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#### **ABSTRACT**

This Kids Count report investigates statewide trends in the well-being of Delaware's children. The statistical report is based on 10 indicators of child well being: (1) births to teens; (2) low birth weight babies; (3) infant mortality; (4) child deaths, children 1-14 years; (5) teen violent deaths; (6) juvenile violent crime arrests; (7) high school dropouts; (8) teens not in the labor force and not in school; (9) children in poverty; and (10) children in one-parent households. This report focuses on births to teens as a contributing factor to, and an outcome of, many of the other indicators. Data on teen birth rate are reported for each Delaware county, statewide, and state census tract, and nationwide. Data on indicators are reported for 1993, and for 3-, 5-, and 10-year averages. Findings indicate that Delaware ranks better than the U.S. 5-year average on child deaths, teen violent deaths, high school dropouts, idle teens, and children in poverty; and worse than the national average on the other indicators. The appendix contains 63 tables of data related to the 10 indicators. (KDFB)

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*



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## KIDS COUNT IN DELAWARE



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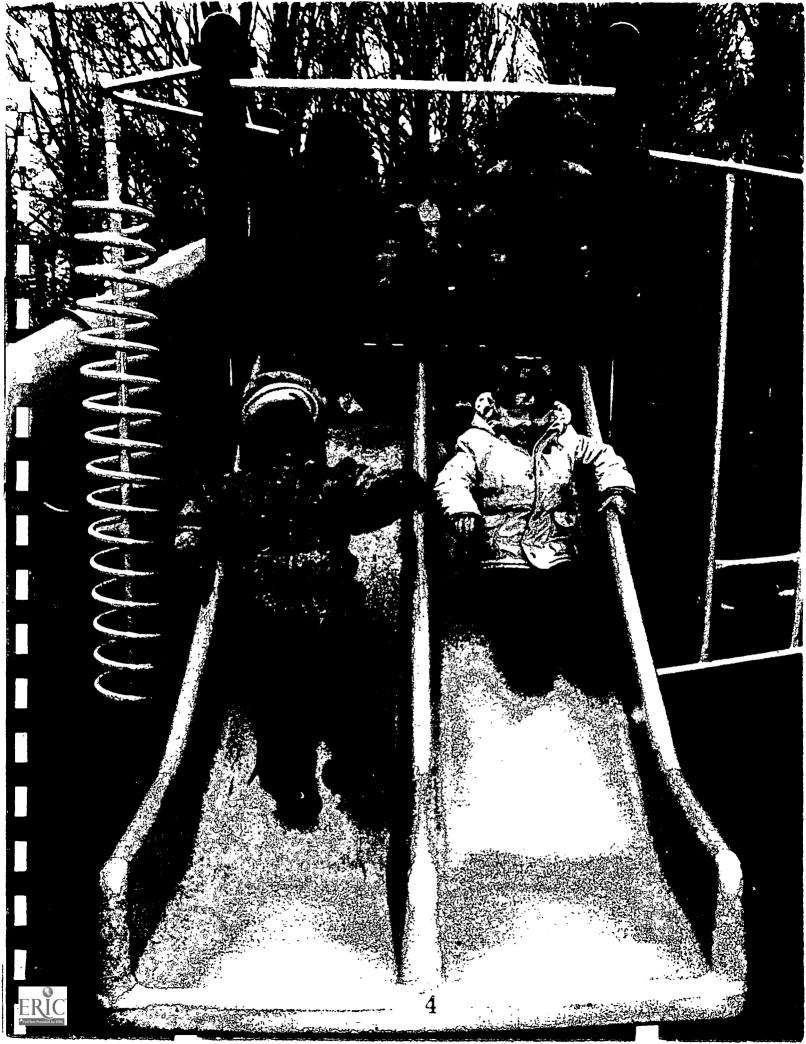
## Dedicated to the Memory of Nancy Lee McKenna

The KIDS COUNT in Delaware Fact Book 1996 is dedicated to Nancy Lee McKenna, one of the founding members of the KIDS COUNT in Delaware Steering Committee. A children's advocate for many years, Nancy served as chairwoman of the Delaware Coalition for Children and Delaware ACTION for Families and Children. In 1980, Governor Pierre S. du Pont IV appointed her to the Foster Care Review Board where she served as Vice Chairperson from 1983 until 1996. From 1983 to 1989 she wrote "A Child is Waiting," a monthly series in *The New Journal* about children available for adoption.

Nancy also helped establish Adoptive Families with Information and Support, a group of people who adopt minority children. She was active in the North American Council on Adoptive Children, serving on its national board of directors as well as state chairwoman.

Nancy-McKenna served as a model for those who care about the lives of children. A highly effective advocate, a compassionate colleague and a priceless human being, she will remain a shining example for all.





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## KIDS COUNT IN DELAWARE

Funded by the Annie E. Casey Foundation

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## A Message from KIDS COUNT in Delaware

All agree that the future of our society is critically dependent upon the health and welfare of our children. However, since children are invested with little power or influence, their needs often go unmet unless committed adults assume the responsibility to act in their interest.

KIDS COUNT, a project of the Annie E. Casey Foundation, is a national and state-by-state effort to track the status of children in the United States. By providing policymakers and citizens with benchmarks of child well-being, KIDS COUNT seeks to enrich local, state, and national discussions concerning ways to secure better lives for all children. KIDS COUNT in Delaware is dedicated to improving the lives of Delaware's children by making adult Delawareans accountable for the future of our youth. In order to accomplish this goal, KIDS COUNT in Delaware collects, publishes and disseminates key data relevant to the status of our state's children.

In this second edition, *KIDS COUNT in Delaware Fact Book 1996*, the data for Delaware children on ten tracking indicators is presented and compared with national benchmark data collected and published by the Annie E. Casey Foundation. It is intended that the reader will obtain an accurate profile of the status of Delaware's youth, both on an absolute and relative (to U.S. norms) basis. Much additional data are included, particularly in areas relevant to teen pregnancy. KIDS COUNT in Delaware has placed a special priority on understanding and addressing the disturbing statewide and national trends with regard to this indicator. In the near future KIDS COUNT in Delaware will publish two useful documents which focus on this issue—

Helping Teens Delay Parenting: A "Best Practices" Study and Voices of Delaware's Children: Delaware teenagers talk to each other about sex and teen pregnancy.

Just a few comments about using this year's Fact Book. The *Appendix* includes a number of new data tables to provide additional detail beyond the 1995 book. Some readers have inquired as to the reason for using data that is 2–3 years "old" at the time of Fact Book publication. This is due to a significant lag time inherent in the collection, analysis and availability of many of the categories of data reported. The reader will also notice that the upper age limit for "child" differs from 17 to 19 years in data sets. This is related to variations in the methods used to collect the data, which are taken from numerous sources.

#### What does KIDS COUNT in Delaware ask that you do with this information?

Use the data in reports, presentations, program development, grant proposals, lobbying efforts, etc.

**Advocate** for the well-being of Delaware's children using the data as a valuable and necessary resource.

**Disseminate** the data to everyone who is or should be interested in the future of our children, so that we can increase the depth and breadth of the community of individuals in our state who are concerned about the status of our youth.

We at KIDS COUNT in Delaware welcome your comments and suggestions as to how we may better serve you in your efforts to improve the lives of our children. Please join us in this important mission.

Steven A. Dowsben, M.D. Chair, Data Committee KIDS COUNT in Delaware



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## KIDS COUNT in Delaware

KIDS COUNT in Delaware is a project funded by the Annie E. Casey Foundation which profiles the status of children in Delaware by tracking indicators of economic well-being, health, safety, and education. The objective of this project is to promote widespread ownership and accountability for improving those indicators.

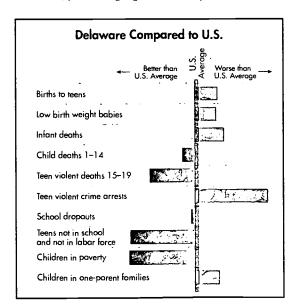


The ten featured indicators in this book have been chosen by the national KIDS COUNT project because they provide a picture of the actual condition of children rather than a summary of programs delivered or funds expended on behalf of children. These indicators have three attributes:

- 1) They reflect a broad range of influences affecting the well-being of children.
- 2) They reflect experiences across the developmental stages from birth through early adulthood.
- 3) They are consistent across states and over time, permitting legitimate comparisons.

The featured indicators are:

- 1) Births to teens
- 2) Low birth weight babies
- 3) Infant deaths
- 4) Child deaths 1-14
- 5) Teen violent deaths 15–19
- 6) Teen violent crime arrests
- 7) School dropouts
- 8) Teens not in school and not in labor force
- 9) Children in poverty
- 10) Children in one-parent families







KIDS COUNT in Delaware is focusing special attention on Births to Teens. Early parenting is both a contributing factor to, and an outcome of, many of the other indicators. In interviews with policy makers, educators, service providers, and others interested in children's well-being throughout the state, births to teens was identified as the issue most timely to address because it typically restricts the developmental process of two generations of children.

By providing insight into the magnitude of the problem and the geographic areas in which adolescents are in special need of help, KIDS COUNT in Delaware is contributing to the statewide effort to help adolescents delay parenting. In this book, we have presented data on birth rates of teens 15–17 in the U.S., Delaware, individual counties, and census tracts throughout the state. Birth rates for adolescents 15–19 and unmarried teens are reported for the U.S., Delaware, and the counties in Delaware.

With each indicator, we have noted its association to other indicators. For example, teen parenting is highly related to school dropouts, low birth weight babies, infant mortality, children in one-parent families, and children in poverty. Growing up in poverty increases many risks, including adolescent parenting and dropping out of school. Growing up in a single-parent family increases the likelihood of living in poverty, dropping out of school, and becoming an adolescent parent. Reducing adolescent parenting is one way to break this cycle of poor outcomes for children and youth.





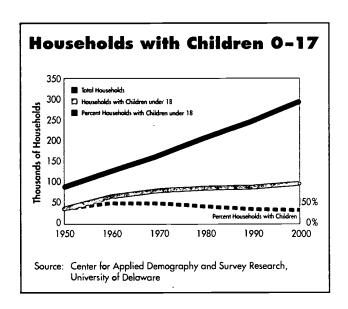
## Sources of Data

The data are reported primarily for three time frames:

- 1) Annual data for 1993
- 2) Three-year and five-year averages through 1993 to minimize the fluctuations of single-year data and provide more realistic pictures of children's outcomes
- Annual, 3-year, or 5-year average data for a decade or longer to illustrate trends and permit long-term comparisons

Much of the data are provided by the Center for Applied Demography and Survey Research, University of Delaware, and are gathered primarily from:

- 1) U.S. Bureau of the Census
- 2) National Center for Health Statistics
- 3) Population Reference Bureau
- 4) Delaware Health Statistics Center
- 5) Delaware Economic Development Office
- 6) Delaware Department of Public Instruction
- 7) Statistical Analysis Center



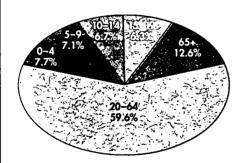
The percentage of households with children has been slowly declining since 1960. The greater rate of increase in the number of households without children than households with children is due primarily to more one-person households. Aging of the population is also contributing to an increased number of households without young children, especially older married couples.





## **Population Estimate** and Age Distribution

Delaware, 1993



#### **Total Estimated Population**

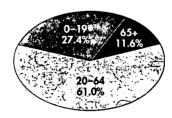
Delaware Total	693,067
Total Children 0-19	192,679
Children 0-4	53,575
Children 5-9	49,149
Children 10-14	46,428
Children 15-19	43,527

Source: Delaware Population Consortium

Note: This book reports 1993 data because it is the most recent year for which data are available for both Delaware and the U.S. on the indicators.

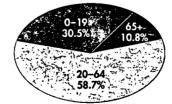
## **Age Distribution**

Delaware by County, 1993



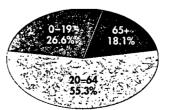
#### **New Castle County**

Total Population 455,222 Children 0-19 124,843



#### **Kent County**

Total Population 116,844 Children 0-19 35,639



#### **Sussex County**

Total Population 121,001 32,197 Children 0-19



## Overview

KIDS COUNT National Rank -

Delaware's rank among the 50 states in 1993, 1 being the best and 50 being the worst.

## **Births to Teens**

Per 1,000 Girls 15-17

Five Year Averages, 1989–93: Delaware – 42:3 U.S. = 37.6

1993: Delaware 39 • U.S. 38

Delaware better than U.S. 5-yr. average

U.S. Average —

Delaware warse than U.S. 5-yr. average

#### **Definitions**

Birth Rate - number of births per 1,000 females in the same age group

Law Birth Weight Babies percentage of infants weighing less than 2,500 grams (5.5 lbs.) at birth (includes very low birth weight)

Infant Martality Rate -

number of deaths occurring in the first year of life per 1,000 live births

Child Death Rate - number of deaths per 100,000 children 1-14

Teen Vialent Death Rate number of violent deaths

per 100,000 teenagers 15-19; includes accidents, homicides, and suicides

#### **Low Birth Weight Babies**

Percent of Live Births

Five Year Averages, 1989–93: Delaware 7.7 U.S. = 6.9

1993: Delaware 7.8 • U.S. 7.2

#### **Infant Mortality**

Rate Per 1,000 Live Births

Five Year Averages, 1989–93: Delaware – 10.4 U.S. = 8.9

1993: Delaware 8.8 • U.S. 8.4

#### **Child Deaths**

Rate Per 100,000 Children 1-14

Five Year Averages, 1989-93. Delaware - 29.6

U.S.-30.4

1993: Delaware 28 • U.S. 30

#### **Teen Violent Deaths**

Per 100,000 Teens 15-19

Five Year Averages, 1989-93: Delaware - 49.9

U.S. - 69.4



Three Year Averages Delaware 47 • U.S. 69



Delaware better than U.S. 5-yr. average

U.S. Average -

KIDS COUNT National Rank -Delaware's rank among the 50 states in 1993, 1 being the best and 50 being the worst.

**Definitions** 

Juvenile Violent Crime

Arrest Rate - number of arrests for violent crimes per 1,000 children 10-17; includes homicide, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault

High School Drop-Outs -

percentage of youths 16-19

Teens Not Attending School

who are not in school and

not high school grads

and Not Working percentage of teenagers 16-19 who are not in school

and not employed Children in Poverty -

percentage of children in

poverty; in 1993 the

family was \$11,642.

was \$14,664.

For a family of four with

Children in One-Parent Households - percentage of children living with one

parent. Families with Children

two children, the threshold

poverty threshold for a one-parent, two-child

#### Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests

Per 1,000 Children, 10-17

1993:

Delaware - 7.1

KIDS COUNT National Rank nat established

## High School Drop-Outs

Percent of Teens Ages 16-19

Three Year Averages, 1992–94: Delaware – 9.0

U.S. - 9.2

1993: Delaware 7 • U.S. 9

#### **Teens Not Attending School** and Not Working

Percent of Teens, Ages 16-19

Three Year Averages, 1992-94: Delaware - 6.0

U.S. - 10.0



Three Year Averages Delaware 6 • U.S. 10

## **Children in Poverty**

Percent of Children

Three Year Averages, 1992-94. Delaware - 13.3 U.S. – 22.5



#### Headed by a Single Parent is a National KIDS COUNT indicator.

Five Year Averages Delaware 11 • U.S. 21

#### Children in One-Parent Households

Percent of Children Ages 0-17

Three Year Averages, 1992-94; Delaware - 32.8 U.S. - 28.8

Percent of Families with Children Headed by a Single Parent

Five Year Averages Delaware 27 • U.S. 26

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## Births to Teens 15–17

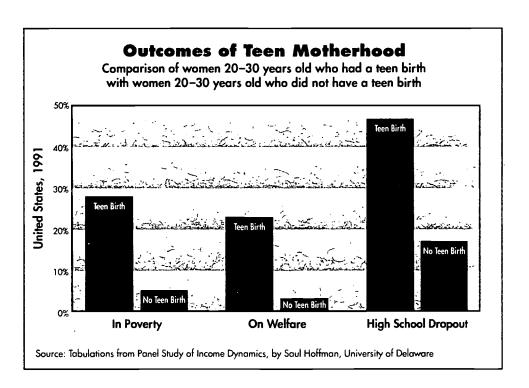


## Impact:

Between 80% and 90% of teen pregnancies are unintended. Pregnancy is unexpected and unwelcome because it interrupts schooling and requires that teens focus on dependent children when they should be continuing to develop socially, educationally and physically.

There is considerable evidence that early motherbood imposes economic disadvantages on both generations. In the U.S. about 40% of mothers who give birth during their teen years graduate from high school, and only 4% graduate from college. With limited education and less likelibood of marrying than non-parenting teens, early motherbood severely restricts opportunities for economic self-sufficiency.

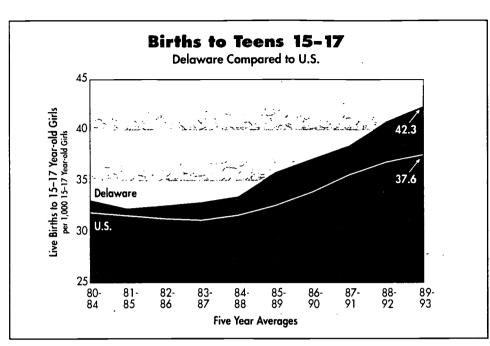
Birth Rate - number of births per 1,000 females in the same age group



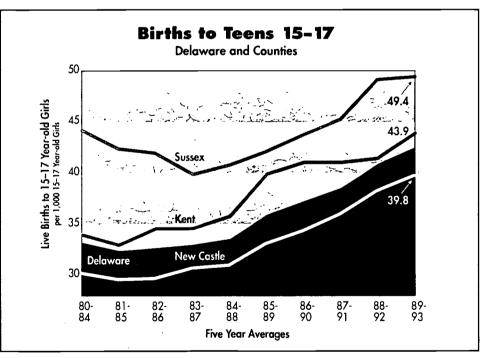
Although long-term research has shown that some teen mothers are quite resilient, the greater hardship falls on their children. One reason children are more vulnerable than their parents is that interventions are often available only on a short-term basis and do not take into account children's long-term developmental needs.

Infants born to teen mothers are at greater risk for low birth weight, infant mortality, and living in poverty. Poverty is the greatest predictor of poor outcomes for children. Poor children are less likely to get appropriate medical care, be ready for school, have school success, and graduate from high school. And there is a high probability that they will repeat the cycle and become teen parents.









#### For more information see

Percentage of Babies with Low Birth Weight by Age and Race of Mother p. 2

Infant Deaths Per 1,000 Live Births by Age of Mother p. 2

Children in Poverty p. 34–35

Children in Onè-Parent

Households p. 36-

Tables 4–8
Table 10–11

Pr. 10 (1)

Sources: Population Reference Bureau, National KIDS COUNT; Child Trends, Inc.; Center for Applied Demography and Survey Research, University of Delaware

The birth rate for 15–17 year old females in Delaware has consistently been higher than the U.S. rate, and the gap appears to be widening. In 1993, 32 states had lower birth rates for 15–17 year old females than Delaware.

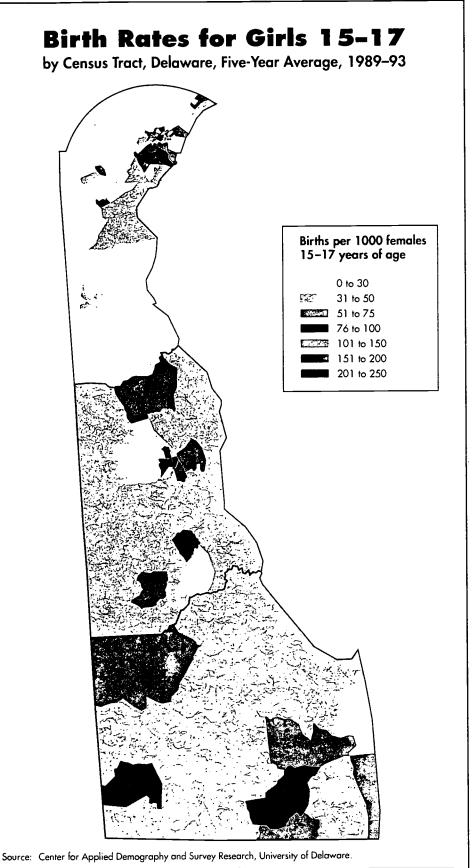
Sussex County continues to have the highest birth rates for this age group. However, birth rates in some census tracts in Wilmington exceed census tract rates in Sussex County. See pages 14–17.



KIDS COUNT in Delaware 13

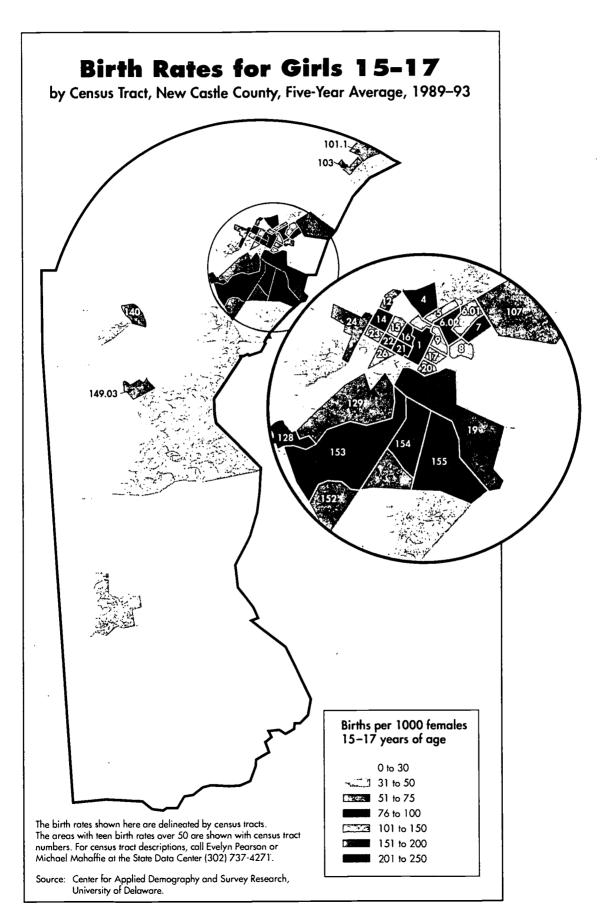
## Births to Teens 15–17





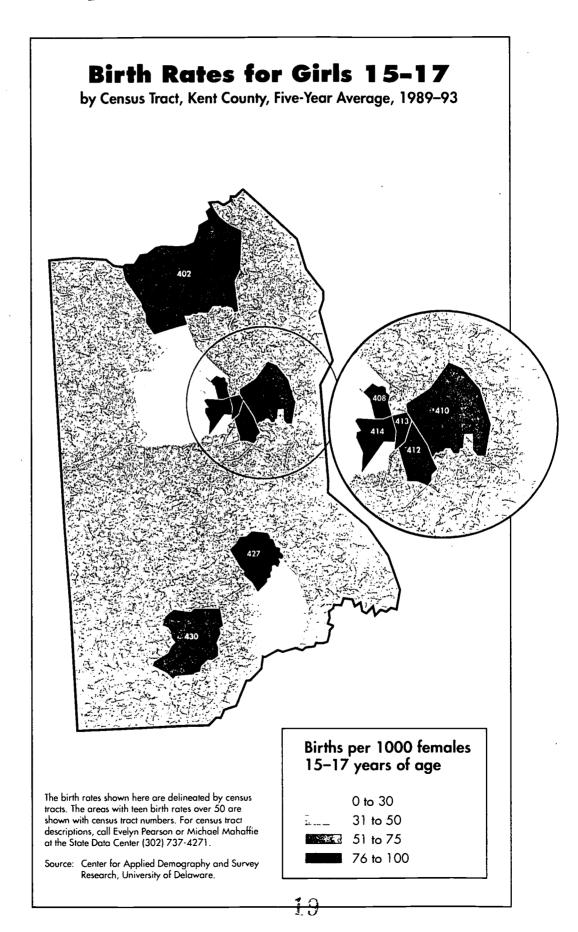


17





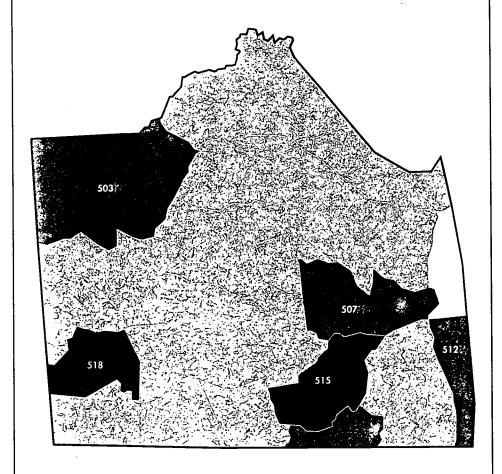
## Births to Teens 15–17





## Birth Rates for Girls 15-17

by Census Tract, Sussex County, Five-Year Average, 1989–93



The birth rates shown here are delineated by census tracts. The areas with teen birth rates over 50 are shown with census tract numbers. For census tract descriptions, call Evelyn Pearson or Michael Mahaffie at the State Data Center (302) 737-4271.

Source: Center for Applied Demography and Survey Research, University of Delaware.

## Births per 1000 females 15–17 years of age

\_\_\_\_ 0 to 30

\_\_\_\_\_\_31 to 50

**5**1 to 75

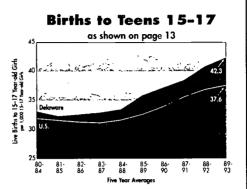
76 to 100



## Births to Teens 15–19



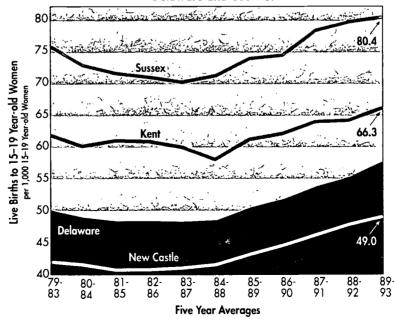
While the birth rate for all Delaware teens 15–19 is lower than the national rate, the birth rate for this age group in Kent and Sussex Counties exceeds both the state and the national rate.



#### **Births to Teens 15-19**

## Births to Teens 15-19

**Delaware and Counties** 

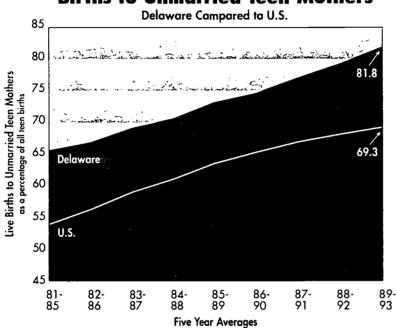


Sources: Population Reference Bureau, National KIDS COUNT; Child Trends, Inc.; Center for Applied Demography and Survey Research, University of Delaware



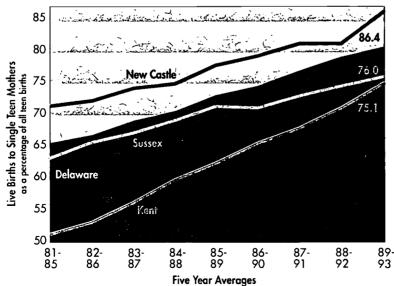
More teen mothers in Kent and Sussex Counties are married at the time of the child's birth than are the same-age mothers in New Castle County. The birth rate for unmarried teen mothers in New Castle County is higher than the rate for the state, and the rates for all three counties are higher than the national rate. This phenomenon contributes to a higher rate of children in single-parent families in Delaware than in the U.S.

#### **Births to Unmarried Teen Mothers**



## **Births to Unmarried Teen Mothers**

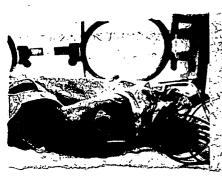
**Delaware and Caunties** 



Sources: Population Reference Bureau, National KIDS COUNT; Child Trends, Inc.; Center for Applied Demography and Survey Research, University of Delaware



## Low Birth Weight Babies



Low birth weight is the single most reliable predictor of infant mortality. Low birth weight is also associated with prolonged expensive bospitalizations, with persistent bealth problems throughout childhood and into adultbood, and with an increased risk for developmental delays and disabilities. Many low birth weight babies also bave major birth defects.

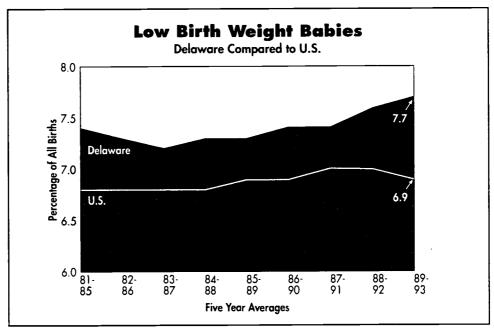
Neonatal = the period from birth to 27 days

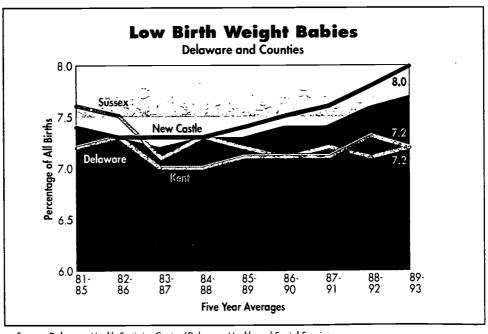
Infancy - the period from birth to one year

Low Birth Weight - less than 2,500 grams (5.5 lbs.) (includes very low birth weight)

Very Low Birth Weight - less than 1,500 grams (3.3 lbs.)

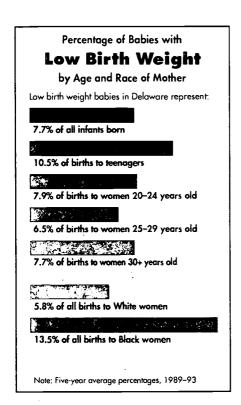
Adequate Prenatal Care adequacy of prenatal care as measured by the Kessner Index

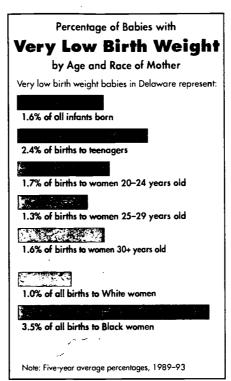






Source: Delaware Health Statistics Center/Delaware Health and Societies

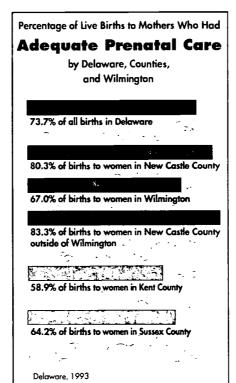




For more information see
Infant Deaths Per 1,000 Live
Births by Birth Weight
of Infant p. 23
Tables 9–15 p. 48–52

## Contributing factors

- 1) Women who do not get adequate prenatal care are more likely to give birth to low birth weight babies. The Kessner Index defines adequate prenatal care as (a) the first
  - prenatal visit occurring during the first trimester of pregnancy and (b) periodic visits throughout pregnancy totaling nine or more prenatal visits by the 36th week of gestation. Inadequate care is defined as (a) the first prenatal visit occurring during the third trimester of pregnancy or (b) four or fewer prenatal visits by the 34th weeks of gestation. When the time of the initial visit and the total number of prenatal visits falls between these parameters, the adequacy of prenatal care is rated intermediate.
- 2) Poor health habits during pregnancy, particularly at critical points in fetal development, contribute to low birth weight, physical and mental impairment, and infant mortality. Early prenatal care encourages mothers to reduce, or abstain from, drug, alcohol, and tobacco use during pregnancy and to eat healthy foods.



73.7% of all births in Delaware

52.1% of births to teenagers

64.5% of births to women 20-24 years old

80.9% of births to women 25-29 years old

81.5% of births to women 30-35 years old

82.3% of births to women 35+ years old

78.7% of all births to White women

Delaware, 1993

Percentage of Live Births to Mothers Who Had

**Adequate Prenatal Care** 

by Age and Race of Mother



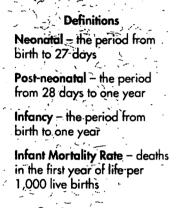
Source: Delaware Health Statistics Center

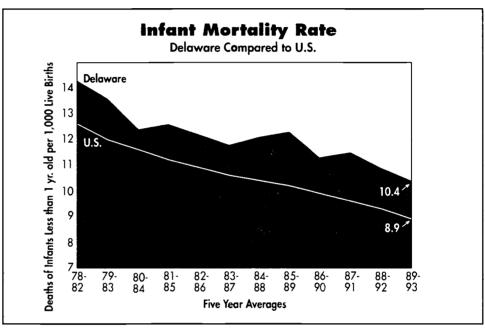
## Infant Mortality

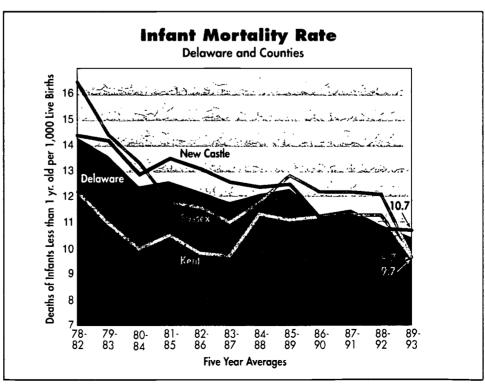


There were 94 infant deaths in Delaware in 1993. Seventy-three percent of those infants died in the first 27 days of life, the neonatal period.

For the period 1989–1993, the neonatal death rate in Delaware was 7.2. This rate continues to be higher than the national rate of 5.7 for the same period, while the post-neonatal rate of 3.1 in Delaware is slightly lower than the national rate of 3.3. Based on five-year averages for 1989–93, Delaware had a national rank on this indicator of 42nd among all states (see Table 16, page 53). For 1993 only, Delaware had a KIDS COUNT national rank of 33.







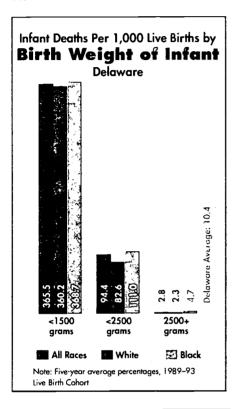


Source: Delaware Health Statistics Center/Delaware Health and Social Services

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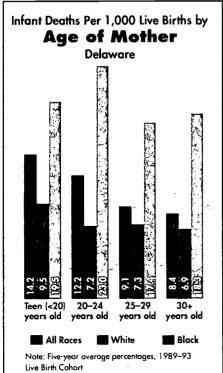
## Contributing factors

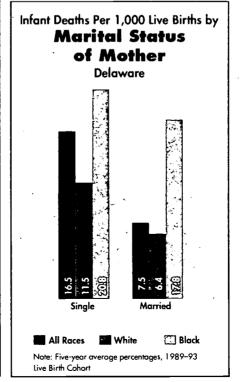
Infant death rates are significantly influenced by economic and social factors. Higher infant death rates occur in communities in which several of these factors are common:

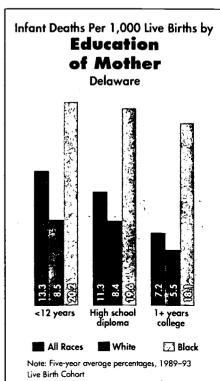


- a. Low birth weight babies
- b. Teen child bearing
- c. Births to single mothers
- d. Low levels of educational achievement by mothers

For more information see Tables 16-21 x







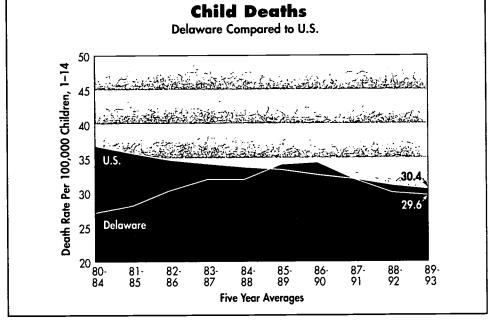


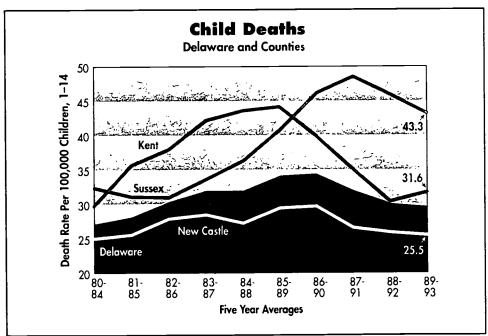
Source: Delaware Health Statistics Center

## Child Deaths, Children 1–14 Years of Age



According to National KIDS COUNT, in 1993, 15 states had lower child death rates than Delaware. Between 1985 and 1993, there has been a 35% improvement in this indicator in the state.





Sources: Population Reference Bureau, National KIDS COUNT; Center for Applied Demography and Survey Research, University of Delaware; Delaware Health Statistics Center/Delaware Health and Social Services

#### **Definitions**

Child Death Rate – number of deaths per 100,000 children divided by age groups: 1 to 4 and 5 to 144

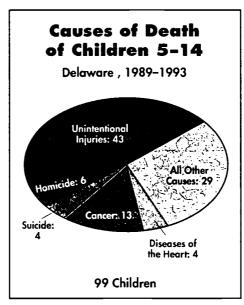
Unintentional Injuries – accidents, including motor vehicle crashes



Number of Children 1-14 Who Died in 1993 in Delaware by County and Age					
	1-4	5-9	10-14		
Delaware	1 <i>7</i>	7	14		
New Castle	8	3	7		
Kent	5	2	5		
Sussex	4	2	2		



## **Causes of Death** of Children 1-4 Delaware, 1989-1993 Unintentional Injuries: 35 All Other Causes: 27 Homicide: 13 Diseases of the Heart: 4 98 Children



Sources: Delaware Health Statistics Center/Delaware Health and Social Services

For more information see Infant Mortality p. 22-23 Teen Violent Deaths \_\_\_p. 26–27 p. 58–62 Tables 22–27



## Teen Violent Deaths



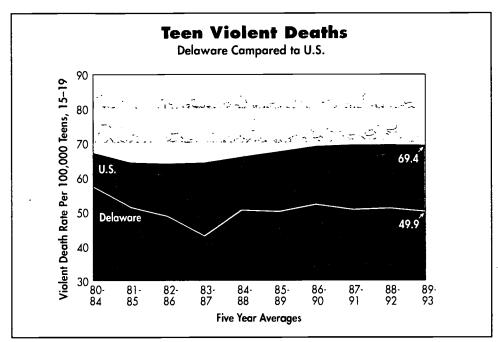
Delaware has consistently had a lower rate of teen violent deaths than the U.S. rate. For the 3-year period 1992–94, the average teen violent death rate in Delaware was 4<sup>-7</sup> compared to the U.S. rate of 69. This resulted in Delaware ranking as the 7th safest state in relation to this indicator.

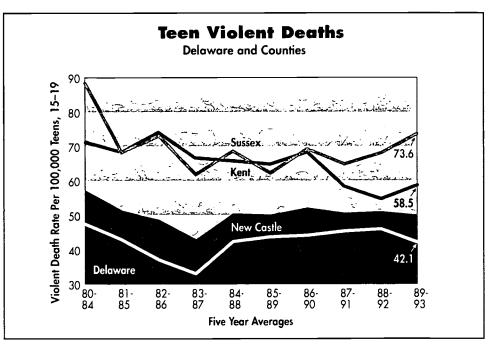
#### Definitions

Teen Death Rate – deaths per 100,000 youth 15–19 years old

Teen Vialent Death Rate – number of violent deaths per 100,000 teenagers 15–19; includes accidents, homicides, and suicides

Unintentianal Injuries – accidents including motor vehicle crashes





Sources: Population Reference Bureau, National KIDS COUNT; Center for Applied Demography and Survey Research, University of Delaware; Delaware Health Statistics Center/Delaware Health and Social Services



## Number of Violent Deaths of Youth 15-19 in 1993 in Delaware by Cause

Homicide 2 males and 1 female

Suicide 1 male and 2 females

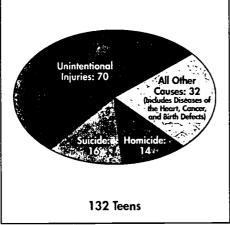
Motor Vehicle Crashes 6 males and 5 females

Other Unintentional Injuries 2 males and 1 females



## Causes of Death of Teens 15-19

Delaware, 1989-1993



Sources: Delaware Health Statistics Center/Delaware Health and Social Services For more information see

Infant Deaths p. 22-23

Child Deaths, 1-14 p. 24-25

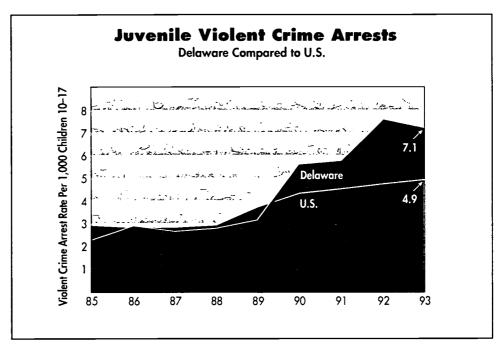
Tables 22-27 p. 58-62



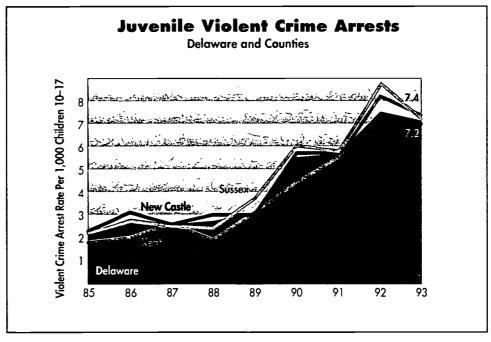
## Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests



There was a slight decline in the number of juvenile arrests for violent crimes from 1992 to 1993, despite a  $\pm 0\%$  increase in forcible rape. In that time period, there were fewer arrests for robbery and aggravated assault and the same number for manslaughter.

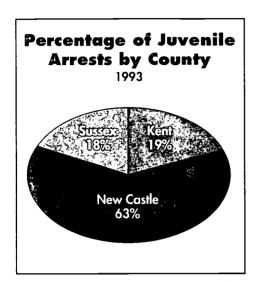


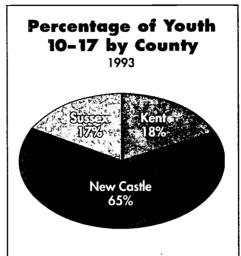
# Definitions Juvenile Violent Crime Arrest Rate – the number of arrests for violent crimes per 1,000 children 10–17; violent crimes include murder and non-negligent manslaughter, manslaughter by negligence, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault



Saurces: Center for Applied Demography and Survey Research, University of Delaware









Sources: Statistical Analysis Center, State Bureau of Investigation

For more information see
Tables 28–35 p. 63–66



## High School Dropouts



## Impact:

Youth who do not complete high school are more likely to be unemployed or underemployed throughout their lives. The risk of lifelong poverty increases for high school dropouts as manufacturing jobs are replaced by work requiring specific skills. Parents' levels of education play a great role in their children's development. Youth who drop out of school place themselves and the next generation at risk for poor outcomes.

#### **Definitions**

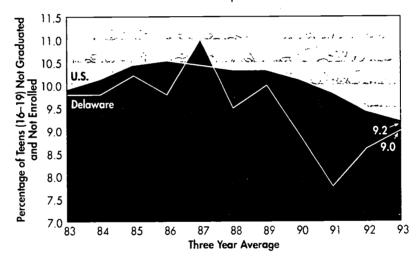
Graduation rate - graduation from public high school within four years of starting grade nine

High school drop outs - 16-19 year olds not in school and not high school graduates

Day school – normal school hours for public school students.

## **Public High School Dropouts**

Delaware Compared to U.S.



Note: The data shown here represent three-year moving averages. For example, the figure for 1984 is based on an average of statistics for the years 1983–1985. Variations in the Delaware graph are due to sampling size of the data collection. Data are collected through a sample size too small for county breakout.

Source: Center for Applied Demography and Survey Research, University of Delaware

During the school year 1993-94. 1,343 of the 28,930 students enrolled in Grades 9–12 left public high school without graduating. The state dropout rate of 4.6% was slightly higher than the 4.2% rate experienced in the previous school year. Rates increased somewhat in each ethnic group. In 1993–94. 3.7% of White and Other. 6.8% of Black, and 6.7% of Hispanic students were dropouts.

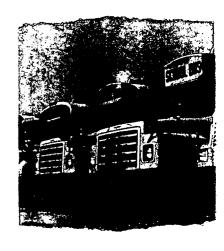
The estimated graduation rate from ninth grade to graduation for the class of 1994 is 74.7%. This rate includes graduates with day-school diplomas, evening-school diplomas (19 years of age and under). Records of Performance, and GED (19 years of age and under). The estimate for the class of 1994 day-school graduates is only 66.5% compared to 70.2% for the class of 1993.

According to National KIDS COUNT, Delaware has the 15th lowest percentage of school dropouts among all states. Between 1985 and 1993, there has been a 30% improvement in this indicator in Delaware compared to an 18% improvement nationally.

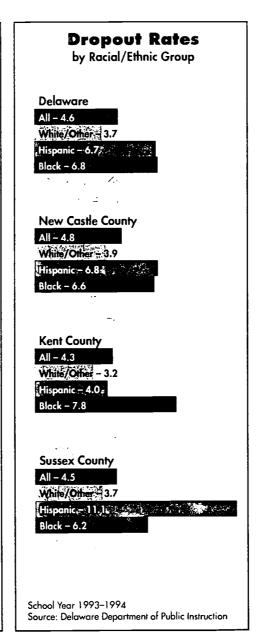


## Risk factors

Children must have adequate health care, good nutrition, and developmentally appropriate environmental stimulation to prepare for their school years. Children who are not "ready for school" are less likely to succeed academically and socially and are more likely to drop out before completing high school. Although adolescent parenting causes some students to drop out, leaving school may precede some pregnancies. Low parental educational attainment or involvement with the school, negative peer pressure, substance use, poor social adjustment, and language barriers also contribute to adolescents' decisions to cut short their educational experiences.



# Percentage of Dropouts by Age, Gender, and Racial/Ethnic Group % of all dropouts by age % of all dropouts by gender Hispanic % of all dropouts by racial/ethnic group School Year 1993-1994 Source: Delaware Department of Public Instruction



# For mare information see Infant Deaths Per 1,000 Live Births by Education of Mother p. 23 Teens Not in School and Not in the Labor Force p. 32–33 Tables 36–44 p. 66–69

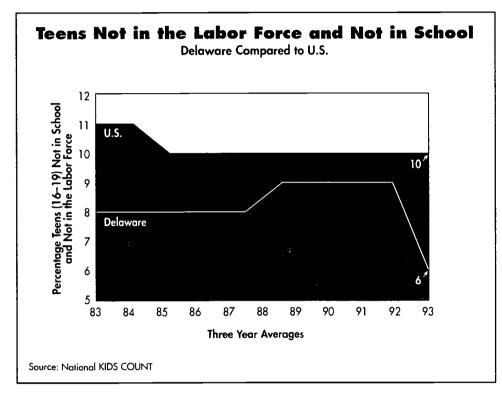


# Teens Not in the Labor Force and Not in School



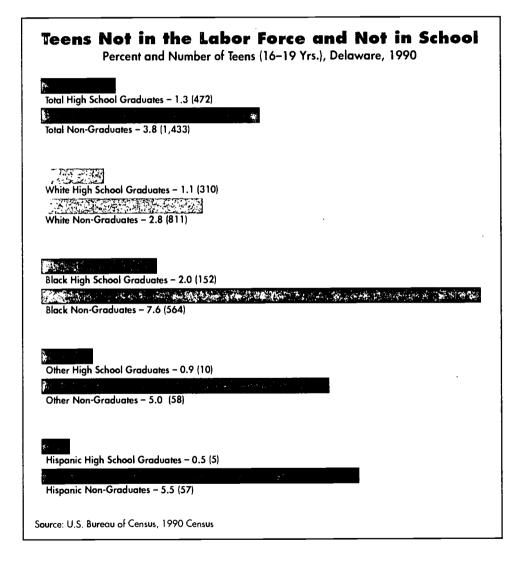
**Definitions** 

Labor force – group of persons 16 years of age and older who are employed or unemployed and seeking employment Based on National KIDS COUNT data for 1993, Delaware had the 4th lowest rate of teens 16–19 years of age who were not in school and not in the labor force. From 1985 to 1993, there has been a 25% improvement in this indicator in Delaware.





The transition from adolescence to adulthood is often difficult for youth who have not had successful school experiences. High school graduates who are neither working nor pursuing further education during these critical years often experience recurring periods of unemployment during their adult years. Youth without a high-school diploma or General Educational Development (GED) certification are even more vulnerable.

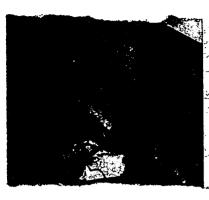




For more information see High School Dropouts p. 30-31



## Children in Poverty



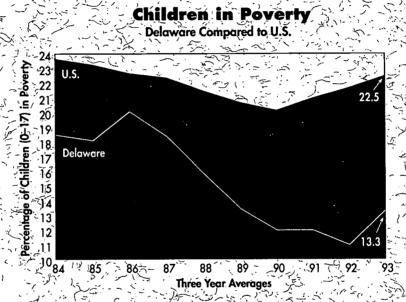
## Impact

Poverty is associated with low birth weight, infant mortality, inadequate bealth care, inadequate cognitive stimulation, poorer preparation for school, dropping out of school, adolescent parenting, and living in an unsafe neighborhood. Poverty is the leading risk factor for negative outcomes for children.

#### **Definitions**

Children in Poverty – percentage of children in poverty; in 1993, the poverty threshold for a one-parent, two-child family was \$11,642. For a family of four with two children, the threshold was \$14,664.

Percent of Poverty – 100 percent of poverty relates to the income level based on family size



Note: The data shown here represent three year moving averages. For example, the figure for 1984 is based on an average of statistics for the years 1983–1985. Data are collected through a sample size too small for county breakout.

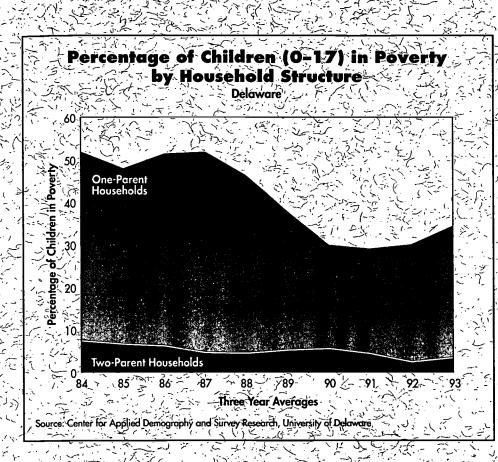
Source: Center for Applied Demography and Survey Research, University of Delaware

The rate of children in poverty in Delaware is low compared to the rate for the U.S. At a poverty rate of 13.3%, about 23,000 children in Delaware live in poverty. Five percent of Delaware's children live in extreme poverty, i.e., at 50% of poverty level or below.

In 1993, 4.5% of children in the state-lived in working-poor families. These are families in which at least one parent works 50 or more weeks per year. Across the nation, 7.6% of children-lived in working poor families. Eighty-four percent of poor families with children received means-tested assistance in 1993 in Delaware compared to 85% in the U.S.

There has been a 35% improvement in the percentage of children in poverty from 1985 to 1993. Based on a five-year average from 1991–1995, 11% of Delaware's children were in poverty compared to 17% in 1985. In 1993, Delaware and New Hampshire had the lowest percentage of children living in poverty in the U.S., sharing first place rank among all states on this indicator.







### For more information see

Children in One-Po Households	rent	p. 36-37
Tables 46-55		p. 70-74
Tables 57-59		p: 75-76

In Delaware 35% of mother-headed families received child support or alimony in 1993 Nationally, 32% of mother-headed families received this additional income

The 1992-94 three year average median bousehold income was \$36,849.94,2 the ninth highest in the nation. In 1993, the median household income of families with children was \$38,600 in Delaware compared to \$35,800 nationally. With a household poverty rate of 8:8%, Delaware again tied with New Hampshire for a first-place ranking

KIDS COUNT Data Book 1996, National KIDS COUNT

Delaware Dateline, Delaware Economic Development Office

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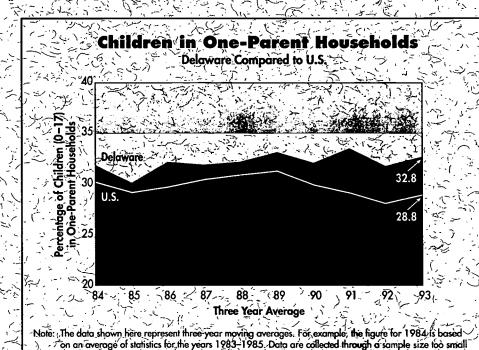


## Children in One-Parent Households



## Impacl

Many single parents experience both personal and financial stress as they juggle demands of a job and child care. Though granted child support, juggle demands of a job and child care. Though granted child support, many single parents receive few or no payments. Children in these families many single parents receive few or no payments. Children in these families have a greater likelihood of living in poverty, dropping out of school, and becoming adolescent parents.



for county breakout

Source: Center for Applied Demography and Survey Research, University of Delaware

Between 1985 and 1993, there has been a 17% increase in the percentage of families with children headed by a single parent in the state. In 1993, Delaware ranked 39th among all states on this indicator. The percentage of children living in one-parent households remained fairly stable in Delaware compared to a significant drop in the U.S.

While the percentage of births to unmarried teen mothers is higher in New Castle County, the percentage of births to single mothers of all ages is higher in Sussex County.

### Percentage of Births to Single Mothers

in Delaware by County, Age, and Race Five-year Average 1989-93

31.3% of all births in Delaware

29.8% of births to women in New Castle County

31.3% of births to women in Kent County

37.2% of births to women in Sussex County

81.8% of births to teenagers

44.9% of births to women 20-24 years old

18.8% of births to women 25-29 years old

12.4% of births to women 30+ years old

18.6% of all births to White women

72.1% of all births to 8lack women

Source: Delaware Health Statistics Center



### For more information see

Births to Teens - p.12-19

Births to Unmarried Teen

Mothers 2 p.19

Infant Deaths Per 1,000 Live

Births by Marital Status of Mother

Children in Poverty p. 34-35

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Table 1a

## **Population Estimates**

Population Estimates by Race and Age for Delaware and Counties, 1993

	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-17_	18-19	20-64	65+	Total	% 0-19	% 20-64	% 65+
Delaware	53,575	49,149	46,428	26,116	17,411	413,000	87,388	693,067	27.80	59.59	12.61
White	40,836	37,995	35,297	19,825	13,216	338,419	77,741	563,329	26.12	60.07	13.80
Black	11,648	10,084	10,302	5,807	3,872	66,747	9,083	117,543	35.49	56.79	7.73
Other	1,091	1,070	829	484	323	7,834	564	12,195	31.14	64.24	4.62
New Castle	34,872	31,676	29,827	17,081	11,387	277,531	52,848	455,222	27.42	60.97	11.61
White	26,738	24,607	22,699	13,028	8,685	227,597	46,989	370,343	25.86	61.46	12.69
Black	7,279	6,217	6,558	3,721	2,481	44,414	5,566	76,236	34.44	58.26	7.30
Other	855	852	570	332	221	5,520	293	8,643	32.74	63.87	3.39
Kent	10,085	9,401	8,365	4,673	3,115	68,611	12,594	116,844	30.50	58.72	10.78
White	7,616	7,168	6,333	3,501	2,334	54,895	10,949	92,796	29.04	59.16	11.80
Black	2,320	2,109	1,884	1,076	718	12,224	1,504	21,835	37.13	55.98	6.89
Other	149	124	148	95	64	1,492	141	2,213	26.21	67.42	6.37
Sussex	8,618	8,072	8,236	4,363	2,908	66,858	21,946	121,001	26.61	55.25	18.14
White	6,482	6,220	6,265	3,296	2,197	55,927	19,803	100,190	24.41	55.82	19. <i>77</i>
Black	2,049	1,758	1,860	1,010	673	10,109	2,013	19,472	37.75	51.92	10.34
Other	87	94	111	57	38	822	130	1,339	28.90	61.39	9.71

Source: Delowore Health Statistics Center

Table 1b

## **Population Estimates**

Population Estimates by Gender and Age for Delaware and Counties, 1993

		0-4	5-9	10-14	15-17	18-19
Delaware	Male	27,414	25,114	23,849	13,219	8,812
	Female	26,161	24,035	22,579	12,898	8,598
New Castle	Male	17,917	16,278	15,318	8,602	5,734
	Female	16,955	15,398	14,509	8,479	5,653
Kent	Male	5,129	4,764	4,294	2,390	1,593
	Female	4,956	4,637	4,071	2,283	1,522
Sussex	Male	4,368	4,072	4,237	2,227	1,485
	Female	4,250	4,000	3,999	2,135	1,424

Source: Delaware Health Statistics Center



### Table 2:

### **Delaware Children and their Families**

Delaware Children and their Families, Delaware and Counties, 1990 Census

	Dela Number		New C		Ker Number		Suss Number	
Total children under 18	146,816	100.0	95,532	65.1	27,268	18.6	24,016	16.3
In married-couple family	<b>/</b> :							
Under 3 years	21,188	14.4	14,099	14.8	3,929	14.4	3,160	13.2
3 and 4 years	13,924	9.5	9,081	9.5	2,717	10.0	2,126	8.9
5 years	6,931	4.7	4,388	4.6	1,275	4.7	1,268	5.3
6 to 11 years	39,580	27.0	25,831	27.0	7,11 <i>7</i>	26.1	6,632	27.6
12 and 13 years	11,944	8.1	7,713	8.1	2,307	8.5	1,924	8.0
14 years	5,764	3.9	3,645	3.8	1,136	4.2	983	4.1
15 to 17 years	16,687	11.4	10,826	11.3	3,165	11.6	2,696	11.2
Total	116,018	79.0	75,583	79.1	21,646	79. <u>4</u>	18,789	78.2
In other family:								
Male head of household	, no spouse:							
Under 3 years	931	0.6	621	0.7	134	0.5	176	0.7
3 and 4	632	0.4	418	0.4	106	0.4	108	0.4
5 years	307	0.2	151	0.2	71	0.3	85	0.4
6 to 11 years	1,978	1.3	1,304	1.4	226	0.8	448	1.9
12 and 13 years	507	0.3	349	0.4	59	0.2	99	0.4
14 years	276	0.2	137	0.1	31	0.1	108	0.4
15 to 17 years	937	0.6	612	0.6	116	0.4	209	0.9
Total	5,568	3.8	3,592	3.8	743	2.7	1,233	5.1
Total in single-par	ent family	18.1						
Female head of househo	old, no spous	ie:						
Under 3 years	3,052	2.1	1,893	2.0	652	2.4	507	2.1
3 and 4 years	2,744	1.9	1,612	1.7	625	2.3	507	2.1
5 years	1,444	1.0	899	0.9	320	1.2	225	0.9
6 to 11 years	9,266	6.3	6,025	6.3	1,879	6.9	1,362	5.7
12 and 13 years	3,004	2.0	2,066	2.2	456	1.7	482	2.0
14 years	1,486	1.0	932	1.0	256	0.9	298	1.2
15 to 17 years	4,234	2.9	2,930	3.1	691	2.5	613	2.6
Total	25,230	17.2	16,357	17.1	4,879	17.9	3,994	16.6
Total in single-par	ent family	81.9						

Source: Delaware Economic Development Office; U.S. Bureau of the Census



Table 3:

### **Number and Percent of Families with Children**

Number and Percent of Families With Related Children Under 18 Years of Age Delaware and Counties, 1990 Census

Type of Family	Dela Number	ware Percent	New 9 Number		Ke Number		Sus Number	
One-Parent	21,708	24.3	14,252	24.3	3,807	23.6	3,649	25.0
Male Head of Household	4,083	4.6	2,627	4.5	614	3.8	842	5.8
Female Head of Household	17,625	19.7	11,625	19.8	3,193	19.8	2,807	19.2
Married Couple	67,642	75.7	44,375	75.7	12,317	76.4	10,950	75.0
Total	89,350	100.0	58,627	100.0	16,124	100.0	14,599	100.0

Source: Delaware Health Statistics Center; U.S. Bureau of the Census

Table 4:

### **Teen Fertility Rates**

Five-Year Average Fertility Rates (births per 1,000) for Females Ages 15–19 by Race U.S., Delaware, and Counties, 1978–1993

Area/Race	1978- 1982	1979- 1983	1980- 1984	1981- 1985	1982- 1986	1983- 1987	1984- 1988	1985- 1989	1986- 1990	1987- 1991	1988- 1992	1989- 1993
U.S.	52.3	52.3	52.0	51.5	51.1	50.7	51.0	52.4	54.1	56.4	58.5	59.9
White	44.0	44.1	43.8	43.3	42.8	42.2	42.2	43.3	44.9	47.1	49.2	50.8
Black	99.1	98.1	97.0	96.5	97.0	97.9	100.1	103.2	106.2	109.5	111.8	112.1
Delaware	50.1	50.3	49.2	48.6	48.6	48.5	48.7	50.5	52.0	54.0	55.4	56.8
White	34.9	35.2	34.7	34.0	33.8	33.5	33.8	34.9	35.8	36.7	37.6	38.9
Black	116.4	115.0	110.8	110.3	110.0	110.3	109.0	114.3	116.7	121.2	122.6	122.6
New Castle	42.0	42.0	41.6	40.7	40.7	41.0	41.5	43.1	44.5	46.2	47.8	49.0
White	27.8	27.9	27.9	27.0	27.0	27.0	27.6	28.0	28.6	29.2	30.3	31.4
Black	113.9	112.2	108.2	106.7	106.0	106.8	105.9	112.3	116.3	120.5	122.5	120.7
Kent	61.9	62.0	60.2	61.1	61.0	60.0	58.1	61.3	62.2	64.0	64.2	66.3
White	52.0	53.7	54.2	55.7	55.4	53.6	50.9	52.6	52.2	52.7	52.9	54.2
Black	96.0	91.2	81.1	80.5	80.7	82.0	81.5	88.6	92.3	96.9	95.2	100.2
Sussex	75.5	75.9	72.9	71.7	71.1-	70.3	71.4	73.9	74.6	78.4	79.7	80.4
White	53.0	52.3	47.1	44.6	43.3	43.1	45.5	49.1	51.6	55.0	55.4	56.3
Black	146.0	150.2	152.7	157.0	159.0	157.5	155.0	155.8	151.3	156.7	159.2	158.2

Source: National Center for Health Statistics: Delaware Health Statistics Center



### Table 5:

## **Pre-Teen and Young Teen Fertility Rates**

Five-Year Average Fertility Rates (births per 1,000) for Females Ages 10–14 by Race U.S., Delaware, and Counties, 1978–1993

Area/Race	1978- 1982	1979- 1983	1980- 1984	1981- 1985	1982- 1986	1983- 1987	1984- 1988	1985- 1989	1986- 1990	1987- 1991	1988- 1992	1989- 1993
U.S.	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4
White	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8
Black	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.4	4.5	4.7	4.8	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.8
Delaware	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.1
White	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8
Black	5.5	5.7	5.8	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.6	5.9	6.2	6.7	6.6
New Castle	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.0
White	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8
Black	4.9	5.5	5.9	6.1	6.1	5.7	5.2	5.6	6.0	6.6	6.4_	6.4
Kent	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.9
White	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.8	0.8.	0.8	1.0
Black	6.6	6.6	5.7	5.1	4.7	5.0	5.1	4.7	4.9_	5.9	5.4	5.3
Sussex	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.3	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.6
White	0.4	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8
Black	6.5	5.5	5.6	6.8	6.6	6.0	6.5	7.7	7.9	7.4	8.1	8.4

Source: National Center for Health Statistics; Delaware Health Statistics Center



Table 6:

## **Births to Single Teen Mothers**

Five Year Average Percentage of Births to Single Mothers Under 20 Years of Age U.S., Delaware, Counties, 1981–1993

Area/Race	1981- 1985	1982- 1986	1983- 1987	1984- 1988	1985- 1989	1986- 1990	1987- 1991	1988- 1992	1989- 1993
U.S.	53.9	56.3	58.9	61.3	63.5	65.3	66.9	68.1	69.3
White	39.6	42.3	45.2	48.2	51.0	53.4	55.5	57.3	59.0
Black	88.4	89.2	90.0	90.5	91.1	91.5	91.9	92.3	92.6
Delaware	65.5	66.7	69.0	70.5	73.1	74.7	76.7	79.4	81.8
White	43.9	46.2	49.7	53.0	56.2	58.6	61.2	65.2	69.3
Black	91.0	90.7	90.9	90.9	92.3	92.9	94.0	94.9	95.7
New Castle	71.6	72.3	74.3	74.9	77.8	79.4	81.4	84.1	86.4
White	52.9	54.5	57.4	59.1	62.6	65.3	68.2	72.3	76.5
Black	92.5	92.0	92.7	92.6	93.9	94.1	94.8	95.7	96.4
Kent	51.2	52.9	56.1	59.7	62.3	65.3	67.7	71.0	75.1
White	34.3	36.3	39.8	44.1	<sup>~</sup> 46.4	49.2	50.9	56.1	61.6
Black.	84.7	85.2	85.9	86.6	88.1	90.4	92.6	94.0	95.7
Sussex	63.2	65.6	67.1	69.0	71.1	70.9	72.8	74.5	76.0
White	29.7	34.4	39.5	46.0	50.3	51.2	54.5	56.7	59.3
Black	91.3	91.0	90.0	89.4	72.9	91.3	92.6	93.1	93.7

Sources: National Center of Health Statistics; Delaware Health Statistics Center



## Births by Race and Age of Mother

Number and Percent of Live Births by Race and Age of Mother Delaware, Counties and City of Wilmington, 1993

Area/Race	Total Births to All Ages		Births to Te Less than 1		Births to Te 15-17 y		Births to Teen Mothers 18–19 years old		
·	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Delaware	10,550	100.0	43	0.4	495	4.7	779	7.4	
White	7,911	100.0	15	0.2	247	3.1	447	5.7	
Black	2,408	100.0	. 28	1.2	244	10.1	323	13.4	
Other	231	100.0	0	0.0	4	1.7	9	3.9	
New Castle	6,889	100.0	25	0.4	291	4.2	423	6.1	
White	5,226	100.0	8	0.2	142	2.7	239	4.6	
Black	1,513	100.0	17	1.1	147	9.7	181	12.0	
Other	150	100.0	0	0.0	2	1.3	3	2.0	
Wilmington	1,293	100.0	14	1.1	149	11.5	1.56	12.1	
White	· 497	100.0	2	0.4	46	9.3	42	8.5	
Black	<i>7</i> 81	100.0	12	1.5	102	13.1	114	14.6	
Other	15	100.0	0	0.0	1	6.7	0	0.0	
Balance of NC County	5,596	100.0	11	0.2	142	2.5	267	4.8	
White	4,729	100.0	6	0.1	96	2.0	197	4.2	
Black	732	100.0	5	0.7	45	6.1	67	9.2	
Other	135	100.0	0	0.0	1	0.7	3	2.2	
Kent	1,930	100.0	7	0.4	97	5.0	165	8.5	
White	1,438	100.0	3	0.2	62	4.3	94	6.5	
Black	436	100.0	4	0.9	34	7.8	66	15.1	
Other	56	100.0	0	0.0	1	1.8	5	8.9	
Sussex	1,731	100.0	11	0.6	107	6.2	191	11.0	
White	1,247	100.0	4	0.3	43	3.4	114	9.1	
Black	459	100.0	7	1.5	63	13.7	76	16.6	
Other	25	100.0	0	0.0	1	4.0	1	4.0	

Source: Delaware Health Statistics Center



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Table 8:

## Births by Birth Order and Age of Mother

Percentage of Live Births by Live Birth Order and Age of Mother Delaware, Counties, and City of Wilmington, 1993

Birth Order	Age: Under 18	18 - 19	
First	87.7	69.1	
Second	11.7	22.8	
Third	0.6	6.9	
Fourth+	0.0	1.2	
First	86.7	70.2	
Second	12.7	22.5	
Third	0.6	6.4	
Fourth+	0.0	0.9	
First	79.8	60.3	
Second	19.0	29.5	
Third	1.2	9.6	
Fourth+	0.0	0.6	
First	94.1	76.0	
Second	5.9	18.4	
Third	0.0	4.5	
Fourth+	0.0	1.1	
First	88.5	67.3	
Second	10.6	23.6	
Third	1.0	7.9	
Fourth+	0.0	1.2	
First	89.8	68.1	
Second	10.2	23.0	
Third	0.0	7.3	
Fourth+	0.0	1.6	
	First Second Third Fourth+ First Second Third	First       87.7         Second       11.7         Third       0.6         Fourth+       0.0         First       86.7         Second       12.7         Third       0.6         Fourth+       0.0         First       79.8         Second       19.0         Third       1.2         Fourth+       0.0         First       94.1         Second       5.9         Third       0.0         Fourth+       0.0         First       88.5         Second       10.6         Third       1.0         Fourth+       0.0         First       89.8         Second       10.2         Third       0.0	First       87.7       69.1         Second       11.7       22.8         Third       0.6       6.9         Fourth+       0.0       1.2         First       86.7       70.2         Second       12.7       22.5         Third       0.6       6.4         Fourth+       0.0       0.9         First       79.8       60.3         Second       19.0       29.5         Third       1.2       9.6         Fourth+       0.0       0.6         First       94.1       76.0         Second       5.9       18.4         Third       0.0       4.5         Fourth+       0.0       1.1         First       88.5       67.3         Second       10.6       23.6         Third       1.0       7.9         Fourth+       0.0       1.2         First       89.8       68.1         Second       10.2       23.0         Third       0.0       7.3

Source: Delaware Health Statistics Center



### Table 9:

## **Percentage of Low Birth Weight Births**

Five-Year Average Percentage of Low Birth Weight Births U.S. and Delaware, 1981–1993

	1981- 1985	1982- 1986	1983- 1987	1984- 1988	1985- 1989	1986- 1990	1987- 1991	1988- 1992	1989- 1993
U.S.	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.0	7.1
Delaware	7.4	7.3	7.2	7.3	7.3	7.4	7.4	7.6	7.7

Source: Delaware Health Statistics Center

Table 10:

## Percentage of Very Low Birth Weight Births

Five-Year Average Percentage of Very Low Birth Weight Births by Age and Race of Mother Delaware and Counties, 1989–1993

Area/Age	All Races	White	African-American	
Delaware	1.6	1.0	3.5	
Less than 20	2.4	1.7	3.2	
20-24	1.7	0.9	3.5	
25-29	1.3	0.9	3.2	
30+	1.6	1.2	4.4	
New Castle	1.8	1.1	4.0	
Less than 20	2.8	2.0	3.6	
20-24	1.9	0.9	3.9	
25-29	1.4	0.9	3.6	
30+	1.7	1.2	5.0	
Kent	1.4	1.0	2.9	
Less than 20	2.1	1.7	2.8	
20-24	1.4	0.7	3.3	
25-29	0.9	0.8	1.4	
30+	1.8	1.4	4.2	
Sussex	1.3	0.9	2.4	
Less than 20	2.0	0.8	2.3	
20-24	1.5	1.0	2.5	
25-29	1.0	0.9	3.0	
30+	0.9	0.9	1.6	

Source: National Center for Health Statistics; Delaware Health Statistics Center



Table 11:

## Low Birth Weight Births by Age & Race of Mother

Five-Year Average Percentage of Low Birth Weight Births by Age and Race of Mother Delaware and Counties, 1989–1993

Area/Age	All Races	White	Black	
Delaware	7.7	5.8	13. <i>7</i>	
Less than 20	10.5	8.2	13.1	
20-24	7.9	5.5	13.1	
25-29	6.5	5.0	13.0	
30+	7.7	6.2	16.8	
New Castle	8.0	5.9	14.8	
Less than 20	11.3	8.8	13.9	
20-24	8.6	5.8	14.0	
25-29	6.7	5.0	14.2	
30+	7.7	6.1	18.2	
Kent	7.2	5.8	11.5	
Less than 20	9.4	7.5	12.0	
20-24	6.9	5.3	11.1	
25-29	5.6	4.9	8.7	
30+	8.4	6.9	15.5	
Sussex	7.2	5.4	12.2	
Less than 20	9.3	7.2	11.8	
20-24	7.1	4.6	12.1	
25-29	6.4	4.9	13.2	
30+	6.7	6.0	11.5	

Saurce: Delaware Health Statistics Center



#### Table 12:

## Births by Birth Weight and Adequacy of Prenatal Care

Number and Percent of Live Births by Birth Weight in Grams and Adequacy of Prenatal Care Delaware, 1989–1993

Birth Weight	Adea Number	juate Percent	Interm Number	ediate Percent	Inadea Number	juate Percent	Unk Number	nown Percent
Delaware	39,061	72.1	10,975	20.2	3,444	6.4	722	1.3
over 2500g	36,562	73.2	9,901	19.8	2,925	5.9	591	1.2
less than 2500g (low birth weight)	2,486	59.4	1,068	25.5	519	12.4	109	2.6
less than 1500g (very low birth weight)	508	57.7	199	22.6	132	15.0	41	4.7

Source: Delaware Health Statistics Center

Table 13:

## Births by Birth Weight, Race of Mother and Adequacy of Prenatal Care

Number and Percent of Live Births by Race of Mother, Birth Weight in Grams and Adequacy of Prenatal Care, Delaware, 1989–1993

Adequate		Intermediate		Inade	quate	Unknown		
Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
31,521	78.3	6,705	16.7	1,522	3.8	502	1.2	
29,902	78.9	6,175	16.3	1,385	3.7	422	1.1	
1,609	68.9	527	22.6	137	5.9	63	2.7	
276	65.6	93	22.1	33	7.8	19	4.5	
6,782	52.5	4074	31.5	1,855	14.4	207	1.6	
5,948	53.4	3,549	31.9	1,480	13.3	157	1.4	
831	46.8	522	29.4	375	21.1	46	2.6	
229	50.6	105	23.2	97	21.4	22	4.9	
758	73.3	196	19.0	67	6.5	13	1.3	
712	74.1	177	18.4	60	6.2	12	1.2	
46	63.9	19	26.4	7	9.7	0	0.0	
3	50.0	1	16.7	2	33.3	0	0.0	
	31,521 29,902 1,609 276 6,782 5,948 831 229 758 712 46	Number         Percent           31,521         78.3           29,902         78.9           1,609         68.9           276         65.6           6,782         52.5           5,948         53.4           831         46.8           229         50.6           758         73.3           712         74.1           46         63.9	Number         Percent         Number           31,521         78.3         6,705           29,902         78.9         6,175           1,609         68.9         527           276         65.6         93           6,782         52.5         4074           5,948         53.4         3,549           831         46.8         522           229         50.6         105           758         73.3         196           712         74.1         177           46         63.9         19	Number         Percent         Number         Percent           31,521         78.3         6,705         16.7           29,902         78.9         6,175         16.3           1,609         68.9         527         22.6           276         65.6         93         22.1           6,782         52.5         4074         31.5           5,948         53.4         3,549         31.9           831         46.8         522         29.4           229         50.6         105         23.2           758         73.3         196         19.0           712         74.1         177         18.4           46         63.9         19         26.4	Number         Percent         Number         Percent         Number           31,521         78.3         6,705         16.7         1,522           29,902         78.9         6,175         16.3         1,385           1,609         68.9         527         22.6         137           276         65.6         93         22.1         33           6,782         52.5         4074         31.5         1,855           5,948         53.4         3,549         31.9         1,480           831         46.8         522         29.4         375           229         50.6         105         23.2         97           758         73.3         196         19.0         67           712         74.1         177         18.4         60           46         63.9         19         26.4         7	Number         Percent         Number         Percent         Number         Percent           31,521         78.3         6,705         16.7         1,522         3.8           29,902         78.9         6,175         16.3         1,385         3.7           1,609         68.9         527         22.6         137         5.9           276         65.6         93         22.1         33         7.8           6,782         52.5         4074         31.5         1,855         14.4           5,948         53.4         3,549         31.9         1,480         13.3           831         46.8         522         29.4         375         21.1           229         50.6         105         23.2         97         21.4           758         73.3         196         19.0         67         6.5           712         74.1         177         18.4         60         6.2           46         63.9         19         26.4         7         9.7	Number         Percent         Number         Percent         Number         Percent         Number           31,521         78.3         6,705         16.7         1,522         3.8         502           29,902         78.9         6,175         16.3         1,385         3.7         422           1,609         68.9         527         22.6         137         5.9         63           276         65.6         93         22.1         33         7.8         19           6,782         52.5         4074         31.5         1,855         14.4         207           5,948         53.4         3,549         31.9         1,480         13.3         157           831         46.8         522         29.4         37.5         21.1         46           229         50.6         105         23.2         97         21.4         22           758         73.3         196         19.0         67         6.5         13           712         74.1         177         18.4         60         6.2         12           46         63.9         19         26.4         7         9.7         0	

Source: Delaware Health Statistics Center



Table 14:

# Births by Birth Weight, Age of Mother and Adequacy of Prenatal Care

Number and Percent of Live Births by Age of Mother, Birth Weight in Grams and Adequacy of Prenatal Care, Delaware, 1989–1993

Birth Weight	Adec Number	uate Percent	Intern Number	ediate Percent	Inade Number	quate Percent	Unk Number	nown Percent
Less Than 20 Years	3,207	47.8	2,445	36.5	959	14.3	93	1.4
over 2500g	2,900	48.3	2,203	36.7	825	13.8	70	1.2
less than 2500g (low birth weight)	307	43.6	241	34.2	134	19.0	22	3.1
less than 1500g (very low birth weight)	72	44.7	45	28.0	37	23.0	7	4.3
20 to 24 Years	8,843	64.4	3,486	25.4	1,218	8.9	190	1.4
over 2500g	8,259	65.4	3,168	25.1	1,051	8.3	157	1.2
less than 2500g (low birth weight)	577	53.0	315	29.0	167	15.3	29	2.7
less than 1500g (very low birth weight)	121	51.7	59	25.2	40	17.1	14	6.0
25 to 29 Years	13,405	78.6	2,730	16.0	691	4.0	236	1.4
over 2500g	12,684	79.6	2,478	15.5	584	3.7	195	1.2
less than 2500g (low birth weight)	719	64.9	251	22.7	107	9.7	31	2.8
less than 1500g (very low birth weight)	138	63.9	39	18.1	24	11.1	15	6.9
30 to 34 Years	9,939	81.6	1,701	14.0	404	3.3	143	1.2
over 2500g	9,308	82.6	1,515	13.4	322	2.9	119	1.1
less than 2500g (low birth weight)	629	68.4	186	20.2	82	8.9	22	2.4
less than 1500g (very low birth weight)	122	64.2	40	21.1	23	12.1	5	2.6
35+ Years	3,667	81.3	613	13.6	172	3.8	60	1.3
over 2500g	3,411	82.4	537	13.0	143	3.5	50	1.2
less than 2500g (low birth weight)	254	70.0	75	20.7	29	8.0	5	1.4
less than 1500g (very low birth weight)	55	69.6	16	20.3	8	10.1	0	0.0

Saurce: Delaware Health Statistics Center



### Table 15:

## Births by Birth Weight, Marital Status and Adequacy of Prenatal Care

Number and Percent of Live Births by Marital Status, Birth Weight in Grams and Adequacy of Prenatal Care, Delaware, 1989–1993

n' d w' ' la		luate D	Intermediate		Inade	•	Unknown Number Percent		
Birth Weight	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Married	30,427	81.7	5,385	14.5	984	2.6	459	1.2	
over 2500g	28,841	82.2	4,958	14.1	889	2.5	388	1.1	
less than 2500g (low birth weight)	1,576	73.2	425	19.7	95	4.4	56	2.6	
less than 1500g (very low birth weight)	281	68.7	74	18.1	32	7.8	22	5.4	
Single	8,634	50.9	5,590	33.0	2,460	14.5	263	1.6	
over 2500g	7,721	51.8	4943	33.2	2,036	13.7	203	1.4	
less than 2500g (low birth weight)	910	44.8	643	31.7	424	20.9	53	2.6	
less than 1500g (very low birth weight)	227	48.2	125	26.5	100	21.2	19.0	4.0	

Saurce: Delaware Health Statistics Center

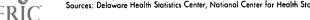


## **U.S. Infant Mortality Rates**

Ranking of Five-Year Average Infant Mortality Rates U.S., 50 States and District of Columbia, 1989-1993

	All R	laces	Wh	iite	Blo	ick	
State	Rate	Rank	Rate	Rank	Rate	Rank	
United States	9.0		7.3		17.5		
Alabama	11.0	47	8.2	43*	16.4	20*	
Alaska**	9.1	29*	7.2	1 <b>7</b> *	13.6	8	
Arizona	8.5	22*	7.8	34*	20.3	43	
Arkansas	10.0	40*	8.5	47*	15.2	12*	
California	7.6	10	6.9	11	17.1	24*	
Colorado	8.3	20*	7.8	34*	17.1	24*	
Connecticut	7.8	12*	6.4	3*	17.1	24*	
Delaware	10.2	42	7.6	28*	19.2	38	
District of Columbia	20.4	51	10.8	51	23.9	- 50	
Florida	9.2	31	7.1	13*	16.0	16*	
	11.4	49	8.0	41*	17.5	29	
Georgia		7	4.3	1	15.5	14*	
Hawaii	7.2	24*	4.3 8.5	47*	27.8	51	
ldaho**	8.6		7.8	47 34*	20.9	45	
Illinois	10.6	44*					
Indiana	9.5	35	8.4	45*	19.0	37	
lowa ,	7.9	14	7.5	23*	19.9	41	-
Kansas	8.7	26*	7.7	31*	19.8	39*	
Kentucky	8.6	24*	8.0	41*	15.0	9*	
Louisiana	10.7	46	7.6	28*	15.1	11	
Maine**	6.6	1*	6.5	5	7.6	3	
Maryland	9.7	38*	6.8	10	16.4	20*	
Massachusetts	6.8	6	6.2	2	13.1	6	
Michigan	10.4	43	7.5	23*	21.4	46	
Minnesota	7.3	8	6.6	6*	19.8	39*	
Mississippi	11. <i>7</i>	50	8.2	43*	15.5	14*	
Missouri	9.3	32*	7.6	28*	17.6	30*	
Montana**	8.5	22*	7.5	23*	23.5	49	
Nebraska	8.1	1 <i>7</i> *	7.2	1 <i>7</i> *	20.2	42	
Nevada	7.8	12*	<b>7</b> .1	13*	1 <i>7</i> .1	24*	
New Hampshire**	6.6	1*	6.6	6*	13.2	7	
New Jersey	8.7	26*	6.4	3*	18.4	35*	
New Mexico	8.3	20*	7.7	31*	22.5	48	
New York	9.4	34	7.4	21*	17.2	28	
North Carolina	10.6	44*	7.9	39*	17.0	23	
North Dakota**	8.0	15*	7.5	23*	12.6	5	
Ohio	9.6	36*	7.9	39*	18.4	35*	
Oklahoma	9.0	28	8.4	45*	15.8	16*	
^	7.7	11	7.4	21*	22.0	47	
Oregon Pennsylvania	9.3	32*	7.3	19*	20.6	44	
Rhode Island	8.2	19	7.8 7.8	34*	15.2	12*	
South Carolina	11.3	48	7.8 7.8	34 <b>*</b>	16.9	22	
	9.6	36*	7.0 7.7	31*	11.3	4	
South Dakota**		40*	7.7	23*	18.1	34	
Tennessee	10.0	40 15*	7.3 7.0	12	15.0	9*	
Texas	8.0			6*	17.6	30*	
Utah**	6.7	5	6.6				
Vermont**	6.6	]* 20*	6.7	9	7.1	2	
Virginia	9.7	38*	7.1	13*	17.8	32	•
Washington	7.5	9	7.1	13*	18.0	33	
West Virginia	9.1	29*	8.8	50	16.0	16*	
Wisconsin	8.1	17*	7.3	19*	15.9	19	
Wyoming**	8.6	24*	8.5	47*	6.0	1	

Indicates a field rank.
 Rate and rank of the Black population should be interpreted with coution since the rate is based on less than 50 infant deaths.
 Infant martality rates represent the number of deaths of infants under one year of age per 1,000 live births.
 Sources: Delaware Health Statistics Center, National Center for Health Statistics





### Table 17:

### Infant, Neonatal and Postneonatal Mortality Rates

Infant Mortality Rates, Neonatal and Postneonatal Mortality Rates U.S. and Delaware, 1989–1993

Area	Infant	Neanatal	Postneonatal	
U.S.				
All Races	9.0	5.7	3.3	
White	7.3	4.6	2.7	
Black	17.5	11.3	6.3	
Delaware				
All Races	10.4	7.2	3.1	
White	7.5	5.5	2.0	
Black	19.9	13.2	6.7	

Neonatal – the period from birth to 27 days: Post-neonatal – the period; Infant – the period from birth to one year; Infant Mortality Rate – colculated in deaths per 1,000 deliveries Source: Notional Center for Health Statistics; Delaware Health Statistics Center



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Table 18:

## Infant Mortality Rates by Race

Five-Year Average Infant Mortality Rates by Race U.S., Delaware, Counties and City of Wilmington, 1978–1993

Area/Race	1978- 1982	1979- 1983	1980- 1984	1981- 198 <u>5</u>	1982- 1986	1983- 1987	1984- 1988	1985- 1989	1986- 1990	1987- 1991	1988- 1992	1989- 1993
U.S.	12.6	12.0	11.6	11.2	10.9	10.6	10.4	10.2	9.9	9.6	9.3	9.0
White	11.0	10.5	10.1	9.8	9.5	9.2	9.0	8.7	8.3	8.0	7.7	7.3
Black	21.2	20.3	19.7	19.1	18.7	18.3	18.0	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.7	17.5
Delaware	14.3	13.6	12.4	12.6	12.2	11.8	12.1	12.3	11.3	11.5	10.9	10.4
White	10.8	10.3	9.4	9.7	9.7	9.3	9.6	9.9	8.9	8.9	8.2	7.5
Black	25.9	24.6	22.5	22.1	20.7	19.9	20.6	20.7	19.6	20.0	19.8	19.9
New Castle	14.4	14.2	12.9	13.5	13.1	12.6	12.4	12.5	11.2	11.3	10.8	10.7
White	10.7	10.7	9.5	10.2	10.1	9.6	9.5	9.6	8.4	8.6	7.9	7.5
Black	27.6	26.7	25.1	25.2	23.9	23.4	23.2	23.1	21.1	20.8	20.8	21.7
Wilmington	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	20.9	20.4	19.6	19.5
White	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	16.2	14.1	12.3	11.2
Black	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	23.8	24.2	23.8	24.3
Balance NC County	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	8.6	9.0	8.6	8.5
White	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	7.6	8.1	7.4	7.1
Black	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	17.3	16.4	17.1	18.5
Kent	12.2	11.0	10.0	10.5	9.8	9.7	11.3	11.1	11.2	11.3	11.3	9.7
White	10.3	9.2	8.9	9.1	8.7	9.3	10.5	9.9	9.4	9.0	8.8	7.3
Black	19.0	1 <i>7</i> .1	14.1	14.9	13.5	11.3	14.4	15.6	17.7	19.0	19.9	17.9
Sussex	16.4	14.6	13.3	11.8	11.6	11.0	11.8	12.8	12.2	12.2	10.7	9.7
White	11.8	10.0	9.3	8.4	9.0	8.2	9.1	10.8	10.5	10.1	8.8	7.8
Black	27.4	25.5	22.7	20.0	17.9	17.8	18.5	18.0	16.8	18.0	16.1	15.3

Sources: National Center for Health Statistics, Delaware Health Statistics Center Mortality Rates are deaths per 1,000 live births



#### Table 19:

## Infant Mortality Rates by Risk Factor

Infant Mortality Rates per 1,000 Live Births by Risk Factor, Live Birth Cohort Delaware, 1989–1993

Risk Factor	All Races	White	Black	
Birth weight				
< 1500 grams	365.5	360.2	368.7	
< 2500 grams	94.4	82.6	111.0	
2500+ grams	2.8	2.3	4.7	
Age				
< 20	14.2	9.5	19.5	
20-24	12.2	7.2	23.0	
25-29	9.1	7.3	17.4	
30+	8.4	6.9	18.3	
Marital Status				=
Married	7.5	6.4	17.8	
Single	16.5	11,5	20.8	
Educatian				
< 12 years	13.3	8.5	20.2	
High Schaal diplama	11.3	8.4	19.6	
1+ years af callege	7.2	5.5	18.1	· · · · · ·

Source: Delaware Health Statistics Center

### Table 20:

# Infant Deaths by Race of Mother and Adequacy of Prenatal Care

Infant Mortality Rates by Race of Mother and Adequacy of Prenatal Care Delaware, 1989–1993

	Adequate	Intermediate	Inadequate	
Delaware	8.3	12.0	20.9	
White	6.1	9.8	13.8	
Black	18.9	16.0	27.0	

Source: Delaware Health Statistics Center



### Table 21:

### Infant Deaths by Causes of Death and Race of Mother

Number and Percent of Infant Deaths by Selected Leading Causes of Death by Race of Mother Live Birth Cohort (all birth weights) Delaware, 1989-1993

Cause of Death	All Races		W	hite	Blo	ıck	Other		
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
All Causes	558	100.0	294	100.0	258	100.0	6	100.0	
Birth Defects	110	19.7	83	28.2	25	9.7	2	33.3	
Certain Conditions Originating in the Perinatal Period	295	52.9	138	46.9	153	59.3	4	66.7	
Disorders relating to short gestation and unspecified low birth weight (Included in figures above)	132	23.7	54	18.4	76	29.5	2	33.3	
Symptoms, Signs, and Ill-defined Conditions (Includes Sudden Infant Death Syndrome)	72	12.9	41	13.9	31	12.0	0	0.0	
Infectious and Parasitic Diseases	18	3.2	5	1.7	13	5.0	0	0.0	
Unintentional Injuries	14	2.5	4	1.4	10	3.9	0	0.0	
Homicide	4	0.7	1	0.3	3 "	1.2	0	0.0	
Diseases of the Respiratory System (Includes Pneumonia and Influenzo		2.0	2	0.7	9	3.5	0	0.0	
All Other Causes	34	6.1	20	6.8	14	5.4	0	0.0	

60

Source: Delaware Health Statistics Center

Percentages are based upon the total number of infant deaths in each race group. Percentages may not odd up to 100% due to rounding. Live Birth Cohort – All persons born during a given period of time.



### **Table 22:**

## Causes of Deaths of Children by Age

Five Leading Causes of Deaths of Children 1–19 Years Old, by Age Delaware, 1989–1993

	Age	Cause of Death	Dec		
			Number	Percent	
	1-4 Years	Unintentional Injuries	35	35.7	
		Homicide	13	13.3	
_		Birth Defects	11	11.2	
		Cancer	8	8.2	
		Heart Diseases	4	4.1	
		All Other Causes	27	27.6	
		Total	98	100.0	
	5-14 Years	Unintentional Injuries	43	43.4	
		Cancer	13	13.1	
		Homicide	6	6.1	
		Heart Diseases	4	4.0	
		Suicide	4	4.0	
		All Other Causes	29	29.3	
		Total	99	100.0	
-	15-19 Years	Unintentional Injuries	70	53.0	
		Suicide	16	12.1	
		Homicide	14	10.6	
		Cancer	12	9.1	
		Birth Defects	4	3.0	
		Heart Diseases	3	2.3	
		All Other Causes	13	9.9	
		Total	132	100.0	

Saurce: Delaware Health Statistics Center



### Table 23:

## **Violent Deaths of Children by Causes and Age**

Number of Deaths by Age for Selected Leading Causes of Deaths Delaware, Counties, and City of Wilmington, 1993

Area	Cause of Death	Age of Decedent					
		1-4	5-9	10-14	15-19		
Delaware	Unintentional Injuries	9	4	6	14		
	Motor Vehicle crashes	2	1	6	11		
	all other	7	3	0	3		
	Suicide	0	0	0	3		
	Homicide	0	0	0	3		
New Castle	Unintentional Injuries	3	1	4	7		
	Motor Vehicle crashes	1	1	4	6		
	all other	2	0	0	1		
	Suicide	0	0	0	2		
	Homicide	0	0	0	3		
Wilmington	Unintentional Injuries	0	0	0	0		
	Motor Vehicle crashes	0	0	0	0		
	all other	0	0	0	0		
	Suicide	0	0	0	1		
	Homicide	0	0	0	1		
Kent	Unintentional Injuries	4	1	1	2		
	Motor Vehicle crashes	1	0	1	2		
	all other	3	1	0	0		
	Suicide	0	0	0	1		
	Homicide	0	0	0	0		
Sussex	Unintentional Injuries	2	2	1	5		
	Motor Vehicle crashes	0	0	1	3		
	all other	2	2	0	2		
	Suicide	0	0	0	0		
	Homicide	0	0	0	0 ·		

Source: Delaware Health Statistics Center



### Table 24:

## Causes of Violent Deaths of Children 1-14 by Race and Gender

Number of Deaths for Selected Leading Causes of Deaths of Children 1–14 Years of Age by Race and by Gender, Delaware, 1993

	Cause of Death	All Races		White		Black	
		Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Delaware	Unintentional Injuries	14	5	10	1	4	4
	– motor vehicle crashes	7	2	4	1	3	1
	– all other	7	3	6	0	1	3
	Suicide	0	. 0	0	0	0	0
	Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0

Saurce: Delaware Health Statistics Center

**Table 25:** 

# Causes of Violent Deaths of Children 15-19 by Race and Gender

Number of Deaths for Selected Leading Causes of Deaths of Children 15–19 Years of Age by Race and by Gender, Delaware, 1993

	Cause of Death	All Races		White		Black	
		Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Delaware	Unintentional Injuries	8	6	6	5	2	1
	– motor vehicle crashes	6	5	. 5	5	1	0
	– all other	2	1	. 1	0	1	1
	Suicide	1	2	1	2	0	0
•	Homicide	2	1	1	1	1	0

Saurce: Delaware Health Statistics Center



### Table 26:

## Violent Deaths of Children by Causes of Deaths, Age, Race and Gender

Number of Deaths for Selected Leading Causes of Deaths by Age, by Race and by Gender Delaware, 1993

Cause of Death	Race	Gender		Age of De	Age of Decedent	
			1-4	5-9	10-14	15-19
Unintentional Injuries	Delaware– All Races	Male	6	3	5	8
(includes motor vehicle crashes	)	Female	3	1	1	6
	White	Male	4	3	3	6
		Female	0	1	0	5
	Black	Male	2	0	2	2
•		Female	3	0	1	1
Motor Vehicle Crashes	Delaware – All Races	Male	2	0	5	6
		Female	0	1	1	5
	White	Male	1	0	3	5
		Female	0	1	0	5
	Black	Male	1	0	2	1
		Female	1	0	0	0
Suicide	Delaware – All Races	Male	0	0	0	1
		Female	0	0	0	2
	White	Male	0	0	0	1
		Female	0	0	0	2
	Black	Male	0	0	0	0
		Female	0	0	0	0
Homicide	Delaware – All Races	Male	0	0	0	2
		Female	0	0	0	1
	White	Male	0	0	0	1
		Femal <b>e</b>	0	0	0	1
	Black	Mal <b>e</b>	0	0	0	1
		Female	0	0	0	0

Saurce: Delaware Health Statistics Center



### Table 27:

## Violent Death Rates of Children by Age

Five-Year Average Age-Specific Mortality Rates Per 100,000 Population U.S., Delaware, and Counties, 1989–1993

Cause of Death	Area	0-4	Age of Decedent 5-14	15-24	
Unintentional Injuries	U.S.	18.5	10.2	41.5	
(includes motor vehicle crashes)	Delaware	19.5	9.3	37.7	
	New Castle	13.2	7.4	30.0	
	Kent	29.0	9.5	44.6	
	Sussex	34.2	16.6	66.4	
Motor Vehicle Crashes	U.S.	5.8	5.7	31.7	
	Delaware	4.3	6.7	30.6	
	New Castle	1.2	5.4	24.3	
	Kent	12.4	8.3	35.5	
	Sussex	7.3	10.2	54.9	
Suicide	U.S.	0	0.8	13.1	
	Delaware	0	0.9	9.5	
	New Castle	0	0.7	9.8	
	Kent	0	1.2	8.0	
	Sussex	0	1.3	10.1	
Homicide	U.S.	4.0	1.6	20.8	
	Delaware	6.6	1.3	7.7	
	New Castle	6.6	0.7	7.7	
•	Kent	6.2	1.2	6.9	
	Sussex	7.3	3.8	8.7	

Source: National Center for Health Statistics; Delaware Health Statistics Center



#### Table 28:

### **Violent Juvenile Arrests**

Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests, Delaware and Counties, 1986–1993

Area	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	
Delaware	208	18 <i>7</i>	191	214	374	394	537	525	
New Castle	149	124	139	133	251	254	317	328	
Kent	26	33	24	38	54	70	107	100	
Sussex	33	30	28	43	69	70	113	97	

Source: Statistical Analysis Center; State Bureau of Investigation

Table 29:

### **Juvenile Part I Violent Crime Arrests**

Arrest of Children under 18 Years of Age by Type of Crime, Delaware, 1986-1993

Crime Type	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Part 1 Violent	208	1 <i>87</i>	191	214	374	394	537	525
Murder, Nonneg. Manslaughter	3	2	2	4	5	5	3	2
Manslaughter by Negligence	2	0	3	1	0	1	2	3
Forcible Rape	29	35	39	. 33	49	50	57	<i>7</i> 0
. Robbery	93	62	51	28	105	88	133	121
Aggravated Assault	81	88	96	148	215	250	342	329

Source: Statistical Analysis Center; State Bureau of Investigation

Table 30:

## **Juvenile Part I Property Crime Arrests**

Juvenile Arrests for Part I Property Crimes\*, Delaware and County, 1990-1993

<u> </u>	1990	1991	1992	1993
Delaware	1,961	1,964	2,307	2,159
New Castle County	1,231	1,233	1,443	1,372
Kent County	440	452	528	374
Sussex County	290	279	336	413

\* Part I Property Crimes: Burglary – Breaking or Entering, Larceny – Theft (Except MV Theft), Motor Vehicle Theft, Arson Source: 1994 Crime in Delaware Report



### Table 31:

### **Juvenile Part II Crime Arrests**

Juvenile Arrests for Part II Crimes\*, Delaware and County, 1990–1993

	1990	1991	1992	1993
Delaware	3,955	4,018	3,795	4,005
New Castle County	2,556	2,649	2,260	2,363
Kent County	658	631	695	740
Sussex County	741	738	840	902

Part II Offenses: Drug Abuse Violations (Sales/Manufacturing and Passessian), Other Assaults, Fraud, Stalen Property (Buying, Receiving, Passessing, etc.), Sex Offenses (except Rope and Prostitution), Liquor Laws, Disorderly Canduct, All Other Offenses (except Traffic), Curfew and Laitering Law Violations
 Source: 1994 Crime in Delawore Report

Table 32:

### **Juvenile Drug Arrests**

Arrest of Children under 18 Years of Age by Type of Crime, Delaware, 1986–1993

Crime Type	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Drug Offenses	137	135	163	296	277	374	295	316
Drug Sales, Manufacturing	8	12	25	55	72	101	65	63
Opium, Cocaine & Derivatives	4	9	21	46	66	90	60	53
Marijuana	4	3	4	6	6	9	5	10
Synthetic/Manufactured Narcotics	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Other Dangerous Non-Narcotics	0	0	0	2	0	2	2	0
Drug Possession	129	123	138	241	205	273	230	253
Opium, Cocaine & Derivatives	8	8	53	121	132	205	145	104
Marijuana	119	114	83	116	73	63	74	104
Synthetic/Manufactured Narcotics	s 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Dangerous Non-Narcotics	2	1	2	4	0	5	11	1

Source: Statistical Analysis Center; State Bureau of Investigation



### Table 33:

### Student Violence and Possession

Reports of Student Violence and Possession (HB 85\* and SBE\*\*) by County, School Year 1993–1994

Type of Incident	New Castle County	Kent County	Sussex County	Delaware
Assault against pupil	461	159	101	721
Extortion against pupil	17	3	4	24
Total reports against pupils	478	162	105	745
Assault against employee	88	27	34	149
Extortion against employee	0	0	0	0
Offensive touching against employee	263	57	98	418
Terroristic threatening against employee	144	54	43	241
Total reports against employees	495	138	175	808
Possession of instrument/weapon	237	42	73	352
Possession of controlled substance	77	37	41	155
Total reports of possession	314	79	114	507
Total HB 85 reports filed	1,287	379	394	2,060
SBE reports filed	95	59	57	211
Total reports filed	1,382	438	451	2,271

House Bill B5: Signed in July 1993. Requires that evidence of certain incidents of student conduct that occurs in Delaware schools be reported to the Superintendent of Public Instruction and to the Youth Division of the Delaware State Police.

Source: State of Delaware, Department of Public Instruction

Table 34:

### **Student Violence by Age**

Student Violence Data (HB 85\*) by Number and Age of Perpetrators, School Year 1993-1994

	Ages 4-6	Ages 7-9	Ages 10-12	Ages 13-15	Ages 16-20	
Pupils	50	222	503	876	413	
Percent	2%	11%	24%	43%	20%	

House Bill 85: Signed in July 1993. Requires that evidence of certain incidents of student conduct that occurs in Delaware schools be reported to the Superintendent of Public Instruction and to the Youth Division of the Delaware State Police.

Source: State of Delaware, Department of Public Instruction



<sup>\*\*</sup> SBE Reports: Expands the reporting requirements of HB 85 to include evidence of other incidents involving school children.

### Table 35:

### **Student Violence by Gender and Ethnicity**

Student Violence Data (HB 85\*) by Gender and Ethnicity of Perpetrators, School Year 1993–1994

Ethnicity of Perpetrators	Female	% of Total Perpetrators	Male	% of Total Perpetrators	Total	% of Total Perpetrators
American Indian	0	0%	2	0.1%	2	0.1%
Asian	0	0%	8	0.4%	8	0.4%
African-American	287	13.9%	871	42.2%	1,158	56.1%
Caucasian	136	6.6%	679	32.9%	815	39.5%
Hispanic	21	1.0%	60	2.9%	81	3.9%
Total	44	21.5%	1,620	78.5%	2,064	100%

<sup>\*</sup> House Bill 85: Signed in July 1993. Requires that evidence of certain incidents of student conduct that occurs in Delaware schools be reported to the Superintendent of Public Instruction and to the Youth Division of the Delaware State Police.

### Table 36:

### **School Enrollment**

School Enrollment, All Persons Ages 3 and Over by Level and Public/Non-Public Status U.S. and Delaware, 1990 Census

	Total Enrollment All Persons Ages 3+ 1990	Percentage Change 1980–1990	Early Childhood Program 1990	Percentage in in Public School	Elementary/ High School	Percent in Public School
U.S.	64,987,101	4.7	4,503,285	59.5	42,566,788	90.2
Delaware	171,219	1.8	12,068	49.2	108,041	83.5

Source: Population Reference Bureau

### Table 37:

### **Graduation Rate**

Estimated Delaware Four-Year Graduation Rate, Public School Students, 1994

<u></u>	
1990 Ninth Grade Enrollment	7,869
1994 Graduates	5,881
Day-School Diplomas	5,230
Records of Performances	57
Adult High School Diplomas (	19 & Under) 235
G.E.D. (19 & Under)	359
Graduation Rate	74.7

Source: Delowore Department of Public Instruction



Source: State of Deloware, Department of Public Instruction

### Table 38:

## **Estimated Graduation Rates by Race**

Estimated Graduation Rates by Race, Ninth Grade to Graduation,
Day-School Diploma Graduates Only
Class of 1994

	199	00 Ninth Gr	ade Enro	llment		1994	Graduate:	5	Estimated 4-year Graduation Re			
Area	Black	Hispanic	White/ Other	Total	Black	White	White/ Other	Total	Black	Hispanic	White/ Other	Total
Delaware	2,290	261	5,318	7,869	1,171	137	3,922	5,230	51.1%	52.5%	73.7%	66.5%
New Castle	1,457	196	2,992	4,645	726	95	2,198	3,019	49.8%	48.5%	73.5%	65.0%
Kent	461	41	1,303	1,805	234	31	927	1,192	50.8%	75.6%	71.1%	66.0%
Sussex	372	24	1,023	1,419	211	11	797	1,019	56.7%	45.8%	77.9%	71.8%

Source: Delaware Department of Public Instruction, Assessments and Accountability Branch

Table 39:

### "On-Time" Graduates

History of Public School "On-Time" Day-School Diploma Graduates Delaware, Class of 1985 through Class of 1994

	Entering Grade	Estimated Graduation Rat 9th Grade to Graduation		
1	981	70.3	1985	
1	982	70.7	1986	
1	983	71.0	1987	
1	984	69.8	1988	
1	985	71.5	1989	
1	986	68.5	1990	
1	987	68.0	1991	
1	988	69.6	1992	
1	989	70.2	1993	
1	990	66.5	1994	

Source: Delaware Department of Public Instruction



### Table 40:

**Dropouts** 

### Delaware Dropouts 1993–1994, Summary Statistics Grades 9–12

	Annual Dropout Rate (%)	Percentage of All Dropouts (%)	
Total	4.6	100.0	
Gender			
Male	4.8	52.9	
Female	4.4	47.1	
Race / Ethnicity			_
White/Other	3.7	55.4	
African-American	6.8	39.8	
Hispanic	6.7	4.8	
Age			
Under 16	3.1	18.2	
16	5.0	28.4	
17	5.7	29.8	
18	4.5	16.5	
Over 18	6.7	7.1	

Source: Delaware Department of Public Instruction

### Table 41:

### **Dropouts and Enrollment by Race**

Delaware Dropouts and Student Enrollment by Race, Public School Students Delaware and Counties, 1993–1994 School Year

	1	lumber of Eni	rolled Stude	nts		Number of	Dropouts	re/ er All			
Area	Black	Hispanic	White/ Other	All	Black	Hispanic	White/ Other	All			
Delaware	7,901	954	20,075	28,930	534	64	745	1,343			
New Castle	5,018	678	11,335	17,031	331	46	444	821			
Kent	1,494	177	4,617	6,288	117	7	148	272			
Sussex	1,389	99	4,123	5,611	86	11	153	250			

Source: Delaware Deportment of Public Instruction



#### Table 42:

### **Dropout Rate and Percentage by Race**

Dropout Rate and Percentage of all Dropouts by Race, Public School Students Delaware and Counties, 1993–1994 School Year

		Annual Dr	opout Rate		Percentage of All Dropouts White/ Black Hispanic Other All				
County	Black	Hispanic	White/ Other	All	Błack	Hispanic	White/ Other	All	
Delaware	6.8	6.7	3.7	4.6	39.8	4.8	55.4	100.0	
New Castle	6.6	6.8	3.9	4.8	40.3	5.6	54.1	100.0	
Kent	7.8	4.0	3.2	4.3	43.0	2.6	54.4	100.0	
Sussex	6.2	11.1	3.7	4.5	34.4	4.4	61.2	100.0	

Source: Delaware Department of Public Instruction

Table 43:

### **Dropouts and Enrollment by Race and Gender**

Delaware Dropouts and Student Enrollment by Race and Gender Public School Students in Delaware, 1993–1994 School Year

		Number of En	rolled Stude	nts		Number o	f Dropouts				
Gender	Black	Hispanic	White/ Other	All	Black	Hispanic	White/ Other	All			
Delaware	7,901	954	20,075	28,930	534	64	745	1,343			
Male	3,929	479	10,281	14,689	278	38	394	710			
Female	3,972	475	9,794	14,241	256	26	351	633			

Source: Delaware Department of Public Instruction

Table 44:

### **Dropout Rate and Percentage by Race and Gender**

Dropout Rate and Percentage of all Dropouts by Race and Gender Public School Students in Delaware, 1993–1994 School Year

		Annual Dr	opout Rate			Percentage of All Dropouts				
Gender	Black	Hispanic	White/ Other	All	Black	Hispanic	White/ Other	All		
Delaware	6.8	6.7	3.7	4.6	39.8	4.8	55.4	100.0		
Male	7.1	7.9	3.8	4.8	20.7	2.8	29.3	52.9		
Female	6.4	5.5	3.6	4.4	19.1	1.9	26.1	47.1		

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Source: Delaware Department of Public Instruction



#### **Table 45:**

# Teens Not in School and Not Working

Number and Percentage of Teens (16-19 Yrs.) Not in School and Not in the Labor Force Delaware, Counties and City of Wilmington, 1990 Census

Area		Total	%	White	%	Black	%	Other	%	Hispanic Origin	<u>%</u>
Delawar	e										
	High School Graduate	472	1.3	310	1.1	152	2.0	10	0.9	5	0.5
	Not High School Graduate	1,433	3.8	811	2.8	564	7.6	58	5.0	57	5.5
New Cas	stle	-									
	High School Graduate	313	1.2	212	1.0	91	2.0	10	1.2	5	0.7
	Not High School Graduate	864	3.4	467	-2.4	357	7.8	40	4.9	36	5.0
Wilming	ton										
	High School Graduate	63	1.8	15	2.0	48	2.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Not High School Graduate	349	10.1	60	7.9	270	11.1	19	7.2	25	7.1
Kent											
	High School Graduate	73	1.1	58	1.2	15	0.9	0	0.0	. 0	0.0
	Not High School Graduate	268	4.0	172	3.6	89	5.1	7	2.7	2	0.8
Sussex											
	High School Graduate	86	1.6	40	1.0	46	4.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Not high school graduate	301	5.6	172	4.2_	118	10.2	11	11.6	19	23.5

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census

#### Table 46:

# Income of Families with Children by Family Type

Mean Income of Families With Own Children by Family Type, 1990 Census Percent Change, 1980 and 1990 Census U.S. and Delaware

Area	Married- Cauple	Percent Change	Female Householder	Percent Change	Male Householder	Percent Change
U.S.	\$48,880	11.2	\$16,568	-1.4	\$27,592	-10.7
Delaware	\$53,832	19.7	\$19,306	19.6	\$28,736	-2.4

Source: Delowore Health Statistics Center; Population Reference Bureau, U.S. Bureau of the Census



#### Table 47:

### Change in Poverty Rates for Children Under 18

Percent Change in Poverty Rates, Related Children Under 18 Years of Age Delaware and Counties, 1980 and 1990 Census

		1980			Percentage Rate		
Area	All Children	Children below Poverty		All Children	Child below P	Change 1980-1990	
		Number	Rate		Number	Rate	
Delaware	163,534	25,463	15.6	159,941	18,697	11.7	-25.0
New Castle	107,300	15,313	14.3	104,087	9,848	9.5	-33.6
Kent	29,783	5,230	17.6	29,437	4,881	16.6	- 5.7
Suss <b>e</b> x	26,451	4,920	18.6	26,417	3,968	15.0	-19.4

Sources: Delaware Health Statistics Center; U.S. Bureau of the Census

#### Table 48:

### Change in Poverty Rates for Children Under 5

Percent Change in Poverty Rates, Related Children Under 5 Years of Age Delaware and Counties, 1980 and 1990 Census

		1980			Percentage Rate		
Area	All Children	Children below Poverty		All Children	Child below F	Change 19801990	
		Number	Rate		Number	Rate	
Delawar <b>e</b>	40,529	7,482	18.5	47,848	6,370	13.3	-28.1
New Castle	26,194	4,336	16.6	31,399	3,377	10.8	-34.9
Kent	7,843	1,724	22.0	8,990	1,673	18.6	-15.5
Sussex	6,492	1,422	21.9	7,459	1,320_	17.7	-19.2

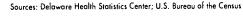
Saurces: Delaware Health Statistics Center; U.S. Bureau of the Census

#### Table 49:

# Change in Poverty Rates for Children 5-17

Percent Change in Poverty Rates, Related Children 5 – 17 Years of Age Delaware and Counties, 1980 and 1990 Census

		1980			Percentage Rate		
Area	All Children	Children below Poverty		All Children	Child below P	Change 1980-1990	
		Number	Rate		Number	Rate	
Delaware	123,005	17,981	14.6	112,093	12,327	11.0	-24.7
New Castle	81,106	10,977	13.5	72,688	6,471	8.9	-34.1
Kent	21,940	3,506	16.0	20,447	3,208	15.7	- 1.9
Sussex	19,959	3,498	17.5	18,958	2,648	14.0	-20.0





Paverty rates are per 100 children in the population.

Related children include the family head's children by birth, marriage, or adoption, as well as other persons under age 18, such as nieces ar nephews, who are related to the family head. Children under 18 who do not live in a hausehold where they are related to the head of the hausehold (referred to as the householder by the Census Bureau) are not included in this analysis.

#### Table 50:

### **Change in Poverty Rates for Children**

Percent Change in Poverty Rate, Number and Percent of Children in Poverty by Race and Hispanic Origin, Delaware, 1980 and 1990 Census

Race/ Hispanic Origin	Number of Children In Poverty	Percentage of Children In Poverty	Percent Change In Poverty Rate 1980–1990 Census
Delaware			
All Races	19,256	12.0	-23.0
White	7,543	6.3	-37.3
Black	10,600	30.8	-10.9
Hispanic	1,297	25.0	-41.9
Asian-American	149	6.6	2.7
Native American	80	21.5	83.3

Source: Population Reference Bureau; U.S. Bureau of the Census

Table 51:

### **Children Below Poverty Level**

Percentage and Number of Children Below Poverty Level, Children Under 18 years of Age by Race and Hispanic Origin Delaware, Counties, and City of Wilmington, 1990 Census

Area	All Races	Whites	Black	Other	Hispanic Origin	
Delaware	12.0%	6.3%	31.0%	19.7%	24.6%	
	19,256	7,543	10,600	1,113	1,297	
New Castle County	9.8%	4.4%	28.1%	17.1%	23.5%	
	10,196	3,402	6,052	742	895	
Wilmington	27.2%	6.9%	34.2%	34.4%	33.1%	
	4,737	308	3,889	540	618	
Balance of NC County	6.2%	4.2%	21.2%	7.3%	14.3%	
	5,459	3,094	2,163	202	277	
Kent County	16.9%	11.5%	34.7%	21.2%	22.6%	
	4,995	2,557	2,276	162	239	
Sussex County	15.4%	7.9%	37.3%	39.8%	40.5%	
	4,065	1,584	2,272	209	163	

Sources: Delowore Health Statistics Center; U.S. Bureau of the Census



#### Table 52:

### **WIC Programs**

### Number of Infants and Children Enrolled in WIC Programs Delaware, Fiscal Years 1990-1993

	1990	1991	1992	1993	
Number of Children/Infants	1,776	7,236	6,671	6,358	_

Source: State of Delaware, Department of Health and Social Services

#### Table 53:

### **Subsidized Child Care**

Average Number of Children Per Year in State Subsidized Child Care Delaware, Fiscal Years 1991-1993

	1991	1992	1993	<u> </u>
Delaware Totals	2,942	3,542	4,629	
AFDC Childcare*	1,165	1,509	2,038	
Income Eligible**	1 <i>,777</i>	2,082	2,591	

These numbers refer to the number of children in families who received AFDC that year or received AFDC child care for one year ofter leaving the AFDC program.

Table 54:

### Children without Health Insurance

Percentage of Children Not Covered by Health Insurance U.S. and Delaware, Three-Year Moving Averages, 1984–1993

	1984	1985	1986_	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	-
U.S.	15.0	15.6	15.7	15.3	14.5	13.8	13.6	13.9	14.2	14.7	
Delaware	14.2	15.1	15.1	14.9	12.6	12.6	12.8	14.2	12.7	12.5	

Source: Center for Applied Demography and Survey Research, University of Delaware



<sup>These numbers refer to the number of conforming forming.

These numbers reflect working poor families below 155% of poverty.

These numbers reflect working poor families below 155% of poverty.</sup> 90% of children with outhorization to receive subsidized child care attend in a given month. Source: State of Delaware, Department of Children Youth, and Their Families

#### Table 55:

### **Poverty Thresholds**

Poverty Thresholds by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years
Annual Income in Dollars, U.S., 1993

		Related Children under 18 years old							
Size of Family Unit	None	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Seven	Eight +
One person under 65 years old One person 65 years old or older	\$ 7,518 6,930								
Two persons, householder under 65 Two persons, householder 65 or older	9,676 8,734	9,960 9,922							
Three persons	11,303	11,631	11,642						
Four persons	14,904	14,148	14,654	14,703					
Five persons	17,974	18,235	17,677	17,245	16,981	•			
Six persons	20,673	20,755	20,328	19,918	19,308	18,947			
Seven persons	23,787	23,936	23,424	23,067	22,402	21,626	20,775		
Eight persons	26,604	26,839	26,356	25,932	25,332	24,569	23,776	23,374	
Nine persons or more	32,003	32,158	31,730	31,371	30,782	29,970	29,237	29,055	27,936

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

#### Table 56:

# Families with Children by Family Type

Number and Percent of Families with Related Children Under 18 Years of Age by Family Type Delaware, 1980 and 1990 Census

Type of	19	80	19	Percentage Change	
Family	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	1980-1990
One-Parent	18,025	21.2	21,708	24.3	14.6
Male Head of Household	2,815	3.3	4,083	4.6	39.4
Female Head of Household	15,210	17.9	17,625	19.7	10.1
Married Couple	67,002	78.8	67,642	75.7	-3.9
Total	85,027	100.0	89,350	100.0	

Source: Delaware Health Statistics Center; U.S. Bureau of the Census



#### Table 57:

### **Poverty Rates for One-Parent Families**

Poverty Rates for One-Parent Female (FHH) and Male (MHH)
Householder Families With Related Children Under 18 Years of Age
Delaware and Counties, 1990 Census

Area	One-Parent FHH Families	FHH Fe below	amilies poverty	One-Parent MHH Families	MHH F below	amilies Poverty	Risk of Poverty Ratio
		Number	Percent		Number	Percent	(FHH vs. MHH)
Delaware	17,625	5,609	31.8	4,083	555	13.6	2.3
New Castle	11,625	3,202	27.5	2,627	264	10.0	2.8
Kent	3,193	1,257	39.4	614	127	20.7	1.9
Sussex	2,807	1,150	41.0	842	164	19.5	2.1

Source: Delaware Health Statistics Center; U.S. Bureou of the Census

#### Table 58:

### Poverty Rates for Female Householder Families

Poverty Rates for One-Parent Female Householder (FHH) Families
With Related Children Under 18 Years of Age
Delaware and Counties, 1980 and 1990 Census

		1980		•	1990		
Area	One-Parent FHH Families	FHH Fo	amilies poverty	One-Parent MHH Families	MHH F below	amilies Poverty	Percent Change
		Number	Percent		Number	Percent	1979-1989
Delaware .	15,210	6,122	40.2	17,625	5,609	31.8	-20.9
New Castle	10,318	4,006	38.8	11,625	3,202	27.5	-29.1
Kent -	2,737	1,180	43.1	3,193	1,257	39.4	-8.6
Sussex	2,155	936	43.4	2,807	1,150	41.0	-5.5

Source: Delaware Health Statistics Center; U.S. Bureau of the Census

Table 59:

### **Children in Poverty by Family Type**

Related Children Under 18 in Poverty, Number and Percent by Family Type U.S. and Delaware, 1990 Census

		under 18 ouple Families		under 18 eaded Families		under 18 aded Families
	Number in Poverty	Percentage in Poverty	Number in Poverty	Percentage in Poverty	Number in Poverty	Percentage in Poverty
U.S.	4,419,632	9.3	6,179,808	49.9	562,396	23.5
Delaware	5,282	4.3	12,471	39.9	944	14.0_

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Source: Population Reference Bureau; U.S. Bureau af the Census



KIDS COUNT in Delaware 75

# Percentage of Births to Single Mothers

Five Year Average Percentage of Live Births to Single Mothers U.S., Delaware, Counties, 1981–1993

Area/Race	1981- 1985	1982- 1986	1983- 1987	1984- 1988	1985- 1989	1986- 1990	1987- 1991	1988- 1992	1989- 1993
U.S.									
All Races	20.3	21.2	22.3	23.4	24.6	25.8	27.0	28.1	29.1
White	12.9	13.7	14.6	15.6	16.8	18.0	19.2	20.4	21.5
Black	58.0	59.1	60.2	61.3	62.6	63.9	65.2	66.4	67.4
Delaware				_		_			
All Races	25.2	25.7	26.3	26.4	27.3	27.9	28.9	29.9	31.3
White	12.7	13.1	13.7	14.2	14.9	15.4	16.3	17.3	18.6
Black	66.5	67.0	67.4	66.9	68.2	68.7	69.7	70.6	72.1
New Castle	<u>-</u>							_	
All Races	24.7	25.1	25.8	25.5	26.3	26.7	27.6	28.7	29.8
White	12.7	13.2	13.6	13.7	14.2	14.5	15.1	16.1	17.2
Black	68.3	68.7	68.9	68.7	69.5	69.8	70.6	71.5	72.5
Kent									
All Races	22.8	23.1	23.8	24.4	25.9	27.1	28.4	29.6	31.3
White	12.9	13.0	13.5	14.6	15.6	16.5	17.7	19.5	21.0
Black	55.4	56.5	57.5	56.9	59.2	.60.6	62.0	62.4	64.8
Sussex									
All Races	29.8	30.7	31.5	32.2	33.0	33.5	34.9	35.5	37.2
White	12.2	13.2	14.4	16.3	17.3	18.2	19.7	20.4	22.2
Black	71.3	71.7	71.7	71.1	72.9	73.2	74.9	75.5	77.8

Sources: National Center of Health Statistics; Delaware Health Statistics Center



#### Table 61:

### **Available Daycare**

Number of Licensed Daycare Slots, Delaware, 1990–1993

	1990	1991	1992	1993
Daycare Centers*	13,530	14,481	15,642	16,727
Family Daycare**	8,889	10,400	11,070	11,891
Large Family Daycare***	286	308	336	424
Totals	22,705	25,189	27,048	29,042

#### Table 62:

### **Child Abuse and Neglect**

Reported and Confirmed Cases of Child Abuse/Neglect, Delaware, 1990–1993

	1990	1991	1992	1993
Accepted Reports	3,764	4,074	4,430	4,541
Substantiated Claims	n/a	1,935 (47%)	2,183 (49%)	1,786 (39%)

Source: Delaware Services for Children, Youth and Their Families

#### Table 63:

### **Foster Care**

Number of Children in Foster Care, Delaware, 1990–1993

	1990	1991	1992	1993.
Average number of children per month	678	743	726	729

Source: Delaware Department of Health and Social Services



<sup>Doycare Center - 13 ar more children
Fomily Doycare - 1 person caring for no more than 6 children
Uarge Fomily Doycare - 2 people caring for a group of children not exceeding 12
Source: Delaware Department of Health and Social Services</sup> 

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