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#### **ABSTRACT**

Outlining the demography of the students and community served by Glendale Community College (GCC), in California, as well as providing indicators of institutional effectiveness, this five-part report is designed to assist faculty, staff, and students understand the college's diverse operations. Section I provides a community profile, including longitudinal data on housing characteristics, ethnicity, population by age, community growth and income, area schools, and GCC enrollees from area high schools. Section II focuses on student access and needs for fall 1993 to fall 1995, including credit and non-credit enrollment statistics by student age, gender, and ethnicity; assessment and placement results for 1995-96; financial aid statistics; and English as a Second Language and Basic Skills course enrollments. Section III provides data on student success for the same period, including information on academic standards; student retention and pass rates by division; student outcomes by ethnicity and other characteristics; characteristics of transfer, vocational preparation, and personal interest students; degrees completed by gender and ethnicity for 1995-96; and Associate in Arts, certificates, and Associate in Science Degrees completed by major from 1993-96. Section IV describes GCC staff by gender, ethnicity, full-time/part-time ratios, and staff development activities for 1995-96. Finally, section V reviews GCC's fiscal condition as of 1994-95, highlighting state, local, and federal general fund revenues; specific revenue sources; general fund expenditures from 1992-95; expenditures comparisons to state averages; and general fund balances from 1990-95. (BCY)



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\*

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# Campus Profile '96

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# RESEARCH & PLANNING UNIT

The enclosed materials were collected, tabulated, and analyzed by the Research & Planning Unit:

Scot L. Spicer Edward R. Karpp Deborah Romero Robert Park Hao Bui

with the assistance and support of various campus units, especially Data Processing.







#### Introduction

Campus Profile is designed to assist faculty, staff, and students understand the college's diverse operations. The publication is organized around an outline from the statewide accountability model and hopes to support campus decision making. It is the intent of the Research & Planning Unit to incorporate accountability reports mandated by the federal and state governments into the annual publication as such requirements develop.

This publication tends to focus on relatively short time periods, typically three years, in reporting information. In some cases, longer time periods are reported when deemed especially useful. We have made additions and deletions each year and will continue to do so as we receive your feedback.

In addition to this publication, the Research & Planning Unit provides an annually updated *Institutional History* for new staff members or individuals seeking greater knowledge of the college's history. During 1996-97, we will be working to developing additional measures of productivity relative to the college's **Educational Master Plan.** We look forward to your feedback.

Research & Planning Unit August 1996



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# SECTION I COMMUNITY PROFILE

#### **SECTION I.1: INTRODUCTION**

The 1990 Census indicated that Glendale's population grew in size and diversity from prior periods. Glendale's population grew by 29.5% during the 1980's, compared to 16.6% for the county as a whole. Glendale grew at a rate almost three times as fast as Burbank and Pasadena, and almost twice as fast as the city of Los Angeles. The 1990 Census showed Glendale with 180,038 residents; the most recent state estimate puts the population at 193,500 as of January 1, 1996.

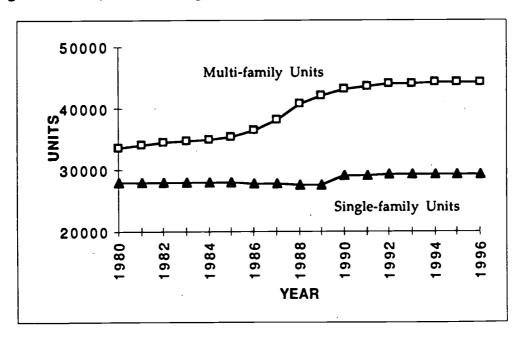
Growth during the 1980's also changed the city in a qualitative way. Most of the growth occurred with the addition of apartments and condominiums (multiple-family dwelling units) in south and central Glendale. Glendale now has as high a percentage of people living in multiple-family dwelling units as the city of Los Angeles. In addition, over 58% of the households are renting. Growth since 1990 has been driven by the addition of 1,500 housing units and an small increase, from 2.59 to 2.64, in the average number of people living in each household.

Glendale has also become much more diverse in terms of ethnicity. In 1980, 74% of the residents were non-Hispanic Caucasian, while by 1990, non-Hispanic Caucasians accounted for only 53% of the population. In addition, over 45% of city residents were born in foreign countries.

#### Section I.1A Housing Characteristics

A fundamental structural change occurred in the community's housing stock as the number of multiple-family dwellings increased, as evidenced in Figure I.1A.01 below.

Figure I.1A.01: Housing Units Available in Glendale





Page 1

The growth in Glendale's housing stock was essential to the rapid population growth that far outstripped its two neighboring cities. The result, however, means Glendale is far more "urban" in character than its reputation. Table 1.1A.01 below compares the tri-city area's housing stock in 1990.

Table I.1A.01: Types of Housing Structures

TYPE OF UNIT	GLENI	DALE	BURB	ANK	PASAL	DENA
Single Family	29,003	40.2%	21,075	51.2%	28,414	53.6%
2 to 9 Units	17,553	24.3%	9,167	22.3%	9,322	17.6%
10 or More Units	24,678	34.2%	10,486	25.4%	14,513	27.4%
Mobile/Modular	880	1.2%	488	1.2%	783	1.5%
Total Units	72,114	100.0%	41,216	100.0%	53,032	100.0%

#### Section I.1B Ethnicity

The growing diversity of Glendale is a general reflection of the economic, political, and social trends many refer to as the coming of the "Pacific Century." The community's ethnic diversity begins to be understood in the standard federal categories of Table I.1B.02 below. The true magnitude of the community's diversity is somewhat camouflaged as at least one-third of the "Caucasian" population of Glendale is immigrant Armenians.

Table I.1B.01: City of Glendale Ethnic Breakdown

ETHNICITY	198	30	1990	
Caucasian (non-Hispanic)* Hispanic Origin African-American	102,904	74.0%	95,539	53.1%
	24,613	17.7%	37,731	21.0%
	695	0.5%	2,334	1.3%
American Indian Asian/Pacific Islander* Other Race*	681	0.5%	629	0.4%
	7,787	5.6%	25,453	14.1%
	2,364	1.7%	18,352	10.2%
Total	139,044	100.0%	180,038	100.0%

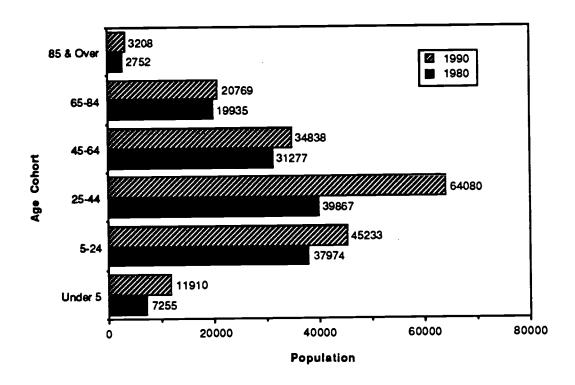
<sup>\*</sup>Although "Other" may contain a variety of ethnic groups, including Hispanics and Filipinos, we think it is safe to assume that in Glendale the majority of "Others" are immigrant Armenians. We also assume that the majority of Filipinos have been classified in the "Asian/Pacific Islanders" category. The "Caucasian (non-Hispanic)" category was tabulated by subtracting Hispanic origin from the total Caucasian category. Because some of those who responded that they were of Hispanic origin may have said they were "Other," we may be underestimating the percentage of Caucasians.



# Section I.1C Population by Age Cohorts

The chart below shows population growth in Glendale by age cohort. Growth in the age cohorts from 5 to 44 years of age accounted for 77% of the city's growth and is particularly important to the college. Ninety-one percent of our students fall into the ages between 17 and 44 years old. The age cohort from 25 to 44 grew by 61% from 1980 to 1990—that's twice the rate for the city as a whole. So the impact of the community's growth on the college during the 1980's was greater than the overall growth figures for the city would have suggested. While the growth in housing stock fueled the population surge in the 1980's, a birth surge will likely be the primary component of growth in the 1990's. It is possible that Glendale households will have up to 2,500 births a year during the 1990's.

Figure I.1C.01: Glendale Population by Age Cohort

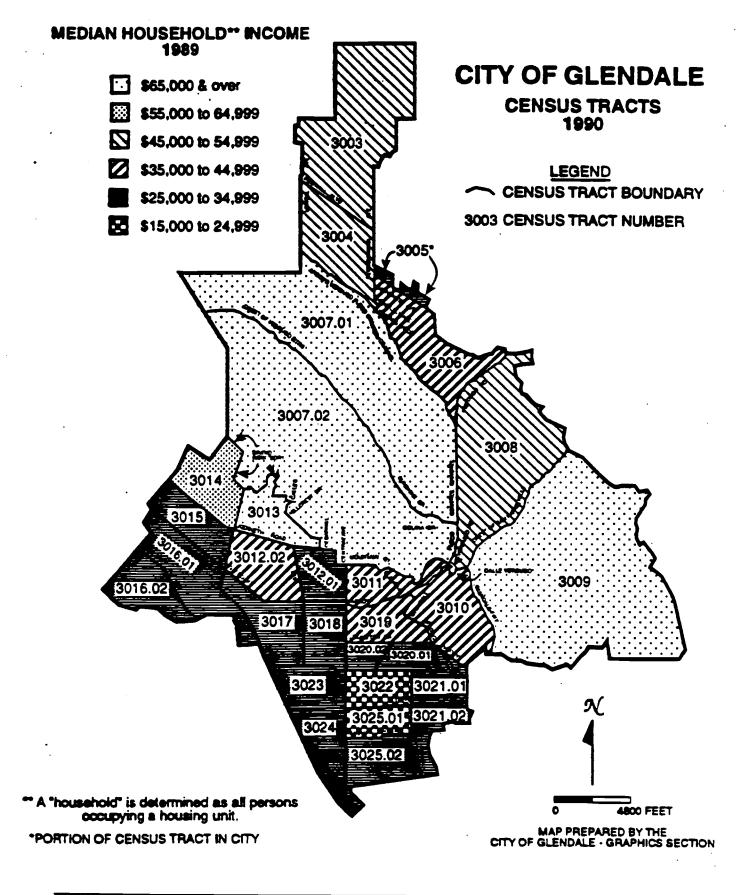


# Section I.1D Income

The map on the next page is from the Housing Authority of the City of Glendale. It is the best available household income information for the city and highlights the variations in wealth by sections of the community. Population growth continues in the central and southern sections of the city. Glendale's poverty rate grew even faster than the city during the 1980's; in 1990, 14.4% of the households are below poverty level, similar to the county rate of 15.1%.



Section I: Community Profile





# SECTION I.2: AREA SCHOOL INFORMATION

## Section I.2A Area Schools

The college draws from a wide geographical area and has a foreign student population (F1 Visa) among the ten largest at community colleges in the country. The Glendale Unified School District has, however, historically provided about forty percent of the college's freshmen each year. The Unified District, like the college, has experiencing increased cultural and linguistic diversity over the last decade.

Below is information about the enrollment of the Unified District with ethnic and language proficiency information.

Table I.2A.01: 1995-96 Glendale Unified School District Ethnic/Racial Population by School Levels

ETHNIC/RACIAL GROUP	ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS	MIDDLE SCHOOLS	HIGH SCHOOLS	TOTAL
American Indian	32	6	16	54
Black	173	62	97	332
Asian	1,759	595	1,231	3,585
Hispanic	4,051	1,027	1,904	6,982
Filipino	590	206	425	1,221
Pacific Islander	19	12	13	44
Middle Eastern	5,040	1,712	3,205	9,957
White (not Middle	<b>4,3</b> 08	1,206	2,199	<i>7,7</i> 13
Eastern)				
TOTAL	15,972	4,826	9,090	29,888
Limited English Proficient	9,011	1,919	3,369	14,299
Percentage LEP	56%	40%	37%	48%
Fluent English Proficient	1,894	1,548	3,096	6,538
Percent FEP	12%	32%	34%	22%
Percent Non-native Speakers of English	68.3%	71.8%	71.1%	69.7%



Section I: Community Profile

## Section L2B High School Articulation

Below is a history of the flow of high school graduates to the college over the last few years and in 1981 (the first year of available data). GCC's "take" from individual high schools varies from year to year even as most high schools have grown in size. Recruiting activity seems to have a large impact on the number of freshmen from any particular high school.

Table I.2B.01: Fall Freshmen by High School of Origin

HIGH SCHOOL	1981	1992	1993	1994	1995
Clendale	231	231	234	259	234
Hoover	174	184	180	1 <i>7</i> 7	188
Crescenta Valley	195	86	91	93	100
Daily	16	11	14	14	10
Burbank	45	61	53	62	46
Burroughs	33	47	50	41	47
Belmont	10	24	34	34	20
Eagle Rock	<b>7</b> 2	49	32	47	51
Fairfax	5	6	2	4	3
Francis Poly (SV)	1	9	6	8	9
Franklin	58	42	41	46	34
Grant (VN)	1	5	6	4	5
Hollywood	12	36	17	22	9
La Cañada	5 4	21	15	6	10
Lincoln	************************************	11	23	<b>7</b> 7	16
Los Angeles Marshall	0 <b>68</b>	<i>7</i> 89	12	63	3 98
North Hollywood	- 65 2	*********	<b>71</b> 5	63 10	98 13
T. Roosevelt	0	4 6	24	6	
Verdugo Hills	43	35	25	<b>4</b> 0	3 31
Alhambra	<b>4</b> 3	33	23	15	20
Alex Pilibos	0	7	13		4
Bellarmine-Jefferson	21	26	26	39	17
Glendale Academy	10	6	3	6	2
Holy Family	25	20	16	21	23
Notre Dame (SO)	0	7	9	6	4
Providence	4	3	10	3	12
Ribet Academy	0	5	0	1	2
Sacred Heart	1	4	1	5	4
St. Francis	18	18	10	20	11
Village Christian	0	7	6	5	4
Others	195	285	280	261	279
Percent Glendale USD	48.4%	37.8%	39.6%	40.6%	40.5%
Percent Other	15.3%	21.1%	21.4%	195%	21.3%
Percent Privates	8.2%	7.7%	7.2%	8.3%	6.3%
Percent from Top 15 Schools	81.3%	71.6%	70.1%	73.2%	71.3%
Total Freshmen	1 274	1 252	1 200	1 225	1 212
Total Freshmen	1,274	1,353	1,309	1,337	1,312



Section I: Community Profile

# SECTION II STUDENT ACCESS

## **SECTION II.1: ENROLLMENT STATISTICS**

This section includes enrollment trends and a review of the support and instructional programs which promote access.

## Section II.1A Enrollment Statistics—Credit Programs

Table II.1A.01:	<b>Enrollment Status</b>
-----------------	--------------------------

STATUS	FALL	1993	FALL	1994	FALL	1995
Continuing	9,916	68.4%	9,515	67.2%	8,504	62.5%
New	3,396	23.4%	3,384	23.9%	3,615	26.6%
Returning	1,185	8.2%	1,257	8.9%	1,478	10.9%
Total	14.497	100.0%	14,156	100.0%	13,597	100.0%

## Table II.1A.02: Student Enrollment by Age Cohort

AGE	FALL	1993	FALL	1994	FALL	1995
20 & Under	4,426	30.5%	4,377	30.9%	4,130	30.4%
21 - 25	3,968	27.4%	3,870	27.3%	3,689	27.1%
26 - 30	1,964	13.5%	1,864	13.2%	1,820	13.4%
31 - 50	3,663	25.3%	3,612	25.5%	3,521	25.9%
51 & Over	476	3.3%	433	3.1%	436	3.2%
Total	14,497	100.0%	14,156	100.0%	13,597	100.0%

Mean Age: 27.3 years Median Age: 24.0 years

# Table II.1A.03: Student Enrollment by Gender

GENDER	FALL	FALL 1993		<b>FALL 1994</b>		FALL 1995	
Male	6,270	43.3%	6,005	42.4%	5,728	42.1%	
Female	8,227	56.7%	8,151	57.6%	7,869	57.9%	
Total	14.497	100.0%	14,156	100.0%	13,597	100.0%	



Page 7

Figure II.1A.01: Age Cohorts by Gender. Fall 1995

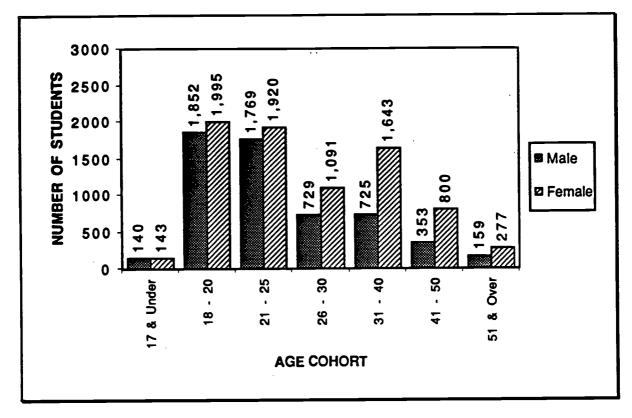


Table II.1A.04: Credit and Non-Credit Enrollment Trends

	FALL	1993	FALL	1994	FALL	1995
Full-Time Credit	3,359	15.6%	4,166	20.4%	4,196	21.6%
Part-Time Credit	11,138	51.7%	9,990	48.9%	9,401	48.4%
Non-Credit	7,061	32.7%	6,276	30.7%	5,817	30.0%
Total	21 558	100.0%	20.432	100.0%	19.414	100.0%

Table II.1A.05: Credit Enrollment by Day, Evening, or Both

	FALL 1993		<b>FALL 1994</b>		FALL 1995	
Night	4,338	29.9%	4,190	29.6%	3,909	28.8%
Day	5,878	40.5%	5,781	40.8%	5,716	42.0%
Both	4,281	29.5%	4,185	29.6%	3,972	29.2%
Total	14.497	100.0%	14,156	100.0%	13,597	100.0%



Section II: Student Access

Figure II.1A.02: 1996 Spring Student Survey Ethnicity (Credit Students)

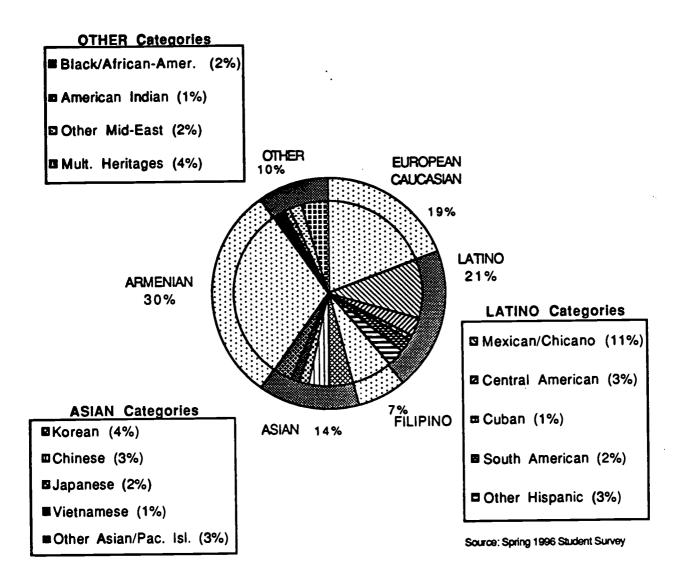


Table II.1A.06: Credit Enrollment by Ethnicity (Federal Categories)

ETHNICITY	FALL 1993	FALL 1994	FALL 1995
Caucasian	52.7%	52.6%	52.2%
Hispanic	23.4%	23.7%	24.0%
Asian	14.2%	14.3%	13.5%
Filipino	6.1%	6.2%	6.4%
African-American	1.9%	2.4%	2.3%
American Indian	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%
Other	1.1%	0.8%	1.1%

NOTE: Caucasian category includes Armenian students.



Section II: Student Access

Table II.1A.07: Credit Enrollment by Completed Course Load

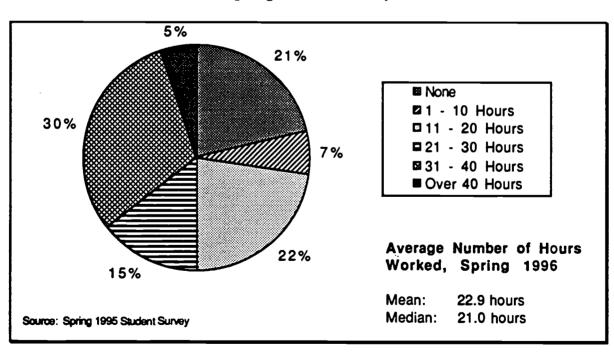
UNITS	FALL	1993	FALL:	1994	FALL	1995
0	1,770	12.2%	829	5.9%	638	4.7%
0.1 - 5.9	4,860	33.5%	4,653	32.9%	4,302	31.6%
6.0 - 11.9	4,508	31.1%	4,508	31.8%	4,461	32.8%
12.0 or More	3,359	23.2%	4,166	29.4%	4,196	30.9%

Mean Units Completed: 8.0 Median Units Completed: 7.5

 Table II.1A.08:
 Credit Enrollment by District Status

DISTRICT	FALL 1993	FALL 1994	FALL 1995
Local	48.0%	48.4%	48.1%
Out-of-State	0.6%	0.5%	0.4%
International	3.7%	3.4%	3.2%
Other Foreign	0.8%	0.6%	0.7%
LA District	41.2%	41.9%	41.8%
Other Districts	5.7%	5.2%	5.8%

Figure II.1A.03: Number of Hours Worked by Students, 1996 Spring Student Survey





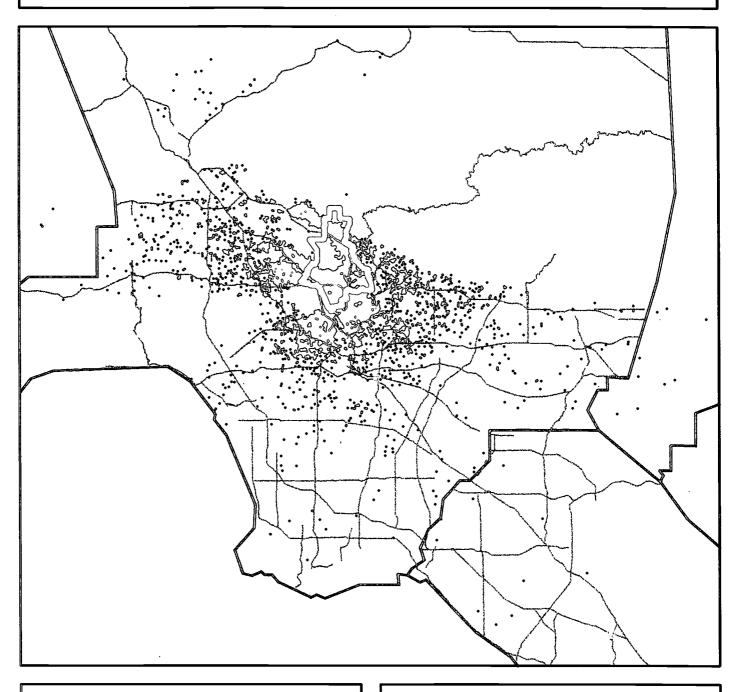
#### **Section II.1AA**

## (GIS) Maps of Enrollment

In Campus Profile '90, a map was provided to help visualize the residences of our students -- at the time mapping programs essentially allocated dots to the residential zip code area of the students. Since 1990, mapping programs have evolved to the point that desktop personal computers can be loaded with detailed street-level maps and the location of an address has become exact. These geographic information systems (GIS) are used extensively in marketing and, of course, politics. The following pages were plotted using GIS software and the enrollment records of GCC students from fall 1995. While reducing the map size blurs the specificity within the immediate area of the college, an overall pattern can be seen. The major transportation routes become arteries delivering students to the campus. Our credit students clearly make choices among the area community colleges. Our non-credit students, perhaps because of economic and transportation limitations, are nearer and more concentrated around the ACTC site.



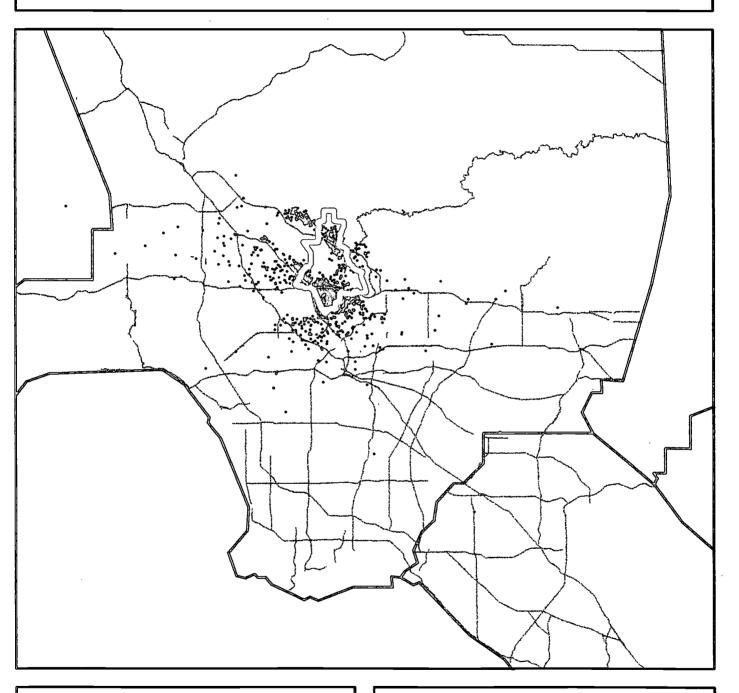
# Glendale Community College Fall 1995 Credit Enrollment

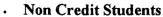


- · Credit Students
- Counties
- --- Highways
- Glendale District



# Glendale Community College Fall 1995 Non-Credit Enrollment





- Counties
- --- Highways
- Glendale District



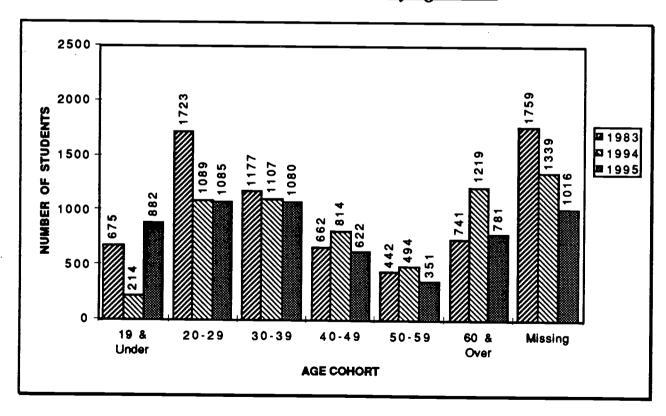
# SECTION II.1B Enrollment Statistics--Non-Credit Programs

The data demands made on non-credit programs have been far different than those made on credit programs, and—in comparison to credit data—the quality of our non-credit enrollment data is poor. In general, for any particular variable, 25% of the non-credit student data files have missing or invalid information. The presentation of the following information is based on available information with extrapolation for missing or invalid responses for 1992. For 1993 and forward, actual MIS data has been reported.

Table II.1B.01: Enrollment in Non-Credit Classes by Gender

GENDER	FALL	1993	FALL	1994	FALL	1995
Male	1,581	22.4%	1,455	23.2%	1.565	26.9%
Female	4,049	57.3%	3,630	57.8%	3,294	56.6%
Unknown	1,431	20.3%	1,191	19.0%	958	16.5%
Total	7,061	100.0%	6,276	100.0%	5,817	100.0%

Figure II.1B.01: Non-Credit Enrollment by Age Cohort





# Table II.1B.02: Non-Credit Enrollment by Ethnicity

ETHNICITY	FALL 1993	<b>FALL 1994</b>	FALL 1995
American Indian	· 0.2%	0.2%	0.2%
Asian/Pac. Isl.	8.6%	9.3%	8.3%
African-American	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%
Caucasian	37.0%	35.1%	30.0%
Hispanic	<b>22</b> .9%	22.9%	24.9%
Filipino	1.6%	2.4%	2.5%
Other	5.6%	6.5%	7.9%
Missing	23.3%	22.7%	25.3%

NOTE: Caucasian category includes Armenian students.

# Table II.1B.03: Non-Credit Enrollment by Visa Type

VISA	FALL 1993	<b>FALL 1994</b>	FALL 1995
US Citizen	35.3%	31.2%	22.9%
No Visa	3.3%	3.3%	2.6%
Permanent Resident	21.7%	25.5%	27.4%
Refugee	1.1%	1.0%	1.7%
Student Visa	0.8%	0.7%	0.6%
Other	12.0%	13.8%	17.1%
Amnesty	n/c	n/c	n/c
Missing	25.8%	24.5%	27.7%

# Table II.1B.04: Non-Credit Enrollment by District Status

STATUS	<b>FALL 1993</b>	FALL 1994	FALL 1995
GCCD Resident	57.4%	59.9%	64.6%
Other/Unknown	42.6%	40.1%	35.4%



#### **Section II.2: STUDENT NEEDS**

Students arrive at the college with a variety of educational backgrounds and support needs. The college seeks to provide students with information and support.

#### Section II.2AAssessment and Placement Results, 1995-96

Table II.2A.01: Percentages of Students Placed Into Chemistry, English, ESL, and Math Courses, 1995-96

#### **Chemistry Placement**

Total Number Placed	174
Approved for CHEM 110	16.1%
Approved for CHEM 101, Recommended CHEM 110	17.8%
Fully Qualified for CHEM 101	66.1%

#### **English Placement: Composition**

Total Number Placed	4,086
Missing Placement	8.9%
ENGL 189	9.8%
ENGL 191	9.7%
ENGL 120	47.3%
ENGL 101	24.3%

ESL Placement: Grammar/Composition		ESL Placement: Listening/Speaking	
Total Number Placed	2,301	Total Number Placed	2,074
ESL 111	<b>29</b> .6%	ESL 115	11.9%
ESL 121	35.5%	ESL 125	32.2%
ESL 131	24.1%	ESL 135	21.2%

 ESL 131
 24.1%
 ESL 135
 21.2%

 ESL 141
 10.3%
 ESL 145
 21.8%

 ESL 151
 0.2%
 ESL 155
 10.2%

 Undetermined
 0.2%
 Exempt
 2.7%

#### **Mathematics Placement**

Total Number Placed	<i>4,7</i> 02	Course Options
MATH Level 1	<b>22</b> .0%	Math 151, 152
MATH Level 2	11.1%	Math 153
MATH Level 3	27.5%	Math 141, 145
MATH Level 4	20.6%	Math 101, 140, 115
MATH Level 5	7.9%	Math 100, 102, 110, 111, 112, 135, 136
MATH Level 6	3.8%	Math 103
Unknown	7.2%	



#### Section II.2B Financial Aid

Table II.2B.01:

Number and Percentage of Students Awarded

Financial Aid

•	FALL 1993	<b>FALL 1994</b>	FALL 1995
Number with Financial Aid	4,393	4,752	5,030
Percentage with Financial Aid	30.3%	33.6%	<b>37</b> .0%

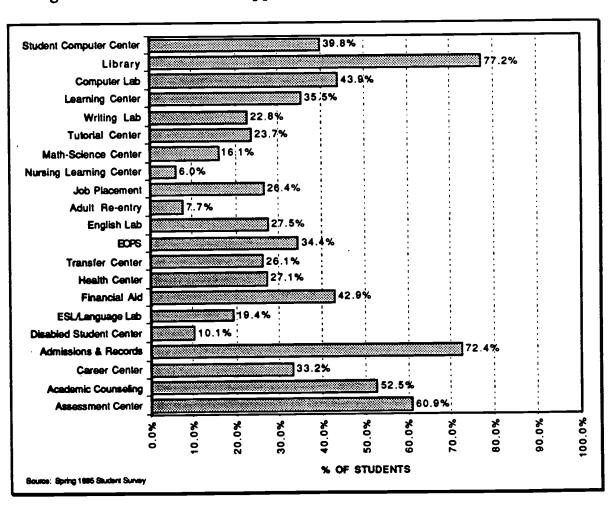
Table II.2B.02: Finance

Financial Aid Summary

	1 <del>994</del> -95	1995-96
Total Financial Need	<b>\$</b> 25,162,595	\$24,894,291
Total Aid Awarded	8,971,334	9,244,495
Unmet Need	16,191,261	15 <i>,</i> 649 <i>,</i> 796
Total Aid Recipients	6,269	6,671

Section II.2C Programs Designed to Increase Student Access and Success

Figure II.2B.01: Use of Support Services, 1995 Spring Student Survey





Section II: Student Access

# Section II.2D ESL and Basic Skills Course Offerings

The following tables show Enrollment, Retention, and Success in ESL and basic skills classes. The numbers of enrollments for such classes are listed in the Enrollments rows of the tables. Retention refers to completion of the class with any grade other than W (withdraw). Success refers to completion of the class with a grade of A, B, C, or Credit.

#### **Enrollment in ESL Classes** Table II.2D.01:

	FALL	1993	FALL	1994	FALL	1995
	Number	% Enroll	Number	% Enroll	Number	% Enroll
ESL Enrollments	2,718	100.0%	2,694	100.0%	2,839	100.0%
Retention	2,604	<b>9</b> 5.8%	2,521	93.6%	2,612	92.0%
Success	1,991	73.2%	1,910	70.9%	2,021	71.2%

NOTE: "% Enroll" column refers to the retention and success rates of students enrolled in ESL classes.

#### Enrollment in Basic Skills Classes\* Table II.2D.02:

	FALL	1993	FALL	1994	FALL	1995
Basic Skills Enrollments Retention Success	Number 1,211 1,053 818	% Enroll 100.0% 87.0% 67.5%	Number 1,399 1,205 928	% Enroll 100.0% 86.1% 66.3%	Number 1,300 1,166 891	% Enroll 100.0% 89.7% 68.5%

\*This is the "matriculation" definition of basic skills relative to non-special status courses:

MATH 151, 152, 153, 190, and ENGL 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 188, 189, 190, 191, and 192

NOTE: "% Enroll" column refers to the retention and success rates of students

enrolled in basic skills classes.





# SECTION III STUDENT SUCCESS

**SECTION III.1: ACADEMIC STANDARDS** 

# Weekly Student Contact Hours (WSCH) by Division

In the past we have reported WSCH totals based on an estimated equivalent developed using the funding formula calculating ADA (Average Daily Attendance). The funding formula has changed, the college is now funded on FTES (Full-Time Equivalent Students) which the college actually calculates by hand. The state MIS system, however, requires that the college submit the basic accounting information to the Chancellor's Office so that the process can become automated at some point. Consequently, the Data Processing Unit staff are working to develop this report and in the process produce a new (and improved) way of reporting FTES at the division, department, and/or course level.

#### **SECTION III.2: COURSE TAKING**

Retention is recorded by comparing the number of students in the class at the first census with the number of students at the end of the semester. A successful student is one who completes the class with a grade of "A," "B," "C," or "Credit." The table below provides division-level information.

Figure III.2.01:	Fall 1995 Enrollments, Retention, and Success
· ·	by Division

DIVISION	<b>ENROLLMENTS</b>	RETEN	ITION	SUC	CESS
		Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Allied Health	684	605	<b>8</b> 8.5%	547	80.0%
Biology	1,009	860	85.2%	687	68.1%
Business	5,015	4,402	87.8%	3,567	71.1%
ESL	2,839	2,612	92.1%	2,021	71.2%
Visual & Perf. Arts	3,602	3,109	86.3%	2,618	<b>7</b> 2.7%
Physical Ed.	3,096	2,792	90.2%	2,487	80.3%
Language Arts	5,410	4,712	87.1%	3,842	71.0%
Math	3,494	2,892	82.8%	1,959	56.1%
Physical Science	1,371	1,212	88.4%	966	<b>7</b> 0.5%
Social Science	7,308	6,235	85.3%	4,647	63.6%
Student Dev.	1,129	1,054	93.4%	875	<i>7</i> 7.5%
Technical Ed.	2,274	2,094	92.1%	1,769	<b>7</b> 7.8%
TOTAL	37,231	32,579	87.5%	25,985	69.8%



# **SECTION III.3: STUDENT OUTCOMES/EQUITY**

The following page shows outcome information for students of different ethnic, gender, age, disability, visa, and age groups. These categories are derived from the college's Student Equity Plan (adopted by the Board of Trustees in October, 1994). The following list describes the statistics presented in the table:

Units Attempted	The number of units, as of the census date, in which a student enrolled for the Fall 1995 semester. The median is the number for which half the students attempted more units and half the students attempted fewer units. The mean is the average number of units attempted.
Units Completed	The number of units a student completed (did not drop or withdraw) in the Fall 1995 semester.
% Zero	The percentage of students completing zero units in Fall 1995.
Spring Persistence	The percentage of students in the Fall 1995 sample who also enrolled in Spring 1996.
Completers' GPA	The Grade Point Average of students who completed more than zero units in Fall 1995.
% Zero	The percentage of students completing more than zero units who obtained a semester Grade Point Average of zero.
% "4.0"	The percentage of students completing more than zero units who obtained a semester Grade Point Average of 4.0.
Spring Persistence	The percentage of students completing more than zero units in Fall 1995 who also enrolled in Spring 1996.



Table III.3.01: Fall 1995 Collegewide Success Comparison

	Units Attemp	tempted	Units Completed	mpleted	%	Spring	Sample	Compl	Completers' GPA	8	8	Spring	Sample
	Median	Mean	Median	Mean	Zero	Persist.	Size	Median	ın Mean	Zero	74.0℃	Persist.	State
Collegewide	750	208	2:00	6.12	18.9%	71.8%	<i>165</i> '81	2.73	257	3.9%	¥191	<b>%9</b> '18	<u>ነ</u> መነ፤
American Indian	625	7.22	3.50	5.01	23.0%	73.0%	74	3.00	2.75	1.8%	19.3%	84.2%	25
Asian	9.50	9.17	6.00	7.03	18.9%	70.5%	1,831	2.68	2.58	2.2%	13.7%	\$7.8Z	1,485
Black	8.00	8.24	4.00	537	25.2%	65.1%	318	252		5.0%	13.4%	78.24	82
Caucasian Citizen	90.9	7.34	5.00	5.85	17.9%	70.3%	4,530	3.00		3.5%	25.0%	80.0%	3,719
Cancastan Resident	9.00	8,72	9	6.91	14.7%	79.4%	2,565	250	242	K	9.6%	86.738	2,188
Latino Citizen	7.00	7.66	4.00	525	24.0%	69.3%	2,007	2.50		4.7%	12.9%	80.8%	1,526
Latino Resident	7.00	7.57	5.00	5.45	21.9%	81.8	22	27		4,6%	11.7%	81.24	2
Latino Other	8.00	8.19	5.50	627	17.6%	77.8%	£2	2.48	2.36	5.7%	9.6%	82.0%	230
Pliptino	906	8.62	9	6.51	18.7%	<i>69.8%</i>		250		3.8%	9.5%	80.1%	R
Others	5.50	6.56	4.00	4.86	23.8%	61.6%	151	2.50	2.43	5.2%	13.9%	77.4%	115
•													
Male	8.00	8.28	5.00	80.9	202%	69.4%	5,728	2.56	248	3.78	142%	79.4%	4.570
Female	7.00	7.83	5.00	6.14	18.0%	73.5%	7,869	2.86		4.0%	17.5%	83.2%	6,454
With Deability	7.00	7.48	5:00	5.85	16.6%	752%	741	29	260	8.1%	193%	#£2#	618
F-1 (Student) Visa	13.00	12.52	12.00	10.57	9.3%	742%	453	2.50	2.63	1.0%	413	78.8%	111
Male Under 25	10.00	9.63	6.00	689	19.4%	732%	3,514	2.35	-	3.4%	869	82.4%	1897
Male Over 24	5.00	6.15	4.00	4.81	21.5%	63.3%	2,213	3.00	2.78	4.3%	26.0%	74.4%	1,738
Female Under 25	10.50	<b>3</b> .6	2,00	7.34	17.0%	76.8%	3,769	2.50		3.1%	8.1%	88.9%	3,128
Female Over 24	5.00	6.17	4.00	5.03	18.9%	70.5%	4,100	3.00	2.86	4.9%	26.5%	80.5%	3,326

\$ \$2

# SECTION III.4: CHARACTERISTICS OF GOAL-SEEKING STUDENTS

The stated educational goals of students are initially collected on the application and thereafter updated at registration.

Table III.4.01: Credit Enrollment by Educational Goal

	FALL	FALL 1993		FALL 1994		FALL 1995	
GOAL	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Transfer, No AA	2,125	14.7%	1,995	14.1%	2,004	14.7%	
Transfer With AA	5,582	38.5%	5,429	38.4%	5,107	37.6%	
Vocational AA	306	2.1%	306	2.2%	293	2.2%	
General Ed. AA	1,377	9.5%	1,349	9.5%	1,270	9.3%	
Certificate	651	4.5%	657	4.6%	589	4.3%	
Maintain Job	678	4.7%	642	4.5%	630	4.6%	
New Job	1,016	7.0%	1,033	7.3%	964	7.1%	
Personal Interest	2,399	16.5%	2,429	17.2%	2,404	17.7%	
Missing	363	2.5%	310	2.3%	336	2.5%	
Total	14,497	100.0%	14,156	100.0%	13,597	100.0%	

# SECTION III.4A: CHARACTERISTICS OF TRANSFER GOAL STUDENTS

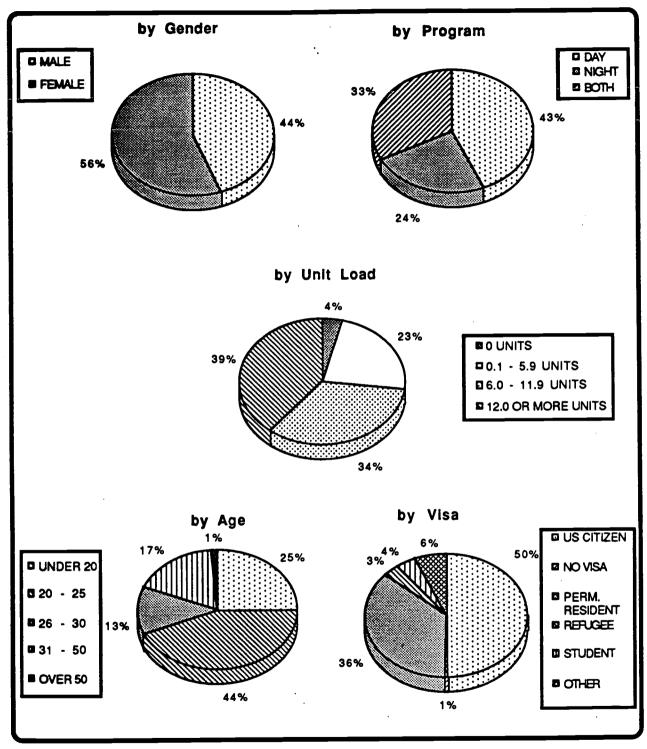
In Fall 1995, 7,111 students (52.3% of all credit students) stated that their educational goal was to transfer to a four-year college.

Table III.4A.01: Transfer Goal Students by Ethnicity

ETHNICITY	FALL 1993	FALL 1994	FALL 1995
Caucasian	50.8%	50.5%	50.0%
Hispanic	22.4%	22.7%	23.7%
Asian	16.6%	15.9%	15.3%
Filipino	6.4%	7.0%	6.9%
African-American	2.0%	2.5%	2.7%
American Indian	0.5%	0.4%	0.5%
Other	1.3%	0.9%	0.8%



Figure III.4A.01: Characteristics of Transfer Goal Students in Fall 1995

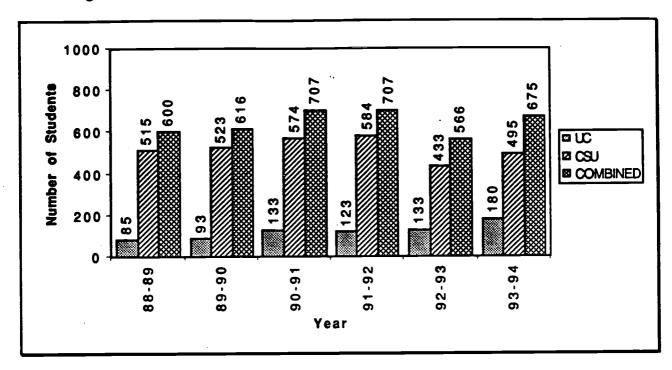


NOTE: In these pie charts (and all pie charts in the Campus Profile), the top category listed in the chart's legend corresponds to the first pie slice starting at 12 o'clock in the chart. The second category corresponds to the second clockwise slice, and the categories continue clockwise around the pie.

Section III: Student Success



Figure III.4A.02: Transfers to UC and CSU



# SECTION III.4B: CHARACTERISTICS OF VOCATIONAL PREPARATION STUDENTS

In Fall 1995, 1,120 students (8.2% of all credit students) said their educational goal was to obtain a vocational degree or certificate.

Figure III.4B.01: Percent of Students with Vocational Preparation
Goals, 1985 - 1995

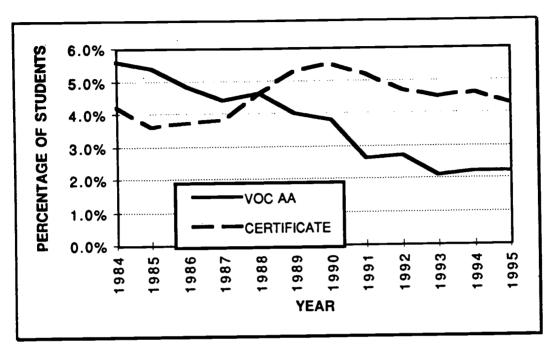


 Table III.4B.01:
 Vocational Preparation Students by Ethnicity

ETHNICITY	FALL 1993	FALL 1994	FALL 1995
Caucasian	62.9%	67.1%	65.8%
Hispanic	22.7%	20.8%	21.6%
Asian	6.8%	5.8%	5.7%
Filipino	4.8%	3.7%	4.3%
African-American	1.4%	1.8%	2.0%
American Indian	0.2%	0.2%	0.0%
Other	1.3%	0.6%	0.6%

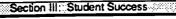
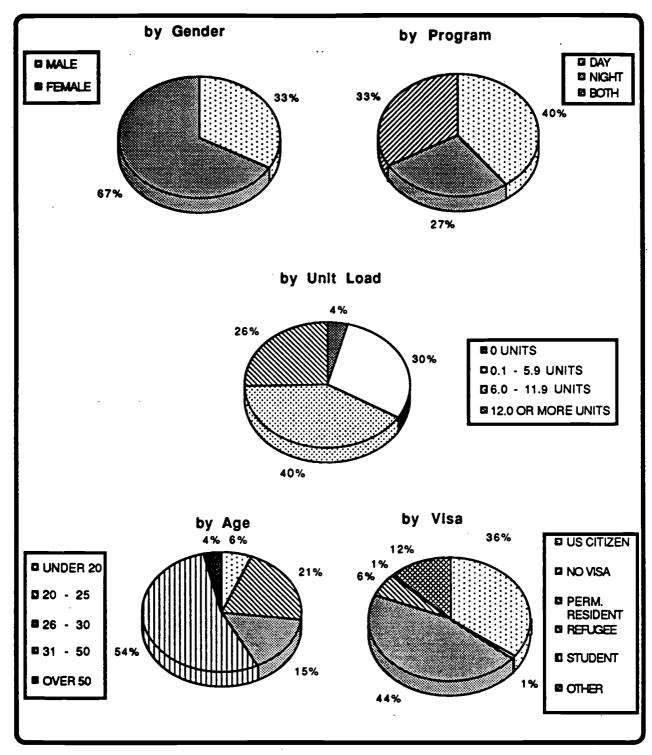




Figure III.4B.02: Characteristics of Vocational Preparation Students in Fall 1995



NOTE: In these pie charts (and all pie charts in the Campus Profile), the top category listed in the chart's legend corresponds to the first pie slice starting at 12 o'clock in the chart. The second category corresponds to the second clockwise slice, and the categories continue clockwise around the pie.





# **SECTION III.4C: CHARACTERISTICS OF PERSONAL INTEREST STUDENTS**

In Fall 1995, 2,404 students (17.7% of all credit students) stated that their educational goal was personal interest.

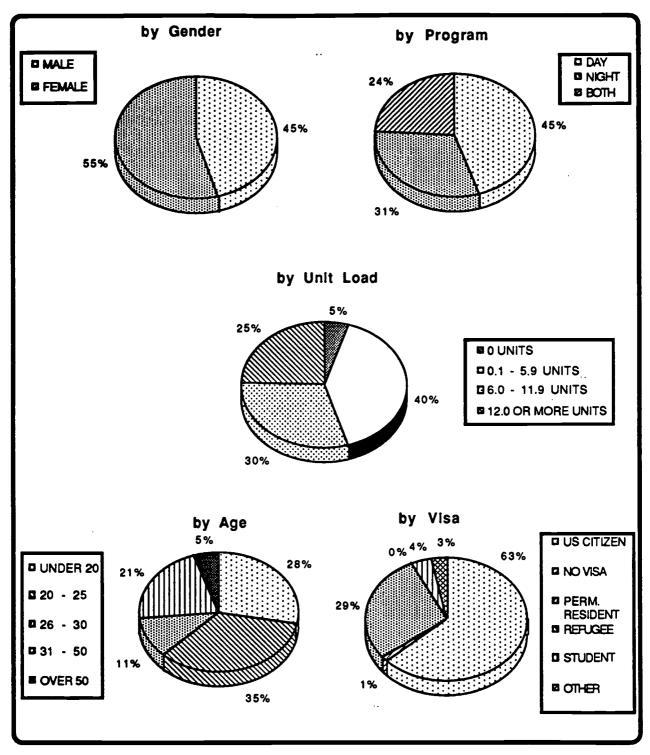
Table III.4C.01: Personal Interest Students by Ethnicity

ETHNICITY	<b>FALL 1993</b>	<b>FALL 1994</b>	FALL 1995
Caucasian	51.9%	50.3%	49.4%
Hispanic	25.6%	26.7%	26.9%
Asian	14.7%	14.6%	15.0%
Filipino	4.9%	5.0%	5.4%
African-American	1.8%	2.3%	2.1%
American Indian	0.5%	0.4%	0.6%
Other	0.5%	0.7%	0.7%



Section III: Student Success

Figure III.4C.01: Characteristics of Personal Interest Students in Fall 1995



NOTE: In these pie charts (and all pie charts in the Campus Profile), the top category listed in the chart's legend corresponds to the first pie slice starting at 12 o'clock in the chart. The second category corresponds to the second clockwise slice, and the categories continue clockwise around the pie.



## **SECTION III.5: DEGREES COMPLETED**

Figure III.5.01: Number of Degrees Completed

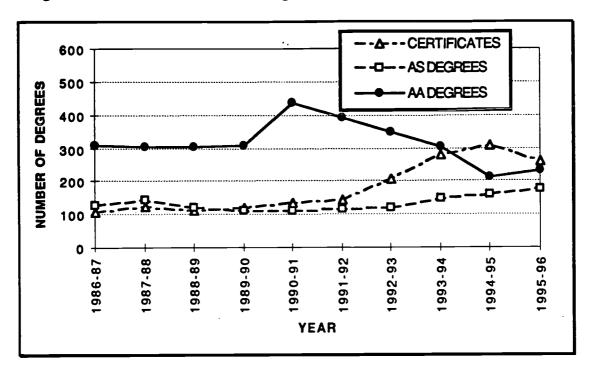


Table III.5.01: Degrees and Certificates Awarded by Gender, 1995-96

	AA DE	GREES	AS DE	GREES	CERTIF	ICATES
GENDER	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Male	<b>7</b> 7	32.9%	45	25.1%	<i>7</i> 5	28.7%
Female	157	67.1%	134	74.9%	186	71.3%
Total	234	100.0%	179	100.0%	261	100.0%



Section III: Student Success

Table III.5.02: Degrees and Certificates Awarded by Ethnicity, 1995-96

	AA DE	GREES	AS DE	AS DEGREES		CERTIFICATES	
ETHNICITY	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Caucasian	103	44.0%	104	58.1%	158	60.5%	
Hispanic	44	18.8%	23	12.8%	33	12.6%	
Asian	54	23.1%	30	16.7%	43	16.5%	
Filipino	6	2.6%	13	7.3%	11	4.2%	
African-American	2	0.9%	1	0.6%	8	3.1%	
American Indian	13	5.6%	2	1.1%	6	2.3%	
Other	9	3.8%	1	0.6%	1	0.4%	
Unknown	3	1.3%	5	2.8%	1	0.4%	
Total	234	100.0%	179	100.0%	261	100.0%	



Section III: Student Success

## Section III.5A Associate in Arts Degrees

Table III.5A.01: Associate in Arts Degrees Completed, 1993-1996

MAJOR	1993-94 AA	1994-95 AA	1995-96 AA	3-Year Total
Applied Arts	103	42	25	170
Biological Science	3	3	7	13
Business Administration	5	8	7	20
Choreographic Studies & Dance Techniques	0	0	0	0
English	1	0	2	3
Foreign Language: Spanish	1	1	4	6
Foreign Language: French	0	2	0	2
Foreign Language: Two Languages	0	0	0	0
Humanities	122	67	45	234
Interdisc. Hum.: East-West Cult. and Civ.	0	0	0	0
Interdisc. Hum.: Creativity	0	0	0	0
Interdisc. Hum.: American Res. to Other Cult.	0	0	1	1
Liberal Arts	13	15	51	79
Mathematics	0	2	2	4
Media/Communications: Journalism	0	0	1	1
Media/Communications: Television	0	1	0	1
Music	0	1	2	3
Physical Education	0	2	1	3
Physical Sciences	0	0	0	0
Science	25	26	16	67
Social Science	11	35	61	107
Speech/Communication	2	2	1	5
Theatre Arts: Theatre Arts	0	0	0	0
Theatre Arts: Acting	0	0	0	0
Visual Arts: Art History	0	0	0	0
Visual Arts: Two-Dimensional	2	3	3	8
Visual Arts: Advertising Art	0	0	0	0
Visual Arts: Three-Dimensional	2	3	5	10
Visual Arts: Art History	0	0	0	0
· ·				
Total	290	213	234	737

#### NOTES:

- 1) Italicized majors are no longer offered; they do not appear in the 1995-96 Catalog.
- 2) If a table cell contains a zero (0), no degrees or certificates were awarded for that major in that year (but the degree or certificate was offered).
- 3) If a table cell is blank, no degrees or certificates were awarded for that major in that year, and a degree or certificate for that major was not offered in that year.



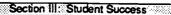
Section III: Student Success

# Section III.5B Certificates and Associate in Science Degrees

Table III.5B.01: Certificates and Associate in Science Degrees
Completed, 1993-1996

	9.	3-94	94	1-95	95	5-9 <del>6</del>	3-Year
MAJOR	AS	Cert.	AS	Cert.	AS	Cert.	Total
Accounting Administration of Justice	16 3	13 8	28 5	28 8	41 5	27 4	153 33
Advertising Art Apprentice Electronics Technician	2	4	2	7	4	0 3	19 4
Architectural Drafting and Design  Art	5	<b>6</b> 3	1	0 7	<b>3</b> 0	1 3	13 14
Art History Aviation and Transp.: FAA Powerplant & Airframe License	0 4	0 8	0 2	1	0 2	0 11	1 28
Aviation and Transp.: FAA Powerplant License Aviation and Transp.: Aviation Administration	1	0 1	2	0 1	1	1 2	1 8
Aviation and Transp.: Flight Attendant Aviation and Transp.: Pilot Training	6	0 2	3	0 5	1	0	0 17
Banking Bookkeeping	3	13	7	12	4	1 19	1 58
Business Admin.: Financial Planning and Investment Business Admin.: General Business	0 2	0 3	0 4	1 8	1 3	0 3	2 23
Business Admin: International Business Business Admin:: Small Business	- 4 1	1 3	2 1	9 4	- 8 - 2	4 2	28 13
Business: Banking Operations Business: Data Processing			1	1			1
Business: General Business: General Office	1	1	1 3	2	2		2
Business: Secretary, Executive Business: Secretary, General		1		1			1 2
Business: Secretary, Legal Business: Word Processing Specialist	3 1	2	3	2	i	1	11
Ceramics Child Development/Teaching: Infant Toddler	0 1	0 2	0 2	1 4	0 0	1 2	2
Child Development/Teaching: Nursery School Child Development/Teaching: School Age Extended Care	<b>4</b> 3	<b>5</b>	- B 1	15 2	6 0	10	46 9
Chareographic Studies & Dance Technique Clerical Trainee	2	3	1	<b>2</b>	0	1 0	9
Computer Information Systems: Large System Computing Computer Information Systems: Microcomputer	0	0	0	1	0	2	3
Computer Information Systems: Programming Computer Numerical Control Technician	1 0	2	1 0	2 0	6 0	2 0	14
Computer Operations Technician Computer Programming Technician		0		0	•	0	0
Computer Repair Technician Computer Science	3	7 2	0	3 0	0 3	1 2	11
Computer Software Technician	0	3	1	4	0	2	10

(table continued on next page)





	93-94	94-95	95-96	3-Year
MAJOR Cosmetology	AS Cer		t. AS Cert.	Total
Data Processing: Large System Computing	0 0	2		2
Date Processing: Programming Date Processing: Small Business	-0 0 1	4 4	1 1	10 2
Dealtop Publishing Dietary Service Supervisor	0 10	12	0 17	0 39
Orating/Electro-Machanical Design Electro/Mechanical Fabrication Technician	0 2	4 4	0 0	15 0
Electronics and Comp. Tech.: Automation Sys. Tech.  Electronics and Comp. Tech.: Automation Technologist	0 1	0 2	0 3	6 2
Electronics and Comp. Tech.: Computer Systems Specialist Electronics and Comp. Tech.: Computer Systems Tech.	0 1	1 1	0 4	3 11
Electronics and Comp. Tech.: Electronics Eng. Technician  Electronics and Computer Technology	4 3   1 1	1 6	0 3	17 2
Escrow Fashion Design	0 1 1 8	0 14 3 1	1 0	16 14
Fine Technology Food Service Management	0 1 1 17			<b>28</b> 39
International Business Specialist Machine and Manufacturing Technology: Machinist	0 0		0 0	0
Machine and Manufacturing Technology: Manu. Tach.  Machinist	1	1	0	1 2
Management Manufacturing Engineering	2 5 0 0		8 2	26 1
Manufacturing Technology: Machine Operator  Manufacturing Technology: Numerical Control Tech.	1			1
Marketing Marketing Specialist	0 1			7
Mass Communications (formerly Journalism)  Medical Administrative Services: Medical Front Office	1 0			2 15
Medical Administrative Services: Medical Secretary  Medical Administrative Services: Medical Transcription	0 0			1 5
Microcomputer Software Operator  Music	3 2			0 12
Nursing: Registered Nursing Nursing: Vocational Nursing	40 0 2 30			108 88
Office Administration: Administrative Assistant Office Administration: Executive Secretary	0 0	1 1	0 0	<b>6</b>
Office Administration: General Office Office Administration: General Secretary	2 1	5 <b>9</b> 17		66 8
Office Administration: Lagel Secretary Office Administration: Secretary	2 (			18
Photography Real Estate	0 6	2 1 2 5 3 7		6 20
Recreation Leadership Specialist in Alcohol/Drug Studies	0 ( 2 3	) 4 1 2	0 0 7 2 30	96

table continued on next page

Section III: Student Success



	93	-94	94	-95	95	-96	3-Year
MAJOR	AS	Cert.	AS	Cert.	AS	Cert.	Total
Technical Graphics and Design Television Production Technology		1					1
Television Production: Corporate Television Television Production: Mass Media	9 2	1	1 2	0	0	0	2 5
Television Production: Videography Theatre Arts-General Certificate	0	<b>2</b>	0	0 1	0	0	3
Welding, Occupational (Combination Welder)	2	5	0	3	1	8	19

Total of Certificates and AS's	135 26	3 162	309	179	261	1,309
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#### NOTES:

- 1) Italicized majors are no longer offered; they do not appear in the 1994-95 Catalog.
- 2) If a table cell contains a zero (0), no degrees or certificates were awarded for that major in that year (but the degree or certificate was offered).
- If a table cell is blank, no degrees or certificates were awarded for that major in that year, and a degree or certificate for that major was not offered in that year.

Section III: Student Success



# SECTION IV: STAFF COMPOSITION

### **SECTION IV.1: PRESENT WORKFORCE**

The tables below present the current workforce by gender and ethnicity. Each table represents employees in the categories of 1) management, 2) faculty, 3) professional non-faculty, 4) clerical, 5) technical/para-professional, 6) skilled craft, and 7) service/maintenance.

Table IV.1.01 Staff Composition by Gender, 1995-96

CATEGORY	MALE	<u>FEMALE</u>	TOTAL
EXEC/ADM/MGMT     Academic     Classified	9	14	23
	15	9	24
2) FACULTY Regular Temporary	113	86	199
	203	217	<b>42</b> 0
<ul> <li>3) PROF/NON-FACULTY</li> <li>4) CLERICAL/SECRETARY</li> <li>5) TECH/PARA-PROFESSIONAL</li> <li>6) SKILLED CRAFTS</li> <li>7) SERVICE/MAINTENANCE</li> </ul>	0	11	11
	13	106	119
	26	63	89
	5	0	5
	29	22	51
Total	413	528	941

Table IV.1.02 Staff Composition by Ethnicity, 1995-96

CATEGORY	Am. <u>Indian</u>	Asian	<u>Black</u>	<u>White</u>	His- panic	Fili- pino	<u>TOTAL</u>
1) EXEC/ADM/MGMT							
Academic	1	0	1	21	0	0	23
Classified	0	0	3	17	3	1	24
2) FACULTY							
Regular	1	14	5	167	11	1	199
Temporary	2	36	15	340	22	5	420
3) PROF/NON-FACULTY	0	1	0	9	1	0	11
4) CLERICAL/SECRETARY	0	5	0 ·	99	11	4	119
5) TECH/PARA-PROFESSIONAL	0	. 4	3	68	13	1	89
6) SKILLED CRAFTS	0	0	1	2	1	1	5
7) SERVICE/MAINTENANCE	0	2	5	12	26	6	51
Total	4	62	33	<b>73</b> 5	88	19	941



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# **SECTION IV.2: AB 1725 RATIOS**

AB 1725 directed the community colleges to strive towards having 75% of their instruction by full-time faculty. Below are the college's ratios of full-time to part-time faculty for Fall 1995.

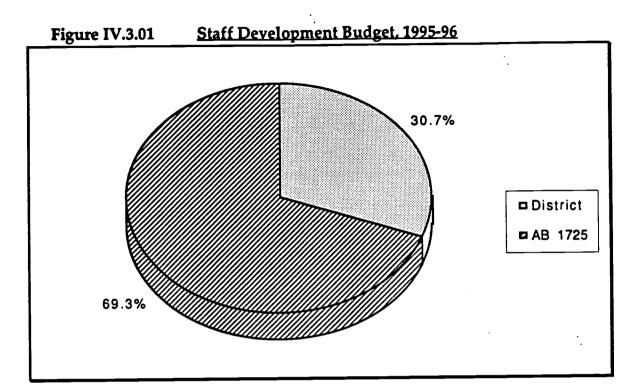
**Table IV.2.01** AB 1725 Ratios, Fall 1995

DIVISION	FULL-TIME	PART-TIME
Allied Health	95.15%	4.85%
Biology	<b>7</b> 0.95%	<b>29.05%</b>
Business	47.44%	52.56%
ESL	38.64%	61.36%
Visual/Performing Arts	50.25%	49.75%
Physical Education	71.79%	28.21%
Language Arts	58. <b>7</b> 7%	41.23%
Math	53.03%	46.97%
Physical Science	80.10%	19.90%
Social Science	61.36%	38.64%
Technology/Aviation	<b>7</b> 5.38%	24.62%
Student Development	100.0%	0.0%



## **SECTION IV.3: STAFF DEVELOPMENT**

The budget for the Staff Development program in 1995-96, including district and AB 1725 funds, was \$147,820. The graphs below show the origin of funds and expenditures.



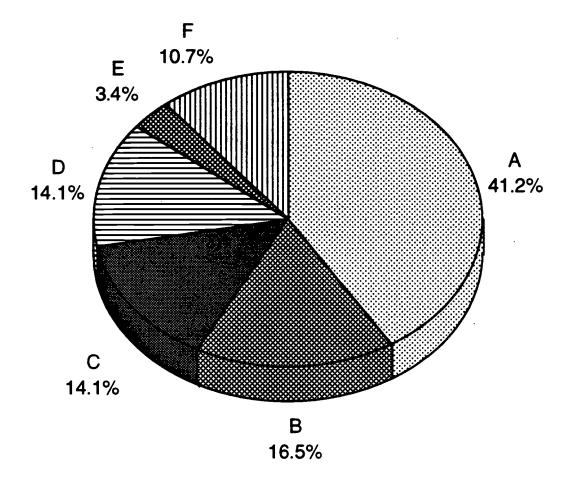
Staff Development Expenditures, 1995-96 Figure IV.3.02 2.2% 10.1% 15.3% 2.8% 29.6% 2.1% □ Lectures & Services □ Clerical Support ■ Conference & Travel Equipment & Repairs ■ Supplies **■** Stipends & Grants 37.9% Other



Section IV: Staff Composition

For 1995-96, all full-time faculty and all but a few part-time faculty met their flex obligations. Faculty may engage in a variety of activities to enhance and improve the curriculum, their teaching, or their professional skills. The Staff Development Office analyzed a random sampling of flex forms; the reported flex activities have been grouped into the six areas below:

Figure IV.3.02 Faculty Flex Activities. 1995-96



#### LABEL FLEX CATEGORY

A	Workshops/Conferences for Improvement of Teaching/Curriculum	41.2%
В	Campus/Community Meetings on Common Concerns or Program	
	Articulation	16.5%
C	Meetings/Individual Development of New Curriculum	14.1%
D	Individual Activities to Enhance Classroom Performance	14.1%
E	Workshops to Learn or Apply Technology	3.4%
F	Student Support Projects: Mentoring, Matriculation Activities	10.7%



Section IV: Staff Composition

# SECTION V: FISCAL CONDITION

#### **SECTION V.1: GENERAL REVENUE**

The Chancellor's Office reports annually on the fiscal operations of all colleges. This information is provided to compare Glendale expenditures to statewide expenditures. The most recent information is for the fiscal year 1994-95 and comparisons between the college and statewide averages are provided.

### Section V.1AMajor Revenue Sources

The tables below present the dollar amounts of General Fund revenues available from major sources for fiscal years 1987-88 to 1994-95 for both Glendale and for all California community colleges. In 1993-94, for the first time (since the passage of Proposition 13), local revenues exceeded state revenues, and local revenues were a majority of all revenues both for the college and statewide.

<b>Table V.1A.01:</b>	General Fund Revenues	: Glendale
-----------------------	-----------------------	------------

<b>YEAR</b>	<b>STATE</b>	<u>LOCAL</u>	<b>FEDERAL</b>	<u>TOTAL</u>
1987-88	21,676,896	5,320,793	950,207	\$27,947,896
1988-89	23,185,794	6,650,949	1,461,287	\$31,298,030
1989-90	27,440,805	6,914,064	1,571,340	\$35,956,209
1990-91	26,902,798	7,827,232	1,741,019	\$36,471,049
1991-92	26,661,275	8,671,499	1,847,618	\$37,180,392
1992-93	22,462,608	14,086,900	1,530,518	\$38,080,026
1993-94	21,621,010	24,860,781	1,957,797	\$47,811,015
1994-95	14,148,430	21,089,306	1,685,822	\$36,923,558

# Table V.1A.02: General Fund Revenues: Statewide

<b>YEAR</b>	<b>STATE</b>	<b>LOCAL</b>	<b>FEDERAL</b>	<u>TOTAL</u>
1987-88	1,412,983,788	809,554,058	82,384,931	\$2,304,922,777
1988-89	1,569,935,040	878,882,890	103,160,254	\$2,551,978,184
1989-90	1,789,838,369	980,406,510	119,769,873	\$2,890,014,752
1990-91	1,897,165,688	1,060,555,689	126,360,801	\$3,084,082,178
1991-92	1,806,632,998	1,147,405,201	119,991,832	\$3,074,030,031
1992-93	1,611,697,376	1,390,513,575	118,514,467	\$3,120,725,418
1993-94	1,276,725,920	1,731,159,026	136,314,957	\$3,144,199,903
1994-95	1,262,725,763	1,774,843,286	146,053,529	\$3,183,622,578





# Section V.1B Specific GCC Revenue Sources, 1993-94

Table V.1B.01: Specific GCC Revenue Sources, 1993-94

	Table V.Ib.UI.	\$ AMOUNT	% OF TOTAL	% STATEWIDE
FEDER/	AT.	<u> </u>	<del></del>	
PEDER	Forest Reserve	·· \$0	0.00%	0.04%
	Higher Education Act	41,556	0.11%	0. <b>8</b> 5%
	Job Training Partnership Act		1.88%	0.47%
	Student Financial Aid	<b>226</b> .021	0.61%	0.66%
	Veterans Educational Act	669	0.00%	0.09%
	Vocational Educational Act	<b>523</b> ,193	1.42%	1 <b>.3</b> 3%
	Other Federal Revenues	201,314	0 <b>.5</b> 5%	1.44%
	SUBTOTAL	1,685,822	4.57%	4.34%
STATE		•		
	General Apportionment	10,544,978	28.56%	30.39%
	Apprenticeship Allowance	0	0.00%	0.14%
	Other General Apportionme	ents 0	0.00%	0.88%
	Other General Apportionme Extended Opp. Prog. & Serv	. 380,127	1.03%	1.06%
	Disabled Student Allowance	s 418,366	1.13%	1.02%
	Other Categorical Apportion		3.73%	1.51%
	Deferred Maint. & Special R	epairs 0	0.00%	0.08%
	Instructional Improvement	Grants 0	0.00%	0.06%
	Other Categor, Prog. Allowa	inces 0	0.00%	1.48%
	Homeowners Property Tax	Relief 74,591	0.20%	0.58%
	Other Tax Relief Subvention		0.00%	0.01%
	State Lottery Proceeds	1,164,723	3.15%	2.87%
	State Mandated Costs	62,280	0.17%	0.21%
	Timber Yield Tax	0	0.00%	0.10%
	Trailer Coach Fees	Õ	0.00%	0.01%
	Other State Revenues	124,934	0.34%	0.21%
	SUBTOTAL	14,148,430	38.32%	40.61%
	CODICIAL	2 4,2 32,333		
LOCAL	•			
	Prop. Taxes (Sec/Sup/Unse	c/ERAF) 14,912,528	40.39%	40.39%
	Private Contr., Gifts, Grants	, etc. 42,863	0.12%	0.18%
	Contract Services	468,339	1.27%	0.64%
	Sales	90,225	0.24%	0.20%
	Rentals and Leases	12.261	0.03%	0.25%
	Interest and Investment Inco	ome 370,074	1.00%	0.80%
	(Student Fees and Charges)	,		
	Community Services Class	ses 463,173	1.25%	0.74%
	Dormitory	0	0.00%	0.19%
	Enrollment	1,963,103	5.32%	5.79%
	Field Trips	0	0.00%	0.01%
	Health Services	207,780	0.56%	0.41%
	Instruc. and Other Materi		0.00%	0.16%
	Insurance	0	0.00%	0.01%
	Student Records	137,977	0.37%	0.07%
	Nonresident Tuition	1,805,406	4.89%	
	Parking Somicos	172,576	0.47%	1.00%
	Parking Services Other Student Fees	411,615	1.11%	
	Sales of Instructional Mat	erials 0	0.00%	
	Other Local Revenues	31,386	0.09%	1.66%
		21,089,306		
	SUBTOTAL	21,009,000	57.1270	<u> </u>
	TOTAL REVENUES	\$36,923,558	100.00%	100.00%
	TOTAL RE LEITOES	400/,200	233,007,0	



# **SECTION V.2: EXPENDITURES**

# Section V.2A General Fund Activity 1992-93 to 1994-95

INSTRUCTION:	Code	1992-1993	<u> 1993-1994</u>	<u> 1994-1995</u>
Architecture & Envirn. Design	0200	89,350	30,389	16,789
Biological Science	0400	625,270	627,232	574,920
Business & Management	0500	1,460,367	1,520,300	1,476,126
Communications	0600	84,258	119,130	118,387
Computer and Inform. Science	0700	583,328	682,435	<b>7</b> 39,195
Education	0800	1,120,597	1,127,060	1,050,682
Engineering & Related Technologies	0900	1,192,508	1,035,078	<b>882,486</b>
Fine and Applied Arts	1000	1,316,003	1,294,760	1,259,375
Foreign Language	1100	288,353	307,551	<b>3</b> 13,699
Health	1200	897,246	985,533	804,271
Consumer Educ. & Home Economics	1300	746,296	<i>7</i> 79,812	769,428
Law	1400	101 <i>,</i> 792	54,131	54,610
Humanities	1500	3,853,296	4,274,687	4,123,225
Mathematics	1700	1,065,360	1,143,145	1,160,748
Physical Science	1900	879,294	892,188	874,128
Psychology	2000	269,811	294,560	295,187
Public Affairs & Services	2100	254,934	246,395	145,985
Social Sciences	2200	1,389,036	1,358,747	1,313,546
Commercial Services	3000	1 <b>7</b> 2,011	180,814	203,130
Interdisciplinary Studies	4900	1,067,855	1,046,542	344,741
<u>SUBTOTAL</u>	<u>0100-5900</u>	<u>\$17.456.965</u>	<u>\$18.000.489</u>	<u>\$16.520.667</u>
<u>ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT:</u>				1 054 055
Instructional Administration	6000	2,194,286	2,041,156	1,354,055
Instructional Support Services	6100	3,996,695	5,279,923	1,743,980
Admissions & Records	6200	1,005,754	1,199,396	1,058,081
Counseling & Guidance	6300	1,608,432	1,561,544	1,672,526
Other Student Services	6400	2,031,949	2,293,005	2,174,997
Operation & Maint. of Plant	6500	2,622,510	2,734,716	2,692,947
Planning & Policy Making	6600	970,033	1,108,640	1,130,777
Gen. Institutional Supp. Services	6700	4,066,237	4,659,232	4,583,258
SUBTOTAL.	<u>6000-6700</u>	<u>\$18,495,896</u>	<u>\$20.877.612</u>	<u>\$16.410.621</u>
OTHER A CHILD HEREC				
OTHER ACTIVITIES:	6800	344,899	402,530	450,723
Community Services	6900	533,603	502,066	518,458
Ancillary Services	7000	649,770	996,048	1,030,220
Auxiliary Operations	7100	156,733	131,537	277,516
Phy. Prop. & Related Acquis.	7200	150,733	0	0
Long-term Debt	7200 7300	1,041,271	865,837	2,380,068
Transfers & Payments to Students			\$2,898,018	\$4,656,98 <u>5</u>
SUBTOTAL	<u>6800-7300</u>	<u>\$2,726,276</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
TOTAL		<u>\$38.679.137</u>	<b>\$41.776.119</b>	<u>\$37.588.273</u>



# Section V.2B Expenditure Comparisons to State Averages

The tables below provide comparisons percentages by expenditure activity for the college and statewide averages for 1994-95.

Table V.2B.01: General Fund Expenditures as a Percentage of Total Expenditures

CATEGORY (Objects 1000-5000)	<u>Glendale</u>	<u>Statewide</u>
Certificated Salaries	47.01%	44.14%
Classified Salaries	24.11%	23.12%
Employee Benefits	13.82%	15.71%
Supp. & Materials/Oper. Expenses	13.01%	14.15%
TOTAL	97.95%	97.12%

<b>ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT</b>	<b>Glendale</b>	<b>Statewide</b>
(Objects 6000-6700)		
Instructional Ádministration	3.85%	5.82%
Instructional Support Services	4.95%	3.31%
Admissions and Records	3.01%	2.14%
Counseling & Guidance	4.75%	4.44%
Other Student Services	6.18%	5.51%
Operations & Maintenance	7.65%	9.13%
Planning & Policy Making	3.21%	3.22%
Gen. Institutional Support Services	13.02%	11.97%
TOTAL	46.62%	45.54%



### SECTION V.3: GENERAL FUND BALANCES

The tables below provide a brief summary of the enrollment, FTES, and revenues for the last several years.

## Section V.3A District Data Summary

Revenues are based primarily on FTES (full-time equivalent students). This tables compare (overall) Attendance FTES to general fiscal activity.

Table V.3A.01: District Data Summary—FTES & Fiscal

<b>Fiscal</b>	<b>Attendance</b>	<b>Ending Fund</b>	<u>Total</u>	<b>Expenditures</b>
Year	FTES	<b>Balance</b>	Revenue	(Obj. 1000-5000)
<b>199</b> 0-91	11,356	\$2,033,120	\$36,471,049	<b>\$35,864,5</b> 00
1991-92	11,580	\$2,180,104	\$37,180,392	\$36,959,838
<b>1992-93</b>	11,430	\$2,245,634	\$38,080,026	\$36,943,585
1993-94	10,730	\$2,703,583	\$42,091,664	\$38,971,528
1994-95	11,028	\$2,772,716	\$36,923,558	\$35,208,205

#### Section V.3B Actual Attendance FTES

Attendance FTES includes credit and non-credit, resident and non-resident students, and began as the "accounting" system in 1991-92. Previously, the fiscal calculations were done differently based on ADA (average daily attendance). The college goes not receive funding for non-residents from the state, and non-credit students receive less support than credit students.

Table V.3B.01: District Data Summary—FTES Components

	Non-				Non-	
Year	Resident	Resident	Apprentice	Credit	Credit	Total
1991-92	10,937	629	0	9,719	1,860	11,580
1992-93	10,749	<b>6</b> 61	13	9,599	1,832	11,430
1993-94	10,057	673	21	8,916	1,814	10,730
<b>1994-</b> 95	10,427	601	0	9,126	1,902	11,028





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