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ABSTRACT

The Great Lakes Resource Access Project (Region V RAP) serves Head Start programs in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, and Wisconsin. The Region V RAP conducts an annual needs assessment to determine the training and technical assistance needs of the Head Start Disability Services Coordinators. A survey for assessing needs for the 1997-98 academic year was used to gather data for the study. In addition to sections containing census information and general training and technical assistance needs information, this survey included sections designed to gather information regarding three salient issues: (1) children's screening and developmental assessment; (2) serving parents with disabilities; and (3) impact of welfare reform on Head Start services. Survey results (presented in 37 tables comprising the bulk of this report) indicated that in response to the specific issue of children's screening and developmental assessment, the majority of programs (75%) reported administering screening tests in the Fall. The most important selection criterion in choosing a screening instrument was that it was easy to follow. With respect to parents with disabilities, the majority of programs in all regions reported serving parents with special needs within the last year (ranging from 73% of programs in Chicago to 92% in Ohio). Parents with emotional disabilities constituted the largest group of parents with special needs (58%) served by the program. With respect to welfare reform, close to one-half of programs (48%) reported their staff's level of knowledge about welfare reform as general awareness. Program coordinators indicated their staff's greatest need to be information about possible changes in roles (76%), followed by information about possible changes in services (75%), information about collaboration with day care providers (75%), and information about the welfare reform (67%). Other training and technical assistance needs included transitioning and program performance standards. Overall, the majority of programs were satisfied with RAP services. (The survey instrument is appended.) (LPP)



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Great Lakes Resource Access Project Annual Needs Assessment Report 1997-98

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INTRODUCTION

The Great Lakes Resource Access Project (Region V RAP) serves Head Start Programs in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, and Wisconsin. The Region V RAP conducts an annual needs assessment in order to determine the training and technical assistance needs of the Head Start Disability Services Coordinators (DSCs). The DSCs are asked to complete a survey with input from other component coordinators and staff members. The survey for assessing needs for the 1997-98 academic year was distributed in January, 1997, and all surveys returned by March 18, 1997, were used in compiling this report.

The survey format was different from past years in that it included sections designed to gather specific information regarding three salient issues: a) Children's Screening and Developmental Assessment, b) Serving Parents with Disabilities, and c) Impact of Welfare Reform on Head Start Services. Rating scales, forced choice, and open-ended item formats were used. Other sections of the survey were similar to those on previous surveys, including items regarding Census Information, Training and Technical Assistance Needs in the areas of policies, planning, classroom concerns, and multicultural issues. New to the survey included items requesting information on infants/toddlers, families, size of communities served by individual Head Start programs, and RAP services accessed by programs. Information on training or technical assistance received in the past also was new to the survey. As in the previous year's survey, respondents also were asked to indicate how satisfied they have been with the Great Lakes RAP services.

All data in this report is presented in tables accompanied by explanatory notes. Results for Illinois do not include Chicago. Results from Chicago are presented separately because the system is large and different from the other areas of Illinois in many respects. In most of the tables, data is presented for each geographical area (i.e., Ch, IL, IN, OH, MI, MN, WI) as well as totals for the region.



SUMMARY OF RESULTS

The return rate of surveys averaged 65% (n=269), ranging from 25% (n=22) for Chicago to 100% (n=47) for Indiana Head Start Programs (see Table 1). Fifty percent (50%) or more of programs in Chicago, Illinois, Michigan, and Ohio served communities of at least 50,000 people, while more than 50% of programs in the states of Indiana, Minnesota, and Wisconsin served communities of less than 50,000 people (see Table 5). Overall, the 269 programs which responded reported serving 97,046 preschool-aged children in 4,098 classrooms or 2,049 centers (see Table 2). Of the preschool children served, 4,114 also were enrolled in other programs (i.e., dually enrolled). Preschool classroom teaching staff included 4,205 teachers, 4,393 teacher assistants, and 502 special needs aides. Programs reported providing homebased educational services to 10,547 preschool-aged children, with a staff of 949 teachers. Programs also reported serving 1,659 infants and toddlers, and 83,681 families.

In terms of disabilities, the three most frequently reported areas for infants and toddlers were multiple disabilities, developmental delays, and health problems (see table 3). For preschool-aged children, the three most frequently cited disability areas were speech and language delays, health problems, and developmental delays (see Table 4).

In response to the specific issue of children's screening and development assessment, the majority of programs (75% or more) reported administering screening tests in the Fall (see Table 6). Less than a third of programs in each region



or state administered screening tests during the Spring. At least fifty percent (50%) of programs in four states (Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota, and Wisconsin) reported administering screening tests at other times (e.g., when a child enrolls). The DIAL screening instrument was used by at least 50% of programs in Illinois, Indiana, Minnesota, and Wisconsin (see Table 7). The only other screening instrument used by at least 50% of programs was the Denver in Michigan. The most important selection criteria in choosing screening instrument(s) was that it was easy to follow (65%), followed by easy to explain to parents (51%), quick to complete (49%), and easy to manage (45%) (see Table 8). Eighty-seven percent (87%) of programs reported that they used the same screening instrument for all children (see Table 9). Teachers were involved in the screening in the majority of programs (92%) (see Table 10). Parents were involved in screening in less than one-half of the programs (48%). DSCs were involved in 44% of programs, while speech therapists were involved in the screening process in 35% of programs. DSCs reported their staff's confidence in conducting screening to be good in the majority of cases (93%) (see Table 11). Fortyfive percent (45%) of programs always or usually adapted screening for children with disabilities; 55% of programs made minimal or no adaptation in screening for children with disabilities (see Table 13). The majority of programs reported using observations and parent reports as primary methods in the identification of children with emotional issues (see Table 14). Seventy-five percent (75%) of programs report screening results to parents through conferences (see Table 15). Other means of reporting screening results to parents include home visits (63%) and letters (27%).



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On-going development assessment, on the other hand, was conducted as needed by 37% of programs, three times of more by 36% of programs, twice a year (22%), and once a year (4%) (see Table 16). The majority of programs (85%) used direct observation as a method of assessment (see Table 17). Other methods of assessment included parent information (58%), curriculum-based (45%), play-based (39%), norm-referenced (38%), and portfolio review (31%). The majority of DSCs (90%) reported their staff's confidence as good to excellent, while 10% reported their staff's confidence as fair or poor (see Table 18). Sixty-one percent (61%) of programs adapted assessment for children with disabilities, while 39% reported making minimal or no adaptation in assessment (see Table 19). Ninety-two percent (92%) of programs always or frequently used assessment information in developing goals for children (see Table 20).

The majority of programs in all regions reported serving parents with special needs within the last year (ranging from 73% of programs in Chicago to 92% of programs in Ohio) (see Table 21). Parents with emotional disabilities (e.g., depression) constituted the largest group of parents with special needs (58%) served by the programs, followed by parents with cognitive disabilities (55%), physical disabilities (48%) and sensory impairments (45%) (see Table 21). The majority of programs characterized their working relationships with parents with special needs as good to excellent (see Table 22). Twenty-three percent (23%) of programs indicated a somewhat difficult or difficult working relationship with parents with emotional disabilities. Thirteen percent (13%) of programs reported having



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somewhat difficult or difficult relationships with parents with cognitive disabiliites. Eleven percent (11%) of programs reported somewhat difficult or difficult relationships with parents with sensory impairments, and 8% of programs reported having somewhat difficult or difficult relationships with parents with physical disabilities. Assistance provided to parents with special needs included referrals to community agencies (85%), provision of educational information in different ways (78%), social support (76%), and adapting materials (48%) (see Table 23). The top three areas of referrals for parents with special needs were social support services (76%), mental health services (72%), and self-help skills assistance (53%) (see Table 25). Three-fourths of programs reported staff's competence in identifying mental health symptoms as good to excellent (see Table 24). One-fourth reported their staff's competence in identifying mental health symptoms as fair or poor. The majority of programs (81%) indicated that their staff interacted well with mental health agencies (see Table 26). Nineteen percent (19%) indicated their staff's competence in interacting with mental health agencies as difficult. The majority of programs (88% or more) did not have written policies in regard to working with parents with special needs (see Table 28).

Close to one-half of programs (48%) reported their staff's level of knowledge about welfare reform as general awareness (see Table 29). Only 24% of programs reported that their staff was already exploring ways to the reform demands. In terms of staff preparation, 14% of programs have had no or little discussion about the reform (see Table 30). About one-half (49%) of programs have provided staff with



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general information. Thirty-seven percent (37%) of programs have discussed with staff about the impact of reform on personal roles, organizational structure, or services. Programs reported that the reform will affect parent involvement the most (83%) (see Table 31). Other areas where changes are expected include parent volunteers (78%), child care services (77%), enrollment of children (73%), family services (62%), parent education (62%), service delivery (58%), and health/managed care (57%). Programs indicated their staff's greatest need to be information about possible changes in roles (76%), followed by information about possible changes in services (75%), information about collaboration with day care providers (75%), and information about the welfare reform (67%) (see Table 32).

Other training needs indicated, in order of greatest need, were: a) transitioning: preparing children, families, and programs, b) writing individualized lesson plans to address IEP objectives, c) communicating with parents with special needs, d) resources for parents with special needs, e) adapting materials, activities, and environment, f) providing social and emotional support to parents with special needs, g) serving bilingual children and their families, and h) choosing and implementing developmentally appropriate practice (see Table 33).

Technical assistance needs, in order of greatest needs, were: a) program performance standards, b) transitioning: preparing children, families, and programs, c) serving bilingual children and their families, d) intercomponent coordination, e) disability services regulations, e) writing a disability services plan, f) writing individualized lesson plans to address IEP objectives, g) choosing culturally valid



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screening/assessments, h) working with therapists in the classroom, i) state and federal disability laws, j) specifying goals, objectives, and role responsibilities on IEPS, k)) adapting materials, activities, and environment, l) promoting social interaction among children, and m) adapting environment and materials for parents with special needs (see Table 34).

In terms of disability areas, programs indicated the greatest training and technical assistance needs in: a) behavior disorders, b) speech delay, c) attention deficit hyperactive disorder, d) attention deficit disorder, e) developmental delay, and f) autism (see Table 35).

When asked about RAP services accessed by the programs, 61% used phone resource, 54% of programs reported receiving training, 48% used network meetings, and 33% used on-site technical assistance (see Table 36). The majority of programs (96%) were satisfied to extremely satisfied with RAP services (see Table 37).



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Table 1.

Needs Assessment Survey Return Rates

Geographical Area	Number of	Number of	%
	Surveys Mailed	Surveys Returned	Returned
Entire Five-State Region	412	269	65
Lower three states	257	166	65
Chicago	87	22	25
Illinois	43	31	72
Indiana	47	47	100
Ohio	80	66 -	83
Upper three states	155	103	66
Michigan	70	38	54
Minnesota	41	28	68
Wisconsin	44	37	84



Table 2. Characteristics of Programs

Program Type/ Information	Chicago (N = 22)	Illinois (N = 31)	Indiana $(N = 47)$	Ohio (N = 66)	Michigan (N = 38)	Minnesota $(N = 28)$	Wisconsin $(N = 37)$	Totals $(N = 269)$
Classroom-based								
Centers	89	194	245	292	349	218	208	2,049
Classrooms	172	483	512	1,515	089	297	439	4,098
Teachers	169	209	200	1,481	821	334	391	4,205
Children	. 4,836	8,185	10,109	38,253	20,612	5,248	608′6	97,046
Dually Enrolled	157	540	148	1,905	407	332	625	4,114
Teacher Assistants	174	489	484	1,512	1,066	302	366	4,393
Special Needs Aides	2	58	22	123	91	115	91	502
Home-based							·	
Teachers	4	86	92	386	127	156	98	949
Children	88	1,150	1,010	4,124	1,335	1,820	1,020	10,547
Infants/Toddlers	0	270	169	303	712	25	180	1,659
	,				-			,
Families	3,021	8,041	8,755	32,649	17,232	6,467	7,516	83,681

Number of infants/toddlers with Diagnosed and Suspected Disabilities Table 3.

Category	Ħ	II.	NI	HO	MI	MN	WI	Region
At-risk	0 (0)	0 (1)	1 (0)	6(1)	0 (0)	0 (2)	0 (2)	7 (11)
Autism	(0) 0	(0) 0	(0) 0	0 (0)	0) 0	0 (0)	0 (0)	(0) 0
Emotional/Behavioral	(0) 0	(0) 0	0) 0	3 (15)	1(7)	0 (0)	0 (0)	4 (22)
Health	(0) 0	1 (0)	0) 0	4 (6)	12 (6)	0 (0)	0 (0)	17 (12)
Hearing	(0) 0	2 (0)	1 (0)	0 (0)	0 (3)	0 (0)	1 (0)	4 (3)
Mental Retardation	(0) 0	2(0)	0 (0)	0 (1)	0 (2)	1 (0)	0 (0)	3 (3)
Orthopedic	(0) 0	1 (0)	2 (0)	1 (2)	2 (2)	0 (0)	3(1)	9 (5)
Learning Disability	(0) 0	(0) 0	0 (0)	1 (7)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1(7)
Speech/Language	(0) 0	1(3)	2(1)	0 (0)	1 (5)	1 (0)	5(1)	10 (10)
Traumatic Brain Injury	(0) 0	(0) 0	0 (0)	0 (0)	0) 0	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
Visual	(0) 0	(0) 0	1 (0)	1 (0)	0 (0)	0) 0	1 (0)	3 (0)
Developmental Delay	(0) 0	0 (0)	1(1)	9 (4)	0 (0)	5 (0)	9 (11)	24 (16)
Multiple	(0) 0	0) 0	2 (0)	4(2)	2 (0)	0) 0	50 (0)	58 (2)

Note: Values enclosed in parentheses represent number of children with suspected disabilities.

Number of Preschool Children with Diagnosed and Suspected Disabilities Table 4.

Category	H	IL	N _I	OH	MI	MN	WI	Region
At-risk .	1 (6)	23 (94)	50 (354)	3 (134)	128 (217)	23 (1240)	2 (415)	595 (2156)
Autism	3 (2)	5 (4)	16 (2)	22 (12)	14 (4)	17 (5)	4(3)	81 (32)
Emotional/Behavioral	(98)	34 (41)	51 (68)	231 (320)	68 (121)	36 (50)	72 (72)	560 (702)
Health	32 (2)	148 (27)	132 (69)	295 (52)	392 (70)	86 (35)	102 (62)	1187 (317)
Hearing	1 (0)	23 (6)	24 (19)	24 (13)	41 (11)	24 (6)	14 (22)	149 (77) .
Mental Retardation	8 (0)	10 (0)	154 (8)	25 (14)	52 (4)	10 (1)	36 (15)	295 (42)
Orthopedic	8 (4)	26 (5)	34 (8)	81 (21)	64 (12)	25 (5)	15 (5)	253 (60)
Learning Disability	12 (3)	28 (26)	177 (127)	210 (113)	45 (14)	11 (1)	26 (20)	509 (304)
Speech/Language	336 (50)	901 (385)	1521 (295)	3349 (836)	1653 (228)	444 (123)	942 (269)	9146 (2186)
Traumatic Brain Injury	2 (0)	3 (1)	0) 0	4 (2)	5 (1)	5 (0)	4 (2)	23 (6)
Visual	4 (3)	17 (6)	48 (14)	21 (2)	31 (2)	8 (5)	7 (8)	136 (40)
Developmental Delay	(2)	281 (110)	22 (32)	260 (98)	77 (44)	434 (65)	62 (84)	1152 (440)
Multiple	4 (1)	24 (4)	127 (15)	114 (28)	75 (1)	122 (2)	30 (5)	496 (56)

Note: Values enclosed in parentheses represent number of children with suspected disabilities.

Table 5.

Primary Geographic Areas Served

Region	Large	Medium-size	Small	Rural
•	Community	Community	Commmunity	Community
	(>100,000	(50,000 - 100,000	(10,000 - 50,000	(<10,000
	people)	people)	people)	people)
	y	·		
Chicago	67%	29%	0%	5%
Illinois	27%	23%	27%	- 23%
Indiana	15%	32%	30%	23%
Ohio	37%	26%	26%	11%
Michigan	32%	38%	16%	14%
Minnesota	8%	19%	31%	42%
Wisconsin	14%	33%	22%	31%



Table 6.

<u>Screening Schedule</u>

Region	Fall	Spring	Other
			(e.g., when child
			enrolls)
·			
·		•	•
Chicago	96%	0%	18%
Illinois	77%	23%	58%
Indiana	92%	13%	37%
Ohio	91%	20%	49%
Michigan	84%	18%	63%
Minnesota	82%	14%	54%
Wisconsin	86%	33%	50%



Table 7. Screening Instruments Used

Category	H H	ᆸ	ZI	HO	MI	N	WI	Region
				į	·			
Battelle	%0	%9	%0	14%	3%	4%	%0 ·	4%
Brigance	27%	16%	17%	27%	%8	11%	3%	16%
Chicago Early	18%	. 10%	4%	3%	13%	%2	%8	%6
Denver	2%	23%	23%	40%	25%	39%	32%	31%
DIAL	%6	53%	23%	11%	18%	%89	54%	38%
Peabody Picture Vocabulary	%0	%6	%6	3%	3%	4%	%8	5%
Other (e.g.,)	25%	13%	13%	44%	29%	54%	30%	34%

Table 8.

Reasons for Selecting Screening Instrument(s)

Category	H)	IL	Z	ЮН	MI	M	WI	Region
Easy to follow Affordable Quick to complete Only available test Easy to manage Easy to adapt Easy to explain to parents Other (e.g., used in school	68% 27% 36% 0% 50% 36% 36%	61% 29% 48% 3% 32% 45% 32%	64% 55% 25% 45% 26% 32%	74% 41% 55% 2% 59% 55% 33%	58% 37% 47% 5% 40% 42% 24%	64% 39% 54% 7% 36% 32%	65% 38% 51% 0% 35% 60% 30%	65% 38% 49% 3% 31% 31%
	i.							



Table 9. Use of Screening Instrument(s) Across All Children

Category	CH CH	Ϊ́	NI	Ю	MI	N	I M:	Region
Same Screening Instrument(s) Are Used For All Children	91%	93%	%96	95%	%68	64%	83%	%28
Different Screening Instrument(s) Are Used For Different Children	%6	. %2	4%	5%	11%	36%	17%	13%

Table 10. Persons Involved in Screening Process

Category	CH	ш	NI	НО	MI ·	MN	WI	Region
DSC	18%	48%	53%	46%	26%	54%	%09	44%
Teacher	100%	84%	%28	100%	%26	%98	%76	95%
Speech Therapist	18%	48%	47%	46%	21%	76%	32%	35%
Parent(s)	22%	23%	47%	. 52%	23%	20%	21%	48%
School Psychologist	%6	16%	%9	18%	13%	%2	19%	13%
Other (e.g., teacher assistant)	36%	71%	40%	27%	40%	54%	54%	4%



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Staff's Confidence in Conducting Screening Table 11.

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

Category	CH	긥	ZI	ЮН	MI	MM	MI	Region
Excellent	14%	13%	23%	19%	25%	18%	11%	18%
Very Good	38%	28%	45%	43%	42%	61%	62%	20%
Good	33%	23%	21%	31%	33%	11%	22%	25%
Fair	10%	3%	11%	%8	%0	11%	2%	%2
Poor	.5%	3%	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	1%

Table 12. . Extent of Parent Involvement in Screening

Category	H	님	Z	НО	MI	MN	WI	Region
Always Involved Usually Involved Somewhat Involved Little or No Involvement	29% 19% 29% 24%	13% 16% 42% 29%	28% 19% 34% 19%	26% 23% 37% 14%	24% 22% 27% 27%	18% 29% 32% 21%	19% 32% 32% 16%	22% 23% 33% 21%

Table 13. Extent Screening is Adapted for Children with Disabilities

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

Category	H	IL	ZI	НО	MI	WN	MI	Region
Always Adapted . Usually Adapted Some Adaptation Little or No Adaptation	15% 15% 55%	33% 13% 33% 20%	30% 16% 34% 21%	30% 24% 21% 25%	34% 17% 37% 11%	33% 19% 33% 15%	25% 11% 44% 20%	29% 16% 37% 18%

Table 14. <u>Methods Used in Identifying Children with Emotional Issues</u>

100%100%98%99%97%100%100%27%55%58%45%68%62%82%94%, 95%89%89%68%45%49%53%55%61%43%23%52%26%30%26%21%41%	cales 27% 55% 58% 45% 68% 82% 94% 92% 94% 95% 89% 88% 88% 94% 92% 94% 95% 89% 88% 1t with 23% 52% 26% 30% 26% 21% scialist)	Category	H	비	ZI	ЮН	MI	MN	WI	Region
cales 27% 55% 58% 45% 68% 62% 82% 82% 94% , 95% 89% 89% 89% 68% 45% 45% 49% 53% 55% 61% 43% rialist)	cales 27% 55% 58% 45% 68% 62% 82% 82% 94% , 95% 89% 89% 89% 68% 45% 45% 53% 55% 61% 43% tt with 23% 52% 26% 30% 26% 21% 41% scialist)	Observation	100%	100%	%86	%66	%26	100%	100%	%66
82% 94% 92% 94% , 95% 89% 89% 89% (68% 45% 49% 53% 55% 61% 43% (1 with 23% 52% 26% 21% 41% (25% 21% 41% 41% (25% 21% 41% 41% (25% 21% 41% 41% 41% (25% 21% 41% 41% 41% 41% 41% 41% 41% 41% 41% 4	82% 94% 92% 94% , 95% 89% 89% 86% 45% 45% 49% 53% 55% 61% 43% et with 23% 52% 26% 21% 41% et alist)	Behavior Rating Scales	27%	25%	25%	28%	45%	%89	%29	53%
68% 45% 49% 53% 55% 61% 43% It with 23% 52% 26% 30% 26% 21% 41% cialist)	68% 45% 49% 53% 55% 61% 43% It with 23% 52% 26% 30% 26% 21% 41% scialist)	Parent Report	82%	94%	95%	94%	, 95%	%68	%68	91%
t with 23% 52% 26% 30% 26% 21% 41% crialist)	t with 23% 52% 26% 30% 26% 21% 41% cialist)	Inability to Screen	%89	45%	46%	53%	25%	61%	43%	53%
		Other (e.g., Consult with	23%	52%	%97	30%	79%	21%	.41%	31%
Therefore a tenting of courses,		Mental Health Specialist)								

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Reporting Screening Results to Parents Table 15.

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

Category	H	IL	NI	HO	MI	MN	IM	Region
							-	
Conference	%96	65 %	72%	%92	%92	64%	%92	75%
Home Visit	14%	%89	%89	%89	%89	%62	78%	63%
Letter	5%	79%	32%	39%	29%	32%	24%	27%
Other (e.g., telephone)	14%	10%	21%	15%	18%	36%	16%	19%
•	da esta de la companya de la company							7
Table 16.								

Rate of Conducting Developmental Assessment

Category	H	口	Z	HO	MI	MN	MI	Region
Once a Year	10%	2%	2%	%0	%0	4%	%9	4%
Twice a Year	29%	24%	18%	24%	16%	31%	15%	22%
As Needed	48%	38%	33%	31%	, 37%	36%	35%	37%
Other (e.g., Three Times or	14%	31%	47%	45%	42%	27%	44%	%98
More a year; On-going)								



3

Table 17. Methods of Assessment

Category	H	ㅂ	N.	HO	MI	WN	WI	Region	ا
Norm-Referenced ·	27%	768	36%	47%	40%	43%	43%	38%	
Curriculum-based	41%	40%	51%	41%	23%	20%	41%	45%	
Direct Observation	73%	%28	83%	91%	%06	%86	%92	85%	
Play-based	36%	35%	47%	20%	23%	767	22%	36%	<i>;</i>
Parent Information .	46%	25%	22%	%29	71%	%89	41%	28%	•
Portfolio Review	2%	42%	23%	30%	47%	36%	35%	31%	
					i				

Table 18. Staff's Confidence in Conducting Assessment

Category	H	II	Z	ЮН	MI	MN	MI	Region
Excellent	18%	10%	13%	%6	22%,	11%	%6	13%
Very Good	36%	45%	47%	38%	43%	43%	31%	40%
Good	27%	32%	32%	45%	30%	36%	54%	37%
Fair	18%	13%	%9	%9	2%	%2	%9	%6
Poor	%0	%0	2%	2%	%0	%0	.%0	1%

Extent Assessment is Adapted for Children with Disabilities Table 19.

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

Category	B	IL	NI NI	НО	MI	MN	WI	Region
			·	ļ	,	,		
Always Adapted .	18%	28%	43%	38%	43%	36%	22%	32%
Usually Adapted	35%	28%	21%	79%	76%	32%	31%	29%
Sometimes Adapted	41%	31%	23%	23%	17%	76%	38%	75%
Little or No Adaptation	%9 .	14%	13%	13%	11%	4%	%6	10%
4								•
Table 20.								

Extent Assessment Information is Used in Developing Goals

Category	CH	IL	ZI	ОН	MI	MN	WI	Region
Always I Isad	23%	%99	72%	%99	%09	54%	27%	61%
Frequently Used	26%	28%	17%	26%	36%	46%	38%	31%
Sometimes Used	21%	%/	%/	%8	, 5%	%0	2%	%8
Never Used	%0	%0	4%	%0	%0	%0	%0	1%

Percent of Programs who Served Parents with Disabilities Within the Last Year Table 21.

Category	СН	Ή	ZI	НО	MI	N N	WI	Region
Percent of Programs Having Contact or Served Parents with Disabilities in the Past One Year	73%	%06	83%	92%	. %98	85%	%98	85%
Percent of Programs who Served:								
Sensory Impairments	23%	36%	47%	44%	53%	57%	54%	45%
Physical Disabilities Cognitive Disabilities	36% 32%	39% 61%	47% 62%	53% 52%	58%	57% 61%	46% 70%	48% 55%
Emotional Disabilities	41%	55%	64%	%59	53%	61%	%02	58%

Working Relationship with Parents with Special Needs Table 22.

Category	CH	IL	N	НО	MI	MN	MI	Region
Parents with:								
Sensory Impairments Excellent/Very Good	25%	52%	62%	44%	59%	39%	26%	44%
5000 Somewhat Difficult/Difficult	%8	38% 10%	12%	36% 19%	%8%	%9 %9	13%	11%
Physical Disabilities Excellent/Very Good	21%	40%	. %59	54%	61%	20%	43%	47%
Good Somewhat Difficult/Difficult	64% 14%	55% 5%	27% 9%	30% 16%	35% 4%	20% 0%	48% 10%	44% 8%
Cognitive Disabilities Excellent/Very Good	29%	36%	61%	44%	64%	41%	29%	43%
Good Somewhat Difficult/Difficult	64% 7%	48% 16%	%6% 0%	34% 23%	12% 24%	47% 12%	61% 11%	44% 13%
Emotional Disabilities Excellent/Very Good	14%	28%	52%	45%	47%	45%	21%	36%
Good Somewhat Difficult/Difficult	54% 31%	60% 12%	39% 10%	24%` 31%	21% 32%	39%	54% 25%	42% 23%
		,					į	

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Category	H	ll ll	<u> </u>	ЮН	MI	M	WI	Region
Provided Educational Information in Different Ways	64%	81%	75%	27%	82%	82%	84%	78%
Adapted Materials	23%	32%	%29	47%	25%	%89	51%	48%
Provided Social Support	73%	%89	83%	82%	%92	75%	73%	%92
Referrals to Community Agencies	%22	84%	87%	95%	%28	%98	84%	%28
Other (e.g., Used Interpreter)	2%	19%	15%	29%	16%	18%	22%	18%

Table 23. <u>Strategies Used</u>

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Staff's Competence in Identifying Mental Health Symptoms Table 24.

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

Category	H	日	Z	ЮН	MI	W	WI	Region
Excellent .	16%	3%	4%	16%	14%	12%	3%	10%
Very Good	42%	31%	38%	76%	23%	44%	16%	32%
Good	76%	38%	38%	32%	34%	28%	47%	35%
Fair	16%	24%	16%	18%	767	12%	31%	21%
Poor .	%0	3%	4%	2%	%0	4%	3%	3%

Referrals Made for Parents with Special Needs

Table 25.

Category	Æ	IL	Z	ЮН	MI	MN	WI	Region
Leisure/Recreation Activities 14% Substance Abuse Services 50% Self-Help Skills Assistance 36% Mental Health Services 68% Social Support Services 68%	14% 50% 36% 68% 68%	23% 45% 61% 74% 81%	23% 30% 60% 77% 72%	41% 53% 71% 73% 79%	40% ,32% 47% 74% 74%	46% 39% 50% 68% 82%	32% 51% 43% 70% 78%	31% 43% 53% 72% 76%
Suspected Abuse/Inegrigerice	0/ 67	0/ 1 1	9/ P	8	2/ 7	2	2	

Table 26. Staff's Competence in Interacting with Mental Health Agencies

Category	Ð	II	Z	HO	MI	WN	MI	Region
•								
Excellent	10%	10%	. 22%	18%	24%	23%	14%	17%
Good	%08	73%	%29	%69	64%	20%	22%	%99
Somewhat Difficult	2%	3%	11%	10%	%9	23%	23%	12%
Fairly Difficult/Difficult	2%	13%	11%	3%	%9	4%	%9	. %2

Table 27. Staff's Competence in Interacting with Parents with Special Needs

Region	12% 36% 45% 7%
WI	6% 38% 47% 9%
MN	11% 46%. 37% 6%
MI	27% , 33% 36% 3%
ЮН	13% 36% 40% 11%
ZI	11% 46% 37% 6%
日	3% 35% 59% 3%
H	11% 21% 58% 11%
Category	Excellent Very Good Good Somewhat Difficult/Difficult

47

Table 28. Availability of Written Policies for Parents with Special Needs

Category Catego									
es 19% 7% 7% 10% 7% 10% 7% 10% 7% 10% 7% 10% 10% 10% 10% 93% 90% 93% 90% 93% 90% 93% 19% 7% 7% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 7% 7% 8% 21% 10% 90% 93% 19% 7% 7% 8% 24% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 19% 7% 7% 8% 24% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10	Category	H H	<u>1</u> 1	ZI	НО	MI	MN	IM	Region
es 19% 7% 7% 10% 7% 10% 7% 10% 7% 10% 7% 10% 93% 90% 93% 90% 93% 90% 93% 90% 93% 90% 93% 90% 90% 90% 90% 90% 90% 90% 90% 90% 90	Parents with:								
es 19% 7% 7% 10% 24% 10% 93% 93% 93% 93% 93% 93% 93% 90% 93% 90% 93% 90% 93% 90% 90% 90% 90% 90% 90% 90% 90% 90% 90	Sensory Impairments		% L	%2	10%	%2	10%		. ` 10%
es 19% 7% 7% 10% 24% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 33% 93% 90% 76% 90% 90% 90% 90% 19% 7% 7% 8% 21% 10% 7% 93% 92% 79% 90% 93% 19% 7% 7% 8% 24% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 81% 93% 93% 92% 76% 90% 90%	No	81%	93%	93%	%06	%86	%06	%86	%06
ES 19% 7% 7% 8% 21% 10% 93% 93% 90% 10% 7% 10% 10% 93% 93% 92% 79% 90% 93% 93% 92% 76% 90% 90% 90% 93% 93% 93% 92% 76% 90% 90% 90%		10%	%2	%2	10%	74%	10%	10%	12%
es 19% 7% 7% 8% 21% 10% 7% 10	S Z	81%	%86	93%	%06	%92	%06	%06	%88
o 81% 93% 92% , 79% 90% 93% 53% 5	Cognitive Disabilities Yes	19%	%2	%2	%8	21%	10%	2%	11%
s 19% 7% 8% 24% 10% 10% 0 81% 93% 92% 76% 90%	o.	81%	93%	93%	%26	%62	%06	%86	%68
81% 93% 92% 76% 90%	Emotional Disabilities	10%	%L	%L	% &	24%	10%	10%	17%
	S N	81%	%86	%26	92%	%9Z	%06	%06	88%
									,

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Staff's Level of Knowledge About Welfare Reform Table 29.

Category	CH	IL	NI	OH	MI	MN	WI	Region	1
None/Little ·	2%	10%	%9	2%	%9	11%	3%	%9	
General Awareness	%98	61%	23%	47%	44%	43%	. %64	48%	
Specific Aspects	27%	10%	%6	12%	14%	11%	%8	13%	
Understands Consequences	%6	%2	17%	12%	%9	11%	11%	10%	,
Exploring Ways to Meet	23%	13%	15%	29%	31%	25%	30%	24%	
Reform Demands									
									ŀ
Table 30.									
Staff's Preparation to Handle Welfar	<u>Welfare R</u>	e <u>Reform</u>							

Category	H	П	Z	ЮН	MI	MN	WI	Region
No/Little Discussion	%0	30%	28%	10%	, 11%	11%	11%	14%
General Information Given	%89	43%	48%	43%	33%	64%	46%	49%
Impact on Personal Roles	2%	%0	%0	%9	%8	%0	%9	4%
Impact on Organization	2%	2%	%0	%8	14%	%0	%9	%9
Impact on Services	23%	20%	24%	33%	33%	25%	31%	27%

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Service Areas Where Changes Are Expected Due to Welfare Reform Table 31.

Category	E	IL	NI NI	ЮН	MI	M	WI	Region
Enrollment of Children	73%	%44	%02	%62	%89	%62	%02	73%
Service Delivery	20%	36%	23%	71%	20%	71%	%02	%85
Resources for Jobs	73%	28%	%02	%59	28%	%89	%59	%29
Child Care Services	77%	%89	81%	%62	%9/	%62	81%	%22
Role of Providers	36%	45%	47%	25%	47%	54%	%29	46%
Family Services	25%	28%	%99	62%	28%	64%	%89	%29
Parent Training	32%	28%	25%	26%	45%	20%	%29	52%
Parent Education	73%	28%	22%	28%	28%	21%	%92	%29
Parent Volunteers	73%	%89	85%	73%	%28	82%	81%	78%
Parent Involvement	82%	%22	%68	82%	82%	%98	81%	83%
Health/Managed Care	46%	39%	77%	26%	20%	64%	%59	27%
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Table 32. Staff's Needs in Regard to Welfare Reform

Category	Ð	日	N. N.	ЮН	MI	MN	WI	Region
Information About Welfare reform	36%	81%	75%	%29	%89	71%	73%	%29
Information About Possible Changes in Services	73%	74%	81%	%08	71%	%62	%02	75%
Information About Possible Changes in Roles	73%	77%	81%	74%	%89	%98	78%	%92
Information About Collaboration with Day Care Providers	77%	74%	%62	%22	%89	%62	%92	75%

Table 33. <u>Areas Where More Than 50% of Programs Indicated Training Need</u>

Category	H	日	ZI	ОН	MI	MN	WI
Transitioning: preparing children, families, & programs		7	7		7	7	7
Writing individualized lesson plans to address IEP objectives	7	7	7	7			
Serving bilingual children and their families						7	
Choosing and implementing developmentally appropriate practice		7					
Adapting materials, activities, environment	7				7		
Promoting social interaction among children		7					
Communicating with parents with special needs	7	7		7			
Providing social and emotional support to parents with special needs	7	•		7			
Resources for parents with special needs	7	7			7		

Table 34. Top 3 Areas in Technical Assistance Needs*

Category	H	日日	Z	НО	MI	MN	IM
Intercomponent coordination						7	~ "
Disability Services Regulations			7				7
State and Federal Disability Laws		>					
Program Performance Standards		>			7	7	
Writing a Disability Services Plan	7				7	,	
Specifying goals, objectives, and role responsibilities on IEPs					7		
Writing individualized lesson plans to address IEP objectives		•			7	7	
Transitioning: preparing children, families, & programs	7			7			7
Choosing culturally valid screening/assessments			7			7	
Serving bilingual children and their families		7	7	>			

Category (continued)	CH	П	NI	ЮН	MI	M	MI
Adapting materials, activities, environment		7					
Promoting social interaction among children	•	7					
Working with therapists in the classroom	7			7			
Communicating with parents with special needs							•
Adapting environment and materials for parents with special needs		7					
Providing social and emotional support to parents with special needs							
Resources for parents with special needs							

*Note: Some areas are tied for Top 3



Top 3 Training and Assistance Needs in Specific Disability Areas* Table 35.

Category	H	П	Z	ЮН	MI	M	WI
Behavior Disorder	→ .	7	>	7	7	7	. 7
Speech Delay	7	7		7		7	. 7
Attention Deficit Hyperactive Disorder		7	>		7		
Attention Deficit Disorder	7				7		
Developmental Delay	7	7					
Autism			7	7		7	7

*Note: Some categories are tied for Top 3

Table 36.
RAP Services Accessed by Programs

Category	æ	II	NI	НО	MI	M	WI	Region
On-Site Technical Assistance	%6	45%	36%	35%	32%	39%	32%	33%
Training	41%	45%	45%	52%	63%	%89	%89	54%
Networking Meetings	27%	39%	%89	41%	55%	20%	25%	48%
Phone Resource	41%	81%	%09	64%	45%	%68	45%	61%
						ļ		

Table 37.

Program Satisfaction with RAP Services

			'					
Category	CH	ΙĽ	ZI	ЮН	MI	N	WI	Region
Extremely Satisfied	%9	31%	41%	19%	39%	25%	42%	29%
Quite Satisfied .	20%	52%	20%	%89	46%	%89	53%	25%
Moderately Satisfied	19%	17%	%6	19%	%6	%2	%9	12%
Somewhat Dissatisfied	25%	%0	%0	%0	3%	%0	%0	4%
Dissatisfied	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0



APPENDIX A



GREAT LAKES RESOURCE ACCESS PROJECT 1996-97 NEEDS ASSESSMENT

:	,	Date:	<u> </u>		
Name of site:		Phone:			
Address of site:			<u> </u>		
Head Start Grantee:	I	Early Head Start Grantee:			
Primary geographic area served: Medium (50,000 - 100,000)					
Disabilities Services Coordinator:					
Name of person completing this form:		Position:			
Please list any new disabilities you	ır staff may be workir	g with this year:			
Census information: Names of counties served:					
# of centers:	# of classrooms:	# of	classroom children:		
# of classroom teachers:	# of teaching assi	stants: # of	special needs aides:		
of home-based children: # of home-based teachers: # of infants/toddlers:					
# of children dually enrolled:	# of home-based children: # of home-based teachers: # of infants/toddlers: # of children dually enrolled: # of families served:				
EHS target population:					
Number of children with su	Birth-3 Suspected Dis		Ages 3-5 pected Diagnosed		
Part H At-Risk		<u> </u>			
Autism Emotional/Behavioral		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Health (including ADD/ADHD)			<u> </u>		
Hearing impairment/Deafness Mental Retardation			<u> </u>		
Orthopedic Impairment Specific Learning Disability	·				
Speech/Language Impairment					
Traumatic Brain Injury					
Visual Impairment/Blindness Other impairments:	 ,				
Developmental Delays. Multiple Impairments			`		
What RAP services have you u Networking meetings F	sed? (check all that a	pply)On-site	eTATraining		
To what extent have you been (Circle the number that best desc	satisfied with the se	rvices RAP has provide eel free to explain your r	esponse.)		
1 2 Dissatisfied Somew	3 hat Mode	4 rately Quite	5 Extremely		
Dissatis		sfied Satisfie			
0	Part	, a 1			

Children

Screening and on-going developmental assessment of children are mandated services that Head Start programs provide. Different programs use various means to implement these services. Please provide us the following information so that we may better serve you.

For	screening (i.e., to determine if a child needs additional assessment):
1.	When is it done? Fall Spring Other:
2.	What screening instrument(s) are used? Battelle Brigance Chicago Early Denver DIAL-R Peabody Picture Vocabulary Other:
3.	Why were these instruments selected over others? (Check all that apply) Easy to follow Affordable Quick to complete Only available test Easy to manage Easy to adapt Easy to explain to parents Other:
4.	Are the same instruments used for all children? Yes No
5.	Who is involved in the screening? DSC
6.	How would you rate your staff's confidence level in doing screening? Excellent Very Good Good Fair Poor
7.	To what extent are parents involved in the screening process? Always involved Usually involved Somewhat involved Little or no involvement
8.	To what extent is screening adapted for children with disabilities? Always adapted Usually adapted Adapted to some extent No adaptation
9.	How do you decide when to refer children with emotional issues? (Check all that apply) Observation Behavior rating scales Parent report Inability to screen Other:
10.	How are the screening results reported to parents? (Check all that apply) Conference By letter Other:
11.	Describe any unique screening practices in your program:
For	on-going developmental assessment (i.e., to determine if a child is making progress):
12.	When is it done? Once a year Twice a year As needed Other:
13.	What methods of assessment are used? (Check all that apply)
	Norm-referenced/standardized assessmentCurriculum-based assessmentDirect observationPlay-based assessmentParent informationPortfolio reviewOther:
14.	How would you rate your staff's confidence in doing assessment? Excellent Very Good Good Fair Poor



15.	Always adapted Usually adapted Adapted to some extent No adaptation
	To what extent is information from assessment used in developing goals for children? Never Sometimes Frequently Always
17.	Please describe your process for case conferencing and developing goals for children:
18.	Please describe any unique assessment practices in your program:
	Families Working with Parents with Special Needs
Base prov	ed on your contacts with parents with sensory, physical, cognitive, or emotional disabilities, please ide us with the following information. Feel free to consult with your staff about any of the questions.
19.	Did your program have any contact or serve parents with disabilities within the last yearYesNo
20.	Please indicate the <u>number</u> of parents with special needs your program served last year: Sensory impairments Physical disabilities Cognitive disabilities Other:
21.	How would you describe your staff's working relationship with parents with sensory impairments (for example: visual or hearing impairment, etc.)? Excellent Very Good Good Somewhat difficult Difficult
22.	How would you describe your staff's working relationship with parents with <u>physical</u> disabilities (for example: uses wheelchair, cerebral palsy, etc.)? Excellent Very Good Good Somewhat difficult Difficult
23.	How would you describe your staff's working relationship with parents with cognitive disabilities (for example: mental retardation, developmental delay, ADD, etc.)? Excellent Very Good Good Somewhat difficult Difficult
24.	How would you describe your staff's working relationship with parents with emotional disabilities (for example: depression, etc.)? Excellent Very Good Good Somewhat difficult Difficult
25.	What strategies have been used to work with all parents with special needs? (Check all that apply) Provide educational information in different ways Adapt materials Provide social support Referrals to community agencies Other:
26.	Please rate your staff's confidence/competence in identifying symptoms that may indicate a need for mental health evaluation for parents: Excellent Very Good Good Fair Poor
27.	For parents with special needs, referrals were sometimes made for: Substance abuse services Self help skills assistance Mental health services Social support services Suspected abuse/negligence Other:
28.	How would you rate your staff's competence/confidence in interacting with mental health agencies? Excellent Good Somewhat difficult Fairly difficult Difficult



				Somewhat		_Difficult
Do you ha	we <u>written</u> polic	cies concerni	ng involve	ement of parents	with:	
Sensory in Physical of Cognitive Emotiona	mpairments lisabilities disabilities I disabilities	Y Y Y	les les les les	No No No No		
		ssue:				
				s/Collaboratio		
bilities a full day thoughts	nd their fami services for c about the p	ilies. Issues hildren ma ossible imp	associat y be rai pact on l	ted with avail ised. We woul Head Start sei	ability of pa d like to kn vices.	erve children with trents and the no ow your concern
		vel of knowl	edge abou	it the welfare ref	orm: (Please c	heck only one)
	None/little General awarer Knowledgable Understands co Already explor Other comment	about specifi onsequences ing ways to r	of reform meet refor	on services m demands		
How are				Please check onl	y one)	
	There has been General information ab Information ab Other:	nation given o out impact o out organization impact o	or discuss n personal tional char n services	ed I roles nges		
	areas do you ex Ill that apply)			to services provi		n and families?
In what a (Check a				0 1 1.11	у	Resources for jobs
In what a	Enrollment of Child care serv Incentives for Parent involve	children /ices parent trainir ment	ng	Role of provide Parent education Health/Manage	ers on d care	Family services Parent volunteers Other:
(Check a	Enrollment of Child care serv Incentives for Parent involve	mont		Role of provide Parent education Health/Manage	 ,	Parent volunteers Other:
(Check a	Enrollment of Child care served incentives for Parent involved indicate your staff and Information all Informa	ff's needs whout welfare bout possible bout collabor	ere applic reform (e changes changes ation with	able: (Please che g., requirements in services	eck all that app	Parent volunteers Other:



Please indicate your needs and how you feel they would be best met by placing an 'X' in the appropriate space. Keep in mind the following definitions: Training occurs in a group setting either in the local Head Start program or off-site. Technical Assistance (TA) addresses a specific program issue and often occurs via on-site consultants. If you have previously received training from RAP--regardless of whether the same training need is indicated at the present time--please indicate where appropriate.

	TRAINING	TA	RECEIVED
Policies and Regulations			
* Intercomponent coordination			
Disability Services Regulations			
Writing a Disability Services Plan			
State and Federal Disability Laws (i.e., IDEA, ADA)			
* Program Performance Standards			
g g			
Cross-Cultural Concerns			
* Choosing culturally valid screening/assessment instruments			
* Promoting multicultural appreciation in the classroom			
Serving bilingual children and their families			
Individual Education Plans			
* Individualized Family Service Plans for Infants/Toddlers			
* Establishing a multidisciplinary team			
Specifying goals, objectives, & role responsibilities on IEPs			
Ongoing assessment and revision of IEP goals and objectives			
* Transitioning: preparing children, families and programs			
* Home-based programming			
Classroom Instruction			
* Writing individualized lesson plans to address IEP objectives			<u> </u>
* Adapting materials/activities/environment for children with disabi	lities	·	
* Choosing and implementing developmentally appropriate practices			
* Working with therapists in the classroom			
* Promoting social interaction among children			
Wanting with Dananta with Special Needs			
Working with Parents with Special Needs			
* Communicating			
* Building trusting relationships			
* Adapting environment and materials			
* Providing social and emotional support		<u>·</u>	
* Resources for parents with special needs			
Do your staff members need training or technical assistant specific disabilities? Which disabilities?	nce in working	with childre	n ages 3-5 with
Do your staff members need training or technical assistant specific disabilities? Which disabilities?	nce in working	with infant s	and toddlers wit
Please list your top 3 CHALLENGES to serving children			
Discos l'attanguate 2 MD A VAIVAIC monda for the 1006 07		Vou mou in	aluda thoga liatad
Please list your top 3 TRAINING needs for the 1996-97 above, any related to collaboration, families, or children's	academic year? behaviors, or a	ny need not p	oreviously mentio

Thank you for your time and contributions. Your input is valuable and appreciated.

You will receive a report of the results for your state in April, 1997.





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