#### DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 419 337 EC 306 425

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TITLE Caution Needed for Inclusion of "Beavis and Butthead."

PUB DATE 1998-04-00

NOTE 13p.; Paper presented at the Annual Convention of the

Council for Exceptional Children (Minneapolis, MN, April

15-19, 1998).

PUB TYPE Numerical/Quantitative Data (110) -- Reports - Research

(143) -- Speeches/Meeting Papers (150)

EDRS PRICE MF01/PC01 Plus Postage.

DESCRIPTORS Academic Achievement; \*Behavior Disorders; Behavior

Problems; Grade 7; \*Inclusive Schools; \*Instructional Effectiveness; Junior High Schools; \*Learning Disabilities; Middle Schools; \*Outcomes of Education; Regular and Special

Education Relationship; Resource Room Programs; \*Team

Teaching

IDENTIFIERS Academic Accommodations (Disabilities)

#### ABSTRACT

This paper compared the performance of 22 seventh-grade controls in a traditional special education program with at least one period of resource room instruction to the performance of 22 students in a supportive inclusionary model program. In each group, there were 17 students with learning disabilities and 5 students with behavior disorders. Results found: (1) absences did not increase for students with learning disabilities who did not have resource room support; (2) students with behavior disorders in the inclusionary model earned more failing grades than the control group; (3) regular educators in both groups had a similar number of concerns about the progress of students with learning disabilities, however, students with behavior disorders in the inclusionary model were discussed more frequently at team meetings; (4) in both groups, the students with behavioral disorders did not complete homework on a regular basis; (5) regular educators in the inclusionary model made modifications as needed and without frequent prompts from the resource staff; (6) the number of inappropriate behaviors of the students with behavior disorders in the inclusionary model was higher than the control group; and (7) teachers in the inclusionary model were able to co-teach three to four times as many classes as the teachers in the control group. (CR)

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### **CEC CONVENTION** 1998

### CAUTION NEEDED FOR INCLUSION **OF** "BEAVIS AND BUTTHEAD"

William L. Regnier Westside Community Schools Omaha, NE

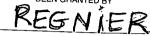
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### Objective of the Presentation:

A recent study of middle school special education delivery services compared a traditional system to a supportive inclusionary model. Paired t-tests demonstrated statistically significant differences for students with behavior disorders in the areas of failing grades, bloc team concerns, and co-teaching opportunities. Modifications made and co-teaching opportunities were statistically significant for students with learning disabilities in the experimental group. Results suggest the efficacy of the inclusion model for students with learning disabilities if modifications are made and co-teaching is available; caution is necessary for students with other disabilities.

#### Rationale:

Since there are few studies to date on inclusionary practices at the secondary level, we felt our building and district could discuss the pros and cons of supportive inclusionary practices if there was local data to share with colleagues.

### Background:

The Department of Education Accountability Commission granted waivers to two school districts in the state who would design a pilot. The purpose was to study delivery service models that were creative and innovative in serving all learners. Westside Schools was one of those districts selected.

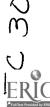
Westside Community Schools, consisting of six early childhood centers, ten elementary schools, one middle school, one senior high school, and a Community Education Center are located in Omaha, Nebraska. Once a suburban school district on the outskirts of Omaha, Westside is now totally surrounded by the city. Today, Westside serves 4780 students in grades kindergarten through twelve and 292 pre-school children. While Westside remains a separate school district, the educational, economic, ethnic, and domestic background of the district's residents reflect the general composition of the residents of the greater Omaha population.

During the school year, 1996-1997, the 44 seventh graders requiring special services were randomly assigned to a traditional special education program with at least one period of resource room instruction or to an inclusion model with co-teaching in the four curriculum areas of (bloc classes) math, science, English, and social studies. Our pilot's main thrust has been to permit the resource teacher and the educational assistant to team in bloc classes all day. There has been no pull-out delivery service for verified students.

The experimental group and the control group were comprised of 22 students each. In each group there were 17 students with a diagnosis of learning disabled, and there were 5 students in each group verified as behaviorally disordered. In each group a few (3) students with learning disabilities also were diagnosed with attention deficits. Each group had an equal number of male and female students. The control group utilized the usual comprehensive array of services.

Both delivery service models were involved in middle school teaming. The entire core team met twice a week to discuss student concerns and curriculum planning. At that time, academic modifications, accommodations, and options were shared.

The data was gathered by establishing a matrix listing important variables that contributed to school success or lack thereof: absences, tardies, failing grades, teacher concerns, incomplete assignments, modifications needed for success, and co-teaching situations encountered daily.



#### Action Research Conclusions:

- 1. Absences/Tardies: Students with learning disabilities in the experimental group (co-teaching) did not have a higher absence or tardy rate than students with learning disabilities in the control group (pull out). At first, special education staff in the experimental group were concerned since students tended not to bond with them as in the past. It is gratifying to report that tardies and absences did not increase for students with learning disabilities without daily resource room support. However, students with behavior disorders in both groups were absence and tardy to a much greater degree than other students in the study.
- 2. Failing Grades: Students with behavioral disorders in the experimental group earned more failing grades than those in the control group at the .043 level. Behaviorally disordered students in the experimental group continued to fail because they did not avail themselves of the modifications made and co-teaching opportunities.
- 3. Team Concerns: Regular education staff in both groups had a similar number of concerns about students with learning disabilities' progress. Student issues are discussed at weekly core meetings. The data shows that students with behavioral disorders in the experimental group were discussed more frequently at team meetings a statistically significant difference at the .000 level.
- 4. Missing Assignments: Data analysis shows that in both groups, it was the students with behavioral disorders that did not complete homework on a regular basis.
- 5. Modifications Needed: Regular education staff took ownership of the students in the experimental group and made modifications as needed and without frequent prompts from the resource staff. This outcome was not expected. Students in both groups needed options for success; these accommodations were stated on the students' individualized educational plans. Paired t-tests demonstrated statistically significant differences in the numbers of modifications needed between the experimental and control groups (2-tail significance .008).
- 6. Office Referrals: The number of office referrals (discipline notices) for the LD students did not differ significantly from group to group. The number of inappropriate behaviors of the BD students in the experimental group was higher than in the control group.
- 7. Co-Teaching Opportunities: Teachers in the experimental group were able to co-teach three to four times as many classes as the teachers in the control group since they were not involved in pull out and tutorial services. This teaming of staff contributed to the success of most students with disabilities in a supportive inclusionary setting. The increased co-teaching opportunities in the experimental group both for LD and BD students were statistically significant at the .002 level.

#### Surveys:

Surveys from the teachers in the experimental groups were very informative. One half of the staff stated students in the experimental group could improve homework completion skills. The majority felt that some resource time/tutorial study time was essential for homework success. Regular education staff took ownership of curriculum modification and provided tutorial/extended day services. Teachers felt that students with more than one deficit area needed more direct services from special education. Staff stated the success of an inclusion/co-teaching model depended upon the collaboration and personalities of those involved. The regular education staff mentioned that the SPED staff in an inclusion setting should be flexible, organized, and easy to work with. Lastly, the surveys indicated that students with serious cognitive or behavioral issues would not be successful in this delivery service model without individual support.

Statistical data is available which presents student information by total population and sub-groups.

In summary, the results suggest the efficacy of the inclusion model for students with learning disabilities if modifications are made and co-teaching is available. Caution is necessary for students with other disabilities.



•	Paired Diffe	rences			
Mean	SD	SE of Mean	t-value	df	2-tail Sig
-1.8824 95% CI (-	2.088 2.956,809)	.506	-3.72	16	.002

All

Stats

-> FILTER OFF.

-> USE ALL.

- -> EXECUTE .
- -> T-TEST
- -> PAIRS= absences tardies failures referral concerns misass modify coteach
- -> WITH absexp tardexp failexp referexp concexp missexp modexp cotexp (PAIRED)
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- -> /FORMAT=LABELS
- -> /MISSING=ANALYSIS.

## t-tests for Paired Samples

Variable	Number of pairs	Corr	2-tail Sig	Mean	SD	SE of Mean
ABSENCES	absences 22	.791	.000	7.2273	6.595	1.406
ABSEXP	22	.791	.000	8.3636	10.935	2.331

F	Paired Differ	rences			
Mean	SD	SE of Mean	t-value	df	2-tail Sig
-1.1364 95% CI (-4	7.004 242, 1.969)	1.493	76	21	.455

Variable —	Number of pairs	Corr	2-tail Sig	Mean	SD	SE of Mean
TARDIES	22	F01	004	2.3636	3.458	.737
ERIC DEXP	22	.591	. 004	2.4545	3.876	.826

. P Mean	aired Differences SD SE o	s of Mean	t-\	value	df	2-tail Sig
0909 95% CI (-1	3.337 .570, 1.389)	.711		13	21	.900
Variable	Number of pairs	Corr	2-tail Sig	Mean	SD	SE of Mean
FAILURES	22	<b>5</b> 24	010	1.3636	1.590	.339
FAILEXP		.534	.010	2.2727	3.411	.727
P Mean	aired Differences SD SE o	s of Mean	   t-\	value	df	2-tail Sig
9091 95% CI (-2	2.893 .192, .374)	.617		-1.47	21	.155
Variable	Number of pairs	Corr	2-tail Sig	Mean	SD	SE of Mean
REFERRAL	Office referrals		-	1.4545	1.896	.404
REFEREXP	22	.543	.009	1.7273	3.225	.687
Po	aired Differences		1			
Mean		f Mean	t-v	value	df	2-tail Sig
2727 95% CI (-1	2.711 .475, .929)	.578		47	21	.642
Variable	Number of pairs	Corr	2-tail Sig	Mean	SD	SE of Mean
CONCERNS	Bloc team concer 22	ns .047	. <b>83</b> 7	8.1818	4.687	.999

CONCEXP	Bloc team concerns-experi	Lm .	9.3182	7.147	1.524
,					
Mean	Paired Differences SD SE of Mean	t-	value	df	2-tail Sig
	8.363 1.783 -4.844, 2.571)		64	21	.531
Variable	Number of pairs Corr	2-tail Sig	Mean	SD	SE of Mean
MISASS	Missing assignments	200	15.8182	20.165	4.299
MISSEXP	22 .907 Missing assignments-exp	.000	14.4545	17.278	3.684
Mean	Paired Differences SD SE of Mean	t-	value	df	2-tail Sig
	8.572 1.828 -2.437, 5.164)		.75	21	.464
Variable	Number of pairs Corr	2-tail Sig	Mean	SD	SE of Mean
MODIFY	Modifications required		20.5000	9.148	1.950
MODEXP	22 .393 Modifications required exp	.071 peri	25.8182	8.444	1.800
				• .	
Mean	Paired Differences SD SE of Mean	t-	value	df	2-tail Sig
-5.3182 95% CI (	9.712 2.071 -9.624, -1.012)		-2.57	21	.018
Variable	Number of pairs Corr	2-tail Sig	Mean	SD	SE of Mean
ERIC EACH	Co-teaching opportunities	5 6	2.9545	1.397	.298

•	22 .079 .725			
COTEXP	Co-teaching opport experimenta	5.4091	1.894	.404

Р	aired Differ	rences			
Mean	SD	SE of Mean	t-value	df	2-tail Sig
-2.4545	2.262	.482	-5.09	21	.000
95% CI (-3	.457, -1.452	2)			



Po	aired Diffe	rences			
Mean	SD	SE of Mean	t-value	df	2-tail Sig
-4.4000	1.817	.812	-5.42	4	.006
95% CI (-6.	.656, -2.14	4)			

- -> FILTER OFF.
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LD Only

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- /CRITERIA=CIN(.95) ->
- /FORMAT=LABELS ->
- /MISSING=ANALYSIS. ->

### t-tests for Paired Samples

Variable	Number of pairs	Corr	2-tail Sig	Mean	SD	SE of Mean
ABSENCES	absences	420		3.9412	2.297	.557
ABSEXP	17	.439	.078	3.5882	3.692	.895

Pa	ired Diffe	rences			
Mean	SD	SE of Mean	t-value	df	2-tail Sig
.3529 95% CI (-1.	3.385 388, 2.094	.821	.43	16	.673

Variable	Number of pairs	Corr	2-tail Sig	Mean	SD	SE of Mean
TARDIES	17	212	412	1.2353	1.678	.407
TARDEXP	17	213	.412	.8824	1.317	.319



Mean	Paired Differences SD SE of Mean	t-	value	df	2-tail Sig
.3529 95% CI (	2.344 .568 852, 1.558)		.62	16	.543
Variable	Number of pairs Corr	2-tail Sig	Mean	SD	SE of Mean
FAILURES		þ	.8824	1.364	.331
FAILEXP	17039 	.881	.7059	.686	.166
Mean	Paired Differences SD SE of Mean	t-\	value	df	2-tail Sig
.1765 95% CI (-	1.551 .376 621, .974)		.47	16	.645
Variable	Number of pairs Corr	2-tail Sig	Mean	SD	SE of Mean
REFERRAL	Office referrals	-	.6471	1.272	.308
REFEREXP	17 146 	.575	.5882	1.502	.364
Mean	Paired Differences SD SE of Mean	t-\	value	df	2-tail Sig
.0588 95% CI (-	2.106 .511 -1.024, 1.141)		.12	16	.910
Variable	Number of pairs Corr	2-tail Sig	Moan	SD	SE of Mean
	<u> </u>		Mean		
CONCERNS	Bloc team concerns 17159	.542	7.5882	5.173	1.255
CONCEXP	Bloc team concerns-exper	im	6.8824	6.214	1.507

Mean	Paired Differences SD SE of Mean	t-	-value	df	2-tail Sig
.7059 95% CI (	8.695 2.109 -3.764, 5.176)		.33	16	.742
Variable	Number of pairs Corr	2-tail Sig	Mean	SD	SE of Mean
MISASS	Missing assignments 17 .393	.119	5.8235	5.855	1.420
MISSEXP	Missing assignments-exp	.119	6.2353	5.019	1.217
					•••
	Paired Differences				
Mean	SD SE of Mean	t-	value	df 	2-tail Sig
	6.032 1.463 -3.513, 2.689)		28	16	.782
Variable	Number of pairs Corr	2-tail Sig	Mean	SD	SE of Mean
MODIFY	Modifications required		18.4118	7.657	1.857
MODEXP	17 .389 Modifications required exp	.123 peri	25.4118	9.414	2.283
Mean	Paired Differences SD SE of Mean	 	value	df	2-tail Sig
-7.0000 95% CI (	9.552 2.317 -11.911, -2.089)		-3.02	16	.008
	Ni mila a con C	2			
Variable	Number of pairs Corr	2-tail Sig	Mean	SD	SE of Mean
COTEACH	-Co-teaching opportunities		2.9412	1.519	.369
A No.	17 .122 Co-teaching opport experim	.642 nenta 10	4.8235	1.629	.395

- -> FILTER OFF.
- -> USE ALL.

BD Only

- -> EXECUTE .
- -> FILTER OFF.
- -> use 18 thru 22 .
- -> EXECUTE .
- -> T-TEST
- -> PAIRS= absences tardies failures referral concerns misass modify coteach
- -> WITH absexp tardexp failexp referexp concexp missexp modexp cotexp (PAIRED)
- -> /CRITERIA=CIN(.95)
- -> /FORMAT=LABELS
- -> /MISSING=ANALYSIS.

### t-tests for Paired Samples

Variable	Number of pairs	Corr	2-tail Sig	Mean	SD	SE of Mean
ABSENCES	absences	224	50.4	18.4000	2.302	1.030
ABSEXP	<b>5</b>	324	.594	24.6000	12.116	5.418

1	Paired Diffe	rences			
Mean 	SD	SE of Mean	t-value	df	2-tail Sig
-6.2000 95% CI (-	13.046 22.399, 9.999	5.834	-1.06	4	.348

Variable	Number of pairs	Corr	2-tail Sig	Mean	SD	SE of Mean
TARDIES		205	F24	6.2000	5.263	2.354
TARDEXP	5	.386	.521	7.8000	5.070	2.267



Mean	SD SE	of Mean	t-	value	df	2-tail Sig
-1.6000 5 95% CI (-8.711,	5.727	2.561		62	4	.566
Variable	Number of pairs	Corr	2-tail Sig	Mean	SD	SE of Mean
FAILURES	_			3.0000	1.225	.548
FAILEXP	5	.280	.648	7.6000	3.647	1.631
Pairea	l Difference	<b>2</b> <	I	·		
Mean		of Mean	t-	value	df	2-tail Sig
-4.6000 3 95% CI (-8.955,	3.507 245)	1.568		-2.93	4	.043
Variable	Number of pairs	Corr	2-tail Sig	Mean	SD	SE of Mean
REFERRAL Offi	ce referra			4.2000	.447	.200
REFEREXP		.654	.231	5.6000	4.615	2.064
	l Difference					
Mean	SD SE	of Mean	t-	value 	df 	2-tail Sig
-1.4000 4 95% CI (-6.784,	336 3.984)	1.939		72	4	.510
Variable	Number of pairs	Corr	2-tail Sig	Mean	SD	SE of Mean
CONCERNS Bloc	team_conce			10.2000	1.304	.583
CONCEXP Bloc	5 team concer	.733 ns-exper	.159 im	17.6000	1.673	.748



Mean	Paired Differences SD SE of Mean	t-	value	df	2-tail Sig
-7.4000 95% CI (	1.140 .510 -8.816, -5.984)	_	14.51	4	.000
Variable 	Number of pairs Corr	2-tail Sig	Mean	SD	SE of Mean
MISASS	Missing assignments 5 .467	.428	49.8000	11.389	5.093
MISSEXP	Missing assignments-exp	. 420	42.4000	14.258	6.377
Mean	Paired Differences SD SE of Mean	t-	value	df	2-tail Sig
7.4000 95% CI (	13.465 6.022 -9.319, 24.119)		1.23	4	.286
Variable	Number of pairs Corr	2-tail Sig	Mean	SD	SE of Mean
MODIFY	Modifications required	100	27.6000	11.104	4.966
MODEXP	5 .691 Modifications required ex	.196 peri 	27.2000	4.087	1.828
Mean	Paired Differences SD SE of Mean	t-	value	· df	2-tail Sig
.4000 95% CI (	8.792 3.932 -10.517, 11.317)		.10	4	.924
Variable	Number of pairs Corr	2-tail Sig	Mean	SD	SE of Mean
COTEACH	Co-teaching opportunitie 5186	s .764	3.0000	1.000	.447





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-088 (Rev. 9/97)