library Association.

Notes: 1. Number of staff represent staff on the payroll as of October 1, 1996, and unfilled but budgeted positions.

2. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

3. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 12c.--Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in automation/electronic network development in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996

State	Automation/electronic network development				Automation/electronic network development			
	Total	Librarians with ALA-MLS*	Other professionals	Other paid staff	Librarians with ALA-MLS	Other professionals	Other paid staff	Other
50 States and DC	181.9	84.4	52.6	44.9	46.4	28.9	24.7	
Alabama	4.0	1.0	2.0	1.0	25.0	50.0	25.0	
Alaska	4.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	50.0	25.0	25.0	
Arizona	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	
Arkansas	2.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	50.0	50.0	0.0	
California	4.0	2.0	0.0	2.0	50.0	0.0	50.0	
Colorado	6.5	3.0	3.0	0.5	46.2	46.2	7.7	
Connecticut	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	
Delaware	3.5	1.0	2.5	0.0	28.6	71.4	0.0	
District of Columbia	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	
Florida	4.8	2.9	1.0	1.0	59.4	20.8	19.8	
Georgia	1.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	
Hawaii	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Idaho	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	
Illinois	10.0	3.0	1.0	6.0	30.0	10.0	60.0	
Indiana	3.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	33.3	0.0	66.7	
Iowa	3.3	2.3	1.0	0.0	69.2	30.8	0.0	
Kansas	3.5	2.0	0.0	1.5	57.1	0.0	42.9	
Kentucky	6.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	16.7	16.7	66.7	
Louisiana	2.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	50.0	0.0	50.0	
Maine	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	
Maryland	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	
Massachusetts	3.1	2.4	0.8	0.0	75.8	24.2	0.0	
Michigan	5.0	4.0	1.0	0.0	80.0	20.0	0.0	
Minnesota	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	
Mississippi	6.0	0.0	5.0	1.0	0.0	83.3	16.7	
Missouri	3.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	33.3	33.3	33.3	
Montana	2.8	0.8	2.0	0.0	27.3	72.7	0.0	
Nebraska	5.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	40.0	60.0	0.0	
Nevada	2.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	50.0	50.0	
New Hampshire	7.0	2.0	0.0	5.0	28.6	0.0	71.4	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12c.—Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in automation/electronic network development in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996—Continued

State	Automation/electronic network development					Automation/electronic network development				
	Total	Librarians with ALA-MLS*	Other professionals	Other paid staff	Other	Total	Librarians with ALA-MLS	Other professionals	Other paid staff	Other
	Number (in full-time equivalents)									
New Jersey	4.5	3.5	0.0	1.0	0.0	77.8	0.0	0.0	22.2	0.0
New Mexico	3.0	1.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	33.3	66.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
New York	1.3	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North Carolina	4.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North Dakota	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ohio	6.0	2.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	33.3	66.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oklahoma	5.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	20.0	20.0	60.0	0.0	0.0
Oregon	5.8	2.8	0.0	2.9	0.0	49.3	0.0	50.7	0.0	0.0
Pennsylvania	1.5	0.3	1.3	0.0	0.0	16.7	83.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rhode Island	3.2	2.3	0.9	0.0	0.0	71.9	28.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
South Carolina	2.8	1.9	0.9	0.0	0.0	66.5	33.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
South Dakota	1.0	0.8	0.3	0.0	0.0	75.0	25.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tennessee	2.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Texas	5.8	3.8	2.0	0.0	0.0	65.2	34.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
Utah	4.5	2.5	1.0	1.0	0.0	55.1	22.5	22.5	0.0	0.0
Vermont	2.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	0.0
Virginia	9.0	3.5	4.0	1.5	0.0	38.9	44.4	16.7	0.0	0.0
Washington	6.0	1.0	4.0	1.0	0.0	16.7	66.7	16.7	0.0	0.0
West Virginia	2.8	0.9	0.0	1.9	0.0	33.3	0.0	66.7	0.0	0.0
Wisconsin	5.3	3.3	1.0	1.0	0.0	61.9	19.0	19.0	0.0	0.0
Wyoming	10.3	6.0	2.0	2.3	0.0	58.5	19.5	22.0	0.0	0.0

\* Librarians with ALA-MLS—These are paid librarians with Master of Library Science degrees from programs accredited by the American Library Association.

Notes: 1. Number of staff represent staff on the payroll as of October 1, 1996, and unfilled but budgeted positions.

2. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

3. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.



Table 12d.—Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in blind and physically handicapped services in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996

State	Blind and physically handicapped services				Blind and physically handicapped services			
	Total	Librarians with ALA-MLS*	Other professionals	Other paid staff	Librarians with ALA-MLS	Other professionals	Other paid staff	Other
	Number (in full-time equivalents)							
50 States and DC	470.6	89.0	36.7	344.9	18.9	7.8	73.3	
Alabama	10.0	3.0	0.0	7.0	30.0	0.0	70.0	
Alaska	2.1	0.1	0.0	2.0	4.8	0.0	95.2	
Arizona	21.7	7.0	3.7	11.0	32.3	17.1	50.7	
Arkansas	9.5	4.0	0.0	5.5	42.1	0.0	57.9	
California	21.0	3.0	0.0	18.0	14.3	0.0	85.7	
Colorado	11.0	2.0	1.0	8.0	18.2	9.1	72.7	
Connecticut	12.0	2.0	0.0	10.0	16.7	0.0	83.3	
Delaware	3.5	0.0	1.5	2.0	0.0	42.9	57.1	
District of Columbia	1.3	0.3	1.0	0.0	20.0	80.0	0.0	
Florida	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	40.0	40.0	20.0	
Georgia	6.2	1.2	0.0	5.0	18.7	0.0	81.3	
Hawaii	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Idaho	9.0	1.0	0.0	8.0	11.1	0.0	88.9	
Illinois	2.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	50.0	25.0	25.0	
Indiana	13.0	1.0	1.0	11.0	7.7	7.7	84.6	
Iowa	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Kansas	5.0	1.0	0.0	4.0	20.0	0.0	80.0	
Kentucky	13.0	4.0	1.0	8.0	30.8	7.7	61.5	
Louisiana	13.0	3.0	0.0	10.0	23.1	0.0	76.9	
Maine	6.0	0.5	0.0	5.5	8.3	0.0	91.7	
Maryland	16.0	5.0	0.0	11.0	31.3	0.0	68.8	
Massachusetts	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Michigan	11.0	2.0	1.0	8.0	18.2	9.1	72.7	
Minnesota	10.5	2.0	0.0	8.5	19.0	0.0	81.0	
Mississippi	8.0	2.0	1.0	5.0	25.0	12.5	62.5	
Missouri	18.0	4.0	5.0	9.0	22.2	27.8	50.0	
Montana	5.8	1.0	1.0	3.8	17.4	17.4	65.2	
Nebraska	12.5	1.0	6.0	5.5	8.0	48.0	44.0	
Nevada	4.0	1.0	0.0	3.0	25.0	0.0	75.0	
New Hampshire	5.0	1.0	0.0	4.0	20.0	0.0	80.0	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12d.—Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in blind and physically handicapped services in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996—Continued

State	Blind and physically handicapped services				Blind and physically handicapped services			
	Total	Librarians with ALA-MLS*	Other professionals	Other paid staff	Librarians with ALA-MLS	Other professionals	Other paid staff	Other
New Jersey	23.0	5.0	0.0	18.0	21.7	0.0	0.0	78.3
New Mexico	8.5	1.0	0.0	7.5	11.8	0.0	0.0	88.2
New York	19.7	4.3	0.9	14.4	22.0	4.8	0.0	73.2
North Carolina	33.3	1.0	1.0	31.3	3.0	3.0	0.0	94.0
North Dakota	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ohio	4.8	0.8	0.0	4.0	15.8	0.0	0.0	84.2
Oklahoma	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oregon	8.8	1.3	0.0	7.5	14.8	0.0	0.0	85.2
Pennsylvania	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rhode Island	4.1	2.3	0.0	1.8	56.1	0.0	0.0	43.9
South Carolina	8.4	1.9	0.9	5.6	22.3	11.1	0.0	66.6
South Dakota	7.5	0.0	1.0	6.5	0.0	13.3	0.0	86.7
Tennessee	15.0	3.0	0.0	12.0	20.0	0.0	0.0	80.0
Texas	52.0	8.0	7.0	37.0	15.4	13.5	0.0	71.2
Utah	25.2	4.0	1.0	20.2	15.9	4.0	0.0	80.2
Vermont	2.8	0.8	1.0	1.0	27.3	36.4	0.0	36.4
Virginia	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Washington	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
West Virginia	5.2	0.5	0.0	4.7	9.1	0.0	0.0	90.9
Wisconsin	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wyoming	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	50.0	0.0	0.0	50.0

\* Librarians with ALA-MLS—These are paid librarians with Master of Library Science degrees from programs accredited by the American Library Association.

Notes: 1. Number of staff represent staff on the payroll as of October 1, 1996, and unfilled but budgeted positions.

2. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

3. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 12e.—Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in children's/young adult services in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996

State	Children's/young adult services				Children's/young adult services			
	Total	Librarians with ALA-MLS*	Other professionals	Other paid staff	Librarians with ALA-MLS	Other professionals	Other paid staff	Other
50 States and DC	38.8	28.9	3.1	6.8	74.4	8.0	17.6	
Alabama	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Alaska	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Arizona	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Arkansas	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
California	1.5	1.0	0.0	0.5	66.7	0.0	33.3	
Colorado	1.3	1.0	0.0	0.3	75.2	0.0	24.8	
Connecticut	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Delaware	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	33.3	66.7	
District of Columbia	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Florida	0.8	0.5	0.0	0.3	66.7	0.0	33.3	
Georgia	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hawaii	7.0	5.0	0.0	2.0	71.4	0.0	28.6	
Idaho	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Illinois	1.5	1.0	0.0	0.5	66.7	0.0	33.3	
Indiana	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iowa	0.8	0.8	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kansas	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kentucky	0.9	0.9	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Louisiana	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maine	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maryland	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Massachusetts	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Michigan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Minnesota	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mississippi	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Missouri	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Montana	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nebraska	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nevada	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
New Hampshire	0.8	0.8	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12e.—Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in children's/young adult services in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996—Continued

State	Children's/young adult services				Children's/young adult services			
	Total	Librarians with ALA-MLS* Number (in full-time equivalents)	Other professionals	Other paid staff	Librarians with ALA-MLS	Other professionals	Other paid staff	Other
New Jersey	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
New Mexico	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
New York	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North Carolina	1.8	1.0	0.0	0.8	57.1	0.0	42.9	0.0
North Dakota	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ohio	1.5	1.3	0.0	0.3	83.3	0.0	16.7	0.0
Oklahoma	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oregon	0.9	0.8	0.0	0.2	83.3	0.0	16.7	0.0
Pennsylvania	4.5	0.5	3.0	1.0	11.1	66.7	22.2	0.0
Rhode Island	0.8	0.7	0.0	0.1	87.5	0.0	12.5	0.0
South Carolina	0.9	0.9	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
South Dakota	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tennessee	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Texas	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Utah	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vermont	1.5	0.8	0.0	0.8	50.0	0.0	50.0	0.0
Virginia	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Washington	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
West Virginia	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wisconsin	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wyoming	0.6	0.5	0.0	0.1	90.9	0.0	9.1	0.0

\* Librarians with ALA-MLS—These are paid librarians with Master of Library Science degrees from programs accredited by the American Library Association.

Notes: 1. Number of staff represent staff on the payroll as of October 1, 1996, and unfilled but budgeted positions.

2. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

3. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 12f.—Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in institutional library services in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996

State	Institutional library services				Institutional library services			
	Total	Librarians with ALA-MLS*	Other professionals	Other paid staff	Librarians with ALA-MLS	Other professionals	Other paid staff	Percentage distribution
								Number (in full-time equivalents)
50 States and DC	53.1	31.3	3.1	18.7	59.0	5.7	35.3	
Alabama	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Alaska	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Arizona	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Arkansas	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
California	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Colorado	5.8	4.5	1.0	0.3	77.2	17.2	5.7	0.0
Connecticut	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Delaware	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
District of Columbia	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Florida	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.1	75.0	0.0	25.0	0.0
Georgia	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hawaii	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Idaho	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Illinois	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indiana	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iowa	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kansas	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kentucky	2.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	50.0	50.0	0.0	0.0
Louisiana	1.5	1.0	0.0	0.5	66.7	0.0	33.3	0.0
Maine	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maryland	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Massachusetts	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Michigan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Minnesota	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mississippi	0.8	0.8	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Missouri	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Montana	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nebraska	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nevada	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
New Hampshire	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12f.—Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in institutional library services in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996—Continued

State	Institutional library services				Institutional library services				
	Total	Librarians with ALA-MLS*	Other professionals	Other paid staff	Librarians with ALA-MLS	Other professionals	Other paid staff	Other	
									Percentage distribution
		Number (in full-time equivalents)				Percentage distribution			
New Jersey	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
New Mexico	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
New York	1.1	1.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
North Carolina	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
North Dakota	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Ohio	0.7	0.5	0.0	0.2	76.9	0.0	0.0	23.1	
Oklahoma	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Oregon	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Pennsylvania	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Rhode Island	0.8	0.7	0.0	0.1	87.5	0.0	0.0	12.5	
South Carolina	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
South Dakota	0.6	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	
Tennessee	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Texas	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Utah	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Vermont	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.3	50.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	
Virginia	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Washington	30.5	13.5	0.0	17.0	44.3	0.0	0.0	55.7	
West Virginia	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Wisconsin	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Wyoming	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.4	11.1	11.1	11.1	77.8	

\* Librarians with ALA-MLS—These are paid librarians with Master of Library Science degrees from programs accredited by the American Library Association.

- Notes: 1. Number of staff represent staff on the payroll as of October 1, 1996, and unfilled but budgeted positions.  
 2. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.  
 3. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

4. Institutional library services—Includes providing books, other library materials, and access to other information resources as well as other library services to residents of prisons, reformatories, and other correctional institutions; patients or residents of residential training schools, hospitals, nursing homes, and other general or special institutions operated or substantially supported by the state.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 12g.—Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in library statistics in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996

State	Library statistics				Library statistics				
	Total	Librarians with ALA-MLS* Number (in full-time equivalents)	Other professionals	Other paid staff	Librarians with ALA-MLS	Other professionals	Other paid staff	Percentage distribution	
								professionals	paid staff
50 States and DC	35.4	19.1	6.7	9.6	53.9	18.9	27.2		
Alabama	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Alaska	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0		
Arizona	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0		
Arkansas	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0		
California	1.5	1.0	0.0	0.5	66.7	0.0	33.3		
Colorado	2.1	0.0	1.8	0.3	0.0	84.1	15.9		
Connecticut	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0		
Delaware	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0		
District of Columbia	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0		
Florida	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.1	75.0	0.0	25.0		
Georgia	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0		
Hawaii	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Idaho	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	66.7	0.0	33.3		
Illinois	1.5	1.0	0.0	0.5	66.7	0.0	33.3		
Indiana	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0		
Iowa	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.2	60.0	0.0	40.0		
Kansas	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0		
Kentucky	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0		
Louisiana	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.3	50.0	0.0	50.0		
Maine	1.3	0.3	0.0	1.0	20.0	0.0	80.0		
Maryland	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.1	66.7	0.0	33.3		
Massachusetts	2.0	1.3	0.5	0.3	62.5	25.0	12.5		
Michigan	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0		
Minnesota	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.2	60.0	0.0	40.0		
Mississippi	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0		
Missouri	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.3	50.0	0.0	50.0		
Montana	0.8	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0		
Nebraska	0.6	0.6	0.0	0.0	96.5	0.0	3.5		
Nevada	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0		
New Hampshire	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.3	50.0	0.0	50.0		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12g.--Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in library statistics in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996--Continued

State	Library statistics					Library statistics				
	Total	Librarians with	Other	Other	Other staff	Librarians with	Other	Other	Other	Other staff
		ALA-MLS*	professionals	professionals		ALA-MLS	professionals	professionals	professionals	
Number (in full-time equivalents)										
Percentage distribution										
New Jersey	1.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0
New Mexico	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
New York	1.4	0.1	0.8	0.5	0.5	6.6	58.8	0.0	34.6	0.0
North Carolina	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	50.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	0.0
North Dakota	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ohio	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
Oklahoma	2.8	1.8	0.8	0.2	0.2	64.3	28.6	0.0	7.1	0.0
Oregon	1.1	0.7	0.0	0.4	0.4	63.6	0.0	0.0	36.4	0.0
Pennsylvania	0.5	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.0	50.0	0.0	50.0	0.0
Rhode Island	2.0	0.2	0.0	1.8	1.8	10.0	0.0	0.0	90.0	0.0
South Carolina	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
South Dakota	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tennessee	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Texas	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Utah	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vermont	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Virginia	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Washington	1.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.5	50.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	0.0
West Virginia	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wisconsin	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wyoming	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	50.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	0.0

\* Librarians with ALA-MLS--These are paid librarians with Master of Library Science degrees from programs accredited by the American Library Association.

Notes: 1. Number of staff represent staff on the payroll as of October 1, 1996, and unfilled but budgeted positions.

2. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

3. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.



Table 12h.--Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in literacy program support in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996

State	Literacy program support			Literacy program support		
	Total	Librarians with	Other	Librarians with	Other	Other
		ALA-MLS*	professionals	paid staff	ALA-MLS	professionals
	Number (in full-time equivalents)	Percentage distribution		Percentage distribution		
50 States and DC	33.7	10.6	15.2	31.5	45.1	23.4
Alabama	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Alaska	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Arizona	0.3	0.3	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Arkansas	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
California	2.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
Colorado	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Connecticut	1.0	1.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Delaware	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	100.0	0.0
District of Columbia	1.3	0.3	1.0	20.0	80.0	0.0
Florida	0.2	0.1	0.0	66.7	0.0	33.3
Georgia	0.3	0.3	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Hawaii	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Idaho	1.5	0.0	1.0	0.0	66.7	33.3
Illinois	11.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	63.6	36.4
Indiana	0.5	0.5	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Iowa	0.1	0.1	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Kansas	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
Kentucky	1.0	1.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Louisiana	0.3	0.3	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Maine	0.1	0.1	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Maryland	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Massachusetts	0.5	0.5	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Michigan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Minnesota	0.1	0.1	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Mississippi	1.0	1.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Missouri	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
Montana	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nebraska	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nevada	2.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	50.0	50.0
New Hampshire	0.8	0.5	0.0	66.7	0.0	33.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12h.—Number and percentage distribution of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in literacy program support in state library agencies, by type of position and state: Fall 1996—Continued

State	Literacy program support				Literacy program support			
	Total	Librarians with ALA-MLS*	Other professionals	Other paid staff	Librarians with ALA-MLS	Other professionals	Other paid staff	Other
	Number (in full-time equivalents)	Percentage distribution	Percentage distribution	Percentage distribution	Percentage distribution	Percentage distribution	Percentage distribution	Percentage distribution
New Jersey	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
New Mexico	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
New York	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North Carolina	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North Dakota	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ohio	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.1	71.4	0.0	0.0	28.6
Oklahoma	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Oregon	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pennsylvania	3.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	33.3	0.0	66.7	0.0
Rhode Island	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
South Carolina	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
South Dakota	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Tennessee	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Texas	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Utah	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vermont	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Virginia	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Washington	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
West Virginia	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wisconsin	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wyoming	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

\* Librarians with ALA-MLS—These are paid librarians with Master of Library Science degrees from programs accredited by the American Library Association.

Notes: 1. Number of staff represent staff on the payroll as of October 1, 1996, and unfilled but budgeted positions.

2. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

3. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 13.—Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency income, by source and state: Fiscal year 1996

State	Income, by source				Income, by source			
	Total	Federal 1/	State 2/	Other 3/	Federal	State	Other	Percentage distribution
	In thousands of dollars				Percentage distribution			
50 States and DC	\$795,554	\$116,408	\$668,057	\$11,089	14.6	84.0	1.4	
Alabama	8,824	1,543	7,281	0	17.5	82.5	0.0	
Alaska	4,655	859	3,796	0	18.5	81.5	0.0	
Arizona	7,563	2,107	5,275	180	27.9	69.8	2.4	
Arkansas	7,080	1,328	5,751	0	18.8	81.2	0.0	
California	48,763	11,925	36,228	610	24.5	74.3	1.3	
Colorado	8,052	3,227	4,780	45	40.1	59.4	0.6	
Connecticut	18,736	1,934	13,709	3,092	10.3	73.2	16.5	
Delaware	4,095	555	3,540	0	13.6	86.4	0.0	
District of Columbia	2,431	518	1,913	0	21.3	78.7	0.0	
Florida	38,841	5,987	32,854	0	15.4	84.6	0.0	
Georgia	34,781	42	34,739	0	0.1	99.9	0.0	
Hawaii	3,967	667	3,300	0	16.8	83.2	0.0	
Idaho	2,912	545	2,353	14	18.7	80.8	0.5	
Illinois	66,603	5,205	61,398	0	7.8	92.2	0.0	
Indiana	8,658	2,693	5,821	144	31.1	67.2	1.7	
Iowa	4,001	1,480	2,521	0	37.0	63.0	0.0	
Kansas	5,898	1,280	4,347	271	21.7	73.7	4.6	
Kentucky	15,734	2,162	12,685	887	13.7	80.6	5.6	
Louisiana	4,141	2,079	2,050	12	50.2	49.5	0.3	
Maine	3,180	840	2,315	25	26.4	72.8	0.8	
Maryland	27,071	2,357	24,714	0	8.7	91.3	0.0	
Massachusetts	40,408	2,774	37,634	0	6.9	93.1	0.0	
Michigan	33,343	3,557	29,631	155	10.7	88.9	0.5	
Minnesota	12,965	2,490	10,457	19	19.2	80.7	0.1	
Mississippi	8,904	1,359	7,546	0	15.3	84.7	0.0	
Missouri	5,514	1,725	3,789	0	31.3	68.7	0.0	
Montana	2,758	563	2,007	188	20.4	72.8	6.8	
Nebraska	4,026	1,041	2,774	211	25.9	68.9	5.3	
Nevada	3,225	763	2,231	231	23.7	69.2	7.2	
New Hampshire	2,587	833	1,690	64	32.2	65.3	2.5	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 13.—Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency income, by source and state: Fiscal year 1996—Continued

State	Income, by source			Income, by source			
	Total	Federal 1/	State 2/	Other 3/	Federal	State	Other
	In thousands of dollars			Percentage distribution			
New Jersey	\$19,327	\$3,524	\$15,762	\$41	18.2	81.6	0.2
New Mexico	4,108	928	3,101	79	22.6	75.5	1.9
New York	100,395	8,116	92,207	73	8.1	91.8	0.1
North Carolina	20,959	2,998	17,707	255	14.3	84.5	1.2
North Dakota	1,984	597	1,341	46	30.1	67.6	2.3
Ohio	23,165	3,969	19,196	0	17.1	82.9	0.0
Oklahoma	6,954	1,735	5,218	0	25.0	75.0	0.0
Oregon	4,940	1,380	3,438	123	27.9	69.6	2.5
Pennsylvania	50,845	5,371	45,474	0	10.6	89.4	0.0
Rhode Island	5,177	935	4,243	0	18.1	81.9	0.0
South Carolina	8,180	1,091	7,081	7	13.3	86.6	0.1
South Dakota	2,146	631	1,487	29	29.4	69.3	1.3
Tennessee	13,574	2,425	10,734	415	17.9	79.1	3.1
Texas	20,111	7,186	12,926	0	35.7	64.3	0.0
Utah	5,810	961	3,658	1,191	16.5	63.0	20.5
Vermont	2,469	686	1,723	60	27.8	69.8	2.5
Virginia	26,020	3,143	21,238	1,639	12.1	81.6	6.3
Washington	8,995	1,926	7,069	0	21.4	78.6	0.0
West Virginia	10,284	1,300	8,677	307	12.6	84.4	3.0
Wisconsin	17,727	2,631	14,430	666	14.8	81.4	3.8
Wyoming	2,665	436	2,219	10	16.3	83.3	0.4

1/ Federal income includes the Library Services and Construction Act (LSCA) and other federal income.

2/ State income includes state library agency operations, state aid to libraries, and other state income.

3/ Other income includes: a) any other income from public sources, such as local, regional, or multijurisdictional sources; b) income received from private sources, such as foundations, corporations, Friends groups, and individuals; and c) state library agency generated income, such as fines and fees for services.

Notes: 1. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

2. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 14.—Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency income from federal sources, by federal program and state: Fiscal year 1996

State	Federal program															
	Library Services and Construction Act (LSCA) I/					Library Services and Construction Act (LSCA)										
	Total	Titles I-III			Other 2/	Total	Titles I-III			Other						
		LSCA	Title I	Title II			Title III	Title I	Title II		Title III					
50 States and DC	\$116,408	\$111,435	\$111,211	\$78,962	\$15,580	\$16,669	\$224	\$4,973	95.7	95.5	67.8	13.4	14.3	0.2	4.3	
				In thousands of dollars												
Alabama	1,543	1,538	1,538	1,271	256	11	0	5	99.7	99.7	82.3	16.6	0.7	0.0	0.3	
Alaska	859	584	584	384	125	76	0	275	68.0	68.0	44.7	14.5	8.8	0.0	32.0	
Arizona	2,107	1,982	1,982	1,437	266	279	0	126	94.0	94.0	68.2	12.6	13.3	0.0	6.0	
Arkansas	1,328	1,328	1,328	944	200	184	0	0	100.0	100.0	71.1	15.0	13.9	0.0	0.0	
California	11,925	11,925	11,925	8,661	1,378	1,885	0	0	100.0	100.0	72.6	11.6	15.8	0.0	0.0	
Colorado	3,227	1,759	1,759	1,167	265	327	0	1,467	54.5	54.5	36.2	8.2	10.1	0.0	45.5	
Connecticut	1,934	1,695	1,660	1,194	233	232	35	240	87.6	85.8	61.7	12.1	12.0	1.8	12.4	
Delaware	555	554	554	364	129	61	1	1	99.7	99.7	65.6	23.2	10.9	0.0	0.3	
District of Columbia	518	518	483	309	123	51	35	0	100.0	93.2	59.6	23.8	9.9	6.8	0.0	
Florida	5,987	5,962	5,962	4,435	668	859	0	25	99.6	99.6	74.1	11.2	14.4	0.0	0.4	
Georgia	42	42	42	42	0	0	0	0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Hawaii	667	667	667	558	0	109	0	0	100.0	100.0	83.6	0.0	16.4	0.0	0.0	
Idaho	545	506	506	410	0	96	0	39	92.8	92.8	75.2	0.0	17.6	0.0	7.2	
Illinois	5,205	4,711	4,711	3,207	578	926	0	495	90.5	90.5	61.6	11.1	17.8	0.0	9.5	
Indiana	2,693	2,693	2,658	1,946	334	378	35	0	100.0	98.7	72.3	12.4	14.0	1.3	0.0	
Iowa	1,480	1,480	1,480	1,059	215	206	0	0	100.0	100.0	71.5	14.5	13.9	0.0	0.0	
Kansas	1,280	1,280	1,280	886	204	190	0	0	100.0	100.0	69.2	15.9	14.8	0.0	0.0	
Kentucky	2,162	2,162	2,162	1,241	552	369	0	0	100.0	100.0	57.4	25.5	17.0	0.0	0.0	
Louisiana	2,079	2,079	2,079	1,510	276	293	0	0	100.0	100.0	72.6	13.3	14.1	0.0	0.0	
Maine	840	840	840	576	150	113	0	0	100.0	100.0	68.6	17.9	13.4	0.0	0.0	
Maryland	2,357	2,357	2,357	1,720	304	334	0	0	100.0	100.0	73.0	12.9	14.2	0.0	0.0	
Massachusetts	2,774	2,774	2,774	2,034	346	395	0	0	100.0	100.0	73.3	12.5	14.2	0.0	0.0	
Michigan	3,557	3,502	3,502	2,289	468	745	0	56	98.4	98.4	64.3	13.1	20.9	0.0	1.6	
Minnesota	2,490	2,490	2,490	1,586	595	308	0	0	100.0	100.0	63.7	23.9	12.4	0.0	0.0	
Mississippi	1,359	1,359	1,325	821	263	241	34	0	100.0	97.5	60.5	19.3	17.7	2.5	0.0	
Missouri	1,725	1,700	1,700	1,151	373	176	0	25	98.5	98.5	66.7	21.6	10.2	0.0	1.5	
Montana	563	391	391	390	1	0	0	173	69.3	69.3	69.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	30.7	
Nebraska	1,041	1,041	1,041	636	236	170	0	0	100.0	100.0	61.0	22.7	16.3	0.0	0.0	
Nevada	763	751	735	583	29	124	16	12	98.5	96.4	76.4	3.8	16.2	2.1	1.5	
New Hampshire	833	833	798	545	146	107	35	0	100.0	95.8	65.4	17.6	12.8	4.2	0.0	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14.--Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency income from federal sources, by federal program and state: Fiscal year 1996--Continued

State	Federal program											
	Library Services and Construction Act (LSCA) 1/						Library Services and Construction Act (LSCA)					
	Total LSCA	Total	Titles I-III			Titles IV-VIII 2/	Other 2/	Titles I-III				
			Title I	Title II	Title III			Total	Title I	Title II	Title III	IV-VIII
In thousands of dollars												
											Percentage distribution	
New Jersey	\$3,524	\$3,524	\$2,599	\$421	\$504	\$0	100.0	100.0	73.8	11.9	14.3	0.0
New Mexico	928	928	617	142	168	0	100.0	100.0	66.5	15.3	18.2	0.0
New York	8,116	7,661	5,715	839	1,107	0	94.4	94.4	70.4	10.3	13.6	0.0
North Carolina	2,998	2,817	1,972	465	380	0	94.0	94.0	65.8	15.5	12.7	0.0
North Dakota	597	597	394	126	77	0	100.0	100.0	65.9	21.1	13.0	0.0
Ohio	3,969	3,968	2,966	360	642	0	100.0	100.0	74.7	9.1	16.2	0.0
Oklahoma	1,735	1,635	1,189	180	231	35	94.2	92.2	68.5	10.4	13.3	2.0
Oregon	1,380	1,380	818	428	135	0	100.0	100.0	59.3	31.0	9.8	0.0
Pennsylvania	5,371	5,196	3,858	590	748	0	96.7	96.7	71.8	11.0	13.9	0.0
Rhode Island	935	935	508	269	158	0	100.0	100.0	54.4	28.8	16.9	0.0
South Carolina	1,091	1,091	784	53	254	0	100.0	100.0	71.9	4.8	23.3	0.0
South Dakota	631	631	419	129	82	0	100.0	100.0	66.4	20.5	13.1	0.0
Tennessee	2,425	2,425	1,771	311	344	0	100.0	100.0	73.0	12.8	14.2	0.0
Texas	7,186	7,164	4,935	1,009	1,220	0	99.7	99.7	68.7	14.0	17.0	0.0
Utah	961	961	522	314	126	0	100.0	100.0	54.3	32.7	13.1	0.0
Vermont	686	686	343	258	84	0	100.0	100.0	50.1	37.6	12.3	0.0
Virginia	3,143	2,867	2,107	335	425	0	91.2	91.2	67.0	10.7	13.5	0.0
Washington	1,926	1,926	1,654	106	166	0	100.0	100.0	85.9	5.5	8.6	0.0
West Virginia	1,300	868	654	67	147	0	66.8	66.8	50.3	5.2	11.3	0.0
Wisconsin	2,631	2,237	1,459	403	375	0	85.0	85.0	55.4	15.3	14.3	0.0
Wyoming	436	436	321	64	50	0	100.0	100.0	73.7	14.8	11.5	0.0

1/ LSCA--the Library Services and Construction Act (P.L. 101-254). The federal allotments under LSCA Titles I-III for fiscal year 1996 are listed in Appendix B.

2/ See Appendix C for a list of state library agencies by specific LSCA Titles IV-VIII and/or Other federal income received.

Notes: 1. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

2. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

3. Many states report as LSCA income only the funds they plan to spend during fiscal year 1996. The total LSCA Federal allotments for FY 96 are provided in Appendix B. Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 15.--Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency income from state sources, by type of state program and state: Fiscal year 1996

State	Type of state program			Type of state program		
	Total	STLA operation*	State aid to libraries	STLA operation	State aid to libraries	Other
	In thousands of dollars					
50 States and DC	\$668,057	\$173,209	\$432,703	25.9	64.8	9.3
Alabama	7,281	2,732	4,549	37.5	62.5	0.0
Alaska	3,796	2,645	925	69.7	24.4	6.0
Arizona	5,275	4,763	452	90.3	8.6	1.1
Arkansas	5,751	2,423	3,328	42.1	57.9	0.0
California	36,228	13,940	22,287	38.5	61.5	0.0
Colorado	4,780	1,147	3,399	24.0	71.1	4.9
Connecticut	13,709	9,125	4,584	66.6	33.4	0.0
Delaware	3,540	590	1,172	16.7	33.1	50.3
District of Columbia	1,913	1,913	0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Florida	32,854	7,254	25,000	22.1	76.1	1.8
Georgia	34,739	1,032	33,706	3.0	97.0	0.0
Hawaii	3,300	3,300	0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Idaho	2,353	2,206	146	93.8	6.2	0.0
Illinois	61,398	5,090	50,308	8.3	81.9	9.8
Indiana	5,821	2,804	3,017	48.2	51.8	0.0
Iowa	2,521	2,521	0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Kansas	4,347	1,229	3,118	28.3	71.7	0.0
Kentucky	12,685	7,517	5,168	59.3	40.7	0.0
Louisiana	2,050	2,050	0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Maine	2,315	2,065	250	89.2	10.8	0.0
Maryland	24,714	2,145	17,487	8.7	70.8	20.6
Massachusetts	37,634	810	21,483	2.2	57.1	40.8
Michigan	29,631	7,469	19,104	25.2	64.5	10.3
Minnesota	10,457	1,217	9,240	11.6	88.4	0.0
Mississippi	7,546	2,655	4,890	35.2	64.8	0.0
Missouri	3,789	1,824	1,964	48.2	51.8	0.0
Montana	2,007	1,408	599	70.2	29.8	0.0
Nebraska	2,774	1,911	862	68.9	31.1	0.0
Nevada	2,231	1,842	320	82.6	14.3	3.1
New Hampshire	1,690	1,638	53	96.9	3.1	0.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 15.—Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency income from state sources, by type of state program and state: Fiscal year 1996

--Continued

State	Type of state program			Type of state program		
	Total	STLA	State aid	STLA	State aid	Other
		operation*	to libraries	operation	to libraries	Percentage distribution
In thousands of dollars						
New Jersey	\$15,762	\$2,597	\$13,112	16.5	83.2	0.3
New Mexico	3,101	1,788	1,238	57.6	39.9	2.4
New York	92,207	6,872	84,709	7.5	91.9	0.7
North Carolina	17,707	4,720	12,987	26.7	73.3	0.0
North Dakota	1,341	901	440	67.2	32.8	0.0
Ohio	19,196	6,639	2,246	34.6	11.7	53.7
Oklahoma	5,218	3,523	1,519	67.5	29.1	3.4
Oregon	3,438	3,091	346	89.9	10.1	0.0
Pennsylvania	45,474	3,777	26,190	8.3	57.6	34.1
Rhode Island	4,243	1,039	1,392	24.5	32.8	42.7
South Carolina	7,081	2,428	4,646	34.3	65.6	0.1
South Dakota	1,487	1,487	0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Tennessee	10,734	4,820	5,914	44.9	55.1	0.0
Texas	12,926	7,425	5,501	57.4	42.6	0.0
Utah	3,658	2,447	610	66.9	16.7	16.4
Vermont	1,723	1,723	0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Virginia	21,238	6,820	13,893	32.1	65.4	2.5
Washington	7,069	7,069	0	100.0	0.0	0.0
West Virginia	8,677	1,963	6,714	22.6	77.4	0.0
Wisconsin	14,430	1,824	12,606	12.6	87.4	0.0
Wyoming	2,219	991	1,228	44.7	55.3	0.0

\* Income received from the state to support operation of the STLA (State Library Agency). Excludes income received for major capital expenditures, contributions to endowments, income passed through to another agency, or funds unspent in the previous fiscal year.

Notes: 1. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

2. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.



Table 16.—Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency expenditures, by source, and total expenditures per capita, by state:  
Fiscal year 1996

State	Expenditures, by source			Expenditures, by source			Total expenditures per capita*	
	Total	Federal	State	Other	Federal	State		Other
	In thousands of dollars			Percentage distribution				
50 States and DC	\$767,241	\$119,133	\$638,944	\$9,164	15.5	83.3	1.2	\$2.97
Alabama	9,191	1,910	7,281	0	20.8	79.2	0.0	2.22
Alaska	4,036	579	3,457	0	14.4	85.6	0.0	6.55
Arizona	6,279	830	5,275	174	13.2	84.0	2.8	1.56
Arkansas	7,072	1,323	5,749	0	18.7	81.3	0.0	3.12
California	49,811	12,973	36,228	610	26.0	72.7	1.2	1.54
Colorado	7,537	2,947	4,545	45	39.1	60.3	0.6	2.01
Connecticut	17,380	2,378	13,570	1,432	13.7	78.1	8.2	5.31
Delaware	3,362	938	2,425	0	27.9	72.1	0.0	5.05
District of Columbia	2,475	562	1,913	0	22.7	77.3	0.0	4.08
Florida	40,147	5,770	34,377	0	14.4	85.6	0.0	2.84
Georgia	37,559	2,818	34,741	0	7.5	92.5	0.0	5.21
Hawaii	3,966	667	3,299	0	16.8	83.2	0.0	3.38
Idaho	2,896	527	2,350	19	18.2	81.1	0.7	2.49
Illinois	66,498	5,820	60,677	0	8.8	91.2	0.0	6.44
Indiana	8,479	2,713	5,619	147	32.0	66.3	1.7	1.53
Iowa	3,026	1,054	1,971	0	34.9	65.1	0.0	1.07
Kansas	6,093	1,140	4,670	283	18.7	76.6	4.6	2.38
Kentucky	15,729	2,158	12,685	887	13.7	80.6	5.6	4.27
Louisiana	3,826	1,763	2,050	12	46.1	53.6	0.3	0.88
Maine	3,753	1,163	2,565	25	31.0	68.3	0.7	3.27
Maryland	25,633	1,768	23,865	0	6.9	93.1	0.0	5.14
Massachusetts	33,863	2,314	31,549	0	6.8	93.2	0.0	5.61
Michigan	24,009	3,502	20,403	104	14.6	85.0	0.4	2.58
Minnesota	12,571	2,082	10,470	19	16.6	83.3	0.1	2.75
Mississippi	8,904	1,359	7,546	0	15.3	84.7	0.0	3.30
Missouri	5,514	1,725	3,789	0	31.3	68.7	0.0	1.04
Montana	3,138	932	2,014	191	29.7	64.2	6.1	3.82
Nebraska	3,882	1,085	2,649	148	27.9	68.2	3.8	2.46
Nevada	3,262	770	2,279	213	23.6	69.9	6.5	2.06
New Hampshire	2,574	837	1,738	0	32.5	67.5	0.0	2.26

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16.--Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency expenditures, by source, and total expenditures per capita, by state:  
Fiscal year 1996--Continued

State	Expenditures, by source			Expenditures, by source			Total expenditures per capita*	
	Total	Federal	State	Other	Federal	State		Other
	In thousands of dollars							Percentage distribution
New Jersey	\$17,526	\$2,476	\$15,050	\$0	14.1	85.9	0.0	
New Mexico	4,108	928	3,101	79	22.6	75.5	1.9	
New York	99,021	7,831	91,076	114	7.9	92.0	0.1	
North Carolina	20,959	2,998	17,707	255	14.3	84.5	1.2	
North Dakota	2,100	597	1,457	46	28.4	69.4	2.2	
Ohio	16,124	4,579	11,545	0	28.4	71.6	0.0	
Oklahoma	6,693	1,553	5,140	0	23.2	76.8	0.0	
Oregon	4,912	1,380	3,438	94	28.1	70.0	1.9	
Pennsylvania	48,149	5,962	42,188	0	12.4	87.6	0.0	
Rhode Island	5,177	935	4,243	0	18.1	81.9	0.0	
South Carolina	8,180	1,091	7,081	7	13.3	86.6	0.1	
South Dakota	2,431	892	1,525	15	36.7	62.7	0.6	
Tennessee	15,379	3,009	11,954	415	19.6	77.7	2.7	
Texas	20,090	7,164	12,926	0	35.7	64.3	0.0	
Utah	5,561	961	3,409	1,191	17.3	61.3	21.4	
Vermont	2,478	686	1,723	70	27.7	69.5	2.8	
Virginia	26,100	3,275	21,238	1,587	12.5	81.4	6.1	
Washington	8,995	1,926	7,069	0	21.4	78.6	0.0	
West Virginia	10,284	1,300	8,677	307	12.6	84.4	3.0	
Wisconsin	17,727	2,631	14,430	666	14.8	81.4	3.8	
Wyoming	2,783	553	2,219	10	19.9	79.8	0.4	

\* Per capita are based on official state population estimates from the National Center for Education Statistics' Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Notes: 1. Total expenditures include state library agency operations, aid to libraries, capital outlay, and other expenditures not reported in these categories.

2. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

3. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 17.— Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency operating expenditures, by source, and operating expenditures per capita, by state: Fiscal year 1996

State	Operating expenditures, by source				Operating expenditures, by source				Operating expenditures per capita*
	Total	Federal	State	Other	Federal	State	Other	Percentage distribution	
	In thousands of dollars				Percentage distribution				
50 States and DC	\$225,539	\$44,341	\$174,136	\$7,062	19.7	77.2	3.1	\$0.87	
Alabama	3,403	672	2,731	0	19.7	80.3	0.0	0.82	
Alaska	2,653	116	2,537	0	4.4	95.6	0.0	4.31	
Arizona	5,019	385	4,634	0	7.7	92.3	0.0	1.25	
Arkansas	3,177	785	2,391	0	24.7	75.3	0.0	1.40	
California	17,322	2,771	13,940	610	16.0	80.5	3.5	0.54	
Colorado	2,725	1,533	1,147	45	56.3	42.1	1.7	0.73	
Connecticut	12,305	1,886	8,987	1,432	15.3	73.0	11.6	3.76	
Delaware	934	412	523	0	44.0	56.0	0.0	1.40	
District of Columbia	2,312	562	1,751	0	24.3	75.7	0.0	3.81	
Florida	7,902	1,398	6,504	0	17.7	82.3	0.0	0.56	
Georgia	2,155	1,122	1,032	0	52.1	47.9	0.0	0.30	
Hawaii	3,966	667	3,299	0	16.8	83.2	0.0	3.38	
Idaho	2,423	287	2,124	12	11.8	87.7	0.5	2.08	
Illinois	5,886	841	5,044	0	14.3	85.7	0.0	0.57	
Indiana	3,076	472	2,602	2	15.3	84.6	0.1	0.55	
Iowa	2,792	821	1,971	0	29.4	70.6	0.0	0.99	
Kansas	1,481	219	1,226	36	14.8	82.8	2.4	0.58	
Kentucky	9,206	1,022	7,360	824	11.1	80.0	8.9	2.50	
Louisiana	3,384	1,322	2,050	12	39.1	60.6	0.4	0.78	
Maine	3,367	1,027	2,315	25	30.5	68.8	0.8	2.93	
Maryland	1,624	329	1,295	0	20.2	79.8	0.0	0.33	
Massachusetts	1,666	858	808	0	51.5	48.5	0.0	0.28	
Michigan	7,573	0	7,469	104	0.0	98.6	1.4	0.81	
Minnesota	1,236	37	1,180	19	3.0	95.5	1.5	0.27	
Mississippi	3,379	792	2,587	0	23.4	76.6	0.0	1.25	
Missouri	2,331	506	1,824	0	21.7	78.3	0.0	0.44	
Montana	2,095	555	1,353	187	26.5	64.6	8.9	2.55	
Nebraska	2,296	458	1,699	139	19.9	74.0	6.1	1.45	
Nevada	2,416	244	1,959	213	10.1	81.1	8.8	1.53	
New Hampshire	2,383	698	1,685	0	29.3	70.7	0.0	2.10	

See footnotes at bottom of table.

Table 17.— Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency operating expenditures, by source, and operating expenditures per capita, by state: Fiscal year 1996—Continued

State	Operating expenditures, by source				Operating expenditures, by source				Operating expenditures per capita*
	Total	Federal	State	Other	Federal	State	Other		
	In thousands of dollars				Percentage distribution				
New Jersey	\$4,456	\$1,690	\$2,766	\$0	37.9	62.1	0.0	\$0.56	
New Mexico	2,596	699	1,864	33	26.9	71.8	1.3	1.71	
New York	10,464	3,797	6,553	114	36.3	62.6	1.1	0.58	
North Carolina	5,295	726	4,364	206	13.7	82.4	3.9	0.75	
North Dakota	1,497	434	1,017	46	29.0	67.9	3.0	2.33	
Ohio	8,281	1,171	7,110	0	14.1	85.9	0.0	0.74	
Oklahoma	4,736	1,028	3,708	0	21.7	78.3	0.0	1.48	
Oregon	3,382	197	3,091	94	5.8	91.4	2.8	1.10	
Pennsylvania	10,204	1,595	8,609	0	15.6	84.4	0.0	0.86	
Rhode Island	1,740	701	1,039	0	40.3	59.7	0.0	1.73	
South Carolina	3,102	667	2,428	7	21.5	78.3	0.2	0.85	
South Dakota	2,158	656	1,487	15	30.4	68.9	0.7	3.10	
Tennessee	5,722	666	4,641	415	11.6	81.1	7.3	1.14	
Texas	7,673	699	6,974	0	9.1	90.9	0.0	0.43	
Utah	2,832	263	2,075	494	9.3	73.3	17.5	1.48	
Vermont	2,211	428	1,723	60	19.4	77.9	2.7	3.84	
Virginia	10,603	2,781	6,820	1,002	26.2	64.3	9.5	1.64	
Washington	7,882	813	7,069	0	10.3	89.7	0.0	1.45	
West Virginia	2,772	570	1,963	239	20.6	70.8	8.6	1.55	
Wisconsin	3,966	1,477	1,824	666	37.2	46.0	16.8	0.78	
Wyoming	1,481	489	981	10	33.0	66.3	0.7	3.12	

\* Per capita are based on official state population estimates from the National Center for Education Statistics' Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 1995.

Notes: 1. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

2. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 18.--Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency aid-to-libraries expenditures, by source and state:

State	Aid-to-libraries expenditures, by source				Aid-to-libraries expenditures, by source						
	Total	Federal	State	Other	Total	Federal	State	Other	Percentage distribution		
									Federal	State	Other
50 States and DC	\$529,454	\$72,883	\$455,392	\$1,179					13.8	86.0	0.2
		In thousands of dollars									
Alabama	5,787	1,238	4,549	0					21.4	78.6	0.0
Alaska	1,383	464	919	0					33.5	66.5	0.0
Arizona	913	401	513	0					43.9	56.1	0.0
Arkansas	3,810	482	3,328	0					12.6	87.4	0.0
California	32,489	10,202	22,287	0					31.4	68.6	0.0
Colorado	4,679	1,281	3,399	0					27.4	72.6	0.0
Connecticut	5,075	492	4,584	0					9.7	90.3	0.0
Delaware	2,146	510	1,636	0					23.8	76.2	0.0
District of Columbia	0	0	0	0					0.0	0.0	0.0
Florida	32,196	4,324	27,872	0					13.4	86.6	0.0
Georgia	35,405	1,696	33,709	0					4.8	95.2	0.0
Hawaii	0	0	0	0					0.0	0.0	0.0
Idaho	369	224	145	0					60.7	39.3	0.0
Illinois	54,264	4,585	49,679	0					8.4	91.6	0.0
Indiana	5,403	2,242	3,017	144					41.5	55.8	2.7
Iowa	234	234	0	0					100.0	0.0	0.0
Kansas	4,119	790	3,118	211					19.2	75.7	5.1
Kentucky	6,248	1,077	5,168	3					17.2	82.7	0.1
Louisiana	442	442	0	0					100.0	0.0	0.0
Maine	386	136	250	0					35.2	64.8	0.0
Maryland	24,009	1,439	22,570	0					6.0	94.0	0.0
Massachusetts	32,198	1,456	30,741	0					4.5	95.5	0.0
Michigan	16,436	3,502	12,934	0					21.3	78.7	0.0
Minnesota	11,335	2,045	9,290	0					18.0	82.0	0.0
Mississippi	5,335	444	4,890	0					8.3	91.7	0.0
Missouri	3,183	1,219	1,964	0					38.3	61.7	0.0
Montana	956	357	599	0					37.3	62.7	0.0
Nebraska	1,490	627	863	0					42.1	57.9	0.0
Nevada	835	515	320	0					61.7	38.3	0.0
New Hampshire	191	138	53	0					72.4	27.6	0.0

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 18.--Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency aid-to-libraries expenditures, by source and state:  
Fiscal year 1996--Continued**

State	Aid-to-libraries expenditures, by source				Aid-to-libraries expenditures, by source		
	Total	Federal	State	Other	Federal	State	Other
	In thousands of dollars				Percentage distribution		
New Jersey	\$13,070	\$786	\$12,284	\$0	6.0	94.0	0.0
New Mexico	1,411	214	1,151	46	15.2	81.6	3.3
New York	88,557	4,034	84,523	0	4.6	95.4	0.0
North Carolina	15,039	2,052	12,987	0	13.6	86.4	0.0
North Dakota	603	163	440	0	27.0	73.0	0.0
Ohio	7,844	3,409	4,435	0	43.5	56.5	0.0
Oklahoma	1,956	525	1,431	0	26.9	73.1	0.0
Oregon	1,530	1,183	346	0	77.4	22.6	0.0
Pennsylvania	37,945	4,366	33,579	0	11.5	88.5	0.0
Rhode Island	3,438	234	3,204	0	6.8	93.2	0.0
South Carolina	5,070	424	4,646	0	8.4	91.6	0.0
South Dakota	218	218	0	0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Tennessee	8,603	1,891	6,711	0	22.0	78.0	0.0
Texas	11,912	6,411	5,501	0	53.8	46.2	0.0
Utah	2,175	698	780	697	32.1	35.9	32.0
Vermont	267	258	0	9	96.5	0.0	3.5
Virginia	14,912	494	14,419	0	3.3	96.7	0.0
Washington	1,092	1,092	0	0	100.0	0.0	0.0
West Virginia	7,435	653	6,714	68	8.8	90.3	0.9
Wisconsin	13,761	1,154	12,606	0	8.4	91.6	0.0
Wyoming	1,302	64	1,238	0	4.9	95.1	0.0

Notes: 1. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

2. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 19.—Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency capital outlay expenditures, by source and state:  
Fiscal year 1996

State	Capital outlay expenditures, by source				Capital outlay expenditures, by source		
	Total	Federal	State	Other	Federal	State	Other
	In thousands of dollars				Percentage distribution		
50 States and DC	\$2,576	\$764	\$1,710	\$102	29.7	66.4	3.9
Alabama	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Alaska	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Arizona	151	22	129	0	14.5	85.5	0.0
Arkansas	86	56	30	0	65.1	34.9	0.0
California	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Colorado	80	80	0	0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Connecticut	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Delaware	18	16	2	0	91.2	8.8	0.0
District of Columbia	162	0	162	0	0.0	100.0	0.0
Florida	48	48	0	0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Georgia	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hawaii	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Idaho	98	16	81	1	16.7	82.2	1.1
Illinois	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indiana	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iowa	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kansas	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kentucky	275	59	157	60	21.4	56.9	21.7
Louisiana	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maine	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maryland	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Massachusetts	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Michigan	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Minnesota	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mississippi	191	122	68	0	64.2	35.8	0.0
Missouri	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Montana	87	21	62	5	23.5	71.1	5.4
Nebraska	89	0	87	2	0.0	98.0	2.0
Nevada	11	11	0	0	100.0	0.0	0.0
New Hampshire	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 19.--Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency capital outlay expenditures, by source and state:**  
**Fiscal year 1996--Continued**

State	Capital outlay expenditures, by source				Capital outlay expenditures, by source		
	Total	Federal	State	Other	Federal	State	Other
	In thousands of dollars				Percentage distribution		
New Jersey	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.0	0.0	0.0
New Mexico	102	15	87	0	14.3	85.7	0.0
New York	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North Carolina	532	149	349	34	28.0	65.6	6.4
North Dakota	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ohio	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oklahoma	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oregon	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pennsylvania	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rhode Island	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
South Carolina	7	0	7	0	0.0	100.0	0.0
South Dakota	55	17	38	0	31.6	68.4	0.0
Tennessee	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Texas	506	55	451	0	10.8	89.2	0.0
Utah	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vermont	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Virginia	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Washington	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
West Virginia	78	78	0	0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Wisconsin	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wyoming	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Notes: 1. Capital outlay expenditures--Funds for the acquisition of or additions to fixed assets such as building sites, new buildings and building additions, new equipment (including major computer installations), initial book stock, furnishings for new or expanded buildings, and new vehicles. Excludes replacement and repair of existing furnishings and equipment, regular purchase of library materials, and investments for capital appreciation.

2. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

3. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.



Table 20.--Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency other expenditures, by source and state: Fiscal year 1996

State	Other expenditures, by source				Other expenditures, by source		
	Total	Federal	State	Other	Federal	State	Other
	In thousands of dollars				Percentage distribution		
50 States and DC	\$9,672	\$1,145	\$7,707	\$821	11.8	79.7	8.5
Alabama	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Alaska	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Arizona	196	22	0	174	11.2	0.0	88.8
Arkansas	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
California	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Colorado	53	53	0	0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Connecticut	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Delaware	264	0	264	0	0.0	100.0	0.0
District of Columbia	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Florida	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Georgia	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hawaii	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Idaho	6	0	0	6	0.0	0.0	100.0
Illinois	6,348	394	5,954	0	6.2	93.8	0.0
Indiana	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iowa	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kansas	493	131	325	36	26.7	66.0	7.3
Kentucky	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Louisiana	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maine	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maryland	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Massachusetts	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Michigan	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Minnesota	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mississippi	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Missouri	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Montana	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nebraska	7	0	0	7	0.0	0.0	100.0
Nevada	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
New Hampshire	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20.—Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency other expenditures, by source and state: Fiscal year 1996  
—Continued

State	Other expenditures, by source				Other expenditures, by source			
	Total	Federal	State	Other	Federal	State	Other	
	In thousands of dollars							
	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
New Jersey	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
New Mexico	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
New York	93	71	8	14	76.2	8.3	15.5	
North Carolina	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
North Dakota	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Ohio	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Oklahoma	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Oregon	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Pennsylvania	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Rhode Island	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
South Carolina	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
South Dakota	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Tennessee	1,054	452	602	0	42.9	57.1	0.0	
Texas	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Utah	553	0	553	0	0.0	100.0	0.0	
Vermont	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Virginia	584	0	0	584	0.0	0.0	100.0	
Washington	22	22	0	0	100.0	0.0	0.0	
West Virginia	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Wisconsin	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Wyoming	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

Notes: 1. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

2. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 21.--Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency expenditures, by type of expenditure and state: Fiscal year 1996

State	Expenditures, by type				Expenditures, by type				
	Total	Operating expenditures	Aid to libraries	Capital outlay	Other	Operating expenditures	Aid to libraries	Capital outlay	Other
In thousands of dollars									
50 States and DC	\$767,241	\$225,539	\$529,454	\$2,576	\$9,672	29.4	69.0	0.3	1.3
Alabama	9,191	3,403	5,787	0	0	37.0	63.0	0.0	0.0
Alaska	4,036	2,653	1,383	0	0	65.7	34.3	0.0	0.0
Arizona	6,279	5,019	913	151	196	79.9	14.5	2.4	3.1
Arkansas	7,072	3,177	3,810	86	0	44.9	53.9	1.2	0.0
California	49,811	17,322	32,489	0	0	34.8	65.2	0.0	0.0
Colorado	7,537	2,725	4,679	80	53	36.2	62.1	1.1	0.7
Connecticut	17,380	12,305	5,075	0	0	70.8	29.2	0.0	0.0
Delaware	3,362	934	2,146	18	264	27.8	63.8	0.5	7.9
District of Columbia	2,475	2,312	0	162	0	93.4	0.0	6.6	0.0
Florida	40,147	7,902	32,196	48	0	19.7	80.2	0.1	0.0
Georgia	37,559	2,155	35,405	0	0	5.7	94.3	0.0	0.0
Hawaii	3,966	3,966	0	0	0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Idaho	2,896	2,423	369	98	6	83.7	12.7	3.4	0.2
Illinois	66,498	5,886	54,264	0	6,348	8.9	81.6	0.0	9.5
Indiana	8,479	3,076	5,403	0	0	36.3	63.7	0.0	0.0
Iowa	3,026	2,792	234	0	0	92.3	7.7	0.0	0.0
Kansas	6,093	1,481	4,119	0	493	24.3	67.6	0.0	8.1
Kentucky	15,729	9,206	6,248	275	0	58.5	39.7	1.7	0.0
Louisiana	3,826	3,384	442	0	0	88.5	11.5	0.0	0.0
Maine	3,753	3,367	386	0	0	89.7	10.3	0.0	0.0
Maryland	25,633	1,624	24,009	0	0	6.3	93.7	0.0	0.0
Massachusetts	33,863	1,666	32,198	0	0	4.9	95.1	0.0	0.0
Michigan	24,009	7,573	16,436	0	0	31.5	68.5	0.0	0.0
Minnesota	12,571	1,236	11,335	0	0	9.8	90.2	0.0	0.0
Mississippi	8,904	3,379	5,335	191	0	37.9	59.9	2.1	0.0
Missouri	5,514	2,331	3,183	0	0	42.3	57.7	0.0	0.0
Montana	3,138	2,095	956	87	0	66.8	30.5	2.8	0.0
Nebraska	3,882	2,296	1,490	89	7	59.1	38.4	2.3	0.2
Nevada	3,262	2,416	835	11	0	74.1	25.6	0.3	0.0
New Hampshire	2,574	2,383	191	0	0	92.6	7.4	0.0	0.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21.—Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency expenditures, by type of expenditure and state: Fiscal year 1996—Continued

State	Expenditures, by type				Expenditures, by type				
	Total	Operating expenditures	Aid to libraries	Capital outlay	Other	Operating expenditures	Aid to libraries	Capital outlay	Other
	in thousands of dollars				Percentage distribution				
New Jersey	\$17,526	\$4,456	\$13,070	\$0	\$0	25.4	74.6	0.0	0.0
New Mexico	4,108	2,596	1,411	102	0	63.2	34.3	2.5	0.0
New York	99,021	10,464	88,557	0	0	10.6	89.4	0.0	0.0
North Carolina	20,959	5,295	15,039	532	93	25.3	71.8	2.5	0.4
North Dakota	2,100	1,497	603	0	0	71.3	28.7	0.0	0.0
Ohio	16,124	8,281	7,844	0	0	51.4	48.6	0.0	0.0
Oklahoma	6,693	4,736	1,956	0	0	70.8	29.2	0.0	0.0
Oregon	4,912	3,382	1,530	0	0	68.9	31.1	0.0	0.0
Pennsylvania	48,149	10,204	37,945	0	0	21.2	78.8	0.0	0.0
Rhode Island	5,177	1,740	3,438	0	0	33.6	66.4	0.0	0.0
South Carolina	8,180	3,102	5,070	7	0	37.9	62.0	0.1	0.0
South Dakota	2,431	2,158	218	55	0	88.8	9.0	2.3	0.0
Tennessee	15,379	5,722	8,603	0	1,054	37.2	55.9	0.0	6.9
Texas	20,090	7,673	11,912	506	0	38.2	59.3	2.5	0.0
Utah	5,561	2,832	2,175	0	553	50.9	39.1	0.0	10.0
Vermont	2,478	2,211	267	0	0	89.2	10.8	0.0	0.0
Virginia	26,100	10,603	14,912	0	584	40.6	57.1	0.0	2.2
Washington	8,995	7,882	1,092	0	22	87.6	12.1	0.0	0.2
West Virginia	10,284	2,772	7,435	78	0	27.0	72.3	0.8	0.0
Wisconsin	17,727	3,966	13,761	0	0	22.4	77.6	0.0	0.0
Wyoming	2,783	1,481	1,302	0	0	53.2	46.8	0.0	0.0

Notes: 1. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

2. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.



Table 22.--Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency operating expenditures, by type of expenditure and state: Fiscal year 1996--Continued

State	Operating expenditures, by type					Operating expenditures, by type							
	Total	Staff expenditures				Collection	Other	Staff expenditures				Collection	Other
		Total	Salaries and wages	Employee benefits	Other			Total	Salaries and wages	Employee benefits	Other		
In thousands of dollars													
New Jersey	\$4,456	\$3,623	\$3,285	\$338	\$506	\$327	81.3	73.7	7.6	11.4	7.3	7.3	
New Mexico	2,596	1,842	1,365	477	372	382	71.0	52.6	18.4	14.3	14.7	14.7	
New York	10,464	7,500	6,778	722	1,944	1,020	71.7	64.8	6.9	18.6	9.7	9.7	
North Carolina	5,295	3,378	2,669	709	293	1,624	63.8	50.4	13.4	5.5	30.7	30.7	
North Dakota	1,497	720	554	166	108	670	48.1	37.0	11.1	7.2	44.7	44.7	
Ohio	8,281	4,890	3,894	996	718	2,673	59.1	47.0	12.0	8.7	32.3	32.3	
Oklahoma	4,736	2,752	2,173	579	342	1,642	58.1	45.9	12.2	7.2	34.7	34.7	
Oregon	3,382	2,256	1,627	629	163	963	66.7	48.1	18.6	4.8	28.5	28.5	
Pennsylvania	10,204	3,826	2,154	1,672	778	5,599	37.5	21.1	16.4	7.6	54.9	54.9	
Rhode Island	1,740	1,129	862	267	1	609	64.9	49.6	15.3	0.1	35.0	35.0	
South Carolina	3,102	1,691	1,356	335	258	1,153	54.5	43.7	10.8	8.3	37.2	37.2	
South Dakota	2,158	837	681	156	147	1,174	38.8	31.6	7.2	6.8	54.4	54.4	
Tennessee	5,722	3,002	2,438	565	147	2,573	52.5	42.6	9.9	2.6	45.0	45.0	
Texas	7,673	5,254	5,207	48	154	2,264	68.5	67.9	0.6	2.0	29.5	29.5	
Utah	2,832	2,028	1,416	612	75	730	71.6	50.0	21.6	2.6	25.8	25.8	
Vermont	2,211	1,435	1,076	359	260	516	64.9	48.7	16.2	11.8	23.3	23.3	
Virginia	10,603	5,422	4,141	1,281	431	4,750	51.1	39.1	12.1	4.1	44.8	44.8	
Washington	7,882	4,885	3,804	1,081	581	2,416	62.0	48.3	13.7	7.4	30.7	30.7	
West Virginia	2,772	1,536	1,149	388	347	889	55.4	41.4	14.0	12.5	32.1	32.1	
Wisconsin	3,966	2,312	1,723	588	100	1,555	58.3	43.5	14.8	2.5	39.2	39.2	
Wyoming	1,481	970	727	242	45	465	65.5	49.1	16.4	3.1	31.4	31.4	

Notes: 1. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

2. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 23a.—Expenditures of state library agencies for aid to libraries from all sources, by type of library/program and state: Fiscal year 1996

State	Aid-to-libraries expenditures, from all sources							Library construction	Other
	Total	Individual public libraries	Public library systems	Other individual libraries	Multitype library systems	Single agency or library*			
50 States and DC	\$529,454	\$275,986	\$90,938	\$10,712	\$54,733	\$24,957	\$56,778	\$15,351	
Alabama	5,787	4,648	883	0	0	0	256	0	
Alaska	1,383	875	0	121	0	285	102	0	
Arizona	913	668	0	66	0	0	180	0	
Arkansas	3,810	705	2,823	0	0	0	281	0	
California	32,489	23,616	3,011	646	3,160	404	1,547	104	
Colorado	4,679	557	0	0	1,891	1,252	223	757	
Connecticut	5,075	1,290	0	13	890	60	2,822	0	
Delaware	2,146	1,195	595	13	0	0	342	0	
District of Columbia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Florida	32,196	27,646	0	0	1,612	0	2,938	0	
Georgia	35,405	23,520	0	0	0	0	11,885	0	
Hawaii	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Idaho	369	307	0	0	62	0	0	0	
Illinois	54,264	15,865	0	251	22,279	2,540	10,273	3,055	
Indiana	5,403	1,539	0	72	2,913	0	810	69	
Iowa	234	6	0	96	50	10	72	0	
Kansas	4,119	2,855	520	40	0	0	2	704	
Kentucky	6,248	4,971	0	0	0	0	1,277	0	
Louisiana	442	184	0	0	0	0	257	0	
Maine	386	40	0	0	210	0	136	0	
Maryland	24,009	18,257	0	0	0	3,783	336	1,632	
Massachusetts	32,198	7,222	7,860	4	1,247	5,278	10,082	506	
Michigan	16,436	10,047	5,066	111	745	0	468	0	
Minnesota	11,335	3,308	5,058	43	931	804	1,177	13	
Mississippi	5,335	0	5,068	0	3	0	263	0	
Missouri	3,183	2,541	0	0	0	270	373	0	
Montana	956	14	299	0	8	170	164	300	
Nebraska	1,490	388	0	30	632	157	282	0	
Nevada	835	747	0	19	47	0	18	3	
New Hampshire	191	0	0	0	53	0	138	0	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23a.--Expenditures of state library agencies for aid to libraries from all sources, by type of library/program and state: Fiscal year 1996--Continued

State	Aid-to-libraries expenditures, from all sources							Library construction	Other
	Total	Individual public libraries	Public library systems	Other individual libraries	Multitype library systems	Single agency or library*			
In thousands of dollars									
New Jersey	\$13,070	\$8,753	\$0	\$150	\$3,344	\$823	\$0	\$0	\$0
New Mexico	1,411	1,198	0	38	0	0	142	33	0
New York	88,557	42,116	27,196	4,949	5,737	468	1,631	6,459	0
North Carolina	15,039	14,185	0	89	0	300	465	0	0
North Dakota	603	440	0	37	0	0	126	0	0
Ohio	7,844	797	761	151	1,198	4,437	500	0	0
Oklahoma	1,956	801	1,050	3	0	0	102	0	0
Oregon	1,530	425	629	0	18	30	428	0	0
Pennsylvania	37,945	22,146	1,518	3,435	7,641	1,649	1,557	0	0
Rhode Island	3,438	594	0	0	0	822	2,021	0	0
South Carolina	5,070	4,995	0	4	0	19	53	0	0
South Dakota	218	7	0	30	0	0	181	0	0
Tennessee	8,603	2,115	5,639	0	0	397	451	0	0
Texas	11,912	1,674	9,269	0	0	0	969	0	0
Utah	2,175	701	0	84	0	0	314	1,076	0
Vermont	267	9	0	0	0	100	158	0	0
Virginia	14,912	14,051	0	0	0	0	335	525	0
Washington	1,092	613	0	162	61	54	106	96	0
West Virginia	7,435	5,704	1,663	0	0	0	67	0	0
Wisconsin	13,761	421	12,030	55	0	834	403	17	0
Wyoming	1,302	1,228	0	0	0	10	64	0	0

\* Aid to a single agency or library providing a statewide service.

Note: Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.



Table 23b.—Expenditures of state library agencies for aid to libraries from state sources, by type of library/program and state: Fiscal year 1996

State	Aid-to-libraries expenditures, from state sources							Library construction	Other
	Total	Individual public libraries	Public library systems	Other individual libraries	Multitype library systems	Single agency or library*			
	In thousands of dollars								
50 States and DC	\$455,392	\$246,812	\$76,424	\$8,484	\$49,154	\$20,874	\$41,102	\$12,542	
Alabama	4,549	3,686	863	0	0	0	0	0	
Alaska	919	785	0	121	0	14	0	0	
Arizona	513	453	0	60	0	0	0	0	
Arkansas	3,328	688	2,640	0	0	0	0	0	
California	22,287	19,023	0	0	3,160	0	0	104	
Colorado	3,399	134	0	0	1,851	1,252	0	162	
Connecticut	4,584	1,152	0	0	808	0	2,624	0	
Delaware	1,636	1,173	305	0	0	0	157	0	
District of Columbia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Florida	27,872	25,000	0	0	750	0	2,122	0	
Georgia	33,709	21,824	0	0	0	0	11,885	0	
Hawaii	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Idaho	145	145	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Illinois	49,679	13,143	0	0	21,679	2,477	9,722	2,657	
Indiana	3,017	608	0	0	2,409	0	0	0	
Iowa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Kansas	3,118	2,398	350	0	0	0	0	370	
Kentucky	5,168	4,443	0	0	0	0	725	0	
Louisiana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Maine	250	40	0	0	210	0	0	0	
Maryland	22,570	17,488	0	0	0	3,783	0	1,299	
Massachusetts	30,741	6,900	7,831	0	771	5,278	9,456	506	
Michigan	12,934	8,414	4,520	0	0	0	0	0	
Minnesota	9,290	2,866	4,213	0	527	791	892	0	
Mississippi	4,890	0	4,890	0	0	0	0	0	
Missouri	1,964	1,964	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Montana	599	0	299	0	0	0	0	300	
Nebraska	863	334	0	0	420	109	0	0	
Nevada	320	320	0	0	0	0	0	0	
New Hampshire	53	0	0	0	53	0	0	0	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23b.—Expenditures of state library agencies for aid to libraries from state sources, by type of library/program and state: Fiscal year 1996—Continued

State	Aid-to-libraries expenditures, from state sources							Library construction	Other
	Total	Individual public libraries	Public library systems	Other individual libraries	Multitype library systems	Single agency or library*	\$		
	In thousands of dollars							\$	\$
New Jersey	\$12,284	\$8,285	\$0	\$0	\$3,344	\$605	\$0	\$0	
New Mexico	1,151	1,151	0	0	0	0	0	0	
New York	84,523	41,286	25,318	4,949	5,315	468	740	6,448	
North Carolina	12,987	12,950	0	37	0	0	0	0	
North Dakota	440	440	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ohio	4,435	0	423	0	200	3,812	0	0	
Oklahoma	1,431	516	915	0	0	0	0	0	
Oregon	346	301	28	0	18	0	0	0	
Pennsylvania	33,579	20,366	920	3,267	7,641	418	967	0	
Rhode Island	3,204	569	0	0	0	822	1,812	0	
South Carolina	4,646	4,646	0	0	0	0	0	0	
South Dakota	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tennessee	6,711	1,486	5,025	0	0	200	0	0	
Texas	5,501	888	4,613	0	0	0	0	0	
Utah	780	610	0	0	0	0	0	170	
Vermont	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Virginia	14,419	13,893	0	0	0	0	0	525	
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
West Virginia	6,714	5,218	1,496	0	0	0	0	0	
Wisconsin	12,606	0	11,772	0	0	834	0	0	
Wyoming	1,238	1,228	0	0	0	10	0	0	

\* Aid to a single agency or library providing a statewide service.

Note: Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 23c.—Percentage distribution of expenditures from all sources of state library agencies for aid to libraries, by type of library/program and state:

Fiscal year 1996

State	Total	Aid-to-libraries expenditures, from all sources						
		Individual public libraries	Public library systems	Other individual libraries	Multitype library systems	Single agency or library*	Library construction	Other
50 States and DC	\$529,453,751	52.1	17.2	2.0	10.3	4.7	10.7	2.9
Alabama	5,787,356	80.3	15.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.4	0.0
Alaska	1,382,733	63.3	0.0	8.7	0.0	20.6	7.4	0.0
Arizona	913,492	73.1	0.0	7.2	0.0	0.0	19.7	0.0
Arkansas	3,809,535	18.5	74.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.4	0.0
California	32,489,072	72.7	9.3	2.0	9.7	1.2	4.8	0.3
Colorado	4,679,264	11.9	0.0	0.0	40.4	26.8	4.8	16.2
Connecticut	5,075,281	25.4	0.0	0.3	17.5	1.2	55.6	0.0
Delaware	2,145,875	55.7	27.7	0.6	0.0	0.0	16.0	0.0
District of Columbia	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Florida	32,196,319	85.9	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	9.1	0.0
Georgia	35,404,613	66.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.6	0.0
Hawaii	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Idaho	369,200	83.2	0.0	0.0	16.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
Illinois	54,264,029	29.2	0.0	0.5	41.1	4.7	18.9	5.6
Indiana	5,403,120	28.5	0.0	1.3	53.9	0.0	15.0	1.3
Iowa	233,914	2.6	0.0	41.2	21.4	4.3	30.6	0.0
Kansas	4,119,261	69.3	12.6	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.1
Kentucky	6,248,199	79.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	20.4	0.0
Louisiana	441,599	41.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	58.3	0.0
Maine	385,859	10.4	0.0	0.0	54.4	0.0	35.2	0.0
Maryland	24,009,158	76.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.8	1.4	6.8
Massachusetts	32,197,577	22.4	24.4	0.0	3.9	16.4	31.3	1.6
Michigan	16,436,073	61.1	30.8	0.7	4.5	0.0	2.8	0.0
Minnesota	11,335,048	29.2	44.6	0.4	8.2	7.1	10.4	0.1
Mississippi	5,334,810	0.0	95.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	4.9	0.0
Missouri	3,183,415	79.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.5	11.7	0.0
Montana	955,556	1.4	31.3	0.0	0.9	17.8	17.2	31.4
Nebraska	1,490,000	26.1	0.0	2.0	42.4	10.6	19.0	0.0
Nevada	834,595	89.5	0.0	2.3	5.7	0.0	2.1	0.4
New Hampshire	191,124	0.0	0.0	0.0	27.6	0.0	72.4	0.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23c.—Percentage distribution of expenditures from all sources of state library agencies for aid to libraries, by type of library/program and state: Fiscal year 1996—Continued

State	Total	Aid-to-libraries expenditures, from all sources							Other
		Individual public libraries	Public library systems	Other individual libraries	Multitype library systems	Single agency or library*	Library construction	Other	
Percentage distribution									
New Jersey	\$13,070,000	67.0	0.0	1.1	25.6	6.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
New Mexico	1,410,521	84.9	0.0	2.7	0.0	0.0	10.1	2.3	2.3
New York	88,557,061	47.6	30.7	5.6	6.5	0.5	1.8	7.3	7.3
North Carolina	15,038,551	94.3	0.0	0.6	0.0	2.0	3.1	0.0	0.0
North Dakota	602,571	73.0	0.0	6.1	0.0	0.0	20.9	0.0	0.0
Ohio	7,843,513	10.2	9.7	1.9	15.3	56.6	6.4	0.0	0.0
Oklahoma	1,956,496	40.9	53.7	0.2	0.0	0.0	5.2	0.0	0.0
Oregon	1,529,662	27.8	41.1	0.0	1.2	2.0	27.9	0.0	0.0
Pennsylvania	37,945,239	58.4	4.0	9.1	20.1	4.3	4.1	0.0	0.0
Rhode Island	3,437,842	17.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.9	58.8	0.0	0.0
South Carolina	5,070,333	98.5	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.4	1.0	0.0	0.0
South Dakota	217,886	3.2	0.0	13.8	0.0	0.0	83.0	0.0	0.0
Tennessee	8,602,634	24.6	65.5	0.0	0.0	4.6	5.2	0.0	0.0
Texas	11,911,741	14.1	77.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.1	0.0	0.0
Utah	2,175,230	32.2	0.0	3.9	0.0	0.0	14.4	49.5	0.0
Vermont	266,890	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	37.5	59.1	0.0	0.0
Virginia	14,912,261	94.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	3.5	3.5
Washington	1,091,775	56.1	0.0	14.8	5.6	4.9	9.7	8.8	8.8
West Virginia	7,434,628	76.7	22.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0
Wisconsin	13,760,594	3.1	87.4	0.4	0.0	6.1	2.9	0.1	0.1
Wyoming	1,302,246	94.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	4.9	0.0	0.0

\* Aid to a single agency or library providing a statewide service.

Note: Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.



Table 23d.—Percentage distribution of expenditures from state sources of state library agencies for aid to libraries, by type of library/program and state:

State	Total	Aid-to-libraries expenditures, from state sources						
		Individual public libraries	Public library systems	Other individual libraries	Multitype library systems	Single agency or library*	Library construction	Other
50 States and DC	\$455,391,619	54.2	16.8	1.9	10.8	4.6	9.0	2.8
Alabama	4,549,357	81.0	19.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Alaska	919,166	85.4	0.0	13.1	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.0
Arizona	512,600	88.3	0.0	11.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Arkansas	3,327,798	20.7	79.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
California	22,287,433	85.4	0.0	0.0	14.2	0.0	0.0	0.5
Colorado	3,398,559	3.9	0.0	0.0	54.5	36.8	0.0	4.8
Connecticut	4,583,772	25.1	0.0	0.0	17.6	0.0	57.3	0.0
Delaware	1,636,045	71.7	18.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.6	0.0
District of Columbia	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Florida	27,872,485	89.7	0.0	0.0	2.7	0.0	7.6	0.0
Georgia	33,708,633	64.7	0	0	0	0	35.3	0
Hawaii	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Idaho	145,000	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
Illinois	49,678,891	26.5	0	0	43.6	5	19.6	5.3
Indiana	3,016,784	20.2	0	0	79.8	0	0	0
Iowa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kansas	3,118,138	76.9	11.2	0	0	0	0	11.9
Kentucky	5,167,767	86	0	0	0	0	14	0
Louisiana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Maine	250,000	16.0	0.0	0.0	84.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maryland	22,569,883	77.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.8	0.0	5.8
Massachusetts	30,741,436	22.4	25.5	0.0	2.5	17.2	30.8	1.6
Michigan	12,934,400	65.1	34.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Minnesota	9,289,715	30.9	45.4	0.0	5.7	8.5	9.6	0.0
Mississippi	4,890,466	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Missouri	1,964,448	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Montana	598,923	0.0	49.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.1
Nebraska	863,216	38.7	0.0	0.0	48.7	12.6	0.0	0.0
Nevada	319,953	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
New Hampshire	52,760	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23d.—Percentage distribution of expenditures from state sources of state library agencies for aid to libraries, by type of library/program and state: Fiscal year 1996—Continued

State	Total	Aid-to-libraries expenditures, from state sources						
		Individual public libraries	Public library systems	Other individual libraries	Multitype library systems	Single agency or library*	Library construction	Other
		Percentage distribution						
New Jersey	\$12,284,000	67.4	0.0	0.4	27.2	4.9	0.0	0.0
New Mexico	\$1,150,540	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
New York	84,522,987	48.8	30.0	5.9	6.3	0.6	0.9	7.6
North Carolina	12,986,669	99.7	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North Dakota	440,000	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ohio	4,434,796	0.0	9.5	0.0	4.5	86.0	0.0	0.0
Oklahoma	1,431,118	36.0	64.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oregon	346,385	86.9	8.0	0.0	5.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pennsylvania	33,578,803	60.7	2.7	9.7	22.8	1.2	2.9	0.0
Rhode Island	3,203,645	17.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.7	56.6	0.0
South Carolina	4,646,434	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
South Dakota	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tennessee	6,711,157	22.1	74.9	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0
Texas	5,500,621	16.1	83.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Utah	780,303	78.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	21.8
Vermont	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Virginia	14,418,585	96.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.6
Washington	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
West Virginia	6,713,766	77.7	22.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wisconsin	12,606,295	0.0	93.4	0.0	0.0	6.6	0.0	0.0
Wyoming	1,237,887	99.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0

Note: Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 23e.--Per capita expenditures from all sources of state library agencies for aid to libraries, by type of library/program and state: Fiscal year 1996

State	Aid-to-libraries expenditures per capita, from all sources							
	Total aid per capita	Individual public libraries	Public library systems	Other individual libraries	Multitype library systems	Single agency or library*	Library construction	Other
	\$2.05	\$1.07	\$0.35	\$0.04	\$0.21	\$0.10	\$0.22	\$0.06
50 States and DC								
Alabama	1.40	1.12	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00
Alaska	2.25	1.42	0.00	0.20	0.00	0.46	0.17	0.00
Arizona	0.23	0.17	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00
Arkansas	1.68	0.31	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
California	1.01	0.73	0.09	0.02	0.10	0.01	0.05	0.00
Colorado	1.25	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.33	0.06	0.20
Connecticut	1.55	0.39	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.02	0.86	0.00
Delaware	3.22	1.79	0.89	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.00
District of Columbia	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Florida	2.28	1.95	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.21	0.00
Georgia	4.91	3.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.65	0.00
Hawaii	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Idaho	0.32	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00
Illinois	5.26	1.54	0.00	0.02	2.16	0.25	1.00	0.30
Indiana	0.97	0.28	0.00	0.01	0.53	0.00	0.15	0.01
Iowa	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.02	0.00	0.03	0.00
Kansas	1.61	1.12	0.20	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27
Kentucky	1.70	1.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
Louisiana	0.10	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00
Maine	0.34	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00	0.12	0.00
Maryland	4.82	3.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.07	0.33
Massachusetts	5.33	1.20	1.30	0.00	0.21	0.87	1.67	0.08
Michigan	1.77	1.08	0.55	0.01	0.08	0.00	0.05	0.00
Minnesota	2.48	0.72	1.11	0.01	0.20	0.18	0.26	0.00
Mississippi	1.98	0.00	1.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
Missouri	0.60	0.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.07	0.00
Montana	1.16	0.02	0.36	0.00	0.01	0.21	0.20	0.36
Nebraska	0.94	0.25	0.00	0.02	0.40	0.10	0.18	0.00
Nevada	0.53	0.47	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.00
New Hampshire	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.12	0.00

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23e.--Per capita expenditures from all sources of state library agencies for aid to libraries, by type of library/program and state: Fiscal year 1996

--Continued

State	Aid-to-libraries expenditures per capita, from all sources						Library construction	Other
	Total aid per capita	Individual public libraries	Public library systems	Other individual libraries	Multitype library systems	Single agency or library*		
	Per capita expenditure							
	\$0.00	\$0.02	\$0.42	\$0.10	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	
New Jersey	\$1.65	\$1.11	\$0.00	\$0.02	\$0.42	\$0.10	\$0.00	\$0.00
New Mexico	0.93	0.79	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.02
New York	4.92	2.34	1.51	0.28	0.32	0.03	0.09	0.36
North Carolina	2.13	2.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.04	0.07	0.00
North Dakota	0.94	0.68	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
Ohio	0.70	0.07	0.07	0.01	0.11	0.40	0.04	0.00
Oklahoma	0.61	0.25	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00
Oregon	0.50	0.14	0.20	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.14	0.00
Pennsylvania	3.19	1.86	0.13	0.29	0.64	0.14	0.13	0.00
Rhode Island	3.43	0.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.82	2.01	0.00
South Carolina	1.38	1.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00
South Dakota	0.31	0.01	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
Tennessee	1.71	0.42	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.09	0.00
Texas	0.67	0.09	0.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00
Utah	1.14	0.37	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.56
Vermont	0.46	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.27	0.00
Virginia	2.31	2.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.08
Washington	0.20	0.11	0.00	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02
West Virginia	4.15	3.18	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00
Wisconsin	2.70	0.08	2.36	0.01	0.00	0.16	0.08	0.00
Wyoming	2.74	2.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.14	0.00

\* Aid to a single agency or library providing a statewide service.

Note: Per capitas are based on official state population estimates from the National Center for Education Statistics' Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 1995.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.



Table 23f.—Per capita expenditures from state sources of state library agencies for aid to libraries, by type of library/program and state: Fiscal year 1996

State	Aid-to-libraries expenditures per capita, from state sources							Other
	Total state aid per capita	Individual public libraries	Public library systems	Other individual libraries	Multitype library systems	Single agency or library*	Library construction	
	\$1.76	\$0.96	\$0.30	\$0.03	\$0.19	\$0.08	\$0.16	\$0.05
50 States and DC								
Alabama	1.10	0.89	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Alaska	1.49	1.27	0.00	0.20	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00
Arizona	0.13	0.11	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Arkansas	1.47	0.30	1.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
California	0.69	0.59	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
Colorado	0.91	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.33	0.00	0.04
Connecticut	1.40	0.35	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.80	0.00
Delaware	2.46	1.76	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
District of Columbia	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Florida	1.97	1.77	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.15	0.00
Georgia	4.67	3.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.65	0.00
Hawaii	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Idaho	0.12	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Illinois	4.81	1.27	0.00	0.00	2.10	0.24	0.94	0.26
Indiana	0.54	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.43	0.00	0.00	0.00
Iowa	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Kansas	1.22	0.94	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14
Kentucky	1.40	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
Louisiana	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Maine	0.22	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.00
Maryland	4.53	3.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.00	0.26
Massachusetts	5.09	1.14	1.30	0.00	0.13	0.87	1.57	0.08
Michigan	1.39	0.91	0.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Minnesota	2.03	0.63	0.92	0.00	0.12	0.17	0.20	0.00
Mississippi	1.81	0.00	1.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Missouri	0.37	0.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Montana	0.73	0.00	0.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36
Nebraska	0.55	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.07	0.00	0.00
Nevada	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
New Hampshire	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23f.—Per capita expenditures from state sources of state library agencies for aid to libraries, by type of library/program and state: Fiscal year 1996

--Continued

State	Aid-to-libraries expenditures per capita, from state sources							Library construction	Other
	Total state aid per capita	Individual public libraries	Public library systems	Other individual libraries	Multitype library systems	Single agency or library*	Library construction		
	Per capita expenditure								
New Jersey	\$1.55	\$1.05	\$0.00	\$0.01	\$0.42	\$0.08	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
New Mexico	0.76	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
New York	4.70	2.29	1.41	0.28	0.30	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.36
North Carolina	1.84	1.84	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
North Dakota	0.68	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Ohio	0.40	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.02	0.34	0.00	0.00	0.00
Oklahoma	0.45	0.16	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Oregon	0.11	0.10	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Pennsylvania	2.83	1.71	0.08	0.27	0.64	0.04	0.08	0.08	0.00
Rhode Island	3.19	0.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.82	1.81	0.00	0.00
South Carolina	1.27	1.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
South Dakota	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Tennessee	1.34	0.30	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
Texas	0.31	0.05	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Utah	0.41	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09
Vermont	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Virginia	2.23	2.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08
Washington	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
West Virginia	3.74	2.91	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Wisconsin	2.47	0.00	2.31	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
Wyoming	2.61	2.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00

\* Aid to a single agency or library providing a statewide service.

Note: Per capita are based on official state population estimates from the National Center for Education Statistics' Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 1995.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 24a.--Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency LSCA Titles I-III expenditures, by title and state:

State	LSCA Titles I-III expenditures*				LSCA Titles I-III expenditures		
	Total	Title I	Title II	Title III	Title I	Title II	Title III
	In thousands of dollars				Percentage distribution		
50 States and DC	\$111,232	\$74,794	\$17,190	\$19,247	67.2	15.5	17.3
Alabama	1,910	1,276	256	378	66.8	13.4	19.8
Alaska	495	362	102	31	73.1	20.6	6.3
Arizona	808	308	180	319	38.2	22.3	39.5
Arkansas	1,323	813	281	228	61.5	21.3	17.3
California	12,763	8,661	1,547	2,555	67.9	12.1	20.0
Colorado	1,759	1,167	265	327	66.3	15.1	18.6
Connecticut	1,772	1,124	198	450	63.5	11.2	25.4
Delaware	938	330	549	59	35.2	58.6	6.2
District of Columbia	520	277	192	51	53.3	36.9	9.9
Florida	5,770	3,813	815	1,142	66.1	14.1	19.8
Georgia	2,818	2,359	0	460	83.7	0.0	16.3
Hawaii	667	558	0	109	83.6	0.0	16.4
Idaho	506	410	0	96	81.0	0.0	19.0
Illinois	4,649	2,530	1,193	926	54.4	25.7	19.9
Indiana	2,643	1,511	810	322	57.2	30.6	12.2
Iowa	1,046	820	72	154	78.4	6.8	14.8
Kansas	1,052	877	2	172	83.4	0.2	16.4
Kentucky	2,158	1,227	552	378	56.9	25.6	17.5
Louisiana	1,763	1,212	257	293	68.8	14.6	16.6
Maine	1,027	686	146	195	66.8	14.2	19.0
Maryland	1,768	1,098	336	334	62.1	19.0	18.9
Massachusetts	2,278	1,465	625	188	64.3	27.5	8.3
Michigan	3,502	2,289	468	745	65.4	13.4	21.3
Minnesota	2,082	1,392	286	404	66.9	13.7	19.4
Mississippi	1,325	821	263	241	62.0	19.8	18.2
Missouri	1,700	1,151	373	176	67.7	21.9	10.4
Montana	739	427	208	105	57.7	28.1	14.2
Nebraska	1,085	652	282	151	60.1	26.0	13.9
Nevada	735	583	29	124	79.3	3.9	16.8
New Hampshire	744	504	149	91	67.7	20.1	12.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24a.--Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency LSCA Titles I-III expenditures, by title and state:  
Fiscal Year 1996--Continued

State	LSCA Titles I-III expenditures*			LSCA Titles I-III expenditures			
	Total	Title I	Title II	Title III	Title I	Title II	Title III
	In thousands of dollars			Percentage distribution			
New Jersey	\$2,476	\$2,168	\$0	\$308	87.6	0.0	12.4
New Mexico	928	617	142	168	66.5	15.3	18.2
New York	7,407	5,291	891	1,225	71.4	12.0	16.5
North Carolina	2,817	1,972	465	380	70.0	16.5	13.5
North Dakota	597	394	126	77	65.9	21.1	13.0
Ohio	4,579	2,850	500	1,230	62.2	10.9	26.9
Oklahoma	1,450	1,164	102	184	80.3	7.0	12.7
Oregon	1,380	818	428	135	59.3	31.0	9.8
Pennsylvania	5,196	3,858	590	748	74.3	11.4	14.4
Rhode Island	935	508	269	158	54.4	28.8	16.9
South Carolina	1,091	784	53	254	71.9	4.8	23.3
South Dakota	670	432	181	58	64.4	27.0	8.6
Tennessee	2,327	1,424	451	451	61.2	19.4	19.4
Texas	6,818	4,702	1,009	1,107	69.0	14.8	16.2
Utah	961	522	314	126	54.3	32.7	13.1
Vermont	686	343	258	84	50.1	37.6	12.3
Virginia	2,985	2,105	335	545	70.5	11.2	18.2
Washington	1,926	1,654	106	166	85.9	5.5	8.6
West Virginia	868	654	67	147	75.3	7.7	16.9
Wisconsin	2,237	1,459	403	375	65.2	18.0	16.8
Wyoming	553	372	64	117	67.2	11.6	21.1

\* LSCA--the Library Services and Construction Act (P.L. 101-254). Title I - Public Library Services. Title II - Public Library Construction and Technology Enhancement. Title III - Interlibrary Cooperation and Resource Sharing.

Notes: 1. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

2. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 24b.--Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency LSCA Title I expenditures, by type of expenditure and state:  
Fiscal Year 1996

State	LSCA Title I expenditures 1/				LSCA Title I expenditures			
	Total	Statewide services 2/	Grants	LSCA administration	Statewide services	Grants	administration	LSCA
	In thousands of dollars				Percentage distribution			
50 States and DC	\$74,794	\$31,011	\$40,648	\$3,135	41.5	54.3		4.2
Alabama	1,276	423	835	17	33.2	65.5		1.3
Alaska	362	271	91	0	75.0	25.0		0.0
Arizona	308	19	199	90	6.3	64.5		29.2
Arkansas	813	605	199	9	74.4	24.5		1.1
California	8,661	2,640	5,819	202	30.5	67.2		2.3
Colorado	1,167	619	507	41	53.0	43.5		3.5
Connecticut	1,124	872	251	1	77.5	22.3		0.1
Delaware	330	311	19	0	94.2	5.8		0.0
District of Columbia	277	0	272	4	0.0	98.4		1.6
Florida	3,813	1,400	2,330	83	36.7	61.1		2.2
Georgia	2,359	601	1,696	61	25.5	71.9		2.6
Hawaii	558	546	0	12	97.9	0.0		2.1
Idaho	410	117	246	47	28.6	60.0		11.4
Illinois	2,530	63	2,437	30	2.5	96.3		1.2
Indiana	1,511	500	877	134	33.1	58.0		8.9
Iowa	820	634	122	64	77.3	14.9		7.8
Kansas	877	73	769	35	8.3	87.7		4.0
Kentucky	1,227	766	410	51	62.4	33.4		4.1
Louisiana	1,212	968	184	60	79.9	15.2		4.9
Maine	686	686	0	0	100.0	0.0		0.0
Maryland	1,098	282	769	47	25.7	70.1		4.3
Massachusetts	1,465	662	643	160	45.2	43.9		10.9
Michigan	2,289	111	2,178	0	4.8	95.2		0.0
Minnesota	1,392	13	1,330	50	0.9	95.5		3.6
Mississippi	821	649	106	66	79.0	13.0		8.0
Missouri	1,151	509	639	2	44.2	55.5		0.2
Montana	427	340	37	50	79.7	8.6		11.7
Nebraska	652	471	154	27	72.3	23.6		4.1
Nevada	583	138	386	59	23.6	66.2		10.1
New Hampshire	504	483	0	20	96.0	0.0		4.0

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 24b.--Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency LSCA Title I expenditures, by type of expenditure and state:**  
Fiscal Year 1996--Continued

State	LSCA Title I expenditures 1/			LSCA Title I expenditures			
	Total	Statewide services 2/	Grants administration	LSCA administration	Statewide services	Grants administration	LSCA administration
	In thousands of dollars			Percentage distribution			
New Jersey	\$2,168	\$1,535	\$478	\$155	70.8	22.0	7.1
New Mexico	617	545	72	0	88.4	11.6	0.0
New York	5,291	2,233	2,720	339	42.2	51.4	6.4
North Carolina	1,972	362	1,585	25	18.3	80.4	1.3
North Dakota	394	333	37	24	84.6	9.3	6.1
Ohio	2,850	811	1,843	196	28.4	64.7	6.9
Oklahoma	1,164	870	294	0	74.7	25.3	0.0
Oregon	818	167	621	30	20.4	75.9	3.7
Pennsylvania	3,858	2,154	1,588	117	55.8	41.1	3.0
Rhode Island	508	486	23	0	95.5	4.5	0.0
South Carolina	784	408	368	9	52.0	46.9	1.1
South Dakota	432	388	30	14	89.8	7.0	3.2
Tennessee	1,424	241	1,081	102	16.9	75.9	7.2
Texas	4,702	0	4,335	367	0.0	92.2	7.8
Utah	522	209	283	30	40.0	54.2	5.8
Vermont	343	339	0	5	98.6	0.0	1.4
Virginia	2,105	1,837	158	110	87.3	7.5	5.2
Washington	1,654	905	728	22	54.7	44.0	1.3
West Virginia	654	415	192	48	63.4	29.3	7.3
Wisconsin	1,459	638	700	121	43.7	48.0	8.3
Wyoming	372	365	7	0	98.2	1.8	0.0

1/ LSCA--the Library Services and Construction Act (P.L. 101-254). Title I - Public Library Services.

2/ Funds expended by the state library agency to provide services to libraries and individuals throughout the state. Includes subgrants made to single libraries or other outside agencies to provide or assist in providing such services.

Notes: 1. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

2. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 24c.--Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency LSCA Title II expenditures, by type of expenditure and state: Fiscal Year 1996

State	LSCA Title II expenditures*			LSCA Title II expenditures		
	Total	Grants	LSCA administration	Grants	LSCA administration	LSCA
	In thousands of dollars			Percentage distribution		
50 States and DC	\$17,190	\$16,966	\$224	98.7		1.3
Alabama	256	256	0	100.0		0.0
Alaska	102	102	0	100.0		0.0
Arizona	180	180	0	100.0		0.0
Arkansas	281	281	0	100.0		0.0
California	1,547	1,547	0	100.0		0.0
Colorado	265	223	42	84.0		16.0
Connecticut	198	198	0	100.0		0.0
Delaware	549	489	60	89.1		10.9
District of Columbia	192	192	0	100.0		0.0
Florida	815	815	0	100.0		0.0
Georgia	0	0	0	0.0		0.0
Hawaii	0	0	0	0.0		0.0
Idaho	0	0	0	0.0		0.0
Illinois	1,193	1,193	0	100.0		0.0
Indiana	810	810	0	100.0		0.0
Iowa	72	72	0	100.0		0.0
Kansas	2	2	0	100.0		0.0
Kentucky	552	552	0	100.0		0.0
Louisiana	257	257	0	100.0		0.0
Maine	146	136	10	93.3		6.7
Maryland	336	336	0	100.0		0.0
Massachusetts	625	625	0	100.0		0.0
Michigan	468	468	0	100.0		0.0
Minnesota	286	286	0	100.0		0.0
Mississippi	263	263	0	100.0		0.0
Missouri	373	373	0	100.0		0.0
Montana	208	207	1	99.4		0.6
Nebraska	282	282	0	100.0		0.0
Nevada	29	29	0	100.0		0.0
New Hampshire	149	138	11	92.8		7.2

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 24c.--Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency LSCA Title II expenditures, by type of expenditure and state: Fiscal Year 1996--Continued**

State	LSCA Title II expenditures*			LSCA Title II expenditures	
	Total	Grants	LSCA administration	Grants	LSCA administration
	In thousands of dollars			Percentage distribution	
New Jersey	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.0	0.0
New Mexico	142	142	0	100.0	0.0
New York	891	891	0	100.0	0.0
North Carolina	465	465	0	100.0	0.0
North Dakota	126	126	0	100.0	0.0
Ohio	500	500	0	100.0	0.0
Oklahoma	102	102	0	100.0	0.0
Oregon	428	428	0	100.0	0.0
Pennsylvania	590	590	0	100.0	0.0
Rhode Island	269	209	60	77.7	22.3
South Carolina	53	53	0	100.0	0.0
South Dakota	181	181	0	100.0	0.0
Tennessee	451	451	0	100.0	0.0
Texas	1,009	969	40	96.0	4.0
Utah	314	314	0	100.0	0.0
Vermont	258	258	0	100.0	0.0
Virginia	335	335	0	100.0	0.0
Washington	106	106	0	100.0	0.0
West Virginia	67	67	0	100.0	0.0
Wisconsin	403	403	0	100.0	0.0
Wyoming	64	64	0	100.0	0.0

\* LSCA--the Library Services and Construction Act (P.L. 101-254). Title II - Public Library Construction and Technology Enhancement.

Notes: 1. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

2. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.



**Table 24d.--Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency LSCA Title III expenditures, by type of expenditure and state: Fiscal Year 1996**

State	LSCA Title III expenditures 1/			LSCA Title III expenditures	
	Total	Statewide services 2/	Grants	Statewide services	Grants
	In thousands of dollars			Percentage distribution	
50 States and DC	\$19,247	\$8,058	\$11,189	41.9	58.1
Alabama	378	231	147	61.2	38.8
Alaska	31	31	0	100.0	0.0
Arizona	319	271	48	84.8	15.2
Arkansas	228	227	1	99.5	0.5
California	2,555	0	2,555	0.0	100.0
Colorado	327	127	200	38.9	61.1
Connecticut	450	410	40	91.1	8.9
Delaware	59	34	24	58.8	41.2
District of Columbia	51	0	51	0.0	100.0
Florida	1,142	333	809	29.1	70.9
Georgia	460	460	0	100.0	0.0
Hawaii	109	109	0	100.0	0.0
Idaho	96	34	62	35.2	64.8
Illinois	926	0	926	0.0	100.0
Indiana	322	269	52	83.8	16.2
Iowa	154	114	40	73.9	26.1
Kansas	172	154	19	89.1	10.9
Kentucky	378	268	110	70.9	29.1
Louisiana	293	293	0	100.0	0.0
Maine	195	180	15	92.3	7.7
Maryland	334	0	334	0.0	100.0
Massachusetts	188	0	188	0.0	100.0
Michigan	745	4	741	0.6	99.4
Minnesota	404	0	404	0.0	100.0
Mississippi	241	199	42	82.5	17.5
Missouri	176	112	64	63.5	36.5
Montana	105	3	102	2.5	97.5
Nebraska	151	6	145	3.9	96.1
Nevada	124	43	81	34.8	65.2
New Hampshire	91	91	0	100.0	0.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24d.--Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency LSCA Title III expenditures, by type of expenditure and state: Fiscal Year 1996--Continued

State	LSCA Title III expenditures 1/			LSCA Title III expenditures	
	Total	Statewide services 2/	Grants	Statewide services	Grants
	In thousands of dollars			Percentage distribution	
New Jersey	\$308	\$77	\$231	25.0	75.0
New Mexico	168	104	65	61.6	38.4
New York	1,225	802	423	65.5	34.5
North Carolina	380	378	2	99.6	0.4
North Dakota	77	77	0	100.0	0.0
Ohio	1,230	164	1,065	13.4	86.6
Oklahoma	184	55	129	29.8	70.2
Oregon	135	0	135	0.0	100.0
Pennsylvania	748	380	368	50.8	49.2
Rhode Island	158	155	3	98.4	1.6
South Carolina	254	250	4	98.5	1.5
South Dakota	58	51	7	87.8	12.2
Tennessee	451	451	0	100.0	0.0
Texas	1,107	0	1,107	0.0	100.0
Utah	126	42	84	33.2	66.8
Vermont	84	78	6	92.5	7.5
Virginia	545	545	0	100.0	0.0
Washington	166	4	162	2.4	97.6
West Virginia	147	0	147	0.0	100.0
Wisconsin	375	324	51	86.3	13.7
Wyoming	117	117	0	100.0	0.0

1/ LSCA--the Library Services and Construction Act (P.L. 101-254). Title III - Interlibrary Cooperation and Resource Sharing.

2/ Funds expended by the state library agency to provide services to libraries and individuals throughout the state.

Includes subgrants made to single libraries or other outside agencies to provide or assist in providing such services.

Notes: 1. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

2. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 25.—Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency allied operations expenditures, by type of expenditure, and allied operations expenditures as a percent of total expenditures, by state: Fiscal year 1996

State	Allied operations expenditures, by type				Allied operations expenditures, by type				Percent of total expenditures	
	Total	Operating expenditures			Total	Operating expenditures				
		Staff	Other	Capital outlay		Staff	Other	Capital outlay		
50 States and DC	\$19,683	\$19,439	\$13,150	\$6,289	\$244	98.8	66.8	32.0	1.2	2.6
		In thousands of dollars								
Alabama	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Alaska	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Arizona	127	105	90	15	22	82.7	71.2	11.5	17.3	2.0
Arkansas	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
California	2,510	2,510	1,793	717	0	100.0	71.4	28.6	0.0	5.0
Colorado	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Connecticut	863	863	800	63	0	100.0	92.7	7.3	0.0	5.0
Delaware	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
District of Columbia	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Florida	2,148	2,099	1,425	674	48	97.7	66.3	31.4	2.3	5.3
Georgia	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hawaii	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Idaho	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Illinois	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indiana	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iowa	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kansas	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kentucky	2,137	2,075	1,667	407	63	97.1	78.0	19.1	2.9	13.6
Louisiana	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maine	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maryland	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Massachusetts	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Michigan	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Minnesota	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mississippi	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Missouri	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Montana	829	786	405	381	43	94.9	48.9	45.9	5.1	26.4
Nebraska	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nevada	624	624	453	172	0	100.0	72.5	27.5	0.0	19.1
New Hampshire	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25.—Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency allied operations expenditures, by type of expenditure, and allied operations expenditures as a percent of total expenditures, by state: Fiscal year 1996—Continued

State	Allied operations expenditures, by type				Allied operations expenditures, by type				Percent of total expenditures	
	Total	Operating expenditures			Capital outlay	Operating expenditures				Capital outlay
		Total	Staff	Other		Total	Staff	Other		
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
New Jersey	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
New Mexico	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North Carolina	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North Dakota	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ohio	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oklahoma	706	706	582	124	0	100.0	82.4	17.6	0.0	10.5
Oregon	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pennsylvania	1,178	1,178	618	560	0	100.0	52.5	47.5	0.0	2.4
Rhode Island	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
South Carolina	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
South Dakota	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tennessee	2,477	2,477	1,586	891	0	100.0	64.0	36.0	0.0	16.1
Texas	2,493	2,424	1,764	661	68	97.3	70.7	26.5	2.7	12.4
Utah	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vermont	435	435	174	261	0	100.0	40.0	60.0	0.0	17.6
Virginia	2,403	2,403	1,593	810	0	100.0	66.3	33.7	0.0	9.2
Washington	208	208	200	8	0	100.0	96.2	3.8	0.0	2.3
West Virginia	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wisconsin	546	546	0	546	0	100.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	3.1
Wyoming	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Notes: 1. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

2. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

3. Expenditures for allied operations were reported only if the expenditures were from the agency's budget. Two states (Alaska and Kansas) reported allied operations (table 2) that were not funded from the state library agency budget.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 26.—Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency expenditures to assist public libraries with state or national education reform initiatives, by type of initiative and state: Fiscal year 1996

State	State or national education reform initiative			State or national education reform initiative		
	Total	Readiness for school	Adult literacy and lifelong learning	Total	Readiness for school	Adult literacy and lifelong learning
50 States and DC	\$28,851	\$5,570	\$23,280	19.3	80.7	
Alabama	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Alaska	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Arizona	898	13	884	1.5	98.5	
Arkansas	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
California	6,432	2,530	3,902	39.3	60.7	
Colorado	4	0	4	0.0	100.0	
Connecticut	132	0	132	0.0	100.0	
Delaware	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
District of Columbia	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Florida	668	601	67	90.0	10.0	
Georgia	16	0	16	0.0	100.0	
Hawaii	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Idaho	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Illinois	5,954	0	5,954	0.0	100.0	
Indiana	20	0	20	0.0	100.0	
Iowa	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Kansas	24	0	24	0.0	100.0	
Kentucky	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Louisiana	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Maine	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Maryland	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Massachusetts	119	23	96	19.2	80.8	
Michigan	1,480	596	883	40.3	59.7	
Minnesota	60	50	10	83.3	16.7	
Mississippi	52	11	41	21.3	78.7	
Missouri	102	52	50	50.7	49.3	
Montana	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Nebraska	4	4	0	100.0	0.0	
Nevada	41	4	37	9.8	90.2	
New Hampshire	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26.—Amount and percentage distribution of state library agency expenditures to assist public libraries with state or national education reform initiatives, by type of initiative and state: Fiscal year 1996—Continued

State	State or national education reform initiative			State or national education reform initiative		
	Total	Readiness for school	Adult literacy and lifelong learning	Readiness for school	Adult literacy and lifelong learning	Percentage distribution
	In thousands of dollars			Percentage distribution		
New Jersey	\$150	\$0	\$150	0.0	100.0	100.0
New Mexico	700	250	450	35.7	64.3	64.3
New York	1,266	424	841	33.5	66.5	66.5
North Carolina	48	45	3	92.8	7.2	7.2
North Dakota	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ohio	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oklahoma	147	0	147	0.0	100.0	100.0
Oregon	436	384	52	88.1	11.9	11.9
Pennsylvania	112	32	80	28.6	71.4	71.4
Rhode Island	0	0	0	100.0	0.0	0.0
South Carolina	484	35	450	7.1	92.9	92.9
South Dakota	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tennessee	252	193	59	76.6	23.4	23.4
Texas	8,752	0	8,752	0.0	100.0	100.0
Utah	230	230	1	99.7	0.3	0.3
Vermont	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Virginia	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Washington	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
West Virginia	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wisconsin	269	94	174	35.0	65.0	65.0
Wyoming	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Notes: 1. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

2. Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.

Table 27.—Number and percentage distribution of combined libraries, by type and state: Fiscal year 1996

State	Combined libraries, by type				Combined libraries, by type						
	Total	Public and school	Public and academic	Academic and school	Public and school	Public and academic	Academic and school	Public, academic and school	Percentage distribution		
									Number	Percentage	Percentage
50 States and DC	175	154	16	1	88.0	9.1	0.6	2.3			
Alabama	2	1	1	0	50.0	50.0	0.0	0.0			
Alaska	21	17	4	0	81.0	19.0	0.0	0.0			
Arizona	3	3	0	0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Arkansas	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
California	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Colorado	9	7	1	1	77.8	11.1	11.1	0.0			
Connecticut	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Delaware	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
District of Columbia	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Florida	2	0	2	0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0			
Georgia	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Hawaii	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Idaho	4	4	0	0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Illinois	4	4	0	0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Indiana	1	1	0	0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Iowa	2	2	0	0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Kansas	3	3	0	0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Kentucky	1	1	0	0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Louisiana	5	5	0	0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Maine	3	2	1	0	66.7	33.3	0.0	0.0			
Maryland	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Massachusetts	2	1	0	0	50.0	0.0	0.0	50.0			
Michigan	23	23	0	0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Minnesota	1	1	0	0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Mississippi	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Missouri	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Montana	5	4	0	0	80.0	0.0	0.0	20.0			
Nebraska	1	0	1	0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0			
Nevada	9	8	1	0	88.9	11.1	0.0	0.0			
New Hampshire	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27.—Number and percentage distribution of combined libraries, by type and state: Fiscal year 1996—Continued

State	Combined libraries, by type			Percentage distribution		
	Total	Public and school	Public and academic	Public and school	Public and academic	Public, academic and school
	Number	and school	and academic	and school	and academic	and school
New Jersey	2	2	0	0	100.0	0.0
New Mexico	1	1	0	0	100.0	0.0
New York	2	2	0	0	100.0	0.0
North Carolina	4	3	1	0	75.0	25.0
North Dakota	8	8	0	0	100.0	0.0
Ohio	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
Oklahoma	3	3	0	0	100.0	0.0
Oregon	2	2	0	0	100.0	0.0
Pennsylvania	6	5	0	1	83.3	16.7
Rhode Island	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
South Carolina	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
South Dakota	9	8	1	0	88.9	11.1
Tennessee	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
Texas	12	11	0	1	91.7	8.3
Utah	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
Vermont	14	14	0	0	100.0	0.0
Virginia	1	0	1	0	0.0	100.0
Washington	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
West Virginia	2	1	1	0	50.0	50.0
Wisconsin	4	3	1	0	75.0	25.0
Wyoming	4	4	0	0	100.0	0.0

Note: Percentages may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, Fiscal Year 1996.



# Appendixes

## Appendix A—Survey Methodology

This report contains data on state library agencies in the 50 states and the District of Columbia for state fiscal year 1996. The data were collected through the State Library Agencies (STLA) Survey, FY 1996, conducted by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES). The reporting unit for the survey is the state library agency.

### Survey Software

The STLA Survey software was designed to minimize response burden and provide NCES with state-edited data requiring minimal follow-up for data quality. Respondents are alerted to questionable data during the data entry process by pop-up messages that prompt them to verify or revise the data, as appropriate. The software also produces error/warning reports of questionable data, for review and further editing, if appropriate. The survey software and user guide are provided to respondents on diskette and over the Internet. The user guide contains the instructions for using the software and a facsimile of the survey. The completed survey can be transmitted by mail or over the Internet.

### Mail-out, Editing, and Follow-up

To reduce response burden, the survey was transmitted with prior-year data for items where the data are not expected to change annually--most of Parts A through G, or about 40 percent of the survey. The respondent was requested to review the pre-entered data and update any information that had changed. All other numeric data cells were initialized with -2. The software does not permit a data file to be saved by a respondent if a -2 remains in any data cell. The survey respondent was instructed to answer -1 to any numeric item if they could not provide the data. Alpha-numeric items which are left blank indicate nonresponse (i.e., not reported or not applicable). Missing data are not imputed. A zero (0) is a reported response and indicates the STLA had none of the item.

The survey was mailed to the states in mid-October, 1996 and had a due date of January 15, 1997. The last submission was received on September 2, 1997. The Bureau of the Census was the data collection and processing agent for NCES.

Nonresponse follow-up was conducted in February, 1997, and the data were edited from February through September of 1997. After data submissions were received from all 50 states and the District of Columbia, the preliminary national file and the tables for this report were reviewed for data quality by the STLA Steering Committee, NCES, and Census. The states were contacted to request verification or correction of questionable data.

The STLA Survey software performs four types of data edit checks:

1. Relational edit checks. A data consistency check between related data elements. For example, an error message is generated if the STLA is designated as a Federal depository library but does not indicate the type of Federal depository library.
2. Out-of-range edit checks. A comparison of data reported for an item to the "acceptable range" of values. For example, an error message is generated if annual Circulation per annual Library Visits is less than 0.5.

3. Arithmetic edit checks. An arithmetic accuracy check of a reported total and its parts to the generated total. For example, an error message is generated if Total Operating Expenditures is not equal to the sum of its parts (Total Staff Expenditures, Collection Expenditures, and Other Operating Expenditures).
4. Blank/zero/invalid edit checks. A check of reported data against acceptable values. For example, an error message is generated if Book/Serial Volumes is 0 or blank.

### Survey Data Items

The survey collects data on 462 items, including governance, public service hours, number and types of service outlets, type and size of collections, library service transactions and development transactions, support of electronic information networks, allied operations, staff, and income and expenditures. Data are also collected on STLA services to public, academic, school, and special libraries, and to library systems. The data items and definitions are provided in the survey facsimile at the end of this report.

### Universe

The state library agencies in the 50 states and the District of Columbia (51 total) comprise the survey universe.

### Response Rate

**Unit Response.** The FY 1996 STLA Survey achieved a 100 percent response rate.

**Item Response.** Most items had a 100 percent response rate. The lowest response rate to any item was 80.4 percent (library visits). Survey items with less than a 100 percent response rate are listed below by response rate ranges, data item number, and name:

<u>95.0 - 99.9 percent response</u>	<u>80.4 - 84.9 percent response</u>
006 - Zip + 4 (physical location address)	114 - Library visits
011 - Zip + 4 (mailing address)	
016 - Internet (chief officer)	
021 - Internet (survey respondent)	
095 - Serial subscriptions	
096 - Government documents	
111 - Interlibrary loans received from other libraries/document delivery services	
210 - Academic and school libraries	

**Reporting Period.** The FY 1996 STLA Survey requested data for state fiscal year 1996, except for Part B—Governance and Part J—Staff data which were requested as of October 1, 1996. The fiscal year of most states is July 1 to June 30. Exceptions are New York (April 1 to March 31); Texas and Hawaii (September 1 to August 31); and Alabama, the District of Columbia, and Michigan (October 1 to September 30).

**Using the Data to Make Comparisons.** The STLA data are not imputed for item nonresponse, so state and national totals may be underestimated for some items. State comparisons should be made with caution because states may vary in their item response rates, fiscal year reporting periods, and adherence to survey definitions. The District of Columbia, while not a state, is included in the survey. Special care should be used in comparing District of Columbia data with state data.

**Appendix B—LSCA Titles I-III Federal allotments, by title  
and state: Fiscal year 1996**

State	Title I /1	Title II /2	Title III /3
50 States and DC	\$89,222,472	\$15,689,610	\$17,325,706
Alabama	1,480,549	271,603	287,704
Alaska	384,026	124,661	75,597
Arizona	1,436,919	265,757	279,263
Arkansas	944,470	199,765	184,007
California	9,740,301	1,378,473	1,885,427
Colorado	1,309,615	248,697	254,638
Connecticut	1,194,152	233,224	232,304
Delaware	414,402	128,731	81,473
District of Columbia	373,068	123,192	73,477
Florida	4,435,130	667,540	859,222
Georgia	2,341,538	386,982	454,248
Hawaii	557,735	147,939	109,198
Idaho	543,915	146,087	106,525
Illinois	3,767,069	578,014	729,996
Indiana	1,945,953	333,971	377,728
Iowa	1,058,776	215,082	206,117
Kansas	975,241	203,888	189,959
Kentucky	1,361,564	255,658	264,687
Louisiana	1,509,777	275,520	293,357
Maine	576,446	150,447	112,818
Maryland	1,719,574	303,634	333,939
Massachusetts	2,033,689	345,728	394,700
Michigan	3,082,408	486,265	597,558
Minnesota	1,586,323	285,778	308,163
Mississippi	1,010,167	208,569	196,715
Missouri	1,801,946	314,673	349,872
Montana	459,840	134,821	90,262
Nebraska	692,593	166,011	135,285
Nevada	642,258	159,266	125,548
New Hampshire	545,064	146,241	106,747
New Jersey	2,599,114	421,499	504,072
New Mexico	701,901	167,258	137,085
New York	5,714,934	839,043	1,106,781
North Carolina	2,345,939	387,572	455,100
North Dakota	393,651	125,951	77,459
Ohio	3,569,900	551,592	691,856
Oklahoma	1,188,936	232,525	231,295
Oregon	1,136,765	225,534	221,203
Pennsylvania	3,858,309	590,241	747,645
Rhode Island	502,550	140,544	98,524
South Carolina	1,312,146	249,036	255,128
South Dakota	418,898	129,334	82,343
Tennessee	1,770,864	310,508	343,860
Texas	5,778,413	847,550	1,119,060
Utah	779,124	177,607	152,023
Vermont	376,113	123,601	74,066
Virginia	2,188,613	366,489	424,667
Washington	1,821,812	317,335	353,715
West Virginia	753,046	174,112	146,978
Wisconsin	1,742,459	306,701	338,365
Wyoming	344,477	119,361	67,947

1/ Title I - Public Library Services.

2/ Title II - Public Library Construction and Technology Enhancement.

3/ Title III - Interlibrary Cooperation and Resource Sharing.

Note: This information is related to Tables 13 and 14 of this report.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, Office of Educational Research and Improvement, Library Programs.

## Appendix C—Recipients of LSCA Titles IV-VIII Income and “Other” Federal Income, by State and Type of Income Received

State	Type of Income Received
Alabama	Prior year refunds
Alaska	National Endowment for the Humanities (NEH)--Newspaper Project
Arizona	NEH--Newspaper Project
Colorado	USDOE/Multitype Library and Chapter 2, Commerce/NTIA
Connecticut	LSCA Title VI, CT Newspaper Project Catalog
Delaware	Department of Agriculture - FSCS
District of Columbia	LSCA Title VI
Florida	National Archives
Idaho	Idaho Humanities Council, NEH
Illinois	Adult Education State Literacy Resource Center
Indiana	LSCA Title VI
Michigan	NEH--US Newspaper Project
Mississippi	LSCA Title IV
Missouri	National Literacy Act
Montana	Literacy Resource Center (\$650) and NRIS-various (\$172,066)
Nevada	LSCA Title VI, National Literacy Act, NCLIS FSCS Training Grant
New Hampshire	LSCA Title VI
New York	NEH--New Netherlands and Newspaper Project
North Carolina	NEH--US Newspaper Program
Ohio	Library of Congress/Leaders Are Readers
Oklahoma	LSCA Title VI, Literacy Resource Center
Pennsylvania	VEIN, ADVANCE, NRC
Texas	National Historic Preservation and Records
Virginia	NEH Newspaper Project
West Virginia	State Department Education Grant
Wisconsin	IDEA-VIIB, IASAVI, Goals 2000, National Diffusion

Note: This information is related to Table 14 of this report.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, State Library Agencies Survey, FY 1996.

## Appendix D—Survey Facsimile

1.2 | VIEW/DATA ENTRY SCREEN - STLA SURVEY, FY96  
PART A - STATE LIBRARY AGENCY IDENTIFICATION

Pg 1

001|STLA Name \_\_\_\_\_  
-----  
Physical location address:  
002|Street \_\_\_\_\_  
003|City \_\_\_\_\_ 004|State \_\_\_\_ 005|Zip \_\_\_\_\_ 006|Zip+4 \_\_\_\_  
-----  
Mailing address:  
007|Street \_\_\_\_\_  
008|City \_\_\_\_\_ 009|State \_\_\_\_ 010|Zip \_\_\_\_\_ 011|Zip+4 \_\_\_\_  
-----  
Chief Officer of State Library Agency: | Survey Respondent:  
012|Name \_\_\_\_\_ |017|Name \_\_\_\_\_  
013|Title \_\_\_\_\_ |018|Title \_\_\_\_\_  
014|Telephone \_\_\_\_\_ |019|Telephone \_\_\_\_\_  
015|Fax \_\_\_\_\_ |020|Fax \_\_\_\_\_  
016|Internet \_\_\_\_\_ |021|Internet \_\_\_\_\_  
| \_\_\_\_\_ | \_\_\_\_\_  
-----  
REPORTING PERIOD. Report data for State fiscal year 1995-96 (except Parts B & J)  
022|FY starting date (mmddy) \_\_\_\_\_ 023|FY ending date (mmddy) \_\_\_\_\_  
-----

1.2 | VIEW/DATA ENTRY SCREEN - STLA SURVEY, FY96  
PART B - GOVERNANCE

Pg 2

1. What is the STLA's location in State government as of October 1, 1996?  
Enter <X> in item 024, 025, or 026 and follow instructions on screen.

=====  
024|\_ Judicial branch - Skip to question 2.  
-----  
025|\_ Legislative branch - Skip to question 2.  
-----  
026|\_ Executive branch - Enter <X> for item 027 or 034 and follow instructions.  
027|\_ Independent agency - Specify to whom the agency reports:  
028|\_ Governor - Skip to question 2.  
029|\_ Board/commission - Specify selection method(s):  
030|\_ Appointed by Governor  
031|\_ Appointed by other official  
032|\_ Ex-officio members  
033|\_ Elected members  
034|\_ Part of larger agency - Specify:  
035|\_ Department of education  
036|\_ Department of cultural resources  
037|\_ Department of state  
038|\_ Other agency  
039|\_ Specify \_\_\_\_\_  
=====

2. Are any of the following allied operations combined with the STLA?  
 Enter <Y>es or <N>o for each item. Do not report Library for the Blind and  
 Physically Handicapped or State Center for the Book as allied operations.

- 040|\_ State archives
- 041|\_ State legislative reference/research service
- 042|\_ State history museum/art gallery
- 043|\_ State records management service
- 044|\_ Other allied operation
- 045|\_ Specify \_\_\_\_\_

3. Does the STLA contract with a local public library or academic library to  
 serve as a state resource center or state reference/information  
 service center? Enter <Y>es or <N>o.

046|\_

4. Does the STLA host or provide any funding to a State Center for the Book?  
 Enter <Y>es or <N>o.

047|\_

5. Which of the following services are provided directly or by contract by the  
 STLA to libraries or systems? Enter <Y>es or <N>o for each service, for  
 each type of library and systems.

Services to libraries and systems	Type of library				
	Public	Academic	School	Special	Systems
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
048 Accreditation of libraries	-	-	-	-	-
049 Administration of LSCA grants	-	-	-	-	-
050 Administration of State aid	-	-	-	-	-
051 Certification of librarians	-	-	-	-	-
052 Collection of library statistics	-	-	-	-	-
053 Consulting services	-	-	-	-	-

Services to libraries and systems	Type of library				
	Public	Academic	School	Special	Systems
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
054 Continuing education programs	-	-	-	-	-
055 Cooperative purchasing of library materials	-	-	-	-	-
056 Interlibrary loan referral services	-	-	-	-	-
057 Library legislation preparation/ review	-	-	-	-	-
058 Library planning/evaluation/research	-	-	-	-	-
059 Literacy program support	-	-	-	-	-
060 OCLC Group Access Capability (GAC)	-	-	-	-	-

Services to libraries and systems	Type of library				
	Public	Academic	School	Special	Systems
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
061 Preservation/conservation services	-	-	-	-	-
062 Reference referral services	-	-	-	-	-
063 Retrospective conversion of   bibliographic records	-	-	-	-	-
064 State standards/guidelines	-	-	-	-	-
065 Statewide public relations/library   promotion campaigns	-	-	-	-	-
066 Summer reading program support	-	-	-	-	-
067 Union list development	-	-	-	-	-

6. Does the STLA support any of the following electronic networking functions at the state level? Enter <Y>es or <N>o for each item.

- 068|\_ Electronic network planning or monitoring
- 069|\_ Electronic network operation

| Database development - Specify:

- 070|\_ Bibliographic databases
- 071|\_ Full text or data files

7. Does the STLA support library access to the Internet in any of the following ways? Enter <Y>es or <N>o for each item.

- 072|\_ Training or consultation for participation
- 073|\_ Subsidy for participation
- 074|\_ Providing equipment
- 075|\_ Mounting directories, databases, or online catalogs
- 076|\_ Mounting a gopher, file servers, bulletin boards, or listservs

8. Enter the total hours open in a typical week for all STLA outlets (main or central, bookmobiles, and other outlets) that serve the general public and/or state government employees, by the following categories:

- 077| Total hours/week \_\_\_\_\_
- 078| Monday-Friday after 5:00 p.m. \_\_\_\_\_
- 079| Saturday and Sunday \_\_\_\_\_

9. On what basis are STLA outlets that serve the general public open to them? Enter <Y>es or <N>o for each item.

- 080|\_ Walk-in
- 081|\_ Referral

10. Enter the total number of STLA outlets by type, regardless of whom they serve:

- 082| Main or central outlet \_\_\_\_\_ 084| Bookmobiles \_\_\_\_\_
- 083| Other outlets, excluding bookmobiles \_\_\_\_\_ 085| TOTAL OUTLETS \_\_\_\_\_



11. Enter the number of STLA outlets that serve the following user groups, in whole or in part, by type of outlet.

User groups	Type of outlet			TOTAL OUTLETS
	Main or Central outlet	Other outlets, excluding bookmobiles	Book- mobiles	
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
086 Blind/physically handicapped individuals	___	___	___	___
087 Residents of state correctional instits	___	___	___	___
088 Residents of other state institutions	___	___	___	___
089 State government employees (executive, legislative, or judicial)	___	___	___	___
090 General public	___	___	___	___

12. Enter the total number of volumes or physical units in the following selected formats in all STLA outlets (main or central, bookmobiles, and other outlets) that serve the general public and/or state government employees.

Selected formats	Number
091 Book and serial volumes (exclude microforms)	_____
092 Audio materials	_____
093 Films	_____
094 Video materials	_____
095 Serial subscriptions (titles, not individual issues) (exclude microforms)	_____
096 Government documents (include only government documents not accessible through the library catalog and not reported elsewhere)	_____

13. Does the STLA maintain a general collection? Enter <Y>es or <N>o.

097|\_

14. Does the STLA maintain special collections (i.e., at the support, research, or comprehensive level) in any of the following subject areas?

Enter <Y>es or <N>o for each item.

- 098|\_ Agriculture
- 099|\_ Education
- 100|\_ Genealogy
- 101|\_ Law
- 102|\_ Library and information science
- 103|\_ State history
- 104|\_ Other special collection(s)
- 105|\_ Specify \_\_\_\_\_

15. Is the STLA designated as a Federal or State depository library for government documents? Enter <Y>es or <N>o for each item.

- 106|\_ State depository library
- 107|\_ Federal depository library - Specify <Y>es or <N>o for each item:
- 108|\_ Regional                      109|\_ Selective

16. Enter ANNUAL totals for the following types of service transactions in all STLA outlets (main or central, bookmobiles, and other outlets) that serve the general public and/or state government employees.

Service transactions	Number
110 Circulation (Exclude items checked out to   another library)	_____
-----	
Interlibrary loan/document delivery:	
111  Provided to other libraries	_____
112  Received from other libraries and   document delivery services	_____
113 Reference transactions	_____
114 Library visits	_____

17. Enter ANNUAL totals for the following types of library development transactions of the STLA.

Library development transactions	Number
-----	
LSCA and State grants:	
115  Grants monitored	_____
116  On-site monitoring visits	_____
-----	
Continuing education programs:	
117  Number of events	_____
118  Total attendance at events	_____

18. Enter total STLA staff in FTE's (to 2 decimal places) by position and service on the payroll as of October 1, 1996. Include unfilled but budgeted positions.

Type of service	Librarians with ALA-MLS (a)	Other profes- sionals (b)	Other paid staff (c)	TOTAL STAFF (d)
119 Administration	_____	_____	_____	_____
-----				
Library development:				
120  Public library	_____	_____	_____	_____
121  School library media center	_____	_____	_____	_____
122  Academic library	_____	_____	_____	_____
123  Special library	_____	_____	_____	_____
124  Other library development	_____	_____	_____	_____
125  TOTAL LIBRARY DEVELOPMENT	_____	_____	_____	_____

Type of service	Librarians with ALA-MLS (a)	Other profes- sionals (b)	Other paid staff (c)	TOTAL STAFF (d)
Library services				
126  Public services	_____	_____	_____	_____
127  Technical services	_____	_____	_____	_____
128  Other library services	_____	_____	_____	_____
129  TOTAL LIBRARY SERVICES	_____	_____	_____	_____
130 Other services	_____	_____	_____	_____
131 TOTAL STAFF	_____	_____	_____	_____

19. Enter the number of STLA staff in FTE'S (to 2 decimal places), by position and selected staff specialty, on the payroll as of October 1, 1996. Include unfilled but budgeted positions.

Selected staff specialty	Librarians with ALA-MLS (a)	Other profes- sionals (b)	Other paid staff (c)	TOTAL STAFF (d)
132 Administration of LSCA grants	_____	_____	_____	_____
133 Administration of State aid	_____	_____	_____	_____
134 Automation/electronic network   development	_____	_____	_____	_____
135 Blind and physically handi-   capped services	_____	_____	_____	_____

Selected staff specialty	Librarians with ALA-MLS (a)	Other profes- sionals (b)	Other paid staff (c)	TOTAL STAFF (d)
136 Children's/young adult   services	_____	_____	_____	_____
137 Institutional library   services	_____	_____	_____	_____
138 Library statistics	_____	_____	_____	_____
139 Literacy program support	_____	_____	_____	_____

20. Enter total STLA staff in FTE's (to 2 decimal places), by position, race/ethnicity, and gender, on the payroll as of October 1, 1996. Exclude unfilled but budgeted positions.

Race/ethnicity and gender	Librarians with ALA-MLS (a)	Other professionals (b)	Other paid staff (c)	TOTAL STAFF (d)
American Indian/Alaskan Native:				
140 Men				
141 Women				
Asian or Pacific Islander:				
142 Men				
143 Women				
Black, Non-Hispanic:				
144 Men				
145 Women				

Race/ethnicity and gender	Librarians with ALA-MLS (a)	Other professionals (b)	Other paid staff (c)	TOTAL STAFF (d)
Hispanic:				
146 Men				
147 Women				
White, Non-Hispanic:				
148 Men				
149 Women				
Race/ethnicity unknown:				
150 Men				
151 Women				
TOTAL STAFF:				
152 Men				
153 Women				

21. Enter total STLA income, by source and type of income. Exclude carryover funds. Include income for allied operations only if it is part of STLA budget.

Federal income	Amount
Library Services and Construction Act (LSCA):	
154  Title I - Public Library Services	
155  Title II - Public Lib Construction & Techn Enhancement	
156  Title III - Interlibrary Cooperation and Resource Sharing	
157  TOTAL LSCA TITLES I-III INCOME	
158  Other LSCA income (Titles IV-VIII): Specify <X>: 159 _IV 160 _V 161 _VI 162 _VII 163 _VIII	
164 Other Federal income:	
165  Specify program(s) and title(s):	
166 TOTAL FEDERAL INCOME	

State and other income		Amount
State Income		
167	STLA operation	_____
168	State aid to libraries	_____
169	Other State income	_____
170	TOTAL STATE INCOME	_____
171	Other income	_____
172	TOTAL INCOME	_____

22. Enter total STLA expenditures, by source and type of expenditure. Include all LSCA expenditures (Titles I-VIII). Include expenditures for allied operations only if the expenditures are from the STLA budget.

Operating expenditures	Amount by source			
	Federal (a)	State (b)	Other (c)	TOTAL (d)
173 Salaries and wages	_____	_____	_____	_____
174 Employee benefits	_____	_____	_____	_____
175 TOTAL STAFF EXPENDITURES	_____	_____	_____	_____
176 Collection expenditures	_____	_____	_____	_____
177 Other operating expenditures	_____	_____	_____	_____
178 TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES	_____	_____	_____	_____

Aid to libraries	Amount by source			
	Federal (a)	State (b)	Other (c)	TOTAL (d)
179 Individual public libraries	_____	_____	_____	_____
180 Public library systems	_____	_____	_____	_____
181 Other individual libraries	_____	_____	_____	_____
182 Multitype library systems	_____	_____	_____	_____
183 Single agency or library providing statewide service	_____	_____	_____	_____
184 Library construction	_____	_____	_____	_____
185 Other aid to libraries	_____	_____	_____	_____
186 TOTAL AID TO LIBRARIES	_____	_____	_____	_____

Other expenditures	Amount by source			
	Federal (a)	State (b)	Other (c)	TOTAL (d)
187 Capital outlay	_____	_____	_____	_____
188 Other expenditures	_____	_____	_____	_____
189 TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_____	_____	_____	_____

23. Enter LSCA Titles I, II, and III expenditures, by type of expenditure. These expenditures should also be reported in Part L.

LSCA Title I expenditures	Amount
190 Statewide services	_____
191 Grants	_____
192 LSCA administration	_____
193 TOTAL LSCA TITLE I EXPENDITURES	_____

LSCA TITLE II expenditures	Amount
194 Grants	_____
195 LSCA administration	_____
196 TOTAL LSCA TITLE II EXPENDITURES	_____

LSCA TITLE III expenditures	Amount
197 Statewide services	_____
198 Grants	_____
199 TOTAL LSCA TITLE III EXPENDITURES	_____
200 TOTAL LSCA TITLES I-III EXPENDITURES	_____

24. Enter total expenditures from the STLA budget for the allied operations listed in Part C. These expenditures should also be reported in Part L.

	Amount
Operating expenditures	
201  Total staff expenditures	_____
202  Other operating expenditures	_____
203  TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES	_____
204 Capital outlay	_____
205 TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_____

25. Enter total grants and contracts expenditures by the STLA to assist public libraries in responding to the National Education Goals or a state education reform initiative in the following areas:| Amount

206|Readiness for school | \_\_\_\_\_

207|Adult literacy and lifelong learning | \_\_\_\_\_

26. Enter the number of combined libraries in your state by the following types:| Number

208|Public and school | \_\_\_\_\_

209|Public and academic | \_\_\_\_\_

210|Academic and school | \_\_\_\_\_

211|Public, academic, and school (exclude combinations above) | \_\_\_\_\_

A State Library Agency (STLA) is the official agency of a State charged by law of that State with the extension and development of public library services throughout the State, which has adequate authority under law of the State to administer State plans in accordance with the provisions of the Library Services and Construction Act (LSCA). State Library Agency is abbreviated throughout this survey as STLA.

#### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

1. Respond to each item in this survey. Read the definitions and/or instructions for the item before responding to it.
2. Before responding to any items in a question, read the note (if any) following the question in the survey instructions.
3. All data in this survey, INCLUDING federal fiscal data, are to be reported on the basis of State fiscal year 1995-96, as specified in items 022 and 023. EXCEPTION: Data in Part B and Part J are requested as of October 1, 1996.
4. In responding to items, include data for all outlets of the STLA, unless otherwise directed. EXCLUDE data for a local public or academic library serving as a State resource center or State reference/information service center under contract with the STLA.
5. The survey is forwarded with -2's in numeric data cells. The respondent must replace all -2's with one of the following responses before returning the survey:
  - (a) a value greater than 0 if appropriate. If exact data do not exist, and a good estimate can be given, please do so;
  - (b) 0 (zero) if the answer is zero or none; or
  - (c) -1 if your STLA has the item but does not collect data on the item, or if you don't know the answer.

#### SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

##### PART A. STATE LIBRARY AGENCY IDENTIFICATION

- Item  
001 STLA name. Enter the full official name of the STLA.  
Physical Location Address
- 002- Enter the address of the physical location of the STLA. Include the  
006 street address, city, State, Zip Code, and Zip + 4.  
Mailing Address
- 007- Enter the mailing address of the STLA. Include the street address  
011 or post office box, city, State, Zip code, and Zip + 4.  
Chief Officer of STLA
- 012- Enter the name, title, telephone number, fax number, and Internet  
016 address of the chief officer of the STLA. Add ".bitnet" to the  
end of a Bitnet address to convert it into an Internet address.  
Survey Respondent
- 017- Enter the name, title, telephone number, fax number, and Internet  
021 address of the respondent to this survey. Add ".bitnet" to the  
end of a Bitnet address to convert it into an Internet address.



Reporting Period

- 22- Fiscal year starting and ending dates. Enter the starting and  
023 ending dates for State fiscal year 1995-96, which is the period for  
which data in this report are requested (except Part B and Part J data).  
Enter the month, day, and year in two digits each. For example:  
June 30, 1996 would be entered as 06/30/96.

PART B. GOVERNANCE

1. Enter <X> as appropriate to specify the STLA's location in State  
government as of October 1, 1996.
- 024- Branches of government. Enter <X> for item 024, 025, or 026 to  
026 indicate the branch of government in which the STLA is located.
- 027- Type of agency, who the STLA reports to, and method(s) of selection  
038 of State Library Agency board or commission. If the STLA is  
located in the executive branch, enter <X> for item 027 or 034 to  
indicate if the STLA is an independent agency or part of a larger  
agency. Also enter <X> in appropriate boxes under one of these  
items.
- 039 Specify. If the STLA is part of a larger agency that is not listed  
in items 035-037, enter the name of the agency in this item.

PART C. ALLIED OPERATIONS, STATE RESOURCE OR  
REFERENCE/INFORMATION SERVICE CENTER, AND STATE CENTER FOR THE BOOK

2. Enter <Y>es or <N>o for each item to indicate whether the STLA is  
combined with any of the allied operations listed below. Do not report  
Library for the Blind and Physically Handicapped or State  
Center for the Book as allied operations.
- 040 State archives. This operation is responsible for preserving and  
servicing noncurrent official records of State organizations and  
institutions that are of continuing value (1) to the legal and  
administrative functioning of State government, (2) for the  
verification and protection of the rights of individuals, and (3)  
for historical and other research. It usually includes records of  
antecedent colonial and territorial governments. Materials are  
stored, arranged, and described so that needed records can be found  
readily.
- 041 State legislative reference/research service. This operation  
gathers, digests, and analyzes information in a close and  
confidential relationship with members of the State legislature.  
Such service may include providing quick information service in  
person and via telecommunication, conducting extensive bibliographic  
searches, providing guidance and assistance to legislative staff  
conducting research, and preparing material for reports.
- 042 State history museum/art gallery. This operation collects,  
preserves, and displays cultural artifacts and/or works of art  
related to the State's political, social, economic, and cultural  
history.
- 043 State records management service. This operation manages the life  
cycle of the State's own records and records of local government  
from creation to disposition. Disposition includes the preservation  
of certain records as well as the disposal of nonessential records.
- 044 Other allied operation. If any other operations are allied with the  
STLA, enter <Y>es for this item.
- 045 Specify. If any other operations are allied with the STLA, enter  
the name of the operation in this item.

3. Enter <Y>es or <N>o to indicate whether the STLA contracts with a local public library or academic library to serve as a State resource center or State reference/information service center.
- 046 State resource center or State reference/information service center.
4. Enter <Y>es or <N>o to indicate whether the STLA is the host institution for, or provides any funding to, a State Center for the Book.
- 047 State Center for the Book. The State Center for the Book is part of the Center for the Book program sponsored by the Library of Congress which promotes books, reading, and literacy, and is hosted or funded by the State.

#### PART D. SERVICES TO LIBRARIES AND SYSTEMS

5. Indicate which of the specified services are provided directly or by contract by the STLA to different types of libraries or systems. Enter <Y>es or <N>o for each service, for each type of library and systems.

##### Type of Library

**Academic Library.** A library forming an integral part of a college, university, or other academic institution for postsecondary education, organized and administered to meet the needs of students, faculty, and affiliated staff of the institution.

**Public Library.** A library that serves all residents of a given community, district, or region, and (typically) receives its financial support, in whole or part, from public funds.

**School Library Media Center.** A library that is an integral part of the educational program of an elementary or secondary school with materials and services that meet the curricular, information, and recreational needs of students, teachers, and administrators.

**Special Library.** A library in a business firm, professional association, government agency, or other organized group; a library that is maintained by a parent organization to serve a specialized clientele; or an independent library that may provide materials or services, or both, to the public, a segment of the public, or to other libraries. Scope of collections and services are limited to the subject interests of the host or parent institution. Includes libraries in State institutions.

**System.** A system is a group of autonomous libraries joined together by formal or informal agreements to perform various services cooperatively such as resource sharing, communications, etc. Includes multitype library systems and public library systems. Excludes multiple outlets under the same administration.

##### Services to Libraries and Systems

- 048 Accreditation of libraries. The STLA may endorse or approve officially libraries which meet criteria specified by the State.
- 049 Administration of LSCA grants. Includes determining compliance with eligibility criteria and performance standards, overseeing processes through which grant recipients are determined, announcing grant recipients and disbursing funds, monitoring and receiving reports from grant recipients, submitting plans and reports to Library Programs, and other activities involved in the management of financial assistance provided by the federal government to libraries under the Library Services and Construction Act.

- 050 Administration of State aid. Includes determining compliance with eligibility criteria and performance standards, overseeing processes through which grant recipients are determined, announcing grant recipients and disbursing funds, monitoring and receiving reports from grant recipients, and other activities involved in the management of financial assistance provided by the State to libraries.
- 051 Certification of librarians. The STLA may credential library staff with the rank or title of librarian by attesting officially to their qualifications. These qualifications may include a master's degree from a graduate program accredited by the American Library Association, another level or type of educational attainment, confirmation of participation in continuing education activities, and/or residency in the State for a specified period.
- 052 Collection of library statistics. Every STLA collects statistics on public libraries and participates in the Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data. Many STLA's collect statistics on institutional and other special libraries. Some STLA's assist in the collection of academic library statistics for the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS). A few STLA's collect statistics on school library media centers. These data collections usually involve the design and administration of survey instruments as well as data entry and processing and report design and dissemination.
- 053 Consulting services. Individual or small-group contacts to help libraries to attain goals and objectives and to deal with specific needs and problems. Consultants provide guidance on problems of concern to local personnel, assistance in identifying problems not clearly recognized, and identification of opportunities for increased or improved performance to specific groups.
- 054 Continuing education programs. Includes staff development events for library personnel at all levels as well as training events for trustees and other State and local government officials who have authority over or responsibility for libraries.
- 055 Cooperative purchasing of library materials. Two or more independent libraries of any type engaging in joint activities related to purchasing materials, together with the maintenance of the necessary records of these additions. Also included are joint activities related to the identification and verification of titles, fund accounting, processing payments, and claims.
- 056 Interlibrary loan referral services. Activities involving bibliographic service centers or utilities, regional systems (federations or cooperatives), consortia, and resource centers, such as identifying libraries believed to own requested materials and/or transmitting interlibrary loan requests in accordance with established protocols or prevailing practices.
- 057 Library legislation preparation/review. Minimally, addresses the governance and financing of the STLA, public library service, and library service to blind and physically handicapped persons and residents of State institutions. It usually permits the types of public library structures, such as municipal, countywide, regional, federated, cooperative, and contractual agreements. It may also provide mandates for STLA functions, other types of libraries (e.g., academic, school), and multitype cooperation.
- 058 Library planning/evaluation/research. Activities involved in designing and assessing library programs and services and studying issues facing libraries. Examples: the PLA planning and role-setting process for public libraries, the TELL IT! evaluation process.

- 059 Literacy program support. Organized efforts to assist individuals with limited language and mathematical skills in developing skills in reading, writing, and computation that enable them to function in society without assistance from others.
- 060 OCLC Group Access Capability (GAC). Use of the Online Computer Library Center (OCLC) system, originally the Ohio College Library Center, by a group of libraries for resource sharing and interlibrary lending (ILL). Group Access Capability (GAC) related activities may include coordinating group profiling, establishing group policies, coordinating ILL protocols within the group, and referring requests outside of a GAC group.
- 061 Preservation/conservation services. Specific measures undertaken for the repair, maintenance, restoration, or protection of library materials, including but not limited to binding and rebinding, materials conversion (to microform for example), deacidification, and lamination.
- 062 Reference referral services. Provision of information about or from groups or organizations. A reference referral transaction involves the provision of information about a group or organization and its activities, services or agencies, and calendar. Such a transaction typically requires the determination of the user's need and the appropriate group or organization to meet the need. Such a transaction may require directing the user to persons or organizations external to the library for an answer to a question.
- 063 Retrospective conversion of bibliographic records. Retrospective conversion involves changing bibliographic records from one format, usually cards, to machine-readable form in order to produce or make additions to an automated catalog.
- 064 State standards/guidelines. The STLA may promulgate standards or guidelines that define adequacy, equity, and/or excellence in library service. Standards or guidelines may be quantitative, qualitative, or both. Maintaining standards or following guidelines may be a requirement for receiving State aid and/or LSCA grants.
- 065 Statewide public relations/library promotion campaigns. A concerted public relations program usually organized around a particular theme or issue, with specific objectives, and using a variety of techniques in concert (e.g., press releases, events, publications, exhibits).
- 066 Summer reading program support. A particular kind of Statewide public relations and library promotion campaign designed to encourage reading by children between school years. The usual purpose of such programs is to maintain or improve the reading skills of children between school years.
- 067 Union list development. A union list is a list of titles of works, usually periodicals, in physically separate library collections. Location data indicate libraries in which a given item may be found.

#### PART E. ELECTRONIC INFORMATION NETWORKS

6. Enter <Y>es or <N>o for each item to indicate whether the STLA supports the specified electronic networking functions at the State level.

Note: A State-level electronic information network involves the wide-area use of telecommunications to link libraries via micro-computers or terminals to automated library systems. The network may include online public access catalogs and other library applications; locally mounted or online databases (bibliographic, full text, or data); bibliographic utilities; and other information resources. Access to such networks may be via modem (i.e., dial access) or dedicated lines (i.e., hard-wired). Such a network may or may not be connected to the Internet.

- 068 Electronic network planning or monitoring. Includes drafting Statewide plans, requests for proposals, and contracts and monitoring contracts for network development.
- 069 Electronic network operation. Includes acquiring, maintaining, or replacing substantial technological equipment necessary to provide access to information in electronic and other formats made possible by new information and communication technologies. May include hosting or sharing a mainframe, minicomputer, or file server, or facilitating reciprocal borrowing agreements and document delivery systems necessary to fully exploit such a network. Such a network may or may not be connected to the Internet.

#### Database Development

Note: Activities may include creation of new databases or conversion of existing databases into electronic format. Includes bibliographic databases as well as full text or data files.

- 070 Bibliographic databases. Includes machine-readable catalog records, other electronic indexes, and other databases which contain only references to or condensed surrogates for original materials.
- 071 Full text or data files. Full text files are files in which the information consists of the content of one or more complete intellectual products initially expressed primarily through the written word. Data files report the content of one or more complete intellectual products expressed primarily with numbers.
7. Enter <Y>es or <N>o for each item to indicate whether the STLA supports library access to the Internet in the specified ways.

Note: The Internet is the global network of networks that, via a standardized addressing system and a common primary command structure, enables individuals and organizations to communicate via electronic mail, to access a host of online databases and other electronic information resources, and to transfer files electronically.

- 072 Training or consulting for participation. Includes all activities that facilitate Internet awareness and use by actual or potential Internet users whether formal, large group events or assistance to individuals and small groups.
- 073 Subsidy for participation. Includes any grants of State, federal, and/or other STLA funds to libraries or related organizations that facilitate (1) establishing Internet accounts for library-related individuals or organizations; (2) acquiring computer hardware, software, or peripherals necessary for Internet access; and (3) training or consulting with actual and potential Internet users.
- 074 Providing equipment. Includes computer hardware, software, and peripherals necessary for Internet access. Critical types of equipment, beyond basic hardware and operating system software, include modems and telecommunications software.
- 075 Mounting directories, databases, or online catalogs. Includes the addition of bibliographic or other locator files as well as full text or data files to those available via the Internet.
- 076 Managing a gopher, file servers, bulletin boards, or listservs. Includes the development and maintenance of Internet menu systems, operation of equipment that provides Internet access to multiple files, or posting of electronic messages via the Internet.

PART F. PUBLIC SERVICE HOURS, OUTLETS, AND USER GROUPS

8. Enter in the spaces provided the total hours open in a typical week for all STLA outlets (main or central, bookmobiles, and other outlets) that serve the general public and/or State government employees, by the specified categories.

Note: Main or central outlet, bookmobiles, and other outlets (excluding bookmobiles) are defined in the instructions to question 10. Report public service hours for all STLA outlets that serve the general public, regardless of whether they are open on a walk-in or referral basis. Exclude data for a local public or academic library serving as a State resource center or State reference/information service center under contract with the STLA. Exclude service hours for outlets that only serve blind and physically handicapped individuals through the National Library Service for the Blind and Physically Handicapped, Library of Congress. Also exclude service hours for outlets that only serve residents of State correctional institutions or residents of other State institutions. Do not report data for non-STLA outlets, even though the STLA may provide funding or services to such outlets.

A "typical week" is a time that is neither unusually busy nor unusually slow. Avoid holidays, vacation periods, days when unusual events are taking place in the community or in the library. Choose a week in which the library is open its regular hours. Include seven consecutive calendar days from Sunday through Saturday or whenever the library is usually open.

- 077 Total hours/week. Sum of hours open during a typical week for all outlets (main or central, bookmobiles, and other outlets).
- 078 Monday-Friday after 5:00 p.m. Sum of hours open after 5:00 p.m. Monday through Friday during a typical week for all outlets (main or central, bookmobiles, and other outlets).
- 079 Saturday and Sunday. Sum of hours open on Saturday and Sunday during a typical week for all outlets (main or central, bookmobiles, and other outlets).
9. Enter <Y>es or <N>o for each item to indicate whether STLA outlets open to the general public are open on a walk-in basis, a referral basis, or both.
- 080 Walk-in. STLA outlets that are open to the general public on a walk-in basis (i.e., without the need for referral).
- 081 Referral. STLA outlets that are open to the general public on a referral basis (i.e., not always accessible on a walk-in basis).
10. Enter in the spaces provided the total number of STLA outlets, by type of outlet. Report all STLA outlets regardless of whom they serve.

- 082 Main or central outlet. A single unit library or the unit where the principal collections are located and handled.

Note: An STLA administrative center which is separate from the principal collections and is not open to users should not be included as an outlet.

- 083 Other outlets (excluding bookmobiles). Units that have all of the following: (1) separate quarters; (2) a permanent basic collection of books and/or other materials; (3) a permanent paid staff; and 4) a regular schedule of hours open to users.
- 084 Bookmobiles. Trucks or vans specially equipped to carry books and other library materials. They serve as travelling branch libraries. Count vehicles in use, rather than the number of stops each vehicle makes.



- 085 Total outlets. Sum of items 082-084.
11. Enter in the spaces provided the number of STLA outlets that serve the following user groups, in whole or in part, by type of outlet and user group.
- Note: Main or central outlet, bookmobiles, and other outlets (excluding bookmobiles) are defined in the instructions to question 10.
- 086 Blind and physically handicapped individuals. Outlets serving this user group may contain talking books on discs and tapes and books in Braille made available from the National Library Service for the Blind and Physically Handicapped, Library of Congress. In addition, such outlets may contain large print books for the visually handicapped and captioned films for the deaf. These outlets provide such library materials and library services to blind or physically handicapped residents who have been certified by competent authority as unable to read or to use conventional printed materials as a result of physical limitations.
- 087 Residents of State correctional institutions. Outlets serving this user group provide books, other library materials, and access to other information resources as well as other library services to residents of prisons, reformatories, and other correctional institutions operated or substantially supported by the State.
- 088 Residents of other State institutions. Outlets serving this user group provide books, other library materials, and access to other information resources as well as other library services to patients or residents of residential training schools, hospitals, nursing homes, and other general or special institutions operated or substantially supported by the State.
- 089 State government employees (executive, legislative, or judicial). Outlets serving this user group provide books, other library materials, and access to other information resources as well as other library services to employees of all branches of State government.
- 090 General public. Report all STLA outlets that serve the general public, regardless of whether they are open on a walk-in or referral basis. Outlets serving this user group function as the State-level equivalent of a local public library, providing books, other library materials, and electronic access to locally mounted and remote information resources for all State residents.

#### PART G. COLLECTIONS

12. Enter in the spaces provided the total number of volumes or physical units in the specified formats in all STLA outlets (main or central, bookmobiles, and other outlets) that serve the general public and/or State government employees.
- Note: Main or central outlet, bookmobiles, and other outlets (excluding bookmobiles) are defined in the instructions to question 10. Report collections for all STLA outlets that serve the general public, regardless of whether they are open on a walk-in or referral basis. Exclude data for a local public or academic library serving as a State resource center or State reference/information service center under contract with the STLA. Exclude collections of braille and talking books owned by the National Library Service for the Blind and Physically Handicapped, Library of Congress. Also exclude collections that are specifically intended to only serve residents of State correctional institutions or residents of other State institutions.
- 091 Book and serial volumes (exclude microforms). Books are non-periodical printed publications bound in hard or soft covers, or

in loose-leaf format, of at least 49 pages, exclusive of the cover pages; or juvenile non-periodical publications of any length bound in hard or soft covers. Serials are publications issued in successive parts, usually at regular intervals, and as a rule, intended to be continued indefinitely. Serials include periodicals (magazines), newspapers, annuals (reports, yearbooks, etc.) memoirs, proceedings, and transactions of societies. Except for the current volume, count unbounded serials as volumes when the library has at least half of the issues in a publisher's volume.

- 092 Audio materials. These are materials on which sounds (only) are stored (recorded) and that can be reproduced (played back) mechanically or electronically, or both. Included are records, audiocassettes, audio cartridges, audiodiscs, audioreels, talking books, and other sound recordings.
- 093 Films. The term film is used interchangeably with "motion picture" which is a length of film with or without recorded sound, bearing a sequence of still images that create the illusion of movement when projected in rapid successions (usually 18 or 24 frames per second). Motion pictures are produced in a variety of sizes (8, super 8, 16, 35, 55, and 70 mm) and in a variety of forms (cartridge, cassette, loop, and reel).
- 094 Video materials. These are materials on which pictures, sound, or both are recorded. Electronic playback reproduces pictures, sounds, or both using a television receiver or monitor.
- 095 Serial subscriptions (titles, not individual issues) (exclude microforms). These include subscriptions received, both purchased and gifts. This count does not include the number of individual issues, but rather each serial title. Report the total number of titles subscribed to, including duplicates. Do not report individual issues.
- 096 Government documents (include only government documents not accessible through the library catalog and not reported elsewhere). For government documents not accessible through the library catalog and not reported on other lines, report the number of volumes or physical units of such materials in all formats. A government document is a publication in any format bearing a government imprint. Includes publications of federal, State, local, and foreign governments and intergovernmental organizations to which governments belong and appoint representatives (e.g., United Nations, Organization of American States).
13. Enter <Y>es or <N>o for this item to indicate whether the STLA maintains a general collection (fiction and/or nonfiction).
- 097 General collection.
14. Enter <Y>es or <N>o for each item to indicate whether the STLA maintains a special collection (i.e., at the support, research, or comprehensive level of collection development) in a subject area.

Note: The American Library Association and the Association of Research Libraries' North American Collections Inventory Project identifies five levels of collection development. A special collection is a group of materials in a subject area that are selected and maintained at the support, research, or comprehensive level. Do not report collections selected and maintained at the basic level or minimal level as special. The five collection levels are defined below.

#### Collection Levels

Comprehensive level. A collection in which a library endeavors, so far as is reasonably possible, to include all significant works of recorded knowledge (publications, manuscripts, periodicals, other



forms) for a necessarily defined field. The aim, if not the achievement, is exhaustiveness.

Research level. A collection which includes the major source materials required for governmental, professional, and independent research, including seminal works, materials containing research reporting, new findings, scientific experimental results, and other information useful to researchers. It includes all important reference works, a wide selection of specialized monographs, as well as a very extensive collection of journals and major indexing and abstracting services in the field.

Support level. A collection intended to support legislative and governmental interests and programs, network responsibilities, and sustained independent study. It is adequate to maintain knowledge of a subject required for limited or generalized purposes of less than research intensity. It includes a wide range of basic monographs, complete of the works of primary writers, selections from the works of secondary or controversial writers, a selection of representative journals, and the reference tools and fundamental bibliographical works pertaining to the subject.

Basic level. A collection of materials which will introduce and define a subject and indicate the varieties of information available elsewhere. It may include major dictionaries and encyclopedias, selected editions of important works, general surveys, important bibliographies, handbooks, and a few major periodicals. A collection developed at this level is not sufficiently intense to support government programs or independent study in the subject area involved. It may, however, include strong retrospective holdings in subject areas that were, at one time, a higher priority of the STLA.

Minimal level. A subject area in which few selections are made beyond very basic works.

#### Subject Areas

- 098 Agriculture. Materials on general agriculture, including farming and land management; plant culture, including botany, horticulture, landscaping, and gardening; forestry; animal culture, including wildlife, livestock, pets, and veterinary medicine; aquaculture, including fishing and fisheries; and hunting.
- 099 Education. Materials related to the theory and practice of education from early childhood education through higher education; special aspects of education, including its forms, social aspects, and types; individual institutions and institutional organs; and textbooks.
- 100 Genealogy. Primary and secondary materials adequate to study and document historical family relationships. Includes records of vital statistics, such as births, marriages, deaths; publications documenting established family trees, pedigrees, and lineages; family histories and biographies; and materials on heraldry. Such a collection may focus on the State, a region, the entire United States, or the world.
- 101 Law. Primary and secondary materials of the State itself including constitutions, codes and statutes, session laws, and other legislative documents and materials; court reports and rules, appellate court records and briefs, opinions of the attorney general; decisions, rules, and regulations of administrative agencies and tribunals; digests and encyclopedias; citators, indexes, local treatises, and practice books; publications of law schools and bar associations; and primary materials of local governments under the State's jurisdiction. Similar materials that are regional or local in scope may also be collected.
- 102 Library and information science. Primary and secondary materials related to the study of librarians, librarianship, and library

collections, services, programs, and facilities; information specialists and information centers; books, non-print formats, and electronic sources of information; bibliography, copyright, and censorship and intellectual freedom; and histories, statistics, and other reports on individual libraries and groups of libraries.

- 103 State history. Materials bearing upon the political, social, economic, and cultural history of the State and its antecedent colonial and territorial governments. Related regional and local materials may also be included. May include printed histories; maps; pamphlets, broadsides, and programs; pictures; newspapers and periodicals; speeches and sermons; biographies, journals, diaries, letters and other personal papers, and private manuscripts; and books by State authors. Such a collection is usually kept up-to-date through the inclusion of historical narrative and statistical information relative to the present time.
- 104 Other special collections. If the STLA has a special collection in any other subject area, enter <Y>es for this item.
- 105 Specify. If response to item 104 is <Y>es, identify the subject area(s) in this item.
15. Enter <Y>es or <N>o for each item (106-109) to indicate whether the STLA is designated as a federal or State depository library for government documents, and whether it is a regional or selective federal depository.

Note: A government document is a publication in any format bearing a government imprint. Includes publications of federal, State, local, and foreign governments and intergovernmental organizations to which governments belong and appoint representatives (e.g., United Nations, Organization of American States).

- 106 State depository library. A library officially designated as a depository of publications bearing the imprint of the State government.
- 107 Federal depository library. A library officially designated as a depository of publications bearing the imprint of the federal government. These libraries receive publications issued by the executive, judicial, and the legislative branches at no charge in exchange for providing free public access. Enter <Y>es or <N>o to items 108 and 109 to indicate if the STLA is a regional or selective depository.
- 108 Regional. Regional depositories receive one copy of all materials distributed by the federal government.
- 109 Selective. Selective depositories receive only those materials they select.

#### PART H. LIBRARY SERVICE TRANSACTIONS

16. Enter in the spaces provided ANNUAL totals for the specified types of service transactions for all STLA outlets (main or central, bookmobiles, and other outlets) that serve the general public and/or State government employees.

Note: Main or central outlet, bookmobiles, and other outlets (excluding bookmobiles) are defined in the instructions to question 10. Report library service transactions for all STLA outlets that serve the general public, regardless of whether they are open on a walk-in or referral basis. Exclude data for a local public or academic library serving as a State resource center or State reference/information service center under contract with the STLA. Exclude service transactions for outlets or outlet service points that only serve blind and physically handicapped individuals through the National Library Service for the Blind and Physically Handicapped, Library of Congress. Also exclude service transactions for outlets that only serve residents of State correctional institutions or other State institutions.

- 110 Circulation (Exclude items checked out to another library). These are transactions that involve lending an item from the State Library collection or borrowed from another library for use generally, although not always, outside the library. This activity includes charging materials manually or electronically. Also report each renewal as a circulation transaction. Exclude items checked out to another library.
- Interlibrary Loan/Document Delivery
- 111 Provided to other libraries. These are library materials, or copies of materials, loaned from the STLA collection to another library upon request. Do not include loans or copies of materials from one STLA outlet to another STLA outlet.
- 112 Received from other libraries and document delivery services. These are library materials, or copies of materials, borrowed by the STLA from another library or obtained by the STLA from a commercial document delivery service. Do not include loans or copies of materials from one STLA outlet to another STLA outlet.
- 113 Reference transactions. A reference transaction is an information contact which involves the knowledge, use, recommendations, interpretation or instruction in the use of one or more information sources by a member of the STLA staff. The term includes information and referral service. Information sources include printed and nonprinted materials, machine-readable databases (including computer- assisted instruction), catalogs and other records of holdings, and, through communication or referral, other libraries, and institutions and persons both inside and outside the library. When a staff member utilizes information gained from previous use of information sources to answer a question, report as a reference transaction even if the source is not consulted again during the transaction. If necessary, multiply a typical week by 52. Exclude directional transactions. (See definition of typical week in question 8.)
- 114 Library visits. This is the total number of persons per year entering STLA outlets, including persons attending activities, meetings, and those persons requiring no staff services. If necessary, multiply a typical week by 52. A "typical week" is defined in the instructions to question 8.

#### PART I. LIBRARY DEVELOPMENT TRANSACTIONS

17. Enter in the spaces provided ANNUAL totals for the specified types of library development transactions of the STLA.
- LSCA and State Grants
- 115 Grants monitored. Report the total annual number of LSCA and State grants monitored by the STLA. Count all grants monitored during the reporting period, regardless of their duration or the year in which they were awarded.
- 116 On-site monitoring visits. Report the total annual number of visits made to monitor LSCA and State grant sites. Count site visits for all grants administered during the reporting period, regardless of their duration or the year in which they were awarded.
- Continuing Education Programs
- 117 Number of events. Report the total annual number of continuing education events for which the STLA either (1) provides presenters or (2) provides funding and planning input. Do not count events for which the STLA is only a nominal sponsor or for which it provides funding but no planning input.
- 118 Total attendance at events. Report the total annual attendance at continuing education events reported in item 117.

PART J. STAFF

18. Enter in the spaces provided the total number of STLA staff in FTE's (full-time equivalents) (to two decimal places), by type of position and service. Report all staff on the payroll as of October 1, 1996, and unfilled but budgeted positions.

Note: Forty hours per week is the measure of full-time employment for this survey. FTE's (full-time equivalents) of employees in any category may be computed by taking the number of hours worked per week by all employees in that category and dividing it by 40. Report staff based on the STLA organization chart. A given position (e.g., State Data Coordinator) may be part of administration in one agency, library development in another, and library services in another agency. If an employee provides more than one service, allocate the FTE among appropriate categories.

Type of Position

- (a) Librarians with ALA-MLS. These are paid librarians with Master of Library Science degrees from programs accredited by the American Library Association.
- (b) Other professionals. These are professionals other than ALA-MLS librarians employed by the STLA.
- (c) Other paid staff. This includes all other employees paid from the STLA budget, including plant operations, security, and maintenance staff.
- (d) Total staff. Sum of columns (a), (b), and (c) for each item.

Type of Service

- 119 Administration. Usually includes the chief officer of the STLA and his or her immediate staff. May include officers responsible for the STLA's fiscal affairs; public relations; and planning, evaluation, and research.

Library Development

Note: Usually includes staff responsible for the development of public library services. May include staff responsible for administering State and LSCA grant programs; providing consulting and continuing education services; and promoting resource sharing and other forms of interlibrary cooperation. (See instructions to question 5 for definitions of types of libraries.)

- 120 Public library. Staff who provide consulting, continuing education, and other services to public libraries.
- 121 School library media center. Staff who provide consulting, continuing education, and other services to school library media centers.
- 122 Academic library. Staff who provide consulting, continuing education, and other services to academic libraries.
- 123 Special library. Staff who provide consulting, continuing education, and other services to special libraries.
- 124 Other library development. Includes library development staff not reported in items 120-123.
- 125 Total library development. Sum of items 120-124.

Library Services

Note: Staff responsible for providing library service from the STLA. Includes public, technical, and other services.

- 126 Public services. Includes circulation; reference/adult and children's/ young adult services; government publications; and interlibrary loan.

Circulation staff are those involved in lending items from the STLA collection for use generally (although not always) outside the library. Their activities include charging, renewals, books-by-mail, and delivering items directly to the user.

Reference/adult and children's/young adult services staff are those who use, recommend, interpret, or instruct library users in the use of one or more information sources, or provide knowledge of such sources from a member of the STLA staff.

Government publications staff are those responsible for materials published in any format by a government agency (e.g., publications of the federal, State, local, and foreign governments and of inter-governmental organizations to which governments belong and appoint representatives, such as the United Nations and the Organization of American States).

Interlibrary loan staff are those responsible for transactions in which library material, or a copy of the material (including materials sent by telefacsimile or other form of electronic transmission) is made available by one library to another upon request. It includes both lending and borrowing. The libraries involved in interlibrary loan are not under the same administration. Interlibrary loan also includes transactions for materials obtained through the interlibrary loan process that are supplied from non-library sources, such as commercial document delivery services.

- 127 Technical services. Includes those activities related to the acquisition, organization, and preparation of materials. Included in this category are acquisition services, cataloging services, serials control, binding services, and computer services in support of these functions.
- 128 Other library services. Includes library services staff not reported in items 126-127.
- 129 Total library services. Sum of items 126-128.
- 130 Other services. Includes staff not reported in items 119-129.
- 131 Total staff. Sum of items 119, 125, 129, and 130.
19. Enter in the spaces provided the number of STLA staff in FTE's (full-time equivalents) (to two decimal places), by type of position and selected staff specialty. Report specified staff on the payroll as of October 1, 1996, and unfilled but budgeted positions.
- Note: See definitions of types of positions and FTE's in instructions to question 18. If an employee serves in more than one specialty, allocate the FTE among appropriate categories.
- 132 Administration of LSCA grants. Includes determining compliance with eligibility criteria and performance standards, overseeing processes through which recipients of LSCA funds are determined, announcing recipients and disbursing funds, monitoring and receiving reports from recipients, submitting plans and reports to Library Programs, and other activities involved in the management of financial assistance provided by the federal government to libraries under the Library Services and Construction Act.
- 133 Administration of State aid. Includes determining compliance with eligibility criteria and performance standards, overseeing processes through which recipients of State funds are determined, announcing recipients and disbursing funds, monitoring and receiving reports from recipients, and other activities involved in the management of funds provided by the State to libraries.
- 134 Automation/electronic network development. Includes any activities described in Part E. Also includes consulting, continuing education, and other services that facilitate library automation and network participation. Includes telecommunications planning and development.

- 135 Blind and physically handicapped services. Library services to individuals who have been certified by competent authority as unable to read or to use conventional printed materials as a result of physical limitations.
- 136 Children's/young adult services. Includes consulting, continuing education, and other services to public libraries that facilitate the establishment and improvement of services to children (i.e., persons age 14 and under) and young adults (as defined by the STLA).
- 137 Institutional library services. Includes providing books, other library materials, and access to other information resources as well as other library services to residents of prisons, reformatories, and other correctional institutions; patients or residents of residential training schools, hospitals, nursing homes; and other general or special institutions operated or substantially supported by the State.
- 138 Library statistics. Includes the design and administration of data collection instruments as well as data entry, data processing, and publication and dissemination of library data. Include the State Data Coordinator for the Federal-State Cooperative System (FSCS) for Public Library Data, the Library Representative for the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) (if employed by the STLA), and others employed by the STLA who are involved in such efforts (e.g., public library consultant, data entry operator).
- 139 Literacy program support. Includes consulting, continuing education, and other services to organized efforts to assist individuals with limited language and mathematical skills in developing skills in reading, writing, and computation that enable them to function in society without assistance from others.
20. Enter in the spaces provided the total number of STLA staff in FTE's (full-time equivalents) (to two decimal places), by type of position, race/ethnicity, and gender. Report all staff on the payroll as of October 1, 1996. Exclude unfilled but budgeted positions.
- Note: See definitions of types of positions and FTE in instruction to question 18. For the purpose of this survey, an employee may be included in the group to which he or she appears to belong, identifies with, or is regarded in the community as belonging. The categories do not denote scientific definitions or anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one racial/ethnic group.
- 140- American Indian or Alaskan Native. This is a person having origins  
141 in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.
- 142- Asian or Pacific Islander. This is a person having origins in any  
143 of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Sub-continent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.
- 144- Black Non-Hispanic. This is a person having origins in any of the  
145 black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).
- 146- Hispanic. This is a person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central  
147 or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.
- 148- White Non-Hispanic. This is a person having origins in any of the  
149 original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).
- 150- Race/ethnicity unknown. This category is used only if the racial/  
151 ethnic identity of the employee cannot be determined and the STLA finds it impossible to place the employee in one of the aforementioned racial/ethnic categories.



152- Total staff. Sum by gender of items under racial/ethnic categories.  
153

PART K. INCOME

21. Enter in the spaces provided total funds received as income by the STLA during the reporting period specified in items 022-023. EXCLUDE carryover funds. Include income for allied operations only if the income is part of the STLA budget.

Federal Income

Library Services and Construction Act (LSCA)

Note: Report LSCA funds received as income by the STLA during the reporting period specified in items 022-023, not the federal fiscal year in which the funds were appropriated.

154 Title I - Public Library Services. Income designated to assist the State in the extension and improvement of public library services to areas and populations of the State which are without such services or to which such services are inadequate and to assist Indian tribes in planning and developing library services to meet their needs. It is the further purpose of this Act to assist with (1) improving State and local public library services for older Americans, and for handicapped, institutionalized, and other disadvantaged individuals; (2) strengthening the State library agency, and (3) strengthening major urban resource libraries.

155 Title II - Public Library Construction and Technology Enhancement. Income designated to assist in the construction and renovation of public library facilities and to enhance the technology available to improve library and information services.

156 Title III - Interlibrary Cooperation and Resource Sharing. Income designated to promote interlibrary cooperation and resource sharing by (1) planning and developing cooperative library networks; (2) establishing, expanding, and operating local, regional, and inter-State cooperative networks of libraries, which provide for the systematic and effective coordination of the resources of school, public, academic, and special libraries and information centers; and (3) developing the technological capacity of libraries for interlibrary cooperation and resource sharing.

157 Total LSCA Titles I-III income. Sum of items 154-156.

158 Other LSCA income (Titles IV-VIII). If the STLA received any LSCA grant from Titles IV-VIII, report that income in this item.

159- If any LSCA income is reported in item 158, enter <X> in items 159-  
163 as appropriate to specify title(s) from which income was received:

159 Title IV. Library Services for Indian Tribes.

160 Title V. Foreign Language Materials Acquisition.

161 Title VI. Library Literacy Programs.

162 Title VII. Evaluation and Assessment.

163 Title VIII. Library Learning Center Programs.

164 Other Federal income. If the STLA received other federal income, report that income in this item.

165 Specify program(s) and title(s). If other federal income is reported in item 164, specify its source in this item.

166 Total Federal income. Sum of items 157, 158, and 164.

State Income

- 167 STLA operation. Report income received from the State to support operation of the STLA. Do not include income received for major capital expenditures, contributions to endowments, or income passed through to another agency, or funds unspent in the previous fiscal year.
- 168 State aid to libraries. Report income received from the State for distribution to libraries, systems, and agencies. Includes funds derived from State taxation and appropriated by a State legislature to a State Library Agency for payment or transfer to an individual library; a group of libraries; or an agency or library, other than the STLA, that provides a Statewide service to libraries or citizens. Exclude State funds used to administer the State Library Agency; State funds used to deliver Statewide services to libraries or citizens where the service is administered directly by the STLA; State funds allocated for school library operations when the State Library Agency is under the State education agency; and federal funds.
- 169 Other State income. Report income received from the State for any other purpose, such as interagency transfers.
- 170 Total State income. Sum of items 167-169.
- 171 Other income. Include (1) any other income from public sources, such as local, regional, or multijurisdictional sources; (2) income received from private sources, such as foundations, corporations, Friends groups, and individuals; and (3) STLA-generated income, such as fines and fees for services.
- 172 Total income. Sum of items 166 and 170-171.

PART I. EXPENDITURES

22. Enter in the spaces provided total STLA expenditures, by source of funds and type of expenditure. Include all LSCA expenditures (Titles I-VIII). Include expenditures for allied operations only if the expenditures are from the STLA budget.

Operating Expenditures

Note: These are the current and recurrent costs necessary to the provision of services by the STLA.

- 173 Salaries and wages. Salaries and wages for all STLA staff, including plant operation, security and maintenance staff for the reporting year. Include salaries and wages before deductions, but exclude employee benefits.
- 174 Employee benefits. Benefits outside of salaries and wages paid and accruing to employees, including plant operation, security and maintenance staff, regardless of whether the benefits or equivalent cash options are available to all employees. Include amounts spent by the STLA for direct, paid employee benefits, including Social Security, retirement, medical insurance, life insurance, guaranteed disability income protection, unemployment compensation, worker's compensation, tuition, and housing benefits. Only that part of any employee benefits paid out of the STLA budget should be reported.
- 175 Total staff expenditures. Sum of items 173-174.
- 176 Collection expenditures. Includes all expenditures for materials purchased or leased for use by STLA users, including print materials, microforms, machine-readable materials, audiovisual materials, etc.
- 177 Other operating expenditures. Includes all operating expenditures not reported in items 173-176.
- 178 Total operating expenditures. Sum of items 175-177.



Aid to Libraries

- 179 Individual public libraries. Libraries that are governed exclusively by a single board or political subdivision. Municipal libraries, county libraries, consolidated multi-county libraries, and library districts are considered individual libraries if there is only one administrative entity. Exclude construction aid.
- 180 Public library systems. Headquarters of regional public library systems, federations, cooperatives, or public libraries serving in a regional capacity which includes grants to headquarters of regional public library systems.
- 181 Other individual libraries. Libraries other than public libraries and school library media centers.
- 182 Multitype library systems. Headquarters of regional multitype library systems, federations, and cooperatives, or libraries serving multitype libraries within a region. Multitype library systems may serve public, academic, school, and special libraries.
- 183 Single agency or library providing statewide service. A single agency or library, other than the STLA, that provides a statewide service to libraries or State residents where the primary service area is all or a significant portion of the State (e.g., statewide interlibrary loan or reference service, library service to the blind and physically handicapped, etc.) Do not include funds administered directly by the STLA to provide such services.
- 184 Library construction. Do not report data for this item in items 179-183, 185, or 187. Includes construction of new buildings and acquisition, expansion, remodeling, and alteration of existing buildings, and the purchase, lease, and installation of equipment of any such buildings, or any combination of such activities (including architects' fees and the cost of acquisition of land). Equipment includes information and building technologies, video and telecommunications equipment, machinery, utilities, and built-in equipment and any necessary enclosures or structures to house them.
- 185 Other aid to libraries. Expenditures for aid to libraries not reported in items 179-184.
- 186 Total aid to libraries. Sum of items 179-185.
- 187 Capital outlay. Funds for the acquisition of or additions to fixed assets such as building sites, new buildings and building additions, new equipment (including major computer installations), initial book stock, furnishings for new or expanded buildings, and new vehicles. Exclude replacement and repair of existing furnishings and equipment, regular purchase of library materials, and investments for capital appreciation. Exclude the amount reported for this item from all other items except (189).
- Note: State accounting practices shall determine whether a specific item is a capital expense or an operating expense, regardless of the examples in this definition.
- 188 Other expenditures. These are expenditures not reported in items 173-187.
- 189 Total expenditures. Sum of items 178 and 186-188.

PART M. LSCA TITLES I-III EXPENDITURES

23. Enter in the spaces provided LSCA expenditures from Titles I, II, and III, by following types of expenditure. These expenditures should also be reported in Part L.

LSCA Title I Expenditures

Note: Report the following types of expenditures from LSCA Title I:

- 190 Statewide services. Funds expended by the STLA to provide services to libraries and individuals throughout the State. Includes sub-grants made to single libraries or other outside agencies to provide or assist in providing such services.
- 191 Grants. Funds distributed by the STLA to recipients who meet eligibility criteria specified by LSCA and the State. Such funds are usually awarded for purposes specified in successful grant proposals. Such grants may be awarded competitively or on a formula basis.
- 192 LSCA administration. Expenditures of Title I funds for administrative costs in connection with programs and services carried out under Titles I, II, and III.
- 193 Total LSCA Title I expenditures. Sum of items 190-192.
- LSCA Title II Expenditures
- Note: Report the following types of expenditures from LSCA Title II:
- 194 Grants. See instructions to item 191 for guidance.
- 195 LSCA administration. See instructions to item 192 for guidance.
- 196 Total LSCA Title II expenditures. Sum of items 194 and 195.
- LSCA Title III Expenditures
- Note: Report the following types of expenditures from LSCA Title III:
- 197 Statewide Services. See instructions to item 190 for guidance.
- 198 Grants. See instructions to item 191 for guidance.
- 199 Total LSCA Title III expenditures. Sum of items 197 and 198.
- 200 Total LSCA TITLES I-III expenditures. Sum of items 193, 196, and 199.

PART N. ALLIED OPERATIONS EXPENDITURES

24. Enter in the spaces provided total expenditures from the STLA budget for the allied operations listed in Part C. These expenditures should also be reported in Part L.
- Operating Expenditures
- 201 Total staff expenditures. Report STLA expenditures for salaries and wages and employee benefits for allied operations listed in Part C. Also see instructions for items 173-174 for guidance.
- 202 Other operating expenditures. Report all operating expenditures for allied operations, if these expenditures are from the STLA budget, that are not reported in item 201.
- 203 Total operating expenditures. Sum of items 201-202.
- 204 Capital outlay. Report STLA expenditures for this item for the allied operations listed in Part C. See the description of capital outlay in the instructions for item 187.
- 205 Total expenditures. Sum of items 203-204.

PART O. PUBLIC POLICY ISSUES

25. Enter in the spaces provided the total grants and contracts expenditures by the STLA to assist public libraries in responding to the National Education Goals or a State education reform initiative as follows:
- 206 Readiness for school. One of the six National Education Goals is that "By the year 2000, all children in America will start school ready to learn." Report the sum of all grants and contracts expenditures deemed by the STLA to assist public libraries in responding to this goal.
- 207 Adult literacy and lifelong learning. One of the six National Education Goals is that "By the year 2000, every adult American will be literate and will possess the knowledge and skills necessary to compete in a global economy and exercise the rights and responsibilities of citizenship." Report the sum of all grants and contracts expenditures deemed by the STLA to assist public libraries in responding to this goal.
26. Enter in the spaces provided the total number of combined libraries in your State, by the specified categories.
- Note: Include only libraries that are combined at the administrative level. Exclude libraries combined only at the branch or other outlet level. For definitions of types of libraries within each category, see the instructions to question 5.
- 208 Public and school
- 209 Public and academic
- 210 Academic and school
- 211 Public, academic, and school (exclude combinations above)

ISBN 0-16-049624-1



United States  
Department of Education  
Washington, DC 20208-5652

---

Official Business  
Penalty for Private Use, \$300

Postage and Fees Paid  
U.S. Department of Education  
Permit No. G-17

**Standard Mail (B)**





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION  
Office of Educational Research and Improvement (OERI)  
Educational Resources Information Center (ERIC)



## NOTICE

### REPRODUCTION BASIS

This document is covered by a signed "Reproduction Release (Blanket)" form (on file within the ERIC system), encompassing all or classes of documents from its source organization and, therefore, does not require a "Specific Document" Release form.

This document is Federally-funded, or carries its own permission to reproduce, or is otherwise in the public domain and, therefore, may be reproduced by ERIC without a signed Reproduction Release form (either "Specific Document" or "Blanket").