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ABSTRACT

The Computer-Assisted Job Skill Evaluation (CAJSE) project was conducted to develop an evaluation software instrument that could be used in career and technical education programs throughout Texas to provide immediate performance evaluations in vocational-technical and career education. Ten instructors selected from vocational-technical education programs at Tarrant County Junior College attended workshops explaining the principles of software development. They then developed computer-assisted job skills evaluation software for their courses by converting existing evaluation tools into a job skills evaluation program called the Intelligent Questionnaire with the WriteOne. The instructors then used the CAJSE system in their courses and evaluated its effectiveness in clinical and laboratory settings. The effectiveness of the CAJSE project was evaluated by having 77 vocational-technical students use and rate the software. A factor analysis of the students' responses was performed. The CAJSE software was concluded to promote consistent job skill evaluation, provide comprehensive corrective feedback, produce student skills proficiency, and permit efficient use of instructional time. (Appendixes constituting approximately 75% of this document contain a 12-chapter manual explaining how to use the Intelligent Questionnaire with the WriteOne and examples of CAJSE templates and completed CAJSE evaluations.)

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TARRANT COUNTY JUNIOR COLLEGE

Computer Assisted Job Skill Evaluation (CAJSE) 1994-1995

Funded through the
Carl D. Perkins Technology Act
of
1990

SUBMITTED TO
TEXAS HIGHER EDUCATION
COORDINATING BOARD

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
LIST OF TABLES	
Section	
1. PROJECT OVERVIEW	1 - 3
Relevance to State Mandates	1 - 2
Using Resources and Personnel	2 - 3
2. FORMATIVE OBJECTIVES ACCOMPLISHED	3 - 5
July 1, 1994 - September 30, 1994	3 - 4
October 1, 1994 - December 31, 1994	4 - 5
January 1, 1995 - March 31, 1995	5
April 1, 1995 - June 30, 1995	5
3. SUMMATIVE OBJECTIVES ACCOMPLISHED	6
4. EVALUATION STUDY	6 - 15
Hypotheses	6 - 7
General Procedure	7
Instrumentation	7 - 15
5. RESULTS OF THE EVALUATION STUDY	16 - 19
Hypothesis One	16
Hypothesis Two	17
Hypothesis Three	17
Hypothesis Four	18

6.	DISCUSSION OF EVALUATION RESULTS	19 - 22
	Advantages of Computer-assisted Job Skill	
	Evaluation	19 - 20
	Limitations of Computer-assisted Job Skill	
	Evaluation	20 - 22
7.	RECOMMENDATIONS	22 - 23

ATTACHMENTS

IQ with the WriteOne Manual Materials

Completed CAJSE Instruments

LIST OF TABLES

Table	Page
1. Factor Loadings for CAJSE Rating Scale Items on the Evaluation Consistency Dimension	8
2. Factor Loadings for CAJSE Rating Scale Items on the Comprehensive Feedback Dimension	9
3. Factor Loadings for CAJSE Rating Scale Items on the Skills Relevance Dimension	10
4. Factor Loading for CAJSE Rating Scale Items on the Instructional Efficiency Dimension	11
5. Difference Between Positive and Negative Traits of Evaluation Consistency	16
6. Difference Between Positive and Negative Traits of Comprehensive Feedback	17
7. Difference Between Positive and Negative Traits of Skills Relevance	18
8. Difference Between Positive and Negative Traits of Instructional Efficiency	19

CAJSE: COMPUTER-ASSISTED JOB SKILL EVALUATION PROJECT: FINAL REPORT

The following final report summarizes the progress of a project designed to develop an evaluation software instrument and to deploy and evaluate the use of notebook computers and portable printers as a means of providing immediate performance evaluations in technical-vocational career education. The report is divided into a brief overview of the project, a review of how formative objectives in the project were achieved, a report of a study exploring the overall effectiveness of the project, and recommendations for similar projects in the future. Examples of computerized evaluations instruments are attached to this report along with a computer disk containing the work product of the project. A brief manual for using the computer applications based on the Intelligent Questionnaire with the WriteOne also accompanies the report.

PROJECT OVERVIEW

Relevance to State Mandates.

The computer-assisted job skill evaluation project (CAJSE) advanced the goal of improving technical education as set forth in the State's Master Plan for Career and Technical Education. Specifically, CAJSE addressed Objective I-3 by assuring the integration of academic and technical education and Objective III-1 by improving technical education instruction relative to industry skill standards.

Objective I-3 of the Master Plan for Career and Technical Education mandates colleges to strengthen programs by integrating academic curricula and methodology with those employed in technical education. CAJSE met this objective by transferring a proven method of improving student skill,

computerized performance evaluation, developed in an academic field, speech communication, to technical education. Revising selected technical programs in this way means that academic and technical education assume a greater degree of integration thus, improving technical education.

Objective III-1 of the Master Plan further mandates that community and technical colleges in Texas should enhance technical education instruction with respect to business and industry standards. Strategy III-1a, proposed to accomplish this objective, encourages the development of institutional processes designed to improve technical education and increase successful student outcomes. As a result, student competencies in technical skills will improve. Tarrant County Junior College shall assume a leadership role toward this end by implementing an institutional process designed to improve student outcomes, computerized performance evaluation, in several of the technical education programs it offers.

Using Resources and Personnel.

Organizational structure for the project involved a Project Director, ten Evaluation System Developers, and one half-time secretary. The project director monitored designed the overall project and the activities of the project, submitted progress reports to the Coordinating Board, scheduled meetings of the project advisory committee, authorized payment of project consultants, authorized purchase of equipment and supplies for the project, consulted with the evaluation system developers. The Project Director received a 20% reduction in teaching load in exchange for these duties.

Ten instructors, selected from technical/vocational education programs at Tarrant County Junior College, developed computer-assisted job skills evaluation software for their courses. These technical educators or *Evaluation System*

Developers attended project workshops, converted existing evaluation tools into a computer-assisted format, prepared corrective advice for each level of job skills proficiency, incorporated the instructional commentary into job skills evaluation software called the Intelligent Questionnaire, implemented the computer-assisted job skills evaluation system in their courses, evaluated the effectiveness of the computer-assisted job skills evaluation system. Each Evaluation System Developer received the equivalent of one course of overload pay and benefits in exchange for their participation in the project.

FORMATIVE OBJECTIVES ACCOMPLISHED

CAJSE personnel successfully completed the formative objectives of the project. The following activities illustrate how the CAJSE project performed during the term of the grant.

July 1, 1994 - September 30, 1994

During the first quarter of the project CAJSE provided software and equipment to project participants, trained project participants to use IQ software, and selected clinical evaluation instruments for conversion to the computer-assisted format.

Computer hardware was purchased and distributed to all Evaluation System Developers involved in the CAJSE project. One notebook computer was purchased for each of the ten instructors selected from vocational/technical programs at Tarrant County Junior College and the Project Director. Each of these personnel received one Apple Macintosh model 150 notebook computer and one Apple StyleWriter II portable printer.

Computer software was purchased and distributed to all instructors involved in the CAJSE project. One copy of performance evaluation software, The Intelligent Questionnaire with WriteOne (IQ), was purchased for each of the ten vocational/technical instructors and the project director. IQ was purchased from Performance Guild Associates of Granbury, Texas who publish the software package.

As part of their training, all project participants attended workshops designed to familiarize them with the goals of the project, IQ software and computer equipment. In addition, project participants attended a workshop designed to teach them how IQ stationery documents enable a completed questionnaire to produce a set of personalize evaluation comments, tailored specifically to the performance of each student.

Instructors designed stationery documents based upon their existing job skill performance rating instruments. The instructors also began to adapt their current evaluation criteria into IQ questions and compile job-skills questionnaire. Project consultant C. L. Turner of Performance Guild Associates provided individual assistance to all ten of the faculty involved in the CAJSE project.

October 1, 1994 - December 31, 1994

During the second quarter of the project, CAJSE personnel developed and began to incorporate performance comments into IQ software, tested and refined the IQ stationery and evaluation questionnaires. Developers were advised to prepare an extensive instructional commentary for each level of student skill proficiency they planned to evaluate. At this point, several software developers found the IQ application difficult to use to assemble a coherent and uniquely individualized evaluation out of descriptors and phrases stored in the evaluation questionnaire. However, several developers added performance-related

comments to their job skill evaluation questionnaires. Individual help was provided by the software consultant to remediate these conceptual limitations concerning software development.

January 1, 1995 - March 31, 1995

Developers began initial or pilot testing of the computer-assisted job skill evaluation system. Instructors received individual help from software consultants to refine and perfect their software applications of the IQ software. During this time some practical limitations to the planned system were encountered. These are noted in the discussion of results section of the report. Developers adopted refinements to their IQ stationery and questionnaire files. Following these refinements, software developers began to implement computer-assisted job skill evaluations in clinical and laboratory settings.

April 1, 1995 - June 30, 1995

A comprehensive evaluation instrument, reflecting the summative objectives of the project, was developed and used to assess the overall effectiveness of the CAJSE project. Construct validity for the CAJSE rating scale was established when a factor analysis of the items revealed the four principal dimensions expected.

SUMMATIVE OBJECTIVES ACCOMPLISHED

CAJSE was organized around four basic assumptions concerning computer-assisted performance evaluation.

1. CAJSE will promote consistent, and hence reliable, evaluations of student job skill performance in clinical and laboratory settings .
2. CAJSE will provide technical/vocational students with comprehensive corrective feedback.
3. CAJSE will produce high levels of student skills proficiency in clinical and laboratory settings.
4. CAJSE will permit efficient use of instructor's time in preparing job skill evaluations.

A study, based upon student ratings was designed and implemented to examine the extent to which the project accomplished the summative objectives. The results of this evaluation study are reported below.

EVALUATION STUDY

Hypotheses

In light of the summative objectives of the project, the following hypotheses were advanced:

H₁: Technical-vocational students will report that CAJSE software permits consistent job skill evaluation.

H₂: Technical-vocational students will report that CAJSE software provides comprehensive correctional feedback.

H₃: Technical vocational students will report that CAJSE software produces instructional feedback that is relevant to effective job skills performance.

H4: Technical-vocational students will report that CAJSE software promotes instructional efficiency.

General Procedure

Subjects were 77 technical-vocational students enrolled in the programs for which the CAJSE project had a completed questionnaire. All subjects performed a job skill and received computer-assisted feedback immediately following their performance. Subsequently, each student completed the CAJSE rating scale.

Instrumentation

The CAJSE rating scale consisted of thirty Likert-type items representing the four major summative objectives sought by the project. Specifically, in order to be successful CAJSE software should promote consistent job-skill evaluation, provide comprehensive corrective feedback, produce student skills proficiency, and permit efficient use of instructional time. Equal number of items assessed the positive and negative aspects of each factor. Internal consistency for the CAJSE rating scale, estimated by the split-half methods, was .77. Coefficient alpha for the scale was .94. Therefore, the CAJSE rating scale proved to be a reliable measure of project effectiveness.

Student ratings of CAJSE software were factor analyzed. The varimax solution confirmed the existence of four independent factors or dimensions in the evaluation tool. Data in tables 1 - 4 show the factor loadings and communality estimates for each CAJSE rating scale item.

Table 1.

Factor loadings for CAJSE Rating Scale Items on the Evaluation Consistency Dimension.

Varimax Solution

Item #	Communality	Factor 1	Factor 2	Factor 3	Factor 4
Item 2	.659	.734	-.066	.234	.248
Item 4	.685	.806	-.005	.184	-.045
Item 19	.607	.568	.099	.289	.347
Item 23	.776	.766	.352	.072	.246
Item 25	.750	.707	.280	.392	.133
Item 29	.723	.807	.162	.165	.135

Factor one accounts for 25.95% variance among factors.

Table 2.

Factor loadings for CAJSE Rating Scale Items on the Comprehensive Feedback Dimension.

Varimax Solution

Item #	Communality	Factor 1	Factor 2	Factor 3	Factor 4
Item 1	.702	.085	.756	.250	.245
Item 3	.714	.178	.710	.076	.415
Item 7	.571	.193	.564	.397	-.240
Item 9	.818	.342	.811	.101	.183
Item 11	.761	.276	.799	.078	.200
Item 12	.822	.114	.897	.027	-.063
Item 14	.826	-.233	.772	.318	.272
Item 27	.749	.062	.528	.308	.118

Factor one accounts for 24.85% variance among factors.

Table 3.

Factor loadings for CAJSE Rating Scale on the Skills Relevance Dimension.

Varimax Solution

Item #	Communality	Factor 1	Factor 2	Factor 3	Factor 4
Item 13	.789	.172	.211	.834	.138
Item 18	.779	.288	.147	.807	.148
Item 20	.801	.274	.271	.805	.064
Item 21	.711	.322	.124	.721	.269
Item 22	.489	.135	.297	.602	.141
Item 24	.427	-.052	-.036	.627	.174
Item 26	.769	.095	.009	.814	.312
Item 28	.740	.264	-.013	.802	.165

Factor one accounts for 29.8% variance among factors.

Table 4.

Factor loadings for CAJSE Rating Scale Items on the Instructional Efficiency Dimension.

Varimax Solution

Item #	Communality	Factor 1	Factor 2	Factor 3	Factor 4
Item 5	.641	.094	.432	.077	.663
item 6	.632	.355	.096	.096	.572
Item 8	.595	.306	-.162	.255	.640
Item 10	.510	.394	.108	.343	.745
Item 15	.707	.055	.157	.172	.631
Item 16	.752	-.147	.204	.277	.782
Item 17	.741	.396	.199	.373	.636
Item 30	.457	.294	.118	.313	.509

Factor one accounts for 19.4% variance among factors.

Each factor was operationally defined by the scale items listed below. Numbers preceding each scale indicate the order in which the item appeared on the rating instrument. The sign in the parentheses indicates the valence of the item, i.e. "+" means a positive trait of the factor, "-" means a negative trait of the factor.

Factor One - Evaluation Consistency.

2. The trainer's comments told me in specific terms how well I performed on this assignment. (+)

4. The trainer only told me what I did well in general terms. (-)

19. My evaluation was based on a set of performance criteria or recognized standards. (+)

23. My grade on this assignment was based strictly on participation or simply completing the assignment without consideration of performance standards. (-)

25. The trainer recognized improvement in difficult areas for me. (+)

29. I felt my grade was given without respect to how hard I tried or how much improvement I actually made. (-)

Factor Two - Comprehensive Feedback

1. The computer-assisted job-skill evaluation provided enough comments to help me improve my performance. (+)

3. The computer-assisted evaluation did not give me enough information to help me improve my skills performance. (-)

7. Compared to other performance appraisals I have received, I would say the computer-assisted job-skill evaluation was among the most thorough. (+)

9. The computer-assisted performance evaluation provided least feedback I have ever received. (-)

11. The computer-assisted performance evaluation gave me adequate information on how well I did on the assignment. (+)

12. My evaluation gave me no information on how to improve my future skills performances. (-)

14. The trainer made me aware that my success was a product of my own effort and ability. (+)

27. The trainer made me feel my success on skills performances was due to luck or an easy assignment. (-)

Factor Three - Skills Relevance

13. The instructor's comments showed he/she was paying attention to my performance. (+)

18. Comments on my performance appraisal showed little attention to my performance (-)

20. The computer-assisted performance evaluation focused on those behaviors most relevant to a successful performance. (+)

21. The computer-assisted job skill evaluation made it seem that I was performing for the teacher's amusement. (-)

22. The trainer's comments explained how changes in my behavior could produce improvement in future performances. (+)

24. The instructor's comments made direct comparisons to how others behaved. (-)

26. The trainer made me feel that learning to perform a skill effectively was fun and/or interesting in its own right. (+)

28. The trainer made me feel that I was learning to perform job skills to win a competition or to please him/her. (-)

Factor Four - Instructional Efficiency

5. Comments were delivered immediately following my job skills performance. (+)
6. Comments were delivered in a random and unsystematic manner. (-)
8. Overall, comments on my computer-assisted performance evaluation were very helpful. (+)
10. My computer-assisted performance evaluation was not helpful at all. (-)
15. After reading my job skills evaluation, I was able to clearly see how my performance could be improved. (+)
16. The instructor's comments made me aware of how my performance compared to that of others in the program. (-)
17. After reading the evaluation, I had a greater appreciation of the skills I was asked to perform during the job skills performance. (+)
30. Computer-assisted evaluation distracted me from learning to execute my performance effectively. (-)

RESULTS OF THE EVALUATION STUDY

Hypothesis One.

Technical-vocational students reported that CAJSE software provided significantly higher levels of evaluation consistency (mean =13.208) than evaluation inconsistency (mean = 7.494, $df = 76$, mean difference = 5.714, $t = 16.742$, $p < .0001$). Expected difference between positive and negative traits concerning the consistency of job skill evaluations were assessed using a one-tailed t test for paired samples. The results of this statistical test are reported in Table 5.

Table 5.

Difference Between Positive and Negative Traits of Evaluation Consistency.

t - test			
<u>DF</u>	Mean X - Y	Paired t - value	p (1 - tailed)
76	5.714	16.742	.0001

Hypothesis one was supported.

Hypothesis Two.

Technical-vocational students reported that CAJSE software provided significantly more comprehensive feedback (mean =17.818) than incomplete instructional feedback (mean = 15.844, $df = 76$, mean difference = 1.974, $t = 6.922$, $p < .0001$). Expected difference between positive and negative traits concerning comprehensive feedback were assessed using a one-tailed t test for paired samples. The results of this statistical test are reported in Table 6.

Table 6.

Difference Between Positive and Negative Traits of Comprehensive Feedback.

t - test			
<u>DE</u>	Mean X - Y	Paired t - value	p (1 - tailed)
76	1.974	6.922	.0001

Hypothesis two was supported.

Hypothesis Three.

Technical-vocational students reported that CAJSE software provided significantly more relevant feedback about job skills (mean =17.697) than feedback irrelevant to job skills (mean = 15.844, $df = 76$, mean difference = 1.882, $t = 6.835$, $p < .0001$). Expected difference between positive and negative traits regarding the relevance of instructional feedback to job skills were

assessed using a one-tailed t test for paired samples. The results of this statistical test are reported in Table 7.

Table 7.

Difference Between Positive and Negative Traits of Skills Relevance.

t - test			
<u>DF</u>	Mean X - Y	Paired t - value	p (1 - tailed)
76	1.8823	6.835	.0001

Hypothesis three was supported.

Hypothesis Four.

Technical-vocational students reported that CAJSE software provided feedback with significantly more instructional efficiency (mean = 18.117) than instructional inefficiency (mean = 17.645, df = 76, mean difference = .487, t = 1.731, p < .0438). Expected difference between positive and negative traits of instructional efficiency were assessed using a one-tailed t test for paired samples. The results of this statistical test are reported in Table 8.

Table 8.

Difference Between Positive and Negative Traits of Instructional Efficiency.

t - test

DF	Mean X - Y	Paired t - value	p (1 - tailed)
76	5.714	16.742	.0001

Hypothesis four was supported.

DISCUSSION OF EVALUATION RESULTS

Advantages of Computer-assisted Job Skill Evaluation

Based upon the findings of the evaluation study, CAJSE portends several advantages for the technical-vocational educator. First, CAJSE permits consistent job-skills evaluations for technical-vocational students. In the initial year of the project, CAJSE allowed instructors to inform students in specific terms concerning how well they performed during assignments. Based on a set of recognized standards and performance criteria, evaluators were able to recognize gains in student proficiency while eliminating ambiguous comments and capricious grading practices.

Second, CAJSE provides students with comprehensive correctional feedback. Computer-assisted job skill evaluations deliver ample amounts of thorough comments to help students improve on future performances. Under

CAJSE conditions, students become aware of how their own ability and effort contribute to improved job-skills. Students generally thought the feedback they received from IQ software was among the most thorough and helpful they had ever received in a job related setting.

Third, CAJSE produces instructional feedback that is relevant to effective job-skills performance. CAJSE corrective statements included enough attention to the details of job-skills performances, students could understand how changes in behavior produce improvements in future performances. This focus on improving student behavior rather than on competing with others for grades or performing to please the instructor's whims, is an integral part of successful instruction.

Fourth, CAJSE promotes instructional efficiency. CAJSE provides students with immediate, systematic performance feedback. This lead to a greater appreciation among students regarding the skills they were asked to perform. Technical-vocational educators are able to deliver more evaluative and corrective information to students with greater rapidity than with traditional paper-pencil methods.

Limitations of Computer-assisted Job Skill Evaluation

Despite successful completion of several pieces of evaluation software and the general enervation provided by professional development activities such as CAJSE, resistance to innovation did emerge. Essentially, these areas of resistance represent conceptual and practical limitations unanticipated during the formulation of the grant proposal.

Initially, CAJSE software developers displayed and later overcame difficulty in understanding how the IQ software worked. Although CAJSE software developers were computer literate, most of them were experienced in

DOS/Windows operating systems exclusively. IQ, an application running solely on Macintosh computers, used an entirely different operating system than the software developers anticipated. Some were skeptical that a Macintosh, which they considered an inferior machine, could deliver as promised. Also, they because they had never seen any software operate or perform like IQ, CAJSE software developers had trouble visualizing exactly how the program assembled evaluation statements from observations of student performance. As a result CAJSE software developers were apprehensive about successfully completing the project. However, training sessions, including one provided by the College's Management Information Services staff on the use of Macintosh computers and another by the project consultant on IQ software remediated these problems. Once the CAJSE software developers learned to use the Macintosh computer and realized that IQ software was not altogether mysterious, they acclimated quite well to the project timetable.

However, a more interesting area of resistance to the CAJSE concept surfaced during the development and refinement of evaluation software. In particular, this pertained to using IQ software as a means of filling out existing forms rather than providing corrective advice to students. For example, one evaluation developer proposed computerizing a skills checklist. Although behavioral descriptions of student activity were clearly stated, the focus of the evaluation shifted from the quality of student performance, i.e., how well a skill was executed, to the presence or absence of discrete behaviors. If the evaluator observed all expected behaviors the student's job skill performance was deemed competent. Failure by the student to emit desired behaviors indicated a deficient performance irrespective to the actual affect the student's job skills had on the client. Another evaluation developer resisted further software development because state approved forms were used in that job field. This evaluation

software developer expressed apprehension about generating a facsimile of the form via computer. Both if these evaluators are presently revising their software to accommodate these concerns. For example, the evaluation system developer whose concern was posed for using the right state-approved form has agreed to revise the software concept for laboratory or classroom practice sessions. These exercises employ rating sheets devised by local faculty and have spaces provided for corrective information.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Based upon the preceding discussion, the following recommendations for future investigations and development of computer-assisted performance evaluation are offered.

First, software developers need generous amounts of time in order that they might optimize chances for success. The act of developing computer software, especially in an exotic application like IQ, is a cognitively complex task. Most technical-vocational educators will have little experience in software development. In order to employ IQ based evaluation software they must learn to visualize the evaluation process in a completely different way than before. Although workshops and individual help from consultants was provided CAJSE software developers a good deal of time on task was required before the task became more clear.

Second, novice software developers should work from a template or model. The greatest difficulties in understanding how to computerize an existing evaluation system were experienced when CAJSE software developers tried to compile their questionnaires from scratch. Later, as a result of individual consultations by C. L. Turner of Performance Guild Associates with these faculty,

progress came more quickly once the faculty began modifying an existing questionnaire. Deconstructing a suitable model allowed CAJSE software developers to understand the logic of the IQ application. Software publishers should provide a template questionnaire from which novice designers could work.

Third, technical-vocational faculty who attempt the development of computer-assisted evaluation software should know the difference between using a computer to fill out or generate a completed facsimile of an existing form and providing a unique performance evaluation personalized for each student. This distinction is more than a simple matter of taste. If a faculty member merely needs to generate completed form without corrective feedback, he/she should investigate using off-the-shelf form generation software. Numerous software packages presently available in both IBM (DOS/Windows) and Macintosh operating environments will address this need without the expense of specialized training. On the other hand, if the faculty member envisions using a portable computer to create individualized performance evaluations the CAJSE project model is advised.

Fourth, future studies of computer-assisted performance evaluation in technical-vocational education should employ or modify the CAJSE rating scale. Although these rating scale items were initially developed to reflect the four summative objectives of the project, factor analysis confirmed the original dimensions of evaluation consistency, comprehensive feedback, skills relevance, and instructional efficiency. Moreover, the scale demonstrated internal reliability. Future investigators could adapt these scales and employ them as a means of evaluating the effectiveness of computer-assisted performance evaluations.

ATTACHMENT

IQ with the WriteOne Manual Materials

Chapter

1

Introduction... GETTING STARTED

This is a short chapter telling you how to get started with *Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne*. It contains

- System Requirements
- Prerequisite Skills and Knowledge
- Starting *Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne*
- Personalizing Your Disk
- Fulfilling Your Copyright Agreement

Intelligent Questionnaire With TheWriteOne v1.3

System Requirements

To use *Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne* you will need at least the following:

- Macintosh with at least 1 megabyte of memory with
- System 6.0.2 or later, and
- 800K disk drive.

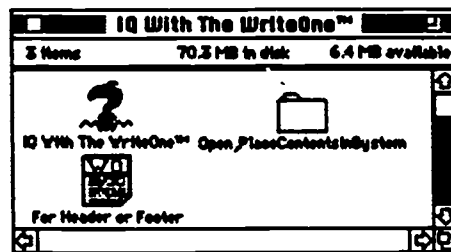
Prerequisite Skills/Knowledge

This manual assumes you already have read your *Macintosh System Software User's Guide* and have a good working knowledge of the Macintosh Graphic User Interface. If you don't, please read the *Macintosh User's Guide* to become familiar with the terms used in the book and follow the basic tutorial.

Starting Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne

1. Turn on your computer.
2. Insert your *Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne* master application program disk in the internal disk drive.

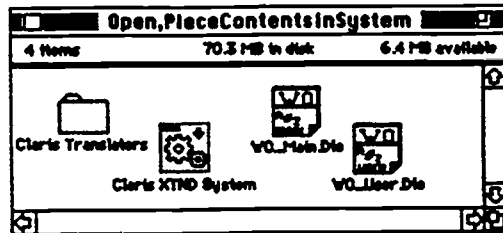
The disk files and folders should look something like this:



Intelligent Questionnaire With TheWriteOne v1.3

3. Perform these operations in some order:

- Open the folder indicated. It should look something like this:



- Copy the CONTENTS of the folder to the System Folder.



For Macintosh System 7. users, Claris Translators and Claris XTND System must be placed in the Extensions folder.

- Open the *Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne* application.
 1. Click the *Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne* application disk icon to select it.
 2. From the **File** menu choose **Open**.

The first time you open the application the following dialog box will appear:

Please register this new copy of WriteOne™.

User Name:

Company Name:

Serial Number:

Intelligent Questionnaire With TheWriteOne v1.3

Personalizing Your Disk

1. In the dialog box that appears, type in
 - Your name
 - Your company's name (optional)
 - Serial number (located in the disk packet).
2. Check the information.

This is the only chance you will have to MAKE SURE the information is correct.

3. Click the **OK** button.

Fulfilling Your Copyright Agreement

If you as an INDIVIDUAL user are using:	And use:	You	Retain for Archival:
HARD drive	—————→	Copy hard disk.	Original
FLOPPY	—————→	Make a single copy.	Original or copy
Hard drive OR Floppy drive	A "Dedicated Computer" >80% of the time.	Make one additional copy for < 20% time use on a home computer.	—————

Chapter

2

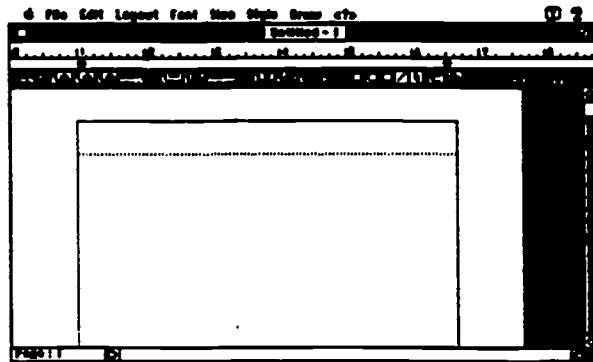
The Basics... Creating A Document

In this chapter, you will learn how to create a short document and how to make some basic editing changes to it.

You will perform the following operations:

- Typing Text
- Selecting and Deleting Text
- Saving a Document
- Opening a Document
- Closing a Document

When you first start up *Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne* a default, blank window will open. This is the *WriteOne* WORDPROCESSING AND GRAPHICS function. The Intelligent Questionnaire function is enabled by choosing «?» on the menu.



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Typing Text

- Type characters on the keyboard remembering NOT to press *return* until the end of the paragraph.
- Use the *backspace* key (or *delete* key on some Macintosh computers) in the event of a typing mistake.
- Insert text by pointing with the mouse and clicking the pointer (I-beam) between the words or letters where you wish to type.

Selecting and Deleting Text

1. Position the pointer (I-Beam) where you wish to start.
2. Drag until the word(s) or letter(s) in the word is(are) completely highlighted.
3. Press the *backspace* key (or *delete* key) to delete the word OR start typing and the selection will be replaced.

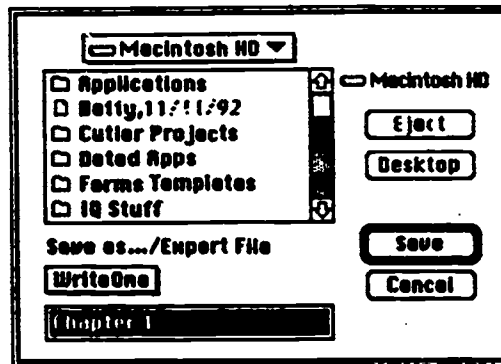
Saving a Document

File	
New	
Open...	⌘O
Close	⌘W
Save	⌘S
Save as...	
Save selection...	
Revert	
Preferences...	
Page Margins...	
Page Setup	
Print	⌘P
Quit	⌘Q

File	
New	
Open...	⌘O
Close	⌘W
Save	⌘S
Save as...	
Save selection...	
Revert	
Preferences...	
Page Margins...	
Page Setup	
Print	⌘P
Quit	⌘Q

Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

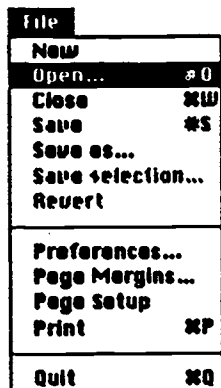
If you are Saving a Document:	And you wish to Save the Document:	Then from the File menu choose:
That has already been TITLED.	AS TITLED	Save
	With a NEW TITLE	Save as... The following dialog box will appear.
Has NOT been titled.	→	Save OR Save as... The following dialog box will appear.
	→	Save OR Save as... The following dialog box will appear.



1. Select location, format, and title in some order:
 - Select the LOCATION for the file to be saved.
 - Select a disk by clicking the **Drive** and/or **Eject** (or **Desktop**) buttons as necessary.
 - Select a folder or disk using the scroll box pop-up menu.
 - Select the FILE FORMAT using the **File Format:** pop-up menu.
 - Type in the **Save as:** box the TITLE you want for your document.
2. Click the **SAVE** button.

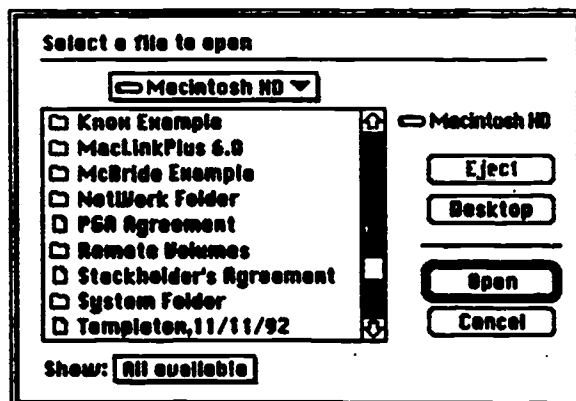
Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

Opening A Document



1. From the **File** menu choose **Open...**

The following dialog box will appear:



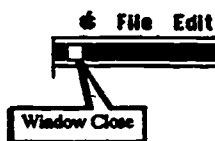
2. Select **LOCATION** and **FILE TYPES** in some order:
 - Select the **LOCATION** of the file to be opened:
 - Select a disk using the **Drive** and/or **Eject** (or **Desktop**) buttons as necessary.
 - Select a folder or disk using the scroll box pop-up menu.
 - Select the **FILE TYPES** using the **File Types:** pop-up menu.
3. Click the **Open** button OR double-click the file/folder name to be opened.

Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

Closing a Document

File	
New	
Open...	⌘O
Close	⌘W
Save	⌘S
Save as...	
Save selection...	
Revert	
Preferences...	
Page Margins...	
Page Setup	
Print	⌘P
Quit	⌘Q

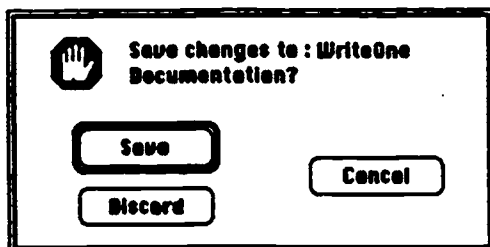
1. To CLOSE a document (window), from the **File** menu choose **Close**,



OR

Click while the pointer is in the left hand white box of a window's title.

2. *WriteOne* will ask if you want to keep any changes to your document, if any changes have been made since the document was last saved.



Chapter

3

More Basics... Revising a Document

Now that you can perform the basics of creating and editing a document, you are ready to modify an existing document.

In this chapter, you will learn the following operations:

- Beginning a Document
- Scrolling Through a Document
- Moving Text with Cut (or Copy) and Paste
- "Redlining" a Document
- Finding (& Replacing) Text Revision
- Saving Text Revisions

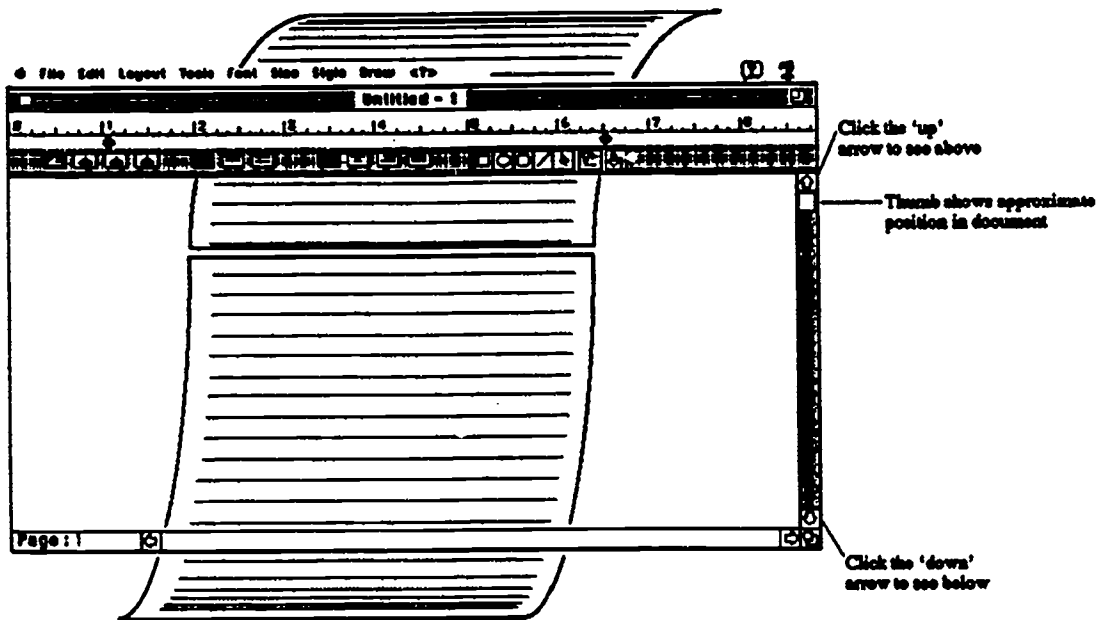
Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

Beginning a Document

If you wish to:	From the File menu choose:
Start a NEW document.	New A new untitled <i>WriteOne</i> document will appear.
Open an EXISTING document.	Open... Follow the steps, <u>Opening a Document</u> .

Scrolling Through a Document

Scrolling means moving the text through the window to bring different parts of the document into view.



Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

Use the decision table following and the picture on the preceding page for scrolling a document.

To Adjust the Text in the Window:	Click:
LINE-BY-LINE (approximately).	While over the "up" or "down" ARROWS.
By SCREEN LENGTHS.	Above or below the white box (THUMB) inside the scroll bar.
By scrolling FAR into the Document QUICKLY.	While OVER the scroll bar THUMB and drag it up or down to the new location.

Moving Text With Cut (or Copy) and Paste

Edit	
Can't Undo	⌘Z
<hr/>	
Cut	⌘H
Copy	⌘C
Paste	⌘V
Clear	
Select All	⌘A
<hr/>	
Go to Page...	⌘G
Load Documents...	
Type Literal...	

Edit	
Can't Undo	⌘Z
<hr/>	
Cut	⌘H
Copy	⌘C
Paste	⌘V
Clear	
Select All	⌘A
<hr/>	
Go to Page...	⌘G
Load Documents...	
Type Literal...	

Edit	
Can't Undo	⌘Z
<hr/>	
Cut	⌘H
Copy	⌘C
Paste	⌘V
Clear	
Select All	⌘A
<hr/>	
Go to Page...	⌘G
Load Documents...	
Type Literal...	

Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

1. Highlight the text with the pointer.
2. From the **Edit** menu, choose **Cut** (or **Copy**).
(The text is now on the clipboard).
3. Place the insert point where you wish the text to be placed.
4. From the **Edit** menu, choose **Paste**.

“Redlining” a Document

Several methods are useable to “redline” a document with *WriteOne*. We use shading, a Backlight Mark, to show new language; a line drawn through words (Strike Through) to show deletions, and a Read Line Mark to show paragraphs affected.

Style	
✓ Plain	⌘N
Bold	⌘B
<i>Italic</i>	⌘I
<u>Underline</u>	⌘U
Outline	
Shadow	
SuperScript	⌘[
SubScript	⌘]
Styles...	
Read Line Mark	
Strike Thru	⌘/
Backlight Mark	⌘;
Index Mark	
TOC Mark	

Style	
✓ Plain	⌘N
Bold	⌘B
<i>Italic</i>	⌘I
<u>Underline</u>	⌘U
Outline	
Shadow	
SuperScript	⌘[
SubScript	⌘]
Styles...	
Read Line Mark	
Strike Thru	⌘/
Backlight Mark	⌘;
Index Mark	
TOC Mark	

Style	
✓ Plain	⌘N
Bold	⌘B
<i>Italic</i>	⌘I
<u>Underline</u>	⌘U
Outline	
Shadow	
SuperScript	⌘[
SubScript	⌘]
Styles...	
Read Line Mark	
Strike Thru	⌘/
Backlight Mark	⌘;
Index Mark	
TOC Mark	

When a paragraph needs to be MARKED AS CHANGED (REVISED), as in a read line:

1. Place the insert point anywhere in the paragraph.
2. From the **Style** menu, choose **Read Line Mark**.

Read Line Marks appear at the right of the text at the margin like the example on the right.

Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

When you wish to use SHADING to "BACKLIGHT" words:

1. Select the text by highlighting that you wish to shade with a backlight mark.
2. From the **Style** menu, choose **Backlight Mark**.

When you wish to STRIKE THROUGH text:

1. Select the text by highlighting that you wish to strike through.
2. From the **Style** menu, choose **Strike Thru**.

You may accomplish the previous operations (Read Line Mark, Backlight, or Strike Thru using this procedure as well.

1. Select the text by highlighting that you wish.
2. From the **Style** menu, choose **Styles...**

The following dialog box will appear:

Custom Style

Font: Times Size: 12 Color: Black

Plain Condense

Bold Extend

Italic Strike-Thru

Outline Over Bar

Shadow

Underline

Underline

Not Underline

Startup Default.

Times 12 [P] Black

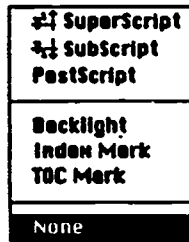
3. Use the check box for **Strike Thru**,

Strike-Thru

OR,

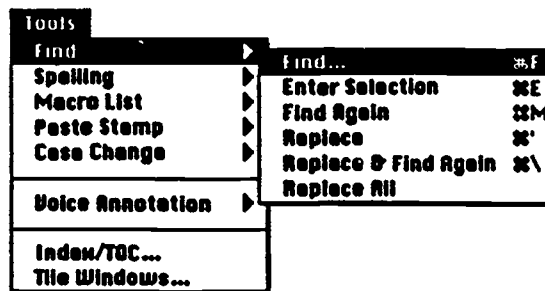
Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

Use the Pop-up menu above the scroll box to select your choice.

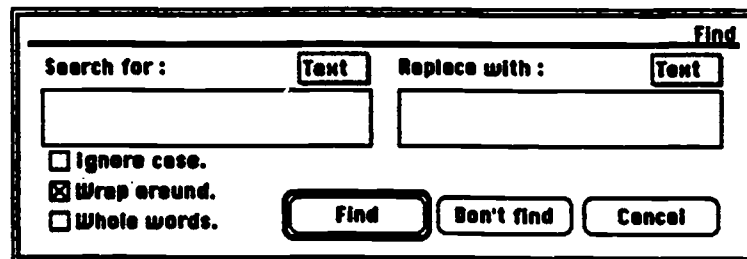


Finding (& Replacing) Text or Style Revisions


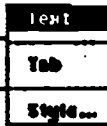
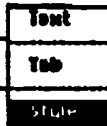
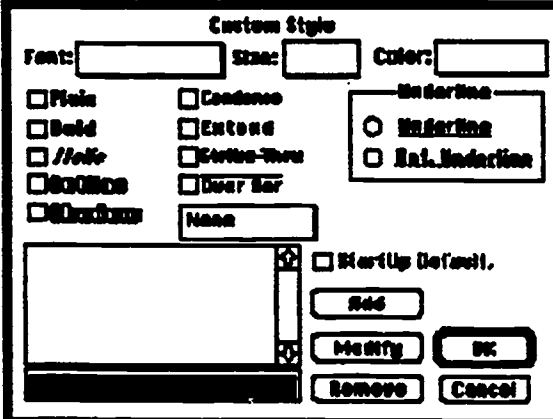
You can use **Find** from the **Tools** menu to Find & Replace tabs, words, or styles.



When you select **Find** from the **Tools** menu, the following dialog box will appear:



Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

If you wish to find/replace:	Then:
<p style="text-align: center;">Tab(s)</p>	<p>Use the pop-up to select Tab to find and/or replace.</p> <p>Search for: <input type="text"/> </p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Word(s)</p>	<p>Use the pop-up to select TEXT and use the following procedure for Finding & Replacing Word(s):</p> <p>Search for: <input type="text"/> </p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Style(s)</p>	<p>Use the pop-up to select Style....</p> <p>Search for: <input type="text"/> </p> <p>When the dialog box appears use the following procedure for Finding & Replacing Style(s):</p> 

Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

Finding (& Replacing) Word(s)

1. Decide on the word(s) you wish to find/replace.

If the word(s) — words must be consecutive — you wish to find/replace are:	Then:
NOT readily seen on the document.	From the Tools menu, choose Find , and then from the submenu select Find... The following dialog box will appear:
Can be readily highlighted on the document.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Highlight the selected word(s).2. From the Tools menu choose Find, and then from the submenu select Enter Selection.3. From the Tools menu choose Find, and then from the submenu select Find... The following dialog box will appear with the selection entered in the Search for: box:

2. Verify **OR** type in the **Search for:** box the word(s) you wish to find.
3. Use the check boxes to search as needed:
 - Checking **Ignore case**. will search for words without regard to **UPPER CASE** or lower case.
 - Checking **Wrap around**. will search from the cursor position, *wrap around* the end of the document, and return to the starting position.
 - Checking **Whole words**. will search only words with leading or trailing word breaks (spaces, punctuation, and tabs). *The WriteOne* will find only the words NOT embedded in text with this box checked.
4. Enter the word(s) in the **Replace with:** box that you want to use as **REPLACEMENTS** for the word(s) you find. You may also choose to replace with a tab or a style.

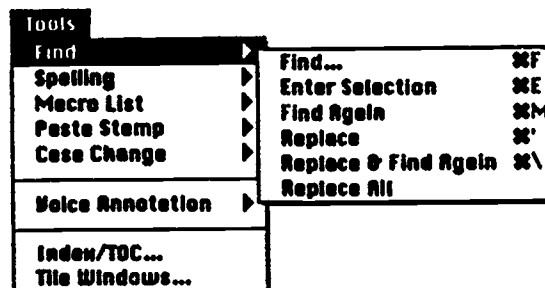
Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

5. Start the search.

If the word(s) you wish to find/replace is(are):	Then:
HIGHLIGHTED	You may click the button labeled Don't find to treat the highlighted word(s) as the <i>first occurrence</i> .
NOT highlighted	Click the button labeled Find .

6. Use selections from the **Tools** menu to —

- **Find Again, OR**
- **Replace, OR**
- **Replace & Find Again, OR**
- **Replace All.**



Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

Finding (& Replacing) Style(s)

1. Decide on the styles(s) you wish to find/replace using the dialog box that appeared after selecting Style... from the pop-up menu.

Custom Style

Font: Size: Color:

Plain Condense Underline

Bold Extend Dot. Underline

Italic Strike-Thru

Outlines Over Bar

Shadow

StartUp Default.

Add Modify OK

Remove Cancel

2. Use the pop-up menu's, check boxes and radio buttons to select style search criteria.
3. Click the **OK** button.
4. The Find dialog box will reappear.

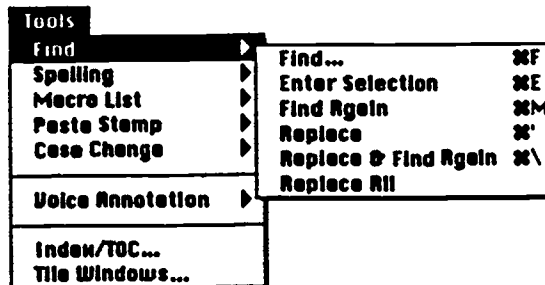
Checking the **Wrap around.** checkbox will search from the cursor position, *wrap around* the end of the document, and return to the starting position.

5. Enter the text, tab or style in the **Replace with:** box that you want to use as **REPLACEMENTS** for the style(s) you find.
6. Click **Find.**

Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

7. Use selections from the **Tools** menu to —

- Find Again, OR
- Replace, OR
- Replace & Find Again, OR
- Replace All.



Saving Text Revisions

From the **File** menu, choose **Save** OR **Save as...** and follow the steps described in Saving a Document.

Chapter

11

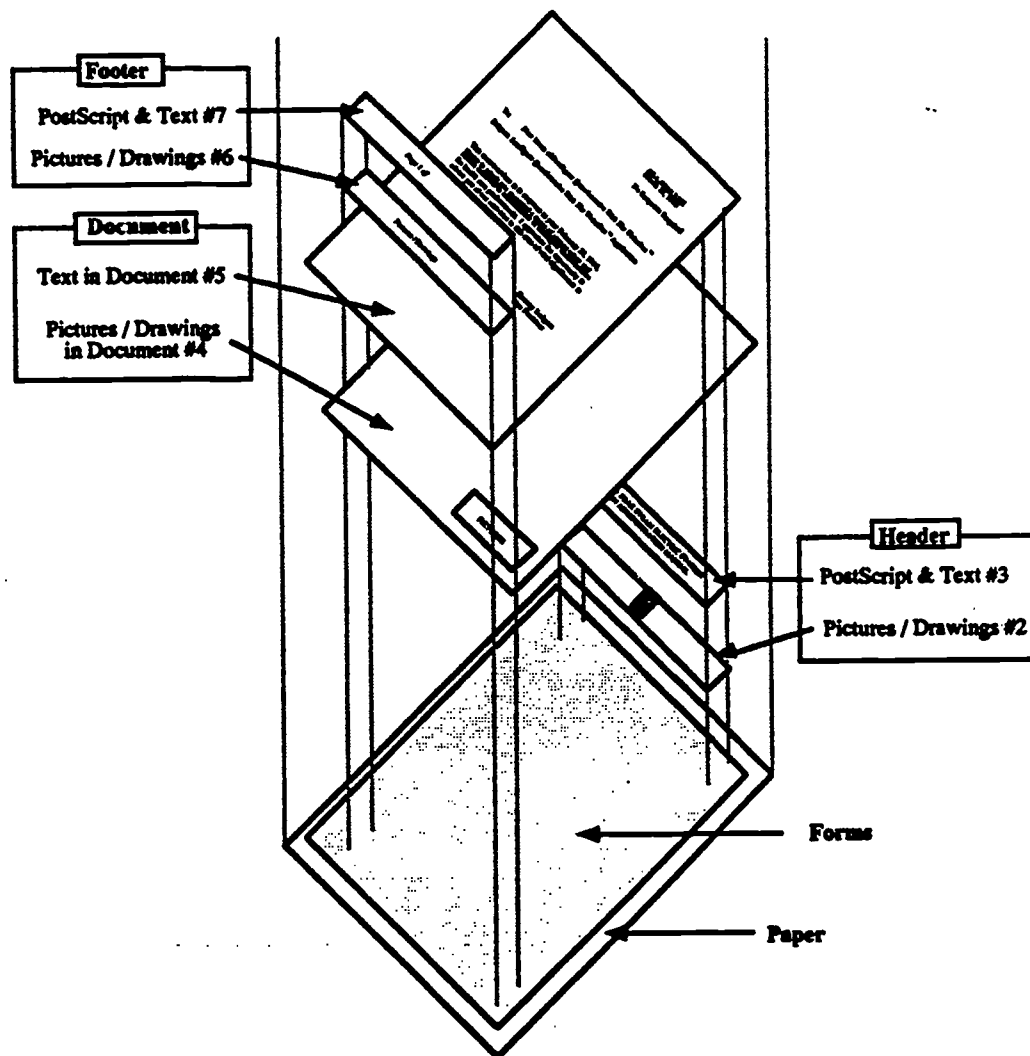
Producing Output... Printing

WriteOne produces a printed output on the page in relation to your placement of margins, headers, footers, etc. Other effects can be achieved by your use of Stack Printing Order. This short chapter describes:

- Stack Printing Order
- Printing A Document

Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

Stack Printing Order



Stack Printing Order:

- #1 - Overlay Form(s)
- #2 - Header Pictures / Drawings
- #3 - Header PostScript & Text
- #4 - Document Pictures / Drawings
- #5 - Document Text
- #6 - Footer Pictures / Drawings
- #7 - Footer PostScript & Text

Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

Printing a Document

If you wish to PRINT a WriteOne document	Then:
With WriteOne OPEN	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. OPEN the DOCUMENT you wish to print.2. From the File menu, choose the word Print. ~ A dialogue box consistent with the printer selected in the Chooser will appear.3. Select PRINTING OPTIONS.4. Click the OK button.
The FINDER	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Select all the FILES you wish to print.2. From the File menu, choose the word Print. When WriteOne opens, a dialogue box consistent with the printer selected in the Chooser will appear.3. Set PRINTING OPTIONS for <u>ALL DOCUMENTS</u>.4. Click the OK button.

To print forms on the page before the text of the document, see Chapter 6, Using Pictures and Drawings, topic Pictures as Printer Forms.

*Note the print order of a document's content on previous page.

Chapter

12

Intelligent Questionnaire... Preview

Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne employs an Interactive, Intelligent Questionnaire that you may use to model an EXPERT SYSTEM by custom definable rules and custom editable report output.

- Preview
- General Procedure
- Guidance Procedure

The screenshot displays the 'Intelligent Questionnaire' software interface. At the top, there is a 'Question List' window with a search bar and a 'Facial Pain Questionnaire' selected. Below this is a main form titled 'I.Q.' with a 'Pain Level' field and a 'Select the complaint types which are occurring!' instruction. A list of symptoms is provided with checkboxes:

- Headaches*
- Shoulder*
- Submandibular*
- Difficulty swallowing
- Stuffed nose
- Anterior chest pain
- Temporomandibular*
- Otologic*
- Dental Pain*
- Misc. Symptoms*

Below the symptom list is an 'Answers' section. To the right, a preview window shows a sample report output with text and a large diagonal line drawn across it.

Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

Preview of PREVIEW for Questionnaire

Intelligent Questionnaire is a RULE-based system that allows you to define your own rules. The rule set is an EXPERT SYSTEM of Questions-Answers that may be logically linked.

The output is placed in a TEXT and GRAPHICS processor that is fully editable.

The parts of the System are...

- The merge document (stationery) with "ID Merge Fields"...
- I.Q. Functions—functions may be placed in the document or work in concert with functions in the Questionnaire to perform such functions as database lookup, test, case change, page break, search, set value, arithmetic, etc.
- The Questionnaire with...
 - Questionnaire ID's—which will merge into the document ID Merge Field of the same name. You may write a question "prompt" for each Questionnaire ID.
 - I.Q. Functions—functions may be placed in the Questionnaire or work in concert with the functions in the Document to perform such functions as database lookup, test, case change, page break, search, set value, arithmetic, etc.
 - Answers—single or multiple *type* and *formatted* as radio button, check box, list, edit field, phrase, or phrase list.
 - Merge Text—This is the actual "form" of the answer that is the document output. Two forms of the same answer can be developed: Primary Merge and Secondary Merge.

Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

General Procedure for Questionnaire

The most general description is this:

- For USING the Questionnaire:
 1. Answer the Questionnaire-based answers for all document merge fields. (One or more Questionnaires).
 2. Merge Primary (or Secondary) language with the open document.
- For DEVELOPING the Questionnaire:
 1. Develop the OUTPUT document.
 2. Develop all the alternative questions-answers which produce the output and make the logical relationships.
 3. Write the form of the answers for the output.

Guidance Procedure for Questionnaire

Developing A Questionnaire:

Example:

1. Developing the Output.

This is a medical statement you presently record from a clinical patient:

"Mary states that she smokes about one pack of cigarettes a day."

- Analyze the statement.

"Mary" is the preferred name reference of the patient.

"she" is a personal pronoun reference.

"smokes" is the object; he(she) smokes or not.

"about one pack of cigarettes" is amount (could be none or any amount AND is DEPENDENT on "smokes").

- Now, rewrite the statement in general terms with "PLACEHOLDERS" like this...

Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

[PName] states that [PRef] [smokes].

The brackets contain our "trial merge fields." The final merge document statement might look like this...

«PName» states that «PRef» «Smokes»

2. Develop all the alternative questions-answers which produce the output and make the logical relationships.

Basic Analysis: What is NAME?

"Mary," "preferred name," or [PName] is the phone book and then some. Rather than attempting a list of ALL possibilities, use an "edit field" for this.

Basic Analysis: What is PERSONAL REFERENCE?

"she," "personal reference," or [PRef] could be these possibilities: he, she OR his, her.

Basic Analysis: What is OBJECT?

"smokes" placeholder, [smokes], can be these possibilities "does not smoke," "smokes less than one pack a day," "smokes about one pack a day," or "smokes more than one pack a day," OR other such object data.

3. Replace "placeholders" with ID merge fields.

SUMMARY:

We generalize a typical OUTPUT DOCUMENT with "placeholders."

We have NAME, PERSONAL REFERENCE, and OBJECT (smoking) to be developed with appropriate logical linkage. For these attributes of the statement, we then develop a QUESTIONNAIRE.

Then we replace the "placeholders" with the ID Merge Fields.

Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

For this out put:

[PName] states that [PRef] [smokes].

Develop the questionnaire:

1. NAME. Preferred Name or PName.

The screenshot shows a software interface with two main panels. The left panel, titled 'Question List', contains a list of actions: 'New >>', 'Modify', 'Delete', 'Duplicate', and 'Export...'. Below these are 'OK' and 'OK & Next' buttons. The right panel, titled 'Questionnaire Controls', contains buttons for 'Close', 'Save', 'Hide Editor', 'Save As...', and 'Revert'. It also displays 'File: Untitled for Test'. A large empty text area is located below the 'Questionnaire Controls' panel.

Preferred Name and Question Prompt and selection of **Edit Field** as **Answer Format**.

The screenshot shows a 'Question Editor' dialog box. It has several sections: 'ID Name' with a text field containing 'PName'; 'Question Prompt' with a text field containing 'What is Preferred Name?' and an '(ID Picker...)' button; 'Answers' with a list of actions ('New >>', 'Modify', 'Delete', 'Duplicate') and a 'Group break.' button; 'Question Link' with a 'Link:' checkbox and a text field containing 'ID...'; and 'Type' with radio buttons for 'Single Answer' (selected) and 'Multiple'. Below 'Type' is the 'Answer Format' section with radio buttons for 'Radio Button', 'Check Box', 'List', 'Edit Field' (selected), and 'Phrase', plus a 'show as list' checkbox. At the bottom are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

[PName] states that [PRef] [smokes].

2. PERSONAL REFERENCE. ID Name: PRef, Question Prompt and selection of Check Boxes as Answer Format.

The screenshot shows the 'Question Editor' window. The 'ID Name' field contains 'PRef'. The 'Question Prompt' field contains 'What are Personal References?'. The 'Type' section has 'Multiple' selected. The 'Answer Format' section has 'Check Boxes' selected. The 'Answers' list contains 'Dr.', 'Mr.', 'Ms.', 'Miss', 'The', and 'she', with a 'Group break.' below. The 'Question Link' section has 'Link:' checked and 'Item:' fields with radio buttons for 'and', 'or', and 'thru (any)'. 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons are at the bottom right.

[PName] states that [PRef] [smokes].

3. OBJECT. ID Name: Smoking, Question Prompt and selection of Radio Button as Answer Format.

The screenshot shows the 'Question Editor' window. The 'ID Name' field contains 'Smoking'. The 'Question Prompt' field contains 'Does the patient Smoke?'. The 'Type' section has 'Single Answer' selected. The 'Answer Format' section has 'Radio Button' selected. The 'Answers' list contains 'No' and 'Yes', with a 'Group break.' below. The 'Question Link' section has 'Link:' checked and 'Item:' fields with radio buttons for 'and', 'or', and 'thru (any)'. 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons are at the bottom right.

Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

4. OBJECT LINK. ID Name: Packs/Day, Question Prompt, and selection of Radio Button as format.

Linkage with Question ID Name: Smoking, Item Number: 2 (Yes).

Question Editor

ID Name: (ID Picker...)

Question Prompt:

Answers

Group break.

Question Link

Link: (ID...)

Item: end or end or thru (any) thru (all)

Type

Single Answer
 Multiple

Answer Format

Radio Button
 Check Boxes
 List
 Edit Field
 Phrase
 show as list

5. Replacement of placeholders with ID merge fields.

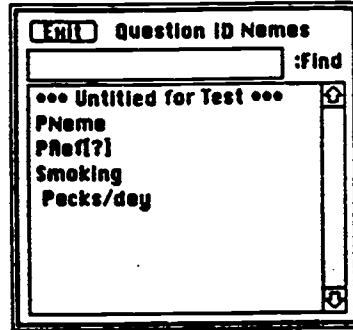
Highlight the placeholder.

Choose ID Pick List... from the menu.

?	
New Questionnaire	
Open Questionnaire	⌘4
I.Q. Functions...	⌘5
Merge Primary	⌘6
Merge Secondary	⌘7
ID PICK LIST...	⌘8
Untitled for Test	

The following dialog box will appear:

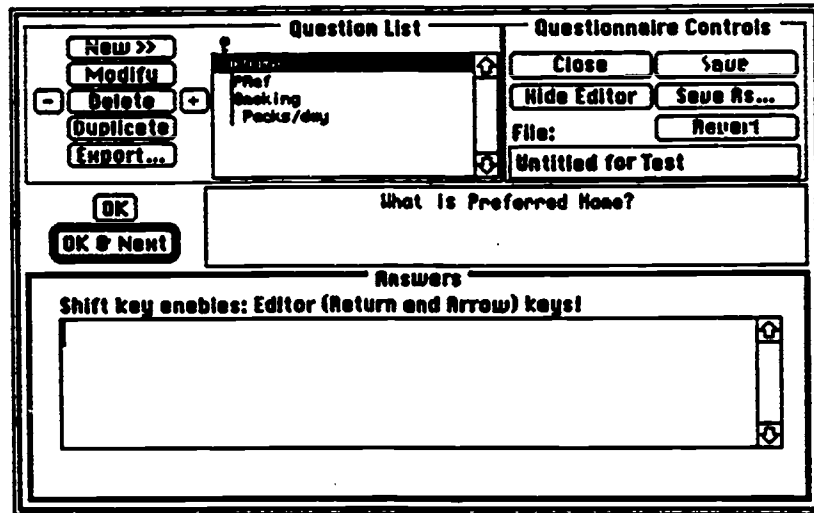
Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3



Double-click the ID Name corresponding to the placeholder.

[PName] states that [PRef] [smokes].
becomes, after editing (the PRef we want is in "column 2"),
«PName» states that «PRef[2]» «Smoking»

The Resulting QUESTIONNAIRE...



Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

Question List | **Questionnaire Controls**

New >> | Modify | Delete | Duplicate | Export...

Phone: [Blank] | Seeking Pecks/dwy

Close | Save | Hide Editor | Save As... | File: | Revert | Untitled for Test

OK | OK & Next

What are Personal References?

Answers

Dr. | he | his
 Mr. | she | her
 Mrs. | Miss

Question Editor

ID Name: [PREF] | Question Prompt: [ID Picker...] | Type: Single Answer Multiple

What are Personal References?

Answers

New >> | Modify | Delete | Duplicate

Dr. | Mr. | Mrs. | Miss | he | she | Group break.

Answer Format

Radio Button Check Boxes List Edit Field Phrase show as list

Question link

Link: [ID...] | Item: [] and [] or [] thru []

OK | Cancel

Choice for: "PREF"

ID Name: [Dr.] | "Merge Text" same as "ID Name"

Primary: [Dr.]

Secondary: [Dr.]

ID Picker... | Cancel | Functions... | Macro Titles... | OK

Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

Choice for: "PRer"

ID Name:

"Merge Text" same as "ID Name" ←

Primary:

Secondary:

ID Picker... Cancel OK
Functions... Macro Titles...

•
•
•
Etc.

Question List Questionnaire Controls

New >> Close Save
Modifu Hide Editor Save As...
Delete File: Revert
Duplicate
Export...

PKer
Peeke/day

Untitled for Test

OK Does the patient Saoke?

OK & Next

Answers

No
 Yes*

Choice for: "Smoking"

ID Name:

"Merge Text" same as "ID Name" ←

Primary:

Secondary:

ID Picker... Cancel OK
Functions... Macro Titles...

Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

Choice for: "Smoking"

ID Name: "Merge Text" same as "ID Name" ←

Primary:

Secondary:

Question Editor

ID Name:

Question Prompt:

Answers:

- 1 pack/day
- 1 pack/day
- 1 pack/day

Group break.

Question Link:

Link:

Item: 2 end or end or end thru (any) thru (all)

Type:

- Single Answer
- Multiple

Answer Format:

- Radio Button
- Check Boxes
- List
- Edit Field
- Phrase
- show as list

Choice for: "Packs/day"

ID Name: "Merge Text" same as "ID Name" ←

Primary:

Secondary:

Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

Choice for: " Packs/day"

ID Name: 1 pack day

"Merge Text" same as "ID Name"

Primary: about one pack per day.

Secondary: about one pack per day.

ID Picker... Cancel OK

Functions... Macro Titles...

•
•
•
Etc.

USING the Questionnaire:

1. Answer the Questionnaire-based answers for all document merge fields. (One or more Questionnaires).
2. Merge Primary (or Secondary) language with the open document.

Example:

1. Open the QUESTIONNAIRE(s)
AND
Questionnaire Document OR STATIONERY in some order:

For this specific example,

"Mary states that she smokes about one pack of cigarettes a day."

We now have this Questionnaire Document—


«PName» states that «PRef[2]» «Smoking».

2. ANSWER the Questionnaire...

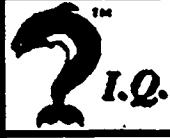
Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3


Select/type the answers and click the **OK & Next** button.

Question List		Questionnaire Controls		
New >>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 	Close	Save	
Modify		File:	Hide Editor	Save As...
Delete		Book 1 mg	File:	Revert
Duplicate		Peaks/day	Untitled for Test	
Export...				
<input type="button" value="OK"/>		<input type="button" value="OK & Next"/>		
<p>What is Preferred Name?</p>				
<p>Answers</p> <p>Shift key enables: Editor (Return and Arrow) keys!</p> <p>Mary</p>				

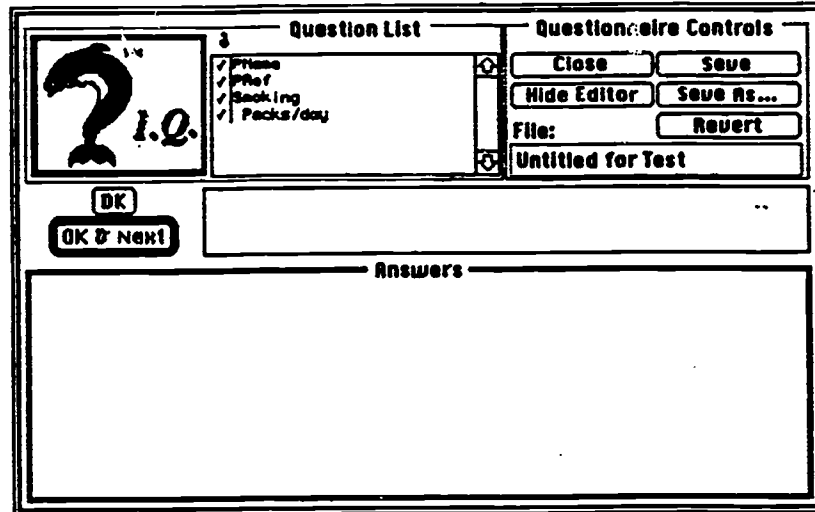
Question List		Questionnaire Controls		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 	Close	Save	
		File:	Hide Editor	Save As...
		Book 1 mg	File:	Revert
		Peaks/day	Untitled for Test	
<input type="button" value="OK"/>		<input type="button" value="OK & Next"/>		
<p>What are Personal References?</p>				
<p>Answers</p> <p> <input type="checkbox"/> Dr. <input type="checkbox"/> he <input type="checkbox"/> his <input type="checkbox"/> Mr. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> she <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> her <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mrs. <input type="checkbox"/> Miss </p>				

Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3

	Question List	Questionnaire Controls	
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prime <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PReT <input type="checkbox"/> Backing Packs/day	<input type="button" value="Close"/>	<input type="button" value="Save"/>
<input type="button" value="OK"/>		<input type="button" value="Hide Editor"/>	<input type="button" value="Save As..."/>
<input type="button" value="OK & Next"/>	Does the patient Smoke?	File:	<input type="button" value="Revert"/>
		Untitled for Test	
	Answers		
	<input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes		

	Question List	Questionnaire Controls	
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prime <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PReT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Backing Packs/day	<input type="button" value="Close"/>	<input type="button" value="Save"/>
<input type="button" value="OK"/>		<input type="button" value="Hide Editor"/>	<input type="button" value="Save As..."/>
<input type="button" value="OK & Next"/>	How many packs per day does the patient smoke?	File:	<input type="button" value="Revert"/>
		Untitled for Test	
	Answers		
	<input type="radio"/> < 1 pack/day <input checked="" type="radio"/> = 1 pack/day <input type="radio"/> > 1 pack/day		

Intelligent Questionnaire With The WriteOne v1.3



3. Click the **Hide Editor** button for Questionnaire...
4. From the «?» menu, choose **Merge Primary** or **Merge Secondary** (the same in this example).

?	
New Questionnaire	
Open Questionnaire	⌘4
I.Q. Functions...	⌘5
<hr/>	
Merge Primary	⌘6
Merge Secondary	⌘7
ID Pick List...	⌘8
<hr/>	
Untitled for Test	

Intelligent Questionnaire merges the answers from the Questionnaire to the merge document!

«PName» states that «PRef[2]» «Smoking»

BECOMES, in this example...

Mary states that she smokes about one pack per day.

ATTACHMENT

Completed CAJSE Instruments

Student: «Student FName» «Student LName»

Date: «DATE(3)»

Instructor: «Instructor Name»
«CLR(«PtTot»,0)»

A. Interactions among Staff and Children

A-1. Staff interact frequently with children showing affection, interest, and respect.

«Interact»

A-2. Staff are available and responsive to children.

«Available»

A-3a. Staff speak with children in a friendly, courteous manner.

«Speak courteously»

A-3b. Staff talk with individual children, and encourage children of all ages to use language.

«Talk with individual children»

A-4a. Staff treat children of all races, religions, family backgrounds, and cultures equally with respect and consideration.

«Treat with equal respect»

A-4b. Staff provide children of both sexes with equal opportunities to take part in all activities.

«Treat with no gender bias»

A-5. Staff encourage independence in children as they are ready.

«Encourage independence»

A-6a. Staff use positive approaches to help children behave constructively.

«Constructive behavior»

A-6b. Staff do not use physical punishment or other negative discipline methods that hurt, frighten, or humiliate children.

«Non-punishing»

A-7. Overall sound of group is pleasant most of the time.

«Pleasant-sounding group»

A-8a. Children are generally comfortable, relaxed, happy, and involved in play and other activities.

«Comfortable, relaxed & happy»

A-8b. Staff help children deal with anger, sadness, and frustration by

comforting, identifying, reflecting feelings, and helping children use words to solve their problems.

- «Help with anger, sadness, fru»**
- A-9. Staff encourage prosocial behaviors in children such as cooperating, helping, taking turns, talking to solve problems.**
- «Prosocial behavior»**
- A-10. Staff expectations of children's social behavior are developmentally appropriate.**
- «Appropriate expectations»**
- A-11. Children are encouraged to talk about feelings and ideas instead of solving problems with force.**
- «Feelings—not force»**
- «GradeMethod»**

Student: Ralph Labrat

Date: Aug 11, 1995

Instructor: Mary Grader

A. Interactions among Staff and Children

- A-1. Staff interact frequently with children showing affection, interest, and respect.**

Interactions by Ralph were partially met to criterion. These interactions needed improvement:

He talks with and listen to individual children during activities and routines (arriving/departing, eating).

- A-2. Staff are available and responsive to children.**

Ralph availability could be improved if these criteria were met:

Reassure crying toddlers.

- A-3a. Staff speak with children in a friendly, courteous manner.**

Ralph speaks courteously but would be improved by more attention to these criteria:

Speak with individual children often.

He includes child in conversations; describe actions, experiences, and events; listen and respond to children's comments and suggestions.

- A-3b. Staff talk with individual children, and encourage children of all ages to use language.**

Talking with individual children was fully met to these criteria:

Ralph repeats infant sounds.

- A-4a. Staff treat children of all races, religions, family backgrounds, and cultures equally with respect and consideration.**

Ralph could improve showing treatment of equal respect by improving to these criteria:

Ralph initiates activities and discussions to build positive self-identity and teach the value of differences.

- A-4b. Staff provide children of both sexes with equal opportunities to take part in all activities.**

Improvement in showing no gender bias could be improve, for example: Provide models, props, and visual images tht counter traditional sex-role limitations (i.E., femal firefighters, male nurses, etc.).

A-5. Staff encourage independence in children as they are ready.

These examples of encouraging independence by Ralph would improve performance:

Older infants: finger feeding self.

A-6a. Staff use positive approaches to help children behave constructively.

Ralph, you definitely need to concentrate on these guidance methods to encourage more constructive behavior:

Redirection.

Consistent, clear rules developed in conjunction with children and discussed with them to make sure they understand.

Staff describe the situation to encourage children's evaluation of the problem rather than impose the solution.

A-6b. Staff do not use physical punishment or other negative discipline methods that hurt, frighten, or humiliate children.

Examples of non-punishing methods were could improve your performance: Ralph does not force children to apologize or explain their behavior but help children recognize another child's feelings.

A-7. Overall sound of group is pleasant most of the time.

A pleasant overall sound most of the time could be achieved if these situations were observed:

Happy laughter, excitement, busy activity, relaxed talking.

A-8a. Children are generally comfortable, relaxed, happy, and involved in play and other activities.

Ralph, you fully met this expectation.

A-8b. Staff help children deal with anger, sadness, and frustration by comforting, identifying, reflecting feelings, and helping children use words to solve their problems.

Ralph, you partially met this expectation.

A-9. Staff encourage prosocial behaviors in children such as cooperating, helping, taking turns, talking to solve problems.

These examples of prosocial behavior could help you fully meet criteria: Adults model the desire behaviors.

A-10. Staff expectations of children's social behavior are developmentally appropriate.

Your expectations of social behavior were partially met to criteria. Ralph, for

example, you could:

Infants interact (look, touch gently, vocalize) feely with one another as Ralph observes, alert to respond and model safe interaction when necessary.

- A-11. Children are encouraged to talk about feelings and ideas instead of solving problems with force.**

Feelings, not force, was fully encouraged, for example:

Adults supply appropriate words for infants and toddlers to help them learn ways to get along in a group.

71%

ASEPSIS EVALUATION

«CLR(«PtTot»,0)»«gender»

Date: «DATE(5)»
LName»

Student: «Student FName» «Student

Patient: «Patient Name»

1. «Student FName» placed rheostat on floor. «place rheostat»
2. «Student FName» performs hand washing. «hand wash»
3. «he» wore personal protection. «personal protection»
4. «Student FName» maintained dust-free operatory. «dust-free»
5. «he» disinfected all armamentarium that cannot be sterilized. «disinfection»
6. «he» placed barriers on particular areas of unit. «barrier placement»
7. «Student FName» prepared basis unit set-up. «basic set-up»
8. «Student FName» prepared bracket-tray and counter set-up. «bracket-tray and counter set-»
9. «Student FName» covered bracket table. «cover bracket table»
10. «he» wore gloves, face mask, and glasses during all intraoral procedures. «wear gloves, etc»
11. «he» recognized and corrected breaks in aseptic chain. «break in aseptic chain»
12. «Student FName» maintained clean working area. «maintain clean area»
13. «he» prepared instruments and supplies to be autoclaved. «prepare for autoclave»
14. «he» prepared materials and equipment to be disinfected. «prepare for disinfection»
15. «he» prepared prophy angle for sterilization. «prepare prophy angle»
16. «Student FName» prepared operatory. «prepare operatory»

COMMENTS:

Grade: «Template["Grade"]»

—

—

Instructor Signature:

Student Signature:

ASEPSIS EVALUATION

Date: August 11, 1995

Student: Ralph Labrat

Patient: Labrat

- | | |
|---|------------|
| 1. Ralph placed rheostat on floor. | Acceptable |
| 2. Ralph performs hand washing. | Acceptable |
| 3. He wore personal protection. | Acceptable |
| 4. Ralph maintained dust-free operatory. | Acceptable |
| 5. He disinfected all armamentarium that cannot be sterilized. | Acceptable |
| 6. He placed barriers on particular areas of unit. | Acceptable |
| 7. Ralph prepared basis unit set-up. | Acceptable |
| 8. Ralph prepared bracket-tray and counter set-up. | Acceptable |
| 9. Ralph covered bracket table. | Acceptable |
| 10. He wore gloves, face mask, and glasses during all intraoral procedures. | Acceptable |
| 11. He recognized and corrected breaks in aseptic chain. | Acceptable |
| 12. Ralph maintained clean working area. | Acceptable |
| 13. He prepared instruments and supplies to be autoclaved. | Acceptable |
| 14. He prepared materials and equipment to be disinfected. | Acceptable |
| 15. He prepared prophylaxis angle for sterilization. | Acceptable |
| 16. Ralph prepared operatory. | Acceptable |

COMMENTS:

Grade: Excellent

Instructor Signature:

Student Signature:

**TARRANT COUNTY JUNIOR COLLEGE
MEDICAL RECORD TECHNOLOGY/MEDICAL CODING SPECIALIST**

STUDENT EVALUATION
MRT 1472 MEDICAL CODING SPECIALIST CLINICAL
«CLR(«PtTot»,0)»«gender»
Student «Student FName» «Student LName»**Facility** «Facility»**Dates:** «Datefrom»
from to «Dateto»

PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

DEPENDABILITY

ATTENDANCE

«Attendance»

Comments:

PUNCTUALITY

«Punctuality»

Comments:

APPEARANCE

GROOMING/HYGIENE & DRESS

«Grooming»

Comments:

INTERPERSONAL RELATIONS/COMMUNICATIONS

WORK RELATIONSHIPS

«Work relations»

Comments:

RESPONSE TO CONSTRUCTIVE CRITICISM

«Criticism»

Comments:

QUALITY OF WORK

ABILITY TO FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS

«Follow instructions»

Comments:

ORGANIZATION AND COMPLETION OF WORK

«Organization»

Comments:

ABILITY TO WORK WITH SUPERVISION

«Supervision»

SCORE «GradeMethod»

**TARRANT COUNTY JUNIOR COLLEGE
MEDICAL RECORD TECHNOLOGY/MEDICAL CODING SPECIALIST**

**STUDENT EVALUATION
MRT 1472 MEDICAL CODING SPECIALIST CLINICAL**

Student Ralph Labrat
10/1/95

Facility Labrat

Dates: 2/2/95 from to

PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

DEPENDABILITY

ATTENDANCE

Ralph was never absent.

Comments:

PUNCTUALITY

Ralph was never late.

Comments:

APPEARANCE

GROOMING/HYGIENE & DRESS

Ralph is always neat and well-groomed. He is professional. He always reports wearing his I.D. Badge.

Comments:

INTERPERSONAL RELATIONS/COMMUNICATIONS

WORK RELATIONSHIPS

Ralph is always friendly and relates well to all personnel. He is an excellent team worker. (100% of the time).

Comments:

RESPONSE TO CONSTRUCTIVE CRITICISM

Ralph accepts guidance and criticism. He changes behavior to improve. He seeks out constructive criticism and guidance.

Comments:

QUALITY OF WORK

ABILITY TO FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS

Ralph is extremely quick and has excellent comprehension.

Comments:

ORGANIZATION AND COMPLETION OF WORK

Ralph consistently completes all his work on time. He plans ahead. Ralph makes good use of all of his time.

Comments:

ABILITY TO WORK WITH SUPERVISION

The minimum amount of supervision is required for Ralph.

SCORE 100%

Student: «Student FName» «Student LName» Date: «DATE(3)»

**MED-SURG II PRACTICUM PERFORMANCE EVALUATION
Grading Sheet (1:1) 600 points**

«CLR(«TempTot»,0)»«gender»

MEASURED CRITERIA

PROVIDER OF CARE «Provider of Care»/[150]

«relates theory data» «he» relates theory data for specific patient.

«initial assessment» «Student FName» does initial assessment of each patient.

«formulates database» «he» formulates data base (chart, nursing care plan, shift report and assessment.

«derives diagnoses» «he» derives appropriate nursing diagnoses.

«analyzes behavior» «he» analyzes patient behavior to determine nursing goals and interventions.

«provides interventions» «he» provides interventions based on scientific rationale and patient data.

«prioritizes» «he» prioritizes immediate (nutrition/elimination, etc) and long-term needs.

«individualized plan» «he» devises individualized nursing care plan/discharge planning.

«completes procedures» «Student FName» completes procedures efficiently.

«safety precautions» «Student FName» carries out safety precautions.

«maintains comfort» «Student FName» maintains patient comfort.

«nursing measures» «he» evaluates +/- responses to nursing measures.

«ordered therapy» «he» evaluates +/- responses to ordered therapy.

«CDC guidelines» «Student FName» follows CDC guidelines.

Notations by Instructor:

Personal Cleanliness «Personal Cleanliness»/[30]

«provide privacy» «Student FName» provides privacy.

«prevents chilling» «Student FName» prevents chilling.

Assists with hygienic needs

«premeal prep» premeal preparation.

«oral care» oral care.

«cath care» cath care.

«skin care» skin care.

Provides safe environment

«unit neat» unit neat and orderly.

«side rails» side rails as indicated.

«wheels locked» wheels locked and in place.

«linens safe» maintains linens safe & secure.

Notations by Instructor:

Medication Administration «Medication Admin»/[30]

«follows procedure» «Student FName» follows procedure for hospital.

«drug information» «he» is prepared with drug information.

«administer drug» «Student FName» administers drug/"5 rights."
«records properly» «he» records properly administration/response to patient.
Notations by Instructor:

Fluids and Mobility «Fluids & Mobility»/[30]

«fluid intake» «he» measures/records: type, amount, and time of fluid intake.
«output» «he» measures and records output.
«body alignment» «he» supports, turns, and positions patient in correct body alignment.
«exercise» «he» provides active/passive exercise as indicated.
«transfers/ambulates» «Student FName» transfers/ambulates safely (stabilized, balance).
Notations by Instructor:

I.V. Care «IV Care»/[30]

«IV procedure» «Student FName» follows procedure.
«calculates infusion» «he» calculates and maintains infusion.
«dates/times tubing» «he» dates/times tubing.
«records IV site» «he» records appearance/location of IV site.
«electrolyte balance» «he» assesses hydration/electrolyte balance.
«charts fluid» «Student FName» charts fluid amount left at end of "shift."
«charts prn» «he» charts on IV fluid record : prn.
Notations by Instructor:

ROLE OF TEACHER «Role of Teacher»/[60]

«teaching interest» «he» assesses patient and family need for/interest in teaching.
«provides teaching» «he» provides teaching/learning activity utilizing teaching principles.
«team collaboration» «Student FName» collaborates with health team in teaching.
«documents teaching» «he» documents patient/family response to teaching.
Notations by Instructor:

ROLE OF COMMUNICATOR «Role of Communicator»/[120]

«social communication» «he» uses social therapeutic communication and intervenes appropriately.
«health team communication» «he» communicates with health team in providing/evaluating care.
«involves family» «he» involves family in planning care.
«updates care plan» «he» updates and revises hospital nursing care plan.
«records observations» «he» records appropriate observations/findings in nurses notes (accuracy & legibility).
«follows instructions» «Student FName» demonstrates evidence of following instructions.
Notations by Instructor:

ROLE OF MANAGER/TIME MANAGEMENT «Role of Manager»/[90]

«time frame» «he» manages care of 2-3 patients within appropriate time frame.
«priorities» «Student FName» sets priorities, reorganizing as necessary.
«completes tasks» «he» completes tasks within appropriate time frame.
«conserves supplies» «Student FName» utilizes and conserves supplies appropriately.
«continuity of care» «he» assumes responsibility for maintaining continuity of care.
Notations by Instructor:

ROLE OF MEMBER WITHIN PROFESSION «Role of Member»/[60]

«staff presence»	«he» functions effectively in presence of instructor/staff.
«independent»	«he» demonstrates independent behavior.
«caring»	«Student FName» demonstrates caring behaviors.
«confidential info»	«he» protects patient/family rights concerning confidential information.
«policy adherence»	«Student FName» adheres to established policy/procedures.
«appearance»	«he» maintains professional appearance.
«punctual»	«he» assumes responsibility for punctuality.

Notations by Instructor:

GRADE = «Template["Grade"]» INSTRUCTOR: «Instructor Name» DATE:

COMMENTS:

STUDENT:

DATE:

COMMENTS:

Student: Ralph Labrat

Date: Aug 11, 1995

MED-SURG II PRACTICUM PERFORMANCE EVALUATION
Grading Sheet (1:1) 600 points

MEASURED CRITERIA

PROVIDER OF CARE 0/[150]

Excellent	he relates theory data for specific patient.
Excellent	Ralph does initial assessment of each patient.
Excellent	he formulates data base (chart, nursing care plan, shift report and assessment.
Excellent	he derives appropriate nursing diagnoses.
Excellent	he analyzes patient behavior to determine nursing goals and interventions.
Excellent	he provides interventions based on scientific rationale and patient data.
Excellent	he prioritizes immediate (nutrition/elimination, etc) and long-term needs.
Excellent	he devises individualized nursing care plan/discharge planning.
Excellent	Ralph completes procedures efficiently.
Excellent	Ralph carries out safety precautions.
Excellent	Ralph maintains patient comfort.
Excellent	he evaluates +/- responses to nursing measures.
Excellent	he evaluates +/- responses to ordered therapy.
Excellent	Ralph follows CDC guidelines.

Notations by Instructor:

Personal Cleanliness 30/[30]

Excellent	Ralph provides privacy.
Excellent	Ralph prevents chilling.

Assists with hygienic needs

Excellent	premeal preparation.
Excellent	oral care.
Excellent	cath care.
Excellent	skin care.

Provides safe environment

Excellent	unit neat and orderly.
Excellent	side rails as indicated.
Excellent	wheels locked and in place.
Excellent	maintains linens safe & secure.

Notations by Instructor:

Medication Administration 30/[30]

Excellent	Ralph follows procedure for hospital.
Excellent	he is prepared with drug information.
Excellent	Ralph administers drug/"5 rights."
Excellent	he records properly administration/response to patient.

Notations by Instructor:

Fluids and Mobility 30/[30]

- Excellent he measures/records: type, amount, and time of fluid intake.
- Excellent he measures and records output.
- Excellent he supports, turns, and positions patient in correct body alignment.
- Excellent he provides active/passive exercise as indicated.
- Excellent Ralph transfers/ambulates safely (stabilized, balance).

Notations by Instructor:

I.V. Care 30/[30]

- Excellent Ralph follows procedure.
- Excellent he calculates and maintains infusion.
- Excellent he dates/times tubing.
- Excellent he records appearance/location of IV site.
- Excellent he assesses hydration/electrolyte balance.
- Excellent Ralph charts fluid amount left at end of "shift."
- Excellent he charts on IV fluid record pm.

Notations by Instructor:

ROLE OF TEACHER 60/[60]

- Excellent he assesses patient and family need for/interest in teaching.
- Excellent he provides teaching/learning activity utilizing teaching principles.
- Excellent Ralph collaborates with health team in teaching.
- Excellent he documents patient/family response to teaching.

Notations by Instructor:

ROLE OF COMMUNICATOR 120/[120]

- Excellent he uses social therapeutic communication and intervenes appropriately.
- Excellent he communicates with health team in providing/evaluating care.
- Excellent he involves family in planning care.
- Excellent he updates and revises hospital nursing care plan.
- Excellent he records appropriate observations/findings in nurses notes (accuracy & legibility).
- Excellent Ralph demonstrates evidence of following instructions.

Notations by Instructor:

ROLE OF MANAGER/TIME MANAGEMENT 90/[90]

- Excellent he manages care of 2-3 patients within appropriate time frame.
- Excellent Ralph sets priorities, reorganizing as necessary.
- Excellent he completes tasks within appropriate time frame.
- Excellent Ralph utilizes and conserves supplies appropriately.
- Excellent he assumes responsibility for maintaining continuity of care.

Notations by Instructor:

ROLE OF MEMBER WITHIN PROFESSION 60/[60]

- Excellent he functions effectively in presence of instructor/staff.
- Excellent he demonstrates independent behavior.

Excellent Ralph demonstrates caring behaviors.
Excellent he protects patient/family rights concerning confidential information.
Excellent Ralph adheres to established policy/procedures.
Excellent he maintains professional appearance.
Excellent he assumes responsibility for punctuality.
Notations by Instructor:

GRADE = C

INSTRUCTOR: Mary Grader

DATE:

COMMENTS:

STUDENT:

DATE:

COMMENTS:

Student: «Student FName» «Student LName» Date: «DATE(3)»

Instructor: «Instructor Name»

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION: STERILE TECHNIQUE
«CLR(«PtTot»,0)»«gender»

- 3 points** Task performed satisfactorily without prompting.
- 2 points** Task performed satisfactorily with self-initiated correction.
- 1 point** Task performed satisfactorily 1 prompting statement.
- 0 point** Task performed incorrectly or with more than 1 prompting statement.

TASKS:

1. WHIRLPOOL PROCEDURE

- «water temp» a. «he» insures correct water temperature.
- «antimicrobial» b. «Student FName» adds microbial agent to water, pr.
- «runs agitator» c. «he» runs agitator after adding agent to water.
- «removes bandages» d. «he» correctly removes bandages and dressings.
- «measures wound» e. «he» measures size, depth of wound, odor, color of tissue, drainage.
- «documents wound» f. «he» documents size, depth of wound, odor, color of tissue, drainage.
- «patient in water» g. «Student FName» puts patient or part in water.
- «soaks off dressing» h. «he» allows dressings to soak off, pr and removes from whirlpool.
- «adjusts agitator» i. «he» adjusts height, direction and force of agitator flow for part being treated.

2. SETTING UP STERILE FIELD

- «washes hands1» a. «he» washes «his» hands.
- «creates sterile field» b. «Student FName» creates sterile field.
- «preserve field» c. «he» places equipment and supplies in sterile field withouth touching field, supplies or without crossing field.

3. DEBRIDEMENT PROCEDURE

- «washes hands2» a. «Student FName» washes «his» hands.
- «remove from whirlpool» b. «Student FName» removes patient from whirlpool.
- «dries area» c. «he» dries area with sterile towel, patting all around the wound.
- «positions patient» d. «he» positions patient for dressing.
- «washes hands3» e. «he» washes «his» hands.
- «dons sterile wear» f. «he» dons sterile gloves, gown, mask, shield, goggles, booties, cap, pr in correct sequence.
- «maintains sterility1» g. «Student FName» maintains sterility when obtaining Debridement instruments.
- «maintains sterility2» h. «Student FName» maintains sterility when performing Debridement procedure.

4. STERILE DRESSING

- «removes/replaces wear» a. «Student FName» removes gloves, washes hands, dons clean

- sterile gloves, prn.
- «applies antimicrobial» b. «Student FName», while maintaining sterility, correctly applies antimicrobial agent.
 - «applies bandage» c. «Student FName», while maintaining sterility, applies 4x4s, Kerlex, Kling, tube gauze, Spandage, and ace wrap, prn.
 - «removes wear» d. «he» correctly degloves, removes mask, gown, shield, boots, cap, prn in correct sequence.
 - «washes hands4» e. «he» washes «his» hands.

5. CLEAN UP

- «dons gloves» a. «he» dons examining gloves.
- «cleans devices» b. «Student FName» cleans whirlpool, chair, lift, stretcher, prn.
- «dispose instruments» c. «Student FName» properly disposes of sharp instruments.
- «dispose materials» d. «he» properly disposes of contaminated materials.
- «washes hands5» e. «he» washes «his» hands.

GRADE = «GradeMethod»

Student: Ralph Labrat

Date: Aug 11, 1995

Instructor: Mary Grader

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION: STERILE TECHNIQUE

- 3 points** Task performed satisfactorily without prompting.
2 points Task performed satisfactorily with self-initiated correction.
1 point Task performed satisfactorily 1 prompting statement.
0 point Task performed incorrectly or with more than 1 prompting statement.

TASKS:

1. WHIRLPOOL PROCEDURE

- 3 points a. He insures correct water temperature.
3 points b. Ralph adds microbial agent to water, prn.
3 points c. He runs agitator after adding agent to water.
3 points d. He correctly removes bandages and dressings.
3 points e. He measures size, depth of wound, odor, color of tissue, drainage.
3 points f. He documents size, depth of wound, odor, color of tissue, drainage.
3 points g. Ralph puts patient or part in water.
3 points h. He allows dressings to soak off, prn and removes from whirlpool.
3 points i. He adjusts height, direction and force of agitator flow for part being treated.

2. SETTING UP STERILE FIELD

- 3 points a. He washes his hands.
3 points b. Ralph creates sterile field.
3 points c. He places equipment and supplies in sterile field without touching field, supplies or without crossing field.

3. DEBRIDEMENT PROCEDURE

- 3 points a. Ralph washes his hands.
3 points b. Ralph removes patient from whirlpool.
3 points c. He dries area with sterile towel, patting all around the wound.
3 points d. He positions patient for dressing.
3 points e. He washes his hands.
3 points f. He dons sterile gloves, gown, mask, shield, goggles, booties, cap, prn in correct sequence.
3 points g. Ralph maintains sterility when obtaining Debridement instruments.
3 points h. Ralph maintains sterility when performing Debridement procedure.

4. STERILE DRESSING

- 3 points a. Ralph removes gloves, washes hands, dons clean sterile gloves, prn.
3 points b. Ralph, while maintaining sterility, correctly applies

- 3 points c. antimicrobial agent.
Ralph, while maintaining sterility, applies 4x4s, Kerlex,
Kling, tube gauze, Spandage, and ace wrap, pm.
- 3 points d. He correctly degloves, removes mask, gown, shield, boots, cap, pm
in correct sequence.
- 3 points e. He washes his hands.

5. CLEAN UP

- 3 points a. He dons examining gloves.
- 3 points b. Ralph cleans whirlpool, chair, lift, stretcher, pm.
- 3 points c. Ralph properly disposes of sharp instruments.
- 3 points d. He properly disposes of contaminated materials.
- 3 points e. He washes his hands.

GRADE = 100%

COMPETENCY EVALUATION

«CLR(«PtTot»,0)»

Student «Student FName» «Student LName» Evaluator «Evaluator Name» Date «Date»

Laboratory «Which evaluation»

Procedure «Procedure»

Patient # «Patient No.»

Hospital «Hospital»

Room # «Room No.»

Each area below is rated as:

0 — Unacceptable

5 — Needs Improvement

10 — Acceptable

A "0" in any of these areas
results in a score of "0"
for that projection.

Identify Projection — Projection # [project no]

Pre-Exposure Performance

1. Interpretation of Requisition
«Interpretation of Requisition»
2. Facilities Readiness
«Facilities Readiness»
3. Patient Care and Handling
«Patient Care & Handling»

Image Evaluation

4. Correct Film Size and Axis Alignment
«Correct Film Size & Axis Align»
5. Correct Tube-Part-Film Alignment
«Correct Tube-Part-Film Align»
6. Correct Radiographic Positioning
«Correct Radiographic Position»
7. Correct Density, Contrast, and Definition
«Correct density, contrast, de»
8. Correct Patient Identification and Markers
«Correct Patient ID & Markers»
9. Evidence of Radiation Protection (Borders, Gonad Shields, etc.)
«Radiation Protection»
10. Identification of Anatomical Structures Demonstrated
«ID Anatomical Structures»

Student's Signature _____

Total Score «GradeMethod»

COMPETENCY EVALUATION

Student Ralph Labrat
1995

Evaluator Mary Grader

Date August 11,

Laboratory Laboratory Evaluation

Procedure Upper Thoracic

Patient # 44

Hospital All Saints Cityview Room # 212

Each area below is rated as:

- 0 — Unacceptable
- 5 — Needs Improvement
- 10 — Acceptable

A "0" in any of these areas
results in a score of "0"
for that projection.

Identify Projection — Projection # [project no]

Pre-Exposure Performance

1. Interpretation of Requisition
Needs Improvement — SCORE — 5

These performance objectives should be improved:

- Recall the history on the requisition
- Identify the procedure to be done
- Recall the patient's name and age
- Identify mode of transportation to the clinical area
- Pronounce the patient's name (within reasonable limits)
- Recall the appropriate routine projections

2. Facilities Readiness
Acceptable — SCORE — 10

You met each of these performance objectives well, Ralph:
Have radiographic table and other equipment clean and ready

3. Patient Care and Handling
Unacceptable — SCORE — 0

You need to improve on every one of these performance objectives:

- Select the correct patient
- Exhibit care for patient paraphernalia (I.V. tubes, etc.)
- Talk with patient in a concerned, professional manner
- Follow proper isolation procedure when appropriate
- Explain examination to patient

Image Evaluation

4. Correct Film Size and Axis Alignment
Needs Improvement — S C O R E — 5

These performance objectives should be improved:
Select the correct film size for the required projections

5. Correct Tube-Part-Film Alignment
Acceptable — S C O R E — 10

You met each of these performance objectives well, Ralph:
Align center of part to the center of the film
Center CR to the center of film
Angle the CR the proper amount and direction to the center of the film

6. Correct Radiographic Positioning
Needs Improvement — S C O R E — 5

These performance objectives should be improved:
The body part in proper position

7. Correct Density, Contrast, and Definition
Acceptable — S C O R E — 10

You met each of these performance objectives well, Ralph:
Proper density and contrast
Correct use of film, film holder, grid, etc.
No motion or artifacts

8. Correct Patient Identification and Markers
Needs Improvement — S C O R E — 5

These performance objectives should be improved:
Correct right or left markers are properly placed
Time and/or position markers correctly placed

9. Evidence of Radiation Protection (Boarders, Gonad Shields, etc.)
Acceptable — S C O R E — 10

You met each of these performance objectives well, Ralph:
Demonstrate utilization of lead apron and gloves, if appropriate
Wear film badge as required

10. Identification of Anatomical Structures Demonstrated
Acceptable — S C O R E — 10

You met each of these performance objectives well, Ralph:
Name the anatomical structures demonstrated on the radiograph

Student's Signature _____ Total Score 70

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION: OXYGEN ADMINISTRATION

Date: Lab «Lab Date» Clinical «Clinical Date» Agency «Agency Date»
Lab: Pass Fail Clinical: Pass Fail
Student Name: «Student FName» «Student LName» Instructor Name «Instructor Name»
No. of times observed in clinical «CLR(«PtTot»,0)» No. of times practiced in clinical

PASSING CRITERIA:

Clinical evaluation requires 100% score for successful completion. Laboratory evaluation requires 90% or better on the procedure. Tasks indicated by * must receive at least 1 point or the evaluation is terminated. Procedure must be performed within the designated time or the performance receives a failing grade.

SCORING:

2 points Task performed satisfactorily without prompting.
1 point Task performed satisfactorily with self-initiated correction.
0 point Task performed incorrectly or with prompting required.
NA Task not applicable to the patient care situation.

TASKS:

- * 1. Verifies the physician's order «Physician order»
- * 2. Washes hands «Hand wash»
- 3. Obtains the required equipment
 - * a. Oxygen flowmeter «Oxygen flowmeter»
 - * b. Humidifier «Humidifier»
 - * c. Sterile water «Sterile water»
 - * d. Oxygen connecting tubing «Oxygen connecting tubing»
 - * e. Oxygen administration device «Oxygen administration device»
 - * f. *No Smoking Sign(s)* «No smoking sign»
- 4. Identifies the patient «Identifies patient»
- 5. Explains the procedure to the patient «Explain procedure»
- * 6. Adjusts the device to the ordered level «Adjust device»
- * 7. Applies the device to the patient «Applies the device»
- * 8. Confirms the F₁O₂ as appropriate «Confirms F1O2»
- 9. Disposes of excess equipment «Disposes excess equipment»
- 10. Leaves the patient area clean and safe «Leaves area clean and safe»
- * 11. Washes hands before leaving room «Washes hands before leaving»
- * 12. Documents equipment, concentration,
or liter flow in the patient's chart «Documents patient chart»

SCORE:

«Which evaluation» «PtTot» points of possible 34: «GradeMethod»
TIME: «Duration» out of possible 20 minutes.

STUDENT SIGNATURES:

INSTRUCTOR SIGNATURES:

PEER: _____

LAB: _____

STUDENT: _____

CLINICAL: _____

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION: OXYGEN ADMINISTRATION

Date: Lab 1/9/95

Clinical 1/10/95

Agency 1/11/95

Lab: Pass Fail

Clinical: Pass Fail

Student Name: Ralph Labrat

Instructor Name Mary Grader

No. of times observed in clinical

No. of times practiced in clinical

PASSING CRITERIA:

Clinical evaluation requires 100% score for successful completion. Laboratory evaluation requires 90% or better on the procedure. Tasks indicated by * must receive at least 1 point or the evaluation is terminated. Procedure must be performed within the designated time or the performance receives a failing grade.

SCORING:

2 points Task performed satisfactorily without prompting.
1 point Task performed satisfactorily with self-initiated correction.
0 point Task performed incorrectly or with prompting required.
NA Task not applicable to the patient care situation.

TASKS:

- | | |
|--|---|
| * 1. Verifies the physician's order | Task performed satisfactorily without prompting |
| * 2. Washes hands | Task performed satisfactorily without prompting |
| 3. Obtains the required equipment | |
| * a. Oxygen flowmeter | Task performed satisfactorily with self-initiated correction. |
| * b. Humidifier | Task performed satisfactorily with self-initiated correction. |
| * c. Sterile water | Task performed incorrectly or with prompting required. |
| * d. Oxygen connecting tubing | Task performed incorrectly or with prompting required. |
| * e. Oxygen administration device | Task performed incorrectly or with prompting required. |
| * f. <i>No Smoking Sign(s)</i> | Task performed satisfactorily without prompting |
| 4. Identifies the patient | Task performed satisfactorily without prompting |
| 5. Explains the procedure to the patient | Task performed satisfactorily without prompting |
| * 6. Adjusts the device to the ordered level | Task performed satisfactorily without prompting |
| * 7. Applies the device to the patient | Task performed satisfactorily without prompting |
| * 8. Confirms the F_1O_2 as appropriate | Task performed satisfactorily without prompting |
| 9. Disposes of excess equipment | Task performed satisfactorily without prompting |
| 10. Leaves the patient area clean and safe | Task performed satisfactorily without prompting |
| * 11. Washes hands before leaving room | Task performed satisfactorily with self-initiated correction. |
| * 12. Documents equipment, concentration, or liter flow in the patient's chart | Task performed satisfactorily with self-initiated correction. |

SCORE:

Peer 24 points of possible 34: 64%
TIME: 10 out of possible 20 minutes.

STUDENT SIGNATURES:

PEER: _____
STUDENT: _____

INSTRUCTOR SIGNATURES:

LAB: _____
CLINICAL: _____

Instructor: «Instructor Name»

Student: «Student FName» «Student LName»

Quality of Performance: With 5 being the most positive response the rating is shown beside each criterion stated.

«CLR(«PtTot»,0)»«gender»

5 = Outstanding
4 = Good
3 = Fair
2 = Poor
1 = Unacceptable
0 = Not applicable

I. PROFESSIONAL ATTITUDES EVALUATION

		Rating
A.	Interpersonal Relations	
1.	Towards patients	
A.	«he» shows interest in the patient.	«interest in patient»
B.	«he» maintains confidentiality of information.	«confidentiality of informatio»
C.	By working quietly, «Student FName» shows awareness of patient's fear and apprehension.	«awareness of
D.	«he» shows concern for the patient's safety.	«concern for safety»
2.	Toward Surgeons	
A.	«Student FName» shows respect for all surgeons.	«respect for surgeons»
B.	«he» makes an effort to give service to all surgeons regardless of personal feelings.	«service regardless
C.	«he» takes objective criticism from surgeons seriously and profitably.	«take objective criticism»
D.	«he» does not become emotionally upset when criticized by surgeons during the case.	«not emotional when
3.	Towards Administrative Personnel	
A.	«Student FName» shows professional respect toward those for whom «he» works.	«professional respect»
C.	«he» is respectful and cooperative toward the RN under whom «he» works.	«respect RN»
B.	«he» accepts criticism, asks questions concerning improvement and indicates appreciation for guidelines.	«accepts criticism»
D.	«Student FName» accepts assignments without disagreements.	«accepts assignments»

4. Towards Other Personnel
- A. «he» shares knowledge of procedure and technique. «shares knowledge»
 - B. «he» communicates in a cheerful, friendly cheerfully» manner. «communicates
 - C. «Student FName» is generous with time by helping others with their work. «helps others»
 - D. «he» contributes to building group morale. «build morale»
- B. Degree of Dependability and Integrity
- A. «he» arrives on time, begins work promptly. «on time & work promptly»
 - B. «he» notifies well in advance of expected absence or tardiness. «notify of absence»
 - C. «he» treats confidential information ethically confiden» regarding patients, peers and staff. «maintain information
 - D. «Student FName» admits errors and accepts responsibility for «his» own actions. «admit errors»
 - E. «he» remains on the case until work is completed or relieved or given permission to leave. «remain on case»
 - F. «he» abides by the Code of Ethics and demonstrates professionalism. «abide Code of Ethics»
 - G. «Student FName» follows hospital and program pol» program policies. «follow hospital &
- C. Degree of Stability
- A. «Student FName» demonstrates emotional Frustration» control during frustrating or anger-provoking situations. «emotional control
 - B. «he» retains emotional control during Emergencies» emergencies. «emotional control
 - C. «he» follows directions during emergencies. «direction during emergencies»
 - D. «he» performs well under heavy workload. «heavy workload»
 - E. «Student FName» does not allow personal mood to affect performance. «personal mood»
- D. Initiative
- A. «he» seeks opportunities to perform tasks. «seeks opportunity»
 - B. «he» shows interest and desire to perform tasks. «interest to perform»

- | | | |
|----|---|---------------------------|
| C. | «he» demonstrates personal goals and goals»
success to be very important. | «demonstrate personal |
| D. | «he» prepares in advance for assignments by reading preference cards and/or textbook. | «prepare in advance» |
| E. | «he» shows interest in learning new proc»
procedures. | «interest in learning new |

Performance Deficiencies—these deficiencies need to be improved:

«Performance Deficiencies»

Recommendations of Evaluator:

«Recommendations»

Additional Comments: «Additional Comments»

Main Strengths: «Main Strengths»

Number of Absences: «Absenses»

Overall Grade: «GradeMethod»

Instructor: Mary Grader

Student: Ralph Labrat

Quality of Performance: With 5 being the most positive response the rating is shown beside each criterion stated.

5 = Outstanding
4 = Good
3 = Fair
2 = Poor
1 = Unacceptable
0 = Not applicable

I. PROFESSIONAL ATTITUDES EVALUATION

		Rating
A.	Interpersonal Relations	
1.	Towards patients	
A.	He shows interest in the patient.	Outstanding
B.	He maintains confidentiality of information.	Outstanding
C.	By working quietly, Ralph shows awareness of patient's fear and apprehension.	Outstanding
D.	He shows concern for the patient's safety.	Outstanding
2.	Toward Surgeons	
A.	Ralph shows respect for all surgeons.	Outstanding
B.	He makes an effort to give service to all surgeons regardless of personal feelings.	Outstanding
C.	He takes objective criticism from surgeons seriously and profitably.	Outstanding
D.	He does not become emotionally upset when criticized by surgeons during the case.	Outstanding
3.	Towards Administrative Personnel	
A.	Ralph shows professional respect toward those for whom he works.	Outstanding
C.	He is respectful and cooperative toward the RN under whom he works.	Outstanding
B.	He accepts criticism, asks questions concerning improvement and indicates appreciation for guidelines.	Outstanding
D.	Ralph accepts assignments without disagreements.	Outstanding
4.	Towards Other Personnel	
A.	He shares knowledge of procedure and technique.	Outstanding

- | | | |
|---|--|-------------|
| B | He communicates in a cheerful, friendly manner. | Outstanding |
| C. | Ralph is generous with time by helping others with their work. | Outstanding |
| D. | He contributes to building group morale. | Outstanding |
| B. Degree of Dependability and Integrity | | |
| A. | He arrives on time, begins work promptly. | Outstanding |
| B. | He notifies well in advance of expected absence or tardiness. | Outstanding |
| C. | He treats confidential information ethically regarding patients, peers and staff. | Outstanding |
| D. | Ralph admits errors and accepts responsibility for his own actions. | Outstanding |
| E. | He remains on the case until work is completed or relieved or given permission to leave. | Outstanding |
| F. | He abides by the Code of Ethics and demonstrates professionalism. | Outstanding |
| G. | Ralph follows hospital and program policies. | Outstanding |
| C. Degree of Stability | | |
| A. | Ralph demonstrates emotional control during frustrating or anger-provoking situations. | Outstanding |
| B. | He retains emotional control during emergencies. | Outstanding |
| C. | He follows directions during emergencies. | Outstanding |
| D. | He performs well under heavy workload. | Outstanding |
| E. | Ralph does not allow personal mood to affect performance. | Outstanding |
| D. Initiative | | |
| A. | He seeks opportunities to perform tasks. | Outstanding |
| B. | He shows interest and desire to perform tasks. | Outstanding |
| C. | He demonstrates personal goals and success to be very important. | Outstanding |
| D. | He prepares in advance for assignments by reading preference cards and/or textbook. | Outstanding |
| E. | He shows interest in learning new procedures. | Outstanding |

Performance Deficiencies—these deficiencies need to be improved:

Tardiness/Absenteeism

Ethical behavior/Professionalism

Ralph, you can't find your way out of the garage with the doors open!

Recommendations of Evaluator:

Improve communication skills

Seek opportunities to learn and perform tasks.

Additional Comments: Try a lobotomy!

Main Strengths: Ralph, you a real sharp dresser!

Number of Absences: 56

Overall Grade: 100%