DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 410 359 UD 031 853

TITLE What You Can Do...To Help End Homophobia in Your School.

INSTITUTION Gay, Lesbian, and Straight Teachers Network, New York, NY.

PUB DATE [97] NOTE 6p.

PUB TYPE Guides - Non-Classroom (055)

EDRS PRICE MF01/PC01 Plus Postage.

DESCRIPTORS *Attitude Change; Educational Environment; Elementary

Secondary Education; Equal Education; *Homophobia;

*Homosexuality; *Lesbianism; Role Models; School Safety; Sex Bias; Social Discrimination; *Student Attitudes; Teacher

Attitudes

IDENTIFIERS *Homosexual Teachers

ABSTRACT

The Gay, Lesbian, and Straight Teachers' Network presents suggestions for teachers for eliminating homophobia in schools. The following suggestions are intended as starting points as teachers begin to think about the issue of homophobia in school: (1) guarantee equality; (2) create a safe environment; (3) provide role models; (4) provide support for students; (5) provide training for faculty and staff; (6) reassess the curriculum; (7) provide appropriate health care and education; (8) diversify library and media holdings; (9) broaden enlightenment programs; and (10) do not assume that students and other teachers are heterosexual. Gay and lesbian members of the school community need to know that their schools value equality and that they are protected against discrimination. Schools should add sexual orientation to their statements of nondiscrimination. For students, peer support and acceptance is the key to a feeling of belonging. Being gay is not a health issue, but health education on sexuality and sexually transmitted diseases should address the issues of gay and lesbian people sensitively. (SLD)

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What You Can Do... To Help End Homophobia in Your School. Gay, Lesbian, and Straight Teachers Network (GLSTN).

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To Help End Homophobia in Your School



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Because Bigotry in Schools is Wrong

3

UD03/853



suggestions below are not all-inclusive Suggestions versions points as you are intended as starting points as you to think about how to end homopho-

1. Guarantee Equality

ions as a way to communicate their commitment to Gay and lesbian members of the school community non-discrimination statements in all school publicaneed to know that their schools value equality and Schools should add "sexual orientation" to their that they are protected against discrimination. equal treatment for all.

2. Create a Safe Environment

peers: it is the school's obligation ensure this right. However, in far nas a right to play his or her role Every member of the community too many schools, physical and to take pro-active measures to verbal harassment against gay without fear of harassment by

tolerated. Clear harassment policies, which include sexual orientation as a protected category, must be community, so that the consequences of and procedures for dealing with such behavior are clear to all narassing language like "faggot" and "dyke" will be developed and then publicized to the entire school make it clear that neither physical violence nor and lesbian people is the norm. Schools must

3. Provide Role Models

tance with gay and lesbian people is the most effecive way of reducing homophobic bigotry. Both gay alternative to the inaccurate stereotypes with which and straight students benefit from having role mod-Studies consistently show that personal acquainadministrators: straight students are offered an els such as openly gay teachers coaches and hey have been raised, and gay students get

he chance (often for the first time) to see healthy gay adults, which gives them hope for their own hrough such acts as wearing wedding rings. ust as heterosexual faculty "come out" daily

and lesbian student association can help fill the gap uture. Schools need to create the conditions nec-If no role models are available from within essary for gay faculty to feel safe in "coming out," bring in such individuals from beyond the campus. speakers bureau, gay youth group, or college gay eft by the absence of openly gay faculty. These nviting presenters from a local gay and lesbian he school community, the school must work to

Everyone—gay or straight—is harmed by homophobia in schools

interim arrangements until these can be provided. measures, however, cannot substitute for having on-campus role models, and should be seen as

4. Provide Support for Students

They have been successfully established in all kinds 'Gay-Straight Alliances" have been the key to creat-Deer support and acceptance is the key to any student's feeling that he or she "belongs" in the school. and sexual identity, regardless of sexual orientation. Angeles, Chapel Hill, N.C., Lincoln, Nebraska, and interested in understanding issues of homophobia ng such an atmosphere in many schools. These Minneapolis. The diverse range of schools which of schools and in communities as diverse as Los now have "GSAs" indicates that, if there is a will, groups welcome membership from any student here is a way to establish one in any school.

esbian ones. Understanding the needs of gay and 5. Provide Training for Faculty and Stai students with whom they work, including gay and Schools must provide the ongoing training neces-School staff need to be equipped to serve all the hose needs, should be expected of all teachers. esbian youth, and developing the skills to meet sary for the faculty to fulfill this expectation.

6. Reassess the Curriculum

issues throughout the curriculum -- not just in class Teachers need to incorporate gay and lesbian

traditional disciplines such as English due to the proliferation of such materi al in recent years. Second, teachers ing new scholarship in fields such as people already included in our currict identity on works by gay and lesbian done in three ways. First, incorporat gay history can now be done easily, es such as health education, but in History, and Science. This can be lum, such as the novels of Virginia can address the impact of sexual

continue to see gay and lesbian people as margina' cises. The bulk of the school day is spent in class in math word problems and foreign language exersuch as the exclusive use of opposite-sex couples the poetry of Walt Whitman. Finally, teachers can undo the "hidden heterosexism" of the curriculum, Woolf, the music of Tchaikovsky, or 'special" and outside the classroom, students will as long as gay and lesbian issues are seen as

7. Provide Appropriate Health Care and Education

sensitively address the particular issues of gay and heir sensitivity to gay issues clear, as the history of sexuality and sexually transmitted diseases should While being gay is not a "health issue" (any more lesbian people in this field. Counselors and other health staff should be particularly careful to make psychiatric "cures" for homosexuality has led to a climate of distrust between many gay people and than being heterosexual is), health education on the health care profession.

8. Diversify Library and Media Holdings

Often, the library is the first place students turn for accurate sexuality information. Too often, few or no works on gay and lesbian issues are found there. Librarians and media specialists need to be sure their holdings are up to date and reflect the diversity of our world. The existence of collections addressing gay and lesbian issues needs to be communicated to the community, through events such as book displays which include gay and lesbian titles.

9. Broaden Entertainment Programs

"Extracurricular" activities often set the tone for the community. Programs such as assemblies and "film nights" should regularly include gay and lesbian content that reflects the diversity of our nation.

10. Do Not Assume Heterosexuality

The constant assumption of heterosexuality renders gay and lesbian people, youth in particular, invisible. Such invisibility is devastating to the individual's sense of self. Both the school as an institution and its professionals as individuals must be inclusive in their language and attitudes. Inviting "spouses" instead of "friends," offering health care only to heterosexual families, and encouraging students to find opposite sex dates, are all inappropriate manifestations of heterosexism. By reminding themselves that gay and lesbian people are found on every staff, in every classroom, and on every team (which they are), faculty can "unlearn" heterosexism and become more inclusive in both word and deed.



What is GLSTN?

The Gay, Lesbian, and Straight Teachers Network is the only national organization of gay and straight, educators and community members, working to address issues of homophobia and heterosexism in K-12 public, private, and parochial schools.

How does GLSTN work?

GLSTN is a grass-roots organization. Within the context of the GLSTN mission statement and the policies established by its National Board, local Chapters determine their own programming and are supported with training, materials and support from the national staff. The National Board is composed of Chapter representatives and at-large members, with each local chapter developing its own board as well. A portion of all contributions made to GLSTN is returned to local groups to fund programming in the giver's community. For membership information see the enclosed form or call the GLSTN office in New York.

What does GLSTN do?

GLSTN's goal is to create change. We engage in a number of activities to do this, including:

- In-School Programming: GLSTN does staff trainings, provides educational resources, conducts conferences, and produces educational videos.
- Community Organizing: GLSTN has a network of over 40 local Chapters working to create change in their communities' school. GLSTN also maintains an extensive world wide web site, which provides practical resources for community members working to end homophobia in schools.
- Advocacy: GLSTN advocates for change via public education campaigns, and works to influence local, state, and national leaders in education to bring about positive change.







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