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ABSTRACT

The 1988 National Survey of Postsecondary Faculty (NSOPF-88), later named the National Study of Postsecondary Faculty, was the first comprehensive study of higher education instructional faculty conducted by the National Center for Education Statistics since 1963. This report provides a description of the 1993 NSOPF and the data generated by its methodology. The report is organized into 11 chapters and begins by introducing NSOPF-93 in the context of the earlier study in 1988. Chapter 2 details the data collection instruments, while chapter 3 discusses the NSOPF-93 sample design and implementation. Chapter 4 reviews institutional recruitment procedures and their results. Data collection procedures are discussed in chapter 5, and chapter 6 discusses data processing and control. Chapters 7 and 8 deal with institution and faculty response and nonresponse and questionnaire item response. Chapter 9 examines data quality in terms of validity and reliability. Chapter 10 examines faculty counts and summarizes the procedures used to reconcile discrepancies and to calculate best estimates for the NSOPF-93 faculty dataset. Recommendations for future NSOPF studies are found in chapter 11. The full-scale NSOPF-93 included an institution-level survey of 817 colleges and universities in the United States and a survey completed by 25,780 faculty members. Eighteen appendixes contain survey instruments, cover letters, and additional details about the research methodology. (Contains 61 exhibits.) (SLD)



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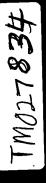
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1993 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty (NSOPF-93)

Methodology Report

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Appendices

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Appendix D: 1993 NSOPF Faculty Questionnaire and Reinterview Questionnaire-Pilot Test

Appendix E: 1993 NSOPF Institution Questionnaire—Pilot Test

Appendix F: 1993 NSOPF Faculty Questionnaire

Appendix G: 1993 NSOPF Institution Ouestionnaire

Appendix H: 1993 NSOPF Abbreviated Faculty Ouestionnaire

Appendix I: Critical Items and Nonresponse: 1993 NSOPF Faculty Questionnaire Appendix J: Critical Items and Nonresponse: 1993 NSOPF Institution Questionnaire

Appendix K: Letters and Forms for Institution Recruitment:

Letter to Chief Administrative Officer

Letter to Institutional Official

Confirmation Form

Faculty List Documentation Form

Checklist (reverse side of Faculty List Documentation Form)

Instructions for Preparing Lists of Faculty

Instructions for Preparing Machine-Readable Lists of Faculty

Affidavit of Nondisclosure

1993 NSOPF Brochure

Appendix L: Letters to Faculty Questionnaire Respondents

Initial Cover Letter to Faculty

Second Faculty Questionnaire Mailing

Third Faculty Questionnaire Mailing

Appendix M: Letters to Institution Questionnaire Respondents

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Imputation Flags for the Faculty Data File (Restricted-use)

Appendix Q: NSOPF-1993 National Technical Review Panel (NTRP) Members

Appendix R: Technical Report: Discrepancies in Faculty Estimates in the 1992-93 National Study of

Postsecondary Faculty



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1. Introduction

1.1 Organization of the Methodology Report

The 1993 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty: Methodology Report is designed to give readers an accurate picture of this important study and the data generated by its methodology. The report is organized into 11 chapters, and begins by introducing NSOPF-93 in the context of the earlier NSOPF-88 study. Chapter 2 details the data collection instruments, while Chapter 3 discusses the NSOPF-93 sample design and implementation. Next, the Methodology Report moves on to review institutional recruitment procedures and their results in Chapter 4. The report then examines the data collection procedures (Chapter 5) and data control and processing (Chapter 6). Chapters 7 and 8 deal with institution and faculty unit response and nonresponse, and questionnaire item nonresponse. Chapter 9 examines data quality in terms of validity and reliability. Chapter 10 examines faculty counts and summarizes the procedures used to reconcile discrepancies and to calculate "best estimates" for the NSOPF-93 faculty dataset. Finally, Chapter 11 offers recommendations for future NSOPF studies.

1.2 Background: NSOPF-88

The 1988 National Survey of Postsecondary Faculty (NSOPF-88)—whose successor study was renamed the National Study of Postsecondary Faculty—was the first comprehensive study of higher education instructional faculty conducted by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) since 1963. The National Endowment for the Humanities provided additional support. NSOPF-88 generated immediate interest in the higher education community because prior to the release of these data there had been very little comprehensive information available on this topic. The survey provided a national profile of faculty in two-year, four-year, doctoral-granting, and other public and private non-proprietary institutions. Information was gathered on the professional backgrounds, responsibilities, workloads, salaries, benefits, and attitudes of both full- and part-time instructional faculty. In addition, data were collected from institutional representatives and department-level respondents on such issues as faculty composition, new hires, departures and recruitment, retention, and tenure policies.

The 1988 study, conducted by SRI International, involved both field test and full-scale survey components. The field test targeted a sample of 105 non-proprietary two-year and four-year institutions, 235 faculty, and 91 department chairpersons (from 51 four-year institutions and a supplement of 40 two-year and four-year institutions). Ninety-one percent of the institutions participated in the field test by returning their faculty lists. Questionnaire responses were obtained from 80 percent of institutional representatives (two and four-year institutions, excluding specialized institutions), 86 percent of the department chairpersons (four-year institutions only), and 68 percent of the faculty (two-year and four-year institutions).

The NSOPF-88 field test was conducted from July through October of 1987. It was designed primarily to test the relative effectiveness of two alternative data collection strategies, to determine the most effective procedures for obtaining lists of faculty, and to examine the adequacy of the questionnaires. The results of the field test informed the design of the full-scale NSOPF-88 study. A brief synopsis of the field test procedures and results can be found in the *National Survey of Instructional Staff: Field Test Methodology Report* (U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics: Washington, D.C., March 8, 1988).

The NSOPF-88 full-scale study had three components: an institution-level survey of 480 colleges and universities in the United States; a survey of 3,029 eligible department chairpersons (or their equivalents) within the participating institutions; and a survey of 11,013 eligible faculty members within the same

participating institutions. Data were collected for these three surveys between December 1987 and October 1988. Non-proprietary higher education institutions (two-year, four-year, or advanced degree) were stratified by size and assigned to strata adapted from the higher education institution classification system developed by the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching. Within each stratum, institutions were randomly selected. Lists of faculty employed as of October 15, 1987 were requested from participating institutions, and of the 480 institutions selected, 449 (94 percent) agreed to participate and provided lists of their fall 1987 instructional faculty and department chairpersons. Within four-year institutions, faculty and department chairpersons were stratified by program area and selected; within two-year institutions, simple random samples of faculty and department chairpersons were selected; and within specialized institutions (religious, medical, etc.), only faculty were sampled. At all institutions, instructional faculty were stratified on the basis of employment status—full-time and part-time. Questionnaires that asked about activities during the 1987 fall term were mailed in 1988. Questionnaire responses were obtained from 424 institutions (88 percent), 2,427 department chairpersons (80 percent), and 8,383 instructional faculty (76 percent).

A discussion of the procedures and results of the 1988 full-scale study appears in 1988 National Survey of Postsecondary Faculty: Methodology Report (U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics: Washington, D.C., May 18, 1990). Four analytical reports were also prepared using NSOPF-88 data: Faculty in Higher Education Institutions, 1988 [NCES 90-365]; Institutional Policies and Practices Regarding Faculty in Higher Education [NCES 90-333]; A Descriptive Report of Academic Departments in Higher Education Institutions [NCES 90-339]; and Profiles of Faculty in Higher Education Institutions, 1988 [NCES 91-389].

1.3 Background: NSOPF-93

Like its predecessor, NSOPF-93 was designed to provide a national profile of faculty in two-year, four-year (and above), doctoral-granting, public and private non-proprietary institutions, and to gather information on the backgrounds, responsibilities, workloads, salaries, benefits, and attitudes of both full- and part-time faculty. NSOPF-93 was conducted by the National Opinion Research Center (NORC), a social science research center at the University of Chicago. NSOPF-93 was sponsored by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES), with additional support from two co-sponsoring agencies, the National Endowment for the Humanities (NEH) and the National Science Foundation (NSF). NEH and NSF sponsored sample augmentations for both the field test and full-scale study, and provided support for the study in its entirety. The sample augmentations were designed to provide higher levels of precision for faculty overall and to provide oversamples of specific subgroups of faculty, particularly full-time females; black, non-Hispanics; Asian/Pacific Islanders; Hispanics; and faculty in the humanities.

The second cycle of the National Study of Postsecondary Faculty (NSOPF-93) was conducted in response to a continuing need for data on faculty and other instructional personnel, all of whom directly affect the quality of education in postsecondary institutions. Faculties determine curriculum content, performance standards for students, and the quality of students' preparation for careers. In addition, faculty members perform research and development work upon which the nation's technological and economic advancement depend. For these reasons, it is essential to understand who they are; what they do; and whether, how, and why the nation's faculty are changing.

Data collected for the second cycle of NSOPF expand the current information base about faculty in several important ways. First, the data allow for comparisons to be made over time. Second, more detailed

¹See *A Classification of Institutions of Higher Education*, The Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching (Princeton, N.J., 1987).



comparisons can be made because of the increase in both the institutional and faculty sample sizes. Third, these data examine critical issues surrounding faculty that have developed since the 1988 study. Fourth, to get a clearer and more accurate picture of faculty and instruction, NSOPF-93 expanded the definition of faculty to include both non-instructional faculty and non-faculty instructional personnel in higher education institutions. Henceforth, the term "faculty" will be used in its broadest sense to designate both non-instructional and instructional faculty and other instructional staff. Chapter 3 discusses the definitions of eligible faculty in greater detail.

1.4 NSOPF-93 Field Test

A field test of NSOPF-93 data collection instruments and survey procedures with a national probability sample of 136 institutions (54 core institutions, and 82 institutions selected to augment the core sample, funded by NSF) and 636 faculty was conducted between February and September 1992. The general purposes of the field test were to evaluate the adequacy of the faculty and institution questionnaires and to test key procedures to be used in the full-scale study.

Institutional cooperation was sought from all 136 institutions and a faculty list was solicited from each institution. The overall participation rate for faculty list collection was 89 percent (93 percent for the core sample and 87 percent for the augmented sample). The field test faculty sample consisted of 636 faculty selected from 53 participating core institutions. A total of 495 faculty participated, for a response rate of 82 percent. The institution survey was limited to the 120 participating institutions that had provided lists of faculty and/or confirmed their participation prior to September 1, 1992. Ninety four of these institutions responded to the institution questionnaire for a response rate of 78 percent (82 percent for the core institutions and 78 percent for the augmented sample).

The results of the field test informed the design of the full-scale study. A detailed discussion of the procedures and results of the 1992 field test appears in the 1992-93 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty Field Test Report (U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Washington, D.C., February 1994 [NCES 93-390]).

1.5 NSOPF-93 Full-Scale Study

For the NSOPF-93 full-scale study, the sample sizes were increased from 480 institutions and 11,013 faculty (in 1988), to 974 institutions and 31,354 faculty. The larger sample sizes allowed for more detailed comparisons and higher levels of precision at both the institution and faculty levels. The sample was also augmented to provide data about faculty in the humanities; faculty in these disciplines were oversampled, as were black, non-Hispanic; Hispanic; Asian/Pacific Islander; and full-time female faculty. As in the 1988 study, the sample consisted of non-proprietary two- and four-year (and above) higher education institutions stratified by a modified Carnegie classification and by faculty size. Institutional recruitment for the full-scale study began in October, 1992, when recruitment packets were mailed to the Chief Administrative Officers of 789 institutions. A supplemental sample of 185 institutions was added to ensure adequate representation across all strata. Of the 974 institutions in the total sample, 12 were found to be ineligible. Of the 962 eligible institutions, 817 institutions (85 percent) agreed to participate in the study (i.e., to provide lists of faculty employed during the 1992 Fall Term, that is, the term in progress on October 15, 1992). The faculty sample was selected from these 817 institutions. In 1993, questionnaires that asked primarily about the 1992 Fall term were mailed to institutions and faculty. (Specific questionnaire items are discussed in Chapter 2.)



The target sample for the faculty survey consisted of 31,354 faculty selected from 817 participating institutions. Of these, 1,590 were found to be ineligible. Of the 29,764 eligible faculty, 25,780 (87 percent) completed questionnaires either by self-administration or by a computer-assisted telephone interview (CATI).

Institution questionnaires were mailed to institution representatives at all 962 eligible institutions, including those that did not supply a list of faculty. Of the eligible institutions, 872 (91 percent) completed an institution questionnaire.

A survey report summarizing key results from the faculty survey is available: Faculty and Instructional Staff: Who Are They and What Do They Do? [NCES 94-346]. Other reports based on data from the NSOPF-93 faculty survey include: Instructional Faculty and Staff in Higher Education Institutions: Fall 1987 and Fall 1992 [NCES 97-470] and Characteristics and Attitudes of Instructional Faculty and Staff in the Humanities [NCES 97-973]. Another report, Institutional Policies and Practices Regarding Faculty in Higher Education [NCES 97-080] is based on the NSOPF-93 institution survey. These and future publications will also be available on the Internet on NCES's World Wide Web site at: http://www.ed.gov/NCES.

1.6 Restricted-use Data File and Documentation

A restricted-use data file has been produced for the NSOPF-93 faculty component on magnetic tape and on CD-ROM. The 1993 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty Data File User's Manual [NCES 97-466] accompanies the NSOPF-93 data files appearing on magnetic tape and on CD-ROM.

The restricted-use data file has been released through individual licensing agreements to analysts who require access to the complete NCES data files for their research. Users agree, under penalty of law, that they shall not release any information that may lead to disclosure of a respondent's identity. The restricted-use data file contains data for 25,780 respondents from 817 participating institutions.

1.7 Public-use Data Files and Documentation

Public-use institution and faculty data files are also available on diskette or CD-ROM. The institution file contains data from the 872 postsecondary institutions that completed an institution questionnaire.

The public-use faculty data file contains data for 25,780 respondents from 817 participating institutions. Because multi-level micro data carry some risk of statistical disclosure of institutional or individual identities, the faculty data were subjected to an extensive deductive disclosure analysis to determine which items, used alone, in conjunction with other key variables, or in conjunction with public external sources such as NCES's Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) files, have significant disclosure potential. To minimize the possible risk of disclosure of individual respondents, in compliance with the National Education Statistics Act, Public Law 103-382 [20 USC 9001 et seq.], the Carl D. Perkins Vocational Education Act, and the Privacy Act of 1974 [5 U.S.C. 552a], variables found to pose significant disclosure risks were modified or suppressed to remove or to substantially reduce such risks.

1.8 Derived Variables

For NSOPF-93, a total of 36 institution-level and 107 faculty-level derived variables were created in order to simplify access to standard queries useful to analysts as well as to enhance substantive analysis. Since research questions frequently require independent or control variables, this set of derived variables has been carefully constructed and added to the faculty and institution data files. The faculty restricted-use file



includes all 143 derived variables. The institution file contains only the 36 institution-level derived variables. The public-use faculty file contains selected derived variables that were found not to pose significant disclosure risks.

Multiple sources of data were used to create institution-level derived variables including: the 1991-92 IPEDS, the "Carnegie classification" system, and NSOPF-93 sampling information. Documentation for all derived variables appears in Appendix O.

1.9 Electronic Codebooks on CD-ROM and Documentation

In addition to hardcopy codebooks that accompany the various releases of NSOPF-93 data, three NSOPF-93 electronic codebooks (ECBs) are also available to users. One ECB consists of the public-use institution file, another consists of the restricted-use faculty data file, and the other consists of the faculty restricted-use file merged with the public-use institution file. The ECBs feature windows with unweighted frequencies and percentages. A README.TXT file on the CD-ROM describes how to install the ECBs. Extensive "help" files and menus explain ECB features.

The ECB combines the convenience, simplicity, and cost efficiencies of personal computers (PCs) with CD-ROM technology. ECBs permit users to search for variables based on key words and names. The ECB displays full question text and unweighted frequencies for each variable in order to assist users in deciding which data elements may be useful for their analyses. The ECB can also be used as a tool for selecting variables for subsequent analysis, writing SAS or SPSS-PC code for file construction of the designated variables, and for generating a codebook of the chosen set of variables. More detailed information on the features of the NSOPF-93 ECBs appears in the 1993 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty: Data File User's Manual [NCES 97-466] and in the ECB "help" files and menus on the CD-ROM.

1.10 Data Analysis System on CD-ROM and Documentation

A NSOPF-93 faculty Data Analysis System (DAS) is also available. The DAS provides a convenient, menudriven system allowing researchers to produce tables of frequencies and cross tabulations and correlation matrices. The NSOPF-93 sample is not a simple random sample. Therefore, simple random sample techniques for estimating sampling error cannot be applied to these data. The DAS takes into account the complexity of the sampling procedures and calculates standard errors appropriate for such samples. DAS software provides all information necessary for a user to set up and run a variety of analyses. Each DAS is self-documenting, with weighted data distributions and full descriptions for each variable. The DAS allows users to select variables for rows, columns, and subgroups for tables from the list of available variables, many of which have been computed to simplify analysis. Continuous variables, such as income, can be recoded into categories for rows, column percentages, or subgroup definitions. Categorical variables, such as race, can be grouped or "lumped" in various ways for analysis. Table titles as well as variable labels can be edited by the user, and DAS output is compatible with most spreadsheet software. In addition to the table estimates, the DAS calculates proper standard errors and weighted sample sizes for these estimates. If the number of valid cases does not meet the minimum requirement based on NCES statistical standards, the DAS prints the message "low-N." Users can also define variables for use in a correlation matrix, which can be imported into standard statistical packages for more complex analysis. More detailed information on the features of the NSOPF-93 DAS appears in the "help" files and menus on the DAS/CD-ROM.



1.11 How to Obtain NSOPF-93 Products

Restricted-use faculty data are available at no charge on a restricted loan basis to organizations that obtain an approved licensing agreement from NCES. To request a licensing agreement, the individual and/or institution must provide the following information:

- The title of the survey to which access is desired.
- A detailed discussion of the statistical research project that requires accessing the restricted NCES survey data.
- The name and title of the most senior official who has the authority to bind the organization to the provisions of the licensing agreement.
- The name and title of the project officer who will oversee the daily operations.
- The name, telephone number, and title of professional and technical staff who will access the survey database. Each professional or technical staff member with access to the data is required to sign and to have notarized an Affidavit of Nondisclosure.
- The estimated loan period necessary for accessing the NCES survey database.
- The desired computer product specifications, such as medium (9-track tape, CD-ROM), code convention (ASCII, EBCDIC, SAS), etc.

To obtain further details and a licensing agreement form please write to:

Data Security Officer
Statistical Standards and Services Group
U.S. Department of Education
Office of Educational Research and Improvement
National Center for Education Statistics
555 New Jersey Avenue, N.W., Room 408
Washington, D.C. 20208
(202) 219-1831

Individuals who obtain restricted-use faculty data after signing a licensing agreement with NCES can receive the following products on one CD-ROM: the NSOPF-88 and NSOPF-93 faculty data files; the NSOPF-93 institution data file; the NSOPF-93 faculty ECB, the 1993 merged faculty and institution ECB; the user's manual for the institution and restricted-use faculty data files; and the faculty and institution questionnaires.

For those individuals who do not wish to obtain a licensing agreement, a public-use faculty data file (which contains a reduced number of variables to avoid disclosure) can be ordered from the National Education Data Resource Center (see address below). The public-use institution file can also be ordered from the National Education Data Resource Center. Individuals who order the public-use faculty file on CD-ROM will receive the NSOPF-93 public-use faculty and institution data files, the institution ECB, a user's guide for the public-use faculty and institution files, and the faculty and institution questionnaires.



The DAS can be accessed also through the Internet on NCES's World Wide Web site at http://www.ed.gov/NCES. DAS procedures can be performed over the World Wide Web. The DAS CD-ROM for PC use (in DOS and Windows versions) can also be ordered by contacting:

National Education Data Resource Center c/o Pinkerton Computer Consultants, Inc. 1900 N. Beauregard Street, Suite 200 Alexandria, VA 22311-1722

Phone: (703) 845-3151 FAX: (703) 820-7465 E-mail: nedrc@inet.ed .gov.

Feedback and suggestions on the products and other features of NSOPF-93 are welcome. Please address your comments to:

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2. Data Collection Instruments

2.1 Overview

This chapter provides a brief description of the two survey instruments developed and used in NSOPF-93: the faculty questionnaire and the institution questionnaire. Both instruments were designed as self-administered questionnaires (SAQs). A CATI (computer-assisted telephone interview) version of the faculty questionnaire was also developed and used during the follow-up data collection effort. Copies of the NSOPF-93 self-administered instruments appear in Appendix F and Appendix G.

2.2 Development of Questionnaire Items

Several research and policy concerns guided questionnaire development. One of the overriding objectives was to preserve as many of the 1988 items as were relevant and feasible. But this goal had to be balanced with the need to address recent policy issues that had emerged since the previous study. In order to balance these aims, it was necessary to identify, to revise, or to eliminate some questionnaire items that were either problematic or were no longer relevant to the broader issues.

For both the field test and the full-scale study, questionnaire items were constructed based on input from several sources, including the 1988 questionnaires, other postsecondary education surveys, the NSOPF-93 National Technical Review Panel (NTRP), and project staff and consultants. Questionnaire items for the full-scale study were further revised (or deleted) based on the results of the 1992 NSOPF field test and recommendations from the NTRP.

The 1988 institution and faculty questionnaires were used as a point of departure in determining which items should initially be preserved, expanded, or revised for the NSOPF-93 field test and later for the full-scale study. One major change was the definition of faculty used in the 1993 cycle of NSOPF. While the 1988 survey collected data from full- and part-time faculty who provided instruction for credit, the 1993 sample was expanded to include non-instructional faculty, as well as instructional faculty and staff. The consensus resulting from the NTRP meetings was that the population of non-instructional personnel with faculty status was too important to exclude from the study. Deans, college and university administrators, librarians and directors of university resource centers are included in this population of non-instructional faculty.

In addition, NSOPF-93 eliminated the Departmental Chairperson survey (a major part of the 1988 cycle) in favor of larger faculty and institution samples.² Because the items in this survey were best addressed by the department chairperson, it was deemed advisable to incorporate only a few of the questionnaire items from this earlier survey into the NSOPF-93 faculty or institution questionnaire.

A variety of related postsecondary education studies were reviewed in the process of developing the questionnaires,³ and some of their items were incorporated into the questionnaires for the field test and the

Institute of Social Research, York University, *The Academic Profession in Canada* (York, Ontario: Institute of Social Research, 1986); Harvard University, *1967 Survey of Faculty* (Cambridge, Mass.: Harvard University, 1967); Higher Education Research Institute, *1989 Faculty Survey* (Los Angeles: Higher Education Research Institute, 1989); National Center for Research to Improve Postsecondary Teaching and Learning, *Faculty at Work: A Survey of Motivations, Expectations, and Satisfactions* (Ann Arbor, Mich.: University of Michigan, 1987); Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching, *National Survey of Faculty* (Princeton, N.J.: Carnegie Foundation for the



²The final status of the department chairperson survey has not been determined for future NSOPF cycles.

full-scale study. Exhibits 2-1 and 2-2 describe the items in the faculty and institution questionnaires by content area and link specific questions to the 1988 instruments. Copies of the 1988 questionnaires appear in Appendices A-C.

2.3 Faculty Questionnaire

The faculty questionnaire was designed to address a variety of policy-relevant issues about higher education faculty and their institutions, including: (1) the background characteristics and current activities of instructional and non-instructional faculty; (2) the supply of, and demand for, faculty in postsecondary institutions; (3) faculty as both a resource and a consumer of resources; and (4) faculty attitudes and behaviors about key aspects of the higher education environment.

Given the changed definition of faculty, questions were added about research-only and other non-instructional faculty members to an instrument that had previously sought information only about instructional faculty. The faculty questionnaire was also revised to emphasize behavioral rather than attitudinal questions in order to collect data on who the faculty are; what they do; and whether, how, and why the composition of the nation's faculty is changing. The questionnaire addressed:

- background characteristics and academic credentials;
- workloads and time allocation between classroom instruction and other activities such as research, course preparation, consulting, public service, doctoral or student advising, conferences, and curriculum development;
- compensation, and the importance of other sources of income, such as consulting fees, royalties, etc., or income-in-kind;
- roles and differences, if any, between full- and part-time faculty in their participation in institutional policy-making and planning;
- faculty attitudes toward their jobs, their institutions, higher education, and student achievement in general;
- changes in teaching methods, and the impact of new technologies on teaching techniques;
- career and retirement plans;
- differences between those who have instructional responsibilities and those who have no
 instructional responsibilities, such as those engaged only in research, and
- differences between those with teaching responsibilities but no faculty status and those with teaching responsibilities and faculty status.

The design of the full-scale study questionnaire required input from NCES, the National Science Foundation (NSF), the National Endowment for the Humanities (NEH), and the NSOPF-93 National Technical Review Panel (NTRP), as well as an analysis of the data collected using the field test questionnaire. Respondent comments collected during the field test were reviewed and a debriefing was held with field test interviewers.

Advancement of Teaching, 1984 and 1989).



Respondent and interviewer comments are summarized in the 1992-93 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty Field Test Report [NCES 93-930]. Many questions, or subparts of questions, were deleted from the field test questionnaire based on high nonresponse or low reliability. Questions which were retained were sometimes modified to be clearer or more understandable. Some new items were added based on NTRP recommendations.

2.4 Institution Questionnaire

The institution questionnaire for the full-scale study was divided into three major sections, dealing with full-time instructional faculty and staff, part-time instructional faculty and staff, and full-time non-instructional faculty, respectively. As noted above, the inclusion of non-instructional faculty was new to NSOPF-93. Because institutional definitions of faculty vary widely, a question asked each institution for its own definitions of full- and part-time faculty, both instructional and non-instructional. The institution questionnaire obtained information on:

- the numbers of full- and part-time instructional and non-instructional faculty, as well as instructional personnel without faculty status, and their distributions by employment status (i.e. full-time, part-time) and tenure status (based on the definitions provided by the institution);
- institutional tenure policies and changes in policies on granting tenure to faculty members;
- the impact of tenure policies on the influx of new faculty and on career development;
- the growth and promotion potential for existing non-tenured junior faculty;
- the benefits and retirement plans available to faculty; and
- the turnover rates of faculty at the institution.

The institution questionnaire used in the full-scale study was quite different in content from the field test questionnaire. The results of the field test were reviewed by NCES, the NSOPF-93 NTRP and members of the Association for Institutional Research (AIR) in order to revise the questionnaire to capture as much data as possible while minimizing respondent burden. One of the major changes between the field test and the full-scale study was the elimination of items that asked for counts of minority and female faculty. Based on field test results and discussions with the NTRP, it was apparent that many institutions could not provide accurate information. Others refused to respond. In addition, the full-scale questionnaire included a glossary to highlight the operational definitions being used in the survey (e.g., instructional faculty versus non-instructional faculty) but also asked for the respondent to provide institutional definitions of permanent, temporary, full- and part-time faculty. Separate benefits questions were added for temporary full-time faculty and instructional staff. Another set of questions on institution subsidization of benefits was added as well.

Other changes between the field test and full-scale study included the addition of items asking about institutional downsizing. These items were included because of recommendations from NTRP and AIR members, and because institutions were reporting the loss of faculty due to fiscal constraints. Another recommendation of the NTRP was to collect data on the percentage of full- and part-time faculty represented by a union for purposes of collective bargaining. For more discussion of the field test, see the 1992-93 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty Field Test Report [NCES 93-390].

Exhibit 2-1: NSOPF faculty questionnaire: content and linkage of items between 1988 and 1993 NSOPF cycles

	Of Items Detwee	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	1993 NSOPF cycles
Content area	NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire question	Source question from NSOPF-88	How NSOPF-93 question differs from NSOPF-88 question
Instructional duties	1	1	
Instructional duties	1A Revised	2	Change in order of response categories. New response choice: 1. All of your instructional duties related to credit courses. Wording changes: Question shortened. Added: "or advising or supervising academic activities" to response categories 2 and 3. "At least" eliminated from response category 2.
Principal activity	2 New	3	Question expanded: Asks for "principal activity at this institution", and lists "sabbatical from another institution" as one of eight response categories. NSOPF-88 asks only if respondent is on sabbatical from this institution ("yes" or "no").
Faculty status	3 New		
Full-time/part-time status	4 4A New	4	Question expanded: A new sub-question at Q.4a asks for reasons respondent worked part-time; provides six response categories (a-f) to be answered yes or no. Change in order of response categories at Q.4 (full-time = category 1 and part-time = category 2 in 1988) to facilitate approach to Q.4a.
Responsibilities	5	7	
Year job at institution began	6 New		
Tenure status	7 Revised 7A New	9, 10	Order of response categories changed. Question reformatted: If respondent selects category 1 (tenured), then respondent answers 7A about the year tenure was achieved (Q.10 in the NSOPF-88 questionnaire).
Length of contract	8 Revised	11	Wording changes: Response category 3 changed from: "two or more academic/calendar years" to: "A limited number of years (i.e., two or more academic/calendar years)." "OTHER" category for open-ended answer added.
Academic rank	9 Revised	12	Question expanded: Asks for academic rank, title, or position. Response category eliminated: "Distinguished/Named Professor."
Year achieved academic rank	10	13	



Content area	NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire question	Source question from NSOPF-88	How NSOPF-93 question differs from NSOPF-88 question
Type of appointment	11 Revised	14	Wording change: From: "Did you hold any of the following kinds of appointments at this institution?" To: "which of the following kinds of appointments did you hold at this institution?" New response categories: 5. Clinical (WRITE IN TITLE OR POSITION). 6. Research (WRITE IN TITLE OR POSITION).
Principal teaching discipline	12-	16	
Principal area of research	13 New		<u> </u>
Undergraduate academic awards	14 Revised	27	Change in order of response categories: Response category 6 was 0 in 1988.
Graduate financial assistance	15	28	Change in wording in 1993: Phrase "forms of financial assistance" added. New response choice: "Other loan" added to response category choices.
Academic degrees	16 Revised	26	Response categories reordered and changed for degree code: Categories reordered from highest to lowest degree and category "Graduate work not resulting in a degree" eliminated. Other changes: Name of field added. Number of degrees asked about reduced from seven to four.
Other current employment	17 Revised 17A New	5	Wording change: From: "Please include outside consulting or other selfowned business" To: " or did you also have other employment including any outside consulting or other self-owned business, or private practice?" New question asks: "How many different jobs, other than your employment at this institution, did you have(WRITE IN NUMBER)"



Content area	NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire question	Source question from NSOPF-88	How NSOPF-93 question differs from NSOPF-88 question
Main other current employment	18 Revised 18C Revised 18A New 18B New	6	Wording changed to apply only to main other job: From: "Other than this institution, in which of the following ways were you employed during theFall Term" To: "Not counting any employment at this institution, what was the employment sector of the main other job you held during Fall 1992?" Other changes: First two NSOPF-88 response categories combined into one category; two-year or less postsecondary combined into one category; two consulting categories combined into one; two government categories combined into one. Definition of full- and part-time deleted (35 hours). Minor changes in phrasing ("On staff of" deleted from response categories). New questions: 18A. What year did you begin that job? 1. Teaching 2. Research 3. Technical activities (e.g., programmer, technician, chemist, engineer, etc.) 4. Clinical service 5. Community/public service 6. Administration 7. Other 18C. Was that job full-time or part-time? 1. Full-time 2. Part-time
Previous employment	19 Revised	29	Question reformatted to pre-coded response categories. Wording changes: From: "Please begin with your current job, and work backward" (up to 15 jobs) to: "the three most recent and significant main jobs that you held during the past 15 years." Added: "at one place of employment" To: "Do not list promotions in rankas different jobs." Changes in response categories: Employment sector and primary responsibility categories changed to match categories at Q.18 and Q.18B.
Presentations/ publications	20 Revised	30	Wording changes: NSOPF-93 response categories 1-2 refer to articles published; categories 3-4 refer to creative works; 1988 question refers to articles or creative works published for all four categories. Added phrase: "Count multiple presentations/publications of the same work only once." Format change: Reversed response category columns to ask about total career before asking about past 2 years.



Content area	NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire question	Source question from NSOPF-88	How NSOPF-93 question differs from NSOPF-88 question
Thesis/ dissertation committees	21 Revised	31	Wording change: " or examination or certificate committees" added to question. Changes to response categories: Not applicable code added. Question reformatted: For each category, asks: A. Number served on B. Of that number, how many did you chair? Response categories added: Examination/certification committees. Separates categories into 3 undergraduate and 3 graduate categories.
Number of classes taught (Fall 1992)	22 New 22A New		Added to identify total classes and, or those, number for- credit.
Classroom responsibilities (for-credit)	23 Revised	32	Question reformatted into one column per class, categories pre-coded for level and instructional methods. New instructions: Main question, 1st sentence, 2nd clause shortened to "please answer the following items." Second and 3rd sentences of NSOPF-88 main question eliminated. Added/revised response categories: Added "CODE FOR ACADEMIC DISCIPLINE OF CLASS." 1st to 3rd and 6th NSOPF-88 response categories become sub-categories for NSOPF-93 Q.23(2), which has two new sub-questions, "Number of weeks the class met," and "Number of credit hours." 2nd NSOPF-88 response choice split into two sub-questions for Q.23(2), "Was this class team taught?" and "Average # hours per week you taught the class." 4th NSOPF-88 question becomes Q.23(3). NSOPF-88 primary level of students response codes 1 to 3 become 1st three sub-categories for Q.23(3). Primary level of students, codes 4 to 6, incorporated into one category at Q.23(3) "All other students." "Primary setting" item changed to "Primary instructional method used." 2nd primary setting code split into sub-categories 2 and 3 for Q.23(4) "Seminar" and "discussion group or class presentation." Primary setting response codes 7 and 8 replaced with new categories "Group projects" and "Cooperative learning groups."
Undergraduate courses taught for credit/tools and methodology used	24 New 24a New		

Content area	NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire question	Source question from NSOPF-88	How NSOPF-93 question differs from NSOPF-88 question
Individual instruction	25 Revised	33	Wording change: Additional definitions offered in text: "independent study or one-on-one instruction, including working with student in a clinical or research setting" Additional instructions: "Do not count regularly scheduled office hours." Response categories: Multiple response categories collapsed into "all other students."
Weekly scheduled office hours	26 New		:
Informal student contact	27 New		
Research/creative works	28 New		
Primary research/creative work	29 New		
Any funded research/creative work	30 New		
PI or Co-PI: funded research/ creative work	31 Revised .	34	Wording change: "principal investigator (PI) or project director" changed to "principal investigator (PI) or co-principal investigator (Co-PI)" phrase deleted: "including service contracts or internal awards"
Individuals supported by funded research/creative work	32 New		
Funded research/creative work	33 Revised	35	Question introduction changed. 1988 question asked about grants and contracts for which respondent was principal investigator. 1993 questionnaire asks about all grants and contracts for which respondent was a principal investigator, a Co-PI or a staff member. Question expanded (Parts C and E are new): A. Funding source (re-ordered) B. Number of grants/contracts C. Work done as 1. PI 2. Co-PI 3. Staff D. Total funds for 1992-93 academic year E. How funds were used 1. Research 2. Program/curriculum development 3. Other
Quality of available resources	34 New		:
Internal funds for professional development	35 New		



Content area	NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire question	Source question from NSOPF-88	How NSOPF-93 question differs from NSOPF-88 question
Faculty activities/ workload	36 Revised	36	Wording changes: "work" replaced by "activities" Category added: Paid activities at institution asked separately from unpaid activities at institution. Number of categories expanded from three to four.
Faculty activities/ workload	37 Revised 37A Revised 37B New	37	Wording change: From: "Please estimate the percentage of your total working hoursspent on each of the following activities" To: "In column A we ask you to allocate your total work timeinto several categories." New instructions added:
			"We realize they are not mutually exclusive categories" Instruction change: "We know that this is tedious" deleted from request that percentages add up to 100% of total time. Change in response categories, question added, questions reformatted: Two responses asked for each category: A. % of Work Time Spent, B. % of Work Time Preferred.
			 a. Teaching (incorporates 1st 3 categories from NSOPF-88). b. Research (incorporates 5th to 7th NSOPF-88 categories). c. Professional Growth (incorporates 8th and 9th NSOPF-88 categories d. Administration (matches 4th 1988 category). e. Outside consulting or freelance work (matches 11th 1988 category). f. Service/Other Non-Teaching Activities (incorporates 10th, 12th and 13th NSOPF-88 categories).
Union membership	38 Revised	17,18	Response categories expanded, two questions combined into one: 1. Union is available, but I am not eligible. 2. I am eligible, but not a member. 3. I am eligible, and a member. 4. Union is not available at this institution.
Job satisfaction	39 Revised 40 Revised	19	Wording changes: Replaced "do you personally feel about" with "How satisfied or dissatisfied?" at Q.39, changed "your job" to "your instructional duties." Category changes: Q.39 asks about six instructional duties categories and Q.40 asks about nine general job satisfaction categories. Some categories were modified or deleted, and new categories added. NSOPF-88 had 29 categories.

Content area	NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire question	Source question from NSOPF-88	How NSOPF-93 question differs from NSOPF-88 question
Faculty mobility	41 Revised	20	Wording change: From: "How likely is it you will leave this job to do the following" To: "How likely is it that you will leave this job to" Categories modified/added/reordered: "Seek or accept" changed to "accept." Two categories added to differentiate "postsecondary institution" from "not at a postsecondary institution." Retirement asked about last, instead of first.
Faculty retirement age	42 Revised	24	Question reformatted to ask for verbatim response to age respondent expects to retire.
Job satisfaction: Reasons for accepting new position	43 Revised	22	Wording change: From: "this job" To: "your current position in academia," "inside or outside of academia" added after "to accept another position." Category changes: Some categories were reordered, six were deleted and three were added.
Retirement options	44 New 45 New		
Projected age of retirement	46 New		
Compensation from institution	47 Revised	40	Wording changes: "Earnings" is replaced by "compensation." Response category headers replace "Income" with "Compensation." Changes to response categories: "Other sources of earned income" becomes a header. Two response categories added for verbatim responses. b. Type of appointment (e.g., 9 months) added. Instruction added to non-monetary compensation items: "Do not include employee benefits, such as medical, dental, or life insurance."
Household enumeration	48 New		
Total household income	49 New		
Number of dependents	50 New		
Sex (male/female)	51 Revised	41	NSOPF-88 asks "Your gender" and NSOPF-93 question asks "Are you" with response categories
Date of birth	52 Revised	42	Wording change: From: "In what year were you born?" To: "In what month and year were you born?"
Race/ethnicity	53	44	"African-American/black" replaces "black."
Race/ethnicity	53A New	44	Added to allow categorization of Asian/Pacific Islander ethnic groups.



Content area	NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire question	Source question from NSOPF-88	How NSOPF-93 question differs from NSOPF-88 question
Race/ethnicity	54	43	
Race/ethnicity	54A New	43	Added to allow categorization of Hispanic ethnic groups.
Current marital status	55 Revised	45	Response category added: "Living with someone in a marriage-like relationship."
Country of birth	56 New		
Citizenship status	57 Revised	46	Wording changes From: "Of what country are you currently a citizen?" To: "What is your citizenship status?" Question reformatted: 1. United States citizen, native, 2. United States citizen, naturalized, 3. Permanent resident of the United States (immigrant visa), 4. Temporary resident of United States (non-immigrant visa). Categories 3 and 4 each ask for country of present citizenship.
Parents' education	58 Revised	47	Revised question does not ask about spouse.
Academic interests and values	59 Revised 60 Revised	48 49	Category changes: Some categories were modified or deleted, and new categories were added. Categories also reordered. Five of the 1988 categories were retained at Q.59 and eight were deleted; two new categories were added. Four of the 1988 categories were retained at Q.60 and two were deleted; five new categories were added.



Exhibit 2-2: NSOPF institution questionnaire: content and linkage of items between 1988 and 1993 NSOPF cycles

	of items between 1988 and 1993 NSOPF cycles				
Content area	NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire question	Source question from 1988 institution questionnaire	Source question from 1988 department questionnaire	How NSOPF-93 question differs from NSOPF-88 question	
Institutional definitions of faculty	New				
Numbers of full/part- time faculty/staff, Fall 1992	l Revised	4,5,19		Combined questions from NSOPF-88 into one question. Omitted asking specifically for "full-time faculty with visiting, acting, or adjunct appointments"	
Section I: Full-time instructional faculty/staff Changes in total of permanent staff 1991-92	2 Revised	6	·	Wording changes: From: "How many full-time instructional faculty did your institution have in each of the following categories?" To: "Please provide the following information about changes in the number of permanent full-time instructional faculty/staff between the 1991 and 1992 Fall Terms." Change in response categories: Reordered sub-items, added "d. Numberwho left because of downsizing"	
Number of permanent staff institution sought to hire	3 Revised			Wording change: From: "For how many unfilled full-time instructional faculty positions in your department were candidates being hired?" To: "How many permanent full-time instructional faculty/staff did your institution seek to hire for the 1992 Fall Term?"	
Number of permanent instructional positions not filled	4, 4A New				
Tenure system	5 Revised	3		Deleted "for any of your"	
Number of tenured/ tenure track staff 1991/1992	6 Revised	8	9	Reformatted answer matrix	
Number of tenured staff who left between 1991- 92	7 Revised	9	10	Slight change in question wording. Change in response categories: Deleted "to assume another position," "formally removed for cause," and "dismissed because of institutional budget pressures or program closure" Added "downsizing"	
Number of staff considered for/granted tenure	8	7	8		



Content area	NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire question	Source question from 1988 institution questionnaire	Source question from 1988 department questionnaire	How NSOPF-93 question differs from NSOPF-88 question
Maximum number of years on tenure track	9 Revised	10, 12	11	Wording change: From: "Is there a maximum number of years an instructional faculty member can be on tenure track and not receive tenure at your institution?" To: "Fill in the following information about the maximum number of years" Change in response categories: Added "9b. If maximum number of years has changed" from NSOPF-88 question 12.
Changes in tenure policy in last 5 years	10 Revised	12		Change in question wording: From "three years" to "five years" Change in response categories: Deleted "offered optional early or phased retirement"; asked separately in question 11. Deleted "changed the upper limit on the percentage of full-time faculty who may be tenured" and "changed the maximum number of years a person can be on tenure track"
Early or phased retirement policy (permanent staff)	11 Revised	12		See note for question 10.
Retirement plans available to permanent staff	12 Revised .	15		Reformatted question wording slightly; deleted asking for approximate number of faculty participants; reformatted response matrix Change in response categories: Reordered categories, added "b. Other 403B plan" and changed "d. 401K or 401B plan" from "401(k) or 403(b) plan"
Employee benefits (permanent staff)	13 Revised	14, 16		Changes in question wording: Added "permanent" to question, added "If available, indicate whether the benefit is subsidized or not subsidized by your institution." Change in response categories: Reordered categories, added k. Transportation/parking n. Medical insurance for retirees o. Cafeteria-style plan
Percent of salary contributed to benefits by institution	14 Revised	17		Changes in question wording: Added "permanent" to question text
Availability of benefits to temporary faculty	15 *New	14		Changes in question wording: Added "temporary" to question text

Content area	NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire question	Source question from 1988 institution questionnaire	Source question from 1988 department questionnaire	How NSOPF-93 question differs from NSOPF-88 question
Employee benefits (temporary faculty)	16 *New	14		See changes for question 13; added "temporary" in question text
Percent of undergraduate instruction by full-time staff	17 New			
Teacher assessment	18 Revised		19	Changes in question wording: From: "In which of the following ways, if any, is the teaching performance of full-time faculty assessed in your department?" To: "Are any of the following used in assessing teaching performance of full-time (permanent or temporary) instructional faculty/staff at this institution?" Change in response categories: Changed c. from "student placement or honors" to "student career placement"
Collective bargaining	19, 19A	13	17	Changes in question wording: Added "with this institution"
Section II: Full-time non-instructional faculty Changes in total of permanent staff 1991/92	20 *New	6		See note for question 2
Tenure system	21*New	3		See note for question 5
Number of tenured/ tenure track staff 1991/1992	22 *New	8	9	See note for question 6
Number of tenured staff who left between 1991-92	23 *New	9	10	See note for question 7
Number considered for/granted tenure	24 *New	7	8	See note for question 8
Maximum number of years on tenure track	25 *New	10	11	See note for question 9
Changes in tenure policy in last 5 years	26 *New	12		See note for question 10
Early or phased retirement policy (permanent staff)	27 *New	12		See note for question 11
Retirement plans avail- able to permanent staff	28 *New	15		See note for question 12
Employee benefits (permanent staff)	29 *New	14		See note for question 13



Content area	NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire question	Source question from 1988 institution questionnaire	Source question from 1988 department questionnaire	How NSOPF-93 question differs from NSOPF-88 question
Percent of salary contributed to benefits by institution	30 *New	17	·	See note for question 14
Availability of benefits to temporary faculty	31 *New	14		See note for question 15
Employee benefits (temporary faculty)	32 *New	14		See note for question 16
Collective bargaining	33,33A *New	13	17	See note for question 19, 19A
Section III: Part-time instructional faculty/staff				
Availability of retirement plans	34 New			
Retirement plans: subsidized/nonsubsidiz- ed	35 Revised	23		See note for question 12
Employee benefits	36 New			
Employee benefits available	37 *New	24,14		See note for question 13 Also added p. "other"
Percent of salary contributed to benefits by institution	38 Revised	25		Question wording slightly revised
Eligibility criteria for benefits	39 New	·		
Eligibility requirements for benefits	40 New			
Percent of undergraduate instruction by part-time staff	41 New			
Teacher assessment	42 Revised		32	See note for question 18
Collective bargaining	43, 43A	22	29	See note for question 19, 19A

^{*} Not asked in 1988 for this faculty type though asked for other types

3. Sample Design and Implementation

This chapter describes the sample design and procedures used for selecting institutions and faculty for NSOPF-93. It also provides information on the calculation of sample weights and the relative efficiency of the sample design.

3.1 NSOPF-93 Sample Design

NSOPF-93 sought to create a nationally representative sample of instructional faculty and staff and non-instructional faculty at two-year and above, non-proprietary or public postsecondary institutions. To achieve this, a two-stage sample design was used, with a sample of 974 postsecondary institutions in the first stage, and a sample of 31,354 faculty from these institutions in the second stage.

3.2 Institution Universe

The definition of the institution universe for NSOPF-93 was identical to the one used in NSOPF-88. It was defined as those institutions in the traditional sector of postsecondary education whose accreditation at the college level is recognized by the U.S. Department of Education. Institutions were selected from the IPEDS universe into the NSOPF-93 institution frame if they:

- were classified as two-year, four-year (and above), or doctoral-granting institutions;
- were public or private nonprofit;
- offered an educational program designed for persons who have earned a traditional four-year high school diploma or a high school graduate equivalency diploma;
- offered programs that are academically, occupationally, or vocationally oriented;
- made programs available to persons other than those employed by the institution;
- offered some courses other than correspondence courses, and
- were located in the 50 states or the District of Columbia.

Institutions were excluded from the universe if they:

- were not recognized as accredited at the college level by the U.S. Department of Education;
- were classified as for-profit, or less-than-two-year institutions;
- provided only avocational, recreational, basic adult education, or remedial courses (e.g., driver training schools, real estate courses, dance schools, tax preparation schools, and the like);
- provided only in-house business courses or training; and
- were not located in the 50 states or the District of Columbia.



3.3 Faculty Universe

Unlike NSOPF-88, which was limited to instructional faculty, the faculty universe for NSOPF-93 was expanded to include all who were designated as faculty, whether or not their responsibilities included forcredit instruction. Under this definition, researchers and administrators and other institutional staff who held faculty positions, but who did not instruct, were included in the sample. Instructional staff without faculty status were also included. Teaching assistants and teaching fellows were excluded in both NSOPF-88 and NSOPF-93. In instructions for preparing lists from which the NSOPF-93 faculty sample was drawn, institutions were asked to use the following eligibility criteria to determine which faculty members to include on the lists.

Eligibility criteria for faculty. The eligible universe of postsecondary faculty was defined to include:

- full- and part-time personnel whose regular assignment included instruction;
- full- and part-time individuals with faculty status whose regular assignment did not include instruction;
- permanent and temporary personnel with any instructional duties, including adjunct, acting, or visiting status; and
- faculty and instructional personnel on sabbatical leave.

Excluded from the NSOPF-93 universe of faculty were:

- faculty and other personnel with instructional duties outside the U.S. (but not on sabbatical leave);
- temporary replacements for faculty and other instructional personnel;
- faculty and other instructional and non-instructional personnel on leave without pay;
- graduate teaching assistants;
- military personnel who taught only ROTC courses; and
- instructional personnel supplied by independent contractors.

3.4 Sampling Frame

An explicit or an implicit list of the elements to be sampled can be used in designing a sampling frame. Creating an explicit list of all faculty and staff working at every institution in the frame of eligible institutions would have been an impossible task. Therefore, NCES elected to use an implicit list of faculty—a comprehensive list of faculty constructed from lists provided by the *sampled* postsecondary institutions. This list of faculty from sampled institutions needed to be comprehensive, accurate, and able to provide complete data for variables to be used in the subsequent stratification of the faculty sampling list.



The most appropriate and readily accessible source for a complete and accurate frame of institutions is the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS),4 a recurring set of surveys developed and maintained by NCES. IPEDS defines postsecondary education as "the provision of a formal instructional program whose curriculum is designed primarily for students who have completed the requirements for a high school diploma or its equivalent." This includes programs whose purpose is academic, vocational, and continuing professional education, and excludes avocational and adult basic education. IPEDS encompasses all institutional providers of postsecondary education in the United States and its outlying areas. The final IPEDS universe for 1991-92 consisted of 10,144 known entities: 4,390 nonproprietary or public higher education (two-year and four-year) institutions, 932 proprietary higher education institutions, and 4,822 less than two-year institutions. The NSOPF sample frame was drawn from IPEDS higher education nonproprietary or public institutions, following the institutional eligibility criteria described above. After eliminating 1,077 unaccredited nonproprietary or public higher education institutions and an additional 57 accredited nonproprietary or public higher education institutions located outside of the 50 states and the District of Columbia, the first-stage NSOPF-93 sampling frame was limited to a subset of 3,256 1991-92 IPEDS institutions: all accredited nonproprietary or public higher education institutions in the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

The NSOPF-93 universe of institutions was stratified using a modified Carnegie classification system,⁵ based on the highest degree institutions offer and the amount of federal research dollars they receive. For NSOPF-93, there were two levels of control, public and private, and nine types of institutions, based on 1987 Carnegie classifications, as follows:

- Research universities: This is a combination of the categories Research Universities I and II. Carnegie defines Research Universities I as those institutions which "offer a full range of baccalaureate programs, are committed to graduate education through the doctorate degree, and give high priority to research. They receive annually \$33.5 million or more in federal support and award at least 50 or more doctoral degrees each year." The definition of Research Universities II is identical to that of Research Universities I except for the condition that "they receive annually between \$12.5 million and \$33.5 million in federal support for research and development..."
- Other Ph.D.: This is a combination of the categories Doctorate-Granting Universities I and II. Doctorate-Granting Universities I is defined as including institutions "offering a full range of baccalaureate programs [and] the mission of these institutions includes a commitment to graduate education through the doctorate degree. They award at least 40 Ph.D. degrees annually in five or more disciplines." The definition of Doctorate-Granting Universities II is identical to that of Doctorate-Granting Universities I, except that these institutions "award annually 20 or more Ph.D. degrees in at least one discipline or 10 or more Ph.D. degrees in three or more disciplines."

See A Classification of Institutions of Higher Education, The Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching (Princeton, N.J., 1987), pp. 7-8.



⁴For more information on IPEDS data used in this study, see National Center for Education Statistics, *IPEDS Manual for Users* (Washington, D.C.: National Center for Education Statistics, 1991 [NCES 95-724]). This manual is also distributed with IPEDS data on CD-ROM.

- Comprehensive colleges and universities: Offer liberal arts and professional programs. Master's degrees are the highest degrees offered. This is a combination of the categories Comprehensive Universities and Colleges I and II. Carnegie defines Comprehensive Universities and Colleges I as institutions that "offer baccalaureate programs and, with few exceptions, graduate education through the master's degree. More than half of their baccalaureate degrees are awarded in two or more occupational or professional disciplines such as engineering or business administration. All of the institutions in this group enroll at least 2,500 students." The definition of Comprehensive Universities and Colleges II is identical to that of Comprehensive Universities and Colleges I, except for the qualification that they enroll between 1,500 and 2,500 students.
- Liberal arts colleges: Smaller and generally more selective than comprehensive colleges and universities. Primarily offer bachelor's degrees, although some offer master's degrees. This definition combines the categories Liberal Arts Colleges I and II. Carnegie defines Liberal Arts Colleges I as "primarily undergraduate colleges that award more than half of their baccalaureate degrees in arts and science fields." The definition of Liberal Arts Colleges II is identical to Liberal Arts Colleges I, except it also "includes a group of colleges that award less than half of their degrees in liberal arts fields but, with fewer than 1,500 students, are too small to be considered comprehensive."
- Independent medical schools: Those not considered as part of a four-year college or university. Includes medical schools and medical centers.
- Religious colleges: Includes theological seminaries, bible colleges, and other institutions offering degrees in religion. There are no public religious colleges in the U.S.
- Non-profit, two-year colleges: Offer certificate or degree programs through the Associate of Arts level and with few exceptions, offer no baccalaureate degrees.
- Other: A wide range of professional and other specialized degree-granting colleges and
 universities. Includes other separate health professional schools, schools of law, schools of
 engineering and technology, schools of business and management, schools of art, music, and
 design, teachers colleges, and other specialized schools.
- Unknown: Carnegie classification was unknown at the time of sample selection.

Exhibit 3-1 compares the 1993 and 1988 NSOPF sample designs. It also provides a comparison with the 1991-92 IPEDS frame used for NSOPF-93.



Exhibit 3-1: Institutional sample 1988 design, 1993 design, and NSOPF-93 frame

Institution t	ype	Total				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1988 design	1993 design	NSOPF-93 frame**		
Research*		70	104	104		
	Percent of sample Percent of frame	14.6 67.3	10.7 - 100.0	3.2		
Other Ph.D	granting*	50	109	109		
	Percent of sample Percent of frame	10.4 45.9	11.2 100.0	3.3		
Comprehensi	ve	115	242	578		
	Percent of sample Percent of frame	24.0 19.9	24.8 41.9	17.8		
Liberal arts		40	71	578		
	Percent of sample Percent of frame	8.3 6.9	7.3 12.3	17.8		
Medical		20	35 .	52		
	Percent of sample Percent of frame	4.2 38.5	3.6 67.3	1.6		
Religious	Toront of name	20	20	309		
B	Percent of sample Percent of frame	4.2 6.5	2.0 6.5	9.5		
Two-year		120	329	1,107		
	Percent of sample Percent of frame	25.0 10.8	33.8 29.7	34.0		
Other		45	33	222		
	Percent of sample Percent of frame	9.4 20.3	3.4 14.9	6.8		
Unknown	1 Croche of Haille	0	31	197		
·	Percent of sample	0.0	3.2			
	Percent of frame	0.0	15.7	6.0		
Total		480	974	3,256		
Pe	Percent of sample rcent of 1993 frame	100.0 14.7	100.0 ·29.9	100.0		

^{*} All institutions in the "research" stratum were selected with certainty. The "other Ph.D.-granting" stratum represented 100 percent of the frame because: 1) all public doctoral granting institutions were selected with certainty, and 2) all private doctoral granting universities were selected in the initial sample or added to the sample later when 185 supplemental institutions were selected to compensate for institutions determined to be ineligible or for institutions that were unlikely to participate in the study. See sections 3.6 and 3.7 for further discussion.



^{**} Represents a subset of the IPEDS universe. Only those higher education IPEDS institutions that are nonproprietary, are located in the 50 states or the District of Columbia, and are accredited by the U.S. Department of Education were included in the frame.

3.5 First Stage Sampling: Institution-Level

At the time of sample selection, 278 (8.5 percent) of the 3,256 institutions in the sample frame could not be classified using the 1987-88 Carnegie crosswalk file. Updates were supplied for 81 of these institutions by Carnegie staff, leaving 197 institutions unclassified. This remaining group of unclassified institutions was designated as "unknown" in the sample frame. In addition, NCES requested that 25 institutions be transferred from the "Other" Carnegie classification into "Liberal Arts." These institutions included Teachers' Colleges (Carnegie code=58) and Schools of Art, Music, and Design (Carnegie code=56) whose highest level of offering was a Bachelor's degree. This adjustment was made under the assumption that these institutions more closely approximated Liberal Arts colleges than other specialized schools.

Institutions were stratified according to a cross-classification of control by type. There were two levels of control, public and private, and nine types, as discussed in section 3.4: research, other Ph.D., comprehensive, liberal arts, medical, religious, two-year institutions, other, and unknown. Since there are no public religious institutions, the cross-classification has 17 cells. The desired sampling rates for three of the cells, public research, private research, and public "other Ph.D.," were so close to 100 percent that it was appropriate to sample all of the institutions in those cells. A separate sampling stratum was constructed for these institutions, "stratum 15"; all institutions in this stratum were selected (i.e. selected with certainty). Grouping the institutions together in stratum 15 makes sense from a sampling design and selection standpoint, although this stratum does not comprise a grouping of analytical interest. Institutions in the other 14 strata are referred to as noncertainty institutions. The 15 sampling strata are described below:

Stratum 1 = Private, other Ph.D. Stratum 9 = Public, two-yearStratum 2 = Public, comprehensive Stratum 10 = Private, two-year Stratum 3 = Private, comprehensive Stratum 11 = Public, other Stratum 4 = Public, liberal arts Stratum 12 = Private, other Stratum 5 = Private, liberal arts Stratum 13 = Public, unknown Stratum 6 = Public, medical Stratum 14 = Private, unknown Stratum 7 = Private, medical Stratum 15 includes all Public, research; Private, Stratum 8 = Private, religious research; Public, other Ph.D. institutions

The stratum sample sizes for the noncertainty institutions, determined by a preliminary pass through the 14 strata, were allocated proportional to the total estimated number of faculty and instructional staff in each stratum. In those strata, the first-stage selections were made using stratified sampling with probabilities within each stratum proportional to the expected numbers of faculty and instructional staff. Various combinations of first-stage (institution) sampling rates and second-stage (faculty) sampling rates may be used to achieve equal selection probabilities for faculty. However, under reasonable assumptions, such as constant intraclass correlation within institutions in a stratum, setting first-stage probabilities proportional to the number of faculty in the institution and choosing a constant sized cluster of faculty from each selected institution is optimal in the sense of minimizing variance of sample means.

The sampling requirements for NSOPF-93 were developed using a dynamic standard error model that simulated various sampling scenarios at the institution and faculty levels. After numerous simulations of the model were performed, it was determined that acceptable levels of precision for most faculty subgroups could be obtained with an institutional sample of 789 institutions. To meet the study's analytical objectives, the sample design also required oversampling certain subgroups of faculty including: full-time females; black, non-Hispanics and Hispanics; Asian/Pacific Islanders; and faculty in four disciplines of particular interest (philosophy/religion, foreign languages, English language and literature, and history). An average cluster size of 41.5 faculty was targeted for each. Systematic probability proportional to size (PPS) sampling with a



measure of size (MOS) equal to 41 or the estimated number of faculty, whichever was larger, was used to select institutions.

MOS was defined as the total number of faculty as specified in the most recent IPEDS available at the time (the 1991 Fall Staff survey). Of the 3,256 institutions listed on the sample frame, 3,106 had a MOS available. For the remaining 150 (4.6 percent) institutions for which faculty data were missing, MOS was imputed using one of two methods. After imputation, the MOS was available for each institution in the frame, whether selected or not.

The first imputation method involved 123 of the 150 institutions for which only student enrollment data were available from the most recent IPEDS file. A student-faculty (S-F) ratio was first calculated for the 3,106 institutions for which information on both variables was available. The S-F ratio was then arrayed by type and control for these institutions. A MOS for the 123 institutions was determined using the following formula: (number of students)/(S-F ratio for that institution's cell). The second method of imputation involved the 27 remaining institutions for which neither student nor faculty enrollment data were available. The average number of faculty for the 3,106 institutions was calculated by type and control and the 27 institutions were given an imputed MOS based on the average number of faculty for their respective cells.

In systematic sampling, the order in which the institutions are listed on the frame is important because it reflects an implicit stratification. Within each stratum the institutions were sorted by MOS in a "serpentine" manner, i.e., if one stratum was sorted in ascending order by MOS, the next was sorted in descending order, the one after that was sorted in ascending order, and so on. This procedure helped to balance the sample with respect to institution size (based on number of faculty). A total of 789 institutions was initially selected and later supplemented with 185 institutions for a total of 974 selected in the first stage (see section 3.6 below).

Institutions were selected in two replicates. The first replicate, "Pool 1," contained the initial sample of 789 noncertainty and certainty institutions. The second replicate, "Pool 2," was sorted into random order within strata and contained 606 noncertainty institutions. Pool 2 provided a source of institutions available so that like institutions could be selected to replace nonparticipating Pool 1 institutions.

3.6 Institution Nonresponse

Nonresponse is likely to increase sample variance by causing departures from strict PPS selection. Nonresponse is also likely to cause some bias, the extent of which is difficult to measure. Nonresponse rates were used to serve as simple indicators of the magnitude of nonresponse.⁶ Institutions that were determined ineligible or which could not be recruited after extensive follow-up were replaced at random by institutions within the same explicit stratum in Pool 2.⁷ Since, by definition, all institutions in stratum 15 were selected, they did not have replacements within stratum 15.

However, research institution non-participation posed a problem with attaining sufficient samples of some of the important faculty groups targeted for oversampling. Thus, a decision was made to include additional

⁷The first replicate, "Pool 1," contained the original sample. If 100 percent response could be achieved, the second replicate, "Pool 2," would not have been used at all. The response rate was not 100 percent, however. Pool 2 was sorted into random order within stratum. When a nonresponse was encountered in stratum x ($1 \le x \le 14$) in Pool 1, the first nonselected institution from stratum x in Pool 2 was selected as a replacement institution.



⁶Nonresponse rates were calculated separately for Pool 1 selections and for the combined selections from Pool 1 and Pool 2 (excluding nonselections from Pool 2).

institutions from similar strata. "Private, other Ph.D.," "Public comprehensive" and "Private comprehensive" sampling strata were used for this purpose. Sixteen nonresponding certainty institutions were compensated for in this manner. More on nonresponse rates can be found in Chapters 4 and 7.

The sampling plan assumed an institutional participation rate of 95 percent and a faculty response rate of 85 percent, for a yield of approximately 750 institutions and 27,750 faculty. However, the final institution participation rate (i.e., provided faculty lists) was 85 percent, based on the total institution sample (the original sample plus 185 supplemental institutions). The lower-than-anticipated institutional participation rate did not, however, noticeably hamper the representativeness of the sample. NCES performed a discriminant analysis comparing faculty characteristics reported on a sample of the NSOPF-93 faculty sampling lists with the faculty characteristics detailed in the IPEDS universe. The analysis showed no significant differences between the NSOPF-93 sampling lists and the IPEDS universe.

3.7 Institution Replacements

Based largely on the field test experience, it was initially anticipated that 20 to 25 percent of the sampled institutions would ultimately refuse to participate in the full-scale study. Between October 1992 and early March 1993, 26 institutions in the original sample were replaced by randomly selected comparable institutions (from Pool 2): five because they were ineligible and 21 because they were determined to be final refusals. After trying to gain cooperation from the initial sample of 789 institutions for almost six months, it was determined that a certain number of other institutions were unlikely to participate in the study. These institutions were identified in March 1993 and 159 additional institutions were randomly selected within the relevant strata (from Pool 2). Thus, a total of 185 institutions, equivalent to 23 percent of the initial sample (n=789), was selected to compensate for institutions determined to be ineligible or for institutions that were unlikely to participate in the study. Replacement selections were made to achieve two objectives: to assure adequate representation across strata, and to achieve an institution participation rate of 85 percent. Project staff tried to gain cooperation from both the original and replacement samples simultaneously. The final participation rate for list collection was 85 percent for both the original sample and the additional sample.

Typically, an institution that initially refused to participate was recontacted by key members of the project staff, usually by one of the project supervisors. After determining the reasons for their refusal, a specific plan was proposed to respond to the institution's concerns. In some instances, this meant providing compensation to prepare the list; in other instances, it required accepting a list without some of the requested sampling or address information. If the proposed plan proved unacceptable to the institution, other senior members of the project staff or the NCES project officer recontacted the institution to try once again to win their participation. If following these repeated attempts the institution still decided not to participate, the institution was considered a final refusal.

3.8 Second Stage Sampling: Faculty-Level

At the second stage of sample selection, the NSOPF-93 sampling frame consisted of lists of faculty and instructional staff obtained from 817 participating institutions. The sampling of faculty was handled by a multi-step program developed specifically for NSOPF-93. The program was designed to ensure the adequate representation in the sample of particular faculty groups, according to NSF and NEH analytical objectives. These faculty groups were: full-time females; black, non-Hispanics and Hispanics; Asian/Pacific Islanders; and faculty in four NEH-designated disciplines: philosophy/religion, foreign languages, English language and literature, and history. The sampling program proceeded through the following steps in sampling an institution's faculty:



- (1) Each institution was randomly assigned a target total sample size, say n, of either 41 or 42 to yield the desired average cluster size of 41.5. Whenever an institution employed fewer than 42 individuals, all faculty were selected.
- (2) Depending on the composition of an institution's faculty, the program oversampled to achieve the following average oversample sizes⁸ per institution:

Black, non-Hispanic/Hispanic	5.6081
Full-time female	3.3649
Faculty in NEH disciplines	2.2432
Asian/Pacific Islander	1.1216
None of the above	0.0000 (no oversampling)

The oversample sizes in each institution were randomly rounded to integers; the rounding was independent across institutions.

- Some faculty belonged to more than one of the oversampled groups—termed "multi-group" (3) members. For example, a full-time faculty member who was a Hispanic female would belong to two of the groups. To use stratified sampling to select the faculty, it was necessary to classify each faculty member into just one of the groups. Once this was accomplished, the groups would be exhaustive and mutually exclusive and hence they would be true strata. Although simple randomization could have been used to assign multi-group members to a single group, alternative methods of assignment can lead to more efficient samples. Thus, it was decided to make the assignments so as to minimize the oversampling rates. 9 Specifically, the faculty lists were processed sequentially, so that in a given institution a multi-group member was assigned to the group for which the oversampling rate (defined as the oversample size divided by the number of individuals in that institution which could qualify for the group) was largest. As the program proceeded through the list, the oversampling rates varied depending on how many multi-group members there were and how they were classified into single groups. At the end of this step, each faculty member was classified into one group. The oversample size for each group was then checked to ensure that it did not exceed the number of members of the group; any oversample sizes that did were reduced accordingly.
- (4) The final sampling rate for a group was set equal to the sum of the oversampling rate and the rate that would have been used if no oversampling was done. Using these final sampling rates, stratified sampling was performed with the groups as strata.
- (5) The residual sample size (n minus the sum of the oversample sizes) was allocated across the five strata in proportion to the number of faculty in the strata. Then the total sample in each stratum (consisting of the oversample size plus the proportionally allocated residual) was specified by simple random sampling without replacement, with the sampling independent from one faculty stratum to the next.

⁹The oversampling rate is the ratio of the oversample size to the size of the group. Increasing the size of the group decreases the oversampling rate. The lower the oversampling rate, the smaller the design effect due to unequal weighting. Oversample sizes were not affected.



⁸The oversample size for a group is the difference between the expected sample size for the group and the expected sample size that would have been attained if all faculty had been sampled at the same rate, i.e., in the absence of oversampling.

Among the 789 initial sample institutions, it was determined that 48 (6.1 percent) institutions overlapped with the NSOPF-93 field test sample. Six of the institutions from the replacement pool also overlapped with the field test sample for a combined overlap (initial and replacement) of 54 institutions or 5.5 percent of the 974 selections. Faculty who were selected into both the field test and the full-scale study samples were excluded from the latter in accordance with OMB requirements.

3.9 Subsampling of Faculty

As a cost-saving measure, 2,000 faculty were subsampled from the overall sample of faculty in August, 1993. This reduced the sample size for the NSOPF-93 faculty sample from 33,354 to 31,354. These faculty were subsampled at random. First, all completed cases were excluded from the subsample. Second, all remaining cases were assigned a "wave" indicator, taking integer values from 1 to 6, indicating which of the six survey waves the case belonged to. Because all faculty in any institution belonged to the same wave, subsampling then proceeded according to the following specifications. (For further explanation of the fielding of the faculty survey in waves, see section 5.3.)

For wave j, let N_j denote the number of faculty selected, let n_j denote the number of faculty cases completed, and let $A_j = N_j - n_j$ denote the number of cases not yet completed. Let A_+ denote the sum of the A_j terms, i.e., $A_+ = A_1 + A_2 + \ldots + A_6$. Subsampling proceeded in two steps. First the number of cases to be excluded (subsampled out) of wave j, say m_j , was calculated. Second, these cases were subsampled out.

Set $m_j = 2000(A_j/A_+)$ for each wave j. For each wave j, $1 \le j \le 6$, A_j noncompleted cases from wave j were sorted by institution. Thus, all faculty in an institution appeared consecutively in the file. Then a random start was chosen and systematic sampling taking every kth record from stratum j was performed. This yielded a sample of m_j records. These cases were removed from the sample.

The $A_j - m_j$ cases in wave j that were not excluded by this sampling received a flag indicating that they were eligible for exclusion at this point but were not excluded. Their raw sampling weights were inflated by a factor equal to $1/(1 - m/A_j)$.

3.10 Calculation of Weights

The sample was weighted to produce national estimates of institutions and faculty by using weights designed to adjust for differential probabilities of selection and nonresponse at the institution and faculty levels. After excluding ineligible institutions from the institution sample, the adjusted weights for institutions sum to 3,188.¹⁰ Likewise, after excluding ineligible members from the faculty sample, the adjusted weights for faculty sum to 1,033,966, the estimated total number of faculty in the target population. This number includes instructional staff who did not have faculty status and whose instructional duties related only to noncredit courses or advising, or to supervising noncredit academic activities.

Three weights were computed for the NSOPF-93 sample: a first-stage institution-level weight and final institution and faculty weights. The first-stage institution-level weights accounted for the institutions that participated in the study by submitting a faculty sampling list and permitted faculty members to be sampled. The two final weights—weights for the sample faculty, and institution-level weights for those institutions that

¹⁰Twelve institutions in the sample were found to be ineligible. When ineligible institutions were excluded from the sample, the sum of weights for eligible institutions was 3,188, rather than the 3,256 institutions specified in the sampling frame.



returned institution questionnaires—were adjusted for nonresponse. The final faculty weights were poststratified to the "best" estimates of the number of faculty.

A poststratification adjustment to the IPEDS population was not calculated. The IPEDS and NSOPF-93 faculty population definitions and estimates, although similar in many respects, are not identical nor are they intended to correspond directly. IPEDS defines as Faculty (Instruction/Research) "all persons whose specific assignments customarily are made for the purpose of conducting instruction, research or public service as a principle activity (or activities) and who hold academic-rank titles of professor, associate professor, assistant professor, instructor, lecturer, or the equivalent of any of these academic ranks. If their principle activity is instructional [this category also includes] deans, directors, or the equivalent, as well as associate deans, assistant deans and executive officers of academic departments . . ." While NSOPF-93's definition of instructional faculty parallels the IPEDS definition, many of the job titles that NSOPF considers non-instructional faculty are classified in IPEDS under other non-faculty categories. For example, in its instructions to IPEDS respondents, NCES lists "librarians" as an example of a "Professional Non-Faculty" position. Yet, NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire respondents listed "librarians" as the largest single group of non-instructional faculty. Because of such definitional differences between the NSOPF and IPEDS populations, a poststratification adjustment to IPEDS estimates was ruled out.

3.11 First-Stage Institution Weights

The first-stage institution weights for the NSOPF-93 faculty survey were constructed in three steps. First, the institution's base weight was calculated as the reciprocal of its selection probability. Second, the initial base weights were adjusted for institutions that had merged and so were effectively listed multiple times in the sampling frame. Finally, nonresponse adjustment factors were applied to the weights to compensate for institution-level nonresponse.

Base weights. The selection probability for an institution's selection into the sample, P^*_{hi} , was calculated by dividing the institution's MOS by the product of the total number of faculty members in the institution sampling stratum which included that institution and the reciprocal of the desired sample of institutions for that stratum. The first-stage base weight for institution i in stratum h, $W_{l.hi}$, is the reciprocal of the first-stage selection probability, P^*_{hi} . These initial weights reflect the several steps used to select the institutions. In the first step, a stratified sample was drawn, with extra selections from each stratum. The selections were then sorted into two groups, Pool 1 and Pool 2, so that (i) all certainty selections were put into Pool 1, and (ii) the noncertainty selections within each stratum were systematically randomly allocated to Pool 1 or Pool 2. The Pool 1 institutions were those selected for initial fielding in the survey, and the Pool 2 institutions were extra institutions were selected for the sample, most of the Pool 2 selections were not selected. Within each stratum, Pool 2 institutions were sorted into random order and then selected as needed for inclusion in the survey.

For institution i, in stratum h, with a desired sample size of n_h , the selection probability is

$$P*_{hi} = \frac{MOS_{hi}}{\sum_{i=1}^{n_h} MOS_{hi}}$$



For institution i, in stratum h, the first-stage base weight is

$$W_{l.hi} = 1/P_{hi}^*$$

with P_{hi}^* representing the probability that institution i in stratum h was selected for fielding. The selection probability for institution i in pool g and in stratum h was 1 for certainty institutions and $P_{hi}(b_{1h} + a_{2h})/b_h$ for noncertainty institutions, with

 a_{gh} = number of noncertainty selections in Pool g, stratum h that were actually fielded

 b_{gh} = total number of noncertainty selections in Pool g, stratum h

 b_h = the total number of noncertainty selections in either pool (= $b_{1h} + b_{2h}$)

 P_{hi} = probability that institution i in stratum h was selected into either Pool 1 or Pool 2.

Note that $a_{1h} = b_{1h}$. The probability that noncertainty institution i in stratum h was selected into Pool 1 and fielded is $P_{hi}b_{1h}/b_h$ (all Pool 1 institutions were fielded), the probability for a certainty institution is 1. The probability that institution i in stratum h was selected into Pool 2 and surveyed is $P_{hi}a_{2h}/b_h$. The probability that institution i in stratum h was selected for fielding is the sum of these two probabilities.

Adjustment for multiplicity. After the sample had been selected and institutions were contacted, it was learned that a few of the institutions in the sample had merged with other institutions on the sampling frame. Since a merged institution would be in the sample if either listing of the institution was selected from the frame, its sampling weight had to be reduced. Let A denote the listing of the institution that was selected and let B denote the other listing. If P^*_A and P^*_B denote the respective selection probabilities, the probability of surveying either institution was approximately $P^*_A + P^*_B - P^*_A \times P^*_B$. (This approximation rests on the assumption of independence of selection, which has a trivial numerical effect.) Thus, the weights for such an institution were modified accordingly. Specifically, the base weight for institution A was changed to

$$W'_{1,A} = W_{1,A} \times W_{1,B} / [W_{1,A} + W_{1,B} - 1]$$

if institution A was identified with institution B, and $W'_{l,A} = W_{l,A}$ otherwise. We will use the notation $W'_{l,hi}$ to denote the weight for institution i in stratum h after modifications of the weights for multiplicity.

Adjustment for nonresponse. Prior to computing the nonresponse adjustment, two indicators were created to flag cooperating and eligible institutions. The first indicator, I_{hi} , was given the value of 1 if institution i in stratum h cooperated in the survey and 0 if the institution did not cooperate. Similarly, the second indicator variable, J_{hi} was set to 1 if the surveyed institution i in stratum h was found to be eligible and to 0 if it was found to be ineligible. Institutions that turned out to be ineligible as cooperators were classified; thus, it is possible that $I_{hi} = 1$ and $J_{hi} = 0$. Institutions were classified according to Exhibit 3-2, in which $\eta_{\alpha\beta}$ denotes a weighted number of institutions in the sample (weighted by $W'_{1,hi}$).



Exhibit 3-2:	Classification	of institutions b	v eligibility a	nd cooperation
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	Eligible	Not eligible	Total
Respondents	η_{ii}	η ₁₂	η_{i+}
Nonrespondents	η_{21}	η_{22}	η ₂₊
Total	η,,	η ₊₂	η

The desired response rate for the weighting adjustment is η_{11}/η_{+1} , based on eligible institutions. However, direct estimates are available for only η_{11} , η_{12} , η_{1+} , η_{2+} , and η_{++} . If a surveyed institution was ineligible for the survey, that fact would have been established during the contacting process, i.e., $\eta_{22} = 0.11$ This implies that η_{+1} can be calculated as $\eta_{+1} = \eta_{++} - \eta_{12}$ and the desired response rate by $\eta_{11}/(\eta_{++} - \eta_{12})$. In calculating nonresponse adjustments, the first-stage response rate can be estimated for stratum h, $R_{1.h}$, using data only from institutions not found to be ineligible as indicated below:

$$R_{l,h} = \frac{\sum_{i=l}^{b_h} W'_{l,hi} I_{hi} J_{hi}}{\sum_{i=l}^{b_h} W'_{l,hi} J_{hi}}.$$

In adjusting the institution-level weights, the original sampling strata were used to define nonresponse adjustment cells. (The response rates did not vary widely across other subgroups of institutions.)

The first-stage nonresponse-adjusted weight, $W''_{1,hi}$, was then calculated as:

$$W^{\prime\prime}_{l,hi} = W^{\prime}_{l,hi}/R_{l,hi}$$

3.12 Calculation of Faculty Weights

Weights for the faculty sample were computed in four steps. First, the base conditional selection probabilities were calculated; these reflected the selection rates for faculty members given that their institutions were sampled. In this step, the initial selection probabilities also were adjusted to reflect the exclusion of a random subsample of faculty. Then the reciprocals of these selection probabilities were calculated to yield conditional base weights. Second, these faculty base weights were multiplied by the first-stage nonresponse-adjusted weights to yield second-stage sampling weights adjusted for institutional nonresponse. Third, a second-stage nonresponse adjustment factor was applied to these latter weights to

¹¹The contacting process was extensive and served two related goals, gaining cooperation and determining eligibility. The field staff were trained to be able to determine the eligibility of an institution. Since all nonresponding institutions were contacted, the eligibility rate is a known quantity for all institutions, both responding and nonresponding. Of the 974 institutions in the total sample, 12 (1.2 percent) were found to be ineligible. Ineligible institutions included those which had closed or which had merged with other institutions, satellite campuses that were not independent units, and institutions that did not grant any degrees or certificates.



compensate for nonresponse by faculty members. Fourth, the nonresponse-adjusted weights were poststratified to the best estimates of total, full-, and part-time faculty by sampling stratum.

Second-stage weights. Faculty members in the surveyed institutions were selected by stratified random sampling within five strata per institution. The strata were based on classification of faculty as (i) black, non-Hispanic/Hispanic (ii) full-time female faculty, (iii) faculty in one of the NEH disciplines, (iv) Asian/Pacific Islander faculty, and (v) all other faculty. The classification was unique, so that any faculty member on the institution's roster was assigned to only one stratum. Letting N_f denote the number of faculty on the roster who were assigned to stratum f, and f denote the number of faculty in stratum f in the institution who were sampled, the *initial* second-stage raw conditional selection probability weight for faculty member f in stratum f was calculated as f for f faculty member f in stratum f was calculated as f for f faculty member f in stratum f was calculated as f for f faculty member f in stratum f for faculty f in the stratum f for faculty f in the stratum f in the stra

Each faculty member in the sample was classified into one of six "waves," denoted by the subscript j, and each faculty member was identified as being a respondent (or "initial respondent") or not by that point in the fielding of the sample. The first wave consisted of faculty who were contacted early on in the survey, and second wave faculty were contacted somewhat later, and the sixth wave faculty were contacted last. Thus, S_{kj} was set to 1 if faculty member k in wave j was an initial respondent and was 0 otherwise. If T_j denotes the number of initial nonrespondents in wave j, then

$$T_j = \sum_{k \in wave \ j} (1 - S_{kj}).$$

As discussed in section 3.9, 2,000 of the selected faculty were deliberately dropped from the sample during fielding of the sample. The exclusions were made randomly but the exclusion probabilities were not constant. Overall, 2,000 initial nonrespondents were dropped after subsampling. Let m_j denote the number of such excluded nonrespondents in wave j. The conditional probability that a faculty member was retained in the sample (i.e., not excluded), given that he or she was in wave j, equaled 1 if the faculty member was an initial respondent in that wave (i.e., if $S_{kj} = 1$), and it equaled $(1 - m/T_j)$ if the faculty member was an initial nonrespondent $(S_{kj} = 0)$.

Thus, for initial respondents in each wave, the second-stage base weight $(W_{2,lk})$ for faculty member k in faculty-stratum f) was given by

$$W_{2.fk} = N_f / n_f.$$

For initial nonrespondents in wave j, the base weight was

$$W_{2,fjk} = N_f / [n_f (1 - m_j / T_j)].$$

Adjustment for institution-level selection and nonresponse. The second-stage weights were adjusted for institutional sampling and nonresponse by multiplying the raw second-stage faculty weight by the final institution-level weight. Thus, for faculty member k in faculty stratum f in institution i in institution-level stratum h, the adjusted weight $(W'_{2,khi})$ is given by

$$W'_{2.fkhi} = W_{2.fk}W''_{1.hi}$$
 or $W_{2.fjk}W''_{1.hi}$

depending on whether the respondent was classified as an initial respondent or initial nonrespondent.



Adjustment for faculty nonresponse. Response rates for part-time faculty differed significantly from those for full-time faculty. The nonresponse adjustment for faculty weights accounts for this. The following three variables were cross-classified to create the cells for nonresponse adjustment: institution stratum (15 categories), part-time/full-time status (two categories), and race/ethnicity (two categories). In principle, there should not be any missing values on the three classification variables. However, faculty lists for some institutions reported missing values for full-time/part-time status and for race/ethnicity, as illustrated in Exhibit 3-3.

Exhibit 3-3: Profile of faculty sampling lists

Total number of faculty sampling lists	31,354
Race/ethnicity present on sampling lists	. 22,715
Race/ethnicity missing on sampling lists Available from faculty questionnaire Not available from faculty questionnaire: Imputed	8,639 6,235 2,404
Full/part-time status present on sampling lists	27,659
Full/part-time status missing on sampling lists Available from faculty questionnaire Not available from faculty questionnaire: Imputed	3,695 2,824 871

Most of the missing data was directly imputed from the faculty questionnaire. The remainder of missing data for part-time/full-time status and for race/ethnicity was imputed using the sequential hot-deck method within the 15 institution strata.

To calculate nonresponse adjustment factors, let $W_{1.ijkl}$ be the base weights for lth faculty with jth part-time/full-time status and kth race/ethnicity background in ith institution stratum. And let corresponding indicator I_{ijkl} be the response indicator, i.e., $I_{ijkl}=1$ if the sampled faculty member responded to the survey and $I_{ijkl}=0$ if the sampled faculty member did not respond to the survey. The response rate, R_{ijk} , for faculty members with jth part-time/full-time status and kth race/ethnicity background in ith institution stratum is

$$R_{ijk} = \frac{\sum_{l} W_{1.ijkl} I_{ijkl}}{\sum_{l} W_{1.ijkl}}$$

with the summation over *eligible* faculty selected within *ijk*th cell for the full-time faculty and with the summation over *all* faculty selected within *ijk*th cell for part-time faculty, where this full-time/part-time status and race/ethnicity is obtained largely from the faculty list. It is assumed that all the ineligible cases for full-time faculty have been identified, and that the same ineligibility rate applies between respondents and nonrespondents among part-time faculty. This means that it is assumed that all nonrespondents coded as full-time are eligible, while nonrespondents coded as part-time are partly eligible and partly ineligible in the same ratio as among respondents coded as part-time.

¹³¹⁼White; 2=non-White.



¹²1=Full-time, 2=Part-time, as determined by faculty list.

The faculty weight adjusted for the nonresponse, $W_{2.ijkl}$, was

$$W_{2.ijkl} = \frac{W_{1.ijkl}}{R_{iik}}$$

Within each cell, if there were at least 15 cases and the weighted response rate was not less than two-thirds of the overall weighted response rate, the nonresponse adjustment factor was computed. When a given cell did not meet these criteria, it was collapsed with a neighboring cell. Collapsing on race/ethnicity occurred first, followed by collapsing on part-time/full-time status. Such collapsing is intended to limit the large increase in variability that could be associated with large adjustment factors (i.e., large R^{-1}).

Poststratification to "best estimates." To create the final faculty weights, nonresponse-adjusted faculty weights were poststratified to "best estimates" of the national population of full-time and part-time faculty. Chapter 10 describes the procedures used to derive best estimates. Let \hat{T}_{ij} be the best estimate for the total number of faculty with jth part-time/full-time status in ith institution stratum. The post-stratified weights, $W_{3,ijkl}$, are

$$W_{3.ijkl} = W_{2.ijkl} \frac{\hat{T}_{ij}}{\sum_{k} \sum_{l} W_{2.ijkl}}$$

with the summation over all respondents within *ij*th cell. These poststratified final faculty weights produce the weighted national population estimates for the NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire dataset.

The poststratification adjustment should reduce sampling variability, and more importantly reduce any reporting biases and bias due to undercoverage of the faculty sampling frame. Poststratification provides a means of weighting the faculty respondents to represent all faculty on the original faculty sampling frame as well as faculty missed on the frame. The method is entirely analogous to the nonresponse adjustment, where faculty respondents are weighted up to represent themselves as well as the faculty nonrespondents. While the nonresponse adjustment is based upon the assumption that the means of respondents and nonrespondents are similar, the poststratification adjustment is based upon the assumption that the means of covered faculty and missed faculty are similar. Neither assumption is perfect, but the resulting estimates are thought to be more accurate than they would be in the absence of the adjustments.

3.13 Calculation of Weights for Institution Questionnaires

The weights for institution questionnaires were calculated in the same manner as the first-stage weights for institutions from which faculty were selected (see section 3.11), the only difference being the definition of "respondent." For calculating the weights for institutions with institution questionnaires, a respondent was defined as any institution from which an acceptable institution questionnaire was received. For most institutions, the response classification was identical under the two criteria. As a result, the weighting cells for the first-stage weights were used without change for the weights for institution questionnaires. Exhibit 3-4 provides summary statistics of the faculty and institution weights.



Exhibit 3-4: Summary statistics for NSOPF-93 faculty and institution weights

Statistic	Faculty	Institution
Mean	40.11	3.66
Variance	1,605.92	16.68
Standard Deviation	40.07	4.09
Minimum	1.28	1.15
Maximum	710.75	27.11
Skewness	4.21	2.47
Kurtosis	33.95	5.8
Sum of Weights (rounded to whole number)	1,033,966	3,188

3.14 Design Effects and Approximate Standard Errors

Statistical estimates calculated using NSOPF-93 survey data are subject to two sources of error: sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Sampling errors occur because the estimates are based on a sample of individuals in the population rather than on the entire population. Sampling errors can be quantified using statistical procedures in which a variance estimate is calculated. NSOPF-93 analytical reports provide each estimate's standard error, which measures the variability of the sample estimator in repeated sampling, using the same sample design and sample size. It indicates the variability of a sample estimator that would be obtained from all possible samples of a given design and size. Standard errors are used as a measure of the precision expected from a particular sample. If all possible samples were surveyed under similar conditions, intervals of 1.96 standard errors below to 1.96 standard errors above a mean or proportion would include the true population parameter in about 95 percent of the samples. In general, for large sample sizes (n greater than or equal to 30) and for estimates of the mean or the proportion, the intervals described above provide a 95 percent confidence interval. If sample sizes are too small, or if the parameters being estimated are not means or proportions, then these intervals may not correspond to the 95 percent confidence level.

Sample estimates also are subject to bias from nonsampling errors. It is more difficult to measure the magnitude of these errors. They can arise for a variety of reasons: nonresponse, noncoverage, differences in the respondent's interpretation of the meaning of questions, memory effects, misrecording of responses, incorrect editing, coding, and data entry, time effects, or errors in data processing. For example, noncoverage or incomplete lists (in which institutions did not provide a complete enumeration of eligible faculty) and listing of ineligible faculty necessitated the "best estimates" correction to decrease measurement error in the NSOPF-93 faculty population estimates. (For a more detailed discussion of the noncoverage problem, see Chapter 10.) The NSOPF-93 field test, discussed in Chapter 1, tested the faculty and institution questionnaires (as well as the sample design, data collection, and data processing procedures) to minimize the potential for nonsampling errors.

Because the sample design involved stratification, disproportionate sampling, and clustered (i.e., multi-stage) probability sampling, the calculation of exact standard errors for survey estimates can be difficult. While popular statistical analysis packages such as SPSS or SAS can often accommodate unequal selection probabilities in the calculation of standard errors and other statistics by allowing for the use of weights, they do not calculate standard errors by taking into account complex sample designs. Because of NSOPF-93's

complex sample design, standard errors generated by SPSS and SAS will usually underestimate the sampling variability of statistical estimates such as population means, percentages, and more complex statistics such as correlations and regression coefficients. Several procedures are available for calculating precise estimates of sampling errors for complex samples. Procedures such as Taylor series approximation, balanced half-sample replication (BHS), and jackknife repeated replication (JRR) produce similar results. ¹⁴ Consequently it is largely a matter of convenience which approach is taken. For BHS, 32 replicate weights are provided on the NSOPF-93 faculty and institution data files. The Data Analysis System (DAS), available on CD-ROM, calculates variances with the Taylor series approximation method.

The institution sampling stratum variable, ISTRATUM, and the primary sampling unit variable, PSU, are provided on the data files to facilitate calculation of standard errors using the Taylor series approximation method. This method was used to calculate standard errors reported in NSOPF-93 analytical reports. Standard errors reported in the NSOPF-93 institution report, *Institutional Policies and Practices Regarding Faculty in Higher Education* [NCES 97-080] were produced with SUDAAN software using a "without replacement" design to handle the certainty stratum and the large sampling fractions in certain strata. These variance estimates assume a zero variance for the stratum of institutions selected with certainty. (Section 3.15 discusses in greater detail variance estimation for institutions selected with certainty.) In using the Taylor-series approximation method to calculate variances for the faculty report *Instructional Faculty and Staff in Higher Education Institutions: Fall 1987 and Fall 1992*, [NCES 97-470] based on the NSOPF-93 faculty dataset, a "with replacement" design was utilized.

The impact of departures from simple random sampling on the precision of sample estimates is often measured by the design effect. For any statistical estimator (for example, a mean or a proportion), the design effect is the ratio of the estimate of the variance of a statistic derived from consideration of the sample design to that obtained from the formula for simple random samples.

Exhibits 3-5 through 3-7 present standard errors and design effects for the NSOPF-93 faculty and institution data, calculated with SUDAAN's Taylor series approximation method. These standard errors and design effects used weighted data and took into account NSOPF-93's complex sample design. Faculty questionnaire standard errors and design effects, presented in Exhibit 3-5, were calculated using a "with replacement" design. Institution questionnaire standard errors and design effects, presented in Exhibit 3-6, use SUDAAN's "without replacement" design with finite population correction factors. The standard errors and design effects presented in Exhibits 3-5 through 3-7 take into account the features of the sampling design: 1) stratification in the selection of institutions; and, 2) clustering (i.e., the use of institutions as first-stage sampling units).

Exhibits 3-5 and 3-6 present standard errors and design effects ("DEFF") for 30 randomly selected dichotomized items from the faculty and institution questionnaires. In selecting items from each questionnaire, 30 questions were randomly selected, using systematic selection from the beginning of the questionnaire. Response categories for each selected survey question were dichotomized for the purpose of

¹⁵Two widely available variance estimation software packages, SUDAAN and CENVAR, use the Taylor series approximation method to calculate variances. For more information on SUDAAN, see Shah, Babubhai V., Beth G. Barnwell and Gayle S. Bieler, SUDAAN User's Manual Release 6.4 (Research Triangle Park, N.C.: Research Triangle Institute, 1995). For information on CENVAR, see U.S. Bureau of the Census, CENVAR IMPS Version 3.1 (Washington D.C.: U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1995).



¹⁴Frankel, M., *Inference from Survey Samples: An Empirical Investigation* (Ann Arbor: Institute for Social Research, 1971).

representing the full range of levels which percentages can assume, i.e., the range from one percent (equivalently, 99 percent) to 50 percent.

The column titled "Questionnaire item" in these exhibits gives a brief description of the dichotomous item. A separate column titled "Question response number" gives the questionnaire numbers of the question and response categories which were used to construct this dichotomous item. For example, the first item in Exhibit 3-5 pertains to the percent of faculty who said they were hired by the institution for which they worked in 1981 or before. Similarly, the second item in Exhibit 3-6 refers to the percentage of institution respondents who selected response categories 0 or 1 in response to subitem A of Question 7 in questionnaire section B, i.e., "B7a:0,1". Thus, 49.35 percent of institution respondents answered that one or no tenured full-time faculty members who left the institution between Fall 1991 and Fall 1992 retired.

Exhibit 3-7 presents average design effects ("DEFF") for the faculty sample and questionnaire treated in Exhibit 3-5. Exhibit 3-7 also presents the average of the square roots of DEFFs ("DEFT") for the same sets of dichotomous items. This exhibit presents mean DEFFs and mean DEFTs not only for total respondents but also for 30 subgroups: two genders (male and female), five racial/ethnic groups, and subgroups based on tenure status, faculty rank, employment status, and type and control of institution. Because of small sample sizes within each Carnegie classification stratum in the institution sample, a similar exhibit of mean DEFFs and DEFTs was not produced for the institution sample.

Researchers who do not have access to software for computing estimates of standard errors can use the mean design effects presented in Exhibit 3-7 to approximate the standard errors of statistics based on the NSOPF-93 data. Design-corrected standard errors for a proportion can be approximated from the standard error computed using the formula for the standard error of a proportion based on a simple random sample and the appropriate mean root design effect (DEFT):

$$SE = DEFT \times [(p (1-p)/n)]^{1/2}$$
 (1)

where p is the weighted proportion of respondents giving a particular response, n is the size of the sample, and DEFT is the mean root design effect.

Similarly, the design-corrected standard error of a mean can be approximated from the standard error based on simple random sampling and the appropriate mean DEFT:

$$SE = DEFT \times (Var/n)^{1/2}$$
 (2)

where Var is the simple random sample variance, n is the size of the sample, and DEFT is the mean root design effect. Exhibit 3-7 makes clear that the design effects and root design effects vary considerably by subgroup. It is therefore important to use the mean DEFT for the relevant subgroup in calculating approximate standard errors for subgroup statistics.

Standard error estimates may be needed for subgroups that are not tabulated here. One rule of thumb may be useful in such situations: design effects will generally be smaller for groups that are formed by subdividing the subgroups listed in the tables. This is because smaller subgroups will be less affected by clustering than larger subgroups. Estimates for minority respondents, for example, will generally have smaller design effects than the corresponding estimates for all respondents. For this reason, it will usually be conservative to use the subgroup mean DEFT to approximate standard errors for estimates concerning a portion of the subgroup. This rule applies only when the variable used to subdivide a subgroup crosscuts institutions. Gender is one



such variable, since most institutions include faculty of both sexes. It will not reduce the average cluster size to form groups that are based on subsets of institutions.

Standard errors may also be needed for other types of estimates than the simple means and proportions that are the basis for the results presented here. A second rule of thumb can be used to estimate approximate standard errors for comparison between subgroups. If the subgroups crosscut institutions, then the design effect for the difference between the subgroup means will be somewhat smaller than the design effect for the individual means. The variance of the difference estimate will be less than the sum of the variances of the two subgroup means from which it is derived:

$$Var(b-a) \le Var(b) + Var(a)$$
 (3)

in which Var(b-a) refers to the variance of the estimated difference between the subgroup means, and Var(a) and Var(b) refer to the variances of the two subgroup means. It follows from equation (3) that Var(a) + Var(b) can be used in place of Var(b-a) with conservative results.

A final rule of thumb is that some complex estimators show smaller design effects than simple estimators. ¹⁶ Thus, correlation and regression coefficients tend to have smaller design effects than subgroup comparisons, and subgroup comparisons have smaller design effects than means. This implies that it will be conservative to use the mean root design effects presented here in calculating approximate standard errors for multiple regression coefficients. The procedure for calculating such approximate standard errors is the same as with simpler estimates. First, a standard error is calculated using the formula for data from a simple random sample; then, the simple random sample standard error is multiplied by the appropriate mean root design effect. This rule of thumb may not apply to other complex estimators, ¹⁷ and analysts should use caution in applying it to complex estimators other than regression coefficients.

¹⁷Skinner, C.J., Holt, D., and Smith, T.F.M., eds., *Analysis of Complex Surveys* (Chichester, England: Wiley, 1989): 70.



¹⁶Kish, L., and Frankel, M., "Inference from Complex Samples," *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society:* Series B (Methodological), 36 (1974): 2-37.

Exhibit 3-5: NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire: standard errors and design effects

Questionnaire item	Question response number	Estimate	Design S.E.	DEFT	DEFT	n	SRS- S.E. ^b
Year started job at institution	A6:≤81	30.11	0.54	3.58	1.89	25780	0.29
Highest degree received	B16A1:1,	48.98	0.93	8.84	2.97	25454	0.31
Other employment besides institution	B17:1	53.51	0.74	5.65	2.38	25780	0.31
Employment sector of other main job held	B18:4-8	66.17	0.76	3.1	1.76	10003	0.43
Primary responsibility in three most recently held jobs	B19B3:1,	9.29	0.48	3.24	1.8	12164	0.27
Number of book/article reviews published during career	B20A5: ≥5	8.32	0.32	3.49	1.87	25780	0.17
No. of articles published in non- refereed journals in last 2 years	B20B2: ≥2	9.19	0.34	3.48	1.87	25780	0.18
Number of patents/copyrights won in last 2 years	B20B13:0	96.86	0.17	2.54	1.59	25780	0.11
Number of graduate thesis committees chaired in Fall 1992	C21B4:0	89.48	0.41	4.54	2.13	25780	0.19
Was 1st for-credit course taught in Fall 1992 team taught?	C23A2f:1	11.25	0.45	4.13	2.03	21774	0.22
Avg. number of hours/week taught 2nd for-credit course in Fall 1992	C23B2g: ≥5	18.22	0.66	4.07	2.02	16098	0.33
Level of students taught in 3rd for- credit course in Fall 1992	C23C3:1	54.01	0.88	2.45	1.57	10474	0.56
Primary instructional method used in 4th for-credit course taught in Fall 1992	C23D4:1	54.74	0.86	1.25	1.12	5959	0.77
Taught any for-credit undergraduate courses in Fall 1992?	C24:2	62.86	0.97	10.49	3.24	25780	0.3
Used competency-based grading in undergraduate course	C24Ak:3	37.49	0.55	2.12	1.46	18249	0.38
Engaged in professional research, writing	C28:1	53.02	0.84	7.3	2.7	25780	0.31
Foundation/nonprofit funding for research?	C33B2: ≥2	25.98	1.6	2.09	1.45	1379	1.11

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Exhibit 3-5: NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire: standard errors and design effects (cont.)

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Questionnaire item	Question response number	Estimate	Design S.E.*	DEFF	DEFT	n_	SRS- S.E. ^b
Total research funds obtained from state/local government	C33D4: ≥5000	80.74	1.78	1.7	1.3	786	1.37
Assessment of institution's research equipment	C34a:3,4	71.34	0.62	2.82	1.68	15113	0.37
Assessment of institution's studio/performance space	C34j:1	10.19	0.48	2.00	1.41	8406	0.34
Adequacy of institution's funding for professional travel	C35C3:1	61.95	0.75	2.41	1.55	12098	0.48
Avg. hours per week spent on unpaid activities	C36b: ≥5	32.36	0.46	2.47	1.57	25780	0.29
Preferred percent of work time for professional growth	C37Bc: ≥50	1.22	0.09	1.64	1.28	25780	0.07
Satisfaction with work load	D40a:2	17.5	0.34	2.06	1.44	25780	0.24
Likelihood of accepting part-time job at non-postsecondary institution in next 3 years	D41c:3	85.9	0.38	3.00	1.73	24731	0.22
Importance of instructional facilities in decision to leave current institution	D43h:3	61.69	0.45	2.24	1.5	25780	0.3
Basic salary in 1992 (dollars)	E47a: 100000+	2.71	0.22	4.77	2.18	25780	0.1
Royalties or commissions received in 1992 (dollars)	E47m: ≥2000	3.07	0.17	2.51	1.58	25780	0.11
Citizenship status	F57:2	5.99	0.25	2.76	1.66	25780	0.15
Have opportunities for junior faculty advancement improved or worsened	F60b:1	29.55	0.55	2.98	1.73	20765	0.32

^a Standard errors calculated taking into account the sample design.



b Standard errors calculated under the assumption of simple random sampling.

Exhibit 3-6: NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire standard errors and design effects

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Questionnaire item	Question response number	Estimate	Design S.E.*	DEFF	DEFT	n	SRS- S.E. ^b
Number of permanent full-time faculty who left in last year	B2e:0	33.57	2.18	1.85	1.36	871	1.60
Number of tenured full time faculty who retired last year	B7a:0,1	49.35	2.44	1.47	1.21	726	2.01
Has institution taken action to lower percentage of full-time faculty in last five years?	B10e:2	91.93	1.19	1.17	1.08	. 726	1.10
Institution subsidy to state retirement plan for full-time faculty	B12c1:1	20.41	1.77	0.75	0.87	528	2.04
Full-time faculty benefits: wellness program	B13a:2	57.27	2.07	1.53	1.24	871	1.67
Full-time faculty benefits: tuition remission for faculty children	B13g:2	30.94	1.99	1.61	1.27	871	1.57
Institution subsidy for meal plan for full-time faculty	B13j1:1	22.27	6.23	3.22	1.79	114	3.47
Temporary full-time faculty benefits: medical insurance or medical care	B16b:1	85.83	2.32	1.99	· 1.41	584	1.64
Temporary full-time faculty benefits: life insurance	B16e:1	72.41	2.47	1,37	1.17	584	2.11
Temporary full-time faculty benefits: transportation/parking	B16k:2	35.27	2.56	1.29	1.14	584	2.25
Institution subsidy for retiree medical insurance for temporary full-time faculty	B16n1:1,2	74.14	3.07	0.85	0.92	250	3.33
Peer evaluations used to assess full-time faculty performance	B18g:1	63.75	2.24	1.89	1.37	871	1.63

Exhibit 3-6: NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire standard errors and design effects (cont.)

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Questionnaire item	Question response number	Estimate	Design S.E.ª	DEFF	DEFT	n	SRS- S.E. ^b
Total number of permanent full-time faculty in Fall 1991 (last yr.)	C20f: ≥100	6.49	0.99	0.83	0.91	566	1.09
Number of full-time faculty considered for tenure in 1992-93	C24a:0-5	99.07	0.23	0.14	0.37	315	0.61
403B retirement plan available to full-time non-instructional faculty?	C28b:2	51.81	3.06	1.93	1.39	556	2.20
Institution subsidy for wellness program for full-time non-instructional faculty	C29a1:1	31.32	3.11	1.02	1.01	301	3.08
Institution subsidy for disability insurance for full-time non-instructional faculty	C29d1:3	20.41	2.25	1.42	1.19	518	1.89
Full-time non- instructional faculty benefits: meals	C29j:2	80.16	2.73	2.42	1.56	556	1.75
Institution subsidy for paternity leave for full-time non-instructional faculty	C29m1:2	31.26	3.06	1.33	1.15	386	2.65
Temporary full-time non- instructional faculty benefits: life insurance	C32e:2	27.11	3.57	1.47	1.21	307	2.94
Institution subsidy for child care for temporary full-time non-instructional faculty	C32h1:2	26.32	4.48	0.85	0.92	129	4.86
Temporary full-time non- instructional faculty benefits: retiree medical insurance	C32n:1	42.05	3.66	1.25	1.12	307	3.27
Availability of retirement plans for part-time faculty	D34:2	57.46	2.1	1.52	1.23	857	1.70



Exhibit 3-6: NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire standard errors and design effects (cont.)

Questionnaire item	Question response number	Estimate	Design S.E.ª	DEFF	DEFT	n	SRS- S.E. ^b
Availability of 401K or 401B plans for part-time faculty	D35d1: 1,2	24.50	11.26	2.57	1.60	51	7.02
Part-time faculty benefits: tuition remission for children	D37g:1	30.43	3.12	1.91	1.38	493	2.26
Institution subsidy for housing/mortgage for part-time faculty	D37i1:3	53.55	13.49	2.05	1.43	29	9.42
Part-time faculty benefits:	D37p:2	88.39	2.28	2.09	1.45	493	1.58
Benefit eligibility criteria for part-time staff	D39:1	72.15	2.98	1.83	1.35	493	2.20
Percent of part-time faculty meeting eligibility criteria for receiving benefits	D40c2: 0-20	37.18	4.74	1.46	1.21	202	3.92
Methods of evaluating part-time instructors (open-ended)	D42i:2	96.07	0.54	0.66	0.81	857	0.66

^a Standard errors calculated taking into account the sample design.

b Standard errors calculated under the assumption of simple random sampling.

Exhibit 3-7: Mean design effects (DEFF) and root design effects (DEFT) for NSOPF-93 faculty subgroups

	23 faculty subgroups	
Faculty sample strata	DEFF	DEFT
Total	3.52	1.82
Gender		
Male	2.90	1.66
Female	2.53	1.57
Race/ethnicity		
American Indian/Alaskan Native	1.44	1.17
Asian/Pacific Islander	2.00	1.40
Black, non-Hispanic	2.33	1.50
Hispanic	2.52	ł
White, non-Hispanic	3.21	1.56
	3.21	1.74
Tenure status	_	
Tenured	2.62	1.59
On tenure track, but not tenured	2.23	1.47
Not on tenure track	2.29	1.50
No tenure system for R's faculty status	2.24	1.48
No tenure system at institution	3.34	1.78
Faculty rank		
Not applicable	2.21	
Full professor	2.21	1.46
Associate professor	. 3.03	1.69
	2.43	1.53
Assistant professor	2.45	1.54
Instructor	2.57	1.57
Lecturer	1.75	1.31
Other ranks	2.93	1.61
Type and control of institution		
Public research	1.80	1.32
Private research	2.39	1.51
Public Ph.D. and medical	2.42	1.53
Private Ph.D. and medical	3.85	1.90
Public comprehensive	2.43	1.53
Private comprehensive	2.74	1.57
Private liberal arts	2.62	1.57
Public two-year	3.05	1.69
Other	2.93	1.69
Employment states		1.01
Employment status Part-time		İ
	2.57	1.58
Full-time	3.03	1.69



3.15 Calculating Estimates for Institutions Selected with Certainty

All 168 institutions in the certainty stratum were selected into the institution sample. One hundred and fifty-two (152) of them returned faculty sampling lists and 144 of them responded to the institution questionnaire. Thus, aside from a small nonresponse variance, the variability associated with this stratum in the institution questionnaire dataset is essentially zero.

Analysts should take note of two cautions about calculating estimates of sampling variability from the NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire dataset. First, if a comparison is to be made between the class of institutions in the certainty stratum and other classes of institutions, then (as an approximation) either the variance of the estimator for the certainty stratum should be set equal to zero, or a without-replacement type variance formula should be used for the certainty stratum with an appropriate finite population correction factor to account for random nonresponse variance. The former recommendation is equivalent to setting the variance of the estimated difference equal to the variance of the estimator for the noncertainty class.

Second, if analysis calls for certainty and noncertainty institutions to be combined, then appropriate standard errors should be calculated. For example, in most tables in NSOPF-93 analytical reports, noncertainty institutions are divided into seven (out of nine) modified Carnegie strata, and institutions selected with certainty are divided into three strata: "Public research," "Private research," and "Public doctoral." The two research strata include *only* certainty institutions, and thus any estimators of variance for these strata should follow the recommendations presented above. Standard errors must be calculated for estimators for the public doctoral stratum, however, because it includes both certainty and noncertainty institutions (i.e. medical schools).

Even in the case of the 14 noncertainty strata, many of the sampling fractions are important. Thus, a without-replacement type variance formula—incorporating appropriate finite population correction factors—should be used for these strata also.

3.16 Using Replicate Weights with the NSOPF-93 Datasets

Both the NSOPF-93 institution and faculty datasets include 32 replicate weights for variance estimation. These weights implement the balanced half-sample (BHS) method of variance estimation. Two widely available software packages, WesVarPC[®], and PC CARP, have capabilities to use replicate weights to estimate variances.

Analysts who use either the faculty file or the institution file should be cautious about cross-classifying data so deeply that the resulting estimates are based upon a very small number of observations. Analysts should interpret the accuracy of NSOPF-93 statistics in light of estimated standard errors and in light of the number



¹⁸In the institution stratum variable used in most NSOPF-93 analytical reports, the stratum labeled "Public doctoral" is not equivalent to the set of "Public, other Ph.D." institutions which form part of the certainty stratum in the sampling variable, since the "Public doctoral" stratum includes medical institutions.

¹⁹For a discussion of the balanced half-sample (BHS) method of variance estimation, see Wolter, Kirk M., *Introduction to Variance Estimation* (New York: Springer-Verlag, 1985), pp. 110-152.

²⁰Westat, Inc., A User's Guide to WesVarPC*, Version 2.0 (Rockville, Md.: Westat, Inc., 1996).

²¹Fuller, Wayne C., et al., PC CARP IV. (Ames, Iowa: Statistical Laboratory, Iowa State University, 1986).

of observations used in the statistics. Analysts should also be cautious about use of BHS-estimated variances that relate to one stratum or to a group of two or three strata. Such variance estimates may be based upon far fewer than 32 replicates, and thus the variance of the variance estimator may be large.

3.16.1 Faculty File Replicate Weights

To achieve NCES standards, k = 32 half-sample replicates were employed in both the restricted-use faculty data file and the public-use faculty data file. The 15 sampling strata were subdivided to form 31 pseudo-strata. Let w_j denote the full-sample weight for the jth faculty respondent, and let $w_{j\alpha}$ denote the weight corresponding to the α -th half-sample for the same respondent. Using k = 32 half-sample replicates, 33 (or 1 + 32) sets of weights were created. Nonresponse weighting adjustments and poststratification were performed within each half-sample replicate.

Define the real-valued function $G(\cdot)$ as

$$G(w) = +1, if w > 0,$$
$$= -1, if w \le 0.$$

and define $G_j = (G(w_{j1}), G(w_{j2}), ..., G(w_{jk}))$.

The 32 replicate weights provided for variance estimation on the NSOPF-93 faculty data file did not incorporate finite population correction factors. The finite population correction factor (fpc) is omitted, because the faculty population being much larger than the NSOPF-93 sample, the sampling fraction (i.e, the ratio of the sample to the total population) tends to zero and the fpc approaches 1.

3.16.2 Institution File Replicate Weights

Institution dataset replicate weights incorporate finite population correction factors. This is important because several of the institution sampling strata sampled large proportions of institutions listed on the frame. As the number of sampled units in each strata approaches the finite number of possible units that could be sampled in that strata, the standard errors for estimates incorporating these units correspondingly decrease. Therefore, to account fully for the proportion of the frame of institutions in each sampling strata, finite population correction factors (fpc) have been incorporated into the replicate weights. For the purposes of these calculations, the approximate finite population correction factor is:

$$fpc = 1 - \left[\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i} \frac{1}{w_{i}}\right]$$

where n is the number of responding institutions in each stratum and w_i is the final institutional weight adjusted for nonresponse. Finite population correction factors for each stratum are reported in Exhibit 3-8.

Replicate weights for the NSOPF-93 institution dataset proceeded from three assumptions. First, random nonresponse was assumed in each stratum. For purposes of variance estimation, the 144 institutions in the certainty stratum were treated as a random sample from a population of 168 institutions. Therefore, the replicate weights calculate a variance for the certainty stratum despite the fact that all certainty institutions were selected into the sample with a probability of one.



Second, all replicate weights incorporate finite population correction factors for each stratum reported in Exhibit 3-8. This approach reflects the "near-certainty" (144 out of 168 institutions) status of the certainty stratum in the NSOPF-93 institution survey. It also includes the important fpc in stratum 1 ("Private, Other Ph.D.") and other noncertainty strata. Standard errors calculated using these replicate weights are smaller than standard errors calculated by other means, such as Taylor series standard errors presented in NCES's report, *Institutional Policies and Practices Regarding Faculty in Higher Education* [NCES 97-080].

To incorporate finite population corrections in variance calculations, a half-sample estimator was used:

$$\hat{Y}_{\alpha}^* = \sum_{i\alpha} U_{i\alpha} Y_i \qquad (\alpha = 1, ... k)$$
,

where the *U*-weights are defined by

$$U_{i\alpha} = W_i + \sqrt{\lambda_i} (W_{i\alpha} - W_i) ,$$

 λ_i is the approximate finite population correction factor for the stratum in which institution *i* was sampled, and the summation is over all respondents in the full sample. The *U*-weight can be rewritten as

$$U_{i\alpha} = W_i (1 - \sqrt{\lambda_i})$$
, for institutions not in the α -th half sample
$$\dot{W}_i (1 + \sqrt{\lambda_i})$$
, for institutions in the α -th half sample.

Thus, the final replicate weights, i.e., the *U*-weights, are larger than the full-sample weights for institutions in the half sample and smaller for institutions not in the half sample.

The standard BHS (balanced half-sample) formula for variance calculations applies here, namely

$$v(\hat{Y}) = \frac{1}{k} \sum (\hat{Y}_{\alpha}^* - \hat{Y})^2,$$

and \hat{Y} is equal to the mean of the \hat{Y}_{α}^{*} across the k half samples. For NSOPF, k = 32 for both the institution and the faculty files.

Third, to produce the NCES-required 32 replicate weights, institutions in each pseudo-stratum were separated into two random groups and specified 32 balanced half samples. Replicate weights for each half sample and a set of weights for the full sample were then calculated. Nonresponse weighting was performed independently within each half-sample.



Exhibit 3-8: Finite population correction factors (fpc) for each institution stratum

Institution stratum	Eligible institutio	ns	Institutions responding	Finite population correction factor
Private other Ph.D.		46	39	.1552
Public comprehensive		159	144	.5273
Private comprehensive	·	82	71	.6422
Public liberal arts		3	2	.9505
Private liberal arts		68	66	.8334
Public medical		25	20	.3103
Private medical		10	9	.5563
Private religious		18	18	.9284
Public two-year		316	298	.5591
Private two-year		10	10	.8877
Public other		7	. 7	.6864
Private other		24	19	.7913
Public unknown		19	18	.5987
Private unknown		7	7	.8510
Research/public other Ph.D.		168	144	.1429



4. Institutional Recruitment: Procedures and Results

NSOPF-93 differed in a number of significant ways from NSOPF-88. This chapter reviews procedures used for recruiting sampled institutions and collecting faculty lists and related information used for sampling and data collection. Sampling procedures were discussed in Chapter 3. Key changes to the sample frame are outlined below.

- Institution sample size was increased, from 480 in 1988, to a final sample of 974 institutions in 1993. The larger sample allowed for more detailed comparisons both at the faculty and institutional levels. The faculty sample was also augmented to provide data about faculty in key disciplines.
- The criteria for defining faculty were broadened to include non-instructional faculty.

 Institutions were given a complete set of instructions for preparing the list, including detailed criteria for determining who should be included and excluded from the list. (See Appendix K for list preparation instructions sent to institutions.)
- Representation of certain subgroups of faculty in the sample (full-time females; faculty in NEH-specified disciplines; black, non-Hispanics; Asian/Pacific Islanders; and Hispanics) was increased by oversampling. This required institutions to provide race and gender information not requested in 1988.
- Due to institutional downsizing and increased research demands on institutions, participation in NSOPF and other large-scale surveys was problematic for some institutions (see section 4.3). Institutions are taking longer to comply with research requests, and are far more likely to refuse participation than in years past. Hence, the initial sample of 789 was supplemented by a pool of 185 institutions that were selected to replace non-participating institutions, and to augment the sample by ensuring adequate representation of institutions across strata. At the same time, extensive follow-up and refusal conversion campaigns were conducted with the original sample, as well as with the supplemental sample.

Based on the results of the 1992 field test, the following procedures were implemented in the full-scale study:

- The 1992 field test results clearly demonstrated that institutions that provided the home addresses of faculty had a higher completion rate than those that did not. A majority of institutions were willing to release these data when given assurance that the data would remain confidential. Therefore, institutions were asked to provide home addresses, if possible, while recognizing that some institutions have institutional policies prohibiting the release of this information. Home addresses were used to mail questionnaires and to follow-up with nonrespondents to the faculty survey.
- Institutional Coordinators—the institution staff who agreed to provide the sample lists and work with NORC to implement the survey—were enlisted to prompt nonresponding faculty for the return of their questionnaires. The role of coordinators was crucial given the necessity of extending the field period into the summer of 1993, particularly since many institutions were unable to provide home telephone numbers. The names of sampled faculty were released only to those coordinators who signed the NCES Affidavit of Nondisclosure and had it notarized. Under penalty of fines and imprisonment, the affidavit affirms that the signatory will maintain the confidentiality of any information released which identifies



individual respondents. Again, the field test demonstrated that two-thirds of the Institutional Coordinators were willing to sign the affidavit, enabling them to prompt faculty.

- To facilitate processing and quality control of the lists, both hardcopy and machine-readable (tape or floppy diskette) versions of the list were requested. To standardize list formats as much as possible, the institution was given detailed specifications for producing machinereadable faculty lists.
- Employee ID numbers were requested from the institution to facilitate quality control of the lists (e.g., checking for duplicate faculty entries) and locating efforts. Again, institutions with provisions against the release of such data were assured they could omit it.
- Other forms and informational materials were provided to assist institutions in preparing lists in a workable, easy-to-read format. These included instructions for formatting the machine-readable versions of the lists, and forms to document the format of the lists and to provide the names, titles, and telephone numbers of individuals involved in preparing the lists. The number of documents in the packet was reduced from eight in the field test, to six in the full-scale study to streamline the process of compliance for the institution.
- Supplementary information was requested in order to help the list processing staff interpret the lists and, if necessary, institution staff were recontacted for clarification of discrepancies. Course catalogs and faculty directories were also requested. The course catalog was requested separately, from the Director of Admissions, to minimize burden to the Institutional Coordinator.

4.1 OMB Clearance and Mail Procedures

The U.S. Department of Education Information Management Compliance Division/Office of Management and Budget (OMB) list collection clearance package for the full scale study was submitted to OMB on September 4, 1992, with a request for expedited review. On September 14, 1992, an amendment to the list collection OMB package was submitted, providing an analysis of the discrepancies in field test faculty counts. A second amendment described the sampling requirements for the study and the NEH and NSF sample augmentation. OMB clearance of the list collection process was given on October 5, 1992.

The initial mailing to sampled institutions was conducted on October 7, 1992. The mailing was directed to the institution's Chief Administrative Officer (CAO). In this first mailing, the CAO was asked to designate two individuals: an Institutional Coordinator to act as a liaison to the project and to assume responsibility for preparing the faculty list; and an institution respondent, who would be responsible for completing the institution questionnaire. Copies of all institutional contacting materials appear in Appendix K.

The initial mailing contained the following materials:

Cover letter. The cover letter was printed on NCES letterhead and signed by Emerson J. Elliott, then Commissioner of NCES. It explained the purpose of the study, detailed NCES' confidentiality laws and protections, requested the CAO's participation, and provided an estimate of institutional burden. It asked the CAO to return the enclosed confirmation form within five days. It also encouraged the CAO to call the Project Director at a toll-free number with any questions or concerns about the study.



Confirmation form. The three-ply confirmation form asked the CAO to provide the name, title, institutional address, and telephone number of the administrative officials designated as the Institutional Coordinator and as the institution respondent. The form noted that the same person could be designated to perform both roles. Fewer than one-half (44.2 percent) of the Institutional Coordinators in the full-scale study were also named as institution respondents. The Institutional Coordinator was often an academic officer, provost, dean, institutional researcher, personnel manager, or budget officer.

NSOPF-93 informational brochure. The brochure explained the purpose and content of the study and listed key findings from the 1988 study.

Institution folder. This was to be forwarded by the CAO to the individual designated as the Institutional Coordinator. It contained a cover letter to the Institutional Coordinator, similar in content to the letter directed to the CAO (the major difference was that the letter presumed that the CAO had agreed to participate in the study). The folder also contained instructions for preparing the faculty list. These included concise definitions of personnel to be included in and excluded from the lists. Unlike the 1988 study, which required institutions to screen out faculty with no instructional responsibilities, NSOPF-93 requested a list of *all* faculty and other instructional personnel for the academic term including October 15, 1992. The following information was requested for each faculty member on the list: full name, department/program (or equivalent), teaching discipline, campus mailing address and telephone number, employment status (full- or part-time), and demographic and stratification variables (race/ethnicity, gender). To facilitate contacting and locating activities, home addresses, telephone numbers, and employee IDs were also requested, in addition to an up-to-date faculty directory. A deadline of October 30, 1992 was given for return of the faculty list.

The packet to the Institutional Coordinator also included a checklist to be used by the CAO or Institutional Coordinator to ensure that all of the information, documents, and forms requested were included in the return envelope. Finally, the folder contained two prepaid business reply envelopes for the return of the confirmation form, faculty list, and supplementary materials, and an NCES Affidavit of Nondisclosure, which the Institutional Coordinator was instructed to sign and have notarized, affirming that he or she would not divulge the names and identifying information of faculty respondents released to him or her.

The contractor's fax number was provided on the cover letter and all other materials directed to the CAO and coordinator in order to allow institutions to expedite the return of certain materials. Because fax legibility varies, institutions who faxed materials were also encouraged to mail the original hardcopy.

A toll-free NSOPF-93 telephone number was prominently displayed on all forms and informational materials to ensure that institution staff had timely access to project staff to answer questions and resolve problems encountered in preparing the lists. Incoming calls were handled by the project's Task Coordinator, and forwarded to the Project Director when necessary. During the list collection process, 679 calls were received. Questions were asked about the instructions and problems encountered in preparing the lists, including staff shortages, scheduling problems, and difficulties in providing all the requested faculty information.

4.1.1 Initial Mailout and Remailings

All 789 initial recruitment packets were sent via first-class mail on October 7, 1992. None of the list collection packages were returned as undeliverable; however, 465 of the 974 institutions (48 percent) in the total sample requested a remail of the initial packet of CAO materials. In some instances, remails were



requested because of a change in CAO or a minor address correction; for the most part, however, the remails were necessary because the mail intended for the CAO was frequently routed to other institution staff and, therefore, never received by the CAO. To minimize further delays, all remails were sent by two-day priority mail, and directed whenever possible to the Institutional Coordinator (if identified at the time of the remail request) or to the attention of a gatekeeper or other institutional contact.

Concurrently with the mailouts to the CAO, postcards requesting course catalogs were mailed to the Office of Admissions at each institution. In a small number of instances, institutions requested payment for mailing a course catalog. Whenever it was requested, a payment (generally less than \$5) was mailed to these institutions. Information on the number of institutions submitting catalogs is found in section 4.4.

4.1.2 Mail Follow-up Procedures

About two weeks after the initial mail-out, a follow-up postcard was sent to all CAOs, thanking them for their cooperation if they had already returned the Confirmation Form, or if they had not returned the form, urging them to fax or mail the form by the deadline. Once again, they were encouraged to call the NSOPF-93 toll-free number with any questions or concerns.

On January 4, 1993, a follow-up packet was sent via two-day priority mail to the CAOs of approximately 250 nonresponding institutions, containing a letter signed by the Project Director reiterating the importance of the study, and an additional Confirmation Form. It asked once again that the CAO return the Confirmation Form, and call the Project Director at the toll-free number with any questions or concerns.

4.1.3 Mailouts to Supplemental Sample

Twenty-six institutions were finalized as refusals and replaced in the sample prior to March 1, 1993. An initial mailout to seven replacement institutions was done on December 1, 1992 and 19 replacement institutions were mailed packets on January 22, 1993. On March 9, 1993, 159 additional institutions were selected to ensure an adequate sample of institutions across strata, given an anticipated non-participation rate of up to 20 percent. An initial mailing to these institutions was conducted on March 10, 1993. All mailouts to supplemental institutions were sent by two-day priority mail. Telephone follow-up for supplemental institutions took place one week after the initial mailing to speed response time.

4.2 Telephone Follow-up Procedures

Telephone follow-up was coordinated with mail follow-up to minimize unnecessary calls to the CAOs and coordinators. The starting date for telephone follow-up was November 9, 1992, approximately one week after the follow-up postcards to the CAO were mailed. Full-scale telephone follow-up continued through June 1, 1993, at which time the follow-up effort focused on institutions in under-represented strata. Telephone follow-up efforts concluded on June 25, 1993.

4.2.1 Selection and Training of Prompters

Prompters were selected for the CAO prompting effort on the basis of their telephone skills and ability to work with a professional population. A training manual was developed by project staff that contained an overview of the project, and scripts for communicating with CAOs, coordinators, gatekeepers, and other institutional staff. A five-hour training was conducted on November 9, 1992.



4.2.2 Initial Telephone Contact and Follow-up

Telephone prompting of approximately 635 institutions commenced on November 8, 1992, two weeks after the prompting postcard had been mailed. The prompting effort concentrated on nonresponding institutions as well as those who had agreed to participate but for whom a faculty list had not been received. The general purpose of this first telephone contact was to confirm receipt of the recruitment and list collection packet and to urge the institution's CAO to comply promptly with NCES' request. Prompters were trained to do the following:

- Confirm receipt of the recruitment packet
- Introduce the CAO to NSOPF-93 and to the contractor's role
- Answer any questions about NSOPF-93, the confidentiality provisions, and related questions about the study
- Obtain institutional cooperation and request the names of the Institutional Coordinator and institution respondent for the institution questionnaire
- Avert potential refusals
- Establish an expected date for the return of the Confirmation Form or complete the form over the telephone
- Identify any institutional restrictions or problems that could hinder timely compliance with the request for faculty lists
- Remind institutional staff to follow the instructions for compiling the faculty lists and reviewing the checklist in completing the return envelope
- Request the supplementary information (e.g., institution catalog or bulletin, staff directory)
- Prompt the Institutional Coordinator for completion of the list of faculty (i.e., if the packet had been forwarded to him or her by the CAO)

If an institution had not yet received the recruitment packet, the prompter noted any necessary address corrections and submitted a request for remailing. Requests for remails were usually processed on the same day they were received.

4.2.3 Additional Telephone Follow-up for Nonresponse

Follow-up of nonresponding institutions was resumed once the expected date for receipt of the institution's materials had passed. During this call, the telephone prompter once again prompted for the return of materials (or offered to collect the Institutional Coordinator and institution respondent names over the telephone), attempted to establish an anticipated date for receipt of the materials, and answered questions. Prompters were trained to identify and avert "hidden" refusals (i.e., CAOs who verbally agreed to comply with the request, but who in fact had no intention of doing so) and to document explicit refusals for conversion efforts.



4.2.4 Refusals and Problem Cases

Initial refusals were reviewed by the Task Coordinator, who called refusing institutions, forwarded them to another supervisor, prompter, or senior staff, or in some instances, to the NCES Project Officer. The most often cited reasons for refusing to participate include multiple survey requests, fiscal constraints, and decreases in staff. The overall conversion rate, if all nonresponding institutions are considered as final refusals, was 42 percent; 103 refusals were successfully converted for an overall participation rate of 85 percent.

When necessary, special arrangements were made with individual institutions to enlist their participation. For example, nine institutions agreed to participate only if the institution released faculty information by an identifying number only, rather than releasing the names of sampled faculty. In these instances, the institution was responsible for mailing questionnaires and conducting follow-up with faculty.

4.2.5 Telephone Follow-up of List Discrepancies/Retrieval

Upon receipt, each list of faculty was reviewed for completeness and adequacy. Although almost 70 percent of the faculty lists were submitted in electronic form (see Exhibit 4-3), intensive effort was still required to correct problems in the electronic lists before they could be processed and sampled. The most prevalent problems were lists that could not be read or were incorrectly formatted. Other serious obstacles to sampling were lists that were missing key sampling data, appeared with incorrect information, or contained faculty names more than once. Programming staff were needed to create utilities to deal with the most frequently occurring problems, and to assist in reading, evaluating, and de-duplicating machine-readable lists. If sampling or address information was missing from the lists, sampling staff consulted the course catalog, if available, or any other material sent by the institution to attempt to retrieve the information before calling the institution. However, approximately 10 percent of the institutions had to be recontacted to resolve errors in their faculty lists.

Once the faculty lists were processed, and prior to sampling, they were reviewed to compare the faculty totals from the list supplied by the institution with numbers of faculty from IPEDS data. The lists were initially subjected to a rigorous review; institutions whose list counts were discrepant by more than five percent were called and an attempt was made to reconcile the numbers. However, after 71 institutions were contacted, only 15 percent of these calls were effective in reducing the difference between institution and IPEDS counts. Even then, discrepancies could not be resolved altogether. Due to the ineffectiveness of these calls, and the increase in list processing time needed to wait for institution personnel to resolve these problems, further review was made more lenient. List counts were compared with IPEDS numbers and only very gross and obvious errors were resolved, such as full-time and part-time staff being lumped together as full-time, part-time staff being omitted completely, or full-time and part-time counts being reversed. Sampling staff forwarded systematic discrepancies clearly requiring explanation or correction to telephone staff. Two prompters were trained expressly to handle recontacting institution staff to retrieve missing information and resolve list discrepancies.

4.3 Revised Data Collection Plan

An overall institutional participation rate of 85 percent for list collection was achieved for NSOPF-93. The overall participation rate dropped from 89 percent in the NSOPF-93 field test (and 94 percent in the 1988 NSOPF study). The recruitment effort required almost 34 weeks to complete—almost 6 weeks longer than in the field test. The longer field period can be partly accounted for by the interruption of winter break—no follow-up was conducted for two weeks between December 23, 1992 and January 7, 1993. More significant,



however, was the continuation of a trend that was evident in the field test results: compared to 1988, institutions were simply taking longer to prepare faculty lists, and were initially more resistant to participating in large-scale research projects. Prominent among the factors causing this were:

Survey saturation. A wide array of studies compete for the attention of already overburdened institution staff. (This is particularly true of large institutions, which have a higher probability of being selected into national samples.) Some institution personnel complained that they were being asked to participate in "too many surveys." Others required assurance that NSOPF-93 did not duplicate other studies, and did not burden faculty unnecessarily.

Fiscal constraints. NSOPF-93 went into the field at a time when many institutions were experiencing severe financial constraints and downsizing. As a result, a large proportion of the institutional representatives complained that, because of downsizing or other fiscal constraints, there were no staff available to process the NSOPF request on time. They typically reported that they were already overburdened with their own work and that external requests would not receive priority.

Uncertain faculty/administration relations. As a result of the fiscal constraints cited above, some institutions had asked faculty to perform more work—sometimes at less pay. Many of these institutions had expressed concern that requesting faculty participation in a study at a time when many faculty were overworked would strain relations between faculty and administration.

Ameliorating this concern, particularly at larger institutions, was the fact that NSOPF-93 only sampled an average of 41.5 faculty at each institution.

Difficulties in compiling lists of part-time faculty. Despite increasing reliance on part-time faculty at many institutions, readily accessible files of part-time and temporary faculty and instructional staff do not exist at many institutions. At some institutions, these faculty are listed only in personnel files where they are not easily distinguishable from other kinds of institutional staff. Many institutions required additional time to compile this data; others were simply unwilling or unable to commit staff time and resources to this effort.

Additional information requested. As indicated earlier, NSOPF-93 requested more detailed information about each faculty member, including home telephone number and address, and employee IDs along with a machine-readable version of the faculty list. This information proved vital to the success of the faculty component of the study. For institutions unable to provide such information easily, however, these requests often slowed response time for providing a faculty list. In addition, requests for identifying information, such as home addresses and employee IDs, sometimes had to be cleared through legal departments, or occasionally, voted on by a faculty senate. These institutions were concerned not merely about applicable federal law, but also about a growing number of state and local regulations, as well as the individual institution's own policies and agreements with faculty. Institutions were assured that lists would be accepted without data items whose release was prohibited by institutional policy; however, the decision-making process at each institution about whether to include such items sometimes considerably delayed receipt of the list.

To adjust for the slow rate of participation, a total supplemental sample of 185 institutions was drawn to replace and supplement institutions whose characteristics were comparable to those of non-participating institutions.

Telephone staff continued follow-up and refusal conversion activities with institutions in the original sample, while, at the same time, recruiting institutions in the supplemental sample with the goal of obtaining a



representative sample across all strata. The progress of list collection efforts across strata was monitored on a weekly basis. Based on this review of participating institutions' data collection, staff were able to focus their efforts on under-represented strata. On April 6, 1993, a revised data collection plan was submitted to NCES, which included the addition of the supplemental sample, and which extended the deadline for participation to June 11, 1993. The deadline was later extended to June 25, 1993 to allow additional time to recruit "certainty" institutions.

4.4 Results of Institution Recruitment

As shown in Exhibit 4-1, faculty lists were collected from 817 institutions, an overall participation rate of 85 percent.²² However, the data collection period was significantly longer than in the 1992 field test and the 1988 study. Exhibit 4-2 provides faculty list collection rates by type of institution.

Exhibit 4-1: Institutional participation rates for NSOPF cycles

NSOPF cycle	Institutional sample	Number participating	Participation rate (percent)	Length of effort
1987 field test	103	94	91	9 weeks
1988 main study	480	449	94	24 weeks
1992 field test				
Core	54	50	93	28 weeks
Revised core	54	53	98	16 weeks
Augmentation	82	71	87	28 weeks
Combined	136	121	89	28 weeks
1993 main study				
Initial eligible sample	780	663	85	34 weeks
Supplemental eligible sample	182	154	85	16-24 weeks ^b
Combined eligible sample ^c	962	817	85	34 weeks

Does not include time expended by NCES staff in recruiting institutions before this task was transferred to the previous contractor.

²²Of the 974 institutions in the total sample, 12 were found to be ineligible during the list collection process, reducing the eligible sample to 962.



Range includes institutions drawn on a flow basis.

The number of eligible institutions in Pool 1 (the initial sample), plus the number of eligible institutions selected from Pool 2. Twelve institutions (nine in the initial sample and three in the supplemental sample) were deemed ineligible for the NSOPF-93 main study.

Exhibit 4-2: NSOPF-93 institution participation rates by type of institution

	CONTROL						
		Public	Private			Total	
Institution type	Total	Participating (percent)	Total	Participating (percent)	Total	Participating (percent)	
Research	. 71	66 (93.0)	33	30 (90.9)	104	96 (92.3)	
Other Ph.D. granting	63	56 (88.9)	46	40 (87.0)	109	96 (88.1)	
Comprehensive	159	141 (88.7)	82	67 (81.7)	241	208 (86.3)	
Liberal Arts	3	3 (100)	68	57 (83.8)	71	60 (84.5)	
Medical	25	21 (84.0)	10	10 (100.0)	35	31 (88.6)	
Religious	. 0	0	18	14 (77.8)	18	14 (77.8)	
Two-year	317	258 (81.4)	10	8 (80.0)	327	266 (81.3)	
Other	7	6 (85.7)	24	18 (75.0)	31	24 (77.4)	
Unknown	19	17 (89.5)	7	5 (71.4)	26	22 (84.6)	
Total	664	568 (85.5)	298	249 (83.6)	962	817 (84.9)	

Although emphasis was placed on collecting faculty lists from institutions, Exhibit 4-3 provides information on the collection of other requested materials, such as course catalogs and faculty directories. Of the 817 institutions participating in NSOPF-93, 83 percent also submitted a confirmation form. While 75 percent of these institutions provided a course catalog as requested, only 33 percent sent a faculty directory. Exhibit 4-3 also shows the types of faculty lists provided. The majority (67 percent) of the lists were in some type of electronic format.

Exhibit 4-3: Items provided by participating institutions

Item	Number of participating institutions providing item	Percent of 817 participating institutions	
Confirmation forms Signed affidavits Course catalog Staff directory	679 549 611 273	83.1 67.2 74.8 33.4	
Faculty lists provided as: Hardcopy Diskette Tape Combination hardcopy & electronic Other	263 31 8 510 5	32.2 3.8 1.0 62.4 0.6	

Exhibit 4-4 examines the content of the faculty lists provided. The list preparation instructions (see Appendix K) asked the institution to supply several types of data concerning their faculty: sampling information, such as full-or part-time status, discipline, gender, and race/ethnicity; and locating information, such as campus address, home address, and employee ID.

Exhibit 4-4: NSOPF-93 faculty list content

Data item	Number of participating institutions providing data	Percent of 817 participating institutions
Sampling information: Gender Race/ethnicity Discipline Full/part-time status	731 608 717 718	89.5 74.4 87.8 87.8
Locating information: Home address Campus address Employee ID	512 734 437	62.7 89.8 53.5



5. Data Collection Procedures and Implementation

5.1 Overview

Institutions were recruited for NSOPF-93 from an initial sample of 974 postsecondary institutions. (See Chapter 3 for a discussion of sample selection and eligibility. See Chapter 4 for a discussion of the recruitment process and results.) Of these 974 institutions, 962 were eligible and 817 agreed to participate in the study by supplying a list of their faculty. The NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire collected data from a sample of full- and part-time faculty, both instructional and non-instructional, and other staff with instructional duties at participating institutions. The final sample of faculty was 31,354 (the original sample of 33,354 less the subsample of 2,000) drawn from lists supplied by the 817 participating institutions. The NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire collected data from eligible institutions. The institution sample consisted of the 817 institutions who supplied faculty lists and 145 who did not provide lists. Exhibit 5-1 contains the final schedule for all three NSOPF-93 study components; list collection, faculty questionnaires and institution questionnaires.

A supplemental memorandum describing changes to the faculty questionnaire was submitted to OMB on December 18, 1992 and OMB approval was received on January 7, 1993. A multi-modal data collection design was approved. This involved a mailed, self-administered questionnaire, followed by mail and telephone prompting, and supplemented by computer-assisted telephone interviewing (CATI) for nonresponding faculty. The self-administered faculty questionnaire took about 45 minutes on average to complete. A commercial software package called AutoQuest was used to program the CATI version, which involved minor wording and format changes to the self-administered instrument in order to facilitate interviewing by telephone. The CATI version also took about 45 minutes to complete.

A supplemental memorandum describing changes to the institution questionnaire, along with respondent cover letters, was submitted to OMB on June 28, 1993 with a request for expedited approval. OMB approval was received on July 30, 1993. Revisions to the institution questionnaire were finalized in consultation with NCES at the request of OMB. The NSOPF institution questionnaire was mailed to institutional representatives at all 962 eligible institutions, including those that did not supply a list of faculty for the study. Data were collected principally by self-administered questionnaires, although a small number of cases were completed with interviewer assistance.

The Chief Administrative Officer (CAO) of each institution named the Institutional Coordinator as institution respondent for the institution questionnaire at 44.2 percent of the sampled institutions. The number of institution staff required to complete the self-administered institution questionnaire varied from a low of one to a high of five, with an average of slightly fewer than two respondents (1.78) per institution. Over one-half (460) of the institutions had a single representative complete the questionnaire; over one-quarter (229) were completed by two respondents; 116 by three respondents; 47 by four respondents; and 20 by five respondents.

For the faculty and institution questionnaires, the response rate is defined as the ratio of the number of completed questionnaires to the number of sample units minus the number of ineligible units. For faculty, the response rate is calculated as 25,780/(31,354 - 1,590 ineligibles) = 86.6 percent (84.4 percent, weighted). The response rate for the institution questionnaire is: 872/(974 - 12 ineligibles) = 90.6 percent (93.5 percent, weighted). The overall faculty response rate (institution list participation multiplied by faculty questionnaire response rate) was 73.5 percent, and 70.4 percent, weighted.



Exhibit 5-1: Chronology of NSOPF-93 data collection

YEAR	Institution List Collection	Faculty Questionnaire	Institution Questionnaire
1992	October: Recruitment packets mailed to 789 institutions November: Telephone follow-up begins		
1993	January: Follow-up packets mailed March: Recruitment packets mailed to supplemental sample of 185 April: Revised data collection plan submitted to NCES June: Institution list collection completed	January: Wave 1 mailing February: Wave 2 mailing March: Wave 3 mailing April: Wave 4 mailing April-December: Telephone prompting of faculty May-December: Follow-up conducted by Institutional Coordinator July: Waves 5 and 6 mailings	September: Institution questionnaire mailing October: Second institution questionnaire mailing;
		refusal conversion, use of abbreviated questionnaire November-December: Follow-up with specific faculty subgroups; faculty questionnaire data retrieval	Institution questionnaire data retrieval begins November: Telephone prompting begins for non-responding institutions
1994		January: Faculty questionnaire data retrieval completed	February: Third institution questionnaire mailing February-March: Interviewer- assisted data collection May: Institution questionnaire data collection and retrieval completed

5.2 Faculty Survey

Faculty data were collected from January to December, 1993 with a two-month hiatus in July and August. At that time data collection was temporarily suspended because most faculty were on summer break. Because of the difficulty in reaching faculty during the summer months, no telephone follow-up was performed during these two months. Faculty questionnaires were mailed in waves as faculty lists were received and processed. Mailings were sent to the home address of the respondent whenever it was provided by the institution.

5.2.1 Faculty Mail and Telephone Follow-up

Mail follow-up included reminder postcards, periodic questionnaire remails, and follow-up targeted to specific populations, including research faculty, part-time faculty, faculty who initially refused to participate, and faculty who had specific concerns (such as confidentiality). All initial mailings and scheduled follow-up mailings were sent by third class bulk mail; first class and two-day priority mail were used for targeted



follow-up mailings to ensure that mail would be promptly forwarded to faculty. Appendix L includes copies of initial and follow-up letters sent to faculty sample members.

The letter which accompanied all faculty mailings included a toll-free telephone number for faculty to call to ask questions about the survey. Staff were available to monitor this number during normal business hours and were able to address any concerns or questions that faculty had. Any messages left after business hours were promptly answered the next day. Approximately 4 percent of the faculty sample called the toll-free number.

Initial telephone calls to faculty asked for prompt return of the self-administered questionnaire by mail. After the second prompting call, interviewers were trained to conduct a telephone interview. Exhibit 5-2 displays the schedule for both the mail and telephone follow-up efforts. Note that only percentages of faculty in each mailout are displayed, as the initial and subsequent mailings were sent to the entire faculty sample of 33,354. (Subsampling of the faculty sample occurred after questionnaires had been mailed.) The data provided are helpful in determining the approximate proportion of faculty needing second and third mailings of the faculty questionnaire.

Exhibit 5-2: NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire mail and telephone schedule (dates mailed and percent of original sample targeted)

Postcard Second Telephone Initial Third mailing Mail wave Mailing mailing prompt prompt. (percent) (percent) (percent) (percent) (percent) One 1/29/93 2/19/93 3/5/93 3/26/93 4/28/93 (50)(100)(100)(87)(65)Two 2/26/93 3/19/93 4/2/93 4/30/93 5/15/93 (100)(100)(88)(53)(44)4/30/93 6/4/93 3/26/93 4/16/93 5/21/93 Three (100)(100)(89)(53)(43)5/21/93 6/11/93 6/18/93 Four 4/23/93 5/7/93 (100)(100)(87)(58)(40)7/2/93 8/6/93 8/27/93 9/10/93 Five 7/23/93 (100)(100)(90)(59)(58)7/30/93 8/13/93 8/27/93 9/10/93 Six 7/23/93 (100)(100)(100)(62)(57)

As this exhibit shows, an increasingly higher percentage of faculty required second and third mailings for the last mailout waves. This was due, in part, to an accelerated follow-up schedule for the later waves.



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For Waves 2 through 6, the third questionnaire was mailed directly only to nonresponding faculty with home addresses. Questionnaires for nonresponding faculty without home addresses were sent to the Institutional Coordinator (see section 5.2.5).

5.2.2 Faculty Locating and Eligibility Screening Procedures

Locating of faculty was performed by specially trained interviewers. Locators were trained to follow a protocol for each respondent for which no productive contact was made. The following sources of information were used to find hard-to-reach respondents:

- name of the institution at which the individual was employed in the fall of 1992
- any available home or campus address or telephone numbers
- faculty member's department
- employee ID (oftentimes the employee's social security number)

Cases selected for the locating staff included cases to locate and refusals, as well as any respondent who had not received a successful prompt or who had not made firm arrangements to complete a telephone interview. The locating team compiled institution-by-institution lists of pending respondents. The folder for each institution (including course catalogs, faculty directories, lists and print-outs of locating information) was searched for any helpful information, and these data were entered onto a hardcopy call record for each faculty member. Commercially published directories of faculty were also searched for this information. Institutions which did not supply home phone numbers were prioritized for look-up. Locators were then instructed to attempt to contact sampled faculty using any of the available addresses or telephone numbers, calling the institution directly, calling the Institutional Coordinator, or calling the appropriate department secretary or chairperson.

In the event that these sources were not helpful in locating faculty, alternate sources were used, such as directory assistance and the state department of motor vehicles. When necessary, the locating team performed CBI/Trans Union searches of locating information. As information was found and confirmed, the case was forwarded for data entry and placed into the telephone center calling queue. Locators were trained to conduct telephone interviews (on hardcopy) with respondents they located.

In order to concentrate locating efforts on eligible faculty, calls were initiated to institution personnel to confirm eligibility of pending faculty. Institutions with large numbers of pending part-time faculty and institutions likely to have large numbers of ineligibles (medical schools, institutions with low participation rates, etc.) were prioritized. All interviewers and locating staff (including data entry specialists) received brief training in determining eligibility and were provided with a job aid to assist them in assessing respondent eligibility.

Interviewers were supplied with a list of Institutional Coordinators and the status of each institution's Affidavit of Nondisclosure. If a signed affidavit was currently on file for the coordinator, the interviewer was instructed to call the coordinator directly and ask for the eligibility status, the current employment status, and, if possible, additional locating information (such as home addresses or phone numbers, forwarding information, etc.) for all pending faculty listed on the "look-up" sheet provided by the locating shop. Interviewers could only request information from coordinators who had signed the affidavit and had it notarized. If no affidavit was on file, the interviewer had the option of asking for completion of the affidavit, or contacting personnel or payroll for further information. Contacts to institution personnel other than the coordinator were conducted within confidentiality constraints. To protect respondent confidentiality, interviewers were not allowed to identify themselves as representing NSOPF-93, or to reveal that the people they were asking about were in the NSOPF-93 faculty sample.

Combined institution questionnaire prompts and eligibility calls. To maximize efficiency and to minimize the number of calls to each institution, eligibility calling was combined with the institution questionnaire prompt. This occurred with those institutions where the institution respondent was the same as



the Institutional Coordinator, and an institution questionnaire prompt was required. Combined calls continued until the first round of institution questionnaire prompting was completed on December 18, 1993.

Eligibility calls to institutions with low faculty participation rates. After January 3, 1994 eligibility calls were resumed only to those 75 institutions with a faculty participation rate of 60 percent or less. These calls were combined with institution questionnaire prompts whenever a prompt to the institution was required. However, all institutions with a participation rate of less than 60 percent were contacted—not merely those for whom a prompt was required.

5.2.3 Faculty Refusal Conversion

During November and December, 1993, a number of new strategies were employed. A team of field staff especially skilled in working with refusals and hard-to-locate cases, and with experience working with institutions, were recruited for this phase of the data collection effort. Call histories were produced for respondents who initially refused to answer the survey. Refusals were reviewed, grouped, and appropriate follow-up strategies and supervisor reinforcement put into place for field and office interviewers. Special tools were designed to aid in refusal conversion. One was a fact sheet to help refusal conversion specialists answer refusers' specific objections to participation in the study. Issues on which the fact sheet focused included the survey's confidentiality and purpose and concerns of particular groups of faculty (part-time faculty, retired faculty, research faculty, faculty at religious institutions and faculty who said they were not typical of faculty at their institution).

Another tool that aided refusal conversion was an abbreviated faculty questionnaire designed for use in a telephone interview. This questionnaire consisted of critical items and other items selected on the basis of analytical needs where NCES required unimputed data for the faculty questionnaire. The abbreviated questionnaire was specifically used only for refusal conversion. It was not designed for refusal aversion. During the intensive data collection period of November 11, 1993 and December 31, 1993, 636 abbreviated questionnaires were completed with respondents who initially refused to participate in the NSOPF-93 faculty survey. After gaining respondent cooperation in answering the abbreviated faculty questionnaire, refusal conversion specialists were trained to ask respondents for their cooperation in completing the full questionnaire.

For purposes of data entry and imputation, completed abbreviated questionnaires were treated like all other questionnaires. Items excluded from the abbreviated questionnaire were considered missing data. A copy of the abbreviated questionnaire appears in Appendix H.

5.2.4 Follow-up with Specific Subgroups of Faculty

Throughout the follow-up phase of the data collection process, special attention was paid to increasing absolute numbers of respondents in particular faculty subgroups: for black, non-Hispanics; Hispanics; Asian/Pacific Islanders; those whose race was unknown (i.e. missing a racial identification on the faculty sampling list); research institution faculty; and part-time faculty. In order to focus on the research target, case lists prioritizing these faculty subgroups were provided to field staff and to phone shop staff. In addition, a special mailing was sent in November, 1993 to the following subgroups of nonresponding faculty: Wave 5 and Wave 6 faculty; and Wave 1 through Wave 4 faculty in medical or research schools and two-year colleges. These special efforts, particularly those taken in November and December, 1993, increased response rates for minority and part-time faculty, largely because of an increase in completed cases in which race or part-time/full-time status was initially unknown.



5.2.5 Faculty Follow-up by Institutional Coordinators

All Institutional Coordinators who had signed the NCES' Affidavit of Nondisclosure and had it notarized were asked to carry out three tasks vis-a-vis nonresponding faculty. Coordinators who did *not* supply home addresses for their faculty were asked to mail the third questionnaire packet to the home (or summer) address of nonresponding faculty. The questionnaire packets were prepackaged and prestamped in advance, so that the coordinator's task was limited to writing in the faculty member's address. Coordinators who supplied home addresses were given a list of nonresponding faculty and asked to prompt them for the return of their questionnaires. Coordinators were also asked to identify faculty who were listed in error and not eligible for the study. The initial mailout of these materials, for institutions in faculty mailout Waves 1-4, occurred on May 7, 1993. These materials were mailed in August, 1993 for institutions in all faculty mailout waves. Appendix N includes a copy of the letter accompanying the packet mailed to Institutional Coordinators.

To assure that these follow-up requests received prompt attention from coordinators, telephone prompting staff contacted each coordinator's office to alert them to the packet and its contents and to answer any questions about their role. Additional contact with coordinators to confirm eligibility of nonresponding faculty continued through January, 1994.

For the May mailing, out of 439 coordinators, 131 were asked to prompt and to send questionnaires to the homes of 3,355 nonresponding faculty. The other 308 coordinators were asked only to prompt 7,475 nonresponding faculty.

The second mailing to coordinators occurred prior to the resumption of interviewer follow-up. Coordinators for Waves 1-4 institutions were mailed follow-up packets on August 18-19, 1993; the coordinators for Waves 5-6 received similar packets on August 23, 1993. The telephone center staff contacted coordinators to notify them of the scheduled mailout and to request their assistance. Telephone notification began on August 11, 1993 and was completed by September 3, 1993. Of the coordinators who received packets, 109 confirmed either by telephone or in writing that they had followed up with nonresponding faculty at their institutions. Only nine coordinators explicitly refused to implement the request for help.

5.2.6 Faculty Telephone Interviews

Telephone interviewing was conducted using a CATI (computer-assisted telephone interviewing) system. Telephone prompting and interviewing of nonresponding faculty began on April 28, 1993 and ended on December 18, 1993, with a suspension of activities in the months of July and August. A total of 4,995 faculty, or 19 percent of all completed cases, completed the CATI questionnaire. The CATI version of the faculty questionnaire was programmed in AutoQuest, a commercially available software package. Telephone follow-up activities were coordinated with mail follow-up. Cases were activated for telephone follow-up in waves, according to their initial mailing date (see Exhibit 5-3). Interviewers were instructed to conduct a CATI interview only after the second telephone prompt, but were given greater discretion to conduct a telephone interview for cases mailed late in the field period.

5.2.7 Field Interviewing and Locating

Approximately 20 field interviewers who were expert locators and refusal converters and two field managers were employed during November and December, 1993, to assist with the end of the data collection effort. Almost 1,200 temporary refusal and unlocatable cases were assigned to field staff. Field production was monitored daily, and regular feedback was given in order to keep production levels high. Staffing was reconfigured and adjusted based on the caseload and last known location of the cases. Field staff completed



approximately 500 questionnaires with faculty as telephone interviews. These interviews were then dataentered using the data entry program for self-administered questionnaires.

5.2.8 Faculty Data Retrieval

A subset of telephone interviewers were trained to conduct retrieval of missing critical information from completed faculty self-administered questionnaires. Twenty-seven percent of the 20,785 self-administered questionnaires were identified for retrieval because of missing data in one or more of the critical items. Respondents were called and asked to supply the missing data for these items. In approximately 84 percent of the cases, respondents were able to provide some or all of the missing information. The remaining 16 percent were determined to be complete based on policy decisions reviewed with NCES. All faculty questionnaire retrieval activities were completed on January 29, 1994. (Retrieval is discussed further in Chapter 6. A list of faculty questionnaire critical items appears in Appendix I.)

5.3 Data Collection Results: Faculty Questionnaire

Exhibits 5-3 through 5-6 provide a summary of the NSOPF-93 data collection results for the faculty questionnaire. These exhibits report unweighted response rates.

Exhibit 5-3 illustrates the faculty response rates for each wave of questionnaires by initial mailing date. As faculty lists were received and processed, and faculty were sampled, questionnaires were assembled into large batches for mailing. The initial questionnaire packets were followed by at least two follow-up questionnaire mailings. Telephone prompting and interviewing followed for nonrespondents. As indicated, the response rates varied from a high of 90.1 percent for Wave 1 to a low of 77.9 percent for Wave 6. These data suggest that faculty who received their questionnaires early in the field period—usually when classes were still in session—had a greater likelihood of responding than faculty who received a later mailing.

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Exhibit 5-3: Faculty response rates by initial mailing date

	,	Cale Talambama		Total	Faculty response rate (unweighted percent)	
Initial mailing date (by wave)	Eligible sample			completed questionnaires		
1. January 29, 1993	9,691	7,536	1,193	8,729	90.1	
2. February 26, 1993	6,635	4,986	899	5,885	88.7	
3. March 27, 1993	3,034	2,160	502	2,662	87 <u>.</u> 7.	
4. April 24, 1993	3,337	2,239	590	2,829	84.8	
5. July 2, 1993	5,769	3,229	1,435	4,664	80.8	
6. July 16, 1993	1,298	635	376	1,011	77 _. 9	
Total	29,764	20,785	4,995	25,780	86.6	

Exhibit 5-4 illustrates the unweighted response rates for faculty by institution level and control. As the exhibit depicts, faculty at private two-year institutions returned completed questionnaires at the highest rate (90.3 percent, compared to an unweighted average response rate of 86.6 percent). Faculty at private four-year institutions responded to the faculty questionnaire at the lowest rate. Response rates for faculty at private four-year institutions were nearly 6 percentage points lower than those of faculty at private two-year institutions. Faculty at both types of public institutions (two-year and four-year) completed questionnaires at higher rates than did faculty at private four-year institutions. But response rates for public institution faculty did not attain the level that faculty at private two-year institutions attained (response rates of 87.8 percent and 87.2 percent, respectively, compared to 90.3 percent). While response rates at private institutions varied widely by type (two-year or four-year), there was hardly any difference in response rates for faculty from different types of public institutions.

Exhibit 5-4: Faculty response rates by level and control of institution

Level and control	Total	Samı	Faculty response	
of institution*	sample	Eligible	Complete	rate (unweighted percent)
Public four-year	11,494	11,029	9,682	87.8
Public two-year	10,525	9,913	8,646	87.2
Private four-year	8,982	8,483	7,146	84.2
Private two-year	353	339	306	90.3
Total	31,354	29,764	25,780	86.6

^{*}The "level and control" classification does not match sampling stratum classification (Exhibit 5-5) because institutions sampled in the "unknown" categories in NSOPF-93 were reclassified after data collection was complete.



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Exhibit 5-5 displays the unweighted faculty response rates across the 15 strata used for sampling institutions. Faculty at public liberal arts schools (with a 96.7 percent response rate) and faculty at private two-year institutions (92.5 percent) returned questionnaires at the highest rates. Faculty at private medical schools (73.5 percent) and faculty at other private schools (72.1 percent) returned questionnaires at considerably lower rates than faculty at other types of schools. Twelve of the 15 strata represented pairs of institution types, differing only by their public or private status (i.e., public comprehensive vs. private comprehensive; public medical vs. private medical). In five of the six pairs, faculty at public institutions returned questionnaires at higher rates. The gap in faculty response rates between public institution faculty and private institution faculty was widest (13.7 percentage points) in the paired strata for "other" institutions. Only faculty working at private two-year institutions returned questionnaires at higher rates (92.5 percent) than their colleagues working at public two-year institutions (87.3 percent). The difference in faculty response rates between public and private institutions was smallest in comprehensive institutions (a difference of 1.6 percent) and in "unknown" institutions (a difference of 1.5 percent).

Exhibit 5-5: Faculty response rates by institution sampling stratum

Institution	Total	San	nple	Faculty response
stratum	sample	Eligible	Complete	rate (unweighted percent)
Private other Ph.D.	1,523	1,422	1,141	80.2
Public comprehensive	5,518	5,308	4,718	88.9
Private comprehensive	2,627	2,510	2,191	87.3
Public liberal arts	91	90	87	96.7
Private liberal arts	2,370	2,281	2,067	90.6
Public medical	800	764	633	82.9
Private medical	380	321	236	73.5
Private religious	317	291	244	83.8
Public two-year	9,955	9,382	8,187	87.3
Private two-year	276	268	248	92.5
Public other	232	219	188	85.8
Private other	540	509	367	72.1
Public unknown	638	597	509	85.3
Private unknown	151	136	114	83.8
Research/public other Ph.D.	5,936	5,666	4,850	85.6
Total	31,354	29,764	25,780	86.6

Exhibit 5-6 reports unweighted faculty response rates by faculty sampling characteristics. For purposes of this table, individual characteristics were obtained from lists provided by participating institutions. As indicated, white, non-Hispanic faculty had the highest unweighted response rate (89.1 percent) and American Indian/Alaskan Natives the lowest (81.3 percent), although the difference between these groups was relatively small—only 8 percent. Females were higher responders (88.5 percent) than males (86.4 percent); full-time



faculty (88.8 percent) were more likely to respond than part-time (83.5 percent) faculty. The unweighted response rate for faculty in the four NEH-selected disciplines (4,216/4,861 or 86.7 percent) matched almost identically the response rate for the entire sample (86.6 percent). Non-NEH faculty responded at a slightly higher rate than average.

Exhibit 5-6: Faculty response rates by faculty sampling characteristics

Individual characteristic	Subgroup	Total sample	Sam	ple	Faculty response rate
			Eligible	Complete	(unweighted percent)
Gender	Unknown	1,979	1,857	1,416	76.3
	Male	16,707	15,879	13,720	86.4
	Female	12,668	12,028	10,644	. 88.5
Race	Unknown	8,639	7,967	6,507	81.7
	American Indian/ Alaskan Native	99	96	78	81.3
	Asian/Pacific Islander	1,185	1,132	993	· 87.7
·	Hispanic	1,264	1,199	1,033	86.2
	Black, non-Hispanic	2,577	2,458	2,097	85.3
	White, non-Hispanic	17,590	16,912	15,072	89.1
Full/part time	Unknown	3,695	3,380	2,824	83.6
status . ·	Full-time	17,996	17,596	15,618	88.8
	Part-time	9,663	- 8,788	7,338	83.5
Discipline	Unknown	1,814	1,647	1,316	79.9
	Non-NEH	24,480	23,256	20,248	87.1
	History	941	904	804	88.9
	Foreign language	1,043	995	829	83.3
	English	2,458	2,379	2,069	87.0
	Philosophy/religion	618	583	. 514	88.2
	All respondents	31,354	29,764	25,780	86.6

^{*}As reported by institutions on faculty lists.



Completion rates were higher for faculty whose home address was available (89.6 percent, unweighted) than for those faculty whose home address was unavailable (82.2 percent, unweighted). As Exhibit 5-7 shows, this relationship held for all faculty regardless of employment status. Faculty who could be followed-up at home were more likely to complete the questionnaire than those who could not be followed-up at home.

Exhibit 5-7: Response rates for faculty members whose institutions supplied their home address, by employment status

	HOME ADDRESS AVAILABLE					HOME ADDRESS MISSING			
Full-time, part-time status	Eligible	Complete	Unweighted response rate (percent)	Weighted response rate (percent)	Eligible	Complete	Unweighted response rate (percent)	Weighted response rate (percent)	
Unknown status	938	845	90.1	91.0	2,442	1,979	81.0	78.3	
Full-time	11,186	10,117	90.4	88.6	6 <u>,</u> 410	5,501	85.8	83.3	
Part-time	5,508	4,840	87.9	86.3	3,280	2,498	76.2	74.3	
TOTAL	17,632	15,802	89.6	88.0	12,132	9,978	82.2	79.6	

5.4 Institution Survey

5.4.1 Initial Mailing to Institution Respondent

On September 10, 1993, the NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire, addressed to the institution respondent (if one was named), was mailed to each institution that had already participated in the study by providing a faculty list, and to institutions that had not provided a list. This mailing included a cover letter (signed by the then-Commissioner of NCES, Emerson J. Elliott) and an informational brochure which described the purpose of NSOPF-93 and highlighted key findings from the previous study. If an institution respondent was not specifically named, a questionnaire was sent to the Institutional Coordinator (if formally identified by the institution) or the Chief Administrative Officer (CAO). (For 44.2 percent of the institutions who provided faculty lists, the Institutional Coordinator was named by the CAO as the institution respondent.) For non-participating institutions, or institutions which did not formally name a coordinator, the questionnaire was sent to the CAO. Separate cover letters, copies of which appear in Appendix M, were mailed to participating and nonparticipating institutions.

5.4.2 Postcard Prompts to Institutions

Two postcard prompts were mailed to institutions, thanking them for their cooperation and reminding them to complete the questionnaire, if they had not already done so. The first prompt was mailed on September 24, 1993 and signed by the project director. The second was mailed on October 22, 1993 (two weeks following a second questionnaire mailing) and signed by the task coordinator. In each instance, institutions were encouraged to call the project 1-800 number if they had any questions or anticipated any significant delays in completing the questionnaire. A copy of this postcard appears in Appendix M.



5.4.3 Second Questionnaire Mailing to Institutions

A second questionnaire was mailed to non-responding institutions on October 8, 1993, by regular first class mail. A cover letter from the project director accompanied the questionnaire. The letter assured institutions that there was still time to complete the questionnaire, and encouraged completion within the next few weeks.

5.4.4 Telephone Prompting and Follow-up of Institutions

Interviewers were given assignments from one of two groups of participating institutions: institutions which named the Institutional Coordinator as respondent, and institutions which named a separate institution respondent. Telephone prompting began on November 11, 1993. In those instances where the Institutional Coordinator was the same as the institution respondent, follow-up calls for the institution questionnaire were combined with other institutional contacts related to the faculty component of the study, including calls to determine the eligibility of nonresponding faculty, and calls to encourage coordinators to prompt faculty. Interviewers were trained in each type of follow-up activity before calling. By combining these contacts, it was hoped that any added burden to the coordinator would be minimized. Interviewers were trained to review all previous contact information (including the Record of Calls from the list collection phase of the study) prior to each call. If neither an Institutional Coordinator nor institution respondent had been designated by a participating institution, the initial call was made to the CAO's office.

The first wave of telephone prompting ended on December 23, 1993 prior to the holiday break. Prompting resumed on January 7, 1994 and continued until May 25, 1994. Institutions that failed to provide a list of faculty were treated as possible refusals. Initial follow-up to institutions which did not provide a list of faculty was conducted by the project Task Coordinator, beginning on November 10, 1993. Once the institution confirmed that they would complete the questionnaire, the Record of Calls was forwarded to interviewing staff for any additional follow-up.

Remails were requested by 226 institutions (23 percent). To eliminate unnecessary mail delays, questionnaires and other materials were faxed to institutions whenever possible. Institutions were encouraged to fax questionnaires as soon as they were completed, in addition to mailing the hardcopy. Institution respondents were also given a toll-free number to call with questions or comments; approximately 390 calls were made to the toll-free number.

The project task coordinator reviewed all refusals, and based on this review either called the institution personally, or forwarded the case to field staff for data collection by telephone. When appropriate, an offer was made to assist the institution by abstracting data from other information supplied by the institution.

5.4.5 Third Questionnaire Mailing to Institutions

On February 2, 1994 a third questionnaire mailing was sent by two-day priority mail to 383 nonresponding institutions. The third questionnaire mailing was necessary for two reasons. One was that the interruption of the holiday break, followed by the beginning of a new academic term, made it likely that the original request would be forgotten or lost. The second was that adverse weather conditions (including earthquakes on the West Coast and severe snowstorms and below-zero temperatures in the Midwest and East Coast) had caused some institutions to close for extended periods of time, further exacerbating staffing problems at these institutions. The letter informed institutions that the data collection period would be extended to accommodate institutions which had been affected by adverse conditions; other institutions were encouraged to complete and return the questionnaire by February 18, 1994. A personal, handwritten note was added to each letter, as appropriate, thanking respondents for their cooperation and addressing any concerns the institution may have previously expressed about the study.



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The Association for Institutional Research (AIR) disseminated a project update memo in February to its membership through its electronic newsletter, underscoring AIR endorsement of the study and encouraging participation of sampled institutions. The memo noted that the deadline for participation had been extended to accommodate institutions affected by severe weather conditions, and thanked those institutions that had participated in NSOPF.

5.4.6 Interviewer-Assisted Data Collection at Institutions

In February and March, 1994 three experienced field interviewers were trained to collect data directly from institutions by telephone (or, in select instances, by visits to the institution). Field staff were selected on the basis of previous success in interviewing faculty on the faculty questionnaire. Individual training, including a walkthrough of the questionnaire, was conducted with each interviewer by the task coordinator. Each training lasted two hours, with an additional two hours provided for self-study. Interviewers were trained to work with the designated respondent or coordinator to identify offices within each institution that could provide specific kinds of data, and to contact those offices directly to provide the data. Difficulties experienced by institutions in coordinating data collection between different offices was a major source of delay, direct intervention by field staff eliminated that delay, and, as a result, was very successful.

Collecting data over the telephone was considered likely to be more problematic for larger institutions—particularly those with large numbers of research faculty or a wide range of types of faculty. Therefore, only small-to-medium sized institutions from nonresearch strata were targeted for telephone data collection. Within this group, institutions from strata with comparatively low response rates were specifically targeted, including public two-year and private religious institutions. Refusals and other nonparticipating institutions were targeted as well. Four nonresponding religious institutions clustered in the same city were selected for in-person field visits to collect data. Overall, 99 interviewer assisted questionnaires (95 telephone and four in-person) were completed. Although no attempt was made to validate interviews directly with the institution, data collected by interviewers was periodically validated by comparison to other institutional data.

5.4.7 Data Abstraction at Institutions

When an institution indicated it lacked the resources to supply key questionnaire data, or indicated that to do so would pose an unrealistic burden, an offer was made to assist the institution, if possible, by abstracting information from other data the institution provided, including:

- lists of faculty
- most recent IPEDS data, if available from the institution
- policy handbooks (containing benefits information and institutional definitions of faculty)

At institutions that were confirmed to be part of a state-wide, city-wide, or multi-campus system in which institutional benefits policy was the same for all institutions in the system, benefits data could sometimes be supplied by a system-wide source; system-wide benefits information could also be abstracted from common elements of data provided by sister institutions in the system. The task coordinator reviewed lists used to compile faculty counts for completeness of relevant information. The accuracy of any data abstracted was confirmed with the institution.



5.4.8 Institution Data Retrieval

All data retrieval was conducted by trained project staff. Retrieval was conducted on a flow basis, beginning on October 5, 1993, and ending on May 26, 1994. One interviewer was trained to perform both the initial case edit, which identified cases requiring retrieval, and the retrieval call. As the initial case edit was performed, cases with missing critical items were flagged for retrieval. "Don't know" and "refused" were considered legitimate responses and not retrieved. Additional cases were flagged for retrieval when inter-item discrepancies or out-of-range responses involving critical items were discovered during a second edit performed by the task coordinator prior to computer assisted data entry (CADE), or during CADE (which ran several consistency checks as part of its program). The data abstraction procedures outlined above were utilized when the information was otherwise unavailable from the institution. One hundred seventy-eight cases (20 percent) were identified as requiring retrieval. Retrieval calls were completed for 172 institution questionnaires (97 percent).

5.5 Data Collection Results: Institution Questionnaire

Exhibits 5-8 to 5-10 provide a summary of the NSOPF-93 data collection results for the institution questionnaire. These exhibits report unweighted response rates.

Exhibit 5-8 illustrates the unweighted institution questionnaire response rates by institution stratum and by type and control of institution. In general, the response rate of institutions to the institution questionnaire was quite high, with an unweighted response rate of 90.6 percent for all institutions. All eligible private two-year, private religious and public "other" institutions completed the questionnaire. Public institutions responded to the institution questionnaire at lower rates than did private institutions. The lowest response rate (66.7 percent), found in the public liberal arts stratum, affects so few institutions as to have little impact on the overall rate of response to the questionnaire. The stratum that included the largest number of institutions, the public two-year stratum (with 316 eligible institutions) showed one of the highest rates of response (94.3 percent) among the 15 strata.



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Exhibit 5-8: Institution questionnaire response rates by institution sampling stratum

Institution	Total	Samp	Institution response rate	
stratum	sample	Eligible	Complete	(unweightedpercent)
Private other Ph.D.	46	46	39	84.8
Public comprehensive	159	159	144	90.6
Private comprehensive	83		71	86.6
Public liberal arts	. 3	3	2	66.7
Private liberal arts	. 68	68	66	97.1
Public medical	25_		20	80.0
Private medical	10	10	9_	90.0
Private religious	20	18	18	. 100.0
Public two-year	317	316	298	94.3
Private two-year	11	10	10	100.0
Public other	7	7	7	100.0
Private other	. 26	24	19	79.2
Public unknown	23	19	18	94.7
Private unknown	8	7	7	100.0
Research/public other Ph.D.	168	168	144	85.7
Level and control	Total sample	Sam	ple	Institution response rate
of institution*	sample	Eligible	Complete	(unweighted percent)
Public four-year	332	331	292	88.2
Public two-year	337	333	314	94.3
Private four-year	290	284	252	88.7
Private two-year	15	14	14	100.0
Total	,974	962	872	90.6

^{*}Sampling stratum classification does not match the "level and control" classification because institutions sampled in the "unknown" categories in NSOPF-93 were reclassified after data collection was completed.

Exhibit 5-9 breaks down the institution response rate by mode of administration. Ninety-nine questionnaires were completed with the assistance of an interviewer. This figure represented 10.3 percent of the total eligible institution sample and 11.4 percent of completed questionnaires.

Exhibit 5-9: Institution questionnaire response rates by mode of administration

Mode of administration	Faculty list participating (unweighted percent)	Faculty list non-participating (unweighted percent)	Total responding (unweighted percent)
Self-administered questionnaires (percent of total sample)	688 (84.2)	85 (58.6)	773 (80.3)
Field data collection (percent of total sample)	72 (8.8)	27 (18.6)	99 (10.3)
Total completed (percent of total sample)	760 (93.0)	112 (77.2)	872 (90.6)
Total sample	817	145	962

Exhibit 5-10 compares the institution questionnaire response rate on the NSOPF-93 full-scale study with the NSOPF-93 field test and the 1987-88 field test and full-scale study. As the exhibit shows, there was a 2.3 percentage point improvement in the response rate of the NSOPF-93 institution survey from the NSOPF-88 institution survey.

Exhibit 5-10: Institution response rates by cycle

NSOPF cycle	Number eligible	Completed questionnaires	Response rate (unweighted percent)	
1987 field test	50	40	80.0	
1988 main study 480		424	88.3	
1992 field test (Expanded core) (Augmentation)	120 (49) (71)	94 (40) (54)	78.3 (81.6) (76.1)	
1993 main study (Participating) (Non-participating)	962 (817) (145)	872 (760) (112)	90.6 (93.0) (77.2)	

The data collection period for NSOPF-93 lasted 10 weeks longer than the data collection period for NSOPF-88 (34 weeks, compared to 24 weeks). This reflects the larger sample size as well as the impact of severe weather conditions previously described. But the data collection effort also revealed that institutions feel increasingly burdened by research requests. In some instances, institutions had downsized the institutional staff that would normally process such requests. The 91 percent response rate achieved for the NSOPF-93 full-scale study would not have been possible without the direct involvement of interviewing staff in data collection and other efforts to minimize institutional burden.



6. Data Control and Data Processing

6.1 Overview

This chapter describes the procedures used to process and to prepare faculty list data for sampling and to transform responses from the faculty and institution questionnaires into computerized data files. A total of 872 institution questionnaires (all hardcopy) and 25,780 faculty questionnaires were processed, including 20,785 self-administered and 4,995 computer-assisted telephone interviews. NORC used commercially-available software, AutoQuest, for all data capture.

The procedures to be discussed include: receipt control and processing of faculty list data for sampling, monitoring the receipt of completed questionnaires, preparing self-administered questionnaires for data entry, editing self-administered questionnaires for overall adequacy and completeness, data-entry, flagging cases with missing or inconsistent data through automated consistency checks, retrieving missing data, coding responses, quality control of data entry, and preparing documents for archival storage.

6.2 Faculty List Processing and Preparation for Sampling

The sampling frame for the faculty survey was drawn from faculty lists provided by 817 participating institutions. Each participating institution was asked to provide a hard-copy list, a machine-readable list, documentation of the list format, and the names of institution staff involved in preparing the list. Upon receipt, each list was subjected to a cursory review for completeness and adequacy. Project staff were trained expressly to recontact institution staff to retrieve missing information and to resolve list discrepancies. These staff used the Faculty List Documentation Form (see Appendix K) provided by the institution to contact those persons involved in preparing the faculty list. If the institution did not provide this form, staff recontacted the Institutional Coordinator. In the event that the faculty list was incomplete—that is, some level of locating or sampling information was missing—staff explained the importance of these data to the sampling design and handled any concerns or questions which arose regarding release of these data. Special efforts were made to describe confidentiality procedures and the sampling methodology used. The missing information was then retrieved in the way most accommodating for the Institutional Coordinator (through the mail, fax, or via the Internet).

Once the list of faculty (and supporting documentation about the format and preparation of the list) was reviewed, it was receipted as complete into the NSOPF contractor's survey monitoring system (SMS), a microcomputer-based system used to track all sampled institutions and their status. A folder that contained all of the relevant materials was prepared for each institution. Processing of hardcopy lists required more effort than processing electronic faculty lists. If an institution provided a hardcopy list only, sampling staff followed these steps to create an electronic file in the required format:

- 1. Each line (or each faculty member listed) was numbered sequentially. Lists were inspected to see if all sampling variables were included. If not, other materials in the sampling folder were inspected to see if any information could be gleaned from them and included on the hardcopy list.
- 2. All sampling variables were then coded to match specifications for sampling (e.g., gender was coded as l=male/2=female; race/ethnicity was coded numerically). The coding specifications followed the same specifications in the list preparation instructions sent to the institution (see Appendix K). In addition, faculty discipline was coded numerically to indicate NEH and non-NEH status.



3. The sampling variables, along with faculty names, addresses, and telephone numbers, were data-entered into an electronic file for that institution. (If addresses were not already on the hardcopy file, but were available elsewhere, this information was not entered until the sampling step had been completed and then only for the sampled faculty.)

If an institution provided an electronic file, sampling staff inspected the file on-line to ensure that all coding specifications were followed for the sampling variables and that the file layout was correct. Programming staff created utilities which enabled the automated reformatting of those files with incorrect layouts, and the recoding of sampling variables when necessary. In addition, an automated utility was employed to streamline the coding of NEH/non-NEH teaching disciplines, although this step still required more detailed effort on the part of sampling staff. This utility searched the electronic file for the verbatim entry of teaching discipline, and created a collapsed codeframe of each unique discipline along with the number of occurrences (or, number of faculty in each discipline). Sampling staff then inspected the codeframe and assigned a numerical code to each unique teaching discipline to indicate its NEH/non-NEH status. Once the collapsed frame was coded in this way, the utility then assigned these numerical codes to each faculty member on the faculty list.

When all sampling data were coded, an automated program captured list counts and entered them into a discrepancy module of the SMS. Sampling staff then reviewed discrepancy reports, comparing the faculty totals from the lists with data from the most recent IPEDS (NCES's Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System). In some instances, the numbers of faculty on the list differed greatly from those from the IPEDS. The discrepancy reports allowed sampling staff to investigate possible areas of discrepancy by breaking down the faculty totals by gender and full- or part-time status. In this way, it was easy to identify, for example, institutions who had left part-time staff completely off of their list, or those who had reversed the gender code. Resolution of list discrepancies also involved recontacting the list preparer or Institutional Coordinator (see section 4.2.5). If the source of the discrepancy was identified by sampling staff, an attempt was made to confirm the diagnosis of the source of the discrepancy and to retrieve from the institution corrected sampling information. On the other hand, if no obvious source of error was identified, the staff explained the problem to the Institutional Coordinator and attempted to find a reason for the discrepancy.

Machine-readable lists (whether data-entered from hardcopy or provided on diskette or tape) which had passed through discrepancy review were uploaded directly into an electronic sampling program, which selected the sample members based on programmed selection algorithms. Lists of sampled faculty at participating institutions in the field test were cross-checked against lists of field test participants at those institutions to ensure that they were not selected again. To minimize respondent burden, OMB restrictions prohibited NSOPF-93 from resampling and reinterviewing individuals who participated in the 1992 field test.

Sampling and data collection information for sampled respondents was uploaded into an AutoQuest program, which then generated respondent tracking files for coordinated mail and telephone follow-up. The program assigned a unique identification number to each sampled record. All pertinent information was also uploaded into the Survey Monitoring System (SMS)—faculty IDs, names and locating data, and sampling information—for purposes of tracking and case management.

6.3 Receipt Control and Monitoring of Institution and Faculty Questionnaires

When completed faculty and institution self-administered questionnaires (SAQs) were received, receipt control staff checked each document for completeness and assigned a disposition code indicating that the case was complete. If a questionnaire was returned as undeliverable, faculty directories and/or address information supplied by each institution were reviewed for an alternate address. If none was available, it was forwarded to telephone staff for locating. If a package was returned as undeliverable with a forwarding address, the new address was entered into the SMS tracking and monitoring system for future follow-up.



Case dispositions for the faculty questionnaire were updated directly into the TNMS (Telephone Number Management System) component of AutoQuest, which delivered pending cases to interviewers for telephone prompting and interviewing. Respondents who had completed self-administered questionnaires (SAQs) were, therefore, removed from the queue for telephone follow-up once the questionnaire was receipted. Case dispositions were updated to indicate whether the questionnaire was complete or contained items that required retrieval. The TNMS was linked through weekly updates to the SMS tracking and monitoring system.

Computer-assisted telephone interviewing was not used for the institution questionnaire; therefore, institution questionnaire dispositions were entered directly into the SMS tracking and monitoring system.

Data Entry and Coding 6.4

6.4.1 **Data Entry**

Both CADE (computer-assisted data entry) and CATI (computer-assisted telephone interviewing) were performed using AutoQuest. Separate CADE programs were developed for the self-administered faculty and institution questionnaires. A CATI program, equivalent to CADE, was also developed for the faculty questionnaire, allowing online data entry of telephone interviews by interviewers. The CADE/CATI systems were designed to:

- ensure that all entries conformed to valid ranges of codes defined for the particular question stem;
- enforce skip patterns automatically;
- conduct inter-item consistency checks where appropriate; and
- display the full question and answer texts for verbatim responses.

As part of the statistical quality control program, 100 percent verification was conducted of a randomly selected subsample of 10 percent of all faculty and institution questionnaires entered in CADE. These cases were randomly pre-selected before each set of questionnaires was data-entered. When a questionnaire was flagged for verification, it was then re-keyed by a different data entry operator than had originally keyed the data. A data entry supervisor then independently reviewed and compared the results of both data entry events; any discrepancies were resolved by referring to the hardcopy questionnaire and making corrections to the final questionnaire data. The error rate was less than one-half of one percent for all items keyed.

Quality assurance for faculty interviews entered in CATI consisted of random online monitoring by supervisors. On a daily basis, a set of times for monitoring and stations to be monitored was automatically generated for each monitor. The program for creating these lists took as inputs the IDs of active prompting, retrieval, and CATI stations; the duration of each monitoring session; the sampling rate; and the total length of time to schedule. The monitor station allowed the supervisor to listen to the interview and to view the data the interviewer entered on screen. Any errors or omissions (including deviations in reading questions, failure to probe or follow instructions, or errors in recording of data) were recorded. The outcome of each monitoring event was entered into the system via an AutoQuest application.

Faculty Questionnaire Coding 6.4.2

Coding of faculty questionnaires was conducted using a computer-assisted coding (CAC) system, which also used AutoQuest software. Coding of academic discipline was performed online during interviewing or data



entry. All other faculty questionnaire coding was performed as a post-processing step. Three kinds of coding were performed for the faculty questionnaire:

Academic discipline. Coding of academic discipline for the respondent's principal teaching field, principal area of research, degree fields, and courses taught (Questions A12, A13, B16C, and C23A-E) was performed online during interviewing or data entry. Online coding for the self-administered questionnaires took place only if the respondent had not already provided a code, but had written some sort of codable text. In these cases, the data entry clerk was prompted to enter verbatim the name of the discipline and follow the same procedure as telephone interviewers who performed online coding of academic discipline.

A two-step coding process was designed so that interviewers and data entry staff would not have to page down through the entire list to find an appropriate code. The first step was to select the major category or area. Categories included were those shown in upper case letters on the hardcopy questionnaire, many of which have subcategories. After the major category was selected, the second step was to select the specific discipline from the subcategories displayed in the second screen. The appropriate code was then selected and entered next to the verbatim entry.

Quality assurance checks for coding of academic discipline were performed as part of the regular quality control procedures for CADE and CATI. However, coding of academic discipline for CADE cases in which the respondent had not supplied a code was subjected to a 100 percent verification. Erroneous codes were recoded to a valid code after examination of the case and its verbatim entry. Cases in which the respondent (or interviewer) had selected a code of "900" ("Other") were also reviewed and coded to a more specific value whenever possible.

IPEDS codes. Coding of institution names from which respondents received their academic degrees was a multi-stage process performed after data entry in CADE or CATI was complete. Institution names were reported at Question B16E, where respondents had the opportunity to report as many as four academic degrees received. Coding was performed using an electronic file of the 1991-92 IPEDS directory, which included IPEDS code, city, two-letter state abbreviation, and institution name for 10,258 less-than-two-year, two-year, and four-year or more institutions. After both CADE and CATI production had been completed, a file of responses to institution name and location was created for each of the four opportunities to report on an academic degree. These files contained a total of 61,759 institution name mentions. The respondent data file from the first line of Question B16, highest degree, was electronically compared to the IPEDS directory file and all exact matches on both institution name and city were automatically coded. Thirty-four percent of the institutions in this file were matched and automatically coded.

A combination of techniques was used to code the remaining institutions. First, the uncodable institutions were sorted by state and institution name, and obvious variations of institution names, for which IPEDS codes were available, were identified and coded. In addition, an automated system was designed for coders to access IPEDS data by city or by institution name. The coders entered a search string at each level, and the program searched each database for possible matches. This combination of techniques enabled the coding of an additional 61 percent of the highest degree institutions, bringing the total to 95 percent. Finally, the remaining five percent of highest degree institution mentions were reviewed individually and coded when possible. The final total coding rate was 97.8 percent. The remaining 2.2 percent of highest degree institutions remained uncoded or received codes for "Non-U.S. unknown" or for "U.S. not listed."

After confirming the accuracy of coding in this file, the verbatim responses and their selected IPEDS codes were added to the IPEDS directory. The expanded frame was used to code the remaining responses (Question B16, lines 2-4). This increased the frequency of finding exact matches for the automated coding of the



remaining files. After all four degree files had been coded, the remaining institution names that had not yet been coded were examined individually and coded when possible.

If respondents reported the name of a multi-campus university system without specifying the particular branch from which the degree was obtained, the flagship institution of that system was coded. For example, if respondents wrote "University of Wisconsin" without specifying a branch campus, their institution was coded as the University of Wisconsin at Madison. If respondents reported the name of a graduate or professional institution without specifying the name of the larger IPEDS institution of which it was a part (e.g. "John F. Kennedy School of Government" rather than "Harvard University"), other means were employed. Staff consulted reference books, university catalogs and cross-checked respondents' answers to find the name of the institution to which to assign the answer. NCES materials were consulted to check for institutions which had closed or had changed their names.

The file was then sorted by IPEDS code and checked against an NCES-supplied electronic master list of IPEDS codes. The file was scanned to find discrepancies between verbatims and expected IPEDS codes. Discrepancies were reconciled by attaching the correct IPEDS code to the verbatim naming the institution. After the entire coding effort was completed, all institution data were exported and sorted by IPEDS code. All institutions were checked in this manner and corrected whenever errors were encountered. The final product contains a negligible error rate of 0.2 percent or less.

Coding of foreign institutions was also handled automatically. During the coding process described above, institutions outside the U.S. were identified as uncodable using the IPEDS frame and flagged as foreign institutions in the database. The verbatim text for the name of country was then electronically compared to the list of codes for countries in the NSOPF-88 faculty data file. Nearly all non-U.S. institutions were automatically coded in this manner. The remaining uncodable institutions were manually coded after hardcopy inspection by coding staff. The weighted proportions of respondents who received degrees from non-U.S. institutions were as follows: 5.3 percent for the highest degree listed, 6.3 percent for the second highest degree, 10.9 percent for the third highest degree, and 19.9 percent for fourth highest degree.

Country. Country was coded at Question B16E(1-4) when the institution reported was foreign and could not be coded within the IPEDS codeframe and at Questions F56 and F57, which asked for the respondent's country of birth and/or citizenship. Geo-coding of foreign countries was also performed automatically after data entry of the questionnaire in CADE or CATI was complete. The codeframe was constructed using the codes compiled for NSOPF-88, with additional codes added as necessary. A few foreign institutions were manually coded based on city (for example, Moscow) or institution name (for example, The Sorbonne).

"Other specify" and verbatim text. Coding of text entered at Questions A2, A9, E47P, was performed after CADE and CATI were complete. In most cases, the text was coded to the existing codes. For Questions A2, A9, and E47P, the codeframes were expanded to accommodate verbatim responses that could not be coded to the existing options.



- Question A2—codes added for administrative titles or positions listed as respondent's principal activity during the 1992 Fall Term are:
 - 9. Dean, acting/interim/associate/assistant dean
 - 10. Chair, acting/associate/assistant chair
 - 11. Director/head/coordinator (of a program, group, field of study)
 - 12. President, chief
 - 13. Assistant to the president
 - 14. Vice president, associate/assistant vice president
 - 15. Administrator, manager
 - 16. Chancellor, provost
 - 17. Chaplain
 - 18. Advisor, counselor
 - 19. Librarian, library director
 - 20. Registrar
 - 21. Secretary, miscellaneous clerical
 - 23. Athletic director, coach
 - 24. Other
- Question A9—respondent's academic rank, title, or position during the 1992 Fall Term. Codes added to the codeframe are:
 - 7. Visiting faculty/teacher/unspecified
 - 8. Professor emeritus
 - 9. Dean
 - 10. Chairperson
 - 11. Director, head, coordinator, executive
 - 12. Administration, administrator
 - 13. Management, supervisor
 - 14. Postdoctoral
 - 15. Research fellow/scientist/professor
 - 16. President, chancellor
 - 17. Chaplain
 - 18. Counselor, mentor, advisor
 - 19. Librarian, curator
 - 20. Research associate/assistant
 - 21. Secretary, miscellaneous clerical
 - 22. Adjunct faculty/teacher/unspecified
 - 23. Coach
 - 24. Other
- Question E47P—respondents recorded income from two additional "other" sources. All verbatim entries were then reviewed and additional codes were created:
 - P1 Grants/fellowships (local/state/federal)
 - P2. Retirement/pension/Social Security/unemployment
 - P3. Military/pension/retirement/other military
 - P4. Alimony/child support/spouse income
 - P5. Dividends/annuities/trust fund/stocks
 - P6. Government (local/state/federal)

P7. Loans

P8. Real estate, rental properties

P9. Other income

An additional 28 items with "other specify" response choices were eligible for coding based on verbatim responses, but were not coded. Several of these items retained only a small percentage of codable items. Others had key data missing, making them impossible to code. One question, F53B, which included verbatim responses to the "other specify" option for respondent race/ethnicity, was left unchanged on the data file. No effort was made to code the verbatim responses for Question F53B.

6.4.3 Faculty Questionnaire Eligibility Review

At the close of data collection for the faculty survey, all completed faculty questionnaires were reviewed to determine if any respondents were ineligible. This review was done on several levels. First, the responses to Question A9 in the faculty questionnaire, "Which of the following best describes your academic rank, title, or position at this institution during the 1992 Fall Term?" were examined. Verbatim responses to Question A9 were reviewed for evidence of ineligibility. These generally consisted of cases in which the respondent had given a title such as research assistant, graduate assistant, lab assistant, or teaching or research fellow. If a questionable case showed any sign of eligibility (for example, providing responses to the question on classes taught or indicating faculty status) the respondent was assumed to be eligible. This review uncovered 23 respondents who were deemed to be ineligible and their questionnaire data were deleted.

The second, more automated, review was performed on cases in which the respondent answered "no" to Question 1 ("Did you have any instructional duties?") and Question 3 ("Did you have faculty status?"). All such records were examined, using additional data from the questionnaire to guide the determination of eligibility. As a result of this review, some additional respondents were deemed ineligible and their questionnaire data were deleted.

6.4.4 Institution Questionnaire Coding

Coding for the institution questionnaire was performed for verbatim definitions of full-time and part-time faculty, both instructional and non-instructional, and permanent and temporary faculty listed on page 2 of the questionnaire. The codeframe used to code institutional definitions of faculty was constructed based on responses from a sample of 100 questionnaires, selected to represent all institutional strata. Codes were then fine tuned for each individual category to include relevant variations and responses unique to each category.

Once the codeframe was created, a computer-assisted coding system was used to code the verbatim responses to faculty definitions for all completed institution questionnaires. Verbatim responses were data-entered into the system, and then coded on a case-by-case basis using the established codeframe. Responses to questionnaire items A1A-D and A2A-D (numbers of different types of staff employed during the 1992 Fall Term) and B15 and C31 (availability of benefits to temporary staff) appeared on-screen to assist in the interpretation of responses, particularly when a category was left blank.

Once all definitions were coded, a hardcopy printout of responses by category was reviewed for accuracy and consistency. Errors were marked on the printout and corrections were made to the file. After all corrections were made, the code file was merged with the institution questionnaire datafile.

Faculty codeframe. Most responses made reference to workload (number of hours worked, etc.) as part of the definition for full or part-time faculty. However, a response was coded as "defined by workload" only



when no other factors were mentioned in the definition; other codes include "workload" as an implicit part of the definition.

Responses were coded as matching IPEDS definitions when the institution specifically said it used the IPEDS definition (or the glossary definition), or the response closely matched the glossary definition. If an institution mentioned additional factors not in the IPEDS/glossary definition, or if it was unclear that the definition matched IPEDS, it was coded in another appropriate category. Missing responses were coded as "not applicable" if answers to A1A-D, A2A-D, B15 or C31 clearly indicated that there were no faculty in a given category. The following are codes and definitions for each type of faculty/staff:

Full-time instructional faculty and staff:

- 1. defined by compensation or benefits (and teaching load)
- 2. defined by length or terms of contract (and teaching load)
- 3. defined by teaching load and/or other duties and responsibilities only (number of courses per term or year/number of hours or week/student contact hours/days worked per term or year)
- 4. defined by rank/title/faculty status/voting privileges or senate membership (and teaching load)
- 5. IPEDS/matching IPEDS definition
- 6. defined by funding source or type of funding/legislative body/other governing body (private or public) and teaching load
- 7. defined by tenure status—tenured or tenure track—and teaching load
- 8. other governmental or organizational definition used
- 9. other
- 10. not applicable/no faculty in this category

Full-time non-instructional faculty:

- 1. defined by compensation or benefits (and workload)
- 2. defined by length or terms of contract (and workload)
- 3. defined by workload and/or other duties and responsibilities only
- 4. defined by rank/title/faculty status/voting privileges or senate membership (and workload)
- 5. IPEDS/matching IPEDS definition
- 6. defined by funding source or type of funding/legislative body/other governing body (private or public) (and workload)
- 7. defined by tenure status (and workload)
- 8. other governmental or organizational definition used
- 9. other
- 10. not applicable/no faculty in this category

Part-time instructional faculty and staff:

- 1. defined by compensation or benefits (and teaching load)
- 2. defined by length or terms of contract (and teaching load)
- 3. defined by teaching load and/or other duties and responsibilities only (number of courses per term or year/number of hours or week/student contact hours/days worked per term or year)
- 4. defined by faculty status(including adjunct)/rank/title/level of privileges (and teaching load)
- 5. IPEDS/matching IPEDS
- 6. defined by funding source or type of funding/legislative body/other governing body (private or public) (and teaching load)
- 7. defined by tenure status (tenured/tenure track)
- 8. defined by lack of tenure status or ineligibility for tenure (and teaching load) (i.e., not tenured or tenure track)



- 9. other governmental or organizational definition used
- 10. defined by lack of faculty status or privileges
- 11. other
- 12. not applicable/no faculty in this category

Part-time non-instructional faculty:

- 1. defined by compensation or benefits (and workload)
- 2. defined by length or terms of contract (and workload)
- 3. defined by workload and/or types of duties and responsibilities only
- 4. defined by faculty status (incl. adjunct faculty)/rank/title/level of privileges (and workload)
- 5. defined by lack of faculty status (and workload)
- 6. IPEDS/matching IPEDS definition
- 7. defined by funding source or type of funding/legislative body/other governing body (private or public) (and workload)
- 8. defined by tenure status (and work load)
- 9. defined by lack of tenure status /ineligibility for tenure (and work load)
- 10. other governmental or organizational definition used
- 11. other
- 12. not applicable/no faculty in this category

Permanent faculty/instructional staff:

- 1. defined by compensation or benefits (and workload)
- 2. defined by length or terms of contract (and workload)
- 3. defined by teaching load and/or other duties and responsibilities only (number of courses per term or year/number of hours or week/student contact hours/days worked per term or year)
- 4. defined by rank/title/faculty status/voting privileges or senate membership (and workload)
- 5. IPEDS/matching IPEDS definition
- 6. defined by funding source or type of funding/legislative body/other governing body (private or public) (and workload)
- 7. defined by tenure status—tenured /tenure track (and workload)
- 8. defined by tenure status—tenured only
- 9. other governmental or organizational definition used
- 10. other
- 11. not applicable/no faculty in this category

Temporary faculty/instructional staff:

- 1. defined by compensation or benefits (and workload)
- 2. defined by length or terms of contract (and workload)
- 3. defined by work load and/or other duties and responsibilities only (number of courses per term or year/number of hours or week/student contact hours/days worked per term or year)
- 4. defined by faculty status (incl. visiting faculty)/rank/title /level of privileges
- 5. defined by lack of faculty status
- 6. IPEDS/matching IPEDS
- 7. defined by funding source or type of funding/legislative body/other governing body (private or public) (and workload)
- 8. defined as tenure track faculty only/faculty not yet tenured (but not ineligible for tenure)
- 9. defined as non-tenure track faculty only/not eligible for tenure
- 10. other governmental or organizational definition used
- 11. other
- 12. not applicable no faculty in this category



"Other specify" and verbatim text. In addition to the six questions from which the faculty codeframe was developed, six other institution questionnaire items were eligible for verbatim or "other specify" responses. Of these, only the answers to Questions B10C1 and C26C1, which asked for a description of "any other actions" taken to lower the percent of tenured faculty (for full-time instructional faculty and for full-time non-instructional faculty, respectively) provided consistent verbatim responses. For both Questions B10C1 and C26C1, the most frequently cited actions taken to reduce the percent of tenured faculty involved downsizing, redefining positions as non-tenured, and offering early retirement incentives. The complete listing of all "other specify" and verbatim responses is stored in electronic text form at NCES.

6.5 Scan Editing, Machine Editing, and Imputation

6.5.1 Faculty Questionnaire Editing and Imputation

Prior to data entry, editors scanned faculty questionnaires for readability, completeness, and overall adequacy. Problems (e.g., eligibility questions, incomplete questionnaires, etc.) were identified and forwarded to an edit/coding supervisor for resolution.

Range errors, logical inconsistencies, erroneous skip patterns, and any missing critical items were identified by a computer-based cleaning and editing system specifically developed for NSOPF-93. Whenever a case had one or more critical items missing, CADE operators were notified of the specific items that required retrieval and prompted to route the case to the telephone retrieval supervisor for follow-up. Moreover, the program identified out-of-range responses during data-entry and did not allow them to be keyed without confirmation that the response was accurately entered.

For erroneous skip patterns, values were logically assigned as feasible on the basis of the presence or absence of responses within the skip pattern, given the responses provided. For errors that could not be corrected in this fashion, the hardcopy questionnaire was inspected and if necessary, the respondent was called to try to resolve the problem. Questionnaires with missing critical items were forwarded to telephone interviewers for retrieval.

Range errors were examined and corrected through hardcopy examination, which involved reviewing a sample of cases with out-of-range responses in order to determine whether the responses were caused by something other than random variation or unique respondent situations. Following the examination, variables were treated in one of two ways. In some cases, the out-of-range response was topped off at the highest value encompassing 99.9 percent of the responses. There were no out-of-range values at the low end of the value range. As part of the cleaning and editing process, out-of-range values in a series or set of related items were "scaled" proportionally to an overall total.

On the fewer than 1 percent of the cases for which data on gender, race, and employment status of faculty were missing, the data were directly imputed whenever possible. This information had already been collected for most faculty on the sampling lists supplied by participating institutions. Additional editing and consistency checks were run to enforce ranges, skip pattern rules, and logical consistency among questionnaire items.

Because of the large amount of questionnaire data, a system of algorithms was developed to check and, if possible, to correct the validity of data elements. The principal rule was to preserve data collected from the questionnaires while correcting logical inconsistencies between related data elements. After cleaning, those data elements that remained missing were subsequently imputed.



Depending on the scale of the variable being imputed, one of two methods were used: 1) Regression imputation was used for continuous and dichotomous variables; and 2) Hotdeck imputation was used for unordered polytomous variables. The regression method incorporated in NCES's PROC IMPUTE was used to impute missing values for approximately 90 percent of the 395 items on the faculty questionnaire²³. Of the total of 395 items, 353 were imputed using the regression-based imputation procedures only.

After a first round of imputation using PROC IMPUTE, the distributions and values of imputed items were compared to distributions and values for recorded items (i.e. non-missing data). These comparisons helped to pinpoint variables needing special treatment in order to produce credible imputed values. Special steps were taken to address particular problems arising during imputation. These were:

"Spikes" at zero values. A number of variables showed "spikes," where the same value was imputed to a number of cases within an imputation cell. To address the problem of spikes at the zero value, these variables were reimputed in two steps. First, a dummy variable to flag cases as containing a zero value or a value greater than zero was modeled. Second, only those cases which received the imputed dummy value greater than zero were modeled using the standard regression-based imputation procedures. This two-step process "smoothed out" the distribution of imputed values, eliminating the spikes at zero.

Illogical/implausible imputed values. The first round of regression-based imputation assigned values to items B20A and B20B (faculty productivity measures, i.e. books and articles published, presentations, patents, etc.). However, this imputation produced inappropriate imputations for particular types of faculty. For example, records of faculty members whose reported teaching and research fields had nothing to do with artistic performance were imputed to have performed artistic presentations. Likewise, faculty members whose reported areas of activity included teaching, but no research, were imputed to have performed research activities. In order to address these cases, another regression model including eight more predictors—in addition to the five "core predictors"—was specified for PROC IMPUTE to impute values for questionnaire sections whose items depended on proper specifications of teaching and research activities.

Imputing DKs. Two imputations were performed for selected items in the faculty questionnaire with "don't know" responses, where this caused 30 percent or more of the responses to be eligible for imputation. In the first imputation, "don't knows" were treated as legitimate responses. For these items, in the first imputation, missing responses were imputed across all response categories, including the "don't know" category. In the second imputation, "don't knows" were set to "missing" before imputation was performed. Two imputations were done to allow researchers to choose how to treat "don't knows" in their analyses. Two variables were used to signal these different approaches to imputation. The first, the survey variable, preserved "don't know" as a legitimate response. The second, identified by the letter "Y" preceding the variable name, includes imputation for "don't know" as well as "missing." The following faculty variables had two imputations performed:

²³For a description of this technique, see American Institutes of Research, *Guidebook for Imputation of Missing Data* (August, 1980). AIR prepared this guidebook for the National Center for Education Statistics, under contract #300-78-150.



Survey variables	Imputed-DK variables	Variable description
D42	YD42	Age most likely to stop working at a postsecondary institution
D44	YD44	Draw on retirement and continue working at institution part-time
D45	YD45	Take early retirement option at institution
D46	YD46	Age most likely to retire from paid employment
F58A	YF58A	Mother's education
F58B	YF58B	Father's education
F60A-F60I	YF60A-YF60I	Opinion questions about institution, faculty and students

"Sequential nearest neighbor" hotdeck imputations were used on 42 items, the majority of them polytomous or categorical variables. Three items used both regression-based and hot deck imputations. To carry out the hotdeck imputations, the faculty file was first sorted by the following variables: ISTRATUM (institution sampling stratum), A4 (full-time/part-time stratus), OSGROUP (faculty oversampling stratum), F51 (faculty member gender), X01F52 (faculty member age) and a random number variable. Then the computer program proceeded sequentially through the sorted file, replacing each missing value by the last non-missing value.

All imputation was followed by a final series of cleaning passes that resulted in generally clean and logically consistent data. Some residual inconsistencies between different data elements remained in situations in which it was impossible to resolve the ambiguity as reported by the respondent.

6.5.2 Institution Questionnaire Editing and Imputation

Two manual edits were conducted for the institution questionnaire: the first checked for missing critical items, while the second, performed immediately prior to data entry, checked for filter questions that could be coded based on subsequent responses and responses that could be coded or corrected based on verbatims or documentation accompanying the questionnaire. Questionnaires were also reviewed for valid responses that did not fit into existing categories and for inter-item consistency.

As with the faculty questionnaire, a computer-based editing system was employed to check data for range errors, logical inconsistencies, and erroneous skip patterns. Any missing or inconsistent critical items were identified for retrieval. Hardcopy questionnaires were reviewed to resolve logical inconsistencies or skip pattern errors; out-of-range responses were reviewed to determine if they were legitimate. If necessary, the institutions were recontacted to try to resolve the problem.

After data entry was completed, institution data were run through additional consistency checks designed to flag data entry errors and inter-item inconsistencies; data entry errors were corrected based on a review of the hardcopy questionnaire; inter-item discrepancies that were clearly the result of systematic error were corrected through programmed cleaning statements.

Because the faculty counts (at Questions A1A-A1D, B2 and C20) and counts of tenure/tenure-track faculty (at Questions B6 and C22) that institutions provided were often estimated or provided by multiple offices (whose records may not match precisely), a small margin of error was allowed for inter-item discrepancies. Responses falling outside this range were individually reviewed and corrected, if possible, based on other



questionnaire data. Discrepancies outside this margin of error were reviewed again, and, as appropriate, set to missing.

On the NSOPF-93 institution file, substantive responses were imputed for missing data using the regression method. "Don't know" responses were also imputed to distribute "don't know" across all response categories. Following imputation, a number of inter-item consistency checks and post-imputation cleaning procedures were implemented to produce logically consistent and valid data.

Imputed values at A2A-2F (counts for instructional faculty) and C20A-F (counts for non-instructional faculty) were corrected whenever possible by performing the math for non-imputed values to arrive at a contextually accurate amount. When multiple items were imputed, variables were corrected by using mean values to arrive at values proportionate to faculty totals. Errors in counts of tenured/tenure track faculty were similarly cleaned by using mean values to arrive at values proportionate to the total number of permanent faculty (at Question A2A) in the questionnaire. Those values replaced imputed values that caused the total number of tenured/tenure track faculty to be larger than the total number of temporary and permanent faculty reported at Question A1A.

A small number of discrepancies at Questions A2A-F and C20-F resulting from non-imputed data were allowed to stand. In these instances, discrepancies could not be corrected by using relevant questionnaire data. Hardcopy data for each case was reviewed to check for data-entry errors, or other problems indicating whether the value should be corrected or set to missing and imputed.

Answers at Question B17 (percent of undergraduate instruction carried out by full-time faculty) were cleaned so that the total of Questions B17 and D41 (percent of undergraduate instruction carried out by part-time faculty) was not greater than 100 percent. Responses totaling less or more than 100 percent were reviewed individually and cleaned on a case-by-case basis.

6.6 Retrieval of Missing Data

Appendices I and J contain lists of the items deemed critical for both survey questionnaires. If one or more of these items were missing, calls were made to retrieve the missing information. For the faculty questionnaire, out of the 20,785 self-administered instruments, approximately 5,705 (27 percent) were identified for retrieval. Retrieval was completed for 5,483 (96 percent) of these questionnaires. Of the 5,483 cases for which retrieval was completed, respondents provided some or all of the missing data required in approximately 84 percent of the cases. The remaining 16 percent of the 5,483 cases were determined to be complete without retrieval based on policy decisions reviewed with NCES. All faculty retrieval activities were completed by January 29, 1994.

Faculty self-administered questionnaires (SAQs) identified through the edit program as having missing data on critical items were forwarded to interviewers for additional follow-up. Case records were routed to a special location within CADE. Telephone retrievers were provided with the hardcopy SAQ, accompanied by a retrieval form listing items to be retrieved. The interviewer reviewed the hardcopy before calling to confirm that the case needed retrieval. "Don't knows" and "refusals" were considered legitimate responses for retrieval purposes and not followed up. Interviewers accessed contact information and updated case dispositions through the CATI system. New data were recorded directly on the hardcopy questionnaire and entered by data preparation staff.

For the institution questionnaires, 178 (20 percent) were identified for retrieval. Retrieval was completed for 172 (97 percent) of these cases. All institution retrieval activities were completed by June 8, 1994.



Retrievals for the institution questionnaire were identified largely through the two manual edits prior to data entry; again, "don't knows" and "refusals" were considered legitimate responses and not retrieved. Information was obtained both over the telephone and by fax. Once retrieval efforts for a case had been completed, the questionnaire was sent to data entry. If a retrieval was identified during the data entry process, the operator discontinued data entry on that case and routed it to a supervisor for review; if the information could not be obtained from existing documentation, the supervisor then forwarded the case to an interviewer for telephone retrieval.

6.7 Storage and Protection of Completed Instruments

Whenever questionnaires were not being processed, they were stored in a restricted area; access was limited to authorized project staff who had signed the NCES Affidavit of Nondisclosure and had it notarized. The room was locked at night and protected by a surveillance system.

Data integrity was further ensured through a combination of electronic system access restrictions, screen update rules, and system maintenance and backup procedures that protected against unauthorized system access, mistakes in case information entry, and data loss. Every night all files used by the system were copied to tape and stored in a secure location. Information that identified individuals was maintained in physically separate files accessible only to authorized project staff.

Long-term storage of hardcopy documents is maintained in secure facilities with 24-hour surveillance, both at the contractor's Central Office and off-site, with access limited to authorized project staff who signed and had the NCES Affidavit of Nondisclosure notarized.



7. Institution and Faculty Unit Response and Nonresponse

7.1 Institution Response Rates and Participation Rates

The NSOPF-93 institution sample consisted of 962 eligible institutions, 780 from the initial sample, and 182 from the supplemental sample. Each of the eligible institutions was sent a NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire and materials requesting faculty sampling lists. A total of 872 institutions completed the institution questionnaire, 702 in the initial sample and 170 in the supplemental sample. A total of 817 institutions submitted faculty sampling lists, 663 in the initial sample and 154 in the supplemental sample. Exhibit 7-1 illustrates these data.

Exhibit 7-1 shows the institution questionnaire response rates based on the number of eligible institutions. As previously noted, 12 institutions were found to be ineligible during data collection. Therefore, the number of eligible institutions is 962, reflecting the subtraction of 12 ineligible institutions from the 974 sampled institutions. The institution questionnaire response rate is calculated as the ratio of the number of completed institution-level questionnaires to the number of institutions in the sample, minus the number of ineligible institutions, or 872/(974-12) = 90.6 percent. The institution questionnaire response rates for the separate initial and supplemental samples were 90 percent and 93.4 percent, respectively. The participation rate, defined as the percentage of eligible institutions which provide faculty sampling lists, was an overall 84.9 percent. Participation rates for initial and supplemental samples differed only slightly. The participation rate for initial sample institutions was 85 percent, and the participation rate for supplemental institutions was 84.6 percent.

Exhibit 7-1: Institution questionnaire and faculty list response rates (unweighted) by sample component

Sample component	Eligible sample (1)	Completed institution questionnaire (2)	Submitted faculty sampling list (3)	Institution questionnaire response rate (2)/(1) (unweighted percent)	Participation rate (3)/(1) (unweighted percent)
Initial	780	702	663	90.0	85.0
Supplemental	182	170	154	93.4	84.6
Initial + supplemental	962	872	817	90.6	84.9

7.2 Characteristics of Institution Questionnaire Response and Nonresponse

Exhibit 7-2 displays the weighted response rates for the institution questionnaire and weighted participation rates by key sampling characteristics. When control (public/private) and level of offering (two-year/four-year) are considered, public four-year institutions (89.2 percent) had lower institution questionnaire response rates than other types of institutions. While the 100 percent response rate for private, two-year institutions is likely an artifact of the small number of cases, the response rate for the much larger sample of public two-year institutions was 94.0 percent. Private four-year institutions responded at a rate of 94.2 percent. Exhibit 7-2 also displays participation rates—a measure of the institution cooperation with the faculty survey, measured by the percentage of eligible institutions submitting faculty sampling lists. Public four-year



institutions had the highest participation rate (88.2 percent), followed by public two-year (85.2 percent), private four-year (81.5 percent) and private two-year institutions (73.3 percent).

Exhibit 7-2: Institution questionnaire response rate and faculty list participation rate (weighted) by institution type and control

Level and control of institution	Eligible sample	Institution questionnaire response rate (weighted)		Faculty list participation rate (weighted)	
		Complete	Percent	Complete	Percent
Public four-year	331	292	89.2	295	88.2
Public two-year	333	314	94.0	273	85.2
Private four-year	284	252	94.2	238	81.5
Private two-year	14	14	100.0	11	73.3
Total	962	872	93.6	817	83.4

Exhibit 7-3 reports weighted institution questionnaire response rates and weighted faculty list participation rates for institutions grouped according to institution sampling strata. Institution questionnaire response rates ranged from a low of 80 percent, for public medical schools, to a high of 100 percent in four strata with comparatively small samples: private religious, private two-year, public other and private unknown institutions. For the three largest strata, response rates were 85.7 percent for the research/public other Ph.D. strata (where all institutions were selected with certainty), 89.9 percent for public comprehensive institutions, and 94 percent for public two-year institutions, respectively. Overall, the institution questionnaire response rate was 93.6 percent (weighted).

Institution participation rates generally fell short of institution questionnaire response rates. However, in the research/public other Ph.D. strata, the faculty list participation rate (90.5 percent) exceeded the response rate to the institution questionnaire (85.7 percent). In other words, the NSOPF-93 faculty sample was drawn from a higher proportion of eligible research/public other Ph.D. institutions than the proportion of research/public other Ph.D. institutions whose institution representatives responded to the institution survey. The lowest participation rates, ranging from 62.5 percent to 71.1 percent, occurred among institutions classified in the private two-year, the "other" (both public and private) and private "unknown" strata. The highest participation rates occurred among strata with small samples. Participation rates for the three largest strata, the research/public other Ph.D., public comprehensive, and public two-year strata were 90.5 percent, 88.5 percent and 84.8 percent, respectively.



Exhibit 7-3: Institution questionnaire response rate and faculty list participation rate (weighted) by institution sampling stratum

Institution stratum	Eligible sample	Institution questionnaire response rate (weighted)		Faculty list participation rate (weighted)	
		Complete	Percent	Complete	Percent
Private other Ph.D.	46	39	84.8	40	87.0
Public comprehensive	159	144	89.9	141	88.5
Private comprehensive	82	<u>7</u> 1	88.8	67	78.3
Public liberal arts	3	2	84.7	3	100.0
Private liberal arts	68	_66	. 98.7	60	89.4
Public medical	25	20	80.0	21	84.1
Private medical	10	9	92.2	10	100.0
Private religious	18	18	100.0	14	77.1
Public two-year	316	298	94.0	258	84.8
Private two-year	10	10	100.0	8	71.1
Public other	7	. 7	100.0	6	62.5
Private other	24	19	83.2	15	68.3
Public unknown	19	18	94.5	17	92.8
Private unknown	7	7	100.0	5	67.4
Research/public other Ph.D.	168	144	· 85.7	152	90.5
Total	962	872	93.6	817	83.4

^{*}Sampling stratum classification does not match the "level and control" classification (Exhibit 7-2) because institutions sampled in the "unknown" categories in NSOPF-93 were reclassified after data collection was complete.

7.3 Faculty Questionnaire Response Rates

Exhibit 7-4 compares the response rates for all NSOPF faculty surveys to date. Several points should be underscored in providing an appropriate context for comparing these results. First, the mode of data collection differed between the 1987-88 and 1992-93 cycles of NSOPF. The 1987 field test and 1988 full-scale study used a mail survey and relied on follow-up by mail and telephone. Institution Coordinators were responsible for distributing faculty questionnaires to their campus addresses. The 1992 field test and 1993 full-scale study used mail and interviewer-initiated telephone follow-up, and relied on Institution Coordinators only in instances when home addresses and telephone numbers for faculty were not provided on the faculty list and/or when the faculty response rate at an institution was low. Second, CATI (computer-assisted telephone interviewing) was used in the 1988 study at the end of the survey, and then only to complete 179 interviews, or 2.1 percent of the completed cases. In the 1993 full-scale study, CATI accounted for 19 percent of the completed cases. Third, the 1988 effort required more than six months to complete. The 1992 field test was completed in about four months. For the 1993 full-scale study, the first of six waves



of questionnaire mailings occurred at the end of January, 1993; the last telephone interview was completed almost one year later.

Exhibit 7-4: Faculty response rates (unweighted) by NSOPF cycles
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NSOPF cycle	Eligible sample	Number with completed questionnaires	Response rate (unweighted percent)
1987 Field test	235	160	68.1
1988 Main study	11,013	8,382	76.1
1992 Field test	605	495	81.8
1993 Main study	29,764	25,780	86.6

7.4 Faculty Eligibility

For NSOPF-93, faculty were considered eligible if they were: 1) a member of the part-time or full-time instructional staff, 2) designated as having faculty status even if they were involved in other full-time activities such as administration or research, or 3) had any instructional duties whether part-time or full-time, temporary or permanent. The individual's instructional and/or faculty status had to be effective as of October 15, 1992. Eligibility was determined based on information provided by the institution or by information provided in the faculty questionnaire. (See Chapter 3 for a detailed review of sampling eligibility criteria.)

After adjusting for 2,000 faculty subsampled out, 31,354 faculty remained in the sample. Of these, 1,590, or 5.1 percent, were declared ineligible. Of the ineligible faculty, 69 were deceased and 1,521 were otherwise ineligible. Sampled faculty were ruled ineligible if they fit any of the following descriptions: honorary faculty, military personnel who teach only ROTC courses; personnel who are supplied by an independent contractor; graduate assistants; faculty on unpaid leave, or who were not employed as teaching personnel or as faculty in the fall term that included October 15, 1992.

Exhibit 7-5 shows that self-administered questionnaires were completed for 20,785 of 25,780 respondents, or for 69.8 percent of the eligible sample. Computer-assisted telephone interviews (CATI) were completed with 16.8 percent of the eligible sample. Among the specific reasons for faculty nonresponse, refusals (5.3 percent) accounted for the largest proportion, followed by locating problems (3.1 percent), and unavailable/not-at-home (1.1 percent). Two broad categories of nonrespondents are suggested by these results: refusals (5.3 percent), and other nonrespondents (8.1 percent). This suggests that the biggest nonresponse problem is the inability to contact the respondent.

Exhibit 7-5:	Faculty res	nonse and	nonresi	nonse status
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Final status	Total	Perc	Percent		
		Unweighted	Weighted		
Sample (after subsampling)	31,354				
Ineligible (out-of-scope) (Deceased)	1,590 (69)				
Net sample (sample - ineligible)	29,764	100.0	100.0		
Responding	25,780	86.6	84.4		
Completed interviews —Self-administered questionnaires —CATI interviews	25,780 20,785 4,995	86.6 69.8 16.8	84.4 66.5 17.9		
Non-responding —Refused —Unlocatable —Unavailable/not at home —Other	3,984 1,574 921 316 1,173	13.4 5.3 3.1 1.1 3.9	15.6 6.3 3.6 1.2 4.5		

7.5 Summary: An Assessment of NSOPF-93 Faculty Response Rates

This section disaggregates faculty response rates in two ways: first, it explores if characteristics of faculty respondents' institutions affected response rates, and second, it explores whether individual/demographic characteristics of the faculty respondents affected response rates. Exhibits 7-6 to 7-7 also show the "overall response rates." For NSOPF-93 faculty members, the "overall response rate" is computed by multiplying the institution list participation rates by faculty level response rates. The weighted overall response rate for the faculty survey is 70.4, or the product of the survey's weighted list participation rate and the weighted overall faculty response rate (83.4 percent × 84.4 percent = 70.4 percent). In other words, NSOPF-93 achieved a response rate of 70.4 percent for the estimated universe of all eligible faculty and instructional staff in U.S. higher education institutions.

Exhibit 7-6 presents weighted response rates disaggregated by two institutional characteristics: by level/control, a category that combines both level of offering and control, and by institution sampling strata. As the exhibit shows, weighted faculty questionnaire response rates were nearly identical for public institutions. However, there was wide variation for private institutions. Private two-year institution faculty responded at a rate of 91.8 percent (with a 67.3 percent overall response rate), compared with 81.2 percent (66.2 percent overall response rate) for private four-year institution faculty. Faculty at private medical and private "other" institutions (including a wide array of professional and specialized degree-granting institutions) responded to the faculty questionnaire at the lowest rates (67.9 percent and 64.3 percent, respectively) of all faculty.

Exhibit 7-6 indicates that NSOPF-93 achieved above average overall response rates among institutions in the largest strata (research/other Ph_iD ., public comprehensive, and public two-year strata), where the majority of postsecondary faculty are found. The lowest overall response rates were among institutions which account for small numbers of postsecondary faculty (public and private "other" institutions and private "unknown" institutions). Yet, with the exception of faculty in the private "other" stratum, which showed the lowest overall response rate (43.8 percent), faculty questionnaire response rates exceeded 85 percent in these strata.



Therefore, the low institution faculty list participation rates explained the low overall response rates in the public "other" and private "unknown" strata.

Exhibit 7-7 indicates how specific individual-level characteristics (gender, race/ethnicity, academic discipline, and employment status) affected weighted response rates. In interpreting these data, two points should be kept in mind. First, categorization of individual faculty members depended on information each participating institution provided on the faculty sampling lists. These lists' validity is discussed in Chapter 9. Second, overall faculty response rates are calculated by multiplying the overall weighted institution faculty list participation rate (83.4 percent) by weighted response rates for each faculty-level category. Therefore, no adjustment to overall faculty response rates is made for institution-level variables such as institutional level and control or institutional sampling strata.

Sampled female faculty were slightly more likely to respond to the questionnaire than sampled male faculty. White, non-Hispanics showed the highest response rates among the racial and ethnic groups: 86.7 percent of white, non-Hispanic faculty members surveyed responded to the questionnaire, followed by Asian/Pacific Islanders (85.5 percent), Hispanics (84.5 percent), black, non-Hispanics (83.9 percent) and American Indian/Alaskan Natives (70.2 percent).

Academic disciplines were divided between non-National Endowment for the Humanities (NEH) disciplines and four NEH disciplines: philosophy/religion, foreign languages, English language and literature, and history. Sampled faculty in the NEH disciplines responded to the survey at a slightly higher rate than faculty in the non-NEH disciplines (85.1 percent, compared to 84.7 percent, weighted data). Therefore, the response rate for faculty in the four NEH disciplines slightly exceeded the response rate for all faculty in the sample. Faculty in the history discipline responded at 88.2 percent, nearly four percentage points higher than the average response rate for all faculty. Foreign language faculty responded at a lower-than average rate of 81.8 percent, 2.6 percentage points less than the average response rate for all faculty. Finally, sampled full-time faculty were more likely to respond to the questionnaire than part-time faculty.

As the exhibit also points out, respondents whose gender, race/ethnicity, and discipline were unknown showed the lowest response rates among each of those subgroups. Respondents whose employment status was unknown responded at about the same rate as part-time faculty. Overall response rates followed the patterns set in faculty questionnaire response rates. All categories of faculty attained a 70 percent or higher overall response rate except faculty members whose individual characteristics were unknown, American Indian/Alaskan Natives, foreign language faculty, and part-time faculty.



Exhibit 7-6: Faculty questionnaire and overall response rates by institutional characteristics

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Institutional characteristic	Faculty list participation rate (weighted percent) (1)	Faculty Eligible	Faculty Complete	Faculty questionnaire response rate (weighted percent) (2)	Overall response rate (weighted percent) (1) × (2)
Institutional level/control	I				•
Public four-year	88.2	11,029	9,682	85.7	75.6
Public two-year	85.2	9,913	8,646	85.6	72.9
Private four-year	81.5	8,483	7,146	81.2	66.2
Private two-year	73.3	339	306	91.8	67.3
Institutional sampling str	ratum				
Private other Ph.D.	87.0	1,422	1,141	79.6	69.2
Public comprehensive	88.5	5,308	4,718	87.2	77.2
Private comprehensive	78.3	2,510	2,191	85.6	67.0
Public liberal arts	100.0	90	87	96.0	96.0
Private liberal arts	89.4	2,281	2,067	89.5	80.0
Public medical	84.1	764	633	78.0	65.7
Private medical	100.0	321	236	67.9	67. 9
Private religious	77.1	291	244	83.0	63.9
Public two-year	84.8	9,382	8,187	85.6	72.6
Private two-year	71.1	268	248	92.6	65.8
Public other	62.5	219	188	87.0	54.4
Private other	68,3	509	367	64.3	43.8
Public unknown	92.8	597	509	85.0	78.9
Private unknown	67.4	136	114	85.1	57.3
Research/public other Ph.D.	90.5	5,666	4,850	83.1	75.2
Total respondents	83.4	29,764	25,780	84.4	70.4

^{*}Sampling stratum classification does not match the "level and control" classification because institutions sampled in the "unknown" categories in NSOPF-93 were reclassified after data collection was complete.



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Exhibit 7-7: Faculty response rates by individual characteristics

Individual characteristic, identified on faculty list	Subgroup	Eligible	Completed	Faculty questionnaire response rate (weighted percent)	Overall faculty response rate (weighted percent)
Gender	Unknown	1,857	1,416	76.0	63.4
	Male	15,879	13,720	84.0	70.1
•	Female	12,028	10,644	87.0	72.6
Race/ethnicity	Unknown	7,967	6,507	79.1	66.0
	American Indian/Alaskan Native	96	78	70.2	58.6
	Asian/Pacific Islander	1,132	993	85.5	71.4
	Hispanic .	1,199	1,033	84,5	70.5
	Black, non-Hispanic	2,458	2,097	83.9	70.0
	White, non-Hispanic	16,912	15,072	86.7	72.4
Discipline	Unknown .	1,647	1,316	79.9	66.6
	Non-NEH	23,256	20,248	84.7	70.7
	History	904	804	88.2	73.6
	Foreign language	995	. 829	81.8	68.2
	English	2,379	2,069	85.1	71.0
	Philosophy/religion	583	514	85.7	71.6
Employment	Unknown	3,380	2,824	82.6	68.9
	Full-time	17,596	15,618	86.6	72.2
	Part-time	8,788	7,338	81.6	68.1
Total respondents		29,764	25,780	84.4	70.4



8. Questionnaire Item Nonresponse

Item nonresponse may create two impediments to the successful analysis of survey data. Item nonresponse may bias survey data if the values of the missing data differ from those of the known data. Item nonresponse can also diminish the number of observations that can be used in calculating statistics from affected data elements and can thus increase sampling variances. Since item nonresponse is an important source of potential bias, it is necessary to measure its extent so that analysts can properly take potential response biases into account when developing their analysis plans. This chapter reviews the item nonresponse rates for NSOPF-93 for both the faculty and institution questionnaires.

8.1 Item Nonresponse: Definition and Considerations

Item nonresponse occurs when a respondent fails to complete certain items on a survey instrument. While bias associated with unit nonresponse has been controlled by adjusting case weights, item nonresponse has generally been addressed with imputation in the NSOPF-93 faculty and institution datasets. Machine editing rectified nonresponse problems for some items by imposing inter-item consistency, particularly by forcing logical agreement between filter and dependent questions. For example, the missing response to a filter question can often be inferred if dependent questions have been answered. Because the edited files were used in the nonresponse analysis reported below, this adjustment to item nonresponse is reflected in the results of the analysis.

Note that unit nonresponse is a further source of missing item data—nonparticipating sample members complete no questionnaire items. Weights adjust for nonresponse by projecting questionnaire data to the full population, with appropriate adjustments for defined subgroups. However, nonresponse-adjusted weights cannot compensate for the bias that arises if nonrespondents and respondents would have answered the questionnaire differently. Hence "total response" to a specific item could actually be thought of as the overall survey (unit) response rate multiplied by the item response rate.

Two main objectives guide the following item nonresponse analysis. One objective is to quantify mean questionnaire nonresponse overall as well as nonresponse for the faculty and institution samples on key variables. A second objective is to describe nonresponse patterns in terms of item characteristics. In order to realize the first objective, nonresponse rates were calculated for each survey item, and average rates of nonresponse were calculated for each instrument. To fulfill the second objective, nonresponse was measured as a function of two item characteristics: position in the questionnaire and topic. The characteristics of questions with item nonresponse rates greater than or equal to 10 percent were further examined. For the faculty questionnaire, the effect of questionnaire administration mode—self-administered versus interviewer-administered (telephone and in-person)—on item nonresponse was also analyzed.

The item nonresponse rate is defined as the ratio of the total number of nonresponses among eligible respondents to the number of respondents eligible to respond to a questionnaire item. In the notation of the exhibits listing nonresponse rates, the item nonresponse rate, RATE, equals the number of item nonresponses divided by the number of eligible unit respondents ("n"). The standard error of the item nonresponse rate, STDERR, equals the square root of RATE \times (1 - RATE)/n. In general, the larger the n, (i.e., the greater the number of eligible unit respondents for a particular item), and the further the RATE is from .5, the lower the STDERR. The standard errors assume simple random sampling. For a question composed of multiple subparts, each subpart eliciting a distinct response is counted as an item for item nonresponse purposes.

For the NSOPF-93 questionnaires, several reserve codes were used to categorize nonresponse on preliminary data files prior to imputation. The reserve code definitions were as follows:

Refused. Respondent was unwilling to answer the question at the time of the questionnaire administration and upon nonresponse follow-up by survey administrators.

Don't know. In the NSOPF-93 datasets, "don't know" is embedded as a legitimate response category in some questionnaire items. For purposes of this analysis, "don't know" was categorized as "missing."

Missing. The response is illegitimately missing. That is, a response that should be present for this respondent is missing.

Multiple answers. Respondent illegitimately chose more than one response.

Legitimate skip. The response is legitimately missing. That is, owing either to responses to preceding filter questions or to other respondent characteristics, data for this item should not be present for this respondent. Such responses have been excluded from this nonresponse analysis, they were excluded from both numerator and denominator. [However, when "not applicable" (NA) is provided as a legitimate response category of an item, it is treated as an item response. When the "not applicable" response is circled, it is included in the denominator, but not the numerator, of the item nonresponse rate formula.]

All means reported in the following analysis are unweighted. The unweighted means ignore variability among items in the number of eligible unit respondents.

8.2 Faculty Questionnaire Item Nonresponse

Faculty questionnaires were administered to 25,780 respondents. The faculty questionnaire consisted of six sections and 395 items, which required approximately 45 minutes to complete. Exhibits 8-1 through 8-3, show descriptive statistics for item nonresponse for the faculty questionnaires overall and for items grouped into categories depending upon position in the questionnaire and topic addressed. The mean item nonresponse rate was .103 for the faculty questionnaires.

8.2.1 Nonresponse by Item Placement, Item Topic, and Administration Mode

Nonresponse by questionnaire position. Exhibit 8-1 indicates that nonresponse in the middle third of the questionnaire contributed the greatest portion to the overall nonresponse rate. The first third of the questionnaire had a mean item nonresponse rate of .029, the middle third showed a mean item nonresponse rate of .155, and the last third of the questionnaire produced a mean item nonresponse rate of .066. This nonresponse pattern differs from the pattern that would be expected if respondent fatigue accounted for the bulk of questionnaire item nonresponse. Typically, item nonresponse due to respondent fatigue increases monotonically from the beginning to the end of the questionnaire.



Exhibit 8-1: Mean item nonresponse rates for faculty questionnaire by thirds (unweighted data)

Questionnaire by thirds	Mean	STDERR
First third: Questions 1-20	0.029	0.002
Middle third: Questions 21-40	0.155	0.013
Last third: Questions 41-60	0.066	0.004
Entire questionnaire	0.103	0.007

A closer look at the questionnaire items reveals that Questions C32 and C33, asking respondents to detail the grants and contracts they administered or received in the 1992 fall term, account for the bulk of the nonresponse. More than three-quarters of respondents did not answer Question C32, which asked them to provide the number of individuals other than the respondent supported by grants and contracts for which the respondent was principal or co-principal investigator. Nonresponse on Question C33, which included 54 subparts, ranged from 12.4 percent to 74 percent.

These high rates of nonresponse appear to stem from two factors. First, the number of eligible respondents to these questions ranged from 1,176 to 13,935. Second, the questions asked respondents to list the precise number and dollar amounts of grants and contracts they administered. Because of the detail involved in answering these questions accurately, most respondents would presumably have had to consult their records. Presented with this time-consuming research task, many respondents eligible to answer the questions may have skipped them instead. The combination of these factors greatly increased nonresponse rates on these specific items. For example, the number of eligible faculty who administered state or local government grants or contracts (Questions C33B4 to C33E4_3) was 1,176. Faculty classified as nonrespondents to these questions ranged from 534 to 547, for a nonresponse rate that varied between .457 and .465.

Questions C35A1-C35A6 also contributed to the higher item nonresponse in the middle third of the questionnaire. "Don't know" was provided in the questionnaire as a response choice for these items, treated as missing for this analysis. The imputation flags in Appendix P show the range of "don't knows" for these items.

The .066 mean item nonresponse rate for the last third of the questionnaire is affected by "don't know" responses to items D42, D44, D45, D46, F58, and F60, which ranged from 25 to over 30 percent. Imputation treated these items in two ways discussed in Chapter 6. One imputation treatment preserved "don't know" as a valid response, since "don't know" was a response category for each of these items, though treated as missing in this item nonresponse analysis.

Item nonresponse by topic. The NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaires are organized topically. Each section represents a different theme, as Exhibit 8-2 shows. Average item nonresponse rates and standard errors for each instrument and section are presented in the exhibit as well.

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Exhibit 8-2: Mean item nonresponse rates for faculty questionnaire by topic (unweighted data)

Questionnaire content	aire content Section and questions		STDERR
Employment	Section A: Questions 1-13	.046	.005
Professional background	Section B: Questions 14-20	.025	.001
Institutional responsibilities and workload	Section C: Questions 21-37	.160	.014
Job satisfaction	Section D: Questions 38-46	.072	.008
Compensation	Section E: Questions 47-50	.091	.004
Sociodemographic characteristics	Section F: Questions 51-60	.051	.006

Section C, "Institutional Responsibilities and Workload," returned the highest mean item nonresponse rate (.16). Section C's high rate appears to stem from the impact of Questions C32 and C33, discussed above. This figure is 1.76 times greater than for section E, "Compensation," which shows the next largest mean item nonresponse rate at .091. The lowest rate (.025), appeared in section B, "Professional Background." The mean rate was .046 for section A, "Employment," followed by .051 for section F, "Sociodemographic Conditions," and by .072 for section D on "Job Satisfaction."

Nonresponse by critical items. Since a complete edit with data retrieval for *all* missing items would be prohibitively expensive for most surveys, the conventional strategy is to identify a subset of "key" or "critical" items for each survey instrument, which, if not answered, triggers an attempt to recontact the respondents to obtain the missing data. See Appendix I for a list of all critical items on the faculty questionnaire.

Exhibit 8-3 displays the mean critical and noncritical item nonresponse rates for the faculty questionnaires. Nonresponse on critical items ranged from almost none (.0003 percent on Question_1, the screener determining if the respondent performed instructional duties) to 8.5 percent (on Question F57C, listing the country of citizenship for non-U.S. citizens). In contrast, the mean item nonresponse rate for noncritical items amounted to .112, about six times the critical item nonresponse rate.

Exhibit 8-3: Mean item nonresponse rates for critical items on the faculty questionnaire (unweighted data)

Item type	Mean	STDERR
Critical	0.019	0.003
Noncritical	0.112	0.008

The item nonresponse rate for each of the critical items in the faculty questionnaires is shown in Appendix I.

Nonresponse by questionnaire administration mode. The faculty questionnaire was administered in two ways: self-administered questionnaire and telephone interview. In total, 20,785 respondents completed self-administered questionnaires. Another 4,995 respondents completed the questionnaire by telephone interview.



More than 600 of the telephone interviews were completed on the abbreviated questionnaire exhibited in Appendix H. Since the majority of questions were not asked in the abbreviated questionnaire, many items on these questionnaires contributed to item nonresponse.

The mean item nonresponse rate on self-administered surveys differed little from the mean rate item on interviewer-administered surveys, as is illustrated in Exhibit 8-4. In fact, the mean rate of nonresponse showed remarkable consistency across survey modes. The mean nonresponse rate for self-administered surveys (.102) closely matched the mean rate for interviewer assisted surveys (.100).

Exhibit 8-4: Mean item nonresponse rates for faculty questionnaire, by questionnaire third and mode (unweighted data)

Questionnaire section by thirds	Self-administered		Self-administered Interviewer- administered		All	l modes
	Mean	STDERR	Mean STDERR		Mean	STDERR
First third: Questions 1-20	.028	.001	.035	.004	.029	.002
Middle third: Questions 21-40	.158	.014	.14	.011	.155	.013
Last third: Questions 41-60	.061	.004	.086	.007	.066	.004
Entire questionnaire	.102	.008	.100	.006	.103	.007

There is no clear association of mean nonresponse with the method of survey administration. Interviewer-administered surveys produced a lower mean nonresponse than self-administered questionnaires in the questionnaire's middle third, but self-administered surveys produced lower mean nonresponse in the first and final thirds. Nevertheless, as Exhibit 8-4 shows, the differences in mean nonresponse between survey modes are slight.

When viewed by questionnaire section, however, self-administered surveys produce a lower mean nonresponse rate on four of six sections. Particularly noticeable is the difference on the demographic characteristics section of the questionnaire, shown in Exhibit 8-5. The mean item nonresponse rate for interviewer-administered surveys is almost three times the rate for self-administered questionnaires. For the job satisfaction questions, the mean item nonresponse rate for interviewer-administered surveys is almost twice the rate for self-administered questionnaires. These differences may reflect respondent reluctance to disclose demographic details and/or specific attitudes and opinions in an interview setting.

Because four-fifths of the respondents used self-administered questionnaires, the level of nonresponse for the entire survey more closely mirrored the rates of nonresponse obtained on self-administered questionnaires. Patterns of item nonresponse in both completion modes are similar. On both self-administered and interviewer-administered questionnaires, levels of nonresponse were lowest in the first two sections and last sections of the questionnaire. This pattern suggests that fatigue was not as significant a factor in determining nonresponse as were the requirements necessary to answer the questions authoritatively. Again, section C on "Institutional Responsibilities and Workload," which involved answering many detailed questions, produced the highest level of nonresponse in both survey modes.

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Exhibit 8-5: Mean item nonresponse rates for faculty questionnaire by section and mode (unweighted data)

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Section	Section content	Questions	Self-adm	Self-administered		Interviewer- administered		nodes
			Mean	SE	Mean	SE	Mean	SE
A	Employment	Questions 1-13	.040	.004	.067	.013	.046	.005
В	Professional background	Questions 14-20	.024	.001	.026	.003	.025	.001
С	Institutional responsibilities and workload	Questions 21-37	.163	.014	.138	.012	.160	.014
D	Job satisfaction	Questions 38-46	.064	.008	.105	.014	.072	.008
Е	Compensation	Questions 47-50	.094	.005	.077	.005	.091	.005
F	Demographic characteristics	Questions 51-58	.038	.005	.105	.015	.051	.006

8.2.2 Items with High Item Nonresponse

For purposes of this analysis, high item nonresponse was deemed to be nonresponse greater than or equal to 10 percent; given the high rate of unit response in the study, this 10 percent threshold for identifying items displaying high nonresponse is relatively conservative. Appendix I displays questions, number of eligible respondents, nonresponse rates, and standard errors for faculty questionnaire items with nonresponse greater than or equal to 10 percent.

As discussed earlier, the question whose subparts showed the highest level of nonresponse was Question C33, with most of its subparts displaying item nonresponse levels of more than 20 percent. Question C25, requesting numbers of students receiving individual instruction from the respondent and an estimate of time per week spent with them, shows a consistent pattern of nonresponse of around 20 to 22 percent for each of the question's two parts. This suggests that nonresponse may be interpreted largely as an indication that these respondents did not engage in individualized instruction with students.

8.3 Institution Questionnaire Item Nonresponse

Institution respondents completed 872 institution-level questionnaires. Each questionnaire included 283 items. Anecdotal evidence suggests that completion of the institution questionnaire required several hours of university staff time, sometimes spread over several weeks, and at times, spread over several months. On average, completion of the questionnaire involved input from more than one institution respondent. Exhibit 8-6 displays questionnaire sections and descriptive statistics for item nonresponse for the institution-level questionnaires. Since 89 percent of the institution questionnaires were self-administered, no breakdown of nonresponse by mode of questionnaire administration is presented. The NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire, like the faculty questionnaire, is organized topically; each section of the questionnaire represents a different



theme. Exhibit 8-7 lists the instrument's sections by thirds of the questionnaire, and provides question number ranges for each section.

Exhibit 8-6: Mean item nonresponse rates for institution questionnaire by content area (unweighted data)

Questionnaire content area	Section and questions	Mean	STDERR
Preface	Section A: Questions AC1-A1C	.074	.023
Full-time instructional	Section B: Questions 2-19	.053	.004
Full-time non-instructional	Section C: Questions 20-33	.127	.011
Part-time instructional	Section D: Questions 34-43	.147	.015
Total		.101	.006

8.3.1 Item Nonresponse by Questionnaire Position and Topic

The mean item nonresponse rate for the institution questionnaire was 101, with item nonresponse levels increasing in the latter stages of the questionnaire. Analysis showed the questionnaire's first third produced the lowest mean item nonresponse rate (.051), as shown in Exhibit 8-7, with the mean item nonresponse rate increasing to .081 in the questionnaire's middle third, and to .161 in the questionnaire's last third. The mean item nonresponse rate also increased as the subject matter moved from questions pertaining to full-time instructional staff (.053) in section B to questions pertaining to part-time instructional staff (.147) in section D as shown in Exhibit 8-6. This pattern suggests two possible explanations: first, institutions may have had a more difficult time supplying information on part-time staff, or second, respondent fatigue.

Exhibit 8-7: Mean item nonresponse rates for institution questionnaire by questionnaire third (unweighted data)

Questionnaire section by thirds	Mean	STDERR		
First third: Preface-Question 14	.051	.006		
Middle third: Questions 15-29	.081	.006		
Last third: Questions 30-43	.161	.013		
Entire questionnaire	.101	.006		

Institution survey item nonresponse by critical items. Exhibit 8-8 displays mean critical and noncritical item nonresponse rates for the institution questionnaires. The mean item nonresponse rate for the 15 critical items is .036, compared to a rate of .104 for noncritical items. Critical items are listed in Appendix J.



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Exhibit 8-8: Mean item nonresponse rates for critical items on the institution questionnaire (unweighted data)

Item type	Mean	STDERR
Critical	.036	0.01
Noncritical	.104	0.01

Nonresponse on individual critical items ranges from none to 7.3 percent across the institution questionnaires. As in critical items on the faculty questionnaire, "don't know" was not offered as a legitimate response category in the critical item questions. Moreover, because of their access to institutional information, most respondents (college or university administrators) possessed greater ability to provide the information the critical items solicited. The item nonresponse rate for each of the critical items in the institution questionnaires is shown in Appendix J.

8.3.2 Items with High Item Nonresponse

For purposes of this analysis, high item nonresponse was deemed to be nonresponse equal to or greater than 10 percent; given the high rate of unit response in the study, this 10 percent threshold for identifying items displaying high nonresponse is relatively conservative. Use of a more liberal threshold, such as 20 percent, yields a considerably smaller number of problematic questionnaire items.

Appendix J displays the number of eligible respondents, nonresponse rates, and standard errors for institution questionnaire items with nonresponse greater than or equal to 10 percent.

Questions C27, C32, C33, D35, D37 and D40—all of them soliciting information on the range of benefits for part-time, non-instructional, and temporary employees—showed rates of item nonresponse greater than 20 percent. Low eligible sample sizes (in some cases, with n < 100) characterized these items, suggesting that only a small number of institutions offered the full range of benefits for either type of faculty. To take an example, item D40C2 reports an item nonresponse rate of 53 percent. However, this rate is based on a ratio of 93 nonrespondents to only 174 eligible respondents. This low n of eligible respondents stems from, first, the fact that only 493 of the 872 responding institutions offer benefits to part-time faculty; and second, that only 375 institutions have specific requirements for part-time instructional faculty to receive benefits. Other filters in the questionnaire lowered the number of eligible respondents to 174.

Item nonresponse appears to be high for this set of questions for two reasons: first, the questions dealt with subsets of faculty (i.e. full-time non-instructional, part-time and temporary employees) about whom it may have been difficult to provide information; second, these questions were positioned later in the questionnaire; and third, the questionnaire consisted of almost 300 questions and subquestions. These explanations for high item nonresponse could have reinforced each other.

Perhaps the most extreme illustration of the first explanation can be observed at Question C32, where respondents were asked to provide information about "temporary, full-time, non-instructional faculty." The difficulty of specifying answers for this group (as opposed to, say, full-time non-instructional faculty or full-time faculty) may have contributed to high item nonresponse.

The institution questionnaire had the potential of requiring more than 120 individual entries by the end of Section B; an additional 100 entries by the end of Section C; and yet another 67 entries by the end of Section D. For the benefits questions (B15, B16, C31, C32, D35, D37, D40) and the assessment of teaching performance questions (B18 and D42), "don't know" was pre-printed as a response for many of the sub-



items. In 1988, benefits questions were asked only about full-time instructional faculty in the institution questionnaire, and the assessment questions were asked only in the department questionnaire. In the 1992 field test, no questions were asked about temporary faculty. As a result, "don't know" was provided as a response category for benefits questions for temporary full-time faculty and instructional staff, and for part-time instructional faculty/staff, and for the performance assessment questions.

Appendix P contains the imputation flags for all missing items, with separate flags for "don't know" responses that were set to missing before imputation. For B15 and B16 (benefits for temporary full-time instructional faculty/staff) six respondents did not answer either B15 or any sub-items at B16A-O; the "don't know" responses ranged from 20 to 30 for B15, and for the 15 sub-items of B16. Out of 872 respondents to the questionnaire, 584 were eligible to answer B16.

For C31 and C32 (benefits for temporary full-time non-instructional faculty), and at C35-C37 (benefits for part-time instructional faculty and staff) more respondents did not answer at all, rather than select a "don't know" response. At this point, respondents may have found it burdensome to select a response for each sub-item.

In the benefits questions, sub-items that asked whether a particular benefit was fully subsidized, partially subsidized or not subsidized at all, appeared to be difficult to answer as well. These sub-items were added after the field test for the majority of the benefits questions. "Don't know was not provided as a response choice, and several sub-items had nonresponse rates greater than 10 percent, with sub-items such as subsidization of housing, and cafeteria-style benefits plans having higher nonresponse rates even for full-time permanent instructional faculty/staff. For other faculty groups, the nonresponse rates were higher for more of these sub-items. This again is likely to indicate respondents did not know the answers.

"Don't know" responses were offered as a response choice at the sub-items of Questions B18 and B22 (methods used to assess teaching performance). There were fewer "don't knows" than unanswered for these sub-items, but the total number of missings suggests that these questions may not be easily answered at the institution level.



9. Faculty Questionnaire Data Quality

This chapter reviews the results of a validity and reliability evaluation of faculty questionnaire items. For purposes of NSOPF-93, "validity" is defined as the correlation or association between the measured and true values of a characteristic or attribute. "Reliability" expresses the correlation or association between repeated measurements of the same item.²⁴ The goals of the validity and reliability evaluations are to identify faculty questionnaire items that yield data of low quality and to identify characteristics of items (question wording, context, and unclear or ambiguous response categories) that cause response problems. The NSOPF-93 field test used different research designs to evaluate the validity and reliability of faculty questionnaire items. Validity was also evaluated for the full-scale study.

9.1 Validity and Reliability in the NSOPF-93 Field Test

To evaluate validity in the NSOPF-93 field test, faculty responses to selected items of the faculty questionnaire were compared with data obtained from the postsecondary institution in which the faculty member was employed during the fall of 1991 for the field test. Each sampled institution was requested to provide data on the gender, race/ethnicity, employment status (full-time versus part-time), principal field or teaching discipline, and tenure status (tenured versus not tenured) of sample faculty at their institution (Tenure status was used only in the field test). These institutional data were used to evaluate faculty members' self-reports of the same characteristics.

To evaluate reliability for the field test, a subsample of faculty who responded to the original interview were reinterviewed. The reinterview was conducted via telephone, while all field test faculty were asked, initially, to complete a self-administered questionnaire. A small number of respondents who failed to complete a self-administered interview completed a computer-assisted telephone interview (CATI). The reinterview questionnaire (see Appendix D) included a subset of the same items that were administered in the original interview, including items on instructional duties, principal activities, field or discipline, degrees and honors, previous jobs, publications and presentations, funded research, allocation of time, and salary. These items were selected in part because they were identified to be potentially problematic for respondents. The reliability of each reinterview item was evaluated by comparing faculty members' responses to the reinterview with their responses to the original interview. The sample size for the reliability evaluation was 117 cases.

The conclusions of the field test validity evaluation were as follows:

- For gender, race/ethnicity, and employment status, the faculty questionnaire and institutional data were consistent in more than 90 percent of the sample cases.
- For principal discipline or field, the percentage of consistent cases for the field test was slightly below 70 percent.



²⁴See Robert M. Groves, *Survey Errors and Survey Costs* (New York: John Wiley, 1989), pp. 19, 22. The terms validity and reliability are variously defined in the scientific literature. For other definitions, see Edward G. Carmines and Richard A. Zeller, *Reliability and Validity Assessment* (Beverly Hills: Sage Publications, 1979); and Judith T. Lessler and William D. Kalsbeek, *Nonsampling Error in Surveys* (New York: John Wiley, 1992), pp. 238-239.

Inconsistencies between the institutional and questionnaire data do not necessarily point to low validity of the questionnaire data. This is true for several reasons: errors are possible in both data sources; the questions that were posed to faculty and to institutions were not exactly identical; and high rates of missing data, especially missing institutional data, vitiate several of the comparisons. In particular, and as might be expected, institutions reported principal discipline as "unknown" much more frequently than do faculty.

The conclusions of the field test reliability evaluation are as follows:

- For each of eight categorical variables that were evaluated, that is, instructional duties (Question 1), credit or noncredit courses (Question 1[A]), principal activity (Question 2), principal field (Question 14), last degree (Question 18), level of students in classes (Question 23), and funded research (Question 29), the interview and reinterview responses are consistent in more than 70 percent of the cases. Given the high standard errors associated with a sample of 117 cases, we do not have evidence of poor reliability.
- Most of 19 continuous variables that were evaluated have correlations greater than .70 between the original and reinterview responses. The interview-reinterview correlations are low for the following variables:

Hours per week—unpaid activities (Question 37[C]):	r = .31.
Percentage of hours—professional growth (Question 38[E-F]):	r = .13.
Percentage of hours—research (Question 38[G-J]):	r = .29.
Percentage of hours—other activities (Question 38[K-P]):	r = .47.
Income from outside consulting (Question 51[H]):	r = .40.

Low associations or correlations between interview and reinterview responses do not necessarily indicate poor reliability of the self-administered questionnaire (SAQ), because the reinterview was conducted by telephone rather than by SAQ. It is plausible that some of the characteristics were measured more reliably by SAQ than by telephone. The different questionnaire contexts of the items in the interview and reinterview may be an additional cause of discrepancies, since the reinterview asked only a subset of the original items. Finally, the small sample size and high rates of missing data also attenuate some of the conclusions based on the reliability evaluation.

A more detailed description of validity and reliability tests performed during the field test is available in the 1992-92 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty Field Test Report [NCES 93-390].

9.2 Changes to the 1993 Full Scale Study

The low reliability noted on a number of items in Question 38 on the field test faculty questionnaire resulted in a decision to revise this question for the full-scale study. This question, asking respondents to document the percentage of their time they spent performing 16 different job-related and non-teaching activities, was revised to reduce to six the number of job-related and non-teaching activities.

For purposes of cost-saving and efficiency, only five faculty discipline codes were recorded on the electronic faculty list. These were the National Endowment for the Humanities-designated disciplines (philosophy/ religion, foreign languages, English language and literature, and history) and one "non-NEH" category. Data were coded in this form because the NSOPF-93 oversampled four specific humanities departments. The validity tests discussed in the following section take this change in the faculty list into account.



9.3 Validity in the 1993 Full Scale Study

The sample size for the field test validity study was 495 cases. The full-scale study validity sample sizes varied from 19,273 pairs of cases (on the comparison of racial/ethnic data) to 24,362 pairs of cases (for the comparison of faculty gender). Data obtained from the NSOPF-93 instrument and data supplied by institutions were compared on four respondent characteristics: gender, race/ethnicity, employment status (full-time or part-time) and academic discipline. Exhibits 9-1 to 9-4 summarize the direct comparisons of faculty list data with faculty questionnaire data. Exhibit 9-5 compares these data and assesses the consistency in responses between faculty list and questionnaire data. Measures of association (chi square, Cramer's V) and measures of inconsistency (percent inconsistent and the index of inconsistency) were used. All statistical tests of validity indicated that the data obtained from the NSOPF-93 instrument provided valid measures of respondent gender, race/ethnicity, employment status and academic discipline.

The inconsistency index is defined as "the ratio of [simple response variance] to the total variance of the [characteristic being measured], where 'total variance' includes the variability in the population of the characteristic being measured."²⁵ The index of inconsistency gives a more accurate reading of data quality than the percent inconsistent, because it adjusts for the prevalence of an attribute in the population. The index is standardized by adjusting for marginal distributions of responses in the two datasets (institution-provided and NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire data). It is more accurately comparable across different items allowing generalizations about levels of inconsistency observed. Index values of .20 or lower are considered to represent low inconsistency, values between .20 and .50 are considered moderate, and values of .50 and higher are considered to represent high levels of inconsistency.

Exhibits 9-1 to 9-4 report comparisons on four faculty characteristics: gender, full-time/part-time status, discipline and race/ethnicity. In each table, the row variable is the faculty list variable and the column variable is the faculty questionnaire variable. In general, each exhibit shows a high degree of correspondence between faculty list and faculty questionnaire data. The measures of association reported in the tables are generally high (greater than .70)—even for multiple-cell comparisons (e.g., race/ethnicity).

The consistency noted between the faculty list data and faculty questionnaire data equal or exceed the consistency of faculty list and faculty questionnaire data noted in the 1992-93 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty Field Test Report [NCES 93-390]. For example, faculty list data and faculty questionnaire data for employment status (full-time/ part-time) diverged only in 5.7 percent of the cases in the NSOPF-93 full-scale study, compared to a 8.2 percent of the cases that were inconsistent in the field test data. On the race/ethnicity comparison, faculty list data and faculty questionnaire data results were almost identical, showing agreement between the faculty list and the faculty questionnaire 96.1 percent of the time in the full-scale study compared to 96.6 percent in the field test.

The faculty sampling list showed great accuracy in accounting for the employment status of sampled faculty, with 94.3 percent of faculty self-reports of status matching their institutions' reports. Of the 5.7 percent of cases that did not match, 870 faculty whose institutions identified them as part-timers classified themselves as full-timers. In contrast, 437 faculty whose institutions identified them as full-timers classified themselves as part-timers.

Nevertheless, Exhibit 9-2 illustrates higher reporting variability with regard to part-time faculty. Institutions and full-time faculty agreed on their classification of employment status 97.2 percent of the time. In

²⁵U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Evaluating Censuses of Population and Housing* (Washington, D.C., 1985), p. 70.



comparison, institutions and part-time faculty agreed on their classification of employment status 88.1 percent of the time.

Although the consistency between faculty list data and faculty questionnaire data is generally high for other variables, a few anomalies can be noted in other tables. For example, 32.4 percent of faculty whose institutions classified them in the "philosophy/religion" disciplines placed themselves in the "non-NEH" fields (Exhibit 9-3). It is possible that faculty members whom institutions identify as teaching in religion departments do not hold religion degrees (e.g. sociologists teaching "Sociology of Religion" courses). These faculty members may have listed their teaching discipline as something other than "religion/religious studies."

Exhibit 9-1: Comparison of faculty list data and faculty questionnaire data, by gender

Gender (NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire) (percent of cases)			
Gender (faculty list)	Male	Female	Total
Male	13,475 (98.2)	244 (1.8)	13,719 (56.3)
Female	200 (1.9)	10,443 (98.1)	10,643 (43.7)
Total	13,675 (56.1)	10,687 (43.9)	24,362 (100.0)

Effective Sample Size: 24,362 Frequency Missing: 1,418

Statistic	DF	Value	Prob.
Chi-Square	1	22591.762	.001
Likelihood Ratio Chi-Square	1	28969.580	.001

Phi Coefficient .963 Contingency Coefficient .694 Cramers' V .963



Exhibit 9-2: Comparison of faculty list data and faculty questionnaire data, by full-time/part-time status (percent of cases)

Status (NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire)				
Status (faculty list)	Full-time Part-time		Total	
Full-time	15,181	437	15,618	
	(97.2)	(2.8)	(68.0)	
Part-time	870	6,468	7,338	
	(11.9)	(88.1)	(32.0)	
Total	16,051	6,905	22,956	
	(69.9)	(30.1)	(100.0)	

Effective Sample Size: 22,956 Frequency Missing: 2,824

Statistic	DF	Value	Prob.
Chi-Square	1 .	17290.137	.001
Likelihood Ratio Chi-Square	1	18746.712	.001

Phi Coefficient	.868
Contingency Coefficient	.655
Cramers' V	.868



Exhibit 9-3: Comparison of faculty list data and faculty questionnaire data, by faculty discipline

Discipline (NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire) (percent of cases)						
Discipline (faculty list)	Non-NEH	History	Foreign language	English	Philosophy/ religion	Total
Non-NEH	18,581 . (95.1)	122 (0.6)	128 (0.7)	631 (3.2)	78 (0.4)	19,540 (82.4)
History	136 (17.2)	638 (80.5)	2 (0.3)	11 (1.4)	6 (0.8)	793 (3.3)
Foreign languages	57 (7.0)	6 (0.7)	684 (83.7)	65 (8.0)	5 (0.6)	817 (3.4)
English	167 (8.1)	7 (0.3)	40 (1.9)	1,839 (89.4)	4 (0.2)	2,057 (8.7)
Philosophy/ Religion	166 (32 4)	13 (2.5)	1 (0.2)	5 (1.0)	327 (63.9)	512 (2.2)
Total	19,107 • (80.6)	786 (3.3)	855 (3.6)	2,551 (10.8)	420 (1.8)	23,719 (100.0)

Effective Sample Size: 23,719 Frequency Missing: 2,061

Statistic	DF	Value	Prob.
Chi-Square	16	57131.212	.001
Likelihood Ratio Chi-Square	16	20039.422	.001

Phi Coefficient	1.552
Contingency Coefficient	.841
Cramers' V	.776



Exhibit 9-4: Comparison of faculty list data and faculty questionnaire data, by race/ethnicity

Race/Ethnicity (NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire) (percent of cases)						
Race/ethnicity (faculty list)	White, non- Hispanic	Black, non- Hispanic	Hispanic	Asian/ Pacific Islander	American Indian/ Alaskan Native	Total
White, non- Hispanic	14,769 (98.0)	63 (0.4)	110 (0.7)	73 (0.5)	57 (0.4)	15,072 (78.2)
Black, non- Hispanic	102 (4.9)	1,947 (92.9)	23 (1.1)	19 (0.9)	6 (0.3)	2,097 (10.9)
Hispanic .	85 (8.2)	3 (0.3)	892 (86.4)	36 (3.5)	17 (1.7)	1,033 (5.4)
Asian/Pacific Islander	79 (8.0)	8 (0.8)	10 (1.0)	890 (89.6)	6 (0.6)	993 (5.2)
American Indian/ Alaskan Native	38 (48.7)	0 (0.0)	1 (1.3)	9 (11.5)	30 (38.5)	78 (0.4)
Total	15,073 (78.2)	2,021 (10.5)	1,036 (5.4)	1,027 (5.3)	116 (0.6)	19,273 (100.0)

Effective Sample Size: 19,273 Frequency Missing: 6,507

Statistic	DF	Value	Prob.
Chi-Square	16	47902.600	:001
Likelihood Ratio Chi-Square	16	22554.377	.001

Phi Coefficient 1.577 Contingency Coefficient .844 Cramers' V .788

The comparison between institution-supplied data and respondent answers on the instrument showed a very high level of consistency. The question ascertaining faculty academic discipline (Question A12) produced the highest level of inconsistency, with about 7 percent of answers failing to match information on institutional records. However, this represented a nearly five-fold improvement in consistency noted on a similar question in the 1992-93 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty Field Test Report [NCES 93-390]. The lowest level of inconsistency was observed on questions regarding race/ethnicity and gender.

As noted in Exhibit 9-5, the inconsistency index roughly paralleled the patterns observed in the percent inconsistent measure. Inconsistency was lowest on sociodemographic questions (race/ethnicity and gender) and highest on employment-related questions (employment status and discipline). The discipline question showed the highest level of inconsistency (21.4 percent), when measured on this index. This compared to the 6.96 percent figure obtained in the raw percent inconsistent measure, in which faculty discipline also exhibited the highest level of inconsistency. The percentage of consistent cases for principal discipline or field increased from 69.5 percent on the field test to 93 percent on the full-scale study.



Exhibit 9-5: Comparison of faculty and institution data, NSOPF-93: various measures

Item	Base n	Cramer's V	Percent inconsistent	Inconsistency index (standard error)**
Gender	24,362	.963*	1.82	3.70 (.176)
Race/ethnicity	19,273	.788*	3.39	10.41 (.374)
Employment	22,956	.868*	5.69	13.31 (.368)
Discipline	23,719	.776*	6.96	21.4 (.510)

^{*}Significant at .001.

9.4 An Assessment of Validity for the 1993 Full Scale Study

A look at the cross-tabular distributions of the institution-provided and respondent-provided data suggest the sources of inconsistency (Exhibits 9-1 to 9-4).

Gender. Only a small number of cases, 1.8 percent of the total, showed inconsistency between institution and respondent. This level of inconsistency is probably to be expected from such factors as clerical error or chance.

Race/ethnicity. The greatest source of inconsistency resulted from respondents, identified by their institutions as white, non-Hispanic, identifying themselves as Hispanic, Asian/Pacific Islander, or American Indian/Alaskan Native. Fully 49 percent of self-identified American Indian/Alaskan Natives were classified by their institutions as white, non-Hispanic. However, since these cases of inconsistency total only 1.2 percent of cases in the sample, they have little impact on the overall levels of inconsistency noted in Exhibit 9-5.

Employment Status. Slightly more than 6 percent (6.3 percent) of faculty members who identified themselves as part-time on the survey instruments were classified as full-time faculty by their institution. Likewise, 5.4 percent of institution-classified part-time staff gave their employment status as "full time."

Discipline. The majority of inconsistencies arose when respondents listed their disciplines as one of the four National Endowment for the Humanities-designated disciplines (philosophy/religion, foreign languages, English language and literature, and history) while their institutions listed their disciplines as "non-NEH." Almost one-quarter (24.7 percent) of self-identified English faculty were classified by their institutions as "non-NEH." The comparable figures for other disciplines were as follows: philosophy/religion (18.6 percent), history (15.5 percent), foreign languages (15.0 percent).

All indices reviewed here exhibit much lower levels of inconsistency in the institution-respondent comparison than were observed in the field test report. The much larger sample size for the full-scale study decreased the impact of the small number of inconsistent responses. Moreover, on one comparison (faculty discipline), available data allowed for a comparison on five, rather than 14, discipline choices. Therefore, the decreased inconsistency in the discipline comparison may simply reflect decreased variability in responses due to the decision to restrict the number of disciplines recorded.



^{**}Standard errors assume simple random sampling.

9.5 Data Quality and Faculty Population Estimates

Preliminary investigations using the original NSOPF-93 faculty data file produced national faculty population estimates that did not match expectations. As Chapter 10 and Appendix R explain in detail, a recontacting and reconciliation effort was performed to check the accuracy of estimates of the national population of faculty derived from original faculty lists. This reconciliation procedure helped to create "best estimates" of faculty counts at participating NSOPF-93 institutions. The best estimates were then used to establish national population estimates of full-time and part-time faculty.

The two-step process of compiling the original faculty list and confirming "best estimates" in the recontact and reconciliation effort can be likened to a test-retest exercise used in standard reliability studies. Moreover, the establishment through the recontacting effort of the "true value" for the count of faculty at each institution aided in judging the validity of the original faculty list. Exhibit 9-6 presents four statistics for establishing the validity and reliability of the original list. Statistics are presented for all participating institutions in the NSOPF-93 sample and for the subset of reconciled institutions.

To calculate the inconsistency measures (percent inconsistent and aggregate index of inconsistency), which usually apply to categorical data, a four-level scale for the best estimates dataset was created by partitioning the unweighted best estimates for total faculty (a continuous variable) into quartiles. The original list data was then recoded into a similar four-level scale, using the same cutpoints used to partition the best estimates data. This procedure allowed the use of inconsistency measures to validate the original faculty list against the "true values" the best estimates represent. As Exhibit 9-6 illustrates, the original faculty list showed a moderate level of inconsistency compared to the "true" values. However, even this moderate level introduced a divergence from true values and, thus, inaccuracy into estimates of faculty population. Data gathered during the reconciliation effort were used to poststratify national population estimates to the "true" values. Chapter 10 explains reconciliation procedures and post-stratification.

Exhibit 9-6: Measures of reliability and validity (unweighted data)

	Reconciled institutions (n=492)	Total institutions (n=817)
Mean original LIST (standard error)	771.1 (44.1)	659.1(28.9)
Mean BEST estimate (standard error)	802.7 (42.0)	678.3 (27.8)
Percent inconsistent* (standard error)	26.4 (2.0)	18.4 (1.4)
Index of inconsistency* (standard error)	35.2 (2.7)	24.5 (1.8)

^{*}Based on comparison of institutions assigned to quartiles.

10. Institution Recontact, Best Estimates, and Post-Stratification

10.1 Accuracy of National Population Estimates

In the spring and summer of 1995, exploratory analysis using the NSOPF-93 faculty dataset produced faculty estimates that diverged, in some cases significantly, from expectations. Gaps appeared between faculty counts reported on the faculty list (or sampling frame) and faculty counts that institution administrators reported in the institution questionnaire. Discrepancies were also apparent in the estimates of faculty in the health sciences—though they appeared across other faculty disciplines as well—and in estimates of part-time faculty. Statistical and anecdotal evidence on higher education for the period in question (1987 to 1992) predicted an increase, rather than a decrease, in part-time faculty. Results from the NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire supported this expectation, as Exhibit 10-1 shows. But, as Exhibit 10-1 also demonstrates, weighted national estimates of faculty teaching for-credit courses derived from the original NSOPF-93 faculty dataset showed no change in the distribution of full-time and part-time faculty from the NSOPF-88 faculty dataset. The NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire estimated that part-time instructional faculty and staff accounted for 9 percent more of the total number of instructional faculty in the U.S. than did estimates derived from the original NSOPF-93 faculty dataset. The NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire also estimated that part-time instructional faculty accounted for nearly 5 percent more of the total number of instructional faculty in the U.S. in the fall of 1992 than the NSOPF-88 institution questionnaire reported for the fall of 1987.

Exhibit 10-1: Estimates of total, full-time and part-time faculty teaching for-credit courses from four NSOPF sources (weighted)

	1	NSOPF-88				NSOPF-93			
	Institution questionnaire		Faculty questionnaire		Institution questionnaire		Original faculty questionnaire		
	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.	
Total faculty	824,685	100	769,825	100	940,192	100	712,858	100	
Full-time faculty	513,663	62.3	515,138	66.9	539,210	57.6	474,788	66.6	
Part-time faculty	311,022	37.7	254,687	33.1	400,981	42.4	238,070	33.4	

Sources: NSOPF-93 Restricted-use Faculty Data, 1988 and 1993 (1995); Preliminary Delivery of Restricted-use NSOPF-93 Faculty Data File (October 14, 1996); NSOPF-88 Institution Dataset

In the health sciences, estimates of the total number of faculty showed a decline of approximately 48,000 from estimates produced for NSOPF-88, as presented in Exhibit 10-2. A check with the Association of American Medical Colleges (AAMC) and other health sciences professional organizations cast doubt on the accuracy of the NSOPF-93 data. Their data suggested that health sciences faculties had not declined sharply. While the AAMC definitions of faculty do not match NSOPF definitions exactly, the 1994 AAMC Data Book



reported that paid faculty (both full-time and part-time) in pre-clinical and clinical sciences in U.S. medical schools increased from 75,156 in 1987-88 to 94,641 in 1992-93.

NSOPF-88 estimated a population of health sciences faculty nearly 54,000 greater than the 1987-88 AAMC estimate. But NSOPF-93 estimated a population of health sciences faculty nearly 14,000 less than the 1992-93 AAMC estimate. In the 1987-88 to 1992-93 period, the NSOPF estimate of the health sciences faculty population declined, while the AAMC estimate of faculty in pre-clinical and clinical sciences increased.

These observations may have indicated a problem in the NSOPF-88 dataset. The difficulty of obtaining and rechecking sampling and weighting datafiles prepared for the 1987 survey forestalled further exploration of that dataset. While the possibility of a problem in NSOPF-88 cannot be ruled out, the fact that the estimates showed a substantial *decline* in 1992-93 health sciences faculty that was unsupported by external sources suggested it was more prudent to begin the investigation with the later cycle of NSOPF.

This chapter discusses the extent of discrepancies in faculty counts in NSOPF-93 and summarizes the procedures used to reconcile discrepancies to calculate "best estimates" of full-time, part-time, and total faculty in the NSOPF-93 faculty dataset.

Exhibit 10-2: Changes in health sciences faculty between NSOPF-88 and NSOPF-93 (weighted)

Principal Fields	NSOPE	NSOPF-88 faculty dataset			NSOPF-93 original faculty dataset		
	Total #	Pct. full- time	Pct. part- time	Total #	Pct. full- time	Pct. part-time	
Health technology	8,904	56.6	43.4	10,101	64.2	35.8	
Dentistry	9,403	46.0	54.0	5,684	57.9	42.1	
Health svc. admin.	1,295	61.8	38.2	1,137	49.9	50.1	
Medicine/psychiatry	52,865	83.4	16.6	19,136	80.3	19.7	
Nursing	25,902	74.7	26.3	25,573	77.0	23.0	
Pharmacy	3,958	72.4	27.6	2,215	78.3	21.7	
Public health	7,301	63.7	36.3	2,554	77.3	22.7	
Veterinary medicine	2,816	97.9	2.1	1,994	85.2	14.8	
Other health sciences	16,567	61.1	38.9	12,522	68.9	31.1	
ALL HEALTH SCIENCES	129,011	72.7	27.3	80,916	73.5	26.5	

²⁶Table C1, "Number of Full-Time, Part-Time, and Volunteer Faculty in U.S. Medical Schools," *AAMC Data Book* (Washington, D.C.: Association of American Medical Colleges, 1994). The AAMC data report faculty in U.S. medical schools. NSOPF tracks health sciences faculty at postsecondary institutions, whether or not they work in medical schools.



10.2 Discrepancies in Faculty Counts²⁷

Estimates of the total number of faculty in the target population were based on reports from two different sources within the same sampled institutions. One of these sources was the faculty lists provided by the participating institutions for sampling purposes (hereafter, referred to as "LIST"). Another source was the institutional representatives' survey responses to the NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire (hereafter, referred to as "QUEX") regarding the number of faculty in these same institutions. A third source of validation, the National Center for Education Statistics' Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (hereafter referred to as "IPEDS"²⁸), provided a benchmark by which to check faculty estimates from the other two sources. The study intended to enumerate eligible faculty employed in the academic term including October 15, 1992.

Discrepancies in faculty estimates from the three sources (LIST, QUEX, and IPEDS) were to some extent inevitable because of variations in definitions used by IPEDS and the two NSOPF-93 sources. NSOPF-93 used a broader and more inclusive definition of postsecondary faculty than IPEDS uses. See the discussion on comparisons between NSOPF and IPEDS in section 3.10 and in Appendix R, section 1.2. Moreover, postsecondary institutions use different data systems to account for faculty. To check the quality of the faculty lists during the 1992 list collection effort, discrepancies between the numbers of total faculty enumerated among these three sources were monitored. This institution-level comparison of unweighted data found that faculty counts from the LIST and QUEX data generally exceeded those reported on IPEDS. This pattern was in the anticipated direction, indicating that the original listing operation accounted for a greater number of faculty than institutions reported in the 1991-92 IPEDS (the most current data available when the study was fielded). Exhibit 10-3 summarizes the total number of faculty enumerated on these datasets:

²⁸The National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) coordinates with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) to obtain biennial data (such as race, gender, salary levels, job classifications, etc.) from postsecondary institutions on their employees. NCES publishes these data in its Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS).



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²⁷The analysis presented here concentrates on the discrepancy in faculty counts between those reported on the faculty list provided for sampling purposes and those reported on the NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire. For a more detailed discussion of the discrepancy analysis and of the recontacting effort, see Appendix R: Technical Report: Discrepancies in Faculty Estimates in the 1992-93 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty.

Exhibit 10-3: NSOPF counts of total faculty (unweighted) by source and year

(LIST-IPEDS) Comparison		Faculty Counts (Matched Observations*)		
	NSOPF-88	NSOPF-93		
LIST	232,618 (n=410)	490,935 (<i>n</i> =718)		
IPEDS	231,376 (n=410)	419,903 (<i>n</i> =718)		
(QUEX-LIST) Comparison				
QUEX	236,121 (<i>n</i> =410)	495,235 (<i>n</i> =760)		
LIST	232,618 (<i>n</i> =410)	477,692 (n=760)		
(QUEX-IPEDS) Comparison				
QUEX	236,121 (<i>n</i> =410)	484,611 (<i>n</i> =746)		
IPEDS	231,376 (n=410)	405,636 (n=746)		

^{*} The numbers under the faculty counts represent the number of "matched" institutions, i.e. institutions which provided data from both sources. For example, in the NSOPF-93 QUEX/IPEDS comparison, 746 institutions had both QUEX and IPEDS data available for comparison.

Later comparisons²⁹ of QUEX counts with both IPEDS and LIST counts revealed that the QUEX counts consistently exceeded those reported on the other two sources. This analysis concentrates on the QUEX/LIST comparison, because the definitions of faculty used for both sources were identical. A comparison of faculty lists and institution questionnaires should indicate whether institutions accounted for the same faculty populations on their faculty lists and on their institution questionnaires.

Faculty lists furnished counts for total faculty, full-time faculty, and part-time faculty. The institution questionnaire reported separate counts of each of four types of faculty in the institution: full-time instructional faculty, full-time non-instructional faculty, part-time instructional faculty, and part-time non-instructional faculty. For the discrepancy analysis, institution questionnaire (i.e., QUEX) counts for full-time and part-time faculty were derived by adding together instructional and non-instructional faculty for each type of employment status (i.e., full-time, part-time). Then total faculty counts were derived by adding together QUEX counts for full-time and part-time faculty.

The analysis identified institutions with QUEX/LIST discrepancies of 10 percent or more in their total faculty counts by calculating the percentage discrepancy between LIST totals and QUEX totals [specifically, 100(QUEX-LIST)/LIST] for each institution. Negative discrepancies signified that LIST counts exceeded

²⁹Because data collection for the institution questionnaire began after the first faculty lists were received and concluded after the last faculty list was received, discrepancies between these two sources of faculty counts (i.e., discrepancies between QUEX and LIST) could not be assessed during the faculty list collection process. Moreover, fewer than one-half of the individuals named as respondents to the institution questionnaire were the same individuals who oversaw preparation of faculty sampling lists.



QUEX counts. Positive discrepancies signified the opposite, that is, that QUEX counts exceeded LIST counts. A total of 450 of 760 institutions (or 59 percent) for which total faculty data for *both* QUEX and LIST were available (i.e., "matched observations") had discrepancies of 10 percent or more.

To identify systematic sources of discrepancies in faculty counts between questionnaire data and faculty lists, a number of institutional characteristics were considered. These were: size (smaller or larger number of faculty members than the median), control (public or private), type (two-year versus four-year), and stratum. Exhibit 10-4 presents paired t-tests in faculty estimates for small and large institutions, for public and private institutions and for two-year and four-year institutions. Exhibit 10-5 presents the results of paired t-tests for institutions in different sampling strata. If there is no difference between QUEX and LIST (i.e., the null hypothesis), the institution's discrepancy is equal to zero. These t-tests indicate whether the mean difference between faculty counts provided on the institution questionnaire and the number of faculty enumerated on the faculty list are significantly different from zero.

Institution size. Institutions were divided into "small" and "large" at the median LIST count of 363 faculty members. The analysis found significant differences between small and large institutions in the QUEX/LIST comparison. Smaller institutions tended to provide higher faculty counts on the NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire than they did on the faculty list. Conversely, larger institutions tended to provide lower faculty estimates on the institution questionnaire than they did on the faculty list. On average, smaller institutions reported 68 more faculty members on their institution questionnaires than on their sampling lists. This difference was the only one which met a significance level of p=.05. The observation that larger institutions tended to report 23 fewer faculty members on their institution questionnaires than on their lists, was not statistically significant.

Control. The direction of the sign for the mean difference suggests that private institutions tended to account for larger numbers of faculty members on their sampling lists than did public institutions. However, the public/private control dimension was not a statistically significant predictor of the magnitude of differences between LIST and QUEX.

Type. Discrepancies for four-year institutions were negligible, with the mean faculty counts from the institution questionnaire exceeding those on the faculty lists by only 1.8 percent (calculation of mean percent differences are not shown). For the two-year institutions in the sample, however, the mean discrepancy of 40.9 indicated that two-year institutions reported a greater number of faculty members on their questionnaires than on their lists, perhaps reflecting their greater reliance on a more transient population of temporary and part-time faculty. Still, the mean difference for two-year institutions was not significant at the .05 level.



Exhibit 10-4: Discrepancies by institution characteristics: size, type and control mean differences (matched pairs t-tests), fall 1992

Comparison	Instituti	Institution questionnaire—faculty list (QUEX - LIST)			
Institution characteristic	n	Mean difference (standard error)**	Probability		
Size					
Small	382	68.3 (12.1) ^a	.00		
Large	378	-22.6 (31.3)	.47		
Control					
Public	529	38.2 (22.4)	.08		
Private	231	-11.5 (20.7)	.58		
Туре					
Two-year	267	40.9 (23.2)	.08		
Four-year	493	13.4 (22.7)	.55		

^{&#}x27;Significant at .05.

NOTE: "Large" and "small" institutions are divided at the median faculty count of 363 faculty members in the LIST count.

Sampling Stratum. Paired t-tests were conducted on institutions classified into the 15 sampling strata described in Chapter 3. Public two-year institutions stood out. Discrepancies calculated for these institutions (a mean discrepancy of 45.7 for public two-year institutions) came closest to registering a significant difference.

^{**}Standard errors assume simple random sampling.

Exhibit 10-5: Discrepancies by sampling stratum mean differences (matched pairs t-tests), fall 1992

Sampling stratum	Institution questionnaire - faculty list (QUEX - LIST)				
	n	Mean difference (standard error)*	Probability		
Private, other Ph.D.	37	11.3 (48.4)	82		
Public comprehensive	131	17.0 (24.7)	.49		
Private comprehensive	62	35.2 (28.3)	.22		
Public liberal arts	2	968.5 (968.5)	.5		
Private liberal arts	58	-8.3 (5.4)	.13		
Public medical	18	11.5 (249.8)	.96		
Private medical	9	-454.9 (354.9)	.24		
Private religious	14	-4.5 (5.7)	.45		
Public two-year	248	45.7 (24.9)	.07		
Private two-year	8	16 (13.8)	.29		
Public other	6	85.7 (80.4)	· .34		
Private other	12	53.3 (51.3)	.32		
Public unknown	17	-16.0 (32.3)	.63		
Private unknown	5	94,6 (104.5)	.42		
Research/public, other Ph.D.	133	-17.9 (64.5)	.78		
TOTAL	760	23.1 (16.8)	.17		

^{*}Standard errors assume simple random sampling.

These observations provide some evidence for the hypothesis that some institutions' faculty lists, specifically those of smaller and two-year institutions, do not account for all the faculty members reported on the institution questionnaire. There may be several reasons for this phenomenon. Smaller institutions are more likely to rely on part-time faculty—who are less likely to be accounted for on institution records—than larger institutions. Public two-year institutions employ the highest number of part-time faculty of all types of institutions in the NSOPF-93 sample. Almost one-half (48 percent) of all part-time instructional faculty and staff work for public two-year institutions, according to the 1993 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty, Institutional Policies and Practices Regarding Faculty in Higher Education [NCES 97-080]. Smaller institutions are also less likely than large institutions to have sophisticated personnel databases or institutional research offices. These characteristics of smaller and two-year institutions could account for the fact that these institutions listed fewer faculty on their sampling lists than they reported on their institution questionnaire.

Exhibit 10-6 profiles the 760 matched institutions and the 100 institutions that possessed the largest discrepancies (expressed in percentage terms). The exhibit illustrates the significance of smaller, two-year institutions in contributing to the problem of discrepancies noted above. While public two-year institutions represent about one-third of the 760 matched institutions, they represent slightly less than one-half of the institutions (46 percent) with the largest discrepancies. Nearly nine of 10 institutions with the greatest discrepancies listed fewer faculty members on their faculty lists than on their institution questionnaires. In comparison, 55.5 percent of matched institutions showed a similar pattern.

While this analysis suggests that some institutional variables are associated with significant discrepancies (particularly size), most were found not to be significant at α =.05 level. Yet the mean differences reported in Exhibits 10-4 and 10-5 can understate the impact of discrepancies on the institution level. The large standard errors reported in the tables indicate the wide variation in discrepancies at the institution level. Institution-level discrepancies expressed in percentage terms ranged from -86.2 percent to 1,827.4 percent. Validity studies of item-level response on surveys have noted that "Because of the possibility of compensating errors in the data, an acceptable aggregate-level comparison is not necessarily associated with high individual-level accuracy." 30

Exhibit 10-6: A comparison of matched institutions and the 100 institutions with the largest discrepancies (unweighted frequencies)

Characteristic	Matched institutions (n=760) (percent)	Largest discrepancies (n=100) (percent)	
Sampling stratum			
Private, other Ph.D.	4.9	. 6.0	
Public comprehensive	17.2	9.0	
Private comprehensive	8.2	11.0	
Public liberal arts	.3	1.0	
Private liberal arts	7.6	0.0	
· Public medical	2.4	5.0	
Private medical	1.2	2.0	
Private religious	1.8	2.0	
Public two-year	32.6	46.0	
Private two-year	1.1	2.0	
Public other	.8	1.0	
Private other	1.6	3.0	
Public unknown	2.2	3.0	
Private unknown	. 7	1.0	
Research/public, other Ph.D.	17.5	8.0	
Size			
Small (Less than 363 faculty)	50.3	70.0	
Large (363 faculty or more)	49.7	30.0	
LIST/QUEX comparison			
LIST > QUEX	42.1	11.0	
QUEX = LIST	2.4	0.0	
QUEX > LIST	55.5	89.0	

³⁰E.J. Wentland and K.W. Smith, Survey Responses: An Evaluation of Their Validity (San Diego: Academic Press, Inc., 1993), pp. 124-125.



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10.3 Obtaining Verification from Institutions

To determine which faculty counts more accurately reflected institutions' "true" population estimates, a large subset of institutions were recontacted. Institutions that showed a difference of 10 percent or greater between their QUEX faculty totals and their LIST faculty totals were selected. As mentioned earlier, 450 of the 760 "matched" institutions³¹ (59 percent) showed a discrepancy of 10 percent or more between the institution questionnaire and the faculty list. Moreover, to document institutions' accounting for their health sciences faculty, all 120 institutions which NCES identified as operating medical schools or hospitals were also included in the recontacting effort. Of those 120 institutions, 61 were already included among the 450 institutions with discrepancies of 10 percent or greater.

The objective in recontact was to determine which set of faculty counts was correct (QUEX, LIST or, in some instances, a third set of counts), and to determine the reasons for the original reporting discrepancies. In telephone follow-up calls, institution administrators were presented with QUEX and LIST figures and asked to choose which of the two most accurately reflected the true population estimate of their faculty in the fall term of 1992. In most cases, administrators were able to choose either the QUEX or the LIST figure. However, in some cases, administrators supplied a different set of estimates.

Of the total of 509 institutions selected for recontact, verification was obtained for 492 (or 96.7 percent) of the institutions. A total of 402 (81.7 percent) of the institutions reported, at a minimum, which set of counts—those from the faculty sampling list or those from the institution questionnaire—provided the most accurate faculty estimates. In 280 of the 492 (56.9 percent) cases, institutions reported that the institution questionnaire data provided the most accurate faculty estimates.

One hundred twenty-two (24.8 percent) institutions reported that the faculty list they supplied for sampling purposes (i.e., LIST) provided the most accurate accounting of their faculty and instructional staff population. Only 56 of the 492 institutions (11.4 percent) provided an entirely different set of estimates that did not correspond either to the list or to the questionnaire estimates originally submitted. Five institutions (1 percent)—all institutions operating medical schools or hospitals—chose IPEDS as their best estimate. The remaining 29 institutions (5.9 percent) were unable to provide a definitive rationale for changing their original LIST estimates. For these, the original LIST estimate was used to derive best estimates. Exhibit 10-7 illustrates the results of the recontacting effort for the 492 institutions providing verified data.

³¹Although 817 institutions provided faculty enumerations in the NSOPF-93 full-scale study, only 760 (93 percent) of this total had matched data available (i.e., also completed an institution questionnaire).



Exhibit 10-7: Sources for verified estimates from reconciliation effort, fall 1992 (n=492)

Source for verified estimate	Number of institutions	Percentage of responses
QUEX correct	280	56.9
LIST correct	122	24.8
Neither LIST nor QUEX correct, new data provided	56	11.4
Institution unable to choose, LIST estimate accepted	29	5.9
Other source (i.e., IPEDS) correct	5	1.0

Institutions were allowed to offer as many as three explanations for the discrepancies between their LIST and QUEX estimates. Exhibit 10-8 reports the frequencies of the first- and second- most common explanations institutions offered for these discrepancies. Data for the third most common explanation are not reported, as they represented only 11 institutions.

The most commonly cited reason for discrepancies was the omission of some part-time or full-time faculty from the faculty list provided for sampling. Of institutions that were able to provide an explanation for the discrepancies, nearly one-fifth of them (19.3 percent) reported that some part-time or adjunct faculty were excluded from their list. For institutions that offered at least two reasons for the discrepancy, 12.2 percent of them reported that they excluded some full-time faculty from the original faculty list. The 12.2 percent figure is somewhat deceptive, however, because if institutions that either offered no reason for the discrepancy or that offered no second reason for the discrepancy are omitted, then almost half of the remaining institutions (49.7 percent) reported as their second reason the exclusion of some full-time faculty. These explanations accord with the general pattern of institution acceptance of QUEX estimates as the most reliable estimate for total faculty. Yet, it is also important to point out that 159 reconciled institutions refused or were unable to provide a specific reason for the discrepancies. However, as will be demonstrated later in this chapter, the verified data from these institutions had little impact on the calculation of best estimates.

Another factor in the discrepancies was the time interval (in some instances a year or more) between the time the faculty list was compiled and the time the questionnaire was completed. Therefore, the list did not always include new hires for the fall term. In fact, for institutions that provided an explicit explanation, 10.8 percent of them attributed their discrepancy to the fact that the faculty list they compiled and the institution questionnaire they completed were based on data collected during different academic terms. The retrieval and verification effort indicated that some institutions excluded their medical schools from their lists of faculty, preferring to consider them as separate institutions. This resulted in sizable discrepancies at two major institutions, which included medical school faculty in one set of estimates, but not in the other. Nevertheless, systematic exclusion of medical faculty did not seem to account for the 1987-1992 decline in health sciences faculty noted in the original estimates. Downsizing affected faculty counts at several institutions, although this explanation accounted for only about 2 to 3 percent of discrepancies.



Exhibit 10-8: Explanations institutions gave for discrepancies between LIST and QUEX, fall 1992 (n=492) (unweighted frequencies)

Explanation	1st reason (percent cited)	2nd reason (percent cited)
Different academic base years for LIST & QUEX	1.6	_
Different academic terms used for LIST & QUEX	10.8	_
Layoffs or downsizing	1.6	0.2
All part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from LIST	4.3	0.2
All part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from QUEX	1.6	_
Some part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from LIST	19.3	1.8
Some part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from QUEX	4.7	1.8
Some full-time faculty excluded from LIST	2.4	12.2
Some full-time faculty excluded from QUEX	0.8	2.2
Higher QUEX figure is an aggregate of all campuses	3.3	
Higher LIST figure is an aggregate of all campuses	1.2	0.2
Medical school excluded from LIST	0.4	0.2
Medical school excluded from QUEX	0.6	0.8
Unpaid/Honorary faculty excluded	1.2	
Ineligible faculty included in error	4.7	0.4
Data entry error by institution	2.0	0.4
Different definitions of full-time faculty used for LIST & QUEX	2.2	0.8
Different definitions of part-time faculty used for LIST & QUEX	1.6	1.8
FTEs used instead of headcount	0.6	_
Other	2.6	1.2
Refusal/no explanation given/no answer	32.3	75.6

The reconciliation effort uncovered an unanticipated explanation for discrepancies. Three institutions provided "full-time equivalents" (FTEs) on the institution questionnaire rather than the actual headcount of part-time faculty. Because the number of part-time instructional faculty an institution employs is a sensitive issue at some campuses, some institutions may prefer to report FTEs rather than individuals employed.

In some instances in which part-time faculty were over reported (on either the faculty sampling list or on the institution questionnaire) the reason involved confusion between the pool of part-time or temporary staff

employed by, or available to, the institution during the course of the academic year, and the number actually employed during the fall term.

10.4 Deriving Unweighted "Best Estimates" of NSOPF-93 Faculty

Using the original faculty list data and the data gathered during the reconciliation effort, a "best estimate" of the number of total, full-time and part-time faculty was created for each of the 817 institutions whose faculty members participated in the NSOPF-93 faculty survey. "Best estimates" were defined as each institution's estimate of the faculty population for the 1992 fall term defined by: 1) an estimate verified in the reconciliation and recontact process; or 2) or the original list estimate, if no other verified estimate was available. Procedures for deriving best estimates for total faculty, full-time faculty and part-time faculty are described below.

Total Faculty

The method for calculating best estimates for total faculty at each institution began with the substitution of verified data from the 492 recontacted institutions. Verified data were defined as institution confirmation that either the original list data or the institution questionnaire data were correct or that neither count was correct, and new counts were provided. If the institution verified the QUEX data as a more accurate estimate, the verified QUEX data was substituted for the original list data. If the institution provided a different set of estimates, these new estimates were treated as verified data and substituted for original list data. If an institution verified its original list data, or was unable to confirm LIST or QUEX data or provide new estimates, then the original faculty list total was considered verified data.

The reconciliation effort was able to eliminate ineligible faculty from institution-level totals. This happened when recontacted institutions reported that original faculty lists included ineligible faculty. Twenty-three institutions (4.7 percent) reported that they had included ineligible faculty on their original faculty lists. These institutions' final "best estimate" faculty count reflected the removal of ineligible faculty. In calculating best estimates, it was assumed that all verified faculty counts consisted of eligible faculty only.

Four-hundred and ninety-two institutions provided verified data. Additionally, 16 institutions that had 10 percent or greater LIST/QUEX discrepancies were nonrespondents during reconciliation. Best estimates for these 16 institutions were derived by multiplying the original faculty list data by a ratio adjuster, R_L , defined by:

$$R_L = \frac{\sum (VERIFIED\ DATA)}{\sum (ORIGINAL\ LIST\ DATA)} = \frac{394943}{379402} = 1.04096.$$

Calculation of ratio R_L used data from all 492 reconciled institutions.

Faculty lists were provided by 817 institutions. For the 308 institutions not selected for recontact, and one nonresponding institution in the recontacting effort whose QUEX/LIST discrepancy was less than 10 percent, faculty totals reported on the original faculty lists were used for the best estimate of total faculty.



Full-Time Faculty

Although data for the total number of faculty were available for all 817 institutions, some institutions did not break down their totals into full-time and part-time faculty. A series of steps taken in order, or an "imputation hierarchy," was used to impute "best estimates" of full-time faculty from external sources—data supplied during the reconciliation effort, the faculty list supplied for sampling purposes, or the NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire.

The imputation hierarchy for the 492 verified institutions was:

- 1. Use verified full-time faculty data, if available
- 2. Else, use original full-time faculty list data, if available
- 3. Else, use reported data on full-time faculty from the institution questionnaire, if available
- 4. Else, use imputed data on full-time faculty from the institution questionnaire
- 5. For all remaining institutions, multiply the best estimate of the institution's total faculty by the ratio of full-time faculty to total faculty computed over all institutions for which verified or list data are available. The result of this calculation was a ratio adjustment factor of .64202.

For the 16 ratio-adjusted institutions, the imputation hierarchy was:

- 1. Use verified full-time faculty data, if available
- 2. Else, use original full-time faculty list data, if available $\times R_{I}$
- Else, use reported data on full-time faculty from the institution questionnaire, if available $\times R_O$
- 4. Else, use imputed data on full-time faculty from the institution questionnaire, if available \times R_Q
- 5. For all remaining cases, multiply the best estimate of the institution's total faculty by the ratio of full-time faculty to total faculty.

The ratios used in these steps are R_L , the ratio described above, and R_Q , a ratio using unweighted data represented in the following equation:

$$R_Q = \frac{\sum(VERIFIED\ DATA)}{\sum(INSTITUTION\ QUEX\ DATA)} = \frac{358181}{357584} = 1.00166$$

Calculation of ratio R_Q used data from the 476 reconciled institutions with available reported institution questionnaire data. No imputed data were used to calculate this ratio.



The imputation hierarchy for the 309 remaining institutions was:

- 1. Use original full-time faculty list data, if available
- 2. Else, use reported data on full-time faculty from the institution questionnaire, if available
- 3. Else, use imputed data on full-time faculty from the institution questionnaire, if available
- 4. For all remaining institutions, multiply the best estimate of the institution's total faculty by the ratio of full-time faculty to total faculty.

In summary, four data sources were used to derive best estimates of full-time faculty. A total of 481 cases used verified data; 307 cases used original list data; 12 cases used reported institution questionnaire data. Finally, 17 cases were assigned a best estimate for full-time faculty derived by multiplying the institution's best estimate of total faculty by the ratio adjustment factor of .64202. No imputed institution questionnaire data were used to create best estimates for full-time faculty because no cases met the selection criteria for that treatment.

Part-Time Faculty

Best estimates of part-time faculty were calculated simply by subtracting the best estimate of full-time faculty from the best estimate of total faculty at each institution.

10.5 The Impact of the "Best Estimates"

The recontacting and verification effort increased the unweighted total number of faculty enumerated by 15,541. When these best estimates were weighted by the first-stage institution weight for institutions that provided faculty sampling lists, they produced an increase in the estimate of total faculty population in the 492 reconciled institutions of 54,298 faculty members nationwide. Exhibit 10-9 illustrates this increase. It shows the difference between weighted estimates of total faculty from the original faculty list and weighted estimates of total faculty calculated from the "best estimates" based on the verified data for all reconciled institutions. Moreover, differences in weighted estimates are crossed with the explanations institutions provided for their discrepancies. The figures cited in the column marked "institutions" are the weighted frequencies of figures cited under "1st reason" in Exhibit 10-8. Therefore, Exhibit 10-9 provides a graphic illustration of the relative importance of each explanation to the increase or decrease in the faculty population for the reconciled institutions.

By far, the most significant contribution to this increase in total faculty came from those institutions that reported they had failed to enumerate some part-time or adjunct faculty on their original faculty lists. As the exhibit illustrates, these institutions accounted for an increase of 37,183 faculty members in the national faculty population estimate. The institutions that reported they had excluded all part-time faculty from their original lists contributed an additional estimated 14,544 faculty members to the weighted total.

The reconciliation effort also called attention to institutions that included ineligible faculty on their original faculty lists. Almost 6 percent of institutions reported that they included ineligible faculty on either the list or the questionnaire. As a result, these institutions lowered their "best estimate" of total faculty, producing a drop in weighted population estimates for these institutions of 6,167 faculty members. Definitional problems—accounting for different populations of full-time faculty on the list and on the institution questionnaire—meant that, for 2.4 percent of the institutions, the original list included ineligible faculty. The best estimate correction lowered the national population estimate derived from these institutions by 4,475. An



almost identical number of faculty (4,514) were dropped from total population estimates due to institution downsizing.

Even more striking were the institutions that explained their discrepancy by reporting that unpaid or honorary faculty were excluded from either their institution questionnaire or their faculty list. Although these institutions accounted for fewer than 1 percent of the weighted total number of reconciled institutions, they accounted for subtraction of an estimate of 9,597 faculty members from the original faculty list. These institutions tended to depend on large numbers of faculty employed by other institutions, such as hospitals or the military. Future cycles of NSOPF-93 will need to take special cases, such as these institutions, into account when describing faculty eligibility rules for institution list preparers.

More than one in four institutions (29.7 percent, weighted) could not supply an explanation for the discrepancy. However, these institutions accounted for a weighted estimate of only 3,206 faculty members toward the net increase of 54,298 in faculty population estimated.



Exhibit 10-9: Difference between verified data and original faculty list by first reason for discrepancy, fall 1992 (weighted data)

Fralanction	Institutions	Increase or decrease i population estimate (
Explanation	Percent	Number of faculty	Percent
Different academic base years for LIST & QUEX	1.7	505	0.9
Different academic terms used for LIST & QUEX	10.9	4,637	· 8.5
Layoffs or downsizing	2.5	-4,514	-8.3
All part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from LIST	3.3	14,544	26.8
All part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from QUEX	1.3	-15	0.0
Some part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from LIST	21.7	37,183	68.5
Some part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from QUEX	5.5	-538	-1.0
Some full-time faculty excluded from LIST	2.6	3,255	6.0
Some full-time faculty excluded from QUEX	1.0	396	0.7
Higher QUEX figure is an aggregate of all campuses	3.3	9,934	18.3
Higher LIST figure is an aggregate of all campuses	0.7	494	0.9
Medical school excluded from LIST	0.1	1,742	3.2
Medical school excluded from QUEX	0.2	0	0.0
Unpaid/Honorary faculty excluded	0.5	-9,597	-17.7
Ineligible faculty included in error	5.7	-6,167	-11.4
Data entry error by institution	2.3	82	0.2
Different definitions of full-time faculty used for LIST & QUEX	2.4	-4,475	-8.2
Different definitions of part-time faculty used for LIST & QUEX	. 1.5	308	0.6
FTEs used instead of headcount	0.3	0	0.0
Other	2.5	3,319	6.1
Refusal/no explanation given	29.7	3,206	5.9
Summary	100.0	54,298	100.0

10.6 Poststratification to Best Estimates

The procedures outlined in section 10.5 allowed best estimates to be calculated for total, full-time and parttime faculty for each of the 817 institutions whose faculty members responded to the NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire. Weighting these best estimates by the first-stage institution weight produced the national population estimates reported in Exhibit 10-10.

Following the available "best" estimates, the poststratification adjustment was determined separately for full-time and part-time faculty within each of 15 institution sampling strata. A deeper poststratification defined by instructional/non-instructional status was considered, but after investigation, determined that the sample sizes



were too small to support this additional poststratification. Chapter 3 provides a technical description of the final poststratification adjustment.

Poststratification to the best estimates alleviated much of the discrepancy between the national faculty population estimates produced from the NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire and those produced from the NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire. More importantly, the best estimates increased the number of part-time faculty for whom the faculty questionnaire accounted. Exhibit 10-11 compares totals and proportions for total, full-time and part-time instructional faculty derived from the NSOPF-88 faculty questionnaire, the NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire and the revised NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire. The proportions of full-time and part-time instructional faculty derived from the best estimates nearly matched the proportions derived from the NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire and more closely matched expectations for national faculty population estimates. A comparison of totals and proportions reported in Exhibit 10-11 with those reported in Exhibit 10-1 demonstrates the impact of the post-stratification on estimates of total, full-time and part-time instructional faculty.

Exhibit 10-10: NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire best estimates*

Stratum .	Total faculty	•	
	Total	Full-time	Part-time
TOTAL '	1,033,966	598,232	435,735
Private, other Ph.D.	33,494	19,099	14,395
Public comprehensive	151,839	101,238	50,601
Private comprehensive	79,228	40,746	38,481
Public liberal arts	3,240	1,974	1,265
Private liberal arts	63,785	41,997	21,788
Public medical	25,110	17,327	7,783
Private medical	15,540	10,524	5,015
Private religious	7,129	4,398	2,731
Public two-year	303,272	112,538	190,735
Private two-year	11,646	4,667	6,979
Public other	9,196	6,855	2,341
Private other	19,814	8,992	10,821
Public unknown	17,556	6,981	10,575
Private unknown	11,015	6,748	4,267
Research /public, other Ph.D.	282,105	214,147	67,958

^{*}Because of rounding, best estimates of full-time and part-time faculty do not sum to best estimates of total faculty.

Exhibit 10-11: Estimates of total, full-time and part-time faculty teaching for-credit courses from four NSOPF sources

		NSOP	PF -88			NS	OPF-93	
	Institution questionnair	e	Faculty questionna	nire	Institution questionnai	re	Revised faculty quest	ionnaire
	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.
Total faculty	824,685	100	769,825	100	940,192	100	821,700	100
Full-time faculty	513,663	62.3	515,138	66.9	539,210	57.6	478,458	58.2
Part-time faculty	311,022	37.7	254,687	33.1	400,981	42.4	343,242	41.8

10.7 Comparability Issues Regarding NSOPF-93 Faculty Questionnaire Data

10.7.1 Definition of Instructional Faculty

As discussed in Chapter 1, NSOPF-93 and NSOPF-88 defined slightly different target populations. Unlike NSOPF-88, NSOPF-93 included noninstructional faculty. Therefore, to compare similar populations between the two NSOPF rounds requires comparing instructional faculty only.

Analysts wishing to compare NSOPF-93 questionnaire data for instructional faculty with NSOPF-88 questionnaire data for instructional faculty should consider comparing the entire sample of 1988 faculty with the subset of the 1993 faculty who responded "yes" to Question 1, and then responded in Question 1A that "all" or "some of [their] instructional duties related to credit courses or advising or supervising academic activities for credit." These questions are almost identical to the first two questions on the NSOPF-88 faculty questionnaire. This definition of instructional faculty selects approximately 90 percent of the NSOPF-93 sample for analysis. The proportion of total faculty that instructional faculty represents is consistent with that reported on the institution questionnaire (see Table 2.3 of *Institutional Policies and Practices* [NCES 97-080]). The most efficient way to select these faculty from NSOPF-93 is to use the derived variable X01_1, selecting cases where X01_1=1. X01_1 has been created to flag the faculty members meeting the two conditions discussed above: those who responded "yes" to Question 1, and responded in Question 1a that "all" or "some of [their] instructional duties were related to credit courses or advising or supervising academic activities for credit."

However, comparisons based on this variable should still be made cautiously. The respondents who received questionnaires in the two rounds were very different. For NSOPF-88, instructions to institutions that supplied faculty lists used for sampling asked that only the names of instructional faculty be supplied. For NSOPF-93, a listing of all faculty was requested. Thus, for NSOPF-88, each institution was allowed to make its own decision about which faculty members belonged in the sample, thereby creating a situation that does not allow subsequent researchers to precisely match the *de facto* sample definition used by institutions in NSOPF-88.

A look at the distribution of faculty across institution types (defined by the modified NSOPF-88 stratification variable, X02_0) indicates that the selection criteria described above yield comparable faculty population estimates. Exhibit 10-12 compares the numbers of faculty in 1988 and in 1993. Exhibit 10-13 compares the percentage distribution of faculty in each institutional stratum in 1988 and in 1993. The percentages are not very different across the two years, although a larger proportion of faculty in two-year institutions in 1993 is



observed.

Exhibit 10-12: Number of instructional faculty (X01_1=1), by modified NSOPF-88 stratum

	A	11	Full-	time	Part	-time
	NSOPF-88	NSOPF-93	NSOPF-88	NSOPF-93	NSOPF-88	NSOPF-93
Public research	119,334	132,717	102,150	107,358	17,184	25,359
Private research	53,120	49,423	41,593	32,164	11,527	17,259
Public doctoral	67,678	73,570	56,308	52,808	11,370	20,762
Private doctoral	39,793	46,699	25,070	28,684	14,723	18,015
Public comprehensive	130,341	141,533	97,104	94,477	33,237	47,056
Private comprehensive	60,457	75,085	. 36,818	38,561	23,639	36,524
Private liberal arts	55,391	58,961	38,441	38,052	16,950	20,909
Public two-year	200,663	276,292	96,118	109,957	104,545	166,335
Other	43,047	50,654	21,524	26,200	21,524	24,454
All	-769,824	904,934	515,125	528,261	254,699	376,673

Exhibit 10-13: Percent of instructional faculty by institution type (X01_1=1), by modified NSOPE-88 stratum

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· 	Al	1	Full	-time	Part	-time
	NSOPF-88	NSOPF-93	NSOPF-88	NSOPF-93	NSOPF-88	NSOPF-93
Public research	16	15	20	20	7	7
Private research	7	5	8	. 6	5	5
Public doctoral	9	8	11	10	4	6
Private doctoral	5	5	5	5	6	5
Public comprehensive	17	16	19	18	13	12
Private comprehensive	. 8	8	7	7	9	10
Private liberal arts	7	7	7	7	7	6
Public two-year	26	31	19	21	41	. 44
Other	6	6	4	5	8	6

10.7.2 Comparison of NSOPF-93 with Other Survey Data

A comparison of NSOPF-93 data with data from the American Association of University Professors and from IPEDS confirmed that the revised faculty dataset provides valid estimates. The AAUP³² methodology differs from that of NSOPF. AAUP collects aggregate information from over 2,000 colleges and universities. However, due to the large sample, its data provide a point of comparison. To enable comparison between the two datasets, faculty at medical schools and part-time faculty were excluded from the NSOPF-93 data. Also

³²For a description of the survey, see "Treading water: the annual report of the economic status of the profession, 1992-93" in *Academe*, March-April 1993, pages 8-33



the "base salary" given in NSOPF-93 was converted to a nine-month salary using the same conversion factors as used in the AAUP data.³³ Exhibit 10-14 presents average salaries by rank and type of institution.

Exhibit 10-14: Comparison of 1992-93 salaries between NSOPF and AAUP surveys

	All	<u>.</u>	Doctoral		Compreh	ensive	Liberal A	rts	Two-year	
	AAUP	NSOPF	AAUP	NSOPF	AAUP	NSOPF	AAUP	NSOPF	AAUP	NSOPF
All	\$46,270	\$44,916	\$52,450	\$52,684	\$43,950	\$41,739	\$38,430	\$36,135	\$37,800	\$37,599
Professor	59,520	57,795	66,780	66,964	54,760	51,429	48,390	44,690	47,310	45,867
Associate Professor	44,140	45,488	47,220	50,895	43,680	43,392	38,900	35,273	39,300	38,374
Assistant Professor	36,780	37,872	40,110	42,986	36,160	34,866	32,420	30,184	33,800	33,459
Instructor	27,660	32,308	28,240	31,926	27,590	26,163	26,230	34,360	28,460	33,929
Lecturer	31,010	32,211	33,200	32,485	27,790	33,649	29,250	22,613	25,280	31,582

The table of comparisons suggests that the two sources yield similar salary estimates for the primary academic ranks of assistant, associate and full professors. Likewise, the only type of institution that shows a consistent difference between the estimates from the two surveys is the "liberal arts" category, in which the NSOPF-93 numbers are lower than those reported by AAUP.

³³The full NSOPF sample includes 25,780 respondents, the subset of full-time faculty consists of 18,258. If non-instructional faculty are excluded the sample size is reduced to 16,605. By further excluding medical school faculty, a sample of 15,672 is left in the NSOPF data file. To convert to a nine-month salary, if E47B (length of contract)=8-10, the base salary (E47A) was not converted. If the length of contract was 11 or 12 months, the base salary was multiplied by 9/11 (.818) as had been done with AAUP data. For the cases where the length of contract was listed as 1-7 months, the base salary was divided by the length of contract and multiplied by 9.



Comparisons can also be made between these two surveys and IPEDS data (see Exhibit 10-15), although the published numbers from IPEDS include only faculty on nine-month contracts. For the overall mean, the NSOPF-93 estimate falls between the AAUP and IPEDS estimates. In examining the data by rank, it appears that NSOPF-93 provides lower mean salary estimates for full professors, but somewhat higher mean salary estimates for other ranks.

Exhibit 10-15: Comparison of 1992-93 salaries among AAUP, NSOPF-93 and IPEDS surveys³⁴

	AAUP	NSOPF	IPEDS
All	\$46,270	\$44,916	\$44,714
Professor	59,520	57,795	58,788
Associate Professor	44,140	45,488	43,945
Assistant Professor	36,780	37,872	36,625
Instructor	27,660	32,308	28,499
Lecturer	31,010	32,211	30,543

These comparisons indicate that NSOPF-93 data are consistent with what is known from other data sources. Most of the differences are relatively small and easily due to methodological differences between the studies. The NSOPF-93 estimates are based on self-reports of individuals. The other two studies rely on institutional reports of salary means for the entire institution.

10.7.3 A Special Note about Estimates of Health Sciences Faculty

As described in section 10.1, concern for the accuracy of estimates for health sciences faculty also motivated the reconciliation effort. The reconciliation effort helped to identify some institutions that failed to list some health sciences faculty on their original faculty lists, as Exhibit 10-9 shows. But the reconciliation effort did not fully account for the shortfall in health sciences faculty discussed in section 10.1. Using the filter to select faculty with all or some of their instructional duties related to credit courses or advising or supervising academic activities for credit, the estimates of the national population of health sciences instructional faculty increased to 124,186 on the revised NSOPF-93 faculty data file. Yet, the revised NSOPF-93 population estimate for health sciences faculty fell short of expectations. Moreover, because faculty list data recorded faculty members' disciplines only for faculty in the four NEH disciplines, it was impossible to poststratify to best estimates for health sciences faculty.

In Appendix R, Chapter 5, the problem with health sciences estimates is discussed further and recommendations are made for future rounds of NSOPF.



³⁴IPEDS data are taken from the *Digest of Education Statistics*, 1994, Table 225, page 236.

11. Recommendations

This chapter summarizes NORC's recommendations for future NSOPF studies, based on the results of the field test and full-scale study, and feedback from a variety of sources: NTRP members, institutional staff (coordinators and respondents), faculty respondents, project staff, and the sponsoring agencies (NCES, NEH, and NSF). These recommendations are designed to reduce institutional and faculty burden, to increase institutional and faculty participation, to enhance the quality of the data, and to make the study more cost-effective.

11.1 Changing Data Collection Time Frames and Commencing List Collection Later

To ensure that part-time staff are not missed in the list enumeration, one member of the NSOPF-93 National Technical Review Panel (NTRP) suggested beginning the list collection effort at the end of the fall term rather than its start as NSOPF-93 did. Sampled institutions would be asked to compile a list of faculty for their fall term (encompassing October 15 to ensure comparability between NSOPF cycles). The emphasis should be on the fall term rather than on a specific date. This recommendation should be field-tested prior to the next cycle of NSOPF. One set of sampled institutions, assigned at random, could be asked to compile a list of faculty for their fall term. Another set of randomly assigned sampled institutions could be asked to compile a list of faculty employed at their institution on October 15. Discrepancies between institution lists and institution questionnaire counts of faculty could be compared to determine whether one set of lists systematically enumerates a greater number of faculty than the other.

If a later deadline for list collection is established, the institution recruitment phase of data collection could be scheduled earlier: the spring before the fall term for which faculty will be sampled. In both the field test and the full-scale study, relatively few institutions could devote resources necessary to meet the deadline of October 15 given a late August/early September mailout date. The beginning of the academic year is a particularly inopportune time for institutions to make staff resources available to prepare lists of faculty. Given the constraints imposed on faculty data collection by the academic year, it is vital that list collection and processing be completed as early as possible. Therefore, the institutional recruitment phase of data collection could begin in April, with follow-up in May. Institutional staff, unlike faculty, are normally available for most of the summer months, and often have more time and resources to commit to requests for data during these months than during the regular academic year. Exhibit 11-1 presents a sample data collection schedule incorporating these recommendations.

A later start in the list collection effort has multiple implications. A delay of three to four months would mean delaying the faculty survey accordingly. Pushing back the date of the faculty survey, while maintaining the fall term as the time frame for the questionnaire, has the potential to create methodological problems for data quality. The NSOPF-93 faculty data collection effort spanned almost 11 calendar months (from the end of January to January, 1994 with a two-month hiatus during the summer). The data collection schedule is bound up with the list collection effort, which, in the case of NSOPF-93, spanned almost nine calendar months (October, 1992 through June, 1993). These scheduling and potential methodological problems would have to be considered in changing the start date for list collection.

³⁵There is a real possibility of reducing the amount of time needed, possibly from nine months to six, since the nine months required for the NSOPF-93 list collection to a large extent reflected the need to augment the NSOPF-93 sample on two separate occasions.



Exhibit 11-1: Sar	nple data c	ollection	schedule
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Data collection phase	Time
Institution recruitment: initial	April, 1998
Institution recruitment: follow-up	May, 1998-September, 1998
Institution questionnaire mailout	September, 1998
List collection: initial	November, 1998
List collection: follow-up	January, 1999-March, 1999
Faculty questionnaire mailout/start of interviewing	January, 1999-April, 1999

11.2 Increasing the Use of Telephone Interviews

The NSOPF-93 mixed-mode data collection design (mail with mail and telephone follow-up supplemented by telephone interviews) could be modified. NCES could consider beginning with telephone interviews for part-time faculty with mail and telephone follow-up, while retaining the NSOPF-93 design for full-time faculty. A design employing a significant telephone interview component can shorten the data collection period. However, locating part-time faculty would need to begin earlier, since in the current NSOPF, fewer home addresses were provided for part-time faculty than for full-time faculty. Nonresponding part-time faculty were often no longer employed at the institution when telephone follow-up began. This data collection design change has cost implications. More telephone interviews could also increase item nonresponse for certain items.

Ninety-nine of the institution-level questionnaires were completed with the assistance of an interviewer who collected some information by telephone (or, in four cases, in person). To shorten the data collection period, NSOPF could begin offering small- to medium-sized institutions the option of telephone data collection at the second prompt.

11.3 Providing Institutions with an Information Sheet at the Time of List Collection

The NSOPF-93 verification and retrieval effort described in Chapter 10 demonstrated that when institutions are supplied with discrepant faculty counts, most of them are capable of determining which set of estimates is most accurate and providing the reason(s) for the discrepancy. In view of this finding, NORC proposes providing institutional staff with an information sheet *at the time* of list collection. This information sheet would contain the most current IPEDS estimates, along with the "best estimates" reported for NSOPF-93. The information sheet would also include a statement alerting staff that the NSOPF-93 definition of "faculty" may not be identical to the IPEDS definition and that, in most instances, the institution's estimate of faculty should *exceed* that of IPEDS. (It may or may not exceed the NSOPF-93 totals depending on the actions [e.g., downsizing, increasing staff, etc.] the institution has taken between NSOPF cycles.)

³⁶Fifty percent or more of the NSOPF-93 institutions are expected to fall into the next NSOPF cycle. The number of institutions is likely to be higher especially if an "overlap" sample design is used in the next round cycle. Even without an overlap design, it is worth noting that 48 percent of the institutions responding to the NSOPF-88 institution questionnaire also appeared in the NSOPF-93 sample.



Institution staff should be asked to check their reported faculty list totals against the IPEDS and/or NSOPF-93 totals. Discrepancies among estimates beyond a specified threshold (say 10 percent) should be explained in a "Comments" section of the information sheet.³⁷ A sample information sheet, serving as a guide, could be provided. Once received, the institution's faculty list totals (both from the information sheet and from the list) could then be data-entered into a discrepancy module that would be preprogrammed with IPEDS and NSOPF-93 faculty counts to compare faculty counts. Unexplained discrepancies beyond a specified threshold would trigger a retrieval and reconciliation call to the Institutional Coordinator before faculty sample selection.

The information sheet will provide the Institutional Coordinator with a means of checking the work of other staff who are usually responsible for preparing the list. This new procedure will encourage the coordinator to check the list compiler's work and to produce an accurate and complete faculty list. Discrepancies can be resolved at the institution level, and this will allow the institutions, in some instances, to correct obvious errors (e.g., exclusion of non-tenure-track faculty or part-time staff) before mailing the list of faculty back to the NSOPF contractor. In other instances, where the institution is simply not equipped to provide a complete or wholly accurate list of faculty, it would alert the institution—and the NSOPF contractor—to any omissions or erroneous inclusions much earlier in the list collection process. Even under this changed procedure the NSOPF contractor would continue to recontact institutions to retrieve data and to reconcile discrepancies during the list collection operation.

Preparation for the data collection phase of NSOPF should include training of a team specializing in resolving discrepancies between faculty lists and institution questionnaires. This team would be prepared to perform necessary reconciliation between divergent faculty counts and to ascertain explanations from institution officials for discrepancies in faculty counts.

11.4 Coordinating Institution Questionnaire Mailing and List Collection

The recommendation in section 11.3 hinges on the availability of institution questionnaires at the time of list collection so that potential discrepancies can be checked and reconciled at this early stage of the operation. This recommendation offers other advantages as well. Discrepancies can be substantially reduced by mailing the institution questionnaire and the list request in the same packet, or at least timing it so that both individual requests are received at the institution at about the same time. By coordinating these requests, NCES can explicitly indicate in the instructions that the estimates requested to certain questions should be identical or very close. Whenever discrepancies are identified, the institution staff would be required to resolve or to explain them. By coupling the timing for both of these requests, the NSOPF data collection contractor will be able to enter the list and questionnaire counts (along with the IPEDS counts) into a discrepancy/verification module to immediately check for discrepancies.³⁸

Though this procedure may increase the initial appearance of respondent burden to the institution, it also

³⁸NORC's Survey Management System (SMS) was customized expressly for NSOPF-93 to permit it to check for discrepancies between list and IPEDS faculty totals and to check specific subgroup totals (i.e., part-time, full-time; racial/ethnic categories). The discrepancy module was initially created to check list, questionnaire, and IPEDS totals against each other, but because the NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire was delayed, only the LIST/IPEDS check was possible.



³⁷A form in duplicate (or triplicate) could be used so that the institution could maintain a copy for its own records and submit the completed one-page form with its list. Of course, the form and procedures recommended should be field-tested prior to their incorporation into the next cycle of NSOPF.

makes it much more likely that institution staff preparing the list and those completing the questionnaire (who are often not the same person) will consult each other and will resolve any discrepancies internally. This procedure is more likely to *reduce* respondent burden at many institutions by eliminating duplication of efforts by separate offices, and by minimizing the number of callback requests.³⁹

11.5 Routing Institutional Coordinator Packet to Institutional Research Director

NSOPF-93 experience showed that the individual most familiar with the data requested on the faculty sampling lists, and, therefore, the most appropriate Institutional Coordinator, is the director of institutional research. Moreover, directors of institutional research often have a high level of interest in the research topics covered by NSOPF. Therefore, whenever an institution employs an individual in the capacity of director of institutional research, the cover letter (currently sent to the institution's chief administrative officer) and the accompanying Confirmation Form could be sent directly to that person, with a copy sent to the institution's Chief Administrative Officer (CAO). Only in the absence of a director of institutional research would another individual (such as an academic dean) be named to serve as coordinator. This should speed routing of mail, reduce the number of remails required, and, in many cases, assure a knowledgeable and sympathetic review of the request.

Misrouting and delays in routing of the institutional coordinator packet were frequent problems in the list collection effort, as evidenced by the high rate of remails—over 40 percent—to CAOs and coordinators. In some instances, a CAO with limited time to personally review mail reported the package as not having been received, although it had been sent to the correct address. Often, a "gatekeeper" routed the package to another institutional official before the CAO could review the materials. Although this official may be best suited to serve as Institutional Coordinator, there is no guarantee that this is the case. If the package is routed to a person who is either unfamiliar with or unsympathetic to the aims of research studies such as NSOPF, or who lacks knowledge of what faculty data the institution has available, it becomes much more difficult to obtain the institution's participation, as well as to obtain high-quality data within set time constraints.

11.6 Changing Institution Questionnaire Instructions and Questions

Some of the questionnaire instructions and questions in the institution questionnaire may have inadvertently contributed to the discrepancies in faculty estimates noted in Chapter 10. To avoid confusion in Questions 1A-D between the total pool of part-time and temporary faculty available to an institution and the total employed (an unintended ambiguity that caused problems for some institutions because of how part-time and temporary staff are treated), we would recommend amending this question or creating separate questions to ask for both the total number of available staff and the number employed during the fall term. This separation would allow institutions to report the status of their temporary and part-time staff more accurately and without the confusion some institutions experienced. Even though some institutions may only be able to provide one set of these estimates, it will at least be completely clear which set of figures the institution is providing.

Another area of ambiguity appeared in the actual estimate of faculty. Some institutions provided estimates of full-time equivalents (FTEs) rather than the requested headcount of individuals. We would recommend amending the instructions to the institution questionnaire to make clear that we are seeking a headcount of faculty, and not a count of FTEs (or positions) unless it is expressly stated in the question. (Although we

³⁹It would be prudent to explain the reasons for this procedure to the institution in the introductory letter and materials at the time of list collection. The more participants understand at the outset, the more likely they are to "buy in" to survey procedures.



would not recommend it, alternatively we could ask for both FTEs and a headcount. This approach might increase respondent burden slightly; however, some institutions may feel more comfortable providing a headcount if it is accompanied by the total number of FTEs.)

A number of institutions excluded medical or professional institutions or satellite campuses that should have been included. Explicit instructions should be provided in both the questionnaire and the list collection packet to include all such institutions and campuses that do not file separately for IPEDS; if possible, a list of institutions and campuses to be included could be printed in the packet given each institution, based on IPEDS information. The institution would be instructed to notify the data collection contractor about any changes in the status of the listed institutions and satellite campuses. If an institution has any questions about which institutions and campuses to include, that institution would be instructed to contact the data collection contractor for assistance.

A small number of institutions erroneously included all staff (including maintenance and clerical staff) at Questions 1A-D. We believe this error could have been avoided had the respondents carefully read the glossary on the front inside cover of the questionnaire. Since these individuals clearly did not make this effort, we recommend including an additional instruction to accompany Questions 1A-D and other questions that ask for counts of "faculty/staff," that would briefly repeat the general instruction and reference the glossary.

Other changes should be made to the institution questionnaire to reduce respondent burden. Information on benefits available to faculty should not be asked as part of the institution questionnaire that is mailed with the list collection packet. In NSOPF-93, these items elicited high item nonresponse, as discussed in Chapter 8. In the next NSOPF, benefits questions could be asked separately, at a later time. Ideally, such information could be obtained directly from the staff or department responsible for administering benefits programs at each participating institution, or in some cases, at the parent institution. This recommendation should be field-tested.

11.7 Eliminating Option of Sending Computer Tapes

Due to the level of effort required in their processing, we recommend deleting any reference to computer tapes in the list preparation materials. Although we do recognize that many institutions, especially those with large numbers of faculty, may need to submit their lists on computer tape, processing NSOPF-93 faculty lists in computer tape format was costly both in time and effort, and required higher levels of staff to complete. In order to load computer tapes, a programmer had to be available to convert the tape into a format that could be loaded, if necessary, and to monitor the loading process. Seven percent (61 out of 817) of the institutions sent their faculty lists as computer tapes; 8 sent only the tape and 53 sent a tape and a hardcopy printout. In general, lists submitted on computer tape either required retrieval to obtain a usable list, or the hardcopy list was used in place of the tape.

11.8 Providing Diskette or List Layout Example

List preparation instructions, which were developed in conjunction with NORC programmers and systems specialists, provided institutions with a standard layout with which to format their lists (see Appendix K). By providing this convention, the number of unique problems and types of lists encountered by list processing staff were greatly reduced, thus decreasing list processing time. These changes to list preparation materials dramatically increased the ease and speed by which faculty lists were processed.



However, even with these conventions in place, institutions still varied in the individual layout of their faculty lists. Various programs were used to reformat electronic files that were not laid out correctly, or were otherwise formatted in such a way that they could not be sampled. In addition, many institutions sent diskettes that other computers were unable to read.

For the next NSOPF, list preparation instructions should be augmented by providing institutions with a formatted diskette that contains an example of the file layout requested. This diskette could also include a simple interactive database management program that could run diagnostic checks on the list data to assure that data are supplied according to specifications. Even though not all institutions are equipped with the same hardware and/or software, we believe that the availability of this aid will enhance the probability of our receiving electronic files in the preferred format. Institutions should also be given the option of submitting their faculty lists on CD-ROM.

11.9 Scanning Hardcopy Faculty Lists

NORC recommends investigating the possibility of using computer scanners to convert hardcopy lists into an easier format. With the development of new and more efficient scanning devices, it is conceivable that the need for keying/manual data entry of hardcopy lists could be eliminated by the next survey wave. Time spent on coding and keying information from hardcopy lists was reduced substantially from the field test, but was still greater than the time required to process most electronic files. Some institutions had large and time-consuming hardcopy lists of faculty that could have been electronically processed in a fraction of the time. With scanning devices, printed data could be scanned and converted into an electronic format that could then be used to sample faculty.

11.10 Using the Internet

As the use and accessibility of the "information superhighway" is increasing across organizations—especially academic institutions—the use of the Internet as a mode of transmitting and receiving information should be examined. Even though transmitting faculty lists via the Internet was not formally given as an option in the institution recruitment and list collection materials in the main study, some institutions chose to submit their lists in that fashion. NORC believes that providing this service will greatly enhance the efficiency and timeliness of list collection in the next survey wave. The NSOPF data collection contractor could set up a secure World Wide Web or "gopher" site that would include an "FAQ" (for "frequently asked questions") screen and examples of the standard faculty list that institutions should provide. NORC's experience with a Web site constructed for another education study suggests that this option facilitates list collection and insures data confidentiality and security. Institutions "upload" their lists to the site server, from which list collection is conducted. With the Internet becoming a much more common tool for research and communication, it is likely that persons ultimately responsible for creating electronic datafiles would be adept at handling, and would prefer using, this mode of information transfer.

11.11 Maximizing Early Awareness of the Study

In a time of fiscal constraints, and many competing research demands, some institutions find it necessary to limit their participation in research projects to those they deem most in their interest. It is vital that institutional officials be provided with enough information about NSOPF to make an informed decision on their participation before institutional resources are committed to other projects. Therefore, we recommend that appropriate organizations (e.g., the Association for Institutional Research, the National Education Association) be provided with ongoing information about study plans and results well in advance of the next field period. This information can be disseminated to members through newsletters, bulletins, and NCES' participation in conferences.



11.12 Requesting Address Updates from Institutional Coordinator

The lists obtained from institutions are often out-of-date, particularly with regard to address information for part-time faculty, many of whom may have moved to other institutions. However, Institutional Coordinators are often able to update address information on sampled faculty, and can confirm their current status at the institution (as well as their faculty status as of the previous fall term). Hence, prior to telephone follow-up, we recommend sending the lists of sampled faculty back to coordinators for confirmation of locating information and faculty status. In this way, the level of locating effort required to reach faculty can be substantially reduced.

11.13 Requesting System-wide Data

Faculty benefits policies in state and city college systems (and large institutions with autonomous, but related, "satellite" institutions) are generally uniform across institutions. NSOPF should ask for (and use) system-wide sources for these institutions to minimize the burden on individual institutions. NSOPF staff can identify these sources in the initial mailing or follow-up phone call. This kind of information can also be collected earlier by assigning staff to investigate centralized sources for system-wide benefits policies.

11.14 Cognitive Research to Aid Institution Data Collection

One method to inform the next NSOPF round may be the use of cognitive research, such as focus groups, on a crossectional sample of institution officials who would be charged with completing NSOPF faculty sampling lists, institution questionnaires and other materials. The purpose of this research would be to ascertain what procedures institutions follow to gather the data that NSOPF requires and to discover problems institutions face when complying with NSOPF requests. A special effort might be focused on smaller, two-year institutions, those which showed the greatest discrepancies between their faculty lists and their institution questionnaires. The results of this cognitive research could help the NSOPF contractor to devise procedures and instructions to institutions which maximize institution participation and which minimize error.

11.15 Changes to Faculty Questionnaire

In order to develop a more complete profile of faculty, we recommend adding items that obtain more information on what constitutes advising or supervising academic activities for credit, non-credit courses, and advising or supervising noncredit academic activities. These questions should be field tested, and focus groups—particularly with health sciences faculty—should also be conducted before being incorporated in the next full-scale NSOPF. An option "none of the above" should be added to the code for academic degree for those faculty respondents who do not have a degree or formal award (Question C16).

For the Question C23 and its subparts on credit courses, some respondents in the current NSOPF reported "0" credit hours, "0" hours per week, or "0" students enrolled. Other respondents reported high numbers for these and other items at Question C23. Some respondents also reported "0" basic salary from the institution at E47, or much higher than average salaries for their academic rank. Instructions for Questions C23 and E47 may need to be modified. Focus group discussion could determine what modifications should be made for the next NSOPF field test, or if individual items in each question should be modified and field-tested.

Subparts of Question C33 and C35 had high item nonresponse in the current survey. Consideration should be given to combining funding sources for the next NSOPF, such as combining business/industry with "other" sources, and state/local government with federal government. Items requesting information on



research funding (the respondent's role as investigator or staff, total funds for the 1992-93 institution year, and how funds were used (subitems of C33) had high item nonresponse. For the next NSOPF, some consideration should be given to obtaining this information elsewhere. At Question C35, consideration should be given to asking only if different types of institution funding were used, and deleting the items asking if such funding was available.

11.16 Nonresponse Adjustment by Faculty Discipline

For NSOPF-93, nonresponse adjustments on the faculty dataset were performed for two main faculty variables: race/ethnicity and full-time/part-time status. Another possible nonresponse adjustment could be performed for faculty discipline. This recommendation should be carefully considered. It would improve the accuracy of estimates of faculty population in one of the chief means by which analysts classify faculty. Such a nonresponse adjustment would also help to overcome problems noted in such program areas as health sciences if it could be established that nonresponse contributed to shortfalls in expected estimates of faculty population in those areas. To properly carry out a nonresponse adjustment by discipline, faculty sampling lists will have to code faculty discipline for every faculty member listed. This requirement could increase institution burden. This requirement could also introduce a level of confusion into institutions' classification of their faculty members' disciplines, as institutions would have to decide how to classify faculty members with joint appointments in more than one department and other like cases. To lessen institution burden, institutions could be asked to code faculty sampling lists only on the 10 program areas reported at the faculty questionnaire derived variable X0A12. No matter how discipline codes are recorded on faculty sampling lists, they would still require very detailed and specific instructions to list preparers.

11.17 Number of Replicate Weights

Analysts should be cautious about use of BHS estimated variances that relate to one stratum or to a group of two or three strata. Such variance estimates may be based upon far fewer than 32 replicates, and thus the variance of the variance estimator may be large. Analysts who use either the faculty file or the institution file should also be cautious about cross-classifying data so deeply that the resulting estimates are based upon a very small number of observations. The accuracy of NSOPF-93 statistics should be interpreted in light of estimated standard errors and of the number of observations used in the statistics. In light of these issues, future NSOPFs may consider creating a greater number of replicate weights (i.e. greater than 32) for BHS variance estimation.

11.18 Poststratification to Institution Questionnaire Counts

The recontacting and reconciliation effort detailed in Chapter 10 and Appendix R showed that recontacted institutions most often chose institution questionnaire faculty counts as the most accurate enumeration of their faculty. The poststratification adjustment performed on the NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire datafile brought national population estimates for the faculty file more in line with the national population estimates the institution questionnaire produced. Therefore, to reduce measurement error on the faculty datafile and to ensure consistency between the institution and faculty datasets, the NSOPF contractor could poststratify faculty questionnaire datafiles to faculty population estimates produced from the institution questionnaire. This recommendation has the added attraction of allowing for a prompt estimation of national faculty population totals without having to conduct an extensive reconciliation effort, as discussed in Chapter 10. Of course, if recommendation 11.3 helps to decrease the discrepancy between institution questionnaire totals and faculty list totals during data collection, there may be no need for poststratification.



11.19 Overlap Sample Design for Future NSOPF Cycles

Composite estimation is not possible when comparing estimates between NSOPF-88 and NSOPF-93. An overlap design for future NSOPF cycles will increase the precision for estimates of change since NSOPF-93, even if change is estimated simply by differences between the statistics for two time points. Even greater precision can be achieved by relying on a composite estimator, which can be viewed as a weighted average of two estimates of change, one based on the overlapping institutions and one based on the nonoverlapping institutions. The amount of weight given to the overlap-based estimate of change varies directly with the correlation over time for the characteristic of interest. Overlap can be built into the next cycle of the study. At that point, it will be possible to calculate the correlations and to confidently predict the gains achievable from composite estimation, both for estimating change and also for making cross-sectional estimates. The precision of the estimates can be enhanced even if composite estimation is not used. Building in overlap will allow the use of composite estimation if desired. To that end, a machine-readable copy of the sampling frame for the NSOPF-93 institutional sample has been produced. This data file includes, for all institutions in the frame, (a) selection probabilities, (b) stratum codes, (c) indicators as to whether the institution was or was not selected, and (d) indicators as to whether the institution did or did not participate. Items (a), (b), and (c) are crucial for designing the overlap, and (d) is necessary for improving the efficiency of the overlap.



Appendix A

1988 NSOPF Questionnaire for Departments





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND IMPROVEMENT

CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS April 1988

Dear Colleague:

There is very little current and comprehensive information about higher education faculty in this country. For this reason, the Center for Education Statistics of the U.S. Department of Education is conducting a national survey of faculty in American colleges and universities. This study, which is cosponsored by the National Endowment for the Humanities, is designed to provide reliable and current data for highereducation researchers, as well as planners and policymakers at all levels (institutional and governmental). The Center has contracted with SRI International (formerly Stanford Research Institute) and the Center for the Study of Higher Education at Penn State University to conduct the study.

This National Survey of Postsecondary Faculty (NSOPF) is the most comprehensive study of faculty in postsecondary educational institutions ever undertaken. It will provide national profiles of faculty members regarding their backgrounds, responsibilities, career and retirement plans, compensation, benefits, and attitudes about their jobs and various academic issues. Additionally, information on institutional and departmental characteristics, policies, and practices that affect faculty will be collected from institutional spokespersons and chairpersons of selected departments (or comparable academic units).

Your institution has been randomly selected to participate in the 1987-88 NSOPF. Although your participation is voluntary, it is particularly important because this survey will establish a baseline for any future profiles of faculty.

Individual responses and all information that would permit identification of individuals will be kept strictly confidential, in accordance with the provisions of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Acts of 1976. Responses will be used only in statistical summaries and will not be disclosed to any group or individual.

Please complete this questionnaire as soon as possible and return it directly to SRI in the enclosed business-reply envelope. When the study is completed, the Center will provide your institution with a summary report of the findings. Study reports and data tapes also will be available upon request to researchers who wish to explore the study issues further. If you have any questions or comments concerning this study, please telephone Dr. Susan Russell, Project Director, of SRI International (415-859-4164).

Thank you in advance for your cooperation.

Sincerely.

Emerson J. Elliott, Director

OMB Clearance # 1850-0608 xpiration Date: 7/89

NATIONAL SURVEY OF POSTSECONDARY FACULTY

Questionnaire for Departments (or Comparable Academic Units)

PLEASE READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS

PLEASE ANSWER THIS QUESTIONNAIRE FOR THE UNIT INDICATED ON THE FRONT PAGE LABEL.

This questionnaire was designed to be completed by chairs of selected departments (or comparable academic units) in 2- and 4-year postsecondary institutions of all sizes. Because there is substantial variation in both departments/units and postsecondary institutions, some of the questions may not be worded quite appropriately for your situation. We would appreciate your tolerance of these difficulties. For example, we have used the term "department" throughout the questionnaire, but the unit for which you are responding may be called something else.

<u>If your institution has multiple campuses</u>, please answer only for the campus to which the questionnaire was addressed.

If your department has BOTH lay faculty and those assigned by a religious order, a few questions may require different answers for the two groups. If this occurs, please call Dr. Susan Russell (collect) at 415-859-4164 for instructions on how to proceed. We apologize for any inconvenience this may cause you.

Obtaining counts of different kinds of faculty is an important part of this study. If you cannot provide "hard" data for some of the "numbers" questions, please provide your best estimates.

Many of our questions ask about the status of your department during the 1987 Fall Term. By this, we mean whatever academic term was in progress on October 15. 1987.



FULL-TIME INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY

PLEASE READ:

By full-time instructional faculty, we mean those members of your department's instruction/research staff who are employed full-time by your department and whose regular assignment includes instruction.

Include:

- Regular full-time instructional faculty.
- Those who <u>contribute</u> their services, such as members of religious orders.
- Those on sabbatical leave.
- Administrators such as department chairs who hold full-time faculty rank and whose regular assignment includes instruction.

Do not include:

- Replacements for faculty on sabbatical leave.
- Others with adjunct, acting, or visiting appointments.
- m Faculty on leave without pay.
- Teaching assistants.

R	REMINDER: BY "DEPARTMENT," WE MEAN THE UNIT INDICATED ON THE FRONT PAGE LABEL.
1.	During the 1987 Fall Term, did your department have <u>any</u> full-time instructional faculty (as defined above)? Please include those with joint appointments. (PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
	Yes 1
	No 2> SKIP TO PAGE 12
	Questions about your full-time instructional faculty are on pages 2 - 11. Questions about your part-time instructional faculty are on pages 12 - 17.
2.	How many instructional faculty members who are employed full-time by your institution hold <u>joint</u> appointments in your department and some other department a your institution?
	(PLEASE SPECIFY; ENTER "O" IF NONE)
	Number with joint appointments:
3.	Does your institution have a tenure system for any of your department's full-time instructional faculty?

ERIC

4. How many full-time instructional faculty members were there in each of the categories below in your department during the 1987 Fall Term?

If your institution does not have a tenure system for full-time faculty, please complete the "Not Tenure Track" column.

If there are no academic ranks in your department, please complete only the line for "other full-time instructional faculty."

(PLEASE ENTER A NUMBER IN EACH CATEGORY; IF NONE, PLEASE ENTER "0")

	<u> 1987 FALL TE</u>	<u>RM: FULL-TIME </u>	NSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY
	Tenu	re track	
	<u>Tenured</u>	Not_tenured	Not tenure track
Professor		· . · 	".
Associate Professor			
Assistant Professor			 .
Instructor			
Lecturer		 	
Other full-time instructional faculty,			•
including no academic ranks	· · · · ·		
TOTAL	. —		

5. During the 1987 Fall Term, how many <u>full-time</u> instructional faculty with visiting, acting, or adjunct appointments did your department have?

Note: These individuals should <u>not</u> appear in your other counts of full-time instructional faculty provided in this questionnaire.

(PLEASE SPECIFY; IF NONE, PLEASE ENTER "O")



Please indicate below the number of your department's full-time instructional faculty members by sex and race (minority/nonminority) during the 1987 Fall Term.

If there are no academic ranks in your department, please complete only the line for "other full-time instructional faculty".

NOTE: By "minority," we mean Black, Hispanic, American Indian, Aleut, Eskimo, Asian, or Pacific Islander.

(PLEASE ENTER A NUMBER IN EACH CATEGORY; IF NONE, PLEASE ENTER "O")

	Mir	<u>ority</u>	Nonmi	nority
	<u>Men</u>	<u>Women</u>	<u>Men</u>	Women
Professor				
Associate Professor				·
Assistant Professor				
Instructor		. <u></u>		
Lecturer				
Other full-time instructional faculty, including no academic ranks				
TOTAL				
TOTAL ow many full-time instruction ollowing categories?	nal faculty	did your dep	artment hav	e in each
ow many full-time instruction ollowing categories? PLEASE ENTER A NUMBER IN EACH Number on the staff during t	H CATEGORY;	IF NONE, PLE		٠.
ow many full-time instruction ollowing categories? PLEASE ENTER A NUMBER IN EACH	H CATEGORY; the <u>1986</u> Fal	IF NONE, PLE 1 Term:		٠.
ow many full-time instruction ollowing categories? PLEASE ENTER A NUMBER IN EACH Number on the staff during to (NOTE: Nineteen eighty- <u>six</u>) Number who <u>retired</u> between to the 1986 Fall Term and the be	H CATEGORY; the 1986 Fall the beginning beginning of tion between	IF NONE, PLE 1 Term: g of the the		٠.



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IF <u>k</u>	NO TENURE SYSTEM, PLEASE SKIP TO QUESTION 13, ON PAGE 6.
8.	During the 1986-87 academic year, how many instructional faculty in your department were considered for tenure, and how many were granted tenure? (PLEASE ENTER A NUMBER IN EACH CATEGORY; IF NONE, PLEASE ENTER "O")
	Number considered for tenure:
	Number granted tenure:
9.	During the 1986 and 1987 Fall Terms, how many tenured and tenure-track instructional faculty did your department have? (PLEASE ENTER A NUMBER IN EACH CATEGORY; IF NONE, PLEASE ENTER "0")
	1986 Fall Term 1987 Fall Term
	Tenured instructional faculty:
	Tenure-track (but not tenured) instructional faculty:
10.	How many <u>tenured</u> instructional faculty (if any) left your department for each of the following reasons between the beginning of the 1986 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1987 Fall Term? (PLEASE ENTER A NUMBER IN EACH CATEGORY; IF NONE, PLEASE ENTER "O")
	Through retirement:
	To assume another position:
	Formally removed for cause (e.g, for neglect of duty, incompetence, moral turpitude, fraud, or insubordination):
	Dismissed because of institutional budget pressures or program closures:
	For other reasons (e.g., death, disability):



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<u>FULI</u>	TIME INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY (continued)
11.	Is there a maximum number of years an instructional faculty member can be on a tenure track and not receive tenure in your department? (PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER AND SPECIFY THE MAXIMUM, IF APPLICABLE)
	Yes
	No 2
12.	Does your institution or department currently have an upper limit (either formal or informal) on the percentage of full-time instructional faculty in your department who are tenured?
	(PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER AND SPECIFY PERCENTAGE, IF APPLICABLE)
	Yes 1 UPPER LIMIT:%
	No 2
13.	During the 1987 Fall Term, for how many unfilled full-time instructional faculty positions in your department were candidates being recruited? Please include positions that were temporarily filled by teaching assistants, or by faculty with adjunct, acting, or visiting appointments. (PLEASE SPECIFY; IF NONE, PLEASE ENTER "O")
	IF NONE, SKIP TO QUESTION 15
14.	For which of the following reasons did your department have these unfilled positions?
	(PLEASE CIRCLE ALL THAT APPLY)
	Unable to locate qualified applicants 1
	Qualified applicants would not accept our terms of employment (e.g., salary, location, etc.) 2
	Resources not available for hiring 3

•

15. Generally speaking, how important is each of the following factors in granting tenure in your department?

(PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH FACTOR)

	Not important	Somewhat <u>important</u>	Very <u>important</u>
Quality of teaching	1	2	3
Quality of research	1	2	3
Number of publications	1	2	3
Quality of publications	. 1	2	3
Institutional activities or service	1	2	3
Community or professional service	1	2	3
Reputation in their professional field	1	2	3
Reputation of graduate institution/progr (i.e., where highest degree was awarded)		. 2	3
Highest degree	1	2	3
Affirmative Action or Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) considerations	1	2	3
Candidate's ability to obtain outside funding	1	2	3
"Fit" with this department or institutio	n 1	2	3
"Fit" with student body	1	2	3

Other important factors in the tenure decision (PLEASE SPECIFY BELOW)



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16. <u>In practice</u>, at what level is each of the following decisions <u>most often</u> made? (PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ITEM)

		LEVEL AT WHICH DECISION IS MADE MOST OFTEN:						
		Department chair or faculty	College/school (within larger institution)	<u>Institution</u>	Other*	Does not apply		
a.	Selection of a given individual for a full-time instructional faculty	_	_					
	position	1	2	3	4	0		
b.	Decision to grant tenure	1	2	3	4	0		
c.	Decision to deny tenure	1	2	3	4	0		
d.	Decision to grant a promotion in rank	1	2	3	4	0		
e.	Decision to give a merit raise	1	2	3	4	0		

*PLEASE SPECII	Y "OTHER"	RESPONSES:	· ·	<u>:</u>	
			•		
				 _	
		<u> </u>		 	

17. Are any of your department's full-time instructional faculty legally represented by a union (or other association) for purposes of collective bargaining?

(PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER AND SPECIFY PERCENT, IF APPLICABLE)

Yes	•		TAI					_2
No				_		_	2	



18. Generally speaking, how important is each of the following factors in hiring full-time entry-level instructional faculty in your department? (If you have a tenure system, please answer for entry-level tenure track faculty.)

(PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH FACTOR)

	Not important	Somewhat <u>important</u>	Very <u>important</u>
Extent of teaching experience	1	2	3
Quality of teaching	1	2	3
Extent of research experience	1	2	3
Quality of research	1	2	3
Number of publications	1	2	3
Quality of publications	1	2	3
Community or professional service	1	2	3
Reputation in their professional field	. 1	2	·3
Reputation of graduate institution/programmer. (i.e., where highest degree was awarded)	ram	2	3
Highest degree	1	2	3
Academic record	1	2	3
Affirmative Action or Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) considerations	1 .	2	3
Candidate's ability to obtain outside funding	1	2	3
Related job experience	1	2	3
Salary requirements	1	2	3
Programmatic needs	1	2	3
"Fit" with this department or institution	on 1	2	3
"Fit" with student body	1	2	3

Other important factors in hiring entry-level full-time instructional faculty (PLEASE SPECIFY BELOW)



19. In which of the following ways, if any, is the teaching performance of full-time faculty assessed in your department?
(PLEASE CIRCLE ALL THAT APPLY)

Evaluations by students	•	•	1
Student test scores			2
Student placement or honors	. •		3
Other measures of student performance			4
Department/division chair evaluations			5
Dean evaluations			6
Peer evaluations		•	7
Self evaluations	•,		8
Other (PLEASE SPECIFY BELOW)	•		9
Teaching performance <u>not</u> assessed for full-time faculty			٥

- 20. Listed below are some ways that institutions may use discretionary funds for the professional development of faculty members. For each, please indicate whether it is:
 - Not available to any of your department's full-time instructional faculty,
 - Available only to full-time instructional faculty in your department who have a certain rank, tenure, or years of service, OR
 - Available to full-time instructional faculty in your department with no rank, tenure, or years of service restrictions.

(PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ITEM)

	NOT AVAILABLE	AVAILABLE TO FULL-TIME FACULTY:			
Discretionary funding for:	TO ANY FULL-TIME FACULTY	Some rank, tenure, years of service restrictions	No rank, tenure, years of service restrictions		
Tuition remission (to faculty themselves) at this or other institutions	1	2	3		
Professional association memberships	1	2	3		
Registration fees, etc. for workshops, conferences, etc.	1	2	3		
Professional travel	1	2	3		
Sabbatical leave	1	2	3		
Training to improve research skills	1	. 2	3		
Training to improve teaching skills	1	2	3		
Paid leave to gain work experience	1	2	, · 3		
Retraining for fields in higher demand	1	2	3		



PART-TIME INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY

PLEASE READ:

By part-time instructional faculty, we mean those members of your department's instruction/research staff who are employed part-time in your department and whose regular assignment in your department includes instruction.

Include:

- Regular part-time instructional faculty.
- Those who <u>contribute</u> their services, such as members of religious orders.
- Part-time replacements for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave without pay.
- Others with part-time adjunct, acting, or visiting appointments.

Do not include:

- Faculty on leave without pay.
- Teaching assistants.
- 21. During the 1987 Fall Term, did your department have <u>any</u> part-time instructional faculty (as defined above)?

22. During the 1987 Fall Term, how many part-time instructional faculty did your department have?

(PLEASE GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATE IF "HARD" DATA ARE NOT AVAILABLE)

23. How many of these part-timers (as indicated in Question 22) had adjunct, acting, or visiting appointments?

(PLEASE GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATE IF "HARD" DATA ARE NOT AVAILABLE)



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24.	During the 1987 Fall Term, how many student teaching assistants did your depar	tment
	have? Note: These individuals should <u>not</u> appear in your other counts of part-time instructional faculty.	ï
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
	(PLEASE GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATE IF "HARD" DATA ARE NOT AVAILABLE)	

25. Does your institution have a tenure system for any of your department's part-time instructional faculty?

Yes

26. Please indicate below the number of your department's part-time instructional faculty members by sex and race (minority/nonminority) during the 1987 Fall Term.

If there are no academic ranks in your department, please complete only the line for "other part-time instructional faculty".

NOTE: By "minority," we mean American Indian, Aleut, Eskimo, Asian, Pacific Islander, black, and Hispanic.

(PLEASE ENTER A NUMBER IN EACH CATEGORY; GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATE IF "HARD" DATA ARE NOT AVAILABLE; IF NONE, PLEASE ENTER "O")

1987 FALL TERM: PART-TIME INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY

	Mino	rity	Nonmin	<u>ority</u>
	<u>Men</u>	Women	Men	<u>Women</u>
Professor		-		
Associate Professor				
Assistant Professor				
Instructor				
Lecturer			·	
Other part-time instructional faculty, including no academic ranks				
TOTAL				

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27. Generally speaking, how important is each of the following factors in selecting part-time instructional faculty in your department?

(PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH FACTOR)

·	Not <u>important</u>	Somewhat <u>important</u>	V ery <u>important</u>
Extent of teaching experience	1	2	3
Quality of teaching	1	2	3
Extent of research experience	1	2	3
Quality of research	1	2	3
Number of publications	1	2	. 3
Quality of publications	1	2	3
Community or professional service	1	2	3
Reputation in their professional field	1	2	3
Reputation of graduate institution/progr (i.e., where highest degree was awarded)	am	2	3
Highest degree	1	2	3
Academic record	1	2	3
Affirmative Action or Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) considerations	1	2	3
Candidate's ability to obtain outside funding	1	2	3
Related job experience	1	2	3
Salary requirements	1	2	3
Programmatic needs	1	2	3
"Fit" with this department or institution	n 1	2	3
"Fit" with student body	1	2	3

Other important factors in hiring part-time instructional faculty (PLEASE SPECIFY BELOW)



28. <u>In practice</u>, at what level is each of the following decisions <u>most often</u> made? (PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ITEM)

		Department	<u>HICH DECISION IS</u> College/school (within larger	MADE MOST OF	TEN:	Does not
		<u>faculty</u>		<u>Institution</u>	<u>Other</u> *	apply
a.	Selection of a given individual for a part-time instructional faculty position	1	2	3	4	0
b.	Decision to grant a promotion in rank to a part-time instructional faculty member	1	2	3	4	0
c.	Decision to give a merit raise to a part-time instructional faculty member	1	2	3	4	0

29.	Are any of your department's part-time instructional faculty legally represented by a union (or other association) for purposes of collective bargaining?
	(PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER AND SPECIFY PERCENT, IF APPLICABLE)

Yes	•	•	IAT			1	
M -						2	



30. Generally speaking, how important is each of the following factors in decisions about <u>retaining</u> part-time instructional faculty in your department?

(PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH FACTOR)

	Not <u>important</u>	Somewhat important	Very <u>important</u>
Quality of teaching	1	2	3
Quality of research	1	2	3
Number of publications	1	2	3
Quality of publications	1	2 ·	3
Institutional activities or service	1	2	3
Community or professional service	1	2	3
Reputation in their professional field	1	2	3
Reputation of graduate institution/progr (i.e., where highest degree was awarded)		2	3
Highest degree	1	2	3
Affirmative Action or Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) considerations	1	2	3
Programmatic needs	1	2	3
"Fit" with this department or institution	on 1	2	3
"Fit" with student body	1	2	3

Other important factors in retaining part-time instructional faculty (PLEASE SPECIFY BELOW)



31.	profession to <u>any</u> of	ow are some ways that departments may use discretionary funds for the lal development of faculty members. Please indicate which are available your department's <u>part-time</u> instructional faculty. **RRCLE ALL THAT APPLY**)
		Tuition remission (to faculty themselves) 1
		Professional association memberships 2
	•	Registration fees, etc. for workshops, conferences, etc
		Professional travel 4
		Sabbatical leave
		Training to improve research skills 6
		Training to improve teaching skills 7
		Paid leave to gain work experience 8
	• • • •	Retraining for fields in higher demand 9
	•	None of the above 0
32.	.faculty as	of the following ways, if any, is the teaching performance of <u>part-time</u> sessed in your department? **RCLE ALL THAT APPLY)
	•	Evaluations by students 1
		Student test scores 2
•		Student placement or honors
	•	Other measures of student performance 4
		Department/division chair evaluations 5
		Dean evaluations 6
		Peer evaluations
		Self evaluations 8
	,	Other (PLEASE SPECIFY BELOW) 9
		Teaching performance <u>not</u> assessed for part-time faculty 0

THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR PARTICIPATION

Please return this completed questionnaire in the enclosed franked envelope to:

National Survey of Postsecondary Faculty
SRI International
P.O. Box 2124
Menlo Park, CA 94025-2124

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Appendix B

1988 NSOPF Faculty Questionnaire





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND IMPROVEMENT

CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS
April 1988

Dear Faculty Member:

There is very little current and comprehensive information about higher education faculty in this country. For this reason, the Center for Education Statistics of the U.S. Department of Education is conducting a national survey of faculty in American colleges and universities. This study, which is cosponsored by the National Endowment for the Humanities, is designed to provide reliable and current data for highereducation researchers, as well as planners and policymakers at all levels (institutional and governmental). The Center has contracted with SRI International (formerly Stanford Research Institute) and the Center for the Study of Higher Education at Penn State University to conduct the study.

This National Survey of Postsecondary Faculty (NSOPF) is the most comprehensive study of faculty in postsecondary educational institutions ever undertaken. It will provide national profiles of faculty members regarding their backgrounds, responsibilities, career and retirement plans, compensation, benefits, and attitudes about their jobs and various academic issues. Additionally, information on institutional and departmental characteristics, policies, and practices that affect faculty will be collected from institutional spokespersons and chairpersons of selected departments (or comparable academic units).

You and several of your colleagues at your institution are part of a randomly drawn national sample of instructional faculty who are being asked to contribute to this study. While your participation is voluntary, it is particularly important because this survey will establish a baseline for any future profiles of faculty.

Individual responses and all information which would permit identification of individuals will be kept strictly confidential, in accordance with the provisions of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Acts of 1976. Responses will be used only in statistical summaries and will not be disclosed to any group or individual.

Please complete this questionnaire as soon as possible and return it directly to SRI in the enclosed business-reply envelope. When the study is completed, the Center will provide your institution with a summary report of the findings. Study reports and data tapes also will be available upon request to researchers who wish to explore the study issues further. If you have any questions or comments concerning this study, please telephone Dr. Susan Russell, Project Director, of SRI International (415-859-4164).

Thank you in advance for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

Emerson J. Elliott, Director

OMB Clearance # 1850-0608 Expiration Date: 7/89



NATIONAL SURVEY OF POSTSECONDARY FACULTY Faculty Questionnaire

PLEASE NOTE:

Many of our questions ask about your activities during the 1987 Fall Term. By this, we mean whatever academic term was in progress on October 15, 1987.

All questions that ask about your current position or institution refer to your position during the 1987 Fall Term at the institution to which this questionnaire was addressed.

This questionnaire was designed to be completed by both full- and part-time instructional faculty in 2- and 4-year postsecondary institutions of all kinds. Because this is such a diverse group, some of the questions may not be worded quite appropriately for your situation. We would appreciate your tolerance of these difficulties.

1.	During the 1987 Fall Term, did you have any <u>instructional</u> duties at institution (e.g., teaching one or more courses, advising or supervistudents' academic activities)?	this ising
	(PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)	•

Yes 1 No 2

IF NO, PLEASE STOP HERE AND RETURN THIS PACKET TO SRI IN THE ENCLOSED FRANKED ENVELOPE.

 During the 1987 Fall Term, were at least some of your instructional duties related to for-credit courses, or were <u>all</u> of your instructional duties related to <u>non</u>credit courses? (PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)

At least some of my instructional duties were related to for-credit courses 1

<u>All</u> of my instructional duties were related to <u>non</u>credit courses 2

IF ALL NONCREDIT, PLEASE STOP HERE AND RETURN THIS PACKET TO SRI IN THE ENCLOSED FRANKED ENVELOPE.

3. During the 1987 Fall Term, were you on sabbatical from another institution?



A. NATURE OF EMPLOYMENT

4.	During the	1987 Fal	1 Term,	did	this	institution	consider	you	to be	employed
	here full-t	time or p	art-tim	e?				•		. •

Full-time 1

Part-time 2

5. During the 1987 Fall Term, were you employed <u>only</u> at this institution, or did you also have other employment? *Please include outside consulting or other self-owned business*.

Employed only at this institution 1 --> SKIP TO Q.7

Also had other employment or consulting . . 2

6. Other than this institution, in which of the following ways were you employed during the 1987 Fall Term?

(PLEASE CIRCLE "FULL-TIME" OR. "PART-TIME" FOR ALL SECTORS THAT APPLY)

	TYPE OF EMPLOYMENT				
Employment sector	Full-time <u>(35+ hours/week)</u>				
Consulting, freelance work, or self-owned business in area directly related to my field at this institution	1	2			
Consulting, freelance work, or self-owned business in area largely <u>un</u> related to my field at this institution	1	2			
On staff of another postsecondary educational institution	1 .	2			
On staff of an elementary or secondary school	1	2			
On staff of a hospital or other health care/ clinical setting	1	2			
On staff of a foundation or other nonprofit organization	1	2			
On staff of a for-profit business or industry in the private sector	1	2			
On staff of the federal government (including military)	1	2			
On staff of a state or local government	1	2			
Other (PLEASE SPECIFY BELOW:)	1	2			



7.	Were you chairperson of a department or division at this institution during the 1987 Fall Term?
	Yes 1
	No 2
8.	During the 1987 Fall Term, were you on sabbatical from this institution?
	Yes 1
	No 2
9.	What was your tenure status at this institution during the 1987 Fall Term?
	Not applicable: no tenure system at this institution
	Not applicable: no tenure system for my faculty status
	Not on tenure track
	On tenure track but not tenured 4 $$ $$
	Tenured 5
0.	In what year did you achieve tenure at this institution? (PLEASE GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATE IF NOT SURE)
	. 19
	PLEASE SKIP TO QUESTION 12
n.	During the 1987 Fall Term, what was the duration of your contract or appointment at this institution?
	One academic term 1
	One academic/calendar year 2
	Two or more academic/calendar years . 3
	Unspecified duration 4
	Other (PLEASE SPECIFY BELOW) 5
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



••	during the 1987 Fall Term?
	(PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
	Not applicable: no ranks designated at this institution 0 —> SKIP TO Q.14
	Distinguished/Named Professor 1
	Professor 2
	Associate Professor 3
	Assistant Professor 4
	Instructor 5
	Lecturer 6
	Other (PLEASE SPECIFY BELOW) , . 7
13.	In what year did you <u>first</u> achieve this rank? (PLEASE GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATE IF NOT SURE)
	19
14.	During the 1987 Fall Term, did you hold any of the following kinds of appointments at this institution? (PLEASE CIRCLE ALL THAT APPLY)
	Acting
	Affiliate or adjunct 2
	Visiting
·	Assigned by religious order 4
	No, none of the above
15.	Have you ever achieved tenure at <u>another</u> institution? (PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER AND SPECIFY THE YEAR TENURE FIRST ACHIEVED, IF APPLICABLE)
	Yes (YEAR FIRST ACHIEVED: 19)
	No 2

16.	What is your principal field or discipline of teaching?		
	(PLEASE REFER TO THE LIST OF FIELDS OF STUDY ON PAGES 24-25 A APPROPRIATE CODE NUMBER(S) BELOW)	AND ENTER	THE

		·	
P 1 1 1 -	- E -		
Field Code	OT M	y discipline:	
1 10 10 0000	•,	, -,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

17. Are any faculty at this institution legally represented by a union (or other association) for purposes of collective bargaining?

18. Are you a member of the union (or other bargaining association) that represents faculty at this institution?

Yes	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1
No .						•		2

B. JOB SATISFACTION ISSUES

19. How satisfied or dissatisfied do you personally feel about each of the following aspects of your job at this institution? (PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ITEM)

	<u>DISSATISFIED</u>		<u>SATISFIED</u>		Does not	
· .	<u>Very</u>	<u>Somewhat</u>	<u>Somewhat</u>	<u>Very</u>	<u>apply</u>	
My work load	1 .	2	3	4	0	
My job security	1	2	3	4	0	
The authority I have to make decisions about what courses I teach	1	2	3	4	0	
The authority I have to make decisions about content and methods in the courses I teach	1	2	3	4	0	
The authority I have to make decisions about other (noninstructional) aspects of my job	1	2	3	4	0	
The mix of teaching, research, administration, and service (as applicable) that I am required to do	1	2	3	4	0	

(continued)



3 C C

Satisfaction with your job at this institution: (continued)

	DISSATISFIED		SATISF	Door not	
	<u>Very</u>	Somewhat	<u>Somewhat</u>	Very	Does not
Opportunity for my advancement in rank at this institution	1	2	3	4	0
Time available for working with students as an advisor, mentor, etc.	1	2	3	4	0
Availability of support services and equipment (including clerical support, personal computers, etc.)	1	2	3	4	0
Freedom to do outside consulting	1	2	3	4	0
My salary	1	2	3	4	0
My benefits, generally	1	2	3	4	0
Overall reputation of the institution	1	2	3	4 .	0
Institutional mission or philosophy	1	2	3	4	0
Quality of leadership in my department/program	1	2	3	4	0
Quality of chief administrative officers at this campus	1	2	3	4	0
Quality of my colleagues in my department/program	1	2	3	4	0
Quality of faculty leadership (e.g., Academic Senate, Faculty Council) at this institution	1	2	3	4	0
Quality of union leadership at this institution	1	2	3	4	0
Relationship between administration and faculty at this institution	1	2	3	4	0
Interdepartmental cooperation at this institution	1	2	3	4	0
Spirit of cooperation among faculty at this institution	1	2	3	4	0
Quality of my research facilities and support	1	2	3	4	
Quality of undergraduate students whom I have taught here	1	2	3	4	

(continued)



Satisfaction with your job at this institution: (continued)

	DISSATISFIED		SATISFIED		Does not	
·	<u>Very</u>	<u>Somewhat</u>	<u>Somewhat</u>	<u>Very</u>	<u>apply</u>	
Quality of graduate students whom I have taught here	1	2	3	4	0	
Teaching assistance that I receive	1	2	3	4	0	
Research assistance that I receive	1 .	2	3	4	0	
Spouse employment opportunities in this geographic area	1	2	3	4	0	
My job here, overall	1	2	3	4	0	

20. <u>During the next three years</u>, how likely is it that you will leave this job to do the following?
(PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ITEM)

	Not at all <u>likely</u>	Somewhat <u>likely</u>	Very <u>likely</u>
Retire	1	2	3
Seek or accept a (different) part-time job	1	2	3
Seek or accept a (different) full-time job	1	2	3

21. <u>IF</u> you were to leave this job to accept another position, would you want to do more, less, or about the same amount of each of the following as you currently do?

(PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ITEM)

		I WOULD WANT TO DO:			
	More <u>of this</u>	Same amount of this as I do now			
Research	1	2	3		
Teaching	1	2	3		
Advising students	1	2	3		
Service activities	1	2	3		
Administration	1	2	3		

22. <u>IF</u> you were to leave this job to accept another position, how important would each of the following be in your decision to accept another position?

(PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ITEM)

·	Not <u>important</u>	Somewhat <u>important</u>	Very <u>important</u>
Salary level	1	2	3
Tenure-track/tenured position	1	2	3
Job security	1	2	3
Opportunities for advancement	1	2	3
Benefits	1 ·	2	3
No pressure to publish	1	2	3
Good research facilities and equipment	1	2	3
Good instructional facilities and equipme	ent 1	2	3
Excellent students	1	2	.3
Excellent colleagues	1	2	3
Institutional mission or philosophy that is compatible with my own views	1	2	3
Good job for my spouse	1	2	3
Good geographic location	1	2	3
Good housing	1	2	3
Good environment/schools for my children	1	2	3
A full-time position	1	2	3
A part-time position	1	2	3 ·

23. IF you were to leave your current position, how likely is it that you would do so to:

(PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ITEM)

		Not at all <u>likely</u>	Somewhat <u>likely</u>	Very <u>likely</u>
a.	Return to school as a student	1	2	3
b.	Accept employment in:			
	doctoral granting university or college	1 .	2	3
	other 4-year university or college	1	2	3
	2-year postsecondary institution	1	2	3
	less than 2-year postsecondary institution	1	2	3
	elementary or secondary school	1 .	2	3
	hospital or other health care organization	1	2	3
	consulting, self-owned business, freelancing	1	2	3
	foundation or other nonprofit organization	1	2	3
	private sector for-profit business or indust	ry 1	2	3
	federal government (including military)	1	2	3
	state or local government	. 1	2	3

24. At what age do you think you are most likely to stop teaching at a postsecondary institution?

(PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)

Under 40		•	•	1
40 - 44				2
45 - 49			•	3
50 - 54			•	4
55 - 59				5
60 - 64	• (•	6
65 - 69		•	•	7
70 or old	ier	•		8
Have no	idea	ı .		9



	(PLE	ASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
		Under 50 1
		50 - 54 2
		55 - 59 3
		60 - 64 4
		65 - 69 5
		70 or older 6
		Have no idea 9
<u>c.</u>	ACADE	MIC/PROFESSIONAL BACKGROUND
	recei Pleas (PLE)	location of the institution from which you received it, the year you ived it, and the Field Code (from pages 24-25) that applies. se do not list honorary degrees. ASE COMPLETE ALL COLUMNS FOR EACH DEGREE) des for type of degree: Certificate, diploma, or degree for completion of undergraduate
		program of at least 1 year but less than 2 years in length
	2	Associate's degree or equivalent
	3	Certificate, diploma, or degree for completion of undergraduate program of more than 2 years but less than 4 years in length
	4	Bachelor's degree or equivalent
	5	Graduate work <u>not</u> resulting in a degree
	6	Master's degree or equivalent
	7	Doctoral degree (Ph.D., Ed.D., etc.)
	8	Professional degree (M.D., D.D.S., L.L.B., etc.)
	-	$oldsymbol{\cdot}$

Degree <u>code</u>	Year <u>received</u>	<u>code</u>	Name of institution	City and state/country of institution
	19			
	19			
	19	. ——		
	19			
	19	· ——		



27.	Which of the following <u>undergraduate</u> academic honors or awards, it any, did you receive?
	(PLEASE CIRCLE ALL THAT APPLY)
	National academic honor society, such as Phi Beta Kappa, Tau Beta Pi, or other field-specific national honor society 1
	Cum laude or honors 2
	Magna cum laude or high honors 3
,	Summa cum laude or highest honors 4
	Other undergraduate academic achievement award 5
	None of the above
28.	When you were in <u>graduate school</u> , which of the following, if any, did you receive? (PLEASE CIRCLE ALL THAT APPLY)
	Doesn't apply: did not attend graduate school 0
	Teaching assistantship 1
	Research assistantship 2
	Program or residence hall assistantship 3
	Fellowship
	Scholarship or traineeship 5
	Grant 6
	G.I. Bill or other veterans' financial aid 7
٠.	Loan
	None of the above 9

- 29. For each of the jobs that you have held since graduating from college, please indicate in the table below the years that you began and left the job, the employment sector, your primary responsibility, and whether you were employed full-or part-time.
 - Please begin with your current job, and work backward.
 - Do not list promotions in rank at your current job(s) as different jobs.
 - Do <u>not</u> include temporary positions or work as a graduate assistant.
 - Please list <u>each job</u> (other than promotions in rank) separately!

(PLEASE COMPLETE ALL COLUMNS FOR EACH POSITION; SPECIFY EMPLOYMENT SECTOR AND PRIMARY RESPONSIBILITY CODES FROM THE LISTS ON THE FACING PAGE)

	<u>Years j</u> <u>From</u>	ob held To	Employmentsector (ENTER CODE)		Full-time Part-time (CIRCLE ONE)
CURRENT			•	(======================================	. (02.11022)
JOB:	19	present	 .	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 2
	19	19			1 2
	19	19		3	1 2
	19	19	 ;··	· · · <u> · · .</u> · · .	1 2
	19	19	• • •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 2
	19	19		<u> </u>	1 2
	19	19			1 2
	19	19			1 2
	19	19			1 2
	19	.19			1 2
	19	19		· · ·	1 2
	19	19		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 2
	19	19		· · · · · · · · ·	1 2
	19	19		· · · · · ·	1 2
	19	19	· · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 2



CODES FOR QUESTION 29

	Employment sector codes	<u>Pr</u>	imary responsibility codes
01	Graduate-level institution that is <u>not</u> part of a 4-year school (e.g., independent	1	Teaching
•	law school)	2	Administration
02	Doctoral granting university or college	3	Technical or research
03	Other 4-year college or university	4	Community/public service
04	2-year postsecondary institution	5	Clinical services
05	Less-than-2-year postsecondary institution	6	Other
06	Elementary or secondary school		
07	Hospital or other health care or clinical setting	•	
80	Consulting, freelance work, or self-owned business in area directly related to my field at this institution		
09	Consulting, freelance work, or self-owned business in area largely unrelated to my field at this institution		
10	Foundation or other nonprofit organization	•	
11	For-profit business or industry in the private sector		
12	Federal government, including military		
13	State or local government		
14	Other (PLEASE SPECIFY BELOW)		
	IF YOU HAD MORE THAN ONE JOB IN THE "OTHER" CAT CODE EMPLOYMENT SECTORS AS "14a," "14b," ETC.,		
	(a)		
,	(b)		
	(c)		
	(4)		•

13 of 2!

30. About how many of each of the following have you presented/published/etc. during your entire career and just during the last 2 years? For publications, please include works that have been accepted for publication. (PLEASE GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATES IF NOT SURE; IF NONE, CIRCLE "O")

0 No presentations/publications/etc.

		Number in past 2 years	Total during
	Articles or creative works published in refereed professional or trade journals		
	Articles or creative works published in nonrefereed professional or trade journals		
	Articles or creative works published in juried popular media		
	Articles or creative works published in nonjuried popular media or in-house newsletters	·	
	Published reviews of books, articles, or creative works		
	Chapters in edited volumes	· .	
	Textbooks	· .	
	Other books		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Monographs		
	Research or technical reports disseminated internally or to clients		
	Presentations at conferences, workshops, etc.		
	Exhibitions or performances in the fine or applied arts		
	Patents or copyrights (excluding thesis or dissertation)	<u> </u>	
	Computer software products		
<u>D.</u>	INSTITUTIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES AND WORKLOAD	,	
31.	During the 1987 Fall Term, how many graduate or undergraded theses, comprehensive exams, or orals committees did you this institution? (PLEASE ENTER A NUMBER IN EACH CATEGORY)	chair or serv	e on at
		nber served or did not chai	
	Thesis or dissertation committees		
	Comprehensive exams or orals committees (other than as part of thesis/dissertation committees)		



32. For each for-credit class or section that you taught at this institution during the 1987 Fall Term, please indicate below the number of hours per week that the class met; if the class was team taught, please indicate the average number of hours per week that you personally taught it. Next, please indicate the number and primary level of students enrolled; the class' primary setting; and the number of teaching assistants (TA's), readers, etc., who assisted you with the class.

Please do <u>not</u> include noncredit courses that you taught. Also, please do <u>not</u> include individualized instruction, such as independent study or individual (one-on-one) performance classes.

If you taught multiple sections of the same course, please count them as separate classes, but do <u>not</u> include the lab section of a course as a separate class.

Codes for primary level of students:			Codes for primary setting:			
1	Lower division students (first or second year) in program leading to	1	Lecture			
	associate or bachelor's degree		Seminar, discussion group			
2			Lab, clinic			
	seniors) in program leading to bachelor's degree	4	Fieldwork, field trips			
3	Graduate students (post-baccalaureate) · 5	Role playing, simulation, or other performance (e.g., art, music, drama) TV, radio, or other distance media			
4	Students in program leading to certificate or award other than associate, bachelor's, or graduate degree	6				
5	All other students	7	Any combination of the above			
6	Any combination of the above	*; 8	Other (PLEASE SPECIFY BELOW):			
	•		(a)			
		*•	(b)			
			(c)			
ho	ours per week Avg. # hours per week s	tudents	Primary Number level of Primary of TA's students setting readers, etc. (ENTER CODE)			
						
		· · ·				
		<u> </u>	· <u>- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</u>			



33.	For each type of student listed be received <u>individualized instruction</u> indicate the total number of containdividualized instruction to each (PLEASE GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATES I	<u>n</u> from you during ct hours <u>per weel</u> group.	g the 1987 F k that you s	all Term. Also pent providing	on			
	Provided <u>no</u> individualized instruction 0							
			<u>INDIVIDU</u>	ALIZED INSTRUCTION				
	Types of students at this in	stitution	Number of students	Total contact hour	rs			
	Lower division students (first or program leading to associate or ba	second year) in chelor's degree						
	Upper division students (juniors, program leading to bachelor's degr	seniors) in ee						
	Graduate students (post-baccalaure							
	Students in program leading to cer other than associate/bachelor's/gr	tificate/award aduate degree						
	All other students							
34.	During the 1987 Fall Term, were yo on any grants or contracts at this internal awards?	u a principal inv institution, inc	restigator or cluding servi	project director ice contracts or				
		Yes	1					
	·	No	2>	SKIP TO Q.36				
35.	For the grants and contracts for we during the 1987 Fall Term, please and their <u>total</u> dollar amount for If you were/are a principal invest please divide the total dollar amou (PLEASE GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATE FO	indicate below, b the 1987-88 acade <i>igator on a multi</i> unt by the number	y source, ho mic year. ple-investig	w many you had				
	Source of funding	Number of grants/contract	Total <u>s 1987-</u>	funding for the 88 academic year				
	Federal government		<u>\$</u>					
	State or local government		\$					
	Foundation or other nonprofit		\$					
	For-profit business or industry in the private sector							
	This institution							
	Other source (PLEASE SPECIFY)			— ——				
			•					

6.	On the average, how many hours per week did you spend at each of the f of work during the 1987 Fall Term? (PLEASE GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATES IF NOT SURE)	ollowing kinas
	Average number	hours per week 87 Fall Term
	All activities at this institution (teaching, research, administration, etc.)	
	Any other paid activities (e.g., consulting, working on other jobs)	
	Unpaid (pro bono) professional service activities	
7.	Please estimate the percentage of your total working hours (i.e., the listed in Question 36) that you spent on each of the following activit the 1987 Fall Term. (PLEASE GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATES IF NOT SURE; IF	ies during
	Note: The percentages you provide should sum to 100% of the total time you spent on professional activities.	<u>Percent</u>
	Working with student organizations or intramural athletics	
	Teaching, advising, or supervising students (other than those activities covered in the above category)	
	Grading papers, preparing courses, developing new curricula, etc.	
	Administrative activities (including paperwork; staff supervision; serving on in-house committees, such as the academic senate; etc.)	
	Research; scholarship; preparing or reviewing articles or books; attending or preparing for professional meetings or conferences; etc.	
	Giving performances or exhibitions in the fine or applied arts, or speeches	
•	Seeking outside funding (including proposal writing)	
	Taking courses, pursuing an advanced degree	
	Other professional development activities, such as practice or other activities to remain current in your field	
	Providing legal or medical services or psychological counseling to clients or patients	
	Outside consulting or freelance work, working at self-owned business	
	Paid or unpaid community or public service (civic, religious, etc.)	
	Other (PLEASE SPECIFY:)	

We know that this is tedious, but please be sure that the above adds to 100%

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E . BENEFITS AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES

38. During the 1987 Fall Term, were the following employee benefits available to you at this institution?

(PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH BENEFIT)

	A	<u>VAILAI</u>	BLE TO ME
	<u>Yes</u>	No	Don't know
Free or subsidized wellness or health promotion program (e.g., fitness or smoking cessation program)	1	2	9
Paid maternity leave	1	2	9
Paid paternity leave	1	2	9
Subsidized medical insurance or medical care	1	Ź	9
Subsidized dental insurance or dental care	1	2	9
Subsidized disability insurance	1	2	9
Subsidized life insurance	1	2	9
Retirement plan to which institution makes contributions	1	2	9
Retirement plan to which you make contributions but the institution does not	1	2	9
Tuition remission/grants at this or other institutions for spouse	1	2	9
Tuition remission/grants at this or other institutions for children	į	2	9
Subsidized child care	1	2	9
Subsidized housing/mortgage	1	2	9





- 39. Listed below are some ways that institutions and departments may use internal funds for the professional development of faculty members.
 - If a professional development activity was <u>not</u> available to you during the 1987 Fall Term, please circle the "Not Available" code
 - If an activity was available to you at this institution during the 1987 Fall Term, please indicate how adequate to <u>your</u> needs the funds available for that purpose were.
 - If you do not know whether an activity was available to you, please circle the "Don't Know" code.

(PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ITEM)

Institutional or departmental	NOT available		DEQUATE	ADEQUA	Don't know if this was	
<u>funding for:</u>	<u>to me</u>	<u>Very</u>	<u>Somewhat</u>	<u>Somewhat</u>	<u>Very</u>	<u>available</u>
Tuition remission at this or other institutions	0	1	2	3	4	9
Professional association memberships	· 0	1	2	3 .	4	9
Registration fees, etc., for workshops, conferences, etc.	0	1	2	3	. 4	9
Professional travel	0	1	2:	3	4	9
Training to improve research skills	0	· 1	2	3	4	9 .
Training to improve teaching skills	0	1	2	3	4	9
Retraining for fields in higher demand	0	1	2	3	: 4	9
Computer equipment	. 0	1	2	3	4	9

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G. COMPENSATION

Note: Your responses on these and all other items in this questionnaire are STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL, will be used only in statistical summaries, and will not be disclosed to your institution or to any individual or group. Furthermore, all information that would permit identification of individuals or institutions will be suppressed from the survey files.

40. For the <u>calendar year 1987</u>, please estimate your gross earnings <u>before taxes</u> from each of the sources listed below.

Please do not record any earnings in more than one category.

(PLEASE GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATES IF NOT SURE; IF NONE, ENTER "O")

Income from this institution:

Basic salary	\$
Other teaching at <u>this</u> institution not included in basic salary (e.g., for summer session)	·
Supplements not included in basic salary (for administration, research, coaching sports, etc.)	
Non-monetary compensation (e.g., food, housing, car) (Please give approximate value)	
Any other income from this institution	
ncome from other sources:	
Employment at <u>another</u> academic institution	
Legal or medical services or psychological counseling	
Outside consulting, consulting business, or freelance work	
Self-owned business (other than consulting)	
Professional performances or exhibitions	
Speaking fees, honoraria	
Royalties or commissions	
Any other employment	
Non-monetary compensation (e.g., food, housing, car) (Please give approximate value)	
Other sources of earned income (PLEASE SPECIFY:)	•
	·

<u>u.</u>	SUCTUDE HUGKAPHIC CH	ARACTERISTICS	· 1 · 4
41.	Your gender:		
	•	Male 1	
		Female 2	
		,	•
42	In what year were yo	ou born?	,
76.	in what year were ye	74 POLÍT: 19	
43.	Are you of Hispanic Cuban, Puerto Rican,	descentfor example, Mexican, Mexican-American etc.?	, Chicano
		Yes 1	
		No	
44	What is your race?	(PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)	
77.	milet is your race:		
		American Indian, Aleut, Eskimo 1	
		Asian or Pacific Islander (Japanese, Chinese, Filipino, Asian Indian,	
		Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian,	
		Guamanian, Samoan, other Asian) 2 Black	
			•
		White 4 Other (PLEASE SPECIFY BELOW) 5	
		other (remot or toll i below)	
			e produce de la companya de la comp
			•
45.	What is your current	marital status? (PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)	
	• ••	Single, never married 1	
	·	Married 2	
		Separated 3	
		Divorced 4	
		Widowed 5	,
	06 1 4		•
46.	Of what country are	you currently a citizen?	
		USA 1	
		Other (PLEASE SPECIFY BELOW) 2	



47. What is the highest level of formal education completed by your mother, your father, and your spouse? (PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH PERSON)

	<u>Mother</u>	<u>Father</u>	<u>Spouse</u>
Don't know/not applicable	0	0	0
Less than high school	1	1	1
High school diploma	2	2	2
Some college	3	3	3
Associate degree	4	4	4
Bachelor's degree	. 5	5	. 5
Master's degree	6	6	6
Doctorate or professional degree (e.g., PhD, MD, DVM, JD/LLB)	. 7	7	7
Other (PLEASE SPECIFY BELOW)	8	8	.

H. ACADEMIC INTERESTS AND VALUES

48. Please indicate the extent to which you agree or disagree with each of the following statements. (PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH STATEMENT)

	DIŞA	GREE	AG	REE	
t is important for faculty to particiate in governing their institutions. aculty promotions should be based at east in part on formal evaluations by students. The tenure system in higher education should be preserved. Teaching effectiveness should be the primary criterion for promotion of college faculty. The second publications should be the primary criterion for promotion of college faculty. The second publications should be the primary criterion for promotion of college faculty. The second publications should be the primary criterion for promotion of college faculty. The second publications is should be the primary criterion for promotion of college faculty. The second publications is likely to bring the second publications and improved	<u>Strongly</u>	<u>Somewhat</u>	<u>Somewhat</u>	Strongly	
General issues:					
It is important for faculty to participate in governing their institutions.	1	2	3	4	
Faculty promotions should be based at least in part on formal evaluations by students.	1	2	3	4	
The tenure system in higher education should be preserved.	1	2	3	4	
Teaching effectiveness should be the primary criterion for promotion of college faculty.	1	2	3 -	4	
Research/publications should be the primary criterion for promotion of college faculty.	1	2	3	:4	
Faculty should be free to present in class any idea they consider relevant.	1	2	3	4	
Collective bargaining is likely to bring overall higher salaries and improved benefits for faculty.	1	2	3	4	

(continued)



4; ", ...

	DISA	GREE	AG		
	Strongly	<u>Somewhat</u>	<u>Somewhat</u>	Strongly	<u>.</u>
Private consulting in areas directly related to a faculty member's field of research or					
teaching should be restricted.	1	2	3	4	
It is important to encourage students to consider a career in higher education.	1	2	3	4	
Institutional Issues:					
The administrative function is taking an increasingly heavy share of available resources		_	_		
at this institution.	<u> </u>		3	4	
At this institution, research is rewarded more than teaching.	1	2	3	4	Does not apply 0
Female faculty members are treated fairly at this institution	. 1	2	3	4	0
Faculty who are members of racial ethnic minorities are treated fair		-:	. ,		
at this institution.	. 1	2	3	4	0

49. Please indicate your opinion regarding whether each of the following has worsened, improved, or stayed the same in recent years.

(PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ITEM)

(FLEASE CINCLE ONE HOMBER FOR EACH TIEN)	Worsened	Stayed <u>the same</u>	<u>Improved</u>	Have <u>no idea</u>
The quality of undergraduate students in higher education	1	2	3	` 9
The quality of graduate students in my field	. 1	2	3	9
The quality of students who choose to pursue academic careers in my field	, 1	2	3	9
The opportunities junior faculty have for advancement in my field	. 1.	. 2	3	9
The professional competence of individuals entering my academic field	1	2	,3	9
Respect for the academic profession, generall	y 1	2	3	9

THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR PARTICIPATION

Please return this completed questionnaire in the enclosed franked envelope to:
National Survey of Postsecondary Faculty
SRI International, P.O. Box 2124, Menlo Park, CA 94025-2124
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CODES FOR MAJOR FIELDS OF STUDY AND ACADEMIC DISCIPLINES

	A		
	AGRICULTURE		EDUCATION
001	Agribusiness & Agricultural Production	038	Education, General
002	Agricultural, Animal, Food, & Plant	039	Basic Skills
	Sciences	040	Bilingual/Cross-cultural education
003	Renewable Natural Resources, including	041	Curriculum & Instruction
	Conservation, Fishing, & Forestry	042	Education Administration
004	Other Agriculture	043	Education Evaluation and Research
	·	044	Educational Psychology
	ARCHITECTURE & ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN	045	Special Education
005	Architecture & Environmental Design	046	Student Counseling & Personnel Sycs.
006	City, Community, & Regional Planning	047	Other Education
007	Interior Design	047	other Education
800	Land Use Management and Reclamation		Tancham Education
009	Other Arch. & Environmental Design	048	Teacher Education
	one we are a city to online it at Design		Pre-Elementary
	ART	049	Elementary
010	Art History and Appreciation	050	Secondary
011	Crafts	051	Adult & Continuing
012	Dance	052	Other General Teacher Ed. Programs
013	Design (other than Arch. or Interior)	053	Teacher Education in Specific
014	Dramatic Arts		Subjects
015	Film Arts		
016	Fine Arts		ENGINEERING
017	Music	054	Engineering, General
018		055	Civil Engineering
019	Music History and Appreciation	056	Electrical, Electronics, &
013	Other Visual & Performing Arts		Communication Engineering
	DICTNECC	057	Mechanical Engineering
020	BUSINESS	058	Other Engineering
021	Accounting	059	Engineering-Related Technologies
022	Banking & Finance		·
	Business Administration & Management		ENGLISH AND LITERATURE
023	Business Administrative Support (e.g.,	060	English, General
	Bookkeeping, Office Management,	061	Composition and Creative Writing
024	Secretarial)	062	American Literature
024	Human Resources Development	063	English Literature
025	Organizational Behavior	064	Linguistics
026	Marketing & Distribution	065	Speech, Debate, & Forensics
027	Other Business	066	English as a Second Language
	00.00.00	067	English, Other
000	COMMUNICATIONS		3 , come.
028	Advertising		FOREIGN LANGUAGES
029	Broadcasting and Journalism	068	Chinese (Mandarin, Cantonese,
030	Communications Research		or Other Chinese)
031	Communication Technologies	069	French
032	Other Communications	070	German
		071	Italian
	COMPUTER SCIENCE	072	Latin
033	Computer & Information Sciences	073	Japanese
034	Computer Programming	074	Other Asian
035	Data Processing	075	Russian or Other Slavic
036	Systems Analysis	076	Spanish
037	Other Computer Science	077	Other Foreign Languages
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0//	outer roreigh Languages

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CODES FOR MAJOR FIELDS OF STUDY AND ACADEMIC DISCIPLINES (continued)

	CODES FOR PROOR FILEDS OF STODE AND	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	HEALTH SCIENCES		SOCIAL SCIENCES
078	Allied Health Technologies & Services	110	Social Sciences, General
079	Dentistry	111	Anthropology
080	Health Services Administration	112	Archeology
081	Medicine, including Psychiatry	113	Area & Ethnic Studies
082	Nursing	114	Demography
083	Pharmacy	115	Economics
084	Public Health	116	Geography
085	Veterinary Medicine	117	History
086	Other Health Sciences	118	International Relations
000	Other hearth serences	119	Political Science & Government
087	HOME ECONOMICS	120	Sociology
00,	TIONE LOOKOTTOO	121	Other Social Sciences
088	INDUSTRIAL ARTS		other bottal belefices
	,		VOCATIONAL TRAINING
089	LAW		· ·
-	<u> </u>		Construction Trades
090	LIBRARY & ARCHIVAL SCIENCES	122	Carpentry
		123	Electrician
	NATURAL SCIENCES	124	Plumbing
091	Life or Physical Sciences, General	125	Other Construction Trades
092	Astronomy		
093	Biology		Consumer, Personal, & Misc. Services
094	Botany	126	Personal Services (e.g., Barbering,
095	Chemistry		Cosmetology)
096	Geological Sciences	127	Other Consumer Services
097	Physics		
098	Physiology		Mechanics and Repairers
099	Zoology	128	Electrical & Electronics Equipment
100	Other Natural Sciences		Repair
	•	129	Heating, Air Conditioning, &
101	MATHEMATICS & STATISTICS		Refrigeration Mechanics & Repairers
		130	Vehicle & Mobile Equipment Mechanics
102	MILITARY STUDIES		& Repairers
		131	Other Mechanics and Repairers
103	MULTI/INTERDISCIPLINARY STUDIES		
			Precision Production
104	PARKS_& RECREATION	132	Drafting
		133	Graphic & Print Communications
105	PHILOSOPHY, RELIGION, & THEOLOGY	134	Leatherworking and Upholstering
		135	Precision Metal Work
106	<u>PSYCHOLOGY</u>	136	Woodworking
		137	Other Precision Production Work
107	<u>PROTECTIVE SERVICES</u> (e.g., Criminal		
	Justice, Fire Protection)		Transportation and Material Moving
		138	Air Transportation (e.g., Piloting,
108	PUBLIC AFFAIRS (e.g., Community		Traffic Control, Flight Attendance,
	Services, Public Administration,		Aviation Management)
	Public Works, Social Work)	139	Land Vehicle & Equipment Operation
100	COTENCE TECHNOLOGIEC	140	Water Transportation (e.g., Boat and
109	SCIENCE TECHNOLOGIES		Fishing Operations, Deep Water
			Diving, Marina Operations,
		141	Sailors and Deckhands)
		141	Other Transportation and Material
			Moving
	, <u> </u>		071150



Appendix C

1988 NSOPF Institution Questionnaire



NATIONAL SURVEY OF POSTSECONDARY FACULTY Institutional Questionnaire

PLEASE READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS

This questionnaire was designed to be completed by spokespersons in 2and 4-year postsecondary institutions of all sizes. Because there is such a wide variety of these institutions, some of the questions may not be worded quite appropriately for your institution. We would appreciate your tolerance of these difficulties.

If your institution has multiple campuses, please answer only for the campus to which the questionnaire was addressed.

If your institution has BOTH lay faculty and those assigned by a religious order, a few questions may require different answers for the two groups. If this occurs, please call Dr. Susan Russell (collect) at 415-859-4164 for instructions on how to proceed. We apologize for any inconvenience this may cause you.

Obtaining counts of different kinds of faculty is an important part of this study. If you cannot provide "hard" data for some of the "numbers" questions, please provide your best estimates.

1. On what type of academic calendar does your institution operate? (PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)

Semester .	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1
Trimester	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	2
Quarter .	•		•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•		3
4 - 1 - 4	cal	end	ar	•	•	•	•	٠.	•	•	•	•	•	•	4
Other (PLE	ASE	SF	EC	IF	Y	BE	LO'	W)	•			•	•	•	5

PLEASE NOTE: Many of our questions ask about the status of your institution during the 1987 Fall Term. By this, we mean whatever academic term was in progress on October 15, 1987.

ø	1	5	2	5	,	7,5	Δ	n	

By full-time instructional faculty, we mean those members of your institution's instruction/research staff who are employed full-time (as defined by the institution) and whose regular assignment includes instruction.

Include:

- Regular full-time instructional faculty.
- Those who <u>contribute</u> their services, such as members of religious orders.
- Those on sabbatical leave.
- Administrators such as department chairs or deans who hold full-time faculty rank and whose regular assignment includes instruction.

Do not include:

- Replacements for faculty on sabbatical leave.
 - Others with adjunct, acting, or visiting appointments.
 - Faculty on leave without pay.
 - Teaching assistants.

2.	During the 1987 Fall Term, did your institution have any full-time
	instructional faculty, as defined above?
	(PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)

Note:	Questions Questions		full-time part-time														
			No	•			•		•	•	. 2	>	SKI	P TO	PA	GΕ	8
		•	•,90		•	• •	•	•	•	•	•		-				

3. Does your institution have a tenure system for any of your full-time instructional faculty? (PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)

Yes	}	•	÷	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1
No	•		•								2

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TIME INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY (continued)

<u>ULL</u>	L-ITHE INSTRUCTIONAL PACOLITY (CONTINUE	EG /		
4.	During the 1987 Fall Term, how many finstitution have in each of the categ	full-time inst gories below?	tructional facu	lty members did your
	If there are no academic ranks at you only the line for "other full-time in	ur institution Instructional i	n, please compl faculty."	ete
	(PLEASE ENTER A NUMBER IN EACH CATEGO	ORY; IF NONE,	PLEASE ENTER "	'0")
	Professor:		<u>.</u>	
	Associate Professor:			
	Assistant Professor:			
	Instructor:			
	Lecturer:			
	Other full-time inst faculty, including t no academic ranks:			
	TOTAL FULL-TIME INST FACULTY DURING 1987	RUCTIONAL FALL TERM:		·
	(PLEASE GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATE IF	•		
6.	i. How many full-time instructional far following categories?	culty and you	r inscitation i	1446 th each or the
	(PLEASE ENTER A NUMBER IN EACH CATE	GORY; IF NONE	, PLEASE ENTER	"0")
	Number on the staff during the <u>19</u> (NOTE: Nineteen eighty- <u>six</u>)	986 Fall Term:	•	
	Number who <u>retired</u> between the be the 1986 Fall Term and the beginn 1987 Fall Term:	ginning of ling of the		
	Number who <u>left</u> the institution to beginning of the 1986 Fall Term a beginning of the 1987 Fall Term, other than retirement:	and the		
	Number on the staff at the begin	ning of the	·	
-D	1987 Fall Term who were <u>hired</u> si the beginning of the 1986 Fall To			
EK Full Text Provid			211	

FULL-TIME INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY (continued)

īr ī	TENURE SYSTEM, PLEASE SKIP TO QUESTION 13, ON PAGE 6.
7.	During the 1986-87 academic year (i.e., Fall '86 through Spring '87), how many instructional faculty at your institution were considered for tenure, and how many were granted tenure?
	(PLEASE ENTER A NUMBER IN EACH CATEGORY; IF NONE, PLEASE ENTER "O")
	Number considered for tenure:
	Number granted tenure:
8.	faculty did your institution have?
	(PLEASE ENTER A NUMBER IN EACH CATEGORY; IF NONE, PLEASE ENTER "0")
	1986 Fall Term 1987 Fall Term
	Tenured instructional faculty:
	Tenure-track (but not tenured) instructional faculty:
9.	How many <u>tenured</u> instructional faculty (if any) left your institution for each of the following reasons between the beginning of the 1986 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1987 Fall Term? (PLEASE ENTER A NUMBER IN EACH CATEGORY; IF NONE, PLEASE ENTER "0")
	Through retirement:
	To assume another position:
	Formally removed for cause (e.g., for neglect of duty, incompetence, moral turpitude, fraud, or insubordination):
	Dismissed because of institutional budget pressures or program closures:
	For other reasons (e.g., death, disability):

FULL	-TIME INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY (continued)
10.	Is there a maximum number of years an instructional faculty member can be on a tenure track and not receive tenure at your institution? (PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER AND SPECIFY THE MAXIMUM, IF APPLICABLE)
	Yes
	No 2
11.	Does your institution currently have an upper limit (either formal or informal) or the percentage of full-time instructional faculty who are tenured? (PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER AND SPECIFY PERCENTAGE, IF APPLICABLE)
	Yes
	No
12.	During the past three years, has your institution done any of the following? (PLEASE CIRCLE ALL THAT APPLY AND SPECIFY NUMBERS, IF APPLICABLE) Offered optional early or phased retirement 1 NUMBER WHO EXERCISED THIS OPTION IN THE 1986-87 ACADEMIC YEAR:
	Changed the upper limit on the percentage of full-time faculty who may be tenured 2 PREVIOUS PERCENTAGE:
	Changed the maximum number of years a person can be on tenure track and not receive tenure 3 PREVIOUS MAXIMUM NUMBER OF YEARS:
	Replaced some tenured or tenure-track positions with fixed-term contract positions 4
	Raised the standards for granting tenure or tightened the application of the standards 5
	Taken other actions designed to lower the percent of tenured faculty, or having that effect (PLEASE SPECIFY TYPE OF ACTIONS BELOW:) 6
	None of the above

FULL-TIME INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY (continued)

	_ ,
13.	Are any of your full-time instructional faculty legally represented by a union (other association) for purposes of collective bargaining? (PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER AND SPECIFY PERCENT, IF APPLICABLE)
	Yes
	No 2
14.	Which of the following employee benefits are available to <u>any</u> of your full-time instructional faculty? (PLEASE CIRCLE ALL THAT APPLY)
	Free or subsidized wellness program or health promotion program (e.g., fitness program, smoking cessation program)
	Paid maternity leave
	Paid paternity leave
	Subsidized medical insurance or medical care 04
	Subsidized dental insurance or dental care 05
	Subsidized disability insurance
	Subsidized life insurance
	Tuition remission/grants at this or other institutions for spouse
	Tuition remission/grants at this or other institutions for children



Subsidized child care . . .

Subsidized housing/mortgages

Free or subsidized meals . .

None of the above

FULL-TIME INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY (continued)

15. Please indicate whether each of the retirement plans listed below is available to at least some of your full-time instructional faculty. For those that are available, ple se specify whether they are subsidized by your institution and the approximate number of full-time instructional faculty who participate in each.

(PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH PLAN AND SPECIFY NUMBERS, AS APPLICABLE)

		AVAI	LABLE	Approximate number
	Not <u>available</u>	Subsidized by institution	Not subsidized by institution	full-time instructional faculty participants
TIAA/CREF	1	2	3	·
State plan	1	2	3	
:01(k) or :03(b) plan	1	2	3	
Jther retiremen	t 1	2	3	

16. Does your institution have a "cafeteria-style" benefits plan for your full-time instructional faculty? (A cafeteria-style plan is one under which staff can trade off some benefits for others, following guidelines established by the institution.)

17. What is the average percentage of salary that is contributed by your institution to a full-time instructional faculty member's total benefits package?

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PART-TIME INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY

n .	EAS		2	10	
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, -		-	,,_,	~~	

By part-ti. instructional faculty, we mean those members of your institution's instruction/research staff who are employed part-time (as defined by the institution) and whose regular assignment at your institution includes instruction.

- Regular part-timè instructional faculty.
- Those who contribute their services, such as members of religious orders.

 Part-time replacements for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave without pay.
- Others with part-time adjunct, acting, or visiting appointments.

Do not include:

- * Faculty on leave without pay.
- Teaching assistants.

18.	During the faculty, a	1987 s defin	Fáll Term ned above	, địd yòur ?	institution	have	any	part-time	instructional
				•					

Yes 1

. 2 -> SKIP TO END OF PAGE 9

19. During the 1987 Fall Torm, how many part-time instructional faculty did your institution have? (PLEASE GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATE IF "HARD" DATA ARE NOT AVAILABLE)

(PLEASE GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATE IF "HARD" DATA ARE NOT AVAILABLE)

How many of these part-timers (as indicated in Question 19) had adjunct, acting, or visiting appointments?

21. Does your institution have a tenure system for any of your part-time instructional faculty?

Yes 1

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PART-TIME INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY (continued)

22.	Are any of your part-time instructional faculty legally represented by a union (or
_	other association) for purposes of collective bargaining?
	(PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBE. AND SPECIFY PERCENT, IF APPLICABLE)

Yes	•	•		TAF				1.	_	_	_"
No		_	_	_	_			2			

23. Please indicate whether each of the retirement plans listed below is available to at least some of your part-time instructional faculty. For those that are available, please specify the approximate number of part-time instructional faculty who participate in each.

(PLEASE CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH PLAN AND SPECIFY NUMBERS, AS APPLICABLE)

		AVAI	LABLE	Approximate number
	Not	Subsidized by	Not subsidized by institution	part-time instructional faculty participants
TIAA/CREF	1	2	3	
State plan	1	2	3	
401(k) or 403(b) plan	1	2.	3	·
Other retiremen	t 1	2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -	3	

24. Does your institution have a "cafeteria-style" benefits plan for your part-time instructional faculty? (A cafeteria-style plan is one under which staff can trade off some benefits for others, following guidelines established by the institution.)

25. What is the average percentage of salary that is contributed by your institution to part-time instructional faculty members' total benefits package?

THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR PARTICIPATION

Please return this completed questionnaire in the enclosed franked envelope to:

National Survey of Postsecondary Faculty

SRI International, P.O. Box 2124, Menlo Park, CA 94025-2124



Appendix D

1993 NSOPF Faculty Questionnaire and Reinterview Questionnaire—Pilot Test



OMB: No. 1850-0608 Expiration Date: 12/93

U.S. Department of Education Office of Educational Research and Improvement

National Center for Education Statistics

1993 NATIONAL STUDY OF POSTSECONDARY FACULTY

Pilot Test

FACULTY QUESTIONNAIRE



All information on this form will be kept confidential and will not be disclosed or released to your institution or any other group or individual.

Co-sponsored by: National Science Foundation

National Endowment for the Humanities

Contractor:

National Opinion Research Center (NORC)

University of Chicago 1155 East 60th Street Chicago, Illinois 60637

Toll-Free Number: 1-800-733-NORC



NATIONAL STUDY OF POSTSECONDARY FACULTY Instructions for Completing Faculty Questionnaire

Many of our questions ask about your activities during the 1991 Fall Term. By this, we mean whatever academic term was in progress on October 15, 1991.

All questions that ask about your current position or "this" institution refer to your position during the 1991 Fall Term at the institution listed on the label on the back cover of the questionnaire.

This questionnaire was designed to be completed by both full- and part-time instructional and noninstructional faculty in 2- and 4-year postsecondary institutions of all types and sizes. Please read each question carefully and follow all instructions. Some of the questions may not appear to fit your situation precisely; if you have a response other than those listed for a particular question, write in that response.

Most questions ask you to circle a number to indicate your response. Circle the number in front of your response and not the response uself. Other questions ask you to fill in information; write in the information in the space provided.

Please keep track of how long it takes you to fill out the questionnaire and indicate the time on page 27.

Mailing instructions for returning the completed questionnaire are also on page 27.

If you have any questions on how to proceed, please call NORC toll-free at 1-800-733-NORC.

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NATIONAL STUDY OF POSTSECONDARY FACULTY: Faculty Questionnaire

1.	(e	uring the 1991 Fall Term, did you have any <u>instructional</u> duties at this institution .g., teaching one or more courses, or advising or supervising students' academic activities)? IRCLE ONE NUMBER)										
	1.	Yes (ANSWER A) 2. No (SKIP TO QUESTION 2)										
L.,	A.	A. During the 1991 Fall Term, were all or some of your instructional duties related to for-credit courses, * were <u>all</u> of your instructional duties related to <u>non</u> credit courses? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)										
		1. All of my instructional duties were related for-credit courses										
		2. Some of my instructional duties were related to for-credit courses										
		3. All of my instructional duties were related to noncredit courses										
		4. Did not teach any courses										
2.	re	hat was your principal activity at this institution during the 1991 Fall Term? If you have equal sponsibilities, please select one. IRCLE ONE NUMBER)										
	1.	Teaching										
	2.	Research										
	3.	Technical activities (programmer, technician, etc.)										
		Clinical service										
	5.	Community/public service										
	6.	Administration (WRITE IN TITLE OR POSITION)										
	7.	Other (subsidized performer, artist-in-residence, etc.)										
		None of the above; on sabbatical from this institution										
3.	During the 1991 Fall Term, did you have faculty status at this institution? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)											
	1. Yes											
	2.	No, I did not have faculty status										
	3.	3. No, no one has faculty status at this institution										

SECTION A. NATURE OF EMPLOYMENT

- During the 1991 Fall Term, did this institution consider you to be employed here full-time or part-time? 4.
- (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
 - 1. Full-time
 - 2. Part-time
- During the 1991 Fall Term, were you employed only at this institution, or did you also have other 5. employment including any outside consulting or other self-owned business? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
 - 1. Employed only at this institution (SKIP TO QUESTION 7)
 - 2. Had other employment or consulting
- Other than this institution, were you employed either full-time or part-time in any of the following ways 6. during the 1991 Fall Term? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER ON EACH LINE)

Yes: Full-time (35+ hrs/wk)	Yes: Part-time (<35 hrs/wk)	No: Neither full or part-time	Employment sector
1 .	2	3	 a. On staff of a doctoral granting university or college (including professional schools)
1	2	3	b. On staff of a 4-year college or university
1	2	3	c. On staff of a 2-year postsecondary institution
1	2	3	d. On staff of a less than 2-year postsecondary institution
1	2	3	e. On staff of an elementary or secondary school
1	2	3	f. Consulting, doing freelance work, or in a self-owned business
1	2	3	g. On staff of a hospital or other health care/clinical setting
1	2	3	h. On staff of a foundation or other nonprofit organization
1	2	3	i. On staff of a for-profit business or industry in the private sector
1	2	3 -	 j. Federal government employee, including military, or state or local government employee
1	2	3	k. Other (WRITE IN)

- Were you chairperson of a department or division at this institution during the 1991 Fall Term? 7. (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
 - 1. Yes
 - 2. No
- In what year did you begin your current job at this institution? Include promotions in rank as part of your 8. current job. (WRITE IN NUMBER)

19	



≯.	(CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)	
	1. Tenured → In what year did you achieve tenure at this institution? 19	(SKIP TO QUEST
	2. On tenure track but not tenured	
	3. Not on tenure track	•.
	4. Not applicable: no tenure system for my faculty status	
	5. Not applicable: no tenure system at this institution	
10.	During the 1991 Fall Term, what was the duration of your contract or appointmen (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)	t at this institution?
	1. One academic term	
	2. One academic/calendar year	
	3. Two or more academic/calendar years	
	4. Unspecified duration	•
	5. Other (WRITE IN)	
11. •	Which of the following best describes your academic rank (title/position) at this ins Fall Term? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)	stitution during the 1991
	1. Not applicable: no ranks designated at this institution (SKIP TO QUESTION 13)	
	2. Professor	
	3. Associate Professor	
	4. Assistant Professor	
	5. Instructor	
	6. Lecturer	
	7. Other (WRITE IN)	
12.	In what year did you first achieve this rank? (WRITE IN YEAR)	
	19	
13.	During the 1991 Fall Term, did you hold any of the following kinds of appointmen (CIRCLE ALL THAT APPLY)	ts at this institution?
٠.	1. Acting	•
	2. Affiliate or adjunct	
	3. Visiting	
	4. Assigned by religious order	•
	5. None of the above	

•	What is your <u>principal</u> field or discipline of teaching? (REFER TO THE LIST OF MAJOR FIELDS OF STUDY ON PAGES 5 AND 6 AND ENTER THE APPROPRIATE CODE NUMBER AND NAME BELOW. IF YOU HAVE NO FIELD OF TEACHING, CIRCLE "NA.")
---	---

NA. Not Applicable	
CODE FOR FIELD OR DISCIPLINE:	NAME OF PRINCIPAL FIELD/DISCIPLINE
What is your <u>principal</u> area of research CIRCLE "NA.")	? If equal areas, select one. (IF YOU HAVE NO RESEARCH AREA
NA. Not Applicable	
CODE FOR FIELD OR DISCIPLINE:	NAME OF PRINCIPAL FIELD/DISCIPLINE

	CODES FOR MAJOR FIELDS OF STUDY AN	D ACAI	DEMIC DISCIPLINES
	AGRICULTURE		COMPUTER SCIENCE
101	Agribusiness & Agricultural Production	201	Computer & Information Sciences
102	Agricultural, Animal, Food, & Plant	202	Computer Programming
102	Sciences	203	Data Processing
103	Renewable Natural Resources, including	204	Systems Analysis
	Conservation, Fishing, & Forestry	210	Other Computer Science
110	Other Agriculture		
			EDUCATION
	ARCHITECTURE & ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN	221	Education, General
121	Architecture & Environmental Design	222	Basic Skills
122	City, Community, & Regional Planning	223	Bilingual/Cross-cultural Education
123	Interior Design	224	Curriculum & Instruction
124	Land Use Management & Reclamation	225	Education Administration
130	Other Arch. & Environmental Design	226	Education Evaluation & Research
		227	Educational Psychology
	ART	228	Special Education
141	Art History & Appreciation	229	Student Counseling & Personnel Sv
142	Crafts	230	Other Education
143	Dence		
144	Design (other than Arch. or Interior)		TEACHER EDUCATION
145	Dramatic Arts	241	Pre-Elementary
146	Film Arts	242	Elementary
147	Pine Arts	243	Secondary
148	Music	244	Adult & Continuing
149	Music History & Appreciation	245	
150	Other Visual & Performing Arts	250	Teacher Education in Specific Subje
	BUSINESS		ENGINEERING
161	Accounting	261	Engineering, General
162	Banking & Finance	262	Civil Engineering
163	Business Administration & Management	263	Electrical, Electronics, &
164	Business Administrative Support (e.g., Bookkeeping.		Communication Engineering
	Office Management, Secretarial)	264	Mechanical Engineering
165	Human Resources Development	265	Chemical Engineering
166	Organizational Behavior	270	Other Engineering
167	Marketing & Distribution	280	Engineering-Related Technologies
170	Other Business		
	COMMUNICATIONS		
181	Advertising		
182	Broadcasting & Journalism		
183	Communications Research		
184	Communication Technologies		
190	Other Communications		



15. •

292 Composition & Creative Writing 293 American Literature 294 English Literature 295 Linguistics 296 Spoech, Debaue, & Forensies 296 English, Other 297 English as 4 Second Language 298 English, Other 299 English, Other 299 English, Other 290 English, Other 290 English, Other 290 English, Other 291 Common Sciences, or Other Chinese) 291 Common Sciences, or Other Chinese) 292 Anthropology 293 Area & Elimic Studies 293 Area & Elimic Studies 294 Area & Elimic Studies 295 English, Other 296 Area & Elimic Studies 297 English Studies 298 Area & Elimic Studies 299 English Studies 299 English Studies 290 English Studies 290 English Studies 290 English Studies 290 English Studies 291 English Studies 291 English Studies 292 Area & Elimic Studies 293 Area & Elimic Studies 294 Area & Elimic Studies 295 English Studies 296 English Studies 297 English Studies 298 English Studies 299 English Studies 290 English Studies 290 English Studies 290 English Studies 291 English Studies 291 English Studies 292 English Studies 293 Area & Elimic Studies 294 English Studies 295 English Studies 296 English Studies 297 English Studies 298 English Studies 299 English Studies 299 English Studies 290 English Studies 290 English Studies 290 English Studies 290 English Studies 291 English Studies 290 English Studies 29	291	ENGLISH AND LITERATURE	480	PSYCHOLOGY
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TIV READIUM & INCULATE COMMENCE OF THE APPROXICATION AND APPROXICATION APPROXICATION AND APPROXICATION APPROXI	470	RELIGION & THEOLOGY		WRITE IN A COMPLETE DESCRIPTION AT QUESTIONS 14-15, 18 OR 23)

SECTION B. ACADEMIC/PROFESSIONAL BACKGROUND

- 16. Which of the following undergraduate academic honors or awards, if any, did you receive? (CIRCLE ALL THAT APPLY)
 - 1. National academic honor society, such as Phi Beta Kappa, Tau Beta Pi, or other field-specific national honor society
 - 2. Cum laude or honors
 - 3. Magna cum laude or high honors
 - 4. Summa cum laude or highest honors
 - 5. Other undergraduate academic achievement award
 - 6. None of the above
- 17. When you were in graduate school, which of the following, if any, did you receive? (CIRCLE ALL THAT APPLY)
 - 1. Doesn't apply: did not attend graduate school
 - 2. Teaching assistantship
 - 3. Research assistantship
 - 4. Program or residence hall assistantship
 - 5. Fellowship
 - 6. Scholarship or traineeship
 - 7. Grant
 - 8. G.I. Bill or other veterans' financial aid
 - 9. Federal or state loan
 - 10. Other loan
 - 11. None of the above



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18. Please list below each degree or other formal award that you hold, the year you received it, the field code (from pages 5-6) that applies, name of the field, and the name and location of the institution from which you received it.

Do not list honorary degrees. (COMPLETE ALL COLUMNS FOR EACH DEGREE)

CODES FOR TYPE OF DEGREE

- 1 Certificate, diploma, or degree for completion of undergraduate program of at least 1 year but less than 2 years in length
- 2 Associate's degree or equivalent
- 3 Certificate, diploma, or degree for completion of undergraduate program of more than 2 years but less than 4 years in length
- 4 Bachelor's degree or equivalent
- 5 Master's degree or equivalent
- 6 Doctoral degree (Ph.D., Ed.D., etc.)
- 7 Professional degree (M.D., D.D.S., L.L.B., etc.)

A. Degree code (see above)	B. Year received	C. Field code (from p. 5-6)	D. Name of Field (from p. 5-6)	E. Name of Institution and City and State/Country of Institution
(1st)	19		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(2nd)	19	•		
(3rd)	19	.——	·	
(4th)	19		}	
(5th)	19			
(6th)	19			<u>. </u>

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- 19. For the five most recent and significant main jobs that you have held, indicate below the years you began and left each job, the employment sector, your primary responsibility, and whether employed full- or part-time.
 - . Do not count your current position at this institution.
 - . Do not list promotions in rank at one place of employment as different jobs.
 - . Do not include temporary sitions or work as a graduate student.
 - . List each job (other than promotion in rank) separately.

		 _			 _
A. YEARS JOB HELD	•FIRST PREVIOUS MAIN JOB	•SECOND PREVIOUS MAIN JOB	*THIRD PREVIOUS MAIN JOB	FOURTH PREVIOUS MAIN JOB	FIFTH PREVIOUS MAIN JOB
FROM:	19	19	19	19	19
TO:	19	19	19	19	19
B. EMPLOYMENT SECTOR	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)
Doctoral granting university or college (including professional schools)	1	1	1	1	1
Other 4-year college or university	2	2	2	2	2
2-year postsecondary institution	3	3	3	3	. 3
Less-than-2-year postsecondary institution	4	4	4	4	4
Elementary or secondary school	5	5	5	5	5
Consulting, freelance work, or self- owned business	6	6	6	6	6
Hospital or other health care or clinical setting	7	7	. 7	7	7
Foundation or other nonprofit organization	8	8	8	8	8
For-profit business or industry in the private sector	9	9	9	9	9
Federal government, including military, or state or local government	10	10	10	10	10
Other	11	11	11	11	11
C. PRIMARY RESPONSIBILITY	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)
- Teaching	1	1	1	1	1
Research	2	2	2	2	2
Technical activities (e.g., programmer, technician, chemist, engineer, etc.)	3	3	3	3	3
Clinical service	4	4	4	4	4
Community/public service	'5	· 5	5	5	5
Administration	6	6	6	6 -	6
Other	7	7	7	7	7
D. FULL-TIME/PART-TIME	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)
Full-time	1	1	1	1	1
Part-time	2	2	2	2	2

		GIVE YOUR BE						(I KESENTEL
	NA. No present		ns/etc. (GOTC	UESTI	ON 21)			
	A. Number in past 2 years	B. Total during career						
			a. Articles p	ublished in	refereed prof	fessional or t	rade journals	
							or trade journals	
			c. Creative w				•	
			d. Creative w	vorks publi:	shed in nonju	ried media o	or in-house newslett	ers
			e. Published					
	· ·			n edited vo		,		
			g. Textbooks	;				
			h. Other book	ks			·	
			i. Monograpi	hs				
				or technical	reports disse	minated inte	rnally	
			k. Presentation	ons at confe	rences, work	shons: etc		•
					nances in the	_	lied arts	
			m. Patents or			= =		
			n. Computer			10212 01 01230	radon)	
€C	TION C. INST	TITUTIONAL I	ESPONSIBIL	a Calla ste	D WODKI (MD		
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For each for-credit class or section that you taught at this institution during the 1991 Fall Term, please answer the following items. Do not include noncredit courses or individualized instruction, such as independent study or individual one-on-one performance classes.

If you taught multiple sections of the same course, count them as separate classes, but do not include the lab section of the course as a separate class. For each class, enter the code for the academic discipline of the class. (Refer to pages 5-6 for the codes.)

		FIRST	CLASS	SECON	D CLASS
A. •	CODE FOR ACADEMIC DISCIPLINE OF CLASS (from p. 5-6)				
B.	DURING 1991 FALL TERM				
	(1) Number of weeks the class met?			· —	
	* (2) Number of hours the class met per week?	·			
	(3) Number of teaching assistants, readers?				
	• (4) Number of students enrolled?				
	IF TEAM TAUGHT: (5) Average # hours per week you taught the class? (CIRCLE "NA" IF NOT TEAM TAUGHT)		NA		NA
C.	PRIMARY LEVEL OF STUDENTS	(CIRCI	LE ONE)	(CIRCI	LE ONE)
	Lower division students (first or second year postsecondary) or		1	,, , ,	1
	upper division students (third or fourth year postsecondary) $\underline{\text{or}}$		2		2
	graduate or any other post-haccalaureate students, or		3		3
	all other students?		4		4
D. E.	INSTRUCTIONAL METHODS USED (CIRCLE ALL THAT APPLY IN COLUMN D) Of those methods (circled in column D), which one was the	(D) All Methods Used	(E) Primary Method Used	(D) All Methods Used	(E) Primary Method Used
	primary instructional method? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER IN COLUMN E)				
	Lecture	1	1	1	1
	Seminar	2	2	2	2
	Discussion group	3	3 .	3	· 3
	Lah, clinic	4	4 .	4	4
	Field work, field trips	5	5	5	5
	Role playing, simulation, or other performance (e.g., art, music, drama)	6	6	6	6
	TV, radio, or other distance media	7	7	7	. 7
	Group projects	8	8	8	8
	Applied or experiential learning	9	9	9	. 9
	Other	10	10	10	10



		1		
THIRD CLASS	FOURTH CLASS	FIFTH CLASS	SIXTH CLASS	
				
NA	NA	NA ,	NA	
			. —	
(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)	
1	1	1	1	
2	2	2	2	
3	3	3	3	
4	4	4	4	
(D) (E) All Primary Methods Method Used Used	(D) (E) Ali Primary Methods Method Used Used	(D) (E) All Primary Methods Method Used Used	(D) (E) All Primary Methods Method Used Used	
1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	
2 2	2 2	2 2	. 2 2	
3 3	3 3	3 3	3 3	
4 4	4 4	4, 4	4 4	
5 5	5 5	5 5	5 5	
6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	
7 7	7 7	7 7	7 7	
8 8	8 . 8	8 8	8 8	
9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9	
10 10	. 10 10	10 10	10 10	

For each type of student listed below, please indicate how many students received individual instruction (e.g., 24. independent study or one-on-one instruction, etc.) from you during the 1991 Fall Term, and the total number of contact hours with these students per week. Do not count regularly scheduled office hours. (WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0.") FORMAL INDIVIDUALIZED INSTRUCTION A. Number of Total contact students hours per week a. Lower division students (first or second year postsecondary) b. Upper division students (third or fourth year postsecondary) c. Graduate or any other post-baccalaureate students d. All other students 25A. During the 1991 Fall Term, how many regularly scheduled office hours did you have per week? (WRITE IN A NUMBER; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0,") Number of hours per week 25B. During the 1991 Fall Term, how much informal contact with students did you have each week outside of the classroom? Do not count individual instruction, independent study, etc., or regularly scheduled office hours. (WRITE IN A NUMBER; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0.") Number of hours per week 26. Did you teach any undergraduate courses for credit during the 1991 Fall Term at this institution? 1. Yes (ANSWER A) 2. No (GO TO QUESTION 27) In how many of the undergraduate courses that you taught during the 1991 Fall Term did you use . . . (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ITEM) None Some All 3 1 2 a. Computer or machine aided instruction? 2 3 1 b. Student-selected topics for course content? 2 1 3 c. Student presentations? 1 2 3 d. Student evaluations of each other's work? 2 1 3 e. Multiple-choice midterm and/or final exam? 1 2 3 f. Essay midterm and/or final exams? 2 1 3 g. Short-answer midterm and/or final exams? 1 2 3 h. Multiple choice and/or short answer quizzes? 1 2 3 i. Weekly essay assignments? 1 2 3 i. Term-research papers? 2 3 1 k. Grading on a curve? 1 2 3 1. Competency-based grading? 27. During the 1991 Fall Term, were you engaged in any professional research, writing, or creative works? 1. Yes 2. No (SKIPTO QUESTION 33, PAGE 15) 28. How would you describe your primary professional research, writing, or creative work in the 1991-92 academic year? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER) 1. Pure or basic 4. Literary or expressive 2. Applied 5. Other (WRITE IN) 3. Policy-oriented



29. During the 1991 Fall Term, were you engaged in any funded research or creative endeavors? Include any grants, contracts, or institutional awards. Do not include consulting services. (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER) 1. Yes 2. No (SKIP TO QUESTION 32, PAGE 15) 30. For the grants and contracts for which you were a principal investigator (PI) or co-principal investigator (Co-PI) during the 1991 Fall Term, fill out the information below for each funding source. If not sure, give your best B. C. D. Number of grants, contracts, or awards Work done as . . . Total funds from each funding source (CIRCLE ALL for 1991-92 How funds were used (WRITE IN NUMBER OR CIRCLE "0.") THAT APPLY) academic year (CIRCLE ALL THAT APPLY) (1) Federal Government 1. PI 1. Research 2. Professional development 2. Co-PI 3. Program/curriculum development 0. None 4. Other (2) State or local government 1. PI 1. Research 2. Professional development 2. Co-PI 3. Program/curriculum development 0. None 4. Other_ (3) Foundation or other non-1. PI 1. Research profit organization 2. Professional development 2. Co-PI 3. Program/curriculum development 0. None 4. Other_ (4) For profit business or 1. PI 1. Research industry in the private sector 2. Professional development 2. Co-PI 3. Program/curriculum development 0. None 4. Other (5) This institution 1. PI 1. Research 2. Professional development 2. Co-PI 3. Program/curriculum development 0. None 4. Other (6) Other source (WRITE IN) 1. PI 1. Research 2. Professional development 2. Co-PI 3. Program/curriculum development 0. None 4. Other 31. During the 1991-92 academic year, how many other faculty, assistants, or other staff are or were supported by this funding? (WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "O.") NUMBER a. Other faculty b. Post-doctorate fellow/other post-doctoral assistants c. Graduate fellow/research assistants d. Undergraduate research assistants

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e. Other research assistants

f. Other support, including secretarial staff

	1. Yes					
•	2. No	1	!bla			
	3. Not					
33.				agreement or di ON EACH LINE)		h each of the following statements:
	1		2	3	4	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Strongly Disagree		Somewhat Disagree	Somewhat Agree	Strongly Agree	
·		a.	This institution	wants to be reco	gnized for excel	lence in teaching
		b.	This institution	deserves to be re	ecognized for ex	cellence in teaching
	. —					or research institution
	<u> </u>	đ.	This institution	deserves to be n	ecognized as a n	ajor research institution
		c.		esearch obligation of research are o		advance knowledge in their field through basic research; ortance
		f.	In my departm research	ent/program, pure	/basic research i	s valued more highly than other more applied forms of
	-	g.	In an academic forms of resear		ic research dese	eves to be valued more highly than other more applied
	•••	h.		ts to establish cooleserve strong sup		h relationships between the corporate and higher education
		i.	This institution development	wants to be reco	ognized as a prin	nary contributor to local community and economic
		. j.	This institution development	n deserves to be n	ecognized as a p	rimary contributor to local community and economic
34.	institu	tion	ofirm, were you during the 199 ONE NUMBER)	teaching any co 1 Fall Term, or	urses for credit were you doing	or involved in any research or creative activities at this something else at this institution?
	. 1. Tea	chin	ig, research, or t	ooth		
	2. Son	neth	ing else (WRITE	(IN)		



1	2	3		4
<u></u>				
Very Poor	Poor	Good		Very Good
A .	В.			:
Available At This Institution (IF NOT AVAILABLE, WRITE IN "NA")	Availe For l Own (IF NOT N WRITE IN	My Use 'EEDED,		
·			a .	Basic research equipment/instruments
			b.	Laboratory space
			c.	Availability of research assistants
	··		d.	Basic computer facilities
	<u> </u>		e.	Audio-visual equipment
	. —		f.	Classroom space
			g.	Classroom equipment
	·		ħ.	Office space
			i.	Secretarial support
			j.	Library holdings
			k.	Accessibility (rooms, offices, equipment, etc.) for handicapped individuals
			1.	Services available for handicapped individuals
				Overall quality of research and learning environment
	. 		n.	Coverage by other staff for attendance at conferences, seminars, in-service training, etc.

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36. Listed below are some ways that institutions and departments may use internal funds for the professional development of faculty members. For each professional activity listed, please indicate if funding was available to you during the past two years. If available, also indicate if you used any of those funds at this institution, and if those funds were adequate for your purposes.

A. Was institutional or departmen for your use during the past tw	t funding available o years for	B. Did you use any of those funds at this institution?	C. Were those funds adequate for your purposes?
(1) tuition remission at this or other institutions?	 Yes → → → . No Not sure 	1. Yes → → → → 2. No	1. Yes 2. No
(2) professional association memberships?	 Yes → → → No Not sure 	1. Yes → → → → 2. No	1. Yes 2. No
(3) registration fees, etc., for workshops, conferences, etc.?	 Yes → → → No Not sure 	1. Yes → → → → 2. No	1. Yes 2. No
(4) professional travel?	 Yes → → → No Not sure 	1. Yes → → → → 2. No	1. Yes 2. No
(5) training to improve research skills?	 Yes → → → No Not sure 	1. Yes → → → → 2. No	1. Yes 2. No
(6) training to improve teaching skills?	 Yes → → → No Not sure 	1. Yes → → → → 2. No	1. Yes 2. No
(7) retraining for fields in higher demand?	 Yes → → → No Not sure 	1. Yes → → → → 2. No	1. Yes 2. No
(8) computer equipment?	 Yes → → → No Not sure 	1. Yes → → → → 2. No	1. Yes 2. No
(9) release time?	 Yes → → → No Not sure 	1. Yes → → → → 2. No	1. Yes 2. No
(10) sabbatical for research?	 Yes → → → No Not sure 	1. Yes → → → → 2. No	1. Yes 2. No
(11) sabbatical for professional development?	 Yes → → → No Not sure 	1. Yes → → → → 2. No	1. Yes 2. No
(12) institutional grants?	 Yes → → → No Not sure 	1. Yes → → → → 2. No	1. Yes 2. No

On the average, how many hours per week did you spend at each of the following kinds of activities during the
 1991 Fall Term? (IF NOT SURE, GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATES)

during the 1991 Fall Term							
	a. All activities at this institution (teaching, research, administration, etc.)						
	b. Any other paid activities (e.g., consulting, working on other jobs)						
	c. Unpaid (pro bono) professional service activities						



Please estimate the percentage of your total working hours (i.e., the categories listed in Question 37) that you spent 38. on each of the following activities during the 1991 Fall Term. (IF NOT SURE, GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0.") Fall 1991 Percent of Working Hours Spent TEACHING _% a. Teaching, grading papers, preparing courses _% b. Developing new curricula _% c. Advising or supervising students (not counting working with student organizations or intramural athletics) ____% d. Working with student organizations or intramural athletics PROFESSIONAL GROWTH _% e. Taking courses, pursuing an advanced degree % f. Other professional development activities, such as practice or activities to remain current in your field RESEARCH/SCHOLARSHIP .% g. Research (time spent in activities that will lead to a concrete product, such as an article, grant proposal, software development, etc.) % h. Reviewing or preparing articles or books; attending or preparing for professional meetings or conferences; reviewing proposals _% i. Seeking outside funding (including proposal writing) _% j. Giving performances or exhibitions in the fine or applied arts, or giving speeches ADMINISTRATIVE/SERVICE/OTHER NON-TEACHING % k. Administrative activities (including paperwork, staff supervision, serving on in-house committees such as the academic senate, etc.) % l. Providing legal or medical services or psychological counseling to clients or patients . m. Outside consulting or freelance work, working at a self-owned business % n. Paid or unpaid community or public service (civic, religious, etc.) % o. Service to professional societies/associations .% p. Other (WRITE IN) _ PLEASE BE SURE THAT THE PERCENTAGES YOU PROVIDE ADD UP TO 100% 100% OF THE TOTAL TIME YOU SPENT ON PROFESSIONAL ACTIVITIES. 39. What percentage of your time would you prefer to spend in each of the following activities? (WRITE IN A PERCENTAGE ON EACH LINE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0".) % a. Teaching b. Professional growth % c. Research/scholarship d. Administrative/service/other non-teaching activities PLEASE BE SURE THAT THE PERCENTAGES YOU PROVIDE ADD UP TO 100% OF 100% THE TOTAL TIME YOU WOULD PREFER TO SPEND ON PROFESSIONAL ACTIVITIES.

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- 40. Are you a member of the union (or other bargaining association) that represents faculty at this institution?
 - 1. Available, but not eligible
 - 2. Eligible, but not a member
 - 3. Eligible, and a member
 - 4. Not available at this institution

SECTION D. JOB SATISFACTION ISSUES

- 41. How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with each of the following aspects of your instructional duties at this institution? (CIRCLE "NA" IF YOU HAD NO INSTRUCTIONAL DUTIES. OTHERWISE, CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ITEM; IF AN ITEM DOES NOT APPLY TO YOU, WRITE IN "NA" NEXT TO THE ITEM.)
 - NA. No instructional duties (GO TO QUESTION 42)

Very Dissatisfied	Somewhat Dissatisfied	Somewhat Satisfied		
1	2	3	4	a. The authority I have to make decisions about content and methods in the courses I teach
1	2	3	4	b. The authority I have to make decisions about other (non-instructional) aspects of my job.
1	2	3	4	c. The authority I have to make decisions about what courses I teach
1	2	3	4	d. Time available for working with students as an advisor, mentor, etc.
1	2	3	4	e. Quality of undergraduate students whom I have taught here
1	2	3	4	f. Quality of graduate students whom I have taught here
1	2	3	4	g. Teaching assistance that I receive

42. How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the following aspects of your job at this institution? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ITEM)

•				
Very Dissatisfied	Somewhat Dissatisfied	Somewhat Satisfied	Very Satisfied	
1	2	3	4	a. My work load
1	2	3	4	b. My job security
1	2	3	4	c. Opportunity for my advancement in rank at this institution
1	2	3	4	d. Time available for keeping current in my field
. 1	2	3	4	e. Freedom to do outside consulting
1	2	3	4	f. My salary
1	2	3	4	g. My benefits, generally
1	2	3	4	h. Quality of my research facilities and support
1	2	3	4	i. Research assistance that I receive
1	2	3	4	j. Spouse or partner employment opportunities in this geographic area

43. During the next three years, how likely is it that you will leave this job to . . .
 (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ITEM)

Not At All Likely	Se grehat Lividy	Very Likely	
1	2	3	a. retire from the labor force?
1	2	3	b. accept a part-time job at a different postsecondary institution?
1	2	3	c. accept a part-time job outside of postsecondary education?
1	2	3	d. accept a full-time job at a different postsecondary institution?
1	2	3	e. accept a full-time job outside of postsecondary education?

44. If you were to leave your current position in academia, to accept another position, in academia, how important would each of the following be in your decision? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ITEM)

Not Important	Somewhat Important	Very Important		
1	2	3	a.	Salary level
1	2	3	b.	Tenure-track/tenured position
1	2	3	c.	Job security
1	2	3	d.	Opportunities for advancement
1	2	3	e.	Benefits
1	2	3	f.	No pressure to publish
1	2	· · · 3	g.	Good research facilities and equipment
1	2	3	h.	Good instructional facilities and equipment
1	2	3	i.	Excellent students
1	2	3	j.	Excellent colleagues
1	2	3	k.	Institutional mission or philosophy that is compatible with my own views
1	2	3	1.	Good job or job opportunities for my spouse or partner
1	2 .	3	m.	
1	2	3 ·	n.	Good housing
1	2	3	0.	Good environment/schools for my children
1	2	3	p.	A full-time position
1	2	3	q.	A part-time position
1	2	3	r.	Freedom to teach the courses I want
1	2	3	S.	Greater opportunity to teach
1	2	3	L	Greater opportunity to do research

4 5.	At what age do you think you are most likely to stop working at a postsecondary institution? (WRITE IN AGE)
	1 Years of age
	8. Don't know
4 6.	If you could elect to draw on your retirement and still continue working at your institution on a part-time basis, would you do so? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
	1. Yes
	2. No
	3. Possibly
	8. Don't know
47.	If an early retirement option were offered to you at your institution, would you take it?
	1. Yes
	2. No
	3. Possibly
	8. Don't know
48.	Do you plan to continue working at a postsecondary institution after age 70?
	1. Yes
	2. No (SKIPTO QUESTION 50)
	8. Don't know (SKIP TO QUESTION 50)
49.	If you plan to continue working at a postsecondary institution after age 70, how important are each of the following considerations to you in making your decision? (WRITE IN ONE NUMBER ON EACH LINE) 1 2 3
•	
1	Not Somewhat Very Important Important Important
	a. Financial reasons
	b. The wish to continue teaching
	c. The wish to continue research/creative endeavors
	d. Access to colleagues
	e. Access to research facilities
	f. Access to research grants
	g. Contact with students
	h. The wish to maintain a professional title
	i. Fear of boredom
	j. Other (WRITE IN)
50.	At which age do you think you are most likely to retire from paid employment? (WRITE IN AGE)
	1 Years of age
	8. Don't know



SECTION E. COMPENSATION

Note: Your responses to these items as with all other items in this questionnaire are voluntary and strictly confidential, will be used only in statistical summaries, and will not be disclosed to your institution or to any individual or group. Furthermore, all information that would permit identification of individuals or institutions will be removed from the survey files.

51. For the calendar year 1991, estimate your gross earnings before taxes from each of the sources listed below.

Please do not record any earnings in more than one category.

(IF NOT SURE, GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATES; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0.")

Income from this institution:

____ a. Basic salary

\$	c d e f.	Other teaching at this institution not included in basic salary (e.g., for summer session) Supplements not included in basic salary (for administration, research, coaching sports, etc.) Non-monetary compensation, such as food, housing, car (Do not include employee benefits such as medical, dental, or life insurance) Any other income from this institution Income from other sources: Employment at another academic institution
S . S . S . S .	d e f.	administration, research, coaching sports, etc.) Non-monetary compensation, such as food, housing, car (Do not include employee benefits such as medical, dental, or life insurance) Any other income from this institution Income from other sources:
\$. \$.	e.	(Do not include employee benefits such as medical, dental, or life insurance) Any other income from this institution Income from other sources:
S .	f.	Income from other sources:
\$.		
\$.		Employment at another academic institution
_	g.	Legal or medical services or psychological counseling
\$.	h.	Outside consulting, consulting business or freelance work
\$.	i.	Self-owned business (other than consulting)
\$.	j.	Professional performances or exhibitions
\$.	k.	Speaking fees, honoraria
\$.	1.	Royalties or commissions
\$.	m	Any other employment
\$.	n.	Non-monetary compensation, such as food, housing, car (Do not include employee benefits such as medical, dental, or life insurance)
		Other sources of earned income (WRITE IN BELOW):
\$.	o.	
\$.	p.	

SECTION F. SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS

54.	Are you	
	1. male, or	
	2. female?	
55. •	In what month and year were you born? (WRITE IN MONTH AND YEAR)	•
	MONTH YEAR	
56. •	What is your race? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)	
	1. American Indian or Alaska Native	
	2. Asian or Pacific Islander (ANSWER A)	A. What is your Asian or Pacific Islander origi
	3. Black	If more than one, circle the one you conside the most important part of your background
	4. White	(CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
	5. Other (WRITE IN BELOW)	1. Chinese
		2. Filipino
		3. Japanese
57.	Are you of Hispanic descent?	4. Korean
•	(CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)	5. Southeast Asian (Vietnamese, Laotian,
	1. Yes (ANSWER A)	Cambodian/Kampuchean, etc.)
	2. No (SKIP TO QUESTION 58)	6. Pacific Islander
	• A. What is your Spanish/Hispanic origin? If	7. Other (WRITE IN BELOW)
	more than one, circle the one you consider the	
	most important part of your background.	(SKIP TO QUESTION 58)
	1. Mexican, Mexican-American, Chicano	
	2. Cuban, Cubano	•
	3. Puerto Rican, Puertorriqueno, or Bouricuan	
	4. Other (WRITE IN BELOW)	
58.	What is your current marital status? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)	
	1. Single, never married	
	2. Married	
	3. Living with someone in a marriage-like relationship	
	4. Separated	
	5. Divorced	



6. Widowed

1	. US	SA			·		
2	. Ot	her (WRITE	IN)				
. 🔻	Vhat CIRC	is your cit. LE ONE N	izenship sta UMBER)	itus'	?		
1.	. Un	ited States	citizen, nati	ve	·		
2.	. Un	ited States	citizen, natu	ıraliz	zed	•	
3.	. Per	manent res	ident of the	Uni	ited States (immigrant visa)		
	_	COUNTRY	OF PRES	ENT	CITIZENSHIP		
A							
٦.	. 14	iiporary res	ident of Un	ited	States (non-immigrant visa)		
Αl	hat CIRCI PPLI	is the high LE ONE NO CABLE")	≊t level of IMBER FO	fort	CITIZENSHIP mal education completed by your mother, your far ACH PERSON, OR CIRCLE "DK" OR "NA" FOR "I	ther, and your sp DON'T KNOW" (pous OR '
, –	hat CIRCI PPLI	is the high LE ONE NO CABLE")	st level of	fort	mal education completed by your mother would	ther, and your sp DON'T KNOW" (pous OR '
Αl	hat CIRCI PPLI ther	is the high LE ONE NO CABLE")	est level of IMBER FO	fort	mal education completed by your mother would	ther, and your sp DON'T KNOW" C	pous OR "
Mot	That CIRCI PPLI ther	is the highe LE ONE NO CABLE") Father	est level of IMBER FO Spouse or Partner	forn R E.	mal education completed by your mother, your far ACH PERSON, OR CIRCLE "DK" OR "NA" FOR "I Don't know/Not applicable	ther, and your sp DON'T KNOW" (pous OR "
Mot	hat CIRCI PPLI ther	is the high LE ONE NO CABLE") Father	est level of IMBER FOR Spouse or Partner	fort R E. a. b.	mal education completed by your mother, your far ACH PERSON, OR CIRCLE "DK" OR "NA" FOR "I	ther, and your sp DON'T KNOW" C	pous OR *
Mot	That CIRCI PPLIC ther	is the higher of the control of the	est level of /MBER FO Spouse or Partner 0 1	form R E. a. b.	mal education completed by your mother, your far ACH PERSON, OR CIRCLE "DK" OR "NA" FOR "I Don't know/Not applicable Less than high school diploma	ther, and your sp DON'T KNOW" C	pous OR "
Mot 0 1 2	That CIRCI PPLI ther	is the higher of the control of the	Spouse or Partner 0 1	forn R E. a. b. c. d.	mal education completed by your mother, your far ACH PERSON, OR CIRCLE "DK" OR "NA" FOR "I Don't know/Not applicable Less than high school diploma High school diploma	ther, and your sp DON'T KNOW" C	pous OR
Mot 0 1 2 3	That TIRCI TIRCI THE TIRC THE TI	is the higher of the control of the	Spouse or Partner 0 1 2 3	a. b. c. d.	mal education completed by your mother, your far ACH PERSON, OR CIRCLE "DK" OR "NA" FOR "I Don't know/Not applicable Less than high school diploma High school diploma Some college	ther, and your sp DON'T KNOW" C	pous OR '
Mot 0 1 2 3 4	That TIRCI T	s the high LE ONE NU CABLE") Father	Spouse or Partner 0 1 2 3 4	a. b. c. d. e.	mal education completed by your mother, your far ACH PERSON, OR CIRCLE "DK" OR "NA" FOR "I Don't know/Not applicable Less than high school diploma High school diploma Some college Associate degree	ther, and your sp DON'T KNOW" C	pous OR "
Mot 0 1 2 3 4 5 5	That TIRCLE TO THE TIRCLE TO T	is the higher of the control of the	Spouse or Partner 0 1 2 3 4 5	a. b. c. d. e. f.	mal education completed by your mother, your far ACH PERSON, OR CIRCLE "DK" OR "NA" FOR "I Don't know/Not applicable Less than high school diploma High school diploma Some college Associate degree Bachelor's degree Master's degree Doctorate or professional degree	ther, and your sp DON'T KNOW" C	pous
Mot 0 1 2 3 4 5 6	That TIRCI T	is the higher of the control of the	Spouse or Partner 0 1 2 3 4 5 6	form R E. a. b. c. d. e. f. g. h.	mal education completed by your mother, your far ACH PERSON, OR CIRCLE "DK" OR "NA" FOR "I Don't know/Not applicable Less than high school diploma High school diploma Some college Associate degree Bachelor's degree Master's degree	ther, and your sp	pous OR

OCCUPATION OF SPOUSE OR PARTNER

SECTION G. ACADEMIC INTERESTS AND VALUES

63. Overall, to what extent do you feel you participate in decision making concerning academic issues and/or program involvement at this institution? (WRITE IN ONE NUMBER ON EACH LINE)

1	2		3	4
Not At All	Very	•	To Some Extent	To A Great Extent
Extent to you are in at this inst	volved			
			election of a	cademic courses and
	_	b. D	egree requir	ements
		c. A	dmission sta	andards and retention plans
		d. D	epartmental	budgeting
		e. II	nstitutional t	oudgeting
		0	Departmental f faculty, de f faculty	policies, including selection partment chair, and tenuring
		g. S	election of s	senior academic leadership
		h. F	Representation	on on Board of Trustees
		i. A	Athletic polic	cies
		j. I	nstitutional 1	long-range planning



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64. Please indicate the extent to which you agree or disagree with each of the following statements. (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH STATEMENT)

Disagree Strongly	Disagree Somewhat	Agree Somewhat	Agree Strongly			
1	2	3	4	a.	Promotion of college teachers should be based at least in part on formal evaluations by students.	
1	2	3	4	b.	Teaching effectiveness should be the primary criterion for promotion of college teachers.	
1	2	3	4	c.	Research/publications should be the primary criterion for promotion of college teachers.	
	2 .	3	4	d.	Expression of ideas in an academic institution should be unconstrained by culture or gender sensitivities.	
1	2	3	4	e.	Collective bargaining is likely to bring overall higher salaries and improbenefits for faculty.	
1	2	3	4	f.	The amount of private consulting by faculty should be restricted by the institution.	
1	2	3	4	g.	It is important to encourage students to consider a career in higher education.	
1	2	3	4	h.	The administrative function is taking an increasingly heavy share of available resources at this institution.	
1	2	3	4	i.	At this institution, research is rewarded more than teaching.	
1	2	3	4	j.	This institution has serious financial problems.	
1	2	3	4	k.		
1	2	3	4	1.	My department/program has had to live with more than its fair share of budget restraints over the past several years.	
1	2	3	4	m.	Most undergraduates at this institution only do enough to just "get by."	
1	2	3	4 ·	n.	State mandated assessment requirements will improve the quality of undergraduate education.	
1	2	3	4 .	0.	Fully qualified minority faculty should be preferentially hired at this institution.	
1	2	3	4	p.	There should be preferential hiring for fully qualified female faculty at this institution.	
1	2	3	4	q.	If I had it to do over again, I would still choose an academic career.	
1	2	3	4	r.	I am more enthusiastic about my work now than I was when I began my academic career.	
1	2	3	4 .	S.	Special consideration in promotion decisions should be given to female faculty.	
1	2	3	4	L	Special consideration in promotion decisions should be given to minority faculty.	

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65. Please indicate your opinion regarding whether each of the following has worsened, improved, or stayed the same in recent years at this institution. (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ITEM)

Worsened	Stayed the same	Improved	Have no idea	
1	2	3	8	a. The preparedness of entering undergraduate students in higher education
1	2	3	8	b. The preparedness of graduate students in my field
1	2	3	8	c. The quality of students who choose to pursue academic careers in my field
1	2	3	8	d. The opportunities junior faculty have for advancement in my field
1	2	.3	8	e. The professional competence of individuals entering my academic field
1	2	3	8	f. The ability of this institution to meet the educational needs of entering students
1	2	3	8	g. The quality of undergraduate education at this institution
1	2	3	8	h. The atmosphere for free expression of ideas

THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR PARTICIPATION

Please fill in how long it took you to complete the questionnaire.



Return this completed questionnaire in the enclosed prepaid envelope to:

National Opinion Research Center (4552)
University of Chicago
1155 East 60th Street
Chicago, Illinois 60637



GIVING US FEEDBACK ON THE FACULTY QUESTIONNAIRE

Before a questionnaire can be used in a study, it must first be carefully tested to ensure that all of the questions are clear and easily understood by the person completing it. We would like you to provide us with feedback about the questionnaire. Please take some time now to review the questions and your answers.

- If the general meaning of a question was unclear to you, please circle the question number.
- If there were specific words or phrases in a question that did not make sense to you, please circle
 the words or phrases.
- · If any of the answers to a question did not make sense to you, please circle those answers.
- Use the margins next to a question or answer to provide us with your feedback about questions, question wording, or any other problems that you encountered in answering a question. Please be as critical as you like; feel free to use the reverse side of this page for any other comments you have about the questions or the study.

Your help is greatly appreciated. Your feedback will ensure that this questionnaire, and the data derived from it, will be scientifically sound.



LABEL



OMB: No. 1859-0608 Expiration Date: 12/93

U.S. Department of Education Office of Educational Research and Improvement

National Center for Education Statistics 1993 NATIONAL STUDY OF POSTSECONDARY FACULTY Pilot Test FACULTY REINTERVIEW **QUESTIONNAIRE**

All information on this form will be kept confidential and will not be disclosed or released to your institution or any other group or individual.

Co-sponsored by: National Science Foundation

National Endowment for the Humanities

Contractor:

National Opinion Research Center (NORC)

University of Chicago 1155 East 60th Street Chicago, Illinois 60637

Toll-Free Number: 1-800-733-NORC

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NATIONAL STUDY OF POSTSECONDARY FACULTY: FACULTY REINTERVIEW

- During the 1991 Fall Term, did you have any <u>instructional</u> duties at (INSTITUTION)
 such as teaching one or more courses, or advising or supervising students' academic activities? (CODE ONE)
 - 1. Yes (ASK A)

2. No ISKIPTO OUESTION 2)

CODE COMPARIS	SON OF RESPONSE WIT	H RESPONSE IN	SAŲ UK INITIAI	THIEKAIEM:
1. MATCH				
2. NOT A MATC	H (SPECIFY REASON)			

- A. During the 1991 Fall Term at (INSTITUTION), were all or some of your instructional duties related to teaching for-credit courses, were <u>all</u> of your instructional duties related to teaching <u>non</u>credit courses, or did you not teach any courses? (CODE ONE)
 - 1. All of your instructional duties were related to for-credit courses
 - 2. Some of your instructional duties were related to for-credit courses
 - 3. All of your instructional duties were related to noncredit courses
 - 4. Did not teach any courses

	75. 75. 8 Sec. 3. 6 Sec. 3					
CODE CO	MPARISON OF I	RESPONSE WI	TH RESPONS	e in saq or	INITIAL INI	er view:
1. MATCI	H					
2 NOT A	MATCH (SPECI	FY REASON)				
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- 2. Now I'm going to read a list of activities. After I read the entire list, please tell me which one was your principal activity at (INSTITUTION) during the 1991 Fall Term. If you had equal responsibilities, please select one. (READ CATEGORIES: CODE ONE)
 - 1. Teaching
 - 2. Research
 - 3. Technical activities, such as programmer, technician, etc.
 - 4. Clinical service
 - 5. Community/public service
 - 6. Administration
 - 7. Other, such as subsidized performer, artist-in-residence, etc.
 - 8. On sabbatical from (INSTITUTION)

CODE COMPARISON OF RESP	ONSE WITH RESPONSE IN SAQ OR INITIAL INTERVIEW:
L MATCH	
I. MAICH	
2. NOT A MATCH (SPECIFY R	EASON)

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14. What is the name of your principal field or discipline of teaching? (RECORD VERBATIM)

NA. NOT APPLICABLE

NAME OF PRINCIPAL FIELD/DISCIPLINE

CODE	COMPARISON	OF RESPONSE	WITH RESPONSE	IN SAO OF	INITIAL	INTERVIEW:

- 1. MATCH
- 2. NOT A MATCH (SPECIFY REASON)

CODES FOR MAJOR FIELDS OF STUDY AND ACADEMIC DISCIPLINES

	AGRICULTURE		COMPUTER SCIENCE
101	Agribusiness & Agricultural Production	201	Computer & Information Sciences
102	Agricultural, Animal, Food, & Plant	202	Computer Programming
	Sciences	203	Data Processing
103	Renewable Natural Resources, including	204	Systems Analysis
	Conservation, Fishing, & Forestry	210	Other Computer Science
110	Other Agriculture		
			EDUCATION
	ARCHITECTURE & ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN	221	Education, General
121	Architecture & Environmental Design	222	Basic Skills
122	City, Community, & Regional Planning	223	Bilingual/Cross-cultural Education
123	Interior Design	224	Curriculum & Instruction
124	Land Use Management & Reclamation	225	Education Administration
130	Other Arch. & Environmental Design	226	Education Evaluation & Research
	A-DIM	227	Educational Psychology
	ART	228	Special Education
141	Art History & Appreciation	229	Student Counseling & Personnel Svcs.
142	Crafe	230	Other Education
143 144	Dance		
145	Design (other than Arch: or Interior)		TEACHER EDUCATION
146	Film Arts	241	Pre-Elementary
147	Fine Arts	242	Elementary
148		243	Secondary
149	Music History & Appreciation	244	Adult & Continuing
150	Other Visual & Performing Arts	245	Other General Teacher Ed. Programs
	Out visual & renorming Arts	250	Teacher Education in Specific Subjects
	BUSINESS		ENCREPRING
161	Accounting	261	ENGINEERING
162	Banking & Finance	261 262	Engineering, General
163	Business Administration & Management	263	
164	Business Administrative Support (e.g., Bookkeeping,	203	Electrical, Electronics, &
	Office Management, Secretarial)	264	Communication Engineering Mechanical Engineering
165	Human Resources Development	265	Chemical Engineering
166	Organizational Behavior	270	Other Engineering
167	Marketing & Distribution	280	Engineering-Related Technologies
170	Other Business	200	Cultures ind. Vermen Technologies
	O Submices		
	COMMUNICATIONS		
181	Advertising		
182	Broadcasting & Journalism		
183	Communications Research		
184	Communication Technologies		
190	Other Communications		



	ENGLISH AND LITERATURE	480	PSYCHOLOGY
291	English, General	490	DDOTECTIVE SERVICES (C)
292	Composition & Creative Writing	•	PROTECTIVE SERVICES (e.g., Criminal Justice, Fire Protection)
293	American Literature		1 Total Control of the Control of th
294	English Literature	500	PUBLIC AFFAIRS (e.g., Community Services, Public
295	Linguistics		Administration, Public Works, Social Work)
296 207	Speech, Debate, & Forensics		WORK SOCIAL WORK)
. 297 ⊳ 300	English as a Second Language	510	SCIENCE TECHNOLOGIES
, 3 00	English, Other		
	FOREIGN LANGUAGES		SOCIAL SCIENCES
311		521	Social Sciences, General
312	French	522	Anthropology
313	German	523	Archeology
314	Italian	524	Area & Ethnic Studies
315	Latin	S25	Demography
316	Japanese	526	Economics
317	Other Asian	527	
318	Russian or Other Slavic	528	ann, Till Till 🕶 🖅 - 1, 20 m. 19 mar 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19
319	Spanish	529	International Relations
320	Other Foreign Languages	530	Political Science & Government
		531	Sociology
	HEALTH SCIENCES	540	Other Social Sciences
331	Allied Health Technologies & Services		VOCATIONAL TRAINING
400.	Dentistry		
333		/n1	CONSTRUCTION TRADES
334	6.5,000	601 602	Carpentry
335	Nursing	603	Electrician
336	Pharmacy	610	Plumbing Other Construction Trades
337	Public Health	010	Cuttle Construction Transfer
338	Veterinary Medicine		CONSUMER, PERSONAL, & MISC. SERVICES
340	Other Health Sciences	621	Personal Services (e.g., Barbering, Cosmetology)
350	HOME Egovor gee	630	Other Consumer Services
330 ·	HOME ECONOMICS		Consulta States
360	INDUSTRIAL ARTS		MECHANICS AND REPAIRERS
370	LAW	641	Electrical & Electronics Equipment Repair
**************************************		642	Heating, Air Conditioning, & Refrigeration Mechanics
380	LIBRARY & ARCHIVAL SCIENCES		& Repairers
	NATURAL SCIENCES	643	Vehicle & Mobile Equipment Mechanics & Repairers
391	Life or Physical Sciences, General	644	Other Mechanics & Repairers
392	Astronomy		
393	Biology		PRECISION PRODUCTION
394	Botany	661	Drafting
395	Chemistry	662	Graphic & Print Communications
396	Geological Sciences	663	Lestherworking & Upholstering
397	Physics	664	Precision Metal Work
398	Physiology	665	Woodworking
399	Zoology	670	Other Precision Production Work
400	Other Natural Sciences		
			TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING
410	MATHEMATICS	681	Air Transportation (e.g., Piloting, Traffic Control, Flight
420	STATISTICS		Attendance, Aviation Management)
		682	Land Vehicle & Equipment Operation
430	MILITARY STUDIES	683	Water Transportion (e.g., Boat & Fishing Operations,
440			Deep Water Diving, Marina Operations, Sailors &
	MULTI/INTERDISCIPLINARY STUDIES		Deckhands)
450	PARKS & RECREATION	690	Other Transportation & Material Moving
460	PHILOSOPHY	900	OTHER (IF YOU USE THIS CODE, BE SURE TO
470			WRITE IN A COMPLETE DESCRIPTION
7.	RELIGION & THEOLOGY		AT QUESTIONS 14-15, 18 OR 23)
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18. Now I'm going to ask about the last degree or other formal award that you hold.

CODES FOR TYPE OF DEGREE:

- 1 Certificate, diploma, or degree for completion of undergraduate program of at least 1 year but less than 2 years in length
- 2 Associate's degree or equivalent
- 3 Certificate, diploma, or degree for completion of undergraduate program of more than 2 years but less than
 4 years in length
- 4 Bachelor's degree or equivalent
- 5 Master's degree or equivalent
- 6 Doctoral degree (Ph.D., Ed.D., etc.)
- 7 Professional degree (M.D., D.D.S., LLLB., etc.)

A. Not counting any honorary degree, what was the last degree or award you received? Did you receive (a/an) (READ CATEGORIES; CODE ONE.)	B. In what year did you receive it?	D. What was the name of the field in which you received that (degree or award)?	E. What was the name of institution and city and state/country of institution [where you received that (degree or award)]?
LAST)	19		
			e Average

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- 1. MATCH
- 2. NOT A MATCH (SPECIFY REASON)

- 19. Next I'm going to ask about the last significant and main job that you held previous to your current position at (INSTITUTION).
 - . Do not give a promotion in rank at one place of employment as a different job.
 - . Do not include a temporary position or work as a graduate student.

A. What year did you begin and leave your main job previous to your current position at (INSTITUTION)?	LAST PREVIOUS MAIN JOB
FROM:	19
то:	19
B. What was the employment sector for that job? Was it (a/an) (READ CATEGORIES AND CODE ONE)	(CODE ONE)
Doctoral degree granting university or college, including professional schools	1
Other 4-year college or university	2
2-year postsecondary institution	3
Less-than-2-year postsecondary institution	4
Elementary or secondary school	5
Hospital or other health care or clinical setting	6
Consulting, freeignce work, or self- owned business	7
Foundation or other nonprofit organization	8
For-profit business or industry in the private sector	9
Federal government position, including military, or state or local government	10
Other place	11

A	CODE CO	MPARISO	N OF R	ESPONSE
	WITH RES	PONSE IN	SAQ OR	INITIAL
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	L MATCH			
	2. NOT A	MATCH (S	PECIFY R	EASON)

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	INTERVI	:W:			
	L MATC	H			
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many in the years?	
<u> </u>	a. articles have you published in refereed professional or trade journals L. presentations at conferences, workshops, etc have you made L. exhibitions or performances in the fine or applied arts have you given
8_	CODE COMPARISON OF RESPONSE WITH RESPONSE IN SAQ OR INITIAL INTERVIEW: 1. MATCH
	2. NOT A MATCH (SPECIFY REASON)
Ł	CODE COMPARISON OF RESPONSE WITH RESPONSE IN SAQ OR INITIAL INTERVIEW:
	I. MATCH
	2. NOT A MATCH (SPECIFY REASON)
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L	CODE COMPARISON OF RESPONSE WITH RESPONSE IN SAQ OR INITIAL INTERVIEW:
L	$(M_{ij}) = \{(i,j) \mid i,j \in \mathcal{I}_{ij} \text{ for } (M_{ij}) \in M_{ij} \text{ for } (M_{ij}) \mid i,j \in \mathcal{I}_{ij} \text{ for } (M_{ij}) \in M_{ij} \text$
L	INTERVIEW: 1. MATCH



	_ ·
A. H	low many of those classes were for-credit?
	Number of for-credit classes?
22	2. CODE COMPARISON OF RESPONSE WITH RESPONSE IN SAQ OR INIT INTERVIEW:
	1; MATCH
	2. NOT A MATCH (SPECIFY REASON)
<u> </u>	
22	2A. CODE COMPARISON OF RESPONSE WITH RESPONSE IN SAQ OR INIT INTERVIEW:
	I. MATCH
	2. NOT A MATCH (SPECIFY REASON)

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The next questions ask about each for-credit class or section that you taught at (INSTITUTION) during the 1991
 Fall Term. Do not include noncredit courses or individualized instruction, such as independent study, or individual one-on-one performance classes.

If you taught multiple sections of the same course, count them as separate classes, but do not include the lab section of the course as a separate class. For each class, tell me the name for the academic discipline of the class.

	ELDOW CLASS	SPECIME OF LOS
	FIRST CLASS	SECOND CLASS
A. (During the 1991 Fall Term) what was the name of the academic discipline for the (first/next) class?	<u></u>	
B. (2) How many hours did that class meet per week?		: -
(4) How many students were enrolled in that class?		
• • •		
C. In that class, what was the primary level of students? • (READ CATEGORIES AND CODE ONE)	(CODE ONE)	(CODE ONE)
Lower division students (first or second year postsecondary)	1	1
Upper division students (third or fourth year postsecondary)	2	2
Graduate or any other post-baccalaureate students	3	3
Other students	4	4

I. MATCH							
NOT A MATCH	(SPECIFY RE	:ASON)					
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L MATCH							
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THIRD CLASS	FOURTH CLASS	FIFTH CLASS	SIXTH CLASS
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	· .		
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		·	·
(CODE ONE)	(CODE ONE)	(CODE ONE)	(CODE ONE)
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3	3	3	3
	4	4	4

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During the 1991 Fall Term, were you engaged in any funded research or creative endeavors? Include any 29. grants, contracts or institutional awards. Do not include consulting services. 1. Yes 2. No ISKIPTO OUESTRONST CODE COMPARISON OF RESPONSE WITH RESPONSE IN SAQ OR INITIAL INTERVIEW 1. MATCH 2. NOT A MATCH (SPECIFY REASON) 30. The next questions are about the grants and contracts for which you were a Principal Investigator, PI, or Co-Principal Investigator, Co-PI, during the 1991 Fall Term. How many grants, contracts, or awards were What were the total from...(ENTER NUMBER OR "0.") funds for 1991-92 academic year from that source? (1) Federal Government 0. None (2) State or local government 0. None (3) Foundations or other nonprofit organizations 0. None (4) For-profit business or industry in the private sector



(5)

(6)

(INSTITUTION)

they?)

Other sources (What were

260

0. None

0. None

0. None

NOT A MA	TCH (SPECIF	Y REASON)				
		t de la c		· ·		
30(2) CODE	COMPARISON	OF RESPON	SE WITH R	ESPONS	E IN SAO O	R INITIAL INTERVIEW
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2. NOT A MA	TCH (SPECIF	Y REASON)				
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30(3) CODE	gen i de engant	eligi et interessiones				R INITIAL INTERVIEW
I. MATCH						
2. NOT A MA	ATCH (SPECIF	Y REASON)				
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						_
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30(4) CODE (1. MATCH 2. NOT A M	COMPARISON ATCH (SPECIF	OF RESPON	SE WITH R	ESPONS		
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The state of the grant of

Average number be Juring the 1991 Fa	
	a. All activities at (INSTITUTION), including teaching, research, administration, etc.
	_ b. Any other paid activities, such as consulting, working on other jobs
	_ c. Unpaid or pro bono professional service activities
CODE COMPAI	RISON OF RESPONSE WITH RESPONSE IN SAQ OR INITIAL INTERVIEW:
CODE COMPAI	RISON OF RESPONSE WITH RESPONSE IN SAQ OR INITIAL INTERVIEW:
1. MATCH	RISON OF RESPONSE WITH RESPONSE IN SAQ OR INITIAL INTERVIEW: "CH (SPECIFY REASON)
1. MATCH	

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The next question is about what percentage of those (Q.37 NUMBER) hours you spent during the 1991 Fall Term in 38. teaching, professional growth, research or scholarship and in non-teaching activities such as administration or service. As I ask you about each activity, make note of the percentage; the numbers you give me for all activities should add up to 100%. (First/Next), I will ask about (four teaching/two professional growth/four research or scholarship/six non-teaching) activities. The different categories are (READ CATEGORIES). What percentage of the (Q.37 NUMBER) hours each week did you spend in... (READ EACH CATEGORY AND ENTER %. IF NONE. ENTER "0.") Fall 1991 Percentage of Working Hours Spent TEACHING % a. Teaching, grading papers, preparing courses _% b. Developing new curricula _% c. Advising or supervising students (not counting working with student organizations or intramural athletics) _% d. Working with student organizations or intramural athletics PROFESSIONAL GROWTH % e. Taking courses, pursuing an advanced degree % f. Other professional development activities, such as practice or activities to remain current in your field RESEARCH/SCHOLARSHIP % g. Research, that is time spent in activities that will lead to a concrete product. such as an article, grant proposal, software development, etc. % h. Reviewing or preparing articles or books; attending or preparing for professional meetings or conferences; reviewing proposals _% i. Seeking outside funding, including proposal writing % j. Giving performances or exhibitions in the fine or applied arts, or giving speeches ADMINISTRATIVE/SERVICE/OTHER NON-TEACHING % k. Administrative activities, including paperwork, staff supervision, serving on in-house committees such as the academic senate, etc. __% l. Providing legal or medical services or psychological counseling to clients or patients % m. Outside consulting or freelance work, working at a self-owned business _% n. Paid or unpaid community or public service, civic, religious, etc. % o. Service to professional societies/associations _% p. Any other non-teaching activities? (What _ 100% CODE COMPARISON OF RESPONSE WITH RESPONSE IN SAQ OR INITIAL INTERVIEW I. MATCH 2. NOT A MATCH (SPECIFY REASON)

The next questions are about compensation.

51.

Your responses on these items, as with all other items in this interview are voluntary and strictly confidential, will be used only in statistical summaries, and will not be disclosed to your institution or to any individual or group. Furthermore, all information that would permit identification of individuals or institutions will be removed from the survey files.

h. outside consulting, consulting business or freelance work a. CODE COMPARISON OF RESPONSE WITH RESPONSE IN SAQ OR INITIAL INTERVIEW: 1. MATCH 2. NOT A MATCH (SPECIFY REASON) b. CODE COMPARISON OF RESPONSE WITH RESPONSE IN SAQ OR INITIAL INTERVIEW: 1. MATCH 2. NOT A MATCH (SPECIFY REASON)		a. basic salary from (INSTITUTION)
INTERVIEW: 1. MATCH 2. NOT A MATCH (SPECIFY REASON) b. CODE COMPARISON OF RESPONSE WITH RESPONSE IN SAQ OR INITIAL INTERVIEW: 1. MATCH		h. outside consulting, consulting business or freelance work
2. NOT A MATCH (SPECIFY REASON) b. CODE COMPARISON OF RESPONSE WITH RESPONSE IN SAQ OR INITIAL INTERVIEW: I. MATCH		
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Appendix E

1993 NSOPF Institution Questionnaire—Pilot Test



OMB: No. 1850-0608 Expiration Date: 12/93

U.S. Department of Education Office of Educational Research and Improvement

National Center for Education Statistics

1993 NATIONAL STUDY OF POSTSECONDARY FACULTY

Pilot Test

INSTITUTION QUESTIONNAIRE



All information on this form will be kept confidential and will not be disclosed or released to your institution or any other group or individual.

Co-sponsored by: National Science Foundation

National Endowment for the Humanities

Contractor: National Opinion Research Center (NORC)

University of Chicago 1155 East 60th Street Chicago, Illinois 60637

Toll-Free Number: 1-800-733-NORC



NATIONAL STUDY OF POSTSECONDARY FACULTY INSTITUTION QUESTIONNAIRE

General Instructions

This comprehensive questionnaire was designed to obtain information about full- and part-time instructional personnel as well as non-instructional faculty in 2- and 4-year postsecondary institutions of all types and sizes. Please read each question carefully and follow all instructions. Some of the questions may not appear to fit your institution precisely; if you have a response other than those listed for a particular question, write in that response.

If your institution has multiple campuses, answer only for the campus named in the label on the back of the questionnaire.

If you have any questions about how to proceed if your institution has both lay faculty and those assigned by a religious order, or if you have other questions, please call NORC toll-free at 1-800-733-NORC.

Instructions for Completing the Questionnaire

Section I pertains to instructional faculty and other instructional personnel. Section II asks for information about non-instructional faculty. In both sections, questions should be answered for full-time and part-time personnel. For the questions that ask about minority faculty or other staff, include personnel who are American Indian or Alaska Natives, Asian or Pacific Islander, Black, or Hispanic. For the questions about female faculty or other staff, include persons that have already been counted as minority staff.

Many questions ask about the status of your institution during the 1991 Fall Term. By this, we mean whatever academic term was in progress on October 15, 1991.

Most questions ask you to fill in information; write in the number in the space provided. Other questions ask you to circle a number to indicate your response; circle the number in front of the response, and not the response itself.

Please keep track of who fills out this questionnaire and how long it takes; record that information on pages 17-18. Mailing instructions for the completed questionnaire are on page 17.

SECTION I: INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND OTHER INSTRUCTIONAL PERSONNEL

In this section, we are asking about any personnel at your institution who had instructional duties (e.g., teaching one or more courses, advising students, or supervising students' academic activities) during the 1991 Fall Term.

Include:

- administrative personnel or researchers whose regular assignments include instruction
- permanent and temporary personnel who have any instructional duties, including those who
 have adjunct, acting, or visiting status
- any instructional personnel on sabbatical leave from your institution

Do not include the following exceptions:

- teaching assistants or post doctoral appointments
- temporary replacements for instructional personnel on sabbatical leave
- instructional personnel on leave without pay
- military personnel who teach only ROTC courses
- instructional personnel teaching outside the U.S. (but not on sabbatical leave)
- During the 1991 Fall Term, how many personnel at your institution, as defined above, had any instructional duties? Count both full-time and part-time personnel. (WRITE IN NUMBER)

 Number of personnel with instructional duties
 How many of this number had faculty status during the 1991 Fall Term? (WRITE IN NUMBER)
 Number of instructional personnel with faculty status



In the following questions about instructional personnel, please answer for both full-time (F/T) and part-time (P/T) personnel. IF all instructional personnel have faculty status, fill in only the "INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY" columns in this section. IF no instructional personnel have faculty status, fill in only the "OTHER INSTRUCTIONAL PERSONNEL" columns, OTHERWISE, fill in all four columns.

OTHER

3. Please provide the following information about staff changes between the 1990 and 1991 Fall Terms. (WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE, IF NONE, WRITE IN "0.")

INSTRUCTIONAL

	ULTY			CTIONAL ONNEL
A.	B.		C.	D.
F/T	P/T		F/T	P/T
—		(1) Total staff during 1990 Fall Term		
		(2) Of the total staff, how many were: (a) Minority		
		(b) Female		
		(3) Number who retired between the beginning of the 1990 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1991 Fall Term	· 	
	-	(4) Of the above number, how many were: (a) Minority		
		(b) Female		<u>-</u>
		(5) Number who left for other reasons between the beginning of the 1990 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1991 Fall Term		
		(6) Of the above number, how many were: (a) Minority		
		(b) Female		
		(7) Number of staff at the beginning of the 1991 Fall Term who were hired since the beginning of the 1990 Fall Term		
		(8) Of the above number, how many were: (a) Minority		
		(b) Female		
		(c) Hired from other academic institutions		
		(d) Hired from non-academic organizations		•



4. How many of each of the following instructional positions did your institution have during the 1991 Fall term? If there are no academic ranks at your institution, complete only line 6 ("other").

(WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "O.")

INSTRUC FACU			OTH INSTRUC PERSO	TIONAL
A.	B.		<u>C.</u>	D.
F/T	P/T		F/T	• • P/T
		(1) Professor		
		(2) Associate Professor	· · · · · · · ·	
		(3) Assistant Professor	· <u></u> -	
		(4) Lecturer		
	***	(5) Instructor		
		(6) Other, including those with no academic rank		
TOTAL	TOTAL	(7) Of this total number, how many were:	TOTAL	TOTAL
· ———		(a) Minority		
		(b) Female		

5. During the 1991 Fall Term, for how many unfilled instructional positions were candidates being actively recruited?
 Include positions that were temporarily filled by teaching assistants, or by staff with acting, adjunct, or visiting appointments. (WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE: IF NONE, WRITE IN "0.")

INSTRUCT			INSTRU	THER UCTIONAL SONNEL
A.	В.	·	c.	D.
F/T	P/T		F/T	P/T
		(1) Total number of unfilled positions		

- 6. Does your institution have a tenure system for instructional personnel?
 - 1. Yes
 - 2. No (SKIP TO QUESTION 12, PAGE 6)



	CTIONAL U LTY		OTHER INSTRUCTIONA PERSONNEL
A.	В.		C. D
F/T	P/T	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	F/T P/T
		(1) Tenured, 1990 Fall Term	
	•	(2) Tenure-track but not tenured, 1990 Fall Term	
		(3) Tenured, 1991 Fall Term	
ļ		(4) Tenure-track but not tenured, 1991 Fall Term	
	ULTY		OTHER INSTRUCTIONA PERSONNEL
A.	В.		C. D
F/I	P/T		F/T P/T
-		(1) Through retirement	-
	•	(2) To assume another position	
	.——	(3) For other reasons	
t your institu	ition were c	mic year (i.e., Fall 1990 through Spring 1991), how many of earnsidered for tenure, and how many were granted tenure? N. EACH LINE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0.")	
INSTRUC FACU			OTHER INSTRUCTIONA PERSONNEL
INSTRUC			
INSTRUC FACU A.	JLTY		INSTRUCTIONA PERSONNEL C. D
INSTRUC FACU A.	JLTY B.		INSTRUCTIONA PERSONNEL
INSTRUC FACU A.	JLTY B.	(1) Number considered for tenure	INSTRUCTIONA PERSONNEL C. D
INSTRUC FACU A.	JLTY B.	(1) Number considered for tenure (2) Of the above number, how many were:	INSTRUCTIONA PERSONNEL C. D
INSTRUC FACU A.	JLTY B.	(1) Number considered for tenure (2) Of the above number, how many were: (a) Minority	INSTRUCTIONA PERSONNEL C. D
INSTRUC FACU A.	JLTY B.	(1) Number considered for tenure (2) Of the above number, how many were:	INSTRUCTIONA PERSONNEL C. D
INSTRUC FACU A.	JLTY B.	(1) Number considered for tenure (2) Of the above number, how many were: (a) Minority (b) Female (3) Number granted tenure	INSTRUCTIONA PERSONNEL C. D
INSTRUC FACU A.	JLTY B.	(1) Number considered for tenure (2) Of the above number, how many were: (a) Minority (b) Female (3) Number granted tenure (4) Of the above number, how many were:	INSTRUCTIONA PERSONNEL C. D
INSTRUC FACU A.	JLTY B.	(1) Number considered for tenure (2) Of the above number, how many were: (a) Minority (b) Female (3) Number granted tenure	INSTRUCTIONA PERSONNEL C. D

10. Fill in the following information about the average number of years staff can be on a tenure track, and the upper limit on the percentage who can be tenured in each category. (WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0.")

INSTRUC FACU			INSTRU	HER CTIONAL ONNEL
Α.	B.		c.	D.
F/T	P/T		F/T	P/T
Yrs	Yrs	 (1) Maximum number of years staff can be on a tenure track and not receive tenure (IF NO MAXIMUM, WRITE IN "0") (2) IF MAXIMUM NUMBER OF YEARS HAS CHANGED DURING PAST 3 YEARS, WRITE IN PREVIOUS MAXIMUM (IF NO CHANGE, WRITE IN "0") 	Yrs	Yrs
%	90	(3) Your institution's upper limit (either formal or informal) on the percentage of each category who are tenured (IF NO UPPER LIMIT, WRITE IN "0")	76	- %
		(4) IF UPPER LIMIT ON THE PERCENTAGE HAS CHANGED DURING PAST 3 YEARS, WRITE IN PREVIOUS PERCENTAGE (IF NO CHANGE, WRITE IN "0")	76	%

11. During the past three years, has your institution done any of the following? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH TYPE OF INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF)

INSTRUC FACU		,		INSTRUC PERSO	
Α.	В.		·	C	D.
	P/T	Dec y		F/T	P/T
1. Yes	1. Yes	_	Replaced some tenured or tenure-track positions with fixed-term contract positions	1. Yes	1. Yes
2. No	2. No			2. No	2. No
1. Yes	1. Yes	(2)	Revised the standards for granting tenure	1. Yes	1. Yes
2. No	2. No			2. No	2. No
1. Yes	1. Yes	(3)	Taken actions designed to lower the percent of tenured staff, or	1. Yes	1. Yes
2. No	2. No		having that effect (DESCRIBE ANY ACTIONS TAKEN) A. Actions affecting F/T faculty:	2. No	2. No
			B. Actions affecting P/T faculty:		
			C. Actions affecting F/T other:		
			D. Actions affecting P/T other:		

OTHER

12. During the past three years, has your institution offered early optional or phased retirement to any instructional personnel? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH STAFF CATEGORY)

INSTRUC FACT	CTIONAL ULTY		INSTRU	HER CTIONAL ONNEL
A	В.		C.	D.
F/T	P/T	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	F/T	P/T
1. Yes	1. Yes	(1) Offered any optional early or phased retirement	. 1. Yes	1. Yes
2. No	2. No		2. No	2. No
# during	# during	(2) IF OFFERED, WRITE IN NUMBER WHO EXERCISED THAT OPTION DURING THE 1990-91 ACADEMIC YEAR	# during	# during

13. Indicate whether each of the retirement plans listed below is available at your institution to any instructional personnel, available but not subsidized by your institution, or available and subsidized by your institution. For plans that are available (whether or not subsidized), indicate the number of participants from each staff category.

INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY

OTHER
INSTRUCTIONAL
PERSONNEL

FACUL1	ΓY		PERSON	`~~
A.	B.		C.	Ď.
F/T	P/T		F/T	P/T
<u>.</u>		(1) TIAA/CREF:		
1	1	Not available	1	1
2	2	Available, but not subsidized	2	2
3	3 .	Available and subsidized	3	3
_	-			
		(a) IF PLAN AVAILABLE, WRITE IN NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS		
		(2) OTHER 403B PLAN:		
1	1	Not available	1	1
2	2	Available, but not subsidized	2	2
3	3	Available and subsidized	3	3
		(a) IF PLAN AVAILABLE, WRITE IN NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS		
		(3) STATE PLAN:		
1	ı`	Not available	1	1
2	2	Available, but not subsidized	2	2
3	3	Available and subsidized	3	3
		(a) IF PLAN AVAILABLE, WRITE IN NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS		
		(4) 401K OR 401B PLAN:		
1	1	Not available	1	1
2	2	Available, but not subsidized	2	2
3	3	Available and subsidized	3	3
<u>·</u>		(a) IF PLAN AVAILABLE, WRITE IN NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS		
		(5) OTHER RETIREMENT PLAN:		
1	1	Not svailable	1	1
2	2	Available, but not subsidized	2	2
3	3	Available and subsidized	3	3
		(a) IF PLAN AVAILABLE, WRITE IN NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS		



14. Which of the following employee benefits are available at your institution to any instructional personnel? (CIRCLE ALL THAT APPLY FOR EACH STAFF CATEGORY)

INSTRUC FACU			INSTRU	HER CTIONAL ONNEL
Α.	B.		. C.	D.
F/T	P/T		F/T	P/T
1	1	(1) Free or subsidized wellness program or health promotion program (e.g., fitness program, smoking cessation program)	1	1
2	. 2	(2) Paid maternity leave	2	2
3	3	(3) Paid paternity leave	3	3
4	4	(4) Subsidized medical insurance or medical care	4	4
5	5	(5) Subsidized dental insurance or dental care	5	5
6	6	(6) Subsidized disability insurance program	6	
7	7	(7) Subsidized life insurance	7	7
8	8	(8) Tuition remission/grants at this or other institution for spouse	. 8	8
9	9	(9) Tuition remission/grants at this or other institutions for children	9	9
10	10	(10) Subsidized child care	10	10
11	11	(11) Subsidized housing/mortgages	11	11
12	12	(12) Free or subsidized meals	12	12
13	13	(13) Medical insurance for retirees	13	13
14	14	(14) "Cafeteria-style" benefits plan (plan under which staff can trade off some benefits for others, following guidelines established by the institution)	14	14
%	7 6	(15) WRITE IN THE AVERAGE PERCENTAGE OF SALARY THAT IS CONTRIBUTED BY YOUR INSTITUTION TO EACH CATEGORY'S TOTAL BENEFITS PACKAGE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0".)		



16	How did your institution use part-time instructional personnel during the 1991 Fall Term?
13.	(CIRCLE ALL THAT APPLY)
	1. to replace full-time instructional personnel on a permanent basis
	2. to replace full-time instructional personnel on a temporary basis
	3. to complement full-time instructional personnel in certain skill areas

16. Although we have not asked about teaching assistants in the rest of the questionnaire, please answer this question for teaching assistants as well as for other staff. What percentage of undergraduate and graduate instruction, as measured by total student credit hours taught, is carried by each of the following types of staff? (Student credit hours are defined as the number of course credits or contact hours multiplied by the number of students enrolled.)

(WRITE IN A PERCENTAGE ON EACH LINE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0.")

Α.	В.	
UNDERGRADUATE INSTRUCTION	GRADUATE INSTRUCTION	
%	%	(1) Teaching assistants
%	%	(2) Full-time faculty
%	%	(3) Other full-time staff with instructional duties
%	%	(4) Part-time faculty
%	%	(5) Other part-time staff with instructional duties
100%	100%	BE SURE THAT THE PERCENTAGES ADD UP TO 100% OF THE TOTAL CREDIT HOURS TAUGHT IN EACH COLUMN

17.	In which of the following ways, if any, is the teaching pe	erformance of instruction	al personnel assessed	at this institution?
	(CIRCLE ALL THAT APPLY)	•		

- 1. Evaluations by students
- 2. Student test scores
- 3. Student placement or honors
- 4. Other measures of student performance
- 5. Department/division chair evaluations
- 6. Dean evaluations
- 7. Peer evaluations
- 8. Self-evaluations
- 9. Other (DESCRIBE) ______
- 10. Teaching performance not assessed for instructional personnel



SECTION II: NON-INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY

In this section, we are asking about any personnel at your institution who had faculty status, but no instructional duries, during the 1991 Fall Term (e.g., they were neither teaching any courses, advising students, nor supervising students' academic activities).

18. •	Did your institution have any individuals with faculty status but no instructional responsibilities during the 1991 Fall Term?
	1. Yes
	2. No (PLEASE SKIP TO PAGE 17)
19. •	During the 1991 Fall Term, how many personnel at your institution had faculty status but no instructional duties? Count both full-time and part-time personnel. (WRITE IN NUMBER)
	Number of faculty with no instructional duties
20. •	How many of this number were: (WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0.")
	Administrators
	Researchers
	Other (DESCRIBE)

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In the following questions about non-instructional faculty, please answer for both full-time (F/T) and part-time (P/T) personnel.

21. Please provide the following information about staff changes between the 1990 and 1991 Fall Terms. (WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0.")

NON-INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY

Α.	В.	·
F/T	P/T	
		(1) Total staff during 1990 Fall Term
		(2) Of the total staff, how many were: (a) Minority
		(b) Female
		(3) Number who retired between the beginning of the 1990 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1991 Fall Term
		(4) Of the above number, how many were: (a) Minority
		(b) Female
· ·		(5) Number who left for other reasons between the beginning of the 1990 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1991 Fall Term
		(6) Of the above number, how many were: (a) Minority
		(b) Female
		(7) Number of staff at the beginning of the 1991 Fall Term who were hired since the beginning of the 1990 Fall Term
		(8) Of the above number, how many were: (a) Minority
<u> </u>		(b) Female
		(c) Hired from other academic institutions
	 .	(d) Hired from non-academic organizations



22. How many of each of the following non-instructional faculty positions did your institution have during the 1991 Fall term? If there are no academic ranks at your institution, complete only line 5 ("other").

(WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0.")

NON-INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY

A.	В.	
F/T	P/ T	
		(1) Professor
		(2) Associate Professor
		(3) Assistant Professor
		(4) Lecturer
		(5) Other, including those with no academic rank
TOTAL	TOTAL	(6) Of this total number, how many were:
		(a) Minority
		(b) Female

- 23. Does your institution have a tenure system for non-instructional faculty?
 - 1. Yes
 - 2. No (SKIP TO QUESTION 28, PAGE 14)
- 24. During the 1990 and 1991 Fall Terms, how many tenured and tenure-track non-instructional faculty did your institution have? (WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0.")

NON-INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY

A.	В.	
F/T	P/T	
		(1) Tenured, 1990 Fall Term
 		(2) Tenure-track but not tenured, 1990 Fall Term
		(3) Tenured, 1991 Fall Term
		(4) Tenure-track but not tenured, 1991 Fall Term



25. Between the beginning of the 1990 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1991 Fall Term, how many tenured non-instructional faculty (if any) left your institution for each of the following reasons?

(WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0.")

NON-INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY

Α.	В.	
· F/T	11 No. P/T	
		(1) Through retirement
		(2) To assume another position
		(3) For other reasons

26. During the 1990-91 academic year (i.e., Fall 1990 through Spring 1991), how many non-instructional faculty at your institution were considered for tenure, and how many were granted tenure?

(WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0.")

NONINSTRUCTIONAL
FACULTY

A. B.

F/T P/T

(1) Number considered for tenure

(2) Of the above number, how many were:
(a) Minority

(b) Female

(3) Number granted tenure

(4) Of the above number, how many were:
(a) Minority

(b) Female



27. During the past three years, has your institution done any of the following for any non-instructional faculty? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH TYPE OF NON-INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY)

NON-INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY

A. B.

F/T	P/T	
1. Yes	1. Yes	(1) Replaced some tenured or tenure-track positions with fixed-term
2. No	2. No	contract positions
1. Yes	1. Yes	(2) Revised the standards for granting tenure
2. No	2. No	
1. Yes	1. Yes	(3) Taken actions designed to lower the percent of tenured staff, or
2. No	2. No	having that effect (DESCRIBE ANY ACTIONS TAKEN)
		A. Actions affecting F/T faculty:
		B. Actions affecting P/T faculty:

28. During the past three years, has your institution offered early optional or phased retirement to any non-instructional faculty? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH STAFF CATEGORY)

NON-INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY

A. B.

		the state of the s
F/T	P/T	
1. Yes	1. Yes	(1) Offered any optional early or phased retirement
2. No	2. No	
		tu•t
# during '90-91 yr	# during	(2) IF OFFERED, WRITE IN NUMBER WHO EXERCISED THAT OPTION DURING THE 1990-91 ACADEMIC YEAR

29. Please indicate whether each of the retirement plans listed below is available at your institution for any non-instructiona faculty, available but not subsidized by your institution, or available and subsidized by your institution. For plans that are available (whether or not subsidized), indicate the number of participants from each staff category.

NON-INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY

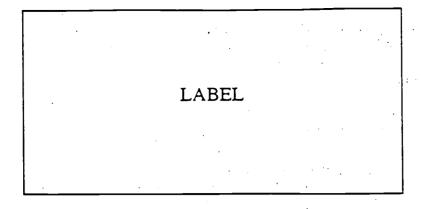
FACUL	1 1	
F/T	P/T	
		(1) TIAA/CREF:
1	1	Not available
2	2	Available, but not subsidized
3	3	Available and subsidized
		(a) IF PLAN AVAILABLE, WRITE IN NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS
		(2) OTHER 403B PLAN:
1	1	Not available
2	2	Available, but not subsidized
3	3	Available and subsidized
		(a) IF PLAN AVAILABLE, WRITE IN NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS
	*	(3) STATE PLAN:
1	1	Not available
2	2 '	Available, but not subsidized
3	3	Available and subsidized
		(a) IF PLAN AVAILABLE, WRITE IN NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS
		(4) 401K OR 401B PLAN:
1	1	Not available
2	2	Available, but not subsidized
3	3	Available and subsidized
	-	
		(a) IF PLAN AVAILABLE, WRITE IN NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS
		(5) OTHER RETIREMENT PLAN:
1	1	Not available
2 .	2	Available, but not subsidized
3	3	Available and subsidized
		(a) IF PLAN AVAILABLE, WRITE IN NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS

30. Which of the following employee benefits are available at your institution to any non-instructional faculty? (CIRCLE ALL THAT APPLY FOR EACH STAFF CATEGORY)

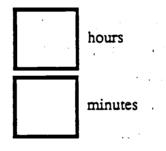
NON-INSTITUCTIONAL FACULTY

A	В.	·
F/T	P/T	
1	1	(1) Free or subsidized wellness program or health promotion program (e.g., fitness program, smoking cessation program)
2	2	(2) Paid maternity leave
3	3	(3) Paid paternity leave
4	4	(4) Subsidized medical insurance or medical care
5	5	(5) Subsidized dental insurance or dental care
6	6	(6) Subsidized disability insurance program
7	7	(7) Subsidized life insurance
8	8 ·	(8) Tuition remission/grants at this or other institution for spouse
9	9	(9) Tuition remission/grants at this or other institutions for children
10	10	(10) Subsidized child care
11	11	(11) Subsidized housing/mortgages
12	12	(12) Free or subsidized meals
13	13	(13) Medical insurance for retirees
14	14	(14) "Cafeteria-style" benefits plan (plan under which staff can trade off some benefits for others, following guidelines established by the institution)
7 ₆		(15) WRITE IN THE AVERAGE PERCENTAGE OF SALARY THAT IS CONTRIBUTED BY YOUR INSTITUTION TO EACH CATEGORY'S TOTAL BENEFITS PACKAGE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0".)





PLEASE INDICATE THE TOTAL TIME REQUIRED TO COMPLETE THIS QUESTIONNAIRE:



THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR PARTICIPATION.

RETURN THIS QUESTIONNAIRE IN THE ENCLOSED PREPAID ENVELOPE TO:

National Opinion Research Center (4552)
University of Chicago
1155 East 60th Street
Chicago, Illinois 60637



Please fill in your name and your title at this institution, as well as the names and titles of any other individuals who have answered one or more questions in this institution, and the question numbers each individual worked on. Include telephone numbers in case we have any questions about any entries.

YOUR NAME:	TITLE:
PHONE #:	QUESTIONS #s:
OTHER NAME:	TITLE:
PHONE #:	QUESTIONS #s:
OTHER NAME:	TITLE:
PHONE #:	QUESTIONS #s:
OTHER NAME:	TITLE:
PHONE #:	QUESTIONS #s:
OTHER NAME:	TITLE:
PHONE #:	QUESTIONS #s:

Once the answers have been processed, all identifying information, including names and telephone numbers, will no longer be associated with this questionnaire.

GIVING US FEEDBACK ON THE INSTITUTION QUESTIONNAIRE

Before a questionnaire can be used in a study, it must first be carefully tested to ensure that all of the questions are clear and easily understood by the person completing it. We would like you to provide us with feedback about the questionnaire. Please take some time now to review the questions and your answers.

- If the general meaning of a question was unclear to you, please circle the question number.
- If there were specific words or phrases in a question that did not make sense to you, please circle the words or phrases.
- If any of the response categories to a question did not make sense to you, please circle those categories.
- Use the margins next to a question or answer to provide us with your feedback about questions, question wording, or any other problems that you encountered in answering a question. Please be as critical as you like; feel free to use the back cover for any other comments you have about the questions or the study.

Your help is greatly appreciated. Your feedback will ensure that this questionnaire, and the data derived from it, will be reliable.



LABEL

COMMENTS:	
	_
	_
	_
	
	_
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Appendix F

1993 NSOPF Faculty Questionnaire



OMB No. 1850-0608 Expiration Date: 12/93

U.S. Department of Education Office of Educational Research and Improvement

National Center for Education Statistics

1993 NATIONAL STUDY OF POSTSECONDARY FACULTY

FACULTY QUESTIONNAIRE



All information on this form will be kept confidential and will not be disclosed or released to your institution or any other group or individual.

Co-sponsored by: National Science Foundation

National Endowment for the Humanities

Contractor:

National Opinion Research Center (NORC)

University of Chicago Mailing Address:

1525 East 55th Street Chicago, Illinois 60615

Toll-Free Number: 1-800-733-NORC



NATIONAL STUDY OF POSTSECONDARY FACULTY

Instructions for Completing Faculty Questionnaire

Many of our questions ask about your activities during the 1992 Fall Term. By this, we mean whatever academic term was in progress on October 15, 1992.

All questions that ask about your position at "this institution" refer to your position during the 1992 Fall Term at the institution listed on the label on the back cover of the questionnaire.

This questionnaire was designed to be completed by both full-time and part-time instructional faculty and staff, and non-instructional faculty, in 2- and 4-year (and above) higher education institutions of all types and sizes. Please read each question carefully and follow all instructions. Some of the questions may not appear to fit your situation precisely; if you have a response other than those listed for a particular question, write in that response.

Most questions ask you to circle a number to indicate your response. Circle the number in front of your response and not the response itself. Other questions ask you to fill in information; write in the information in the space provided.

Mailing instructions for returning the completed questionnaire are on page 26.

If you have any questions on how to proceed, please call NORC toll-free at 1-800-733-NORC.



NATIONAL STUDY OF POSTSECONDARY FACULTY: Faculty Questionnaire

1.	(e.g., te	the 1992 Fall Term, did you have any <u>instructional</u> duties at this institution eaching one or more courses, or advising or supervising students' academic activities)? **LE ONE NUMBER**)
	1. Yes	(ANSWER 1A) 2. No (SKIP TO QUESTION 2)
	1A.	During the 1992 Fall Term, were (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
	-	1. all of your instructional duties related to credit courses,
		2. some of your instructional duties related to credit courses or advising or supervising academic activities for credit, or
		3. all of your instructional duties related to noncredit courses or advising or supervising noncredit academic activities?
2.		was your principal activity at this institution during the 1992 Fall Term? If you have equal sibilities, please select one. (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
	1. Tea	ching
•	2. Res	earch
	3. Tec	hnical activities (e.g., programmer, technician, chemist, engineer, etc.)
	4. Clin	nical service
	5. Con	nmunity/public service
		ministration RITE IN TITLE OR POSITION)
	7. On	sabbatical from this institution
	8. Oth	ner (subsidized performer, artist-in-residence, etc.)
3.	During	3 the 1992 Fall Term, did you have faculty status at this institution? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
	1. Yes	S .
	2. No,	, I did not have faculty status
	3. No,	, no one has faculty status at this institution



SECTION A. NATURE OF EMPLOYMENT

_	1. Part-tim	e (AN	SWER	4A) 2. Full-time (SKIP TO QUESTION 5)
▶	4A.			a part-time position at this institution during the 1992 Fall Term because OR "2" FOR EACH REASON)
		Yes	No	
		1	2	a. you preferred working on a part-time basis?
		1	2	b. a full-time position was not available?
		1	2	c. you were supplementing your income from other employment?
		1	2	d. you wanted to be part of an academic environment?
		1	2	e. you were finishing a graduate degree?
		1	2	f. of other reasons?
	Were you c			a department or division at this institution during the 1992 Fall Term?
	1. Yes			
				·
	•	•	_	n the job you held at this institution during the 1992 Fall Term? Include rt of your Fall 1992 job. (WRITE IN YEAR)
	In what yea	•	_	The state of the s
	In what year promotions	in rank	k as pa	rt of your Fall 1992 job. (WRITE IN YEAR) tus at this institution during the 1992 Fall Term?
	In what year promotions 19 What was y (CIRCLE C	our tent	k as pai	rt of your Fall 1992 job. (WRITE IN YEAR) tus at this institution during the 1992 Fall Term?
	In what year promotions 19 What was y (CIRCLE C	our tenu	ure sta UMBER In wi	tus at this institution during the 1992 Fall Term?
	In what year promotions 19 What was y (CIRCLE Co.) 1. Tenured	our tentone NU 7 7A. re track	ure state MBER In what the but no	tus at this institution during the 1992 Fall Term?
	In what year promotions 19 What was y (CIRCLE Co.) 1. Tenured 2. On tenu 3. Not on the second sec	our tenuone track	ure state In what but no rack	tus at this institution during the 1992 Fall Term?
	In what year promotions 19 What was y (CIRCLE Co. 1. Tenured 2. On tenu 3. Not on to 4. No tenu	our tenuone track tenure tr	ure state "MBER In when but no rack m for n	tus at this institution during the 1992 Fall Term? that year did you achieve tenure at this institution? 19 (SKIP TO QUESTION)
	In what year promotions 19 What was y (CIRCLE Co. 1. Tenured 2. On tenu 3. Not on t 4. No tenu 5. No tenu	our tenuone track tenure track tree system re system	ure state In when the but no rack m for m at the state of the state	tus at this institution during the 1992 Fall Term? that year did you achieve tenure at this institution? 19 (SKIP TO QUESTION only faculty status is institution. The property of the status is institution.
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	In what year promotions 19 What was y (CIRCLE Company) 1. Tenured 2. On tenured 3. Not on the second 4. No tenured 5. No tenured 5. No tenured 6. CIRCLE Company the (CIRCLE Company) 1. One aca 2. One aca 2. One aca	rour tenuic tenure track tenure	ure state UMBER but no rack m for n m at the UMBER calendar	tus at this institution during the 1992 Fall Term? hat year did you achieve tenure at this institution? 19 (SKIP TO QUESTION my faculty status is institution n, what was the duration of your contract or appointment at this institution?



5. Other

NA	. Not applicable: no ranks	designated at this institution (S	KIP TO QUESTION 1	1)
1.	Professor	1		
2.	Associate Professor			
3.	Assistant Professor			
4.	Instructor			
5.	Lecturer			
6.	Other (WRITE IN)	•		
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19				. •
Du (Cl	IRCLE ALL THAT APPLY	nich of the following kinds of ap	pointments did you hol	d at this institution
Du (Cl			pointments did you hol	d at this institution
Du (<i>Cl</i>	IRCLE ALL THAT APPLY		pointments did you hol	d at this institution
Du (C) 1. 2.	RCLE ALL THAT APPLY Acting		pointments did you hol	d at this institution
Du (C) 1. 2.	RCLE ALL THAT APPLY Acting Affiliate or adjunct)	pointments did you hol	d at this institution
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Du (Ci	Acting Affiliate or adjunct Visiting Assigned by religious order	SITION)	pointments did you hol	d at this institution



12.	What is your <u>principal</u> field or discipline of teaching? (REFER TO THE LIST OF MAJOR FIELDS OF STUDY ON PAGES 5 AND 6 AND ENTER THE APPROPRIATE CODE NUMBER AND NAME BELOW. YOU HAVE NO FIELD OF TEACHING, CIRCLE "NA")					
	NA. Not Applicable					
,	CODE FOR FIELD OR DISCIPLINE:	NAME OF PRINCIPAL FIELD/DISCIPLINE				
13.	What is your <u>principal</u> area of research? If equal CIRCLE "NA")	areas, select one. (IF YOU HAVE NO RESEARCH AREA,				
	NA. Not Applicable					
	CODE FOR FIELD OR DISCIPLINE:	NAME OF PRINCIPAL FIELD/DISCIPLINE				

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	101	Agribusiness & Agricultural Production	201	Computer & Information Sciences
	102	Agricultural, Animal, Food, & Plant	202	Computer Programming
		Sciences	203	Data Processing
	103	Renewable Natural Resources, including	204	Systems Analysis
i, s	`` *	Conservation, Fishing, & Forestry	210	Other Computer Science
 	110	Other Agriculture		
				EDUCATION
		ARCHITECTURE & ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN	221	Education, General
	121	Architecture & Environmental Design	222	Basic Skills
1	122	City, Community, & Regional Planning	223	Bilingual/Cross-cultural Education
	123	Interior Design	224	Curriculum & Instruction
2.374	124	Land Use Management & Reclamation	225	Education Administration
	130	Other Arch. & Environmental Design	226	Education Evaluation & Research
e i ez.	o wal		227	Educational Psychology
		ART	228	Special Education
ww.	141	Art History & Appreciation	229	Student Counseling & Personnel Svcs.
	142	Crafts	230	Other Education
:	143	Dance		
المستلأ بيار	144	Design (other than Arch. or Interior)		TEACHER EDUCATION
	145	Dramatic Arts	241	Pre-Elementary
		Film Arts	242	Elementary
·	147	Fine Arts	243	Secondary
ų i	148	Music	244	Adult & Continuing
٠.	149	Music History & Appreciation	245	Other General Teacher Ed. Programs
	150	Other Visual & Performing Arts	250	Teacher Education in Specific Subjects
		BUSINESS	n de la companya da	ENGINEERING
	161	Accounting	261	Engineering, General
	162	Banking & Finance	262	Civil Engineering
	163	Business Administration & Management	263	Electrical, Electronics, &
	164	Business Administrative Support (e.g., Bookkeeping,		Communication Engineering
		Office Management, Secretarial)	264	Mechanical Engineering
	165	Human Resources Development	265	Chemical Engineering
	166	Organizational Behavior	270	Other Engineering
	167	Marketing & Distribution	280	Engineering-Related Technologies
apa teri Jahan	170	Other Business		
î de				ENGLISH AND LITERATURE
		COMMUNICATIONS	291	English, General
		Advertising	292	Composition & Creative Writing
		Broadcasting & Journalism	293	American Literature
	183	Communications Research	294	English Literature
	184	Communication Technologies	295	Linguistics
	190	Other Communications	296	Speech, Debate, & Forensics
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o Troizotty E del Cig., Ciminal vastee, The	0	THEOLOGY	700	WRITE IN A COMPLETE DESCRIPTION
				AT QUESTIONS 12-13, AND 16)

SECTION B. ACADEMIC/PROFESSIONAL BACKGROUND

- 14. Which of the following undergraduate academic honors or awards, if any, did you receive? (CIRCLE ALL THAT APPLY)
 - 1. National academic honor society, such as Phi Beta Kappa, Tau Beta Pi, or other field-specific national honor society
 - 2. Cum laude or honors
 - 3. Magna cum laude or high honors
 - 4. Summa cum laude or highest honors
 - 5. Other undergraduate academic achievement award
 - 6. None of the above
- 15. When you were in graduate school, which of the following forms of financial assistance, if any, did you receive? (CIRCLE ALL THAT APPLY, OR CIRCLE "NA")
 - NA. Not applicable; did not attend graduate school (GO TO QUESTION 16)
 - 1. Teaching assistantship
 - 2. Research assistantship
 - 3. Program or residence hall assistantship
 - 4. Fellowship
 - 5. Scholarship or traineeship
 - 6. Grant
 - 7. G.I. Bill or other veterans' financial aid
 - 8. Federal or state loan
 - 9. Other loan
 - 10. None of the above



16. Please list below the degrees or other formal awards that you hold, the year you received each one, the field code (from pages 5-6) that applies, name of the field, and the name and location of the institution from which you received each degree or award. Do not list honorary degrees. (COMPLETE ALL COLUMNS FOR EACH DEGREE)

CODES FOR TYPE OF DEGREE

- 1 Professional degree (M.D., D.D.S., L.L.B., etc.)
- 2 Doctoral degree (Ph.D., Ed.D., etc.)
- 3 Master's degree or equivalent
- 4 Bachelor's degree or equivalent
- 5 Certificate, diploma, or degree for completion of undergraduate program of more than 2 years but less than 4 years in length
- 6 Associate's degree or equivalent
- 7 Certificate, diploma, or degree for completion of undergraduate program of at least 1 year but less than 2 years in length

	A. Degree Code (see above)	B. Year Received	C. Field Code (from pp. 5-6)	D. Name of Field (from pp. 5-6)	÷		E. Name of Institution (a) and City and State/Country of Institution (b)
(1) Highest		19				a.	٠,
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17.		the 1992 Fall Term, were you employed <u>only</u> at this institution, or did you also have other employment g any outside consulting or other self-owned business, or private practice? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
	1. Emp	loyed only at this institution (SKIP TO QUESTION 19)
<u> </u>	-	other employment, consulting, self-owned business, or private practice
	- ▶ 17A.	How many different jobs, other than your employment at this institution, did you have during the 1992 Fall Term? Include all outside consulting, self-owned business, and private practice. (WRITE IN NUMBER)
		Number of Jobs
18.		nting any employment at this institution, what was the employment sector of the main <u>other</u> job you held Fall 1992? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
	1. 4-yea	ar college or university, graduate or professional school
	2. 2-yea	ar or other postsecondary institution
	3. Elen	nentary or secondary school
	4. Cons	sulting, freelance work, self-owned business, or private practice
	5. Hosp	pital or other health care or clinical setting
	6. Four	ndation or other nonprofit organization other than health care organization
	7. For-	profit business or industry in the private sector
	8. Fede	eral government, including military, or state or local government
	9. Othe	er (WRITE IN)
	•	
	18A.	What year did you begin that job? (WRITE IN YEAR) 19
	18B.	What was your primary responsibility in that job? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
		1. Teaching
		2. Research
		3. Technical activities (e.g., programmer, technician, chemist, engineer, etc.)
		4. Clinical service
		5. Community/public service
		6. Administration
		7. Other
	18C.	Was that job full-time or part-time? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
		1. Full-time



- 19. The next questions ask about jobs that ended before the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term. For the three most recent and significant main jobs that you held during the past 15 years, indicate below the year you began and the year you left each job, the employment sector, your primary responsibility, and whether you were employed full-time or part-time.
 - Do not list promotions in rank at one place of employment as different jobs.
 - Do not include temporary positions (i.e., summer positions) or work as a graduate student.
 - List each job (other than promotion in rank) separately.

If not applicable, circle "NA"	NA NA	NA	NA
(1) YEARS JOB HELD	A. MOST RECENT MAIN JOB (PRIOR TO FALL 1992)	B. NEXT MOST RECENT MAIN JOB	C. NEXT MOST RECENT MAIN JOB
FROM:	19	19	19
то:	19	19	19
(2) EMPLOYMENT SECTOR	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)
4-year college or university, graduate or professional school	1	1	1 .
2-year or other postsecondary institution	2	2	2
Elementary or secondary school	3	3	3
Consulting, freelance work, self-owned business, or private practice	4	4	4
Hospital or other health care or clinical setting	5	5	5
Foundation or other nonprofit organization other than health care organization	6	6	6
For-profit business or industry in the private sector	7	7	7
Federal government, including military, or state or local government	8	8	8
Other	9	9	9
(3) PRIMARY RESPONSIBILITY	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)
Teaching	1	1	1
Research	2	2	2
Technical activities (e.g., programmer, technician, chemist, engineer, etc.)	3	3 .	3
Clinical service	4	4	4
Community/public service	5	5	. 5
Administration	6	6	6
Other	7	7	7
(4) FULL-TIME/PART-TIME	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)
Pull-time	1	1	1
Part-time	2	2	2



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20. About how many of each of the following have you presented/published/etc. during your entire career and during the last 2 years? For publications, please include only works that have been accepted for publication. Count multiple presentations/publications of the same work only once. (CIRCLE "NA" IF YOU HAVE NOT PUBLISHED OR PRESENTED)

NA. No presentations/publications/etc. (GO TO QUESTION 21)

(WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0")

	Type of Presentation/Publication/etc.	A. Total during career	B. Number in past 2 years
(1)	Articles published in refereed professional or trade journals		
(2)	Articles published in nonrefereed professional or trade journals		
(3)	Creative works published in juried media		
(4)	Creative works published in nonjuried media or in-house newsletters		
(5)	Published reviews of books, articles, or creative works		
(6)	Chapters in edited volumes		
(7)	Textbooks		
(8)	Other books		
(9)	Monographs		
(10)	Research or technical reports disseminated internally or to clients		
(11)	Presentations at conferences, workshops, etc.		
(12)	Exhibitions or performances in the fine or applied arts		<u>.</u>
(13)	Patents or copyrights (excluding thesis or dissertation)		
(14)	Computer software products		



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SECTION C. INSTITUTIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES AND WORKLOAD

21. During the 1992 Fall Term, how many undergraduate or graduate thesis or dissertation committees, comprehensive exams, orals committees, or examination or certification committees did you chair and/or serve on at this institution? (CIRCLE "NA" IF YOU DID NOT SERVE ON ANY COMMITTEES)

NA. Did not serve on any undergraduate or graduate committees (GO TO QUESTION 22)

(WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0")

Type of Committee	A. Number served on	B. Of that number, how many did you chair?
(1) <u>Undergraduate</u> thesis or dissertation committees (2) <u>Undergraduate</u> comprehensive exams or orals committees (other than as part of thesis/dissertation committees)		
(3) <u>Undergraduate</u> examination/certification committees (4) <u>Graduate</u> thesis or dissertation committees		
(5) Graduate comprehensive exams or orals committees (other than as part of thesis/dissertation committees) (6) Graduate examination/certification committees		

22. During the 1992 Fall Term, what was the total number of classes or sections you taught at this institution? Do not include individualized instruction, such as independent study or individual performance classes. Count multiple sections of the same course as a separate class, but not the lab section of a course.

(WRITE IN A NUMBER, OR CIRCLE "0")

0.	No class	ses taught	(SKIP TO Q	UESTION 25
----	----------	------------	------------	-------------------

_____ Number of classes/sections (ANSWER 22A)

22A. How many of those classes were classes for credit?

0. No classes for credit (SKIP TO QUESTION 25)

Number of classes/sections for credit (ANSWER QUESTION 23 ON THE NEXT PAGE)



Ö

23. For each class or section that you taught for credit at this institution during the 1992 Fall Term, please answer the following items. <u>Do not</u> include individualized instruction, such as independent study or individual one-on-one performance classes.

If you taught multiple sections of the same course, count them as separate classes, but do not include the lab section of the course as a separate class. For each class, enter the <u>code</u> for the academic discipline of the class. (Refer to pages 5-6 for the codes. Please enter the code rather than the course name.)

puge	Å.	B.
	FIRST FOR-CREDIT CLASS	SECOND FOR-CREDIT CLASS
(1) <u>CODE</u> FOR ACADEMIC DISCIPLINE OF CLASS (from pp. 5-6)		
(2) DURING 1992 FALL TERM		
Number of weeks the class met?	a	a
Number of credit hours?	b	b
Number of hours the class met per week?	c	c
Number of teaching assistants, readers?	d	d
Number of students enrolled?	e	e
Was this class team taught?	f. 1. Yes 2. No	f. 1. Yes 2. No
Average # hours per week you taught the class?	g	g
(3) PRIMARY LEVEL OF STUDENTS	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)
Lower division students (first or second year postsecondary) or	1	1
Upper division students (third or fourth year postsecondary) <u>or</u>	2	2
Graduate or any other post-baccalaureate students, or	3	3
All other students?	4	4
(4) PRIMARY INSTRUCTIONAL METHOD USED	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)
Lecture	1	1
Seminar	2	2
Discussion group or class presentations	3	3
Lab, clinic or problem session	4	4
Apprenticeship, internship, field work, or field trips	5	5
Role playing, simulation, or other performance (e.g., art, music, drama)	6	6
TV or radio	7	7
Group projects	8	8
Cooperative learning groups	9	9



C.	D.	E.	
THIRD FOR-CREDIT CLASS	FOURTH FOR-CREDIT CLASS	FIFTH FOR-CREDIT CLASS	
a b	a b	a b.	a.: Number of weeks the class met b. Number of credit hours
c	c	c	c. Number of hours the class met per week d. Number of teaching assistants, readers
f. 1. Yes 2. No	f. 1. Yes 2. No	f. 1. Yes 2. No	e. Number of students enrolled f. Was this class team taught g. Average # hours per week you taught
(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)	
2	1 2	1 2	Lower division students Upper division students
3 4	3	3	Graduate, post-baccalaureate students All other students
(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)	Au other students
2	2	1 2	Lecture Seminar
. 3 4	4	3	Discussion group or class presentations
5	5	5	Lab, clinic or problem session Apprenticeship, internship, etc.
7	6 7	6 7	Role playing, simulation, performance, etc. TV or radio
8	8	8	Group projects Cooperative learning groups



1. Yes	(ANSWER	24A)			2. No (SKIP TO QI	UESTION 25)	
24A.					raduate courses that you taught UMBER FOR EACH ITEM)	for credit during t	the 1992 Fall Term die
	None	Some	All		*		
	1	2	3	a.	Computational tools or software	?	
	1	2	3	b.	Computer-aided or machine-aid	ed instruction?	
	1	2	3	c.	Student presentations?		
	1	2	3	d.	Student evaluations of each other	er's work?	
	1	2	3	e.	Multiple-choice midterm and/or	final exam?	
,	1	2	3	f.	Essay midterm and/or final exa	ms?	
	1	2	3	g.	Short-answer midterm and/or fi	inal exams?	
	1	2	3	h.	Term/research papers?		
	1	2	3	i.	Multiple drafts of written work?	•	
	1	2	3	j.	Grading on a curve?		
	1	2	3	k.	Competency-based grading?		
student	ts in a clinica	al or res	earch s	ndepe settin	lease indicate how many students andent study or one-on-one instrug), and the total number of conta hours. (WRITE IN A NUMBER	action, including work the second EACH LINE A.	orking with individual se students per week. ; IF NONE, WRITE I. B.
Student Do not	ts in a clinica count regula	al or resourly sche	earch seduled	ndepe setting office	ndent study or one-on-one instrug), and the total number of conta	ection, including work the second EACH LINE	orking with individual se students per week.
Student Do not	ts in a clinica count regula ype of studen	al or resourly sche	earch s duled ving Fo	ndepe setting office	endent study or one-on-one instrug), and the total number of contant hours. (WRITE IN A NUMBER) Individualized Instruction	action, including work the second of the sec	orking with individual se students per week. ; IF NONE, WRITE I B. Total contact
Do not	ts in a clinical count regular type of student	al or results received	earch siduled wing Fo	ndepe setting office ormal	endent study or one-on-one instrugy, and the total number of contain hours. (WRITE IN A NUMBER Individualized Instruction or second year postsecondary)	action, including work the second of the sec	orking with individual se students per week. ; IF NONE, WRITE I B. Total contact
Student Do not	ts in a clinical count regular type of student type of student type (1) Lower div.	al or results received ission stuction	earch s duled ving Fo	ndepe setting office ormal (first of	Individualized Instruction or second year postsecondary) or fourth year postsecondary)	action, including work the second of the sec	orking with individual se students per week. ; IF NONE, WRITE I B. Total contact
Student Do not	ts in a clinical count regular type of students 1) Lower div. 2) Upper div. 3) Graduate	al or results received ission studies or any o	earch seduled wing Fordents (adents (a	ndepe setting office ormal (first of	endent study or one-on-one instrugy, and the total number of contain hours. (WRITE IN A NUMBER Individualized Instruction or second year postsecondary)	action, including work the second of the sec	orking with individual se students per week. ; IF NONE, WRITE I B. Total contact
Student Do not	ts in a clinical count regular type of student type of student type (1) Lower div.	al or results received ission studies or any o	earch seduled wing Fordents (adents (a	ndepe setting office ormal (first of	Individualized Instruction or second year postsecondary) or fourth year postsecondary)	action, including work the second of the sec	orking with individual se students per week. ; IF NONE, WRITE I B. Total contact
To not	ts in a clinical count regular count regular ype of student (1) Lower div. (2) Upper div. (3) Graduate (4) All other cring the 1992	ats received ision students Fall Ter	earch seduled wing Fordents (adents (a	office ormal (first office) (third) ost-ba	Individualized Instruction or second year postsecondary) or fourth year postsecondary)	A. Number of students	B. Total contact hours per week
To not	ts in a clinical count regular type of student	ats receivates receiva	dents (other po	office ormal (first of third ost-base) w mai	Individualized Instruction or second year postsecondary) or fourth year postsecondary) accalaureate students ny regularly scheduled office hou water to water the water to the second	A. Number of students	B. Total contact hours per week
To not To not (1) (2) (4) (W)	ts in a clinical count regular count regular type of students 1) Lower divided type of students 2) Upper divided type of students 3) Graduate type of the 1992 ring the 1992 RITE IN A Number 1992	ats received ision students Fall Teneral Tene	dents (dents (de	office ormal (first office) (third ost-back w man (ONE,	Individualized Instruction or second year postsecondary) or fourth year postsecondary) accalaureate students ny regularly scheduled office hou of WRITE IN "0")	A. Number of students rs did you have pe	B. Total contact hours per week
Student Do not T	ts in a clinical count regular count regular ype of students. 1) Lower div. 2) Upper div. 3) Graduate. 4) All other string the 1992. RITE IN A Number in the 1992. ssroom? Do.	ats received ision students Fall Tender of Fall Tender of County	dents (dents (de	office ormal (first office) (third ost-back) w man ONE, per w w mu vidua	Individualized Instruction or second year postsecondary) or fourth year postsecondary) accalaureate students ny regularly scheduled office hou water to water the water to the second	A. Number of students rs did you have personal did you have each	B. Total contact hours per week
Student Do not T	ts in a clinical count regular count regular type of students (a) Lower diversity (b) Upper diversity (c)	ats received ision students Fall Tender of Fall Tender of County	dents (dents (de	office ormal (first of third ost-base) w many one, w mu vidua one, one, one, one, one, one, one, one,	Individualized Instruction or second year postsecondary) or fourth year postsecondary) or calaureate students ny regularly scheduled office hou week ch informal contact with student l instruction, independent study, walte IN "0")	A. Number of students rs did you have personal did you have each	B. Total contact hours per week
Student Do not T	ts in a clinical count regular count regular ype of students and the country of t	ision students Fall Termot country Tumber of	dents (dents (de	office ormal (first office) (third ost-back) w man (ONE, per wording)	Individualized Instruction or second year postsecondary) or fourth year postsecondary) or calaureate students ny regularly scheduled office hou week ch informal contact with student l instruction, independent study, walte IN "0")	A. Number of students rs did you have per etc., or regularly s	B. Total contact hours per week er week?
Student Do not To (2) (4) (5) (6) (W) 7) Dun class (W) 8) Dun class (W)	ts in a clinical count regular count regular ype of students and the country of t	ats receivates receiva	dents (dents (de	office ormal (first (third ost-ba one, per w w mu vidua ONE, per w re you	Individualized Instruction Individualized Instruction or second year postsecondary) or fourth year postsecondary) accalaureate students ny regularly scheduled office hou, WRITE IN "0") yeek ch informal contact with students l instruction, independent study, WRITE IN "0") yeek u engaged in any professional results.	A. Number of students rs did you have person did you have eace etc., or regularly search, writing, or	B. Total contact hours per week er week?



	Fill out the information below for each f estimate. A.	unding source	ce during the 1992 F	all Term. If not	sure, give your best
33.	Number of individuals	I? (WRITE)	IN NUMBER; IF NO	ONE, WRITE IN	·'' <i>0</i> ")
32.	During the 1992 Fall Term, how many in	idividuals otl	her than vourself we	re sunnorted by	all the grants and
	1. Yes	2. No (SKIP TO QUESTIO	N 33)	
31.	During the 1992 Fall Term, were you a parants or contracts? (CIRCLE ONE N	orincipal inve UMBER)	estigator (PI) or co-	principal investig	gator (Co-PI) for any
	1. Yes		(SKIP TO QUESTIC		,
30.	During the 1992 Fall Term, were you en grants, contracts, or institutional award	gaged in any s. Do not in	<u>funded</u> research or clude consulting ser	funded creative vices. (CIRCLE	endeavors? Include any ONE NUMBER)
	3. Policy-oriented research or analysis	6. Other			
	2. Applied research	5. Progra	am/Curriculum desig	gn and developm	ent
	1. Pure or basic research	4. Litera	ry or expressive		

	A. Funding sou (CIRCLE "1" OR "2" FOR E	rce EACH SOURCE)	B. Number of Grants/ Contracts	C. Work done as (CIRCLE ALL THAT APPLY)	D. Total funds for 1992-93 academic year	E. How funds were used (CIRCLE ALL THAT APPLY)
(1)	This institution?	1. Yes → 2. No		 PI Co-PI Staff 	\$	Research Program/curriculum development Other
(2)	Foundation or other nonprofit organization?	 Yes → No 		 PI Co-PI Staff 	\$	Research Program/curriculum development Other
(3)	For profit business or industry in the private sector?	 Yes → No 		 PI Co-PI Staff 	\$	Research Program/curriculum development Other
(4)	State or local government?	 Yes → No 		 PI Co-PI Staff 	\$	Research Program/curriculum development Other
(5)	Federal Government?	 Yes → No 		 PI Co-PI Staff 	\$	Research Program/curriculum development Other
(6)	Other source? (WRITE IN)	1. Yes → 2. No		 PI Co-PI Staff 	\$	Research Program/curriculum development Other



34. How would you rate each of the following facilities or resources at this institution that were available for your own use during the 1992 Fall Term? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER, OR "NA," ON EACH LINE)

Not Available/ Not Applicable	Very Poor	Poor	Good	Very Good		
NA	1	2	3	4	a.	Basic research equipment/instruments
NA	1	2	3	4	b.	Laboratory space and supplies
NA	1	2	. 3	4	c.	Availability of research assistants
NA	1	2	3	4	d.	Personal computers
MA	1	2	3	4	e.	Centralized (main frame) computer facilities
NA	1	2	3	4	f.	Computer networks with other institutions
NA	1	2	3	4	g.	Audio-visual equipment
NA	1	2	3	4	h.	Classroom space
NA	1	2	3	4	i.	Office space
NA	1	2	3	4	j.	Studio/performance space
NA	1	2	3	4	k.	Secretarial support
NA	1	2	3	4	1.	Library holdings

35. Listed below are some ways that institutions and departments may use internal funds for the professional development of faculty.

A. Was institutional or departme		B. Did you use any of those funds at this institution?	C. Were those funds adequate for your purposes?
(1) tuition remission at this <u>or</u> other institutions?	 Yes No DK. Don't know 	1. Yes ———————————————————————————————————	1. Yes 2. No
(2) professional association memberships and/or registration fees?	 Yes No DK. Don't know 	1. Yes ———————————————————————————————————	1. Yes 2. No
(3) professional travel?	 Yes No DK. Don't know 	1. Yes ———————————————————————————————————	1. Yes 2. No
(4) training to improve research or teaching skills?	 Yes ——— No DK. Don't know 	1. Yes ———————————————————————————————————	1. Yes 2. No
(5) retraining for fields in higher demand?	 Yes — No DK. Don't know 	1. Yes ———————————————————————————————————	1. Yes 2. No
(6) sabbatical leave?	1. Yes ———————————————————————————————————	1. Yes ———————————————————————————————————	1. Yes 2. No

36. On 199	the avera 22 Fall Te	age, how many hours per week did you spend at each of the following kinds of act erm? (IF NOT SURE, GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATES)	ivities during the
Av	erage nun	nber hours per week 1992 Fall Term	
		a. All paid activities at this institution (teaching, research, administratio	on. etc.)
_		b. All unpaid activities at this institution	-in-
_		c. Any other paid activities outside this institution (e.g., consulting, work	king on other jobs
		d. Unpaid (pro bono) professional service activities outside this instituti	
tea you	ching; pre	t, we ask you to allocate your <u>total</u> work time in the Fall of 1992 (as reported in Q gories. We realize that they are not mutually exclusive categories (e.g., research me paring a course may be part of professional growth). We ask, however, that you proportion of your time spent in activities whose primary focus falls within the integration, indicate what percentage of your time you would <u>prefer</u> to spend in each of the limits.	allocate as best
A % of Y	Work	(WRITE IN A PERCENTAGE ON EACH LINE. IF NOT SURE, GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0")	B. % of Work Time Preferred
	%	a. Teaching (including teaching, grading papers, preparing courses; developing new curricula; advising or supervising students; working with student organizations or intramural athletics)	%
	_%	b. Research/Scholarship (including research; reviewing or preparing articles or books; attending or preparing for professional meetings or conferences; reviewing proposals; seeking outside funding; giving performances or exhibitions in the fine or applied arts, or giving speeches)	%
	%	c. Professional Growth (including taking courses, pursuing an advanced degree; other professional development activities, such as practice or activities to remain current in your field)	%
	_%	d. Administration	%
	_%	e. Outside Consulting or Freelance Work	%
	_%	f. Service/Other Non-Teaching Activities (including providing legal or medical services or psychological counseling to clients or patients; paid or unpaid community or public service, service to professional societies/associations; other activities or work not listed in a-e)	%
100	%	PLEASE BE SURE THAT THE PERCENTAGES YOU PROVIDE ADD UP TO 100% OF THE TOTAL TIME.	100%



- 38. Are you a member of the union (or other bargaining association) that represents faculty at this institution?
 - 1. Union is available, but I am not eligible
 - 2. I am eligible, but not a member
 - 3. I am eligible, and a member
 - 4. Union is not available at this institution

SECTION D. JOB SATISFACTION ISSUES

39. How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with each of the following aspects of your instructional duties at this institution? (CIRCLE "NA" IF YOU HAD NO INSTRUCTIONAL DUTIES)

NA. No instructional duties (GO TO QUESTION 40)

(CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ITEM; IF AN ITEM DOES NOT APPLY TO YOU, WRITE IN "NA" NEXT TO THE ITEM)

Very Dissatisfied	Somewhat Dissatisfied	Somewhat Satisfied		
1	2	3	4	a. The authority I have to make decisions about content and methods in the courses I teach
1	2	3	4	b. The authority I have to make decisions about other (non-instructional) aspects of my job
1	2	3	4	c. The authority I have to make decisions about what courses I teach
1	2	3	4	d. Time available for working with students as an advisor, mentor, etc.
1	2	3	4	e. Quality of undergraduate students whom I have taught here
1	2	3	4	f. Quality of graduate students whom I have taught here

40. How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the following aspects of your job at this institution? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ITEM)

Very Dissatisfied	Somewhat Dissatisfied	Somewhat Satisfied S	Very atisfied	
1	2	3	4	a. My work load
1	2	3	4	b. My job security
1	2	3	4	c. Opportunity for advancement in rank at this institution
1	2 ·	3	4	d. Time available for keeping current in my field
1	2 .	3	4	e. Freedom to do outside consulting
1	2	3	4	f. My salary
1	2 .	3	4	g. My benefits, generally
1	2	3	4	h. Spouse or partner employment opportunities in this geographic area
1	2	3	4	i. My job here, overall



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41. During the next three years, how likely is it that you will leave this job to . . . (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ITEM)

Not At All Likely	Somewhat Likely	Very Likely		
1	2	3	a.	accept a <u>part-time</u> job at a <u>different</u> postsecondary institution?
1	2	3	b.	accept a <u>full-time</u> job at a <u>different</u> postsecondary institution?
1	2	3	c.	accept a <u>part-time</u> job <u>not at a</u> postsecondary institution?
1	2	3	d.	accept a full-time job not at a postsecondary institution?
1	2	3	e.	retire from the labor force?

42. At what age do you think you are most likely to stop working at a postsecondary institution? (WRITE IN AGE, OR CIRCLE "DK")

_____ Years of age

DK. Don't know

43. If you were to leave your current position in academia to accept another position inside or outside of academia, how important would each of the following be in your decision? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ITEM)

Not Important	Somewhat Important	Very Important		
1	2	3	a.	Salary level
1	2	3	b.	Tenure-track/tenured position
1	2	3	c.	Job security
1	2	3	d.	Opportunities for advancement
1	2	3	e.	Benefits
1	2	3	f.	No pressure to publish
1	2	3	g.	Good research facilities and equipment
1	2	3	h.	Good instructional facilities and equipment
· 1	2	3	i.	Good job or job opportunities for my spouse or partner
1	2	3	j.	Good geographic location
1	2	3	k.	Good environment/schools for my children
1	2	3	1.	Greater opportunity to teach
1	2	3	m.	Greater opportunity to do research
1	2	3	n.	Greater opportunity for administrative responsibilities



	would you do so? (CIRCLE ONE)	
	1. Yes	
	2. No	
	DK. Don't know	
	\cdot	
45.	If an early retirement option were offered to you at your institution, would you take it?	•
45.	(CIRCLE ONE)	
45.	(CIRCLE ONE) 1. Yes	•
45.	(CIRCLE ONE) 1. Yes 2. No	•
45.	(CIRCLE ONE) 1. Yes	•

Years of age

DK. Don't know

SECTION E. COMPENSATION

Note: Your responses to these items as with all other items in this questionnaire are voluntary and strictly confidential. They will be used only in statistical summaries, and will not be disclosed to your institution or to any individual or group. Furthermore, all information that would permit identification of individuals or institutions will be removed from the survey files.

For the calendar year 1992, estimate your gross compensation before taxes from each of the sources listed below. 47. (IF NOT SURE, GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATES; IF NO COMPENSATION FROM A SOURCE, WRITE IN "0") Compensation from this institution: \$ _____ a. Basic salary -- b. Type of appointment (e.g., 9 months) \$ _____ c. Other teaching at this institution not included in basic salary (e.g., for summer session) \$ _____ d. Supplements not included in basic salary (for administration, research, coaching sports, etc.) \$ _____ e. Non-monetary compensation, such as food, housing, car (Do not include employee benefits such as medical, dental, or life insurance) \$ _ _ _ f. Any other income from this institution Compensation from other sources: \$ _____ g. Employment at another academic institution \$ _____ h. Legal or medical services or psychological counseling \$ _____ i. Outside consulting, consulting business or freelance work j. Self-owned business (other than consulting) k. Professional performances or exhibitions \$ _____ 1. Speaking fees, honoraria \$ _____ m. Royalties or commissions \$ _____ n. Any other employment \$ _____ o. Non-monetary compensation, such as food, housing, car (Do not include employee benefits such as medical, dental, or life insurance) Other sources of earned income (WRITE IN BELOW): \$ _____ p. ____ \$ _____ q. ____ For the calendar year 1992, how many persons were in your household including yourself? Total number in household For the calendar year 1992, what was your total household income? 49. \$ ____ Total household income For the calendar year 1992, how many dependents did you have? Do not include yourself. (A dependent is **50.** someone receiving at least half of his or her support from you.) Number of dependents



SECTION F. SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS 51. Are you ... 1. male, or 2. female? 52. In what month and year were you born? (WRITE IN MONTH AND YEAR) MONTH **YEAR** What is your race? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER) 1. American Indian or Alaskan Native 53A. What is your Asian or Pacific Islander 2. Asian or Pacific Islander (ANSWER 53A) origin? If more than one, circle the one 3. African American/Black you consider the most important part of your background. (CIRCLE ONE 4. White *NUMBER*) 5. Other (WRITE IN BELOW) 1. Chinese 2. Filipino 54. Are you of Hispanic descent? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER) 3. Japanese 4. Korean 1. Yes (ANSWER 54A) 5. Southeast Asian (Vietnamese, 2. No (SKIP TO QUESTION 55) Laotian, Cambodian/Kampuchean, etc.) What is your Spanish/Hispanic origin? 6. Pacific Islander If more than one, circle the one you consider the most important part of 7. Other (WRITE IN BELOW) your background. 1. Mexican, Mexican-American, Chicano (SKIP TO QUESTION 55) 2. Cuban, Cubano 3. Puerto Rican, Puertorriqueno, or Bouricuan 4. Other (WRITE IN BELOW) *5*5. What is your current marital status? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER) 1. Single, never married 2. Married 3. Living with someone in a marriage-like relationship 4. Separated 5. Divorced

6. Widowed

56.	In what country were you born? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
	1. USA
	2. Other (WRITE IN)
57.	What is your citizenship status? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
•	1. United States citizen, native
	2. United States citizen, naturalized
	3. Permanent resident of the United States (immigrant visa)

COUNTRY OF PRESENT CITIZENSHIP

4. Temporary resident of United States (non-immigrant visa)

COUNTRY OF PRESENT CITIZENSHIP

58. What is the highest level of formal education completed by your mother and your father? (CIRCLE ONE FOR EACH PERSON)

A.	В.		
Mother	Father		
1	. 1	a.	Less than high school diploma
2	2	b.	High school diploma
3	3	c.	Some college
4	4.	đ.	Associate's degree
5 .	5	e.	Bachelor's degree
6	6	f.	Master's degree
7	7	g.	Doctorate or professional degree (e.g., Ph.D., M.D., D.V.M., J.D./L.L.B.)
8	8	h.	Other
DK	DK	i.	Don't know



59. Please indicate the extent to which you agree or disagree with each of the following statements.

(CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH STATEMENT)

Disagree Stronglý	Disagree Somewhat	Agree Somewhat	Agree Strongly		
1	2	3	4	a.	Teaching effectiveness should be the primary criterion for promotion of college teachers at this institution.
1 .	2	3	4	ъ.	Research/publications should be the primary criterion for promotion of college teachers at this institution.
1	2	3	4	c.	At this institution, research is rewarded more than teaching.
1	2	3	4	d.	State or federally mandated assessment requirements will improve the quality of undergraduate education.
1	2	3	4	e.	Female faculty members are treated fairly at this institution.
1	2	3	4	f.	Faculty who are members of racial or ethnic minorities are treated fairly at this institution.
1	2	3	4	g.	If I had it to do over again, I would still choose an academic career.

60. Please indicate your opinion regarding whether each of the following has worsened, stayed the same, or improved in recent years at this institution. (CIRCLE ONE FOR EACH ITEM)

Worsened	Stayed the Same	Improved	Don't Know	
1	2	3	DK	a. The quality of students who choose to pursue academic careers in my field
1	2	3	DK	b. The opportunities junior faculty have for advancement in my field
1	2	3	DK	c. The professional competence of individuals entering my academic field
1	2	3	DK	d. The ability of this institution to meet the educational needs of entering students
1	2	3	DK	e. The ability of faculty to obtain external funding
1	. 2	3	DK	f. Pressure to increase faculty workload at this institution
1	2	3	DK	g. The quality of undergraduate education at this institution
1	2	3	DK	h. The atmosphere for free expression of ideas
1	2	3 .	DK	i. The quality of research at this institution



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THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR PARTICIPATION

Return this completed questionnaire in the enclosed prepaid envelope to:

National Opinion Research Center (NORC)
University of Chicago
1525 East 55th Street
Chicago, Illinois 60615



ERIC

Full Text Provided by ERIC

Appendix G

1993 NSOPF Institution Questionnaire



U.S. Department of Education Office of Educational Research and Improvement

National Center for Education Statistics

1993 NATIONAL STUDY OF POSTSECONDARY FACULTY

INSTITUTION QUESTIONNAIRE



All information on this form will be kept confidential and will be used only in statistical summaries. All information that would permit identification of individuals will be removed from survey files.

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

Co-sponsored by: National Science Foundation

National Endowment for the Humanities

Contractor:

National Opinion Research Center (NORC)

University of Chicago

Mailing Address:

1525 East 55th Street Chicago, Illinois 60615

Toll-Free Number: 1-800-733-NORC 316

ERIC

1993 NATIONAL STUDY OF POSTSECONDARY FACULTY (NSOPF) INSTITUTION QUESTIONNAIRE

General Instructions

Obtaining counts of different kinds of faculty/staff is an important part of NSOPF-93. The institution questionnaire seeks information about full- and part-time instructional faculty and other instructional personnel, as well as non-instructional faculty in 2- and 4-year (and above) higher education institutions of all types and sizes. Section I pertains to full-time instructional faculty/staff, Section II pertains to part-time instructional faculty/staff. For more information on who to include or exclude in each of the sections of this questionnaire, please refer to the glossary below and/or the introduction at each section. Since we are asking about full- and part-time, and permanent and temporary faculty/staff as defined by your institution, please write in those definitions in the space provided in the glossary.

Most questions ask you to fill in information; write in the number in the space provided. Other questions ask you to circle a number to indicate your response; circle the number in front of the response, and not the response itself. Please read each question carefully and follow all instructions. Some of the questions may not appear to fit your institution precisely; if you have a response other than those listed for a particular question, write in that response.

Many questions ask about the 1992 Fall Term. By this, we mean whatever academic term was in progress on October 15, 1992. If your institution has multiple campuses, answer only for the campus named in the label on the back of the questionnaire.

Please keep track of who fills out this questionnaire and fill in this information on page 20. Mailing instructions for the completed questionnaire are also on page 20.

If you have any questions on how to proceed if your institution has both lay faculty and those assigned by a religious order, or if you have other questions, please call NORC toll-free at 1-800-733-NORC.

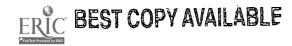
Glossary

Instructional faculty/staff--All institutional staff (faculty and non-faculty) whose major regular assignment at this institution (more than 50%) is instruction. This corresponds to the IPEDS definition. Individuals do not need to have a dedicated instructional assignment to be included in this category. Be sure to include (1) administrators whose major responsibility is instruction; (2) individuals with major instructional assignments who have temporary, adjunct, acting or visiting status; (3) individuals whose major regular assignment is instruction but who have been granted release time for other institutional activities; and (4) individuals whose major regular assignment is instruction but who are on sabbatical from your institution.

Please do <u>not</u> include: Graduate or undergraduate teaching assistants, postdoctoral appointees, temporary replacements for personnel on sabbatical leave, instructional personnel on leave without pay or teaching outside the U.S., military personnel who teach only ROTC courses, and instructional personnel supplied by independent contractors.

Non-instructional faculty--All <u>institutional</u> staff who have faculty status but would not be included as instructional faculty since their specific and major regular assignment is <u>not</u> instruction but may be for the purpose of conducting research, performing public service, or carrying out administrative functions of the institution.

ON THE NEXT PAGE, PLEASE PROVIDE YOUR INSTITUTION'S DEFINITIONS OF FULL- AND PART-TIME AND PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY FACULTY/STAFF.



Full-time instructional faculty/staff (WRITE IN YOUR INSTITUTION'S DEFINITION)		
·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· _
Full-time non-instructional faculty (WRITE IN YOUR INSTITUTION'S DEFINITION)		
Part-time instructional faculty/staff (WRITE IN YOUR INSTITUTION'S DEFINITION)	.•	
		!!
Part-time non-instructional faculty (WRITE IN YOUR INSTITUTION'S DEFINITION)	·	
Permanent faculty/instructional staff (WRITE IN YOUR INSTITUTION'S DEFINITION)		
;		
Temporary faculty/instructional staff (WRITE IN YOUR INSTITUTION'S DEFINITION)		

PLEASE FILL OUT THE REST OF THE QUESTIONNAIRE USING YOUR INSTITUTION'S DEFINITIONS OF FULL- AND PART-TIME AND PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY FACULTY/STAFF. PLEASE REMEMBER THAT THE 1992 FALL TERM IS THE PRIMARY REFERENCE PERIOD.

•	instituti	he 1992 Fall Term, how many of each of the following types of staff were employed by your on? Include both permanent and temporary faculty/staff. (WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE; E, WRITE IN "0")
	<u> </u>	Full-time instructional faculty/staff
	b.	Part-time instructional faculty/staff
	c.	Full-time non-instructional faculty
	d.	Part-time non-instructional faculty

GUIDE TO COMPLETING THE REST OF THE QUESTIONNAIRE

IF YOUR INSTITUTION HAD ANY <u>FULL-TIME INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY/STAFF</u>, BEGIN WITH SECTION I ON THE NEXT PAGE. IF YOUR INSTITUTION DID <u>NOT</u> HAVE ANY FULL-TIME INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY/STAFF, SKIP TO SECTION II ON PAGE 10.



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SECTION I: FULL-TIME INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY/STAFF

QUESTIONS 2-14 APPLY TO <u>PERMANENT</u> FULL-TIME INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY/STAFF (REFER TO THE GLOSSARY ON PAGE 1)

QUESTIONS 15-16 APPLY TO TEMPORARY FULL-TIME INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY/STAFF

QUESTIONS 17-19 APPLY TO ALL FULL-TIME INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY/STAFF

faculty	se provide the following information about changes in the number of permanent full-time instructional lty/staff between the 1991 and 1992 Fall Terms. ITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0")								
	_ a.	Total permanent full-time instructional faculty/staff during 1992 Fall Term (IF ALL FULL-TIME INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AT YOUR INSTITUTION ARE PERMANENT, THIS NUMBER SHOULD EQUAL THE NUMBER REPORTED IN QUESTION 1a, ON PAGE 3)							
	b.	Number of permanent full-time instructional faculty/staff at the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term who were hired since the beginning of the 1991 Fall Term							
	. c.	Number of permanent full-time instructional faculty/staff who retired between the beginning of the 1991 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term							
	d.	Number of permanent full-time instructional faculty/staff who left because of downsizing between the beginning of the 1991 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term							
	е.	Number of permanent full-time instructional faculty/staff who left for other reasons between the beginning of the 1991 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term							
	f.	Total permanent full-time instructional faculty/staff during 1991 Fall Term							
ı erm :	(WI	permanent full-time instructional faculty/staff was your institution seeking to hire for the 1992 Fa WITE IN A NUMBER; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0") ber of permanent full-time instructional faculty/staff							
Were a	nv n	ermanent full-time instructional faculty/staff <u>positions</u> not filled for the 1992 Fall Term due to							
fiscal c	onsti	raints? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)							
1. Yes	. —	- (A.) Number of unfilled positions (WRITE IN A NUMBER)							
2. No									
•									
Does yo (CIRCI	our i	nstitution have a tenure system for full-time instructional faculty/staff? NE NUMBER)							
1 37	(CC	ONTINUE WITH QUESTION 6 ON THE NEXT PAGE)							
1. Yes	, – ,								



b. Tenure-track, 1992 Fall Term c. Tenured, 1991 Fall Term d. Tenure-track, 1992 Fall Term d. Tenure-track, 1992 Fall Term d. Tenure-track, 1992 Fall Term a. Retirement b. Downsizing c. For other reasons During the 1992-93 academic year (i.e., Fall 1992 through Spring 1993), how many full-time instructional faculty/staff at your institution were considered for tenure, and how many were granted tenure? (WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0") a. Number of full-time instructional faculty/staff considered for tenure b. Number of full-time instructional faculty/staff granted tenure Fill in the following information about the maximum number of years full-time instructional faculty/staff can be on a tenure track. (WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE) a. Maximum number of years full-time instructional faculty/staff can be on a tenure track and not receive tenure (IF NO MAXIMUM, WRITE IN "0") b. If maximum number of years has changed during past 5 years, write in previous maximum (IF NO CHANGE, WRITE IN "0") During the past five years, has your institution done any of the following? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ACTION) Xes No 1 2 a. Replaced some tenured or tenure-track full-time instructional faculty with faculty on fixed term contracts 1 2 b. Made the standards more stringent for granting tenure to full-time instructional faculty/staff (DESCRIBE ANY ACTIONS TAKEN)		_ a.	Tenure	l, 1992 Fall Term
d. Tenure-track, 1991 Fall Term d. Tenure-track, 1991 Fall Term of those tenured full-time instructional faculty/staff who left your institution between the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term, how many left for each of the following reasons? (WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0") a. Retirement b. Downsizing c. For other reasons During the 1992-93 academic year (i.e., Fall 1992 through Spring 1993), how many full-time instructional faculty/staff at your institution were considered for tenure, and how many were granted tenure? (WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0") a. Number of full-time instructional faculty/staff granted tenure b. Number of full-time instructional faculty/staff granted tenure b. Number of full-time instructional faculty/staff granted tenure Fill in the following information about the maximum number of years full-time instructional faculty/staff can be on a tenure track. (WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE) a. Maximum number of years full-time instructional faculty/staff can be on a tenure track and not receive tenure (IF NO MAXIMUM, WRITE IN "0") b. If maximum number of years has changed during past 5 years, write in previous maximum (IF NO CHANGE, WRITE IN "0") During the past five years, has your institution done any of the following? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ACTION) Yes No 1 2 a. Replaced some tenured or tenure-track full-time instructional faculty/staff 2 b. Made the standards more stringent for granting tenure to full-time instructional faculty/staff 1 2 c. Taken any other actions designed to lower the percent of tenured full-time instructional		b.	Tenure-	track, 1992 Fall Term
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b. Downsizing c. For other reasons During the 1992-93 academic year (i.e., Fall 1992 through Spring 1993), how many full-time instructional aculty/staff at your institution were considered for tenure, and how many were granted tenure? (WRITE IN 4 NUMBER ON EACH LINE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0") a. Number of full-time instructional faculty/staff considered for tenure b. Number of full-time instructional faculty/staff granted tenure Fill in the following information about the maximum number of years full-time instructional faculty/staff can be on a tenure track. (WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE) a. Maximum number of years full-time instructional faculty/staff can be on a tenure track and not receive tenure (IF NO MAXIMUM, WRITE IN "0") b. If maximum number of years has changed during past 5 years, write in previous maximum (IF NO CHANGE, WRITE IN "0") During the past five years, has your institution done any of the following? CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ACTION) (SS. No. 1 2 a. Replaced some tenured or tenure-track full-time instructional faculty with faculty on fixed term contracts 1 2 b. Made the standards more stringent for granting tenure to full-time instructional faculty/staff 1 2 c. Taken any other actions designed to lower the percent of tenured full-time instructional	991	Fall To	erm and	the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term, how many left for each of the following reasons?
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- 11. During the past five years, has your institution offered early or phased retirement to any permanent full-time instructional faculty/staff? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
 - 1. Yes (A.) ____ Number of permanent full-time instructional faculty/staff who took advantage of this offer during the past five years (WRITE IN A NUMBER; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0")
 - 2. No
- 12. Indicate if each of the retirement plans listed below is available to any permanent full-time instructional faculty/staff at your institution. If available, please indicate whether the plan is subsidized or not subsidized by your institution.

(12A)

	<u> </u>	Fully Subsidized	Partially Subsidized	Not Subsidized
a. TIAA/CREF plan	1. Yes — → 2. No	1	2	3
b. Other 403B plan	1. Yes ——▶ 2. No	1	2	3
c. State plan	 Yes — → No 	1	2	3
d. 401K or 401B plan	 Yes — ► No 	1	2	3
e. Other retirement plan	1. Yes — ▶ . 2. No	1	2	3

13. Indicate which of the following employee benefits is available at your institution to any permanent full-time instructional faculty/staff. If available, indicate whether the benefit is subsidized or not subsidized by your institution.

(13A)

			Fully Subsidized	Partially Subsidized	Not Subsidized
a.	Wellness program or health promotion	1. Yes ——▶ 2. No	1	2	3 .
b.	Medical insurance or medical care	1. Yes	1	2	3 .
c.	Dental insurance or dental care	1. Yes ——► 2. No	1	2	3
d.	Disability insurance program	1. Yes ——> 2. No	1	2	3
e.	Life insurance	1. Yes ——► 2. No	1	2	3
f.	Tuition remission/grants at this or other institutions for spouse	1. Yes ——> 2. No	1	2	. 3
g.	Tuition remission/grants at this or other institutions for children	1. Yes — ► 2. No	1	2	3
h.	Child care	1. Yes ——▶ 2. No	1	2	3
i.	Housing/mortgage	1. Yes ——▶ 2. No	1	2	3
j.	Meals	1. Yes> 2. No	1	2	3
k.	Transportation/parking	1. Yes — ► 2. No	1	2	. 3
1.	Maternity leave	1. Yes ——> 2. No	1	2	3
m.	Paternity leave	1. Yes ——▶ 2. No	1	2	3
n.	Medical insurance for retirees	1. Yes ——→ 2. No	1	2	3
0.	"Cafeteria-style" benefits plan (plan under which staff can trade off some benefits for others, following guidelines established by the institution)	1. Yes	1	2	3

14. What is the average percentage of salary that is contributed by your institution to the <u>total</u> benefits package for permanent full-time instructional faculty/staff? (WRITE IN PERCENTAGE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0")

%



- 15. Are any of the employee benefits listed in Question 13 available to temporary full-time instructional faculty/staff at your institution?. (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER OR DK)
 - 1. Yes, (ANSWER QUESTION 16)

- 2. No (SKIP TO QUESTION 17 ON THE NEXT PAGE)
- DK. Don't Know (SKIP TO QUESTION 17 ON THE NEXT PAGE)
- 16. Indicate which of the following employee benefits are available to <u>temporary</u> full-time instructional faculty/staff at your institution? If available, indicate whether each benefit is subsidized or not subsidized by your institution.

 (IF YOU DON'T KNOW WHETHER A BENEFIT IS AVAILABLE, CIRCLE "DK")

(16A)

	·		Fully Subsidized	Partially Subsidized	Not Subsidized
a.	Wellness program or health promotion	1. Yes — ► 2. No DK	1	2	3
b.	Medical insurance or medical care	1. Yes ———————————————————————————————————	1	2 ····································	
c.·	Dental insurance or dental care	1. Yes — → 2. No DK	1	2	. 3
d.	Disability insurance program	1. Yes ———————————————————————————————————	1 .	2	3
е.	Life insurance	1. Yes ———————————————————————————————————	1	2	3
f.	Tuition remission/grants at this or other institutions for spouse	1. Yes ———————————————————————————————————	1	2	3
g.	Tuition remission/grants at this or other institutions for children	1. Yes ———————————————————————————————————	1	2	3
h.	Child care	1. Yes ———————————————————————————————————	1	2	3
i.	Housing/mortgage	1. Yes — DK	1	2	3
j.	Meals	1. Yes ———————————————————————————————————	1	2	3
k.	Transportation/parking	1. Yes ———————————————————————————————————	1	2	3
1.	Maternity leave	1. Yes ———————————————————————————————————	1	2	3
m.	Paternity leave	1. Yes — ▶ 2. No DK	1	2	3
n.	Medical insurance for retirees	1. Yes ———————————————————————————————————	1	2	3
о.	"Cafeteria-style" benefits plan (plan under which staff can trade off some benefits for others, following guidelines established by the institution)	1. Yes ———————————————————————————————————	1	2	3



- 17. What percentage of undergraduate instruction, as measured by total student credit hours taught, is carried by all full-time permanent and temporary instructional faculty/staff? Student credit hours are defined as the number of course credits or contact hours multiplied by the number of students enrolled. (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
 - 1. NONE
 - 2. Less than 10%
 - 3. 10-24%
 - 4. 25-49%
 - 5. 50-74%
 - 6. 75-99%
 - 7. 100%
- 18. Are any of the following used in assessing the teaching performance of full-time (permanent or temporary) instructional faculty/staff at this institution? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER OR "DK" ON EACH LINE)

<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>	Don't <u>Know</u>		
1	2	DK	a.	Student evaluations
1	2	DK	b.	Student test scores
1	2	DK	c.	Student career placement
1	2	DK	d.	Other measures of student performance
1	2	DK	e.	Department/division chair evaluations
1	2	DK	f.	Dean evaluations
1	2	DK	g.	Peer evaluations
1	2	DK	h.	Self-evaluations
1	2	DK	i.	Other (DESCRIBE)

- 19. Are any of your full-time instructional faculty/staff legally represented by a union (or other association) for purposes of collective bargaining with this institution? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
 - 1. Yes (A.) _____% (approximate) percent represented (WRITE IN PERCENTAGE)
 - 2. No

SECTION II: FULL-TIME NON-INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY

IF YOU INDICATED YOUR INSTITUTION HAD NO FULL-TIME NON-INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY (AT QUESTION 1c), PLEASE SKIP TO SECTION III, PAGE 15. OTHERWISE, CONTINUE WITH SECTION II.

QUESTIONS 31-33 APPLY TO TEMPORARY FULL-TIME NON-INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY. 20. Please provide the following information about changes in the number of permanent full-time negaculty between the 1991 and 1992 Fall Terms. (WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE; IF N IN "0." IF YOU DON'T KNOW, WRITE IN "DK") a. Total permanent full-time non-instructional faculty during 1992 Fall Term b. Number of permanent full-time non-instructional faculty at the beginning of the 1991 who were hired since the beginning of the 1991 Fall Term c. Number of permanent full-time non-instructional faculty who retired between the busy 1991 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term d. Number of permanent full-time non-instructional faculty who left because of downs the beginning of the 1991 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term e. Number of permanent full-time non-instructional faculty who left for other reasons beginning of the 1991 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term f. Total permanent full-time non-instructional faculty during 1991 Fall Term	10n-instructiona
 20. Please provide the following information about changes in the number of permanent full-time not faculty between the 1991 and 1992 Fall Terms. (WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE; IF N IN "0." IF YOU DON'T KNOW, WRITE IN "DK") a. Total permanent full-time non-instructional faculty during 1992 Fall Term b. Number of permanent full-time non-instructional faculty at the beginning of the 1991 who were hired since the beginning of the 1991 Fall Term c. Number of permanent full-time non-instructional faculty who retired between the beginning of the 1991 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term d. Number of permanent full-time non-instructional faculty who left because of downst the beginning of the 1991 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term e. Number of permanent full-time non-instructional faculty who left for other reasons beginning of the 1991 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term 	10n-instructiona
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 b. Number of permanent full-time non-instructional faculty at the beginning of the 199 who were hired since the beginning of the 1991 Fall Term c. Number of permanent full-time non-instructional faculty who retired between the beginning of the 1991 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term d. Number of permanent full-time non-instructional faculty who left because of downs the beginning of the 1991 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term e. Number of permanent full-time non-instructional faculty who left for other reasons beginning of the 1991 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term 	WONE, WRITE
who were hired since the beginning of the 1991 Fall Term C. Number of permanent full-time non-instructional faculty who retired between the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term d. Number of permanent full-time non-instructional faculty who left because of downs the beginning of the 1991 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term e. Number of permanent full-time non-instructional faculty who left for other reasons beginning of the 1991 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term	·
d. Number of permanent full-time non-instructional faculty who left because of downst the beginning of the 1991 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term e. Number of permanent full-time non-instructional faculty who left for other reasons beginning of the 1991 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term	992 Fall Term
e. Number of permanent full-time non-instructional faculty who left for other reasons beginning of the 1991 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term	beginning of the
beginning of the 1991 Fall Term and the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term	sizing between
f Total permanent full time and instructional for the 1.1. core p. u. =	between the
f. Total permanent full-time non-instructional faculty during 1991 Fall Term	
21. Does your institution have a tenure system for full-time non-instructional faculty? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)	
1. Yes 2. No (SKIP TO QUESTION 27 ON PAGE 12)	r
22. During the 1992 and 1991 Fall Terms, how many tenured and tenure-track full-time non-instructed did your institution have? (WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "O	nctional faculty
a. Tenured, 1992 Fall Term	
b. Tenure-track, 1992 Fall Term	
c. Tenured, 1991 Fall Term	
d. Tenure-track, 1991 Fall Term	



23.	Term	and th	e begin	on-instructional faculty who left your institution between the beginning of the 1991 Fall ming of the 1992 Fall Term, how many left for each of the following reasons? IBER ON EACH LINE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0")
÷		a. R	Retirem	ent
		— _ b. I	Downsiz	zing
		_ c. F	or othe	er reasons
24.	facul	ty at yo	ur insti	academic year (i.e., Fall 1992 through Spring 1993), how many full-time non-instructional itution were considered for tenure, and how many were granted tenure? **MBER ON EACH LINE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0")
		_ a. N	Number	of permanent full-time non-instructional faculty considered for tenure
		_ ь. м	Number	of permanent full-time non-instructional faculty granted tenure
25.				; information about the maximum number of years full-time non-instructional faculty can k. <i>(WRITE IN A NUMBER ON EACH LINE)</i>
	- Yr	a. N	Maximu not rec	am number of years full-time non-instructional faculty staff can be on a tenure track and eive tenure (IF NO MAXIMUM, WRITE IN "0")
	Yr			num number of years has changed during past 5 years, write in previous maximum CHANGE, WRITE IN "0")
26.				e years, has your institution done any of the following? IMBER FOR EACH ACTION)
	Yes	<u>No</u>		
•	1	2	a.	Replaced some tenured or tenure-track full-time non-instructional faculty positions with faculty on fixed-term contracts
	1	2	ъ.	Made the standards more stringent for granting tenure to full-time non-instructional faculty
r	1	2	C.	Taken any other actions designed to lower the percent of tenured full-time non- instructional faculty (DESCRIBE ANY ACTIONS TAKEN)



- 27. During the past five years, has your institution offered early or phased retirement to any permanent full-time non-instructional faculty? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
 - 1. Yes Number of permanent full-time non-instructional faculty who took advantage of this offer during the past five years (WRITE IN A NUMBER; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0")
 - 2. No
- 28. Indicate if each of the retirement plans listed below is available to any permanent full-time non-instructional faculty at your institution. If available, please indicate whether the plan is subsidized or not subsidized by your institution.

(28A)

		Fully Subsidized	Partially Subsidized	Not Subsidized
a. TIAA/CREF plan	1. Yes ———> 2. No	1 ·	2	3
b. Other 403B plan	1. Yes ———————————————————————————————————	1	2	3
c. State plan	1. Yes	1	2	3
d. 401K or 401B plan	1. Yes	1	. 2	3
e. Other retirement plan	1. Yes ——▶ 2. No	1	. 2	3



29. Indicate which of the following employee benefits is available at your institution to any permanent full-time non-instructional faculty. If available, indicate whether the benefit is subsidized or not subsidized by your institution.

(29A)

			Fully Subsidized	Partially Subsidized	Not Subsidized
a.	Wellness program or health promotion	1. Yes —→ 2. No	1	2	3
b.	Medical insurance or medical care	 Yes —► No 	1	2	3
c.	Dental insurance or dental care	 Yes — ▶ No 	. 1	2	3
d.	Disability insurance program	 Yes — No 	1	2	3
e.	Life insurance	 Yes —→ No 	1	2	3
f.	Tuition remission/grants at this or other institutions for spouse	 Yes — No 	1	2	3
g.	Tuition remission/grants at this or other institutions for children	 Yes —→ No 	. 1	2	3
h.	Child care	1. Yes —▶ 2. No	1	2	3
i.	Housing/mortgage	1. Yes ——• 2. No	1	2	3
j.	Meals	1. Yes ——• 2. No	1	2	. 3
k.	Transportation/parking	 Yes — No 	1	2	3 .
1.	Maternity leave	 Yes — No 	1	2	3
m.	Paternity leave	1. Yes —▶ 2. No	1	2	3
n.	Medical insurance for retirees	 Yes —→ No 	1	2	3
0.	"Cafeteria-style" benefits plan (plan under which staff can trade off some benefits for others, following guidelines established by the institution)	1. Yes ——> 2. No	1	2	3

30. What is the average percentage of salary that is contributed by your institution to the total benefits package for permanent full-time non-instructional faculty? (WRITE IN PERCENTAGE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0")

______ %



- 31. Are any of the employee benefits described at Question 29 available to temporary full-time non-instructional faculty at your institution? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER OR DK)
 - 1. Yes (ANSWER QUESTION 32)
 - 2. No (SKIP TO SECTION III ON PAGE 15)
 - DK. Don't Know (SKIP TO SECTION III ON PAGE 15)
- 32. Indicate which of these employee benefits is available to temporary full-time non-instructional faculty at your institution. If available, indicate whether the benefit is subsidized or not subsidized by your institution.

 (IF YOU DON'T KNOW IF A BENEFIT IS AVAILABLE, CIRCLE "DK") (32A)

	·		•				
_				•	Fully Subsidized	Partially Subsidized	Not Subsidized
a.	Wellness program or health promotion		Yes - No	—→ DK	1	2	3
b.	Medical insurance or medical care	•	Yes - No	DK	1	2	3
c.	Dental insurance or dental care		Yes – No	DK	1	2	3
d.	Disability insurance program		Yes – No	DK	1	2	3
e.	Life insurance		Yes No	DK	1	2	3
f.	Tuition remission/grants at this or other institutions for spouse		Yes – No	→ DK	1	2	3
g.	Tuition remission/grants at this or other institutions for children		Yes – No	DK	. 1	2	3
h.	Child care		Yes No	→ DK	1	2	3
i.	Housing/mortgage		Yes — No	→ DK	1	2	3
j.	Meals		Yes – No	→ DK	1	2	3
k.	Transportation/parking		Yes — No	DK	1	2	3
1.	Maternity leave		Yes — No	→ DK	1	2	3
m.	Patermity leave		Yes No	→ DK	1	2	3
n.	Medical insurance for retirees		Yes — No	→ DK	1	2	3
О.	"Cafeteria-style" benefits plan (plan under which staff can trade off some benefits for others, following guidelines established by the institution)	•	Yes — No	DK	1	2	3

^{33.} Are any of your full-time non-instructional faculty legally represented by a union (or other association) for purposes of collective bargaining with this institution? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)

- 1. Yes (A.) ____ (approximate) percent represented (WRITE IN PERCENTAGE)
- 2. No



SECTION III: PART-TIME INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY/STAFF

IF YOU INDICATED THAT YOUR INSTITUTION HAD NO PART-TIME INSTRUCTIONAL . FACULTY/STAFF (AT QUESTION 1b), PLEASE SKIP TO PAGE 20. OTHERWISE, CONTINUE WITH SECTION III.

- 34. Are any retirement plans available to any part-time instructional faculty/staff at your institution? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
 - 1. Yes

- 2. No (SKIP TO QUESTION 36)
- 35. Indicate which of the retirement plans listed below is available to <u>any part-time instructional faculty/staff</u> at your institution. If available, please indicate whether the plan is subsidized or not subsidized by your institution. (IF YOU DON'T KNOW IF A PLAN IS AVAILABLE, CIRCLE "DK")

(35A)

·		Fully Subsidized	Partially Subsidized	Not Subsidized
a. TIAA/CREF plan	1. Yes ——• 2. No DK	1	2	3
b. Other 403B plan	1. Yes — ► 2. No DK	1 1	2	3
c. State plan	 Yes — → No DK 	1	2	3
d. 401K or 401B plan	1. Yes ———————————————————————————————————	1	2	3
e. Other retirement plan	1. Yes — → 2. No DK	1	2	. 3

- 36. Are any employee benefits available to any part-time instructional faculty/staff at your institution? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
 - 1. Yes (CONTINUE WITH QUESTION 37 ON THE NEXT PAGE)
 - 2. No (SKIP TO QUESTION 41 ON PAGE 17)



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37. Indicate which of the following employee benefits is available at your institution to <u>any</u> part-time instructional faculty/staff. If available, indicate whether the benefit is subsidized or not subsidized by your institution.

(IF YOU DON'T KNOW IF A BENEFIT IS AVAILABLE, CIRCLE "DK")

(37A)

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Fully Subsidized	Partially Subsidized	Not Subsidized
a.	Wellness program or health promotion	1. Yes — ▶ 2. No DK	1	2	3
b.	Medical insurance or medical care	1. Yes —→ 2. No DK	1	2	3
c.	Dental insurance or dental care	 Yes — → No DK 	1	2	3
d.	Disability insurance program	1. Yes — ▶ 2. No DK	1	2	3
e.	Life insurance	1. Yes — → 2. No DK	1 .	2	3
f.	Tuition remission/grants at this or other institutions for spouse	1. Yes —→ 2. No DK	1	. 2	3
g.	Tuition remission/grants at this or other institutions for children	1. Yes —→ 2. No DK	1	2	3
h.	Child care	1. Yes —→ 2. No DK	1	2	3
i.	Housing/mortgage	1. Yes — → 2. No DK	1	2	3
j. ʻ	Meals	1. Yes —→ 2. No DK	1	2	3
k.	Transportation/parking	1. Yes — ▶ 2. No DK	1	2	3
1.	Maternity leave	1. Yes —→ 2. No DK	1	2	3
m.	Paternity leave	1. Yes — > 2. No DK	1 ·	2	3
n.	Medical insurance for retirees	1. Yes — 2. No DK	1	2	3
0.	"Cafeteria-style" benefits plan (plan under which staff can trade off some benefits for others, following guidelines established by the institution)	1. Yes ——> 2. No DK	1	2	3
p.	Other	1. Yes —→ 2. No DK	1	2	3

38.	What is the average percentage of sal	ary that is contributed by your institution to the total benefits package for
	part-time instructional faculty/staff?	(WRITE IN PERCENTAGE; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0")

____ %



- 39. Does your institution have any criteria that must be met in order for part-time instructional faculty/staff to be eligible for any benefits? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
 - 1. Yes

- 2. No (SKIP TO QUESTION 41)
- 40. Indicate which requirements must be met at your institution by part-time instructional faculty/staff to be eligible for any benefits? (IF YOU DON'T KNOW IF A REQUIREMENT APPLIES, CIRCLE "DK")

		(40A)	(40B)
· .		Description of Requirement	Percent of Part-time Instructional faculty/staff That Meet This Requirement
a. Minimum number of hours employed per week at institution	1. Yes	number of hours required per week	%
b. Minimum length of time employed at institution	1. Yes ——— DK	(CIRCLE ONE) 1. Less than one academic year 2. One academic year 3. More than one academic year	%
c. Other requirement	1. Yes ———————————————————————————————————	(DESCRIBE)	%

- 41. What percentage of undergraduate instruction, as measured by total student credit hours taught, is carried by part-time instructional faculty/staff? Student credit hours are defined as the number of course credits or contact hours multiplied by the number of students enrolled. (NOTE: THE PERCENTAGES YOU INDICATE HERE PLUS ANY PERCENTAGES YOU INDICATED AT QUESTION 17 ON PAGE 9 SHOULD NOT EXCEED 100%)
 - 1. NONE
 - 2. Less than 10%
 - 3. 10-24%
 - 4. 25-49%
 - . 5. 50-74
 - 6. 75-99%
 - 7. 100%



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42. Are any of the following used in assessing the teaching performance of <u>part-time</u> instructional faculty/staff at this institution? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER OR "DK" ON EACH LINE)

<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>	Don't <u>Know</u>		
1	2	DK	a.	Student evaluations
1	2	DK	b.	Student test scores
1	2	DK	c.	Student career placement
1	2	DK	d.	Other measures of student performance
1	2	DK	e.	Department/division chair evaluations
1	2	DK	f.	Dean evaluations
1	2	DK	g.	Peer evaluations
1	2	DK	h.	Self-evaluations
1	2	DK	i.	Other (DESCRIBE)

43. Are any of your part-time instructional faculty legally represented by a union (or other association) for purposes of collective bargaining with this institution? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)

- 1. Yes (A.) _____% (approximate) percent represented (WRITE IN PERCENTAGE)
- 2. No

Please fill in your name and your title at this institution, as well as the names and titles of any other individuals who have answered one or more questions in this questionnaire, and the question numbers each individual worked on. Include telephone numbers in case we have any questions about any entries.

Your responses to these items, as with all other items in this questionnaire, are voluntary and strictly confidential. The information provided in this questionnaire will be used only in statistical summaries. Furthermore, all information that would permit identification of individuals, including names and telephone

numbers, will be removed from survey files.

YOUR NAME:	TITLE:
PHONE #:	QUESTIONS #s:
OTHER NAME:	TITLE:
PHONE #:	QUESTIONS #s:
	•
OTHER NAME:	TITLE:
PHONE #:	QUESTIONS #s:
OTHER NAME:	TITLE:
PHONE #:	QUESTIONS #s:
OTHER NAME:	TITLE:
PHONE #:	QUESTIONS #s:

THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR PARTICIPATION. RETURN THIS QUESTIONNAIRE IN THE ENCLOSED PREPAID ENVELOPE TO:

National Opinion Research Center (4552)
University of Chicago
1525 East 55th Street
Chicago, Illinois 60615



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Appendix H

1993 NSOPF Abbreviated Faculty Questionnaire



OMB No. 1850-0608 Expiration Date: 12/93

U.S. Department of Education Office of Educational Research and Improvement National Center for Education Statistics

1993 NATIONAL STUDY OF POSTSECONDARY FACULTY

FACULTY OUESTIONNAIRE

PEUCAL CO	NVERSION - Date:	
CEFUSAL CO	AVERSION - Date.	
R Name:		
CASE ID:		
Institution:		·
	ated call notes in TNMS -	
Have you updo	ated call notes in TNMS - ABBREVIATED QUEX"	
Have you upd: "COMPLETE YES	ated call notes in TNMS - ABBREVIATED QUEX"	?
Have you upda "COMPLETE YES	ated call notes in TNMS - ABBREVIATED QUEX"	? +
Have you upda "COMPLETE YES + QUEUE STA	NO TUS	?
Have you upda "COMPLETE YES QUEUE STAT	NO TUS TUS	?
Have you upda "COMPLETE YES QUEUE STAT	NO TUS	?

All information on this form will be kept confidential and will not be disclosed or released to your institution or any other group or individual.

Co-sponsored by: National Science Foundation

National Endowment for the Humanities

Contractor:

National Opinion Research Center (NORC)

University of Chicago
Mailing Address:

1525 East 55th Street Chicago, Illinois 60615

Toll-Free Number: 1-800-733-NORC



NATIONAL STUDY OF POSTSECONDARY FACULTY Instructions for Completing Faculty Questionnaire

Many of our questions ask about your activities during the 1992 Fall Term: By this, we mean whatever academic term was in progress on October 15, 1992....

All questions that ask about your position at "this institution" refer to your position during the 1992 Fall.

Term at the institution listed on the label on the back cover of the questionnaire.

This questionnaire was designed to be completed by both full-time and part-time instructional faculty and staff, and non-instructional faculty, in 2- and 4-year (and above) higher education institutions of all types and sizes. Please read each question carefully and follow all instructions. Some of the questions may not appear to fit your situation precisely; if you have a response other than those listed for a particular question, write in that response:

Most questions ask you to circle a number to indicate your response. Circle the number in front of your response and not the response itself. Other questions ask you to fill in information; write in the information in the space provided.

Mailing instructions for returning the completed questionnaire are on page 26.

If you have any questions on how to proceed, please call NORC toll-free at 1-800-733-NORC.



NATIONAL STUDY OF POSTSECONDARY FACULTY: Faculty Questionnaire

	(e.g., tea	the 1992 Fall Term, did you be aching one or more courses, o E ONE NUMBER)	nave any <u>instructional</u> duties at this institution r advising or supervising students' academic	n activities)?
	1. Yes	(ANSWER 1A)	2. No (SKIP TO QUESTIO	N.2)
	1 A.	During the 1992 Fall Te (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER		
		1. all of your instruction	al duties related to credit courses.	
		2. some of your instruction activities for credit. or	ional duties related to credit courses or advising	g or supervising academi
		3. all of your instruction academic activities?	al duties related to noncredit courses or advisir	ng or supervising noncre
•		sibilities, please select one. (C	this institution during the 1992 Fall Term? CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)	If you have equal
•	2. Res	earch		•
	3. Tec	hnical activities (e.g., programs	ner. technician. chemist, engineer. etc.)	
		nical service		
	5. Cor	mmunity/public service		
•		ministration RITE IN TITLE OR POSITION)	
	7. On	sabbatical from this institution		
	8. Ot	her (subsidized performer, artist	e-in-residence, etc.)	
3.	Durin	g the 1992 Fall Term, did you	have faculty status at this institution? (CII	RCLE ONE NUMB E R)
	1. Ye	S		
•	2. No	o, I did not have faculty status		



SECTION A. NATURE OF EMPLOYMENT

4.	During the 1992 Fall Term, did this institution consider you to be employed part-time or full-time? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)				
	1. Part-time	2. Full-time			
7.	What was your tenure status at this (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)	institution during the 1992 Fall Term?			
	1. Tenured -> 7A. In what year di	d you achieve tenure at this institution? 19			
	2. On tenure track but not tenured	(SKIPATO TO UPSTHONE)			
	3. Not on tenure track				
	4. No tenure system for my faculty st	atus			
	5 No tenure system at this incrimina				

A	. Not applicable: no ranks designated at this institution	(SKIP TO QUESTION II)
	Professor	
•	Associate Professor	
3.	Assistant Professor	•
4.	Instructor	
5.	Lecturer	
6.		
Du (Ci	Other (WRITE IN) Tring the 1992 Fall Term, which of the following kind (IRCLE ALL THAT APPLY) Acting	s of appointments did you hold at this insti
Du (Ci	aring the 1992 Fall Term, which of the following kind IRCLE ALL THAT APPLY)	s of appointments did you hold at this insti
Du (C) 1.	aring the 1992 Fall Term, which of the following kind IRCLE ALL THAT APPLY) Acting Affiliate or adjunct	s of appointments did you hold at this insti
Du (C) 1. 2. 3.	aring the 1992 Fall Term, which of the following kind IRCLE ALL THAT APPLY) Acting Affiliate or adjunct Visiting	s of appointments did you hold at this insti
Du (C) 1. 2. 3.	aring the 1992 Fall Term, which of the following kind IRCLE ALL THAT APPLY) Acting Affiliate or adjunct	s of appointments did you hold at this insti
Du (C) 1. 2. 3. 4.	aring the 1992 Fall Term, which of the following kind IRCLE ALL THAT APPLY) Acting Affiliate or adjunct Visiting	
Du (Cl. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	aring the 1992 Fall Term, which of the following kind IRCLE ALL THAT APPLY) Acting Affiliate or adjunct Visiting Assigned by religious order Clinical	



12.		R? (REFER TO THE LIST OF MAJOR FIELDS OF STUDY TE CODE NUMBER AND NAME BELOW. IF YOU HAVE
	NA. Not Applicable	·
	CODE FOR FIELD	
	· 12 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	NAME OF PRINCIPAL FIELD/DISCIPLINE
13.	What is your <u>principal</u> area of research? If equal a CIRCLE "NA")	areas, select one. (IF YOU HAVE NO RESEARCH AREA.
	NA. Not Applicable	
	CODE FOR FIELD OR DISCIPLINE:	NAME OF PRINCIPAL FIELD/DISCIPLINE
		UDY AND ACADEMIC DISCIPLINES
}	AGRICULTURE	COMPUTER SCIENCE
1	101 Agribusiness & Agricultural Production	201 Computer & Information Sciences
	102 Agricultural, Animal, Food, & Plant	202 Computer Programming
1	Sciences :::	203 Data Processing
1	103 Renewable Natural Resources, including	204 Systems Analysis
	Conservation, Fishing, & Forestry: 110 Other Agriculture:	210 Other Computer Science
	110 Other Agriculture	EDUCATION
İ	ARCHITECTURE & ENVIRONMENTAL D	
}	121 Architecture & Environmental Design	222 Basic Skills
	122 City, Community, & Regional Planning	223 Bilingual/Cross-cultural Education
1	123 Interior Design	224 Curriculum & Instruction
1	124 Land Use Management & Reclamation	225 Education Administration
	130 Other Arch. & Environmental Design	226 Education Evaluation & Research
1	The state of the state of	227 Educational Psychology
	ART	228 Special Education
1	141 Art History & Appreciation	229 Student Counseling & Personnel Sves
}	142::: Crafts ::	230 Other Education
	143 Dance	250 Other Patication
1	144 Design (other than Arch. or Interior).	TEACHER EDUCATION
1	145 Dramatic Arts	
1	146 Film Arts	241° Pre-Elementary
	147 Fins:Arts	242 Elementary
1	148 Music	243 Secondary
1	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	244 Adult & Continuing
į.	149 Music History & Appreciation	245 Other General Teacher Ed. Programs
	150 : Other Visual & Performing Arts::	250 Teacher Education in Specific Subjects
1	BUSINESS	ENGINEERING
1	•	261 Engineering, General
1	161::: Accounting ::	262 Civil Engineering
1		263 Electrical, Electronics, &
	163 Business Administration & Management	; in warm 1999
	164 Business Administrative Support (e.g., Book) Office Management, Secretarial)	264 Mechanical Engineering
1	165 Human Resources Development	265 Chemical Engineering
ŀ	166 Organizational Behavior	270 Other Engineering
1	167 Marketing & Distribution	280 Engineering-Related Technologies
	170 Other Business	ana rittima mit-troisma samana basa
		ENGLISH AND LITERATURE
1	COMMUNICATIONS	291 English General
1	181 Advertising	292 Composition & Creative Writing
1	182 Broadcasting & Journalism	293 American Literature
	183 Communications Research	294 English Literanure
	184 Communication Technologies	295 Linguistics
	190 Other Communications	296 Speech, Debata, & Forensica
		297 English as a Second Language
f		300 English, Other

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			· ····
	FOREIGN LANGUAGES	510	PSYCHOLOGY
311	Chinese (Mandarin, Cantonese, or Other Chinese)		The state of the s
312	French ::	520 ***	PUBLIC AFFAIRS (e.g., Community Services, Pullic
	German		Administration, Public Works, Social Work)
314	Italian		
315		530	SCIENCE TECHNOLOGIES
316	Japanese:		
	Other Asian		SOCIAL SCIENCES AND HISTORY
318	Russian or Other Slavic	541	Social Sciences, General
319	Spenish	542	Anthropology
320	Other Foreign Languages		Archeology
		544	Area & Ethnic Studies
221	HEALTH SCIENCES		Demography
331	Allied Health Technologies & Services		Economics
	Dentistry		Geography
334 ***	Health Services Administration		History
	Medicine, including Psychiary Nursing		International Relations
			Political Science & Government
	Public Health		Sociology
	Veterinary Medicine :::	560 🌣	Other Social Sciences
340	Other Health Sciences		VOCATIONAL TRAINING
	The state of the s		
350	HOME ECONOMICS	401 ··	CONSTRUCTION TRADES
	_	601 °	Carpentry Electricism
360 s	INDUSTRIAL ARTS		Plumbing
. 370	LAW		Other Construction Trades
10∧∷⊨	LIBRARY & ARCHIVAL SCIENCES	010	
30U-0			CONSUMER PERSONAL & MISC SERVICES
	NATURAL SCIENCES: BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES	621	Personal Services (e.g., Barbering, Commercingy)
391::	Biochemistry	630	Other Consumer Services
	Biology	* * * . *	
	Botany		MECHANICS AND REPAIRERS
	Genetics:::	641	Electrical & Electronics Equipment Repair
395 ···	···	642	Heating, Air Conditioning, & Refrigeration Mechanics
397	Microbiology Physiology		& Repairers
	Zoology:		Vehicle & Mobile Equipment Mechanics & Repairers
400	Biological Sciences, Other	644	Other Mechanics & Repairers
	-		
	NATURAL SCIENCES: PHYSICAL SCIENCES	604	PRECISION PRODUCTION
411	Astronomy	661::	
412		662	
	Physics		Leatherworking & Upholstering
414:	Earth, Atmosphere, and Oceanographic (Geological::		Precision Metal Work Woodworking
490	Sciences)		··· Woodworking ··· Other Precision Production Work
420	Physical Sciences, Other		Other Precision Production Work
420°	MATHERIATICS.		TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING
430.	MATHEMATICS	681	Air Transportation (e.g., Piloting, Traffic Commit, Flight
440	STATISTICS::.		Attendance, Aviation Management)
450 ···	MILITARY STUDIES.	682	Land Vehicle & Equipment Operation
470 S			Water Transportation (e.g., Boat & Fishing Operations,
460	MULTI/INTERDISCIPLINARY STUDIES		Deep Water Diving, Marina Operations, Sailors &
470	PARKS & RECREATION		Deckhands)
_		690	Other Transportation & Material Moving
480∵	PHILOSOPHY AND RELIGION		OTHER (IF YOU USE THIS CODE, BE SURE TO
490	THEOLOGY		WRITE IN A COMPLETE DESCRIPTION
600	The second of th		AT QUESTIONS 12-13, AND 16
500	PROTECTIVE SERVICES (e.g., Criminal Justice, Fire	•	g (4-6), (210 14)

Protection)

SECTION B. ACADEMIC/PROFESSIONAL BACKGROUND

Please indicate the highest degree or other formal award that you hold, the year you received it, (the field code from 16. pages 5-6 that applies), name of the field, and the name and location of the institution from which you received that degree or award. Do not list honorary degrees. (COMPLETE ALL COLUMNS)

CODES FOR TYPE OF DEGREE

- 1 Professional degree (M.D., D.D.S., L.L.B., etc.)
- 2. Doctoral degree (Ph.D., Ed.D., etc.)
- 3 Master's degree or equivalent
- 4. Bachelor's degree or equivalent
- 5 Certificate, diploma, or degree for completion of undergraduate program of more than 2 years but less than 4 years in length
- 6 Associate's degree or equivalent
- 7 Certificate, diploma, or degree for completion of undergraduate program of at least 1 year but less than 2 years in length

A. Degree Code (see above)	B. Year Received	C. Field Code (from pp. 5-6)	D. Name of Field (from pp. 5-6)	E. Name of Institution (a) and City and State/Country of Institution (b)
(1) Highest	19			a
				b

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	1. Employed only at this institution (SKIP TO QUESTION 19)	
_	2. Had other employment, consulting, self-owned business, or private practice	•
<u> </u>	17A. How many different jobs, other than your employment at this institution, 1992 Fall Term? Include all outside consulting, self-owned business, and (WRITE IN NUMBER)	
	Number of Jobs	
18.	Not counting any employment at this institution, what was the employment sector of during Fall 1992? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)	f the main <u>other j</u> ob y ou i
	1. 4-year college or university, graduate or professional school	
	2. 2-year or other postsecondary institution	
	3. Elementary or secondary school	,
	4. Consulting, freelance work, self-owned business, or private practice	
	5. Hospital or other health care or clinical setting	
	6. Foundation or other nonprofit organization other than health care organization	
	7. For-profit business or industry in the private sector	•
	8. Federal government, including military, or state or local government	•
	9. Other (WRITE IN)	
	18A. What year did you begin that job? (WRITE IN YEAR) 19	· ·
	18B. What was your primary responsibility in that job? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)	
	1. Teaching	
	2. Research	
	3. Technical activities (e.g., programmer, technician, chemist, engineer, etc.	.)
	4. Clinical service	
	5. Community/public service	
	6. Administration	
	7. Other	•
	18C. Was that job full-time or part-time? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)	
	1. Full-time	
	2. Part-time 346 DERT COD	Y AVAILABLE



- 19. The next questions ask about your most recent (last) job that ended before the beginning of the 1992 Fall Term. For the (last) most recent and significant main job that you held during the past 15 years, indicate the year you began and the year you left, the employment sector, your primary responsibility, and whether you were employed full-time or part-time.
 - · Do not list promotions in rank at one place of employment as different jobs.
 - · Do not include temporary positions (i.e., summer positions) or work as a graduate student.
 - · List each job (other than promotion in rank) separately.

If not ap	plicable, circle "NA"	NA:
(1)	YEARS JOB HELD	A. MOST RECENT MAIN JOB (PRIOR TO FALL 1992)
	FROM:	19
	то: \	19
(2)	EMPLOYMENT SECTOR	CIRCLE ONE)
	4-year college or university, graduate or professional school	1
	2-year or other postsecondary institution	. 2
	Elementary or secondary school	· 3
	Consulting, freelance work, self-owned business, or private practice	4
Но	espital or other health care or clinical setting	5
Four	ndation or other nonprofit organization other than health care organization	6
For-pro	ofit business or industry in the private sector	7
	Federal government including military, or state or local government	8
1	Other	9
(3)	PRIMARY RESPONSIBILITY	(CIRCLE ONE)
1	Teaching	1
	Research	2
	Technical activities (e.g., programmer technician, chemist, engineer, etc.	
	Clinical service	1 _
	Community/public service	1 _
	Administration	1
	Othe	7
(4)	FULL-TIME/PART-TIM	E (CIRCLE ONE)
	Full-tim	e 1
	Part-tim	e c 2

SECTION C. INSTITUTIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES AND WORKLOAD

22.	During the 1992 Fall Term, what was the total number of classes or sections you taught at this institution? Do not
	include individualized instruction, such as independent study or individual performance classes. Count multiple
	sections of the same course as a separate class, but not the lab section of a course.
	(WRITE IN A NUMBER. OR CIRCLE "0")

	0. No classes taught (SKIP TO QUESTION 25) 2-8
-	Number of classes/sections (ANSWER:22A)
	22A. How many of those classes were classes for credit?
	0. No classes for credit (SKIP TO QUESTION 28)
	Number of classes/sections for credit (ANSWER OURSTION 23)

23. For each class or section that you taught for credit at this institution during the 1992 Fall Term, please answer the following items. Do not include individualized instruction, such as independent study or individual one-on-one performance classes.

If you taught multiple sections of the same course, count them as separate classes, but do not include the lab section of the course as a separate class. For each class, enter the code for the academic discipline of the class. (Refer to pages 5-6 for the codes. Please enter the code rather than the course name.)

		A	BAC
		FIRST FOR-CREDIT	SECOND FOR CREDIT
(1)	CODE FOR ACADEMIC DISCIPLINE OF CLASS (from pp. 5-6)		
(2) DURING	1992 FALL TERM		
	Number of weeks the class met?	a.	·
	Number of credit hours?	b	b
	Number of hours the class met per week?	c	с
	Number of teaching assistants, readers?	d	d
	Number of students enrolled?	e	c
	Was this class team taught?	f. 1. Yes 2. No	f. 1. Yes 2. No
	Average # hours per week you taught the class?	g	s
(3) PRIMAR	Y LEVEL OF STUDENTS	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)
Lower	division students (first or second year postsecondary) or	1	1
Upper	division students (third or fourth year postsecondary) or	2	2
	Graduate or any other post-baccalaureate students, or	3	3
	All other students?	4	4



11

C	D_	E	
THIRD FOR CREDIT	FOURTH FOR:CREDIT:	FIFTH FOR-CREDET	

a b c d e f. 1. Yes 2. No	a b c d e f. 1. Yes 2. No	a b c d e f. 1. Yes 2. No	Number of Cooler the characters Number of Streets burston Number of Streets burston as a Source character Number of Streets of Streets and Streets Number of Streets and Streets Two this class fears taught Average if burstoness was a contample.
(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)	(CIRCLE ONE)	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200
1	1	1	LAFE division and articles
2	2	2	Upper diskim garden in
3	3	3	Graduate, para-herco-temporarios de destru
4	4	C> 4	All other students in the second



28.	During the 1992 Fall Term, were you en	gaged in any professional research, writing, or creative works?
	1. Yas (ANSWER QUESTION 29)	2. No (SKIP TO QUESTION 36)
29.	How would you describe your primary Term? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)	professional research, writing, or creative work during the 1992 Fall
	1. Pure or basic research	4. Literary or expressive
	2. Applied research	5. Program/Curriculum design and development
	3. Policy-oriented research or analysis	6. Other
30.	_	ngaged in any <u>funded</u> research or <u>funded</u> creative endeavors? Incinwards. Do not include consulting services. (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)
	1. Yes	2. No (SKIP-1020U-NEEUN-6)
31.	During the 1992 Fall Term, were you a grants or contracts? (CIRCLE ONE NU	principal investigator (PI) or co-principal investigator (Co-PI) for a (MBER)
	1. Yes	2. No (SKIP TO QUESTION 36)
32.	——————————————————————————————————————	individuals other than yourself were supported by all the grants and PI? (WRITE IN NUMBER; IF NONE, WRITE IN "0")
	Number of individuals	·



	aber hours per week	
onima fue ti	992 Fall Term	_
,	a. All paid activities at this institution (teaching, research, administration, etc	2)
	b. All unpaid activities at this institution	
	c. Any other paid activities outside this institution (e.g., consulting, working	on other joos)
	d. Unpaid (pro bono) professional service activities outside this institution	
several categ teaching; pro you can the	we ask you to allocate your total work time in the Fall of 1992 (as reported in Questionies. We realize that they are not mutually exclusive categories (e.g., research mateparing a course may be part of professional growth). We ask, however, that you approportion of your time spent in activities whose primary focus falls within the indicate what percentage of your time you would prefer to spend in each of the life indicate what percentage of your time you would prefer to spend in each of the life indicate what percentage of your time you would prefer to spend in each of the life indicate what percentage of your time you would prefer to spend in each of the life indicate what percentage of your time you would prefer to spend in each of the life indicate what percentage of your time you would prefer to spend in each of the life indicate what percentage of your time you would prefer to spend in each of the life indicate what percentage of your time you would prefer to spend in each of the life indicate what percentage of your time you would prefer to spend in each of the life indicate what percentage of your time you would prefer to spend in each of the life indicate what percentage of your time you would prefer to spend in each of the life indicate what percentage is not your time you would prefer to spend in each of the life indicate what percentage is not your time you would prefer to spend in each of the life indicate what percentage is not your time you would prefer to spend in each of the life indicate what you would prefer to your time you would prefer to your time you would prefer to your time you would prefer to your time you would prefer to your time you would prefer to your time you would your time you would your time you would	ny include allocate as bes licated categorie isted categorie
% of Work	(WRITE IN A PERCENTAGE ON EACH LINE.	B % of Work
Time Spent	IF NOT SURE. GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATE: IF NONE. WRITE IN "O")	Time Prefer
%	a. Teaching (including teaching, grading papers), preparing courses; developing new curricula; advising or supervising students; working with student organizations or intramural athletics)	%
<u> </u>	b. Research/Scholarship (including research; reviewing or preparing articles or books; attending or preparing for professional meetings or conferences; reviewing proposals; seeking outside funding; giving performances or exhibitions in the fine or applied arts, or giving speeches)	·%
ø,	c. Professional Growth (including taking courses, pursuing an advanced degree; other professional development activities, such as practice or activities to remain current in your field)	<u> </u>
	4 4-1-1-1	%
<i>G</i>	d. Administration	
%	e. Outside Consulting or Freelance Work	%
% %		%

SECTION D. JOB SATISFACTION ISSUES

40. How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with ... (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)

Very Somewhat Somewhat Very Dissatisfied Dissatisfied Satisfied Satisfied

Con

things principles 23rmind 25rm

1 2 3 4 i. your job here, overail

41. During the next three years, how likely is it that you will leave this job to ... (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ITEM)

Not At All Likely	Somewhat Likely	Very Likely		
1	2	3	a.	accept a part-time job at a different postsecondary institution?
1	2	3	b.	accept a full-time job at a different possecondary institution?
1	2	3	c.	accept a part-time job not at a postsecondary institution?
1	2	3	d.	accept a full-time job not at a postsecondary institution?
1	2	3	e.	renre from the labor force?

42. At what age do you think you are most likely to stop working at a postsecondary institution? (WRITE IN AGE. OR CIRCLE "DK")

_____Years of age

DK. Don't know

43. If you were to leave your current position in academia to accept another position inside or outside of acade how important would each of the following be in your decision? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER FOR EACH ITEM

Not Important	Somewhat Important	· Very Important	
1	2	3	a. Salary level
1	2	3	b. Tenure-track/tenured position
1	2	3	c. Job security
1	2	3	d. Opportunities for advancement
1	2	3	e. Benefits
1	2	3 .	f. No pressure to publish
1	2	· 3	g. Good research facilities and equipment
1	2	, 3	h. Good instructional facilities and equipment
1	2	3	i. Good job or job opportunities for my spouse or partner
1	2	3	j. Good geographic location
. 1	2	3	k. Good environment/schools for my children
1	2 :	. 3	1. Greater opportunity to teach
1	2	3	m. Greater opportunity to do research
1	2	3	n. Greater opportunity for administrative responsibilities

→→ .	if you could elect to draw on your retirement and still continue working at your institution would you do so? (CIRCLE ONE)
	l. Yes
	2. No
	DK. Don't know
45.	If an early retirement option were offered to you at your institution, would you take it? (CIRCLE ONE)
	1. Yes
	2. No
	DK. Don't know
46.	At which age do you think you are most likely to retire from all paid employment? (WRITE IN AGE, OR CIRCLE "DK")
	Years of age
	DK. Don't know

SECTION E. COMPENSATION

Note: Your responses to these tiems as with all other items in this questionnaire are voluntary and strictly confidential.

They will be used only in statistical summaries, and will not be disclosed to your institution or to any individual or group. Furthermore, all information that would permit identification of individuals or institutions will be removed from the survey files.

files.		
47.	For the calend	ar year 1992, estimate your gross compensation before taxes from each of the sources listed below
	(IF NOT SURE	. GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATES: IF NO COMPENSATION FROM A SOURCE. WRITE IN "O")
		Compensation from this institution:
	s	a. Basic salary b. Type of appointment (e.g., 9 months) # of months
	\$	c. Other teaching at this institution not included in basic salary (e.g., for summer session)
	s	d. Supplements not included in basic salary (for administration, research, coaching sports, etc.)
	s	e. Non-monetary compensation, such as food, housing, car (Do not include employee benefits such as medical, dental, or life insurance)
	s	f. Any other income from this institution
		Compensation from other sources:
	s	g. Employment at another academic institution
	s	n. Legal or medical services or psychological counseling
	s	i. Outside consulting, consulting business or freelance work
	s	j. Self-owned business (other than consulting)
	s	k. Professional performances or exhibitions
•	s	1. Speaking fees, honoraria
	s	m. Royalties or commissions
	s	n. Any other employment
	s	 Non-monetary compensation, such as food, housing, car (Do not include employee benefits such as medical, dental, or life insurance)
		Other sources of earned income (WRITE IN BELOW):
	s	p
	s	q
		<u>. </u>
4	8. For the cal	endar year 1992, how many persons were in your household including yourself?
		Total number in household
4	9. For the cal	endar year 1992, what was your total housebold income?
	s	Total household income
5	0. For the ca	lendar year 1992, how many dependents did you have? Do not include yourself. (A dependent i



17

Number of dependents

SECTION F. SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS 51. Are you ... 1. male, or 2. female? 52. In what month and year were you born? (WRITE IN MONTH AND YEAR) MONTH **YEAR 53.** What is your race? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER) 1. American Indian or Alaskan Native 2. Asian or Pacific Islander (ANSWER 53A) -→ 53A. What is your Asian or Pacific Islander origin? If more than one, circle the one 3. African American/Black you consider the most important part of 4. White your background. (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER) 5. Other (WRITE IN BELOW) 1. Chinese 2. Filipino Are you of Hispanic descent? 3. Japanese (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER) 4. Korean 1. Yes (ANSWER 54A) 5. Southeast Asian (Vietnamese, 2. No (SKIPTO QUESTION 55) Laotian, Cambodian/Kampuchean, etc.) 6. Pacific Islander 54A. What is your Spanish/Hispanic origin? If more than one, circle the one you 7. Other (WRITE IN BELOW) consider the most important part of your background. 1. Mexican, Mexican-American, Chicano (SKIP TO QUESTION 55) 2. Cuban, Cubano 3. Puerto Rican, Puertorriqueno, or Bouricuan 4. Other (WRITE IN BELOW)

55. What is your current marital status? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)

- 1. Single, never married
- 2. Married
- 3. Living with someone in a marriage-like relationship
- 4. Separated
- 5. Divorced
- 6. Widowed

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	(CIRCLE O	NE NUME	BER)					
	1. USA							
	2. Other (1	WRITE IN)					
57.	What is yo			s?				
	1. United	States citiz	zen, native					
	2. United	States citiz	zen, natura	lized				
	3. Permar	nent reside	nt of the U	nited Stat	tes (immigrant visa)	, e		
			· .			<u> </u>		
	СО	UNTRY C	of presen	NT CITIZ	ENSHIP			
	4. Tempo	orary reside	ent of Unit	ed States	(non-immigrant visa)			
	*						•	
	CC	OUNTRY (OF PRESE	NT CITE	ZENSHIP			
		Disagree Somewhat So	Agree movest S	Agree trengly				
	1	2	3	4	g. If I had it to do over	again, I would still c	hoose an academic care	er.
60	. Please in recen	ndicate yo at years at Stayed	ur opinion this instit	regardi ution. ((ng whether each of the t	ollowing has worsen	ed, stayed the same, or	improv
	Worsened	the Same	Improved	Karw		•		
	1	2	3	,DK	g. The quality of unde	rgraduate education at	this institution	
	1	2	3	DK	i. The quality of resear	rch at this institution		
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
			TH	ANK YO	U VERY MUCH FOR	YOUR PARTICIPAT	ΠΟΝ	



EXACT TIME NOW:

56. In what country were you born?

Appendix I

Critical Items and Nonresponse: 1993 NSOPF Faculty Questionnaire

Item Nonresponse Rates: Critical Items

Item Nonresponse Rates: Total Respondents
Item Nonresponse Rates Greater Than 10 Percent
Item Nonresponse Rates for Total Respondents, Sorted by Rate

Item Nonresponse Rates: SAQ Respondents
Item Nonresponse Rates Greater Than 10 Percent (SAQ)
Item Nonresponse Rates for SAQ Respondents, Sorted by Rate

Item Nonresponse Rates: CATI Respondents
Item Nonresponse Rates Greater Than 10 Percent (CATI)
Item Nonresponse Rates for CATI Respondents, Sorted by Rate



Item Nonresponse Rates: Critical Items



NSOPF-93 Critical Items

Faculty Questionnaire

1	Had any instructional duties during in Fall 1992 term
1A	Did instructional duties relate to for-credit courses?
A4	Employed full- or part-time
A7	Tenure status at institution
A9	Academic rank, title or position
A12A	Principal field or discipline of teaching
A13A	Principal field or discipline of research
B16A1	Highest degree held
B16C1	Field code of highest degree
C22A	Number of for-credit classes taught in Fall 1992
C23A1B	Discipline of first for-credit class taught
C23B1B	Discipline of second for-credit class taught
C23C1B	Discipline of third for-credit class taught
C23D1B	Discipline of fourth for-credit class taught
C23E1B	Discipline of fifth for-credit class taught
C23A2B	Credit hours of first for-credit class taught
C23B2B	Credit hours of second for-credit class taught
C23C2B	Credit hours of third for-credit class taught
C23D2B	Credit hours of fourth for-credit class taught
C23E2B	Credit hours of fifth for-credit class taught
C23A2E	Number of students enrolled in first for-credit class taught
C23B2E	Number of students enrolled in second for-credit class taught
C23C2E	Number of students enrolled in third for-credit class taught
C23D2E	Number of students enrolled in fourth for-credit class taught
C23E2E	Number of students enrolled in fifth for-credit class taught
C23A3	Primary level of students in first for-credit class taught
C23B3	Primary level of students in second for-credit class taught
C23C3	Primary level of students in third for-credit class taught
C23D3	Primary level of students in fourth for-credit class taught
C23E3	Primary level of students in fifth for-credit class taught
C28	Current professional research, writing or creative works
F51	Respondent's gender
F52A	Month of respondent's birth
F52B	Year of respondents's birth
F53A	Respondent's race
F53AA	Is respondent Asian-Pacific Islander?
F54	Is respondent Hispanic?
F54AA	Background of Hispanic origin
F57A	Respondent's citizenship status
F57C	Country of present citizenship if resident immigrant



TOOM	CRAMION			•	•
ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	n nr	RATE	STDERR
_1	O. Preface	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 7	0.000272	0.000103
_ _1A	0. Preface	1. Q1 - Q20	24331 797	0.032757	0.001141
Ā4	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 19	0.000737	0.000169
A7	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 213	0.008262	0.000169
A9	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 143	0.005547	0.000463
Al2A	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 162	0.006284	0.000492
A13A	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 224	0.008689	0.000578
B16A1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25454 28	0.001100	0.000208
B16C1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25454 42	0.001650	0.000254
C22A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	22823 31	0.001358	0.000234
C23A1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	21784 547	0.025110	0.001060
C23A2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	21784 776	0.035622	0.001256
C23A2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	21784 141	0.006473	0.000543
C23A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	21784 368	0.016893	0.000873
C23B1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	16124 370	0.022947	0.001179
C23B2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	16124 449	0.027847	0.001296
C23B2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	16124 103	0.006388	0.000627
C23B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	16124 262	0.016249	0.000996
C23C1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	10520 237	0.022529	0.001447
C23C2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	10520 261	0.024810	0.001517
C23C2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	10520 102	0.009696	0.000955
C23C3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	10520 212	0.020152	0.001370
C23D1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	6013 156	0.025944	0.002050
C23D2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	6013 176	0.029270	0.002174
C23D2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	6013 89	0.014801	0.001557
C23D3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	6013 158	0.026276	0.002063
C23E1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2721 112	0.041161	0.003808
C23E2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2721 130	0.047777	0.004089
C23E2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2721 88	0.032341	0.003391
C23E3	C. Resp./Workload ·	2. Q21 - Q40	2721 107	0.039324	0.003726
C28	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 57	0.002211	0.000293
F51	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 10	0.000388	0.000123
F52A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 258	0.010008	0.000620
F52B	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 277	0.010745	0.000642
F53A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 88	0.003413	0.000363
F53AA	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	1224 63	0.051471	0.006316
F54	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	24558 63	0.002565	0.000323
F54AA	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	1226 22	0.017945	0.003791
F57A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 148	0.005741	0.000471
F57C	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	1460 124	0.084932	0.007296



Item Nonresponse Rates: Total Respondents
Item Nonresponse Rates Greater Than 10 Percent
Item Nonresponse Rates for Total Respondents, Sorted by Rate



ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	n nr	RATE	STDERR
1	O. Preface	1. Q1 - Q20	2 57 8 0 7	0.000272	0.000103
_1 _1A	O. Preface	1. Q1 - Q20	24331 797	0.032757	0.001141
-2	O. Preface	1. Q1 - Q20	2 57 8 0 829	0.032157	0.001099
_2 _3	O. Preface	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 290	0.011249	0.000657
<u></u>	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 19	0.000737	0.000169
A4AA	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	7537 548	0.072708	0.002991
A4AB	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	7537 540	0.071647	0.002971
A4AC	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	7537 547	0.072575	0.002988
A4AD	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	7537 556	0.073769	0.003011
A4AE	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	7537 556	0.073769	0.003011
A4AF	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	7537 554	0.073504	0.003006
A5	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1412	0.054771	0.001417
A6	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1526	0.059193	0.001470
A7	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 213	0.008262	0.000564
A7A	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	9703 512	0.052767	0.002270
A8	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	16212 989	0.061004	0.001880
A9	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 143	0.005547	0.000463
A10	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	24780 1774	0.071590	0.001638
A11 1	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1056	0.040962	0.001234
A11 ²	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1056	0.040962	0.001234
A11 ⁻ 3	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1056	0.040962	0.001234
A11 4	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	2 57 8 0 1 056	0.040962	0.001234
A11_5	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	2578 0 1056	0.040962	0.001234
A11_6	A. Employment	1 Q1 - Q20	25780 1056	0.040962	0.001234
A11_7	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1056	0.040962	0.001234
$A12\overline{A}$	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25 780 162	0.006284	0.000492
A13A	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	2 57 8 0 2 24	0.008689	0.000578
B14_1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1203	0.046664	0.001314
B14_2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	2 5780 1203	0.046664	0.001314
B14_3	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1203	0.046664	0.001314
B14_4	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1203	0.046664	0.001314
B14_5	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1203	0.046664	0.001314
B14_6	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1203	0.046664	0.001314
B15_1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1049	0.040690	0.001231
B15_2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1049	0.040690	0.001231
B15_3	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1049	0.040690	0.001231
B15_4	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1049	0.040690	0.001231
B15_5	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1049	0.040690	0.001231
B15_6	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1049	0.040690	0.001231
B15_7	B. Prof. Background	1 Q1 - Q20	25780 1049	0.040690	0.001231
B15_8	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1049	0.040690	0.001231
B15_9	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1049	0.040690	0.001231
B15_10	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1049	0.040690	0.001231
$B16\overline{A}1$	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25454 28	0.001100	0.000208

Faculty Questionnaire: TOTAL RESPONDENTS Item Nonresponse Rates, By Section and Third of Questionnaire N = number of eligible unit respondents NR = number of item nonresponses RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM		SE	CCTION		THI	RD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
B16B1	В.	Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	25454	266	0.010450	0.000637
B16C1	В.	Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	25454	42	0.001650	0.000254
B16E1	В.	Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	25454	377	0.014811	0.000757
B16A2	В.	Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	21851	35	0.001602	0.000271
B16B2			Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	21851	132	0.006041	0.000524
B16C2	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	21851	83	0.003798	0.000416
B16E2	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	21851	289	0.013226	0.000773
B16A3			Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	12057	37	0.003069	0.000504
B16B3			Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	12057	79	0.006552	0.000735
B16C3	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	12057	87	0.007216	0.000771
B16E3	В.	Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	12057	174	0.014431	0.001086
B16A4	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	2368	27	0.011402	0.002182
B16B4	В.	Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	2368	28	0.011824	0.002221
B16C4	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	2368	44	0.018581	0.002775
B16E4			Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	2368	74	0.031250	0.003576
B17	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	25780	247	0.009581	0.000607
B17A	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	10159	506	0.049808	0.002158
B18	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	10159	528	0.051974	0.002202
B18A	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	10159	379	0.037307	0.001880
B18B	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	10159	470	0.046264	0.002084
B18C	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	10159	322	0.031696	0.001738
B19A1A	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	17933	193	0.010762	0.000771
B19A1B	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	17933	182	0.010149	0.000748
B19A2			Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	17933	118	0.006580	0.000604
B19A3	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	17933	451	0.025149	0.001169
B19A4	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	17933	327	0.018235	0.000999
B19B1A	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	12164	109	0.008961	0.000854
B19B1B	В.		_	1.	•	- Q20	12164	104	0.008550	0.000835
B19B2	В.		_	1.	Q1	- Q20	12164	99	0.008139	0.000815
B19B3	В.			1.	Q1	- Q20	12164	288	0.023676	0.001379
B19B4	В.	Prof.		1.	Q1	- Q20	12164	285	0.023430	0.001372
B19C1A		Prof.		1.	Q1	- Q20	7313	103	0.014085	0.001378
B19C1B	В.			1.	Q1	- Q20	7313	92	0.012580	0.001303
B19C2	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	7313	58	0.007931	0.001037
B19C3	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	7313	161	0.022016	0.001716
B19C4	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	7313	152	0.020785	0.001668
B20A1			Background		Q1	- Q20	25780	657	0.025485	0.000982
B20A2			Background		Q1	- Q20	25780	649	0.025175	0.000976
B20A3			Background		Q1	- Q20	25780	644	0.024981	0.000972
B20A4			Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	25780	. 650	0.025213	0.000976
B20A5			Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	25780	648	0.025136	0.000975
B20A6			Background		Q1	- Q20	25780	647	0.025097	0.000974
B20A7	B.	Prof.	Background		Q1	- Q20	25780	643	0.024942	0.000971
B20A8	в.	Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	- Q20	25780	646	0.025058	0.000973



ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N NR	RATE	STDERR
B20A9	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 644	0.024981	0.000972
B20A10	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 652	0.025291	0.000978
B20A11	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 659	0.025562	0.000983
B20A12	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 649	0.025175	0.000976
B20A13	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 647	0.025097	0.000974
B20A14	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 - 645	0.025019	0.000973
B20B1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 706	0.027386	0.001016
B20B2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 69 <u>9</u>	0.027114	0.001012
B20B3	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 693	0.026881	0.001007
B20B4	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 696	0.026998	0.001009
B20B5	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 699	0.027114	0.001012
B20B6	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 699	0.027114	0.001012
B20B7	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 695	0.026959	0.001009
B20B8	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 698	0.027075	0.001011
B20B9	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 696	0.026998	0.001009
B20B10	B., Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 702	0.027230	0.001014
B20B11	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 704	0.027308	0.001015
B20B12	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 697	0.027036	0.001010
B20B13	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 697	0.027036	0.001010
B20B14	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 696	0.026998	0.001009
C21A1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 730	0.028317	0.001033
C21A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 721	0.027967	0.001027
C21A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 717	0.027812	0.001024
C21A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 721	0.027967	0.001027
C21A5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 722	0.028006	0.001028
C21A6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 725	0.028123	0.001030
C21B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 984	0.038169	0.001193
C21B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 965	0.037432	0.001182
C21B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 966	0.037471	0.001183
C21B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 966	0.037471	0.001183
C21B5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 965	0.037432	0.001182
C21B6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 965	0.037432	0:001182
C22	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 228	0.008844	0.000583
C22A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	22823 31	0.001358	0.000244
C23A1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	21784 547	0.025110	0.001060
C23A2A	Ć. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	21784 446	0.020474	0.000959
C23A2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	21784 776	0.035622	0.001256
C23A2C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	21784 405	0.018592	0.000915
C23A2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	21784 79	0.003627	0.000407
C23A2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	21784 141	0.006473	0.000543
C23A2F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	21784 75	0.003443	0.000397
C23A2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	21784 1326	0.060870	0.001620
C23A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	21784 368	0.016893	0.000873
C23A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	21784 2122	0.097411	0.002009



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Faculty Questionnaire: TOTAL RESPONDENTS Item Nonresponse Rates, By Section and Third of Questionnaire N = number of eligible unit respondents NR = number of item nonresponses RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N .	NR	RATE	STDERR
C23B1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	16124	370	0.022947	0.001179
. C23B2A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	16124	333	0.020652	0.001179
C23B2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	16124	449	0.027847	0.001296
C23B2C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	16124	320	0.019846	0.001098
C23B2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	16124	66	0.004093	0.000503
C23B2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	16124	103	0.006388	0.000627
C23B2F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	16124	64	0.003969	0.000495
C23B2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	16124	1246	0.077276	0.002103
C23B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	16124	262	0.016249	0.000996
C23B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	16124	1507	0.093463	0.002292
C23C1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	10520	237	0.022529	0.001447
C23C2A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	10520	249	0.023669	0.001482
C23C2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	10520	261	0.024810	0.001517
C23C2C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	10520	258	0.024525	0.001508
C23C2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	10520	67	0.006369	0.000776
C23C2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	10520	102	0.00970	0.000955
C23C2F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	10520	67	0.00637	0.000776
C23C2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	10520	1071	0.10181	0.002948
C23C3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	10520	212	0.02015	0.001370
C23C4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	10520	1000	0.09506	0.002860
C23D1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	6013	156	0.02594	0.002050
C23D2A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	6013	186	0.03093	0.002233
C23D2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	6013	176	0.02927	0.002174
C23D2C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	6013	212	0.03526	0.002378
C23D2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	6013	72	0.01197	0.001403
C23D2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	6013	89	0.01480	0.001557
C23D2F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	6013	72	0.01197	0.001403
C23D2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	6013	738	0.12273	0.004232
C23D3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	6013	158	0.02628	0.002063
C23D4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	6013	603	0.10028	0.003874
C23E1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2721	112	0.04116	0.003808
C23E2A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2721	136	0.04998	0.004177
C23E2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2721	130	0.04778	0.004089
C23E2C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2721	139	0.05108	0.004221
C23E2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2721	73	0.02683	0.003098
C23E2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2721	88	0.03234	0.003391
C23E2F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2721	73	0.02683	0.003098
C23E2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2721	389	0.14296	0.006710
C23E3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2721	107	0.03932	0.003726
C23E4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2721	313	0.11503	0.006117
C24	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	21994	1247	0.05670	0.001559
C24A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18444	725	0.03931	0.001431
C24B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18444	735	0.03985	0.001440
C24C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18444	724	0.03925	0.001430



Faculty Questionnaire: TOTAL RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates,
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 N = number of eligible unit respondents
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ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C24D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18444	741	0.04018	0.001446
C24E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18444	720	0.03904	0.001426
C24F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18444	730	0.03958	0.001436
C24G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18444	730	0.03958	0.001436
C24H	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18444	731	0.03963	0.001437
C24I	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18444	743	0.04028	0.001448
C24J	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18444	746	0.04045	0.001451
C24K	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18444	738	0.04001	0.001443
C25A1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	4728	0.18340	0.002410
C25A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	5174	0.20070	0.002495
C25A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	5185	0.20112	0.002496
C25A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	5242	0.20334	0.002507
C25B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	5310	0.20597	0.002519
C25B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	5600	0.21722	0.002568
C25B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	5496	0.21319	0.002551
C25B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	5332	0.20683	0.002523
C26	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	1319	0.05116	0.001372
C27	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	1591	0.06171	0.001499
C28	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	57	0.00221	0.000293
C29	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	13935	577	0.04141	0.001688
C30	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	13935	275	0.01973	0.001178
C31	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	13935	9617	0.69013	0.003917
C32	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		L0569	0.75845	0.003626
C33A1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4683	581	0.12407	0.004817
C33B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2068	574	0.27756	0.009847
C33C1_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2070	593	0.28647	0.009937
C33C1_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2070	593	0.28647	0.009937
C33C1_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2070	593	0.28647	0.009937
C33D1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2070	602	0.29082	0.009982
C33E1_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2071	576	0.27813	0.009846
C33E1_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2071	576	0.27813	0.009846
C33E1_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2071	576	0.27813	0.009846
C33A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4684	584	0.12468	0.004827
C33B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1750	561	0.32057	0.011156
C33C2_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1750	565	0.32286	0.011177
C33C2_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1750	565°	0.32286	0.011177
C33C2_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1750	565	0.32286	0.011177
C33D2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1750	595	0.34000	0.011324
C33E2_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1751	565	0.32267	0.011172
C33E2_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1751	565	0.32267	0.011172
C33E2_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1751	565	0.32267	0.011172
C33A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4684	584	0.12468	0.004827
C33B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1191	530	0.44500	0.014400
C33C3_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1191	536	0.45004	0.014416



ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N.	NR	RATE	STDERR
C33C3 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1191	536	0.45004	0.014416
C33C3 ³	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1191	536	0.45004	0.014416
C33D3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1190	560	0.47059	0.014469
C33E3 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1191	547	0.45928	0.014440
C33E3 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1191	547	0.45928	0.014440
C33E3_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1191	547	0.45928	0.014440
C33A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4684	584	0.12468	0.004827
C33B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1176	538	0.45748	0.014527
C33C4 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1176	547	0.46514	0.014545
C33C4 ²	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1176	547	0.46514	0.014545
C33C4_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1176	547	0.46514	0.014545
C33D4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1176	541	0.46003	0.014534
C33E4 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1176	534	0.45408	0.014519
C33E4 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1176	534	0.45408	0.014519
C33E4_3	C. Resp./Workload	2: Q21 - Q40	1176	534	0.45408	0.014519
C33A5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4684	585	0.12489	0.004830
C33B5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2170	596	0.27465	0.009582
C33C5 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2170	566	0.26083	0.009426
C33C5 ²	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2170	566	0.26083	0.009426
C33C5 ⁻ 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2170	566	0.26083	0.009426
C33D5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2167	632	0.29165	0.009764
C33E5 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2170	579	0.26682	0.009495
C33E5 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2170	579	0.26682	0.009495
C33E5 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2170	579	0.26682	0.009495
C33A6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4682	587	0.12537	0.004839
C33B6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701	519	0.74037	0.016559
C33C6_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701	513	0.73181	0.016732
C33C6_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701	513	0.73181	0.016732
C33C6_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701	513	0.73181	0.016732
C33D6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701	507	0.72325	0.016898
C33E6_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701	501	0.71469	0.017055
C33E6_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701	501	0.71469	0.017055
C33E6_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701	501	0.71469	0.017055
C34A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	1868	0.07246	0.001615
C34B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	1777	0.06893	0.001578
C34C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	1773	0.06877	0.001576
C34D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	1470	0.05702	0.001444
C34E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	1976	0.07665	0.001657
C34F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	2373	0.09205	0.001801
C34G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	1455	0.05644	0.001437
C34H	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	1300	0.05043	0.001363
C34I	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	1303	0.05054	0.001364
C34J	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	2346	0.09100	0.001791
C34K	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	1318	0.05112	0.001372



C34L C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 25780 1409 0.05465 0.001416 C35A1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 25780 1276 0.04950 0.001351 C35A2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 25780 1293 0.05016 0.001359 C35A3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 25780 1293 0.05016 0.001359 C35A4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 25780 1293 0.05016 0.001359 C35A5 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 25780 1293 0.05016 0.001364 C35A6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 25780 1302 0.05050 0.001364 C35A6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 25780 1302 0.05050 0.001364 C35A6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 25780 1300 0.05043 0.001363 C35B1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 8890 581 0.06535 0.002621 C35B3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 16068 540 0.05090 0.002134 C35B2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 16173 662 0.04093 0.001563 C35B6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 16073 664 0.06103 0.002336 C35B5 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 3002 551 0.18354 0.007065 C35B6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 3631 524 0.14431 0.005832 C35C2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 3631 524 0.14431 0.005832 C35C2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 7275 618 0.08495 0.003269 C35C3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 425780 738 0.12984 0.004489 C35C6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 52780 738 0.12984 0.004489 C35C6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 25780 734 0.02973 0.00914 C36C C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 25780 734 0.02925 0.001042 C36C C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 25780 734 0.02925 0.001042 C36C C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 25780 734 0.02882 0.001042 C36C C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 25780 859 0.03322 0.001117 C37AB C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 25780 859 0.03322 0.001117 C37AB C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 25780 859 0.03322 0.001132 C37BB C. Resp./	ITEM	SECTION		THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
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D40A D. Job Satisfaction 2. Q21 - Q40 25780 1427 0.05535 0.001424				•				
				•				
	D40B			•	25780	1829	0.07095	0.001599



ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N NR	RATE	STDERR
D40C	D. Job Satisfaction	n 2. Q21 - Q40	25780 351	9 0.13650	0.002138
D40D	D. Job Satisfaction		25780 217		0.002130
D40E	D. Job Satisfaction	• •	25780 514		0.002489
D40F	D. Job Satisfaction	•	25780 144		0.001433
D40G	D. Job Satisfaction	•	25780 292		0.001976
D40H	D. Job Satisfaction	•	25780 719		0.002794
D401	D. Job Satisfaction		25780 69		0.001012
D41A	D. Job Satisfaction		25780 215		0.001723
D41B	D. Job Satisfaction	n 3. Q41 - Q60	25780 167		0.001535
D41C	D. Job Satisfaction	n 3. Q41 - Q60	25780 235		0.001795
D41D	D. Job Satisfaction	n 3. Q41 - Q60	25780 217		0.001730
D41E	D. Job Satisfaction	n 3. Q41 - Q60	25780 189	4 0.07347	0.001625
D42	D. Job Satisfaction	n 3. Q41 - Q60	25780 52	0 0.02017	0.000876
D43A	D. Job Satisfaction	n 3. Q41 - Q60	25780 89	0.03456	0.001138
D43B	D. Job Satisfaction	n 3. Q41 - Q60	25780 119	0.04616	0.001307
D43C	D. Job Satisfaction		25780 94	7 0.03673	0.001172
D43D	D. Job Satisfaction	n 3. Q41 - Q60	25780 107	7 0.04178	0.001246
D43E	D. Job Satisfaction	, ,	25780 93	5 0.03627	0.001164
D43F	D. Job Satisfaction		25780 128	0.04969	0.001353
D43G	D. Job Satisfaction	•	25780 126	3 0.04899	0.001344
D43H	D. Job Satisfaction	•	25780 113	5 0.04403	0.001278
D43I	D. Job Satisfaction		25780 293	9 0.11400	0.001979
D43J	D. Job Satisfaction	•	25780 103	6 0.04019	0.001223
D43K	D. Job Satisfaction	, ,	25780 338		0.002102
D43L	D. Job Satisfaction	•	25780 125		0.001341
D43M	D. Job Satisfaction	•	25780 128		0.001355
D43N	D. Job Satisfaction	• •	25780 117		0.001301
D44	D. Job Satisfaction	•	25780 78		0.001069
D45	D. Job Satisfaction	•	25780 133		0.001381
D46	D. Job Satisfaction		25780 61		0.000953
E47A	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 238		0.001805
E47B	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 461		0.002388
E47C	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 224		0.001756
E47D	E Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 221		0.001747
E47E	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 219		0.001740
E47F	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 220		0.001742
E47G	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 222		0.001749
E47H	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 221		0.001744
E47I	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 222		0.001747
E47J	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 221		0.001746
E47K	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 221		0.001745
E47L	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 222		0.001747
E47M	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 221	·	0.001746
E 47N	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 222	6 0.08635	0.001749



ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	n nr	RATE	STDERR
E470	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2206	0.08557	0.001742
E47P1	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2442	0.09472	0.001824
E47P2	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2442	0.09472	0.001824
E47P3	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2442	0.09472	0.001824
E47P4	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2442	0.09472	0.001824
E47P5	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2442	0.09472	0.001824
E47P6	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2442	0.09472	0.001824
E47P7	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2442	0.09472	0.001824
E47P8	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2442	0.09472	0.001824
E47P9	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1998	0.07750	0.001665
E48	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1017	0.03945	0.001212
E49	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 3428	0.13297	0.002115
E50	E. Compensation	3: Q41 - Q60	25780 1245	0.04829	0.001335
F51	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 10	0.00039	0.000123
F52A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 258	0.01001	0.000620
F52B	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 277	0.01074	0.000642
F53A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 88	0.00341	0.000363
F53AA	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	1224 63	0.05147	0.006316
F54	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	24558 63	0.00257	0.000323
F54AA	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	1226 22	0.01794	0.003791
F55	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 597	0.02316	0.000937
F56A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 457	0.01773	0.000822
F56C	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	3262 196	0.06009	0.004161
F57A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 148	0.00574	0.000471
F57C	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	1460 124	0.08493	0.007296
F58A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1681	0.06521	0.001538
F58B	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1727	0.06699	0.001557
F59A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1529	0.05931	0.001471
F59B	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1655	0.06420	0.001527
F59C	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 3112	0.12071	0.002029
F59D	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2737	0.10617	0.001919
F59E	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2185	0.08476	0.001735
F59F	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2683	0.10407	0.001902
F59G	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 998	0.03871	0.001201
F60A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1599	0.06202	0.001502
F60B	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1719	0.06668	0.001554
F60C	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1597	0.06195	0.001501
F60D	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1505	0.05838	0.001460
F60E	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1649	0.06396	0.001524
F60F	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1622 25780 1015	0.06292	0.001512
F60G	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1015 25780 1407	0.039372	0.001211
F60H	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1497 25780 1415	0.058068	0.001457
F601	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1415	0.054888	0.001419



ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C23C2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	10520	1071	0 10101	0.0000/0
C23D2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	6013	738	0.10181 0.12273	0.002948
C23D2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	6013	603	0.12273	0.004232
C23E2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	2721	389	0.10026	0.003874 0.006710
C23E4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	2721	313	0.14298	
C25A1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	25780	4728	0.11303	0.006117
C25A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	25780	5174	0.10340	0.002410
C25A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	25780	5185	0.20070	0.002495 0.002496
C25A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	25780	5242	0.20112	0.002496
C25B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	25780	5310	0.20597	
C25B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	. 25780	5600	0.20397	
C25B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	25780	5496	0.21722	0.002568
C25B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	25780	5332		0.002551
C31	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	13935	9617	0.20683 0.69013	0.002523 0.003917
C32	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	13935	10569	0.89013	0.003917
C33A1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	4683	581	0.73843	
C33B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	2068	574	0.12407	0.004817
C33C1 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	2070	593	0.27736	0.009847 0.009937
C33C1 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	2070	593	0.28647	
C33C1 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	2070	593	0.28647	0.009937
C33D1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	2070	602	0.29082	0.009937
C33E1 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	2071	576	0.27813	0.009982
C33E1_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	2071	576 576	0.27813	0.009846
C33E1_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	2071	576 576	0.27813	0.009846
C33A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	4684	584	0.27613	0.009846
C33B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	1750	561	0.12468	0.004827
C33C2 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	1750	565	0.32037	0.011156 0.011177
C33C2 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	1750	565	0.32286	0.011177
C33C2 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	1750	565	0.32286	0.011177
C33D2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1750	595	0.32200	0.011177
C33E2 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	1751	565	0.34000	0.011324
C33E2 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1751	565	0.32267	0.011172
C33E2 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1751	565	0.32267	0.011172
C33A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4684	584	0.12468	
C33B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1191	530	0.44500	0.014400
C33C3 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1191	536	0.45004	0.014416
C33C3 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1191	536	0.45004	0.014416
C33C3 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1191	536	0.45004	0.014416
C33D3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1190	560	0.47059	0.014410
C33E3 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1191	547	0.45928	0.014440
C33E3 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1191	547	0.45928	0.014440
C33E3 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1191	- 547	0.45928	0.014440
C33A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4684	584	0.12468	0.004827



ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C33B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1176	538	0.45748	0.014527
C33C4 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1176	547	0.46514	0.014545
C33C4_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1176	547	0.46514.	0.014545
C33C4_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1176	547	0.46514	0.014545
C33D4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1176	541	0.46003	0.014534
C33E4 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1176	534	0.45408	0.014519
C33E4 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1176	534	0.45408	0.014519
C33E4 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1176	534	0.45408	0.014519
C33A5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4684	585	0.12489	0.004830
C33B5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2170	596	0.27465	0.009582
C33C5 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2170	566	0.26083	0.009426
C33C5 ²	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2170	566	0.26083	0.009426
C33C5 ³	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2170	566	0.26083	0.009426
C33D5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2167	632	0.29165	0.009764
C33E5 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2170	579	0.26682	0.009495
C33E5 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2170	579	0.26682	0.009495
C33E5 ³	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2170	579	0.26682	0.009495
C33A6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4682	587	0.12537	0.004839
C33B6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701	519	0.74037	0.016559
C33C6 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701.	513	0.73181	0.016732
C33C6 ²	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701	513	0.73181	0.016732
C33C6_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701	513	0.73181	0.016732
C33D6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701	507	0.72325	0.016898
C33E6_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701	501	0.71469	0.017055
C33E6_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701	501	0.71469	0.017055
C33E6_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701	501	0.71469	0.017055 [,]
C35B5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3002	551	0.18354	0.007065
C35C1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3631	524	0.14431	0.005832
C35C4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	5607	728	0.12984	0.004489
C35C5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1148	549	0.47822	0.014743
C35C6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2128	634	0.29793	0.009914
C37BA	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	2720	0.10551	0.001913
C37BB	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	2722	0.10559	0.001914
C37BC	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	2725	0.10570	0.001915
C37BD	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	.2718	0.10543	0.001913
C37BE	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	2725	0.10570	0.001915
C37BF	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	2720	0,10551	0.001913
C38	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	2593	0.10058	0.001873
D39F	D. Job Satisfaction		25780	4040	0.15671	0.002264
D40C	D. Job Satisfaction		25780	3519	0.13650	0.002138
D40E	D. Job Satisfaction		25780	5146	0.19961	0.002489
D40G	D. Job Satisfaction		25780	2926	0.11350	0.001976
D40H	D. Job Satisfaction	1 2. Q21 - Q40	25780	7198	0.27921	0.002794



ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
D43K D. E47B E. E49 E. F59C F. F59D F.	Job Satisfaction Job Satisfaction Compensation Compensation Sociodem. Chars. Sociodem. Chars. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60 3. Q41 - Q60	25780 25780 25780 25780 25780 25780 25780	2939 3380 4617 3428 3112 2737 2683	0.11400 0.13111 0.17909 0.13297 0.12071 0.10617	0.001979 0.002102 0.002388 0.002115 0.002029 0.001919 0.001902

1. Faculty Questionnaire: TOTAL RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates, Sorted by RATE
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses
 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N I	NR RATE	STDERR
1	O. Preface	1. Q1 - Q20	25780	7 0.000272	0.000103
F51	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60		10 0.000388	0.000123
A4	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20		19 0.000737	0.000169
B16A1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20		28 0.001100	0.000208
C22A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		31 0.001358	0.000244
B16A2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20		35 0.001602	0.000271
B16C1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20		42 0.001650	0.000254
C28	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	57 0.002211	0.000293
F54	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60		63 0.002565	0.000323
B16A3	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	12057	37 0.003069	0.000504
F53A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60		88 0.003413	0.000363
C23A2F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		75 0.003443	0.000397
C23A2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		79 0.003627	0.000407
B16C2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20		83 0.003798	0.000416
C23B2F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		64 0.003969	0.000495
C23B2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		66 0.004093	0.000503
A9	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20		43 0.005547	0.000463
F57A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60		48 0.005741	0.000471
B16B2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	21851 1	32 0.006041	0.000524
Al2A	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20		62 0.006284	0.000492
C23C2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		67 0.006369	0.000776
C23C2F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		67 0.006369	0.000776
C23B2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		0.006388	0.000627
C23A2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		41 0.006473	0.000543
B16B3	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	12057	79 0.006552	0.000735
B19A2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	and the second s	18 0.006580	0.000604
B16C3	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20		87 0.007216	0.000771
B19C2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	7313	58 0.007931	0.001037
B19B2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	12164	99 0.008139	0.000815
A7	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20		13 0.008262	0.000564
B19B1B	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20		04 0.008550	0.000835
A13A	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20		24 0.008689	0.000578
C22	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 2	28 0.008844	0.000583
B19B1A	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	12164 1	09 0.008961	0.000854
B17	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 2	47 0.009581	0.000607
C23C2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	10520 1	0.009696	0.000955
F52A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2	58 0.010008	0.000620
B19A1B	B. Prof. Background	1Q1 - Q20	17933 1	.82 0.010149	0.000748
B16B1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25454 2	66 0.010450	0.000637
F52B	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2	77 0.010745	0.000642
B19A1A	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20		.93 0.010762	0.000771
3	O. Preface	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 2	90 0.011249	0.000657
B16A4	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	2368	27 0.011402	0.002182
B16B4	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	2368	28 0.011824	0.002221



Faculty Questionnaire: TOTAL RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates, Sorted by RATE
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses
 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SE	ECTION		THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C23D2D	C.	Resp./Workload	` 2.	Q21 - Q40	6013	72	0.011974	0.001403
C23D2F		Resp./Workload	2.		6013	72	0.011974	0.001403
B19C1B		Prof. Background	1.	-	7313	92	0.012580	0.001303
B16E2		Prof. Background	1.		21851	289	0.013226	0.001303
B19C1A	В.		1.	Q1 - Q20		103	0.013220	0.001378
B16E3	В.	-	1.	Q1 - Q20	12057	174	0.014431	0.001378
C23D2E	C.		2.	Q21 - Q40	6013	89	0.014431	0.001557
B16E1	В.	Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q20	25454	377	0.014811	0.001337
C23B3	C.	Resp./Workload	2.	Q21 - Q40	16124	262	0.016249	0.000996
C23A3	C.	Resp./Workload	2.	Q21 - Q40	21784	368	0.016893	0.000873
F56A	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	3.		25780	457	0.017727	0.000822
F54AA	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	3.	•	1226	22	0.017945	0.003791
B19A4	В.	Prof. Background	1.	-	17933	327	0.018235	0.000999
B16C4	В.	_	1.		2368	44	0.018581	0.002775
C23A2C	С.	_		Q21 - Q40	21784	405	0.018592	0.002773
C30	C.	Resp./Workload	2.		13935	275	0.019734	0.000313
C23B2C		Resp./Workload	2.		16124	320	0.019846	0.001178
C23C3	С.	Resp./Workload	2.	•	10520	212	0.020152	0.001038
D42	D.	Job Satisfaction	3.	•	25780	520	0.020132	0.001370
C23A2A	C.		2.	Q21 - Q40	21784	446	0.020171	0.000878
C23B2A	C.	Resp./Workload	2.	Q21 - Q40	16124	333	0.020474	0.000939
B19C4		Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q20	7313	152	0.020032	0.001120
B19C3		Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q20	7313	161	0.022016	0.001716
C23C1B		Resp./Workload	2.	Q21 - Q40	10520	237	0.022529	0.001/18
C23B1B		Resp./Workload	2.	Q21 - Q40	16124	370	0.022947	0.001447
F55	F.		3.	Q41 - Q60	25780	597	0.023157	0.001179
B19B4	В.	Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q20	12164	285	0.023137	0.000937
C23C2A		Resp./Workload	2.	Q21 - Q40	10520	249	0.023669	0.001372
B19B3		Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q20	12164	288	0.023676	0.001482
D46	D.	Job Satisfaction	3.	Q41 - Q60	25780	619	0.024011	0.001379
C23C2C	C.		2.	Q21 - Q40	10520	258	0.024511	0.000933
C23C2B	C.		2.	Q21 - Q40	10520	261	0.024810	0.001508
B20A7	В.	Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q20	25780	643	0.024942	0.001317
B20A3	В.	Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q20	25780	644	0.024942	0.000971
B20A9	В.	Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q20	25780	644	0.024981	0.000972
B20A14		Prof. Background		Q1 - Q20	25780	645	0.025019	0.000972
B20A8		Prof. Background	1.		25780	646	0.025058	
B20A6		Prof. Background		Q1 - Q20	25780	647	0.025097	0.000973
B20A13	В.			Q1 - Q20	25780	647	0.025097	0.000974
C23A1B	C.	Resp./Workload		Q21 - Q40	21784	547	0.025097	0.000974
B20A5		Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q20	25780	648	0.025110	0.001060
B19A3		Prof. Background		Q1 - Q20	17933	451	0.025136	0.000975
B20A2		Prof. Background		Q1 - Q20	25780	: 649	0.025149	0.001169
B20A12		Prof. Background		Q1 - Q20	25780	649	0.025175	0.000976
				4- 420	23/00	047	0.0231/3	0.000976



1. Faculty Questionnaire: TOTAL RESPONDENTS
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ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	n nr	RATE	STDERR
DOOA /	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 650	0.025213	0.000976
B20A4	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 652	0.025291	0:000978
B20A10	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 657	0.025485	0.000982
B20A1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 659	0.025562	0.000983
B20A11	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	6013 156	0.025944	0.002050
C23D1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	6013 158	0.026276	0.002063
C23D3		2. Q21 - Q40	2721 73	0.026828	0.003098
C23E2D	<pre>C. Resp./Workload C. Resp./Workload</pre>	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	2721 73	0.026828	0.003098
C23E2F	• •	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 693	0.026881	0.001007
B20B3		1. Q1 - Q20 1. Q1 - Q20	25780 695	0.026959	0.001009
B20B7		1. Q1 - Q20	25780 696	0.026998	0.001009
B20B4		1. Q1 - Q20 1. Q1 - Q20	25780 696	0.026998	0.001009
B20B9		1. Q1 - Q20 1. Q1 - Q20	25780 696	0.026998	0.001009
B20B14	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20 1. Q1 - Q20	25780 697	0.027036	0.001010
B20B12	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20 1. Q1 - Q20	25780 697	0.027036	0.001010
B20B13	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20 1. Q1 - Q20	25780 698	0.027075	0.001011
B20B8	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20 1. Q1 - Q20	25780 699	0.027114	0.001012
B20B2	B. Prof. Background	•	25780 699	0.027114	0.001012
B20B5	B. Prof. Background	•	25780 699	0.027114	0.001012
B20B6	B. Prof. Background	•	25780 699	0.027114	0.001012
D40I	D. Job Satisfaction	•	25780 702	0.027230	0.001014
B20B10	B. Prof. Background	•	25780 702 25780 704	0.0272308	0.001015
B20B11	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 704	0.027386	0.001016
B20B1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20		0.027812	0.001010
C21A3	C. Resp./Workload	2 Q21 - Q40		0.027812	0.001024
C23B2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		0.027847	0.001230
C21A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 721	0.027967	0.001027
C21A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 721	0.027967	0.001027
C36C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 721		0.001027
C21A5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 722	0.028006	0.001028
C21A6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 725	0.028123	0.001030
C21A1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 730	0.028317	0.001033
C36D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 730	0.028317	
C36B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 743	0.028821	0.001042
C36A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 754	0.029247	
C23D2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	6013 176	0.029270	0.002174
D44	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 784	0.030411	0.001069
C23D2A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	6013 186	0.030933	0.002233
B16E4	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	2368 74	0.031250	0.003576
B18C	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	10159 322	0.031696	0.001738
_2	O. Preface	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 829	0.032157	0.001099
C23E2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2721 88	0.032341	0.003391
_1A	O. Preface	1. Q1 - Q20	24331 797		0.001141
C37AD	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 857		0.001117
C37AC	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 858	0.033282	0.001117



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ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C37AE	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	858	0 022000	0 00111-
C37AB	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	859	0.033282 0.033320	0.001117
C37AA	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	864	0.033520	0.001118
C37AF	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	868		0.001121
D43A	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	25780	891	0.033670 0.034562	0.001123
C23D2C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	6013	212	0.034362	0.001138
C23A2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	21784	776	0.035622	0.002378
D43E	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	25780	935	0.033622	0.001256
D43C	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	25780	947	0.036734	0.001164
B18A	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	10159	379	0.037307	0.001172 0.001880
C21B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	965	0.037432	0.001880
C21B5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	965	0.037432	0.001182
C21B6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	965	0.037432	0.001182
C21B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	966	0.037471	0.001182
C21B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	966	0.037471	0.001183
C21B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	984	0.038169	0.001103
F59G	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780	998	0.038712	0.001193
C24E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18444	720	0.039037	0.001201
C24C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18444	724	0.039254	0.001420
C24A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18444	725	0.039308	0.001430
C23E3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2721	107	0.039324	0.003726
F60G	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780	1015	0.039372	0.001211
E48	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780	1017	0.039449	0.001212
C24F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18444	730	0.039579	0.001436
C24G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18444	730	0.039579	0.001436
C24H	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18444	731	0.039633	0.001437
C24B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18444	735	0.039850	0.001440
C24K	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18444	738	0.040013	0.001443
C24D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18444	741	0.040176	0.001446
D43J C24I	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	25780	1036	0.040186	0.001223
C241 C24J	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18444	743	0.040284	0.001448
B15 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18444	746	0.040447	0.001451
B15_1 B15_2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780	1049	0.040690	0.001231
B15_2 B15_3	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780	1049	0.040690	0.001231
B15_3 B15_4	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780	1049	0.040690	0.001231
B15_4 B15_5	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780	1049	0.040690	0.001231
B15_5 B15_6	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780	1049	0.040690	0.001231
B15_0 B15_7	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780	1049	0.040690	0.001231
B15_/ B15_8	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780	1049	0.040690	0.001231
B15_0 B15_9	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20		1049	0.040690	0.001231
B15_5 B15_10	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20		1049	0.040690	0.001231
C35B3	B. Prof. Background C. Resp./Workload	1. Q1 - Q20		1049	0.040690	0.001231
A11 1	F . /	2. Q21 - Q40	16173	662	0.040932	0.001558
****-	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25780	1056	0.040962	0.001234



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ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	n nr	RATE	STDERR
A11 2	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1056	0.040962	0.001234
A11 3	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1056	0.040962	0.001234
A11 4	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1056	0.040962	0.001234
A11 5	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1056	0.040962	0.001234
A11 6	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1056	0.040962	0.001234
A11 7	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1056	0.040962	0.001234
C23E1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2721 112	0.041161	0.003808
C29	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	13935 577	0.041407	0.001688
D43D	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1077	0.041777	0.001246
D39A	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1117	0.043328	0.001268
D43H	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1135	0.044026	0.001278
D43N	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1179	0.045733	0.001301
D43B	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1190	0.046160	0.001307
B18B	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	10159 470	0.046264	0:002084
B14 1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1203	0.046664	0.001314
B14 ²	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1203	0.046664	0.001314
B14 ⁻ 3	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1203	0.046664	0.001314
B14 4	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1203	0.046664	0.001314
B14 ⁻ 5	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1203	0.046664	0.001314
B14 ⁶	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1203	0.046664	0.001314
D39 <u>C</u>	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1213	0.047052	0.001319
C23E2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2721 130	0.047777	0.004089
E50	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1245	0.048293	0.001335
D43L	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1256	0.048720	0.001341
D43G	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1263	0.048991	0.001344
C35A1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1276	0.049496	0.001351
D43F	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1281	0.049690	0.001353
D43M	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1284	0.049806	0.001355
B17A	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	10159 506	0.049808	0.002158
C23E2A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2721 136	0.049982	0.004177
C35A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1293	0.050155	0.001359
C35A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1293	0.050155	0.001359
D39B	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1296	0.050272	0.001361
C35A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1299	0.050388	0.001362
C34H	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1300	0.050427	0.001363
C35A6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1300	0.050427	0.001363
C35A5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1302	0.050504	0.001364
C34I	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1303	0.050543	0.001364
D39D	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1305	0.050621	0.001365
C35B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	10608 540	0.050905	0.002134
C23E2C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2721 139	0.051084	0.004221
C34K	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1318	0.051125	0.001372
C26	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1319	0.051164	0.001372
F53AA	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	1224 63	0.051471	0.006316



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D45	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1337	0.051862	0 001201
B18	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	10159 528	0.051862	0.001381
A7A	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	9703 512	0.052767	0.002202
C34L	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1409	0.054655	0.002270
A5	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1412	0.054771	0.001416
F601	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1415	0.054888	0.001417
D40A	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1427	0.055353	0.001419 0.001424
D40F	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1445	0.056051	0.001424
C34G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1455	0.056439	0.001433
C24	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	21994 1247	0.056697	0.001437
C34D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1470	0.057021	0.001339
F60H	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1497	0.058068	0.001444
F60D	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1505	0.058379	0.001457
A6	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	25780 1526	0.059193	0.001480
F59A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1529	0.059310	0:001470
C35C3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	12452 746	0.059910	0.001471
F56C	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	3262 196	0.060086	0.002127
C23A2	G C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	21784 1326	0.060870	0.004181
8A	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	16212 989	0.061004	0.001880
C35B4		2. Q21 - Q40	10503 641	0.061030	0.001880
C27	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1591	0.061715	0.002330
F60C	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1597	0.061947	0.001499
F60A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1599	0.062025	0.001501
F60F	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1622	0.062917	0.001502
C35B6		2. Q21 - Q40	9823 619	0.063015	0.001312
F60E	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1649	0.063964	0.002432
F59B	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1655	0.064197	0.001527
D41B	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1674	0.064934	0.001527
D39E	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1681	0.065206	0.001538
F58A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1681	0.065206	0.001538
C35B2	-1 1/ 110000	2. Q21 - Q40	8890 581	0.065354	0.002621
F60B	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1719	0.066680	0.001554
F58B	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1727	0.066990	0.001557
C34C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1773	0.068774	0.001576
C34B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1777	0.068929	0.001578
D40B	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1829	0.070946	0.001599
A10	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	24780 1774	0.071590	0.001638
A4AB	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	7537 540	0.071647	0.002971
C34A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1868	0.072459	0.001615
A4AC	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	7537 547	0.072575	0.002988
A4AA	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	7537 548	0.072708	0.002901
D41E	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1894	0.073468	0.001625
A4AF	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	7537 554	0.073504	0.003006
A4AD	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	7537 556	0.073769	0.003011



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A /. A E	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	7537 556	0.073769	0.003011
A4AE C34E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 1976	0.076649	0.001657
C23B2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	16124 1246	0.077276	0.002103
E47P9	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 1998	0.077502	0.001665
D41A	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2153	0.083514	0.001723
D41D	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2172	0.084251	0.001730
D41D	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 2176	0.084407	0.001731
F59E	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2185	0.084756	0.001735
F57C	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	1460 124	0.084932	0.007296
C35C2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	7275 618	0.084948	0.003269
E47E	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2199	0.085299	0.001740
E47F	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2205	0.085531	0.001742
E470	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2206	0.085570	0.001742
E47H	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2212	0.085803	0.001744
E47K	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2213	0.085842	0.001745
E47J	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2216	0.085958	0.001746
E47M	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2218	0.086036	0.001746
E47D	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2219	0.086074	0.001747
E47I	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2220	0.086113	0.001747
E47L	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2220	0.086113	0.001747
E47G	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2224	0.086268	0.001749
E47N	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 · 2226	0.086346	0.001749
E47C	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2246	0.087122	0.001756
C34J	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 2346	0.091001	0.001791
D41C	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2358	0.091466	0.001795
C34F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 2373	0.092048	0.001801
E47A	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2387	0.092591	0.001805
C23B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	16124 1507	0.093463	0.002292
E47P1	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2442	0.094725	0.001824
E47P2	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2442	0.094725	0.001824
E47P3	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2442	0.09472	0.001824
E47P4	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2442	0.09472	0.001824
E47P5	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2442	0.09472	0.001824
E47P6	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 ⁻²⁴⁴²	0.09472	0.001824
E47P7	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2442	0.09472	0.001824
E47P8	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2442	0.09472	0.001824
C23C4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	10520 1000	0.09506	0.002860
C23A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	21784 2122	0.09741	0.002009
C23D4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	6013 603	0.10028	0.003874
C38	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 2593	0.10058	0.001873
C23C2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	10520 1071	0.10181	0.002948
F59F	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 2683	0.10407	0.001902
C37BD	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 2718	0.10543	0.001913
C37BA	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 2720	0.10551	0.001913



Faculty Questionnaire: TOTAL RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates, Sorted by RATE
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses
 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR RATE	STDERR
C37BF	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 2	720 0.10551	0 001012
C37BB	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		722 0.10559	0.001913 0.001914
C37BC	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		725 0.10570	0.001914
C37BE	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		725 0.10570	0.001915
F59D	F. Sociodem. Chars.			737 0.10617	0.001913
D40G	D. Job Satisfaction			926 0.11350	0.001919
D43I	D. Job Satisfaction			939 0.11400	0.001978
C23E4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		313 0.11503	0.001979
F59C	F. Sociodem. Chars.			112 0.12071	0.002029
C23D2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		738 0.12273	0.004232
C33A1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		581 0.12407	0.004232
C33A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		584 0.12468	0.004817
C33A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		584 0.12468	0.004827
C33A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		584 0.12468	0.004827
C33A5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		585 0.12489	0.004830
C33A6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		587 0.12537	0.004839
C35C4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		728 0.12984	0.004489
D43K	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60		380 0.13111	0.002102
E49	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60		428 0.13297	0.002102
D40C	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40		0.13650	0.002113
C23E2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		389 0.14296	0.006710
C35C1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		0.14431	0.005832
D39F	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40		040 0.15671	0.002264
E47B	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	25780 40	0.17909	0.002388
C25A1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		728 0.18340	0.002410
C35B5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3002	0.18354	0.007065
D40E	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40		L46 0.19961	0.002489
C25A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 53	L74 0.20070	0.002495
C25A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 51	L85 0.20112	0.002496
C25A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 52	242 0.20334	0.002507
C25B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 53	0.20597	0.002519
C25B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 53	332 0.20683	0.002523
C25B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		96 0.21319	0.002551
C25B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	25780 56	0.21722	0.002568
C33C5_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2170	0.26083	0.009426
C33C5_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2170	0.26083	0.009426
C33C5_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2170	0.26083	0.009426
C33E5_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2170	0.26682	0.009495
C33E5_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2170 5	0.26682	0.009495
C33E5_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2170 5	0.26682	0.009495
C33B5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		96 0.27465	0.009582
C33B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		0.27756	0.009847
C33E1_1 C33E1_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40		76 0.27813	0.009846
C33E1_7	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2071 5	76 0.27813	0.009846



1. Faculty Questionnaire: TOTAL RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates, Sorted by RATE
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses
 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C33E1 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2071	576	0.27813	0.009846
D40H	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	25780	7198	0.27921	0.002794
C33C1 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2070	593	0.28647	0.009937
C33C1 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2070	593	0.28647	0.009937
C33C1 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2070	593	0.28647	0.009937
C33D1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2070	602	0.29082	0.009982
C33D5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2167	632	0.29165	0.009764
C35C6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2128	634	0.29793	0.009914
C33B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1750	561	0.32057	0.011156
C33E2 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1751	565	0.32267	0.011172
C33E2 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1751	565	0.32267	0.011172
C33E2 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1751	565	0.32267	0.011172
C33C2 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1750	565	0.32286	0.011177
C33C2 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1750	565	0.32286	0.011177
C33C2_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1750	565	0.32286	0.011177
C33D2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1750	595	0.34000	0.011324
C33B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1191	530	0.44500	0.014400
C33C3 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1191	536	0.45004	0.014416
C33C3_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1191	536	0.45004	0.014416
C33C3_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1191	536	0.45004	0.014416
C33E4_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1176	534	0.45408	0.014519
C33E4_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1176	534	0.45408	0.014519
C33E4_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1176	534	0.45408	0.014519
C33B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1176	538	0.45748	0.014527
C33E3_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1191	547	0.45928	0.014440
C33E3_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1191	547	0.45928	0.014440
C33E3_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1191	547	0.45928	0.014440
C33D4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1176	541	0.46003	0.014534
C33C4_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1176	547	0.46514	0.014545
C33C4_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1176	547	0.46514	0.014545
C33C4_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1176	547	0.46514	0.014545
C33D3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1190	560	0.47059	0.014469
C35C5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1148	549	0.47822	0.014743
C31	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	13935	9617	0.69013	0.003917
C33E6_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701	501	0.71469	0.017055
C33E6_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701	501	0.71469	0.017055
C33E6_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701	501	0.71469	0.017055
C33D6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701	507	0.72325	0.016898
C33C6_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701	513	0.73181	0.016732
C33C6_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701	513	0.73181	0.016732
C33C6_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701	513	0.73181	0.016732
C33B6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	701	519	0.74037	0.016559
C32	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	13935	10569	0.75845	0.003626



Item Nonresponse Rates: SAQ Respondents
Item Nonresponse Rates Greater Than 10 Percent (SAQ)
Item Nonresponse Rates for SAQ Respondents, Sorted by Rate



Faculty Questionnaire: SAQ RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates,
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses
 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR RATE	STDERR
_1	0. Preface	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	5 0.000241	0.000108
_1A	O. Preface	1. Q1 - Q20	19628	662 0.028633	0.001190
	O. Preface	1. Q1 - Q20	20785 7	755 0.036324	0.001298
_2 _3	O. Preface	1. Q1 - Q20	20785 2	0.009815	0.000684
_3 A4	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	14 0.000674	0.000180
A4AA	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	5938	330 0.055574	0.002973
A4AB	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	5938	322 0.054227	0.002939
A4AC	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	5938	328 0.055237	0.002965
A4AD	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20		337 0.056753	0.003003
A4AE	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20		337 0.056753	0.003003
A4AF	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20		335 0.056416	0.002994
A5	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20		746 0.035891	0.001290
A6	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20		366 0.041665	0.001386
		1. Q1 - Q20		0.005966	0.000534
A7		1. Q1 - Q20		421 0.052797	0.002504
A7A A8	A. Employment A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20		0.044061	0.001806
		1. Q1 - Q20		117 0.005629	0.000519
A9		1. Q1 - Q20		0.054292	0.001609
A10	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20 1. Q1 - Q20		987 0.047486	0.001475
A11_1	A Employment	1. Q1 - Q20 1. Q1 - Q20		987 0.047486	0.001475
A11_2	A. Employment	•		987 0.047486	0.001475
A11_3	A. Employment	•		987 0.047486	0.001475
A11_4	A. Employment	•		987 0.047486	0.001475
A11_5	A. Employment	•		987 0.047486	0.001475
A11_6	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20		987 0.047486	0.001475
A11_7	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20		135 0.006495	0.000557
A12A	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20		190 0.009141	0.000660
A13A	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20		806 0.038778	0.001339
B14_1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20		806 0.038778	0.001339
B14_2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20		806 0.038778	0.001339
B14_3	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20		806 0.038778	0.001339
B14_4	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20			0.001339
B14_5	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20			0.001339
B14_6	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20			0.001339
B15_1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20			0.001217
B15_2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	20785		0.001217
B15_3	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	20785		
B15_4	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	661 0.031802	0.001217
B15_5	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	661 0.031802	0.001217
B15_6	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	661 0.031802	0.001217
B 15_7	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	661 0.031802	0.001217
B15_8	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	661 0.031802	0.001217
B15_9	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	661 .0.031802	0.001217
B15_10	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	661 0.031802	0.001217
$B16\overline{A}1$	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	20547	16 0.000779	0.000195
B16B1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	20547	240 0.011681	0.000750
B16C1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	20547	38 0.001849	0.000300
B16E1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	20547	326 0.015866	0.000872
B16A2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	18320	33 0.001801	0.000313
B16B2	B. Prof. Background	1: Q1 - Q20	18320	123 0.006714	0.000603

Faculty Questionnaire: SAQ RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates,
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
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 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM		S	ECTION		TH:	IRD		N	NR	RATE	STDERR
B16C2	В	Prof	. Background	1	Q1	- 0	20	10220	70	0.00/010	
B16E2			. Background	1.		- Q		18320	79	0.004312	0.000484
B16A3			. Background	1.	-	- Q		18320	261	0.014247	0.000876
B16B3	В		. Background	1.	•	Q		10280	35	0.003405	0.000575
B16C3			. Background	1.	-	- Q		10280	76	0.007393	0.000845
B16E3	B	Prof	. Background	1.	-		20	10280	83	0.008074	0.000883
`B16A4			. Background	1.	Q1 Q1		20	10280	158	0.015370	0.001213
B16B4			. Background	1.	Q1		20	2036	26	0.012770	0.002488
B16C4	В	Prof	. Background	1.		- Q - Q		2036	28	0.013752	0.002581
B16E4	В	Prof	. Background	1.		- Q		2036	44	0.021611	0.003223
B17	В	Prof	Background	1.		- Q		2036	64	0.031434	0.003867
B17A	В	Prof	Background	1.	-	- Q		20785	210	0.010103	0.000694
B18	В	Prof	Background	1.	•	- Q		8115 8115	437	0.053851	0.002506
B18A			Background	1.	•	- Q		8115	476	0.058657	0.002608
B18B			Background	1.	•	- Q			318	0.039187	0.002154
B18C		Prof.		1.	Q1	- Q		8115 8115	415	0.051140	0.002445
B19A1A			Background	1.		- Q		14658	268	0.033025	
B19A1B	В	Prof.	Background	i.	Q1	- Q		14658	183	0.012485	0.000917
B19A2	В.	Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	- Q		14658	177	0.012075	0.000902
B19A3			Background	1.	Q1	- Q:		14658	112	0.007641	0.000719
B19A4	В.	Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	- Q:		14658	435 312	0.029677	0.001402
B19B1A	В.	Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	- Q:		10187		0.021285	0.001192
B19B1B	В.	Prof.	Background	1	Q1	- Q		10187	101	0.009915	0.000982
B19B2			Background	1.	Q1	- Q		10187	98 97	0.009620	0.000967
B19B3			Background	1.	Q1	- Q		10187		0.009522	0.000962
B19B4	В.	Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	- Q2			282	0.027682	0.001625
B19C1A	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q2		10187	281	0.027584	0.001623
B19C1B	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q2		6168 6168	91	0.014754	0.001535
B19C2	В.	Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	- Q2		6168	83 56	0.013457	0.001467
B19C3	В.	Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	- Q2		6168	157	0.009079	0.001208
B19C4	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q2		6168	148	0.025454	0.002005
B20A1	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q2		20785	536	0.023995	0.001949
B20A2	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q2		20785	539	0.025788	0.001099
B20A3	. В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q2		20785	540	0.025932	0.001102
B20A4	В.	Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	- Q2		20785	543	0.025980	0.001103
B20A5	В.		Background	1.	Q1	- Q2		20785	540	0.026125	0.001106
B20A6	В.		Background		Q1	- Q2		20785	540	0.025980	0.001103
B20A7	В.	Prof.	Background		Q1	- Q2		20785	539	0.025980 0.025932	0.001103
B20A8			Background			- Q2		20785	539		0.001102
B20A9			Background		-	- Q2		20785	539	0.025932	0.001102
B20A10			Background		Q1	- Q2		20785	543	0.025932	0.001102
B20A11	В.	Prof.	Background		Q1	- Q2		20785	548	0.026125	0.001106
B20A12	В.	Prof.	Background		Q1	- Q2		20785	542	0.026365	0.001111
B20A13	В.	Prof.	Background		Q1	- Q2		20785	542	0.026076	0.001105
B20A14	В.	Prof.	Background		Q1	- Q2		20785	541 540	0.026028	0.001104
B20B1	В.	Prof.	Background	1.		- Q2		20785	585	0.025980	0.001103
B20B2	В.	Prof.	Background	1.	-	- Q2		20785	589 ·	0.028145	0.001147
B20B3	В.	Prof.	Background	1.		- Q2		20785	588	0.028338	0.001151
B20B4			Background	1.		- Q2		20785	588	0.028290	0.001150
			0		-			20/03	٥٥٥	0.028290	0.001150
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ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR .	RATE	STDERR
B20B5	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	590	0.028386	`0.001152
B20B6	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	591	0.028434	0.001153
B20B7	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	590	0.028386	0.001152
B20B8	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	590	0.028386	0.001152
B20B9	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	590	0.028386	0.001152
B20B10	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	592	0.028482	0.001154
B20B11	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	592	0.028482	0.001154
B20B12	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	589	0.028338	0.001151
B20B13	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	590	0.028386	0.001152
B20B14	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	590	0.028386	0.001152
C21A1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	589	0.028338	0.001151
C21A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	613	0.029492	0.001173
C21A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	610	0.029348	0.001171
C21A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	612	0.029444	0.001173
C21A5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	611	0.029396	0.001172
C21A6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	617	0.029685	0.001177
C21B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	842	0.040510	0.001367
C21B2 .	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	858	0.041280	0.001380
C21B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	859	0.041328	0.001381
C21B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	858	0.041280	0.001380
C21B5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	858	0.041280	0.001380
C21B6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	858	0.041280	0.001380
C22	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	110	0.005292	0.000503
C22A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18297	27	0.001476	0.000284
C23A1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	17557	524	0.029846	0.001284
C23A2A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	17557	376	0.021416	0.001093
C23A2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	17557	596	0.033947	0.001367
C23A2C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	17557	339	0.019309	0.001039
C23A2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	17557	67	0.003816	0.000465
C23A2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	17557	108	0.006151	0.000590
C23A2F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	17557	64	0.003645	0.000455
C23A2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	17557	1220	0.069488	0.001919
C23A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	17557	306	0.017429	0.000988
C23A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	17557	1547	0.088113	0.002139
C23B1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	13105	359	0.027394	0.001426
C23B2A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	13105	292	0.022282	0.001289
C23B2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	13105	356	0.027165	0.001420
C23B2C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	13105	281	0.021442	0.001265
C23B2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	13105	59	0.004502	0.000585
C23B2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	13105	83	0.006333	0.000693
C23B2F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	13105	57	0.004349	0.000575
C23B2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	13105	1168	0.089126	0.002489
C23B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	13105	227	0.017322	0.001140
C23B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	13105	1134	0.086532	0.002456
C23C1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	8603	225	0.026154	0.001721
C23C2A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	8603	225	0.026154	0.001721
C23C2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	8603	217	0.025224	0.001691
C23C2C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	8603	233	0.027084	0.001750
C23C2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	8603	59	0.006858	0.000890
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Faculty Questionnaire: SAQ RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates,
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses
 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM		SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C23C2E	С	. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	8603	82	0.00953	0.001048
C23C2F	С	<u>.</u>	2. Q21 - Q40	8603	. 59	0.00686	0.001048
C23C2G	С		2. Q21 - Q40	8603	1015	0.11798	0.003478
C23C3	С		2. Q21 - Q40	8603	182	0.02116	0.003478
C23C4	С	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2. Q21 - Q40	8603	765	0.08892	0.001331
C23D1B	С		2. Q21 - Q40	4977	146	0.02933	0.002392
C23D2A	С		2. Q21 - Q40	4977	174	0.03496	0.002592
C23D2B	C.	• •	2. Q21 - Q40	4977	153	0.03074	0.002447
C23D2C	C.		2. Q21 - Q40	4977	192	0.03858	0.002730
C23D2D	C.	_ :	2. Q21 - Q40	4977	65	0.01306	0.001609
C23D2E	C.		2. Q21 - Q40	4977	77	0.01547	0.001809
C23D2F	C'		2. Q21 - Q40	4977	65	0.01306	0.001749
C23D2G	C.		2. Q21 - Q40	4977	698	0.14025	0.001009
C23D3	С.		2. Q21 - Q40	4977	140	0.02813	0.004322
C23D4	С.	Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4977	483	0.02015	0.002344
C23E1B	С.		2. Q21 - Q40	2278	104	0.04565	0.004198
C23E2A	С.	. •	2. Q21 - Q40	2278	125	0.05487	0.004373
C23E2B	С.		2. Q21 - Q40	2278	119	0.05224	0.004771
C23E2C	С.	= -	2. Q21 - Q40	2278	126	0.05531	0.004789
C23E2D	С.	Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2278	67	0.02941	0.004789
C23E2E	С.		2. Q21 - Q40	2278	79	0.03468	0.003340
C23E2F	C.		2. Q21 - Q40	2278	67	0.02941	0.003540
C23E2G	С.	Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2278	365	0.16023	0.003340
C23E3	C.		2. Q21 - Q40	2278	95	0.04170	0.007888
C23E4	С.	Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2278	259	0.11370	0.004188
C24	С.		2. Q21 - Q40	17650	677	0.03836	0.000031
C24A	C.	Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	15009	461	0.03071	0.001448
C24B		Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	15009	471	0.03138	0.001408
C24C		Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	15009	460	0.03065	0.001423
C24D		Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	15009	477	0.03178	0.001437
C24E		Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	15009	456	0.03038	0.001432
C24F		Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	15009	465	0.03098	0.001401
C24G	С.	Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	15009	465	0.03098	0.001414
C24H	С.	Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	15009	466	0.03105	0.001414
C24I	C.	Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	15009	478	0.03185	0.001410
C24J	С.	Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	15009	478	0.03185	0.001433
C24K	С.	Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	15009	470	0.03131	0.001433
C25A1	С.	Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2074	0.09978	0.002079
C25A2	С.	Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2514	0.12095	0.002262
C25A3	С.	Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2525	0.12148	0.002266
C25A4	C.	Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2585	0.12437	0.002289
C25B1	С.	Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2613	0.12572	0.002300
C25B2		Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2913	0.14015	0.002300
C25B3		Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2807	0.13505	0.002371
C25B4		Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2666	0.12827	0.002371
C26	С.	Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	900	0.04330	0.001412
C27		Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	1094	0.05263	0.001549
C28		Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	45	0.00217	0.000322
C29	C.	Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	11420	555	0.04860	0.002012
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Faculty Questionnaire: SAQ RESPONDENTS Item Nonresponse Rates, By Section and Third of Questionnaire N = number of eligible unit respondents NR = number of item nonresponses RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	· THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C30	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	11420	253	0.02215	0.001377
C31	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	11420	7883	0.69028	0.004327
C31	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	11420	8715	0.76313	0.003978
C33A1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3838	456	0.11881	0.005223
C33B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1747	496	0.28392	0.010788
C33C1 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1748	533	0.30492	0.011011
C33C1_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1748	533	0.30492	0.011011
C33C1_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1748	533	0.30492	0.011011
C33D1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1748	519	0.29691	0.010928
C33E1 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1749	513	0.29331	0.010886
C33E1 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1749	513	0.29331	0.010886
C33E1 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1749	513	0.29331	0.010886
C33A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3838	459	0.11959	0.005238
C33B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1444	488	0.33795	0.012448
C33C2 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1444	500	0.34626	0.012520
C33C2 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1444	500	0.34626	0.012520
C33C2 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1444	500	0.34626	0.012520
C33D2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1445	511	0.35363	0.012577
C33E2 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1445	504	0.34879	0.012537
C33E2 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1445	504	0.34879	0.012537
C33E2 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1445	504	0.34879	0.012537
C33A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3838	459	0.11959	0.005238
C33B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	997	466	0.46740	0.015801
C33C3_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	997	474	0.47543	0.015816
C33C3_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	997	474	0.47543	0.015816
C33C3_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	997	474	0.47543	0.015816
C33D3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	997	483	0.48445	0.015828 0.015829
C33E3_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	997	485 485	0.48646 0.48646	0.015829
C33E3_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	997	485	0.48646	0.015829
C33E3_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	997 3838	459	0.43040	0.005238
C33A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	992	475	0.11939	0.005258
C33B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	992	487	0.47003	0.015872
C33C4_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	992	487	0.49093	0.015872
C33C4_2	<pre>C. Resp./Workload C. Resp./Workload</pre>	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	992	487	0.49093	0.015872
C33C4_3	• ·	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	992	473	0.47681	0.015858
C33D4	<pre>C. Resp./Workload C. Resp./Workload</pre>	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	992	478	0.48185	0.015865
C33E4_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	992	478	0.48185	0.015865
C33E4_2 C33E4_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	992	478	0.48185	0.015865
C33E4_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3838	460	0.11985	0.005243
C33B5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1828	524	0.28665	0.010576
C33C5 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1828	500	0.27352	0.010426
C33C5_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1828	500	0.27352	0.010426
C33C5_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1828	500	0.27352	0.010426
C33D5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1828	537	0.29376	0.010653
C33E5 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1828	515	0.28173	0.010521
C33E5_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1828	515	0.28173	0.010521
C33E5 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1828	515	0.28173	0.010521
C33A6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3838	462	0.12038	0.005252

1. Faculty Questionnaire: SAQ RESPONDENTS Item Nonresponse Rates, By Section and Third of Questionnaire N = number of eligible unit respondents NR = number of item nonresponses RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rateSTDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C33B6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	589	458	0.77759	0.017135
C33C6 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	589	454	0.77080	0.017319
C33C6 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	589	454	0.77080	0.017319
C33C6 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	589	454	0.77080	0.017319
C33D6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	589	444	0.75382	0.017750
C33E6 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	589	441	0.74873	0.017872
C33E6 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	589	441	0.74873	0.017872
C33E6 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	589	441	0.74873	0.017872
C34A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	1232	0.05927	0.001638
C34B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	1155	0.05557	0.001038
C34C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	1143	0.05499	0.001581
C34D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	20785	923	0.03499	0.001381
C34E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	20785	1170	0.05629	0.001429
C34F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	20785	1330	0.03029	0.001399
C34G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	20785	932	0.06399	
C34H	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	20785	866	0.04464	0.001435
C34I	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	20785	848		0.001386
C34J	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	20785	1612	0.04080	0.001372
C34K	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	20785	868	0.07756	0.001855
C34L	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	20785	924	0.04176	0.001388
C35A1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40			0.04446	0.001430
C35A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	20785 20785	884	0.04253	0.001400
C35A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40		901	0.04335	0.001413
C35A4	= :		20785	900	0.04330	0.001412
C35A5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	907	0.04364	0.001417
C35A6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	908	0.04369	0.001418
C35B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	908	0.04369	0.001418
C35B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	8698	531	0.06105	0.002567
C35B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	7025	577	0.08214	0.003276
	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	13563	655	0.04829	0.001841
C35B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	8679	631	0.07270	0.002787
C35B5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2298	541	0.23542	0.008850
C35B6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	8332	612	0.07345	0.002858
C35C1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3042	521	0.17127	0.006831
C35C2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	5843	613	0.10491	0.004009
C35C3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	10511	740	0.07040	0.002495
C35C4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4743	720	0.15180	0.005210
C35C5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	979	543	0.55465	0.015884
C35C6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1883	627	0.33298	0.010861
C36A ·	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	679	0.03267	0.001233
C36B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	673	0.03238	0.001228
C36C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	658	0.03166	0.001214
C36D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	665	0.03199	0.001221
C37AA	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	763	0.03671	0.001304
C37AB	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	207,85	758	0.03647	0.001300
C37AC	C. Resp./Workload		20785	757	0.03642	0.001299
C37AD	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	757	0.03642	0.001299
C37AE	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	757	0.03642	0.001299
C37AF	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	765	0.03681	0.001306
C37BA	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2604	0.12528	0.002296



Faculty Questionnaire: SAQ RESPONDENTS
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ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
СЗ7ВВ	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2608	0.12548	0.002298
C37BC	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2611	0.12562	0.002299
C37BD	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2605	0.12533	0.002297
C37BE	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2610	0.12557	0.002298
C37BF	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2606	0.12538	0.002297
C38	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	1517	0.07299	0.001804
D39A	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	732	0.03522	0.001279
D39B	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	907	0.04364	0.001417
D39C	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	842	0.04051	0.001367
D39D	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	928	0.04465	0.001433
D39E	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	1302	0.06264	0.001681
D39F	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	3658	0.17599	0.002641
D40A	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	676	0.03252	0.001230
D40B	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	962	0.04628	0.001457
D40C	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2259	0.10868	0.002159
D40D	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	1286	0.06187	0.001671
D40E	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	3774	0.18157	0.002674
D40F	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	713	0.03430	0.001262
D40G	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	1712	0.08237	0.001907
D40H	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	5222	0.25124	0.003008
D40I	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	574	0.02762	0.001137
D41A	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	1929	0.09281	0.002013
D41B	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	1423	0.06846	0.001752
D41C	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	2132	0.10257	0.002104
D41D	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	1928	0.09276	0.002012
D41E	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	1699	0.08174	0.001900
D42	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	394	0.01896	0.000946
D43A	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	633	0.03045	0.001192
D43B	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	881	0.04239	0.001397
D43C	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	694	0.03339	0.001246
D43D	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	811	0.03902	0.001343
D43E	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	676	0.03252	0.001230
D43F	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	861	0.04142	0.001382
D43G	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	867	0.04171	0.001387
D43H	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	823	0.03960	0.001353
D43I	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q6Q	20785	1848	0.08891	0.001974
D43J	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785		0.03681	0.001306
D43K	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	2055	0.09887	0.002070
D43L	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	915	0.04402	0.001423
D43M	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785		0.04325	0.001411
D43N	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	895	0.04306	0.001408
D44	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	484	0.02329	0.001046
D45	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	762	0.03666	0.001304
D46	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	491	0.02362	0.001053
E47A	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	1952	0.09391	0.002023
E47B	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	4022	0.19350	0.002740
E47C	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	1876	0.09026	0.001988
E47D	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	1858	0.08939	0.001979
E47E	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	1850	0.08901	0.001975

1. Faculty Questionnaire: SAQ RESPONDENTS

Item Nonresponse Râtes,

By Section and Third of Questionnaire

N = number of eligible unit respondents

NR = number of item nonresponses

RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate

STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM		SECTION	THIR	RD	я, ; <mark>т</mark>	NR	RATE	STDERR
E47F	Ε.	Compensation	3. Q41	- Q60	20785	1851	0.08905	0.001076
E47G	E.	Compensation	3. Q41	- Q60	20785			0.001976
E47H	E.	Compensation		- Q60	20785	1865	0.08973	0.001982
E47I	E.	Compensation				1860	0.08949	0.001980
E47J	E.	Compensation		- Q60 - Q60	20785	1862	0.08958	0.001981
E47K	E.	Compensation		- Q60	20785	1861	0.08954	0.001980
E47L	E.	Compensation	-	•	20785	1859	0.08944	0.001979
E47M	E.	Compensation	=	- Q60	20785	1868	0.08987	0.001984
E47N	E.	Compensation	•	- Q60	20785	1862	0.08958	0.001981
E470	E.	Compensation	•	- Q60	20785	1867	0.08982	0.001983
E47P1	E.	Compensation	•	- Q60	20785	1861	0.08954	0.001980
E47P2	E.	Compensation		- Q60	20785	1993	0.09589	0.002042
E4712	E.	Compensation	•	- Q60	20785	1993	0.09589	0.002042
E4713	E.	Compensation	3. Q41	•	20785	1993	0.09589	0.002042
E47P5	E.	Compensation	-	- Q60	20785	1993	0.09589	0.002042
E4713	E.	Compensation	-	- Q60	20785	1993	0.09589	0.002042
E4710	E.	-	-	- Q60	20785	1993	0.09589	0.002042
E4717	E.	Compensation	•	- Q60	20785	1993	0.09589	0.002042
E4710	E.	Compensation Compensation	3. Q41	- Q60	20785	1993	0.09589	0.002042
E471 5	E.	Compensation	3. Q41	- Q60	20785	1865	0.08973	0.001982
E49	E.	-	•	- Q60	20785	904	0.04349	0.001415
E50	E.	Compensation	3. Q41	•	20785	2663	0.12812	0.002318
F51	F.	Compensation Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41	•	20785	1111	0.05345	0.001560
F52A	F.		3. Q41	•	20785	5	0.00024	0.000108
F52B	F.	Sociodem. Chars. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41		20785	156	0.00751	0.000599
F53A	F.		3. Q41	•	20785	152	0.00731	0.000591
F53AA	F.			- Q60	20785	43	0.00207	0.000315
F54	F.			- Q60	947	57	0.06019	0.007729
F54AA	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41	-	19840	29	0.00146	0.000271
F55	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41	-	970	18	0.01856	0.004333
F56A	F.	Sociodem. Chars. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41	•	20785	480	0.02309	0.001042
F56C	F.		3. Q41	-	20785	372	0.01790	0.000920
F57A	F.		3. Q41	•	2518	179	0.07109	.0.005121
F57C	F.		3. Q41	•	20785	89	0.00428	0.000453
F58A	F.		•	- Q60	1114	95	0.08528	0.008368
F58B	F.	Sociodem. Chars. Sociodem. Chars.	•	- Q60	20785	949	0.04566	0.001448
F59A			=	- Q60	20785	997	0.04797	0.001482
F59B		Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41	_	20785	765	0.03681	0.001306
F59C		Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41	-	20785	852	0.04099	0.001375
F59D	F.		3. Q41		20785	1833	0.08819	0.001967
F59E	F.		3. Q41		20785	. 1621	0.07799	0.001860
F59F		Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41		20785	1215	0.05846	0.001627
F59G		Sociodem. Chars. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41		20785	1580	0.07602	0.001838
F60A			3. Q41		20785	696	0.03349	0.001248
F60B	_	Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41		20785	776	0.03733	0.001315
F60C	F.		3. Q41		20785	843	0.04056	0.001368
F60D	F.		3. Q41		20785	801	0.03854	0.001335
F60E	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41		20785	736	0.03541	0.001282
F60F		Oilarb,	3. Q41		20785	768	0.03695	0.001308
FUUF	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41	- Q60	20785	805	0.03873	0.001338

Faculty Questionnaire: SAQ RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates,
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses
 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
F60G F60H F60I	F. Sociodem. Chars. F. Sociodem. Chars. F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	746	0.035891	0.001290

1. Faculty Questionnaire: SAQ RESPONDENTS Items with Item Nonresponse Rates, Greater than .10

By Section and Third of Questionnaire
N = number of eligible unit respondents
NR = number of item nonresponses
RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C23C2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	8603	1015	0.11798	0.003478
C23D2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4977	698	0.14025	0.003478
C23E2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2278	365	0.16023	0:004322
C23E4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2278	259	0.11370	0.006651
C25A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2514	0.12095	0.002262
C25A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2525	0.12148	0.002266
C25A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2585	0.12437	0.002289
C25B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2613	0.12572	0.002300
C25B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2913	0.14015	0.002408
C25B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2807	0.13505	0.002371
C25B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2666	0.12827	0.002319
C31	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	11420	7883	0.69028	0.004327
C32	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	11420	8715	0.76313	0.003978
C33A1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3838	456	0.11881	0.005223
C33B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1747	496	0.28392	0.010788
C33C1_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1748	533	0.30492	0.011011
C33C1_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1748	533	0.30492	0.011011
C33C1_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1748	533	0.30492	0.011011
C33D1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1748	519	0.29691	0.010928
C33E1_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1749	513	0.29331	0.010886
C33E1_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1749	513	0.29331	0.010886
C33E1_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1749	513	0.29331	0.010886
C33A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3838	459	0.11959	0.005238
C33B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1444	488	0.33795	0.012448
C33C2_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1444	500	0.34626	0.012520
C33C2_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1444	500	0.34626	0.012520
C33C2_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1444	500	0.34626	0.012520
C33D2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1445	511	0.35363	0.012577
C33E2_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1445	504	0.34879	0.012537
C33E2_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1445	504	0.34879	0.012537
C33E2_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1445	504	0.34879	0.012537
C33A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3838	459	0.11959	0.005238
C33B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	997	466	0.46740	0.015801
C33C3_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	997	474	0.47543	0.015816
C33C3_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	997	474	0.47543	0.015816
C33C3_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	997	474	0.47543	0.015816
C33D3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	997	483	0.48445	0.015828
C33E3_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	997	485	0.48646	0.015829 ·
C33E3_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	997	485	0.48646	0.015829
C33E3_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	9 97	485	0.48646	0.015829
C33A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3838	459	0.11959	0.005238
C33B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	992	475	0.47883	0.015861
C33C4_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	992	487	0.49093	0.015872
C33C4_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	992	487	0.49093	0.015872
C33C4_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	992	487	0.49093	0.015872
C33D4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	992	473	0.47681	0.015858
C33E4_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	992	478	0.48185	0.015865
C33E4_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	992	478	0.48185	0.015865



1. Faculty Questionnaire: SAQ RESPONDENTS
Items with Item Nonresponse Rates,
Greater than .10

By Section and Third of Questionnaire
N = number of eligible unit respondents
NR = number of item nonresponses
RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C33E4 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	992	478	0.48185	0.015865
C33A5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3838	460	0.11985	0.005243
C33B5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1828	524	0.28665	0.010576
C33C5-1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1828	500 -	0.27352	0.010426
C33C5 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1828	500	0.27352	0.010426
C33C5_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1828	500	0.27352	0.010426
C33D5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1828	537	0.29376	0.010653
C33E5 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1828	515	0.28173	0.010521
C33E5 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1828	515	0.28173	0.010521
C33E5 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1828	515	0.28173	0.010521
C33A6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3838	462	. 0.12038	0.005252
C33B6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	589	458	0.77759	0.017135
C33C6 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	589	454	0.77080	0.017319
C33C6 ²	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	589	454	0.77080	0.017319
C33C6_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	589	454	0.77080	0.017319
C33D6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	589	444	0.75382	0.017750
C33E6 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	.589	441	0.74873	0.017872
C33E6 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	589	441	0.74873	0.017872
C33E6 ³	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	589	441	0.74873	0.017872
C35B5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2298	541	0.23542	0.008850
C35C1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3042	521	0.17127	0.006831
C35C2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	5843	613	0.10491	0.004009
C35C4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4743	720	0.15180	0.005210
C35C5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	979	543	0.55465	0.015884
C35C6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1883	627	0.33298	0.010861
C37BA	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2604	0.12528	0.002296
C37BB	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2608	0.12548	0.002298
C37BC	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2611	0.12562	0.002299
C37BD	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2605	0.12533	0.002297
C37BE	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2610	0.12557	0.002298
C37BF	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2606	0.12538	0.002297
D39F	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	3658	0.17599	0.002641
D40C	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2259	0.10868	0.002159
D40E	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	3774	0.18157	0.002674
D40H	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	. 20785	5222	0.25124	0.003008
D41C	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	2132	0.10257	0.002104
E47B	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	4022	0.19350	0.002740
E49	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	2663	0.12812	0.002318



Faculty Questionnaire: SAQ RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates, Sorted by RATE
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
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 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	n nr	RATE	STDERR
1	0. Preface	1. Q1 - Q20	20785 5	0.000241	0.000108
F51	F. Sociodem. Chars.		20785 5	0.000241	0.000108
A4	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	20785 14	0.000674	0.000108
B16A1	B. Prof. Background		20547 16	0.000779	0.000180
F54	F. Sociodem. Chars.		19840 29	0.001462	0.000193
C22A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	18297 27	0.001476	0.000271
B16A2	B. Prof. Background		18320 33	0.001801	0.000313
B16C1	B. Prof. Background		20547 38	0.001849	0.000313
F53A	F. Sociodem. Chars.		20785 43	0.002069	0.000315
C28	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785 45	0.002165	0.000322
B16A3	B. Prof. Background		10280 35	0.003405	0.000575
C23A2F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	17557 64	0.003645	0.000455
C23A2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	17557 67	0.003816	0.000465
F57A	F. Sociodem. Chars.		20785 89	0.004282	0.000453
B16C2	B. Prof. Background		18320 79	0.004312	0.000484
C23B2F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	13105 57	0.004349	0.000575
C23B2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	13105 59	0.004502	0.000585
C22	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785 110	0.005292	0.000503
A9	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	20785 117	0.005629	0.000519
A7	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	20785 124	0.005966	0.000534
C23A2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	17557 108	0.006151	0.000590
C23B2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	13105 83	0.006333	0.000693
A12A	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	20785 135	0.006495	0.000557
B16B2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	18320 123	0.006714	0.000603
C23C2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	8603 59	0.006858	0.000890
C23C2F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	8603 59	0.006858	0.000890
F52B	F. Sociodem. Chars.		20785 152	0.007313	0.000591
B16B3	B. Prof. Background		10280 76	0.007393	0.000845
F52A	F. Sociodem. Chars.		20785 156	0.007505	0.000599
B19A2	B. Prof. Background		14658 112	0.007641	0.000719
B16C3	B. Prof. Background		10280 83	0.008074	0.000883
B19C2	B. Prof. Background	-	6168 56	0.009079	0.001208
A13A	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	20785 190	0.009141	0.000660
B19B2	B. Prof. Background		. 10187 97	0.009522	0.000962
C23C2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	8603 82	0.009532	0.001048
B19B1B	B. Prof. Background		10187 98	0.009620	0.000967
_3	O. Preface	1. Q1 - Q20	20785 204	0.009815	0.000684
B19B1A	B. Prof. Background	•	10187 101	0.009915	0.000982
B17	B. Prof. Background	•	20785 210	0.010103	0.000694
B16B1	B. Prof. Background	•	20547 240	0.011681	0.000750
B19A1B	B. Prof. Background	•	14658 177	0.012075	0.000902
B19A1A	B. Prof. Background	•	14658 183	0.012485	0.000917
B16A4	B. Prof. Background	•	2036 26	0.012770	0.002488
C23D2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4977 65	0.013060	0.001609
C23D2F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4977 65	0.013060	0.001609
B19C1B	B. Prof. Background	•	6168 83	0.013457	0.001467
B16B4	B. Prof. Background	, ,	2036 28	0.013752	0.002581
B16E2	B. Prof. Background		18320 261	0.014247	0.000876
B19C1A	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	6168 91	0.014754	0.001535

Faculty Questionnaire: SAQ RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates, Sorted by RATE
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
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ITEM		SECTION		THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
B16E3	В.	Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q20	10280	158	0.015370	0.001213
C23D2E	.C.	Resp./Workload	2.		4977	77	0.015471	0.001749
B16E1	В.	Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q20	20547	326	0.015866	0.000872
C23B3	С.	Resp./Workload	2.	Q21 - Q40	13105	227	0.017322	0.001140
C23A3	С.	Resp./Workload	2.	Q21 - Q40	17557	306	0.017429	0.000988
F56A	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	3.	Q41 - Q60	20785	372	0.017898	0.000920
F54AA	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	3.	Q41 - Q60	970	18	0.018557	0.004333
D42	D.	Job Satisfaction	3.		20785	394	0.018956	0.000946
C23A2C		Resp./Workload	2.	•	17557	339	0.019309	0.001039
C23C3		Resp./Workload	2.	•	8603	182	0.021155	0.001551
B19A4		Prof. Background	1.	•	14658	312	0.021285	0.001192
C23A2A	С.	. ,	2.	•	17557	376	0.021416	0.001093
C23B2C		Resp./Workload	2.	•	13105	281	0.021442	0.001265
B16C4	В.	Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q20	2036	44	0.021611	0.003223
C30	С.	. ,	2.	•	11420	253	0.022154	0.001377
C23B2A	С.	£ /	2.	Q21 - Q40	13105	292	0.022282	0.001289
F55	F.		3.	Q41 - Q60	20785	480	0.023094	0.001042
D44	D.	Job Satisfaction	3.	Q41 - Q60	20785	484	0.023286	0.001046
D46	D.		3.	Q41 - Q60	20785	491	0.023623	0.001053
B19C4	В.	Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q20	6168	148	0.023995	0.001949
C23C2B	C.	. ,	2.	Q21 - Q40	8603	217	0.025224	0.001691
B19C3	В.	-	1.	Q1 - Q20	6168	157	0.025454	0.002005
B20A1	В.	Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q20	20785	536	0.025788	0.001099
B20A2	В.	Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q20	20785	539	0.025932	0.001102
B20A7	В.	Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q20	20785	539	0.025932	0.001102
B20A8	В.	Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q20	20785	539	0.025932	0.001102
B20A9	В.	Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q20	20785	539	0.025932	0.001102
B2OA3	В.	Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q20	20785	540	0.025980	0.001103
B20A5	В.	Prof. Background	1.	•	20785	540	0.025980	0.001103
B20A6	В.		1.	•	20785	540	0.025980	0.001103
B20A14	В.	Prof. Background	1.	-	20785	540	0.025980	0.001103
B20A13 B20A12	В.	Prof. Background	1.	•	20785	541	0.026028	0.001104
	В.	Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q20	20785	542	0.026076	0.001105
B20A4 B20A10	В. В.	Prof. Background Prof. Background	1. 1.	•	20785 20785	543 543	0.026125	0.001106
C23C1B	В. С.		2.	•	8603	225	0.026125	0.001106 0.001721
C23C1B		Resp./Workload	2.	•	8603	225	0.026154 0.026154	
B20A11	В.		1.	Q1 - Q20	20785	548		0.001721
C23C2C	В. С.	Resp./Workload	2.	Q1 - Q20 Q21 - Q40	8603	233	0.026365	0.001111
C23B2B	C.	Resp./Workload	2.	Q21 - Q40	13105	356	0.027084 0.027165	0.001750 0.001420
C23B1B		Resp./Workload	2.	Q21 - Q40 Q21 - Q40	13105	359	0.027103	0.001426
B19B4	В.	- ·	1.	Q1 - Q20	10187	281	0.027584	0.001428
D40I	D.		2.		20785	574	0.027504	0.001023
B19B3	В.	Prof. Background	1.		10187	282	0.027682	0.001137
C23D3	C.	Resp./Workload	2.		4977	140	0.027002	0.001023
B20B1		Prof. Background	1.		20785	585	0.028129	0.002344
B20B3		Prof. Background	1.	•	20785	588	0.028290	0.001147
B20B4		Prof. Background	1.	•	20785	588	0.028290	0.001150
B20B2	В.	- .		Q1 - Q20	20785	589	0.028338	0.001150
-	- ·	Ducinground		4- 440	20.00		0.02000	0.001131



1. Faculty Questionnaire: SAQ RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates, Sorted by RATE
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses
 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

TTEM	CECTION	TUTOD.	, NT	NID	DATE	OMD 2777
ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
B20B12	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - (20 20785	589	0.028338	0.001151
C21A1	C. Resp./Workload		240 20785	589	0.028338	0.001151
B20B5	B. Prof. Background		220 20785	590	0.028386	0.001152
B20B7	B. Prof. Background		220 20785	590	0.028386	0.001152
B20B8	B. Prof. Background	•	20 20785	590	0.028386	0.001152
B20B9	B. Prof. Background		20785	590	0.028386	0.001152
B20B13	B. Prof. Background		20 20785	590	0.028386	0.001152
B20B14	B. Prof. Background	•	20 20785	590	0.028386	0.001152
B20B6	B. Prof. Background	-	20 20785	591	0.028434	0.001153
B20B10	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - (Q20 20785	592	0.028482	0.001154
B20B11	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - 0	Q20 20785	592	0.028482	0.001154
_1A	 Preface 	1. Q1 - (Q20 19628	562	0.028633	0.001190
C23D1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - 0	Q40 4977	146	0.029335	0.002392
C21A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - 0	Q40 20785	610	0.029348	0.001171
C21A5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - 0	Q40 20785	611	0.029396	0.001172
C23E2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - (Q40 2278	67	0.029412	0.003540
C23E2F	C. Resp./Workload	•	Q40 2278	67	0.029412	0.003540
C21A4	C. Resp./Workload		Q40 20785	612	0.029444	0.001173
C21A2	C. Resp./Workload	•	Q40 20785	613	0.029492	0.001173
B19A3	B. Prof. Background		Q20 14658	435	0.029677	0.001402
C21A6	C. Resp./Workload	•	Q40 20785	617	0.029685	0.001177
C23A1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - 0	•	524	0.029846	0.001284
C24E	C. Resp./Workload		Q40 15009	456	0.030382	0.001401
D43A	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - 0	• *	633	0.030455	0.001192
C24C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - (-	460	0.030648	0.001407
C24A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - (461	0.030715	0.001408
C23D2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - (-	153	0.030741	0.002447
C24F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - 0		465	0.030981	0.001414
C24G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - (•	465	0.030981	0.001414
C24H	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - 0	-	466	0.031048	0.001416
C24K C24B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - (470	0.031315	0.001422
B16E4	C. Resp./Workload	-	Q40 15009	471	0.031381	0.001423
C36C	B. Prof. Background	-	Q20 2036	64	0.031434	0.003867
C24D	C. Resp./Workload	-	Q40 20785	658	0.031657	0.001214
B15 1	C. Resp./Workload	-	Q40 15009	477	0.031781	0.001432
B15_1 B15_2	B. Prof. Background	•	20 20785	661	0.031802	0.001217
B15_2 B15_3	B. Prof. Background B. Prof. Background		Q20 20785	661	0.031802	0.001217
B15_3 B15_4	B. Prof. Background		Q20 20785 Q20 20785	661 661	0.031802	0.001217
B15_4 B15_5	B. Prof. Background		Q20 20785	661	0.031802 0.031802	0.001217
B15_6	B. Prof. Background		Q20 20785	661		0.001217
B15_7	B. Prof. Background		Q20 20785	661	0.031802	0.001217
B15_7 B15_8	B. Prof. Background		Q20 20785	661	0.031802 0.031802	0.001217 0.001217
B15_9	B. Prof. Background		Q20 20785	661	0.031802	0.001217
B15_10	B. Prof. Background		Q20 20785	661	0.031802	0.001217
C24I	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q		478	0.031802	0.001217
C24J	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q		478 478	0.031848	0.001433
C36D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q		665	0.031848	0.001433
C36B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q		673	0.032379	0.001221
-	-: 1152F./ "OZRZOGA	٠. ٦٠٠ '	20/03	0,5	0.032377	0.001220

1. Faculty Questionnaire: SAQ RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates, Sorted by RATE
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
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 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
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D40A D. Job Satisfaction 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 676 0.032523 0.001230 C36A C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 676 0.032523 0.001230 C36A C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 676 0.032523 0.001233 C36A C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 676 0.032523 0.001233 C36A C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 679 0.033680 0.001248 C30428 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 696 0.033486 0.001248 C23A28 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 719 0.034592 0.001262 C30428 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 719 0.034592 0.001262 C30428 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 732 0.034940 0.001262 C30428 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 732 0.03460 0.00260 C30428 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 732 0.03460 0.00260 C30428 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 732 0.035218 0.001279 C3040 C304 C30	ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	n nr	RATE	STDERR
B18C	D40A	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785 676	0.032523	0.001230
Barrof. Background 1. Q1	D43E	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785 676	0.032523	0.001230
Day	C36A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785 679	0.032668	0.001233
F59G F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 696 0.033486 0.001248 C23A2B C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 17557 596 0.033497 0.001262 F60G F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q40 20785 713 0.034304 0.001262 F60G F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 719 0.034592 0.001268 C23D2A C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 29785 732 0.034680 0.002604 D39A D. Job Satisfaction 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 732 0.035218 0.001279 F60I F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 745 0.035840 0.001289 A5 A. Employment 1. Q1 - Q20 20785 746 0.035891 0.001290 2 O. Preface 1. Q1 - Q20 20785 756 0.035891 0.001299 2 O. Preface 1. Q1 - Q20 20785 755 0.036420 0.001299 C37AE	B18C	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	8115 268	0.033025	0.001984
C23A2B C C Resp./Workload D40F C Resp./Workload D D Job Satisfaction C Q21 - Q40 D785 713 D 0.034394 0.001367 D 0.001367 P60C F Sociodem Chars D S Sociodem Chars D S Sociodem Chars D Job Satisfaction 3. Q41 - Q60 D785 719 D 0.034592 0.001268 C23D2A C Resp./Workload D D Job Satisfaction 2. Q21 - Q40 D785 774 D 0.034680 0.001268 C39DA D Job Satisfaction 2. Q21 - Q40 D785 732 D 0.035218 0.001279 F600 F S Sociodem Chars D Sociodem Chars D Sociodem Chars D Sociodem Chars D Sociodem Chars D Sociodem Chars D Sociodem Chars D Sociodem D D D Sociodem D D D Sociodem D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	D43C	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60		0.033389	0.001246
DAOF D. Job Satisfaction 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 713 0.034304 0.001268 C33E2E C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 2278 79 0.034680 0.003834 C33D2A C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 2478 79 0.034680 0.003834 C33D2A C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 2478 79 0.034680 0.003834 C33D2A C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 2478 74 0.034961 0.002604 0.001279 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 24785 732 0.035218 0.001279 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 24785 736 0.035841 0.001289 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 24785 746 0.035841 0.001289 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 24785 746 0.035841 0.001290 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 24785 757 0.036824 0.001290 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 24785 757 0.036420 0.001299 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 24785 757 0.036420 0.001299 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 24785 758 0.036420 0.001299 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 24785 758 0.036640 0.001300 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 24785 758 0.036640 0.001300 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 24785 758 0.036640 0.001300 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 24785 765 0.036805 0.001304 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 24785 765 0.036805 0.001304 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 24785 765 0.036805 0.001306 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 24785 765 0.036805 0.001306 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 24785 765 0.036805 0.001306 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 24785 765 0.036805 0.001306 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 24785 765 0.036805 0.001306 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 24785 765 0.036805 0.001306 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 24785 765 0.036805 0.001306 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 24785 768 0.036805 0.001306 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 24785 806 0.038778 0.001339 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 24785 806 0.038778 0.001339 C. Resp.	F59G	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60		0.033486	0.001248
F60G	C23A2B	C. Resp./Workload	•			
C23BZE C. C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 4977 174 0.034680 0.002604 D39A D. D. Job Satisfaction 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 732 0.035218 0.001279 F60D F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 736 0.035218 0.001279 F60I F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 745 0.035891 0.001289 F60H F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 746 0.035891 0.001290 F60H F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 746 0.035891 0.001290 G37AC C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 755 0.036420 0.001299 C37AD C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 757 0.036420 0.001299 C37AB C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 757 0.036420 0.001299 C37AB C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 758 0.036661 0.001306			•			
C23D2A C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 4977 174 0.034961 0.002604 D39A D. Job Satisfaction 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 732 0.035218 0.001279 F60D F. Sociodem Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 736 0.035410 0.001282 A5 A. Employment 1. Q1 - Q20 20785 746 0.035891 0.001290 F60H F. Sociodem Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 746 0.035891 0.001290 C60H F. Sociodem Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 746 0.035891 0.001290 C7AD C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 757 0.036420 0.001299 C37AD C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 757 0.036420 0.001299 C37AB C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 758 0.0366420 0.001299 C37AB C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 758 0.036661 0.001306						
D39A D. Job Satisfaction 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 732 0.035218 0.001279 F60D F. Sociodem Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 736 0.035410 0.001282 F60D F. Sociodem Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 746 0.035843 0.001289 F60D F. Sociodem Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 746 0.035891 0.001290 C60D			•			
F60D F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 736 0.035410 0.001282 F60I F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 745 0.035891 0.001289 A5 A. Employment 1. Q1 - Q20 20785 746 0.035891 0.001290 F60H F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 755 0.036324 0.001290 2 0. Preface 1. Q1 - Q20 20785 755 0.036420 0.001299 C37AD C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 757 0.036420 0.001299 C37AE C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 757 0.036420 0.001299 C37AB C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 757 0.036420 0.001299 C37AB C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 758 0.036649 0.001304 C37AB C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 763 0.036709 0.001306 C37AB			•			
F601 F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 745 0.035843 0.001289 A5 A. Employment 1. Q1 - Q20 20785 746 0.035891 0.001290 P60H F. Sociodém. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 746 0.035891 0.001290 C37AC C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 757 0.036420 0.001299 C37AD C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 757 0.036420 0.001299 C37AB C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 757 0.036420 0.001299 C37AB C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 757 0.036420 0.001299 C37AB C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 758 0.036649 0.001300 C37AF C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 762 0.036661 0.001306 C37AF F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 765 0.036805 0.001306 <			•			
A5 A. Employment 1. Q1 - Q20			•			
F60H F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 746 0.035891 0.001290 2 0. Preface 1. Q1 - Q20 20785 755 0.036324 0.001298 C37AC C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 757 0.036420 0.001299 C37AE C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 757 0.036420 0.001299 C37AB C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 757 0.036420 0.001299 C37AB C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 757 0.036460 0.001300 D45 D. Job Satisfaction 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 762 0.036661 0.001304 C37AF C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 763 0.036805 0.001306 F59A F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 765 0.036805 0.001306 F60E F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 765 0.036805 0.001306 F6						
22 0. Preface 1. Q1 - Q20 20785 755 0.036324 0.001298 G37AC C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 757 0.036420 0.001299 C37AD C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 757 0.036420 0.001299 G37AB C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 757 0.036420 0.001299 C37AB C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 757 0.036420 0.001299 C37AB C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 758 0.036469 0.001300 C37AA C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 762 0.036610 0.001304 C37AA C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 763 0.036610 0.001304 C37AF C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 765 0.036805 0.001306 C37AF C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 765 0.036805 0.001306 F59A F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 765 0.036805 0.001306 F60A F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 765 0.036805 0.001306 F60A F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 765 0.036805 0.001306 F60C F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 765 0.036805 0.001306 F60C F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 766 0.038357 0.001335 C23D						
G37AC C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 757 0.036420 0.001299 G37AD C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 757 0.036420 0.001299 G37AB C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 757 0.036420 0.001299 G37AB C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 758 0.036469 0.001300 C37AB C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 762 0.036661 0.001304 C37AF C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 765 0.036805 0.001304 C37AF C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 765 0.036805 0.001306 F59A F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 765 0.036805 0.001306 F60E F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 765 0.036805 0.001306 F60A F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 776 0.038357 0.0013136						
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ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

1. Faculty Questionnaire: SAQ RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates, Sorted by RATE
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses
 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C21B6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	858	0.041280	0.001380
C21B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	859	0.041328	0.001381
D43F	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	861	0.041424	0.001382
A 6	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	866	0.041665	0.001386
C34H	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	866	0.041665	0.001386
C23E3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2278	95	0.041703	0.004188
D43G	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	867	0.041713	0.001387
C34K	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	868	0.041761	0.001388
D43B	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	881	0.042386	0.001397
C35A1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	884	0.042531	0.001400
D43N	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	895	0.043060	0.001408
D43M	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	899	0.043252	0.001411
C26	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	900	0.043300	0.001412
C35A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	900	0.043300	0.001412
C35A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	901	0.043349	0.001413
E48	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	904	0.043493	0.001415
C35A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	907	0.043637	0.001417
D39B	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	907	0.043637	0.001417
C35A5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	908	0.043685	0.001418
C35A6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	908	0.043685	0.001418
D43L	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	915	0.044022	0.001423
A8	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	12914	569	0.044061	0.001806
C34D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	923	0.044407	0.001429
C34L	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	924	0.044455	0.001430
D39D	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	928	0.044648	0.001433
C34G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	932	0.044840	0.001435
C23E1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2278	104	0.045654	0.004373
F58A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	949	0.045658	0.001448
D40B	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785.	962	0.046283	0.001457
A11_1	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	987	0.047486	0.001475
A11_2	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	987	0.047486	0.001475
A11_3	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	987	0.047486	0.001475
A11_4	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	987	0.047486	0.001475
A11_5	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	987	0.047486	0.001475
A11_6	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	987	0.047486	0.001475
A11_7	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	20785	987	0.047486	0.001475
F58B	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	997	0.047967	0.001482
C35B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	13563	655	0.048293	0.001841
C29	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	11420	555	0.048599	0.002012
B18B	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	8115	415	0.051140	0.002445
C23E2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2278	119	0.052239	0.004662
C27	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	1094	0.052634	0.001549
A7A	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	7974	421	0.052797	0.002504
E50	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	1111	0.053452	0.001560
B17A	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	8115	437	0.053851	0.002506
A4AB	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	5938	322	0.054227	0.002939
A10	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	19837	1077	0.054292	0.001609
C23E2A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2278	125	0.054873	0.004771
C34C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	1143	0.054992	0.001581
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1. Faculty Questionnaire: SAQ RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates, Sorted by RATE
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses
 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

A4AC A. Employment 1. Q1 - Q20 5938 328 0.055237 0.002965 C23E2C C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 2278 126 0.055312 0.004789 C34B C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1155 0.055569 0.001589 A4AA A. Employment 1. Q1 - Q20 5938 330 0.055574 0.002973 C34E C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1170 0.0556291 0.001599 A4AF A. Employment 1. Q1 - Q20 5938 335 0.056416 0.002994 A4AD A. Employment 1. Q1 - Q20 5938 337 0.056753 0.003003 A4AE A. Employment 1. Q1 - Q20 5938 337 0.056753 0.003003 F59E F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1215 0.058456 0.001627 B18 B. Prof. Background 1. Q1 - Q20 5938 337 0.056753 0.003003 F59E F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1215 0.058456 0.001627 B18 B. Prof. Background 1. Q1 - Q20 8115 476 0.058657 0.002608 C34A C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1232 0.059274 0.001638 F53AA F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 947 57 0.060190 0.007729 C35B1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1232 0.059274 0.001638 C34F C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1236 0.061049 0.002567 D40D D. Job Satisfaction 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1286 0.061872 0.001671 D39E D. Job Satisfaction 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1300 0.062641 0.001681 C34F C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1300 0.062641 0.001681 C34F C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1330 0.063988 0.001698 C35C3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 17557 1220 0.069488 0.001199 C35C3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 17557 1220 0.069488 0.0011919 C35C3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 10511 740 0.070402 0.002495 F56C F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 2518 179 0.071088 0.005121 C35B4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 8679 631 0.072704 0.002787 C38 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 8679 631 0.072704 0.002787 C38 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 8679 631 0.072452 0.002858 F59F F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1517 0.072985 0.001804 C35B6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 8332 612 0.073452 0.002858 F59F F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1517 0.072985 0.001804 C35B6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1517 0.072985 0.001804 C35B6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1517 0.072985 0.00	ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	n nr	RATE	STDERR
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A4AA A. Employment 1. Q1 - Q20 5938 330 0.055574 0.002973 C34E C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1170 0.056291 0.001599 A4AF A. Employment 1. Q1 - Q20 5938 335 0.056416 0.002994 A4AD A. Employment 1. Q1 - Q20 5938 337 0.056753 0.003003 F59E F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1215 0.058456 0.001627 B18 B. Prof. Background 1. Q1 - Q20 8115 476 0.058657 0.002608 C34A C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1232 0.059274 0.001638 F53AA F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 947 57 0.060190 0.007729 C35B1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 8698 531 0.061049 0.002567 D40D D. Job Satisfaction 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1286 0.061872 0.001681 C34F C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1302 0.062641 0.001681 C34F C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1302 0.062641 0.001681 D. Job Satisfaction 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1302 0.062641 0.001681 D. Job Satisfaction 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1302 0.062641 0.001681 D. Job Satisfaction 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1302 0.062641 0.001681 D. Job Satisfaction 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1302 0.062641 0.001681 D. Job Satisfaction 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1300 0.063988 0.001698 D41B D. Job Satisfaction 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1423 0.068463 0.001752 C23A2G C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 17557 1220 0.069488 0.001919 C35C3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 17557 1220 0.069488 0.001919 C35C3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 10511 740 0.070402 0.002495 F56C F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 2518 179 0.071088 0.005121 C35B4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 8679 631 0.072704 0.002785 C3B6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1517 0.072985 0.001804 C35B6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1517 0.072985 0.001804 C35B6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1517 0.072985 0.001804 C35B6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1580 0.076016 0.001838 C34J C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1580 0.076016 0.001838 C34J C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1580 0.076016 0.001838 C34J C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1580 0.076016 0.001838 C34J C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1612 0.077556 0.001838 C34J	C23E2C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2278 126	0.055312	0.004789
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D39ED. Job Satisfaction2. Q21 - Q402078513020.0626410.001681C34FC. Resp./Workload2. Q21 - Q402078513300.0639880.001698D41BD. Job Satisfaction3. Q41 - Q602078514230.0684630.001752C23A2GC. Resp./Workload2. Q21 - Q401755712200.0694880.001919C35C3C. Resp./Workload2. Q21 - Q40105117400.0704020.002495F56CF. Sociodem. Chars.3. Q41 - Q6025181790.0710880.005121C35B4C. Resp./Workload2. Q21 - Q4086796310.0727040.002787C38C. Resp./Workload2. Q21 - Q402078515170.0729850.001804C35B6C. Resp./Workload2. Q21 - Q4083326120.0734520.002858F59FF. Sociodem. Chars.3. Q41 - Q602078515800.0760160.001838C34JC. Resp./Workload2. Q21 - Q402078516120.0775560.001855		- ·		•		
C34F C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1330 0.063988 0.001698 D41B D. Job Satisfaction 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1423 0.068463 0.001752 C23A2G C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 17557 1220 0.069488 0.001919 C35C3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 10511 740 0.070402 0.002495 F56C F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 2518 179 0.071088 0.005121 C35B4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 8679 631 0.072704 0.002787 C38 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1517 0.072985 0.001804 C35B6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 8332 612 0.073452 0.002858 F59F F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1580 0.076016 0.001838 C34J C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1612 0.077556 0.001855						
D41BD. Job Satisfaction3. Q41 - Q602078514230.0684630.001752C23A2GC. Resp./Workload2. Q21 - Q401755712200.0694880.001919C35C3C. Resp./Workload2. Q21 - Q40105117400.0704020.002495F56CF. Sociodem. Chars.3. Q41 - Q6025181790.0710880.005121C35B4C. Resp./Workload2. Q21 - Q4086796310.0727040.002787C38C. Resp./Workload2. Q21 - Q402078515170.0729850.001804C35B6C. Resp./Workload2. Q21 - Q4083326120.0734520.002858F59FF. Sociodem. Chars.3. Q41 - Q602078515800.0760160.001838C34JC. Resp./Workload2. Q21 - Q402078516120.0775560.001855						
C23A2G C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 17557 1220 0.069488 0.001919 C35C3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 10511 740 0.070402 0.002495 F56C F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 2518 179 0.071088 0.005121 C35B4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 8679 631 0.072704 0.002787 C38 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1517 0.072985 0.001804 C35B6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 8332 612 0.073452 0.002858 F59F F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1580 0.076016 0.001838 C34J C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1612 0.077556 0.001855			•			
C35C3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 10511 740 0.070402 0.002495 F56C F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 2518 179 0.071088 0.005121 C35B4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 8679 631 0.072704 0.002787 C38 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1517 0.072985 0.001804 C35B6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 8332 612 0.073452 0.002858 F59F F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1580 0.076016 0.001838 C34J C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1612 0.077556 0.001855						
F56C F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 2518 179 0.071088 0.005121 C35B4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 8679 631 0.072704 0.002787 C38 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1517 0.072985 0.001804 C35B6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 8332 612 0.073452 0.002858 F59F F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1580 0.076016 0.001838 C34J C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1612 0.077556 0.001855		<u> </u>				a contract of the contract of
C35B4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 8679 631 0.072704 0.002787 C38 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1517 0.072985 0.001804 C35B6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 8332 612 0.073452 0.002858 F59F F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1580 0.076016 0.001838 C34J C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1612 0.077556 0.001855		<u> </u>	-			
C38 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1517 0.072985 0.001804 C35B6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 8332 612 0.073452 0.002858 F59F F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1580 0.076016 0.001838 C34J C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1612 0.077556 0.001855						
C35B6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 8332 612 0.073452 0.002858 F59F F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1580 0.076016 0.001838 C34J C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1612 0.077556 0.001855		- <i>'</i>	•			
F59F F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1580 0.076016 0.001838 C34J C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1612 0.077556 0.001855						
C34J C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1612 0.077556 0.001855		<u>.</u> ,	•			
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TEOD T 0-4-4-4 01-4- 3 0/1 0/0 00705 1/01 0 077000 0 0010/0		- '				
F59D F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1621 0.077989 0.001860						
D41E D. Job Satisfaction 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1699 0.081742 0.001900						
C35B2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 7025 577 0.082135 0.003276		- ·				
D40G D. Job Satisfaction 2. Q21 - Q40 20785 1712 0.082367 0.001907 F57C F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 1114 95 0.085278 0.008368						
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C23B4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 13105 1134 0.086532 0.002456 C23A4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 17557 1547 0.088113 0.002139		- .	, ,			
F59C F. Sociodem. Chars. 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1833 0.088189 0.001967						
D43I D. Job Satisfaction 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1848 0.088910 0.001974			, ,			
C23C4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 8603 765 0.088922 0.003069			•			
E47E E. Compensation 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1850 0.089006 0.001975		<u> </u>	-			
E47F E. Compensation 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1851 0.089055 0.001976		<u> </u>				
C23B2G C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 13105 1168 0.089126 0.002489		-				
E47D E. Compensation 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1858 0.089391 0.001979		<u> </u>				
E47K E. Compensation 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1859 0.089439 0.001979		-	•			
E47H E. Compensation 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1860 0.089488 0.001980		-				•
E47J E. Compensation 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1861 0.089536 0.001980		-	•			
E470 E. Compensation 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1861 0.089536 0.001980		-	•			
E47I E. Compensation 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1862 0.089584 0.001981		<u>-</u>	, ,			
E47M E. Compensation 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1862 0.089584 0.001981		=	•			
E47G E. Compensation 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1865 0.089728 0.001982		-	, ,			
E47P9 E. Compensation 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1865 0.089728 0.001982		-				
E47N E. Compensation 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1867 0.089824 0.001983		-				
F'7L E. Compensation 3. Q41 - Q60 20785 1868 0.089873 0.001984		•	•			

Faculty Questionnaire: SAQ RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates, Sorted by RATE
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses
 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
E47C	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	1876	0.09026	0.001988
D41D	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	1928	0.09276	0.002012
D41A	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	1929	0.09281	0.002013
E47A	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	1952	0.09391	0.002023
E47P1	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	1993	0.09589	0.002042
E47P2	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	1993	0.09589	0.002042
E47P3	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	1993	0.09589	0.002042
E47P4	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	1993	0.09589	0.002042
E47P5	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	1993	0.09589	0.002042
E47P6	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	1993	0.09589	0.002042
E47P7	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	1993	0.09589	0.002042
E47P8 .	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	1993	0.09589	0.002042
C23D4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4977	483	0.09705	0.004196
D43K	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	2055	0.09887	0.002070
C25A1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2074	0.09978	0.002079
D41C	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	2132	0.10257	0.002104
C35C2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	5843	613	0.10491	0.004009
D40C	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2259	0.10868	0.002159
C23E4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2278	259	0.11370	0.006651
C23C2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	8603	1015	0.11798	0.003478
C33A1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3838	456	0.11881	0.005223
C33A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3838	459	0.11959	0.005238
C33A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3838	459	0.11959	0.005238
C33A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3838	459	0.11959	0.005238
C33A5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3838	460	0.11985	0.005243
C33A6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3838	462	0.12038	0.005252
C25A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2514	0.12095	0.002262
C25A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2525 ⁻	0.12148	0.002266
C25A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2585	0.12437	0.002289
C37BA	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2604	0.12528	0.002296
C37BD	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2605	0.12533	0.002297
C37BF	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2606	0.12538	0.002297
C37BB	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2608	0.12548	0.002298
C37BE	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2610	0.12557	0.002298
C37BC	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2611	0.12562	0.002299
C25B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2613	0.12572	0.002300
E49	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	2663	0.12812	0.002318
C25B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2666	0.12827	0.002319
C25B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2807	0:13505	0.002371
C25B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	2913	0.14015	0.002408
C23D2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4977	698	0.14025	0.004922
C35C4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4743	720	0.15180	0.005210
C23E2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2278	365	0.16023	0.007686
C35C1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3042	521	0.17127	0.006831
D39F	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	207 _. 85	3658	0.17599	0.002641
D40E	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	3774	0.18157	0.002674
E47B	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	20785	4022	0.19350	0.002740
C35B5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2298	541	0.23542	0.008850
D40H	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	20785	5222	0.25124	0.003008

Faculty Questionnaire: SAQ RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates, Sorted by RATE
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses
 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

C33C5_1	ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
G33G5_2 C. Resp. Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1828 500 0.73552 0.010426 G33G5_3 C. Resp. Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1828 500 0.27352 0.010426 G33E5_1 C. Resp. Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1828 515 0.28173 0.010521 G33E5_2 C. Resp. Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1828 515 0.28173 0.010521 G33B1 C. Resp. Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1828 515 0.28173 0.010521 G33B1_1 C. Resp. Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1747 496 0.28392 0.010786 G33E1_3 C. Resp. Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1749 513 0.29331 0.010866 G33E1_3 C. Resp. Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1749 513 0.29331 0.010653 G33C1_1 C. Resp. Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1748 533 0.29376 0.010653 G33C1_2 C. Resp. Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1748 533 0.30492 0.011011	C33C5 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1828	500	0.27352	0.010426
C33B5_1	C33C5_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1828	500	0.27352	0.010426
C33B5_2	C33C5 ³	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1828	500	0.27352	0.010426
C33BE	C33E5 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1828	515	0.28173	0.010521
C338E	C33E5_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1828	515	0.28173	0.010521
C33B5	C33E5 3	C. Resp./Workload		1828	515	0.28173	0.010521
C33B5			2. Q21 - Q40	1747	496	0.28392	0.010788
C33El_2 C. Resp./Workload C. Q21 Q40 1749 513 O.29331 O.010886 C33El_3 C. Resp./Workload C. Q21 Q40 1749 513 O.29331 O.010886 C33El_3 C. Resp./Workload C. Q21 Q40 1828 537 O.29376 O.010653 C33D1 C. Resp./Workload C. Q21 Q40 1748 S19 O.29691 O.010928 C33Cl_1 C. Resp./Workload C. Q21 Q40 1748 S33 O.30492 O.011011 C33Cl_3 C. Resp./Workload C. Q21 Q40 1748 S33 O.30492 O.011011 C33Cl_3 C. Resp./Workload C. Q21 Q40 1828 S33 O.30492 O.011011 C33Cl_3 C. Resp./Workload C. Q21 Q40 1828 S33 O.30492 O.011011 C33Cl_2 C. Resp./Workload C. Q21 Q40 1828 G27 O.33298 O.10861 C3382 C. Resp./Workload C. Q21 Q40 1848 S33 O.30492 O.011011 C33Cl_2 C. Resp./Workload C. Q21 Q40 1444 S00 O.34626 O.012520 C33C2_2 C. Resp./Workload C. Q21 Q40 1444 S00 O.34626 O.012520 C33C2_3 C. Resp./Workload C. Q21 Q40 1444 S00 O.34626 O.012520 C33E2_1 C. Resp./Workload C. Q21 Q40 1445 S04 O.34879 O.012537 C33E2_2 C. Resp./Workload C. Q21 Q40 1445 S04 O.34879 O.012537 C33E2_3 C. Resp./Workload C. Q21 Q40 1445 S04 O.34879 O.012537 C33E2_3 C. Resp./Workload C. Q21 Q40 1445 S04 O.34879 O.012537 C33E3 C. Resp./Workload C. Q21 Q40	C33B5	C. Resp./Workload		1828	524	0.28665	0.010576
C33E1_3	C33E1_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1749	513	0.29331	0.010886
C33D5	C33E1_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1749	513	0.29331	0.010886
C33D1 C. Resp. /Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1748 519 0.29691 0.010928 C33C1_1 C. Resp. /Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1748 533 0.30492 0.011011 C33C1_3 C. Resp. /Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1748 533 0.30492 0.011011 C35C6 C. Resp. /Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1748 533 0.30492 0.011011 C33C2_1 C. Resp. /Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1444 488 0.33795 0.012626 C33C2_1 C. Resp. /Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1444 500 0.34626 0.012520 C33C2_3 C. Resp. /Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1444 500 0.34626 0.012520 C33E2_1 C. Resp. /Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33E2_3 C. Resp. /Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33E2_3 C. Resp. /Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537	C33E1_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1749	513	0.29331	0.010886
C33C1_1	C33D5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1828	537	0.29376	0.010653
C33C1_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1748 533 0.30492 0.011011 C33C1_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1748 533 0.30492 0.011011 C35C6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1843 627 0.33298 0.010861 C33B2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1444 488 0.33795 0.012448 C33C2_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1444 500 0.34626 0.012520 C33C2_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1444 500 0.34626 0.012520 C33C2_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1444 500 0.34626 0.012520 C33E2_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33E2_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33E2_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33B2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33B2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33B3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33B3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 501 0.35363 0.012577 C33B3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 476 0.67543 0.015816 C33C3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33C3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33E4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33E4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E6_3 C. Res	C33D1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1748	519	0.29691	0.010928
C33C1_3	C33C1_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1748	533	0.30492	0.011011
C35C6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1883 627 0.33298 0.010861 C33B2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1444 488 0.33795 0.012448 C33C2_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1444 500 0.34626 0.012520 C33C2_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1444 500 0.34626 0.012520 C33E2_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33E2_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33E2_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33B2_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33B3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1945 511 0.35363 0.012577 C33B3_4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 476 0.46740 0.015816 <t< td=""><td>C33C1_2</td><td>C. Resp./Workload</td><td>2. Q21 - Q40</td><td>1748</td><td>533</td><td>0.30492</td><td>0.011011</td></t<>	C33C1_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1748	533	0.30492	0.011011
C35C6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1883 627 0.33298 0.010861 C33B2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1444 488 0.33795 0.012448 C33C2_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1444 500 0.34626 0.012520 C33C2_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1444 500 0.34626 0.012520 C33E2_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33E2_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33E2_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33B2_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33B3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1945 511 0.35363 0.012577 C33B3_4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 476 0.46740 0.015816 <t< td=""><td>C33C1_3</td><td>C. Resp./Workload</td><td>2. Q21 - Q40</td><td>1748</td><td>533</td><td>0.30492</td><td>0.011011</td></t<>	C33C1_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1748	533	0.30492	0.011011
C33C2_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40	C35C6		2. Q21 - Q40	1883	627	0.33298	0.010861
C33C2_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40	C33B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1444	488	0.33795	0.012448
C33C2_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1444 500 0.34626 0.012520 C33E2_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33E2_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33E2_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33E2_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33E2_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 501 0.35363 0.012577 C33B3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 466 0.46740 0.015801 C33C3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33C3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33C3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33C3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33E4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 473 0.47681 0.015858 C33E4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 475 0.47883 0.015865 C33E4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 475 0.47883 0.015865 C33E4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015828 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.76873 0.0	C33C2_1		2. Q21 - Q40	1444	500	0.34626	0.012520
C33E2_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33E2_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33E2_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33E2_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33E2_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 501 0.35363 0.012577 C33E3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 466 0.46740 0.015801 C33C3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33C3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33C3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33D4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33E4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 473 0.47681 0.015858 C33E4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 475 0.47883 0.015865 C33E4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.0178	C33C2_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1444	500	0.34626	0.012520
C33E2_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33E2_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33D2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 511 0.35363 0.012577 C33B3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 466 0.46740 0.015801 C33C3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33C3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33C3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33C3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33D4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33E4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 475 0.47681 0.015865 C33E4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 475 0.47683 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 483 0.48445 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33	C33C2_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1444	500	. 0.34626	0.012520
C33E2_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 504 0.34879 0.012537 C33D2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 511 0.35363 0.012577 C33B3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 466 0.46740 0.015801 C33C3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33C3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33C3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33C3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33D4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 473 0.47681 0.015858 C33B4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 475 0.47883 0.015861 C33E4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 475 0.47883 0.015865 C33E4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 483 0.48445 0.015828 C33E3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33C	C33E2_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1445	504	0.34879	0.012537
C33D2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 1445 511 0.35363 0.012577 C33B3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 466 0.46740 0.015801 C33C3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33C3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33C3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33C3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33D4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 473 0.47681 0.015858 C33B4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 473 0.47681 0.015858 C33E4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 475 0.47883 0.015865 C33E4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 483 0.48445 0.015828 C33E3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6	C33E2_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1445	504	0.34879	0.012537
C33B3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 466 0.46740 0.015801 C33C3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33C3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33C3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33C3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33D4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 473 0.47681 0.015858 C33B4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 475 0.47883 0.015861 C33E4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 475 0.47883 0.015865 C33E4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 483 0.48445 0.015828 C33E3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015828 C33E3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 979 543 0.55465 0.015884 C31 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 979 543 0.55465 0.015884 C31 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_1 C. R	C33E2_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1445	504	0.34879	
C33C3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33C3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33C3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33D4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 473 0.47681 0.015858 C33B4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 475 0.47883 0.015861 C33E4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33B3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33B3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 483 0.48445 0.015828 C33E3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33E6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 979 543 0.55465 0.015884 C31 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 989 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.0017750	C33D2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1445	511	0.35363	0.012577
C33C3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33C3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33D4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 473 0.47681 0.015858 C33B4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 475 0.47883 0.015861 C33E4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33B4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33B3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 483 0.48445 0.015828 C33E3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.75382 0.017750	C33B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	997	466	0.46740	0.015801
C33C3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33C3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 474 0.47543 0.015816 C33D4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 473 0.47681 0.015858 C33B4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 475 0.47883 0.015861 C33E4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 483 0.48445 0.015828 C33E3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 989 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C32C C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C	C33C3 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	997	474	0.47543	0.015816
C33D4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 473 0.47681 0.015858 C33B4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 475 0.47883 0.015861 C33E4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33D3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33D3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 483 0.48445 0.015828 C33E3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C5C5 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 979 543 0.55465 0.015884 C31 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 11420 7883 0.69028 0.004327 C33E6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750	C33C3_2		2. Q21 - Q40	997	474	0.47543	0.015816
C33B4 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 475 0.47883 0.015861 C33E4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33D3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33D3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 483 0.48445 0.015828 C33E3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 979 543 0.55465 0.015884 C31 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444	C33C3_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	997	474	0.47543	0.015816
C33E4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33D3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 483 0.48445 0.015828 C33E3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 979 543 0.55465 0.015884 C31 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 979 543 0.55465 0.015884 C31 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 11420 7883 0.69028 0.004327 C33E6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q4	C33D4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	992	473	0.47681	0.015858
C33E4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33D3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 483 0.48445 0.015828 C33E3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C35C5 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C35C5 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 979 543 0.55465 0.015884 C31 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 979 543 0.55465 0.015884 C31 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.0017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.0017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589	C33B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	992	475	0.47883	0.015861
C33E4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 478 0.48185 0.015865 C33D3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 483 0.48445 0.015828 C33E3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C35C5 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 979 543 0.55465 0.015884 C31 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 979 543 0.55465 0.015884 C31 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75332 0.017750 C32 C.	C33E4_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	992	478	0.48185	0.015865
C33D3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 483 0.48445 0.015828 C33E3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C5 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C35C5 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 979 543 0.55465 0.015884 C31 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 11420 7883 0.69028 0.004327 C33E6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.003978	C33E4_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	992	478	0.48185	0.015865
C33E3_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C35C5 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C35C5 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 979 543 0.55465 0.015884 C31 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 11420 7883 0.69028 0.004327 C33E6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.003978	C33E4_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	992	478	0.48185	0.015865
C33E3_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C35C5 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C35C5 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 979 543 0.55465 0.015884 C31 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 979 543 0.55465 0.015884 C31 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 11420 7883 0.69028 0.004327 C33E6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 589 5875 0.76313 0.003978	C33D3 .	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	997	483	0.48445	0.015828
C33E3_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 997 485 0.48646 0.015829 C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C35C5 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 979 543 0.55465 0.015884 C31 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 979 543 0.55465 0.015884 C31 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 11420 7883 0.69028 0.004327 C33E6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.003978	C33E3_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	997	485	0.48646	0.015829
C33C4_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C35C5 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 979 543 0.55465 0.015884 C31 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 11420 7883 0.69028 0.004327 C33E6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 11420 8715 0.76313 0.003978		C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	997	485	0.48646	0.015829
C33C4_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C35C5 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 979 543 0.55465 0.015884 C31 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 11420 7883 0.69028 0.004327 C33E6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 11420 8715 0.76313 0.003978		C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	997	485	0.48646	0.015829
C33C4_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 992 487 0.49093 0.015872 C35C5 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 979 543 0.55465 0.015884 C31 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 11420 7883 0.69028 0.004327 C33E6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 11420 8715 0.76313 0.003978		C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	992	487	0.49093	0.015872
C35C5 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 979 543 0.55465 0.015884 C31 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 11420 7883 0.69028 0.004327 C33E6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 11420 8715 0.76313 0.003978		C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	992	487	0.49093	0.015872
C31 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 11420 7883 0.69028 0.004327 C33E6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 11420 8715 0.76313 0.003978		C. Resp./Workload		992	487	0.49093	0.015872
C33E6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 11420 8715 0.76313 0.003978	C35C5	C. Resp./Workload		.979	543	0.55465	0.015884
C33E6_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 11420 8715 0.76313 0.003978				11420		0.69028	0.004327
C33E6_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 441 0.74873 0.017872 C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 11420 8715 0.76313 0.003978	_	- ·				0.74873	
C33D6 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 444 0.75382 0.017750 C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 11420 8715 0.76313 0.003978		<u> </u>					0.017872
C32 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 11420 8715 0.76313 0.003978		- :				0.74873	
		- ·					
C33C6_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 589 454 0.77080 0.017319		<u> </u>					
	C33C6_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	589	454	0.77080	0.017319

Faculty Questionnaire: SAQ RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates, Sorted by RATE
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses
 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C33C6_2 C33C6_3 C33B6	• ,	2. Q21 - Q40	589	454	0:77080	0.017319

Item Nonresponse Rates: CATI Respondents
Item Nonresponse Rates Greater Than 10 Percent (CATI)
Item Nonresponse Rates for CATI Respondents, Sorted by Rate



Faculty Questionnaire: CATI RESPONDENTS Item Nonresponse Rates, By Section and Third of Questionnaire N = number of eligible unit respondents NR = number of item nonresponses RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
1	0. Preface	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	2	0.00040	0.000283
	O. Preface	1. Q1 - Q20	4703	235	0.04997	0.003177
_1A _2 _3	O. Preface	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	74	0.01481	0.001709
3	O. Preface	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	86	0.01722	0.001841
_3 A4	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	5	0.00100	0.000447
A4AA	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	1599	218	0.13634	0.008581
A4AB	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	1599	218	0.13634	0.008581
A4AC	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	1599	219	0.13696	0.008598
A4AD	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	1599	219	0.13696	0.008598
A4AE	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	1599	219	0.13696	0.008598
A4AE A4AF	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	1599	219	0.13696	0.008598
A5	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	666	0.13333	0.004810
A6	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	660	0.13213	0.004791
A7	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	89	0.01782	0.001872
A7A	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	1729	91	0.05263	0.005370
A/A A8		1. Q1 - Q20	3298	420	0.12735	0.005805
		1. Q1 - Q20	4995	26	0.00521	0.001018
A9		1. Q1 - Q20	4943	697	0.14101	0.004950
A10	- 3	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	69	0.01381	0.001651
A11_1	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	69	0.01381	0.001651
A11_2	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	69	0.01381	0.001651
A11_3	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	69	0.01381	0.001651
A11_4	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20 1. Q1 - Q20	4995	69	0.01381	0.001651
A11_5	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20 1. Q1 - Q20	4995	69	0.01381	0.001651
A11_6	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20 1. Q1 - Q20	4995	69	0.01381	0.001651
A11_7	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20 1. Q1 - Q20	4995	27	0.00541	0.001037
A12A	A. Employment	•	4995	34	0.00681	0.001163
A13A	A. Employment		4995	397	0.07948	0.003827
B14_1	B. Prof. Background	•	4995	397	0.07948	0.003827
B14_2	B. Prof. Background	-	4995	397	0.07948	0.003827
B14_3	B. Prof. Background	•	4995	397	0.07948	0.003827
B14_4	B. Prof. Background	•	4995	397	0.07948	0.003827
B14_5	B. Prof. Background	•	4995	397	0.07948	0.003827
B14_6	B. Prof. Background	•	4995	388	0.07768	0.003027
B15_1	B. Prof. Background	1 Q1 - Q20 1 Q1 - Q20	4995	388	0.07768	0.003787
B15_2	B. Prof. Background		4995	388	0.07768	0.003787
B15_3	B. Prof. Background	•		388	0.07768	0.003787
B15_4	B. Prof. Background			388	0.07768	0.003787
B15_5	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20		388	0.07768	0.003787
B15_6	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20		388	0.07768	0.003787
B15_7	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20		388	0.07768	0.003787
B15_8	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20		388	0.07768	0.003787
B15_9	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20		388	0.07768	0.003787
B15_10	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20		12	0.07768	0.003787
B16A1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20		26	0.00243	0.000703
B16B1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20			0.00330	0.001036
B16C1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20		4 51		0.000407
B16E1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20		51	0.01039	0.001448
B16A2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20		2	0.00057	0.000400
B16B2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	3531	9	0.00255	0.000649

1. Faculty Questionnaire: CATI RESPONDENTS Item Nonresponse Rates, By Section and Third of Questionnaire N = number of eligible unit respondents NR = number of item nonresponses RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM		SI	ECTION		TH	IRD)	. N	NR	RATE	STDERR
B16C2	В	. Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	_	Q20	3531	4	0.001133	0.000566
B16E2		Prof.		1.		-		3531	28	0.007930	0.000368
B16A3	В.	Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	-		1777	2	0.001125	0.001493
B16B3	٠В.			1.	Q1	-	·	1777	3	0.001688	0.000733
B16C3	В.	Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	-		1777	4	0.002251	0.000374
B16E3	В.	Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	-		1777	16	0.009004	0.002241
B16A4	В.	Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	-	Q20	332	1	0.003012	0.003008
B16B4	В.		Background	1.	Q1	-		332	0	0.000000	0.000000
B16C4	В.	Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	-		332	0	0.000000	0.000000
B16E4	В.		Background	1.	Q1	-		332	10	0.030120	0.009380
B17	В.	Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	-		4995	37	0.007407	0.001213
B17A	В.		Background	1.	Q1	· -	-	2044	69	0.033757	0.003995
B18	В.		Background	1.	Q1	-		2044	52	0.025440	0.003483
B18A	В.		Background	1.	Q1	-		2044	61	0.029843	0.003764
B18B	В.		Background	1.	Q1	-	Q20	2044	55	0.026908	0.003579
B18C	В.		_	1.	Q1	-	Q20	2044	54	0.026419	0.003547
B19A1A	В.			1.	Q1	-	Q20	3275	10	0.003053	0.000964
B19A1B	В.	Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	-	Q20	3275	5	0.001527	0.000682
B19A2	В.			1.	Q1	-	Q20	3275	6	0.001832	0.000747
B19A3	В.		Background	1.	Q1	-	Q20	3275	16	0.004885	0.001218
B19A4		Prof.		1.	Q1	-	Q20	3275	15	0.004580	0.001180
B19B1A		Prof.		1.	Q1	-	Q20	1977	8	0.004047	0.001428
B19B1B			Background	1.	Q1	-	Q20	1977	6	0.003035	0.001237
B19B2			Background	1.	Q1	-	Q20	1977	2	0.001012	0.000715
B19B3			Background	1.	Q1	-	Q20	1977	6	0.003035	0.001237
B19B4			Background	1.	Q1	-	Q20	1977	4	0.002023	0.001011
B19C1A	В.	Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	-	Q20	1145	12	0.010480	0.003010
B19C1B	В.		Background	1.	Q1	-	Q20	1145	9	0.007860	0.002610
B19C2	В.		Background	1.	Q1	-	Q20	1145	2	0.001747	0.001234
B19C3	В.		Background	1.	Q1	-	Q20	1145	4	0.003493	0.001744
B19C4	В.		Background	1.	Q1	-	Q20	1145	4	0.003493	0.001744
B20A1	В.			1.	Q1	-	- -	4995	121	0.024224	0.002175
B20A2	В.	Prof.		1.	Q1		Q20	4995	110	0.022022	0.002076
B20A3	В.	Prof.	0	1.	Q1		Q20	4995	104	0.020821	0.002020
B20A4	В.	Prof.		1.	Q1		Q20	4995	107	0.021421	0.002049
B20A5		Prof.		1.	Q1		Q20	4995	108	0.021622	0.002058
B20A6			Background	1.			Q20	4995	107	0.021421	0.002049
B20A7		Prof.		1.	Q1		Q20	4995	104	0.020821	0.002020
B20A8			Background	1.	Q1		Q20	4995	107	0.021421	0.002049
B20A9			Background	1.	Q1		Q20	4995	105	0.021021	0.002030
B20A10			Background		Q1		Q20	4995	109	0.021822	0.002067
B20A11			Background		Q1		Q20	4995	111	0.022222	0.002086
B20A12			Background		Q1		Q20	4995	107	0.021421	0.002049
B20A13			Background		Q1		Q20	4995	106	0.021221	0.002039
B20A14			Background		Q1		Q20	4995	105	0.021021	0.002030
B20B1	В.	Prof.	Background		Q1		Q20	4995	121	0.024224	0.002175
B20B2			Background		Q1		Q20	4995	110	0.022022	0.002076
B20B3			Background		Q1		Q20	4995	105	0.021021	0.002030
B20B4	в.	Prof.	Background	1.	Q1	-	Q20	4995	108	0.021622	0.002058



ITEM -	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
B20B5	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	109	0.02182	0.002067
B20B3	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	108	0.02162	0.002058
B20B0 B20B7	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	105	0.02102	0.002030
B20B7 B20B8	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	108	0.02162	0.002058
B20B8	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	106	0.02122	0.002039
B20B9 B20B10	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	110	0.02202	0.002076
B20B10	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	112	0.02242	0.002095
B20B11	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	108	0.02162	0.002058
B20B12	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	107	0.02142	0.002049
B20B13	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	106	0.02122	0.002039
C21A1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	141	0.02823	0.002343
C21A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	108	0.02162	0.002058
C21A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	107	0.02142	0.002049
C21A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	109	0.02182	0.002067
C21A5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	111	0.02222	0.002086
C21A6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	108	0.02162	0.002058
C21B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	142	0.02843	0.002352
C21B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	107	0.02142	0.002049
C21B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	107	0.02142	0.002049
C21B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	108	0.02162	0.002058
C21B5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	107	0.02142	0.002049
C21B6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	107	0.02142	0.002049
C22	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	118	0.02362	0.002149
C22A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4526	4	0.00088	0.000442
C23A1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4227	23	0.00544	0.001131
C23A2A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4227	70	0.01656	0.001963
C23A2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4227	180	0.04258	0.003106
C23A2C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4227	66	0.01561	0.001907
C23A2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4227	12	0.00284	0.000818
C23A2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4227	33	0.00781	0.001354
C23A2F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4227	11	0.00260	0.000784
C23A2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4227	106	0.02508	0.002405
C23A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4227	62	0.01467	0.001849
C23A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4227	575	0.13603	0.005273
C23B1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3019	11	0.00364 0.01358	0.001097 0.002106
C23B2A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3019	41		
C23B2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3019	93	0.03080	0.003145 0.002055
C23B2C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3019	39 7	0.01292 0.00232	0.002033
C23B2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3019	20	0.00232	0.000873
C23B2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3019	7	0.00032	0.001476
C23B2F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3019	78	0.00232	0.000873
C23B2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	3019 3019	35	0.02384	0.002887
C23B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	3019	373	0.12355	0.005989
C23B4	<pre>C. Resp./Workload C. Resp./Workload</pre>	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	1917	12	0.12333	0.001801
C23C1B C23C2A	<pre>C. Resp./Workload C. Resp./Workload</pre>	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	1917	24	0.00020	0.002539
C23C2R	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	1917	44	0.02295	0.003420
C23C2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	1917	25	0.01304	0.002591
C23C2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1917	8	0.0041.7	0.001472
023020	J. Resp./ Worktoad	2. 422 440	, - -	_		- · · - · · -

Faculty Questionnaire: CATI RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates,
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses

 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C23C2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1917	20	0.01043	0.002321
C23C2F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1917	8	0.00417	0.001472
C23C2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1917	56	0.02921	0.003846
C23C3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1917	30	0.01565	0.002835
C23C4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1917	235	0.12259	0.007491
C23D1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1036	10	0.00965	0.003038
C23D2A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1036	12	0.01158	0.003324
C23D2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1036	23	0.02220	0.004578
C23D2C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1036	20	0.01931	0.004275
C23D2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1036	7	0.00676	0.002545
C23D2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1036	12	0.01158	0.003324
C23D2F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1036	7	0.00676	0.002545
C23D2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1036	40	0.03861	0.005986
C23D3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1036	18	0.01737	0.004059
C23D4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1036	120	0.11583	0.009943
C23E1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	443	8	0.01806	0.006327
C23E2A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	443	11	0.02483	0.007393
C23E2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	443	11	0.02483	0.007393
C23E2C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	443	13	0.02935	0.008019
C23E2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	443	6	0.01354	0.005492
C23E2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	443	9	0.02032	0.006703
C23E2F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	443	6	0.01354	0.005492
C23E2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	443	24	0.05418	0.010755
C23E3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	443	12	0.02709	0.007713
C23E4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	443	54	0.12190	0.015544
C24	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4344	570	0.13122	0.005123
C24A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3435	264	0.07686	0.004545
C24B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3435	264	0.07686	0.004545
C24C C24D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3435	264	0.07686	0.004545
C24D C24E	<pre>C. Resp./Workload C. Resp./Workload</pre>	2. Q21 - Q40	3435	264	0.07686	0.004545
C24E C24F	• • •	2. Q21 - Q40	3435	264	0.07686	0.004545
C24F	• '	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	3435	265	0.07715	0.004553
C248	<pre>C. Resp./Workload C. Resp./Workload</pre>	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	3435	265	0.07715	0.004553
C24II	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	3435 3435	265 265	0.07715	0.004553
C24J	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	3435	268	0.07715 0.07802	0.004553
C24K	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	3435	268		0.004576
C25A1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2654	0.07802 0.53133	0.004576
C25A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2660	0.53153	0.007061 0.007060
C25A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2660	0.53253	0.007060
C25A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2657	0.53253	0.007060
C25B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2697	0.53193	0.007050
C25B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2687	0.53794	0.007052
C25B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2689	0.53834	0.007054
C25B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2666	0.53373	0.007054
C26	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	419	0.08388	0.007030
C27	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	497	0.09950	0.004235
C28	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	12	0.00240	0.000693
C29	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2515	22	0.00875	0.001857
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Faculty Questionnaire: CATI RESPONDENTS Item Nonresponse Rates, By Section and Third of Questionnaire N = number of eligible unit respondents NR = number of item nonresponses RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate STDERR = standard error of rate

C30	ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	. N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C32	C30	C Resp /Workload	2 021 - 040	2515	22	0.00875	0.001857
C32		• .	•				
C33A1							
C33B1							
C33C1 C. Resp. Workload C321 C40 C322 C60 C18634 C0.021699 C33C1 C33C1 C. Resp. Workload C. Q21 C40 C322 C60 C18634 C0.021699 C33D1 C. Resp. Workload C. Q21 C40 C322 C60 C18634 C0.021699 C33D1 C. Resp. Workload C. Q21 C40 C322 C63 C18656 C0.022107 C33E1 C. Resp. Workload C. Q21 C40 C322 C63 C19565 C0.022107 C33E1 C. Resp. Workload C. Q21 C40 C322 C63 C19565 C0.022107 C33E1 C. Resp. Workload C. Q21 C40 C322 C63 C19565 C0.022107 C33E1 C. Resp. Workload C. Q21 C40 C322 C63 C19565 C0.022107 C33E2 C. Resp. Workload C. Q21 C40 C364 C33C2 C. Resp. Workload C. Q21 C40 C364 C33D2 C. Resp. Workload C. Q21 C40 C364 C33D2 C. Resp. Workload C. Q21 C40 C364 C33D2 C. Resp. Workload C. Q21 C40 C364 C354							0.023938
C33C 2 C Resp.			•		60	0.18634	0.021699
C33C1				322	60	0.18634	0.021699
Cash Cash	_			322	60	0.18634	0.021699
C33E1	_			322	83	0.25776	0.024376
C33E1_3				322	63	0.19565	0.022107
C33A2	C33E1_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	322	63	0.19565	0.022107
C33B2	C33E1_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	322	63	0.19565	
C33C2_1 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 306 65 0.21242 0.023382 0.033C2_2 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 306 65 0.21242 0.023382 0.033C2_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 306 65 0.21242 0.023382 0.033C2_3 C. Resp./Workload 2. Q21 - Q40 306 65 0.21242 0.023382 0.02382 0.02382 0.02382 0.02382 0.02382 0.02382 0.02382 0.02382 0.02382 0.02382 0.02382 0.02382 0.022838	C33A2 ·	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40				
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Faculty Questionnaire: CATI RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates,
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses
 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C33B6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	112	61	0.54464	0.047057
C33C6 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	112	59	0.52679	0.047178
C33C6 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	112	59	0.52679	0.047178
C33C6 ³	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	112	59	0.52679	0.047178
C33D6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	112	63	0.56250	0.046875
C33E6 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	112	60	0.53571	0.047125
C33E6_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	112	60	0.53571	0.047125
C33E6_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	112	60	0.53571	0.047125
C34A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	636	0.12733	0.004716
C34B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	622	0.12452	0.004672
C34C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	630	0.12613	0.004697
C34D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	547	0.10951	0.004418
C34E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	806	0.16136	0.005205
C34F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	1043	0.20881	0.005751
C34G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	523	0.10470	0.004332
C34H	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	434	0.08689	0.003985
C34I	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	455	0.09109	0.004071
C34J	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	734	0.14695	0.005010
C34K	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	450	0.09009	0.004051
C34L	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	485	0.09710	0.004189
C35A1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	392	0.07848	0.003805
C35A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	392	0.07848	0.003805
C35A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	393	0.07868	0.003809
C35A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	392	0.07848	0.003805
C35A5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	394	0.07888	0.003814
C35A6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	392	0.07848	0.003805
C35B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1910	9	0.00471	0.001567
C35B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1865	4	0.00214	0.001071
C35B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2610	7	0.00268	0.001012
C35B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1824	10	0.00548	0.001729
C35B5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	704	10	0.01420	0.004460
C35B6 C35C1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1491	7	0.00469	0.001770
C35C1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	589	3	0.00509	0.002933
C35C2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1432	5	0.00349	0.001559
C35C4	<pre>C. Resp./Workload C. Resp./Workload</pre>	2. Q21 - Q40	. 1941	6	0.00309	0.001260
C35C4	- /	2. Q21 - Q40	864	8	0.00926	0.003258
C35C6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	169	6	0.03550	0.014234
C36A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	245	7	0.02857	0.010644
C36B	<pre>C. Resp./Workload C. Resp./Workload</pre>	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	75 70	0.01502	0.001721
C36C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	70	0.01401	0.001663
C36D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	63	0.01261	0.001579
C37AA	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	4995	65 101	0.01301	0.001604
C37AB	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	4995 4995	101	0.02022	0.001992
C37AC	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	4995 4995	101 101	0.02022	0.001992
C37AD	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	4995		0.02022	0.001992
C37AE	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	4995	100 101	0.02002	0.001982
C37AF	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	4995	101	0.02022	0.001992
C37BA	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	4995	116	0.02062 0.02322	0.002011
50,211	1. Rosp., Worktoad	2. Q21 - Q40	4993	110	0.02322	0.002131

Faculty Questionnaire: CATI RESPONDENTS Item Nonresponse Rates, By Section and Third of Questionnaire N = number of eligible unit respondents NR = number of item nonresponses RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
С37ВВ	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	114	0.02282	0.002113
C37BC	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	114	0.02282	0.002113
C37BD	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	113	0.02262	0.002104
C37BE	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	115	0.02302	0.002122
C37BE	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	114	0.02282	0.002113
C38	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	1076	0.21542	0.005817
D39A	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	385	0.07708	0.003774
D39B	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	389	0.07788	0.003792
D39C	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	371	0.07427	0.003710
D39D	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	377	0.07548	0.003738
D39E	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	379	0.07588	0.003747
D39F	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	382	0.07648	0.003760
D40A	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	751	0.15035	0.005057
D40B	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	867	0.17357	0.005359
D40C	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	1260	0.25225	0.006145
D40D	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	890	0.17818	0.005414
D40E	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	1372	0.27467	0.006316
D40F	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	732	0.14655	0.005004
D40G	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40		1214	0.24304	0.006069
D40H	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	1976	0.39560	0.006919
D401	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	125	0.02503	0.002210
D41A	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	224	0.04484	0.002928
D41B	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	251	0.05025	0.003091
D41C	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	226	0.04525	0.002941
D41D	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	244	0.04885	0.003050
D41E	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	195	0.03904	0.002741
D42	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	126	0.02523	0.002219 0.003132
D43A	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	258	0.05165 0.06186	0.003132
D43B	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	309 253	0.05065	0.003409
D43C	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	266	0.05325	0.003103
D43D	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	259	0.05325	0.003177
D43E	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 4995	420	0.03183	0.003137
D43F	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 4995	396	0.03408	0.003823
D43G	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	312	0.06246	0.003424
D43H	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60 3. Q41 - Q60	4995	1091	0.21842	0.005846
D431	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60 3. Q41 - Q60	4995	271	0.05425	0.003205
D43J	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60 3. Q41 - Q60	4995	1325	0.26527	0.006247
D43K	D. Job Satisfaction	_	4995	341	0.06827	0.003569
D43L	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60 3. Q41 - Q60	4995	385	0.07708	0.003774
D43M	D. Job Satisfaction D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60 3. Q41 - Q60	4995	284	0.05686	0.003277
D43N	D. Job Satisfaction D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	300	0.06006	0.003362
D44		3. Q41 - Q60	4995	575	0.11512	0.004516
D45		3. Q41 - Q60	4995	128	0.02563	0.002236
D46		3. Q41 - Q60 3. Q41 - Q60	4995	435	0.08709	0.003990
E47A E47B	E. CompensationE. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	595	0.11912	0.004583
E476 E47C	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	370	0.07407	0.003706
E47C E47D	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	361	0.07227	0.003664
E47B E47E	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	349	0.06987	0.003607
±4/£	E. Compensacion	J. 4.2 400				

Faculty Questionnaire: CATI RESPONDENTS Item Nonresponse Rates, By Section and Third of Questionnaire N = number of eligible unit respondents NR = number of item nonresponses RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	TH	HIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
E47F	E. Compensation	3. Q4	1 - 060	, 00E	257	0 07007	
E47G	E. Compensation	•	1 - Q60 1 - Q60	4995	354	0.07087	0.003631
E47H	E. Compensation	3. Q4	•	4995 4995	359 352	0.07187	0.003654
E47I	E. Compensation	3. Q4	•	4995	352 358	0.07047	0.003621
E47J	E. Compensation	3. Q4	•	4995	355	0.07167	0.003650
E47K	E. Compensation	3. Q4	•	4995	354	0.07107 0.07087	0.003636
E47L	E. Compensation	3. Q4	•	4995	352	0.07087	0.003631
E47M	E. Compensation	3. Q4	•	4995	356	0.07047	0.003621 0.003640
E47N	E. Compensation	3. Q4		4995	359	0.07127	0.003640
E470	E. Compensation	3. Q4		4995	345	0.07107	0.003588
E47P1	E. Compensation	3. Q4	•	4995	449	0.08989	0.003388
E47P2	E. Compensation	3. Q4	•	4995	449	0.08989	0.004047
E47P3	E. Compensation	3. Q4		4995	449	0.08989	0.004047
E47P4	E. Compensation	3. Q4		4995	449	0.08989	0.004047
E47P5	E. Compensation	3. Q4	•	4995	449	0.08989	0.004047
E47P6	E. Compensation	3. Q4	•	4995	449	0.08989	0.004047
E47P7	E. Compensation	3. Q4	•	4995	449	0.08989	0.004047
E47P8	E. Compensation	3. Q4	•	4995	449	0.08989	0.004047
E47P9	E. Compensation	3. Q4	1 - Q60	4995	133	0.02663	0.002278
E48	E. Compensation	3. Q4	1 - Q60	4995	113	0.02262	0.002104
E49	E. Compensation	3. Q4	1 - Q60	4995	765	0.15315	0.005096
E50	E. Compensation	3. Q4	1 - Q60	4995	134	0.02683	0.002286
F51	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q4	1 - Q60	4995	5	0.00100	0.000447
F52A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q4	1 - Q60	4995	102	0.02042	0.002001
F52B	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q4	1 - Q60	4995	125	0.02503	0.002210
F53A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q4	1 - Q60	4995	45	0.00901	0.001337
F53AA	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q4	1 - Q60	277	6	0.02166	0.008747
F54	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q4	1 - Q60	4718	34	0.00721	0.001231
F54AA	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q4	1 - Q60	256	4	0.01563	0.007751
F55	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q4	1 - Q60	4995	117	0.02342	0.002140
F56A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q4	1 - Q60	4995	85	0.01702	0.001830
F56C	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q4	•	744	17	0.02285	0.005478
F57A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q4	•	4995	59	0.01181	0.001529
F57C	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q4	•	346	29	0.08382	0.014898
F58A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q4	•	4995	732	0.14655	0.005004
F58B	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q4	•	4995	730	0.14615	0.004998
F59A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	-	1 - Q60	4995	764	0.15295	0.005093
F59B	F. Sociodem. Chars.		1 - Q60	4995	803	0.16076	0.005197
F59C	F. Sociodem. Chars.		1 - Q60	4995	1279	0.25606	0.006175
F59D	F. Sociodem. Chars.		1 - Q60	4995	1116	0.22342	0.005894
F59E	F. Sociodem. Chars.		1 - Q60	4995	970	0.19419	0.005597
F59F	F. Sociodem. Chars.		1 - Q60	4995	1103	0.22082	0.005869
F59G	F. Sociodem. Chars.		1 - Q60	4995	302	0.06046	0.003372
F60A F60B	F. Sociodem. Chars.		l - Q60	4995	823	0.16476	0.005249
F60C	F. Sociodem. Chars.	•	1 - Q60	4995	876	0.17538	0.005381
F60D	F. Sociodem. Chars.	•	l - Q60	4995	796	0.15936	0.005179
F60E	F. Sociodem. Chars.		l - Q60	4995	769	0.15395	0.005107
F60F	F. Sociodem. Chars.	•	l - Q60	4995	881	0.17638	0.005393
TOOF	F. Sociodem. Chars.	ئ. Q4]	L - Q60	4995	817	0.16356	0.005233



Faculty Questionnaire: CATI RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates,
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses
 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
F60G F60H F60I	F. Sociodem. Chars. F. Sociodem. Chars. F. Sociodem. Chars.		4995	751	0.15035	0.005057



1. Faculty Questionnaire: CATI RESPONDENTS Items with Item Nonresponse Rates,
Greater than .10

By Section and Third of Questionnaire
N = number of eligible unit respondents
NR = number of item nonresponses
RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	ND	D. (MD	ama an a
	5-55-5-1	IIIIKD	14	NR	RATE	STDERR
A4AA	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	1599	218	0.13634	0.008581
A4AB	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	1599	218	0.13634	0.008581
A4AC	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	1599	219	0.13696	0.008598
A4AD	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	1599	219	0.13696	0.008598
A4AE	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	1599	219	0.13696	0.008598
A4AF	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	1599	219	0.13696	0.008598
A5	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	666	0.13333	0.004810
A6	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	660	0.13213	0.004791
A8	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	3298	420	0.12735	0.005805
A10	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	4943	697	0.14101	0.004950
C23A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4227	575	0.13603	0.005273
C23B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3019	373	0.12355	0.005989
C23C4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1917	235	0.12259	0.007491
C23D4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1036	120	0.11583	0.009943
C23E4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	443	. 54	0.12190	0.015544
C24	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4344	570	0.13122	0.005123
C25A1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2654	0.53133	0.007061
C25A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2660	0.53253	0.007060
C25A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2660	0.53253	0.007060
C25A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2657	0.53193	0.007060
C25B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2697.	0.53994	0.007052
C25B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2687	0.53794	0.007054
C25B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2689	0.53834	0.007054
C25B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2666	0.53373	0.007058
C31	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2515	1734	0.68946	0.009227
C32	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2515	1854	0.73718	0.008777
C33A1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	845	125	0.14793	0.012213
C33B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	321	78	0.24299	0.023938
C33C1_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	322	60	0.18634	0.021699
C33C1_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	322	60	0.18634	0.021699
C33C1_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	. 322	60	0.18634	0.021699
C33D1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	322	83	0.25776	0.024376
C33E1_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	322	63	0.19565	0.022107
C33E1_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	322	63	0.19565	0.022107
C33E1_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	322	63	0.19565	0.022107
C33A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	846	125	0.14775	0.012200
C33B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	306	73	0.23856	0.024364
C33C2_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	306	65	0.21242	0.023382
C33C2_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	306	65	0.21242	0.023382
C33C2_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	306	65	0.21242	0.023382
C33D2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	305	84	0.27541	0.025579
C33E2_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	306	61	0.19935	0.022838
C33E2_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	306	61	0.19935	0.022838
C33E2_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	306	61	0.19935	0.022838
C33A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	846	125	0.14775	0.012200
C33B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	194	64	0.32990	0.033757
C33C3_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	194	62	0.31959	0.033480
C33C3_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	194	62	0.31959	0.033480
	•	•				

Faculty Questionnaire: CATI RESPONDENTS Items with Item Nonresponse Rates, Greater than .10

By Section and Third of Questionnaire
N = number of eligible unit respondents
NR = number of item nonresponses
RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C33C3 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40.	194	62	0.31959	0.033480
C33D3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	193	77	0.39896	0.035248
C33E3 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	194	62	0.31959	0.033480
C33E3 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	194	62.	0.31959	0.033480
C33E3 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	194	62	0.31959	0.033480
C33A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	846	125	0.14775	0.012200
C33B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	184	63	0.34239	0.034981
C33C4 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	184	60	0.32609	0.034559
C33C4 ²	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	184	60	0.32609	0.034559
C33C4 ⁻ 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	184	60	0.32609	0.034559
C33D4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	184	68	0.36957	0.035584
C33E4 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	184	56	0.30435	0.033921
C33E4 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q2·1 - Q40	184	56	0.30435	0.033921
C33E4 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	184	56	0.30435	0.033921
C33A5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	846	125	0.14775	0.012200.
C33B5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	342	72	0.21053	0.022045
C33C5_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	342	66	0.19298	0.021340
C33C5_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	342	66	0.19298	0.021340
C33C5_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	342	66	0.19298	0.021340
C33D5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	339	95	0.28024	0.024393
C33E5_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	342	64	0.18713	0.021090
C33E5_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	342	64	0.18713	0.021090
C33E5_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	342	64	0.18713	0.021090
C33A6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	844	125	0.14810	0.012227
C33B6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	112	61	0.54464	0.047057
C33C6_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	112	59	0.52679	0.047178
C33C6_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	112	59	0.52679	0.047178
C33C6_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	112	59	0.52679	0.047178
C33D6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	112	63	0.56250	0.046875
C33E6_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	112	60	0.53571	0.047125
C33E6_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	112	60	0.53571	0.047125
C33E6_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	112	60	0.53571	0.047125
C34Å-	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	636.	0.12733	0.004716
C34B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	622	0.12452	0.004672
C34C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	630	0.12613	0.004697
C34D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	547	0.10951	0.004418
C34E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	806	0.16136	0.005205
C34F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	1043	0.20881	0.005751
C34G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	523	0.10470	0.004332
C34J	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	734	0.14695	0.005010
C38	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	1076	0.21542	0.005817
D40A	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	751	0.15035	0.005057
D40B	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	867	0.17357	0.005359
D40C	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	1260	0.25225	0.006145
D40D	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995 4995	890	0.17818	0.005414 0.006316
D40E	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	1372	0.27467	0.005316
D40F	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	732	0.14655	
D40G	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	1214	0.24304	0.006069



ITEM		SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
D40H	D.	Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	1976	0.39560	0.006919
D43I		Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	1091	0.21842	0.005846
D43K		Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	1325	0.26527	0.006247
D45	D.	Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	575	0.11512	0.004516
E47B	Ε.	Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	595	0.11912	0.004583
E49	Ε.	F	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	765	0.15315	0.005096
F58A	F.		3. Q41 - Q60	4995	732	0.14655	0.005004
F58B	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	730	0.14615	0.004998
F59A	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	764	0.15295	0.005093
F59B	F.	,	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	803	0.16076	0.005197
F59C	F.	Ondie,	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	1279	0.25606	0.006175
F59D	F.		3. Q41 - Q60	4995	1116	0.22342	0.005894
F59E	F.	Onder	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	970	0.19419	0.005597
F59F	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	. 3. Q41 - Q60	4995	1103	0.22082	0.005869
F60A	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	3, Q41 - Q60	4995	823	0.16476	0.005249
F60B	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	876	0.17538	0.005381
F60C	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	796	0.15936	0.005179
F60D	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	769	0.15395	0.005107
F60E	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	881	0.17638	0.005393
F60F	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	817	0.16356	0.005233
F60H	F.	Onalb,	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	751	0.15035	0.005057
F60I	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	670	0.13413	0.004822



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ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	n nr	RATE	STDERR
B16B4	P Prof Rockground	1. Q1 - Q20	332 0	.0000000	0.000000
	B. Prof. Background B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20 1. Q1 - Q20	332 0	.0000000	0.000000
B16C4	0. Preface	1. Q1 - Q20 1. Q1 - Q20	4995 2	.0004004	0.000283
$\frac{1}{2}$		1. Q1 - Q20 1. Q1 - Q20	3531 2	.0005664	0.000400
B16A2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4907 4	.0008152	0.000407
B16C1	B. Prof. Background	2. Q21 - Q40	4526 4	.0008132	0.000442
C22A	C. Resp./Workload	1. Q1 - Q20	4995 5	.0010010	0.000442
A4 .	A. Employment	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 5	.0010010	0.000447
F51	F. Sociodem. Chars.		1977 2	.0010010	0.000715
B19B2	B. Prof. Background	-	1777 2	.0010110	0.000715
B16A3	B. Prof. Background	•	3531 4	.0011233	0.000755
B16C2	B. Prof. Background	•	3275 5	.0015267	0.000682
B19A1B	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20 1. Q1 - Q20	1777 3		0.000002
B16B3	B. Prof. Background		1145 2	.0017467	0.001234
B19C2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	3275 6	.0017487	0.001234
B19A2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20			0.000747
B19B4	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20			0.001011
C35B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1865 4		0.001071
B16C3	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	1777 4 3019 7		0.001124
C23B2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40			0.000875
C23B2F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3019 7		
C28	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995 12		0.000693
B16A1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4907 12		0.000705
B16B2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	3531 9		0.000849
C23A2F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4227 11		0.000784
C35B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	2610 7		0.001012
C23A2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4227 12		0.000818
B16A4	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	332 1		0.003008
B19B1B	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	1977 6		0.001237
B19B3	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	1977 6		0.001237
B19A1A	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	3275 10		0.000964
C35C3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1941 6		0.001260
C35C2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1432 5		0.001559
B19C3	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	1145 4		0.001744
B19C4	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	1145 4		0.001744
C23B1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3019 11		0.001097
B19B1A	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	1977 8		0.001428
C23C2D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1917 8		0.001472
C23C2F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1917 8		0.001472
B19A4	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	3275 15		0.001180
C35B6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1491 7		0.001770
C35B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1910 9		0.001567
B19A3	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	3275 16		0.001218
C35C1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	589 3		0.002933
A9	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	4995 26		0.001018
B16B1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4907 26		0.001036
A12A	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	4995 27		0.001037
C23A1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4227 23		0.001131
C35B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1824 10		0.001729
C23C1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1917 12	.0062598	0.001801

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ITEM	S	ECTION		THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C23B2E	С	. Resp./Workload	2	. Q21 - Q40	3019	20	0.006605	
C23D2D		. Resp./Workload		. Q21 - Q40	1036	20	0.006625	0.001476
C23D2F		. Resp./Workload	2	•	1036	7 7	0.006757	0.002545
A13A	Α		1		4995		0.006757	0.002545
F54	F		3		4718	34	0.006807	0.001163
B17	В		1	, , , , , , ,	4995	34 37	0.007206	0.001231
C23A2E	. с		2	•	4227	33	0.007407	0.001213
B19C1B	В		1		1145		0.007807	0.001354
B16E2	В		1		3531	9 28	0.007860	0.002610
C29	С		2		2515		0.007930	0.001493
C30	С		2		2515	22 22	0.008748	0.001857
B16E3	В	1 1/ 1	1		1777		0.008748	0.001857
F53A	F	. Sociodem. Chars.	3			16	0.009004	0.002241
C35C4	С		2	•	4995	45	0.009009	0.001337
C23D1B	С		2		864	8	0.009259	0.003258
B16E1	В	- F - / Z - 1 - Z - G - G	1	•	1036	10	0.009653	0.003038
C23C2E	С		2	, ,	4907	51	0.010393	0.001448
B19C1A	В		1		1917	20	0.010433	0.002321
C23D2A	С		2	•	1145	12	0.010480	0.003010
C23D2E	Ċ.		2.		1036	12	0.011583	0.003324
C23B3	C		2.		1036	12	0.011583	0.003324
F57A	F		3.		3019	35	0.011593	0.001948
C23C2A		Resp./Workload	2.		4995	59	0.011812	0.001529
C36C	Ċ.		2.		1917	24	0.012520	0.002539
C23B2C	C.		2.		4995	63	0.012613	0.001579
C36D	C.		2.		3019	39	0.012918	0.002055
C23C2C	C.		2.		4995	65	0.013013	0.001604
C23E2D	C.		2.		1917	25	0.013041	0.002591
C23E2F	C:	-F ./	2.		443	6	0.013544	0.005492
C23B2A	C.		2.	•	443	6	0.013544	0.005492
A11 1	Α.	Employment		•	3019	41	0.013581	0.002106
A11 2	Α.	Employment	1.	• •	4995	69	0.013814	0.001651
A11 3	Α.	Employment	1.	• •	4995	69	0.013814	0.001651
A11 4	Α.	Employment	1.	Q1 - Q20	4995	69	0.013814	0.001651
A11 5	Α.	Employment	1.	Q1 - Q20	4995	69	0.013814	0.001651
A11 6	Α.	Employment	1. 1.	Q1 - Q20	4995	69	0.013814	0.001651
A11 7		Employment		Q1 - Q20	4995	69	0.013814	0.001651
C36B		Resp./Workload		Q1 - Q20	4995	69	0.013814	0.001651
C35B5		Resp./Workload		Q21 - Q40	4995	70	0.014014	0.001663
C23A3	c.	Resp./Workload		Q21 - Q40	704	10	0.014205	0.004460
2		Preface		Q21 - Q40	4227	62	0.014668	0.001849
- 236A		Resp./Workload		Q1 - Q20	4995	74	0.014815	0.001709
C23A2C		Resp./Workload		Q21 - Q40	4995	75	0.015015	0.001721
F54AA		Sociodem. Chars.		Q21 - Q40	4227	66	0.015614	0.001907
C23C3		Resp./Workload		Q41 - Q60	256	4	0.015625	0.007751
C23A2A		Resp./Workload		Q21 - Q40	1917	30	0.015649	0.002835
F56A	F.			Q21 - Q40	4227	70	0.016560	0.001963
3	0.	Preface		Q41 - Q60	4995	85	0.017017	0.001830
C23D3		Resp./Workload		Q1 - Q20	4995	86	0.017217	0.001841
	٥.	Wesh' \ MOLKTOWG	2.	•	1036	18	0.017375	0.004059
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ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
A7	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	89	0.017818	0.001872
C23E1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	443	8	0.018059	0.006327
C23E1B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1036	20	0.019305	0.004275
C23D2C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	100	0.020020	0.001982
C37AA	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	101	0.020220	0.001992
C37AR C37AB	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	101	0.020220	0.001992
C37AB	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	101	0.020220	0.001992
C37AC	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	101	0.020220	0.001992
C23E2E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	443	9	0.020316	0.006703
F52A	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	102	0.020420	0.002001
C37AF	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	103	0.020621	0.002011
B20A3	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	104	0.020821	0.002020
B20A3 B20A7	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	104	0.020821	0.002020
B20A7 B20A9	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	105	0.021021	0.002030
B20A3	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	105	0.021021	0.002030
B20R14 B20B3	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	105	0.021021	0.002030
B20B3 B20B7	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	105	0.021021	0.002030
B20B7 B20A13	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	106	0.021221	0.002039
B20B9	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	106	0.021221	0.002039
B20B9 B20B14	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	106	0.021221	0.002039
B20B14 B20A4	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	107	0.021421	0.002049
B20A4 B20A6	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	107	0.021421	0.002049
B20A8	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	107	0.021421	0.002049
B20A3	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	107	0.021421	0.002049
B20B13	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	107	0.021421	0.002049
C21A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	107	0.021421	0.002049
C21B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	107	0.021421	0.002049
C21B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	107	0.021421	0.002049
C21B5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	107	0.021421	0.002049
C21B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	107	0.021421	0.002049
B20A5	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	108	0.021622	0.002058
B20B4	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	108	0.021622	0.002058
B20B4 B20B6	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	108	0.021622	0.002058
B20B8	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	108	0.021622	0.002058
B20B1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	108	0.021622	0.002058
C21A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	108	0.021622	0.002058
C21A6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	108	0.021622	0.002058
C21B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	108	0.021622	0.002058
F53AA	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	277	6	0.021661	0.008747
B20A10	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	109	0.021822	0.002067
B20B5	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	109	0.021822	0.002067
C21A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	109	0.021822	0.002067
B20A2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	110	0.022022	0.002076
B20B2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	110	0.022022	0.002076
B20B2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	110	0.022022	0.002076
C23D2B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1036	23	0.022201	0.004578
B20A11	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	111	0.022222	0.002086
C21A5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	111	0.022222	0.002086
B20B11	B. Prof. Background	•	4995	112	0.022422	0.002095
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C37BD	С	. Resp./Workload	2	. Q21 - Q4	0 4995	113	0.022623	0.000107
E48	E			. Q41 - Q6			0.022623	0.002104
C37BB	С	. Resp./Workload		Q21 - Q4		114	0.022823	0.002104 0.002113
C37BC		. Resp./Workload		Q21 - Q4		114	0.022823	0.002113
C37BF		. Resp./Workload		Q21 - Q4		114	0.022823	0.002113
F56C	F	. Sociodem. Chars.		Q41 - Q6		17	0.022849	0.002113
C23C2B	С	. Resp./Workload	2.			44	0.022953	0.003478
C37BE	C	. Resp./Workload		Q21 - Q4		115	0.023023	0.003420
C37BA	C	Resp./Workload	2.	Q21 - Q4		116	0.023223	0.002122
F55	F.	only	3.	Q41 - Q6		117	0.023423	0.002131
C22		Resp./Workload	2.	Q21 - Q4	0 4995	118	0.023624	0.002149
B20A1	В.		1.	Q1 - Q2	0 4995	121	0.024224	0.002175
B20B1		Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q2	0 4995	121	0.024224	0.002175
C23E2A		Resp./Workload		Q21 - Q4	0 443	11	0.024831	0.007393
C23E2B		Resp./Workload	2.			11	0.024831	0.007393
D401		Job Satisfaction		Q21 - Q4		125	0.025025	0.002210
F52B		Sociodem. Chars.		Q41 - Q6		125	0.025025	0.002210
C23A2G		Resp./Workload		Q21 - Q4		106	0.025077	0.002405
D42	D.	Job Satisfaction	3.	Q41 - Q6	0 4995	126	0.025225	0.002219
B18	В.	Prof. Background	1.	, ,-	0 2044	52	0.025440	0.003483
D46		Job Satisfaction		Q41 - Q6		128	0.025626	0.002236
C23B2G		Resp./Workload	2.	•	0 3019	78	0.025836	0.002887
B18C	В.	0,	1.			54	0.026419	0.003547
E47P9	Ε.	r		Q41 - Q6		133	0.026627	0.002278
E50	Ε.		3.			134	0.026827	0.002286
B18B		Prof. Background	1.	•	0 2044	55	0.026908	0.003579
C23E3		Resp./Workload	2.	•		12	0.027088	0.007713
C21A1		Resp./Workload	2.			141	0.028228	0.002343
C21B1		Resp./Workload	2.			142	0.028428	0.002352
C35C6		Resp./Workload	2.	• •		7	0.028571	0.010644
C23C2G	C.		2.			56	0.029212	0.003846
C23E2C		Resp./Workload	2.	•		13	0.029345	0.008019
B18A	В.	Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q20		61	0.029843	0.003764
B16E4 C23B2B	В.	Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q20		10	0.030120	0.009380
B17A		Resp./Workload	2.	Q21 - Q40		93	0.030805	0.003145
C35C5		Prof. Background	1.	Q1 - Q20	_	69	0.033757	0.003995
C23D2G		Resp./Workload		Q21 - Q40		6	0.035503	0.014234
D41E-		Resp./Workload		Q21 - Q40		40	0.038610	0.005986
C23A2B		Job Satisfaction		Q41 - Q60		195	0.039039	0.002741
D41A		Resp./Workload Job Satisfaction		Q21 - Q40		180	0.042583	0.003106
D41C		Job Satisfaction		Q41 - Q60		224	0.044845	0.002928
D41D		Job Satisfaction		Q41 - Q60		226	0.045245	0.002941
1A		Preface		Q41 - Q60		244	0.048849	0.003050
D41B		Job Satisfaction		Q1 - Q20		235	0.049968	0.003177
D43C		Job Satisfaction		Q41 - Q60		251	0.050250	0.003091
D43A		Job Satisfaction		Q41 - Q60		253	0.050651	0.003103
D43E		Job Satisfaction		Q41 - Q60		258	0.051652	0.003132
A7A	Α.			Q41 - Q60		259	0.051852	0.003137
×* = *		-mp10jmene	Ι.	Q1 - Q20	1729	91	0.052632	0. 0 05370



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D43D	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 266	0.053253	0.003177
C23E2G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	443 24	0.054176	0.010755
D43J	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 271	0.054254	0.003205
D430	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 284	0.056857	0.003277
F60G	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 296	0.059259	0.003341
D44	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 300	0.060060	0.003362
F59G	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 302	0.060460	0.003372
D43B	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 309	0.061862	0.003409
D43H	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 312	0.062462	0.003424
D43L	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 341	0.068268	0.003569
E470	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 345	0.069069	0.003588
E47E	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 349	0.069870	0.003607
E47H	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 352	0.070470	0.003621
E47L	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 352	0.070470	0.003621
E47F	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 354	0.070871	0.003631
E47K	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 354	0.070871	0.003631
E47J	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 355	0.071071	0.003636
E47M	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 356	0.071271	0.003640
E47I	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 358	0.071672	0.003650
E47G	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 359	0.071872	0.003654
E47N	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 359	0.071872	0.003654
E47D	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 361	0.072272	0.003664
E47C	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 370	0.074074	0.003706
D39C	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995 371	0.074274	0.003710
D39D	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995 377	0.075475	0.003738
D39E	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995 379	0.075876	0.003747
D39F	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995 382	0.076476	0.003760
C24A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3435 264	0.076856	0.004545
C24B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3435 264	0.076856	0.004545
C24C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3435 264	0.076856	0.004545
C24D	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3435 264	0.076856	0.004545
C24E	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3435 2,64	0.076856	0.004545
D39A	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995 385		0.003774
D43M	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995 385	0.077077	0.003774
C24F	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3435 265	0.077147	0.004553
C24G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3435 265	0.077147	0.004553
C24H	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3435 265	0.077147	0.004553
C24I	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3435 265	0.077147	0.004553
B15_1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995 388	0.077678	0.003787
B15_2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995 388		0.003787
B15_3	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995 388 4995 388	0.077678 0.077678	0.003787 0.003787
B15_4	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995 388 4995 388	0.077678	0.003787
B15_5	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995 388		0.003787
B15_6	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995 388		0.003787
B15_7	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995 388		0.003787
B15_8	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20 1. Q1 - Q20	4995 388		0.003787
B15_9 B15_10	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20 1. Q1 - Q20	4995 388		0.003787
	B. Prof. Background	2. Q21 - Q40	4995 389		0.003792
D39B	D. Job Satisfaction	2. 421 - 440	4,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0.077070	0.000/72

Faculty Questionnaire: CATI RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates, Sorted by RATE.
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses
 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C24J	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3435	268	0.07802	0.004576
C24K	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3435	268	0.07802	0.004576 0.004576
C35A1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	392	0.07848	0.004376
C35A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	392	0.07848	0.003805
C35A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	392	0.07848	0.003805
C35A6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	392	0.07848	0.003805
C35A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	393	0.07868	0.003809
C35A5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	394	0.07888	0.003814
D43G	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	396	0.07928	0.003823
B14_1	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	397	0.07948	0.003827
B14_2	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	397	0.07948	0.003827
B14_3	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	397	0.07948	0.003827
B14_4	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	397	0.07948	0.003827
B14_5	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	397	0.07948	0.003827
B14_6	B. Prof. Background	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	397	0.07948	0.003827
F57C	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	346	29	0.08382	0.014898
C26	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	419	0.08388	0.003922
D43F	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	420	0.08408	0.003927
C34H	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	, 4995	434	0.08689	0.003985
E47A	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	435	0.08709	0.003990
E47P1	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	449	0.08989	0.004047
E47P2	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	449	0.08989	0.004047
E47P3	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	449	0.08989	0.004047
E47P4	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	449	0.08989	0.004047
E47P5	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	449	0.08989	0.004047
E47P6	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	449	0.08989	0.004047
E47P7	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	449	0.08989	0.004047
E47P8	E. Compensation	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	449	0.08989	0.004047
C34K	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	450	0.09009	0.004051
C34I C34L	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	455	0.09109	0.004071
C27	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	485	0.09710	0.004189
C27	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	497	0.09950	0.004235
C34G	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	523	0.10470	0.004332
D45	C. Resp./Workload D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	547	0.10951	0.004418
C23D4	D. Job Satisfaction C. Resp./Workload	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	575	0.11512	0.004516
E47B	<u> </u>	2. Q21 - Q40	1036	120	0.11583	0.009943
C23E4	E. CompensationC. Resp./Workload	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	595	0.11912	0.004583.
C23C4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	443	54	0.12190	0.015544
C23B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	1917	235	0.12259	0.007491
C34B	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	3019	3 7.3	0.12355	0.005989
C34C	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	622	0.12452	0.004672
C34A	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	630	0.12613	0.004697
A8	A. Employment	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	636	0.12733	0.004716
C24	C. Resp./Workload	1. Q1 - Q20	3298	420	0.12735	0.005805
A6	A. Employment	2. Q21 - Q40	4344	570	0.13122	0.005123
A5	A. Employment	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	660	0.13213	0.004791
F60I	F. Sociodem. Chars.	1. Q1 - Q20	4995	666	0.13333	0.004810
C23A4	C. Resp./Workload	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	670	0.13413	0.004822
,-	, "orkload	2. Q21 - Q40	4227	575	0.13603	0.005273

1. Faculty Questionnaire: CATI RESPONDENTS
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 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
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 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM		SECTION		THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
A4AA	Α.	Employment	1.	Q1 - Q20	1599	218	0.13634	0.008581
A4AB	Α.	Employment .	1.	Q1 - Q20	1599	218	0.13634	0.008581
A4AC	Α.	Employment	1.	Q1 - Q20	1599	219	0.13696	0.008598
A4AD	Α.	Employment	1.	Q1 - Q20	1599	219	0.13696	0.008598
A4AE	Α.	Employment	1.	Q1 - Q20	1599	219	0.13696	0.008598
A4AF	Α.	Employment	i.	Q1 - Q20	1599	219	0.13696	0.008598
A10	Α.	Employment	1.	Q1 - Q20	4943	697	0.14101	0.004950
F58B	F.		3.	Q41 - Q60	4995	730	0.14615	0.004998
D40F	D.	Job Satisfaction	2.	Q21 - Q40	4995	732	0.14655	0.005004
F58A	F.	·	3.	Q41 - Q60	4995	732	0.14655	0.005004
C34J	C.		2.	Q21 - Q40	4995	734	0.14695	0.005010
C33A2	C.		2.	Q21 - Q40	846	125	0.14775	0.012200
C33A3	C.		2.	Q21 - Q40	846	125	0.14775	0.012200
C33A4	C.	Resp./Workload	2.	Q21 - Q40	846	125	0.14775	0.012200
C33A5	C.	Resp./Workload	2.	Q21 - Q40	846	125	0.14775	0.012200
C33A1	C.		2.	Q21 - Q40	845	125	0.14793	0.012213
C33A6	Ċ.		2.	Q21 - Q40	844	125	0.14810	0.012227
D40A	D.		2.	Q21 - Q40	. 4995	751	0.15035	0.005057
F60H	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	- 3.	Q41 - Q60	4995	751	0.15035	0.005057
F59A	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	3:	Q41 - Q60	4995	764	0.15295	0.005093
E49	Ε.	Compensation	3.	Q41 - Q60	4995	765	0.15315	0.005096
F60D	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	,3.	Q41 - Q60	4995	769	0.15395	0.005107
F60C	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	3.		4995	796	0.15936	0.005179
F59B	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	³ .	Q41 - Q60	4995	803	0.16076	0.005197
C34E	С.	Resp./Workload	. 2.	Q21 - Q40	4995	806	0.16136	0.005205
F60F	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	3.		4995	817	0.16356	0.005233
F60A	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	3.	Q41 - Q60	4995	823	0:16476	0.005249
D40B	D.	Job Satisfaction	2.	Q21 - Q40	4995	867	0.17357	0.005359
F60B	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	3.	Q41 - Q60	4995	876	0.17538	0.005381
F60E	F.	Sociodem. Chars.	3.	. Q41 - Q60	4995	881	0.17638	0.005393
D40D	D.	Job Satisfaction	2.	Q21 - Q40	4995	890	0.17818	0.005414
C33C1 1	С.	Resp./Workload	2.	. Q21 - Q40	322	60	0.18634	0.021699
C33C1 2	C.	Resp./Workload	2 .	. Q21 - Q40	322	60	0.18634	0.021699
C33C1 3	С.	Resp./Workload	2 .		. 322	60	0.18634	0.021699
C33E5 1	С.	Resp./Workload	2 .		342	64	0.18713	0.021090
C33E5 2	С.	Resp./Workload	2		342	64	0.18713	0.021090
C33E5 3	С.	Resp./Workload		. Q21 - Q40	342	64	0.18713	0.021090
C33C5_1	С.	Resp./Workload	2	. Q21 - Q40	342	66	0.19298	0.021340
C33C5_2	С.	. Resp./Workload	2		. 342	66	0.19298	0.021340
C33C5_3		. Resp./Workload		. Q21 - Q40	342	66	0.19298	0.021340
F59E		. Sociodem. Chars.	3		4995	970	0.19419	0.005597
C33E1_1	C	. Resp./Workload		. Q21 - Q40	322	63	0.19565	0.022107
C33E1_2	C	. Resp./Workload		. Q21 - Q40	322	63	0.19565	0.022107
C33E1_3		. Resp./Workload	2		322	63	0.19565	0.022107
C33E2_1		. Resp./Workload	2		306	61	0.19935	0.022838
C33E2_2		. Resp./Workload	2		306	61	0.19935	0.022838
C33E2_3	Ċ	. Resp./Workload		. Q21 - Q40	306	61	0.19935	0.022838
C34F		. Resp./Workload		. Q21 - Q40	4995	1043	0.20881	0.005751
C33B5	С	. Resp./Workload	2	. Q21 - Q40	342	72	0.21053	0.022045
6.18								

Faculty Questionnaire: CATI RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates, Sorted by RATE
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses
 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C33C2 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	306	65	0.21242	0 003300
C33C2 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	306	65	0.21242	0.023382
C33C2 ⁻ 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	306	65	0.21242	0.023382
C38 _	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	1076	0.21542	0.025382
D43I	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	1091	0.21842	0.005846
F59F	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	1103	0.22082	0.005869
F59D	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	1116	0.22342	0.005894
C33B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	306	73	0.23856	0.024364
C33B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	321	78	0.24299	0.023938
D40G	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	1214	0.24304	0.006069
D40C	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	1260	0.25225	0.006145
F59C	F. Sociodem. Chars.	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	1279	0.25606	0.006175
C33D1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	322	83	0.25776	0.024376
D43K	D. Job Satisfaction	3. Q41 - Q60	4995	1325	0.26527	0.006247
D40E	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	1372	0.27467	0.006316
C33D2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	305	84	0.27541	0.025579
C33D5	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	339	95	0.28024	0.024393
C33E4_1 C33E4 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	184	56	0.30435	0.033921
C33E4_2 C33E4_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	184	56	0.30435	0.033921
C33C3 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	184	56	0.30435	0.033921
C33C3_1 C33C3_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	194	62	0.31959	0.033480
C33C3_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	194	62	0.31959	0.033480
C33E3_3	<pre>C. Resp./Workload C. Resp./Workload</pre>	2. Q21 - Q40	194	62	0.31959	0.033480
C33E3_1	C. Resp./Workload C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	194	62	0.31959	0.033480
C33E3_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	194	62	0.31959	0.033480
C33C4 1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	194	62	0.31959	0.033480
C33C4 2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	184	60	0.32609	0.034559
C33C4 3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	184 184	60 60	0.32609	0.034559
C33B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	194	60 64	0.32609	0.034559
C33B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 2. Q21 - Q40	184	63	0.32990 0.34239	0.033757
C33D4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	184	68	0.34239	0.034981
D40H	D. Job Satisfaction	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	1976	0.38937	0.035584 0.006919
C33D3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	193	77	0.39896	0.005919
C33C6_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	112	59	0.52679	0.033248
C33C6_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	112	59	0.52679	0.047178
C33C6_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	112	59	0.52679	0.047178
C25A1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2654	0.53133	0.007061
C25A4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2657	0.53193	0.007060
C25A2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2660	0.53253	0.007060
C25A3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2660	0.53253	0.007060
C25B4	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2666	0.53373	0.007058
C33E6_1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	112	60	0.53571	0.047125
C33E6_2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	112	60	0.53571	0.047125
C33E6_3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	112	60	0.53571	0.047125
C25B2	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2687	0.53794	0.007054
C25B3	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2689	0.53834	0.007054
C25B1	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	4995	2697	0.53994	0.007052
C33B6	C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40	112	61	0.54464	0.047057

1. Faculty Questionnaire: CATI RESPONDENTS
 Item Nonresponse Rates, Sorted by RATE
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses
 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	. N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C33D6 C31 C32	C. Resp./Workload C. Resp./Workload C. Resp./Workload	2. Q21 - Q40 ·	2515	1734	0.68946	0.009227

Appendix J

Critical Items and Nonresponse: 1993 NSOPF Institution Questionnaire

Item Nonresponse Rates, Critical Items

Item Nonresponse Rates, Total Respondents

Item Nonresponse Rates, Greater Than 20 Percent

Item Nonresponse Rates, Greater Than 10 Percent

Item Nonresponse Rates, Sorted by Rate



Item Nonresponse Rates, Critical Items



NSOPF-93 Critical Items

Institution Questionnaire

A1A	Current percentage of full-time instructional faculty/staff
A1B	Current percentage of part-time instructional faculty/staff
A1C	Current percentage of full-time non-instructional faculty/staff
A1D	Current percentage of full-time non-instructional faculty/staff
B2A	Current total permanent full-time instructional faculty/staff
B2B	Current total permanent full-time instructional faculty/staff hired in last year
B2C	No. of permanent full-time instructional faculty/staff who retired in last year
B2D	No. of permanent full-time instructional faculty/staff downsized in the last yr.
B2E	No. of perm. full-time instr. faculty/staff who left for any reason in last year
B2F	Total permanent full-time instructional faculty/staff one year ago
B6A	Current number of tenured faculty
B6B	Current number of tenure-track faculty
B6C	Tenured faculty one year ago
B14	Average percentage of instructional faculty/staff salary contributed to benefits
C30	Avg. percentage of non-instructional faculty/staff salary contributed to benefits



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Institution Questionnaire: CRITICAL ITEMS
 Item Nonresponse Rates of 283 Items,
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses
 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
AlA	A. Preface	1. Pre - Q14	872	0	0.000000	0.000000
A1B	A. Preface	1. Pre - Q14	872	10	0.011468	0.003606
A1C	A. Preface	1. Pre - Q14	872	13	0.014908	0.004104
A1D	A. Preface	1. Pre - Q14	872	26	0.029817	0.005760
B2A	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	0	0.00000	0.000000
B2B	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	46	0.052813	0.007578
B2C	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	51	0.058553	0.007955
B2D	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	51	0.058553	0.007955
B2E	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	64	0.073479	0.008841
B2F	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	29	0.033295	0.006079
B6A	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	16	0.022039	0.005449
B6B	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	28	0.038567	0.007147
B6C	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	32	0.044077	0.007618
B14	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	36	0.041332	0.006745
C30	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	557	32	0.057451	0.009860

Item Nonresponse Rates, Total Respondents



1. Institution Questionnaire:
 Item Nonresponse Rates of 283 Items,
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses
RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
AC1	A. Preface	1. Pre - Q14	872	65	0.07454	0.008894
AC2	A. Preface	1. Pre - Q14	872	53	0.06078	0.008091
AC3	A. Preface	1. Pre - Q14	872	82	0.09404	0.009884
AC4	A. Preface	1. Pre - Q14	87.2	47	0.05390	0.007647
AC5	A. Preface	1. Pre - Q14	872	177	0.20298	0.013621
AC6	A. Preface	1. Pre - Q14	872	172	0.19725	0.013475
AlA	A. Preface	1. Pre - Q14	872	0	0.00000	0.000000
AlB	A. Preface	1. Pre - Q14	872	10	0.01147	0.003606
AlC	A. Preface	1. Pre - Q14	872	13	0.01491	0.004104
AlD	A. Preface	1. Pre - Q14	872	26	0.02982	0.005760
B2A	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	0 -	0.00000	0.000000
B2B	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	46	0.05281	0.007578
B2C	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	51	0.05855	0.007955
B2D	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	51	0.05855	0.007955
B2E	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	64	0.07348	0.008841
B2F	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	29	0.03330	0.006079
В3	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	121	0.13892	0.011719
В4	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	50	0.05741	0.007882
B4A	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	288	89	0.30903	0.027229
В5	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	0	0.00000	0.000000
B6A	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	16	0.02204	0.005449
в6В	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	28	0.03857	0.007147
B6C	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	32	0.04408	0.007618
B6D	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	45	0.06198	0.008949
B7A	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	56	0.07713	0.009902
B7B	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	42	0.05785	0.008665
B7C	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	89	0.12259	0.012172
B8A	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	86	0.11846	0.011993
B8B	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	60	0.08264	0.010219
B9A	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	35	0.04821	0.007950
B9B	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	37	0.05096	0.008162
B10A	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	19	0.02617	0.005925
BlOB	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	18	0.02479	0.005771
B10C	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	22	0.03030	0.006362
B11	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	16	0.01837	0.004550
BllA	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	498	85	0.17068	0.016859
B12A	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre – Q14	871	10	0.01148	0.003610
B12A1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	654	25	0.03823	0.007498
B12B	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	14	0.01607	0.004261
B12B1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	493	17	0.03448	0.008218
B12C	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	13	0.01493	0.004109
B12C1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	534	34	0.06367	0.010566
B12D	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	13	0.01493	0.004109
B12D1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	150	20	0.13333	0.027756



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ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N NR	RATE	STDERR
B12E	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871 12	0.01378	0.003950
B12E1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	258 19	0.07364	0.016261
B13A	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871 5	0.00574	0.002560
B13A1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	460 13	0.02826	0.007727
B13B	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871 6	0.00689	0.002803
B13B1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	866 44	0.05081	0.007463
B13C	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871 6	0.00689	0.002803
B13C1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	775 30	0.03871	0.006929
B13D	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871 5		0.002560
B13D1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	807 38	0.04709	0.007457
B13E	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871 5	0.00574	0.002560
B13E1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	834 49	0.05875	0.008143
B13F	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871 6	0.00689	0.002803
B13F1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	523 24	0.04589	0.009150
B13G	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871 5	0.00574	0.002560
B13G1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	538 24	0.04461	0.008900
B13H	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871 5	0.00574	0.002560
B13H1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	342 8	0.02339	0.008173
B13I	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871 6	0.00689	0.002803
B13I1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	102 9	0.08824	0.028084
B13J	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871 5	0.00574	0.002560
B13J1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	119 8	0.06723	0.022955
B13K	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871 7	0.00804	0.003025
B13K1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	568 16	0.02817	0.006942
B13L	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14.	871 7	0.00804	0.003025
B13L1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	771 60	0.07782	0.009648
B13M	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871 6	0.00689	0.002803
B13M1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	614 45	0.07329	0.010517
B13N	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871 7	0.00804	0.003025
B13N1	B. FT Instructional	 Pre - Q14 	698 47	0.06734	0.009485
B130	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871 6	0.00689	0.002803
B1301	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	237 27	0.11392	0.020638
B14	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871 36	0.04133	0.006745
. B15	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	871 26	0.02985	0.005766
B16A	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	574 9	0.01568	0.005185
B16A1	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	308 11	0.03571	0.010574
B16B	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	574 8	0.01394	0.004893
B16B1	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	504 28	0.05556	0.010203
B16C	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	574 10	0.01742	0.005461
B16C1	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	436 23	0.05275	0.010706
B16D	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	574 12	0.02091	0.005972
B16D1	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	413 27	0.06538	0.012163
B16E	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	574 12	0.02091	0.005972
B16E1	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	430 34	0.07907	0.013013



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ITEM			SECTION	1	THIRD		N	NR	RATE	STDERR
B16F	R	гт	Instructional	2. 0	215 -	029	574	8	0.01394	0.004893
B16F1	В.		Instructional		215 -		238	19	0.07983	0.017568
B16G	В.		Instructional		215 -	Q29	574	-8	0.01394	0.004893
B16G1	В.		Instructional		Q15 -	-	232	18	0.07759	0.017564
B16H	В.		Instructional			Q29	574	8	0.01394	0.004893
B16H1	В.	FT	Instructional			Q29	236	9	0.03814	0.012467
B16I	В.	FT	Instructional			Q29	574	8	0.01394	0.004893
B16I1	В.	FT	Instructional			Q29	41	10	0.24390	0°.067066
B16J	В.	FT	Instructional		Q15 -	Q29	574	7	0.01220	0.004581
B16J1	В.	FT	Instructional		Q15 -	Q29	68	9	0.13235	0.041095
B16K	В.	FT	Instructional		Q15 -	Q29	574	7	0.01220	0.004581
B16K1	В.	FT	Instructional		Q15 -	Q29	391	19	0.04859	0.010874
B16L	В.	FT	Instructional		Q15 -	Q29	574	15	0.02613	0.006659
B16L1	В.	FT	Instructional		Q15 -	Q29	369	40	0.10840	0.016184
B16L1 B16M	В.	FT	Instructional			-	574	16	0.02787	0.006871
B16M1	В.	FT	Instructional			Q29	325	35	0.10769	0.017195
	.в. В.	FT	Instructional			Q29	574	16	0.02787	0.006871
B16N					Q15 -		252	30	0.11905	0.020400
B16N1	В. В.	FT	Instructional			Q29	574°	7	0.01220	0.004581
B160	В.		Instructional			Q29	118	20 20	0.16949	0.034539
B1601			Instructional			Q29	871	77	0.08840	0.009619
B17	В.		Instructional			Q29	871	21	0.02411	0.005197
B18A	В.		Instructional		Q15 -	029	871	88	0.10103	0.010212
B18B	В.				Q15 -		871	80	0.09185	0.009786
B18C	В.		Instructional		Q15 - Q15 -		871	149	0.17107	0.012760
B18D	В.		Instructional			Q29	871	27	0.03100	0.005873
B18E	. В.				Q15 -	Q29	871	30	0.03444	0.006179
B18F	В.		=		Q15 -		871	51	0.05855	0.007955
B18G	В.				Q15 -		871	84	0.09644	0.010002
B18H	В.	FT	_		Q15 -	-	871	115	0.13203	0.011471
B18I ,	В.	FT			Q15 -		871	7	0.00804	0.003025
B19	В.				Q15 -	-	317	23	0.07256	0.014570
B19A	В.	FT FT	•		Q15 -	-	557	46	0.08259	0.011663
C20A	C.		,		Q15 -		557	90	0.16158	0.015595
C20B	C.		=		Q15 -		. 557	97	0.17415	0.016069
C20C	C.		Non-instruct.		Q15 -	•	557	97	0.17415	0.016069
C20D	C.		Non-instruct.		Q15 -		557	101	0.18133	0.016325
C20E			Non-instruct.		Q15 -		557	69	0.12388	0.013959
C20F			Non-instruct.		Q15 -		557	14	0.02513	0.006633
C21			Non-instruct.				322	35	0.02313	0.000033
C22A			Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q15 -		322 322	43 [°]	0.10870	0.017346
C22B	C.		Non-instruct.		•	-	322	43	0.13354	0.018956
C22C	C.		Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q15 -		322 322	43 47	0.13534	0.018936
C22D	Ċ.		Non-instruct.				322	36	0.14396	0.017561
C23A	С.	FT	Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 -	Q29	. 322	20	0.11160	0.01/301



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ITEM		SECTION		THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C23B	C. F.	T Non-instruct.	2	Q15 - Q2	9 322	. 30	0.09317	0.016198
C23C		I Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q2		40	0.09317	0.018198
C24A		I Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q2			0.12422	0.010301
C24B		I Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q2		46	0.14286	0.019501
C25A		I Non-instruct.	2.			40	0.12422	0.019301
C25B		Non-instruct.	2.			41	0.12733	0.018576
C26A		Non-instruct.	2.			34	0.10559	0.018376
C26B		Non-instruct.	2.			32	0.09938	0.01/126
C26C		Non-instruct.	2.			34	0.10559	0.013072
C27		Non-instruct.	2.			34	0.06104	0.017126
C27A		Non-instruct.	2.			7 8	0.27957	0.016144
C28A		Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q2		23	0.04129	0.008430
C28A1		Non-instruct.	2.			34	0.07963	0.013101
C28B		Non-instruct.	2.			26	0.04668	0.008938
C28B1	C. F7	Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q2		31	0.09145	0.015655
C28C	C. FT	Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q29		22	0.03950	0.008253
C28C1		Non-instruct.	2.			34	0.09770	0.015916
C28D	C. FI	Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29		27	0.04847	0.009100
C28D1		Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q29		30	0.26549	0.041541
C28E		Non-instruct.	2.			27	0.04847	0.009100
C28E1		Non-instruct.	2.			33	0.19298	0.030179
C29A		Non-instruct.	2.			16	0.02873	0.007077
C29A1		Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29	307	20	0.06515	0.014085
C29B		Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29	557	16	0.02873	0.007077
C29B1		Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29	553	46	0.08318	0.011743
C29C		Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29	557	16	0.02873	0.007077
C29C1		Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29	497	31	0.06237	0.010848
C29D		Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29	557	18	0.03232	0.007493
C29D1		Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29	521	39	0.07486	0.011529
C29E	C. FI	Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29	557	16	0.02873	0.007077
C29E1	C. FI	Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29	534	42	0.07865	0.011649
C29F		Non-instruct.	2.	· · · ·		16	0.02873	0.007077
C29F1		Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q29		29	0.08430	0.014980
C29G		Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q29		16	0.02873	0.007077
C29G1		Non-instruct.	2.			28	0.08092	0.014662
C29H		Non-instruct.	2.	•		16	0.02873	0.007077
C29H1		Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q29		20	0.08929	0.019053
C29I		Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q29		16	0.02873	0.007077
C29I1		Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q29		18	0.23377	0.048231
C29J		Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q29		16	0.02873	0.007077
C29J1		Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q29		19	0.20213	0.041421
C29K		Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q29		17	0.03052	0.007289
C29K1		Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q29		23	0.06085	0.012295
C29L	C. FT	Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29	557	17	0.03052	0.007289



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ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
		0 015 000	4.03	E /.	0.11180	0.014339
C29L1	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	483 .557	54 17	0.11180	0.014339
C29M	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	388	42	0.03032	0.007289
C29M1	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	20	0.10023	0.007884
C29N	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	440	41	0.03391	0.013858
C29N1	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	18	0.03318	0.007493
C290	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	157	22	0.03232	0.007493
C2901	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29		32	0.14013	0.009860
C30	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	557 ·557	32 47	0.03743	0.003000
C31	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43		30	0.08438	0.011777
C32A	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	311	34	0.09040	0.030366
C32A1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	172	29	0.19767	0.016489
C32B	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	311		0.09323	0.021694
C32B1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	272	41	0.13074	0.016741
C32C	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	311	· 30		0.022135
C32C1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	254	37	0.14567 0.09646	0.022133
C32D	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	311	30		0.018741
C32D1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	239	38	0.15900	. 0.016987
C32E	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	311	31	0.09968	0.023903
C32E1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	247	42	0.17004	
C32F	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	311	30	0.09646	0.016741 0.035999
C32F1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	146	37	0.25342	
C32G	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	311	30	0.09646	0.016741
C32G1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	149	39	0.26174	0.036012
C32H	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	311	29	0.09325	0.016489
C32H1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	144	31	0.21528	0.034251 0.016489
C32I	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	311	29	0.09325	0.016469
C32I1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	45	29	0.64444	0.071338
C32J	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	311	29	0.09325	0.016489
C32J1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	67	30	0.44776	0.016489
C32K	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	311	29	0.09325	0.016469
C32K1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	228	33	0.14474	0.023301
C32L	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	311	32	0.10289	0.017228
C32L1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	220	47	0.21364	0.027634
C32M	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	311	33	0.10611	0.017464
C32M1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	196	46	0.23469	0.030272
C32N	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	311	32	0.10289	0.017228
C32N1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	159	41	0.25786	
C320	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	311	29	0.09325	0.016489
C3201	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	80	31	0.38750	0.054468
C33	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	530	163	0.30755	0.020045 0.028615
C33A	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	297	173	0.58249	
D34	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	16	0.01865	0.004618
D35A	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	480	27	0.05625	0.010516 0.018222
D35A1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	293	32	0.10922	0.010222



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STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM		SECTION		THIRD		N	NR	RATE	STDERR
D35B	D. PT	instructional	3	Q30 -	043	480	32	0.06667	0.011386
D35B1		instructional	3.	•	•	256	. 35	0.13672	0.011388
D35C		instructional	3.	•		480	25	0.15072	0.021472
D35C1		instructional	3.			321	38	0.03208	0.010142
D35D		instructional	3.			480	29	0.06042	0.010031
D35D1		instructional	3.	-		78	31	0.39744	0.055410
D35E		instructional	3.	Q30 -		480	27	0.05625	0.010516
D35E1	and the second second	instructional	3.			138	30	0.21739	0.035112
D36		instructional		Q30 -		858	13	0.01515	0.004170
D37A		instructional	3.	-	Q43	499	23	0.04609	0.009387
D37A1		instructional	3.	-		237	26	0.10970	0.020300
D37B		instructional	3.	Q30 -		499	23	0.04609	0.009387
D37B1		instructional	3.	Q30 -		367	36	0.09809	0.015526
D37C·		instructional	3.	Q30 -		499	23	0.04609	0.009387
D37C1		instructional	3.	Q30 -		292	30	0.10274	0.017768
D37D		instructional	3.	Q30 -		499	25	0.05010	0.009766
D37D1		instructional	3.		Q43	272	37	0.13603	0.020787
D37E .		instructional	3.		Q43	499	24	0.04810	0.009579
D37E1		instructional	3.	•	Q43	278	36	0.12950	0.020137
D37F		instructional	3.		Q43	499	22	0.04409	0.009190
D37F1		instructional	3.		Q43	168	26	0.15476	0.027904
D37G		instructional	3.		Q43	499	21	0.04208	0.008988
D37G1		instructional		Q30 -		153	27	0.17647	0.030820
D37H		instructional	3.	-		499	24	0.04810	0.009579
D37H1		instructional	3.			198	28	0.14141	0.024763
D37I		instructional	3.	-		499	22	0.04409	0.009190
D37I1		instructional	3.	Q30 -	Q43	51	22	0.43137	0.069351
D37J		instructional	3.	Q30 -	Q43	499	20	0.04008	0.008781
D37J1		instructional	3.	Q30 -	Q43	. 84	22	0.26190	0.047972
D37K		instructional	3.		Q43	499	22	0.04409	0.009190
D37K1		instructional	3.		Q43	346	27	0.07803	0.014420
D37L		instructional	3.		Q43	499	27	0.05411	0.010127
D37L1		instructional	3.	-	Q43	250	43	0.17200	0.023868
D37M		instructional	3.	-	Q43	499	28	0.05611	0.010302
D37M1		instructional	3.	-	Q43	224	44	0.19643	0.026545
D37N		instructional	3.		Q43	499	27	0.05411	0.010127
D37N1		instructional		Q30 -		212	41	0.19340	0.027126
D370	D. PT	instructional		Q30 -		499	23	0.04609	0.009387
D3701		instructional		Q30 -		91	28	0.30769	0.048382
D37P		instructional		Q30 -		499	44	0.08818	0.012693
D37P1		instructional		Q30 -	Q43	80	45	0.56250	0.012093
D38		instructional		Q30 -		499	128	0.25651	0.019550
D39		instructional		Q30 -		499	20	0.04008	0.008781
D40A		instructional	3.	Q30 -		388	77	0.19845	0.000781
				•				3.1/07/	0.020240



1. Institution Questionnaire:
 Item Nonresponse Rates of 283 Items,
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses
RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
D40A1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	245	60	0.24490	0.027473
D40A2	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	245	90	0.36735	0.030799
D40H2	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	388	71	0.18299	0.019630
D40B1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	181	23	0.12707	0.024756
D40B2	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	181	93	0.51381	0.037151
D40C	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	388	108	0.27835	0.022753
D40C2	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	174	93	0.53448	0.037815
D41	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	96	0.11189	0.010762
D42A	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	62	0.07226	0.008839
D42B	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	121	0.14103	0.011882
D42C	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	121	0.14103	0.011882
D42D	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	170	0.19814	0.013608
D42E	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	73	0.08508	0.009525
D42F	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	95	0.11072	0.010713
D42G	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	116	0.13520	0.011673
D42H	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	142	0.16550	0.012687
D42I	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	160	0.18648	0.013297
D43	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858 ⁻	32	0.03730	0.006469
D43A	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	213	45	0.21127	0.027970

Item Nonresponse Rates, Greater Than 20 Percent



1. Institution Questionnaire: Items with Item Nonresponse Rates, Greater than .20 By Section and Third of Questionnaire N = number of eligible unit respondents NR = number of item nonresponses RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
AC5	A. Preface	1. Pre - Q14	872	177	0.20298	0.013621
B4A	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	288	89	0.30903	0.027229
B16I1	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	41	10	0.24390	0.067066
C27A	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	279	78	0.27957	0.026868
C28D1	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	113	30	0.26549	0.041541
C29I1	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	77	18	0.23377	0.048231
C29J1	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	94	19	0.20213	0.041421
C32F1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	146	37	0.25342	0.035999
C32G1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	149	39	0.26174,	0.036012
C32H1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	144	31	0.21528	0.034251
C32I1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	45	29	0.64444	0.071358
C32J1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	67	30	0.44776	0.060750
C32L1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	220	47	0.21364	0.027634
C32M1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	196	46	0.23469	0.030272
C32N1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	159	41	0.25786	0.034693
C3201	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	80	31	0.38750	0.054468
C33	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	530	163	0.30755	0.020045
C33A	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	297	173	0.58249	0.028615
D35D1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	78	31	0.39744	0.055410
D35E1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	138	30	0.21739	0.035112
D37I1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	51	22	0.43137	0.069351
D37J1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	84	22	0.26190	0.047972
D3701	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	91	28	0.30769	0.048382
D37P1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	80	45	0.56250	0.055463
D38	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	499	128	0.25651	0.019550
D40A1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	245	60	0.24490	0.027473
D40A2	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	245	90	0.36735	0.030799
D40B2	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	181	93	0.51381	0.037151
D40C	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	388	108	0.27835	0.022753
D40C2	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	174	93	0.53448	0.037815
D43A -	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	213	45	0.21127	0.027970



Item Nonresponse Rates, Greater Than 10 Percent



ITEM	SEC	CTION		THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
AC5	Α.	Preface	1.	Pre - Q14	872	177	0.20298	0.013621
AC6	Α.	Preface	1.	Pre - Q14	872	172	0.19725	0.013475
В3	В.	FT Instructional	1.	Pre - Q14	871	121	0.13892	0.011719
B4A	В.	FT Instructional	1.	Pre - Q14	288	89	0.30903	0.027229
B7C	В.	FT Instructional	1.	Pre - Q14	726	89	0.12259	0.012172
B8A	В.	FT Instructional	1.	-	726	86	0.11846	0.011993
B11A	В.	FT Instructional	1.	-	498	85	0.17068	0.016859
B12D1	В.	FT Instructional	1.	Pre - Q14	150	20	0.13333	0.027756
B1301	В.	FT Instructional	1.	Pre - Q14	237	27	0.11392	0.020638
B16I1	В.	FT Instructional	2.	-	41	10	0.24390	0.067066
B16J1	В.	FT Instructional	2.	•	68	9	0.13235	0.041095
B16L1	В.	FT Instructional	2.	Q15 - Q29	369	40	0.10840	0.016184
B16M1	В.	FT Instructional	2.	•	325	35	0.10769	0.017195
B16N1	В.	FT Instructional	2.		252	30	0.11905	0.020400
B1601	В.	FT Instructional	2.	Q15 - Q29	118	20	0.16949	0.034539
B18B	В.	FT Instructional	2.	Q15 - Q29	871	88	0.10103	0.010212
B18D	В.	FT Instructional	2.	Q15 - Q29	871	149	0.17107	0.012760
B18I	В.	FT Instructional		Q15 - Q29	871	115	0.13203	0.011471
C20B	C.	FT Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29	557	90	0.16158	0.015595
C20C	C.	FT Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29	557	97	0.17415	0.016069
C20D	C.	FT Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29	557	97	0.17415	0.016069
C20E .	C.	FT Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29	557	101	0.18133	0.016325
C20F	C.	FT Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29	557	69	0.12388	0.013959
C22A	C.	FT Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29	- 322	35	0.10870	0.017346
C22B	C.	FT Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29	322	43	0.13354	0.018956
C22C	C.	FT Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29		43	0.13354	0.018956
C22D	C.	FT Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29	322	47	0.14596	0.019676
C23A	C.	FT Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29	322	36	0.11180	0.017561
C23C	C.	FT Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29	322	40	0.12422	0.018381
C24A	C.	FT Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29		46	0.14286	0.019501
C24B	C.	FT Non-instruct.	2.			46	0.14286	0.019501
C25A	C.	FT Non-instruct.	2.			40	0.12422	0.018381
C25B	С.	FT Non-instruct.	2.			41	0.12733	0.018576
C26A	С.	FT Non-instruct.	2.			34	0.10559	0.017126
C26C	С.	FT Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q29		34	0.10559	0.017126
C27A	C.	FT Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q29		78	0.27957	0.026868
C28D1	С.	FT Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q29		30	0.26549	0.041541
C28E1	С.	FT Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q29		33	0.19298	0.030179
C29I1		FT Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q29		18	0.23377	0.048231
C29J1	С.	FT Non-instruct.	2.			19	0.20213	0.041421
C29L1	С.	FT Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q29		54	0.11180	0.014339
C29M1	С.	FT Non-instruct.		Q15 - Q29		42	0.10825	0.015773
C2901	С.	FT Non-instruct.	2.	Q15 - Q29	157	22	0.14013	0.027703



1. Institution Questionnaire: Items with Item Nonresponse Rates, Greater than .10 By Section and Third of Questionnaire N = number of eligible unit respondents NR = number of item nonresponses RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C32A1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	172	34	0.19767	0 030366
C32B1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	272	41	0.15074	0.030366 0.021694
C32C1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	254	37	0.13074	0.021694
C32D1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	239	38	0.15900	0.022133
C32E1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	247	42	0.17004	0.023903
C32F1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	146	37	0.25342	0.023903
C32G1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	149	39	0.26174	0.035999
C32H1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	144	31	0.21528	0.034251
C32I1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	45	29	0.64444	0.071358
C32J1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	67	30	0.44776	0.060750
C32K1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	228	33	0.14474	0.023301
C32L	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	311	32	0.10289	0.017228
C32L1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	220	47	0.21364	0.027634
C32M	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	311	33	0.10611	0.017464
C32M1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	196	46	0.23469	0.030272
C32N	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	311	32	0.10289	0.017228
C32N1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	159	41	0.25786	0.034693
C3201	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	80	31	0.38750	0.054468
C33	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	530	163	0.30755	0.020045
C33A	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	297	173	0.58249	0.028615
D35A1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	293	32	0.10922	0.018222
D35B1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	256	35	0.13672	0.021472
D35C1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	321	38	0.11838	0.018031
D35D1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	78		0.39744	0.055410
D35E1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	138	30	0.21739	0.035112
D37A1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	237	26	0.10970	0.020300
D37C1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	292	30	0.10274	0.017768
D37D1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	272	37	0.13603	0.020787
D37E1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	278	36	0.12950	0.020137
D37F1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	168	26	0.15476	0.027904
D37G1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	153	27	0.17647	0.030820
D37H1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	198	28	0.14141	0.024763
D37I1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	51	22	0.43137	0.069351
D37J1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	84	22	0.26190	0.047972
D37L1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	250	43	0.17200	0.023868
D37M1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43 ·	224	44	0.19643	0.026545
D37N1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	212	41	0.19340	0.027126
D3701	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	91	28	0.30769	0.048382
D37P1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	80	45	0.56250	0.055463
D38	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43		128	0.25651	0.019550
D40A	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	388	77	0.19845	0.020248
D40A1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	245	60	0.24490	0.027473
D40A2	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	245	90	0.36735	0.030799



By Section and Third of Questionnaire
N = number of eligible unit respondents
NR = number of item nonresponses
RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM		SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
D40B	D. P.	instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	388	71	0.18299	0.019630
D40B1	D. P.	instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	181	23	0.12707	0.024756
D40B2	D. P	instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	181	93	0.51381	0.037151
D40C	D. P.	instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	388	108	0.27835	0.022753
D40C2	D. P.	instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	174	93	0:53448	0.037815
D41	D. P.	instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	96	0.11189	0.010762
D42B	D. Pi	instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	121	0.14103	0.011882
D42C	D. Pi	instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	121	0.14103	0.011882
D42D	D. Pi	instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	170	0.19814	0.013608
D42F	D. P	instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	95	0.11072	0.010713
D42G	D. Pi	instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	116	0.13520	0.011673
D42H	D. P	instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	142	0.16550	0.012687
D42I	D. P7	instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	160	0.18648	0.013297
D43A	D. Pi	instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	213	45	0.21127	0.027970



Item Nonresponse Rates, Sorted by Rate



1. Institution Questionnaire:
Item Nonresponse Rates, Sorted by RATE
By Section and Third of Questionnaire
N = number of eligible unit respondents
NR = number of item nonresponses
RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
A1A	A. Preface	1. Pre - Q14	872	0	0.000000	0.000000
B2A	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	0	0.000000	0.000000
B5	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	0	0.000000	0.000000
B13A	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	5	0.005741	0.002560
B13D	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	5	0.005741	0.002560
B13E	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	5	0.005741	0.002560
B13G	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	5	0.005741	0.002560
B13H	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	5	0.005741	0.002560
B13J	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	5	0.005741	0.002560
B13B	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	6	0.006889	0.002803
B13C	B: FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	6	0.006889	0.002803
B13F	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	6	0.006889	0.002803
B13I	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	6	0.006889	0.002803
B13M	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	6	0.006889	0.002803
B130	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	6	0.006889	0.002803
B13K	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	7	0.008037	0.003025
B13L	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	7	0.008037	0.003025
B13N	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	7	0.008037	0.003025
B19	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	871	7	0.008037	0.003025
A1B	A. Preface	1. Pre - Q14	872	10	0.011468	0.003606
B12A	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	10	0.011481	0.003610
B16J	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	574	7	0.012195	0.004581
B16K	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	574	7	0.012195	0.004581
B160	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	574	7	0.012195	0.004581
B12E	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	12	0.013777	0.003950
B16B	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	574	8	0.013937	0.004893
B16F	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	574	8	0.013937	0.004893
B16G	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	574	8	0.013937	0.004893
B16H	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	574	8	0.013937	0.004893
B16I	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	574	8	0.013937	0.004893
A1C	A. Preface	1. Pre - Q14	872	13	0.014908	0.004104
B12C	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	13	0.014925	0.004109
B12D	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	13	0.014925	0.004109
D36	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	13	0.015152	0.004170
B16A	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	574	9	0.015679	0.005185
B12B	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	14	0.016073	0.004261
B16C	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	574	10	0.017422	0.005461
B11	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	16	0.018370	0.004550
D34	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	16	0.018648	0.004618
B16D	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	574	12	0.020906	0.005972
B16E	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	574	12	0.020906	0.005972
B6A	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	16	0.022039	0.005449
B13H1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	342	8	0.023392	0.008173
B18A	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	871	21	0.024110	0.005197



Institution Questionnaire:
 Item Nonresponse Rates, Sorted by RATE
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses
 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
B10B	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	18	0.024793	0.005771
C21	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	14	0.025135	0.006633
B16L	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	574	15	0.025133	0.006659
B10A	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	. 726	19	0.026171	0.005925
B16M	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	574	16	0.027875	0.005925
B16N	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	574	16	0.027875	0.006871
B13K1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	568	16	0.028169	0.006942
B13A1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	460	13	0.028261	0.007727
C29A	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	16	0.028725	0.007077
C29B	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	16	0.028725	0.007077
C29C	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	16	0.028725	0.007077
C29E	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	16	0.028725	0.007077
C29F	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	16	0.028725	0.007077
C29G	C. FT Non-instruct.		557	16	0.028725	0.007077
C29H	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	16	0.028725	0.007077
C29I	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	16	0.028725	0.007077
C29J	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	16	0.028725	0.007077
AlD	A. Preface	1. Pre - Q14	872	26	0.029817	0.005760
B15	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	871	26	0.029851	0.005766
B10C	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	22	0.030303	0.006362
C29K	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	17	0.030521	0.007289
C29L	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	17	0.030521	0.007289
C29M	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	17	0.030521	0.007289
B18E	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	871	27	0.030999	0.005873
C29D C290	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	18	0.032316	
B2F	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	18	0.032316	0.007493
B18F	B. FT Instructional B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	29	0.033295	0.006079
B12B1		2. Q15 - Q29	871	30 .	0.034443	0.006179
B12B1		1. Pre - Q14	493	17	0.034483	0.008218
C29N	B. FT Instructional C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	308	11	0.035714	0.010574
D43	D. PT instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	557	20	0.035907	0.007884
B16H1	B. FT Instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	32	0.037296	0.006469
B12A1	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	236	9	0.038136	0.012467
B6B	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	654	25	0.038226	0.007498
B13C1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	28	0.038567	
C28C	C. FT Non-instruct.	1. Pre - Q14	775	30	0.038710	0.006929
D37J	D. PT instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	557	22	0.039497	0.008253
D39	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	499	20	0.040080	0.008781
C28A	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	499	20	0.040080	0.008781
B14	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	557 971	23	0.041293	0.008430
D37G	D. PT instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871 400	36	0.041332	0.006745
B6C .	B. FT Instructional	3. Q30 - Q43 1. Pre - Q14	499	21	0.042084	0.008988
D37F	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	72 6	32	0.044077	0.007618
	II Imperactional	J. QJU - Q43	499	22	0.044088	0.009190



Institution Questionnaire:
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 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
D37I	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	499	22	0.044088	0.009190
D37K	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	499	22	0.044088	0.009190
B13G1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	538	24	0.044610	0.008900
B13F1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	523	24	0.045889	0.009150
D37A	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	499	23	0.046092	0.009387
D37B	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	499	23	0.046092	0.009387
D37C	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	499	23	0.046092	0.009387
D370	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	499	23、	0.046092	0.009387
C28B	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	26	0.046679	0.008938
B13D1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	807	38	0.047088	0.007457
D37E	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	499	24	0.048096	0.009579
D37H	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	499	24	0.048096	0.009579
B9A	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	35	0.048209	0.007950
C28D	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	27	0.048474	0.009100
C28E	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	27	0.048474	0.009100
B16K1	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	391	19	0.048593	0.010874
D37D	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	499	25	0.050100	0.009766
B13B1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	866	44	0.050808	0.007463
B9B	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	37	0.050964	0.008162
D35C	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	480	25	0.052083	0.010142
B16C1	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	436	23	0.052752	0.010706
B2B	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	46	0.052813	0.007578
AC4	A. Preface	1. Pre - Q14	872	47	0.053899	0.007647
D37L	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	499	27	0.054108	0.010127
D37N	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	. 499	27	0.054108	0.010127
B16B1	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	504	28	0.055556	0.010203
D37M	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	499	28	0.056112	0.010302
D35A	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	480	27	0.056250	0.010516
D35E	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	480	27	0.056250	0.010516
B4	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	50	0.057405	0.007882
C30	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	557	32	0.057451	0.009860
B7B	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	42	0.057851	0.008665
B2C	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	51	0.058553	0.007955
B2D	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871	51	0.058553	0.007955
B18G	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	871	51	0.058553	0.007955
B13E1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	834	49		0'.008143
D35D	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	480	29	0.060417	0.010875
AC2	A. Preface	1. Pre - Q14	872	53	0.060780	0.008091
C29K1	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	378	23	0.060847	0.012295
C27	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	34	0.061041	0.010144
B6D	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	726	45	0.061983	0.008949
C29C1	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	497	31	0.062374	0.010848 0.010566
B12C1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	534	34	0.063670	0.010366
C29A1	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	307	20	0.065147	0.014083



1. Institution Questionnaire:
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B16D1 B. FT Instructional 2. Q15 - Q29 413 27 0.065375 0.012163 D35B D. PT instructional 1. Pre - Q14 119 8 0.067227 0.022955 B13N1 B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 698 47 0.067335 0.009485 D42A D. PT instructional 1. Pre - Q14 698 47 0.067335 0.009485 D42A D. PT instructional 1. Pre - Q14 698 47 0.067335 0.009485 D42A D. PT instructional 1. Pre - Q14 614 45 0.073290 0.010517 B13M1 B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 614 45 0.073290 0.010517 B13M1 B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 614 45 0.073479 0.008841 B12E1 B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 871 64 0.073479 0.008841 AC1 A. Preface 1. Pre - Q14 872 65 0.074541 0.008894 C29D1 C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 521 39 0.074856 0.011529 B7A B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 726 56 0.077135 0.009902 B16G1 B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 726 56 0.077135 0.009902 B16G1 B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 771 60 0.077686 0.017564 D. PT instructional 1. Pre - Q14 771 60 0.077686 0.017564 D. PT instructional 1. Pre - Q14 771 60 0.077685 0.014420 C29E1 C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 232 B 0.077586 0.011649 D. PT instructional 2. Q15 - Q29 334 42 0.078652 0.011649 D. PT instructional 2. Q15 - Q29 346 27 0.078652 0.011649 D. PT instructional 2. Q15 - Q29 346 28 0.080925 0.014662 C20A C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 346 28 0.080925 0.014662 C20A C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 346 28 0.080925 0.014662 C20A C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 344 29 0.084302 0.01968 C20A C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 344 29 0.084302 0.014689 C29B1 C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 344 29 0.084302 0.014689 C29B1 C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 344 29 0.084302 0.014689 C29B1 C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 344 29 0.084302 0.01668 C29B1 C. F	ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
D35B D. PT instructional 3. Q30 - Q43	B16D1	B. FT Instructional	2 015 - 029	413	27	0 065375	0.010163
B13J1 B. FT Instructional 1. Pre 0,14 119 8 0.067327 0.022955 B13N1 B. FT Instructional 1. Pre 0,14 698 47 0.067335 0.009485 0.0048							
B13N1 B. FT Instructional 1. Pre Q14 698 47 0.067335 0.009485							
D42A D. PT instructional 3. Q30 - Q43 858 62 0.072261 0.008839 819A B. FT Instructional 2. Q15 - Q29 317 23 0.072555 0.014570 0.008814 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1							
B13M1 B. FT Instructional 1. Pre Q14 614 45 0.073290 0.010517							
B13M1 B. FT Instructional 1. Pre Q14 614 45 0.073290 0.010517 B2E B. FT Instructional 1. Pre Q14 871 64 0.073479 0.008841 C29D1 C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 Q29 S21 39 0.074856 0.011529 C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 Q29 S21 39 0.074856 0.011529 C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 Q29 Z32 18 0.077586 0.017564 C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 Q29 Z32 18 0.077586 0.017564 C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 Q29 Z32 L. Q1077586 0.017564 C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 Q29 Z32 L. Q1077586 0.017564 C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 Q29 Z32 L. Q1077685 0.017564 C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 Q29 Z34 Z4 Q. Q776852 Q. Q11649 C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 Q29 Z34 Z4 Q. Q776552 Q. Q11649 C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 Q29 Z38 L. Q1079070 Q. Q13013 C. C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 Q29 Z38 L. Q1079070 Q. Q13013 C. C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 Q29 Z38 L. Q1079070 Q. Q13013 C. C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 Q29 Z38 L. Q1079070 Q. Q13013 C. C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 Q29 Z38 L. Q1079070 Q. Q13013 C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.							
BZE B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 871 64 0.073479 0.008841 B12E1 B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 258 19 0.073643 0.016261 AC1 A. Preface 1. Pre - Q14 872 65 0.074541 0.008894 C29D1 C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 Q29 521 39 0.074856 0.011529 B7A B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 7726 56 0.077135 0.009902 B13L1 B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 771 60 0.077821 0.009648 B37K1 D. PT instructional 1. Pre - Q14 771 60 0.077821 0.009648 B37K1 D. PT instructional 2. Q15 - Q29 334 42 0.078652 0.0114620 C29E1 C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 430 34 0.079625 0.011649 B16F1 B. FT Instructional 2. Q15 - Q29 347 34 0.079625 0.013013 C2							
B12E1 B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 258 19 0.073643 0.016261 AC1 A. Preface 1. Pre - Q14 872 65 0.074541 0.008894 C29D1 C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 - Q29 521 39 0.074856 0.011529 B7A B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 726 56 0.077135 0.009902 B16G1 B. FT Instructional 2. Q15 - Q29 232 18 0.077586 0.017564 B13L1 B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 771 60 0.077821 0.009648 D37K1 D. PT instructional 1. Pre - Q14 771 60 0.077821 0.009648 B16E1 B. FT Instructional 2. Q15 - Q29 534 42 0.078035 0.014620 C28A1 C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 - Q29 534 42 0.079625 0.011649 B16F1 B. FT Instructional 2. Q15 - Q29 346 28 0.080925 0.014260 C29A1							
AC1 A. Preface 1. Pre - Q14 872 65 0.074541 0.008894 C29D1 C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 521 39 0.074856 0.011529 B16G1 B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 726 56 0.077135 0.009902 B16G1 B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 776 60 0.077821 0.009902 B16G1 B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 771 60 0.077821 0.009908 D37K1 D. PT instructional 1. Pre - Q14 771 60 0.077821 0.009648 D37K1 D. PT instructional 3. Q30 - Q43 346 27 0.078035 0.014420 C29E1 C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 534 42 0.078652 0.011649 B16E1 B. FT Instructional 2. Q15 - Q29 430 34 0.079070 0.013013 C28A1 C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 427 34 0.079625 0.013101 B16F1 B. FT Instructional 2. Q15 - Q29 427 34 0.079625 0.013101 B16F1 B. FT Instructional 2. Q15 - Q29 388 19 0.079832 0.017568 C29G1 C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 384 62 80 0.080925 0.014662 C20A C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 384 62 80 0.080925 0.014663 B8B B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 726 60 0.082585 0.011663 B8B C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 557 46 0.082585 0.011663 B8B C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 557 46 0.082645 0.010219 C29B1 C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 557 46 0.082645 0.010219 C29B1 C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 557 46 0.082645 0.010219 C29B1 C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 557 46 0.082645 0.010219 C29B1 C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 557 47 0.084381 0.011743 C29F1 C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 553 46 0.083183 0.011743 C29F1 C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 553 46 0.084302 0.014980 C31 C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 344 99 0.084302 0.014980 C31 C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 344 99 0.084302 0.014980 C31 C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 344 90 0.084381 0.011777 D42E D. PT instructional 3. Q30 - Q43 557 47 0.084361 0.011777 D42E D. FT instructional 3. Q30 - Q43 355 747 0.088404 0.009619 C29B1 C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 37 30 0.093188 0.016489 C29B1 C. FT Non-instruct 2. Q15 - Q29 871 80 0.093248 0.016489 C32B C. FT Non-instruct 3. Q30 - Q43 311 29 0.093248 0.016489 C32B C. FT Non-instruct 3. Q30 - Q43 311 29 0.093248 0.016489 C32B C. FT Non-instruct 3. Q30 - Q43 311							
C29D1 C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 - Q29 521 39 0.074856 0.011529 0.013529 BAA B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 726 56 0.077135 0.009902 0.007564 0.007564 0.007564 0.007564 0.007564 0.007564 0.007564 0.007564 0.007564 0.007564 0.007564 0.007564 0.007564 0.007665 0.007664 0.007662	AC1		1 Pre - 014				
B7A B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 726 56 0.077135 0.009902 B16G1 B. FT Instructional 2. Q15 - Q29 232 18 0.077586 0.017564 B13L1 B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 771 60 0.077821 0.009648 B37K1 D. PT instructional 3. Q30 - Q43 346 27 0.078652 0.014420 C29E1 C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 - Q29 534 42 0.078652 0.011649 B16E1 B. FT Instructional 2. Q15 - Q29 430 34 0.079070 0.013013 C28A1 C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 - Q29 427 34 0.079625 0.013101 B16F1 B. FT Instructional 2. Q15 - Q29 388 19 0.079625 0.013101 B16F1 B. FT Instructional 2. Q15 - Q29 346 28 0.080925 0.014662 C20A C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 - Q29 346 28 0.080925 0.014662 C20A C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 - Q29 346 28 0.080925 0.014662 C20B1 C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 - Q29 346 0.082585 0.011663 B8B B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 726 60 0.082585 0.011663 BBB B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 726 60 0.082645 0.010219 C29B1 C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 - Q29 344 29 0.084302 0.014980 C31 C. FT Non-instruct. 3. Q30 - Q43 557 47 0.084381 0.011777 D42E D. PT instructional 3. Q30 - Q43 557 47 0.084381 0.011777 D42E D. PT instructional 1. Pre - Q14 102 9 0.088205 0.009525 D37P D. PT instructional 1. Pre - Q14 102 9 0.088235 0.009525 B1311 B. FT Instructional 1. Pre - Q14 102 9 0.088235 0.028084 B17 B. FT Instructional 2. Q15 - Q29 871 77 0.088404 0.009619 C29H1 C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 - Q29 871 80 0.091848 0.016489 C29B1 C. FT Non-instruct. 2. Q15 - Q29 322 30 0.093168 0.016198 C32B C. FT Non-instruct. 3. Q30 - Q43 311 29 0.093248 0.016489 C32B C. FT Non-instruct. 3. Q30 - Q43 311 29 0.093248 0.016489 C32B C. FT Non-instruct. 3. Q30 - Q43 311 29 0.093248 0.016489 C32C C. FT Non-instruct. 3. Q30 - Q43 311 29 0.093248 0.016489 C32C C. FT Non-instruct. 3. Q30 - Q43 311 29 0.093248 0.016489 C32C C. FT Non-instruct. 3. Q30 - Q43 311 29 0.093248 0.016489 C32C C. FT Non-instruct. 3. Q30 - Q43 311 29 0.093248 0.016489 C32C C. FT Non-instruct. 3. Q30 - Q43 311 29 0.093248 0.016489 C32C C. FT Non-instruct. 3. Q30 - Q43 311 29 0.093248 0.016489 C32C C. FT Non-instruct. 3.							
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C32A C. FT Non-instruct. 3. Q30 - Q43 311 30 0.096463 0.016741	B18H	B. FT Instructional					
C22C C PM N 1	C32A		•				
·	C32C		3. Q30 - Q43	311	30	0.096463	0.016741



1. Institution Questionnaire:
Item Nonresponse Rates, Sorted by RATE
By Section and Third of Questionnaire
N = number of eligible unit respondents
NR = number of item nonresponses
RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	n nr	RATE	STDERR
C32D	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	311 30	0.09646	0.016741
C32F	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	311 30	0.09646	0.016741
C32G	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	311 30	0.09646	0.016741
C28C1	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	348 34	0.09770	0.015916
D37B1	D. PT instructional		367 36	0.09809	0.015526
C26B	C. FT Non-instruct.		322 32	0.09938	0.016672
C32E	C. FT Non-instruct.		311 31	0.09968	0.016987
B18B	B. FT Instructional		871 88	0.10103	0.010212
D37C1	D. PT instructional		292 30	0.10274	0.017768
C32L	C. FT Non-instruct.	•	311 32	0.10289	0.017228
C32N	C. FT Non-instruct.	•	311 32	0.10289	0.017228
C26A	C. FT Non-instruct.		322 34	0.10559	0.017126
C26C	C. FT Non-instruct.		322 34	0.10559	0.017126
C32M	C. FT Non-instruct.	• •	311 33	0.10611	0.017464
B16M1	B. FT Instructional	•	325 35	0.10769	0.017195
C29M1	C. FT Non-instruct.	•	388 42	0.10825	0.015773
B16L1	B. FT Instructional	•	369 40	0.10840	0.016184
C22A	C. FT Non-instruct.	•	322 35	0.10870	0.017346
D35A1	D. PT instructional	•	293 32	0.10922	0.018222
D37A1	D. PT instructional	•	237 26	0.10970	0.020300
D42F	D. PT instructional		858 95	0.11072	0.010713
C23A	C. FT Non-instruct.	•	322 36	0.11180	0.017561
C29L1	C. FT Non-instruct.		483 54	0.11180	0.014339
D41	D. PT instructional	•	858 96	0.11189	0.010762
B1301	B. FT Instructional	•	237 27	0.11392	0.020638
D35C1	D. PT instructional	•	321 38	0.11838	0.018031
B8A	B. FT Instructional	•	726 86	0.11846	0.011993
B16N1	B. FT Instructional	• •	252 30	0.11905	0.020400
B7C	B. FT Instructional	•	726 89	0.12259	0.012172
C20F	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557 69	0.12388	0.013959
C23C	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	322 40	0.12422	0.018381
C25A	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	322 40	0.12422	0.018381
D40B1	D. PT instructional	•	181 23	0.12707	0.024756
C25B	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	322 41	0.12733	0.018576
D37E1	D. PT instructional		278 36	0.12950	0.020137
B18I	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	871 115	0.13203	0.011471
B16J1	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	68 9	0.13235	0.041095
B12D1	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	150 20	0.13333	0.027756
C22B	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	322 43	0.13354	0.018956
C22C	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	322 43	0.13354	0.018956
D42G	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858 116	0.13520	0.011673
D37D1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	27.2 37	0.13603	0.020787
D35B1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	256 35	0.13672	0.021472
В3	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	871 121	0.13892	0.011719



1. Institution Questionnaire: Item Nonresponse Rates, Sorted by RATE By Section and Third of Questionnaire N = number of eligible unit respondents NR = number of item nonresponses RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C2901	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	157	22	0.14013	0.027703
D42B	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	121	0.14013	0.011882
D42C	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	121	0.14103	0.011882
D37H1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	198	28	0.14141	0.024763
C24A	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	322	46	0.14141	0.019501
C24B	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	322	46	0.14286	0.019501
C32K1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	228	33	0.14474	0.023301
C32C1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	254	37	0.14567	0.023301
C22D	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	322	47	0.14596	0.019676
C32B1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	272	41	0.15074	0.021694
D37F1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	168	26	0.15476	0.027904
C32D1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	239	38	0.15900	0.023653
C20B	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	90	0.16158	0.015595
D42H	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	142	0.16550	0.012687
B1601	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	118	20	0.16949	0.034539
C32E1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	247	42	0.17004	0.023903
B11A	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	498	85	0.17068	0.016859
B18D	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	871	149	0.17107	0.012760
D37L1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	250	43	0.17200	0.023868
C20C	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	97	0.17415	0.016069
C20D	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	97	0.17415	0.016069
D37G1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	153	27	0.17647	0.030820
C20E	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	557	101	0.18133	0.016325
D40B	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	388	71	0.18299	0.019630
D42I	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	160	0.18648	0.013297
C28E1	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	171	33	0.19298	0.030179
D37N1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	212	41	0.19340	0.027126
D37M1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	224	44	0.19643	0.026545
AC6	A. Preface	1. Pre - Q14	872	172	0.19725	0.013475
C32A1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	172	34	0.19767	0.030366
D42D	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	858	170	0.19814	0.013608
D40A	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	388	77	0.19845	0.020248
C29J1	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	94	19	0.20213	0.041421
AC5	A. Preface	1. Pre - Q14	872	177	0.20298	0.013621
D43A	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	213	45	0.21127	0.027970
C32L1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	220	47	0.21364	0.027634
C32H1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	144	31	0.21528	0.034251
D35E1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	138	30	0.21739	0.035112
C29I1	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	77	18	0.23377	0.048231
C32M1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	196	46	0.23469	0.030272
B16I1	B. FT Instructional	2. Q15 - Q29	41	10	0.24390	0.067066
D40A1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	245	60	0.24490	0.027473
C32F1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	146	37	0.25342	0.035999
D38	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	499	128	0.25651	0.019550



Institution Questionnaire:
 Item Nonresponse Rates, Sorted by RATE
 By Section and Third of Questionnaire
 N = number of eligible unit respondents
 NR = number of item nonresponses
 RATE = NR/N = item nonresponse rate
 STDERR = standard error of rate

ITEM	SECTION	THIRD	N	NR	RATE	STDERR
C32N1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	159	41	0.25786	0.034693
C32G1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	149	39	0.26174	0.036012
D37J1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	84	22	0.26190	0.047972
C28D1	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	113	30	0.26549	0.041541
D40C	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	388	108	0.27835	0.022753
C27A	C. FT Non-instruct.	2. Q15 - Q29	279	78	0.27957	0.026868
C33	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	530	163	0.30755	0.020045
D3701	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	91	28	030769	0.048382
B4A	B. FT Instructional	1. Pre - Q14	288	89	0.30903	0.027229
D40A2	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	245	90	0.36735	0.030799
C3201	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	80	31	0.38750	0.054468
D35D1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	78	31	0.39744	0.055410
D37I1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	51	22	0.43137	0.069351
C32J1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	67	30	0.44776	0.060750
D40B2	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	181	93	0.51381	0.037151
D40C2	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	174	93	0.53448	0.037815
D37P1	D. PT instructional	3. Q30 - Q43	80	45	0.56250	0.055463
C33A	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	297	173	0.58249	0.028615
C32I1	C. FT Non-instruct.	3. Q30 - Q43	45	29	0.64444	0.071358



Appendix K

Letters and Forms for Institution Recruitment

Letter to Chief Administrative Officer

Letter to Institutional Official

Confirmation Form

Faculty List Documentation Form
Checklist (reverse side of Faculty List Documentation Form)

Instructions for Preparing Lists of Faculty

Instructions for Preparing Machine-Readable Lists of Faculty

Affidavit of Nondisclosure

1993 NSOPF Brochure





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OFFICE OF EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND IMPROVEMENT

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

October 5, 1992

VSOPF-93 Endorsed by:

imerican Association for Higher Education

American Association of Community and Junior Colleges

Omerican Association of State

Colleges and Universities

American Association of University Professors

American Federation of Teachers

tssociation for Institutional Research

Association of American Colleges

Association of Catholic Colleges and Universities

College and University
Personnel Association

The College Board

Council of Graduate Schools

National Association for Equal Opportunity in Higher Education

National Institute of Independent Colleges and Universities

Nation<u>a</u>l Education Association

The United Negro College
Fund. Inc.

Dear Chief Administrative Officer:

The National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) is conducting the second cycle of the National Study of Postsecondary Faculty (NSOPF-93) with support from the National Endowment for the Humanities and the National Science Foundation. This will be the most comprehensive study of higher education faculty ever undertaken. Your institution has been selected—as part of a national probability sample of higher education institutions and faculty—for inclusion in NSOPF-93, and I am asking for your participation in this important research.

Higher education faculty have a major influence on our nation's youth and they perform much of the research and development upon which the nation's technological advancement depends. Thus, it is essential to understand who they are; what they do; and whether, how, and why they are changing. NSOPF-93 will provide a profile of faculty in two- and four-year higher education institutions, and will gather information on the backgrounds, responsibilities, workloads, salaries, benefits, and attitudes of both full- and part-time, instructional and non-instructional faculty. NCES has contracted with the National Opinion Research Center (NORC) at the University of Chicago to carry out the study.

As a participating institution, you are requested to:

- Designate an individual to act as your institution's coordinator. This person will act as a liaison with NORC staff, and will also provide NORC with the list of faculty at your institution, which will serve as a sampling frame from which individual faculty members will be randomly selected. The enclosed materials from NORC include instructions for the Institutional Coordinator and should make compiling the list a relatively quick and easy task. Please forward the NORC folder, including the list preparation instructions and forms, to your designated Institutional Coordinator as soon as possible.
- Name an Institutional Respondent—an academic official, such as a provost or dean of academic affairs—who can best respond to questions about your institution's characteristics, policies, and practices. A questionnaire will be sent to this individual at a later date.
- complete the enclosed Confirmation Form, with the names and campus addresses and telephone numbers of the person(s) you have designated as the Institutional Coordinator and Respondent, and return it to NORC within five days.

-over-

BEST COPY AVAILABLE



WASHINGTON, D.C. 20208-

Data provided by your institution and by sampled faculty will be held in strictest confidence. Individual responses, and all information that would permit the identification of individuals or institutions, will be protected by the Family Educational Rights Privacy Act of 1976, and by Section 406(d) of the General Education Provisions Act, as amended by the Hawkins-Stafford Education amendments of 1988, Public Law 100-297. Responses will be used only in statistical summaries, and individual responses will not be disclosed to any person or group, either within the sample institution or outside it.

While your participation is voluntary, it is critical if we are to obtain nationally representative samples of higher education institutions and their faculty. Data collection procedures and questionnaires have been developed to minimize burden on institution staff.

If you have questions or comments concerning the study or this request, please contact the Project Director, Dr. Sameer Abraham of the National Opinion Research Center at the University of Chicago, toll-free at 1-800-733-NORC or the NCES Project Officer, Linda Zimbler, at (202) 219-1834.

I appreciate your interest in this important and useful study, and I thank you for your participation. When the project is completed, NCES will send you a copy of the final analytic report.

Sincerely,

Emerson J. Elliott Commissioner

Enclosures

BEST COPY AVAILABLE





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OFFICE OF EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND IMPROVEMENT

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

October 5, 1992

NSOPF-93 Endorsed by:

American Association for Higher Education

American Association of Community and Junior Colleges

American Association of State
Colleges and Universities

American Association of University Projessors

American Federation of Teachers

Association for Institutional
Research

Association of American Colleges

Association of Catholic Colleges and Universities

College and University
Personnel Association

The College Board

Council of Graduate Schools

National Association for Equal Opportunity in Higher Education

National Institute of Independent Colleges and Universities

National Education
Association

The United Negro College
Fund Inc.

Dear Institutional Official:

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Higher education faculty have a major influence on our nation's youth and they perform much of the research and development upon which the nation's technological advancement depends. Thus, it is essential to understand who they are; what they do; and whether, how, and why they are changing. NSOPF-93 will provide a profile of faculty in two- and four-year higher education institutions, and will gather information on the backgrounds, responsibilities, workloads, salaries, benefits, and attitudes of both full- and part-time, instructional and non-instructional faculty. NCES has contracted with the National Opinion Research Center (NORC) at the University of Chicago to carry out the study.

You have been designated by your institution's Chief Administrative Officer as the Coordinator for NSOPF-93. As the institutional coordinator, I would appreciate your assistance in preparing a list of faculty who were employed by your institution during the fall 1992 academic term.

This NORC folder contains instructions for preparing lists of faculty. The lists will serve as a sampling frame from which individual faculty members at your institution will be randomly selected. Your faculty list should be accompanied by a completed Faculty List Documentation Form, and any other documentation necessary to interpret the list. We ask that you provide the list in both hard copy and machine-readable versions; NORC has provided instructions for preparing the list and electronic files. NORC will need to receive the list of faculty no later than October 30, 1992. I am also asking that you include in your mailing a fall 1992 directory of faculty.

Data provided by your institution and by sampled faculty will be held in strictest confidence. Individual responses, and all information that would permit the identification of individuals or institutions, will be protected by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1976 and Section 406(d) of the General Education Provisions Act, as amended by the Hawkins-Stafford Education amendments of 1988, Public Law 100-297. Responses will be used only in statistical summaries, and individual responses will not be disclosed to any person or group, either within your institution or outside it.

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

-OVET-

To conform with these confidentiality protections, please sign and notarize the enclosed NCES Affidavit of Nondisclosure. In signing this Affidavit, you are pledging that any information you may obtain regarding faculty in the NSOPF sample will not be released by you to anyone at your institution or elsewhere.

I understand that your institution may have provisions against releasing certain types of information; please contact NORC at the toll-free number below if your institution has such provisions concerning any of the information requested. Once NORC has mailed questionnaires to the faculty sample members from your institution, you may be asked for your assistance in prompting these individuals to complete the survey by the scheduled due date.

Public reporting burden for this information is estimated to average one hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, identifying data sources, gathering the data, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the U.S. Department of Education, Information Management and Compliance Division, Washington, D.C. 20202-4651; and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project 1850-0665, Washington, D.C. 20503.

If you have questions or comments concerning the study or about preparing the lists, please contact the Project Director, Dr. Sameer Abraham of the National Opinion Research Center at the University of Chicago, toll-free, at 1-800-733-NORC.

I appreciate your interest in this important and useful study, and I thank you again for your participation. When the project is completed, NCES will send your institution a copy of the final analytic report.

Sincerely,

Emerson J. Elliott Commissioner

Enclosures



[TO BE COMPLETED BY THE CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER]

Confirmation Form

1992-93 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty (NSOPF-93)

Correct label information: (Write in any address corrections on or alongside the label)

of Chief Administrative Office rent from above)		First
rent from above)	Last	Liter
f Institution	·	
Laurituria and Canadiantes I	arrianicant official who wi	ll prepare the lists of faculty for the 1992-1993 National Study
of Postsecundary Faculty (see	e "Instructions for Preparin	ig Lists of Faculty*) and act as a liaison to the study.
NameLast		First
Institutional Title		
Mailing Address		
Manual Votices		
Campus Telephone ()		
·		
Institutional Respondent. Is	nstitutional official who has	been designated to receive the questionnaire on institutional
characteristics, policies, and Institutional Coordinator.)	d practices. (The Institutio	nal Respondent may be the same person who acts as the
,,		
NameLest		First
Institutional Title		

Please return the white and yellow copies of this form to the government contractor within 5 days. You may fux the form, or return it in the pre-paid envelope provided.

Fax form to:

Dr. Sameer Y. Abraham NORC, University of Chicago NSOPF-93 (4552) (312) 753-7886 Mail form to:

Dr. Sameer Y. Abraham
Project Director, NSOPF-93 (4552)
NORC, University of Chicago
1525 East 55th Street
Chicago, Illinois 60615



Thank you again for your cooperation

[TO BE COMPLETED BY THE INSTITUTIONAL COORDINATOR]

Faculty List Documentation Form

1992-93 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty (NSOPF-93)

Correct label information: (Write in any address corrections on or alongside the label)

Please complete both sides of this form and return it along with the complete faculty lists.

ı.	Institutional	coordinator	iniormation:

Institutional Coordinate	f		
Name of Institution	Last name	First name	_
Institutional Title			_
			

- 2. How many individuals and/or offices provided information for the faculty lists?
- 3. For each separate individual and/or office (e.g., payroll, personnel, etc.) providing data, list below the name, title, and telephone number of a person we can contact should we have any questions concerning the lists.

Lasi Name	First Name	Contact Person Title	Telephone	Name of Office (e.g., personnel, payroll, etc.)	Data Provided (e.g., department discipline, etc.)
1					
3					
4 5					
6			<u> </u>		

4.	Piease	Indicate	the	format	O	the	faculty	lists.
----	--------	----------	-----	--------	---	-----	---------	--------

Hard copy How many different hard copy lists are being submitted?
Floppy disk Please complete the Instructions for Preparing Machine-Readable Lists of Faculty form.
Computer tape Please complete the Instructions for Preparing Machine-Readable Lists of Faculty form.
Other Please explain:



Checklist

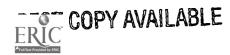
1992-93 National Study of Postseco. Sary Faculty (NSOPF-93)

Please complete the checklist below and return it with the faculty lists and supplementary materials. If you have any questions about any of the items listed, please call Dr. Sameer Y. Abraham, toll-free, at 1-(800) 733-NORC.

THE PACKET YOU RETURN TO US SHOULD INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS
Complete lists of faculty and instructional non-faculty (bard copy and machine-readable versions)
Completed Faculty List Documentation Form (on the reverse side of this checklist)
Directory of faculty and staff
Notarized affidavit signed by the institutional coordinator
TO BE COMPLETE THE FACULTY LIST SHOULD INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING CATEGORIES OF PERSONNEL
Full-time instructional personnel with faculty status
Part-time instructional personnel with faculty status
Temporary instructional personnel with faculty status
Permanent and temporary personnel who have instructional duties but no faculty status
Full-time non-instructional personnel with faculty status
Part-time non-instructional personnel with faculty status
Temporary non-instructional personnel with faculty status
Faculty and other instructional personnel on sabbatical leave
FOR EACH PERSON LISTED, THE FOLLOWING DATA IS REQUESTED
Campus addresses and telephone numbers (indicate main mailing address)
Home addresses and telephone numbers (indicate mailing address)
Department/program affiliation (e.g., English, Engineering, Education)
Academic field or teaching discipline (e.g., American Literature, Chemical Engineering, Botany)
Race/ethnicity
Gender
Full-time or part-time status
Emplayee ID aumber
Is there any additional information (e.g., faculty designations, abbreviations, codes, etc.) which would assist us in reading lists? Please explain, and include any necessary documentation with the lists.

Return this form and other documentation to:

Dr. Sameer Y. Abraham Project Director, NSOPF-93 (4552) NORC, University of Chicago 1525 East 55th Street Chicago, Illinois 60615



5.

Instructions for Preparing Lists of Faculty

Fall 1992 Academic Term 1992-93 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty (NSOPF-93)

The list of faculty that you provide will be used in randomly selecting a national sample to represent all faculty in higher education institutions in the country. To ensure a scientifically accurate sample, it is extremely important that you follow the instructions below in preparing your institution's list. Because postsecondary education institutions vary widely in their organizational structures and staffing patterns, we realize that some of the criteria presented below may not apply to your institution. Also, different institutions use different definitions of "faculty" and "non-faculty" positions, "temporary" and "permanent" status, and "full-time" and "part-time" status. In reading the instructions, please interpret these terms according to your institution's usage. Should you have any questions about the classification of personnel, or whether they should or should not be included in the lists, we urge you to contact us at 1-(800) 733-6672.

- 1. The fall 1992 academic term is that term which includes the date October 15, 1992.
- 2. INCLUDE the following categories personnel on your faculty list:
 - . those full- and part-time personnel whose regular assignment includes instruction
 - . those full- and part-time faculty whose regular assignment includes only research
 - permanent and temporary faculty, including those who have adjunct, acting, or visiting status
 - permanent and temporary personnel who have any instructional duties, including those who have adjunct, acting, or visiting status
 - . faculty and instructional personnel on sabbatical leave
 - . administrators and all other personnel who have faculty status.

BUT DO NOT INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING EXCEPTIONS:

- faculty and other personnel with instructional duties outside the U.S. (but not on sabbatical leave)
- temporary replacements for instructional and non-instructional personnel
- . faculty and other instructional and non-instructional personnel on leave without pay
- . teaching and research assistants
- . military personnel who teach only ROTC courses
- . instructional personnel supplied by independent contractors



-OVER-

- 3. For each person listed, please provide the following information:
 - a. Full name
 - b. Campus address and telephone number
 - c. Ho. address and telephone number
 - d. Department/program affiliation (e.g., English, Engineering, Education)
 - e. Academic or teaching discipline (e.g., American Literature, Chemical Engineering, Botany)
 - f. Race/ethnicity:

White (not of Hispanic origin)
Black (not of Hispanic origin)
Hispanic
Asian or Pacific Islander
American Indian or Alaskan Native

- g. Gender
- h. Full- or part-time status
- i. Employee ID number
- 4. If this information is not available on a single master list, please submit all applicable lists.

 Indicate how many lists are being submitted in item [4] of the Faculty List Documentation Form.
- 5. Please submit the lists in machine-readable (i.e., diskette or computer tape) and hard copy formats. The "Instructions for Preparing Machine-Readable Lists of Faculty" provide guidelines for formatting machine-readable files.
- 6. We need to receive your lists within three weeks (or sooner, if possible).
- 7. Please also include a copy of your fall 1992 directory of faculty and staff.

If you have any questions about preparing the lists, please call us toll free at 1-(800) 733-6672.

THANK YOU FOR YOUR COOPERATION

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NORC 4552 Sententiar 1992

Instructions for Preparing Machine-Readable Lists of Faculty

1992-93 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty (NSOPF-93)

Please follow the guidelines below when preparing machine-readable lists of faculty. We realize that computer capabilities vary widely across institutions and that some of these guidelines cannot be met; be sure to provide documentation to describe any special circumstances or deviations from these guidelines. Please also enclose a hard copy of the list along with your electronic file or computer tape.

FOR ALL MACHINE-READABLE FACULTY LISTS USE THE FOLLOWING FILE LAYOUT. THE FILE WILL BE READ BASED ON COLUMNS SPECIFIED BY THE NUMBER OF CHARACTERS. DO NOT USE SPECIAL CHARACTERS OR DELIMITERS. FILL ANY BLANK FIELDS WITH THE SYMBOL 'S'. Starting Column No. No. of Characters 25 First name 26 25 Last name 51 1 Middle initial 52 35 Campus address line 1 87 Campus address line 2 35 122 20 Campus city 142 2 Campus state 144 9 Campus zipcode 153 14 Campus telephone number 167 35 Home address line 1 202 35 Home address line 2 237 20 Home city 257 2 Home state 259 9 Home ziocode 268 10 Home telephone number 278 9 Employee ID number 287 20 Academic field or teaching discipline 307 Departmental/program affiliation 327 Rice/ethnicity code 1-5, as follows: 1 = White (not of Hispanic origin) 2= Black (not of Hispanic origin) 3= Hispanic 4 = Asian or Pacific Islander 5 = American Indiao or Alaskan Native 328 Gender (1 = male, 2 = female) 329 Full-time or part-time status (1=full, 2=part) FLOPPY DISKS SHOULD BE PROVIDED IN ASCII FORMAT FLOPPY DISKS SHOULD BE FORMATTED FOR MS-DOS 3.0 (OR LATER VERSION) FOR EACH FACULTY LIST ON COMPUTER TAPE, PLEASE PROVIDE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION: a. Tapc label (external, VOL=SER)_ b. Density (BPI): ____6250 ____1600 c. Recording mode: ____EBCDIC ____ASCII d. Internal labeling: ____none ___labelled e. Logical record length ____ Number of records L. Record format (FB, for fixed block, for example) g. Sequential tape label on which file is located_ h. Data set name (DSN, if any) FACULTY LISTS ON COMPUTER TAPE SHOULD BE PROVIDED ON 9 TRACK TAPE

Return this form along with the machine-readable file, hard copy fists, and other documentation to:





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OFFICE OF EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND IMPROVEMENT

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

OMB #1850-0665 Expiration: 12/93

AFFIDAVIT OF NONDISCLOSURE

To be completed by the Institutional Coordinator: The National Center for Education Statistics requires that anyone who may have access to data or to the identities of individual sample members complete this form.

		(Please type	or print)		
(Title of Inst	itutional Coordinator)	<u>.* '}-</u>	(Date)		
			1992-93 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty		
(Name of Ins	stitution)		(NCES study)		
I,	, do solemnly	swear (or affin	m) that when given access to the subject NCES data base		
other inform	ation about individual sample memb	ers, I will not:			
(i)	or others, under the provisions of	Section 406 of	able data furnished, acquired, retrieved or assembled by a fithe General Education Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1221ets specified in the NCES survey, project, or contract;		
(ii)	make any disclosure or publication whereby a sample unit or survey respondent could be identified or the data furnished by or related to any particular person under this section can be identified;				
	or	• •			
(iii)	permit anyone other than the indi Education Statistics to examine th		zed by the Commissioner of the National Center for ports.		
			(Signature)		
imprisonment person electr	for unlawful disclosure is a fine of at for not more than five years, or to affirm the affidavit rather than	ooth. The word	\$250,000 (under 18 U.S.C. 3559 and 3571) or "swear" should be stricken out wherever it appears when		
County of					
Signed and	sworn (or affirmed) before me on _	(date)	(name of person making statement)		
(sig	nature of notary public)				
Coi	mmision expires on	463	DEST CODY AVAILABLE		



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ENDORSEMENTS

The following organizations have formally endorsed NSOPF-93, recognizing the study's contribution to the advancement of higher education:

American Association for Higher Education American Association of Community and Junior Colleges American Association of State Colleges and Universities American Association of University Professors American Federation of Teachers Association for Institutional Research Association of American Colleges Association of Catholic Colleges and Universities College and University Personnel Association The College Board Council of Graduate Schools National Association for Equal Opportunity in Higher Education National Institute of Independent Colleges and Universities National Education Association The United Negro College Fund, Inc.

FOR MORE INFORMATION

Please contact:

Project Director
Dr. Sameer Abraham (1-800-733-6672)

Associate Project Director Natalie Suter (1-800-733-6672)

If you have additional questions, please call the NCES Project Officer, Linda Zimbler at (202) 219-1834.

1993

NATIONAL

STUDY

OF

POSTSECONDARY

FACULTY

Sponsored by the
National Center for Education Statistics
U.S. Department of Education

with support from the
National Endowment for the Humanities
National Science Foundation

Conducted by the
National Opinion Research Center
University of Chicago



WHAT IS THE NATIONAL STUDY OF POSTSECONDARY FACULTY?

Faculties are the pivotal resource around which postsecondary education revolves. They determine curriculum content, student performance standards, and the quality of students' preparation for careers. Faculty members perform research and development work upon which this nation's technological and economic advancement depend. Through their public service activities, they also contribute to the public good. For these reasons, it is essential to understand who they are; what they do; and whether, how, and why they are changing.

The 1993 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty (NSOPF-93) is being conducted by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES), with support from the National Endowment for the Humanities and the National Science Foundation, to respond to the continuing need for data on higher education faculty and instructors—those who directly affect the quality of education in postsecondary institutions.

The 1988 National Survey of Postsecondary Faculty (NSOPF-88) generated immediate interest in the higher education community because there had previously been very little comprehensive information available on this key national resource. This second cycle will expand the information base about faculty in several ways. It will allow for comparisons to be made over time. It will allow for more detailed comparisons among faculty in various disciplines, because of an increase in the sample size. It will examine critical issues surrounding faculty that have developed since the 1988 study, and it will describe research

faculty as well as instructional faculty in higher education institutions.

The study is designed to address a variety of policy-relevant issues for both faculty and institutions, including:

- What are the background characteristics of full- and part-time faculty?
- What are the workloads of faculty and how is their time allocated between classroom instruction and other activities?
- What are the compensation and fringe benefit packages provided to faculty?
 How important are other sources of income or income-in-kind?
- What are the faculty's attitudes and perceptions about their professional status, student preparation for collegelevel work, student achievement, and other issues?
- What are the career and retirement plans of faculty?
- How many full- and part-time faculty are there?
- What are their distributions by rank and tenure?
- Have institutions changed their policies on granting faculty tenure?
 Are changes anticipated in the future?
- What effect does policy on tenure and retirement have on career paths?
- What benefits and retirement plans are available to faculty?



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HOW NSOPF-93 WILL BE CONDUCTED

The National Center for Education Statistics has contracted with the National Opinion Research Center (NORC) at the University of Chicago to collect the data for this study.

NSOPF-93 includes both a pilot test and a full-scale study. The pilot test of 136 institutions and 640 faculty was conducted in the winter and spring of 1992 to refine the data collection procedures and questionnaires. The full-scale study of a nationally representative sample of approximately 800 institutions and more than 32,000 faculty will be conducted in the fall of 1992 and the winter and spring of 1993.

DATA ANALYSIS AND DISSEMINATION

Data collected from the National Study of Postsecondary Faculty are made available to the public in various ways:

- Descriptive reports are published through NCES on selected topics. For example, the following reports were published based on NSOPF-88 data: Institutional Policies and Practices Regarding Faculty in Higher Education; A Descriptive Report of Academic Departments in Higher Education Institutions; Faculty in Higher Education Institutions, 1988; and Profiles of Faculty in Higher Education Institutions, 1988;
- Special tabulations are provided to the public;

- Data files (without identifying information) are released to organizations who have agreed in writing to abide by the confidentiality requirements of the study; and
- Study findings are presented at conferences.

FINDINGS FROM NSOPF-88

The following are examples of the information obtained from NSOPF-88:

- The mean age of full-time faculty at higher education institutions in 1987-88 was 47 years, and that of part-time faculty was 44 years.
- Across all institutions of higher education, whites accounted for 89 percent of full-time faculty and 90 percent of part-time faculty. Asian Americans constituted 4 percent of the full-time faculty, blacks 3 percent, Hispanics 2 percent, and American Indians 1 percent. Minorities accounted for similar proportions of part-time faculty.
- Men made up 73 percent of full-time faculty and 56 percent of part-time faculty. Among full-time faculty, research universities had a significantly higher percentage of men (80 percent), whereas public two-year institutions had a significantly lower percentage (62 percent).
 - Sixty percent of full-time faculty were tenured, and another 22 percent were on tenure track.
- The average base salary for full-time faculty during the 1987 calendar year was \$39,439. The average total

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income—base salary, other institutional income, consulting, and other outside income—was \$48,701. For part-time faculty, the average base salary was \$6,829, and the average total income was \$33,841, including income from other (perhaps full-time) employment.

- Forty-two percent of the full-time faculty earned some income from consulting and averaged \$7,886 per year in consulting income. Twenty- eight percent of the fulltime faculty had other kinds of income averaging \$8,412 from these sources.
- Among full-time faculty, those in private research universities had the highest average total income (\$74,732). Faculty in public research universities also had higher than average total income (\$58,309). Those in public comprehensive, public two-year, and liberal arts institutions had lower than average total incomes, earning \$42,965, \$38,539, and \$32,740, respectively.

CONFIDENTIALITY

The National Study of Postsecondary Faculty is being conducted in compliance with the mandate stated in section 406(g) of the General Education Provisions Act (GEPA), as amended by the Hawkins-Stafford Education Amendments of 1988 (Public Law 100-297).

The Family Education Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 [20 U.S.C. 1232g] allows the release of institutional record information to the Secretary of Education or his agent without prior consent of survey members, in connection with the enforcement of Federal legal requirements [20 U.S.C. 1232g (b) (3)]. Since NCES is an authorized representative of the Secretary of

Education, compliance with an NCES official request for information constitutes compliance with the laws cited above.

Strict confidentiality of all information obtained from NSOPF is assured by current federal laws and regulations. Public Law 100-297 established that all records on individuals must be kept confidential by NCES and its contractors under penalty of law. Researchers are subject to fines and imprisonment for misuse or disclosure of individual data.

Procedures have been implemented to ensure confidentiality and privacy of all information obtained. Specifically:

- All project staff with any access to study data have signed an affidavit of nondisclosure which subjects them to possible fines and imprisonment for any disclosure of individual responses.
- All electronic data are maintained in secure and protected data files, and all personally identifying information is maintained in files separate from files containing descriptive information.
- Any data released to the general public (for example, statistical tables) will be tailored so that it is not possible to identify specific individuals or institutions.



Appendix L

Letters to Faculty Questionnaire Respondents

Initial Cover Letter to Faculty
Second Faculty Questionnaire Mailing
Third Faculty Questionnaire Mailing





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OFFICE OF EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND IMPROVEMENT

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

NSOPF-93 Endorsed by:

American Association for Higher Education

American Association of Community and Junior Colleges

American Association of Since Colleges and Universities

American Association of University Projessors

American Federation
of Teachers

Association for Institutional
Research

Association of American
Colleges

Association of Catholic
Colleges and Universities

College and University
Personnel Association

The College Board

Council of Graduate Schools

National Association for Equal Opportunity in Higher Education

National Education
Association

National Institute of Independent Colleges and Universities

The United Negro College Fund, Inc.

Dear Faculty Member:

I am writing to ask you to participate in the 1993 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty (NSOPF-93) by completing the enclosed questionnaire. Your institution has provided us with a complete list of its faculty from which your name was randomly selected. As part of a nationally representative sample, your participation, while voluntary, is vital to the study's success.

NSOPF-93 is the most comprehensive study of higher education faculty ever undertaken. It will collect data from a nationally representative sample of 32,000 faculty in 800 higher education institutions. The study is being conducted by the National Center for Education Statistics of the U.S. Department of Education with additional support from the National Endowment for the Humanities and the National Science Foundation. The National Opinion Research Center (NORC) at the University of Chicago has been commissioned to collect the data for this study.

NSOPF-93 will construct a profile of faculty by gathering information on the backgrounds, responsibilities, workloads, salaries, benefits, and attitudes of both full- and part-time instructional and non-instructional faculty in two- and four-year higher education institutions. Because faculty directly affect the quality of education in colleges and universities and perform much of the research and development work upon which the nation's technological and economic advancement depends, it is essential to understand who they are, what they do, and whether, how, and why they are changing. The enclosed brochure provides additional information about the study and its goals.

Let me assure you that your responses and all information that would permit identification of you or your institution will be kept strictly confidential in accordance with the provisions of the relevant Federal statutes governing privacy and with NCES' legislative mandate to protect the confidentiality of its respondents. The brochure cites the relevant statutes.

The questionnaire should take about 45 minutes to complete. You may send comments concerning this estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing the time needed to respond, to the U.S. Department of Education, Information Management and Compliance Division, Washington, D. C. 20202-4651; and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project 1850-0608. Washington, D. C. 20503.

-over-



Please return your completed Faculty Questionnaire in the accompanying NORC business-reply envelope within the next week. If you have any questions concerning the questionnaire or the study, please contact the Project Director, Dr. Sameer Abraham of NORC, toll-free at 1-800-733-NORC.

I thank you for your participation in this important study.

Sincerely.

Emerson J. Elliont Commissioner

Enclosures

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ISOPF-93 Indorsed by:

merican Association for Higher Education

merican Association of Community and Junior Colleges

merican Association of State Colleges and Universities

merican Association of University Professors

merican Federation of Teachers

ssociation for Institutional Research

Issociation of American Colleges

Association of Catholic Colleges and Universities

College and University

Personnel Association

The Coilege Board

Council of Graduate Schools

National Association for Equal Opportunity in Higher Education

National Education
Association

National Institute of Independent Colleges and Universities

The United Negro College
Fund. Inc.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OFFICE OF EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND IMPROVEMENT

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

Dear Colleague,

I am writing to ask you to respond to the 1993 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty (NSOPF-93), in which your institution is participating.

I want to thank you personally if you have already completed and returned your Faculty Questionnaire. If you did not receive the questionnaire, or have not yet returned it, please complete and return the enclosed copy within the next five days.

Faculty directly affect the quality of education in postsecondary institutions and perform much of the research and development work on which this nation's technological and economic advancement depends. NSOPF-93 is the first comprehensive study to provide a national profile of instructional and non-instructional faculty across a broad range of representative two-year, four-year, and doctoral-granting institutions. It is also the first to include instructional personnel who do not have faculty status.

As someone who plays a crucial role in higher education, we are certain that you can appreciate our need to obtain a completed questionnaire from each sampled faculty member. You were scientifically selected; no one can substitute for you. Without the participation of faculty like yourself, the results of this study will not adequately represent all faculty in the nation.

Individual responses and all information that would permit identification of individuals or institutions will be kept strictly confidential in accordance with the provisions of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1976 and Section 406(d) of the General Education Provisions Act, as amended by the Hawkins-Stafford Education Amendments of 1988, Public Law 100-297. Responses will be used only in statistical summaries.

I appreciate your contribution to this very important research. Should you have any questions, please call me toll-free at 1-800-733-6672.

Sincerely.

Sameer Y. Abezham. Ph.D.

NSOPF-93 Project Director

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OFFICE OF EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND IMPROVEMENT

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS.

NSOPF-93 Endorsed by:

American Association for Higher Education

American Association of Community and Junior Colleges

American Association of State
Colleges and Universities

American Association of University Professors

American Federation of Teachers

Association for Institutional Research

Association of American
Colleges

Association of Catholic Colleges and Universities

College and University
Personnel Association

The College Board

Council of Graduate Schools

National Association for Equal Opportunity in Higher Education

National Education
Association

National Institute of Independent Colleges and Universities

The United Negro College Fund, Inc.

Dear Colleague,

I am sending this third questionnaire packet to you because we have not heard from you, and the end date for the 1993 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty is almost upon us.

I want to thank you if you have already mailed in your completed Faculty Questionnaire. If you have not, please complete the enclosed copy and return it within the next five days. Your participation is absolutely crucial if we are to adequately represent the diversity of the nation's instructional and non-instructional faculty. You were scientifically selected and no one can substitute for you.

NSOPF-93 is the most comprehensive study of faculty ever conducted. This is the first study to provide a national profile of instructional and non-instructional faculty, both full-time and part-time, across a variety of two-year, four-year, and doctoral-granting institutions. It is also the first to include instructional personnel who do not have faculty status.

Again, let me assure you that your responses and all information that would permit identification of you or your institution will be kept strictly confidential in accordance with the provisions of the relevant Federal statutes governing privacy and the U.S. Department of Education's mandate to protect the confidentiality of its respondents. Responses will be used only in statistical summaries.

Please take this opportunity to complete the questionnaire now. I appreciate your contribution to this very important research. If you have any questions, call me toll-free at 1-800-733-6672.

Sincerely.

Sameer Y. Abraham, Ph.D. NSOPF-93 Project Director

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Appendix M

Letters to Institution Questionnaire Respondents

Initial Cover Letter to Institutions That Provided Faculty Lists
Initial Cover Letter to Institutions That Did Not Provide Faculty Lists
Follow-up Postcard





VSOPF-93 Endorsed by:

Vmerican Association - for Higher Esucation

American Association of Community and Junior Colleges

American Association of Siate Colleges and Universities

American Association of University Professors

American Federation of Teachers

Association for Institutional Research

Association of American Colleges

Association of Catholic Calleges and Universities

Coilege and University
Personnel Association

The College Board

Council of Graduate Schools

National Association for Equal Opportunity in Higher Education

National Education
Association

National Institute of Independent Colleges and Universities

The United Negro College Fund, Inc.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OFFICE OF EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND IMPROVEMENT

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

Dear Institutional Representative:

The chief administrative officer of your institution has agreed to participate in the 1992-93 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty (NSOPF-93) and has indicated that you could provide us with information concerning your institution's characteristics, policies, and practices. We have already received a list of your institution's faculty and have sampled 41 individuals from the list. Sampled faculty have been sent questionnaires that ask them to provide information on their backgrounds, responsibilities, workloads, compensation, and attitudes. The enclosed questionnaire asks for information that is important to know about the institutions in which faculty work.

NSOPF-93 is the most comprehensive study of faculty in higher educational institutions ever undertaken. The National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) of the U.S. Department of Education is conducting the study with additional support from the National Endowment for the Humanities and the National Science Foundation. The National Opinion Research Center (NORC) at the University of Chicago has been commissioned to collect the data for this study.

Your participation, while voluntary, is critical for us to provide national estimates of higher education institutions' characteristics and policies toward their faculty. Such institutions are facing changing academic, fiscal, and political environments. To make realistic plans for the future of higher education, planners and policy makers at all levels—institutional, government, and legislative—will need reliable and current national data on available resources, as well as on the constraints and demands on higher education institutions. NSOPF-93 is collecting data from approximately 800 higher education institutions and 33,000 faculty members. The study will provide national profiles of faculty in American institutions of higher learning in 1993, and data on institutional policies and practices affecting faculty. NSOPF-93 is the second in a series that first collected data in 1988. The enclosed brochure provides additional information about the study and its goals.

The questionnaire should take about 45-60 minutes to complete. You may send comments regarding this estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing the time needed to respond, to the U.S. Department of Education. Information Management and Compliance Division, Washington, D.C. 20202-4651, and to the Office of Management and Budge; Paperwork Reduction Project 1850-0608, Washington, D.C. 20503.

Individual responses and all information which would permit identification of individuals or institutions will be kept strictly confidential in accordance with the provisions of the relevant Federal statutes governing privacy and with NCES' legislative mandate to protect the confidentiality of its respondents. The brochure cites the relevant statutes. Responses will be used only in statistical summaries and will not be disclosed to any individual or group.

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Please complete the enclosed Institution Questionnaire and return it in the accompanying business-reply envelope within the next few weeks. If you have any questions concluding the questionnaire or the study, please contact the NORC Project Director, Dr. Sameer Abraham, toll-free, at 1-800-733-NORC.

Thank you for your participation in this important study. We will send you a copy of the final analytic report.

Sincerely,

Emerson J. Elliott Commissioner

Enclosures

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.NSOPF-93 Endorsed by:

American Association for Higher Education

American Association of Community and Junior Colleges

American Association of State
Colleges and Universities

American Association of University Professors

American Federation of Teachers

Association for Institutional
Research

Association of American Colleges

Association of Catholic Colleges and Universities

College and University
Personnel Association

The College Board

Council of Graduate Schools

National Association for Equal Opportunity in Higher Education

National Education

National Institute of Independent Colleges and Universities

The United Negro College Fund, Inc.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OFFICE OF EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND IMPROVEMENT

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

Dear Chief Administrative Officer:

Your institution has been selected into the sample of the 1992-93 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty (NSOPF-93). I am writing to ask for your institution's cooperation in this important study by completing the enclosed Institution Questionnaire. The questionnaire should be completed by an academic official, such as a Provost or Academic Dean, who can best respond to questions concerning your institution's characteristics, policies and practices towards its faculty.

NSOPF-93 is the most comprehensive study of faculty in postsecondary educational institutions ever undertaken. The National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) of the U.S. Department of Education is conducting the study with additional support from the National Endowment for the Humanities and the National Science Foundation. The National Opinion Research Center (NORC) at the University of Chicago has been commissioned to collect the data for this study.

Your institution's participation, while voluntary, is critical for us to provide national estimates of higher education institutions' characteristics and policies toward their faculty. Such institutions are facing changing academic, fiscal, and political environments. To make realistic plans for the future of higher education, planners and policy makers at all levels—institutional, government, and legislative—will need reliable and current national data on available resources, as well as on the constraints and demands on higher education institutions. NSOPF is collecting data from approximately 800 higher education institutions and 33,000 faculty members. The study will provide national profiles of faculty in American institutions of higher learning in 1993, and data on institutional policies and practices affecting faculty. NSOPF-93 is the second in a series that first collected data in 1988. The enclosed brochure provides additional information about the study and its goals.

The questionnaire should take about 45-60 minutes to complete. You may send comments regarding this estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing the time needed to respond, to the U.S. Department of Education, Information Management and Compliance Division, Washington, D.C. 20202-4651, and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project 1850-0608, Washington, D.C. 20503.

Individual responses and all information which would permit identification of individuals or institutions will be kept strictly confidential in accordance with the provisions of the relevant Federal statutes governing privacy and with NCES' legislative mandate to protect the confidentiality of its respondents. The brochure cites the relevant statutes. Responses will be used only in statistical summaries and will not be disclosed to any individual or group.

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The enclosed Institution Questionnaire should be completed and returned in the accompanying business-reply envelope within the next few weeks. If you have any questions concerning the questionnaire or the study, please contact the NORC Project Director, Dr. Sameer Abraham, toll-free, at 1-800-733-NORC.

Thank you for your participation in this important study. We will send you a copy of the final analytic report.

Sincerely,

Emerson J. Elliott Commissioner

Enclosures

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Did you mail back your NSOPF Institution Questionnaire?

If not, please complete it today. Current information about your institution is important to understand constraints and demands on the nation's higher education system.

Please return the questionnaire in the stamped, preaddressed envelope. If you have any questions, please call our toll-free number 1-800-733-NORC.

If you've already returned back your questionnaire,

Thank you for your participation.

University of Chicago National Opinion Research Center (NORC) 1155 East 60th Street Chicago, Illinois 60637-2799

We need to hear from you!

National Study of Postsecondary Faculty
Sponsored by the National Center for Education Statistics



Appendix N

Letter to Institution Coordinator for Faculty Follow-up





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OFFICE OF EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND IMPROVEMENT

NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS

April 16, 1993

Dear Institution Coordinator:

Thank you for responding to our request for the 1993 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty (NSOPF-93), sponsored by the National Center for Education Statistics.

As you requested, enclosed please find the individual questionnaire packets for the faculty sampled at your institution. We would appreciate your distributing these packets to the appropriate faculty members as soon as possible, so that they have ample time to complete the questionnaire.

We would like to take this opportunity to again thank you for your assistance, and to mention that we may need to recontact you to prompt any faculty members who do not return their questionnaires. Normally, we would attempt to contact nonresponding sample members ourselves, but we understand if some institutions would prefer to maintain the privacy of their staff members. In such cases, we would ask the Institution Coordinator to distribute additional questionnaire packets to nonresponding faculty members and prompt them to complete the questionnaire and return it to us as soon as possible.

Should you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to call us at 1-800-733-NORC. Thank you.

Sincerely yours,

Sameer Y. Abraham, Ph.D. NSOPF-93 Project Director

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Appendix O

Derived Variables

Exhibit O-1: Discipline Crosswalk, NSOPF 1988-1993

Exhibit O-2: Derived Variable Crosswalk to NSOPF-88



1993 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty Documentation of Derived Variable Creation

This document describes how the derived variables were created that accompany the NSOPF-93 institution and restricted public use faculty data files. The derived variables appear after the survey variables at the end of each data file, and are listed here in the order in which they appear. A total of 143 derived variables have been created. The faculty file includes all 143 derived variables. The institution file contains 36 institution-level derived variables.

All faculty-level derived variables were created by NORC using data collected from the NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire. Most of the institution-level derived variables were created using multiple sources of data including: the 1991-92 IPEDS (Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System), the "Carnegie classification" system¹, and NSOPF-93 sampling information. NCES created the derived variables based on IPEDS.

In this document, the SAS variable name of each derived variable appears in *UPPER CASE BOLD*ITALICS on the left-hand side of the page. Each variable name begins with the letter "X". The second and third elements of the variable name indicate in what order the derived variable was created from the primary survey variable or other source (e.g., X01, X02, X03, etc.).

Institution-level derived variables. The last element of the SAS variable name for institution-level derived variables consists of two characters, an underscore and a zero "_0" (e.g., X01_0, X02_0, X03_0, etc.). This component of the variable name signifies both that the variable is an institution-level derived variable and that an outside data source was used when creating it (derived variables X01_0 through X37_0). The example below is a variable derived from IPEDS data; the "_0" indicates that it is an institution-level variable. The variable title (created for purposes of this document) appears below the variable name. Below that is the CODE which defines the value of the variable. In this example, because it is reported as an open-ended percentage, the value will vary from 0 to 100.

X27 0

Minority enrollment: Percent American Indian/Alaskan Native

CODE:

(PERCENTAGE, open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by NCES from 1991-92 IPEDS data to provide the percentage of American Indian/Alaskan native enrollment at each NSOPF-93 institution.

American Indian or Alaskan Native. A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.



A Classification of Institutions of Higher Education. The Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching (Princeton, New Jersey: 1987).

Faculty-level derived variables. The SAS variable names of faculty-level derived variables also begin with the letter "X". The second and third digits of the faculty-level derived variable name indicate the order that the variable was created from the primary survey variable. The last component of the derived variable name reflects the section and question in the NSOPF-93 Faculty Questionnaire from which the variable originated.

In the example below, " $_01$ " in the derived variable name, X01A7, indicates that this is the first variable derived from survey variable A7, which is in Section A of the Faculty Questionnaire. The CODE identifies the values for the derived variable, keying them to the survey variables' original coding scheme (i.e. X01A7's value 4 is equivalent to A7's values 4 and/or 5). The description explains how the survey variable (A7) was collapsed to create the derived variable.

X01A7

Tenure: Tenure status

CODE:

1=Tenured (Q7=1)

2=On tenure track but not tenured (Q7=2)
3=Not on tenure track (Q7=3)

4=No tenure system for respondent's faculty status or no tenure system at institution (Q7=4 or 5)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from SAS variable A7 to indicate tenure status of a faculty respondent during the 1992 Fall Term; codes for "no tenure system for respondent's faculty status" and "no tenure system at this institution" have been merged into one category.

Survey variables from questions in the preface of the NSOPF-93 Faculty Questionnaire have a leading underscore in place of a section letter (e.g., _1, _1A, etc.). Derived variables based on the questions begin with the letter "X" and a number indicating order of creation, followed by the name of the survey variable (e.g., X01_1, X02_2, etc.).

Exhibit O-1 contains a list of the academic disciplines and codes used in several NSOPF-93 derived variables and provides a cross-walk to the NSOPF-88 discipline codes. Exhibit O-2 contains the derived variable titles in alphabetical order, and a cross-walk to the NSOPF-88 derived variable titles.

The SAS implementation for each derived variable created by NORC was tested using an iterative process. Special programs were written in order to generate values for each of the derived variables from selected subsamples of observations from the faculty data set. The output from these reports was then checked against a set of values that were manually computed according to the specifications for the derived variable. Whenever discrepancies appeared, both the program implementation and manual computations were rechecked for logical consistency and errors, after which the programs were revised accordingly until the problems were corrected. This process was repeated for each derived variable to ensure that the variables were created in accordance with NCES specifications.



Institution-level derived variables

```
X01 0
```

```
Institution strata (matches NSOPF-88 categories)

CODE:

1=Public research (I_AFF=1, I_CNG=11 or 12)

2=Private research (I_AFF=2, I_CNG=11 or 12)

3=Public doctoral, including medical (I_AFF=1, I_CNG=13 or 14 or 52)

4=Private doctoral, including medical (I_AFF=2, I_CNG=13 or 14 or 52)

5=Public comprehensive (I_AFF=1, I_CNG=21 or 22)

6=Private comprehensive (I_AFF=2, I_CNG=21 or 22)

7=Liberal arts (I_CNG=31 or 32)

8=Public two-year (I_AFF=1, I_CNG=40)

9=Other, includes religious and other specialized institutions, except medical; private 2-year institutions not included (I_CNG=51, 53-65)
```

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to indicate the modified 1987 Carnegie classification for the institutions sampled for NSOPF-93. The $X01_0$ categories match the NSOPF-88 categories used in some NCES publications. A modified Carnegie system was used to stratify institutions by control (public and private) and type (research, other Ph.D., comprehensive, liberal arts, medical, two-year, religious, other and unknown.) Specific Carnegie classifications are defined at $X05_0$. (Note: Private two-year schools are not included in any of the individual categories).

```
Control

I_AFF=1 — Public

I_AFF=2 — Private

I_CNG=11 or 12 — Research

I_CNG=13 or 14 — Other Ph.D.

I_CNG=21 or 22 — Comprehensive

I_CNG=31 or 32 — Liberal arts

I_CNG=40 — Two-year college

I_CNG=51 — Religious

I_CNG=52 — Medical

I_CNG=53 to 65 — Other
```

For NSOPF-93 institutions with unknown Carnegie classifications, the value of $X01_0$ was individually assigned based on information available from IPEDS.



X02 0

Institution strata (modified NSOPF-88 categories)

CODE:

- 1=Public research (I_AFF=1, I_CNG=11 or 12)
- 2=Private research (I_AFF=2, I_CNG=11 or 12)
- 3=Public doctoral, including medical (I_AFF=1, I_CNG=13 or 14 or 52)
- 4=Private doctoral, including medical (I_AFF=2, I_CNG=13 or 14 or 52)
- 5=Public comprehensive (I_AFF=1, I_CNG=21 or 22)
- 6=Private comprehensive (I_AFF=2, I_CNG=21 or 22)
- 7=Private liberal arts (I AFF=2, I CNG=31 or 32)
- 8=Public two-year (I AFF=1, I CNG=40)
- 9=Other, including private 2-year institutions, public liberal arts institutions and religious and other specialized institutions, except medical (I_AFF=1 and I_CNG=31 or 32, I_AFF=2 and I_CNG=40, I_CNG=51, 53-65)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This variable is a modification of $X01_0$. The categories for Codes 1-6 and 8 correspond to categories used in NSOPF-88 (as in $X01_0$). Code 7, previously labeled "liberal arts", has been modified to include only private liberal arts institutions. Code 9, "other", now includes public liberal arts, private two-year institutions, and religious and other specialized institutions. (Specific Carnegie classifications are defined at $X05_0$.) This variable creates the "institution type and control" stratification used in tables in the NCES reports Institutional Policies and Practices Regarding Faculty in Higher Education [NCES 97-080] and Instructional Faculty and Staff in Higher Education Institutions: Fall 1987 and Fall 1992 [NCES 97-470].

For NSOPF-93 institutions with unknown Carnegie classifications, the value of X02_0 was individually assigned based on information available from IPEDS.



X04 0

Institution strata (modified NSOPF-93 sampling strata; unknown private and unknown public eliminated; stratum 15 split into 3 strata: public research, private research, public other Ph.D.)

CODE:

- 1=Private other Ph.D.
- 2=Public comprehensive
- 3=Private comprehensive
- 4=Public liberal arts
- 5=Private liberal arts
- 6=Public medical
- 7=Private medical
- 8=Private religious
- 9=Public two year
- 10=Private two year
- 11=Public other
- 12=Private other
- 13=Public research
- 14=Private research
- 15=Public other Ph.D.

Description of the Derived Variable:

This variable is a modification of the sampling strata of the NSOPF-93 institutions. A modified 1987 Carnegie classification system was used to stratify institutions by type and control. (Specific Carnegie classifications are defined at $X05_0$.) There were two levels of control, public and private, and nine types: research, other Ph.D., comprehensive, liberal arts, medical, religious, two-year schools, other, and unknown. The unknown sampling strata (stratum 13 and stratum 14 in the ISTRATUM sampling variable on the data file) for institutions for which a Carnegie classification was not available have been eliminated for this derived variable. There are no public religious institutions. Three of the cells, public research, private research, and public "other Ph.D.", were sampled at 100%, and grouped together in the "certainty" stratum (stratum 15 in the ISTRATUM sampling variable on the data file). Because this stratum does not contain a grouping of analytic interest, the sampling strata for this derived variable have been modified so that institutions previously contained in the "certainty" stratum are split into 3 separate strata:

- -Public research
- -Private research
- -Public other Ph.D.



X05_0

Institution by Carnegie classification I or II (1987) (public or private sort eliminated)

CODE:

1=Research I

2=Research II

3=Doctoral I

4=Doctoral II

5=Comprehensive I

6=Comprehensive II

7=Liberal arts I

8=Liberal arts II

9=Two year

10=Other

Description of the Derived Variable:

This variable sorts institutions sampled for NSOPF-93 according to their specific Carnegie classification (rather than the modified 1987 Carnegie classification system utilized in $X01_0$, which sorted institutions according to their public or private designation). These Carnegie classifications incorporate information from the Carnegie Foundation's 1994 Classification of Institutions of Higher Education. (The institution sample was stratified following the 1987 Carnegie classifications, as noted in Chapter 3.) The 1994 Carnegie classifications are as follows:

Research I: offer a full range of baccalaureate through doctoral programs, award 50 or more doctoral

degrees each year, give high priority to research and receive \$40 million or more in federal

support annually

Research II: offer a full range of baccalaureate through doctoral programs, award 50 or more doctoral

degrees each year, give high priority to research and receive between \$15.5 and \$40 million

in federal support annually

Doctoral I: offer a full range of baccalaureate through doctoral programs and award at least 40 doctoral

degrees annually in five or more disciplines

Doctoral II: offer a full range of baccalaureate through doctoral programs and award at least 10 doctoral

degrees annually in three or more disciplines, or 20 or more doctoral degrees in one or more

disciplines

Comprehensive I: offer a full range of baccalaureate through master's degree programs and award 40

or more master's degrees annually in three or more disciplines

Comprehensive II: offer a full range of baccalaureate through master's degree programs and award 20

or more master's degrees annually in one or more disciplines

Liberal arts (or baccalaureate colleges) I:

offer primarily undergraduate degrees, award 40% or more of their baccalaureate degrees in liberal arts fields and are restrictive in admissions



Liberal arts (or baccalaureate colleges) II:

offer primarily undergraduate degrees, award less than 40% of their baccalaureate degrees in liberal arts fields and are less restrictive in admissions

Two year (associate of arts colleges):

offer primarily associate of arts certificate or degree programs, and with few exceptions, do not offer baccalaureate degrees (this group includes community, junior and technical colleges)

Other: offer degrees ranging from the bachelor's to the doctoral, with at least 50% of the degrees awarded in a single discipline (including institutions whose primary purpose is to offer religious instruction or train members of the clergy; medical schools and medical centers who award most of their professional degrees in medicine and in some instances, in other health professional programs; other separate health professional schools that award most of their degrees in fields such as chiropractic, nursing, pharmacy or podiatry; schools of engineering and technology; schools of business and management; schools of art, music and design; schools of law; teachers colleges; other specialized institutions such as graduate centers, maritime academies, military institutions and institutions that do not fit other classifications; tribal colleges and universities, primarily tribally contracted and located on reservations).

For NSOPF-93 institutions with unknown Carnegie classifications, the value of X05_0 was individually assigned based on information available from IPEDS.

X06 0

```
Institution type (1991-92 IPEDS and modified Carnegie)
CODE:
1=Four year (I_TYP=4)
2=Two year (I_TYP=2)
```

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to reflect the type of institution (two- or four-year) sampled for NSOPF-93.

X07 0

```
Institution control (1991-92 IPEDS and modified Carnegie)
CODE:
1=Public (I_AFF=1)
2=Private (I_AFF=2)
```

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to reflect the public or private status of the NSOPF-93 institution.



X08 0

Institution strata (NSOPF-88 categories modified further)

CODE:

- 1=Four-year public doctoral (medical schools and research institutions)
- 2=Four-year private doctoral (medical schools and research institutions)
- 3=Four-year public non-doctoral (comprehensive, liberal arts, and other specialized institutions)
- 4=Four-year private non-doctoral (comprehensive, liberal arts, and other specialized institutions)
- 5=Two-year public
- 6=Two-year private

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable is a modification of $X01_0$. For this derived variable, institutions are grouped by four-year and two-year designations, by control (public and private), and by types of degrees offered (doctoral and non-doctoral).

For NSOPF-93 institutions with unknown Carnegie classifications (defined at X05_0), the value of X08_0 was individually assigned based on information available from IPEDS.

X09 0

Institution strata (NSOPF-88 and modified 1994 Carnegie)

CODE:

- 1=Public research
- 2=Private research
- 3=Public doctoral-including medical
- 4=Private doctoral-including medical
- 5=Public comprehensive
- 6=Private comprehensive
- 7=Private liberal arts
- 8=Public two-year
- 9=Other

Description of the Derived Variable:

This variable was created to reflect the 1994 Carnegie classification and public or private status of each NSOPF-93 institution. The categories correspond to the modified 1988 NSOPF categories at X02 0.

For NSOPF-93 institutions with unknown Carnegie classifications, the value of X09_0 was individually assigned based on information available from IPEDS.



X10 0

Ratio of FTE enrollment/FTE faculty
CODE:

(open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This variable was created by NCES from 1991-92 IPEDS data to show the ratio of FTE enrollment to FTE faculty at NSOPF-93 institutions. These terms are defined as follows:

Full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment: The sum of the number of full-time students and the full-time equivalency of part-time students.

Full-time equivalent (FTE) of part-time enrollment: A numeric conversion through which a student attending part-time is considered some fraction of a full-time student. The actual fractions used were:

- .38 for part-time undergraduates and graduate students
- .50 for first-professional students

Full-time equivalent (FTE) faculty: The sum of the number of full-time faculty and the full-time equivalency of part-time faculty.

Full-time equivalent (FTE) of part-time faculty: A numeric conversion through which a faculty member employed part-time is considered some fraction of a faculty member employed full-time. The actual fraction used was .56.

$X11 \theta$

Institution size: Number of full- and part-time undergraduate students enrolled

CODE:

(open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by NCES from 1991-92 IPEDS data to show the number of undergraduate students enrolled in courses for credit at NSOPF-93 institutions.

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four-year or five-year bachelor's degree program, in an associate's degree program, or in a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate, or any other student that is not seeking a degree but is enrolled in courses for credit.

X12_0

Institution size collapsed: Number of full- and part-time under-graduate students enrolled CODE:

(ranges)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by NCES to recode the continuous categories at X11_0 into five ranges.



X13 0

Institution size: FTE undergraduate enrollment

CODE: (open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This variable was created by NCES from 1991-92 IPEDS data to show FTE undergraduate enrollment at NSOPF-93 institutions.

FTE: Full-time equivalency of undergraduate students as defined at X10 0.

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four-year or five-year bachelor's degree program, in an associate's degree program, or in a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate, or any other student that is not seeking a degree but is enrolled in courses for credit.

X14 0

Institution size collapsed: FTE undergraduate enrollment

CODE: (ranges)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This variable was created by NCES to recode the continuous categories at X13_0 into five ranges.

X15 0

Institution size: Number of first-professional students enrolled

CODE: (open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by NCES from 1991-92 IPEDS data to show the number of first-professional students enrolled at NSOPF-93 institutions.

First-professional student: A student enrolled in any of the following degree programs:

Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.) Pharmacy (D.Phar.)

Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.) Podiatry (Pod.D. or D.P.)

Medicine (M.D.) Veterinary Medicine(D.V.M.)

Optometry (O.D.) Law (L.L.B., J.D.)

Osteopathic Medicine (D.O.) Theology (M.Div. or M.H.L. or B.D.)

X16 0

Institution size collapsed: Number of first-professional students enrolled

CODE: (ranges)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by NCES to recode the continuous categories at X15 0 into five ranges.



X17 0

Institution size: FTE first-professional enrollment

CODE: (open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by NCES from 1991-92 IPEDS data to show the number of FTE first-professional students enrolled at NSOPF-93 institutions.

FTE: Full-time equivalency of first-professional students as defined at X10 0.

First-professional student: A student enrolled in any of the following degree programs:

```
Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.)

Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.)

Medicine (M.D.)

Optometry (O.D.)

Pharmacy (D.Phar.)

Podiatry (Pod.D. or D.P.)

Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.)

Law (L.L.B., J.D.)
```

Osteopathic Medicine (D.O.) Theology (M.Div. or M.H.L. or B.D.)

X18 0

Institution size collapsed: FTE first-professional enrollment CODE: (ranges)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by NCES to recode the continuous categories at X17_0 into five ranges.

X19 0

Institution size: Number of graduate students enrolled CODE: (open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This variable was created by NCES from 1991-92 IPEDS data to show the total enrollment of graduate students at NSOPF-93 institutions.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or first-professional degree, or equivalent, and is taking courses for credit at the post-baccalaureate level. These students may or may not be enrolled in a graduate degree program.

X20_0

Institution size collapsed: Number of graduate students enrolled CODE: (ranges)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by NCES to recode the continuous categories at X19_0 into five ranges.



X21 0

Institution size: FTE graduate enrollment

CODE: (open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by NCES from 1991-92 IPEDS data to show the number of FTE graduate students at NSOPF-93 institutions.

FTE: Full-time equivalency of graduate students as defined at X10_0.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or first-professional degree, or equivalent, and is taking courses for credit at the post-baccalaureate level. These students may or may not be enrolled in a graduate degree program.

X22_0

Institution size collapsed: FTE graduate enrollment

CODE: (ranges)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by NCES to recode the continuous categories at X21_0 into five ranges.

X23 0

Institution size: Total enrollment

CODE: (open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by NCES from 1991-92 IPEDS data to show the size of the total student enrollment at NSOPF-93 institutions.

Total enrollment: All students taking courses for credit.

X24 0

Institution size collapsed: Total enrollment

CODE: (open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by NCES to recode the continuous categories at X23_0 into five ranges.



X25_0

Institution size: Total FTE enrollment

CODE: (open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by NCES from 1991-92 IPEDS data to provide the total FTE student enrollment at NSOPF-93 institutions.

Full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment: The sum of the number of full-time students and the full-time equivalency of part-time students.

Full-time equivalent (FTE) of part-time enrollment: A numeric conversion through which a student attending part-time is considered some fraction of a full-time student. The actual fractions used were:

.38 for part-time undergraduates and graduate students

.50 for part-time first-professional students

X26_0

Institution size collapsed: Total FTE enrollment

CODE: (ranges)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by NCES to recode the continuous categories at X25_0 into five ranges.

X27_0

Minority enrollment: Percent American Indian/Alaskan Native

CODE:

(PERCENTAGE, open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by NCES from 1991-92 IPEDS data to provide the percentage of American Indian/Alaskan Native enrollment at each NSOPF-93 institution.

American Indian or Alaskan Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.



X28 0

Minority enrollment: Percent Asian/Pacific Islander

CODE:

(PERCENTAGE, open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from 1991-92 IPEDS data to provide the percentage of Asian/Pacific Islander enrollment at each NSOPF-93 institution.

Asian or Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippines, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

X29 0

Minority enrollment: Percent Black Non-Hispanic

CODE:

(PERCENTAGE, open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from 1991-92 IPEDS data to provide the percentage of Black Non-Hispanic enrollment at each NSOPF-93 institution.

Black, Non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the Black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origins).

X30 0

Minority enrollment: Percent Hispanic

CODE:

(PERCENTAGE, open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from 1991-92 IPEDS data to provide the percentage of Hispanic enrollment at each NSOPF-93 institution.

Hispanic: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.



X31 0

Institution expenditures: Instruction

CODE: (open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by NCES from the 1991-92 IPEDS data to show the level of instructional expenditures at NSOPF-93 institutions.

Instruction (expenditures): Expenditures of the colleges, schools, departments, and other instructional divisions of the institution, and expenditures for departmental research and public service that are not separately budgeted. Includes expenditures for credit and non-credit activities. Excludes expenditures for academic administration where the primary function is administration (e.g., academic deans). This category also includes general academic instruction, occupational and vocational instruction, special session instruction, community education, preparatory and adult basic education, and remedial and tutorial instruction conducted by the teaching faculty for the institution's students.

X32 0

Institution expenditures collapsed: Instruction

CODE: (ranges)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by NCES to recode the continuous categories at X31_0 into five ranges.

X33 0

Institution expenditures: Research

CODE: (open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This variable was created by NCES from 1991-92 IPEDS data to show the funds expended for research by NSOPF-93 institutions.

Research (expenditures): Funds expended for activities specifically organized to produce research outcomes and commissioned by an agency either external to the institution or separately budgeted by an organizational unit within the institution.

X34 0

Institution expenditures collapsed: Research

CODE: (ranges)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This variable was created by NCES to recode the continuous categories at X33_0 into five ranges.



X35 0

Institution expenditures: Educational and general

CODE: (open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This variable was created by NCES from 1991-92 IPEDS data to show the level of educational and general expenditures at NSOPF-93 institutions.

Educational and general (E&G) expenditures: Educational and general expenditures include current fund expenditures for instruction, research, public service, academic support, student services, institutional support, operation and maintenance of plant, scholar-ships and fellowships, and educational and general mandatory transfers. Educational and general expenditures exclude expenditures on auxiliary enterprises, hospitals, and independent operations. Pell Grants are excluded.

X36 0

Institution expenditures collapsed: Educational and general

CODE: (ranges)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by NCES to recode the continuous categories at X35_0 into five ranges.

X37 0

Bureau of Economic Analysis region code

CODE:

0=U.S. service school

1=New England

2=Mid East

3=Great Lakes

4=Plains

5=Southeast

6=Southwest

7=Rocky Mountain

8=Far West

9=Outlying areas

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by NCES from 1991-92 IPEDS data to classify NSOPF-93 institutions according to geographic region, using the nine BEA (Bureau of Economic Analysis) region codes.



Faculty questionnaire derived variables

X01 1

Role: Any instructional duties for credit

CODE:

1=Yes (Q1=1, Q1A=1 or 2)2=No (Q1=1, Q1A=3 or Q1=2)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This variable was created from NSOPF-93 faculty survey data to indicate whether respondents had any instructional duties for credit during the 1992 Fall Term at the institution from which they were sampled. This included teaching one or more courses for credit, or advising or supervising academic activities for credit, e.g. individualized instruction. SAS variables _1 and _1A were the basis for this variable. SAS variable _1 has a value of 1 if a respondent had any instructional duties in the 1992 Fall term, and 2 if they did not. SAS variable 1A is 1 if all the respondent's instructional duties were related to credit courses, advising, or supervising academic activities for credit; 2 if only some duties were; and 3 if all the respondent's instructional duties were related to non-credit courses, advising, or supervising non-credit academic activities.

In the NCES report Instructional Faculty and Staff in Higher Education Institutions: Fall 1987 and Fall 1992, this variable was used to select instructional faculty for comparisons between 1987 and 1992. Those respondents coded "yes" (i.e., X01_1=1) were selected for the comparisons in that report.

The faculty data file was re-weighted after the release of this publication. Current estimates based upon this variable will not match earlier estimates



X02 1

Role: Specific duties and faculty status

CODE:

- 1=Any instructional duties for credit with faculty status (Q1=1, Q1A=1 or 2, Q3=1)
- 2=Any instructional duties for credit without faculty status (Q1=1, Q1A=1 or 2, Q3=2 or 3)
- 3=Non-instructional duties, mainly research (Q1=2, Q2=2)
- 4=Non-instructional duties, mainly administration (Q1=2, Q2=6 or 9 or above)
- 5=Non-instructional duties, mainly other (Q1=2, Q2 NE 1, 2, or 6 or 9 or above)
- 6=Instructional duties not for credit with faculty status (Q1=1, Q1A=3, Q3=1)
- 7=Instructional duties not for credit without faculty status (Q1=1, Q1A=3, Q3=2 or 3)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to indicate faculty status for respondents who had any instructional duties, and the nature of their principal activity (at the institution from which they were sampled), for respondents who had no instructional duties for credit during the 1992 Fall term.

The derived variable was created from SAS variables _1, _1A, _2 and _3. SAS variable _1 has a value of 1 if a respondent had any instructional duties, and 2 if they did not. SAS variable _1A is 1 if all the respondent's instructional duties were related to credit courses, or advising, or supervising academic activities for credit; 2 if only some duties were; and 3 if all the respondent's instructional duties were related to non-credit courses, or advising, or supervising non-credit academic activities. SAS variable _2 has a value of 1 if the respondent answered teaching was their principal activity; 2 if research; 3 if technical activities; 4 if clinical services; 5 if community/public service; 6 if administration (unspecified), or 9-23 if administration (specified); 7 if the respondent was on sabbatical; 8 if subsidized performer, artist in residence, etc; and 24 for a written response that could not be coded (other). SAS variable _3 has a value of 1 if the respondent had faculty status, 2 if the respondent did not have faculty status, and 3 if no one had faculty status at the respondent's institution.

Codes 9-23 for SAS variable _2, created from respondent verbatims entered at code 6 to specify type of administrative activity, are as follows:

9=Dean, Acting/Interim/Associate/Assistant Dean

10=Chair, Acting/Associate/Assistant Chair

11=Director/Head/Coordinator (of a program, group, field of study)

12=President, Chief

13=Assistant to the President

14=Vice President, Associate/Assistant Vice President

15=Administrator, Manager

16=Chancellor, Provost

17=Chaplain

18=Advisor, Counselor

19=Librarian, Library Director

20=Registrar

21=Secretary, miscellaneous clerical

22=Adjunct (unspecified)

23=Athletic Director, Coach



X03 1

Role: Duties collapsed

CODE:

1=Any instructional duties for credit

2=Non-instructional duties, mainly research

3=Non-instructional duties, mainly administration

4=Non-credit instructional duties with faculty status or non-instructional duties, mainly other

5=No instructional duties for credit, no faculty status

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by recoding derived variable X02_1 in order to sort respondents with any instructional duties for credit (regardless of faculty status) from respondents with faculty status who did not have any instructional duties for credit or whose main non-instructional duties were not in research or administration. Respondents with faculty status whose main responsibility was research or administration are sorted into two other categories, and, finally, respondents without faculty status and only non-credit teaching duties are in a separate category.

X04 1

Role: Instructional duties by faculty status

CODE:

1=Any instructional duties for credit with faculty status

2=No instructional duties for credit with faculty status

3=Any instructional duties for credit without faculty status

4=No instructional duties for credit, without faculty status

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by recoding of derived variable X02_1 in order to sort respondents by instructional duties and faculty status.

X05 1

Role: Faculty status or instructional duties for credit

CODE

1=Faculty status or instructional duties for credit

2=Neither faculty status nor instructional duties for credit

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by recoding derived variable X02_1 to separate respondents who had either faculty status or instructional duties for credit, from respondents who did not have faculty status and whose teaching was all non-credit.



X06 1

Role: Duties modified

CODE:

1=Any instructional duties for credit with faculty status

2=Any instructional duties for credit without faculty status

3=Non-instructional duties, mainly research

4=Non-instructional duties, mainly administration

5=Non-credit instructional duties with faculty status and non-instructional duties, mainly other

6=No instruction for credit and no faculty status

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by recoding derived variable $X02_I$ in order to separate instructional duties for credit by faculty status and to merge non-credit instructional duties with faculty status, with non-instructional duties other than research or administration. In order to be included in the teaching category an individual had to have some instructional duties for credit.

X07 1

Role: Any instruction for credit with teaching as primary activity

CODE:

1=Yes

2=No

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to indicate whether the respondent indicated that their primary activity was teaching (based on SAS variable _2) and that at least some of their teaching responsibilities were related to credit courses or advising or supervising academic activities for credit (SAS variable _1A).

X01 2

Primary activity, all (non-credit teachers included)

CODE:

1=Teaching (Q2=1)

2=Research (Q2=2)

3=Administration (Q2=6 or 9 or above)

4=Other (Q2 NE 1,2 or 6 or 9 or above)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to indicate each respondent's primary activity at their sampled institution during the 1992 Fall term, based on SAS variable _2. Those respondents who answered that their primary activity was technical activities, clinical service, community/public service, on sabbatical, or other activities were coded as "other" at $X01_2$. (The values of SAS variable _2 appear in the description of derived variable $X02_1$.)



X02 2

Primary activity, modified

CODE:

1=Teaching (at least some instructional duties for credit)

2=Research

3=Administration

4=Other duties (including non-credit teaching, with faculty status)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by recoding derived variable $X01_2$ to separate non-credit teaching from at least some teaching for credit. Non-credit teaching with faculty status is merged with other non-instructional duties. Non-credit teaching without faculty status is not included in this variable.

X01A4

Employment: Part-time faculty position only employment

CODE:

1=Yes (Q4=1 and Q17=1)

2=No (Q4=2, or Q4=1 and Q17=2)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to identify a respondent whose sole employment during the 1992 Fall Term was as a part-time faculty member at their sampled institution, based on responses at SAS variable A4 (full-time/part-time status) and SAS variable B17 (other employment during the 1992 Fall term).

X01A6

Employment: Number of years in current position at institution (1993 minus Q6)

CODE:

(NUMBER YEARS, open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to indicate the number of years a respondent has been at the position held during the 1992 Fall Term at their sampled institution, based on the year began at SAS variable A6.

X01A7

Tenure: Tenure status

CODE:

1=Tenured (Q7=1)

2=On tenure track but not tenured (Q7=2)

3=Not on tenure track (Q7=3)

4=No tenure system for respondent's faculty status or no tenure system at institution (Q7=4 or 5)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from SAS variable A7 to indicate tenure status of a respondent during the 1992 Fall Term; codes for "no tenure system for respondent's faculty status" and "no tenure system at this institution" have been merged into one category.



X02A7

Tenure: Number of years tenured (1993 minus Q7A)

CODE:

(NUMBER YEARS, Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from SAS variable A7A to provide a calculation of the number of years a respondent has been tenured.

X01A9

Academic rank

CODE

1=Not applicable, no ranks designated at institution (O9=NA)

2=Full Professor (Q9=1)

3=Associate Professor (Q9=2)

4=Assistant Professor (Q9=3)

5=Instructor (Q9=4)

6=Lecturer (Q9=5)

7=Other ranks (Q9=any "other" category)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from SAS variable A9 to identify a respondent's academic rank, title or position at their sampled institution or to identify the fact that ranks are not assigned. SAS variable A9 has a value of 1 if the respondent was a full professor, 2 if an associate professor, 3 if an assistant professor, 4 if an instructor, 5 if a lecturer, 6 if an unspecified "other rank", and 7 or above if "other rank" was specified. The reserve code used for NA (not applicable)= -5. Codes 7-25, created from respondent verbatims entered at code 6 to specify type of rank, are as follows:

7=Visiting Faculty/Teacher/or unspecified

8=Professor Emeritus

9=Dean

10=Chairperson

11=Director, Head, Coordinator, Executive

12=Administration, Administrator

13=Management, Supervisor

14=Post-doctoral

15=Research Fellow/Scientist/Professor

16=President, Chancellor

17=Chaplain

18=Counselor, Mentor, Advisor

19=Librarian, Curator

20=Research Associate/Assistant

21=Secretary, miscellaneous clerical

22=Adjunct Faculty/Teacher/or unspecified

23=Coach

24=No title, no rank

25=Other



X01A10

Academic rank: Number of years since rank achieved (1993-Q10)

CODE:
(NUMBER YEARS, Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to provide a calculation of years since a respondent first achieved the academic rank held in the 1992 Fall term, based on the year entered at SAS variable A10.

X01A11

Appointment type

CODE:

1=Regular (Q11 NE 1,2, or 3) 2=Temporary (Q11=1,2, or 3)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to determine the type of appointment held by a respondent at their sampled institution in the Fall of 1992. SAS variables A11_1 through A11_7 were used to create this variable. A11_1=an acting appointment, A11_2=affiliate or adjunct, A11_3=visiting, A11_4=assigned by religious order, A11_5=clinical, A11_6=research, and A11_7=none of the above. A11_1, A11_2 or A11_3 are considered temporary appointments; A11_4 through A11_7 are considered regular appointments.

X02A11

Appointment type and employment status

CODE

1=Full-time, regular (Q4=2, Q11 NE 1,2, or 3)

2=Full-time, temporary (Q4=2, Q11=1,2, or 3)

3=Part-time, regular (Q4=1, Q11 NE 1,2, or 3)

4=Part-time, temporary (Q4=1, Q11=1,2, or 3)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to indicate a respondent's type of appointment as well as full- or part-time employment status at their sampled institution, based on SAS variable A4 and derived variable X01A11. If SAS variable A4 is 1, the respondent worked part-time. If it is 2, the respondent worked full-time. X01A11 was used to determine the type of appointment. If X01A11=1, the appointment is regular. If X01A11=2, the appointment is temporary.

X01A12

Program area: Teaching categories (matches NSOPF-88 categories)

CODE:

1=Agriculture and home economics (Q12=100-110, 350; includes agribusiness (101), agricultural sciences (102), renewable resources (103), other agriculture (110), and home economics (350))

2=Business (Q12=160-170; includes business (160), accounting (161), banking and finance (162), business administration and management (163), business administrative support (164), human resources development (165), organizational behavior (166), marketing and distribution (167) and other business (170))



3=Education (Q12=220-250; includes general education (221), basic skills (222), bilingual and cross-cultural education (223), curriculum and instruction (224), education administration (225), education evaluation and research (226), educational psychology (227) special ed. (228), student counseling and personnel services (229) other education (230), teacher education-unspecified (240), pre-elementary (241), elementary (242), secondary (243), adult and continuing (244), other general teacher ed. programs (245) and teacher ed. in specific subjects (250)) 4=Engineering (Q12=260-280; includes general, civil, mechanical, chemical, and other engineering (261-270), engineering-related technologies (280)) 5=Fine arts (Q12=140-150, includes art history and appreciation (141), crafts (142), dance (143), design (144), dramatic arts (145), film arts (146), fine arts (147), music (148), music history and appreciation (149), and other visual or performing arts (150)) 6=Health sciences (Q12=330-340; includes health sciences-unspecified (330), allied health technologies (331), dentistry (332), health services administration (333), medicine (334), nursing (335), pharmacy (336), public health (337), veterinary medicine (338), and other health sciences (340)7=Humanities (Q12=290-320, 480, 548; includes general English (291), composition (292), American lit. (293), English lit. (294), linguistics (295), speech (296), English as second language (297), other English (300), foreign languages-unspecified (310), Chinese (311), French (312), German (313), Italian (314), Latin (315), Japanese (316), other Asian (317), Russian (318), Spanish (319), other foreign languages (320), philosophy and religion (480), and history (548)) 8=Natural sciences (Q12=200-210, 390-440; includes computer science-unspecified (200), computer and information sciences (201), computer programming (202), data processing (203), systems analysis (204), other computer science (210), biological sciences-unspecified (390), biochemistry (391), biology (392), botany (393), genetics (394), immunology (395), microbiology (396), physiology (397), zoology (398), other biological sciences (400), physical sciences-unspecified (410), astronomy (411), chemistry (412), physics (413), geological sciences (414), other physical sciences (420), mathematics (430), and statistics (440)) 9=Social sciences (Q12=510, 540-547, 549-560; includes psychology (510), social sciences-unspecified (540), general social sciences (541), anthropology (542), archeology (543), area and ethnic studies (544), demography (545), economics (546), geography (547) international relations (549), political science (550), sociology (551), and other social sciences (560)) 10=All other fields (Q12=120-130, 180-190, 360, 370, 380, 450, 460, 470, 490, 500, 520, 530, 570-900; includes architecture (120-130), communications (180-190), industrial arts (360), law (370), library and archival sciences (380), military studies (450), multi-interdisciplinary studies (460), parks and recreation (470), theology (490), protective services (500), public affairs (520), science technologies (530), vocational training (570), construction trades (600-610), consumer services (620-630), mechanics and repairers (640-644), precision production (660-670), transportation (680-690), and "other" (900))

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from SAS variable A12A in order to identify the general program area of a respondent's principal field of teaching. The categories match NSOPF-88 program area categories.



X02A12

```
Program area: Teaching categories (detailed classification)
        CODE:
        1=Agriculture and home economics (Q12=100-110, 350)
        2=Business (Q12=160-170)
        3=Communications (Q12=180-190)
        4=Teacher education (Q12=240-250; includes teacher education-unspecified (240),
        pre-elementary (241), elementary (242), secondary (243), adult and continuing (244), other
        general teacher ed. programs (245) and teacher education in specific subjects (250))
        5=Other education (Q12=220-230) general education (221), basic skills (222), bilingual and
        cross-cultural education (223), curriculum and instruction (224), education administration
        (225), education evaluation and research (226), educational psychology (227), special ed.
        (228), student counseling and personnel services (229) other education (230))
        6=Engineering (Q12=260-280)
        7=Fine arts (Q12=140-150)
        8=First-professional health sciences (from Q12, includes dentistry (332), medicine (334),
        pharmacy (336), and veterinary medicine (338))
        9=Nursing (Q12=335)
        10=Other health sciences (from Q12, includes health sciences-unspecified (330), allied health
        technologies (331), health services administration (333), public health (337), and other health
        sciences (340))
        11=English and literature (Q12=290-300)
        12=Foreign languages (Q12=310-320)
        13=History (Q12=548)
        14=Philosophy and religion (Q12=480)
        15=Law (Q12=370)
        16=Biological sciences (Q12=390-400)
        17=Physical sciences (Q12=410-420)
        18=Mathematics (from Q12, includes mathematics (430) and statistics (440))
        19=Computer sciences (Q12=200-210)
        20=Economics (Q12=546)
        21=Political science (Q12=550)
        22=Psychology (Q12=510
        23=Sociology (Q12=551)
        24=Other social sciences (from Q12, includes social sciences-unspecified (540), general
        social sciences (541), anthropology (542), archeology (543), area and ethnic studies (544),
        demography (545), economics (546), geography (547), international relations (549), political
        science (550), sociology (551), and other social sciences (560))
        25=Occupationally specific programs (from Q12, includes vocational training (570, 600-690),
        parks & recreation (470), protective services (500), and science technologies (530))
        26=All other programs (from Q12, includes architecture (120-130), industrial arts (360),
        library and archival sciences (380), military studies (450), multi/interdisciplinary studies
        (460), theology (490), public affairs (520), and "other" (900))
```

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from SAS variable A12A to identify the specific program area of a respondent's principal field of teaching, in more detail than in 1988.



```
X03A12
Program area: Teaching or research (if no teaching area), detailed classification
        CODE:
        1=Agriculture and home economics (Q12 or Q13=100-110, 350)
        2=Business (Q12 or Q13=160-170; includes business (160), accounting (161), banking and finance
        (162), business administration and finance (163), business administrative report (164), human
        resources development (165), organizational behavior (166), marketing and distribution (167) and
        other business (170))
        3=Communications (Q12 or Q13=180-190)
        4=Teacher education (Q12 or Q13=240-250; includes teacher education (240), pre-elementary
        (241), elementary (242), secondary (243), adult and continuing (244), other general teacher ed.
        programs (245) and teacher education in specific subjects (250))
        5=Other education (Q12 or Q13=220-230) general education (221), basic skills (222), bilingual and
        cross-cultural education (223), education administration (225), educational psychology (227), other
        education (230))
        6=Engineering (Q12 or Q13=260-280)
        7=Fine arts (Q12 or Q13=140-150)
        8=First-professional health sciences (from Q12 or Q13, includes dentistry (332), medicine
       (334), pharmacy (336), and veterinary medicine (338))\
        9=Nursing (Q12 or Q13=335)
        10=Other health sciences (from Q12 or Q13, includes health sciences-unspecified (330), allied
       health technologies (331), health services administration (333), public health (337), and other
       health sciences (340))
       11=English and literature (Q12 or Q13=290-300)
       12=Foreign languages (Q12 or Q13=310-320)
       13=History (Q12 or Q13=548)
       14=Philosophy and religion (Q12 or Q13=480)
       15=Law (Q12 or Q13=370)
       16=Biological sciences (Q12 or Q13=390-400)
       17=Physical sciences (Q12 or Q13=410-420)
       18=Mathematics (from Q12 or Q13, includes mathematics (430) and statistics (440))
       19=Computer sciences (Q12 or Q13=200-210)
       20=Economics (Q12 or Q13=546)
       21=Political science (Q12 or Q13=550)
       22=Psychology (Q12 or Q13=510)
       23=Sociology (Q12 or Q13=551)
       24=Other social sciences (from Q12 or Q13, includes social sciences-unspecified (540), general
       social sciences (541), anthropology (542), archeology (543), area and ethnic studies (544),
       demography (545), economics (546), geography (547), history (548), international relations (549),
       political science (550), sociology (551), and other social sciences (560)).
       25=Occupationally specific programs (from Q12 or Q13, includes vocational training (570,
       600-690), parks & recreation (470), protective services (500), and science technologies
       (530))
       26=All other programs (from Q12 or Q13, includes architecture (120-130), industrial arts
       (360), library and archival sciences (380), military studies (450), multi/interdisciplinary studies
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(460), theology (490), public affairs (520), and "other" (900))

Description of the Derived Variable:

X03A12 is the classification of a respondent's answer for principal field or discipline of teaching at X02A12 into a specific program area. If the respondent had no principal teaching field, then X03A12 uses the classification of the respondent's principal research area at X02A13 into a specific program area.

X01A13

Program area: Research categories (matches NSOPF-88 categories) CODE:

1=Agriculture and home economics (Q13=100-110, 350; includes agribusiness (101), agricultural sciences (102), renewable resources (103), other agriculture (110), and home economics (350))

2=Business (Q13=160-170; includes accounting (161), banking and finance (162), business administration and finance (163), business administrative report (164), human resources development (165), organizational behavior (166), marketing and distribution (167) and other business (170))

3=Education (Q13=220-250; includes basic skills (222), bilingual and cross-cultural education (223), education administration (225), educational psychology (227), other education (230), teacher education (240), pre-elementary (241), elementary (242), secondary (243), adult and continuing (244), other general teacher ed. programs (245) and teacher education in specific subjects (250))

4=Engineering (Q13=260-280; includes general, civil, mechanical, chemical and other engineering (261-270), engineering-related technologies (280))

5=Fine arts (Q13=140-150, includes art history and appreciation (141), crafts (142), dance (143), design (144), dramatic arts (145), film arts (146), fine arts (147), music (148), music history and appreciation (149), and other visual or performing arts (150))

6=Health sciences (Q13=330-340; includes health sciences-unspecified (330), allied health technologies (331), dentistry (332), health services administration (333), medicine (334), nursing (335), pharmacy (336), public health (337), veterinary medicine (338), and other health sciences (340))

7=Humanities (Q13=290-320, 480, 548; includes general English (291), composition (292), American lit. (293), English lit. (294), linguistics (295), speech (296), English as second language (297), other English (300), foreign languages-unspecified (310), Chinese (311), French (312), German (313), Italian (314), Latin (315), Japanese (316), other Asian (317), Russian (318), Spanish (319), other foreign languages (320), philosophy and religion (480), and history (548))

8=Natural sciences (Q13=200-210, 390-440; includes computer science (200), computer and information sciences (201), computer programming (202), data processing (203), systems analysis (204), other computer science (210), biological sciences-unspecified (390), biochemistry (391), biology (392), botany (393), genetics (394), immunology (395), microbiology (396), physiology (397), zoology (398), other biological sciences (400), physical sciences (410), astronomy (411), chemistry (412), physics (413), geological sciences (414), other physical sciences (420), mathematics (430), and statistics (440))



9=Social sciences (Q13=510, 540-547, 549-560; includes psychology (510), social sciences and history (540), general social sciences (541), anthropology (542), archeology (543), area and ethnic studies (544), demography (545), economics (546), geography (547), history (548), international relations (549), political science (550), sociology (551), and other social sciences (560))

10=All other fields (Q13=120-130, 180-190, 360, 370, 380, 450, 460, 470, 490, 500, 520, 530, 570-900; includes architecture (120-130), communications (180-190), industrial arts (360), law (370), library and archival sciences (380), military studies (450), multi-interdisciplinary studies (460), parks and recreation (470), theology (490), protective services (500), public affairs (520), science technologies (530), vocational training (570), construction trades (600-610), consumer services (620-630), mechanics and repairers (640-644), precision production (660-670), transportation (680-690), and "other" (900))

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from SAS variable A13A in order to identify the general program area of a respondent's principal field of research. The categories match NSOPF-88 program area categories.

X02A13

Program area: Research categories (detailed classification)

CODE:

1=Agriculture and home economics (Q13=100-110, 350)

2=Business (Q13=160-170; includes business (160), accounting (161), banking and finance (162), business administration and finance (163), business administrative report (164), human resources development (165), organizational behavior (166), marketing and distribution (167) and other business (170))

3=Communications (Q12=180-190)

4=Teacher education (Q12=240-250; includes teacher education (240), pre-elementary (241), elementary (242), secondary (243), adult and continuing (244), other general teacher ed. programs (245) and teacher education in specific subjects (250))

5=Other education (Q12=220-230) general education (221), basic skills (222), bilingual and cross-cultural education (223), education administration (225), educational psychology (227), other education (230))

6=Engineering (Q13=260-280)

7=Fine arts (Q13=140-150)

8=First-professional health sciences (from Q13, includes dentistry (332), medicine (334), pharmacy (336), and veterinary medicine (338))

9=Nursing (Q13=335)

10=Other health sciences (from Q13, includes health sciences-unspecified (330), allied health technologies (331), health services administration (333), public health (337), and other health sciences (340))

11=English and literature (Q13=290-300)

12=Foreign languages (Q13=310-320)

13=History (Q13=548)

14=Philosophy and religion (Q13=480)

15=Law (Q13=370)

16=Biological sciences (Q13=390-400)

17=Physical sciences (Q13=410-420)

18=Mathematics (from Q13, includes mathematics (430) and statistics (440))



```
19=Computer sciences (Q13=200-210)
20=Economics (Q13=546)
21=Political sciences (Q13=550)
22=Psychology (Q13=510)
23=Sociology (Q13=551)
24=Other social sciences (from Q12, includes social sciences and history (540), general social sciences (541), anthropology (542), archeology (543), area and ethnic studies (544), demography (545), economics (546), geography (547), history (548), international relations (549), political science (550), sociology (551), and other social sciences (560))
25=Occupationally specific programs (from Q13, includes vocational training (570, 600-690), parks & recreation (470), protective services (500), and science technologies (530))
26=All other programs (from Q13, includes architecture (120-130), industrial arts (360), library and archival sciences (380), military studies (450), multi/interdisciplinary studies (460), theology (490), public affairs (520), and "other" (900))
```

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from SAS variable A13A to identify the specific program area of a respondent's principal field of research, in more detail than in 1988.

X01B14

Awards: Undergraduate awards

CODE:

1=Yes (Q14=1 or 2 or 3 or 4 or 5)

2=No (Q14=6)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to collapse the five categories for academic honors received by a respondent (SAS variables B14_1 to B14_5) into one category in order to indicate whether the respondent reported receiving any academic honors.

The variables B14_1 to B14_5 are as follows:

B14_1=National academic honor society, such as Phi Beta Kappa, Tau Beta Pi, or other field-specific national honor

B14 2=Cum laude or honors

B14 3=Magna cum laude or high honors

B14 4=Summa cum laude or highest honors

B14_5=Other undergraduate academic achievement award



X01B16

```
Degree: Highest degree
CODE:
1=Ph.D. (Q16A1=2)
2=First-professional (Q16A1=1)
3=Master's (Q16A1=3)
4=Bachelor's (Q16A1=4)
5=Less than bachelor's (Q16A1=5 or 6 or 7)
```

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created in order to describe the highest degree or award achieved by a respondent. If a respondent reported both a Ph.D. and a first professional degree, X01B16 was coded as "1", (Ph.D.) SAS variable B16A1 (code for type of degree) was used in the creation of this variable.

The values for B16A1 are as follows:

```
1=Professional degree (M.D., D.D.S., L.L.B., etc.)
2=Doctoral degree (Ph.D., Ed.D., etc.)
3=Master's degree or equivalent
4=Bachelor's degree or equivalent
5=Certificate, diploma, or degree for completion of undergraduate program of more than two years but less than four years in length
6=Associate's degree or equivalent
7=Certificate, diploma, or degree for completion of undergraduate program of at least 1 year but less than two years in length
```

X02B16

Degree: Highest degree year CODE: (Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report the year in which a respondent received their highest degree, based on SAS variable B16B1 (year highest degree received).



X03B16

Degree: Highest degree program area (matches NSOPF-88 categories) CODE:

1=Agriculture and home economics (B16C1=100-110, 350; includes agribusiness (101), agricultural sciences (102), renewable resources (103), other agriculture (110), and home economics (350))

2=Business (B16C1=160-170; includes accounting (161), banking and finance (162), business administration and finance (163), business administrative report (164), human resources development (165), organizational behavior (166), marketing and distribution (167) and other business (170))

3=Education (B16C1=220-250; includes basic skills (222), bilingual and cross-cultural education (223), education administration (225), educational psychology (227), other education (230), teacher education (240), pre-elementary (241), elementary (242), secondary (243), adult and continuing (244), other general teacher ed. programs (245) and teacher education in specific subjects (250))

4=Engineering (B16C1=260-280; includes general, civil, mechanical, chemical and other engineering (261-270), engineering-related technologies (280))

5=Fine arts (B16C1=140-150, includes art history and appreciation (141), crafts (142), dance (143), design (144), dramatic arts (145), film arts (146), fine arts (147), music (148), music history and appreciation (149), and other visual or performing arts (150))

6=Health sciences (B16C1=330-340; includes health sciences-unspecified (330), allied health technologies (331), dentistry (332), health services administration (333), medicine (334), nursing (335), pharmacy (336), public health (337), veterinary medicine (338), and other health sciences (340))

7=Humanities (B16C1=290-320, 480, 548; includes general English (291), composition (292), American lit. (293), English lit. (294), linguistics (295), speech (296), English as second language (297), other English (300), foreign languages (310), Chinese (311), French (312), German (313), Italian (314), Latin (315), Japanese (316), other Asian (317), Russian (318), Spanish (319), other foreign languages (320), philosophy and religion (480), and history (548))

8=Natural sciences (B16C1=200-210, 390-440; includes computer science (200), computer and information sciences (201), computer programming (202), data processing (203), systems analysis (204), other computer science (210), biological sciences (390), biochemistry (391), biology (392), botany (393), genetics (394), immunology (395), microbiology (396), physiology (397), zoology (398), other biological sciences (400), physical sciences (410), astronomy (411), chemistry (412), physics (413), geological sciences (414), other physical sciences (420), mathematics (430), and statistics (440))

9=Social sciences (B16C1=510, 540-547, 549-560; includes psychology (510), social sciences and history (540), general social sciences (541), anthropology (542), archeology (543), area and ethnic studies (544), demography (545), economics (546), geography (547), history (548), international relations (549), political science (550), sociology (551), and other social sciences (560)) 10=All other fields (B16C1=120-130, 180-190, 360, 370, 380, 450, 460, 470, 490, 500, 520, 530, 570-900; includes architecture (120-130), communications (180-190), industrial arts (360), law (370), library and archival sciences (380), military studies (450), multi-interdisciplinary studies (460), parks and recreation (470), theology (490), protective services (500), public affairs (520), science technologies (530), vocational training (570), construction trades (600-610), consumer services (620-630), mechanics and repairers (640-644), precision production (660-670), transportation (680-690), and "other" (900))



Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from SAS variable B16C1 in order to identify the general program area of a respondent's highest degree field. The categories match NSOPF-88 program area categories.

X07B16

Degree: Highest degree program area (more detailed classification) CODE:

1=Agriculture and home economics (B16C1=100-110, 350)

2=Business (B16C1=160-170; includes business (160), accounting (161), banking and finance (162), business administration and finance (163), business administrative report (164), human resources development (165), organizational behavior (166), marketing and distribution (167) and other business (170))

3=Communications (B16C1=180-190)

4=Teacher education (B16C1=240-250; includes teacher education (240), pre-elementary (241), elementary (242), secondary (243), adult and continuing (244), other general teacher ed. programs (245) and teacher education in specific subjects (250))

5=Other education (Q12=220-230) general education (221), basic skills (222), bilingual and cross-cultural education (223), education administration (225), educational psychology (227), other education (230))

6=Engineering (B16C1=260-280)

7=Fine arts (B16C1=140-150)

8=First-professional health sciences (from B16C1, includes dentistry (332), medicine (334), pharmacy (336), and veterinary medicine (338))

9=Nursing (B16C1=335)

10=Other health sciences (from B16C1, includes health sciences-unspecified (330), allied health technologies (331), health services administration (333), public health (337), and other health sciences (340))

11=English and literature (B16C1=291-300)

12=Foreign languages (B16C1=310-320)

13=History (B16C1=548)

14=Philosophy (B16C1=480)

15=Law (B16C1=370)

16=Biological sciences (B16C1=390-400)

17=Physical sciences (B16C1=410-420)

18=Mathematics (from B16C1, includes mathematics (430) and statistics (440))

19=Computer sciences (B16C1=200-210)

20=Economics (B16C1=546)

21=Political science (B16C1=550)

22=Psychology (B16C1=510)

23=Sociology (B16C1=551)

24=Other social sciences (from B16C1, includes categories 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 547, 549, and 560)

25=Occupationally specific programs (from B16C1, includes vocational training (570, 600-690), parks & recreation (470), protective services (500), and science technologies (530))

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from SAS variable B16C1 in order to identify the specific program area of a respondent's highest degree field, in more detail than in 1988.



X06B16

Employment: Position at institution Fall 1992 first or only job since highest degree attained

CODE:

2=No

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report whether a respondent's current position is the only position held since attaining the highest degree. This variable was created using SAS variables B16B1 (year highest or only degree received), B17A (number of different jobs during Fall 1992), B18A (main other current job), and SAS variables B19A1A and B19A1B (years most recent job was held).

X01B18

Employment: Employment sector of main other Fall 1992 job

CODE:

1=Postsecondary institution (Q18=1 or 2)

2=Hospital, foundation or government (Q18=5, 6 or 8)

3=Consulting or self-Employed (Q18=4)

4=For profit business (Q18=7)

5=Other (Q18=3 or 9)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to indicate the employment sector of the main other job held by a respondent during the 1992 Fall term (SAS variable B18). Postsecondary institutions (two-year or four-year) are collapsed into code 1; hospitals, foundations or government employment are collapsed into Code 2; and elementary or secondary institution is included in Code 5 (Other).

The codes for SAS variable B18 are as follows:

- 1=Four-year college or university, graduate or professional school
- 2=Two-year or other postsecondary institution
- 3=Elementary or secondary school
- 4=Consulting, freelance work, self-owned business, or private practice
- 5=Hospital or other health care or clinical setting
- 6=Foundation or other nonprofit organization other than health care organization
- 7=For-profit business or industry in the private sector
- 8=Federal government, including military, or state or local government
- 9=Other



X02B18

Employment: Primary responsibility of main other Fall 1992 job

CODE:

l=Teaching (Q18B=1)

2=Research (Q18B=2)

3=Other (Q18B NE 1 or 2)

Description of the Derived Variable:

Primary responsibilities reported at SAS variable B18B other than teaching or research are collapsed to create this derived variable.

Codes 3-7 for SAS variable B18B are as follows:

3=Technical activities

4=Clinical service

5=Community/public service

6=Administration

7=Other

X01B19

Employment: Employment sector of most recent main job ending before Fall 1992

CODE:

1=Postsecondary institution (Q19A2=1 or 2)

2=Hospital, foundation or government (Q19A2=5, 6 or 8)

3=Consulting or self-employed (Q19A2=4)

4=For profit business (Q19A2=7)

5=Other (Q19A2=3 or 9)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to indicate the employment sector of the most recent job held by a respondent prior to Fall 1992 (SAS variable B19A2). Postsecondary institutions (two-year or four-year) are collapsed into code 1; hospitals, foundations or government employment are collapsed into Code 2; and elementary or secondary institution is included in Code 5 (other).

The codes for SAS variable B19A2 are as follows:

1=Four-year college or university, graduate or professional school

2=2-year or other postsecondary institution

3=Elementary or secondary school

4=Consulting, freelance work, self-owned business, or private practice

5=Hospital or other health care or clinical setting

6=Foundation or other nonprofit organization other than health care organization

7=For-profit business or industry in the private sector

8=Federal government, including military, or state or local government

9=Other



X02B19

Employment: Primary responsibility of most recent main job

CODE:

1=Teaching (Q19A3=1) 2=Research (Q19A3=2) 3=Other (Q19A3 NE 1 or 2)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to indicate whether the primary responsibility of a respondent was teaching, research or another activity using SAS variable B19A3. Codes for technical activities, clinical service, community/public service, and administration have been collapsed into the "other" code.

Codes 3-7 for SAS variable B19A3 are as follows:

3=Technical activities

4=Clinical service

5=Community/public service

6=Administration

7=Other

X01B20

Productivity, non-teaching: Career output for refereed articles (Q20A1)

CODE:

(Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report on one aspect of a faculty respondent's non-teaching productivity over the course of their career. This variable is based on SAS variable:

B20A1=Total number of articles published in refereed professional or trade journals during career

X02B20

Productivity, non-teaching: Career output for books, chapters (Q20A6+A7+A8+A9)

CODE:

(Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report on one aspect of a faculty respondent's non-teaching productivity over the course of their career. This variable is based on totals reported at SAS variables:

B20A6=Total number of chapters in edited volumes during career

B20A7=Total number of textbooks during career

B20A8=Total number of other books during career

B20A9=Total number of monographs during career



X03B20

Productivity, non-teaching: Career output for book reviews (Q20A5)

CODE:

(Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report on one aspect of a faculty respondent's non-teaching productivity over the course of their career. This variable is based on SAS variable:

B20A5=Total number of published reviews of books, articles, or creative works during career

X04B20

Productivity, non-teaching: Career output for other reports (Q20A2+A10)

CODE:

(Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report on one aspect of a faculty respondent's non-teaching productivity over the course of their career. This variable is based on totals reported at SAS variables:

B20A2=Total number of articles published in non-refereed professional or trade journals during career

B20A10=Total number of research or technical reports disseminated internally or to clients during career

X05B20

Productivity, non-teaching: Career output for presentations, exhibitions Q20A11+A12)

CODE:

(Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report on one aspect of a faculty respondent's non-teaching productivity over the course of their career. This variable is based on totals reported at SAS variables:

B20A11=Total number of presentations at conferences, workshops, etc. during career B20A12=Total number of exhibitions or performances in the fine or applied arts during career



X06B20

Productivity, non-teaching: Career output for number of publications (total of Q20A1 through A10) CODE:

(Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report on most aspects of a respondent's non-teaching productivity over the course of their career. This variable is based on totals reported at SAS variables:

B20A1=Total number of articles published in refereed professional or trade journals during career B20A2=Total number of articles published in non-refereed professional or trade journals during

career

B20A3=Total number of creative works published in juried media during career

B20A4=Total number of creative works published in non-juried media or in-house newsletters during career

B20A5=Total number of published reviews of books, articles, or creative works during career

B20A6=Total number of chapters in edited volumes during career

B20A7=Total number of textbooks during career

B20A8=Total number of other books during career

B20A9=Total number of monographs during career

B20A10=Total number of research or technical reports disseminated internally or to clients during career

X07B20

Productivity, non-teaching: Career output for number of years for total career refereed articles (1993 minus Q16B1)

CODE: (Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report the number of years of career output of a respondent's non-teaching productivity (publications, presentations, exhibitions, etc.) since achieving their highest degree.

X08B20

Productivity, non-teaching: Output past two years for refereed articles (Q20B1) CODE: (Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report on one aspect of a faculty respondent's non-teaching productivity during the past two years. This variable is based on SAS variable:

B20B1=Number of articles published in refereed professional or trade journals during past two years



X09B20

Productivity, non-teaching: Output past two years for books, chapters (Q20B6+B7+B8+B9) CODE:

(Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report on one aspect of a faculty respondent's non-teaching productivity during the past two years. This variable is based on totals reported at SAS variables:

B20B6=Number of chapters in edited volumes during past two years B20B7=Number of textbooks during past two years

B20B8=Number of other books during past two years

B20B9=Number of monographs during past two years

X10B20

Productivity, non-teaching: Output past two years for book reviews (Q20B5)

CODE:

(Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report on one aspect of a faculty respondent's non-teaching productivity during the past two years. This variable is based on SAS variable:

B20B5=Number of published reviews of books, articles, or creative works during past two years

X11B20

Productivity, non-teaching: Output past two years for other reports (Q20B2+B10)

CODE:

(Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report on one aspect of a faculty respondent's non-teaching productivity during the past two years. This variable is based on totals reported at SAS variables:

B20B2=Number of articles published in non-refereed professional or trade journals during past two years B20B10=Number of research or technical reports disseminated internally or to clients during past two years

X12B20

Productivity, non-teaching: Output past two years for presentations, exhibitions (Q20B11+B12)

CODE:

(Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report on one aspect of a faculty respondent's non-teaching productivity during the past two years. This variable is based on totals reported at SAS variables:

B20B11=Number of presentations at conferences, workshops, etc. during past two years B20B12=Number of exhibitions or performances in the fine or applied arts during past two years



X13B20

Productivity, non-teaching: Output past two years for number of publications (total of Q20B1 through B10) CODE:

(Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report on most aspects of a respondent's non-teaching productivity during the past two years. This variable is based on totals reported at SAS variables:

B20B1=Number of articles published in refereed professional or trade journals during past two years

B20B2=Number of articles published in non-refereed professional or trade journals during past two years

B20B3=Number of creative works published in juried media during past two years

B20B4=Number of creative works published in non-juried media or in-house newsletters during past two years

B20B5=Number of published reviews of books, articles, or creative works during past two years

B20B6=Number of chapters in edited volumes during past two years

B20B7=Number of textbooks during past two years

B20B8=Number of other books during past two years

B20B9=Number of monographs during past two years

B20B10=Number of research or technical reports disseminated internally or to clients during past two years

X01C21

Productivity, non-teaching: Number of undergraduate committees served on (Total Q21A1, A2 and A3) CODE:

(Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report a respondent's non-teaching productivity based on undergraduate committees served on during the 1992 Fall Term. This variable is based on totals reported at SAS variables:

B21A1=Number of undergraduate thesis or dissertation committees served on

B21A2=Number of undergraduate comprehensive exams or orals committees (other than as part of thesis/dissertation committees) served on

B21A3=Number of undergraduate examination/certification committees served on



X02C21

Productivity, non-teaching: Number of graduate committees served on (Total Q21A4, A5 and A6) CODE:
(Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report a respondent's non-teaching productivity based on graduate committees served on during the 1992 Fall Term. This variable is based on totals reported at SAS variables:

B21A4=Number of graduate thesis or dissertation committees served on

B21A5=Number of graduate comprehensive exams or orals committees (other than as part of thesis/dissertation committees) served on

B21A6=Number of graduate examination/certification committees served on

X03C21

Productivity, non-teaching: Total committees served on (Total Q21A) CODE:
(Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report a respondent's non-teaching productivity based on total committees served on during the 1992 Fall Term. This variable is based on totals reported at SAS variables:

B21A1=Number of undergraduate thesis or dissertation committees served on

B21A2=Number of undergraduate comprehensive exams or orals committees (other than as part of thesis/dissertation committees) served on

B21A3=Number of undergraduate examination/certification committees served on

B21A4=Number of graduate thesis or dissertation committees served on

B21A5=Number of graduate comprehensive exams or orals committees (other than as part of thesis/dissertation committees) served on

B21A6=Number of graduate examination/certification committees served on

X04C21

Productivity, non-teaching: Number of undergraduate committees chaired (Total Q21B1, B2 and B3) CODE:
(Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report a respondent's non-teaching productivity based on undergraduate committees chaired during the 1992 Fall Term. This variable is based on totals reported at SAS variables:

C21B1=Number of undergraduate thesis or dissertation committees chaired

C21B2=Number of undergraduate comprehensive exams or orals committees (other than as part of thesis/dissertation committees) chaired

C21B3=Number of undergraduate examination/certification committees chaired



X05C21

Productivity, non-teaching: Number of graduate committees chaired (Total Q21B4, B5 and B6) CODE:

(Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report a respondent's non-teaching productivity based on graduate committees chaired during the 1992 Fall Term. This variable is based on totals reported at SAS variables:

C21B4=Number of graduate thesis or dissertation committees chaired

C21B5=Number of graduate comprehensive exams or orals committees (other than as part of thesis/dissertation committees) chaired

C21B6=Number of graduate examination/certification committees chaired

X06C21

Productivity, non-teaching: Total committees chaired (Total Q21B)

CODE:
(Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report a respondent's non-teaching productivity based on total committees chaired during the 1992 Fall Term. This variable is based on totals reported at SAS variables:

C21B1=Number of undergraduate thesis or dissertation committees chaired

C21B2=Number of undergraduate comprehensive exams or orals committees (other than as part of thesis/dissertation committees) chaired

C21B3=Number of undergraduate examination/certification committees chaired

C21B4=Number of graduate thesis or dissertation committees chaired

C21B5=Number of graduate comprehensive exams or orals committees (other than as part of thesis/dissertation committees) chaired

C21B6=Number of graduate examination/certification committees chaired

X01C23

Productivity, teaching: Total hours spent teaching per week in 5 or fewer classes for credit (Q23A2G + B2G + C2G + D2G + E2G, or C, if G was imputed and C was not imputed)

(TOTAL HOURS, Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to provide a calculation of the total number of hours spent teaching per week at five or fewer classes for credit, by adding together the hours spent teaching for each reported class at SAS variables C23A2G through C23E2G (unless these values were imputed and C23A2C through C23E2C was not, in which case C23A2C through C23E2C were used). A maximum of five classes could be reported.



X02C23

Productivity, teaching: Total classroom student contact hours per week in five or fewer classes for credit [total sum of (A2E × A2G or C, if G was imputed and C was not imputed]

CODE:

(TOTAL HOURS, Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to provide a calculation of the total student contact hours per week with students in five or fewer classes for credit. For each class taught, the average number of hours per week the respondent taught the class (SAS variables C23A2G through C23E2G, unless these values were imputed and C23A2C through C23E2C were not, in which case C23A2C through C23E2C were used) is multiplied by the number of students enrolled in the class (C23A2E through C23E2E); the results are added together to obtain the total student contact hours in five or fewer classes for credit.

X03C23

Productivity, teaching: Total classroom credit hours in five or fewer classes

(Q23A2B + B2B + C2B + D2B + E2B)

CODE:

(TOTAL HOURS, Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to provide a calculation of the total number of classroom credit hours reported by adding together the number of credit hours for each class provided in SAS variables C23A2B through C23E2B. A maximum of five classes could be reported.

X04C23

Productivity, teaching: Total classroom individual credit hours in five or fewer classes [total sum of (A2B × A2E)]

CODE:

(TOTAL HOURS, Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to provide a calculation of the total student credit hours taught in the classes reported. For each class taught, the number of credit hours (SAS variables C23A2B through C23E2B) is multiplied by the number of students enrolled (SAS variables C23A2E through C23E2E), the results are added together to obtain the total student credit hours taught in the classes reported. A maximum of five classes could be reported.



X05C23

Productivity, teaching: Level of classroom instruction CODE:

l=Taught only undergraduate courses (Q23A3 and Q23B3 and Q23C3 and Q23D3 and Q23E3 NE 3)

2=Taught both undergraduate and graduate courses (at least one of Q23A3 or Q23B3 or Q23C3 or Q23D3 or Q23E3=3 and at least one of them=1, 2, or 4)

3=Taught only graduate courses (Q23A3 and Q23B3 and Q23C3 and Q23D3 and Q23E3=3)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report a respondent's level of classroom credit instruction. SAS variables C23A3 through C23E3 used in the creation of this variable deal with the primary level of students (in up to five courses taught for credit). Lower or upper division students as well as the category "all other students", are considered undergraduates. Graduate or any other post-baccalaureate students are considered graduate level students. If a respondent taught classes to primarily undergraduate level students and some to graduate level students then the classroom instruction was categorized as both. The codes used at SAS variables C23A3 through C23E3 are as follows:

1=Lower division students

2=Upper division students

3=Graduate or other post-baccalaureate students

4=All other students.

X08C23

Productivity, teaching: Number of undergraduate classes taught for credit (five or fewer) (Q23A3 NE 3 + B3 NE 3 + C3 NE 3 + D3 NE 3 + E3 NE 3)

CODE:

(TOTAL CLASSES, Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report the total number of undergraduate classes taught for credit, by excluding those classes where the primary level of students is graduate or any other post-baccalaureate-level (code 3 at SAS variables C23A3 through C23E3), and adding together those classes where the primary level of students is under-graduate level. (Student levels are defined at X05C23.) The codes used to create this derived variable are as follows (from SAS variables C23A3 through C23E3):

l=Lower division students

2=Upper division students

4=All other students.

A maximum of five classes could be reported.



X09C23

Productivity, teaching: Number of graduate classes taught for credit (5 or fewer)

(Q23A3=3 + B3=3 + C3=3 + D3=3 + E3=3)

CODE:

(TOTAL CLASSES, Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to provide a calculation of the total number of graduate classes taught for credit, by adding together those classes where the primary level of students is graduate-level (SAS variable C23A3 through C23E3 = 3). A maximum of five classes could be reported.

X14C23

Productivity, teaching: Number of students taught in 5 or fewer classes for credit

(Q23A2E+B2E+C2E+D2E+E2E)

CODE:

(TOTAL STUDENTS, Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to provide a calculation of the total number of students taught for credit, by adding together the number of students reported for each class. (SAS variables C23A2E through C23E2E). A maximum of five classes could be reported.

X19C23

Productivity, teaching: Average number teaching assistants per class in five or fewer classes for credit (total number of teaching assistants divided by total number of classes)

CODE:

(AVERAGE NUMBER, Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to provide a calculation of the average number of teaching assistants and readers by adding together the number of teaching assistants and readers reported by a faculty respondent for each class (SAS variables C23A2D through C23E2D) and dividing by the total number of classes. A maximum of five classes could be reported



X01C25

Productivity, teaching: Level of individualized instruction

CODE:

1=Taught only undergraduate students (Q25A3=0 and Q25A1 or Q25A2 or Q25A4 GT 0)

2=Taught both undergraduate and graduate students (Q25A3 GT 0 and Q25A1, Q25A2 or Q25A4 GT 0)

3=Taught only graduate students (Q25A3 GT 0 and Q25A1, Q25A2 and Q25A4=0)

4=None (Q25A1 through Q25A4=0)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report a respondent's teaching productivity in terms of their level of individualized instruction. (See X05C23 for definitions of student levels.) SAS variables C25A1 through C25A4, used in the creation of this derived variable, deal with the level of students who received formal individualized instruction, with codes as follows:

1=Lower division students

2=Upper division students

3=Graduate or other post-baccalaureate students

4=All other students.

X04C25

Productivity, teaching: Total number of undergraduate students receiving individualized instruction for credit (O25A1+A2+A4)

CODE:

(TOTAL STUDENTS, Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report the total number of undergraduate students receiving individualized instruction, based on SAS variables C25A1, A2 and A4 which report only about undergraduate students. (Lower or upper division students, as well as those categorized as "all other students," are considered undergraduates.)

X05C25

Productivity, teaching: Total number of graduate students receiving individualized instruction for credit (Q25A3)

CODE

(TOTAL STUDENTS, Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report the total number of graduate students receiving individualized instruction as reported at SAS variable C25A3.



X06C25

Productivity, teaching: Total students receiving individualized instruction for credit (total Q25A)

CODE:

(TOTAL STUDENTS, Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from SAS variables C25A1 through C25A4 to report the total number of students (undergraduate, graduate and all other students) receiving individualized instruction for credit.

X07C25

Productivity, teaching: Total contact hours per week for undergraduate students receiving individualized instruction for credit (Q25B1+B2+B4)

CODE:

(TOTAL HOURS, Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report the total number of contact hours spent providing individualized instruction to undergraduate students. Lower or upper division students as well as those categorized as "all other students" are considered undergraduates. This variable was created from SAS variables C25B1, C25B2 and C25B4.

X08C25

Productivity, teaching: Total contact hours per week for graduate students receiving individualized instruction for credit (Q25B3)

CODE:

(TOTAL HOURS, Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from SAS variable C25B3 to report the total number of contact hours spent providing individualized instruction to graduate students.

X09C25

Productivity, teaching: Total contact hours per week of individualized instruction for credit (Q25B)

CODE:

(TOTAL HOURS, Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from SAS variables C25B1 through C25B4 to report the total number of contact hours spent providing individualized instruction to students, regardless of level.



X02C33

Productivity, non-teaching: Total funds (Q33D1 + D2 + D3 + D4 + D5 + D6)

CODE:

(TOTAL FUNDS, Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable is created by totaling SAS variables C33D1 through C33D6, which report the total research or grant funds received for the 1992-93 academic year from each of 6 sources:

C33D1=Sampled institution

C33D2=Foundation or other nonprofit organization

C33D3=For profit business or industry in the private sector

C33D4=State or local government

C33D5=Federal government

C33D6=Other source

X03C33

Productivity, non-teaching: Average award (total funds divided by total grants/contracts)

CODE:

(AVERAGE AWARD, Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by dividing the total of SAS variables C33D1 through C33D6 (described at derived variable X02C33) by the total number of grants/contracts reported at SAS variables C33B1 through C33B6.





X01C34

Academic environment: Overall quality of facilities or resources (index)

CODE:

1=Very poor

2=Poor

3=Good

4=Very good

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created by averaging the responses by a faculty respondent at SAS variables C34A through C34L which are concerned with the quality of various types of facilities and resources. The categories are as follows:

C34A=Basic research equipment/instruments

C34B=Laboratory space and supplies

C34C=Availability of research assistants

C34D=Personal computers

C34E=Centralized (main frame) computer facilities

C34F=Computer networks with other institutions

C34G=Audio-visual equipment

C34H=Classroom space

C34I=Office space

C34J=Studio/performance space

C34K=Secretarial support

C34L=Library holdings



X01C35

Academic environment: Adequacy of internal funds for professional development (index)

CODE:

l=Adequate (all 35C=1)

2=Somewhat adequate (more 35C=1 than 35C=2 or, if # of 2's=# of 1's)

3=Somewhat inadequate (more 35C=2 than 35C=1)

4=Inadequate (all 35C=2)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from SAS variables C35C1 through C35C6; two codes (1=Yes and 2= No) were recoded (based on the total number of 1's and 2's) to indicate whether available funding was adequate for each of six categories:

C35C1=Tuition remission at this or other institutions

C35C2=Professional association memberships and/or registration fees

C35C3=Professional travel

C35C4=Training to improve research or teaching skills

C35C5=Retraining for fields in higher demand

C35C6=Sabbatical leave

If "yes" (adequate) was coded for all six categories, X01C35 was coded as "1" (adequate). If equal numbers of categories were coded "yes" and "no," or if more categories were coded "yes" than "no," X01C35 was coded as "2" (somewhat adequate). If more categories were coded "no" than "yes," X01C35 was coded as "3" (somewhat inadequate). There were no cases where all six categories were coded "no".

X01C36

Time allocation: Average total hours per week worked (Total Q36)

CODE:

(AVERAGE TOTAL HOURS, Open-ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable is created by totaling SAS variables C36A through C36D, which are concerned with hours spent at the following activities:

C36A=All paid activities at this institution

C36B=All unpaid activities at this institution

C36C=Any other paid activities outside this institution (e.g., consulting, working on other jobs)

C36D=Unpaid (pro bono) professional service outside this institution

X01C37

Time allocation: Percentage of time spent teaching (Q37AA)

CODE:

(PERCENTAGE, open ended)

Description of Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report the actual percentage of work time respondents spent in teaching during the Fall of 1992, based on SAS variable C37AA.



X02C37

Time allocation: Percentage of time spent in research (Q37AB)

CODE:

(PERCENTAGE, open ended)

Description of Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report the actual percentage of work time respondents spent in research during the Fall of 1992, based on SAS variable C37AAB.

X03C37

Time allocation: Percentage of time spent in administration (Q37AD)

CODE:

(PERCENTAGE, Open Ended)

Description of Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report the actual percentage of work time respondents spent in administration during the Fall of 1992, based on SAS variable C37AD.

X04C37

Time allocation: Percentage of time spent in other activities (Q37AC+ C37AE + C37AF)

CODE:

(PERCENTAGE, Open Ended)

Description of Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report the actual percentage of work time respondents spent in activities other than teaching, research or administration during the Fall of 1992, based on these SAS variables:

C37AC=Professional growth

C37AE=Outside consulting or free-lance work

C37AF=Service/other non-teaching work

X05C37

Time allocation: Percentage of time preferred teaching (Q37BA)

CODE:

(PERCENTAGE, Open Ended) Description of Derived Variable:

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report the percentage of work time respondents would have preferred to spend in teaching during the Fall of 1992, based on SAS variable C37BA.

X06C37

Time allocation: Percentage of time preferred in research (Q37BB)

CODE:

(PERCENTAGE, Open Ended)

Description of Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report the percentage of work time respondents would have preferred to spend in research during the Fall of 1992, based on SAS variable C37BB.



X07C37

Time allocation: Percentage of time preferred in administration (Q37BD)

CODE:

(PERCENTAGE, Open Ended)

Description of Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report the percentage of work time respondents would have preferred to spend in administration during the Fall of 1992, based on SAS variable C37BD.

X08C37

Time allocation: Percentage of time preferred in other activities (Q37BC+ C37BE + C37BF)

CODE:

(PERCENTAGE, Open Ended)

Description of Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report the percentage of work time respondents would have preferred to spend in activities other than teaching, research or administration, during the Fall of 1992, based on these SAS variables:

C37BC=Professional growth

C37BE=Outside consulting or free-lance work

C37BF=Service / other non-teaching work

X01C38

Union member

CODE:

1=Yes (Q38=3)

2=No (Q38-2)

3=Not eligible or union not available (Q38=1 or 4)

Description of Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from SAS variable C38 and provides information about union membership and eligibility. Code 1 (union is available, but respondent is not eligible) and Code 4 (union is not available at sampled institution) have been collapsed into one category.

X01D41

Future: Very likely to retire in the next 3 years

CODE:

1=Yes (Q41E=3)

2=No

<u>Description of Derived Variable:</u>

This derived variable was created from SAS variable D41E, in which respondents indicate how likely they are to retire from the labor force during the next 3 years. Code 3 (very likely) was the response category used for this derived variable. Respondents who reported they were very likely to retire were coded "1" at X01D41.



X02D41

Future: Very likely to accept part-time job in the next 3 years

CODE:

1=Yes (Q41A=3 or c=3)

2=No

Description of Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from SAS variables D41A or D41C, in which the respondent indicates how likely they are to accept a part-time job at a different postsecondary institution or accept a part-time job elsewhere during the next 3 years. Code 3 (very likely) was the response category used for this derived variable. Respondents who reported at D41A or D41C they were very likely to accept a part-time job were coded "1" at X02D41.

X03D41

Future: Very likely to accept a full-time job in the next 3 years

CODE:

1=Yes (Q41B=3 or d=3)

2=No

Description of Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from SAS variables D41B or D41D, in which respondents indicate how likely they are to accept a full-time job at a different postsecondary institution or accept a full-time job elsewhere. Code 3 (very likely) was the response category used for this derived variable. Respondents who reported they were very likely to accept a full-time job were coded "1" at X03D41.

X04D41

Future: Very likely to retire or accept a part- or full-time job in the next 3 years

CODE

1=Yes (Q41A=3 or B=3 or C=3 or D=3 or E=3)

2=No

Description of Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from SAS variables D41A to D41E, in which the respondent indicates how likely they are to accept a part-or full-time job at a different postsecondary institution or elsewhere, or to retire during the next 3 years. Code 3 (very likely) was the response category used for this derived variable. Respondents who reported they were very likely to accept a full-time or part-time job were coded "1" at X04D41.

أنانا أنا للشفاء المناوان والمناب بالمناسب



X05D41

```
Future: Likely to retire or accept a part- or full-time job in the next 3 years CODE:

1=Yes (Q41A=2 or 3, or B=2 or 3 or C=2 or 3, or D=2 or 3, or E=2 or 3)

2=No (Q41A=1 and B=1 and C=1 and D=1 and E=1)
```

Description of Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from SAS variables D41A to D41E, in which the respondent indicates how likely they are to accept a part-or full-time job at a different postsecondary institution or elsewhere, or to retire during the next 3 years. Codes 2 (somewhat likely) or 3 (very likely) were the response categories used for this derived variable. Respondents who reported they were very likely to accept a different job or retire were coded "1" at X05D41.

X01D42

Future: Age likely to stop working at a postsecondary institution

CODE: -2=Don't know 5=65 1=Under 55 6=66 to 69 2=55 to 59 7=70 3=60 8=71 and up

4=61 to 64

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from SAS variable D42 by recoding the age respondents have indicated as the "most likely" age when they will stop working at any postsecondary institution.

X01D46

```
Future: Years to retirement (Q46 minus calculated age from Q52)

CODE:
-2=Don't know
0=This year
1=1-5
2=6-10
3=11-15
4=16-25
5=Over 25
```

Description of Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to provide a calculation of the years until a respondent's projected retirement by subtracting the respondent's calculated age (derived from the respondent's year of birth at SAS variable F52B) from the age the respondent has indicated as the "most likely" retirement age (SAS variable D46).



X02D46

Future: Age likely to retire from all paid employment

CODE:

-2=Don't know 5=66-69 1=Under 60 6=70

2=60 7=71 and up

3=61 to 64 4=65

Description of Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from SAS variable D46 by recoding the age respondents have indicated as their "most likely" retirement age.

X01E47

Compensation: Basic salary from institution (Q47A) CODE: (ranges)

Description of Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report the amount of basic salary the respondent had during the 1992 calendar year from their sampled institution, based on SAS variable E47A.

X02E47

Compensation: Basic salary annualized (Q47A divided by Q47B (the number of months of appointment) × 12)

CODE: (ranges)

Description of Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report the annualized amount of respondent's basic salary at their sampled institution during the 1992 faculty calendar year, based on SAS variable E47A divided by the number of months of appointment (E47B) then multiplied by 12 months.

X03E47

```
Compensation: Other income from institution (Q47C + E47D + E47E + E47F)

CODE:
(ranges)
```

Description of Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report a respondent's total income other than basic salary from their sampled institution during the 1992 calendar year, based on these SAS variables:

E47C=Amount from other teaching at this institution not included in basic salary

E47D=Amount from supplements not included in basic salary

E47E=Amount from non-monetary compensation, such as food, housing, car

E47F=Amount from any other income from this institution



X04E47

Compensation: Outside consulting income (Q47I)

CODE: (ranges)

Description of Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report the amount of outside consulting income during the 1992 calendar year, based on SAS variable E47I.

X05E47

```
Compensation: Other outside income (Q47G + Q47H + Q47J + Q47K + Q47L + Q47M +Q47 N + Q47O + Q47P + Q47Q)

CODE:
(ranges)
```

Description of Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report a respondent's total income from sources (other than outside consulting) outside their sampled institution for the 1992 calendar year, based on these SAS variables:

E47G=Amount from employment at another academic institution

E47H=Amount from legal or medical services or psychological counseling

E47J=Amount from self-owned business (other than consulting)

E47K=Amount from professional performances or exhibitions

E47L=Amount from speaking fees, honoraria

E48M=Amount from royalties or commissions

E48N=Amount from any other employment

E480=Amount from non-monetary compensation, such as food, housing, car

E47P1=Amount from grants/fellowships (federal, state, city, NSF, Fullbright)

E47P2=Amount from retirement, pension, soc. sec., unemployment

E47P3=Amount from military pension/retirement/other military

E47P4=Amount from alimony, child support, spouse income

E47P5=Amount from dividends, annuities, insurance, investments, interest, capital gains

E47P6=Amount from government (local/state/federal)

E47P7=Amount from loans

E47P8=Amount from real estate, rental properties

E47P9=Amount from other sources

(Note: E47P1-E47P9 were recoded from Q47P and Q47Q, which were verbatim responses specifying other sources of earned income.)



X06E47

Compensation: Total earned income (Q47A + Q47C + Q47D + Q47 E + Q47F + Q47G + Q47H + Q47J + Q47K + Q47L + Q47M + Q47 N + Q47O + Q47P + Q47Q)

CODE:
(ranges)

Description of Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report the total amount of various sources of compensation the respondent had during the 1992 calendar year, based on these SAS variables:

E47A=Amount from basic salary

E47C=Amount from other teaching at this institution not included in basic salary

E47D=Amount from supplements not included in basic salary

E47E=Amount from non-monetary compensation, such as food, housing, car

E47F=Amount from any other income from this institution

E47G=Amount from employment at another academic institution

E47H=Amount from legal or medical services or psychological counseling

E47I=Amount from outside consulting, consulting business or freelance work

E47J=Amount from self-owned business (other than consulting)

E47K=Amount from professional performances or exhibitions

E47L=Amount from speaking fees, honoraria

E48M=Amount from royalties or commissions

E48N=Amount from any other employment

E48O=Amount from non-monetary compensation, such as food, housing, car

E47P l=Amount from grants/fellowships (federal, state, city, NSF, Fulbright)

E47P2=Amount from retirement, pension, soc. sec., unemployment

E47P3=Amount from military pension/retirement/other military

E47P4=Amount from alimony, child support, spouse income

E47P5=Amount from dividends, annuities, insurance, investments, interest, capital gains

E47P6=Amount from government (local/state/federal)

E47P7=Amount from loans

E47P8=Amount from real estate, rental properties

E47P9=Amount from other sources

(Note: E47P1-E47P9 were recoded from Q47P and Q47Q, which were verbatim responses specifying other sources of earned income.)

X01E49

SES: Average income per household member (Q49 divided by Q48)

CODE:

(AVERAGE INCOME, open ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report the average income per household member, by dividing the total household income (SAS variable E49) by the total number of persons in a respondent's household (SAS variable E48).



X01F52

Age: (Q52 converted to number of years old in 1993) CODE: (AGE, open ended)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to report a respondent's age calculated from SAS variable F52b (year of birth).

X02F52

Age: Distribution (matches NSOPF-88)

CODE:
1=Under 30
2=30-44
3=45-54
4=55-59
5=60-64
6=65 or older

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created in order to distribute the X01F52 age to match the NSOPF-88 age distribution.

X03F52

Age: Modified distribution

CODE: 1=Under 35 2=35-44 3=45-54 4=55-64 5=65-70 6=71 or older

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to redistribute the X01F52 age, and separate respondents over age 65 into two categories.



X01F53 Race

CODE:

1=American Indian or Alaskan Native 2=Asian or Pacific Islander 3=African American/Black 4=White

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created using Federal Directive #15 as a guide. Federal Directive #15 provides standard classifications for record keeping, collection, and presentation of data on race and ethnicity in Federal program administrative reporting and statistical activities. It was developed to provide for the collection and use of compatible, non-duplicated, exchangeable racial and ethnic data by Federal agencies. Federal Directive #15 states that when reporting on respondents who are of mixed racial and/or ethnic origins, it is best to use the category which, "...most closely reflects the individual's recognition in his community." If a respondent's answer to SAS variable F53A was 1 (American Indian or Alaskan Native), 2 (Asian or Pacific Islander), 3 African American/Black), or 4 (White), they were coded accordingly at X01F53. If the respondent answered F53A, "Other", with the verbatim text in F53B equal to one racial category, then these verbatim responses were coded according to Federal Directive #15. There were a number of cases in which the verbatim responses were automatically coded using programs created for this purpose. Text string matches were created after visual inspection of respondent data. The text matches included in these programs are valid only for this data set and are not prescribed as part of Federal Directive #15.

A macro was written in order to recode the verbatim responses to the "Other" (category '05') in F53A that could not be automatically categorized into one of the four existing racial categories (e.g., if a respondent's verbatim response to F53B was 'Mix White/Black/Indian'). In these cases, assignment of the respondent to a legitimate racial code had to be done manually. We compared each of the verbatim responses with the definitions for each racial category as they appeared in Federal Directive #15 and an alphabetical race and American Indian tribe list supplement. The first identifiable race mentioned was taken. If this race was codable, then the macro transformed the response accordingly.

If a response could still not be coded (e.g., if the verbatim response to F53A was "Human" or "American"), the response remained "Other" '05'. A random digit between 1 and 4 was imputed for each of the remaining respondents using the RANTBL function. RANTBL is a function in SAS used to generate a random number.

RANTBL=1 (American Indian or Alaskan Native) with probability P1

- =2 (Asian or Pacific Islander) with probability P2
- =3 (African American/Black) with probability P3
- =4 (White) with probability P4.

If (F53A=5) then X01F53=rantbl(&seed,&P1,&P2,&P3,&P4); the seed for the RANTBL function was set at 6281994 (the date the program was originally written). P1 through P4 are the probabilities of each of the four categories occurring (.01,.05,.09,.85), respectively. These probabilities were calculated from the survey data (P1+P2+P3+P4=1).



X02F53

Race/ethnicity

CODE:

1=American Indian or Alaskan Native

2=Asian or Pacific Islander

3=African American/Black, not of Hispanic origin

4=Hispanic

5=White, not of Hispanic origin

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from derived variable X01F53 and SAS variable F54. According to Federal Directive #15, if a combined format is used to collect racial and ethnic data, the minimum acceptable categories are:

- -American Indian or Alaskan Native
- -Asian or Pacific Islander
- -African American/Black, not of Hispanic origin
- -Hispanic
- -White, not of Hispanic origin.

If X01F53=1, a respondent was coded as "American Indian or Alaskan Native" for race/ethnicity. If X01F53=2, the respondent was coded as "Asian American or Pacific Islander" for race/ethnicity. If X01F53=3 and F54=2, the respondent was coded as "Black, not of Hispanic origin" for race/ethnicity. If X01F53=4 and F54=2, the respondent was coded as "White, not of Hispanic origin" for race/ethnicity. If X01F53=3 or 4 and F54=1, then the respondent was coded as "Hispanic" for race/ethnicity. Prior to the creation of derived variable X01F53, if F53a= "Other" '05', with a verbatim that was something other than "Hispanic" (but could be defined as Hispanic, e.g., Cuban), F54 and F54Aa were recoded if appropriate.

X03F53

Citizenship and minority status

CODE:

1=Citizen and non-white (minority)

2=Citizen and white (nonminority)

3=Noncitizen and non-white (minority)

4=Noncitizen and white (nonminority)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from derived variable X02F53 and SAS variable F57A to separate respondents on the basis of their citizenship and minority status. F57A is 1 (U.S. citizen, native) or 2 (U.S. citizen, naturalized) if the respondent is a citizen of the United States. F57A is 3 (permanent resident of U.S. with an immigrant visa), or 4 (temporary resident of the U.S. with non-immigrant visa) if the respondent is not a citizen of the United States.



X01F55

SES: Family status

CODE:

1=Single without dependents (Q55=1 or 4 or 5 or 6 and Q50=0)

2=Single with dependents (Q55=1 or 4 or 5 or 6 and Q50 GT 0)

3=Married without dependents (Q55=2 or 3 and Q50=0)

4=Married with dependents (Q55=2 or 3 and Q50 GT 0)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable is created by combining SAS variable F55 (current marital status) with SAS variable E50 (number of dependents).

X01F56

Citizenship: Status expanded

CODE:

1=Citizen, born in U.S. (Q56=1, and Q57=1 or 2)

2=Citizen, foreign born (Q56=2 and O57=1 or 2)

3=Noncitizen (Q57=3 or 4)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created from SAS variables F56 (country of birth coded as either 1=USA or 2=Other) and F57A (citizenship status, described at derived variable X03F53).

X02F57

Citizenship: Current (modified NSOPF-88 categories)

CODE:

1=USA

2≐Canadian

3=European

4=Latin American (Mexico/Central and South America)

5=African

6=Asian

7=Other (Australia, New Zealand, Philippines, Indonesia)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to recode SAS variable F57C (country of present citizenship), into a modified version of the NSOPF-88 categories.

X03F57

Citizenship: Status

CODE:

1=Citizen (Q57=1 or 2)

2=Non-citizen (Q57=3 or 4)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to classify respondents as either citizens or non-citizens based on SAS variable F57A, as defined at derived variable X03F53.



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X01F58

SES: Parents' education (Q58, A+B divided by 2)
CODE:
-2=Don't Know
1=High (more than 6)
2=Medium (6 or less but more than 2)
3=Low (2 or less)

Description of the Derived Variable:

This derived variable was created to classify the parents of faculty respondents according to their level of formal education. Values at SAS variable F58A (mother's formal education) and F58B (father's formal education) were added together, then divided by 2. A resulting value of 1 or 2 was coded as "low" at X01F58, a value of 3 through 6 was coded as "medium" at X01F58, and a value of 7 or 8 was coded as "high" at X01F58. (If either F58A or F58B was coded "don't know", then the higher coded response is used for the derived variable. If both were "don't know", then the derived variable was coded as "don't know.") The values at F58 are as follows:

-2=Don't know
1=Less than high school diploma
2=High school diploma
3=Some college
4=Associate's degree
5=Bachelor's degree
6=Master's degree
7=Doctorate or professional degree (e.g., Ph.D., M.D., D.V.M., J.D./L.L.B)
8=Other



Exhibit O-1: Discipline Crosswalk, NSOPF 1988-1993



EXHIBIT O-1: DISCIPLINE CROSSWALK, NSOPF 1988-1993 CODES FOR MAJOR FIELDS OF STUDY AND ACADEMIC DISCIPLINES

1988 CODES	1993 CODES	
	100	AGRICULTUREUNSPECIFIED
001	101	Agribusiness & Agricultural Production
002	102	Agricultural Animal, Food, & Plant Sciences
003	103	Renewable Natural Resources, including Conservation, Fishing, & Forestry
004	110	Other Agriculture
	120	ARCHITECTURE & ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN UNSPECIFIED
005	121	Architecture & Environmental Design
006	122	City, Community, & Regional Planning
007	123	Interior Design
008	124	Land Use Management & Reclamation Design
009	130	Other Arch. & Environmental Design
	140	ARTUNSPECIFIED
010	141	Art History & Appreciation
011	142	Crafts
012	143	Dance
013	144	Design (other than Arch. or Interior)
014	145	Dramatic Arts
015	146	Film Arts
016	147	Fine Arts
017	148	Music
018	149	Music History & Appreciation
019	150	Other Visual & Performing Arts
	160	BUSINESSUNSPECIFIED
020	161	Accounting
021	162	Banking & Finance
022	163	Business Administration & Management



EXHIBIT O-1: DISCIPLINE CROSSWALK, NSOPF 1988-1993 CODES FOR MAJOR FIELDS OF STUDY AND ACADEMIC DISCIPLINES

1988 CODES	1993 CODES	
		BUSINESSUNSPECIFIED (CONT'D)
023	164	Business Administrative Support (e.g., Bookkeeping, Office Management, Secretarial)
024	165	Human Resources
025	166	Organizational Behavior
026	167	Marketing & Distribution
027	170	Other Business
	180	COMMUNICATIONSUNSPECIFIED
028	181	Advertising
029	182	Broadcasting & Journalism
030	183	Communications Research
031	184	Communication Technologies
032	190	Other Communications
	200	COMPUTER SCIENCEUNSPECIFIED
033	201	Computer & Information Sciences
034	202	Computer Programming
035	203	Data Processing
036	204	Systems Analysis
037	210	Other Computer Science
	220	EDUCATIONUNSPECIFIED
038	221	Education, General
039	222	Basic Skills
040	223	Bilingual/Cross-cultural Education
041	224	Curriculum & Instruction
042	225	Education Administration
043	226	Education Evaluation & Research
044	227	Educational Psychology



EXHIBIT O-1: DISCIPLINE CROSSWALK, NSOPF 1988-1993 CODES FOR MAJOR FIELDS OF STUDY AND ACADEMIC DISCIPLINES

1988 CODES	1993 CODES	
		EDUCATIONUNSPECIFIED (CONT'D)
045	228	Special Education
046	229	Student Counseling & Personnel Svcs.
047	230	Other Education
	240	TEACHER EDUCATIONUNSPECIFIED
048	241	Pre-Elementary
049	242	Elementary
050	243	Secondary
051	244	Adult & Continuing
052	245	Other General Teacher Ed. Programs
053	250	Teacher Education in Specific Subjects
	260	ENGINEERINGUNSPECIFIED
054	261	Engineering, General
055	262	Civil Engineering
056	263	Electrical, Electronics, & Communication Engineering
057	264	Mechanical Engineering
	265	Chemical Engineering
058	270	Other Engineering
059	280	Engineering-Related Technologies
	290	ENGLISH AND LITERATUREUNSPECIFIED
060	291	English, General
061	292	Composition & Creative Writing
062	293	American Literature
063	294	English Literature
064	295	Linguistics
065	296	Speech, Debate, & Forensics



3

EXHIBIT O-1: DISCIPLINE CROSSWALK, NSOPF 1988-1993 CODES FOR MAJOR FIELDS OF STUDY AND ACADEMIC DISCIPLINES **1988 CODES 1993 CODES** ENGLISH AND LITERATURE--UNSPEC (CONT'D) English as a Second Language English, Other FOREIGN LANGUAGES--UNSPECIFIED Chinese (Mandarin, Cantonese, or Other Chinese) French German Italian Latin Japanese Other Asian Russian or Other Slavic Spanish Other Foreign Languages HEALTH SCIENCES--UNSPECIFIED Allied Health Technologies & Services Dentistry Health Services Administration Medicine, including Psychiatry Nursing Pharmacy Public Health Veterinary Medicine Other Health Sciences



HOME ECONOMICS

INDUSTRIAL ARTS

LAW

EXHIBIT O-1: DISCIPLINE CROSSWALK, NSOPF 1988-1993 CODES FOR MAJOR FIELDS OF STUDY AND ACADEMIC DISCIPLINES

1988 CODES	1993 CODES	
090	380	LIBRARY & ARCHIVAL SCIENCES
091	390	LIFE OR PHYSICAL SCIENCES, GENERAL NATURAL SCIENCES: BIOLOGICAL SCIENCESUNSPECIFIED
100	391	Biochemistry
093	392	Biology
094	393	Botany
100	394	Genetics
100	395	Immunology
100	396	Microbiology
098	397	Physiology
099	398	Zoology
100	400	Biological Sciences, Other
	410	NATURAL SCIENCES: PHYSICAL SCIENCES UNSPECIFIED
092	411	Astronomy
095	412	Chemistry
097	413	Physics
096 .	414	Earth, Atmosphere, and Oceanographic (Geological Sciences)
100	420	Physical Sciences
101	430	MATHEMATICS
101	440	STATISTICS
102	450	MILITARY STUDIES
103	460	MULTI/INTERDISCIPLINARY STUDIES
104	470	PARKS & RECREATION
105	480	PHILOSOPHY AND RELIGION
105	490	THEOLOGY



		SCIPLINE CROSSWALK, NSOPF 1988-1993 ELDS OF STUDY AND ACADEMIC DISCIPLINES
1988 CODES	1993 CODES	
107	500	PROTECTIVE SERVICES (e.g., Criminal Justic, Fire Protection)
106	510	PSYCHOLOGY
108	520	PUBLIC AFFAIRS (e.g., Community Services, Public Administration, Public Works, Social Work)
109	530	SCIENCE TECHNOLOGIES
	540	SOCIAL SCIENCES AND HISTORYUNSPECIFIED
110	541	Social Sciences, General
111	542	Anthropology
112	543	Archeology
113	544	Area & Ethnic Studies
114	545	Demography
115	546	Economics
116	547	Geography
117	548	History
118	549	International Relations
119	550	Political Science
120	551	Sociology
121	560	Other Social Sciences
	570	VOCATIONAL TRAININGUNSPECIFIED
·	600	CONSTRUCTION TRADESUNSPECIFIED
122	601	Carpentry
123	602	Electrician
124	603	Plumbing
125	610	Other Construction Trades
	620	CONSUMER, PERSONAL, & MISC. SERVICES UNSPECIFIED
126	621	Personal Services (e.g., Barbering, Cosmetology)



EXHIBIT O-1: DISCIPLINE CROSSWALK, NSOPF 1988-1993 CODES FOR MAJOR FIELDS OF STUDY AND ACADEMIC DISCIPLINES

1988 CODES	1993 CODES	
		CONSUMER, PERSONAL, & MISC. SERVICES UNSPECIFIED (CONT'D)
127	630	Other Consumer Services
	640	MECHANICS AND REPAIRERSUNSPECIFIED
128	641	Electrical & Electronics Equipment Repair
129	642	Heating, Air Conditioning, & Refrigeration Mechanics
130	643	Vehicle & Mobile Equipment Mechanics & Repairers
131	644	Other Mechanics & Repairers
	660	PRECISION PRODUCTIONUNSPECIFIED
132	661	Drafting
133	662	Graphic & Print Communications
134	663	Leatherworking & Upholstering
135	664	Precision Metal Work
136	665	Woodworking
137	670	Other Precision Production Work
	680	TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING UNSPECIFIED
138	681	Air Transportation (e.g., Piloting, Traffic Control, Flight Attendance, Aviation Management)
139	682	Land Vehicle & Equipment Operation
140	683	Water Transportation (e.g., Boat & Fishing Operations, Deep Water Diving, Marina Operations, Sailors & Deckhands)
141	690	Other Transportation & Material Moving
888	900	OTHER (IF YOU USE THIS CODE, BE SURE TO WRITE IN A COMPLETE DESCRIPTION AT QUESTIONS 12-13, AND 16)



Exhibit O-2: Derived Variable Crosswalk to NSOPF-88



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Academic environment: Adequacy of internal funds for professional development Academic environment: Overall quality of facilities or resources Academic rank Academic rank Academic rank: Number of years since rank achieved Age: Distribution (matches 1988 NSOFF) Age: Modified distribution Appointment type and employment status Awards: Undergraduate awards Bureau of Economic Analysis region code Citizenship and minority status Citizenship: Status Citizenship: Status Citizenship: Status Citizenship: Status Compensation: Basic salary from institution Compensation: Other income from institution Compensation: Other outside income Compensation: Other outside income Compensation: Total earned income	COMPARISON WITH NSOPF-88	New.	New.	Matches.	Modified.	Matches.	Matches.	Modified.	Matches.	New.	New.	New.	New.	Modified 1988 Question 46. Codes for other country specified.	New.	New.	New.	Modified.	Modified.	Modified.	Nodified.	Modified.	Modified.
Academic environment: Adequacy of int funds for professional development Academic environment: Adequacy of int funds for professional development Academic environment: Overall quality facilities or resources Academic rank Academic rank Academic rank Academic rank: Number of years since achieved Age: Distribution (matches 1988 NSOPF Age: Modified distribution Appointment type Appointment type and employment status Awards: Undergraduate awards Bureau of Economic Analysis region coc Citizenship and minority status Citizenship: Status Citizenship: Status Citizenship: Status Citizenship: Status Citizenship: Status Compensation: Basic salary from insti Compensation: Other income from insti Compensation: Other outside income Compensation: Other outside consulting inco	DERIVED VARIABLE TITLE FROM NSOPF-88			Academic rank categories	Academic ranktime in rank	Age	Age categories	Age categories	Appointment type									Compensation categories	Compensation categories	Compensation categories	Compensation categoriesconsulting income categories	Compensation categories	Degree type
	NSOPF-93 DERIVED VARIABLE TITLE	Adequacy of I development	Overall quality	Academic rank	Number of years since	Age			Appointment type	Appointment type and employment status		Bureau of Economic Analysis region code	Citizenship and minority status	Current (modified NSOPF-	ŀ	- 1		Basic salary from insti	Other income from insti	- 1		Total	Degree: Highest degree
NOPF DERIV VARIA NAME AND VARIA NAME X01C3 X01C3 X01C3 X01C3 X01A11 X01A11 X02F5; X02A1 X02F5; X02F5; X02F5; X02F5; X02F5; X02F5; X02F5; X01F5; X02F5; X02F6; X04E4; NSOPF-93 DERIVED VARIABLE NAME	X01C35	x01c34	X01A9 .	X01A10	X01F52	X02F52	X03F52	X01A11	X02A11	X01B14	x37 0	X03F53	X02F57	X03F57	x01F56a	X02E47	X01E47	X03E47	X05E47	X04E47	X06E47	X01B16	



EXHIBIT 0-2: DERIVED VARIABLE CROSSWALK TO NSOPF-88

EXHIBIT 0-2: DERIVED VARIABLE CROSSWALK TO NSOPF-88

NSOPF-93	NSOPF-93 DERIVED VARIABLE TITLE	DERIVED VARIABLE TITLE FROM NSOPF-88	COMPARISON WITH NSOPF-88	··
VAR JABLE NAME				
X03B16	Degree: Highest degree program area (matches NSOPF-88 categories)		Matches 1988 sort for "Program area categories".	_
X07B16	Degree: Highest degree program area (more detailed classification)		New.	
X02B16	Degree: Highest degree year		New.	
X01B18	Employment: Employment sector of main other Fall 1992 job		New.	· ·
X01B19	Employment: Employment sector of most recent main job ending before Fall 1992		New.	;
X01A6	Employment: Number of years in current position at institution	Employmentyears at institution	Modified.	•
X01A4	Employment: Part-time faculty position only employment	Employmentother full-time employment (part- time faculty only)	Modified.	
X06816	Employment: Position at institution Fall 1992 first or only job since highest degree attained		Nex.	ŕ
X02B18	Employment: Primary responsibility of main other Fall 1992 job		Net.	
X02B19	Employment: Primary responsibility of most recent main job		New.	
X02D46	Future: Age likely to retire from all paid employment	Futurecategories for age likely to retire	Modified.	
X01042	Future: Age likely to stop working at a postsecondary institution	Futurecategories for age likely to stop teaching	Modified.	
X05041	Future: Likely to retire or accept a part- or full-time job in the next 3 years		Net.	
X03D41	Future: Very likely to accept a full-time job in the next 3 years		New.	ก ก
X02D41	Future: Very likely to accept a part-time job in the next 3 years		New.	ີງ ວ
X01D41	Future: Very likely to retire in the next 3 years		нем.	
X04D41	Future: Very likely to retire or accept a part- or full-time job in the next 3 years	· Futureplans	Matches.	
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DERIVED	NSOPF-93 DERIVED VARIABLE TITLE	DERIVED VARIABLE TITLE FROM NSOPF-88	COMPARISON WITH NSOPF-88	
VARIABLE NAME				
X01046	Future: Years to retirement		New.	
x05_0	Institution by Carnegie Classification I or II (1987)		New.	
0 Z0X	Institution control (1991-92 IPEDS)		NEW.	
x36_0	Institution expenditures collapsed: Educational and general		New.	
x32_0	Institution expenditures collapsed: Instruction		New.	
X34_0	Institution expenditures collapsed: Research		NEW.	
x35_0	Institution expenditures: Educational and general		New.	
X31 0	Institution expenditures: Instruction		New.	· : ·
X33 0	Institution expenditures: Research		New.	
x18_0	Institution size collapsed: FTE first- professional enrollment		New.	
x22_0	Institution size collapsed: FTE graduate enrollment		New.	
x14_0	Institution size collapsed: FTE undergraduate enrollment		New.	
x16_0	Institution size collapsed: Number first- professional students enrolled		New.	
x20_0	Institution size collapsed: Number graduate students enrolled		New.	
x12_0	Institution size collapsed: Number undergraduate students enrolled		New.	٠.
X24 0	Institution size collapsed: Total enrollment		Net.	
x26_0	Institution size collapsed: Total FTE enrollment		New.	
x17_0	Institution size: FTE first-professional enrollment		New.	
x21 0	Institution size: FTE graduate enrollment		New.	

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NCODE-03	BILLI BIBVIOVA USATOSU 20-SQUSN	DEBIVED VARIABLE TITLE FROM MSDPF-88	COMPARISON WITH NSOPF-88
DERIVED VARIABLE			
X13_0	Institution size: FTE undergraduate enrollment		New.
x15_0	Institution size: Number first-professional students enrolled		New.
0_61x	Institution size: Number graduate students enrolled		New.
x11_0	Institution size: Number undergraduate students enrolled		New.
X23 0	Institution size: Total enrollment		New.
x25_0	Institution size: Total FIE enrollment		New.
x01_0	Institution strata (matches NSOPF-88 categories)	Strata categories	Matches.
x02_0	Institution strata (modified NSOPF-88 categories)	Strata categories	Modified.
X04_0	Institution strata (modified NSOPF-93 sampling strata)		New.
x09_0	Institution strata (NSOPF-88 and modified 1994 Carnegie)		New.
x08_0	Institution strata (NSOPF-88 categories modified further)	Strata categories (collapsed)	Modified.
x06_0	Institution type (1991-92 IPEDS)		New.
x27_0	Minority enrollment: Percent American Indian/Alaskan Native		New.
x28_0	Minority enrollment: Percent Asian/Pacific Islander		New.
x29_0	Minority enrollment: Percent Black Non-Hispanic		New.
X30 0	Minority enrollment: Percent Hispanic		New.
x01_2	Primary activity, all (non-credit teachers included)		New.
x02_2	Primary activity, modified		New.
X03C33	Productivity, non-teaching: Average award (total funds divided by total grants/contracts)		New.

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mSOPF-93 DERIVED VARIABLE NAME	NSOPF-93 DERIVED VARIABLE TITLE	DERIVED VARIABLE TITLE FROM NSOPF-88	COMPARISON WITH NSOPF-88
x03B20	Productivity, non-teaching: Career output for book reviews	Publicationsnumber during career	Matches.
X02B20	Productivity, non-teaching: Career output for books, chapters	Publicationsnumber during career	Matches.
X06B20	Productivity, non-teaching: Career output for number of publications	Publicationscategories for number during career	Modified.
X07B20	Productivity, non-teaching: Career output for number of years for total career refereed articles		New.
X04B20	Productivity, non-teaching: Career output for other reports	Publicationsnumber during career	Matches.
X05B20	Productivity, non-teaching: Career output for presentations, exhibitions	Publicationsnumber during career	Natches.
X01B20	Productivity, non-teaching: Career output for refereed articles	Publicationsnumber during career	Matches.
x05c21	Productivity, non-teaching: Number of graduate committees chaired		New.
x02C21	Productivity, non-teaching: Number of graduate committees served on		New.
X04C21	Productivity, non-teaching: Number of undergraduate committees chaired		New.
x01c21	Productivity, non-teaching: Number of undergraduate committees served on		New.
X10B20	Productivity, non-teaching: Output past 2 years for book reviews	Publicationsnumber during last 2 years	Matches.
x09820	Productivity, non-teaching: Output past 2 years for books, chapters	Publicationsnumber during last 2 years	Matches.
x13820	Productivity, non-teaching: Output past 2 years for number of publications		New.
X11B20	Productivity, non-teaching: Output past 2 years for other reports	Publicationsnumber during last 2 years	Matches.
X12B20	Productivity, non-teaching: Output past 2 years for presentations, exhibitions	Publicationsnumber during last 2 years	Matches.

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COMPARISON WITH NSOPF-88.	Matches.	New.	New.	New.	New.	New.	New.	New.	New.	New.	New.	New.	Modified.	New.	New.
DERIVED VARIABLE TITLE FROM NSOPF-88	Publicationsnumber during last 2 years												Hoursstudent contact		
NSOPF-93 DERIVED VARIABLE TITLE	Productivity, non-teaching: Output past 2 years for refereed articles	Productivity, non-teaching: Total committees chaired	Productivity, non-teaching: Total committees served on	Productivity, non-teaching: Total funds	Productivity, teaching: Average number teaching assistants per class in 5 or fewer classes for credit	Productivity, teaching: Level of classroom instruction	Productivity, teaching: Level of individualized instruction	Productivity, teaching: Number of graduate classes taught for credit (5 or fewer)	Productivity, teaching: Number of students taught in 5 or fewer classes for credit	Productivity, teaching: Number of undergraduate classes taught for credit (5 or fewer)	Productivity teaching: Total classroom credit hours in 5 or fewer classes	Productivity teaching: Total classroom individual credit hours in 5 or fewer classes	Productivity teaching: Total classroom student contact hours per week in 5 or fewer classes for credit	Productivity, teaching: Total contact hours per week for graduate students receiving individualized instruction for credit	Productivity, teaching: Total contact hours per week for undergraduate students receiving individualized instruction for credit
NSOPF-93 DERIVED VARIABLE NAME	x08B20	x06C21	x03C21	x02C33	x19c23	x05c23	x01c25	x09c23	X14C23	x08c23	x03C23	x04c23	x02C23	X08C25	x07c25

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COMPARISON WITH NSOPF-88	New.	Modified,	New.	New.	New.	New.	Matches 1988 sort for "Program area categories."	New.	Matches.	New.	New.	Modified.	New.	New.	New.	New.	New.
DERIVED VARIABLE TITLE FROM NSOPF-88		Hoursclassroom							Program areacategories			Race/ethnicity					
NSOPF-93 DERIVED VARIABLE TITLE	Productivity, teaching: Total contact hours per week of individualized instruction for credit	Productivity, teaching: Total hours spent teaching per week in 5 or fewer classes for credit	Productivity, teaching: Total number of graduate students receiving individualized instruction for credit	Productivity, teaching: Total number of undergraduate students receiving individualized instruction for credit	Productivity, teaching: Total students receiving individualized instruction for credit	Program area: Research categories (detailed classification)	Program area: Research categories (matches NSOPF-88 categories)	Program area: Teaching categories (detailed classification)	Program area: Teaching categories (matches NSOPF-88 categories)	Program area: Teaching or research (if no teaching area), detailed classification	Race	Race/ethnicity	Ratio of FTE enrollment/FTE faculty	Role: Any instructional duties for credit	Role: Any instruction for credit with teaching as primary activity	Role: Duties collapsed	Role: Duties modified
SOPF-93 DERIVED VARIABLE NAME	x09C25	x01c23	X05c25	x04c25	x06C25	X02A13	X01A13	X02A12	X01A12	X03A12	X01F53	X02F53	X10_0	x01 1	x07_1	x03 1	x06 1

EXHIBIT 0-2: DERIVED VARIABLE CROSSWALK TO NSOPF-88

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NSOPF-93 DERIVED VARIABLE NAME	NSOPF-93 DERIVED VARIABLE TITLE	DERIVED VARIABLE TITLE FROM NSOPF-88	COMPARISON WITH NSOPF-88	
x05_1	Role: Faculty status or instructional duties for credit		New.	
X04_1	Role: Instructional duties by faculty status		New.	
x02_1	Role: Specific duties and faculty status		New.	
X01E49	SES: Average income per household member		New.	
X01F55	SES: Family status	Marital status	Modified.	
X01F58	SES: Parents' education		New.	
X02A7	Tenure: Number of years tenured		New.	
X01A7	Tenure: Tenure status	Tenure status categories	Modified.	
X01C36	Time allocation: Average total hours per week worked	Hoursworked	Modified.	
x07c37	Time allocation: Percentage of time preferred in administration		New.	
x08C37	Time allocation: Percentage of time preferred in other activities		New.	
X06C37	Time allocation: Percentage of time preferred in research		New.	_
x05c37	Time allocation: Percentage of time preferred in teaching		New.	
x03c37	Time allocation: Percentage of time spent in administration	Time allocation categories	Modified.	
x04C37	Time allocation: Percentage of time spent in other activities	Time allocation categories	Modified.	
x02C37	Time allocation: Percentage of time spent in research	Time allocation categories	Modified.	
x01c37	Time allocation: Percentage of time spent teaching	Time allocation categories	Modified.	1
x01C38	Union member	Employment unionized/collective bargaining	Modified.	
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Appendix P

Imputation Flags for the Institution Data File (Public-use)
Imputation Flags for the Faculty Data File (Restricted-use)



Imputation Flags for the Institution Data File (Public-use)



	 -		
Variable: MA1A N	umeric	Pos: (2) 41-41
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	E A1A		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
Not imputed	0	872	100.0% 100.0%
TOTALS:		872	100.0% 100.0%
Variable: MA1B N	umeric	Pos: (2) 42-42
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	E A1B		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
Not imputed Regression based	0 1	862 10	98.9% 99.5% 1.1% 0.5%
TOTALS:		872	100.0% 100.0%
Variable: MA1C Nu	meric	Pos: (2) 43-43
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	A1C		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
Not imputed	0	859 13	98.5% 99.5% 1.5% 0.5%
TOTALS:		872	100.0% 100.0%
Variable: MA1D Nu	meric	Pos: (2	2) 44-44
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	A1D		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
Not imputed	0	846 26	97.0% 98.6% 3.0% 1.4%
TOTALS:		872	100.0% 100.0%
Variable: MAC1 Nu	meric	Pos: (2	2) 45-45
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	AC1		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
Not imputed	0	807 65	92.5% 91.9% 7.5% 8.1%
TOTALS:		872	100.0% 100.0%

Variable: MAC2	Numeric	Pos: (2) 46-4	5
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE AC2			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Regression based		819 53	93.9% 6.1%	94.1% 5.9%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MAC3	Numeric	Pos: (2) 47-47	7
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE AC3		-	
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		790 82	90.6% 9.4%	89.8% 10.2%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MAC4	Numeric	Pos: (2) 48-48	3
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	BLE AC4			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		825 47	94.6% 5.4%	96.4% 3.6%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MAC5	Numeric	Pos: (2) 49-49	,
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	BLE AC5			· · ·
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		695 177	79.7% 20.3%	76.3% 23.7%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MAC6	Numeric	Pos: (2) 50-50	
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE AC6			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	700 172	80.3% 19.7%	75.5% 24.5%

872 100.0% 100.0%

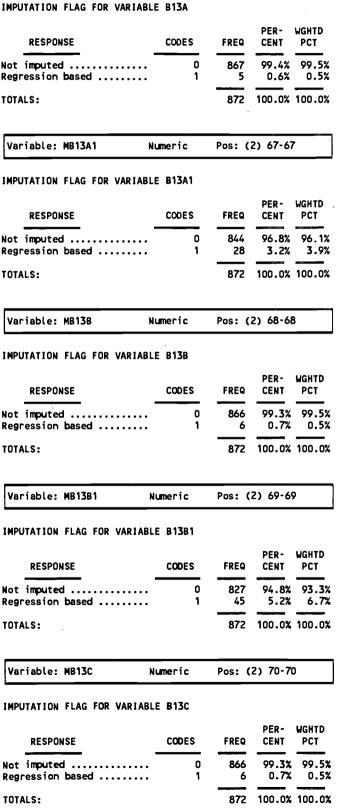
TOTALS:

				_	1				
Variable: MB10A	Numeric	Pos:	(2) 51-5	1	Variable: MB12A	Numeric	Pos:	(2) 56-5	6
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B10A				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE B12A			-
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		853 19	97.8% 2.2%	98.3% 1.7%	Not imputed		862 10	98.9% 1.1%	99.0%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB10B	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 52-5	2	Variable: MB12A1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 57-5	7
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B10B				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE B12A1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Regression based		854 18	97.9% 2.1%	98.3%	Not imputed		810 62	92.9% 7.1%	92.0% 8.0%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB10C	Numeric	Pos: (2) 53-53	3	Variable: MB12B	Numeric	Pos: (2) 58-58	3
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B10C		•		IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE B12B			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Regression based		850 22	97.5% 2.5%	97.7% 2.3%	Not imputed	0	858 14	98.4% 1.6%	98.5% 1.5%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB11	Numeric	Pos: (2) 54-54	•	Variable: MB12B1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 59-59	<u> </u>
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B11				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B12B1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	. RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	. 0	856 16		98.6% 1.4%	Not imputed		779 93		88.5% 11.5%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB11A	Numeric	Pos: (2) 55-55	;	Variable: MB12C	Numeric	Pos: (2) 60-60	
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAE	BLE B11A				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B12C			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	7 87 85		93.1% 6.9%	Not imputed		859 13	98.5% 1.5%	98.8% 1.2%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%

Numeric

Pos: (2) 66-66

Variable: MB12C1 N	umeric	Pos: (2) 61-61		Variable: MB13A
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E B12C1				IMPUTATION FLAG
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE
Not imputed Regression based		795 77		87.1% 12.9%	Not imputed Regression based
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:
Variable: MB12D N	umeric	Pos: (2) 62-62	2	Variable: MB13A
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E B12D				IMPUTATION FLAG
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE
Not imputed	0	859 13	98.5% 1.5%	98.5% 1.5%	Not imputed Regression based
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:
Variable: MB12D1 N	umeric	Pos: (2) 63-63	3	Variable: MB13B
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E B12D1				IMPUTATION FLAG
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE
Not imputed		765 107		85.9% 14.1%	Not imputed Regression based
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:
Variable: MB12E N	umeric	Pos: (2) 64-64		Variable: MB13B
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E B12E				IMPUTATION FLAG
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE
Not imputed	0	860 12	98.6% 1.4%	98.7% 1.3%	Not imputed Regression based
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:
Variable: MB12E1 N	umeric	Pos: ((2) 65-6!	5	Variable: MB130
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E B12E1				IMPUTATION FLAG
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE
Not imputed	0	789 83		88.5% 11.5%	Not imputed Regression based



Variable: MB13C1	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 71-7	'1	Variable: MB13F	Numeric	Pos: (2) 76-7	6
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAI	RIABLE B13C1.				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE B13F			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Regression based		839 33	96.2% 3.8%	96.0% 4.0%	Not imputed		866	99.3% 0.7%	98.9
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:	•	872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MB13D	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 72-7	2	Variable: MB13F1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 77-7	7
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAI	RIABLE B13D	. , ,			IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE B13F1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Regression based		867 5	99.4% 0.6%	99.5% 0.5%	Not imputed		843 . 29	96.7% 3.3%	95.0° 5.0°
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MB13D1	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 73-7	3	Variable: MB13G	Numeric	Pos: (2) 78-78	 -
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	RIABLE B13D1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE B13G			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		828 44	95.0% 5.0%		Not imputed	0 1	867 5		99.5 0.5
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MB13E	Numeric	Pos: (2) 74-7	4	Variable: MB13G1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 79-79	-
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	RIABLE B13E				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE B13G1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Regression based		867 5		99.5% 0.5%	Not imputed	0 1	843 29	96.7% 3.3%	95.7 4.3
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MB13E1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 75-7	5	Variable: MB13H	Numeric	Pos: (2) 80-80) :
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	RIABLE B13E1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE B13H			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Regression based		822 50	94.3% 5.7%	94.2% 5.8%	Not imputed Regression based		867 5	99.4% 0.6%	99.5 0.5
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0

PER- WGHTO CENT PCT 99.2% 98.9% 0.8% 1.1% 100.0% 100.0%

PER- WGHTO CENT PCT

97.4% 97.3% 2.6% 2.7%

100.0% 100.0%

PER- WGHTO CENT PCT 99.2% 98.9% 0.8% 1.1% 100.0% 100.0%

PER- WGHTO CENT PCT

91.7% 93.2% 8.3% 6.8% 100.0% 100.0%

PER- WGHTO CENT PCT 99.3% 99.5% 0.7% 0.5%

872 100.0% 100.0%

Variable: MB13H1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 81-8	1	Variable: MB13K	Numeric	Pos: (2) 86-8	6
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B13H1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	ARIABLE B13K			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGI
Not imputed Regression based		858 14	98.4% 1.6%	98.4%	Not imputed		865 7	99.2%	
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100
Variable: MB13I	Numeric	Pos: (2) 82-8	2	Variable: MB13K1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 87-8	7
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B13I				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	ARIABLE B13K1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHT0 PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGI PC
lot imputed		866 6	99.3% 0.7%	99.5% 0.5%	Not imputed		849 23	97.4% 2.6%	
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100
Variable: MB13I1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 83-8	3	Variable: MB13L	Numeric	Pos: (2) 88-8	8
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B1311				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	ARIABLE B13L			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHT0 PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGI PC
lot imputed		856 16	98.2% 1.8%	97.9% 2.1%	Not imputed		865 7	99.2% 0.8%	
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100
Variable: MB13J	Numeric	Pos: (2) 84-8	4	Variable: MB13L1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 89-8	9
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B13J				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	ARIABLE B13L1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHT0 PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- Cent	WGI P(
Not imputed		867 5	0.6%	99.5% 0.5%	Not imputed	0	800 72	91.7% 8.3%	
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:	•	872	100.0%	100
Variable: MB13J1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 85-8	5	Variable: MB13M	Numeric	Pos: (2) 90-9	0
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B13J1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	ARIABLE B13M			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHT0 PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGI PC
lot imputed Regression based		856 16	98.2% 1.8%	98.3% 1.7%	Not imputed		866 6	99.3% 0.7%	
-2 IATO		0.773		100.09				100.0	

872 100.0% 100.0%

TOTALS:

TOTALS:

Variable: MB13M1	Numeric	Pos:	(2) 91-9)1	Variable: MB14	Numeric	Pos: (2) 96-9	6
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAE	BLE B13M1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B14			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT
Not imputed		808 64	92.7% 7.3%	93.2%	Not imputed		836 36	95.9% 4.1%	94.6 5.4
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MB13N	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 92-9	2	Variable: MB15	Numeric	Pos: (2) 97-9	7
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B13N	٠		٠	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B15		_	4
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT
ot imputedegression based		865 7	99.2% 0.8%	98.9%	Not imputed Regression based Oont know imputd	. 1	846 6	0.7%	
OTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:	. 3	872	100.0%	
Variable: MB13N1	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 93-9	3	Wastella union				
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B13N1				Variable: MB16A	Numeric	Pos: (2) 98-98	· · ·
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAE	BLE B16A		PER-	WGHT0
ot imputedegression based	0	821 51	94.2%	94.7% 5.3%	RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES	FREQ 843	CENT	PCT 96.09
OTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	Regression based Oont know imputd	. 1	23	0.7%	0.6
Variable: MB130	Numeric	Pos: (2) 94-94		TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB					Variable: MB16A1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 99-99)
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B16A1			
ot imputed	0	866		99.0%	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER - CENT	WGHTO PCT
OTALS:	•		100.0%		Not imputed		830 42	95.2% 4.8%	94.97
			<u> </u>		TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
	Numeric	Pos: (2) 95-95	·					
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB			PER-	WGHT0					
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ 839	96.2%	PCT 95.9%					
egression based	ĭ	33	3.8%	4.1%					
OTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%					



•					1				
Variable: MB16B N	umeric	Pos: (2) 100-	100	Variable: MB16D	Numeric	Pos: (2) 104-1	104
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E B16B				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B16D			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHT0 PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT
Not imputed	0 1 3	844 6 22	96.8% 0.7% 2.5%	96.0% 0.6%	Not imputed	1	840 6 26	96.3% 0.7% 3.0%	
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB16B1 N	umeric	Pos: (2) 101-	101	Variable: MB1601	Numeric	Pos: (2) 105-	105
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E B16B1	•			IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B16D1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- Cent	WGHTO PCT
Not imputed		822 50		93.4% 6.6%	Not imputed		819 53		93.7% 6.3%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB16C N	umeric	Pos: (2) 102-	102	Variable: MB16E	Numeric	Pos: (2) 106-	106
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E B16C				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B16E			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHT0 PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHT0 PCT
Not imputed	0 1 3	842 6 24	96.6% 0.7% 2.8%		Not imputed	1	840 6 26	96.3% 0.7% 3.0%	
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB16C1	umeric	Pos: (2) 103-	103	Variable: MB16E1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 107-	107
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E B16C1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	SLE B16E1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHT0 PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT
Not imputed	0	826 46	94.7% 5.3%	93.7% 6.3%	Not imputed		813 59	93.2% 6.8%	93.1%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%

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	Numeric	Pos:	(2) 108-	108	Variable: MB16H	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 112-	112
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	LE B16F				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B16H			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT
Not imputed	0 1 3	844 6 22	96.8% 0.7% 2.5%	0.6%	Not imputed	1	844 6 22	96.8% 0.7% 2.5%	0.67
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:	_		100.0%	
Variable: MB16F1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 109-	109	Variable: MB16H1	Numeric	Pos: (Ž) 113-1	113
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	.E B16F1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	LE B16H1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT
Not imputed Regression based	0 1	828 44	95.0% 5.0%	93.8% 6.2%	Not imputed	0	837 35	96.0% 4.0%	94.9%
TOTALS: ,		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB16G N	umeric	Pos: (2) 110-1	10	Variable: MB16I	lumeric	Pos: (2	2) 114-1	14
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E B16G				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E B161			
PECONICE	CODES			WGHT0				PER-	WGHTO
RESPONSE		FREQ	CENT	PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	CENT	PCT
lot imputed	0 1 3	844 6 22		95.9% 0.6% 3.5%	Not imputed	0 1 3	844	96.8% 0.7%	96.0% 0.6%
lot imputed	0	844 6 22	96.8% 0.7%	95.9% 0.6% 3.5%	Not imputed	0	844 6 22	96.8%	96.0% 0.6% 3.4%
lot imputed	0	844 6 22 872	96.8% 0.7% 2.5%	95.9% 0.6% 3.5% 100.0%	Not imputed	0	844 6 22 872	96.8% 0.7% 2.5%	96.0% 0.6% 3.4% 100.0%
lot imputed	0 1 3	844 6 22 872	96.8% 0.7% 2.5%	95.9% 0.6% 3.5% 100.0%	Not imputed	0 1 3	844 6 22 872	96.8% 0.7% 2.5% 100.0%	96.0% 0.6% 3.4% 100.0%
ot imputed	0 1 3	844 6 22 872	96.8% 0.7% 2.5% 100.0%	95.9% 0.6% 3.5% 100.0%	Not imputed	0 1 3	844 6 22 872	96.8% 0.7% 2.5% 100.0%	96.0% 0.6% 3.4% 100.0%
Not imputed	0 1 3	844 6 22 872 Pos: (2	96.8% 0.7% 2.5% 100.0%	95.9% 0.6% 3.5% 100.0%	Not imputed	0 1 3	844 6 22 872 Pos: (2	96.8% 0.7% 2.5% 100.0%	96.0% 0.6% 3.4% 100.0%

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Variable: MB16J N	umeric	Pos: (2	2) 116-1	16	Variable: MB16L	Numeric	Pos: (7	2) 120-1	20
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	E B16J				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	RIABLE B16L			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		845 6 21	96.9% 0.7% 2.4%		Not imputed Regression based Dont know imputd	1	837 6 29	96.0% 0.7% 3.3%	95.5% 0.6% 3.9%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB16j1 N	umeric	Pos: (2) 117-1	117	Variable: MB16L1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 121-1	121
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E B16J1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	RIABLE B16L1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		837 35		95.4% 4.6%	Not imputed Regression based	0 1	801 71	91.9% 8.1%	92.6%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB16K N	umeric	Pos: (2) 118-	118	Variable: MB16M	Numeric	Pos: (2) 122-	122
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E B16K				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	RIABLE B16M			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		845 6 21	96.9% 0.7% 2.4%		Not imputed Regression based Dont know imputd	1	836 6 30	95.9% 0.7% 3.4%	
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB16K1 N	lumeric	Pos: (2) 119-	119	Variable: MB16M1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 123-	123
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E B16K1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	ARIABLE B16M1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD
Not imputed	0	829 43	95.1% 4.9%	94.3% 5.7%	Not imputed Regression based		804 68	92.2% 7.8%	92.79 7.39
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0



Variable: MB16N	Numeric	Pos:	(2) 124-	124	Variable: MB17
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B16N				IMPUTATION FLAG FO
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE
Not imputed	. 1	836 7 29	0.8%		Not imputed Regression based .
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:
Variable: MB16N1	Numeric	Pos:	(2) 125-	125	Variable: MB18A
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B16N1		_		IMPUTATION FLAG FOR
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE
lot imputed	0	814 58	93.3% 6.7%	93.4% 6.6%	Regression based Dont know imputd
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:
Variable: MB160	Numeric	Pos: (2) 126-1	26	Variable: MB18B
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B160				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE
ot imputedegression basedont know imputed	1	845 6 21	96.9% 0.7% 2.4%	96.0% 0.6% 3.4%	Not imputed Regression based Dont know imputd
OTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:
Variable: MB1601	Numeric	Pos: (2) 127-1;	27	Variable: MB18C
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	LE B1601				
RESPONSE	CODES	EDFO		JGHTD	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR
		FREQ	CENT	PCT .	RESPONSE
ot imputedegression based	0 1	825 47	94.6% 5.4%	94.0% 6.0%	Not imputed

Variable: MB17	Numeric	Pos:	(2) 128-128
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B17		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
Not imputed	. 0	795 77	91.2% 91.8% 8.8% 8.2%
TOTALS:		872	100.0% 100.0%
Variable: MB18A	Numeric	Pos: (2) 129-129
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	BLE B18A		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
Not imputed	0	851	97.6% 98.1%
Regression based	<u>1</u>	12	1.4% 0.9%
Dont know imputd	3	9	1.0% 0.9%
TOTALS:		872	100.0% 100.0%
Variable: MB18B	Numeric	Pos: (2) 130-130
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B18B		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
Not imputed	0		
Regression boood	U	784	89.9% 93.4%
Regression based	1	13	1.5% 1.0%
Dont know imputd	1		
Dont know imputd	1	13	1.5% 1.0%
TOTALS:	1	13 75 872	1.5% 1.0% 8.6% 5.6%
TOTALS:	1 3 Numeric	13 75 872	1.5% 1.0% 8.6% 5.6% 100.0% 100.0%
TOTALS: Variable: MB18C	1 3 Numeric	13 75 872	1.5% 1.0% 8.6% 5.6% 100.0% 100.0%
TOTALS: Variable: MB18C IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE RESPONSE Not imputed	Numeric LE B18C CODES	13 75 872 Pos: (2	1.5% 1.0% 8.6% 5.6% 100.0% 100.0% 2) 131-131 PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
TOTALS: Variable: MB18C IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE RESPONSE Not imputed	Numeric	13 75 872 Pos: (2	1.5% 1.0% 8.6% 5.6% 100.0% 100.0% 2) 131-131 PER- WGHTD CENT PCT 90.8% 93.8%
TOTALS: Variable: MB18C IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE RESPONSE Not imputed	Numeric E B18C CODES 0	13 75 872 Pos: (2 FREQ 792	1.5% 1.0% 8.6% 5.6% 100.0% 100.0% 2) 131-131 PER- WGHTD CENT PCT 90.8% 93.8%



TOTALS:

872 100.0% 100.0%

Variable: MB18D	lumeric	Pos: (2) 132-1	132	Variable: MB18H	Numeric	Pos: (2) 136-1	36
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	.E B18D				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B18H			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
lot imputed		723 13 136	1.5%	87.7% 1.0% 11.3%	Not imputed	1	788 12 72	90.4% 1.4% 8.3%	
OTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MB18E	Numeric	Pos: (2) 133-	133	Variable: MB18I	Numeric	Pos: (2) 137-	137
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABI	LE B18E				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B18I			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHT
lot imputed		845 12 15	96.9% 1.4% 1.7%		Not imputed	1	757 12 103	86.8% 1.4% 11.8%	0.
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MB18F	Numeric	Pos: (2) 134-	134	Variable: MB19	Numeric	Pos: (2) 138-	138
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B18F				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B19			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTI
Not imputed	1	842 12 18	96.6% 1.4% 2.1%		Not imputed		865 7	99.2% 0.8%	99. 1.
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.
Variable: MB18G	 Numeric	Pos: ((2) 135-	135	Variable: MB19A	Numeric	Pos: (2) 139-	139
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE 818G				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE 819A			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHT PCT
Not imputed		821 12 39	94.2% 1.4% 4.5%	0.9%	Not imputed		849 23 872	97.4%	2.
	_	973		100.0%					

872 100.0% 100.0%

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TOTALS:

Variable: MB2A	Numeric	Pos:	(2) 140-	140	Variable: MB2F	Numeric	Pos:	(2) 145-	145
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	BLE B2A				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR V	ARIABLE B2F		<u> </u>	
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ		WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	. 0		100.0%	100.0%	Not imputed Regression based	0	843	96.7%	98.3
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:	1		100.0%	1.7
Variable: MB2B	Numeric	Pos:	(2) 141-	141	Variable: MB3	Numeric			
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B2B					-	Pos: ((2) 146-	146
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR V	ARIABLE B3		PER-	WGHTD
Not imputed	0	826 46	94.7% 5.3%	96.2% 3.8%	RESPONSE Not imputed			CENT	
TOTALS:			100.0%		Not imputed	i i		-	7.9
Veriable verse					TOTALS.		872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MB2C	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 142-	142	Variable: MB4	Numeric	Pos: (2) 147-	147
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B2C				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	DIABLE D/			-
RESPONSE	CODES		PER- Cent	WGHTD PCT				PER-	WGHTD
Not imputed	0	821 51	94.2%	96.0%	RESPONSE Not imputed			94.3%	
TOTALS:			100.0%		Not imputed	i		(3.9
[TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MB2D	Numeric		2) 143-1	143	Variable: MB4A	Numeric	Pos: (2) 148-1	48
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E B2D				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	DIADLE DIA			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT				PER-	WGHTD
Not imputed	0	821 51	94.2%	96.0% 4.0%	RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES 0	783	S9.8%	PCT
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	Regression based	1	89	10.2%	5.62
Variable: MR25		Dec :	22. 444. 5	,,]			872	100.0%	נט.טטו
	lumeric	POS: (2) 144-1	44.	Variable: MB5	Numeric	Pos: (2	2) 149-1	49
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E B2E	•	D		IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	RIABLE B5			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER-	WGHTD
lot imputed legression based	0 1	808 64	92.7% 7.3%	94.8% 5.2%	Not imputed			100.0%	PCT 100.0%
OTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
					•				



Variable: MB6A	Numeric	Pos: (7	2) 150-1	50	Variable: MB7B	Numeric 	Pos: (2	2) 155-1	55
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B6A				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE B7B			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
ot imputed	_	856 16	98.2% 1.8%	98.5% 1.5%	Not imputed		830 42		97.5% 2.5%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB6B	Numeric	Pos: (2) 151-1	151	Variable: MB7C	Numeric	Pos: (2) 156-	156
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B6B				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE B7C			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		844 28	96.8% 3.2%	97.4% 2.6%	Not imputed	_	783 89	89.8% 10.2%	92.5% 7.5%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB6C	Numeric	Pos: (2) 152-	152	Variable: MB8A	Numeric	Pos: (2) 157-	157
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B6C				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE B8A			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	_	840 32	96.3% 3.7%	97.5% 2.5%	Not imputed		786 86	90.1%	93.8%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MB6D	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 153-	153	Variable: MB8B	Numeric	Pos: (2) 158-	158
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE B6D				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE B8B			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD
Not imputed		827 45	94.8% 5.2%	96.4% 3.6%	Not imputed		812 60	93.1% 6.9%	95.6
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MB7A	Numeric	Pos:	(2) 154-	154	Variable: MB9A	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 159-	159
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE B7A				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE B9A			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		816 56		96.6%	Not imputed	0 1	837 35	96.07 4.07	96.1 3.9
					1				



Variable: MB98	Numeric	Pos: (2) 160-160				
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	ARIABLE B9B					
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ		WGHTD PCT		
ot imputed egression based	0 1	835 37	95.8% 4.2%	95.67 4.47		
OTALS:		872	100.0%	100.02		
Variable: MC20A	Numeric	Pos:	(2) 161-1	61		
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	RIABLE C20A					
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- L CENT	IGHTD PCT		
ot imputed	— _			95.5%		
egression based ont know imputd	1	826 24 22	94.7% 2.8% 2.5%	3.1%		
gression based	1	24	2.8%	3.1%		
egression based ont know imputd	1	24 22 872	2.8%	3.1% 1.3% 00.0%		
egression based ont know imputd OTALS:	Numeric	24 22 872	2.8% 2.5% 100.0% 1	3.1% 1.3% 00.0%		
egression based Ont know imputd OTALS: Variable: MC20B	Numeric	24 22 872	2.8% 2.5% 100.0% 1	3.1% 1.3% 00.0%		
egression based Ont know imputd OTALS: Variable: MC20B	Numeric RIABLE C20B CODES 0	872 Pos: (2.8% 2.5% 100.0% 1 2) 162-16 PER- W CENT	3.1% 1.3% 00.0% 2		

CODES

0

FREQ

44 53

IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C20C

RESPONSE

TOTALS:

Not imputed

Regression based
Dont know imputd

IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C20D			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		775	88.99	92.4%
Regression based		49	5.6%	
Dont know imputd	3	48	5.5%	3.2%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC20E	Numeric	Pos: (2) 165-	165
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	E C20E			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		771	88.4%	92.1%
Regression based	1	47	5.4%	
Dont know imputd	3	54	6.2%	3.8%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC20F N	umeric	Pos: (2) 166-	166
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E C20F			
			PER-	WGHTD
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	CENT	PCT
Not imputed		803		
Regression based	1	36	92.1%	93.4% 3.9%
Dont know imputd	3	33	3.8%	2.7%
TOTALS:				
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC21 No	umeric	Pos: (2) 167-1	67
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	E C21			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT

Numeric

Pos: (2) 164-164

98.4% 98.2%

872 100.0% 100.0%

1.6% 1.8%

14

Variable: MC20D



PER- WGHTD

PCT

92.1%

4.2% 3.7% Not imputed

Regression based

TOTALS:

CENT

88.9%

5.0%

6.1%

872 100.0% 100.0%

<u> </u>					1				
Variable: MC22A	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 168-	168	Variable: MC23B	Numeric —	Pos: (2) 173-	173
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	BLE C22A				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE C23B	•		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		837 35		96.5% 3.5%	Not imputed	0	842 30	96.6% 3.4%	97.47
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC22B	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 169-	169	Variable: MC23C	Numeric	Pos: (2) 174-	174
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C22B				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE C23C		•	
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0 1	829 43		96.3% 3.7%	Not imputed	0 1	832 40	95.4% 4.6%	96.9% 3.1%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC22C	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 170-	170	Variable: MC24A	Numeric	Pos: (2) 175-	175
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C22C				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE C24A			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	829 43		95.9% 4.1%	Not imputed	0	826 46	94.7%	95.8%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	
Variable: MC22D	Numeric	Pos: (2) 171-	171	Variable: MC24B	Numeric	Pos: (2) 176-	176
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C22D				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE C24B			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		825 47	94.6% 5.4%	96.1% 3.9%	Not imputed		826 46	94.7% 5.3%	95.9% 4.1%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC23A	Numeric	Pos: (2) 172-	172	Variable: MC25A	Numeric	Pos: (2) 177-	177
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C23A				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE C25A			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		836 36		97.2% 2.8%	Not imputed		832 40	95.4% 4.6%	96.0%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
					i				



					1				
Variable: MC25B	Numeric	Pos: (2) 178-	178	Variable: MC27A	Numeric	Pos: (2) 183-	183
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAI	RIABLE C25B				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	IABLE C27A			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHT0 PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHT0 PCT
Not imputed Regression based		831 41	95.3% 4.7%	95.4% 4.6%	Not imputed Regression based		794 78	91.1% 8.9%	93.4%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC26A	Numeric	Pos: (2) 179-	179	Variable: MC28A	Numeric	Pos: (2) 184-	184
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAI	RIABLE C26A				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	ABLE C28A			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHT0 PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT
Not imputed Regression based		838 34	96.1% 3.9%	96.7% 3.3%	Not imputed		849 23	97.4% 2.6%	96.2% 3.8%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC26B	Numeric	Pos: (2) 180-	180	Variable: MC28A1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 185-	185
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	RIABLE C26B				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	ABLE C28A1			_
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHT0 PCT
Not imputed		840 32	96.3% 3.7%	96.5% 3.5%	Not imputed		819 53	93.9% 6.1%	92.3%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC26C	Numeric	Pos: (2) 181-1	181	Variable: MC28B	Numeric	Pos: (2) 186-	186
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	RIABLE C26C				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	ABLE C28B			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT
Not imputed Regression based		838 34	96.1% 3.9%	96.4% 3.6%	Not imputed		846 26	97.0% 3.0%	95.7% 4.3%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC27	Numeric	Pos: (2) 182-1	182	Variable: MC28B1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 187-1	187
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	RIABLE C27				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE C28B1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHT0 PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHT0 PCT
Not imputed Regression based		838 34	96.1% 3.9%	96.4% 3.6%	Not imputed		797 75	91.4% 8.6%	90.2%
TOTALS:									



					1 —				
Variable: MC28C	Numeric	Pos:	(2) 188-	188	Variable: MC28E1	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 193-	193
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C28C				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE C28E1	,		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		850 22	97.5% 2.5%		Not imputed		790 82	90.6% 9.4%	
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC28C1	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 189-	189	Variable: MC29A	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 194-	194
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C28C1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE C29A			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		811 61		89.8% 10.2%	Not imputed		856 16	98.2% 1.8%	
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC28D	Numeric	Pos: (2) 190-	190	Variable: MC29A1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 195-	195
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C28D				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE C29A1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		845 27	96.9% 3.1%	95.7% 4.3%	Not imputed		847 25	97.1% 2.9%	96.5% 3.5%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC28D1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 191-	191	Variable: MC29B	Numeric	Pos: (2) 196-1	196
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C28D1	,			IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE C29B			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		786 86		88.5%	Not imputed		856 16	98.2% 1.8%	97.6% 2.4%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC28E	Numeric	Pos: (2) 192-1	192	Variable: MC29B1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 197-1	97
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAE	BLE C28E				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE C29B1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		845 27	96.9% 3.1%	95.7% 4.3%	Not imputed		826 46	94.7% 5.3%	92.9% 7.1%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%



586

Variable: MC29C Num	meric	Pos: (2) 198-	198	Variable: MC29E1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 203-7	203
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	C29C				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE C29E1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	856 16	98.2% 1.8%	97.6% 2.4%	Not imputed		829 43	95.1% 4.9%	93.6 6.4
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC29C1 Num	neric	Pos: (2) 199-	199	Variable: MC29F	Numeric	Pos: (2) 204-2	204
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	C29C1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE C29F			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	838 34	96.1% 3.9%	95.0% 5.0%	Not imputed		856 16	98.2% 1.8%	97.6 2.4
FOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC29D Num	neric	Pos: (2) 200-	200	Variable: MC29F1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 205-	205
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	C29D				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE C29F1		_	,
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	854 18	97.9% 2.1%	97.1% 2.9%	Not imputed		839 33	96.2% 3.8%	94.3 5.7
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC29D1 Num	neric	Pos: (2) 201-	201	Variable: MC29G	Numeric	Pos: (2) 206-	206
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	C29D1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE C29G			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	831 41	95.3% 4.7%	94.2% 5.8%	Not imputed Regression based		856 16		97.6 2.4
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC29E Num	neric	Pos: (2) 202-	202	Variable: MC29G1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 207-	207
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	C29E				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE C29G1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD
Not imputed	0	856 16	98.2% 1.8%	97.6% 2.4%	Not imputed Regression based	-	841 31	96.4% 3.6%	94.5
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0



Variable: MC29H	Numeric	Pos: (2) 208-2	208	Variable: MC29J1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 213-2	213
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE C29H				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C29J1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		856 16	98.2%	97.6% 2.4%	Not imputed		848 24	97.2% 2.8%	96.1 3.9
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC29H1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 209-2	209	Variable: MC29K	Numeric	Pos: (2) 214-2	214
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE C29H1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C29K		_	
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	-	847 25	97.1% 2.9%	96.9% 3.1%	Not imputed		855 17	98.1% 1.9%	97.5 2.5
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC29I	Numeric	Pos: (2) 210-2	210	Variable: MC29K1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 215-2	215
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C291			_	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C29K1		·	
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		856 16	98.2% 1.8%	97.6% 2.4%	Not imputed		845 27	96.9% 3.1%	
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC2911	Numeric	Pos: (2) 211-2	211	Variable: MC29L	Numeric	Pos: (2) 216-2	216
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C2911				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C29L			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		848 24	97.2% 2.8%	96.2% 3.8%	Not imputed		855 17	98.1% 1.9%	97.5 2.5
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC29J	Numeric	Pos: (2) 212-2	212	Variable: MC29L1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 217-2	217
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C29J				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C29L1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
			00 24	97.6%	Not imputed			02.5%	07.4
lot imputed		856 16	1.8%	2.4%	Regression based		807 65	92.5% 7.5%	

Numeric /ARIABLE C2901	FREQ 838 34	2) 223-22 PER- N	23 WGHTD
CODES	838		⊮GHTD
	838		WGHTD
			PCT
		96.1% 3.9%	95.3% 4.7%
	872	100.0%	100.0%
Numeric	Pos: (2) 224-22	24
ARIABLE C30			
CODES	FREQ	PER- V	HGHTD PCT
	840 32	96.3% 3.7%	94.6% 5.4%
	872	100.0%	100.0%
Numeric	Pos: (2) 225-22	25.
ARIABLE C31,			
CODES	FREQ	PER- L	HGHTD PCT
1	825 27	94.6%	94.2% 2.6% 3.2%
3	872	100.0%	
Numeric	Post (2) 226-22	
			WGHTD
	FREQ 822		PCT 94.0%
1 3	28 22	3.2%	2.7% 3.3%
	872	100.0%	100.0%
	Numeric VARIABLE C31, CODES 0 1 3 Numeric VARIABLE C32A CODES 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Numeric Pos: (VARIABLE C31 CODES FREQ 0 825 1 27 3 20 872 Numeric Pos: (VARIABLE C32A CODES FREQ 0 825 1 27 3 20 872	CODES FREQ CENT 0 840 96.3% 1 32 3.7% 872 100.0% Numeric Pos: (2) 225-26 VARIABLE C31 0 825 94.6% 1 27 3.1% 3 20 2.3% 872 100.0% Numeric Pos: (2) 226-26 VARIABLE C32A CODES FREQ CENT 0 822 94.3% 1 28 3.2% 1 28 3.2% 2 2.5%



Variable: MC32A1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 227-2	27
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	IABLE C32A1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
ot imputedegression based		814 58	93.3% 6.7%	93.5% 6.5%
OTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
/ariable: MC32B	Numeric	Pos: (2) 228-2	28
PUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	IABLE C32B	-		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
ot imputed egression based ont know imputd	1	823 28 21	94.4% 3.2% 2.4%	94.1% 2.7% 3.2%
TALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
ariable: MC32B1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 229-2	29
PUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE C32B1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
t imputedgression based		809 63	92.8% 7.2%	92.8% 7.2%
ITALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
ariable: MC32C	Numeric	Pos: (2	2) 230-2	30
PUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE C32C			
			050- 1	⊮GHTD
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- (PCT
RESPONSE t imputed gression based nt know imputd	0	822 28 22		

Variable: MC32C1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 231-	231
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C32C1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		813 59	93.2% 6.8%	
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC32D	Numeric	Pos: (2) 232-2	232
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	BLE C32D			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
lot imputed		822 28	94.3% 3.2%	94.0%
ont know imputd	-	22	2.5%	3.3%
OTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC32D1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 233-2	233
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C32D1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
ot imputedegression based	0	812 60	93.1% 6.9%	93.2% 6.8%
OTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC32E	Numeric	Poș: (2) 234-2	34
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C32E			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
ot imputedegression based	0	821		94.0%
ont know imputd	1 3	28 23	3.2% 2.6%	2.7% 3.4%
OTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%



Variable: MC32E1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 235-	235	Variable: MC32G1 N	umeric	Pos: (2) 239-	239
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	SLE C32E1			•	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E C32G1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGH1
Not imputed		806 66	92.4% 7.6%	92.9% 7.1%	Not imputed	0	807 65	92.5% 7.5%	
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100
Variable: MC32F	Numeric	Pos: (2) 236-	236	Variable: MC32H N	umeric	Pos: (2) 240-	240
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	SLE C32F				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E C32H			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO .	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGH'
Not imputed	. <u>1</u>	822 28 22	3.2%	94.0% 2.7% 3.3%	Not imputed		823 28 21	94.4% 3.2% 2.4%	2
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100
Variable: MC32F1	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 237-	237	Variable: MC32H1 N	umeric	Pos: (2) 241-	241
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C32F1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E C32H1		٠	
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- Cent	WGH PC
Not imputed		809 63	92.8% 7.2%	92.8%	Not imputed	0 · 1	817 55	93.7% 6.3%	
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100
Variable: MC32G	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 238-	238	Variable: MC321	umeric	Pos: (2) 242-	242
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C32G				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	E C321			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHT0 PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGH
Not imputed	. 1	822 28	94.3x 3.2x		Not imputed	• 1	823 28 21	94.4%	<u>2</u>

WGHTO

PCT 92.5% 92.8% 7.5% 7.2% 100.0% 100.0%

PER- WGHTO CENT

3.2% 2.4% 100.0% 100.0%

WGHT0

PCT

93.7% 93.8% 6.3% 6.2% 100.0% 100.0%

PER- WGHTO CENT

100.0% 100.0%

2.4%

28 21

PCT

94.1% 2.7%

3.2%

PCT 94.1% 2.7% 3.2%



TOTALS:

Regression based
Oont know imputd

Oont know imputd

TOTALS:

22

2.5%

100.0% 100.0%

3.3%

Variable: MC32I1									
	Numeric ———	Pos: ((2) 243-	243	Variable: MC32K1	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 247-	247
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	BLE C3211			. •	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C32K1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	817 55	93.7% 6.3%	93.7% 6.3%	Not imputed		817 55	93.7% 6.3%	
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:	·• ·	872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC32J	Numeric	Pos: (2) 244-	244	Variable: MC32L	Numeric	Pos: (2) 248-2	248
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C32J	. •	. .		IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C32L			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
lot imputed	1	823 28 21	94.4% 3.2% 2.4%	94.1% 2.7% 3.2%	Not imputed	. 0 . 1 . 3	820 29 23	94.0% 3.3% 2.6%	93.9 2.7 3.4
OTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC32J1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 245-2	245	Variable: MC32L1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 249-2	249
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	LE C32J1				IMPLITATION FLAC FOR VARIA	RIE (32) 1			
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE RESPONSE	LE C32J1	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	•	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
	CODES	816	CENT	PCT 93.7%		CODES	FREQ 797 75		92.7
RESPONSE lot imputed	CODES	816 56	93.6%	93.7% 6.3%	RESPONSE	CODES	797 75	91.4%	92.7 7.3
RESPONSE of imputed egression based OTALS:	CODES	816 56 872	93.6% 6.4%	93.7% 6.3% 100.0%	RESPONSE Not imputed Regression based		797 75 872	91.4% 8.6%	92.7 7.3 100.0
RESPONSE of imputed egression based OTALS:	CODES 0 1	816 56 872	93.6% 6.4% 100.0%	93.7% 6.3% 100.0%	RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES 0 1	797 75 872	91.4% 8.6% 100.0%	92.7 7.3 100.0
RESPONSE ot imputed egression based OTALS: Variable: MC32K	CODES 0 1	816 56 872	93.6% 6.4% 100.0%	93.7% 6.3% 100.0%	RESPONSE Not imputed Regression based TOTALS: Variable: MC32M	CODES 0 1	797 75 872	91.4% 8.6% 100.0%	92.7 7.3 100.0
RESPONSE lot imputed	CODES 0 1 Numeric LE C32K	816 56 872 Pos: (93.6% 6.4% 100.0% 2) 246-2 PER- CENT	93.7% 6.3% 100.0%	RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES O 1 Numeric BLE C32M CODES O 1	797 75 872 Pos: (91.4% 8.6% 100.0% 2) 250-2	92.77 7.39 100.09





Variable: MC32M1	lumeric	Pos: (2) 251-7	251	Variable: MC3201	Numeric	Pos: (2) 255-2	:55
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	.E C32M1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C3201			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	798 74	91.5% 8.5%	92.7% 7.3%	Not imputed Regression based		813 59		93.6% 6.4%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC32N	lumeric	Pos: (2) 252-	252	Variable: MC33	Numeric	Pos: (2) 256-2	<u>.</u> 256
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E C32N				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C33			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0 1 3	820 28 24	94.0% 3.2% 2.8%		Not imputed		859 13	1.5%	
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC32N1	lumeric	Pos: (2) 253-	253	Variable: MC33A	Numeric	Pos: (2) 257-2	257
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABI	LE C32N1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C33A			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	806 66	92.4%	93.2%	Not imputed		858 14	98.4%	98.8%
TOTALS:			100.0%		TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC320	Numeric	Pos: (2) 254-	254	Variable: MD34	Numeric	Pos: (2) 258-2	258
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE			-		IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE D34			
			PER-	WGHTD	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES	FREQ 823		94.1%	Not imputed		856 16	98.2% 1.8%	97.9%
Regression based Dont know imputd	1	28 21	3.2% 2.4%	3.2%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	Variable: MD35A	Numeric	Pos: (2) 259-7	 259
					IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE D35A	-		
					RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
					Not imputed	. 0	845 24 3	96.9% 2.8% 0.3%	97.2%

Variable: MD35A1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 260-2	260	Variable: MD35C1
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	RIABLE D35A1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE
Not imputed Regression based	0 1	812 60		93.8% 6.2%	Not imputed Regression based
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:
Variable: MD35B	Numeric	Pos: (2) 261-2	261	Variable: MD35D
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	NIABLE D35B				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ		WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE
Not imputed	1			96.5% 2.7% 0.8%	Not imputed
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:
Variable: MD35B1	Numeric		100.0%		Variable: MD35D1
Variable: MD35B1			2) 262-2	62	
Variable: MD35B1 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR RESPONSE	IABLE D35B1	Pos: (2) 262-2	62 WGHTD	Variable: MD35D1
Variable: MD35B1 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES 0	Pos: (2) 262-2 PER- CENT	62 WGHTD PCT 92.0%	Variable: MD35D1 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR
Variable: MD35B1	CODES 0	Pos: (2) 262-2 PER- CENT 91.4%	92.0% 8.0%	Variable: MD35D1 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR RESPONSE Not imputed
Variable: MD35B1 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES 0	Pos: (PER- CENT 91.4% 8.6%	WGHTD PCT 92.0% 8.0% 100.0%	Variable: MD35D1 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR RESPONSE Not imputed
Variable: MD35B1 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR RESPONSE Not imputed Regression based TOTALS: Variable: MD35C	CODES	Pos: (PER- CENT 91.4% 8.6%	WGHTD PCT 92.0% 8.0% 100.0%	Variable: MD35D1 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR RESPONSE Not imputed
Variable: MD35B1 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR RESPONSE Not imputed Regression based TOTALS: Variable: MD35C	CODES	Pos: (PER- CENT 91.4% 8.6% 100.0%	WGHTD PCT 92.0% 8.0% 100.0%	Variable: MD35D1 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR RESPONSE Not imputed Regression based TOTALS: Variable: MD35E
Variable: MD35B1 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES	Pos: (FREQ 797 75 872 Pos: (PER- CENT 91.4% 8.6% 100.0%	62 WGHTD PCT 92.0% 8.0% 100.0%	Variable: MD35D1 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR RESPONSE Not imputed

RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Not imputed 0 804 92.2% 91.8 Regression based 1 68 7.8% 8.2 TOTALS: 872 100.0% 100.0 Variable: MD35D Numeric Pos: (2) 265-265 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE D35D FREQ CENT PCT Not imputed 0 843 96.7% 96.6 Regression based 1 25 2.9% 2.7 TOTALS: 872 100.0% 100.0 Variable: ND35D1 Numeric Pos: (2) 266-266 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE D35D1 PER- MGHTD WGHTD Regression based 1 89 10.2% 9.7 TOTALS: 872 100.0% 100.0 Variable: MD35E Numeric Pos: (2) 267-267 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE 035E PER- MGHTD RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Not imput	Variable: MD35C1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 264-7	264
RESPONSE	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE D35C1			
TOTALS: 872 100.0% 100	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ		WGHTD PCT
Variable: MD35D Numeric Pos: (2) 265-265					91.8% 8.2%
RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT	Variable: MD35D	Numeric	Pos: (2) 265-2	265
RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Not imputed 0 843 96.7% 96.6 Regression based 1 25 2.9% 2.7 Dont know imputed 3 4 0.5% 0.7 TOTALS: 872 100.0% 100.0 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE D35D1 PER- WGHTD WGHTD RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Not imputed 0 783 89.8% 90.3 Regression based 1 89 10.2% 9.7 TOTALS: 872 100.0% 100.0 100.0 Variable: MD35E Numeric Pos: (2) 267-267 100.0 100.0 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE 035E PER- WGHTD PER-	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAE	BLE D35D			
25 2.9% 2.7	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ		WGHTD PCT
Variable: MD35D1 Numeric Pos: (2) 266-266					96.6%
Variable: MD35D1 Numeric Pos: (2) 266-266 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE D35D1 RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PER- WGHTD Not imputed 0 783 89.8% 90.3 Regression based 1 89 10.2% 9.7 TOTALS: 872 100.0% 100.0 100.0 Variable: MD35E Numeric Pos: (2) 267-267 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE 035E PER- WGHTD RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PER- WGHTD Response 0 845 96.9% 96.9% 96.9 96.9 96.9 26.9 2.6 96.9 2.6 96.9 2.6 96.9 2.6 96.9 2.6 96.9 2.6 96.9 2.6 96.9 2.6 96.9 2.6 96.9 2.6 96.9 96			-		2.7% 0.7%
RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT	Variable: MD35D1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 266-2	266
RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Not imputed 0 783 89.8% 90.3 Regression based 1 89 10.2% 9.7 TOTALS: 872 100.0% 100.0 Variable: MD35E Numeric Pos: (2) 267-267 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE 035E RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Not imputed 0 845 96.9% 96.9% 96.9 Regression based 1 25 2.9% 2.6					
RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Not imputed 0 783 89.8% 90.3 Regression based 1 89 10.2% 9.7 TOTALS: 872 100.0% 100.0 100.0 Variable: MD35E Numeric Pos: (2) 267-267 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE 035E PER- WGHTD CENT PCT RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Iot imputed 0 845 96.9% 96.9 Regression based 1 25 2.9% 2.6	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE D35D1			
Regression based	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ		WGHTD PCT
Variable: MD35E Numeric Pos: (2) 267-267					90.3%
Variable: MD35E Numeric Pos: (2) 267-267 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE 035E RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT lot imputed 0 845 96.9% 96.9% degression based 1 25 2.9% 2.6	egression based	1	89	10.2%	9.7%
RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT	rotals:		872	100.0%	100.0%
RESPONSE CODES FREQ PER- WGHTD CENT PCT Not imputed 0 845 96.9% 96.9% Regression based 1 25 2.9% 2.6	Variable: MD35E	Numeric	Pos: (2) 267-2	67
RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Not imputed 0 845 96.9% 96.9% Regression based 1 25 2.9% 2.6	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE 035E			
Regression based	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ		
20 2000		-			96.9%
Oont know imputd	Oont know imputd	3	25	0.2%	0.4%



Variable: MD35E1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 268-268	Variable: MD37B1
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE D35E1			IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT	RESPONSE
Not imputed	0	799 73	91.6% 92.4% 8.4% 7.6%	Not imputed
TOTALS:		872	100.0% 100.0%	TOTALS:
Variable: MD36	Numeric	Pos: (2) 269-269	Variable: MD37C
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE D36			IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT	RESPONSE
Not imputed	. 0	859 13		Not imputed
TOTALS:		872	100.0% 100.0%	TOTALS:
Variable: MD37A	Numeric	Pos: (2) 270-270	Variable: MD37C1
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE D37A			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAE
Not imputed Regression based Dont know imputd	. 1	849 18 5	97.4% 96.8% 2.1% 2.4% 0.6% 0.9%	RESPONSE Not imputed
TOTALS:		872	100.0% 100.0%	TOTALS:
Variable: MD37A1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 271-271	Variable: MD37D
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE D37A1			IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT	RESPONSE
lot imputed	. 0	833 39	95.5% 94.3% 4.5% 5.7%	Not imputed
TOTALS:		872	100.0% 100.0%	Dont know imputd
Variable: MD37B	Numeric	Pos: (2) 272-272	
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE D37B			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT	
Not imputed	. 1	849 19 4	97.4% 96.5% 2.2% 2.5% 0.5% 1.0%	
TOTALS:		872	100.0% 100.0%	

Numeric

Pos: (2) 273-273

Variable: MD37D1	Numeric ———	Pos:	(2) 277-	277	Variable: MD37F1	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 281-	281
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE D37D1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE D37F1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0 1	830 42	95.2% 4.8%	94.4% 5.6%	Not imputed	0	834 38	95.6% 4.4%	94.5%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MD37E	Numeric	Pos: (2) 278-	278	Variable: MD37G	Numeric	Pos: (2) 282-	282
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE D37E				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	LE D37G			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0 1 3	848 18 6	97.2% 2.1% 0.7%	96.3% 2.4% 1.4%	Not imputed	0 1 3	851 18 3	97.6% 2.1% 0.3%	97.1% 2.4% 0.6%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MD37E1	tumeric	Pos: (2) 279-2	279	Variable: MD37G1	lumeric	Pos: (2) 283-2	283
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E D37E1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	.E D37G1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
lot imputed	0	827 45	94.8% 5.2%	94.4% 5.6%	Not imputed	0	833 39	95.5% 4.5%	94.9% 5.1%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MD37F N	umeric	Pos: (2) 280-2	80	Variable: MD37H N	umeric	Pos: (2	2) 284-2	84
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E D37F				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E D37H	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
ot imputedegression basedont know imputd	0 1 3	850 18 4	97.5% 2.1% 0.5%	96.6% 2.4% 1.0%	Not imputed	0 1 3	848 18 6	97.2% 2.1% 0.7%	96.8% 2.4% 0.9%
OTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%



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Variable: MD37H1 N	umeric	Pos: (2) 285-2	285	Variable: MD37J1	lumeric	Pos: (2) 289-2	89
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E D37H1			•	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E D37J1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		834 38		95.4% 4.6%	Not imputed	0	842 30	96.6% 3.4%	96.29 3.89
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:	•	872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MD37I N	umeric	Pos: (2) 286-2	286	Variable: MD37K	lumeric	Pos: (2) 290-2	290
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E D371				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E D37K			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		850 18 4	97.5% 2.1% 0.5%		Not imputed		850 18 4	97.5% 2.1% 0.5%	97.05 2.45 0.75
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
	umeric		100.0%			lumeric			
Variable: MD3711 N									
Variable: MD3711 N				287	Variable: MD37K1				
Variable: MD3711 N IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL RESPONSE Not imputed	E D3711 CODES	Pos: (2) 287-2 PER- CENT	287 WGHTD PCT 96.3%	Variable: MD37K1 N	E D37K1	Pos: (2) 291-2 PER- CENT 96.2%	291 WGHTD
Variable: MD3711 N IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL RESPONSE Not imputed	E D3711 CODES	Pos: (FREQ 841 31	PER- CENT 96.4%	96.3% 3.7%	Variable: MD37K1 N IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES 0	FREQ 839 33	2) 291-2 PER- CENT 96.2%	WGHTD PCT 95.8:
Variable: MD37I1 N IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL RESPONSE Not imputed	E D3711 CODES	Pos: (FREQ 841 31 872	PER- CENT 96.4% 3.6%	WGHTD PCT 96.3% 3.7% 100.0%	Variable: MD37K1 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE RESPONSE Not imputed Regression based TOTALS:	CODES 0	FREQ 839 33 872	PER- CENT 96.2% 3.8%	WGHTD PCT 95.83
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES 0 1	Pos: (FREQ 841 31 872	PER- CENT 96.4% 3.6%	WGHTD PCT 96.3% 3.7% 100.0%	Variable: MD37K1 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES 0 1	FREQ 839 33 872	PER- CENT 96.2% 3.8%	WGHTD PCT 95.83
Variable: MD37I1 N IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES 0 1	Pos: (FREQ 841 31 872	PER- CENT 96.4% 3.6% 100.0%	WGHTD PCT 96.3% 3.7% 100.0%	Variable: MD37K1 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES 0 1	FREQ 839 33 872	PER- CENT 96.2% 3.8%	WGHTD PCT 95.8: 4.2: 100.0:
Variable: MD37I1 N IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES O 1 Jumeric E D37J	Pos: (FREQ 841 31 872 Pos: (PER- CENT 96.4% 3.6% 100.0%	287 WGHTD PCT 96.3% 3.7% 100.0% 288 WGHTD PCT 97.1% 2.4%	Variable: MD37K1 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE RESPONSE Not imputed Regression based TOTALS: Variable: MD37L IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	CODES O 1 Numeric	Pos: (FREQ 839 33 872 Pos: (PER- CENT 96.2% 3.8% 100.0%	95.8 4.2 100.0 292

Variable: MD37L1	lumeric	Pos:	(2) 293-	293	Variable: MD37N1 Numer	ic	Pos: (2) 297-	297
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E D37L1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE D3	- 7א1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	DES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Regression based	0 1	810 62	92.9% 7.1%	93.0%	Not imputed	0	818 54	93.8% 6.2%	
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MD37M N	umeric	Pos: ((2) 294-	294	Variable: MD370 Numer	ic	Pos: (2) 298-	298
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E D37M				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE D3	70			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE CO	DES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0 1 3	844 18 10	96.8% 2.1% 1.1%		Not imputed	0 1 3	849 19 4	97.4% 2.2% 0.5%	2.4%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MD37M1 N	umeric	Pos: (2) 295-	295	Variable: MD3701 Numer	ic	Pos: (2) 299-	299
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E D37M1			•	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE D3	701			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE CO	DES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Regression based	0 1	808 64	92.7% 7.3%	92.7% 7.3%	Not imputed	0	834 38	95.6% 4.4%	94.6%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MD37N N	umeric	Pos: (2) 296-2	296	Variable: MD37P Numer	ic	Pos: (2) 300-3	300
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	E D37N				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE D3	7P			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE CO	ES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0 1 3	845 18 9	96.9% 2.1% 1.0%	96.0% 2.4% 1.7%	Not imputed	0 1 3	828 20 24	95.0% 2.3% 2.8%	94.2% 2.8% 3.0%

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TOTALS:

872 100.0% 100.0%



TOTALS:

Variable: MD37P1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 301-3	01	Variable: MD40A2	Numeric	Pos: (2) 306-3	06
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE D37P1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE D40A2			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
lot imputedegression based	0	728 144		84.5% 15.5%	Not imputed		718 154	82.3% 17.7%	
OTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:	•	872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MD38	Numeric	Pos: (2) 302-3	302	Variable: MD40B	Numeric	Pos: (2) 307-3	107
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAE	BLE D38				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE D40B			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
lot imputed	. 0	744 128		87.0% 13.0%	Not imputed	0 1 3	801 58 13	91.9% 6.7% 1.5%	6.0
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MD39	Numeric	Pos: (2) 303-	303	Variable: MD40B1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 308-3	308
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE D39				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA				
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		852 20		97.4% 2.6%	Not imputed		791 81	90.7%	92.0
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:	••		100.0%	
Variable: MD40A	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 304-	304	Variable: MD40B2	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 309-	309
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE D40A				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE D40B2		_	
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHT
Not imputed	. 1	795 64 13	91.2% 7.3% 1.5%		Not imputed		721 151		87. 12.
TOTALS:		872	100.02	100.0%	TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MD40A1	Numeric	Pos:	(2) 305-	305	Variable: MD40C	Numeric	Pos:	(2) 310-	310
	BLE D40A1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE D40C			
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA			PER-	WGHTD				PER-	
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	CODES	FREQ		PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	CENT	PCT
	—	748 124	85.87 14.27		RESPONSE Not imputed Regression based Dont know imputd	0 1	764 89	87.6% 10.2%	88.

Variable: MD40C2	Numeric	Pos:	2) 311-	311
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	IABLE D40C2			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Regression based	0	690 182	79.1% 20.9%	84.0% 16.0%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MD41	Numeric	Pos: (2) 312-3	312
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE D41			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Regression based	0	776 96	89.0% 11.0%	91.9% 8.1%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MD42A	Numeric	Pos: (2) 313-3	13
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE D42A			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
lot imputed	<u> </u>	810 39 23		
lot imputed legression based ont know imputd	<u> </u>	810 39	92.9% 4.5%	94.3% 3.5% 2.2%
lot imputed	<u> </u>	810 39 23 872	92.9% 4.5% 2.6%	94.3% 3.5% 2.2% 100.0%
Not imputed	0 1 3	810 39 23 872	92.9% 4.5% 2.6%	94.3% 3.5% 2.2% 100.0%
Not imputed	0 1 3	810 39 23 872	92.9% 4.5% 2.6% 100.0%	94.3% 3.5% 2.2% 100.0%

Variable: MD42C	Numeric	Pos:	(2) 315-315
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE D42C		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
Not imputed	——	751	86.1% 90.3%
Regression based	1	38 83	4.4% 3.5% 9.5% 6.2%
TOTALS:		872	100.0% 100.0%
Variable: MD42D	Numeric	Pos: (2) 316-316
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE D42D		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
Not imputed	. 0	702	80.5% 85.9%
Dont know imputd	. 1	38 132	4.4% 3.5% 15.1% 10.6%
TOTALS:		872	100.0% 100.0%
1			
Variable: MD42E	Numeric	Pos: (2) 317-317
Variable: MD42E		Pos: (2) 317-317
		Pos: (PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA RESPONSE Not imputed	BLE D42E CODES 0	FREQ 799	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT 91.6% 93.6%
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	CODES 0	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES 0	FREQ 799 38	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT 91.6% 93.6% 4.4% 3.5%
RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES 0	799 38 35 872	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT 91.6% 93.6% 4.4% 3.5% 4.0% 2.9%
RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES 0 1 3	799 38 35 872	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT 91.6% 93.6% 4.4% 3.5% 4.0% 2.9% 100.0% 100.0%
RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES . 0 . 1 . 3 Numeric	799 38 35 872 Pos: (2	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT 91.6% 93.6% 4.4% 3.5% 4.0% 2.9% 100.0% 100.0% PER- WGHTD
RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES CODES Numeric BLE D42F CODES	FREQ 799 38 35 872 Pos: (2	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT 91.6% 93.6% 4.4% 3.5% 4.0% 2.9% 100.0% 100.0% 2.9% 2.9% PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES CODES CODES Numeric BLE D42F CODES	FREQ 799 38 35 872 Pos: (2	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT 91.6% 93.6% 4.4% 3.5% 4.0% 2.9% 100.0% 100.0% 2.9% 2.9% 2.9% 2.9% 2.9% 2.9% 2.9% 2.9
RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES CODES Mumeric CODES CODES CODES	FREQ 799 38 35 872 Pos: (2	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT 91.6% 93.6% 4.4% 3.5% 4.0% 2.9% 100.0% 100.0% 2.9% 2.9% PER- WGHTD CENT PCT

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872 100.0% 100.0%



TOTALS:

Variable: MD42G	Numeric	Pos: (2) 319-3	319
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	SLE D42G			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT-	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		756	86.7%	90.7%
Regression based Dont know imputd		38 78	4.4% 8.9%	3.4% 5.9%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MD42H	Numeric	Pos: (2) 320-3	 320
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE D42H			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		730	83.7%	88.8%
Regression based Dont know imputd		38 104	4.4% 11.9%	3.5% 7.7%
TOTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MD421	Numeric	Pos: (2) 321-3	321
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAE	BLE D421			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
RESPONSE	CODES	712	81.7%	PCT 86.7%
RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES		CENT	PCT
RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES	712 39	81.7% 4.5% 13.9%	86.7% 3.5%
RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES	712 39 121 872	81.7% 4.5% 13.9%	86.7% 3.5% 9.8% 100.0%
Not imputed	CODES 0 1 3	712 39 121 872	81.7% 4.5% 13.9%	86.7% 3.5% 9.8% 100.0%

Variable: MD43A	Numeric	Pos: (2) 323-3	323
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE D43A			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
ot imputedegression based		827 45	94.8% 5.2%	95.6%
OTALS:		872	100.0%	100.0%
OTALS: Variable: ME1	Numeric		100.0%	
Variable: ME1				



TOTALS:

96.3% 96.7% 3.7% 3.3%

872 100.0% 100.0%

TOTALS:

Imputation Flags for the Faculty Data File (Restricted-use)



	_								
Variable: SA4	Numeric	Pos: (2) 987-	987	Variable: MA4AB	Numeric	Pos: (2) 996-	996
COLD DECK IMPUTATION F	FLAG FOR A4				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	IABLE A4AB			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Directly imputd		25703 77	99.7% 0.3%	99.6% 0.4%	Not imputed		25240 540	97.9% 2.1%	96.5% 3.5%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: SF51	Numeric	Pos: (2) 988-	988	Variable: MA4AC	Numeric	Pos: (2) 997-	997
COLD DECK IMPUTATION F	FLAG FOR F51				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	IABLE A4AC			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Directly imputd		25683 97	99.6% 0.4%	99.6% 0.4%	Not imputed		25233 547	97.9% 2.1%	96.55 3.55
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: SF53A	Numeric	Pos: (2) 989-	989	Variable: MA4AD	Numeric	Pos: (2) 998-	998
COLD DECK IMPUTATION F	FOR FLAG FOR F53	SA			IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	IABLE A4AD		-	_
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Directly imputd		25550 230	99.1%	99.1%	Not imputed		25224 556	97.8% 2.2%	96.49
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.09
Variable: MA4	Numeric	Pos: (2) 994-9	994	Variable: MA4AE	Numeric	Pos: (2) 999-	999
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	ARIABLE A4				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	IABLE A4AE	_		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Regression based		25761 19	99.9%	99.9% 0.1%	Not imputed		25224 556	97.8% 2.2%	96.49
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MA4AA	Numeric	Pos: (2) 995-9	995	Variable: MA4AF	Numeric	Pos: (2) 1000	1000
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	RIABLE A4AA				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	IABLE A4AF			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Regression based		25232 548	97.9% 2.1%	96.5% 3.5%	Not imputed Regression based		25226 554	97.9% 2.1%	96.4% 3.6%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
					1				



					1				
Variable: MA5	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 1001	-1001	Variable: MA9	Numeric	Pos:	(2) 1006	-1006
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE A5				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	IABLE A9			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		24368 1412	94.5% 5.5%	93.6%	Not imputed		25637 143	99.4% 0.6%	99.3%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MA6	Numeric		(2) 1002	-1002	Variable: MA10	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 1007	-1007
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA					IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	IABLE A10			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- Cent	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		24254 1526	94.1% 5.9%	93.0%	Not imputed	0	24006 1774	93.1% 6.9%	92.1%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MA7	Numeric	Pos: (2) 1003	-1003	Variable: MA11_1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 1008	-1008
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE A7				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	TABLE A11_1	·		(
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		25567 213	99.2% 0.8%	99.0%	Not imputed Regression based	•	24724 1056		96.3% 3.7%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MA7A	Numeric	Pos: (2) 1004	-1004	Variable: MA11_2	Numeric	Pos: (2) 1009	1009
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE A7A				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	ABLE A11_2			,
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- Cent	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- Cent	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		25268 512	98.0% 2.0%	98.1% 1.9%	Not imputed	0	24724 1056		96.3% 3.7%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MA8	Numeric	Pos: (2) 1005	-1005	Variable: MA11_3	Numeric	Pos: (2) 1010-	1010
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE A8				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE A11_3 .			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		24791 989	96.2% 3.8%	95.0% 5.0%	Not imputed		24724 1056		96.3% 3.7%
TOTALS:	•	25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:	•	25780	100.0%	100.0%



Variable: MA11_4 Nume	ric Po	os: (2) 1	011-1011	Variable: MA13A Numeric	Pos:	(2) 1016	-1016
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE A	11_4			IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE A13A			
RESPONSE CO	ODES I	REQ CE		RESPONSE CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD
Not imputed			.9% 96.3% .1% 3.7%	Not imputed 0 Hot-deck 2	25556 2 224		
TOTALS:	25	780 100	.0% 100.0%	TOTALS:	25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MA11_5 Nume	ric Po	os: (2) 1	012-1012	Variable: MB14_1 Numeric	Pos:	(2) 1017·	-1017
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE A	11_5			IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE B14_1			
RESPONSE CO	ODES F	REQ CE		RESPONSE CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	PCT
Not imputed			.9% 96.3% .1% 3.7%	Not imputed			
TOTALS:	25	780 100	.0% 100.0%	TOTALS:	25780	100.0%	100.
Variable: MA11_6 Nume	ric Po	os: (2) 1	013-1013	Variable: MB14_2 Numeric	Pos:	(2) 1018·	- 1018
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE A	11_6			IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE B14_2			
RESPONSE . CO	ODES F	PEI		RESPONSE CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTI PCT
lot imputed			.9% 96.3% .1% 3.7%	Not imputed 0 Regression based 1			94.
TOTALS:	25	780 100	.0% 100.0%	TOTALS:	25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MA11_7 Numer	ric Po	s: (2) 10	014-1014	Variable: MB14_3 Numeric	Pos:	(2) 1019-	1019
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE A	11_7			IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE B14_3			٠
		PEI		RESPONSE CODES		PER-	WGHT
RESPONSE CO	DOES F	REQ CE	IT PCT	KEST SHOE	FREQ	CENT	PCT
RESPONSE CO	0 24	724 95	.9% 96.3% .1% 3.7%	Not imputed 0 Regression based 1	24577	95.3% 4.7%	94.
lot imputed	0 24	724 95 056 4	.9% 96.3%	Not imputed	24577	95.3%	94.
lot imputed	0 24 1 1 25	724 95 056 4	.9% 96.3% .1% 3.7% .0% 100.0%	Not imputed 0 Regression based 1	24577 1203 25780	95.3% 4.7%	94.5
Not imputed	0 24 1 1 25	724 95 056 4 780 100	.9% 96.3% .1% 3.7% .0% 100.0%	Not imputed 0 Regression based 1 TOTALS:	24577 1203 25780	95.3% 4.7% 100.0%	94.3 5.3 100.0
Not imputed	0 24 1 1 25	724 95 056 4 780 100	96.3% 1% 3.7% 0% 100.0%	Not imputed	24577 1203 25780	95.3% 4.7% 100.0%	94.5
Not imputed	0 24 1 1 25 ric Po	724 95 056 4 780 100 s: (2) 10 REQ CE	96.3% 1% 3.7% 0% 100.0%	Not imputed	24577 1203 25780 Pos: (95.3% 4.7% 100.0% (2) 1020-	94. 5. 100. 1020



Variable: MB14_5	Numeric	Pos:	(2) 1021	-1021	Variable: MB15_4	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 2-2	
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B14_5				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE B15_4			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- Cent	WGHTO PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT
Not imputed		24577 1203	95.3% 4.7%	94.7% 5.3%	Not imputed	0	24731 1049		95.2% 4.8%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB14_6	Numeric	Pos: ((2) 1022	-1022	Variable: MB15_5	Numeric	Pos: (3) 3-3	
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B14_6				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE B15_5			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT
Not imputed		24577 1203	95.3% 4.7%	94.7% 5.3%	Not imputed		24731 1049	95.9% 4.1%	95.2% 4.8%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB15_1	Numeric	Pos: (2) 1023	-1023	Variable: MB15_6	Numeric	Pos: (3) 4-4	
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B15_1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B15_6	-		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PÇT	RÉSPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER-	WGHTO PCT
Not imputed	. 0	24731 1049	95.9% 4.1%	95.2% 4.8%	Not imputed		24731 1049	95.9% 4.1%	95.2% 4.8%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB15_2	Numeric	Pos: (2) 1024-	1024	Variable: MB15_7	Numeric	Pos: (3) 5-5	
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAE	BLE B15_2				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B15_7			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT
Not imputed		24731 1049		95.2% 4.8%	Not imputed	. 0	24731 1049		95.2% 4.8%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB15_3	Numeric	Pos: (3) 1-1		Variable: MB15_8	Numeric	Pos: (3) 6-6	
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	SLE B15_3				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE 815_8			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTO PCT
Not imputed		24731 1049		95.2% 4.8%	Not imputed		24731 1049		95.2% 4.8%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%

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Variable: MB15_9	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 7-7		Variable: MB16E1	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 12-1	2
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	LE B15_9				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B16E1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		24 73 1 1049		95.2% 4.8%	Not imputed		25403 377	98.5% 1.5%	98.4
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MB15_10	Numeric	Pos: (3) 8-8		Variable: MB16A2	Numeric	Pos: (3) 13-1	3
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	LE B15_10				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	BLE B16A2			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		24731 1049	95.9% 4.1%	95.2% 4.8%	Not imputed		25745 35	99.9% 0.1%	99.97
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MB16A1	lumeric	Pos: (3) 9-9		Variable: MB16B2	Numeric	Pos: (3) 14-14	4
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	.E B16A1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	BLE B16B2			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		25752 28		99.9% 0.1%	Not imputed		25648 132	99.5% 0.5%	99.5
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MB16B1 N	lumeric	Pos: (3) 10-10		Variable: MB16C2	Numeric	Pos: (3) 15-15	<u> </u>
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E B16B1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B16C2			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		25514 266	99.0%	99.1% 0.9%	Not imputed		25697 83		99.67
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
					Variable: MB16E2	Numeric	Pos: (3) 16-16	
Variable: MB16C1 N	umeric	Pos: (5) 11-11		10.105101.	Nullei IC			
Variable: MB16C1 N		Pos: (IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB			37 10 10	
		FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT			FREQ	PER- CENT	
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E B16C1	FREQ	PER- CENT 99.8%	WGHTD PCT	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B16E2 CODES 0	FREQ	PER- CENT 98.9%	PCT



Variable: MB16A3	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 17-	17	Variable: MB16B4	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 22-2	22
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	SLE B16A3				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE B16B4			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Regression based	0		99.99	99.9%	Not imputed	0 1	25 <i>7</i> 52 28	99.9%	
TOTALS:		25780	100.0	100.0%	TOTALS:	•		100.0%	
Variable: MB16B3	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 18-1	8	Variable: MB16C4	Numeric	Pos: (3) 23-2	
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B16B3				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE B16C4		<u> </u>	
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0 1	25701 79	99.7% 0.3%	99.7% 0.3%	Not imputed	. 0	25736 44	99.8% 0.2%	99.9% 0.1%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB16C3	Numeric	Pos: (3) 19-1	9	Variable: MB16E4	Numeric	Pos: (3) 24-24	
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E B16C3				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B16E4			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
ot imputedot-deck	0 2	25693 87	99.7% 0.3%	99.7% 0.3%	Not imputed	. 0	25706 74	99.7% 0.3%	99.7% 0.3%
OTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB16E3 N	lumeric	Pos: (3) 20-20		Variable: MB17	Numeric	Pos: (3	3) 25-25	
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E B16E3				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B17			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER-	WGHTD PCT
ot imputedot-deck	0 2	25606 174	99.3% 0.7%	99.4% 0.6%	Not imputed	0 1	25533 247	99.0%	99.1%
DTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	
Variable: MB16A4 N	umeric	Pos: (3	3) 21-21		Variable: MB17A	Numeric	Pos: (3) 26-26	
	E B16A4				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	SLE B17A			
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE								DED - I	ICHTD
PUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- I	JGHTD PCT
	*	FREQ 25753 27		PCT	RESPONSE Not imputed		FREQ 25274 506		PCT 97.9%



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Variable: MB18 Num	eric _.	Pos: (3) 27-27	7	Variable: MB19A1B	Numeric	Pos: (3) 32-3	2
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	B18				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B19A1B			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0 2	25252 528	98.0%	97.9% 2.1%	Not imputed		25598 182	99.3% 0.7%	99.3% 0.7%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB18A Num	eric	Pos: (3) 28-28	8	Variable: MB19A2	Numeric	Pos: (3) 33-33	3
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	B18A				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B19A2			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0 .1	25401 379	98.5% 1.5%	98.5% 1.5%	Not imputed		25662 118	99.5% 0.5%	99.5% 0.5%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB18B Num	eric	Pos: (3) 29-29	9	Variable: MB19A3	Numeric	Pos: (3) 34-3	,
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	B18B				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B19A3			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- Cent	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0 2	25310 470	98.2% 1.8%	98.0% 2.0%	Not imputed		25329 451	98.3% 1.7%	98.3% 1.7%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
	_								
Variable: MB18C Num	eric	Pos: (3) 30-3	0	Variable: MB19A4	Numeric	Pos: (3) 35-3!	5
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	B18C				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B19A4			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0 1	25458 322	98.8%	98.8%	Not imputed		25453 327		98.8% 1.2%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB19A1A Num	eric	Pos: (3) 31-3	1	Variable: MB19B1A	Numeric	Pos: (3) 36-36	5
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	B19A1A				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B19B1A			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25587 193	99.3% 0.7%	99.2% 0.8%	Not imputed		25671 109	99.6% 0.4%	99.6% 0.4%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%



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Variable: MB19B1B	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 37-3	37	Variable: MB19C1B	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 42-4	2
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B19B1B				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE B19C1B			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		25676 104	99.6%	99.6%	Not imputed Regression based		25688 92	99.6% 0.4%	99.6%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB19B2	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 38-3	8	Variable: MB19C2	Numeric	Pos: (3) 43-4	3
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B19B2				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE B19C2			-
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		25681 99	99.6%	99.6% 0.4%	Not imputed		25722 58	99.8% 0.2%	99.8%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB19B3	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 39-3	9	Variable: MB19C3	Numeric	Pos: (3) 44-44	-
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B19B3				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE B19C3		_	
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		25492 288	98.9%	98.9% 1.1%	Not imputed		25619 161	99.4%	99.4%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:	_	25780	100.0%	
Variable: MB19B4	Numeric	Pos: (3) 40-4	0	Variable: MB19C4	Numeric	Pos: (3) 45-45	<u> </u>
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B19B4				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE B19C4			-
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	. 0	25495 285		98.9% 1.1%	Not imputed	0	25628 152		99.4%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB19C1A	Numeric	Pos: (3) 41-4	,	Variable: MB20A1	Numeric	Pos: (3) 46-46	,
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B19C1A				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE B20A1		_	
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		25677 103		99.6% 0.4%	Not imputed	. 0	25123 657	97.5% 2.5%	97.1% 2.9%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
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Variable: MB20A2	lumeric	Pos: (3) 47-47	7	Variable: MB20A7	Numeric	Pos: (3	52-52	!
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B20A2				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	IABLE B20A7			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25131 649	97.5% 2.5%	97.1% 2.9%	Not imputed Regression based		25137 643	97.5% 2.5%	97.1%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB20A3	Numeric	Pos: (3) 48-4	8	Variable: MB20A8	Numeric	Pos: (3) 53-53	3
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B20A3				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	IABLE B20A8			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	PCT
Not imputed		25136 644	97.5% 2.5%	97.1%	Not imputed Regression based		25134 646	97.5% 2.5%	97.19
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MB20A4	Numeric	Pos: (3) 49-4	9	Variable: MB20A9	Numeric	Pos: (3) 54-5	4
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B20A4				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	IABLE B20A9			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- Cent	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		25130 650	97.5% 2.5%	97.1%	Not imputed		25136 644	97.5% 2.5%	97.1 2.9
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MB20A5	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 50-5	0	Variable: MB20A10	Numeric	Pos: (3) 55-5	5
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	BLE B20A5			•	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	RIABLE B20A10	_		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- Cent	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	_	25132 648	97.5% 2.5%	97.1%	Not imputed	_	25128 652	97.5% 2.5%	97.1 2.9
TOTALS:		25780	100.02	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MB20A6	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 51-5	51	Variable: MB20A11	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 56-5	6
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B20A6				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	RIABLE B20A11			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD
Not imputed	_	25133 647		97.1% 2.9%	Not imputed Regression based		25121 659	97.4% 2.6%	97.1
TOTALS:		25780	100.0	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.07	100.0



Variable: MB20A12	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 57-5	7	Variable: MB20B3	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 62-6	2
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B20A12				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE B20B3			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WG:ITD PCT
Not imputed		25131 649	97.5% 2.5%	97.1%	Not imputed Regression based		25087 693	97.3% 2.7%	
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB20A13	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 58-5	В	Variable: MB20B4	Numeric	Pos: (3) 63-6	3
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B20A13		,		IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE B20B4			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		25133 647	97.5% 2.5%	97.1% 2.9%	Not imputed		25084 696	97.3% 2.7%	96.9% 3.1%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB20A14	Numeric	Pos: (3) 59-59	,	Variable: MB20B5	Numeric	Pos: (3) 64-64	4
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B20A14				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE B20B5			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Regression based	0	25135 645	97.5% 2.5%	97.1% 2.9%	Not imputed		25081 699	97.3% 2.7%	96.9% 3.1%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB20B1	Numeric	Pos: (3) 60-60		Variable: MB20B6	Numeric	Pos: (3) 65-65	5
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE. B20B1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE B20B6			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25074 706	97.3% 2.7%	96.8% 3.2%	Not imputed		25081 699	97.3% 2.7%	96.9% 3.1%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100,0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB20B2	lumeric	Pos: (3) 61-61		Variable: MB20B7	Numeric	Pos: (3) 66-66	<u>. </u>
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE B20B2				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE B20B7			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE:	CODES	FREQ	PER- CEŅT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25081 699		96.9% 3.1%	Not imputed		25085 695	97.3% 2.7%	96.9% 3.1%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%



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Variable: MB20B8 N	umeric	Pos: (3) 67-6	7	Variable: MB20	B13 N	umeric	Pos: (3) 72-72	:
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E B20B8				IMPUTATION FLAG	FOR VARIABL	E 820B13			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE		CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25082 698	97.3% 2.7%	96.9% 3.1%	Not imputed Regression base	ed	· 0	25083 697	97.3% 2.7%	96.9% 3.1%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:			25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB20B9	umeric	Pos: (3) 68-6	8	Variable: MB20)B14 N	lumeric	Pos: (3) 73-73	3
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E 82089				IMPUTATION FLAG	FOR VARIABL	E B20B14			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	PCT	RESPONSE		CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	PCT
Not imputed	0 1	25084 696	97.3% 2.7%	96.9%	Not imputed Regression base			25084 696	97.3% 2.7%	
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:			25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MB20B10	lumeric	Pos: (3) 69-6	69	Variable: MC21	1A1 I	tumeric	Pos: (3) 74-7	4
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	E B20B10				IMPUTATION FLAG	G FOR VARIABI	LE C21A1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE		CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25078 702	97.33	6 96.9% 6 3.1%	Not imputed Regression base		0	25050 730	97.2% 2.8%	
TOTALS:		25780	100.02	100.0%	TOTALS:			25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MB20B11	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 70-7	70 .	Variable: MC2	1A2	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 75-7	5
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	LE B20B11				IMPUTATION FLA	G FOR VARIAB	LE C21A2			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE		CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25076 704	97.37 2.77	96.8% 3.2%	Not imputed Regression bas		0	25059 721	97.2% 2.8%	
TOTALS:		25780	100.0	100.0%	TOTALS:			25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MB20B12	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 71-1	71	Variable: MC2	1A3	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 76-7	<u></u>
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE 820B12				IMPUTATION FLA	G FOR VARIAB	LE C21A3			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE		CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25083 697		% 96.9% % 3.1%	Not imputed Regression bas		0	25063 717		
TOTALS:		25780	100.0	100.0%	TOTALS:			25780	100.02	100.0
					1					



Variable: MC21A4 N	umeric	Pos: (3) 77-7	7	Variable: MC21B3	Numeric	Pos: (3) 82-8	2
IMPUTATION: FLAG FOR VARIABL	E C21A4				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	BLE C21B3			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		25059 721	97.2% 2.8%	96.9% 3.1%	Not imputed		24814 966	96.3% 3.7%	95.85 4.25
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC21A5 N	umeric	Pos: (3) 78-7	8	Variable: MC21B4	Numeric	Pos: (3) 83-83	3
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E C21A5				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	BLE C2184			_
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25058 722	97.2% 2.8%	96.9% 3.1%	Not imputed		24814 966	96.3% 3.7%	95.87 4.27
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC21A6 N	umeric	Pos: (3) 79-79	9	Variable: MC21B5	Numeric	Pos: (3) 84-84	•
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	E C21A6				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C21B5			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25055 725	97.2% 2.8%	96.9% 3.1%	Not imputed		24815 965	96.3% 3.7%	95.85 4.25
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100,0%	100.0
Variable: MC21B1 N	umeric	Pos: (3) 80-80	0	Variable: MC21B6	Numeric	Pos: (3) 85-85	5
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	E C21B1		•		IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C21B6			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	24796 984	96.2% 3.8%	95.8% 4.2%	Not imputed		24815 965	96.3% 3.7%	95.89
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.02
Variable: MC21B2 N	umeric	Pos: (3) 81-8 ⁻	1	Variable: MC22	Numeric	Pos: (3) 86-86	5
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	E C21B2	_		,	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C22			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	24815 965	96.3% 3.7%	95.8% 4.2%	Not imputed	1	25468 223 89	98.8% 0.9% 0.3%	98.57 1.17 0.47
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:	•	25780	100.0%	
					1				



		_			1			-	
Variable: MC22A	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 87-8	7	Variable: MC23A2D	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 92-9	2
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE C22A				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR N	ARIABLE C23A2D			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0 1	25739 31 10	99.8% 0.1% 0.0%		Not imputed	0 1	25701 79	99.7% 0.3%	99.6% 0.4%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC23A1B	Numeric	Pos: (3) 88-8	8	Variable: MC23A2E	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 93-9:	3
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE C23A1B				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR V	ARIABLE C23A2E	•		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	PCT
Not imputed	0	25233 547	97.9% 2.1%	97.8% 2.2%	Not imputed Regression based	0	25639 141	99.5%	99.4%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC23A2A	Numeric	Pos: (3) 89-8	9	Variable: MC23A2F	Numeric	Pos: (3) 94-94	4
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE C23A2A				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR V	ARIABLE C23A2F			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25334 446	98.3% 1.7%	98.2% 1.8%	Not imputed Regression based	0	25705 75	99.7% 0.3%	
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC23A2B	Numeric	Pos: (3) 90-9	0 .	Variable: MC23A2G	Numeric	Pos: (3) 95-95	5
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA					IMPUTATION FLAG FOR V	ARIABLE C23A2G			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		25004 776		96.2%	Not imputed		24454 1326	94.9% 5.1%	95.4% 4.6%
TOTALS:	·• I	25780		3.8%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
					Variable: MC23A3		Pos: (3) 96-96	5
Variable: MC23A2C	Numeric	Pos: (3) 91-9	<u> </u>	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR V	ARIABLE C23A3			
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C23A2C		PER-	WGHTD	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	CENT	PCT	Not imputed		25412	98.6%	98.4%
Not imputed		25375 405	1.6%	98.3% 1.7%	Regression based TOTALS:	1	368 25780	1.4%	1.6%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%					



					1				
Variable: MC23A4	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 97-9	7	Variable: MC23B2D	Numeric	Pos: (3) 102-1	102
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C23A4				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE C23B2D			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Hot-deck	0 2	23658 2122	91.8% 8.2%	91.9% 8.1%	Not imputed		25714 66	99.7% 0.3%	99.7% 0.3%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC23B1B	Numeric	Pos: (3) 98-9	8	Variable: MC23B2E	Numeric	Pos: (3) 103-1	103
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C23B1B	•			IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE C23B2E			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25410 370	98.6% 1.4%	98.5% 1.5%	Not imputed		25677 103		99.5% 0.5%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC23B2A	Numeric	Pos: (3) 99-9	9	Variable: MC23B2F	Numeric	Pos: (3) 104-1	104
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	E C23B2A				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE C23B2F			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25447 333	98.7% 1.3%	98.8% 1.2%	Not imputed		25716 64	99.8% 0.2%	99.7% 0.3%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC23B2B	lumeric	Pos: (3) 100-	100	Variable: MC23B2G	Numeric	Pos: (3) 105-1	105
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	.E C23B2B				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C23B2G			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25331 449	98.3% 1.7%	98.0% 2.0%	Not imputed		24534 1246	95.2% 4.8%	96.0% 4.0%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC23B2C	lumeric	Pos: (3) 101-1	101	Variable: MC23B3	Numeric	Pos: (3) 106-1	06
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	.E C23B2C			_	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C23B3			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25460 320	98.8% 1.2%	98.8% 1.2%	Not imputed		25518 262	99.0%	99.0%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
					1				



Variable: MC23B4 Numeric	Pos: (3) 107-	107	Variable: MC23C2D Numeric	Pos:	(3) 112-112	
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C23B4				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C23C2			
RESPONSE CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE CODES	FREQ		SHTD PCT
Not imputed 0 Hot-deck 2	24273 1507	94.2% 5.8%	94.9% 5.1%		0 25713 1 67	99.7% 99	9.7% 0.3%
TOTALS:	25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:	25780	100.0% 100	0.0%
Variable: MC23C1B Numeric	Pos: (3) 108-	108	Variable: MC23C2E Numeric	Pos:	(3) 113-113	<u> </u>
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C23C1B	•			IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C23C2	E		
RESPONSE CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE CODES	FREQ		GHTD PCT
Not imputed 0 Hot-deck 2	25543 237	99.1%	99.1% 0.9%	_	0 25678 1 102	99.6% 99 0.4% 0	9.5% 0.5%
TOTALS:	25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:	25780	100.0% 100	0.0%
Variable: MC23C2A Numéric	Pos: (3) 109-	109	Variable: MC23C2F Numeric	Pos:	(3) 114-114	,
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C23C2A				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C23C2	F		
RESPONSE CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE CODES	FREQ		SHTD PCT
Not imputed 0 Regression based 1	25531 249	99.0% 1.0%	99.1% 0.9%		0 25713 1 67	99.7% 99	9.7% 0.3%
TOTALS:	25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:	25780	100.0% 100	0.0
Variable: MC23C2B Numeric	Pos: (3	3) 110-ʻ	110	Variable: MC23C2G Numeric	Pos:	(3) 115-115	,
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C23C28				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C23C2	G		
RESPONSE CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE CODES	FREQ		HTD
Not imputed 0 Regression based 1	25519 261	99.0% 1.0%	98.8% 1.2%		0 24709 1 1071		6.8% 3.2%
TOTALS:	25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:	25780	100.0% 100	0.0%
Variable: MC23C2C Numeric	Pos: (3	3) 111-1	111	Variable: MC23C3 Numeric	Pos: ((3) 116-116	,
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C23C2C				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C23C3			
RESPONSE CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE CODES	FREQ		HTD
Not imputed 0 Regression based 1	25522 258	99.0%	99.0% 1.0%		0 25568 1 212		9.2% 0.8%
TOTALS:	25780	100.0%	400.00	TOTALS:	25780	100.0% 100	_

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Variable: MC23C4 Numer	ic Pos:	(3) 117-117	Variable: MC23D2D Numeric	Pos: (3) 122-122
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C2	3C4		IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C23D2	D
RESPONSE CO	DES FRE	PER- WGHTD	RESPONSE CODES	PER- WGHTD FREQ CENT PCT
Not imputed	0 2478 2 100			0 25708 99.7% 99.6% 1 72 0.3% 0.4%
TOTALS:	2578	100.0% 100.0%	TOTALS:	25780 100.0% 100.0%
Variable: MC23D1B Numer	ic Pos:	(3) 118-118	Variable: MC23D2E Numeric	Pos: (3) 123-123
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C2	3D1B		IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C23D2	E
RESPONSE CO	DES FRE	PER- WGHTD	RESPONSE CODES	PER- WGHTD FREQ CENT PCT
Not imputed	0 2562 2 15		1 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 1	0 25691 99.7% 99.5% 1 89 0.3% 0.5%
TOTALS:	2578	0 100.0% 100.0%	TOTALS:	25780 100.0% 100.0%
Variable: MC23D2A Numer	ic Pos:	(3) 119-119	Variable: MC23D2F Numeric	Pos: (3) 124-124
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C2	3D2A		IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C23D2	F
RESPONSE CO	DES FRE	PER- WGHTD	RESPONSE CODES	PER- WGHTD FREQ CENT PCT
Not imputed	0 2559 1 18			0 25708 99.7% 99.6% 1 72 0.3% 0.4%
TOTALS:	2578	30 100.0% 100.0%	TOTALS:	25780 100.0% 100.0%
Variable: MC23D2B Numer	ic Pos:	(3) 120-120	Variable: MC23D2G Numeric	Pos: (3) 125-125
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C2	3D2B		IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C23D2	G
RESPONSE CO	DES FRE		RESPONSE CODES	PER- WGHTD Freq Cent PCT
Not imputed	0 2560 1 17	99.3% 99.2% 6 0.7% 0.8%	1 1	0 25042 97.1% 97.8% 1 738 2.9% 2.2%
TOTALS:	2578		TOTALS:	25780 100.0% 100.0%
Variable: MC23D2C Numer	ic Pos:	: (3) 121-121	Variable: MC23D3 Numeric	Pos: (3) 126-126
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C2	3D2C		IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C23D3	
RESPONSE CO	DES FRE		RESPONSE CODES	PER- WGHTD Freq Cent PCT
Not imputed	0 2556			0 25622 99.4% 99.4% 1 158 0.6% 0.6%
TOTALS:	2578	30 100.0% 100.0%	TOTALS:	25780 100.0% 100.0%



	_								
Variable: MC23D4	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 127-	127	Variable: MC23E2D	lumeric	Pos: (3) 132-	132
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C23D4				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	E C23E2D			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		25177 603	97.7% 2.3%	98.2% 1.8%	Not imputed	0	25707 73	99.7% 0.3%	
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.02
Variable: MC23E1B	Numeric	Pos: (3) 128-	128	Variable: MC23E2E	lumeric	Pos: (3) 133-	133
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C23E1B				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	E C23E2E			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Hot-deck	-	25668 112	99.6%	99.5% 0.5%	Not imputed	0 1	25692 88	99.7% 0.3%	
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.02
Variable: MC23E2A	Numeric	Pos: (3) 129-129			Variable: MC23E2F	umeric	Pos: (3) 134-1	134
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C23E2A				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E C23E2F	-		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	-	25644 136	99.5% 0.5%	99.5% 0.5%	Not imputed	0	25707 73	99.7% 0.3%	
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC23E2B	Numeric	Pos: (3) 130-	130	Variable: MC23E2G	umeric	Pos: (3) 135-1	135
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C23E2B				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E C23E2G		_	
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25650 130	99.5% 0.5%	99.4% 0.6%	Not imputed	0	25391 389	98.5% 1.5%	98.8%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC23E2C	Numeric	Pos: (3) 131-	131	Variable: MC23E3	umeric	Pos: (3) 136-1	136
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C23E2C				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E C23E3			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25641 139	99.5%	99.4%	Not imputed	0	25673 107	99.6%	99.5%
. .	•					•		0.4%	



Variable: MC23E4	Numeric	Pos: (3) 137-	137	Variable: MC24D	Numeric	Pos: (3) 142-142		
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C23E4				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	BLE C24D			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		25467 313	98.8% 1.2%	98.9% 1.1%	Not imputed		25039 741	97.1%	
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC24	Numeric	Pos: (3) 138-	138	Variable: MC24E	Numeric	Pos: (3) 143-	143
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C24				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	SLE C24E		•	•
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	PCT
Not imputed		24533 1247	95.2% 4.8%	94.5%	Not imputed		25060 720	97.2% 2.8%	97.1 2.9
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC24A	Numeric Pos: (3) 139-139			Variable: MC24F	Numeric	Pos: (3) 144-144			
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAE	LE C24A				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C24F			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHT
lot imputed		25055 725	97.2% 2.8%	97.1%	Not imputed		25050 730	97.2% 2.8%	97.1 2.9
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC24B	Numeric	Pos: (3) 140-140		140	Variable: MC24G	Numeric	Pos: (3) 145-14!		145
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAE	LE C24B				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C24G			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ		WGHT
Not imputed		25045 735	97.1% 2.9%	97.1%	Not imputed		25050 730		97. 2.9
FOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC24C	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 141-	141	Variable: MC24H	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 146-	146
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C24C				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C24H			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTI
Not imputed		25056 724	97.2% 2.8%	97.1%	Not imputed		25049 731		97. 2.



Variable: MC24I	Numeric	Pos: (3) 147-	147	Variable: MC25A3	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 152-	152
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C241				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C25A3			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		25037 743	97.1% 2.9%	97.0% 3.0%	Not imputed		20595 5185	79.9% 20.1%	78.02
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.02
Variable: MC24J	Numeric	Pos: (3) 148-	148	Variable: MC25A4	Numeric	Pos: (3) 153-	153
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAE	BLE C24J				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	SLE C25A4			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	· CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		25034 746	97.1% 2.9%	97.0% 3.0%	Not imputed		20538 5242	79.7% 20.3%	
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC24K	Numeric	Pos: (3) 149-	149	Variable: MC25B1	Numeric	Pos: (3) 154-	154
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAE	BLE C24K				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	SLE C25B1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		25042 738	97.1% 2.9%	97.1% 2.9%	Not imputed		20470 5310		77.7%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC25A1	Numeric	Pos: (3) 150-1	150	Variable: MC25B2	Numeric	Pos: (3) 155-1	155
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C25A1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C25B2			_
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		21052 4728	81.7% 18.3%	79.9% 20.1%	Not imputed		20180 5600	78.3% 21.7%	
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC25A2	Numeric	Pos: (3) 151-1	151	Variable: MC25B3	Numeric	Pos: (3) 156-1	156
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C25A2				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C25B3			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		20606 5174		78.1% 21.9%	Not imputed		20284 5496	78.7% 21.3%	76.7% 23.3%
OTALS:		25780	100.0%				25780		



Variables MC255					•		
Variable: MC25B4	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 157-	157	Variable: MC30 Numeric	Pos:	(3) 162-162
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE C25B4			•	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C30		-
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTE CENT PCT
lot imputed		20448 5332	79.3X 20.7X	77.5% 22.5%	Not imputed	25505 275	98.9% 98.9 1.1% 1.1
OTALS:	٠	25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:	25780	100.0% 100.0
Variable: MC26	Numeric	Pos: (3) 158-	158	Variable: MC31 Numeric	Pos: ((3) 163-163
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE C26				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C31		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
ot imputedegression based	• •	24461 1319	94.9%	93.9% 6.1%	Not imputed 0 Regression based 1	16163 9617	62.7% 65.2 37.3% 34.8
OTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:	25780	100.0% 100.0
Variable: MC27	Numeric	Pos: (3) 159-	159	Variable: MC32 Numeric	Pos: (3) 164-164
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE C27				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C32		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
ot imputedegression based		24189 1591	93.8% 6.2%	92.9% 7.1%	Not imputed 0 Regression based 1	15211 10569	59.0% 61.4 41.0% 38.6
OTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:	25780	100.0% 100.0
Variable: MC28	Numeric	Pos: (3) 160-	160	Variable: MC33A1 Numeric	Pos: (3) 165-165
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE C28			: :	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C33A1		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
ot imputedegression based		25723 57	0.2%	99.7% 0.3%	Not imputed 0 Regression based 1	25199 581	97.7% 97.3 2.3% 2.7
OTALS:		25780	•	100.0%	TOTALS:	25780	100.0% 100.0
Variable: MC29	Numeric	Pos: (3) 161-1	161	Variable: MC33B1 Numeric	Pos: (3) 166-166
	ABLE C29				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C33B1		
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA							
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	PCT	RESPONSE CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
	CODES	FREQ 25203 577	97.8%		RESPONSE CODES Not imputed 0 Regression based 1	FREQ 25206 574	



Variable: MC33C1 1			.7. 4/7	4/7					
Variable: MC33C1_1	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 167-	167	Variable: MC33E1_2	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 172-	172
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C33C1_1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE C33E1_2	!		•
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHT
Not imputed		25187 593		97.6% 2.4%	Not imputed		25204 576	97.8% 2.2%	
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:	,	25780	100.0%	100.
Variable: MC33C1_2	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 168-	168	Variable: MC33E1_3	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 173-	173
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C33C1_2				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE C33E1_3			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHT PCT
Not imputed Regression based		25187 593	97.7% 2.3%	97.6% 2.4%	Not imputed		25204 576	97.8% 2.2%	
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC33C1_3	Numeric	Pos: (3) 169-1	169	Variable: MC33A2	Numeric	Pos: (3) 174-	174
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	LE C33C1_3			· · ·	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE C33A2			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTI PCT
ot imputed	0	25187 593	97.7% 2.3%	97.6% 2.4%	Not imputed	0	25196 584	97.7% 2.3%	
OTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	
Variable: MC33D1	lumeric	Pos: (3) 170-1	70	Variable: MC33B2	Numeric	Pos: (3) 175-1	75
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E C33D1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C33B2			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
ot imputedegression based	0	25178 602		97.4% 2.6%	Not imputed		25219 561	97.8% 2.2%	97.7 2.3
OTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC33E1_1 N	umeric	Pos: (3) 171-1	71	Variable: MC33C2 1	Numeric	Pos: (3) 176-1	76
PUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E C33E1_1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA				
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER-	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER-	WGHTD PCT
ot imputed	0	25204 576	97.8% 2.2%	97.5% 2.5%	Not imputed		25215 565	97.8%	
DTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:	·		100.0%	

					t				
Variable: MC33C2_2 Numer	ric	Pos: (3) 177-	177	Variable: MC33E2_3	Numeric	Pos: (3) 182-1	182
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C	33C2_2				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	LE C33E2_3			
RESPONSE CO	DOES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0 1	25215 565	97.8% 2.2%	97.7% 2.3%	Not imputed		25215 565	97.8% 2.2%	97.6%
TOTALS:	÷	25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC33C2_3 Numer	ric	Pos: (3) 178-	178	Variable: MC33A3	lumeric	Pos: (3) 183-1	183
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C3	33C2_3				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	LE C33A3			
RESPONSE CO	DOES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25215 565		97.7% 2.3%	Not imputed	0	25196 584	97.7% 2.3%	97.3%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC33D2 Numer	ric	Pos: (3) 179-	179	Variable: MC33B3	Numeric	Pos: (3) 184-1	184
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C3	33D2		-		IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	LE C33B3			
RESPONSE CO	DOES	FREQ	PER- Cent	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25 185 595	97.7% 2.3%	97.4% 2.6%	Not imputed	0	25250 530	97.9% 2.1%	97.73
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC33E2_1 Numer	ric	Pos: (3) 180-	180	Variable: MC33C3_1	lumeric	Pos: (3) 185-1	185
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C3	33E2_1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	LE C33C3_1			
RESPONSE CO	ODES .	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25215 565	97.8% 2.2%	97.6% 2.4%	Not imputed	0	25244 536	97.9% 2.1%	97.7%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC33E2_2 Numer	ric	Pos: (3) 181-	181	Variable: MC33C3_2	lumeric	Pos: (3) 186-1	186
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C3	33E2_2				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	LE C33C3_2			
RESPONSE CC	ODES .	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25215 565	97.8% 2.2%	97.6% 2.4%	Not imputed	0	25244 536	97.9% 2.1%	97.77
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.02



Variable: MC33C3_3 Nu	meric ———	Pos: ((3) 187-	187	Variable: MC33A4	Numeric	Pos: (3) 192-	192
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	C33C3_3				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C33A4			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Regression based	0 1	25244 536	97.9% 2.1%	97.7% 2.3%	Not imputed	0	25196 584	97.7% 2.3%	
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC33D3 Num	meric	Pos: (3) 188-	188	Variable: MC33B4	Numeric	Pos: (3) 193-	193
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	C33D3			•	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C33B4		_	
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0 1	25220 560	97.8% 2.2%	97.5% 2.5%	Not imputed	0	25242 538		97.7%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC33E3_1 Num	neric	Pos: (3) 189-1	189	Variable: MC33C4_1	Numeric	Pos: (3) (194-1	194
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	C33E3_1		•		IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C33C4_1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25233 547	97.9% 2.1%	97.6% 2.4%	Not imputed	0	25233 547	97.9% 2.1%	97.7%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC33E3_2 Num	neric	Pos: (3) 190-1	90	Variable: MC33C4_2	lumeric	Pos: (3) 195-1	95
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	C33E3_2	,			IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	.E C33 C4_2			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25233 547	97.9%	97.6% 2.4%	Not imputed	0	25233 547	97.9% 2.1%	97.7% 2.3%
NOS. COSTUIT DESCU	•								
TOTALS:	·	25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
TOTALS:	eric					umeric		100.0%	, ,
TOTALS:	eric						Pos: (3		, ,
Variable: MC33E3_3 Num	eric		3) 191-1		Variable: MC33C4_3		Pos: (3) 196-1	96 WGHTD
Variable: MC33E3_3 Num	eric C33E3_3	Pos: (3	PER- CENT 97.9%	91 WGHTD PCT	Variable: MC33C4_3 N	E C33C4_3	Pos: (3) 196-1 PER- (96 WGHTD PCT



									
Variable: MC33D4 N	umeric	Pos: (3) 197-197		Variable: MC33B5	Numeric	Pos: (3) 202-2	<u></u>
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E C33D4				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	IABLE C33B5			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGH	HTD CT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0 1	252 3 9 541	97.9% 97 2.1% 2	7.7% 2.3%	Not imputed Regression based		25184 596	97.7% 2.3%	97.4% 2.6%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0% 100	0.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC33E4_1 N	umeric	Pos: (3) 198-198		Variable: MC33C5_1	Numeric	Pos: (3) 203-2	:03
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E C33E4_1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	TIABLE C33C5_1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ		HTD CT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0 1	25246 534	97.9% 97 2.1%		Not imputed		25214 566	97.8% 2.2%	97.6% 2.4%
TOTALS:	•	25780	100.0% 100	0.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC33E4_2	umeric	Pos: (3) 199-199		Variable: MC33C5_2	Numeric	Pos: (3) 204-2	204
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E C33E4_2				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	RIABLE C33C5_2			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ		HTD CT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25246 534	97.9% 9 2.1%		Not imputed Regression based		25214 566	97.8% 2.2%	97.6%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0% 10	0.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC33E4_3	lumeric	Pos: ((3) 200-200		Variable: MC33C5_3	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 205-	205
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABI	E C33E4_3				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	RIABLE C33C5_3			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ		HTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25246 534	97.9% 9 2.1%	27.7% 2.3%	Not imputed Regression based		25214 566	97.8% 2.2%	97.6%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0% 10	00.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC33A5	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 201-201	1	Variable: MC33D5	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 206-	206
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C33A5				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	RIABLE C33D5			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ		GHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25195 585	97.7% 9	97.3% 2.7%	Not imputed		25148 632		97.1
TOTALS:		25780	100.0% 10	00.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
					1				



Variable: MC33E5_1	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 207-	207	Variable: MC33C6_1	Numeric	Pos: (3) 212-	212
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAE	LE C33E5_1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C33C6_1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD
Not imputed		25201 579	97.8% 2.2%	97.4% 2.6%	Not imputed		25267 513	98.0% 2.0%	97.8
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC33E5_2	Numeric	Pos: (3) 208-2	208	Variable: MC33C6_2	Numeric	Pos: (3) 213-	213
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C33E5_2				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C33C6_2			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTE PCT
Not imputed Regression based		25201 579	97.8% 2.2%	97.4% 2.6%	Not imputed	0	25267 513	98.0% 2.0%	97.8
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC33E5_3	Numeric	Pos: (3) 209-2	209	Variable: MC33C6_3	Numeric'	Pos: (3) 214-2	214
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C33E5_3				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	LE C33C6_3			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		25201 579	97.8% 2.2%	97.4% 2.6%	Not imputed		25267 513	98.0% 2.0%	97.8
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC33A6	Numeric	Pos: (3) 210-2	210	Variable: MC33D6	Numeric	Pos: (3) 215-2	215
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C33A6				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	.E C33D6			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
ot imputedegression based	0 1	25 193 587	97.7% 2.3%	97.3% 2.7%	Not imputed	0	25273 507	98.0% 2.0%	97.9 2.1
OTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MC33B6	Numeric	Pos: (3) 211-2	211	Variable: MC33E6_1	lumeric	Pos: (3) 216-2	16
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C33B6				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	.E C33E6_1			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
ot imputedegression based	0	25261 519	98.0% 2.0%	97.8% 2.2%	Not imputed	0	25279 501	98.1% 1.9%	97.9 2.1





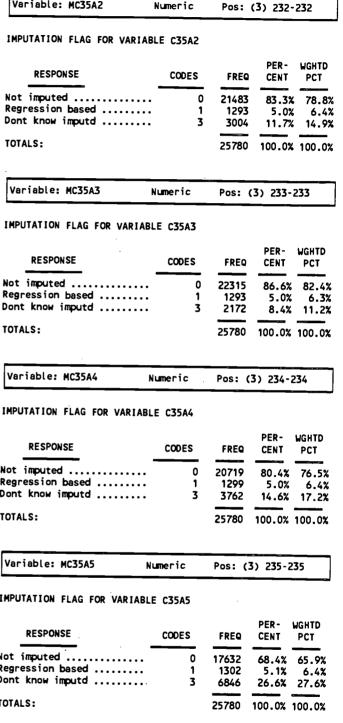
Variable: MC33E6_2 Numeri	c Pos: (3) 217-217	Variable: MC34D Numeric	Pos: (3) 222-222
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C33	E6_2	•	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C34D	
RESPONSE COD	ES FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT	RESPONSE CODES	PER- WGHTD FREQ CENT PCT
Not imputed	0 25279 1 501	98.1% 97.9% 1.9% 2.1%	Not imputed 0 Regression based 1	
TOTALS:	25780	100.0% 100.0%	TOTALS:	25780 100.0% 100.0%
Variable: MC33E6_3 Numeri	c Pos: (3) 218-218	Variable: MC34E Numeric	Pos: (3) 223-223
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C33	E6_3		IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C34E	
RESPONSE COD	ES FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT	RESPONSE CODES	PER- WGHTD FREQ CENT PCT
Not imputed	0 25279 1 501	98.1% 97.9% 1.9% 2.1%	Not imputed 0 Regression based 1	
TOTALS:	25780	100.0% 100.0%	TOTALS:	25780 100.0% 100.0%
Variable: MC34A Numeri	c Pos: (3) 219-219	Variable: MC34F Numeric	Pos: (3) 224-224
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C34	A		IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C34F	
RESPONSE COD	ES FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT	RESPONSE CODES	PER- WGHTD Freq cent PCT
Not imputed	0 23912 1 1868	92.8% 91.6% 7.2% 8.4%	Not imputed 0 Regression based 1	
TOTALS:	25780	100.0% 100.0%	TOTALS:	25780 100.0% 100.0%
Variable: MC34B Numeri	c Pos: (3) 220-220	Variable: MC34G Numeric	Pos: (3) 225-225
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C34	В		IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C34G	
RESPONSE COD	ES FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT	RESPONSE CODES	PER- WGHTD FREQ CENT PCT
Not imputed	0 24003 1 1777	93.1% 91.9% 6.9% 8.1%	Not imputed 0 Regression based 1	24325 94.4% 93.0% 1455 5.6% 7.0%
TOTALS:	25780	100.0% 100.0%	TOTALS:	25780 100.0% 100.0%
Variable: MC34C Numeri	c Pos: (3) 221-221	Variable: MC34H Numeric	Pos: (3) 226-226
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C34			IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C34H	
RESPONSE COO	ES FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT	RESPONSE CODES	PER- WGHTD Freq Cent PCT
Not imputed	0 24007 1 1773	93.1% 91.8% 6.9% 8.2%	Not imputed 0 Regression based 1	24480 95.0% 93.8% 1300 5.0% 6.2%
TOTALS:	25780	100.0% 100.0%	TOTALS:	25780 100.0% 100.0%



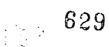
Variable: MC34I	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 227	227	Variable: MC35A2 Nu	meric
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	ARIABLE C34I		-		IMPUTATION SIAC SOR MARKARIA	
•			250		IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	C35A2
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	PCT	RESPONSE	CODES
Not imputed Regression based				93.7%	Not imputed	0
TOTALS:		25780	100.02	100.0%	Dont know imputd TOTALS:	3
Variable: MC34J	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 228-	228		
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	RIABLE C34J				Variable: MC35A3 Nu	meric
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	C35A3
Wot imputed		23434		89.6%	RESPONSE	CODES
Regression based	1			10.4%	Not imputed	0
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	Regression based Dont know imputd	1 3
Variable: MC34K					TOTALS:	
Valiable: MC34K	Numeric	Pos: (3) 229-	229		
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VAI	RIABLE C34K				Variable: MC35A4 Num	meric .
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	C35A4
ot imputed egression based	0 1	24462 1318		93.7% 6.3%	RESPONSE	CODES
OTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	Not imputed	0 1 3
Variable: MC34L	Numeric	Pos: (3	3) 230-2	230	TOTALS:	
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	IABLE C34L				Variable: MC35A5 Num	eric
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	
ot imputed	0	24371 1409	94.5% 5.5%	93.3%		
OTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	 -	CODES
					Not imputed	0 1 3
/ariable: MC35A1	Numeric	Pos: (3) 231-2	31	TOTALS:	_
PUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	IABLE C35A1					
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- I	NGHTD PCT		
t imputed gression based nt know imputd	1	19415 1276 5089		6.3%		
Mon inputa		2009	19.7%	<u>دد.4</u> %		44 A A

25780 100.0% 100.0%

TOTALS:



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Variable: MC35A6 N	umeric	Pos: (3) 236-2	236
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E C35A6			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD
Not imputed	1	20892 1300 3588	81.0% 5.0% 13.9%	
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC35B1 N	umeric	Pos: (3) 237-2	237
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E C35B1		. •	
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Regression based	0	25240 540	97.9% 2.1%	97.5% 2.5%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MC35B2 N	lumeric	Pos: (3) 238-2	238
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E C35B2			
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
RESPONSE Not imputed		FREQ 25199 581	CENT	PCT
RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES	25 199	97.7%	97.22 2.82
RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES	25 199 581 25 780	97.7% 2.3%	97.2% 2.8% 100.0%
RESPONSE Not imputed Regression based TOTALS: Variable: MC35B3 N	CODES 0 1	25 199 581 25 780	97.7% 2.3% 100.0%	97.23 2.83 100.03
RESPONSE Not imputed Regression based TOTALS: Variable: MC35B3 N	CODES 0 1	25 199 581 25 780	97.7% 2.3% 100.0%	97.22 2.82 100.02
RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES 0 1 lumeric E C35B3	25199 581 25780 Pos: (97.7% 2.3% 100.0% 3) 239-2	97.2% 2.8% 100.0% 239 WGHTD PCT 97.0%
RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES O 1 Dumeric E C35B3 CODES	25199 581 25780 Pos: (97.7% 2.3% 100.0% 3) 239-2 PER- CENT 97.4% 2.6%	97.2% 2.8% 100.0% 239 WGHTD PCT 97.0% 3.0%
RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES O 1 Dumeric E C35B3 CODES	25199 581 25780 Pos: (FREQ 25118 662 25780	97.7% 2.3% 100.0% 3) 239-2 PER- CENT 97.4% 2.6%	97.2% 2.8% 100.0% 239 WGHTD PCT 97.0% 3.0%
RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES O 1 Iumeric E C35B3 CODES O 1	25199 581 25780 Pos: (FREQ 25118 662 25780	97.7% 2.3% 100.0% 3) 239-2 PER-CENT 97.4% 2.6% 100.0%	97.2% 2.8% 100.0% 239 WGHTD PCT 97.0% 3.0%
RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES O 1 Iumeric E C35B3 CODES O 1	25199 581 25780 Pos: (FREQ 25118 662 25780	97.7% 2.3% 100.0% 3) 239-2 PER-CENT 97.4% 2.6% 100.0%	97.2% 2.8% 100.0% 239 WGHTD PCT 97.0% 3.0%
Not imputed	CODES On 1 Lumeric E C35B3 CODES On 1 Lumeric Lumeric	25199 581 25780 Pos: (FREQ 25118 662 25780	PER- CENT 97.7% 2.3% 100.0% 3) 239-2 PER- CENT 97.4% 2.6% 100.0%	97.2% 2.8% 100.0% 239 WGHTD PCT 97.0% 3.0% 100.0%

Variable: MC35B5	Numeric	Pos: (3) 241-241
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	IABLE C35B5		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
Not imputed		25229 551	97.9% 97.3% 2.1% 2.7%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0% 100.0%
Variable: MC35B6	Numeric	Pos: (3) 242-242
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	IABLE C35B6		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
Not imputed Regression based		25161 619	97.6% 97.1% 2.4% 2.9%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0% 100.0%
Variable: MC35C1	Numeric	Pos: (3) 243-243
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	IABLE C35C1		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
Not imputed		25256 524	98.0% 97.5% 2.0% 2.5%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0% 100.0%
Variable: MC35C2	Numeric	Pos: (3) 244-244
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	IABLE C35C2		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
Not imputed		25162 618	97.6% 97.1% 2.4% 2.9%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0% 100.0%
Variable: MC35C3	Numeric	Pos: (3) 245-245
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	IABLE C35C3		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
Not imputed		25034 746	97.1% 96.8% 2.9% 3.2%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0% 100.0%

Variable: MC35C4	Numeric	Pos: (3) 246-246	Variat
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C35C4			IMPUTAT
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTO CENT PCT	RE
Not imputed	0	25052 728	97.2% 96.8% 2.8% 3.2%	Not imp
TOTALS:			100.0% 100.0%	TOTALS:
Variable: MC35C5	Numeric	Pos: (3) 247-247	Variat
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE C35C5			IMPUTAT
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTO CENT PCT	RE
Not imputed	0	25231 549	97.9% 97.3% 2.1% 2.7%	Not imp Regress
TOTALS:			100.0% 100.0%	TOTALS:
Variable: MC35C6	Numeric	Pos: (3) 248-248	Variat
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL				IMPUTAT
• *				
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTO CENT PCT	RE
		25146 634	97.5% 97.1% 2.5% 2.9%	Not imp
dot imputed		25146 634	97.5% 97.1% 2.5% 2.9%	Not imp Regress
lot imputed	0 1	25146 634 25780	97.5% 97.1% 2.5% 2.9% 100.0% 100.0%	Not imp Regress TOTALS:
Not imputed	0 1	25146 634 25780	97.5% 97.1% 2.5% 2.9% 100.0% 100.0%	Not imp Regress TOTALS:
Not imputed	0 1	25146 634 25780	97.5% 97.1% 2.5% 2.9% 100.0% 100.0%	Not imp Regress TOTALS: Variat
Not imputed	0 1 Numeric	25146 634 25780 Pos: (97.5% 97.1% 2.5% 2.9% 100.0% 100.0% 3) 249-249 PER- WGHTO	Not impRegress TOTALS: Variab IMPUTAT RE Not impRegress
Not imputed	O 1 Numeric E C36A CODES	25146 634 25780 Pos: (1	PER- WGHTO CENT PCT 97.5% 97.1% 2.5% 2.9% 100.0% 100.0% PER- WGHTO CENT PCT 97.1% 97.1%	Not impress TOTALS: Variat IMPUTAT RE Not impress
Variable: MC36A MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL RESPONSE lot imputed	O 1 Numeric E C36A CODES	25146 634 25780 Pos: (1 FREQ 25026 754 25780	PER- WGHTO CENT PCT 97.5% 97.1% 2.5% 2.9% 100.0% 100.0% PER- WGHTO CENT PCT 97.1% 97.1% 2.9% 2.9%	Not impress TOTALS: Variat IMPUTAT RE Not impress TOTALS:
Variable: MC36A RESPONSE Act imputed	O 1 Numeric E C36A CODES O 1	25146 634 25780 Pos: (1 FREQ 25026 754 25780	PER- WGHTO CENT PCT 97.5% 97.1% 2.5% 2.9% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0%	Not impress TOTALS: Variat IMPUTAT RE Not impress TOTALS: Variat
Variable: MC36A RESPONSE Iot imputed RESPONSE Iot imputed OTALS: Variable: MC36B	O 1 Numeric E C36A CODES O 1	25146 634 25780 Pos: (1 FREQ 25026 754 25780	PER- WGHTO CENT PCT 97.5% 97.1% 2.5% 2.9% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0%	Not impress TOTALS: Variab IMPUTAT
Not imputed	O 1 Numeric E C36A CODES O 1 Numeric	25146 634 25780 Pos: (1 FREQ 25026 754 25780	PER- WGHTO CENT PCT 97.5% 97.1% 2.5% 2.9% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 3) 249-249 PER- WGHTO CENT PCT 97.1% 97.1% 2.9% 2.9% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 3) 250-250	Not impress TOTALS: Variable IMPUTATE Not impress TOTALS: Variable IMPUTATE IMPUTA

Variable: MC36C	Numeric	Pos: (3) 251-25	1
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C36C	_		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ		GHTO PCT
Not imputed		25059 721	97.2% 2.8%	97.2% 2.8%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0% 1	00.0%
Variable: MC36D	Numeric	Pos: (3) 252-25	2
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C360			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ		GHTO PCT
Not imputed		25050 730	97.2% 2.8%	97.1% 2.9%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0% 1	00.0%
Variable: MC37AA	Numeric	Pos: (3) 253-25	3
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C37AA			. -
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ		GHTO PCT
Not imputed		24916 864	96.6% 3.4%	96.5% 3.5%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0% 1	00.0%
Variable: MC37AB	Numeric	Pos: (3) 254-25	4
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C37AB			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ		GHTO PCT
Not imputed		24921 859	96.7% 3.3%	96.6% 3.4%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0% 1	00.0%
Variable: MC37AC	Numeric	Pos: (3) 255-25	5
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE C37AC			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ		GHTD PCT
Not imputed		24922 858	96.7% 3.3%	96.6% 3.4%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0% 10	00.0%



	•	1	
Variable: MC37AD Numeric	Pos: (3) 256-256	Variable: MC37BC Numeric	Pos: (3) 261-261
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C37AD		IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C37BC	
RESPONSE CODES	PER- WGHTD S FREQ CENT PCT	RESPONSE CODES	PER- WGHTD FREQ CENT PCT
	0 24923 96.7% 96.6% 1 857 3.3% 3.4%	Not imputed 0 Regression based 1	23055 89.4% 89.0% 2725 10.6% 11.0%
TOTALS:	25780 100.0% 100.0%	TOTALS:	25780 100.0% 100.0%
Variable: MC37AE Numeric	Pos: (3) 257-257	Variable: MC37BD Numeric	Pos: (3) 262-262
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C37AE	· •	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C37BD	
RESPONSE CODES	PER- WGHTD S FREQ CENT PCT	RESPONSE CODES	PER- WGHTD FREQ CENT PCT
Not imputed	0 24922 96.7% 96.6% 1 858 3.3% 3.4%	Not imputed 0 Regression based 1	23062 89.5% 89.1% 2718 10.5% 10.9%
TOTALS:	25780 100.0% 100.0%	TOTALS:	25780 100.0% 100.0%
Variable: MC37AF Numeric	Pos: (3) 258-258	Variable: MC37BE Numeric	Pos: (3) 263-263
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C37AF		IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C37BE	
RESPONSE CODES	PER- WGHTD S FREQ CENT PCT	RESPONSE CODES	PER- WGHTD FREQ CENT PCT
Not imputed	0 24912 96.6% 96.6% 1 868 3.4% 3.4%	Not imputed 0 Regression based 1	23055 89.4% 89.0% 2725 10.6% 11.0%
TOTALS:	25780 100.0% 100.0%	TOTALS:	25780 100.0% 100.0%
Variable: MC37BA Numeric	Pos: (3) 259-259	Variable: MC37BF Numeric	Pos: (3) 264-264
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C378A		IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C37BF	
RESPONSE CODES	PER- WGHTD S FREQ CENT PCT.	RESPONSE CODES	FREQ CENT PCT
Not imputed	0 23060 89.4% 89.1% 1 2720 10.6% 10.9%	Not imputed 0 Regression based 1	23060 89.4% 89.1% 2720 10.6% 10.9%
TOTALS:	25780 100.0% 100.0%	TOTALS:	25780 100.0% 100.0%
Variable: MC3788 Numeric	Pos: (3) 260-260	Variable: MC38 Numeric	Pos: (3) 265-265
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C378	В	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE C38	•
RESPONSE CODES	PER- WGHTD S FREQ CENT PCT	RESPONSE CODES	PER- WGHTD FREQ CENT PCT
Not imputed	0 23058 89.4% 89.1% 1 2722 10.6% 10.9%	Not imputed 0 Hot-deck 2	23187 89.9% 86.6% 2593 10.1% 13.4%
TOTALS:	25780 100.0% 100.0%	TOTALS:	25780 100.0% 100.0%



Variable: MD39A Numeric	Pos: (3	266-2	266	Variable: MD39F	Numeric	Pos: (3) 271-2	271
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE D39A				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE D39F			
RESPONSE CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed 0 Regression based 1	24663 1117	95.7% 4.3%	94.8% 5.2%	Not imputed		21740 4040		85.3 14.7
TOTALS:	25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:	•	25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MD39B Numeric	Pos: (3) 267-	267	Variable: MD40A	Numeric	Pos: (3) 272-7	272
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE D39B				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE D40A			
RESPONSE CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed 0 Regression based 1	24484 1296	95.0% 5.0%	93.9% 6.1%	Not imputed	0 1	24353 1427	94.5% 5.5%	92.8 7.2
TOTALS:	25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MD39C Numeric	Pos: (3	268-7	268	Variable: MD40B	Numeric	Pos: (3) 273-2	273
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE D39C			,	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE D40B			
RESPONSE CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE .	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed 0 Regression based 1	24567 1213	95.3% 4.7%	94.2% 5.8%	Not imputed	0	23951 1829	92.9% 7.1%	90.6 9.4
TOTALS:	25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MD39D Numeric	Pos: (3) 269-7	269	Variable: MD40C	Numeric	Pos: (3) 274-2	274
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE D39D			·	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE D40C	. •	•	
RESPONSE CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
lot imputed 0 Regression based 1	244 7 5 1305	94.9% 5.1%	93.8% 6.2%	Not imputed		22261 3519		83.4 16.6
TOTALS:	25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MD39E Numeric	Pos: (3	i) 270-i	270	Variable: MD40D	Numeric	Pos: (3) 275-2	275
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE D39E				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE D40D			
RESPONSE CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER - CENT	WGHTD PCT
RESPONSE CODES								
lot imputed 0 Regression based 1	24099 1681		92.1% 7.9%	Not imputed		23604 2176	91.6% 8.4%	88.7 11.3



Variable: MD40E	lumeric	Pos: (3) 276-	276	Variable: MD41A	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 281-2	 281
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E D40E				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE D41A			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0 1	20634 5146		78.7% 21.3%	Not imputed		23627 2153		91.3%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MD40F	lumeric	Pos: (3) 277-	277	Variable: MD41B	Numeric	Pos: (3) 282-2	282
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E D40F				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAE	SLE D41B			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD
Not imputed	0 1	24335 1445	94.4% 5.6%	92.5% 7.5%	Not imputed		24106 1674	93.5% 6.5%	92.8%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MD40G N	umeric	Pos: (3) 278-	278	Variable: MD41C	Numeric	Pos: (3) 283-7	283
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E D40G				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	SLE D41C			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Regression based	0 1	22854 2926		84.5% 15.5%	Not imputed		23422 2358	90.9%	90.5%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MD40H N	umeric	Pos: (3) 279-	279	Variable: MD41D	Numeric	Pos: (3) 284-2	284
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E D40H				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE D41D			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- Cent	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	18582 7198		70.0% 30.0%	Not imputed		23608 2172	91.6% 8.4%	91.1%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MD40I N	umeric	Pos: (3) 280-	280	Variable: MD41E	Numeric	Pos: (3) 285-2	285
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABL	E D401				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE D41E			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	25081 699	97.3% 2.7%	96.5% 3.5%	Not imputed		23886 1894	92.7% 7.3%	92.2%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.09



Variable: MD42	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 286-	286	Variable: MD43E	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 291-	291
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE D42				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE D43E			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Regression based		25260 520	98.0% 2.0%	97.7% 2.3%	Not imputed	. 0	24845 935	96.4% 3.6%	95.5% 4.5%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MD43A	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 287-	287	Variable: MD43F	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 292-	292
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE D43A				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE D43F			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		24889 891	96.5% 3.5%	95.7% 4.3%	Not imputed		24499 1281	95.0% 5.0%	94.1%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	
Variable: MD43B	Numeric	Pos: (3) 288-2	288	Variable: MD43G	Numeric	Pos: (3) 293-2	293
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	BLE D43B				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE D43G			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	-	24590 1190	95.4% 4.6%	94.4% 5.6%	Not imputed	. 0	24517 1263	95.1% 4.9%	94.1%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	
Variable: MD43C	Numeric	Pos: (3) 289-2	89	Variable: MD43H	Numeric	Pos: (3) 294-2	94
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE D43C				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE D43H			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	24833 947	96.3% 3.7%	95.4% 4.6%	Not imputed	0	24645 1135	95.6% 4.4%	94.7%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	
Variable: MD43D	Numeric	Pos: (3	3) 290-2	90	Variable: MD43I	Numeric	Pos: (3	3) 295-2	95
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	LE D43D				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE D431			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER-	WGHTD PCT
lot imputed	0	24703 1077	95.8% 4.2%	94.9% 5.1%	Not imputed		22841 2939	88.6% 11.4%	
OTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	-



Variable: MD43J	Numeric	Pos: (3) 296-29	96	Variable: MD44	Numeric	Pos: (3) 301-3	S01 ·
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE D43J				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	ARIABLE D44	٠,		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ		WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		24744 1036	96.0% 4.0%	95.1% 4.9%	Not imputed Regression based		24996 784	97.0% 3.0%	96.19 3.99
TOTALS:		25780	100.0% 1	100.0%	TOTALS:	· ·	25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MD43K	Numeric	Pos: (3) 297-29	97	Variable: MD45	Numeric	Pos: (3) 302-3	302
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE D43K				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	ARIABLE D45	÷		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- L	HGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		22400 3380	86.9% 13.1%		Not imputed		24443 1337	94.8% 5.2%	92.9 7.1
TOTALS:		25780	100.0% 1	100.0%	TOTALS:	·	25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MD43L	Numeric	Pos: (3) 298-29	98	Variable: MD46	Numeric	Pos: (3) 303-3	803
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE D43L				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	ARIABLE D46			,
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- V	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		24524 1256	95.1% 4.9%	94.4%	Not imputed		25161 619	97.6% 2.4%	97.3 2.7
			4.77						
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
	Numeric_				_	Numeric		100.0% 3) 304-:	
Variable: MD43M			100.0%		TOTALS:	Numeric		3) 304-	
Variable: MD43M			100.0% 1		TOTALS: Variable: ME47A	Numeric	Pos: (3) 304-	304
Variable: MD43M IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES 0	Pos: (100.0% 1 3) 299-29 PER- CENT 95.0%	99 NGHTD PCT	TOTALS: Variable: ME47A IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA RESPONSE Not imputed	Numeric ARIABLE E47A CODES 0 1	Pos: (PER- CENT 90.7%	304 WGHTD PCT 89.3
Variable: MD43M IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES 0	Pos: (FREQ 24496	100.0% 1 3) 299-29 PER- CENT 95.0% 5.0%	99 WGHTD PCT 94.1% 5.9%	TOTALS: Variable: ME47A IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA RESPONSE Not imputed	Numeric ARIABLE E47A CODES 0	Pos: (FREQ 23393	PER- CENT 90.7%	WGHTD PCT 89.3
Variable: MD43M IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABE RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES 0	FREQ 24496 1284 25780	100.0% 1 3) 299-29 PER-CENT 95.0% 5.0%	99 WGHTD PCT 94.1% 5.9%	TOTALS: Variable: ME47A IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA RESPONSE Not imputed	Numeric ARIABLE E47A CODES 0 1	Pos: (FREQ 23393 2387 25780	PER- CENT 90.7% 9.3%	WGHTD PCT 89.3 10.7
Variable: MD43M IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABE RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES CODES O 1	FREQ 24496 1284 25780	100.0% 1 3) 299-29 PER-CENT 95.0% 5.0%	99 WGHTD PCT 94.1% 5.9%	TOTALS: Variable: ME47A IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE RESPONSE Not imputed	Numeric ARIABLE E47A CODES 0 1	Pos: (FREQ 23393 2387 25780	PER- CENT 90.7% 9.3%	WGHTD PCT 89.3 10.7 100.0
RESPONSE not imputed	CODES CODES O 1	FREQ 24496 1284 25780	100.0% 1 3) 299-29 PER-CENT 95.0% 5.0% 100.0% 1	99 WGHTD PCT 94.1% 5.9%	TOTALS: Variable: ME47A IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA RESPONSE Not imputed	Numeric ARIABLE E47A CODES 0 1	Pos: (FREQ 23393 2387 25780	PER- CENT 90.7% 9.3% 100.0%	WGHTD PCT 89.33 10.77 100.00
Variable: MD43M IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABE RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES CODES Numeric BLE D43N CODES 0	Pos: (FREQ 24496 1284 25780 Pos: (100.0% 1 3) 299-29 PER- CENT 95.0% 100.0% 1 3) 300-30 PER- CENT 95.4%	99 WGHTD PCT 94.1% 5.9% 100.0%	TOTALS: Variable: ME47A IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE: MESPONSE Not imputed	Numeric ARIABLE E47A CODES 0 1 Numeric ARIABLE E47B CODES 0	Pos: (FREQ 23393 2387 25780 Pos: (PER- CENT 90.7% 9.3% 100.0% 3) 305- PER- CENT 82.1%	WGHTD PCT 89.33 10.77 100.00



Variable: ME47C Numeric	Pos: (3) 306-306
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE E47C	
RESPONSE CODES	PER- WGHTD
ot imputed 0 egression based 1	23534 91.3% 89.9% 2246 8.7% 10.1%
OTALS:	25780 100.0% 100.0%
Variable: ME47D Numeric	Pos: (3) 307-307
PUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE E47D	
RESPONSE CODES	PER- WGHTD FREQ CENT PCT
ot imputed 0 egression based 1	23561 91.4% 90.0% 2219 8.6% 10.0%
DTALS:	25780 100.0% 100.0%
Incidel as ME/7E	
ariable: ME47E Numeric	Pos: (3) 308-308
	Pos: (3) 308-308
PUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE E47E RESPONSE CODES	PER WGHTD
PUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE E47E RESPONSE CODES t imputed	PER- WGHTD
PUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE E47E RESPONSE CODES t imputed 0 gression based 1	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT 23581 91.5% 90.1%
PUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE E47E RESPONSE CODES t imputed	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT 23581 91.5% 90.1% 2199 8.5% 9.9%
RESPONSE CODES ot imputed 0 egression based 1 DTALS:	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT 23581 91.5% 90.1% 8.5% 9.9% 9.9% 100.0% 100.0%
RESPONSE CODES of imputed	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT 23581 91.5% 90.1% 8.5% 9.9% 9.9% 100.0% 100.0%
RESPONSE CODES ot imputed 0 egression based 1 OTALS: PUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE E47F RESPONSE CODES ot imputed 0	PER- WGHTD PCT 23581 91.5% 90.1% 2199 8.5% 9.9% 25780 100.0% 100.0% Pos: (3) 309-309 PER- WGHTD PCT 23575 91.4% 90.1% 2205 8.6% 9.9%
RESPONSE CODES ot imputed 0 egression based 1 OTALS: Pariable: ME47F Numeric RESPONSE CODES ot imputed 0 OTALS: PER- WGHTD PCT 23581 91.5% 90.1% 2199 8.5% 9.9% 9.9% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% Pos: (3) 309-309 Per- WGHTD PCT 23575 91.4% 90.1%	
RESPONSE CODES ot imputed 0 egression based 1 OTALS: Variable: ME47F Numeric RESPONSE CODES ot imputed 0 TRESPONSE CODES ot imputed 0	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT 23581 91.5% 90.1% 2199 8.5% 9.9% 25780 100.0% 100.0% Pos: (3) 309-309 FREQ CENT PCT 23575 91.4% 90.1% 2205 8.6% 9.9%
RESPONSE CODES Ot imputed 0 Orgression based 1 OTALS: Variable: ME47F Numeric RESPONSE CODES Ot imputed 0 OTALS: OTALS:	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT 23581 91.5% 90.1% 2199 8.5% 9.9% 25780 100.0% 100.0% Pos: (3) 309-309 FREQ CENT PCT 23575 91.4% 90.1% 2205 8.6% 9.9% 25780 100.0% 100.0%
RESPONSE CODES ot imputed	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT 23581 91.5% 90.1% 2199 8.5% 9.9% 25780 100.0% 100.0% Pos: (3) 309-309 FREQ CENT PCT 23575 91.4% 90.1% 2205 8.6% 9.9% 25780 100.0% 100.0%
RESPONSE CODES Of imputed	PER- WGHTD FREQ CENT PCT 23581 91.5% 90.1% 2199 8.5% 9.9% 25780 100.0% 100.0% Pos: (3) 309-309 FREQ CENT PCT 23575 91.4% 90.1% 2205 8.6% 9.9% 25780 100.0% 100.0% Pos: (3) 310-310 PER- WGHTD

Variable: ME47H	Numeric	Pos: (3) 311-311
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE E47H	•	
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
Not imputed		23568 2212	91.4% 90.0% 8.6% 10.0%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0% 100.0%
Variable: ME47I	Numeric	Pos: (3) 312-312
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE E471		.
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
Not imputed Regression based	. 0	23560 2220	91.4% 90.0% 8.6% 10.0%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0% 100.0%
Variable: ME47J	Numeric	Pos: (3) 313-313
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	BLE E47J		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
Not imputed	0	23564 2216	91.4% 90.0% 8.6% 10.0%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0% 100.0%
Variable: ME47K	Numeric	Pos: (3) 314-314
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	SLE E47K		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
Not imputed		23567 2213	91.4% 90.0% 8.6% 10.0%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0% 100.0%
Variable: ME47L	Numeric	Pos: (3	3) 315-315
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE E47L		
RESPONSE	00050	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT
	CODES	TREW	

25780 100.0% 100.0%



Variable: ME47M	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 316-:	316	Variable: ME47P3	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 321-	321
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE E47M				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE E47P3			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		23562 2218		89.9% 10.1%	Not imputed		23338 2442		88.9% 11.1%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:	•	25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: ME47N	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 317-3	317	Variable: ME47P4	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 322-	322
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	RIF F47N				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ADIE 5/70/			 .
THE PART OF THE	DEE ETTA				IMPOINTION FLAG FOR VARI	MBLE E4/P4			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	PCT
Not imputed		23554 2226		89.9% 10.1%	Not imputed		23338 2442		88.9% 11.1%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: ME470	Numeric	Pos: (3) 318-3	318	Variable: ME47P5	Numeric	Pos: (3) 323-	323
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE E470				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE E47P5			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		23574 2206		90.0% 10.0%	Not imputed		23338 2442		88.9% 11.1%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: ME47P1	Numeric	Pos: (3) 319-3	319	Variable: ME47P6	Numeric	Pos: (3) 324-3	324
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE E47P1				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE E47P6			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		23338 2442		88.9% 11.1%	Not imputed		23338 2442		88.9% 11.1%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: ME47P2	Numeric	Pos: (3) 320-3	20	Variable: ME47P7	Numeric	Pos: (3) 325-3	325
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE E47P2				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE E47P7			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		23338 2442		88.9% 11.1%	Not imputed		23338 2442		88.9% 11.1%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%



Variable: ME47P8	Numeric	Pos: (3) 326-	326	Variable: MF51	Numeric	Pos: (3) 331-3	331
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE E47P8				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE F51			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		23338 2442		88.9% 11.1%	Not imputed		25770 10	100.0%	100.0%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: ME47P9	Numeric	Pos: (3) 327-	327	Variable: MF52A	Numeric	Pos: (3) 332-3	332
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE E47P9				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE F52A			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		23782 1998		91.1%	Not imputed	0	25522 258	99.0% 1.0%	99.0%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: ME48	Numeric	Pos: (3) 328-	328	Variable: MF52B	Numeric	Pos: (3) 333-3	333
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE E48				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE F52B			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		24763 1017	96.1% 3.9%	95.6% 4.4%	Not imputed		25503 277	98.9%	98.9%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: ME49	Numeric	Pos: (3) 329-	329	Variable: MF53A	Numeric	Pos: (3) 334-3	334
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE E49				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE F53A			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	22352 3428		85.2% 14.8%	Not imputed		25692 88	99.7% 0.3%	99.6%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: ME50	Numeric	Pos: (3) 330-	330	Variable: MF53AA	Numeric	Pos: (3) 335-3	335
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE E50			_	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	BLE F53AA			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		24535 1245	95.2% 4.8%	94.8% 5.2%	Not imputed		25717 63	99.8%	99.7%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
					ľ				



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Variable: MF54	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 336-	336	Variable: MF57A	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 341-	341
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE F54				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE F57A			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Regression based		25717 63	99.8% 0.2%	99.7% 0.3%	Not imputed	0	25632 148	99.4% 0.6%	
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MF54AA	Numeric	Pos: (3) 337-:	337	Variable: MF57C	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 342-:	342
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE F54AA				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE F57C	-		
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
lot imputed		25758 22	99.9% 0.1%	100.0%	Not imputed		25647 133	99.5% 0.5%	99.4%
OTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MF55	Numeric	Pos: (3) 338-3	338	Variable: MF58A	Numeric	Pos: (3) 343-3	343
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE F55				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE F58A			-
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
lot imputed		25 183 597	97.7% 2.3%	97.8% 2.2%	Not imputed		24099 1681		92.4%
OTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	
Variable: MF56A	Numeric	Pos: (3) 339-3	339	Variable: MF58B	Numeric	Pos: (3) 344-3	44
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE F56A				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI	ABLE F58B			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
ot imputed	0	25323 457	98.2% 1.8%	98.2% 1.8%	Not imputed		24053 1 7 27		92.1% 7.9%
OTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MF56C	Numeric	Pos: (3) 340-3	340	Variable: MF59A	Numeric	Pos: (3) 345-3	45
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE F56C				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	ABLE F59A			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
ot imputedot-deck		25497 283	98.9% 1.1%	98.9% 1.1%	Not imputed		24251 1529	94.1% 5.9%	7.4%



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Variable: MF59B	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 346-34	46	Variable: MF59G	Numeric	Pos: (3) 351-3	351
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE F598				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	RIABLE F59G			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- 1	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		24125 1655	93.6%	92.1% 7.9%	Not imputed Regression based		24782 998	96.1% 3.9%	94.6%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MF59C	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 347-34	47	Variable: MF60A	Numeric	Pos: (3) 352-3	352
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	BLE F59C				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	RIABLE F60A			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- 1	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		22668 3112	87.9% 12.1%		Not imputed		24181 1599	93.8% 6.2%	92.4% 7.6%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MF59D	Numeric	Pos: ((3) 348-34	48	Variable: MF60B	Numeric	Pos: (3) 353-3	353
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	BLE F59D				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	RIABLE F60B			
RESPONSE .	CODES	FREQ	PER- 1	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		23043 2737	89.4% 10.6%		Not imputed		24061 1719	93.3% 6.7%	92.0%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MF59E	Numeric	Pos: (3) 349-34	49	Variable: MF60C	Numeric	Pos: (3) 354-3	354
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	BLE F59E - 19				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	RIABLE F60C			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- N	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		23595 2185	91.5% 8.5%	89.1% 10.9%	Not imputed		24183 1597	93.8% 6.2%	92.4% 7.6%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MF59F	Numeric	Pos: (3) 350-3!	50	Variable: MF60D	Numeric	Pos: (3) 355-3	355
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	SLE F59F				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VA	RIABLE F60D			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- V	PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed		23097 2683	89.6% 10.4%		Not imputed Regression based		24275 1505	94.2% 5.8%	92.7%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
					1				



Variable: MF60E	Numeric	Pos: (3) 356-356				
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE F60E					
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD			
Not imputed Regression based	. 0	24131 1649	93.6% 92.0% 6.4% 8.0%			
TOTALS:		25780	100.0% 100.0%			
Variable: MF60F	Numeric	Pos: (3) 357-357			
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE F60F					
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT			
Not imputed	. 0	24158 1622	93.7% 92.1% 6.3% 7.9%			
OTALS:		25780	100.0% 100.0%			
Variable: MF60G	Numeric	Pos: (3) 358-358			
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE F60G					
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT			
lot imputedegression based		24765 1015	96.1% 95.3% 3.9% 4.7%			
OTALS:		25780	100.0% 100.0%			
Variable: MF60H	Numeric	Pos: (3) 359-359			
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	SLE F60H					
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT			
ot imputedegression based		24283 1497	94.2% 92.8% 5.8% 7.2%			
OTALS:		25780	100.0% 100.0%			
Variable: MF60I	Numeric	Pos: (3) 360-360			
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	LE F60I					
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- WGHTD CENT PCT			
ot imputed		24365	94.5% 94.4%			
egression based	1	1415	5.5% 5.6%			

Variable:	YD42	Numeric	Pos: (3)	361-362

SURVEY	VARIABLE	D42 WITH	DK	IMPUTED
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RESPONSE	CODES	EDEO	PER-	WGHTD
————	CODES	FREQ	CENT	PCT
	25	8	0.0%	0.0%
	26 27	4 8	0.0%	0.1%
	28	13	0.0%	0.0%
	29	12	0.0%	0.1%
	30 31	29 75	0.1%	0.1%
	31 32	35 32	0.1% 0.1%	0.1% 0.1%
	33	46	0.2%	0.2%
	34	22	0.1%	0.1%
	35 36	69 25	0.3% 0.1%	0.4% 0.1%
	37	32	0.1%	0.1%
	38	26	0.1%	0.1%
	39 40	32 137	0.1% 0.5%	0.2%
	41	26	0.1%	0.1%
	42	54	0.2%	0.2%
	43 44	40 28	0.2% 0.1%	0.2%
	45	175	0.7%	0.1% 0.8%
	46	50	0.2%	0.2%
	47 48	50	0.2%	0.2%
	40	56 39	0.2% 0.2%	0.2% 0.1%
	50	451	1.7%	1.8%
•	51 53	87	0.3%	0.3%
	52 53	118 103	0.5%	0.4%
	54	138	0.5%	0.5%
	55	1331	5.2%	4.5%
	56 57	304 335	1.2% 1.3%	1.1% 1.2%
	58	473	1.8%	1.7%
	59	384	1.5%	1.4%
	60 61	2716 463	10.5%	10.2%
	62	1738	6.7%	6.2%
	63	627	2.4%	2.4%
	64 65	553 5932	2.1% 23.0%	2.2% 22.7%
	66	763	3.0%	3.0%
	67	894	3.5%	3.4%
	68 69	974 648	3.8% 2.5%	3.8% 2.7%
	70	3009	11.7%	12.2%
	71	360	1.4%	1.4%
	72 73	448 334	1.7% 1.3%	1.9% 1.3%
	74	281	1.1%	1.1%
	75	479	1.9%	2.2%
	76 77	106 84	0.4% 0.3%	0.4%
	78	87	0.3%	0.4% 0.5%
	79	67	0.3%	0.3%
	80 81	155 29	0.6% 0.1%	0.7%
	82	23	0.1%	0.1% 0.1%
	83	21	0.1%	0.1%
	84 85	20 38	0.1% 0.1%	0.1% 0.1%
	8 6 .	8	0.0%	0.1%
	87	5	0.0%	0.0%
	88 89	6 3	0.0%	0.0%
	90	43	0.0% 0.2%	0.0% 0.2%
2	91	5	0.0%	0.0%

0.2% 3.2% 0.6%

0.8%

0.2% 3.0% 0.5% 0.7% 1.0%

							NOV LL,	,,,,
YD42 (Continued)					YD46	(Continued)		
	92	7	0.0%	0.0%		,		. ,
	93	8	0.0%					54 55
	94	4	0.0%	0.0%				56
	95	18	0.1%					57
	96 97	3	0.0% 0.0%					58
	98	4	0.0%					59 60
	99	39	0.2%					61
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%				62 63 64
Variable: YD44	Numeric	Pos: (3) 363-	364				65 66 67
SURVEY VARIABLE D44	WITH DK IMPUTED							68 69 70
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT				71 72 73
		17227		40.00	1			74
	1 2	17227 8553		68.9% 31.1%				75 76
	-							77
OTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%				78 79
Variable: YD45	Numeric	Pos: (3) 365-	366				80 81 82 83
SURVEY VARIABLE D45	WITH DK IMPUTED							84 85 86
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT				87 88
	1 2	11535 14245		42.2%				89 90 91
OTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%				92 93 94
Vi WD//			- - -	7/0	•			95 96
Variable: YD46	Numeric	Pos: (3) 367-	308	•			97 98
URVEY VARIABLE D46	WITH DK IMPUTED				TOTAL	e.		99
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	IOIAL	••		
	25	1	0.0%		Vari	able: YF58A	Nume	ric
	27 28	1	0.0%			<u>-</u>		
	29 29	i	0.0%		CIEVE	Y VARIABLE F5	SA LITH DE 1	MOIITE
	32	3	0.0%	0.0%	1	. TONERULE FA	- watti bk 1	012
	34 35	2	0.0%		1			
	35 37	1	0.0%			RESPONSE	_ (ODES
	38	3	0.0%	0.0%	less	than h.s		1
•	39	3	0.0%		H.S.	diploma		2
	40 42	9 2	0.0%			college		3
	42 43	3	0.0%			iate degree . lors degree .		4
	44	2	0.0%			lors degree . rs degree		5
	45	29	0.1%	0.1%		professional		7
	46	6	0.0%					8
	47	. 5	0.0%		1			
	48	13	0.1%	0.0%	TOTAL	e -		

COPY AVAILABLE

0.0% 0.0% 0.7% 0.1% 0.2%

0.0% 0.0% 0.8% 0.1% 0.3% 0.2%

C PUTED DES	FREQ 6022 9095	PER- CENT 23.4% 35.3%	WGHTD PCT 21.4% 36.2%
63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 88 89 91 92 93 94 95 99 99	493 464 6015 674 840 1000 702 4193 517 622 478 423 1092 206 182 168 147 408 45 114 31 18 24 16 109 18 21 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 10	5.7% 1.9% 1.8% 23.3% 2.6% 3.3% 2.6% 3.3% 2.7% 16.3% 2.0% 2.4% 1.9% 1.6% 4.2% 0.8% 0.7% 0.6% 0.3% 0.3% 0.2% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1	1.8x 1.7x 22.9x 2.6x 3.1x 4.1x 2.7x 16.6x 2.5x 1.7x 1.7x 4.8x 0.7x 0.5x 0.3x 0.3x 0.3x 0.3x 0.3x 0.1x
58 59 60 61	298 270 2277 327	1.2% 1.0% 8.8% 1.3%	1.0% 1.1% 8.7% 1.2%

25780 100.0% 100.0%

TOTALS:

RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT RESPONSE CODES	Variable: YF58B	Numeric	Pos: (3) 371-	372	Variable: YF60D Nume	ric	Pos: (3) 379-	380
RESPONSE CODES	SURVEY VARIABLE F58B WITH	DK IMPUTED				SURVEY VARIABLE F60D WITH DK I	MPUTED			
S. diploma	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ			RESPONSE	ODES	FREQ		WGHTD PCT
Improved 3 3090 12.0% 11.8% Improved 3 12146 47.1% 45.2% Sachelors degree 4 615 2.4% 2.3% Sachelors degree 5 3663 14.2% 15.2% Soched 7 2582 10.0 % 10.8% TOTALS: 25780 100.0% 100.0% 25780 100.0% 100.0% 25780 100.0% 100.0% 25780 100.0% 100.0% 25780 100.0% 100.0% 25780 100.0% 25780 100.0% 25780 100.0% 25780 25										
Associate degree 4 4 615 2.4% 2.3% associate degree 5 363 61 42.2% 15.2% assters degree 6 1982 7.7% 7.8% basters degree 6 1982 7.7% 7.8% basters degree 6 1982 7.7% 7.8% bit of 10.8% o										
District District						Improved	3	12140	47.1%	45.3
Part						TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: YF60A	-									
Variable: YF60A Numeric Pos: (3) 373-374 Variable: YF60A Numeric Pos: (3) 373-374 Variable: YF60A Numeric Pos: (3) 373-374 SURVEY VARIABLE F60A WITH DK IMPUTED RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Inproved 1 1 10711 41,5% 43,5 43,5 43,6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1										
Variable: YF60A Numeric Pos: (3) 373-374 RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT CENT P						Variable: YF60E Nume	ric	Pos: (3) 381-3	382
Variable: YF60A Numeric Pos: (3) 373-374 RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT	OIALS:			100.0%	100.0%					
RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT CEN			A		,	SURVEY VARIABLE F60E WITH DK I	MPUTED		4	
RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Orsened 1 8040 31.2% 29.9% tayed the same 2 25780 100.0%	Variable: Trous	Numer1c	Pos: (5) 373-	5/4	RESPONSE	ODES	FREQ		WGHTD PCT
RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Orsened 1 8040 31.2% 29.9% tayed the same 2 25780 100.0%	HIDVEY VADIABLE EANA LITTU	DE IMPLITED				Usessed		4074	44.50	
RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT TOTALS: 25780 100.0x 1	MULTI ANKINDTE LOAM MILL	DK IMPUIED								
RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT TOTALS: 25780 100.0% 1				PER-	WGHTD					
1 8040 31.2% 29.9% 2 10412 40.4% 41.4% 28.8% 25780 100.0% 100.0% 25780 100.0%	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	CENT	PCT		_			
Tayed the same 2 10412 40.4% 41.4%	lana an ard	4	00/0	74 29	20.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: YF60F Numeric Pos: (3) 383-384	taved the same	' I								
Variable: YF60B Numeric Pos: (3) 375-376 SURVEY VARIABLE F60B WITH DK IMPUTED SURVEY VARIABLE F60B WITH DK IMPUTED PER WGHTD Worsened 1 7247 28.11% 29.5% amproved 3 5738 22.3% 21.7% OTALS: 25780 100.0% 100.0% SURVEY VARIABLE F60C WITH DK IMPUTED Variable: YF60C Numeric Pos: (3) 377-378 SURVEY VARIABLE F60G WITH DK IMPUTED Worsened 1 3549 13.8% 13.8% 15.2% 100.0% 100.0% Survey Variable: YF60C WITH DK IMPUTED PER WGHTD Worsened 1 3549 13.8% 1	Improved	. 3								
Variable: YF60B Numeric Pos: (3) 375-376 RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT		•				Variable: YF60F Nume	ric	Pos: (3) 383-3	584
Variable: YF60B Numeric Pos: (3) 375-376 RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT	OTALS:	•	25780	100.0%	100.0%				<u></u>	
RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Oracles Totals: RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT OTALS: OTALS: RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT OTALS: OTA						SURVEY VARIABLE FOOF WITH DK I	MPUTED			
RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Variable: YF60C Numeric Pos: (3) 377-378 Variable: YF60C MITH DK IMPUTED RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Variable: YF60C MITH DK IMPUTED RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Variable: YF60C MITH DK IMPUTED RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Variable: YF60C MITH DK IMPUTED RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Variable: YF60C MITH DK IMPUTED PER- WGHTD CENT PCT Variable: YF60C MITH DK IMPUTED RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Variable: YF60C MITH DK IMPUTED TOTALS: 25780 100.0% 10	Variable: YF60B	Numeric	Pos: (3) 375-	376	RESPONSE C	ODES	FREQ		WGHTD PCT
RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Variable: YF60C Numeric Pos: (3) 377-378 Variable: YF60C MITH DK IMPUTED RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Variable: YF60C MITH DK IMPUTED RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Variable: YF60C MITH DK IMPUTED RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Variable: YF60C MITH DK IMPUTED RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Variable: YF60C MITH DK IMPUTED PER- WGHTD CENT PCT Variable: YF60C MITH DK IMPUTED RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Variable: YF60C MITH DK IMPUTED TOTALS: 25780 100.0% 10	SIDVEY VADIABLE FAOR WITH	DE IMPLITED					4	4207/	40.0%	
RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT TOTALS: 3 2497 9.7% 9.6 Totals: 25780 100.0% 100.0% Totals: 257	DORVET VARIABLE TOOB WITH	DK IMPUIED								
TOTALS: 25780 100.0% 10	•			PER-	₩GHTD					
1 7247 28.1% 29.5% 12795 49.6% 48.8% 2 12795 49.6% 48.8% 3 5738 22.3% 21.7% 25780 100.0% 100.0% 25780 100.0% 100.0% 25780 100.0% 100.0% 25780 100.0% 100.0% 25780 100.0% 100.0% 25780 100.0% 100.0% 25780 100.0% 100.0% 25780 100.0% 100.0% 25780 100.0% 100.0% 25780 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 25780 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 25780 100.0% 100.	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	CENT	PCT					
Table Per Pe	lorsened	1	72/7	20.19	20.5%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: YF60G Numeric Pos: (3) 385-386 Variable: YF60C Numeric Pos: (3) 377-378 Variable: YF60C Numeric Pos: (3) 377-378 Variable: YF60C Numeric Pos: (3) 377-378 Variable: YF60G Numeric Pos: (3) 385-386 Variable: YF60G Numeric Pos: (4) 485-486 Variable: YF60G Numeric Pos: (4										
SURVEY VARIABLE F60G WITH DK IMPUTED SURVEY VARIABLE F60G WITH DK IMPUTED Worsened										
SURVEY VARIABLE F60G WITH DK IMPUTED Worsened 1 3549 13.8% 13.8% 13.9% 13.9% 13.9% 13.9% 13.8% 13.9%	OTA1 S.			100.0%	100.0%	Variable: YF60G Nume	ric	Pos: (3) 385-3	86
Variable: YF60C Numeric Pos: (3) 377-378 RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT CURVEY VARIABLE F60C WITH DK IMPUTED PER- WGHTD Stayed the same 1 4071 15.8% 16.2% 10.2% 1	WINES.					1				
RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Response 1 3549 13.8% 13	O'INEO'					SURVEY VARIABLE F60G WITH DK I	MPUTED			
Variable F600 With DK IMPUTED PER WGHTD Worsened 1 4071 15.8% 16.2 11089 43.0% 44.1 1		Numeric	Pos: (SURVEY VARIABLE F60G WITH DK I	MPUTED		PFD-	WGHTD
RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT Improved 2 11089 43.0% 44.1 TOTALS: 25780 100.0% 100.0 1 3549 13.8% 13.8% 13.8% tayed the same 2 12889 50.0% 50.0% mproved 3 9342 36.2% 36.1%		Numeric	Pos: (
RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT PCT TOTALS: 3 10620 41.2% 39.7 TOTALS: 25780 100.0% 10	Variable: YF60C		Pos: (RESPONSE C	ODES		CENT	PCT
TOTALS: 25780 100.0% 100.0 tayed the same 2 12889 50.0% 50.0% mproved 3 9342 36.2% 36.1%	Variable: YF6OC		Pos: (RESPONSE C	00ES 1	4071	15.8%	PCT 16.2
orsened	Variable: YF60C URVEY VARIABLE F60C WITH	DK IMPUTED		3) 377-: PER-	WGHTD	RESPONSE C	00ES 1 2	4071 11089	15.8% 43.0%	16.2 44.1
tayed the same	Variable: YF60C URVEY VARIABLE F60C WITH	DK IMPUTED	FREQ	3) 377-1 PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE C Worsened	00ES 1 2	4071 11089 10620	15.8% 43.0% 41.2%	16.2 44.1 39.7
Communication Co	Variable: YF60C URVEY VARIABLE F60C WITH RESPONSE	DK IMPUTED	FREQ	3) 377-1	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE C Worsened	00ES 1 2	4071 11089 10620	15.8% 43.0% 41.2%	16.2 44.1 39.7
	Variable: YF60C URVEY VARIABLE F60C WITH RESPONSE orsened	DK IMPUTED CODES	FREQ 3549	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT 13.8%	RESPONSE C Worsened	00ES 1 2	4071 11089 10620	15.8% 43.0% 41.2%	16.2 44.1 39.7
	Variable: YF60C URVEY VARIABLE F60C WITH RESPONSE orsened tayed the same	CODES	FREQ 3549 12889	PER- CENT 13.8% 50.0%	WGHTD PCT 13.8% 50.0%	RESPONSE C Worsened	00ES 1 2	4071 11089 10620	15.8% 43.0% 41.2%	16.2 44.1 39.7
	Variable: YF60C SURVEY VARIABLE F60C WITH RESPONSE Horsened	CODES	FREQ 3549 12889 9342	PER- CENT 13.8% 50.0% 36.2%	WGHTD PCT 13.8% 50.0% 36.1%	RESPONSE C Worsened	00ES 1 2	4071 11089 10620	15.8% 43.0% 41.2%	16 44 39



CODES 1 2 3 meric CODES 1 2 3	FREQ 2562 14259 8959	56.5% 28.2% 100.0% 3) 389-3 PER- CENT 9.9%	WGHTD PCT 9.4% 54.0%	RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES O 1 3 Numeric IABLE YD46 CODES O	FREQ 15067 1337 9376 25780 Pos: (:	58.4% 5.2% 36.4% 100.0%	7.1% 35.9% 100.0%
1 2 3 3 meric CODES 1 2	3950 14559 7271 25780 Pos: (3 FREQ 2562 14259 8959	15.3% 56.5% 28.2% 100.0% 3) 389-3 PER- CENT 9.9% 55.3%	PCT 14.7% 56.9% 28.4% 100.0% 390 WGHTD PCT 9.4% 54.0%	Not imputed	Numeric IABLE YD46 CODES 0	15067 1337 9376 25780 Pos: (58.4% 5.2% 36.4% 100.0%	94 PCT 57.0% 7.1% 35.9% 100.0%
meric IMPUTED CODES 1 2	14559 7271 25780 Pos: (C	56.5% 28.2% 100.0% 3) 389-3 PER- CENT 9.9% 55.3%	56.9% 28.4% 100.0% 390 WGHTD PCT 9.4% 54.0%	Regression based Dont know imputd TOTALS: Variable: MYD46 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI RESPONSE Not imputed	Numeric IABLE YD46 CODES 0	1337 9376 25780 Pos: (5.2% 36.4% 100.0% 3) 394-30 PER- CENT 65.0%	7.1% 35.9% 100.0%
CODES 1 2	Pos: (1 FREQ 2562 14259 8959	PER- CENT 9.9% 55.3%	WGHTD PCT 9.4% 54.0%	Variable: MYD46 IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES 0	Pos: (3) 394-39 PER- CENT 65.0%	WGHTD PCT
CODES 1 2	FREQ 2562 14259 8959	PER- CENT 9.9% 55.3%	WGHTD PCT 9.4% 54.0%	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARI RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES 0	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
1 2	2562 14259 8959	9.9% 55.3%	9.4% 54.0%	RESPONSE Not imputed	CODES		65.0%	PCT
1 2	2562 14259 8959	9.9% 55.3%	9.4% 54.0%	Not imputed			65.0%	PCT
2	14259 8959	55.3%	54.0%			16754	65.0%	
			30.3%	Dont know imputd		619 8407	2.4% 32.6%	2.7%
	25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
meric	Pos: (3) 391-3	391	Variable: MYF58A	Numeric	Pos: (3) 395-3	95
YD42				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	IABLE YF58A			
CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
0 1 3	17147 520 8113	2.0%	2.3%	Regression based	1	23946 1681 153	92.9% 6.5% 0.6%	91.8% 7.6% 0.6%
	25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
meric	Pos: (3) 392-	392	Variable: MYF58B	Numeric	Pos: (3) 396-3	196
YD44		_		IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VAR	IABLE YF58B		•	
CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
0 1 3	18489 784 6507	3.0%	3.9%	Regression based	1	23800 1727 253	92.3% 6.7% 1.0%	91.2% 7.9% 0.9%
	25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.02
	CODES One ic YD44 CODES One ic	CODES FREQ 0 17147 1 520 3 8113 25780 meric Pos: (YD44 CODES FREQ 0 18489 1 784 3 6507	CODES FREQ CENT 0 17147 66.5% 1 520 2.0% 3 8113 31.5% 25780 100.0% meric Pos: (3) 392- YD44 CODES FREQ CENT 0 18489 71.7% 1 784 3.0% 3 6507 25.2%	CODES FREQ CENT PCT 0 17147 66.5% 64.7% 1 520 2.0% 2.3% 3 8113 31.5% 33.0% 25780 100.0% 100.0% meric Pos: (3) 392-392 E YD44 CODES FREQ CENT PCT 0 18489 71.7% 71.5% 1 784 3.0% 3.9% 3 6507 25.2% 24.6%	PER- WGHTD RESPONSE	CODES	CODES	PER- WGHTD RESPONSE CODES FREQ CENT



Variable: MYF60A Nu	meric	Pos:	(3) 397-	397	Variable: MYF60E	Numeric	Pos:	(3) 401-	401
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	YF60A				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE YF60F			
			PER-	WGHTD		,,,,,,		252	
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	CENT	PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- Cent	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Regression based Dont know imputd	0 1 3	20672 1599 3509	80.2% 6.2% 13.6%		Not imputed	. 1	16685 1649 7446	64.7% 6.4% 28.9%	
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0
Variable: MYF60B Nur	meric	Pos: ((3) 398-	398	Variable: MYF60F	Numeric	Pos: (3) 402-	402
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	YF60B			145.	IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE YF60F			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Regression based Dont know imputd	0 1 3	19046 1719 5015	6.7%	70.8% 8.0% 21.2%	Not imputed	. 1	20196 1622 3962	6.3%	73.32 7.92 18.82
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
	neric	Pos: (3) 399-3	399	Variable: MYF60G	Numeric	Pos: (3) 403-4	403
IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	YF60C				IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIA	BLE YF60G			
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed Regression based Oont know imputd	0 1 3	20111 1597 4072	6.2%	76.2% 7.6% 16.2%	Not imputed	. 1	21547 1015 3218	3.9%	79.7% 4.7% 15.6%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%
Variable: MYF60D Num	eric	Pos: (3) 400-4	00	Variable: MYF60H	Numeric	Pos: (3) 404-4	404
MPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE	YF60D		_		IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIAB	SLE YF60H			· _
RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT	RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
lot imputedegression based	0 1 3	22128 1505 2147	85.8% 5.8% 8.3%	82.8% 7.3% 9.9%	Not imputed	1	21636 1497 2647	5.8%	80.8% 7.2% 12.0%
OTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.07	TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	

Variable: MYF60I	Numeric	Pos: (3) 405-405

IMPUTATION FLAG FOR VARIABLE YF601

RESPONSE	CODES	FREQ	PER- CENT	WGHTD PCT
Not imputed	0	16732	64.9%	63.9%
Regression based	1	1415	5.5%	5.6%
Dont know imputd	3	7633	29.6%	30.5%
TOTALS:		25780	100.0%	100.0%



Appendix Q

NSOPF-1993 National Technical Review Panel (NTRP) Members



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Appendix R

Technical Report:

Discrepancies in Faculty Estimates in the 1992-93 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty



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TECHNICAL REPORT:

Discrepancies in Faculty Estimates in the 1992-93 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty

Submitted to:

National Center for Education Statistics U.S. Department of Education 555 New Jersey Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20208

Submitted by:

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Executive Summary

Exploratory research with the NSOPF-88 datasets and the original 1993 NSOPF weighted faculty and institution datasets indicated several trends that contradicted expectations: (1) a shortfall in the estimated number of part-time faculty compared to the estimate from the NSOPF-88 datasets; (2) a decline of 37.3 percent of health sciences faculty from 1987; and (3) a substantial gap in total faculty estimates between the NSOPF-93 list (sampling frame) and faculty counts reported by administrators on the institution questionnaire. An investigation of these findings began in December 1995.

Scope of the investigation. The investigation consisted of four parts: (1) a comparison of institutions that fell into both NSOPF samples; (2) an analysis of discrepancies between three sets of NSOPF-93 faculty estimates: the list enumerations the institution supplied for sampling purposes, hereafter referred to as LIST; those reported on the institution questionnaire (hereafter referred to as the QUEX); and those provided by NCES's Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (hereafter referred to as IPEDS); (3) a data retrieval, verification, and reconciliation effort involving the recontact of 509 of the 817 NSOPF-93 participating institutions; (4) an independent review of the sampling, weighting, and imputation procedures used for the NSOPF-93.

Comparison of 1987 and 1992 samples. One hundred eighty-five institutions, representing 43.6 percent of the institutions responding to the 1987 institution questionnaire (185/424 respondents) and 21.2 percent of the institutions responding to the 1992 institution questionnaire (185/872), provided complete data in each survey. A comparison of these 185 institutions showed that part-time faculty increased over the five-year span by 16.7 percent. In the 49 institutions which operated medical schools or hospitals, the number of faculty in all employment status categories increased between 1987 and 1992. Although the findings of this subset of schools are not generalizable to all schools in the sample, these trends contradicted the findings based on the full NSOPF-93 sample.

Discrepancy and trends analysis. To identify systematic sources of discrepancies in faculty estimates between LIST and QUEX data sources, the analysis compared discrepancies between different types of institutions. The investigation found that LIST estimates tended to exceed QUEX estimates in large institutions, in institutions with medical components, and in private schools. QUEX estimates tended to be higher in smaller institutions, in institutions without medical components, and in public schools. Institutions supplied much higher QUEX estimates for part-time faculty than LIST estimates. Faculty lists submitted early in the list collection process showed little difference in the magnitude of QUEX/LIST discrepancies than faculty lists submitted later in the process. The only statistically significant discrepancy was noted in smaller institutions, where the institution questionnaire faculty count exceeded the count supplied on the faculty sampling list.

Retrieval, verification and reconciliation. In January and February 1996, a retrieval, verification, and reconciliation effort was undertaken. It involved recontacting 509 institutions, including 450 institutions whose reported total faculty estimate on the QUEX differed from the estimate supplied on the institution's LIST by 10 percent or more, and an additional 59 institutions NCES designated as operating medical schools or hospitals. All institutions employing health sciences faculty (n=120) participating in either the NSOPF-93 faculty survey or the NSOPF-93 institution survey were selected into the recontact sample. NORC staff received responses from 492 (96.6 percent) of the 509 institutions. Institution respondents identified the QUEX as being more accurate in 280 instances (56.9 percent), and the LIST as being more accurate for 122 (24.8 percent). Fifty-six institutions (11.4 percent) confirmed neither



estimate and provided a new estimate, and 5 (1 percent) of the schools chose IPEDS as the most accurate estimate. An additional 29 institutions (5.9 percent) could not verify any particular estimate and therefore the original LIST estimate was retained.

Review of sampling, weighting and imputation. An independent review found no errors in the sampling, weighting or imputation procedures used in NSOPF-93 for the original faculty dataset. In fact, faculty employment status (part-time/full-time) and primary area of teaching (i.e., where "health sciences" is designated) were imputed so rarely that no significant bias could have resulted. However, this review found a major cause for the shortfall in part-time faculty numbers: nonresponse. The reviewer was unfortunately limited in his examination of the health sciences faculty numbers because primary teaching area was not recorded for nonresponding faculty.

Recommendations. Several statistical adjustments to remedy existing problems in NSOPF-93 estimates were implemented. The first of these was the recalculation of the nonresponse weighting adjustment to correct for the known deficiency in the estimate of part-time faculty. Nonresponse adjustment did not, however, address the gap in faculty estimates between the QUEX and LIST totals. To remedy this problem, a poststratification adjustment using the "best estimate" identified during the retrieval, verification, and reconciliation effort was implemented. Several recommendations on survey design are proposed for field-testing in the next round of NSOPF.

Chapter I. Background and Scope of the Problem

In exploratory research using the original NSOPF-93 faculty dataset, the NSOPF staff at the National Opinion Research Center and its subcontractor, the Pelavin Research Institute, produced faculty estimates that diverged from expectations, in some cases significantly. Gaps appeared between the total number of faculty recorded on the faculty list (or sampling frame) and numbers of faculty institution administrators reported on the NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire. Discrepancies were also apparent in the estimates of faculty in the health sciences—although they appeared across other faculty disciplines as well—and in estimates of part-time faculty.

In the health sciences, population estimates of the total number of faculty showed a decline of 48,095 (or 37.3 percent) from estimates produced for NSOPF-88. These changes are displayed in Exhibit 1-1, which compares totals for the nine health sciences disciplines. These observations may have indicated a possible problem in the 1987-88 NSOPF dataset. The difficulty of obtaining and rechecking sampling and weighting data files prepared for the 1987 survey prevented further exploration of that dataset. A check with the Association of American Medical Colleges and other health sciences professional organizations cast doubt on the accuracy of the NSOPF-93 data. Data from these external sources suggested that the health sciences faculties had not declined sharply between 1987 and 1992. While the AAMC definitions of faculty do not match NSOPF definitions exactly, the 1994 AAMC Data Book reported that paid faculty (both full-time and part-time) in pre-clinical and clinical sciences in U.S. medical schools increased from 75,156 in 1987-88 to 94,641 in 1992-93. While the possibility of a problem in NSOPF-88 cannot be ruled out, the fact that external sources did not verify a substantial decline in health sciences faculty populations between 1987 and 1992 suggested that it was more prudent to focus the investigation on the original NSOPF-93 dataset.

Exhibit 1-2 compares weighted national faculty population estimates from two NSOPF-93 sources. It illustrates the weighted faculty estimates provided by institutions that supplied only a faculty sampling list (n=57), institutions which completed only the institution questionnaire (n=112) and institutions which supplied both a faculty sampling list and an institution questionnaire (n=760). Weights in the original faculty dataset summed to 899,765. This compared to a faculty population estimate of 1,035,055 derived from the institution questionnaire.

This discrepancy is well illustrated in the comparison between the 760 institutions for which both faculty-level data and institution-level data were available. For these institutions, weights in the original faculty dataset summed to 820,716. This number fell short of the total number of faculty reported on the institution questionnaire by 106,855. Part-time faculty accounted for the bulk of this shortfall (83,408 or 78 percent of the total shortfall). Since different sources were involved (i.e. faculty lists and institution questionnaires), it was reasonable to assume that the estimates would be different. However, discrepancies of these magnitudes were a reason for concern.

Both of these findings seemed counterintuitive, proceeding in the opposite direction of NCES's expectations. Some statistical and anecdotal evidence on higher education for the period in question (1987 to 1992) predicted an increase, rather than a decrease, in part-time faculty.

Tables 1 to 3 in the Attachment to this report illustrate changes in faculty totals between 1987 and 1992 reported in three different databases: the NSOPF institution survey, the NSOPF faculty survey and the National Center for Education Statistics Integrated Postsecondary Data System (IPEDS). Several trends are apparent in these tables: 1) that NSOPF-88 and the original NSOPF-93 survey reported higher totals

1



for faculty on the institution survey than on the faculty survey, and that faculty population estimates from both NSOPF-93 surveys exceeded those reported in the 1993 IPEDS; 2) that the original faculty dataset for NSOPF-93 indicated a full-time/part-time faculty breakdown of instructional faculty of 66.9 percent (full-time) to 33.1 percent (part-time), compared with the 57.6 percent (full-time) to 42.4 percent (part-time) breakdown for instructional faculty reported on the NSOPF-93 institutional questionnaire; and 3) that IPEDS and the NSOPF-93 institution survey recorded a growth in the percentage of part-time faculty between 1987 and 1992, while the NSOPF-93 faculty survey showed virtually no change in the distribution of full-time and part-time faculty.



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	Exhibit 1-1	l. Chang	Jes in hea	Ith sciences	faculty I	oetween NS	Exhibit 1-1. Changes in health sciences faculty between NSOPF-88 and NSOPF-93	0PF-93		
Principal Fields	NSOPF-88 faculty dataset	aculty da	taset	NSOPF-	NSOPF-93 original faculty dataset	al faculty	Diffe	rences betwo	Differences between 1992 and 1987	1987
·	Total #	Pct. full- time	Pct. part- time	Total #	Pct. full- time	Pct. part- time	Difference	Pct. change total	Pct. change full-time	Pct. change part-time
Health technology	8,904	56.6	43.4	10,101	64.2	35.8	1,197	13.4	28.7	-6.5
Dentistry	9,403	46.0	54.0	5,684	57.9	42.1	-3,719	-39.6	-23	-53
Health svc. admin.	1,295	61.8	38.2	1,137	49.9	50.1	-158	-12.2	-29	-15.3
Medicine/psychiatry	52,865	83.4	16.6	19,136	80.3	19.7	-33,729	-63.8	-65	-57
Nursing	25,902	74.7	26.3	25,573	77.0	23.0	-329	-1.3	3.2	-13.7
Pharmacy	3958	72.4	27.6	2,215	78.3	21.7	-1,743	-44	-39	-56.1
Public health	7,301	63.7	36.3	2,554	77.3	22.7	-4,747	-65	-57	-78.1
Veterinary medicine	2816	97.9	2.1	1,994	85.2	14.8	-822	-29.2	-38	394.8
Other health sciences	16,567	61.1	38.9	12,522	68.9	31.1	-4,045	-24.4	-14	-39.5
ALL HEALTH SCIENCES	129,011	72.7	27.3	80,916	73.5	26.5	-48,095	-37.3	-36	-39.1

Exhibit 1-2. Comparison of NSOPF-93 faculty counts

TOTAL FACULTY	ņ	Sum of original faculty weights (n = 817)	Weighted inst, quex count (n = 872)	Difference (total & pct.) (LIST-QUEX)/LIST
TOTAL		899,765	1,035,055	-135,290 (-15.0%)
List, No Quex	<u>57</u>	79,048		<u></u>
List & Quex	760	820,716	927,571	-106,855 (-13.0%)
Quex, No list	112		107,483	••

TOTAL FULL-TIME FACULTY	п	Sum of original faculty weights (n = 817)	Weighted inst. quex count (n = 872)	Difference (total & pct.) (LIST-QUEX)/LIST
TOTAL		595,340	615,191	-19,852 (-3.3%)
List, No Quex	57	61,530		
List & Quex	760	533,810	557,257	-23,44 7 (-4.4%)
Quex, No list	112		57,935	

TOTAL PART- TIME FACULTY	n	Sum of original faculty weights (n = 817)	Weighted inst. quex count (n = 872)	Difference (total & pct.) (LIST-QUEX)/LIST
TOTAL		304,426	419,864	-115,438 (-37.9%)
List, No Quex	57	17,519	<u></u>	<u>-</u>
List & Quex	760	286,907	370,315	-83,408 (-29.1%)
Quex, No list	112_		49,549	••

1.1 Comparing NSOPF-93 with NSOPF-88 Faculty Estimates

To take a closer look at trends in faculty estimates, institution questionnaire data for full-time and part-time faculty reported from institutions which participated in the NSOPF-88 and the NSOPF-93 institution survey was compared. One hundred ninety-seven institutions, representing 46.5 percent of the institutions responding to the 1987 questionnaire (197/424 respondents) and 22.6 percent of the institutions responding to the 1992 questionnaire (197/872), appeared in both surveys. Only institutions that provided complete data for total, full-time and part-time faculty for both 1987 and 1992 questionnaires were included in the comparisons. For this reason, no more than 185 of the 197 institutions could be compared. In addition, because of the special concern with the enumeration of health sciences faculty, the trends in faculty data were compared for institutions NCES designated as including a medical center or hospital. Forty-nine institutions so designated supplied complete data in both years. Totals for the numbers of faculty reported on 1987 and 1992 "matched" institution questionnaires are presented in Exhibits 1-3 and 1-4.

Exhibit 1-3. Data for institutions participating in NSOPF-88 and NSOPF-93

Totals reported	Number of matched institutions	1987	1992	Percent change, 1987-92 (standard error)
Full-time faculty	185	110,495	113,104	2.4 (2.9)
Part-time faculty	185	49,493	57,764	16.7 (9.5)
Total faculty	185	159,988	170,868	6.8* (2.9)

^{*}Significant at .05. Standard errors assume simple random sampling.

Exhibit 1-4. Data for NSOPF Medical Schools and Hospitals Only

Totals reported	Number of matched institutions	1987	1992	Percent change, 1987-92 (standard error)
Full-time faculty	49	60,575	61,389	1.3 (5.1)
Part-time faculty	49	20,441	23,757	16.2 (20.3)
Total faculty	49	81,016	85,146	5.1 (4.6)



This analysis provided two important pieces of information. First, the trends suggested run counter to the trends in the weighted data based on the original faculty lists. That is, more full-time and part-time faculty were reported in 1992 than in 1987 for this limited subset of institutions. The comparison of matched institutions also confirmed expectations that totals for medical faculty *did not decline* from 1987 to 1992, and that part-time faculty in both the medical and non-medical sectors showed noticeable increases. In fact, as the tables above show, trends in the subset of NSOPF institutions with hospitals and medical schools were virtually identical to the trends noted in the sample of NSOPF institutions which participated in both NSOPF-88 and NSOPF-93.

Exhibits 1-5 to 1-7, which divide the institutions into their institutional strata, demonstrate which types of institutions contributed disproportionately to the increase in full-time and part-time faculty. For instance, the public two-year institutions that appeared in the 1987 and 1992 surveys showed sizable and statistically significant increases in part-time faculty, with the number of part-time faculty increasing 38 percent and the total number of faculty increasing 28 percent. Public research institutions also showed a large (52.8 percent), although not statistically significant, increase in the number of part-time faculty employed between 1987 and 1992. Private doctoral institutions which completed institution questionnaires in both NSOPF rounds were the only type of institution to show declines in both full-time and part-time faculty from 1987 to 1992. However, as there are only 12 of these institutions in the entire subset of institutions, it is inadvisable to draw any conclusions about the statistical significance of this change.

Exhibit 1-5. Changes in matched institutions, 1987 to 1992 TOTAL FACULTY (unweighted data)

Stratum	n	1987 faculty count	1992 faculty count	Mean percent change (standard error)
Public research	32	56,466	59,965	6.2 (4.2)
Private research	13	24,602	25,404	3.3 (<u>10.9</u>)
Public doctoral	36	29,023	32,518	12.0* (4.4)
Private doctoral	12	9,566	7,879	-17.6* (7.1)
Public comprehensive	30	17,518	17,767	1.4 (7.4)
Private comprehensive	12	5,135	4,806	-6.4 (9.3)
Private liberal arts	6	920	1,183	28.6* (14.7)
Public two-year	35	14,838	18,920	27.5 (10.5)
Other	9	1,920	2,426	26.4 (31.7)

^{*}Significant at .05. Standard errors assume simple random sampling.



Exhibit 1-6. Changes in matched institutions, 1987 to 1992
FULL-TIME FACULTY (unweighted data)

Stratum	n	1987 faculty count	1992 faculty count	Mean percent change (standard error)
Public research	32	47,462	46,203	-2.7 (5.9)
Private research	13	13,930	15,632	12.2* (3.7)
Public doctoral	36	22,300	24,595	10.3* (3.4)
Private doctoral	12	5,058	4,353	-13.9 (11.9)
Public comprehensive	30	11,841	11,673	-1.4 (4.7)
Private comprehensive	12	2,470	2,530	2.4 (8.1)
Private liberal arts	6	720	849	17.9 (10.3)
Public two-year	35	5,520	6,032	9.3 (6.4)
Other	9	1,194	1,237	3.6 (7.7)

^{*}Significant at .05. Standard errors assume simple random sampling.



Exhibit 1-7. Changes in matched institutions, 1987 to 1992 PART-TIME FACULTY (unweighted data)

Stratum	n	1987 faculty count	1992 faculty count	Mean percent change (standard error)
Public research	32	9,004	13,762	52.8 (34.4)
Private research	13	10,672	9,772	-8.4 (22.0)
Public doctoral	36	6,723	7,923	17.8 (11.6)
Private doctoral	12	4,508	3,526	-21.8* (7.8)
Public comprehensive	30	5,677	6,094	7.3 (16.8)
Private comprehensive	12	2,665	2,276	-14.6 (16.3)
Private liberal arts	6	200	334	67.0*- (30.7)
Public two-year	35	9,318	12,888	38.3* (14.6)
Other	9	726	1,189	63.8 (76.7)

^{*}Significant at .05. Standard errors assume simple random sampling.

1.2 NSOPF-93 Procedures and Discrepancies

For NSOPF-93, the discrepancies might have indicated problems in the way sampled institutions enumerated their faculty during the October 1992-July 1993 list collection. During list collection, the faculty enumerations reported on lists from each participating institution were checked against 1991-92 IPEDS data for the same institution. In general, the faculty lists enumerated more faculty members than IPEDS, a factor which is illustrated in Exhibit 1-8. Moreover, paired t-tests comparing list and IPEDS counts (not shown) for total faculty and for significant subgroups of faculty (e.g. men and women, white and non-white faculty) indicated that the faculty sampling lists consistently accounted for a higher number of faculty than IPEDS. This pattern was expected and also occurred in NSOPF-88. The definition of faculty for NSOPF-93 was broader and more inclusive than the IPEDS definition and therefore, should have included a larger number of faculty. Exhibit 1-9 presents a comparison of the NSOPF and IPEDS definitions.

Exhibit 1-8. NSOPF counts of total faculty (unweighted) by source and year

(Faculty list/IPEDS) comparison		rations of faculty
LIST	232,618 (n=410)	490,935 (n = 718)
IPEDS	231,376 (n=410)	419,903 (n = 718)
(Institution questionnaire/list) comparison		
Questionnaire	236,121 (n=410)	495,235 (n = 760)
LIST	232,618 (n = 410)	477,692 (n = 760)
(Institution questionnaire/IPEDS) comparison		
Questionnaire	236,121 (n=410)	484,611 (n = 7,46)
IPEDS	231,376 (n=410)	405,636 (n = 746)



Exhibit 1-9. Definitions of faculty used in NSOPF-93 and IPEDS

National Study of Postsecondary Faculty Faculty Universe (NSOPF-93)

NCES Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS)

Unlike NSOPF-88, which was limited to faculty whose regular assignment included instruction, the faculty universe for NSOPF-93 was expanded to include anyone who was designated as faculty, whether or not their responsibilities included instruction, as well as other (nonfaculty) personnel with instructional responsibilities. Under this definition, researchers and administrators and other institutional staff who hold faculty positions, but who do not instruct, would be included in the sample. Instructional staff without faculty status would also be in the sample, but teaching assistants would not be included.

Eligibility criteria for faculty. The eligible universe of postsecondary faculty was defined as individuals who were:

- full- and part-time personnel whose regular assignment includes instruction
- full- and part-time faculty whose regular assignment includes only research
- permanent and temporary personnel who have any instructional duties, including those who have adjunct, acting, or visiting status
- faculty and instructional personnel on sabbatical leave
- administrators who have faculty status

Excluded from the NSOPF-93 universe of faculty were:

- faculty and other personnel with instructional duties outside the U.S. (but not faculty or sabbatical leave)
- temporary replacements for faculty and other instructional personnel
- faculty and other instructional and noninstructional personnel on leave without pay
- graduate teaching assistants
- military personnel who teach only ROTC courses
- instructional personnel supplied by independent contractors

Faculty eligibility criteria. The eligible universe of postsecondary faculty was defined as those members of the Instruction/Research staff who are reported on the IPEDS Fall Staff Survey. The following excerpt from the Fall Staff Survey Summary (OERI Form 27) describes eligible faculty:

"... all persons whose specific assignments customarily are made for the purpose of conducting instruction, research, or public service as a principal activity (or activities) and who hold academic-rank titles of professor, associate professor, assistant professor, instructor, lecturer, or the equivalent of any of these academic ranks. If their principal activity is instructional, report in this category deans, directors, or the equivalent, as well as associate deans, assistant deans, and executive officers of academic departments (chairpersons, heads, or the equivalent). Do not include student teachers or research assistants..."



The time gap between list collection and questionnaire completion for NSOPF-93 also appeared likely to introduce additional variability in reporting faculty enumerations. Lists were submitted between October 1992 and July 1993, and the institution survey was conducted between September 1993 and May 1994. The NSOPF-93 data collection therefore encompassed a 20-month period. For NSOPF-88, the data collection period extended from December 1987 to October 1988 (10 months). Though Exhibit 1-8 shows that faculty counts were higher on the questionnaire than on the list for both NSOPF years, the difference was much greater than anticipated for NSOPF-93.

Institutional Coordinators—individuals designated by each institution to supply lists of faculty for sampling purposes—may have neglected to include medical school and part-time faculty on their institutions' lists. This seemed a plausible explanation as anecdotal evidence suggested that several major institutions had "spun off" medical centers and hospitals from their main campuses. In addition, the often-tenuous institutional status of part-time faculty members at most institutions suggested a greater likelihood that institution reports of part-time faculty might, for various reasons, be incomplete even after these estimates were verified against the previous year's IPEDS estimates for NSOPF-93. Those completing the institution questionnaires—fewer than one-half (385/872 or 44.2 percent) of whom were the same individuals who oversaw preparation of their institution's faculty list—may have inadvertently omitted part-timers and medical or hospital-affiliated faculty in reporting their faculty enumerations on the institution questionnaire.

Chapter II. Discrepancy and Trend Analysis

The investigation of original NSOPF-93 dataset consisted of three parts: (1) an analysis of discrepancies between three sets of estimates: the faculty list enumerations the institution supplied for sampling purposes (hereafter referred to as LIST); faculty estimates reported on the institution questionnaire (hereafter referred to as QUEX); and NCES's Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (hereafter referred to as IPEDS); (2) a data retrieval, verification, and reconciliation effort involving the recontact of NSOPF-93 participating institutions with LIST/QUEX discrepancies of 10 percent or more and all participating institutions with a medical school or hospital; and (3) a review of the sampling, weighting, and imputation procedures used for the 1992-93 NSOPF. This chapter reports on the discrepancies, Chapter 3 reports on reconciliation and verification effort, and Chapter 4 reports on the review of sampling, weighting and imputation procedures.

Of a target sample of 974 postsecondary institutions, 962 (99 percent) were eligible for inclusion in the NSOPF-93 sample. Of the 962 eligible institutions, 817 (85 percent) institutions agreed to participate in the NSOPF-93 full-scale study. "Participation" was defined as providing an enumeration of faculty that could be used for sampling purposes. A total of 872 (91 percent) of the 962 eligible institutions responded by completing an institution questionnaire. Thus, the 509 institutions recontacted for the retrieval and reconciliation effort represented 62.3 percent of the 817 participating institutions and 58.4 percent of 872 institutions that completed an institution questionnaire.

2.1 Discrepancy Analysis

Discrepancies in faculty estimates from the three sources (LIST, QUEX, and IPEDS) were inevitable, owing to the varying definitions used and the different data systems postsecondary institutions maintain to account for faculty. To identify systematic patterns of discrepancies in faculty estimates between institution questionnaire data and other data sources, a number of institutional characteristics were considered. These were: size (smaller or larger than the median), control (public or private), type (two-year versus four-year), and stratum. Medical and non-medical institutions were also compared.

Institution Size. Institutions were divided into "small" and "large" at the median faculty count for institutions in each of the three comparison sets. For the LIST/IPEDS comparison, institutions were divided at the median IPEDS faculty count of 352. For the QUEX/LIST comparison, institutions were divided at the median LIST count of 363 faculty members. And for the QUEX/IPEDS comparison, institutions were divided at the median IPEDS faculty count of 321 faculty members. Paired t-tests comparing mean discrepancies and mean percent discrepancies are reported in Exhibits 2-1 and 2-2.

The significant differences found in five of the six LIST/IPEDS comparisons underscore a point made earlier: that the NSOPF-93 faculty list, which used a more expansive definition of faculty members than the IPEDS dataset, consistently accounted for a greater number of faculty members than IPEDS. In the QUEX/LIST comparison, the only significant difference noted occurred in smaller institutions, where the NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire consistently enumerated an average of 68 faculty members more than the faculty list. Expressed in percentage terms, institution questionnaire faculty counts tended to report an average of 39 percent more faculty members than did the sampling lists these institutions submitted. For the most part, the QUEX/IPEDS comparison mirrors the LIST/IPEDS comparison. This reflects the general pattern of observations: QUEX faculty counts tend to exceed LIST faculty counts, which, in turn, tend to exceed IPEDS faculty counts. The difference in definitions of faculty members used in both QUEX and LIST and the definition used in IPEDS reinforces this pattern.



Type and Control. In general, it was found that institution type (two-year or four-year) and institution control (public or private) were not significant factors in explaining discrepancies in faculty counts between the original faculty list and the NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire.

Exhibit 2-1. Discrepancies by institution characteristics: size, type and control Mean differences (matched pairs)

Comparison	LIST	- IPEDS	συ	EX - LIST	Q	UEX-IPEDS
Institution characteristic	n	Mean difference (standard error)**	n	Mean difference (standard error)**	n	Mean difference (standard error)**
SIZE						
Small	360	59.7* (8.2)	382	68.3* (12.1)	374	77.0* (8.8)
Large	358	138.4* (42.0)	378	-22.6 (31.3)	372	134.9* (39.2)
CONTROL						
Public	500	101.8* (17.4)	529	38.2 (22.4)	520	130.9* (18.6)
Private	218	92.4 (58.2)	231	-11.5 (20.7)	226	48.2 (50.4)
ТҮРЕ			_			
Two-year	225	62.2* (18.7)	267	40.9 (23.2)	250	100.0* (24.4)
Four-year	493	115.7 * (29.9)	493	13.4 (22.7)	496	108.8* (27.5)

^{*}Significant at .05.



^{**}Standard errors assume simple random sampling.

Exhibit 2-2. Discrepancies by institution characteristics: Size, type and control Percent Differences (Paired t-tests)

Comparison	LIST	- IPEDS	QUI	EX - LIST	QU	EX - IPEDS		
Institution characteristic	n	Percent difference (standard error)**	n	Percent difference (standard error)**	n	Percent difference (standard error)**		
SIZE								
Small	360	34.6* (4.8)	382	38.8* (6.9)	374	47.4* (5.6)		
Large	358	13.8* (4.5)	378	-2.1 (2.9)	389	14.5* (4.6)		
CONTROL		·						
Public	500	16.2* (2.9)	529	5.6 (3.4)	5 2 0	22.2* (3.3)		
Private	218	18.9 (13.2)	231	-2.3 (4.0)	226	10.9 (12.5)		
TYPE								
Two-year	225	17.3* (5.6)	267	9.7 (5.8)	250	28.5* (7.6)		
Four-year	493	16.8* (4.7)	493	1.8 (3.1)	475	17.0* (4.7)		

^{*}Significant at .05.
**Standard errors assume simple random sampling.

Stratum. Discrepancies also appeared in strata used to categorize institutions in NSOPF-88 and NSOPF-93, as Exhibits 2-3 and 2-4 illustrate. The stratum variable used here is the modified Carnegie stratum variable available on the NSOPF-93 faculty and institution data files. As in Exhibits 2-1 and 2-2, the LIST/IPEDS and QUEX/IPEDS discrepancies show similar patterns. However, differences between faculty counts reported on the NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire and the original faculty list do not appear to be significantly different from zero. In fact, when viewed in percentage terms, LIST/QUEX discrepancies are quite small (smaller than 10 percent) in most strata.

Exhibit 2-3. Mean differences (matched pairs) in faculty counts, by stratum (modified Carnegie)

Comparison	LIS	ST - IPEDS	αι	JEX - LIST	αι	JEX - IPEDS
Stratum	n	Mean difference (standard error)**	n	Wean difference (standard error)**	n	Mean difference (standard error)**
Public research	63	251.1* (97.4)	56	45.9 (146.4)	57	322.2* (109.4)
Private research	28	193.5 (425.9)	26	-71.2 (85.9)	25	-115.7 (447.2)
Public doctoral	73	148.0* (51.9)	69	27.1 (66.9)	72	144.6* (31.3)
Private doctoral	44	255.8* (102.0)	48	-66.3 (79.1)	41	172.4* (49.5)
Public comprehensive	132	73.0* (16.1)	133	16.9 (24.4)	134 .	82.8* (18.6)
Private comprehensive	63	27.2 (15.5)	62	35.2 (28.3)	65	75.8* (27.6)
Private liberal arts	55	22.8* (7.0)	58	-8.3 (5.5)	60	13.4* (6.4)
Public two-year	225	64.5* (18.7)	263	42.1 (23.6)	250	102.7* (24.5)
Other	35	17.6* (5.9)	45	69.6 (45.9)	42	84.0 (49.6)

^{*}Significant at .05.

^{**}Standard errors assume simple random sampling.

Exhibit 2-4. Percent differences in faculty counts (matched pairs), by stratum (modified Carnegie)

Comparison	LIST	- IPEDS	ΩU	EX - LIST	αu	EX - IPEDS
Stratum	n	Mean difference (standard error)**	n	Mean difference (standard error)**	n	Mean difference (standard error)**
Public research	63	13.3* (5.3)	56	2.2 (6.9)	57	17.3* (5.9)
Private research	28	10.6 (24.6)	26	-3.8 (4.4)	25	-6.3 (22.5)
Public doctoral	73	19.6 * (6.9)	69	3.1 (7.7)	72	19.4* (4.8)
Private doctoral	44	46.7* (19.0)	48	-8.9 (9.6)	41	32.3* (9.7)
Public comprehensive	132	16.8* (4.0)	133	3.4 (5.0)	134	19.4* (4.8)
Private comprehensive	63	8.0 (4.7)	62	10.0 (8.2)	65	24.8* (9.6)
Private liberal arts	55	18.2* (6.1)	58	-5.9 (3.7)	60	10.4 <i>*</i> (5.2)
Public two-year	225	17.9* (5.6)	263	9.7 (5.7)	250	29.1* (7.6)
Other	35	14.8* (5.3)	45	66.0 (43.4)	42	69.5 (41.8)

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^{*}Significant at .05.
**Standard errors assume simple random sampling.

Full-time versus part-time. Exhibits 2-5 and 2-6 present paired t-tests for discrepancies between counts of part-time and full-time faculty provided by all institutions. The comparisons presented here include only those institutions which provided complete data for faculty counts of either part-time or full-time faculty members in each of the comparison sets. Patterns of discrepancies observed in these tables are similar to those observed in other exhibits. IPEDS consistently provides the lowest faculty counts. Original faculty lists appear to enumerate fewer faculty members than institution questionnaires, but the discrepancies in these QUEX/LIST comparisons are not statistically significant.

Exhibit 2-5. Paired t-tests: List, IPEDS and questionnaire data Mean differences (full-time and part-time faculty), paired t-tests

Comparison	(LIST - IPEDS)		(QUI	EX - LIST)	(QUEX - IPEDS)	
Analysis/subgroup	n	Mean difference (standard error)**	n	Mean difference (standard error)**	n	Mean difference (standard error)**
Part-time	602	48.3* (21.4)	681	8.5 (11.5)	688	43.7 * (16.9)
Full-time	647	44.5* (8.6)	684	17.5 (11.4)	746	51.2* (9.0)

^{*}Significant at .05.

Exhibit 2-6. Paired t-tests: List, IPEDS and questionnaire data Mean percent differences (full-time and part-time faculty)

Comparison	(LIST - IPEDS)		(QUEX - LIST)		(QUEX - IPEDS)	
Analysis/subgroup	n	Percent difference (standard error)**	<i>n</i> .	Percent difference (standard error)**	<i>n</i>	Percent difference (standard error)**
Part-time	602	24.2* (12.2)	681	3.7 (5.1)	688	22.4*
Full-time	647	11.1* (2.2)	684	4.4 (2.9)	746	14.1*

Significant at .05.

Date of list collection. It was speculated that the lists received early in the list collection process were of higher quality. Institutions that submitted faculty lists earlier in the list collection process may have possessed better record-keeping systems than those that submitted lists later and therefore would have shown smaller discrepancies. The t-test displayed in Exhibit 2-7 challenges this view. While it is true that a closer correspondence between the LIST and QUEX counts can be observed in the earliest months of list collection, no discrepancy (either mean difference or mean percent difference) throughout the list collection process reached statistical significance when compared to the null hypothesis of no discrepancy.



^{* *}Standard errors assume simple random sampling.

^{**}Standard errors assume simple random sampling.

Exhibit 2-7. Month-by-month discrepancies, QUEX - LIST comparison

Comparison	n :	Mean difference (standard error)**	Mean percent difference (standard error)**
November 1992	235	15.0 (21.6)	2.2 (3.2)
December 1992	113	-36.4 (50.1)	-5.0 (6.6)
January 1993	54	97.7 (100.7)	13.8 (14.2)
February 1993	95	-8.7 (32.4)	-1.5 (5.3)
March 1993	77	43.2 (25.5)	8.5 (5.1)
April 1993	97	63.5 (49.6)	14.7 (11.7)
May 1993	42	135.3 (84.4)	26.3 (17.5)
June 1993	42	-45.3 (122.6)	-5.5 (14.0)
July 1993	5	83.2 (160.1)	8.1 (16.9)

^{*}Significance at .05 percent, based on paired sample t-tests.

Medical versus non-medical institutions. The analysis found significant differences in the pattern of discrepancy between institutions IPEDS designated as "medical" and non-medical, as well as institutions IPEDS identified as hospital-related and non-hospital related. Exhibit 2-8 illustrates these patterns, concentrating on discrepancies between faculty lists and institution questionnaires. The findings considered in this exhibit reflect only discrepancies observed in institutions that responded to the NSOPF-93 institution or faculty survey. This sample of institutions does not coincide with the institutions characterized as "medical" on the NSOPF-93 institution frame. Therefore, while suggestive of general trends, the analysis is not meant to characterize the population of all medical- or hospital-related institutions in the U.S.

The analysis confounded expectations. It was anticipated that faculty counts on faculty sampling lists would be significantly lower than faculty counts reported on institution questionnaires for institutions that included a medical center or hospital. Instead, significant QUEX/LIST discrepancies were more likely to be found in non-medical institutions. A major part of this pattern of discrepancy appears to result from the under-enumeration of faculty on the faculty sampling lists (or conversely, the overcounting of faculty on the institution questionnaire). Judging by the negative signs appearing on the mean and percent discrepancies for medical- and hospital-related institutions (i.e. indicating that faculty counts provided on lists tended to be, on average, greater than faculty counts supplied on institution



^{**}Standard errors assume simple random sampling.

questionnaires), problems in estimates of health sciences faculty do not appear to stem from the exclusion of large numbers of medical faculty from the faculty sampling lists.

Exhibit 2-8. Mean difference and percent differences in faculty counts (matched pairs)
Institutions with medical and hospital faculty

		<u>·</u>	<u> </u>		
	Medica	al vs. non-medical institu	utions		
		fferences X-LIST)	Mean percent differences (QUEX-LIST/LIST)		
	Total	Total faculty		faculty	
Institution type	<i>N</i>	Mean (SE)	~	Mean (SE)	
Medical	100	-22.9 (102.0)	100	-1.3 (5.7)	
Non-medical	660	30.1* (11.7)	660	6.6* (2.7)	
	Hospita	al vs. non-hospital instit	utions		
		fferences X-LIST)	Mean percent differences (QUEX-LIST/LIST)		
	Total	faculty	Total faculty		
Institution type	N	Mean (SE)	~	Mean (SE)	
Hospital	55	-153.3 (160.5)	55	-8.3 (8.3)	
Non-hospital	705	36.8* (13.1)	705	6.9* (2.5)	

^{*}Significant at .05.

The discrepancy analysis suggested that institution size was the most important predictor of a significant discrepancy between faculty counts recorded on the institution questionnaire and faculty counts recorded on the faculty sampling list. Smaller institutions showed significantly higher counts of faculty on the institution questionnaire as compared to the faculty sampling list.

2.2 Trend Analysis: 1987 and 1992

Discrepancies between faculty lists and institution questionnaires occurred in 1987 as well as in 1992. Mean discrepancies between and among the sources has not only persisted over time, but appear, in some cases, to have grown between 1987 and 1992. These discrepancies have persisted even though the criteria for defining faculty were expanded in 1992 to be more inclusive rather than exclusive. Exhibit 2-9 presents results of two-sample t-tests that measure the differences in discrepancies between 1987 and 1992.



^{**}Standard errors assume simple random sampling.

Exhibit 2-9. Comparison of 1987 and 1992 discrepancies
Two-sample t-tests*

Statistic	Year	n	Mean	Standard error**	T-test p value*
LIST - IPEDS	1987	410	3.0	17.3	ρ>.05
Mean discrepancy	1992	718	98.9	21.2	
QUEX - LIST	1987	410	8.5	16.2	ρ>.05
Mean discrepancy	1992	760	23.1	16.8	
QUEX - IPEDS	1987	410	11.6	14.7	ρ>.05
Mean discrepancy	1992	746	105.9	20.0	
(L-I)/I (%)	1987	410	14.1	3.8	ρ>.05
Mean percent discrepancy	1992	718	16.9	3.9	
(Q-L)/L (%)	1987	410	11.4	3.2	ρ>.05
Mean percent discrepancy	1992	760	3.7	2.7	
(Q-I)/I (%)	1987	410	15.8	3.6	ρ>.05
Mean percent discrepancy	1992	746	19.5	4.1	

^{*} Incorporates Satterthwaite correction for inequality of variances.

The widening discrepancy between faculty sampling lists and IPEDS suggests that NSOPF-93's more inclusive faculty definition served the purpose of increasing the number of faculty enumerated when compared with NSOPF-88. If mean percent discrepancies are compared between 1987 and 1992, the discrepancy between faculty counts derived from sampling lists and from institution questionnaires appears to have declined significantly. From this point of view, NSOPF-93 represented a significant improvement over NSOPF-88. Despite this, the analysis in this chapter demonstrated that discrepancies in the 1992 data were still too large to provide reliable population estimates. For this reason, a recontacting and verification effort was necessary. Chapter 3 details that effort.



^{**} Standard errors assume simple random sampling.

Chapter III. Retrieval, Verification, and Reconciliation

This chapter discusses the effort to recontact NSOPF-93 participating institutions that 1) had QUEX/LIST discrepancies of 10 percent or more in their faculty estimates; and 2) were designated by NCES as including medical schools or hospitals. The recontact effort's objective was to determine which set of faculty estimates was correct (QUEX, LIST or, in some instances, a third set of estimates), and to determine the reasons for the original reporting discrepancies.

3.1 Identifying Institutions for Retrieval and Reconciliation

Discrepancies of 10 percent or more between faculty counts derived from the institution-provided sampling list of faculty (LIST) and the faculty counts provided in the institution questionnaire (QUEX) were identified and sorted according to the magnitude of the discrepancy. Faculty lists furnished counts for total faculty, full-time faculty, and part-time faculty. The institution questionnaire reported separate counts of each of four types of faculty in the institution: full-time instructional faculty, full-time noninstructional faculty, part-time instructional faculty, and part-time noninstructional faculty. For the discrepancy analysis, institution questionnaire (i.e., QUEX) counts for full-time and part-time faculty were derived by adding together instructional and non-instructional faculty for each type of faculty employment status (i.e., full-time, part-time). Then total faculty counts were derived by adding together QUEX counts for full-time and part-time faculty.

Of the 760 ("matched") institutions which provided both a completed institution questionnaire and a list of faculty, 450 (59 percent) showed a discrepancy of 10 percent or more between the questionnaire and the list. All 120 institutions (of the 817 participating institutions) designated by NCES as affiliated with hospitals or medical centers were included in the recontacting effort. Of these institutions, 61 were included in the set of institutions with discrepancies of 10 percent or more. Therefore, the sample of institutions selected for recontact totaled 509, which included 59 institutions employing health sciences faculty which had less than a 10 percent discrepancy. These 509 represented 62.3 percent of the 817 institutions whose faculty members participated in the NSOPF-93 faculty survey.

3.2 Review of Hard Copy Lists

Hard copy lists and other documentation were reviewed to validate new information supplied by institutions, to assist institutions in resolving discrepancies, or whenever evidence suggested a data entry or list processing error that could be corrected by a review of the hard copy documents.

Lists of faculty and accompanying documentation supplied by institutions NCES identified as having medical centers and hospitals were reviewed to check for the presence of eligible teaching, research, and clinical health sciences faculty in the relevant specialties. If the inclusion of health sciences faculty could not be determined, this issue was reviewed with the institution's staff.



3.3 Telephone Follow-up for Retrieval and Reconciliation

Five telephone interviewers were trained to recontact institutions to retrieve accurate estimates for fulland part-time faculty, and to determine the reason(s) for the discrepancy between the list and questionnaire data.

Training included both a general project overview and a briefing on the problems encountered in the original data collection effort for the list and institution questionnaire. Because the institution questionnaire respondent was the most recent contact with the institution, interviewers were instructed to begin their follow-up with him or her. If necessary, interviewers also contacted the Institutional Coordinator (the institution-assigned person who oversaw production of the faculty list, if a different person from the institution questionnaire respondent), staff in human resources or personnel, the director of institutional research, or other contacts suggested by informants or listed among documents as assisting in the preparation of the list and/or questionnaire.

A "Discrepancy Analysis Summary" (See Exhibit 3-1) was produced for each institution targeted for follow-up and reconciliation. This summary provided the following information for each institution:

- the name and UNITID of each institution;
- the total percentage of the discrepancy; and
- totals of full- and part-time faculty for both the list and the questionnaire.

The form also provided a place for interviewers to correct list and/or questionnaire estimates according to information provided by each institution and/or to code which set of figures was more accurate, or to insert a new set of estimates. A set of codes was provided for the most common reasons for discrepancies; a space was also provided for further comments or explanations. Three additional codes were added to the codes listed on the Discrepancy Analysis Summary form during the field period: Code 12 ("layoffs/downsizing" between list and questionnaire), Code 35 (non-teaching, non-faculty included in LIST or QUEX), and Code 62 (full-time equivalents [FTEs] used instead of headcount on questionnaire). Contacts (by fax and E-mail, as well as telephone) were recorded on a separate Record of Calls (see Exhibit 3-2).

Additional information useful in assessing the list and questionnaire data (e.g., the dates the list and questionnaire were completed), as well as hard copy list documentation was provided.

The field period for this reconciliation effort extended from January 3, 1996 through early March, 1996. An earlier start was precluded because most institutions were closed for the Christmas holidays.



EXHIBIT 3-1 Discrepancy Analysis Summary
QPCT = 34.294
Name of Institution: MIDWESTERN UNIVERSITY UNITID: 100000
Main Telephone:
List data: ft 241 pt 1 pt 225 total 347 total 466
Discrepancy resolved by:
Most accurate data is found in (circle one): list quex neither
Correction to list:totalftpt
Correction to quex:totalftpt
Discrepancy is the result of: 10 different academic base years for list/quex 11 different terms (quarters/semesters)used for list/quex 20 all part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from list 21 all part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from quex 22 some part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from quex 23 some part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from quex 24 some full-time faculty excluded from list (explain) 25 some full-time faculty excluded from quex (explain) 30 larger figure (quex) is aggregate of all campuses 31 larger figure (list) is aggregate of all campuses 32 medical school excluded from list 33 medical school excluded from list 40 data entry error by NORC (quex) 41 data entry error by NORC (list) 50 data entry error by institution (explain) 60 differing definitions of ft faculty used for list/quex 61 differing definitions of pt faculty used for list/quex 70 Other (explain) 71 Refusal/no explanation Comments/Explanations:



1/96 4552 NSOPF-93 Record of Calls ame of institution					
atitution Coordinator Phone uestionnaire Respondent none ther Contacts: stitutional Research none arsonnel none ther none ther none omments/Explanations: utcomes: 1 pending 2 pending (fax or email)Fax # email address 3 Discrepancy resolved 4 Refusal/no information available/supervisor review ecord of contacts Date/Time Name/Title of contact Comments (callbacks, appts.) Outcome Initials			1/96 4552 NSOPF-93 Record of Calls		
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1 pending 2 pending (fax or email)Fax #					
3 Discrepancy resolved 4 Refusal/no information available/supervisor review ecord of contacts Date/Time Name/Title of contact Comments (callbacks, appts.) Outcome Initials					
Date/Time Name/Title of contact Comments (callbacks, appts.) Outcome Initials	2 pending (fax	or email)Fax #	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Date/Time Name/Title of contact Comments (callbacks, appts.) Outcome Initials	2 pending (fax email addre 3 Discrepancy	or email)Fax # ss resolved	<u> </u>	_	
	2 pending (fax email addre 3 Discrepancy 4 Refusal/no in	or email)Fax #ss_ resolved nformation available/superv	<u> </u>	_	
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3.4 Results of the Retrieval and Reconciliation Effort

Of the 817 institutions which submitted faculty lists, 509 institutions were selected for recontact. The recontact effort netted responses from 492 (96.7 percent) of the 509 institutions. Institution respondents identified the QUEX as being more accurate in 280 instances (56.9 percent), and the LIST as being more accurate for 122 (24.8 percent). Fifty-six institutions (11.4 percent) confirmed neither estimate and supplied new data, and 5 (1 percent) of the schools chose IPEDS as the most accurate estimate. An additional 29 institutions (5.9 percent) could not verify any particular estimate and therefore accepted the original LIST estimate was retained. Exhibit 3-3 displays these sources of verified data.

Exhibit 3-3. Sources for verified estimates from reconciliation effort (n = 492)

Source for verified estimate	Number of institutions	Percentage of responses
QUEX correct	280	56.9
LIST correct	122	24.8
Neither LIST nor QUEX correct, new data provided	56	11.4
Institution unable to choose, LIST estimate accepted	29	5.9
Other source (i.e., IPEDS) correct	5	1.0

When contacted, institution respondents were asked to provide an explanation for discrepancies between faculty list counts and institution questionnaire counts. Institutions were allowed to offer as many as three explanations for the discrepancies between their LIST and QUEX estimates. Three-hundred and seventy-four (374) institution respondents provided at least one explanation for discrepancies in faculty enumerations. Exhibit 3-4 details these responses. The second, third and fourth columns in the table give frequency breakdowns for the first, second and third reasons institutions offered for discrepancies. While the first, second and third reasons likely reflect the most important, the second most important and the least important explanation institutions gave for discrepancies, institutions were not asked explicitly to prioritize the explanations. The final column in Exhibit 3-4 reports frequencies for all explanations offered for all institutions which were able to provide an explanation for their discrepancies. This column of "valid" responses excludes refusals and "no explanation" responses.

The most common reason offered for discrepancies was the exclusion of some full- or part-time faculty, rather than the erroneous inclusion of non-instructional staff without faculty status, honorary/unpaid faculty, or other categories of ineligible staff. One hundred and eighty institutions (38.8 percent of all valid responses) gave this explanation as a reason for the discrepancies. Another factor in the discrepancies was the time interval (in some instances a year or more) between the time the list of faculty was compiled and the time the institution questionnaire was completed. For example, the list did not always include new hires for the fall term. Downsizing affected faculty counts at several institutions, and this was reflected in the discrepancies between list and questionnaire data. It is also worth noting



that about 159 of reconciled institutions refused or were unable to provide a specific reason for the discrepancies.

Exhibit 3-4. Explanations institutions gave for discrepancies between LIST and QUEX (unweighted frequencies)

EXPLANATION	1st reason cited (percent) (n = 492)	2nd reason cited (percent) (n = 492)	3rd reason cited (percent) (n = 492)	Total reasons (all valid answers) (percent) (n = 464)
Different academic base years for LIST & QUEX	1.6			1.7
Different academic terms used for LIST & QUEX	10.8			11.4
Layoffs or downsizing	1.6	0.2	••	1.9
All part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from LIST	4.3	0.2		4.7
All part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from QUEX	1.6		••	1.7
Some part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from LIST	19.3	1.8		22.4
Some part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from QUEX	4.7	1.8		6.9
Some full-time faculty excluded from LIST	2.4	12.2	0.8	16.4
Some full-time faculty excluded from QUEX	0.8	2.2		3.2
Higher QUEX figure is an aggregate of all campuses	3.3		••	3.4
Higher LIST figure is an aggregate of all campuses	1.2	0.2		1.5
Medical school excluded from LIST	0.4	0.2		0.6
Medical school excluded from QUEX	0.6	0.8		1.5
Unpaid/Honorary faculty excluded	1.2			1.3
Ineligible faculty included in error	4.7	0.4	••	5.4
Data entry error by institution	2.0	0.4		2.6
Different definitions of full-time faculty used	2.2	0.8	0.6	3.9
Different definitions of part-time faculty used	1.6	1.8	0.6	4.3
FTEs used instead of headcount	.6			0.6
Other	2.6	1.2	0.2	4.3
Refusal/no explanation/no answer	32.3	75.6	97.8	



When institutions provided a different set of faculty counts from either the original faculty list or from the institution questionnaire, their reasons varied widely. Some institutions provided a third set of numbers most often when they recognized their previous LIST or QUEX numbers contained obvious errors (e.g. including non-faculty staff). Nevertheless, most institutions that supplied a new set of estimates could not supply a specific reason for rejecting the previous set of counts in favor of the new set.

The retrieval and verification effort also confirmed that a small number of institutions excluded medical school faculty from their lists of faculty. In these cases, institutions considered their medical schools as separate from their main campuses. This resulted in sizable discrepancies at two major institutions, which included medical school faculty in one set of counts, but not in the other.

The reconciliation effort uncovered an unanticipated explanation for discrepancies. Some institutions provided "full-time equivalents" (FTEs) on the institution questionnaire rather than the actual headcount of part-time faculty. While this phenomenon was observed at only three institutions, this may highlight a general institutional bias towards underreporting part-time faculty members both on the QUEX and the LIST. Because the number of part-time instructional faculty an institution employs is a sensitive issue at some campuses, some institutions may prefer to report FTEs rather than individuals employed.

In some instances, however, where part-time faculty were overreported (on either the list or the questionnaire) the reason involved confusion between the pool of part-time or temporary staff employed by or available to the institution during the course of the academic year, and the number actually employed during the fall semester (some may not have worked at the institution for years). Another source of faculty overreporting (particularly at medical institutions) was an inability to distinguish honorary/unpaid part-time faculty from paid faculty and teaching staff.

3.5 Results of Reconciliation at Institutions Employing Health Sciences Faculty

The recontact effort included 120 institutions operating medical schools or hospitals. Exhibit 3-5 reports sources of verified data for those institutions. Exhibit 3-6 shows reasons these institutions cited for discrepancies between their institution questionnaires and their original faculty lists.

Exhibit 3-5. Sources for verified estimates from the reconciliation effort for institutions employing health sciences faculty

Source for verified estimate	Percentage of responses		
QUEX correct	45.7		
LIST correct	31.9		
Neither LIST nor QUEX correct, new data provided	6.9		
Institution unable to choose, LIST estimate accepted	12.1		
Other source (i.e., IPEDS) correct	3.4		



As shown in Exhibit 3-6, the most common explanation for discrepancies between counts on faculty lists and institution questionnaires for institutions with health sciences faculty was the exclusion of some part-time or full-time faculty from the list. This explanation accounted for nearly 30 percent of all explained discrepancies. Generally, institutions were more likely to exclude eligible faculty than to include ineligible faculty.

Some special problems appeared when data were collected from institutions with health sciences faculty. Medical schools are more likely to have complicated payrolls than other institutions and often do not define faculty in traditional terms. As noted earlier, some institutions also find it difficult to distinguish between unpaid "honorary" faculty and those receiving a regular paycheck. "Visiting" faculty can be defined as such for teaching no more than a single lecture (and again may not be paid).

In some cases, institutions may also find it difficult to distinguish "full-time" and "part-time" staff. For example, at one hospital-affiliated medical school, any faculty member paid with institutional (rather than hospital) funds is considered full-time, though the majority of faculty members spend most of their time in private practice and would be considered part-time at most other institutions. For this particular institution, all faculty were listed as part-time on their list of faculty, yet were reported as full-time on the institution questionnaire.

Ten large institutions considered their medical school a separate entity and therefore did not include medical faculty in their list and/or questionnaires. Three institutions excluded their medical school from their faculty sampling lists and seven excluded their medical school from their institution questionnaire. In addition, because faculty estimates must sometimes be supplied by individual schools within institutions (e.g., Surgery, Dentistry, Osteopathy, etc.), two institutions excluded one or more individual schools that did not supply data in a timely fashion, or which were located at a separate campus.



Exhibit 3-6. Explanations institutions gave for discrepancies between LIST and QUEX institutions with health sciences faculty (unweighted frequencies)

EXPLANATION	1st reason cited (percent) (n = 120)	2nd reason cited (percent) (n = 120)	3rd reason cited (percent) (n = 120)	Total reasons (from all valid answers) (percent) (n = 116)
Different academic base years for LIST & QUEX	1.7		••	1.7
Different academic terms used for LIST & QUEX	2.5			2.6
Layoffs or downsizing	0.8		••	.8
All part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from LIST	0.8			.8
All part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from QUEX	0.8			.8
Some part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from LIST	18.3			19.0
Some part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from QUEX	2.0	0.8		2.6
Some full-time faculty excluded from LIST		10.0		10.3
Some full-time faculty excluded from QUEX		2		1.7
Higher QUEX figure is an aggregate of all campuses	3.3		••	3.4
Higher LIST figure is an aggregate of all campuses	3.3		••	3.4
Medical school excluded from LIST	2	0.8		2.6
Medical school excluded from QUEX	2.5	3.3		6.0
Unpaid/Honorary faculty excluded	2.5			2.6
Ineligible faculty included in error	4.2		 ,	4.3
Data entry error by institution	••			••
Different definitions of full-time faculty used	3.3	••	••	3.4
Different definitions of part-time faculty used	0.8	2	0.8	3.4
FTEs used instead of headcount	••	0.8	•	.9
Other .	0.8			.9
Refusal/no explanation/no answer	50.9	80.8	99.2	

A comparison of the data presented in these exhibits with the data presented in Exhibits 3-3 and 3-4 elicits the similarities between the subset of institutions affiliated with medical schools or hospitals and the entire group of recontacted institutions. Both sets of institutions tended to verify institution questionnaire faculty counts over other possible sources of faculty counts, including their original sampling lists. However, institutions affiliated with medical schools or hospitals showed a greater tendency to verify their original sampling lists than did the recontacted institutions as a whole. Nearly 32 percent of institutions employing health sciences faculty verified the accuracy of their faculty lists compared to 24.8 percent of all recontacted institutions. This suggests that institutions affiliated with medical schools or hospitals prepared more complete and inclusive lists than other institutions.

When reasons for discrepancies are compared, it is clear that health sciences institutions did not differ greatly from the entire set of recontacted institutions. The chief reasons for discrepancies for both sets of institutions reported were the same: the exclusion of some part-time or full-time faculty from original sampling lists. However, institutions employing health sciences faculty were much less likely than all recontacted institutions to cite "different academic terms used for LIST and QUEX" as a discrepancy explanation. A total of 11.4 percent of all recontacted institutions reported this reason for their discrepancy. In comparison, only 2.6 percent of institutions affiliated with medical schools or hospitals chose this reason for their discrepancy.

3.6 Reestimating Faculty Population Based on the Reconciliation Effort

Based on revised faculty counts institutions provided during the reconciliation effort, NORC produced "best estimates" of the national faculty population. This process used as its starting database the institution-level faculty counts for full-time, part-time, and total faculty that the 817 participating institutions reported on their original faculty lists. Although data for the total number of faculty were available for all of the 817 institutions, in 84 cases, institutions that supplied a total faculty number did not supply a breakdown of the total into full-time and part-time components. To overcome this problem, a two-step procedure for deriving best estimates was used: first, deriving best estimates for total faculty and, second, deriving best estimates for full-time faculty. Best estimates for part-time faculty were simply calculated by subtracting the number of full-time faculty from the total number of faculty at each institution. Chapters 3 and 10 of the 1993 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty: Methodology Report [NCES 97-467] provide technical documentation for the creation of best estimates and poststratification of final faculty weights.

The recontacting and verification effort increased the total number of faculty enumerated on the faculty list by 15,541. When these best estimates were weighted by the first-stage institution weight, they produced an increase in the estimate of total faculty population of 54,298 faculty members nationwide in the 492 reconciled institutions (representing a weighted estimate of 1,855 institutions). Exhibit 3-7 illustrates this increase. It shows the difference between weighted estimates of total faculty calculated from the original faculty list and weighted estimates of total faculty calculated from the "best estimates" based on the verified data for all reconciled institutions. Moreover, differences in weighted estimates are crossed with the explanations institutions provided for their discrepancies. The figures cited in the column marked "institutions" are the weighted frequencies of figures cited under "1st reason" in Exhibit 3-4. Therefore, the table provides an illustration of the relative importance of each explanation to the increase or decrease in the faculty population for the reconciled institutions.



By far, the most significant contribution to this increase in total faculty came from those institutions that reported that they had failed to enumerate some part-time or adjunct faculty on their original faculty lists. As the exhibit illustrates, these institutions accounted for an increase in the national faculty population estimate of 37,183 faculty members. What is more, the 3.3 percent of institutions that reported that they had excluded all part-time faculty from their original lists contributed an additional estimated 14,544 faculty members to the total.

The reconciliation effort also called attention to institutions that included ineligible faculty on their original faculty lists. Almost 6 percent of institutions reported that they included ineligible faculty on either the list or the questionnaire. As a result, these institutions lowered their "best estimate" of total faculty, producing a drop in weighted population estimates for these schools of 6,167 faculty members. Definitional problems—accounting for different populations of full-time faculty on the list and on the institution questionnaire—meant that, for 2.4 percent of the institutions, the original list included ineligible faculty. The best estimate correction lowered the national population estimate derived from these institutions by 4,475. An almost identical number of faculty (4,514) were dropped from total population estimates due to institution downsizing.

Even more striking were the institutions that explained their discrepancy by reporting that unpaid or honorary faculty were excluded from either their institution questionnaire or their faculty list. Although these institutions accounted for fewer than 1 percent of the weighted total number of reconciled institutions, they accounted for a subtraction of an estimate of 9,597 faculty members from the original faculty list. These schools tended to depend on large numbers of faculty employed by other institutions, such as hospitals or the military. Future cycles of NSOPF-93 will need to take into account special cases, such as these institutions, when describing faculty eligibility rules for institution list preparers.

As mentioned earlier, 29.7 percent (weighted) of institutions refused or were unable to supply an explanation for the discrepancy. However, these institutions accounted for a weighted estimate of only 3,206 faculty members toward the net increase of 54,298 in faculty population estimated.



Exhibit 3-7. Difference between verified data and original faculty list by first reason for discrepancy (weighted data)

Explanation	Percent of institutions	Increase or decrease in faculty population estimate (national)		
	%	n	%	
Different academic base years for LIST & QUEX	1.7	505	0.9	
Different academic terms used for LIST & QUEX	10.9	4,637	8.5	
Layoffs or downsizing	2.5	-4,514	-8.3	
All part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from LIST	3.3	14,544	26.8	
All part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from QUEX	1.3	-15	0.0	
Some part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from LIST	21.7	37,183	68.5	
Some part-time or adjunct faculty excluded from QUEX	5.5	-538	-1.0	
Some full-time faculty excluded from LIST	2.6	3,255	6.0	
Some full-time faculty excluded from QUEX	1.0	396	0.7	
Higher QUEX figure is an aggregate of all campuses	3.3	9,934	18.3	
Higher LIST figure is an aggregate of all campuses	0.7	494	0.9	
Medical school excluded from LIST	0.1	1,742	3.2	
Medical school excluded from QUEX	0.2	Ö	0.0	
Unpaid/Honorary faculty excluded	0.5	-9,597	-17.7	
Ineligible faculty included in error	5.7	-6,167	-11.4	
Data entry error by institution	2.3	82	0.2	
Different definitions of full-time faculty used for LIST & QUEX	2.4	-4,475	-8.2	
Different definitions of part-time faculty used for LIST & QUEX	1.5	308	0.6	
FTEs used instead of headcount	0.3	0	0.0	
Other	2.5	3,319	6.1	
Refusal/no explanation/no answer	29.7	3,206	5.9	
Summary	100.0	54,298	100.0	

Exhibit 3-8 summarizes the results of the reconciliation effort for all 817 institutions whose faculty members participated in the NSOPF-93 faculty survey. The exhibit reports weighted faculty estimates for total faculty, full-time faculty and part-time faculty from three major sources: the original faculty dataset, based on the original faculty sampling list (LIST), the NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire (QUEX) and the revised faculty dataset, based on reconciliation and best estimate calculation. The exhibit presents data, first, for all institutions, and second, for each of the 15 institution sampling strata. For each faculty population estimate, the table presents the raw and percent difference between the estimates. For example, in the table section describing data for "All institutions," the fourth column shows that NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire produced an estimate of the total number of faculty that exceeded the estimate produced by the original faculty data file by 135,290, a difference of 15 percent. Likewise, the revised faculty data file's estimate of the total number of faculty members exceeded the original list by 134,203, or by 14.9 percent.

On the aggregate level, the revised faculty data file's estimates closely tracked the NSOPF-93's institution questionnaire data file's estimates. As the exhibit demonstrates, most of the increase in faculty population estimated came from the 43.1 percent increase in the number of part-time faculty, an estimated increase of 131,309 faculty members. In fact, the percentage of full-time faculty estimated increased by less than 1 percent. The percentages of full-time and part-time faculty in the revised faculty dataset also match more closely the percentage of full-time and part-time faculty members estimated on the NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire. The original faculty data file estimated the full-time/part-time division in the faculty population as 66.2 percent to 33.8 percent. The NSOPF-93 institution questionnaire estimated a full-time/part-time distribution of 59.4 percent to 40.6 percent. The revised faculty data file estimated a full-time/part-time distribution of 57.9 percent to 42.1 percent. The revised estimates adhered more closely to expectations.

When these totals are disaggregated by institution sampling strata, it is clear which two strata contributed the bulk of the increase in faculty population: the public two-year stratum and the research/certainty stratum. Together, these two strata accounted for 56.2 percent of the net increase in total faculty observed when comparing the original faculty data file and the revised faculty data file. Both strata show almost no change in their estimated number of full-time faculty. In fact, the research/certainty stratum actually indicates a decline of nearly 1 percent in the number of full-time faculty estimated. Therefore, the increase in total faculty in the revised faculty data file for these two strata comes almost entirely from the increase in part-time faculty estimated in both strata. The increase in part-time faculty estimated in the research strata was more dramatic (57.9 percent) than the also large increase in the estimate of part-timers observed in the public two-year stratum (37.2 percent).

Strata 6 and 7, the strata including public and private medical institutions, displayed increases in the populations of faculty estimated. Although the institutions in these strata do not account for all health sciences faculty, they suggest that the original faculty list may have underrepresented part-time faculty—particularly in public institutions. Interestingly, faculty weights based on the original faculty list seemed to underestimate the population of full-time faculty in private institutions while overestimating the number of full-time faculty in public institutions. Changes in faculty list specifications from NSOPF-88 may explain some of these differences. In NSOPF-93, institutions were asked to include both instructional and noninstructional faculty on their sampling lists. In NSOPF-88,



institutions were asked only to list instructional faculty. NSOPF-93's new requirements may have introduced more variability into estimates based on original faculty lists as institutions faced greater difficulty accounting for noninstructional faculty. These difficulties may have had disproportionate impacts on public and private institutions. Further investigation will be needed to discover the underlying reasons for this difference between public and private medical institutions.



Exhibit 3-8. Summary of reconciliation effort: National population estimates for total, full-time and part-time faculty from different sources, by sampling stratum

		All inst	titutions	·	
	Original faculty data file (LIST)	Institution questionnaire data file (QUEX)	Revised faculty data file (REVISED)	QUEX - LIST (Difference & percent difference)	REVISED - LIST (Difference & percent difference)
Total faculty	899,765	1,035,055	1,033,966	135,290	134,201
				15.0	14.9
Full-time faculty	595,340	615,191	598,232	19,851	2,892
				3.30	0.5
Part-time faculty	304,426	419,864	435,735	115,438	131,309
				37.9	43.1
		STRATUM 1: Pri	vate, other Ph.D.		
	Original faculty data file (LIST)	Institution questionnaire data file (QUEX)	Revised faculty data file (REVISED)	QUEX - LIST (Difference & percent difference)	REVISED - LIST (Difference & percent difference)
Total faculty	28,914	33,072	33,494	4,158	4,580
				14.4	15.8
Full-time faculty	19,844	19,789	19,099	-55	-745
				-0.3	-3.8
Part-time faculty	9,070	13,284	14,395	4,214	5,325
				46.5	58.7
		STRATUM 2: Publ	ic, comprehensive		
	Original faculty data file	Institution questionnaire data file (QUEX)	Revised faculty data file (REVISED)	QUEX - LIST (Difference & percent difference)	REVISED - LIST (Difference & percent difference)
Total faculty	138,041	150,294	151,839	12,253	13,798
				8.9	10
Full-time faculty	103,216	103,473	101,238	257	-1,978
				0.2	-1.9
Part-time faculty	34,824	46,821	50,601	11,997	15,777
				34.5	45.3

		STRATUM 3: Priva	ate, comprehensive		
	Original faculty data file	Institution questionnaire data file (QUEX)	Revised faculty data file (REVISED)	QUEX - LIST (Difference & percent difference)	REVISED - LIST (Difference & percent difference)
Total faculty	65,320	74,718	79,228	9,398	13,908
				14.4	21.3
Full-time faculty	38,617	37,943	40,746	-674	2,129
		_		-1.7	5.5
Part-time faculty	26,703	36,775	38,481	10,072	11,778
•				37.7	44.1
		STRATUM 4: P	ublic, liberal arts	,	
	Original faculty data file (LIST)	Institution questionnaire data file (QUEX)	Revised faculty data file (REVISED)	QUEX - LIST (Difference & percent difference)	REVISED - LIST (Difference & percent difference)
Total faculty	2,677	33,801	3,240	31,124	563
				1,162.6	21
Full-time	1,769	25,223	1,974	23,454	205
faculty				1,325.8	11.6
Part-time	908	8,578	1,265	7,670	357
faculty				844.7	39.3
		STRATUM 5: Pi	ivate, liberal arts		
	Original faculty data file	Institution questionnaire data file	Revised faculty data file	QUEX - LIST (Difference & percent	REVISED - LIST (Difference & percent
	(LIST)	(QUEX)	(REVISED)	difference)	difference)
Total faculty	63,533	61,292	63,785	-2,241	252
				-3.5	0.4
Full-time faculty	43,072	41,519	41,997	-1,553	-1,075
				-3.6	-2.5
Part-time faculty	20,460	19,773	21,788	-687	1,328
				-3.4	6.5

		STRATUM 6:	Public, medical	,	
	Original faculty data file	Institution questionnaire data file (QUEX)	Revised faculty data file (REVISED)	QUEX - LIST (Difference & percent difference)	REVISED - LIST (Difference & percent difference)
Total faculty	23,763	24,617	25,110	854	1,347
				3.6	5.7
Full-time	18,921	17,025	17,327	-1,896	-1,594
faculty				-10	-8.4
Part-time	4,843	7,592	7,783	2,749	2,940
faculty				56.8	60.7
		STRATUM 7:	Private, medical		-
	Original faculty data file (LIST)	Institution questionnaire data file (QUEX)	Revised faculty data file	QUEX - LIST (Difference & percent difference)	REVISED - LIST (Difference & percent difference)
Total faculty	13,064	11,901	15,540	-1,163	2,476
Total Tabanty	,	11,001	10,040	-8.9	19
Full-time	8,453	9,018	10,524	565	2,071
faculty				6.7	24.5
Part-time	4,611	2,883	5,015	-1,728	404
faculty				-37.5	8.8
		STRATUM 8: F	Private, religious		_
	Original faculty data file	Institution questionnaire data file (QUEX)	Revised faculty data file	QUEX - LIST (Difference & percent	REVISED - LIST (Difference & percent
Total faculty	6,204		(REVISED)	difference)	difference)
Total faculty	0,204	7,257	7,129	1,053	925
Full-time	3,899	4,755	4,398	17 8 56	14.9
faculty		1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,,000	22	12.8
Part-time	2,305	2,502	2,731	197	426
faculty			_,	8.5	18.5

		STRATUM 9:	Public, two-year		
	Original faculty data file	Institution questionnaire data file (QUEX)	Revised faculty data file (REVISED)	QUEX - LIST (Difference & percent difference)	REVISED - LIST (Difference & percent difference)
Total faculty	250,931	310,252	303,272	59,321	52,341
				23.6	20.9
Full-time faculty	111,826	120,780	112,538	8,954	712
				8	0.6
Part-time faculty	139,105	189,472	190,795	50,367	51,690
		<u> </u>		36.2	37.2
		STRATUM 10:	Private, two-year		
	Original faculty data file	Institution questionnaire data file (QUEX)	Revised faculty data file	QUEX - LIST (Difference & percent	REVISED - LIST (Difference & percent
			(REVISED)	difference)	difference)
Total faculty	8,574	9,962	11,646	1,388	3,072
	<u> </u>			16.2	35.8
Full-time faculty	4,972	4,517	4,667	-455	-305
	·			-9.2	-6.1
Part-time faculty	3,603	5,445	6,979	1,842	3,376
				51.1	93.7
		STRATUM 11	: Public, other	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Original faculty data file	Institution questionnaire data file	Revised faculty data file	QUEX - LIST (Difference & percent	REVISED - LIST (Difference & percent
	(LIST)	(QUEX)	(REVISED)	difference)	difference)
Total faculty	6,600	8,568	9,196	1,968	2,596
				29.8	39.3
Full-time	5,785	6,409	6,855	624	1,070
faculty				10.8	18.5
Part-time	. 815	2,159	2,341	1,344	1,526
faculty				164.9	187.2

		STRATUM 12	: Private, other		
	Original faculty data file	Institution questionnaire data file (QUEX)	Revised faculty data file (REVISED)	QUEX - LIST (Difference & percent difference)	REVISED - LIST (Difference & percent difference)
Total faculty	15,421	16,574	19,814	1,153	4,393
				7.5	28.5
Full-time	9,337	7,052	8,992	-2,285	-345
faculty			,	-24.5	-3.7
Part-time	6,083	9,522	10,821	3,439	4,738
faculty				56.5	77.9
		STRATUM 13:	Public, unknown		
	Original faculty data file	Institution questionnaire data file (QUEX)	Revised faculty data file (REVISED)	QUEX - LIST (Difference & percent difference)	REVISED - LIST (Difference & percent difference)
Total faculty	14,314	14,844	17,556	530	3,242
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		3.7	22.6
Full-time	7,278	6,496	6,981	-782	-297
faculty				-10.7	-4.1
Part-time	7,036	8,348	10,575	1,312	3,539
faculty				18.6	50.3
		STRATUM 14:	Private, unknown		<u> </u>
	Original faculty data file	Institution questionnaire data file (QUEX)	Revised faculty data file	QUEX - LIST (Difference & percent difference)	REVISED - LIST (Difference & percent difference)
Total faculty	3,358	8,373	11,015	5,015	7,657
i otal labalty	0,000	3,3.3		149.3	. 228
Full-time	2,345	5,046	6,748	2,701	4,403
faculty				115.2	187.8
Part-time	1,013	3,327	4,267	2,314	3,254
faculty			1	228.4	321.2



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STRATUM 15: Public, research; private, research; public, other Ph.D.							
	Original faculty data file	Institution questionnaire data file (QUEX)	Revised faculty data file (REVISED)	QUEX - LIST (Difference & percent difference)	REVISED - LIST (Difference & percent difference)		
Total faculty	259,051	269,531	282,105	10,480	23,054		
				4	8.9		
Full-time	216,005	206,148	214,147	-9,857	-1,858		
faculty				-4.6	-0.9		
Part-time	43,046	63,383	67,958	20,337	24,912		
faculty				47.2	57.9		

Chapter IV. Sampling, Weighting, and Imputation in NSOPF-93

4.1 Independent Review of Sampling, Weighting, and Imputation

This chapter consists of an independent review of the sampling, weighting, and imputation performed for the 1992-93 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty (NSOPF-93) by NORC's Department of Statistics and Methodology. The review began with a careful examination of the specifications contained in the following documents: the final version of the Sampling Plan for the 1992-93 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty Full-Scale Study (dated July 1993), the specifications for Weighting for NSOPF-93 (dated May 1994), and the relevant sections of the 1993 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty Data File User's Manual (draft) that dealt with imputation. Computer code used to perform weighting adjustments was also reviewed. Based on the findings reported below, it was determined that review of programs used for imputation and for sample selection was unnecessary.

4.2 Problem Identification

As discussed earlier, two major problems manifested themselves in the NSOPF-93 faculty data file: 1) an unexpected decline in the estimates of health sciences faculty from the NSOPF-88 estimates; and, 2) a much lower estimate of part-time faculty than expected or than noted in the NSOPF-93 institution data file.

Imputation as a source of bias was dismissed because the two variables of interest, part-time/full-time status and primary area of teaching, are imputed too rarely for this to be a possibility. However, a review of the specifications for weighting identified nonresponse as a major cause of the shortfall in part-time faculty estimates. Only a limited investigation of the possible effects of nonresponse on the shortfall in health sciences faculty was possible as information on academic area (i.e., discipline/department) was unavailable for nonresponding faculty. Although discipline/department data were requested for all faculty at the time of list enumeration, as a cost saving measure this data item was entered into the sampling frame database only for humanities faculty who were oversampled.

Section 4.3 below discusses nonresponse as well as other factors that may have contributed to the shortfall in part-time faculty. Section 4.4 reviews the health sciences decline and explains why the analysis is necessarily limited. Finally, section 4.5 explains why the imputation procedures play only a minor role in either decline.

4.3 Part-Time Faculty

A major cause of the shortfall in part-time faculty is the difference in response rates between full-time faculty and part-time faculty: part-time faculty had a lower response rate. Much of this difference can be explained simply by the increased mobility of part-time faculty, and the associated difficulty in locating them. The original nonresponse weight adjustment developed for NSOPF-93 did not adequately correct for this difference in response rates because full-time/part-time status was not given a role in this adjustment. In addition, the fielding of the survey in waves had the inadvertent effect of increasing the difference in response rates.



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4.3.1 Response Rates

Differential rates of response to the faculty survey among full-time faculty and part-time faculty may help to explain the shortfall in part-time faculty. The remainder of Chapter 4 considers the question of response rates from several different vantage points: faculty characteristics (race/ethnicity, full-time/parttime status, discipline, etc.), institution characteristics and features of survey implementation. The response rates reported in the exhibits in the rest of this chapter are comparable to—but not identical to—faculty response rates reported in Chapters 5 and 7 in the 1993 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty: Methodology Report. Faculty characteristics considered in Chapters 5 and 7 are based on the original faculty sampling lists. To lower the amount of missing data in the exhibits reported in this chapter, some faculty characteristics missing on the original sampling lists (e.g. full-time/part-time status) were, for respondents, imputed from responses on the faculty questionnaire. In addition, some response rates reported in this chapter are based on a different sample of respondents than are the response rate tables in the Methodology Report. For example, the faculty response rates reported in Exhibit 4-8 differ from those reported in the Methodology Report's Exhibit 5-5 because they are based on 24,960 respondents with complete data on the derived faculty program area variable, X01A12, rather than on the total of 25,780 faculty questionnaire respondents on which Methodology Report's Exhibit 5-5 is based.

A primary factor in the part-time faculty shortfall was a lower response rate for part-time faculty members than for full-time faculty members. Exhibit 4-1 provides a comparison of the response rates for full- and part-time faculty.

Exhibit 4-1. NSOPF-93 responses rates by employment status

Status on list	Respondents Ineligible	Total "rate" of response	Non- respondents
Full-time	88.5% + 1.9%	= 90.4%	9.6%
Part-time	76.4% + 8.9%	= 85.3%	14.7%
Overall*	82.2% + 5.1%	= 87.3%	12.7%

^{*}Includes all faculty in the sample.

The above percentages represent all faculty selected into the sample so that the two rightmost columns add up to 100 percent (except for rounding error). Note that unless otherwise specified, all percentages are unweighted. In fact, the different rates of ineligibility make the response rates appear closer than they are in actuality. While 88.5 percent of the full-time faculty selected responded, only 76.4 percent of the part-time faculty selected responded. This is very important, because part-time faculty did not initially receive a nonresponse weight adjustment different from that for full-time faculty. Also, ineligible participants were counted as respondents not only for the purposes of reporting a response rate (which was appropriate), but also for the purposes of the nonresponse weight adjustment. Ineligible faculty should actually be excluded during the nonresponse weight adjustment because their final



"respondent" weight is zero. Therefore, the recalculated response rates (excluding ineligibles) should be 90.2 percent for full-time faculty and 83.9 percent for part-time faculty.

The original nonresponse weight adjustment divided the faculty selected into cells based on the institution stratum, institution size, and faculty stratum, as described in the sampling plan. Each cell was then given a separate nonresponse weight adjustment. Because full-time and part-time faculty were not specifically separated into different cells, part-time faculty respondents did not receive as much of a nonresponse adjustment as they should have, while full-time faculty respondents received a larger adjustment than they should have.

While faculty in different institutional strata had widely varying response rates, faculty sampling stratum does not seem to be important in terms of nonresponse differences, as illustrated in Exhibit 4-2 below.

Exhibit 4-2. NSOPF-93 response rates by faculty sampling stratum

. R	espondent	s	Ineligible		Total "rate" of response	Non- respondents
Black, Hispanic	80.9%	+	4.9%	=	85.8%	14.2%
Full-time female	88.1%	+	2.4%	=	90.5%	9.5%
NEH faculty	83.8%	+	4.0%	=	87.8%	12.2%
Asian/Pacific Islander	83.1%	+	4.6%	=	87.7%	12.3%
All others	80.0%	+	6.3%	=	86.3%	13.7%
Overall	82.2%	1+	5.1%	=	87.3%	12.7%

It seems that race/ethnicity, gender, and full-time/part-time status within institution stratum would produce a better nonresponse weight adjustment than one based on faculty stratum. Exhibit 4-3 shows the appropriate one-way response rates for the gender and race/ethnicity variables.



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Exhibit 4-3. NSOPF-93 response rates for race/ethnicity and gender

F	Respondent	S	Ineligible		Total "rate" of response	Non- respondents
Black, non-Hispanic	81.4%	+	4.6%	=	86.0%	14.0%
Hispanic	81.7%	+	5.1%	=	86.8%	13.2%
Asian/Pacific Islander	83.8%	+	4.5%	=	88.3%	11.7%
White, non-Hispanic American Indian/	85.7%	+	3.8%	=	89.5%	10.5%
Alaskan Native	78.8%	+	3.0%	=	81.8%	18.2%
Male	82.1%	+	5.0%	=	87.1%	12.9%
Female	84.0%	+	5.1%	=	89.1%	10.9%
Overall	82.2%	+	5.1%	=	87.3%	12.7%

These data indicate that the two genders have very similar nonresponse patterns, and that race/ethnicity could be collapsed into two categories: White/Asian/Pacific Islander and Black/Hispanic/American Indian/Alaskan Native. There are not enough American Indians/Alaskan Natives to form their own category.

In addition to the analyses above, there is some evidence (not shown) that within institution strata, the size of an institution affects the response rate. However, it is not clear how much of a role that part-time status plays in this since the smaller schools usually employ more part-time faculty. It is not clear without further evidence that size should be included as a part of the nonresponse weight adjustment.

4.3.2 Survey Implementation and the Part-Time Nonresponse Problem

NSOPF-93 used a two-stage sample design. First, institutions were selected and asked to provide a list of all faculty given the sampling eligibility criteria. Naturally, some institutions submitted their lists earlier than others. In order to maximize the response rate for faculty, faculty were selected and questionnaires were sent out in six data collection waves. An institution was included in the earliest wave for which the list was available. Because of the increased time allowed, and the opportunity for additional mail and telephone follow-up, faculty in earlier waves had a higher response rate than faculty in later waves. This affected the part-time faculty response rate more than the full-time faculty response rate because the percentage of faculty who are part-time faculty was higher for the later waves, as illustrated in Exhibit 4-4 below.



Exhibit 4-4. NSOPF-93 response rates by data collection wave

	% Part-time		Response rates	
Wave	faculty	Full-time	part-time	Overall
1	29.6%	91.6%	88.3%	90.4%
2	32.7%	91.6%	88.3%	89.3%
3	33.6%	91.7%	86.8%	88.5%
4	36.6%	89.9%	82.6%	85.5%
5	35.1%	87.2%	79.8%	82.2%
6	35.1%	87.0%	79.2%	79.8%

These data show that while response rates decline for both full-time and part-time faculty, the overall response rate for part-time faculty was affected to a larger extent because a larger proportion of the faculty in later waves were part-timers. Note that the response rates reported here include the ineligible respondents as respondents. The effect of this multiwave effort on the difference in response rates between full-time and part-time faculty would, however, appear to be relatively minor, since the part-time response rate is clearly lower in each wave.

4.3.3 The Exclusion of Subsampled Faculty

After the sixth and last wave of faculty questionnaires were fielded, a decision was made to reduce the sample size by 2,000. This action was taken to reduce the costs of follow-up without suffering a reduction in the response rate. Some data had already been received for some faculty, though. In fact, over 60 percent of the faculty in the first three waves were already respondents when the 2,000 faculty were subsampled. Not wanting to discard any data already received, the 2,000 faculty to be excluded were selected from only those faculty members from whom no response had been received. These faculty are referred to as "initial non-respondents". This was of concern to part-timers for two reasons: 1) because part-timers have a lower response rate, they were more likely to be "initial non-respondents" than full-timers, and 2) part-timers were more concentrated in the later waves than full-timers, so a slightly higher proportion of part-time faculty were subject to exclusion. In fact, a higher proportion of part-timers were excluded. While only 4.6 percent of all full-time faculty in the sample were excluded, 6.8 percent of all the part-time faculty in the sample were affected. Exhibit 4-5 below provides a comparison of how the 2,000 exclusions affected part-time status.

Exhibit 4-5. Exclusions of faculty by employment status and wave

Wave	% IR*	Overall % excluded	% IR	Part-time % excluded	% IR	Full-time excluded
TOTAL	53.3	5.3	45.5	6.8	57.1 :	4.6
1	67.8	3.9	62.9	4.8	69.9	3.6
2	65.7	3.9	58.4	4.9	69.3	3.4
3	61.0	4.4	53.2	5.6	64.9	3.7
4	53.1	5.3	43.9	7.1	58.4	
5	23.9	8.6	15.9	10.8	28.3	4.1
6	3.3	9.7	2.4	11.3	3.9	7.5 8.8

^{*}Denotes the percentage of faculty who had already responded at the time of the 2,000 faculty were subsampled; i.e. the percentage of initial respondents.

When the decision to exclude the subsample of 2,000 was made, the sixth wave really had only just begun. But it is clear that, for every wave, a lower percentage of part-time faculty members had responded and therefore a higher percentage were excluded.

However, the correct weighting adjustment was performed here. Within a wave, the weights of all initial nonrespondents who were not excluded were adjusted to account for subsampling. Chapter 3 in the 1993 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty: Methodology Report documents the technical details of this adjustment. Therefore, if in a particular wave of initial nonrespondents, there was a higher percentage of part-timers, then there should have been not only a higher percentage of part-timers excluded but also a higher percentage of part-timers left whose weights were inflated because of the excluded faculty. This adjustment was still not perfect because, even among the initial non-respondents, a higher proportion of part-time faculty were excluded. Exhibit 4-6 illustrates the percentage of excluded faculty by wave.

Exhibit 4-6. Percentage of initial non-respondents excluded

Wave	Overall	Part-time	Full-time
Total	11.4%	12.5%	10.7%
1	12.2%	12.8%	11.8%
2	11.3%	11.9%	10.9%
3	11.2%	12.0%	10.6%
4	11.3%	13.1%	9.9%
5	11.3%	12.8%	10.4%
6	10.0%	11.6%	9.2%



While there clearly seems to be a difference, this is a much smaller bias than is due simply to the difference in response rates. This bias was addressed within the weighting adjustment, by giving a different "exclusion" adjustment to part-time and full-time faculty within a wave.

4.4 Health Sciences Faculty

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Unfortunately, the shortfall for health sciences faculty could not be investigated in the same way and with as much completeness as the shortfall of part-time faculty. As a cost saving measure, the department/discipline of these faculty was not keyed into the sampling frame database. While this information is available for respondents from the faculty questionnaire, it is not available for nonrespondents. It can be retrieved for nonrespondents only by reviewing all of the hard copy and electronic lists originally submitted by the 817 participating institutions. Not all institutions provided department/discipline information on their lists. Seven hundred seventeen (717) institutions of the 817 participating institutions (88.8 percent) provided department/discipline data on their lists. To perform a complete nonresponse analysis for faculty members in the health science disciplines, these list data would have had to have been reaccessed, coded, data-entered, verified, and then combined with the information from other databases for analysis. Because of the large cost and time involved, this process was not undertaken for NSOPF-93.

Given this limitation, it was not possible to investigate the rates of response, ineligibility, or exclusion for health sciences faculty as compared to faculty in other areas. However, the knowledge gained in the analysis of part-time faculty was used to investigate certain properties of the health sciences faculty. For example, part-time faculty had a lower response rate than full-time faculty. However, health sciences faculty were *less likely* to be part-time: 22.6 percent of the total health sciences faculty were found to be part-time, compared to 30.4 percent in other program areas.

Faculty in the later data collection waves had a lower response rate than those in earlier waves. As Exhibit 4-7 shows, health sciences faculty do not seem to be clustered in the later waves, but appear to be fairly evenly distributed across waves.



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Exhibit 4-7. Percentage of health sciences faculty by wave

Wave	% of health sciences faculty
1	12.5%
2	11.2%
3	13.0%
4	11.4%
5	12.9%
6	10.7%

Finally, a check to determine whether health sciences faculty tended to work at institutions that have lower response rates was made. Exhibit 4-8 shows the institution stratum response rates for faculty in institutions that provided a list of their faculty (i.e., participating institutions). In addition to the response rates, this exhibit shows the percentage of health sciences faculty in each stratum (the second column), along with the percentage of health sciences faculty that stratum represents among all health sciences faculty (the third column). For example, 73.4 percent of the faculty in the public medical institutions are health sciences faculty. These faculty represent 14.7 percent of all health sciences faculty in the population.

While most faculty in medical schools are health sciences faculty, health sciences faculty are based in all types of institutions (with the notable exception of private religious institutions). They are not concentrated exclusively in institutions classified into the two medical sampling strata. In fact, only 20.6 percent of all health sciences faculty in the NSOPF-93 sample are found in these institutions, defined in sampling specifications as "not considered as part of a four-year college or university. Includes medical schools and medical centers." This is not surprising because the health sciences include many disciplines other than medicine, such as nutrition, nursing, veterinary medicine, and so on. Medical schools, especially private medical schools, did in fact, have lower rates of response. But because institution strata helped determine the cell structure of the nonresponse weight adjustment, these lower response rates were adjusted for. In order for their shortfall to be caused by nonresponse, health sciences faculty would have had to have lower response rates than other faculty within each of these institution types. There is no evidence to suggest whether this was the case.



Exhibit 4-8. Response rates by institution strata for health sciences

Institution stratum	Response rate	% in health sciences	% of health sciences
Private, other Ph.D.	81.5%	7.7%	2.8%
Public, comprehensive	89.3%	7.3%	11.1%
Private, comprehensive	87.9%	8.4%	6.0%
Public, liberal arts	96.7%	3.4%	0.1%
Private, liberal arts	91.0%	3.7%	2.4%
Public, medical	83.6%	73.4%	14.7%
Private, medical	77.6%	77.4%	5.9%
Private, religious	85.2%	0.0%	0.0%
Public, two-year	88.0%	11.4%	29.9%
Private, two-year	92.8%	10.7%	0.9%
Public, other	86.6%	6.0%	0.4%
Private, other	73.7%	17.5%	2.0%
Public, unknown	86.2%	8.0%	1.3%
Private, unknown	85.4%	20.6%	0.7%
Research stratum	86.3%	14.3%	21.7%
TOTAL	87.3%	12.1%	100.0%

4.5 Imputation Procedures

While the imputation programs were not examined as thoroughly as the weighting programs, it is not believed that the discrepancies in faculty estimates could be caused by the imputation process. Full-time/part-time status—as well as faculty discipline, of which the health sciences is one—were imputed only rarely. In fact, part-time/full-time status was "directly" imputed only 77 times out of the 25,780 respondents (0.30 percent). Direct imputation was performed when a data item was missing for a variable on the respondent's questionnaire, but was available on the faculty list used for sampling. In that case, data on the list were substituted for the missing data. The regression method of imputation was performed 19 times (0.07 percent).

Using weighted data, 0.37 percent of all the data was directly imputed, while an additional 0.10 percent of the data was imputed via the regression method. This amount of imputation is much too small to explain any shortfall in part-time faculty. It is interesting that all 19 of the faculty imputed via the regression method were imputed to be full-time; nevertheless, even if all 19 had been imputed to be part-time, the estimated (i.e., weighted) population of part-time faculty would have increased by only 1,090, from 304,426 to 305,516.



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Similarly, the principal field of teaching, the source variable for the area of teaching variable, had only 162 out of 25,780 responses imputed (0.65 percent), via the hot-deck method. When weighted, this percentage is equal to 0.66 percent. Twenty-five of these 162 imputed faculty were assigned to the health sciences, which represents 10.65 percent of cases missing a program area when weighted. This is low when compared to the 14.7 percent (weighted) of the observed faculty members who are in the health sciences. However, even if health sciences faculty had been imputed at double the observed rate (29.3 percent), the estimate of health sciences faculty would have increased only by 1,679, from 127,498 to 129,177 (a 1.3 percent increase).



Chapter V. Adjustments for NSOPF-93 and Recommendations for Future Cycles

5.1 Adjustments for NSOPF-93

The discussion in Chapter 4 makes clear that even a large error—which did not occur—in the imputation methodology would have caused very little difference in the estimates of part-time and health sciences faculty. One general principle is worth keeping in mind, however. Because the imputation methodology uses the observed data as the model, if the observed data has a shortfall in a group of faculty, most imputations will extend this shortfall to the imputed data. Fortunately, in this study, there is simply not enough imputation on these two variables for any additional underestimation of part-time or health sciences faculty to be important. Thus, no adjustments to the imputation procedures were made.

However, based on the data gathered during the reconciliation and verification effort, nonresponse and poststratification weighting adjustments to the NSOPF-93 faculty dataset were made to remedy discrepancies in estimates. Full technical documentation is available in Chapters 3 and 10 of the 1993 National Study of Postsecondary Faculty: Methodology Report.

5.1.1 Recalculating the Nonresponse Weighting Adjustment

Based on the evidence presented in Chapter 4, it is clear that the response rates for part-time faculty differ significantly from those of full-time faculty. The original nonresponse weighting adjustment did not foresee this possibility and, therefore, did not correct for it. To remedy this problem, the nonresponse weighting adjustment was recalculated using the following variables to create the cells for adjustment: institution sampling stratum (15 levels), part-time/full-time status (2 levels), and race/ethnicity (2 levels, i.e. white, non-Hispanic versus all others).

5.1.2 Poststratification Adjustments

The nonresponse weighting adjustment for part-time/full-time faculty did not remedy the discrepancy in total faculty estimates between the list and questionnaire. It only shifted weight from full-time faculty to part-time faculty. To address the broader problem, a poststratification adjustment to "best estimates" of faculty was implemented. The adjustment was determined separately for full-time and part-time faculty within each of the 15 institutional strata. A deeper poststratification defined by instructional/noninstructional status was considered. But after investigation, it was determined that the sample sizes of noninstructional faculty were too small to support this additional poststratification.

5.1.3 Health Sciences Faculty

For health sciences faculty, analysis of the kind performed in Chapter 4 was limited by the unavailability of department-level information for nonrespondents. This prevented an analysis of response rates, exclusion rates, and ineligibility rates for this group of faculty and other departmental areas. Moreover, a reliable estimate for the number of health sciences faculty was not identified during the retrieval and reconciliation effort. Therefore, the poststratification plan discussed above could not adjust the specific estimates of health sciences faculty. Nevertheless, the reconciliation process and general



poststratification adjustments made to the NSOPF-93 faculty dataset increased the estimate of health sciences instructional faculty who taught at least one for-credit course from 80,916 to 93,860.

5.2 Recommendations for the Next NSOPF Cycle

Because it is much more difficult for institutions to compile a complete enumeration of faculty than it is to provide a simple count of them, it is unlikely that discrepancies between the list and institution questionnaire can be entirely eliminated. The faculty sampling list institutions prepared required them to provide the names, gender, race/ethnicity, employment status (part-time/full-time), and discipline (only the four NEH disciplines were data-entered) for all eligible staff. In contrast, the institution questionnaire asked only for counts of various categories of instructional and noninstructional staff, along with the breakdown for specific subgroups. One of the key goals for the next cycle of NSOPF should be to minimize the potential discrepancies between list and questionnaire faculty estimates early in the study, preferably at the time of list collection. Notwithstanding the burden of these different requests on institutions, there are a number of steps that can be taken in future NSOPF cycles to minimize the magnitude and number of discrepancies that occur.

The following recommendations to survey procedures are intended to alleviate in the next NSOPF cycle some of the problems experienced in NSOPF-93.

5.2.1 Changing Time Frames and Starting List Collection Later

To ensure that part-time staff are not missed in the list enumeration, one member of the NSOPF-93 National Technical Review Panel (NTRP) suggested beginning the list collection effort at the end of the fall term rather than at its start as occurred in NSOPF-93. Sampled institutions would be asked to compile a list of faculty for their *fall term* (encompassing October 15th to ensure comparability between NSOPF cycles). The emphasis should be on the fall term rather than on a specific date.

A later start in the list collection effort has multiple implications. A delay of three to four months would mean delaying the faculty survey accordingly. Pushing back the date of the faculty survey, while maintaining the fall term as the time frame for the questionnaire, has the potential of creating methodological problems for data quality. The NSOPF-93 faculty data collection effort spanned almost 11 calendar months (from the end of January to mid-December 1993 with a two month hiatus during the summer). The data collection schedule is inextricably bound up with the list collection effort, which itself spanned almost nine calendar months (October, 1992 to June, 1993). These scheduling and potential methodological problems would have to be considered in changing the start date for list collection. At a minimum, the reliability of a later faculty data collection should be assessed. Another possibility is to consider transforming the current mixed-mode data collection design (mail, with mail and telephone follow-up supplemented by telephone interviews) into a telephone survey with minimal mail follow-up. This approach presents problems such as additional cost, the unwillingness of faculty to engage in a 45-minute or longer telephone interview, and phone locating problems, particularly for parttime faculty. It is also likely to increase item nonresponse where respondents do not feel comfortable providing information over the telephone, or where they do not have records needed to answer questions readily available. All of this underscores that something as simple as a change in the list collection start date has numerous implications for other components of the survey design. This recommendation should be field-tested prior to the next cycle of NSOPF.



5.2.2 Providing Institutions with an Information Sheet

The verification and retrieval effort demonstrated that when institutions are supplied with faculty estimates, even when they are discrepant, most institutions are capable of determining which set of estimates is most accurate and can provide the reason(s) for the discrepancy. In view of this finding, it is proposed that institutional staff at the time of list collection be provided with an "Information Sheet," which would contain the most current IPEDS estimates along with the "best estimate" for faculty reported for NSOPF-93. The information sheet would also include a statement alerting staff that the NSOPF-93 definition of "faculty" is not identical to the IPEDS definition and that, in most instances, the institution's estimate of faculty should exceed that of IPEDS. (It may or may not exceed the NSOPF-93 totals depending on the actions [e.g., downsizing, increasing staff, etc.] the institution has taken between NSOPF cycles.) Institution staff could report the new list estimates on the information sheet and check these totals against the IPEDS and/or NSOPF-93 totals. Discrepancies among estimates beyond a specified threshold (e.g., 10 percent) should be explained in a "Comments" section of the one-page form. A sample "Information Sheet" could be provided to serve as a guide. Once received, the institution's list enumeration could be entered into a computerized discrepancy module. Faculty estimates from the institution questionnaire could also be entered into the discrepancy module. A discrepancy analysis would be completed for all estimates, and unexplained discrepancies beyond a specified threshold would trigger a retrieval and reconciliation call to the institution coordinator before faculty sample selection.

Experience during the recontacting effort suggests that when institution staff are presented with faculty estimates, they are able to indicate which one is accurate. Most institution staff contacted during the reconciliation effort were also able to offer explanations for the discrepancies. The proposed information sheet can work in a similar manner. It will provide the institution coordinator with a means to check the work of other staff who are usually responsible for preparing the list. This new procedure will encourage the coordinator to check the work of the list compiler, who must, under this procedure, supply the list estimates to the coordinator so that s/he can complete the information sheet. In doing so, it will also encourage the coordinator to review the estimates and to account for any discrepancies. This will allow the institutions, in some instances, to correct obvious errors (e.g., exclusion of non-tenure-track faculty or part-time staff) before mailing the list of faculty back to the NSOPF contractor. In other instances, where the institution is simply not equipped to provide a complete or wholly accurate list of faculty, it would alert the institution—and the NSOPF contractor—to any omissions or erroneous inclusions much earlier in the list collection effort. Even under this changed procedure, the NSOPF contractor would continue to recontact institutions to retrieve data and to reconcile discrepancies during the list collection operation.

5.2.3 Coordinating Institution Questionnaire Mailing and List Collection

Recommendation 5.2.2 requires availability of faculty estimates from the institution questionnaire at the time of list collection so that potential discrepancies can be checked and reconciled at this early stage of the operation. This recommendation offers other advantages as well. Discrepancies resulting from mailing the list and questionnaire requests during different academic terms different academic terms (e.g., Fall 1991; Fall 1992) can also be substantially reduced by mailing the institution questionnaire and the list request in the same packet, or at least timing it so that both individual requests are received at the



institution at about the same time. By coordinating these requests, the NSOPF contractor can indicate explicitly in the instructions to both the list and questionnaire that the estimates requested to certain questions should be identical or very close. Whenever discrepancies are identified, institution staff would be required to resolve or explain them. By coupling the timing for both of these requests, the NSOPF contractor will be able to enter the list and questionnaire counts (along with the IPEDS counts) into a discrepancy/verification module to immediately check for discrepancies. Of course, no system is "error-proof" and institutions would be recontacted as needed to reconcile discrepancies. An immediate callback to the institution for verification and reconciliation would be triggered by specified discrepancies, especially those found between the list and the institution questionnaire.

It is possible that the extra respondent burden of cross-checking faculty lists and institution questionnaires could result in lower response rates, especially for the institution questionnaire. In NSOPF-93, 85 percent of eligible institutions provided faculty sampling lists, while 91 percent of those same institutions responded to the institution questionnaire. Although this procedure may increase the initial appearance of respondent burden to the institution, it also increases the likelihood that institution staff preparing the list and those completing the questionnaire (who are often not the same people) will consult each other and resolve any discrepancies before submitting the list to the NSOPF contractor. It is likely that this procedure will reduce respondent burden at many institutions by eliminating duplication of efforts by separate offices, and by minimizing the number of callback requests from the NSOPF contractor.

5.2.4 Changes to Questionnaire Instructions and Questions

Some of the institution questionnaire instructions and questions may have inadvertently contributed to the discrepancies in faculty estimates. To avoid confusion between the total pool of part-time and temporary faculty available to an institution and the total employed (an unintended ambiguity that caused problems for some institutions because of how part-time and temporary staff are treated), the question that asks for counts of part- and full-time instructional faculty and staff and for part- and full-time noninstructional faculty should be amended. Perhaps a separate question should be added to ask for both the total number of available staff and for those actually employed during the fall term. This would allow institutions to report the status of their temporary and part-time staff more accurately and without the confusion some schools experienced. Even though some institutions may be able to provide one set of these estimates only, it will at least be completely clear which set of figures the institution is providing.

Another area of ambiguity appeared in the actual faculty counts. Some institutions provided estimates of full-time equivalents (FTEs) rather than the requested headcount of individuals. Instructions to the institution questionnaire should make clear that NSOPF is seeking a headcount of faculty, and not a count of FTEs (or positions) unless it is expressly stated in the question.

In NSOPF-93, a number of institutions excluded medical or professional schools or satellite campuses that should have been included in their faculty enumerations. In future NSOPF cycles, explicit instructions should be provided in both the questionnaire and the list collection packet to include all such schools and campuses that do not file separately for IPEDS. If possible, a list of schools and campuses to be included could be printed in the packet given each institution, based on IPEDS information. The institution would be instructed to notify the NSOPF contractor about any changes in the status of the



listed schools and satellite campuses. If an institution has any questions about which schools and campuses to include, that institution would be instructed to contact the NSOPF contractor for assistance.

Finally, a small number of institutions erroneously included all staff (including maintenance and clerical staff). This error may have been avoided had the respondent(s) carefully read the glossary on the front inside cover of the questionnaire. However, NCES and the NSOPF contractor cannot be assured that the respondent(s) will read the glossary. An additional instruction to the questions soliciting counts of faculty and staff should be added to the institution questionnaire. That instruction would briefly repeat the instruction to include only instructional and noninstructional faculty and staff. Such an instruction could include a statement referring respondents to the glossary.

5.3 Health Sciences Faculty and the Faculty Questionnaire

The total number of health sciences faculty estimated in the revised NSOPF-93 faculty dataset is 146,615. However, if the criterion ("teaching at least one course for credit") is used to select instructional faculty for analysis, the number of health sciences faculty drops to 93,860, a 36 percent decline. This decline is second only to the decline registered among Agriculture/Home Economics faculty (41.7 percent), as Exhibit 5-1 illustrates. In Exhibit 5-1, the derived variable X01A12 was used to indicate program area. This derived variable does not record a program area for 820 faculty members who were legitimately allowed to skip the question. To account for these cases, an extra category, "Program area skipped" has been added to the exhibit. Health sciences faculty show the largest single decline in the absolute number of faculty in all the program areas (a decline of 52,755 faculty members) when faculty members who do not teach at least one course for credit are screened out. Under the "teaching at least one course for credit" criterion, health sciences faculty are excluded from analysis at a rate almost twice as high as average faculty members are excluded (36.0 percent to 20.5 percent).



Exhibit 5-1: Profiles of faculty by program area in NSOPF-93 faculty questionnaire data file

	Total faculty number	Faculty teaching at least one for-credit	Faculty members screened out		
		course	Number	Percent	
TOTAL	1,033,966	821,700	-212,266	-20.5	
Agriculture/home economics	18,964	11,057	-7,907	-41.7	
Business	79,584	73,100	-6,484	-8.2	
Education	78,727	61,071	-17,656	-22.4	
Engineering	38,954	34,246	-4,708	-12.1	
Fine arts	70,065	59,226	-10,839	-15.5	
Health sciences	146,615	93,860	-52,755	-36.0	
Humanities	147,800	130,199	-17,601	-11.9	
Natural sciences	178,583	151,735	-26,848	-15.0	
Social sciences	98,517	86,237	-12,280	-12.5	
All other fields	139,121	114,493	-24,628	-17.7	
Program area skipped	37,035	6,475	-30,560	-82.5	

Health sciences faculty are more likely to perform individualized instruction or noncredit teaching activities than are other types of faculty participating in NSOPF-93. Of the 108,023 faculty who participate in individualized instruction and who teach no for-credit classes, 38,061 (35.2 percent) are health sciences faculty. The next highest concentration of faculty who engage in individualized instruction and who teach no for-credit courses is faculty in natural sciences, with 12,559 faculty members fitting this criterion.

Exhibit 5-2 illustrates estimates of health sciences and total faculty using different selection criteria (defined by the description and SAS code presented in the exhibit). In the exhibit, the program area derived variable X01A12 is used to identify health sciences faculty. The variable C25YES is a derived variable created to register "yes" (YES=1, NO=2) if respondents gave counts of students whom they taught individually in items C25A1 to C25A4. In effect, C25YES=1 indicates that the respondent conducted individualized instruction. Of the 593,227 faculty members who indicated that they conducted any individualized instruction, 103,808 (or 17.5 percent) were health sciences faculty. The second largest group of faculty conducting individualized instruction were found in the natural sciences (98,191 or 16.5 percent).

Analysis showed that the largest concentration of faculty who conducted individualized instruction, but who did not teach courses, was found in the health sciences. Of the estimated 76,200 faculty who conducted individualized instruction and taught no other courses (C25YES=1 & C22=0), 31,201, or 41



percent, of the total were health sciences faculty. The next largest group of faculty meeting these criteria were found in the natural sciences (8,805 or 11.6 percent). Faculty questionnaire Question C25 asks respondents to include "individual students in a clinical or research setting," a selection criterion which would appear to apply more readily to health sciences faculty than to other types of faculty. If the criterion used to select instructional faculty for analysis is modified to include faculty who conducted individualized instruction or who taught at least one for-credit course, the total number of faculty selected for analysis increases to 951,025, including 133,693 health sciences faculty. Another possible selection criterion, "any instruction for credit" (X01_1=1), which includes any instructional duties related to credit courses or advising or supervising academic activities for credit, selects for analysis 124,186 health sciences faculty of a total of 904,935 faculty meeting this criterion.

Recommendation for next NSOPF. Some criteria used to select faculty cases for analysis exclude a disproportionate number of faculty in the health sciences than faculty in other disciplines. To develop an accurate profile of health sciences faculty, questions that solicit more information on what constitutes advising or supervising academic activities for credit, noncredit courses, and advising or supervising noncredit academic activities should be added to the faculty questionnaire. Adding these questions would help to develop a more complete profile of faculty other than health sciences faculty as well.

Exhibit 5-2: Estimates of NSOPF-93 health sciences faculty populations produced with different selection criteria

Description of filter used	SAS code for filter	Total number of all faculty selected	Total number of health sciences faculty selected	Percent of total number of health sciences faculty selected
No filter used	None	1,033,966	146,615	100.0
Conducted individualized instruction OR taught at least one for-credit course	C25YES = 1 or C22a > 0	951,025	133,693	91.2
Any instruction for credit	X01_1 = 1	904,935	124,186	84.7
Conducted individualized instruction or taught at least one for-credit class AND any instruction for credit	C25YES = 1 or C22A > 0 & X01_1 = 1	886,572	119,618	81.6
Taught at least one course	C22>0	874,825	139,143	94.9
Taught at least one for-credit course	C22a>0	821,700	93,860	64.0
Any individualized instruction	C25YES = 1	593,227	103,808	70.8

Attachment

Tables Comparing Faculty Totals Reported on NSOPF and IPEDS 1987-1993



Table 1--Counts of Faculty and Instructional Staff by Year and by Source and Definition of Data

	1987	1991 199	92 1993
Institution Survey			
Any instruction	825,000	940	0,000
Faculty status or instruction for credit		1,035	5,000
Faculty Lists			
Courses for credit Faculty and Instructional staff whose primary responsibility is teaching	770,000	713	,000
or research		725	,000
Any instruction for credit		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,000
Any instruction Faculty status or		842,	000
instruction for credit		886,	000
Faculty status or instruction IPEDS Staff Survey		899,	000
Faculty (Primary Respons. teaching or research)		825,000	894,000

Comments:

Any instruction for credit includes individuals teaching courses for credit, those supervising thesis or dissertation committees and those involved in individualized instruction for credit. Faculty status or instruction includes anyone who has faculty status at an institution (regardless of whether they have instructional responsibilities or noninstructional responsibilities) and anyone else who has instructional responsibilities for credit (teaching assistants are not included).



Table 2--Instructional Faculty and Staff by Employment Status and by Type and Control of Institution: Fall 1992

	Total		Full-time		Part-time	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
All institutions	940,000	100.0	539,000	57.3	401,000	42.6
Public research	119,000	100.0	95,000	79.8	24,000	20.2
Private research	52,000	100.0	37,000	71.2	15,000	28.8
Public doctoral	77,000	100.0	54,000	70.1	23,000	29.9
Private doctoral	49,000	100.0	31,000	63.3	18,000	36.7
Public comprehensive	139,000	100.0	94,000	67.6	45,000	32.4
Private comprehensive	70,000	100.0	34,000	48.6	36,000	51.4
Private liberal arts	57,000	100.0	38,000	66.7	19,000	33.3
Public two-year	305,000	100.0	113,000	37.0	192,000	63.0
Other	72,000	100.0	43,000	59.7	29,000	40.3

SOURCE: 1993 NSOPF "Institution Survey"



Table 3--Counts of Faculty and Instructional Staff by Employment Status and by Year, Source and Definition of Data

	Total	Full-time	Part-time
		Fall 1993	
IPEDS Staff Survey	8 93 , 645	533,018	360,627
		Fall	1992
Institution Survey			
Any instruction (credit/noncredit)	940,192	539,210	400,981
Faculty status or instruction	1,035,000	615,191	419,864
Faculty Lists			
Courses for credit	712,858	494,743	238,095
Primary teaching or research	785,369	498,270	287,099
Any instruction for credit	789,437	526,222	263,2 15
Any instruction (credit/noncredit)	842,032	550,600	291,432
Faculty status or instruction for credit	885,796	594,369	291,427
Faculty status or instruction	899,765	595,644	304,121
	·	Fall 1991.	
IPEDS Staff Survey			
Primary teaching or research	825,240	535,276	289,964



Fall 1987

Institution Survey

Any instruction (credit/noncredit)	8 25,000	514,000	311,000
•	•	•	
Faculty Lists			
Courses for credit	769,825	515,013	254,812

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