ED 393 494 JC 960 193

AUTHOR Barnett, Lynn

TITLE A Climate Created: Community Building in the Beacon

College Project.

INSTITUTION American Association of Community Colleges,

Washington, DC.

SPONS AGENCY Kellogg Foundation, Battle Creek, Mich.

REPORT NO AACC-1389; ISBN-0-87117-294-1

PUB DATE 95

NOTE 97p.; Document contains colored text and pages which

may not reproduce well.

PUB TYPE Reports - Descriptive (141)

EDRS PRICE MF01/PC04 Plus Postage.

DESCRIPTORS Community Colleges; Community Development; \*Community

Education; Community Involvement; Community Leaders; \*Community Programs; \*Community Services; Educational

Objectives; Outreach Programs; \*Partnerships in Education; Program Development; \*School Community

Relationship; Iwo Year Colleges

IDENTIFIERS \*American Association of Community Colleges; \*Beacon

College Projects

#### **ABSTRACT**

From 1989 to 1995, the American Association of Community Colleges implemented the Beacon College Project to help community colleges develop creative and practical community-building strategies through collaborative initiatives. This report reviews the philosophy behind the project and describes goals and outcomes for the 26 institutions selected as primary Beacon colleges. Following introductory materials, including a map of project locations and a brief description of the project mission, is an overview of project outcomes, indicating that the 26 Beacon colleges engaged nearly 600 institutions, including 250 community colleges, in community-building efforts in 36 states and leveraged approximately \$7 million in Beacon funds. This section also reviews key factors in community building. The next three sections describe Beacon initiatives for community building in the classroom, highlighting efforts related to teaching and learning, international education, and technology; in the college, focusing on diversity, leadership, and assessment; and in the community, reviewing school partnerships, workforce partnerships, and service learning. Following conclusions and recommendations from the project, the initiatives, successes, and resulting spinoff programs are described for the 26 Beacon colleges, including programs promoting peer-assisted learning, intercultural awareness, academic and business partnerships, ethics, hazardous materials technology, international education, leadership, multimedia technology, literacy, at-risk student intervention, student diversity, and child development training. (Contains a list of 66 selected readings and an index of colleges. (TGI)

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*



Reproductions supplied by EDRS are the best that can be made
 from the original document.

### A CLIMATE CREATED: COMMUNITY BUILDING BEACON COLLI PROJEC

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
Office of Educational Research and Improvement
EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES "NFORMATION
CENTER (ERIC)
This document has been reproduced as
eccived from the person or organization
originating it.

- Minor changes have been made to improve reproduction quality.
- Points of view or opinions stated in this document do not necessarily represent officiel OERI position or policy.

#### BEST COPY AVAILABLE

A project of the American Association of Community Colleges wit's support from the W. K. Kellogg Foundation

"PERMISSION TO REPRODUCE THIS HAS BEEN GRANTED BY

J. Gollattscheck

TO THE EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES INFORMATION CENTER (ERIC)."

LYNN **BARNETT** 

JE 900 193

RECT CORY AVAILARLE

# A CLIMATE CREATED: COMMUNITY BUILDING IN THE BEACON COLLEGE PROJECT

by Lynn Barnett

A project of the American Association of Community Colleges with support from the W. K. Kellogg Foundation

#### AACC/W. K. KELLOGG FOUNDATION BEACON COLLEGE PROJECT 1989–1995

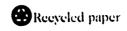
Lynn Barnett, Project Director Desktop Design, Publication Design

#### AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES

National Center for Higher Education One Dupont Circle, NW, Suite 410 Washington, DC 20036 202/728-0200

Internet: emorgan@aace.nehe.edu http://www.aace.nehe.edu

> Copyright + 1995 Printed in the U.S.A. ISBN 0-87117-294-1 AACC #1389







eknowledgmentsiii	
reface v	
Beacon College Project Locationsvi	
Climate to Be Created	
The Mission2	
Building a Community4	
What Happened4	
What Made It Happen	
What's a "Beacon"?5	
Key Factors in Community Building	
DO	
DON'T	
Things That Help	
In the Classroom8	
Teaching and Learning	
Technology	
leennology	
In the College	
Diversity	
Assessment 14	
Assessment	
Into the Community	
School Partnerships	
Workforce Partnerships 17	
Service Learning	
Conclusions & Recommendations	
Beacon Projects 1989–199522	
Class of 1992	
Class of 1992	
Class of 1994	
A Climate Created: Beaeon College Projects23	
Student Catalyst Program:Peer Assisted Learning (PAL)	
AMERICAN RIVER COLLEGE	
Promoting Intercultural Awareness and Understanding Among	
Maryland Community Colleges BALTIMORE CITY COMMUNITY COLLEGE . 26	
Kids for College and Kids for CHAMPIONS: A Community of Hope	
CALHOUN STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE	
Building Partnerships with Ageneies and Employers to Help	
High-Risk Students Succeed CHEMERETA COMMUNITY COLLEGE	
FACT (Faculty Access to Computer Technology)Project	
COLLEGE OF DUPAGE	
Students with Education and Experience (SEE)	
COLIN COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE	
Ethies-Aeross-the-Curriculum Community College of Aurora 37	
Hazardous Materials Technology Assistance Program	
FRONT RANGE COMMUNITY COLLEGE	



Building an Academic Partnership	
Houston Community Colleges	12
Building Community for an Interdependent World among	
Michigan Community Colleges	
Kalamazoo Valley Community College	1-1
Beyond the Classroom:	
International Education in Community Colleges	
KAPP OLANI COMMUNITY COLLEGE	46
A Leadership Academy for Kentucky's Community Colleges	
KENTUCKY COMMUNITY COLLEGE SYSTEM	48
Developing Winners in Our Communities:	
Partnerships for At-Risk Students in Urban/Rural Schools	
Lake Michigan College	50
Urban Education Coalitions	
Maricopa Community College District	52
The Undergraduate Experience:	
Massachusetts Community Colleges Building Community by	
Assessing the Outcomes	
Massachusetts Bay Community College	54
Building a Community of Diverse Leadership:	
Clearinghouse for Exemplary Practices in Leadership Diversity	
Metropolitan Community College	56
Building Community in the Classroom through Multimedia	
Technology in Feeder High Schools	
MIAMI-DADE COMMUNITY COLLEGE-KENDALL	58
Regional Orientation and Leadership Training Network for	
Language Minority Students at New Jersey Community Colleges	
MIDDLESEX COUNTY COLLEGE	60
Determining the Community College's Effectiveness:	
Developing Community Specific Models	
Midlands Technical College	. 62
Critical Literacy Institute	
Oakton Community College	. ()-]
The Community of the Future Is the Classroom of Today: Using	
Classroom Assessment Techniques for Pro-Diversity Strategies	
Rio Hondo College	. 66
Recognizing Scholarly Activity by Honors Students:	
Regional Conferences Rockland Community College	. 68
Building Community Through Student Diversity: Connecting Non-	
Traditional Students to Their Learning Communities	
St. Louis Community College at Meramec	10
Child Development Training Consortium	
San Juan College	. 12
College Suecess Network:	
Building Community Through Extended Orientation	
SANTA FE COMMUNITY COLLEGE	13
Development of a Comprehensive In-Progress and At-Exit	
Assessment Program	
Sinclar Community College	
Selected Readings	(
Index	8.
<b>6</b> ?	



he Beaeon College Project would not have been possible without the vision and leadership of the members of the AACC Commission on the Future of Community Colleges. Their recommendations guided the project's design and stimulated creative thinking at both local and national levels.

#### Sincere thanks are extended to chairs:

Naney Kassebaum, Ernest Boyer, and Jack Peltason.

#### and to members:

Harold Albertson Patricia Cross Wilhelmina Deleo Nolen Ellison Paul Elsner Marvin Feldman Alfred Fernandez Jan LeCroy Frank Newman Wayne T. Newton Terry O'Banion David Pierce David Ponitz George Potter Beverly Simone Joyee Tsunoda Larry Tyree James Wattenbarger

The project also would not have been possible without the dedication of specific individuals at the Beacon Colleges. Thanks to all the Beacon College project directors who made this six-year building communities initiative so successful, and who contributed information for this book:

Joseph Barillari, College of DuPage Libby Bay, Rockland Community College Janet Beauchamp, Maricopa Community College District

David Boon, Front Range Commu

David Boon, Front Range Community College

Carol Brown, Houston Community Colleges

Delinda Cannon, Midlands Community College

Allan Edwards. Lexington Community College

Barbara Eubanks, Collin County Community College

**Bob Franco**, Kapi'olani Community College

Amie Goodwin, Massachusetts Bay Community College

Chris Hamilton, Calhoun Community College

Eileen Hansen, Middlesex County College Nancy Hazelton, Rockland Community College

Bob Kahn, Rockland Community College

Charmaine Kibler, Lake Michigan Community College

Cliff LeBlane, Santa Fe Community College

David Lisman, Community College of Aurora

Sharon McCuen, American River College Elizabeth Mahony, St. Louis Community College at Meramee

Dawn Marges, Chemeketa Community College

Gary Mitchner, Sinclair Community College

Chris Neilsen, Chemeketa Community College

James Patterson, Southeast College Nancy Reitz, American River College Alan Rubin, Oakton Community College Leonard Seawood, Lake Michigan College

Carol Sigala, Rio Hondo College

Mary-Margaret Simpson, Metropolitan Community College

**Lynn Smith, Metropolitan Community College** 

Marjory Stewart, Massachusetts Bay Community College

Roberta Stokes, Miami-Dade Community College-Kendall

Richard Storinger, Oakton Community College

Theo Sypris, Kalamazoo Valley Community College

Elizabeth Warbasse, Baltimore City Community College



Others at the eolleges who contributed materials include journalists Ed Castro, Rio Hondo College; Honey Ferguson, Decatur, Georgia; and Joann Phillips, Lake Michigan College.

The importance of the Beacon Associate Colleges cannot be understated, and the contributions of project coordinators at more than 200 community colleges are gratefully acknowledged. Their names appear with the Beacon project descriptions in this book.

ACC extends special acknowledgement for the leadership of community college presidents who are no longer affiliated with their Beacon Colleges:

Bob McCabe, recently retired from Miami-Dade Community College;

Anne Mulder, who retired from Lake Michigan College, and

Alex Sanchez, who guided Rio Hondo College's Beacon efforts and is now president of Albuquerque Technical-Vocational Institute.

Within AACC appreciation goes to David Pierce, Dale Parnell, and Jim Gollattscheck for their leadership, and to many past and present staff members for their contributions:

Michael Bourque
Kara Cvancara
Jeff Dayton
Allan Jimenez
Norma Kent
Jim Mahoney
Jack McGill
Jim McKenney
Charice Morgan
Jacei Newton
Monica Pilkey
Margaret Rivera
Mary Ann Settlemire

And finally, we offer genuine gratitude and appreciation to the W. K. Kellogg Foundation, particularly Jack Mawdsley, for his generosity in supporting this major initiative. Their commitment to community colleges was unflinehing. Their willingness to let AACC and our colleges be creative—to change our minds and to stretch in new directions—led to new partnerships and new communities. They recognized that community building takes both time and personal connections. Without that, we would never have seen many of the remarkable outcomes of the Beacon College Project.

Lynn Barnett Director of Community Development American Association of Community Colleges Washington, DC October 1995



merica's community colleges are often called the "people's colleges." As such, they have played and will continue to play critical roles in their local communities in terms of their services to students, services to business and other employers, and especially their partnerships with other community organizations. Because service to the community is an important part of their institutional missions, they have great potential as community builders.

It is no surprise that community colleges throughout the country have embraced the challenges spelled out in *Building Communities: A Vision for a New Century*, the report of the Commission on the Future of Community Colleges. Its recommendations were clear and they made sense. Many colleges used the report as a guidepost for planning their own future direction internally and externally.

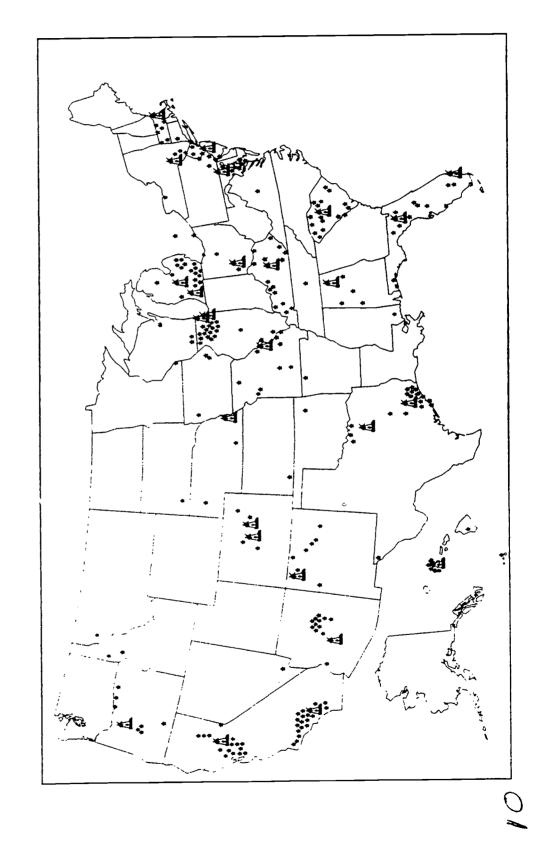
Thanks to a generous grant from the W. K. Kellogg Foundation, more than 250 community colleges were able to participate in a very special project that was designed to help them implement community-building strategies. The AACC/Kellogg Foundation Beacon College Project proved that all types of colleges in a wide variety of towns and cities can provide uncommon leadership in developing thoughtful, creative, and practical programs to help people and organizations work together.

It is difficult, in a simple monograph, to do justice to a hugely successful collection of programs and changes in ways of thinking that involved so many colleges over a six-year period. Nevertheless, with deep gratitude to the W. K. Kellogg Foundation, this report summarizes the Beacon College Project. We hope that it will inspire its readers to think about new ways to build their own communities.

David Pierce
President
American Association of Community Colleges
October 1995



# BEACON COLLEGE PROJECT LOCATIONS





## A CLIMATE TO BE CREATED



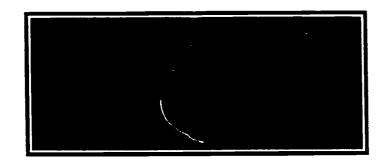
The Commission on the Future of Community Colleges set the stage: community eolleges are about community building. They are the community. In its 1988 landmark report. Building Communities: A Vision for a New Century, the Commission put forth the theme for the next decade.

Most importantly, the Commission set a tone. It defined "community" as "a climate to be created."

Building Communities emphasized the need for community building within and outside the college. It suggested nearly 100 ways to build community and to create a climate of community. With the generous support of the W. K. Kellogg Foundation, AACC initiated the Beacon College Project in 1989 to implement the Commission's recommendations.

The notion was to let good ideas "shine" and to create new community coalitions. In three national competitions, 26 community colleges were selected as "beacons," agreeing to collaborate with Associate Colleges on specific community-building projects. Some projects targeted the college classroom community; others looked at the campus community or the community beyond the campus. Some adapted existing programs in new places, like the international student orientation program; other colleges collaborated with others to implement new ideas, such as the student scholars conferences.

Their collective story and some of their individual stories, which often intermingle, are in the pages that follow.





The project continually developed creative tension. Out of that were born many new, exciting projects, systems changes, and ideas. Perhaps, in the end, that was the most truly unifying element . . . that I the colleges I would opt for the discomfort of change, rather than the equilibrium of the status quo.

-Beacon project director



# BUILDING A COMMUNIT

#### WHAT HAPPENED

By the end of the project's six years, the 26 Beacon Colleges had engaged nearly 600 institutions—including 250 community colleges—and some 130,000 individuals in 36 states in the Beacon College Project. The \$1.7 million Kellogg grant has leveraged more than \$7 million in local communities. In community colleges across the nation and beyond, the word "beacon" has come to refer to any number of local community-building programs, from student tutoring or student scholar conferences to service learning, civic responsibility, and multimedia instruction.

Community colleges across the country championed the Commission's notion of community as climate. Many in the Beacon project also saw it manifested as a climate of problem-solving. The colleges tackled serious problems like school dropouts and citizen apathy. The Beacon project not only supported "official" grant activities, but it also spawned countless others in hundreds of communities.

#### WHAT MADE IT HAPPEN

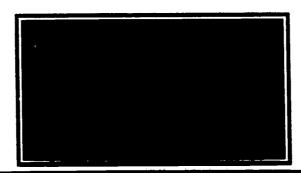
eaeon leaders who were sharply distinct from each other in philosophy and geography grew passionate about their

eollective mission. As a group they embodied the purpose of the project: to create community through collaboration, shared vision, and meaningful activities. They became a community. Again and again, they came back to the importance of personal connections, of the human touch. They acknowledged the significance of

#### The Beacon Profile

130,000 people 600 institutions 36 states 87 million leveraged

that touch equally in computer technology and in Native American storytelling. A Samoan concept—to "suspend judgment"—was offered as a cornerstone of community building.



All in all, there was a sense of significant contributions. Experiences in one project affected the direction of another. As Beacon project directors reflected on their accomplishments—and their challenges—whole new initiatives came alive.



This was a unique experience in my community college career—exceptionally creative, stimulating, fruitful, and fun.

—Beacon project director

Collaboration works . . . an open-minded framework should not be so hard to do in the world.

—Beacon project director

I ntellectual cross-fertilization became the norm in the Beacon experience. A project for displaced workers in Oregon and after-school youth mentoring projects in Michigan and Texas influenced the direction of services in Colorado at the abandoned Lowry Air Force Base. Tips on coalition building from an Arizona Think Tank led to the establishment of a similar organization in Alabama. Projects in California, Hawaii, and New Mexico led to new ways of thinking about culture in any community.

In a series of gatherings over a three-year period, Beacon leaders thoughtfully considered what had led to the overall success of the projects. Several "C" words surfaced—cooperation, communication, collaboration, connections, creativity. Throughout the discussions other key factors emerged whose value cannot be overestimated: the freedom to be flexible and innovative and to take advantage of unforeseen opportunities, willingness to take risks, and, especially, person-to-person contacts.

All in all, Beacon leaders saw their collective projects as examples of new ways of thinking, of ways to build citizen participation, of creating community systems. They believed the horizontal approach to building communities of people was key. It was buy-in at the personal level, not merely directives from higher up an institutional hierarchy, that made projects succeed.

#### WHATS A "BEACON"?

- ☐Peer tutor
- □Multicultural training
- □An international consortium
- ☐Service learning
- □International student orientation program
- □Mentor to a sixth grader
- □Leadership training

- □Urban education coalitions
- □A college assessment tool
- ☐Multimedia instruction
- ⊒Core eurrieulum
- □Head Start teacher training
- □Critical literacy
- ⊒Student scholars conferences

- □Freshmen orientation
- □Institutional effectiveness
- □Diversity leadership
- □Hazmat training
- □Dropout prevention
- □Computer bulletin board and database
- □Civie education
- □Displaced worker training



The impact that each project has had on the others is critical.

Bearon has moved local issues into a global context.

Once projects took root, many other activities developed.

-Beacon project director

We have found friendship and support, widened our circle of resources, and solved inevitable problems through collective efforts.

-Beacon project participant

The "beacon" study groups have spread to all freshman classes. Most students don't know the origin of the "beacon" name, just that it means success.

The bringing together of people . . . was valuable and seeds were planted that may produce greater results down the road.

—Beacon project director



#### (a compilation of suggestions from Beacon participants)

#### DO

- Create a vision and build eonsensus
- Assume leadership
- · Build partnerships
- Maintain personal communication
- Share duties: involve everyone
- Remember people skills
- Be flexible
- Listen
- Maintain trust
- · Educate each other
- · Share resources
- Plan for quality and be accountable
- Find common denominators
- Respond to opportunity
- Remember polities
- · Respect diversity
- Acknowledge the collaborative process
- · Know the rules
- · Take risks
- Take advantage of dumb luck
- Celebrate

#### DONI

- Forget the importance of timing
- Try to be all things to all people
- Use concepts without the context of "community building"
- Jeopardize established communication channels
- Assume people remember schedules
- Assume people will use resources they already know about
- Overextend individuals or institutions.
- Assume 100% of program responsibility
- Set too many objectives that don't reflect available budget
- · Get discouraged
- Give up

#### HINGS HAT HELP

- Face-to-face meetings
- Travel assistance
- · Financial stipends
- · Training sessions
- Workshops
- Newsletters
- Mail—regular and electronic
- · Collaborative products
- Site visits
- · Varying meeting sites
- Partnerships
- · Advisory groups
- Food
- Celebrations
- The personal touch

Never underestimate the power of food to bring people together. —Bracon project directors

#### SELECTED BEACON OUTCOMES

#### In the classroom

National service learning program

State-supported student tutoring

Transformed curricula

Instructional software

#### In the college

Statewide entrance exit exams

National assessment/ quality conferences

Statewide assessment network

Statewide student orientation program

Training center for international curriculum development

#### In the community

Family service center at former military base Community coalitions

Adopt-a-school programs



AACC\

#### TEACHING AND LEARNING

eaching and learning are at least partially about resources and thinking. Rio Hondo College and other California colleges trained faculty to think of course content differently, to ensure that diverse viewpoints and life experiences were represented, to be inclusive.

At Rockland Community College teaching and learning took front stage, literally, in student scholars conferences as honors students presented scholarly papers and participated in an At the center of building community there is teaching.

It if the accommunities p.7.

academic competition with their peers. In Maryland, Baltimore City Community College and its consortium developed library and other resources for multicultural courses, trained faculty and staff in conflict resolution, and helped allied health faculty infuse diversity into the curriculum. Front Range Community College provided instructional materials and training opportunities for

environmental technology programs across the country.

We argently recommend that the transfer function of the community college be strengthened.

Budding Communities, p. 37

English and history faculty teams from the Houston Community Colleges spent months together to transform specific core courses. They improved student learning by strengthening course content and

by encouraging collaborative learning. The effort would help atrisk students transfer successfully into baccalaurate programs.

It could be assumed that teaching and learning at a community college inspires students to make intellectual connections with their local community. After all, community college students are for the most part from the local community.

The theme "Building Communities" is applied most appropriately to the classroom, where intellectual and social relationships strengthened and where teachers and students can be active partners in the learning process.

They have a vested interest in its well-being. Critical thinking of a special sort occurred in the ethics-across-the-curriculum activities in the Community College of Aurora project. Faculty were able to enliven their courses with lively discussions of real-world situations. Students learned to reflect on their own responsibility as citizens as they studied ethical issues in courses ranging from business law to education.

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

In another approach to student success, students and faculty together created American River College's peer tutoring and mentoring program for at-risk math and science students. Faculty mentor student learning assistants who in turn tutor classmates. Feelings of community were accompanied by dramatic improvement in student achievement, and one student has called the project "a real ego-booster."

Good teaching ealls for a climate in which students are cheouraged to collaborate rather than compete.

Toulding Communities

All community college students should become proficient in the written and spoken word.

Building Communities.
p. 15

Raculty at Oakton Community
College's Critical Literacy
Institute wrangled with ways to
teach students to read, write,
and think more carefully. In the
process, they began
to wonder about
factors that might
make a person
more inclined to
want to be critical
readers, writers,
and thinkers.

Some interesting

research is now

underway.

The Native American storytelling tradition was the source of San Juan College's use of stories and portfolios in developing a "tool kit" of print and video products for early childhood educator instructors. Woven through the materials is an assumption that effective learning is active and collaborative.

What started as an academic curriculum project turned into bridgebuilding among schools and individuals.—Beacon project director

The Beacon project taught limportant lessons about student learning, both inside and outside the classroom.—Beacon College president

It's students helping students. Everybody's interacting. -Student

[Collaborative learning] gave another perspective to problem solving.—Student

The Beacon experience transformed people's work lives. -Beacon project director

#### INTERNATIONAL EDUCATION

Community colleges have an argent obligation to keep students amounted about people and eightures other than their lovin. In the century ahead, paro hadism is not an option.

touting

touting

touting

The Beaeon project saw some strong leaders develop in the area of international education. Kapi olani Community College took advantage of its home culture in Hawaii and its natural inclination toward multicultural thinking and learning to lead a consortium of colleges from the Pacific to the mainland Midwest. The collaboration of this diverse group of institutions resulted in products and processes to internationalize curricula, to develop exchange programs, and to expand foreign language instruction. Later on the east coast, Baltimore City Community College was able to draw from Kapi olani's Asian Pacific resources to augment its multicultural teaching collections.

Kalamazoo Valley Community College, which was a member of Kapi'olani's Beacon consortium, later became a Beacon College in its own right. Its Michigan-based Midwest Institute for International Studies and Foreign Languages—an outgrowth of the Kalamazoo project to involve faculty in internationalizing their instruction—now claims more than 70 community college members.

All students should learn about the human heritage and the interdependent world in which they live. The core curriculum is [should] contain an international perspective, including a study of nonwestern cultures.

\*Budding Communities, p. 15, 19

The most important outcome is the vast network (Ecolleges—from the People's Republic of China to Kalamazor—that we now can connect through currentium development and language training and through the Internet. The technology came along at an ideal time...

- Searon proget meeter

It is important for us to keep in mind changes occurring within the international community

- Beacon participant



#### TECHNOLOGY

Technology is not just for "techies" anymore. Several Beacon projects, including those led by traditional liberal arts faculty, adventured into electronic networks to communicate with far-flung consortium members. Not all were successful in those early days of the Internet, but the fact that the forays were even attempted by nontechnical folks indicates the spirit of adventure and creativity that accompanied most of the Beacon activities. Two colleges, however, focused their work on technology itself.

feehnology is an important tool for teaching and learning. If the goal should be to use technology as a means, not an end.

Hadding Communics, p. 27, 28

The College of DuPage consortium concentrated on helping faculty identify, evaluate, and use instructional technology. They built a user-friendly database of information on computer software, hardware, and literature; and they created a computer bulletin board to help faculty share information and ideas. They kept the human touch with lots of hands-on training. At Miami-Dade Community College's Multimedia Institute, Beacon project instructors trained college and high school faculty to develop their own high-tech instructional materials. Poetry came alive, for example, when the spoken word was accompanied by video images that illustrated the subject on a compact disc. The technology helped teachers entice their students into becoming active learners.

The Iteachers I realized that it is not necessary for them to be programmers in order to integrate multimedia instruction into their courses. They are no longer intimidated by this technology.—Beacon participant

We started with a few teachers and let technology spread as teachers saw the excitement and student learning. — Beacon participant

It was nice to learn about computers where they didn't play 'gotcha', -beacon

Ten percent of the faculty will never touch a computer; ten percent hardly touch anything else. It's that empty percent in the middle who will make [computer-assisted instruction] go.—Beacon participant

[Technology] has opened the doors for faculty in some areas to interdisciplinary approaches to the curriculum. —Beacon participant

11

#### DIVERSITY

he projects at Rio Hondo and Baltimore City, while stressing the need to diversify the curriculum, in fact emphasized the need for colleges to be places of *inclusion*, places where individuals of all ages and groups not only are welcome but also are invited to contribute. The Metropolitan Community College project's concept of "leadership diversity" echoed similar themes.

Every eallege

should develop a

Year Program with

orientation for all full time.

part-time, and evening

Building Communities, p. 11

comprehensive first

A practical solution to the problem of student segregation by ethnic group was adopted by Middlesex County College. To improve international students' retention at the college, a special weekend orientation program was developed to help students con-

the other Florida community colleges.

neet better with the college, become active members of the campus community, and succeed academically. Participating The community
college has a
special obligation
to break down
separation based on
age face, or ethnic
lineliground

Toaldar Communities p. 31

ticipating faculty became sensitive to cultural issues that affect learning. Student success was also the theme of the Beacon project led by Santa Fe Community College. Faculty, counselors, and other staff collaborated to conduct an effective semester-long orientation program for new students. The model was adapted at nearly all

\* students

The common thread in these and other Beacon projects is the acceptance of a broadened, inclusive sense of community in the community college.

For the community college, more creative ways must be found to extend the discourse, build relationships, and stir a spirit of shared goals.

Budding Communities, p. 30



12

## Creating structure, creating mentoring activities, and consciously trying to remove the glass ceiling are all important in getting a good leadership team.

- Beacon ceil we president

#### LEADERSHIP

The question of leadership training was tackled head-on by the community college system in Kentucky. Its Leadership Academy, which helps get more people including women and minorities into the adminstrative pipeline, got off the ground with the Beacon grant. At the same time, the Beacon consortium led by Metropolitan Community College called on college leaders to contribute to a positive campus climate and to build leadership teams that reflect today's multicultural realities. Leadership clearly was a crucial component of all the Beacon projects, but these were the ones that focused on it as a goal.

Kentucky's LeaderShip Academy
Summer Institute at
Shaker Village in
Pleasant Hill develops
up-and-coming community college leaders.
Participants spend four
days, 7:30 A.M. until
midnight, exchanging
ideas and networking
with college presidents
and other interns.



The price of failure is the breakdown of our society. The reward for success is a rich culture and life we can't even imagine.

—Beacon college president



A crucial task of leadership is cydination. What can be done to improve student outcomes and the effectiveness of the institution?

It along Communities.

#### **ASSESSMENT**

ssessment activities ought not to be undertaken lightly. and they were not. Sinelair Community College and its Lassociates tackled the ambitious task of developing inprogress and at-exit assessment methodologies to gauge student achievement in a variety of disciplines. Sinclair became a elearinghouse for assessment information and a leader in the quality movement. Led by Massachusetts Bay Community College, many eolleges in Massachusetts gained widespread support for assessment among trustees and others and instituted. among other things, mandatory statewide assessment of students. A significant statewide initiative also appeared in South Carolina, where assessment models suitable for urban or rural eolleges were developed. Using small grants for pilot projects. Midlands Community College encouraged others in the state to develop various models for measuring institutional effectiveness. Each of these projects resulted in strong networks of leaders with expertise in assessment.

An offshoot of the Beacon project at Sinclair Community College is The Quality Institute, a national conference on the quality movement in the two-year college. It brings together the Beacon affiliates as well as experts in the field.

The most important entrome was consciousness raising—assessment is more than a 'test'

--- bear on project director

There is a new sense of sharing, that we are in this together. This new consortium provides a network for sharing, a systematic way of working together to get the job done.

-- bearon project director

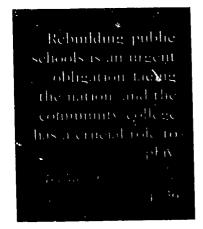


# LOMMUNIT

#### SCHOOL PARTNERSHIPS

ollege-school partnerships to help youth stay in school were particularly successful during the Beacon project, and most of the activities are continuing. Lake Michigan College is seeing the fruits of its effort as sixth-grade students "adopted" by the college in 1987 are now attending the college on scholarships made possible by strong community support. An annual auction to raise the scholarship money has became a social highlight, and yearly increases in revenue resulted in the birth of a community foundation that helps support the scholarship and mentoring program, modeled after the "I Have a Dream" Foundation. Similarly, Alabama's Calhoun State Community College also focused its efforts on the dropout problem and initiated an enrichment program for sixth graders. Now in the cleventh grade, many of the youth still have the same faculty, staff, student, or community mentors.

Two other Beaeon groups targeted school partnerships on teaching and learning. St. Louis Community College at Meramee's coalition of 11 community colleges and eight middle and secondary schools invigorated instructors and helped students learn better by becoming active learners. Using some of the same strategies that guided other Beacon projects, Meramee's participants taught and learned classroom assessment techniques, critical thinking, and collaborative learning. Miami-



Dade Community College and its associates reached out to high school classrooms by training feeder high school teachers to use multimedia instruction in their courses.



Lake Michigan College established a Community Leadership Academy to build a new stream of local leaders.

The Academy incorporates team

If you get an education,
you're almost
guaranteed to have a
better life.
— Beacon menter

What was an idea of something we might want to do has become something we are going to do.

-Beacon project
participant

In the Dallas area, Collin County Community College shared with associates its award-winning cooperative education-based program, which relied heavily on collaborative partnerships with employers. The Students with Education and Experience program provides work-based learning opportunities, mentoring, and enrichment and counseling opportunities for high school students. Maricopa County Community College District, taking advantage of its experience with the Phoenix Think Tank, trained other urban colleges in the process of community coalition building for systemic educational reform. School and neighborhood partnerships are key to those coalitions.

In a single day all 1,800 of the public school seventh and eighth graders visited participating colleges in Kalamazoo, Michigan's Academic Partnership. Science demonstrations, Policy Academy exercises, health career activities, and laser tracking of rock music gave the youth an unexpected view of campus life. Ninety percent later said they intended to go to college.

We were able to reach out and bring secondary students to our campuses, to break down barriers, and change the thinking of students who thought they couldn't do it, couldn't make it.

—-beauen provid director

This kind of program motivates children by giving them the expectation to succeed and long-range goals to shoot for.

——beacon mentor

1 College I seems like fun, and I feel better about going.
—Alabama sixth-grades



16

Collaborations with employers ... industries. businesses, public employers and organized labor groups tor the. training of the workforce and the ссопоние development of the community are among the most important recent developments in the community college

#### WORKFORCE PARTNERSHIPS

broad directions. Front Range Community College made the most of its track record in environmental technology, particularly hazardous materials technology, and struck out to provide technical assistance to other colleges in this burgeoning occupational area. Many colleges began or strengthened their training programs for occupational health and safety compliance officers.

Taking a big-pieture approach to workforce and community needs. Chemeketa Community College worked with other Oregon institutions to do something about the growing unemployment in the area. The Beacon effort at Chemeketa included programs for dislocated workers and programs to free families from welfare. Students mainstreamed into campus-wide services and instructional programs showed high levels of success in getting back into the workforce.

lThe Beacon project l has made possible a whole new way of partnering with the community to serve people who have special barriers to college success. The project has brought us much closer to our communities.

-Beacon project director

Community colleges also should expand and improve Outreach Programs for Adults, sponsoring protects assigned to reach displaced workers, single parents adults for turning to evaluate lite.

na karantan meneratan kepada P. A.

#### SERVICE LEARNING

Education for entizenship must become a litelong process. The vision of service is consistent with the community college tradition and is directly linked to the building of community.

Building

he ethies-aeross-the-eurriculum project at the Community College of Aurora underscored the need to address issues of civic responsibility. As faculty added ethical deliberations and community service to their regular courses, the rights and responsibilities of citizenship became more real to students. And so did the connections between college and community. Later, when the college took over part of the closed Lowry Air Force Base near Denver, it applied much of what had been learned during the Beacon years. Some of the service learning efforts include a strong mentoring program with the Aurora Public Schools.

The Beaeon project at the Community College of Aurora stimulated interest in service learning as both a teaching method and as an effective mechanism for community building. The success at Aurora, Hagerstown Junior College, and Piedmont Virginia Community College led in 1994 to the AACC Service Learning

Colleges Project, a Learn and Serve America project supported by the Corporation for National and Community Service. Eleven colleges, assisted by a mentor team that includes four former Beacon project leaders, are implementing programs that involve students in service projects such as environmental cleanup, elementary school tutoring, nursing home companionship, and community health services. In their start-up semester, the initial eight colleges had 700 participants and offered service learning options in courses from anthropology to respiratory therapy; by the second semester the numbers had nearly doubled. The project also established a Service Learning Clearinghouse at AACC and resulted in collaborative programs with the American Association of Community Colleges and the Campus Compact Center for Community Colleges.

Students in the automotive mechanics technology program at Honolulu Community College introduced a special community service project called "Taking Care of Your Car." Geared especially to women and senior citizens, it wildly exceeded expectations. The time allotted was often doubled. The college's culinary arts students got into the act by providing refreshments for the classes. Back in the classroom, they reflected on what they had learned about their community and their ability to contribute.

Service car (Lanze in from a nation of taxpayers to a nation of citizens

— Denn. Chalain. Georgians of Ligarn and Hum. Jermin



18

All community colleges [should] cheourage a service program with clearly stated educational objectives program communities p.33

#### AACC SERVICE LEARNING COLLEGE PARTICIPANTS, 1995–1996

Albuquerque Technical-Vocational Institute, NM\*\*
Alpena Community College, MI
Chandler-Gilbert Community College, AZ\*
Community College of Aurora, CO\*
Flathead Valley Community College, MT

Hagerstown Junior College, MD\*

Hocking Technical College, OH

Johnson County Community College, KS

Kapi'olani Community College, III

Miami-Dade Community College - Medical Center, FL\*

Monroe Community College, NY

Navajo Community College, AZ\*\*

Northern Virginia Community College-Manassas, VA\*\*

Piedmont Virginia Community College, VA\* Prestonsburg Community College, KY Truman College (City Colleges of Chicago), IL

\*mentors

\*\* technical assistance grants

Service learning is a

powerful way to promote

moral growth and to help

reconnect students to their community.

—Beacon project director

What kind of world do you want to live
in?

-Service learning mentor

Service learning represents an open door in two directions.

-Beacon project director



he AACC Kellogg Foundation Beaeon College Project exceeded expectations by far. Twenty-six community colleges, through modest grants and sheer will, shaped a huge array of partnerships to create a climate of community among all kinds of people, in all kinds of places, and for all kinds of purposes. Many, if not most, of their programs have continued beyond the original grant period and their spinoff effects are astounding.

This is not to say that the Beacon projects successfully implemented every one of the recommendations presented in *Building Communities*. Or that they completely transformed the climate of the community colleges in which they were initiated. They did, however, make visible the concept of community building and produced outstanding programs that helped solve local problems. In the process the Beacon leaders have become a professional community that will continue to carry the philosophy and strategy of community building into every college in which they have contact.

While an excellent start has been made by these programs, much is still to be done. Communities across the nation are still in need of means and incentives for building civility and a climate of trust. And they still face enormous challenges. Changes in state and federal immigration, welfare, and other programs will affect the way community members interact with each other and will create new expectations of community organizations.

Never underestimate how much can be accomplished when people are able to work together on what really matters to them.

Reacon project director

#### In the spirit of community building, the following recommendations are offered for future action:

- Community building should be at the forefront of the community college agenda. It should be prominent in the mission statements of all colleges and a guiding principle in all dimensions of the college, including administration and faculty professional development, curriculum design, instructional innovation, and partnering.
- 2. A national data collection effort should be undertaken to determine how many and what kinds of local community building programs are already in place, and to distribute information that will help individual institutions implement such programs.
- 3. Community colleges should assess their current community building initiatives to determine what works (for what purposes) and what does not work. They should identify similar programs in other institutions and implement collaborative approaches that will strengthen each program.
- 4. Training programs should be designed for community development leadership, for which community colleges should act as conveners and facilitators. Such training programs should include components on leadership qualities, community resource assessment, coalition building, and implementation plans.
- 5. Community colleges should pay particular attention to multicultural and intergenerational issues that affect interpersonal relationships, workplace teaming, and civic elimates; the colleges should incorporate these issues into community building program planning.

- 6. Service learning should be supported in community colleges as an instructional method that engages students, faculty, and the community. Emphasis should be placed on the role of service learning in instilling a sense of civic responsibility.
- 7. Community colleges should serve as community conveners, hosting "town meetings" and other events that would include all community voices. Community college leaders—presidents, trustees, chairs, administration, faculty, and staff—should be visible spokespersons for community building at such events.
- 8. Models or standards for responsible citizenship, including citizen rights and responsibilities, should be identified and incorporated into community building activities. These models should have at their heart a goal of community well-being, growth, and sustainability.
- 9. Community colleges should encourage and reward community building initiatives on the part of their staffs. The colleges should support even seemingly difficult initiatives, including those that might change direction to take advantage of new opportunities, that demand constant communication and collaboration, and that require time for person-to-person connections.
- 10. Community colleges should model community building by creating institutional climates, processes, and opportunities that encourage civility, responsibility, commitment, collaboration, and personal respect within the life of the colleges.

#### CLASS OF 1992

Kids for College and Kids for CHAMPIONS: A Community of Hope

Building Partnerships with Agencies and Employers to Help High-Risk Students Succeed Students with Education and Experience

(S.E.E.)

FACT (Faculty Access to Computer Technology)
Project

Beyond the Classroom: International Education in Community Colleges

> A Leadership Academy for Kentucky's Community Colleges

Developing Winners in Our Communities—Partnerships for At-Risk Students in Urban 'Rural Schools

Urban Education Coalitions

The Undergraduate Experience: Massachusetts Community Colleges Building Community by Assessing the Outcomes.

Determining the Community College's Effectiveness: Developing Community-Specific Models

Building Community Through Student Diversity: Connecting Non-Traditional Students to Their Learning Communities Calhoun State Community College, Decatur, Alabama

Chemeketa Community College, Salem, Oregon

Collin County Community College, McKinney, Texas

College of DuPage, Glen Ellyn, Illinois

Kapi'olani Community College. Honolulu, Hawaii

Kentucky Community College System. Lexington. Kentucky

Lake Miehigan College, Benton Harbor, Miehigan

Marieopa Community College System, Tempe, Arizona

Massachusetts Bay Community College, Wellesley, Massachusetts

Midlands Technical College, Columbia, South Carolina

St. Louis Community College at Meramee, St. Louis, Missouri

#### CLASS OF 1993

Building Community for an Interdependent World Among Michigan Community Colleges

> Building a Community of Diverse Leadership: Clearinghouse for Exemplary Practices in Leadership Diversity

> Regional Orientation and Leadership Training Network for Language Minority Students at New Jersey Community Colleges

> > Critical Literacy Institute

At-Exit Assessment Program

The Community of the Future Is the Classroom of Today: Using Classroom Assessment Techniques for Pro-Decersity Strategies

Child Development Training Consortium Development of a Comprehensive In-Progress and Kalazamoo Valley Community College, Kalamazoo, Michigan

Metropolitan Community College, Omaha, Nebraska

Middlesex County College, Edison, New Jersey

Oakton Community College, Des Plaines, Illinois

Rio Hondo College, Whittier, California

San Juan College, Farmington, New Mexico

Sinelair Community College, Dayton, Ohio

#### CLASS OF 1994

Student Catalyst Program: Peer Assisted Learning (PAL)

Promoting Intercultural Awareness and Understanding in Maryland Community Colleges Ethics-Across-the-Curriculum: A Focus on Civic

Responsibility Hazardous Materials Technology Assistance Program

Building Community in the Classroom Through Multimedia Technology in Feeder High Schools

by Honors Students: Regional Conferences College Success Network: Building Community

Building an Academic Partnership

Recognizing Scholarly Activity

Through Extended Orientation

American River College, Sacramento, California

Baltimore City Community College, Baltimore, Maryland

Community College of Aurora, Aurora, Colorado

Front Range Community College, Westminster, Colorado

Houston Community College System, Houston, Texas

Miami-Dade Community College - Kendall, Miami, Florida

Rockland Community College, Suffern, New York

Santa Fe Community College, Gainesville, Florida

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

22

## A CLIMATE CREATED: BEACON COLLEGE PROJECTS



### PHR ASSISTED HARNING PAL

#### **INITIATIVES**

CMMUNITY
Students in highattrition math and science classes in 11 Cantorina community colleges, math and

to involve commuter students in the life of the college

seience taerdry

he Peer Assisted Learning program initiated with the Beacon grant involved faculty as participants and trainers, student learning assistants, students from selected classes, and project staff. The project was an outgrowth of the college's Student Involvement program, its focus on "building community," and the research of Uri Treisman.

Activities were designed to increase the involvement of commuter students in order to improve their success. A cadre of trained student learning assistants worked with faculty for an average of six hours a week in selected math and science classes to facilitate small group learning for at-risk students. Study and thinking skills and course content were emphasized in the small groups, which ranged from five to twelve students and met outside of class time. Since the purpose of the groups was to build community, learning assistants conducted the sessions as facilitators of learning, not lecturers.

During the two Beaeon years of the program several classes were targeted: elementary algebra, intermediate algebra, precalculus,

ealculus, freshman chemistry, preparatory chemistry, introductory chemistry, nursing, organic chemistry, and introductory biology. At risk students were highly encouraged to make a commitment to the program.

#### **SUCCESSES**

Learning assistants and students in the study groups showed a high commitment to the program, and the program helped build student confidence and improve retention. Group sessions freed up office hours so that instructors could spend more one-on-one time with students. Learning assistants reported a greater sense of community with the college, better interpersonal and communication skills, and increased knowledge of eourse material. By 1994 in nearly all courses and for all instructors, the Beacon students outperformed non-Beacon students by 26 percent. In some Beacon classes. the success rate was 100 percent. Success rates by ethnicity were also impressive. In fall 1993 the success rate of non-white Beacon students was 76.5 percent compared to 42.3 percent for non-white non-Beacon students. In spite of mitial attendance and scheduling

#### AMERICAN RIVER COLLEGE

4700 College Oak Drive Saeramento, California 95841

#### CONTACTS

Marie B. Smith, President PH: 916-484-8011

Sharon McCuen, Dean of Research and Development PH: 916-484-8307

Naney Reitz, Professor of Chemistry PH: 916-484-8330



24

difficulties, the project's impact was impressive, involving more than 800 project students in the life of the college, with other students, and with faculty.

#### **SPINOFFS**

The support developed in the study groups resulted in a sense of community among students, and they continue to sign up for new classes together and study together. Beacon students have gone on to become Beacon learning assistants in future classes; several have made plans for a teaching career. At least three learning assistants have won freshman chemistry awards and scholarships, and have been accepted in top schools throughout the country. Faculty from a variety of disciplines have developed new collaborations. The Beacon study groups have spread to all freshman classes. Most students do not know the origin of the "beacon" name, just that it means success.

Most of the Associate Colleges developed some form of peer-assisted collaborative learning, as did three feeder high schools. All locations are showing the same academic results. In 1995 the Association of California Community College Administrators named the Peer Assisted Learning program the best new program in the state.

#### **ASSOCIATE COLLEGES**

- Butte Community College, Oroville, CA; Betty Dean, Superintendent/President; Patricia Hughes, Project Director
- Cosumnes River College, Sacramento, CA; Merrilee Lewis, President; Terrence Rieger, Project Director
- Lake Tahoe Community College District, South Lake Tahoe, CA: Guy F. Lease, President; Ann Fretzen, Project Director
- Modesto Junior College, Modesto, CA:
  Maria Sheehan, President; Celia
  Barberana, Project Director
- Napa Valley College, Napa, CA; Diane Carey, President; Alice Moreno; Project Director
- Sacramento City College, Sacramento, CA; Robert M. Harris, President; Alice Murillo, Project Director
- San Joaquin Delta College, Stockton, CA; L. H. Horton, Jr., President; Judy Hemington, Project Director
- Sierra College, Rocklin, CA; Kevin M. Ramirez, President; Fred McElroy, Project Director
- Solano Community College, Suisun,
  Stan R. Arterberry, Superintendent,
  President; Armond Phillips, Project.
  Director
- Yuba College, Marysville, CA; Stephen M. Epler, Superintendent/President; Leslie Williams, Project Director

Table of the second

#### RESOURCES PRODUCED

- American River College. (1994, August). Beacon Project, Student Catalyst Program: Peer Assisted Learning. Final Report. Sacramento: Los Rios Community College District. American River College Beacon Project. Video. December 1993.
- Reitz, N. and McCuen, Sharon. Beacon Project, Student Catalyst Program: Peer Assisted Learning. Annual Report, 1992–1993. Sacramento: American River College, Los Rios Community College District. 1993. (ERIC Document Reproduction Service No. ED 365 383).



25

### PROMOLING INTERCULTURAL AWARINISS AND UNDERSLANDING AMONG MARYLAND COMMUNITY COLLEGIS

#### INITIATIVES

community consecutive and students especially community students which different bactgrounds in a consecution of animal animal submiban community colleges that are taking they communities

2 & M To promote nacrenlini al torder standing

he project led by Baltimore City Community College (BCCC) was housed within the college's Institute for InterCultural Understanding, which had strong administrative support for college-wide models of multiculturalism. It focused on eurriculum transformation, faculty and staff development, multicultural programming for college events and community outreach, and the collection of multicultural library resources. Several obstacles were overcome; institutional diversity, varying degrees of institutional support, and a lack of previous networking among faculty and staff. Representatives from all the colleges met monthly. On an individual level, skills were also taught for dealing with intercultural differences and conflict. Personal contact was key throughout the project. A statewide conference, "Cultivating Community and Diversity Among Maryland Community Colleges," capped the project in March 1994, with 150 faculty and staff from 25 colleges and community organizations in attendance.

#### **SUCCESSES**

Traditional multicultural events, which received significant visibility, were complemented by instructional changes. The project led to the integration of intercultural literacy

elements into general education courses. Multicultural instructional modules were developed in the humanities, business, and allied health areas. A collaborative approach to resource collection resulted in more diverse library offerings to supplement classroom instruction. Multicultural seminars were held on each eampus, and participants presented sessions at the statewide conference. Several events received city television coverage. Examples of accomplishments at each college include: BCCC's Multicultural Resource Center: Catonsville's opportunities for students to study abroad: Dundalk's Office of Multicultural Affairs; an annual Ethnie Festival at Essex: Harford's Learning Center for Globalizing the Curriculum; satellite downloading and teleconferencing facilities at Prince George's: and Montgomery's International Education Committee.

#### BALTIMORE CITY COMMUNITY COLLEGE

2901 Liberty Heights Avenue Baltimore, Maryland 21215-7893

CONTACTS

James D. Tschechtelin, President PH: 410/333-5800

#### Richard Bucher.

Director, Institute for InterCultural Understanding PH: 410/333-5458 FAX: 410/333-5053



26

### **SPINOFFS**

Cross-discipline networking continues among faculty and staff. Expanding efforts of allied health faculty resulted in the infusion of diversity modules into other courses and awareness in the health community of such instruction. At BCCC the Institute for InterCultural Understanding became a key part of the administrative structure.

The process of institutionalizing other diversity initiatives has been accelerated and expanded. For example, cultural diversity has become an integral part of the strategic planning process and the Continuous Quality Improvement (CQI) plan at BCCC.

### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

Catonsville Community College, Catonsville, MD; Frederick J. Walsh, President; Mary Hines, Project Coordinator

Dundalk Community College, Dundalk, MD; Hal McAninch, President; Lou Hamman, Project Coordinator

Essex Community College, Baltimore County, MD; Donald J. Slowinski, President; Jim Duffy and Gail Edmons, Project Coordinators

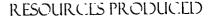
Harford Community College, Bel Air, MD; Claudia E. Chiesi, President; Linda Parker, Project Coordinator

Montgomery College, Germanton, MD; Robert Parilla, President; Kamala Edwards, Project Coordinator

Prince George's Community College, Largo, MD; Robert I. Bickford, President; Lynda Adamson, Project. Coordinator

#### OTHER PARTNERS

Local business and health professionals

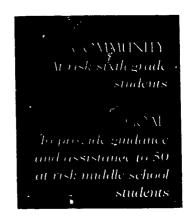




# KIDSTOR-COLLICITATION FOR CHAMPIONS: A COMMUNITY OF HOPE

### INITIATIVES

alhoun and it. Associate Colleges directed their efforts fully to dropout prevention. The Kids for College Project had two objectives: to create a new community among three area middle schools, Decatur and Athens Adopt-a-School Partners in Education, and Calhoun staff and students; and to increase the percentage of students graduating from high school and continuing in higher education. Calhoun designated a "significant adult" for each of the 50 students. These adults, or "Champions." spent time with the children while participating in program-sponsored activities and through personal contacts that evolved beyond planned activities. Approximately 60 percent of the Champions were Calhoun students: others were faculty and staff, and members of the local community. The children were encouraged and challenged through a variety of workshops and field trips stressing physical and mental fitness and local, national, and international geography. Field trips took the children to places they otherwise would not have had the opportunity to visit. The establishment of personal goals and the importance of completing high school and pursuing a college education were stressed at all times.



### **SUCCESSES**

Ten field trips to such places as the Alabama Shakespeare Festival and Helen Keller's home provided time for the students and Champions to

home provided time for the students and Champions to get to know each other. Other group events included a Kids for College graduation ceremony, a summer camp emphasizing geography and Alabama history, and workshops in self-esteem, eareer exploration, and health awareness. Champions attended the activities as both chaperones and companions. After-school tutoring sessions, led by Calhoun Community College students. helped the children prepare homework, study for tests. or complete special projects. Transportation was an especially significant challenge in this project: earpooling and help from the Champions helped ease the situation somewhat. Due to the domestic situations in which some of the children lived, many of the Champions became more sympathetic to the plight of single parents.

The sixth-graders who began in the Beacon project at Calhoun Community College are now in the eleventh grade, and many of the original mentors are still in-

### CALHOUN STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

P.O. Box 2216 Decatur, Alabama 35609-2216

### CONTACTS

#### Richard Carpenter, President

PH: 205/306-2500

#### Chris Hamilton,

Director of Special Projects

PH: 205/306-2619 FAX: 205/306-2507



28

 $\mathcal{A}\mathsf{ACC}$ 

volved with them. Those associated with the program developed a vision of how personal involvement can make a difference in the lives of at-risk children and families.

One Calhoun Community College student became a member of the national AACC Academic All-American Team. She cited her role as a Champion in *Kids for College* as her most rewarding experience.

### **SPINOFFS**

Inspired by the successful relationships in the Kids for College and Kids for CHAMPIONS program, and by the Phoenix-area Think Tank Beacon model. Calhoun Community College established its own community coalition. Leaders 2002 now engages 250 community volunteers and civic leaders in activities to solve local educational problems. These citizens are tutoring young students, mentoring them, raising funds for scholarships, developing a computer lab, and sending kids to NASA's space camp.

The Beacon project also led to work with 400 atrisk students in the community supported in 1994 by a five-year, \$2 million grant from the U.S. Department of Education.

We have seen the difference this project has made in the lives of these kids. Ninety percent of them will go on to college. It cost approximately \$50 per month for two years to serve each student in the Kids for College Program. I am confident that it was money well invested. —Beacon project director

### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

- Bessemer State Technical College, Bessemer, AL; Michael Bailey, President
- Bevill State Community College (merged with Walker State Technical College), Sumiton, AL; Harold Wade, President and Project Coordinator
- Columbia State Community College, Columbia, TN; L. Paul Sands, President; Douglas Eason, Project Coordinator
- Northeast Alabama State Junior College, Rainsville, AL; Charles M. Pendley, President; Joe Burke, Project Coordinator
- Northeast Mississippi Community
  College, Booneville, MS; Joe M.
  Childers, President; James Williams,
  Project Coordinator
- Northwest Shoals Community College, (merged with Muscle Shoals Community College), Muscle Shoals, AL; Larry W. Campbell, President; Betsy Johnson, Project Coordinator
- Southern Union State Community
  College, Wadley, AL; Ray W. Johnson,
  President; Roy Johnson, Project
  Coordinator
- Wallace Community College, Selma, AL; Julius Brown, President and Project Coordinator

### BUILDING PARINIRSHIPS WITH AGENCIES AND IMPLOYIRS TO HELP HIGH RISK STUDI NIS SUCCEED

### INITIATIVES

COMMUNITY: Preschool, high school and college students; college faculty and administrators: employed and •nmemploxed adults. and the community at large

1611: To build pertuerships with employers and

agencies'

any individual projects were earried out collaboratively at each of six Oregon community colleges with the goal of providing seamless service to students as they accessed both college and agency services, and as they moved into contact with employers. From the time of contact with the college or partner agency until they fulfill their educational and/or employment goals, services were offered and projects structured to enhance the likelihood of success among high-risk students. A functional definition of "high-risk" was adopted: high-risk is a dynamic concept that represents the gap between student resources (language, economic status, literacy, etc.) and program demands.

The Oregon projects, led by Chemeketa Community College, aimed to remove barriers that hindered some students from attaining success in school and work. Strategies were developed for better tracking, better bonding with the institution, and better teaching—better ease management. A variety of collaborative projects targeted special populations: dislocated workers, students with disabilities, returning women, displaced homemakers, apprenticeships, minorities, non-native English speakers, high school dropouts and teen parents. Adult and Family Services (AFS) and Job Opportuni-

ties and Basic Skills (JOBS) participants, substance abuse individuals, individuals in corrections, seniors and older workers, workers with insufficient skills, homeless individuals, and academically disadvantaged adults.

Chemeketa provided mini-grants to the Associate Colleges and maintained a collaborative spirit through quarterly meetings of project coordinators and quarterly Beacon Bulletins that were distributed to more than 500 individuals and programs serving high-risk students. Technical assistance and site visits supplemented other activities.

### SUCCESSES

The projects focused on job placement for high-risk students, mainstreaming for students, and developing and maintaining collaborations to help them. The most significant outcome was the development of one-stop eenters for students, staffed by multiple organizations There was a documented increase in successful outcomes for high-risk students. All six colleges established

### CHEMEKETA COMMUNITY COLLEGE

4000 Laneaster Drive, N.E. P.O. Box 14007 Salem, Oregon 97309-7070

#### CONTACTS

Gerard I. Berger, President PH: 503/399-5000

Maureen Felton, Assistant to the Vice President. Academic Services PH: 503 399-5121 EAX: 503, 399-5038 Internet:

maureenf(a chemek.cc.or.us



30

specific local services for high-risk students—a total of more than 100 collaborative projects.

Significant collaborations developed to help highrisk students. The Parent's Fair Share project was operated by Mt. Hood Community College, Adult and Family Services, and the Private Industry Council. At Lane Community College, the Dislocated Worker Program was supported also by the SoutherN Willamette Private Industry Council and the Oregon State Emplyment Division. Chemeketa Community College operated the Self-Sufficiency Center with Adult and Family Services and the Employment Division. The Community Response Team was carried out by Rogue Community College with the Job Council and the State Employment Division. Clackamas Community College worked with the Oregon Precision Metal Fabricators Association in the Precision Manufacturing Project.

The Beacon activities resulted in substantive changes in the colleges and within partner agencies. The projects and services resulted in increased skill, insight, and commitment to collaborative, seamless, and holistic help for high-risk students. Project coordinators noted that the same behaviors that support successful personal relationships also support partnerships among agencies and institutions.

### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

- Blue Mountain Community College, Pendelton, OR; Ronald L. Daniels, President; Patricia Amsberry, Project Coordinator
- Clackamas Community College, Oregon City, OR; John S. Keyser, President; Kim Faddis, Project Coordinator
- Lane Community College, Eugene, OR; Jerry Moskus, President; Sandra Ing, Project Coordinator
- Mt. Hood Community College, Greshman, OR; Paul E. Kreider, President; Stephanie Sussman, Project Coordinator
- Rogue Community College, Grants Pass, OR; Harvey Bennett, President; Tenison Haley, Project Coordinator; Lee Merritt, Project Contact

### OTHER PARTNERS

More than 25 organizations in Oregon



### **SPINOFFS**

The multiplier effect was much greater than anticipated, with the creation of many new partnerships and services. Projects continued beyond the Beacon grant period, with nearly \$3 million in public and private support from college general funds, collaborative interagency agreements, grants and contracts.

At Chemeketa Community College, the Beacon reputation resulted in an invitation to apply for a Gannett Foundation grant that awarded \$185,000 to help the college establish a Family Resource Center. The Beaon project goals and philosophy for serving high-risk students made a significant impact on the nature of welfare reform in Oregon, and the success of its approach has been cited as a national model. It led the state Adult and Family Services agency to award multi-million dollar contracts to four of the six consortium colleges to provide these services to public assistance clients. AFS also placed a four-person branch office on Chemeketa's campus.

### RESOURCES PRODUCED

Marges, D., and Neilsen, C. (1992, June). Beacon Guide: Collaborating to Help High Risk Students Succeed. Salem, Oregon: Chemeketa Community College. (ERIC Document Reproduction Service No. ED 346 926).

"Student Success" curriculum, Clackamas Community College (Carolyn Knutson, contact).



When people come to this welfare office for help, they have already stepped onto the community college campus. Reports show a promising reduction in the use of welfare.

Community coalitions have continued to work together by choice and to leverage or contribute major resources to joint programs for high-risk students. A whole new way of working together and running programs was firmly established.

In 1995, a new Community Involvement Program at the Community College of Aurora in Colorado traced its roots to the Chemeketa experience.

There was a groundswell of increased commitment to and collaboration on behalf of inclusive service to high-risk students.

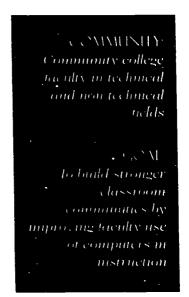
-Bearon project director



32

# LACT TACULTY ACCESS TO COMPUTÉR. HOLÍVOLOGI, PROJECT

### **INITIATIVES**



he College of DuPage headed a consortium of 12 community colleges in a program aimed at technology resource development and faculty training. The FACT Project was a reponse to the need for greater training and information about instructional technology among community college faculty. There was a eonspieuous need to enhance faculty skills in and access to information about the uses of computers in instruction—especially in the face of growing numbers of students with personal computers, computer labs, and a flood of inexpensive software. A variety of strategies. projects, and training helped ensure that computer skills did not lie soley in the hands of technical experts. To that end, two DuPage faculty members designed both FaetBASE, a user-friendly Windows-based database of information on computer software, hardware, and literature; and the FaetLine Bulletin Board, an easily accessed electronic information network on computers and teaching for community college faculty. Hands-on training was a key part of the project.

Twelve Associate Colleges from seven midwestern states joined DuPage in this initiative. Each college nominated an administrator and a faculty member, and the faculty members comprised the project's formal advisory

committee. The administrators served as back-up and liaison with college decision-makers to provide any necessary support. Faculty needs guided the content of the training sessions.

### **SUCCESSES**

Although the project enjoyed excellent technical support from the computer services arm of the college, all major policy decisions were made with direct or indirect input from teaching faculty. Nearly all the reviews of software were by teaching faculty, and most of the faculty who volunteered to design and teach workshops were not necessarily data processing or computer science faculty. All this involvement confirmed the notion that this was a project for and by faculty, and gave the project more credibility with participants. The faculty advisory committee reviewed software in a dozen disciplines, ranging from art and allied health to biology and industrial technology.

In spite of difficulties related to insufficient faculty release time and diminished institutional travel budgets

## COLLEGE OF DUPAGE

22nd Street and Lambert Road Glen Ellyn, Illinois 60137

### CONTACTS

Michael T. Murphy,
President

PH: 708/858-2800, ext. 2200

Joseph Barillari,

Project Director, Instructional Design and Educational Telecommunication PH: 708/858-2800, ext. 2490

FAX: 708/858-9399



that limited the number of Associate College faculty who could take part, participants agreed that this model is a powerful tool to muster faculty support for using computers in instruction. Three series of seminars were offered, including desktop publishing, multimedia, business graphies, uses of databases to teach critical thinking skills, electronic graphic workbooks, the use of computers in the fine arts, and computer simulations to teach electronics. Faculty found the experience of networking and sharing information with colleagues as valuable as the computer training they received.

Due to the high quantity of software reviews to be included in FactBASE, a new database structure was put in place for the 1992–93 academic year. Diskettes containing the FactBASE database were distributed to all community colleges in the nation.

### **SPINOFFS**

The spirit of the project continued beyond the term of the Beacon grant, and both FactBASE and FactLine serve as faculty resources. The FACT model was used in a similar cooperative program with local K–12 faculty to share information on instructional uses of computers.

### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

- Belleville Area College, Belleville, IL: Joseph J. Cipfl, President; Norma Jean Irwin, Project Coordinator (Office Automation Systems)
- Garden City Community College, Garden City, IL; James Tangeman, President; Linda Morgan, Project Coordinator (Criminal Justice)
- Harold Washington College, Chicago, IL; Nancy C. DeSombre, President; Vanita Ricks, Project Coordinator (Social Science)
- Jackson Community College, Jackson, MI; Lee Howser, President; Ann Green, Project Coordinator (Humanities)
- Jefferson College, Hillsboro, MO: Gregory D. Adkins, President; Ronald Drive, Project Coordinator (Electronics)
- Kirkwood Community College, Cedar Rapids, IA; Norman Nielsen, President: Vic Stateler, Project Coordinator (Industrial Technology)
- Macomb Community College, Warren, MI: Albert L. Lorenzo, President; Karl Sjolander, Project Coordinator (Biology)
- Moraine Valley Community College, Palos Hills, IL: Vernon Crawley, President; Raymond Lehner, Project Coordinator (Allied Health)
- Oakton Community College, Des Plaines, IL: Margaret B. Lee. President: Amy Blumenthal. Project Coordinator (English)
- Rochester Community College, Rochester, MN: Karen Nagel, President:
  Patricia Kraemer, Project Coordinator
  (Art)
- Sinclair Community College, Dayton, OH:

  David H. Ponitz, President: John
  Graham, Project Coordinator (Child and Family Education)

### RESOURCES PRODUCED

FactBASE instructional software database.

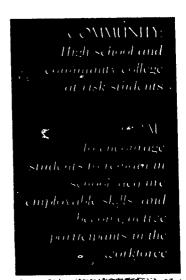
FactBASE Data Entry Form (instructional software review form).

FaetLine electronic bulletin board.



## STUDINIS WHILLIDUC & HON IND EXPERIENCE SEE

### **INITIATIVES**



lear academic and career goals are critical to student retention, and cooperative education is one way to help ensure that retention. Collin County Community College's (CCCC) S.E.E. Program uses a school-to-work transition program approach. It was implemented to offer appealing and motivational opportunities for students to complete a vocational/technical program. It is a practical model that includes a liaison program with area high schools. This cooperative education-based program provides workbased learning opportunities through the career ladder concept. It offers mentoring, self-esteem enhancement, career exploration and college preparation, parent-student orientation to college, individual counseling, and continuation of high school co-op jobs while students attend college. At special Saturday sessions called "Employment Saturday" high school students learn résumé writing and interviewing skills.

The S.E.E. eurriculum offers image enhancement workshops focusing on self-esteem, leadership, and creativity. A career tracking plan features a three- and four-year employment/education career

ladder to facilitate long-term goals.

The workshop includes a dynamic video presentation, *Dreams at Risk*, which opens with a jail scene in which CCCC students portray inmates who claim they would not have been there if they had not dropped out of school. A comprehensive workbook and step-by-step implementation plan accompany the video.

Partnerships, a monthly cooperative work experience newsletter, was mailed to counselors, employers, and participating students. The program reached other institutions of higher education through a national teleconference and site visits. An advisory board advised and supported the project partnerships.

### **SUCCESSES**

During the Beacon project CCCC shared the S.E.E. program components with Associate Colleges, reaching more than 2,600 individuals through seminars and workshops hosted by college cooperative education departments and high schools. The popular interactive workshops, very much in demand for co-op education classes in grades 9 through 12, received consistently high ratings from attendees.

# COLLIN COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE

2200 W. University Drive McKinney, Texas 75070

### CONTACTS

John H. Anthony, President PH: 214/548-6600

Barbara Eubanks,
Director, Cooperative
Work Experience
PH: 214/548-6730
FAX: 214/548-6733
Internet:

beubanks@fs&host.ccccd.edu



The September 1001 teleconference, downlinked at 43 sites in 24 states, received considerable media attention that resulted in requests for additional information about the S.E.E. program. Attendees learned how to adapt the program for local use.

The S.E.E. program received national recognition when it received the U.S. Department of Labor LIFT (Labor Investing for Tomorrow) Award, presented on September 11, 1991, by Secretary Lynn Martin. The award recognized community-level involvement in upgrading the quality of the workforce and was designed to honor the discovery and application of creative solutions to the workforce crisis.

### **SPINOFES**

With the assistance of Carl D. Perkins funds, CCCC established the Texas Resource Center for Work Transition Programs to continue "building communities" through professional development, training, and resource opportunities for administrators, faculty, and employers. Using the college's Beacon experience as a basis, the Center focuses on cost-effective work experience programs for diverse populations. Funds from the U.S. Department of Education Title VIII program allowed the Beacon activities to expand.

The S.E.E. program has potential long-term impact not only on student enrollment, but also on the quality of the nation's workforce. The Beacon project led to the development of many new communities, including within the college itself and within its region.

### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

- El Paso Community College, El Paso. TX: Adriana Barrera, President; Harvey Ideus, Project Coordinator
- Houston Community Colleges, Houston, TX; James Harding, Interim Chancellor; Marsi Liddell, Project Coordinator
- Lane Community College, Eugene, OR; Jerry Moskus, President; Bob Way, Project Coordinator
- Neumann College, Aston, PA; Nan Hechenberger, President; Ellen Kaplan, Project Coordinator
- Rogers State College, Claremore, OK: Richard H. Mosier, President; Jeanie Newell, Project Coordinator
- Skyline College, San Bruno, CA; Linda G. Salter, President; Chester Jones, Project Coordinator
- Tarrant County Junior College, Hurst, TX; Herman L. Crow, President; Elizabeth Branch, Project Coordinator

### OTHER PARTNERS

North Texas Community/Junior College Consortium, Denton, TX: Al Smith, Project Coordinator

### RESOURCES PRODUCED

Dreams at Risk (video).

Dreams at Risk: Teleconference Participant Packet.

Students with Education and Experience: Model Program.



36



### INITIATIVES

COMMUNITY:
Community college
instructors their
students and
community agencies

(2004)

lo develope or
interdisciplinary tocus
on the ethical
dimensions of civic
responsibility to help
habity promote
cur ensign in their
teachers to promote
agareness of ethical
dimensions of
incodering disciplines,
to memporate so stee
learning in college
courses and to
sponsor civic events

n outgrowth of a 1989-1992 Ethies-Aeross-the-Curriculum project at the Community College of Aurora (CCA), the Beacon Leffort focused on ethics and civic responsibility. It took an approach that involved strong leadership training components, and it developed in four phases. First, 15 faculty took a 12-hour seminar on eivie responsibility and then integrated that theme and service learning into one of their courses the following semester. Next, leaders from the six Associate Colleges attended a May 1993 conference at CCA to learn about the CCA work and to receive assistance in developing their own interdisciplinary faculty development projects that would focus on eivie responsibility. Attendees designed tentative action plans and received training on electronic conferencing through the Internet. Then during the 1993-94 academic year the Associate Colleges implemented their own projects and hosted site visits by the CCA project director. Finally, project members participated in a special focus on civic responsibility at CCA's Fourth International Faculty Development Conference in June 1994. A three-hour session at the conference was devoted to student community service as an aspect of civic responsibility, and service learning as an instructional methodology.

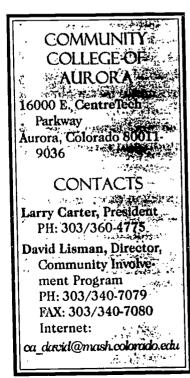
The Beacon project explored two service learning approaches—service learning as part of the curriculum, and service learning as the curriculum. An example of the second

approach is CCA's course in Community Involvement, an interdisciplinary course in which students perform community service and study the concept of service;

a similar course is offered at Piedmont Virginia Community College as part of the student development program.

### **SUCCESSES**

Five of the six Associate Colleges made remarkable strides toward integrating ethics and service learning into the curriculum, and the sixth successfully implemented service learning. At each institution a variety of efforts are underway to develop service learning centers, to have more faculty integrate service into their courses, to work more closely with service agencies in their local communities, and to encourage students to engage in service as a part of campus life.





A philosophy professor and a transfer counselor collaborated to make ethies-across-the-curriculum and service learning showease components of the Piedmont Virginia Community College program, Institutional buyin was obtained through elassroom videos, a series of brown bag lunches, involvement of Phi Theta Kappa, and the eollege's curriculum and instruction committee. and successful service activities, including summer program for inner-city children, volunteer fair, and a Philosophy in the Third Grade program. Courses making innovations in ethics included Spanish and French literature, visual arts, economies, political science, developmental English, engineering, biology, nursing, and history. The two Piedmont Beacon leaders received grants for their work from the college's foundation and the state community college system.

At Hagerstown Junior College in Maryland, seven faculty and 63 students implemented service learning in four areas of the college—behavioral and social sciences, health sciences, humanities, and advanced technology. Nearly 1,000 service hours were completed in a wide range of local agencies. A group service project in a computer-assisted design class led to the donation of a handicapped-accessible pienic table for use on campus. The college hosted a regional conference on service Jearning attended by 100 educators and community leaders.

At Honolulu Community College the auto meehanies faculty worked with the college office of special programs and community service to create a community project called "Taking Care of Your Car" geared especially to women and senior eitizens. The project's overwhelming success confirmed that occupational programs were well-suited to community service projects. Other experiences in Honolulu led to institutional re-thinking about the ways that liberal arts could be taught in occupational programs. Johnson County Community College, which later became one of the eight AACC Service Learning Colleges, broadcast a service learning teleconference and conducted various college events that led to eight faculty incorporating ethics into their courses and nearly 100 students participating in service learning. The Community College of Denver concentrated efforts in moving service learning into the English-as-a-Second-Language and nursing programs. Humber's Pharmaey Assistant program incorporated ethical case studies into the curriculum, and service learning became a part of an formal ethics course in the Ambulance and Emergency Care program.

### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

- Community College of Denver, Denver, CO; Byron N. McClenney, President: Dan Luna and Yvonne Frye, Project Coordinators
- Hagerstown Junior College, Hagerstown, MD; Norman P. Shea, President; Nan Ottenritter and Linda Hildebrand, Project Coordinators
- Honolulu Community College, Honolulu, III; Peter R. Kessinger, Provost: Terry Haney and Dorie Little, Project Coordinators
- Humber College of Applied Arts and Technology, Etobicoke, Ontario; Robert A. Gordon, President; Ken Harrison, Project Coordinator
- Johnson County Community College, Overland Park, KS; Charles J. Carlsen, President: Helen Burnstad, Project Coordinator
- Piedmont Virginia Community College, Charlottesville, VA; Deborah M. DiCroce, President; Marietta McCarty, Project Coordinator



38

### **SPINOFFS**

CCA collaborated with two other Beacon members—Hagerstown Junior College and the Maricopa Community College District—to sponsor a September 1994 Beacon Community Forum in Hagerstown, Maryland, a two-day conference on service learning and coalition building.

In Colorado the success of the Beacon community outreach experience and the vision of college leaders led to CCA's establishment of a Community Involvement Program, located at the Higher Education and Advanced Technology (HEAT) Center administered by CCA at the former Lowry Air Force Base. HEAT houses the Lowry Family Center, Early Childhood Education Program, Center for New Work, and Community Development-Service Learning Program. The service learning program includes a strong mentoring program with the Aurora Public Schools.

The CCA Beacon project directly influenced the direction of two national community college initiatives in service learning: AACC's Service Learning Colleges Project, part of the national Learn and Serve America program begun in 1994; and AACC's Bridges to Healthy Communities project, a five-year collaboration with the Centers for Disease Control begun in 1995. The CCA project director became highly visible in state and national service learning programs, including as a member of Campus Compact's Invisible College, which seeks to strengthen and broaden the scope of service learning in American colleges and universities. He and three CCA Associate College project coordinators later assumed service learning leadership roles as members of the AACC Service Learning Mentor Team. In Hawaii, the project led to statewide Lions Clubs' involvement in HCC service learning projects.



### TARDOUS MAIRIAIS HOUNDAOAN ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

### **INITIATIVES**

Faculty and administrators in community college har vicious materials technology (MAZMALT) programs and related engronmental technology programs

to assist colleges throughour the United States in the development and implementation of encironmental hazardous materials programs

ront Range Community College responded to the unprecedented need in the United States for adequately trained personnel who manage environmental pollution and participate in the clean-up of contaminated lands, rivers, and abandoned hazardous waste sites. At the start of the decade, estimates for labor demands ranged from 300,000 to 1,500,000 technicians and 500,000 professionals by the mid-1990s. Front Range built on its expertise in IIAZMATT education and training in Colorado to assist other six Associate Colleges with curriculum and professional development opportunities in order to meet that need. This was accomplished through the distribution of course materials, technical assistance to other community colleges, open enrollment for faculty at other colleges, and networking for larger grants.

### **SUCCESSES**

There were multiple accomplishments in the curriculum area. Curriculum content guides, syllabi, and test bank files were distributed for seven core courses in HAZMATT programs. Partner McGraw Hill made available three "Professional Series" books to any college requesting them. In addition, three textbooks produced during the project were published by McGraw Hill. Several faculty at other community colleges accepted the offer to enroll free of charge in the Front Range

HAZMATT continuing education classes on a space-available basis. From Range also-conducted four "fast-track" training programs for dislocated workers, modelled after the college's Governor's Job Training Program. One in California was directed specifically at unemployed homemakers. Another in Texas will retrain military motor pool personnel for the federal fleet conversion to alternate fuels. The Beacon project director also assisted Associate Colleges and others to tailor programs to local environmental needs: each Associate College was given \$3,000 to purchase instructional resource materials for that purpose.

The Associate Colleges produced a variety of results. Columbia Basin implemented both a credit and non-credit Environmental Hazardous Materials Management Technology program and has contract training programs underway with major businesses and industry in Washington. The program graduated students with Associate of Applied Sciences degrees and has had a

### RONTRANGE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

3645 West 112th Avenue Westminster, Colorado 80030

### CONTACTS

Tom Gonzales, President PH, 303-466-8811

David Y. Boon, Environmental Science and Technology PH, 303–466-5811 EAX: 303–466-1623



.**±4**0

waiting list for new students. Other colleges strengthened existing programs, contract training opportunities, and networking.

The Beacon HAZMATT program led by Front Range Community College resulted in the increased ability of community colleges to meet national needs. Through direct outreach and cooperation with the U.S. Department of Energy and the Partnerships for Environmental Technology Education consortium, the Beacon project expanded well beyond the original six Associate Colleges to more than 500 colleges. Many of these "new start" programs have taken special steps to meet the needs of disadvantaged students and to encourage the participation of minority and under-represented groups. The programs are supported through tuition, grants, and contract training revenues. The Beacon project helped ereate and maintain a community of colleges and individuals committed to helping solve environmental pollution problems in the United States and abroad. Beacon activities were highlighted at three NATO environmental conferences in 1993 and 1994.

### **SPINOFFS**

The first fully articulated 2 ± 2 high school and community college environmental program was developed in Colorado. Junior and senior high school students in Ft. Collins who attend classes at the college for two hours each day for two semesters receive 2.5 eredit hours toward their high school graduation requirements and 13 college credit hours for the Front Range Environmental Science and Technology program.

The original AACC Kellogg Foundation grant of \$45,000 led to more than \$20 million from federal sources. The expansion of the community college environmental network is assured through a National Science Foundation award for an Advanced Technology

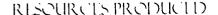
Environmental Education Center. Other funding from the Department of Energy and the Environmental Protection Agency is also supporting the work of community colleges.

### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

- Columbia Basin College, Pasco, WA: Lee Thornton, President: Ken Ferrigno, Coordinator
- Community College of Southern Nevada, North Las Vegas, XV: Paul Meacham, President: Ed Eschner, Coordinator
- Cuyamaca College, El Cajon, CA: Sherrill Amador, President: Mike Hall, Coordinator
- Moraine Valley Community College, Palos Hills, IL: Vernon Crawley, President; Bill Wendt, Coordinator
- Portland Community College, Portland, OR: Daniel F. Moriarty, President: Jean Dreydahl, Coordinator
- Texas State Technical College at Waco, Waco, TX; Fred L. Williams, President; David Day, Coordinator

### OTHER PARTNERS

- Colorado Center for Environmental Management, Golden, CO
- Geotech Environmental Equipment, Denver, CO
- Illinois Community College Board, Springfield, IL
- McGraw Hill Professional Book Group, New York, NY
- Partnership for Environmental Technology Education (PETE) Consortium, Livermore, CA



Site Assessment (textbook).

Environmental Monitoring and Sampling (textbook).

OSHA health and safety class materials.



### BUILDING IN ACADEMIC PARTALRSHIP

### **INITIATIVES**

CAMMINITY
Community colleges
perthe Texas inference (the Coast region (the Coast Coast region (the Coast Coast region) often the only point of catry to ligher education for thany inderrepresented groups

To many, cacademic success and student retention in core courses

Texas Gulf Coast region over the last decade, particularly in students from special populations (minorities, older returning students, non-native speakers of English, and students with disabilities), the Houston Community College system brought together representatives from the nine community college districts in the area. The idea was to consider ways to increase student retention, or hance academic success, and raise the number of students transferring into baccalaureate programs. The community college coalition sought a common core of learning that would foster student success and provide academic skills for transfer. The Beacon project, initiated in 1992, aimed to structure course content for two discipline areas—English and History—and to develop appropriate instructional strategies and assessment techniques to shape a positive classroom learning environment.

Each college identified a faculty team, one English instructor and one History instructor. Representing all of the region's community

colleges, they jointly developed common courses to be implemented at each institution. Elements of the common courses include syllabi, reading lists.

term projects, and examinations. Once a month, all the participants in this academic partnership convened and compared the target classes with "traditional" classes and reviewed results from school to school. Suggestions and round-table discussions refined the courses for future semesters. The meetings were a source of free-flowing exchange of ideas and classroom techniques. Periodically, the meetings turned into professional development workshops as participants gathered at one another's college.

### **SUCCESSES**

After a year of discussions of common goals, outcomes, and student workload for English 1301 (College Composition) and English 1302 (Composition and Rhetorie), the English team of instructors made recommendations for changes in English 1301, All participants implemented the changes in fall 1993 and made refinements in spring 1994. The team had identified the following

# HOUSTON COMMUNITY COLLEGES

PO. Box 7849 Houston, Texas 77270

### CONTACTS

James Harding, Interim Chancellor Houston Community Colleges PH: 713/869-5021

James Patterson, Department of History
Southeast College
6815 Rustie
Houston, TX 77270-7849
PH: 713/641-9618
Internet:
patterson jachees.ce.tx.us



42

·AACC

areas of emphasis, such as critical thinking and reading, exposure to different kinds of writing, and recognition of specific evaluation standards. The English team integrated a common learning experience—a collaborative group project with a research component—into the curriculum. Students in the experimental sections with the collaborative learning component generally had higher retention rates than than the departmental averages at the respective colleges. After teaching both target and control classes each semester, the instructors presented their findings to the administrations of the colleges in the Gulf Coast Consortium.

The History team devised a model course. History 1301, designed to be acceptable for transfer to four-year institutions. The historians agreed upon general historical time periods, teaching objectives, and appropriate readings for this introductory American history course. Each instructor taught the course at least twice during the Beacon project, beginning in fall 1993. The participants enjoyed teaching the class and students responded favorably.

The Beacon activities were directly responsible for unprecedented communication and cooperation among the community college instructions of the Gulf Coast Consortium, as well as for broadened communication between the community colleges and the University of Houston. Prior to the Beacon project the spirit of competition had far outweighed the spirit of cooperation. Juggling schedules and sometimes driving 200 miles to planning meetings, faculty members in the Consortium overcame traditional turf issues. The rotation of meeting sites enabled participants to discover library, computer lab, or similar treasures on each other's campuses. What started as an academic

eurriculum project turned into bridge-building among schools and individuals, and the development of valuable contacts and friendships.

### SPINOTES

Monthly meetings had the side benefit of allowing community college faculty across a wide region to share information about teaching, research resources, and contacts for adjunct faculty positions. The Beacon instructors became committed to continuing the professional meetings and to bringing in additional participants.

### RESOURCES PRODUCED

Model American History course.

Collaborative learning component of English Composition course.

### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

- Alvin Community College, Alvin, TX; A. Rodney Allbright, President; John Duke and Pat Klopp, Coordinators
- Brazosport College, Lake Jackson, TX: John Grable, President: Rick Range and Bill Shaw, Coordinators
- College of the Mainland, Texas City, TX: Larry Stanley, President; Alexander Pratt and Joann Pevoto, Coordinators
- Galveston College, Galveston, TX: Mare A. Nigliazzo, President: Michael Berberich, Coordinator
- Houston Community College, Houston, TX: James Harding, Interim Chaneellor; David Wileox and Linda Daigle, Coordinators
- Lee College, Baytown, TX; Jackson N. Sasser, President; Linda Daigle and David Wilcox, Coordinators
- North Harris Montgomery Community College District, Houston, TX; John Pickelman, Chancellor; Cher Brock and Phil Crow, Coordinators
- San Jacinto College District, Pasadena, TX; Monte Blue, Chancellor: Beverly Fischer and Eddie Weller, Coordinators
- Wharton County Junior College, Wharton, TX; Frank K. Vivelo, President; Vaughn Hamilton and John Morris, Coordinators



### BUILDING COMMUNITY FOR AN INTROPPINDENT MORED AMONG MICHIGAN COMMUNITY COLLEGES

### **INITIATIVES**

COMMUNITY,
Community college
tagality in a variety of
disciplines

COM:
To form an
international
consortium in
Victigan and
decelop ways to
internationalise the
community college
curriculum

he Southern Michigan Community Colleges Consortium for International Education was established in September 1991. Using the consortium as the foundation and the leadership of Kalamazoo Valley Community College, the eight colleges expanded their collaboration on international education and the "building of community." Thirty-one faculty representing 18 disciplines were selected to develop 28 international modules to be infused into a wide variety of courses using a common modular format and guidelines.

### **SUCCESSES**

The work of the consortium resulted in close working relationships among faculty as they collaborated to design curricula that would reflect international issues. Twenty-eight far-reaching curricular modules were developed, from beginning algebra (A Global View of Mathematics) to interpersonal communication (Cultural Communication: When Worlds Collide) and nursing (Cultural Diversity in Nursing). The modules were collected and distributed

nationally.

Eight international workshops were conducted during 1991 and 1992, one at each of the colleges in the consortium. Topics included international business, cultural diversity in learning communities, global interdependence, and Arab culture and religion, among others. While the workshops were reserved for faculty developing curricular materials numerous international colloquia were open to students and the community as well. Communication among the consortium members was enhanced by an electronic mailbox, but it unfortunately did not continue when state funding ended.

A variety of events such as ethnic festivals and an international speaker series complemented the curriculum work. Several of the colleges undertook international exchanges and travel study abroad programs. One at Delta College featured opportunities in Kenya and Japan: Macomb Community College had an interdisciplinary study tour in Mexico. All of the colleges committed funds toward purchases of a wide variety of international materials. Numerous state and national conference presentations spread the word about the Beacon activi-

KALAMAZOO VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE

6767 West O Avenue P.O. Box 4070 Kalamazoo, Miehigan 49009-9606

CONTACTS

Marilyn J. Schlack, President PH: 616/372-5000

Theo Sypris, Director. International Studies Program PH: 616/372-5283 FAX: 616/372-5458

Internet:

sypris01@vax.kvcc.edu



\*AACC

ties, and the project director developed a monograph that became a chapter in Kapi olani Community College's book. Beyond the Classroom: International Education and the Community College. A handbook entitled "Internationalizing the Curriculum" was produced in 1993 and contained 52 instructional modules. A second volume containing 103 modules was produced in 1995.

Kalamazoo Valley lent assistance to the Associate Colleges in their considerations for implementing International Studies certificate and associate degree programs. Macomb and Jackson Community Colleges added such programs. Delta College incorporated an international intercultural competency in its General Education statement.

### SPINOITS

The consortium created a force for change in Michigan and encouraged other institutions to participate and undertake new collaborative endeavors. During spring 1994 the Kalamazoo director provided technical assistance throughout the Midwest, conducting site visits and presenting lectures and workshops on international education at 23 community colleges. The original eight Associate Colleges were joined by other institutions interested in internationalizing college curriculum.

Funding for the Midwest Institute for International Studies and Foreign Languages was secured from the U.S. Department of Education and, as of 1995, 36 community colleges were participating. This is the only community college training center for international curriculum development in the United States.

Collaborating with Rio Hondo College and Kapi olani Community College. Kalamazoo Valley eosponsored a June 1993 Beaeon Community Forum on diversity and international trade, "International Markets: Redefining Our Training Needs and Practices."

Borrowing from Beacon neighbor Lake Michigan College's Winner Within program. Kalamazoo Valley established *Project Success*, an initiative geared to helping students in grades eight through twelve succeed in school.

### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

- Delta College, University Center, MI; Peter D. Boyse, President: Barbara Tedrow, Associate Director
- Jackson Community College, Jackson, MI; Lee Howser, President: Joyce Lockman, Associate Director
- Kellogg Community College, Battle Creek, MI: Paul R. Ohm. President: John Smith. Associate Director
- Macomb Community College, Warren, MI; Albert L. Lorenzo, President: Susan Calkins, Associate Director
- Mott Community College, Flint, MI; Allen Arnold, President: Joseph Wise, Associate Director
- Oakland Community College, Bloomfield, MI: Patsy J. Fulton, President: John Bergman, Associate Director
- St. Clair Community College, Port Huron, MI; R. Ernest Dear, President; Virginia Pillsbury, Associate Director

### RESOURCES PRODUCED

- Sypris. Theo, ed. (1993). "International Markets: Redefining Our Training Needs and Practices." In Beyond the Classroom: International Education and the Community College. Volume I. Internationalising the Curriculum with an Asian–Pacific Emphasis.
- Sypris, Theo. (1995). "Developing and Establishing an International Studies Program." In Beyond the Classroom: International Education and the Community College, Volume I. Internationalizating the Curriculum with an Asian–Pacific Emphasis.



# BIYOND THE CLASSROOM:INTERNATIONAL LOUGATION IN COMMUNITY COLLEGES

### **INITIATIVES**

ooling experience and resources, Kapi'olani Community College and its far-flung Associate Colleges provided information and guidance to colleges interested in a variety of international efforts. Areas of interest included internationalizing the curriculum, developing exchange programs, developing international education resource centers, promoting student and community involvement, and developing and expanding foreign language instruction, with a particular focus on the Asia-Pacific region.

### SUCCESSES

During the first 18 months of the Beacon project the ten colleges worked collaboratively to produce a four-volume series. Beyond the Classroom: International Education and the Community College, which was distributed nationally.

The second major activity was the May 1992 Beacon International Conference, "Asia, the Pacific, and the Americas: Building a Community of Colleges," The four-day conference convened 35 American colleges and universities, along with representatives from the People's Republic of China, Japan, Singapore, Papua New Guinea.

Australia, New Zealand, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas, Guam, and Easter Islands Chile. Some 150 participants took part in concurrent and general sessions and cultural events.

Five working groups (Curriculum Sharing, Campus Environment Innovations, Institutional Links in Asia and the Pacific, International Business, and Consortia) met to outline future activities.

COMMUNITY.

colleges interested

m Asian Pacific and

lo coordinate efforts

among community

internationalise

their institutions

Community

international

chication

11.

colleges to

The most significant outcome was the solid network of 20–40 community colleges interested in improving the way they teach about Asia and the Pacific.

### SPINOFFS

Beacon initiatives continue through improved electronic networking and with support from both external grants and the University of Hawai'i System. The faculty community that developed during the Beacon project continues to collaborate and was instrumental in the establishment of a strong service learning program and broader reaches into the community. In 1995 Kapi'olani became part of the national Learn and Serve America

### KAPPOLANI COMMUNITY COLLEGI

4303 Diamond Head Road Honolulu, Hawai'i 96816

### CONTACTS

John Morton, Provost PH: 508/734-9111

Robert Franco, Associate Professor of Anthropology PH: 808-734-9138

FAX: 808-734-9828 Internet:

bfranco@hawaii.edu

ERIC

\*Full Text Provided by ERIC

46

service learning program, and in its first semester involved more than 100 faculty and students in the Honolulu community. They served in issues as diverse as child health care, youth tutoring, and taking oral histories of senior citizens in a multicultural writing project.

A faculty team led by the Beaeon project director serves in a mentoring role in another national initiative, Exploring America's Communities: In Quest of Common Ground, part of the National Conversation on American Pluralism and Identity sponsored by the National Endowment for the Humanities.

Kapi olani collaborated with Rio Hondo College and Kalamazoo Valley Community College to sponsor a Beacon Community Forum, "International Markets: Redefining Our Training Needs and Practices," which examined diversity and international trade.

The Beacon grant leveraged close to \$100,000.

The Beacon project also led to APEX-L. an Internet listserve of faculty who discuss their increasing integration of Asian–Pacific content and issues into their instruction.

### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

- Coastline Community College, Fountain Valley, CA; Leslie N. Purdy, President; Richard W. Brightman, Project Coordinator
- Fox Valley Technical College, Appleton, WI; Victor Baldi, President; Carolyn Mewhorter, Project Coordinator
- Golden West College, Huntington Beach, CA: Philip Westin, President; Project Coordinator
- Honolulu Community College, Honolulu, III; Peter R. Kessinger, President; David Wong, Project Coordinator
- Kalamazoo Valley Community College, Kalamazoo, MI: Marilyn J. Schlack, President: Theo Sypris, Project Coordinator
- Leeward Community College, Pearl City, III; Barbara B. Polk, Provost: Kathy Hvane-Brown, Project Coordinator
- Maui Community College, Kahului, HI; Clyde Sakamoto, Provost and Project Coordinator
- Northern Marianas College, Saipain, MP; Agnes Manglona McPhetres, President: Barbara Moir, Project Coordinator
- Windward Community College, Kaneohe, III; Peter T. Dyer, Provost; Mike Garcia, Project Coordinator

### RESOURCES PRODUCED

Franco, R. W. and Shimabukuro, J. N., Eds. (1992). Beyond the Classroom: International Education and the Community College, Volume I. Internationalizating the Curriculum with an Asian-Pacific Emphasis, Volume II. Internationalizing the Campus Environment. Volume III. Creating Institutional Links in Asia and the Pacific, Volume IV. Working with Local Business to Enhance Asian-Pacific Understanding, Honolulu: University of Hawai'i Kapi'olani Community College.



# THE ADERSHIP ACADEMY FOR KENTUCKYS COMMUNITY COLLIGES

### INITIATIVES

kentucky community college faculty and administrators

(AM)

To procide training and networking that results in the development of new leaders for the state community college system, particularly women and immorities

In order to develop a vital community of college leaders, the Kentucky Community College System developed a Leadership Academy to improve leadership opportunities from within the ranks of faculty and staff in the state's 14 community colleges. Development of such a program had been a recommendation of a 1989 report of the Commission on the Future of the University of Kentucky Community College System. Recognizing that 80 percent of Kentuckians are natives, the Commission was determined to nurture local talent.

The Leadership Academy, which originally was financed by both the Beacon College grant and the community college system, involves current college presidents in the faculty staff training and networking activities. Its organization and activities were developed by an eightmember advisory board. Four stages comprise the Academy: a four-day summer institute, an internship, retreats, and evaluation and goal setting. At the mandatory summer institute, participants learn about the state system, develop leadership skills, develop a peer network, and examine state and national issues in education, government, and

business. A semester internship and regional retreats provide participants with experience in a leadership role. The final retreat allows participants to synthe-

size and evaluate the process and develop new personal and professional objectives.

### SUCCESSIS

Each college submitted names of candidates to the Leadership Academy's advisory board. Twenty participants were accepted during the first year of the Beacon project, and 17 in the second year. Internships at the "home" college were designed jointly by the intern and the president of the college. At the regional retreats participants reviewed internship projects, visited local sites such as a medical center and a settlement school, learned about the special cultural qualities of Appalachian people, and studied economic issues of the area. All participants were required to submit a written report of their experience—in keeping

## KENTUCKY COMMUNITY COLLEGE SYSTEM

102 Breekinridge Hall University of Kentucky Lexington, Kentucky 40506

### CONTACTS

Ben Carr, Chancellor PH: 606 '257-8607

### Arthur D. Stumpf,

President.
Madisonville
Community College
Madisonville, KY
42431
PH: 502/821-2250
EAX: 502/821-1555



with the focus of the Academy as a personal and professional growth opportunity.

Although it will take a while to determine the impact of the Leadership Academy, it represents a highly visible and well-supported effort to bring minorities and women into leadership positions in Kentucky's community colleges. The Leadership Academy continues with substantial state support.

### **SPINOITS**

The Leadership Academy is credited for helping faculty move into leadership roles earlier than anticipated. The Beacon grant leveraged approximately 8375,000.

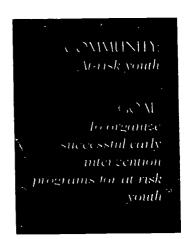
### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

- Ashland Community College, Ashland, KY; Charles Dassanee, President and Project Coordinator
- Elizabethtown Community College, Elizabethtown, KY: Charles E. Stebbins, President and Project Coordinator
- Hazard Community College, Hazard, KY: G. Edward Hughes, President and Project Coordinator
- Henderson Community College, Henderson, KY, Patrick R. Lake, President and Project Coordinator
- Hopkinsville Community College, Hopkinsville, KY; A. James Kerley, President and Project Coordinator
- Jefferson Community College, Louisville, KY; Richard Green, President and Project Coordinator
- Lexington Community College, Lexington, KY; Janice Friedel, President
- Madisonville Community College, Madisonville, KY; Arthur D. Stumpf, President and Project Coordinator
- Maysville Community College, Maysville, KY; James C. Shires, President and Project Coordinator
- Owensboro Community College, Owensboro, KY; John M. McGuire, President and Project Coordinator
- Paducah Community College, Paducah, KY; Leonard F. O'Hara, President and Project Coordinator
- Prestonsburg Community College,
  Prestonsburg, KY: Deborah Lee Floyd,
  President and Project Coordinator
- Somerset Community College, Somerset, KY, Rollin J. Watson. President and Project Coordinator
- Southeast Community College, Cumberland, KY, W. Bruce Ayers, President and Project Coordinator



# DIVITOPING MINNERS IN OUR COMMUNITES: PARTNERSHIPSTOR ATRISK STUDINTS IN URBANAL SCHOOLS

### INITIATIVES



oncerned about at-risk youth in their community, and seeing how few of them completed high school or attended college, Lake Michigan College piloted two early intervention programs: Winner Within and Mini-MET. The Winner Within program, which included a sponsor or mentor for each child, encouraged urban students to stay in school and attend college. The Winner Within program grew from previous involvement with a particular group; 76 students (90 percent minority) who as sixth-graders in 1987 were promised scholarships to attend Lake Michigan College upon their high school graduation. The Whirlpool Foundation provided a grant to administer the program and the college raises additional funds through auctions. The Mini-Met program, modeled after the Michigan Eduational Trust programs, encouraged sixth-graders in a rural school system to save \$3.00 weekly towards tuition and fees at Lake Miehigan. Prior to the Beacon project, all of these students had been introduced to the college through a series of educational and social experiences designed to interest them in higher education.

### **SUCCESSES**

The Beacon project allowed Lake Michigan to help other community colleges develop programs similar to Winner Within and Mini-MET. The Associate Colleges participated in four workshops and then tailored activities to meet their own local needs. At update sessions they reported progress and shared ideas on solutions to problems. Several special sessions helped students overcome stereotypes and negative assumptions about other cultural groups, including Native Americans. Black Americans, and Hispanic Americans. Four "College-Level Learning" workshops were conducted for the Winner Within and other college-bound students. Two "Focus on the Future" workshops invited minority students to discuss financial aid and other areas of concern.

Impressive keynote speakers inspired the students and faculty. The executive director of the National Black Youth Leadership Council. Dennis Watson, spoke to 250 students, faculty, and staff about challenges facing students in the 1990s. Eugene Lang, founder of the "I Have a Dream" Foundation, spoke at the final workshop. At a formal Scholarship Dinner honoring the Winner Within students, each was presented with a scholarship certificate for tuition at Lake Michigan College. Collectively, the colleges worked with more than 1,300 at-risk youth during the Beacon project.

### LAKE MICHIGAN COLLEGE

2755 East Napier Avenue Benton Harper, Michigan 49022-1899

### CONTACTS

Richard Pappas, President PH: 616-927-3571

#### Charmaine Kibler,

Director, Grants and Foundations PH: 616, 927-3571, ext. 8155 EAX: 616, 927-6585

#### Leonard Seawood,

Director, Multicultural Affairs
PH: 616-927-8100, ext. 5206
FAX: 616/927-6656



50

-AACC

The Associate Colleges had their own successes. College of Lake County's Project Succeed offers tuitionfree scholarships to students who graduate from high school. Grand Rapids Community College has summer outreach camps and a career directions program for youth aged eight to seventeen, Jackson Community College's CARE (Concerned Adults Responding Early) program provides after-school and summer activities as part of its tuition scholarship program for youth who graduate. Project Success at Kalamazoo Valley Community College features summer academic camps for eighth graders. South Suburban College's Project Success is a combination of the Winner Within and Mini-MET programs. The Education PLUS mentorship program at Washtenaw Community College targets fifth and sixth grade students and helps prepare them for college. complete with a full two-year scholarship. Sixth graders in the Wanbonsee Community College area participate in Road to Success, also a mentoring and scholarship program.

### SPINOITS

Of Lake Michigan's original 76 sixth-graders, 50 are still being tracked and many are now enrolled at the community college that supported them. Overall, the Beacon project strengthened Lake Michigan's early intervention programs, increased its understanding of at-risk students, and built partnerships with schools, community groups, and parents. The college is working on mentor training programs for area businesses and other groups.

A mentor training manual was produced for the Whirlpool Corporation and a two-day workshop was conducted for 22 secretaries from the company who would serve as mentors.

### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

- College of Lake County, Waukegan, IL; Eleanor Murkey, President; Oneida Henry and Eleanor Murkey, Project Coordinators
- Grand Rapids Community College, Grand Rapids, MI: Richard W. Calkins, President: Pat Pulliam, Mauricio Jimenez, Elias Lumpkins, and Shirley West, Project Coordinators
- Jackson Community College, Jackson, MI; Lee Howser, President; Patrick Palmer, Annette Householder, and Michael Smith, Project Coordinators
- Kalamazoo Valley Community College, Kalamazoo, MI; Marilyn J. Schlack, President: Reba Poulson, Project Coordinator
- South Suburban College, South Holland. IL: Richard W. Fonte, President; Phyllis Davis, Ellis Falk, and Holly Sadowski, Project Coordinators
- Washtenaw Community College, Ann Arbor, MI: Gunder A. Myran, President; David Beaumont, Arnett Chisholm, Donna Crudder, and Donald Sims, Project Coordinators
- Waubonsee Community College, Sugar Grove, IL; John J. Swalee, President; Gonzalo Arroyo, Richard Healy, and Sylvia Maisonet, Project Coordinators

### OTHER PARTNERS

Whirlpool Corporation, Benton Harbor, MI

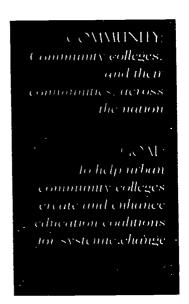
### RESOURCES PRODUCED

- Developing Winners in Our Communities. (1994). Benton Harbor, Michigan: Lake Michigan College.
- Developing Winners in Our Communities: Lake Michigan College Beacon Project. (1994). Benton Harbor, Michigan: Lake Michigan College. (video).
- Focus on the Future: College-Level Learning, Benton Harbor, Michigan: Lake Michigan College, (workshop materials).
- Mentor Training Materials for At-Risk Youth: Annotated Bibliography. (1994). Benton Harbor, Miehigan: Lake Miehigan College.
- The Road to Mentoring, (1994, May), Benton Harbor, Michigan; Lake Michigan College,
- Winner Within Parent Handbook. (1994). Benton Harbor. Miehigan: Lake Miehigan College.
- Winner Within Sponsor's Handbook. (1994). Benton Harbor, Michigan: Lake Michigan College.



### URBINIDUCION COMMONS

### **INITIATIVES**



arieopa sought to move community building beyond the college walls by focusing on education—community coalitions. Created from resources of varied organizations and diverse ideas, coalitions are like new institutions. The Phoenix-area Think Tank—a coalition of 18 school districts, colleges, government agencies, businesses, and community organizations—was the original model that was to be used in the Maricopa Beacon project. The idea was to help community colleges create solid, productive alliances with local schools and community organizations. As the project progressed, the process of coalition building became the focus of attention. It became clear that more information, training, and planning were needed for successful college—community joint ventures.

Following the redesign of a training manual and client surveys to determine key interests, a series of workshops was designed to help the process. Associate College leaders helped provide names of potential workshop participants. The first one in Phoenix drew about 50 people, with nearly equal numbers of individuals from education and community organizations. Money for travel was a big problem for ensuing

workshops and one had to be eaucelled. Subsequent workshops in Orlando and Hawaii had lower attendance but participants showed strong interest in the topic of building and enhancing education coalitions.

### SUCCLSSES

The project evolved into eight workshops—two in Phoenix, one in Orlando, four in Hawaii, and one in Oklahoma City. They served a total of 43 eolleges and 139 people, some of whom were eollege directors of community-building projects. The workshops included sessions on the role of coalitions themselves as community leaders.

Among the best practices identified in getting coalitions off the ground were the use of a trained facilitator, time for open dialogues, staff support, a "process owner" (someone who can "see" the group maturing), and, especially, a common vision.

Survey returns from 109 community colleges provided information about coalitions in which community colleges were taking the lead, who they were serving, and issues being addressed. The most interesting findings were that those who had operated coalitions for more than four years

### MARICOPA COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT

2411 West 14th Street Tempe, Arizona S5281-6941

### CONTACTS

Paul A. Elsner, Chancellor PH: 602.731-8000

Janet Beauchamp, Executive Director Think Tank PH: 602.731-8018 FAX: 602-273-8111 Internet:

beauchamp@maricopa.edu



52

(the average was 4.67 years) found that it was much more beneficial to apply "lessons learned" when developing projects, rather than to try to use a program replication "cookbook" approach. Each successful coalition budgeted not only for specific resources, but also for the *time* for participants to become comfortable with each other.

### SPINOFFS

The Think Tank coalition is developing a community-wide professional development and evaluation center where colleges, schools, businesses, government agencies, and community services organizations are sharing their "best practices" in teaching and training. Phoenix College has developed classes for neighborhood associations on how they can access their school, college, and community resources. Partnering with the Community College of Aurora and Hagerstown Junior College. Maricopa co-sponsored the September 1994 Beacon Community Forum on service learning and coalition building.

### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

- Calhoun State Community College, Decatur, AL; Richard Carpenter, President
- City Colleges of Chicago, Chicago, IL; Ronald Temple, Chancellor
- Collin County Community College, McKinney, TX; John Anthony, President
- Community College of Philadelphia, Philadelphia, PA; Frederick Capshaw, President
- Cuyahoga Community College, Cleveland, OH; Jerry Sue Thornton, President

- Delgado Community College, New Orleans, LA; Ione Elioff, Pre Ident
- El Paso Community College District, El Paso, TX; Adriana Barrera, President
- Houston Community Colleges, Houston, TX; James Harding, Interim Chancellor
- Johnson Country Community College, Overland Park, KS; Charles Carlsen, President
- Los Angeles Community College District, Los Angeles, CA; Neil Yoneji, Chancellor
- Oklahoma City Community College, Oklahoma City, OK; Robert Todd, President
- Peralta Community College District, Oakland, CA; Albert Harrison, Interim Chancellor
- San Diego Community College District, San Diego, CA; Augustine Gallego, Chancellor
- San Francisco Community College District, San Francisco, CA; Del Anderson, Chancellor
- San Jose/Evergreen Community College District, Ronald Kong, Chancellor
- St. Louis Community College District, St. Louis, MO; Gwendolyn Stephenson, Chancellor
- University of Hawaii Community College System, Honolulu, HI; Joyce Tsunoda, Chancellor
- Valencia Community College, Orlando, FL; Paul Gianini, Jr., President

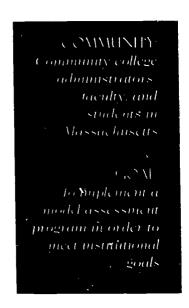
#### RESOURCES PRODUCED

- Beauchamp, J. (1995). "The Role of the Community College in Building Communities through Coalitions." In *The Company We Keep: Collaboration in the Community College*, by J. E. Roueche, L. S. Taber, and S. D. Roueche.
- Community College-Based Education Coalition (directory).
- Creating and Strengthening Education Coalitions (trainer's notebook).
- INFOBASE (a database of talents and resources in community colleges).
- INFOSOURCE (a directory of coalition sites, including their target population, focus areas, and training needs).



# THE UNDER CRADUATE EXPERIENCE: MASSACTIUSE ELS COMMUNITY COLLEGES BUILDING COMMUNITY BY ASSESSING THE OUTCOMES

### INITIATIVES



eollaboration of six Massachusetts community colleges, led by Massachusetts Bay Community College (MBCC), was formed in the summer of 1990 to establish and put in place institutional assessment strategies. The idea was to enable the colleges to respond more concisely to both the assessment requirements of the Massachusetts Board of Regents and to the recommendations of the Building Communities report. Upon termination of project funding, each of the six Associate Colleges would be assigned to one or more of the remaining community colleges in the state to work as partners in replicating the project activities. The intent was to establish by 1994, within the entire 15-member Massachusetts community college system, assessment programs sensitive to each institution's needs yet in compliance with the Regents' mandate.

Each campus established an Assessment Task Force of 10 to 20 participants, comprising key academic administrators, student services staff, and an interdisciplinary selection of faculty. The project was highlighted at statewide presidents' and chief academic officers' meetings to

ensure that participating campuses received the highest level of administrative support.

### **SUCCESSES**

In fall 1990, the Assessment Task Forces each developed strategies to address outcomes at their own institutions and identified key personnel to help, MBCC presented a teleconference, "Institutional Effectiveness: Look at Student Outcomes and Assuring Institutional Success in Community, Technical, and Junior Colleges," and led the other colleges in selecting special bibliographic collections of assessment information and materials for faculty and staff use. MBCC also established a Competencies Integration Task Force to assist project members. It sponsored a series of regional professional development workshops on teaching and learning and assessment.

A key feature of the project was that three colleges were able to generate a particularly high level of administrative and trustee interest. At MBCC the board chairman established a Building Communities Committee that adopted, among other things, a proposal for an additional graduation requirement in Civic Literacy and

# MASSACHUSETTS BAY COMMUNITY COLLEGE

50 Oakland Street Wellesley Hills, Massachusetts 02181

#### CONTACTS

Roger A. Van Winkle, President PH: 617-237-1100

### Marjory A. Stewart,

Dean, Experimental College PH: 617-237-1100 ext.3111 EAX: 617-237-1061



54

the implementation of a community service requirement for all students. Northern Essex established an Ad-Hoe Assessment Committee to integrate a continuous proeess of review and revision of assessment practices. Quinsigammond established a faculty-based Strategic Planning Committee whose recommendation of a methodology for a general assessment review project was accepted by the college trustees.

A variety of implementation efforts were successful. Assessment Task Forces at each college identified issues and strategies specific to their own institutions. The assessment of reading, writing, mathematics, and language skills was evaluated, and existing practices underwent extensive revision. Northern Essex and Cape Cod completely re-engineered their assessment process for incoming students based on the MBCC model, Programs were expanded to include both entrance and exit requirements. Assessment procedures now encompass fulland part-time students.

The Beacon project in Massachusetts faced special challenges. Each of the participating campuses experienced considerable disruption between 1990 and 1993 due to a severe fiscal crisis in the state, consequent reductions in financial support, the dissolution of the Board of Regents, and threats of closure to four community colleges, including MBCC.

Nevertheless, the long-term results are impressive. The Associate Colleges continued their discussions, which eventually led to the mandatory intake and exit assessment of basic skills.

### SPINOITS

The extensive curriculum work that evolved, along with trustee interest and participation, were unexpected benefits of the projects. In addition, the professional development workshops developed into an annual spring workshop on assessment featuring national experts. With the dismantling of the Board of Regents' Central Office—which was to moni-

tor compliance with the state assessment mandate—the AACC Kellogg Beacon Project became the catalyst for implementing the statewide assessment initiative. It was viewed as an essential factor in the Associate Colleges' ability to initiate a serious evaluation of current practices and implement effective campus-based strategies. Every college now requires mandatory assessment of students entering the day program, and nine also require it of continuing education students. Six have implemented assessment exit programs modeled on the MBCC approach. More than 35,000 students at Massachusetts community colleges are now being assessed as a result of the Beacon initiative, compared to fewer than 5,000 before Beacon.

### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

Bunker Hill Community College, Boston, MA; C. Seully Stykes, President: Judith Sanford Harris, Project Coordinator

Cape Cod Community College, Barnstable, MA; Richard A. Kraus. President: Richard Nastri, Project Coordinator

Mount Wachusett Community College, Gardner, MA; Daniel Asquino, President: Paul Susen, Project Coordinator

Northern Essex Community College, Haverill, MA; John R. Dimitry, President; David Kelley, Project Coordinator

Quinsigamond Community College. Woreester, MA; Sandra Kurtinitis. President; John Don, Project Coordinator

Springfield Technical Community College, Springfield, MA; Andrew M. Seibelli, President; Georgena Van Strat. Project Coordinator

### RESOURCES PRODUCED

Resource libraries at each campus. Recruitment publications. Staff development publications.



### BUILDING A COMMUNITY OF DIVERSE LEADERSHIP: CELARINGHOUSE FOR EXEMPLARY PRACTICES IN LEADERSHIP DIVERSHY

### **INITIATIVES**

Community colleges
in seven states

CoM:

To de, dop programs
that value diversity
and build diverse
community college
leadership teams

Colleges collaborated to help develop new leadership teams for the 21st century, specifically to develop individually designed programs for their own institutions. "Leadership diversity" was understood to include such issues as management, staff development, equal opportunity, open access, and multiculturalism. With strong leadership from its president, Metro got the Beacon project off to a good start by establishing the Clearinghouse for Exemplary Practices in Leadership Diversity. A strong network developed among the colleges for exchange of information, which helped focus particular staff development programs, revisions in personnel practices, and curriculum and classroom techniques to foster multicultural sensitivity.

### **SUCCESSES**

The Clearinghouse became a critical component of the project by producing and distributing six issues of a national newsletter and special annotated bibliographies on diversity. It also produced a transcript of an audio conference on leadership diversity and provided consultation and resource materials to individual colleges inside and outside the consortium. The Clearinghouse helped Associate College coordinators conduct pre- and post-project attitude surveys to assess the "diversity climate" at their colleges. Two face-to-face meetings enabled Beacon participants to form a community among themselves that encouraged creativity and resource sharing. A national teleconference.

"Achieving Leadership Diversity: Education's Challenge." was broadcast in November 1992.

The Associate Colleges were quite productive, creating a permanent multicultural display, revising college mission statements, developing a racial harassment policy, approving budgets for leadership diversity activities, implementing a faculty mini-grant program, sponsoring multicultural staff development sessions, developing a Minority Participation Plan, conducting a Native American conference, holding workshops on cultural sensitivity, and spearheading new events for students.

### METROPOLITAN COMMUNITY COLLEGE

P.O. Box 3777 Omaha, Nebraska 68103-0777

CONTACT

J. Richard Gilliland, President PH: 402/449-8400 FAX: 402-449-8332



56

### SPINOITS

Some of the participating colleges secured permanent funding for diversity positions or activities; others incorporated them into existing offices or programs. Metro established two task forces to implement a "managing diversity" plan for the college and held study circles for most of its employees to discuss and evaluate in depth Metro's plans and commitment to valuing diversity.

### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

- Austin Community College, Austin, TX; Bill Segura, President; Exalton Deleo, Project Coordinator
- Central Community College, Grand Island, NE: Joseph W. Preusser, President: Vikki Jaeger, Project Coordinator
- Front Range Community College, Westminster. CO: Tom Gonzales. President: John Chin. Project Coordinator
- Hennepin Technical College, Plymouth, MN; Ronald M, Carter, President; Sharon Grossbach, Project Coordinator
- Kirkwood Community College, Cedar Rapids, IA: Norman Nielsen. President: Lois Nanke, Project Coordinator
- Madison Area Technical College, Madison, WI; Beverly Simone, President; Deborah Newsome, Project Coordinator
- The Metropolitan Community Colleges, Kansas City, MO: Wayne E. Giles, Chancellor; Chris A. Butler, Project Coordinator
- Western Iowa Technical Community College, Sioux City, IA; Robert E. Dunker, President; Larry Bolanos, Project Coordinator
- Western Community College Area, Scottsbluff, NE; John N. Harms, President; Jane Hunter, Project Coordinator

### RESOURCES PRODUCED

- Beacon Project Survey Findings: Fall 1991 (Pre-) vs. Fall 1992 (Post-) for Metropolitan Community College. (1993, June). Omaha, Nebraska: Metropolitan Community College.
- Building a Community of Diverse Leadership at Austin Community College. (1992). Austin. Texas: Austin Community College.
- Great Plains Beacon. (1991–1993). Omaha, Nebraska: Metropolitan Community College, (newsletter).
- Simpson, M. M., Ed. (1993). Beyond the Vision: Implementation Strategies for Diversifying Community College Leadership. Omaha. Nebraska: Metropolitan Community College. (ERIC Document Reproduction Service No. ED 361-041).
- Simpson, M. M. and Gilliland, J. R. (1994). "Pressures from Within: Is the Community College Workplace Undermining Diversity?" AACC Journal, 64(3), 30–33.



# BUILDING COMMUNITY IN THE CLASSROOM A CONCLOUD HARDUCH MULHMEDIA HOUSE A CONCLOUD HARDUCH SCHOOLS

### **INITIATIVES**

c CMMUNHY:
Community college taculty in a variety of disciplines, their students, and teachers and students in teacher high schools

fotrain high school and college teachers in multimedia instructional technology iami-Dade Community College conducted two multimedia institutes that increased the academic knowledge and skills of Associate College representatives through the use of technology. The project aimed to increase the integration of multimedia technology into the curriculum at participating colleges and their feeder high schools, and to develop a model for training and supporting teachers in their efforts. Participants received individual assistance during two, week-long training institutes.

### **SUCCESSES**

The project reached a wide range of faculty in diverse disciplines, including journalism, nursing, nutrition, mathematics, photography, political science, music, English, and sociology. At the multimedia institutes, the community college faculty as a group produced a special CD-ROM disk that served as a multimedia resource for the Associate Colleges and their local high schools. The fact that the Beacon participants came from different parts of the

country resulted in a diversity of perspectives and contributed to the richness of

the CD-ROM disk. Each participant also developed a multimedia project—presentation, instructional drill and practice, tutorial, etc.—that would be used in the instructor's home setting.

As a result of an extensive series of workshops that followed the initial institute, more than 1.850 individuals were trained in multimedia technology. More than 80 high schools received training. Teachers were pleased to learn that using multimedia to develop instructional materials is doable.

Every Associate College continued its activities beyond the grant period, some with additional external grants, some with reassigned faculty time. Montgomery College conducted a series of presentations on "Leaving Your Chalk in Your Dust."

MIAMI-DADL COMMUNITY COLLEGE-KENDALL

11011 S.W. 104 Street Miami, Florida 33176-3393

CONTACTS

Eduardo Padron, District President PH: 305/237-3221

William M. Stokes, Campus President PH: 305/237-2000

Roberta Stokes, Center for Teaching and Learning PH: 305/237-2000 EAX: 305/347-2658



58

### SPINOITS

Several spinoff activities followed. A two-year degree program in multimedia evolved at Lane Community College. Miami-Dade built on the success of the Beacon project to secure a Title II state grant, through which another CD-ROM disk and a videodisk were produced and distributed to all 250 elementary, middle, and high school science teachers in the Dade County Public School District. The Beacon spirit led also to special networking among the eight colleges and joint grant opportunities with other community colleges, universities, high schools, and private software companies. Approximately \$150,000 in outside funds were leveraged by the Beacon grant.

### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

- Broward Community College, Ft. Lauderdale, FL; Willis Holeombe, President; Andra Popkin, Project Director
- Lane Community College, Eugene, OR; Jerry Moskus, President, Linda Loft, Project Director
- Mississippi Gulf Coast Community College, Gautier, MS; Royce B. Luke, President; Chuck Whitmore, Project Director
- Monroe Community College, Rochester, NY: Peter Spina, President; Suzanne El Rayess, Project Director
- Montgomery College, Rockville, MD: Robert Parilla, President; Suzanne Liggett, Project Director
- Paradise Valley Community College, Phoenix, AZ: Raul Cardenas, President: Donna Rebadow, Project Director
- Phoenix College, Phoenix, AZ; Marie Pepicello, President; Jim Walters, Project Director

OTHER PARTNERS

**Discovery Systems** 



### REGIONAL ORBINIATION AND ITADERSHIP TRAINING MENORE FOR LANGUAGE MINORITY STUDINES ALMIN JERSER COMMUNITY COLLEGES

### INITIATIVES

COMMUNITY.
International students
in New Jersey
community colleges.
and the taculty and
stan Am serve them

CaNM forhelp ensure the success of non-native English-speaking college students International students usually spend only one or two semesters at Middlesex County College (MCC) and other New Jersey community colleges before transferring to a four-year institution, but many are not successful due to language and cultural difficulties. To try to remedy the situation, MCC used a small grant in 1987 from the National Association for Foreign Student Affairs to experiment with approaches that would improve the retention rate of students who remained at the college for more than two semesters. The result was a recognition of three important factors: the international students' isolation on campus, their unfamiliarity with American culture and expectations, and faculty misunderstandings about cultural differences that affect learning and classroom behavior. These areas were the focus of the Beacon project.

The five Associate Colleges, already aligned with MCC through the New Jersey Collegiate Consortium for International/Intercultural Education, helped develop and implement off-campus, overnight weekend orientation and leadership training programs for languageminority students. During the first year of the project, MCC involved about 30 students and their five faculty advisors in planning the over-

night orientation. They invited three faculty and five students from each of the other colleges, with the goal of demonstrating how to hold a successful orientation and inspiring the other colleges to hold similar orientations the following year. A series of regional meetings and

presentations were conducted.

### SUCCESSES

Outcomes of the Beacon project exceeded expectations, particularly in the renewed interest in serving international students. The Associate Colleges have implemented their own overnight orientations, and other colleges have contacted MCC about establishing similar programs. At MCC, the orientation program increased international student retention by an impressive 97 percent. The consortium worked well partly because it had already been in place. The overnight weekend helped solidify relationships with both faculty and students, and

### MIDDLESEX COUNTY COLLEGE

155 Mill Road P.O. Box 3050 Edison, New Jersey 08837

### CONTACTS

Flora Maneuso Edwards, President PH: 908/906-2517

M. Eileen Hansen, Chair ESL Department PH: 908/906-2597 FAX: 908/494-8244



60

students with students. Its social aspects and outdoor activities helped reinforce connections that continued back on the campus.

### SPINOTES

The overnight orientations have continued with funding from grants, student activities, fund raisers, elub funds, and other sources.

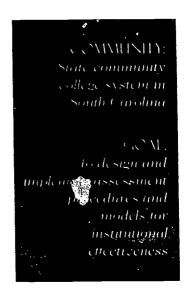
### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

- Atlantic Community College, Mays Landing, NJ: John T. May, President; Yeehiel Lehavy, Project Coordinator
- Burlington County College, Pemberton, NJ; Robert C. Messina, Jr., President; Carole Gavin, Project Coordinator
- County College of Morris, Randolph, NJ; Edward Yaw, President; Sam Pfaffenroth, Project Coordinator
- Cumberland County College, Vincland, NJ: Roland J. Chapdelaine, President; Nancy Kozak, Project Coordinator
- Raritan Valley Community College, Somerville, NJ; Cary Israel, President; Tulsi R. Maharkan, Project Coordinator



# OTTERMINE THE COMMUNITY COLLEGES OF THE CHAIN OF THE CHAIN OF THE SPECIAL MODILS. SPECIAL MODILS.

### **INITIATIVES**



ften, the effectiveness of community colleges is judged by university standards that do not reflect the unique mission of the community college. To rectify this situation. Midlands Technical College led the South Carolina Technical College System in designing, testing, and distributing assessment models suitable for use in community colleges with varying student enrollments in both urban and rural settings. Beacon funds supported seven small grants for pilot projects at consortium colleges in the areas of entry placement (Horry-Georgetown), student success and placement (York), library effectiveness (Florence-Darlington), tracking transfer students (Greenville), and alumni review (Tri-County). Two projects were conducted by other groups: finance, administration and facilities (chief financial officers) and student development services (chief student services officers).

An important part of the project was the development of faculty and staff expertise in external program review and on using assessment results for decision-making. A clearinghouse and newsletter of assessment information was also distributed statewide and nationally. Two

state workshops in 1991 and 1992 offered training in state compliance and accountability, use of licensure exam information, student success, and others areas.

### SUCCESSES

By sharing research and expertise, a statewide institutional effectiveness support system was developed for South Carolina's 16 technical colleges. Assessment instruments and methodologies were developed and field tested for: entry placement, library effectiveness, retention, alumni follow-up, financial processes, facilities, student development services, and assessment of the major. The support administration and facility surveys were expanded to become one user perception survey. A reporting cycle for mandated assessment in South Carolina was also completed.

Clearinghouse materials and bibliographic lists housed at Midlands were available to consortium members. Five issues of the *I.E. In Focus* newsletter were distributed to community colleges nationally. The project ensured that South Carolina's technical college system has a cadre of professionals trained in assess-

### MIDLANDS TECHNICAL COLLEGE

P.O. Box 2408 Columbia, South Carolina 29202

### CONTACTS

James L. Hudgins, President PH: 803/738-7600

Doreas Kitchings, Director of Assessment, Research, and Planning PH: 803/822-3584 FAX: 803/822-3619

ERIC Full Taxt Provided by ERIC

62

ment processes and in collaborating to maximize resources. It garnered strong support from college presidents in the state.

### SPINOITS

The consortium work continued beyond the grant period, supported by individual colleges. The successful newsletter was continued for an additional year with funding from the Consortium for Institutional Effectiveness and Student Success in the Community College. The network of individuals with expertise in assessment continues.

### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

- Aiken Teehnieal College, Aiken, SC: Kathleen A. Noble, President; Charles Parker, Project Coordinator
- Central Carolina Technical College, Sumter, SC: Herbert C. Robbins, President; Kay Rhoads, Project Coordinator
- Chesterfield-Marlboro Technical College, Cheraw, SC; Ronald W. Hampton. President; Jackie Brooks, Project Coordinator
- Denmark Technical College, Denmark, SC; Joann R. G. Boyd. President; Carolyn Fennell, Project Coordinator
- Florence-Darlington Technical College, Florence, SC: Charles W. Gould, President; Terry Alexander, Project Coordinator
- Greenville Technical College, Greenville, SC; Thomas E. Barton, Jr., President; F. M. Rogers, Project Coordinator

- Horry-Georgetown Technical College, Conway, SC; D. Kent Sharples. President; Garry Davis. Project Coordinator
- Orangeburg-Calhoun Technical College, Orangeburg, SC: Jeffrey R. Olson, President: Faye Pendanis, Project Coordinator
- Piedmont Technical College, Greenwood, SC: Lex D. Walters. President: Diek Shelton. Project Coordinator
- Spartanburg Technical College,
  Spartanburg, SC: Jack A. Powers.
  President: Jo Ellen Cantrell, Project
  Coordinator
- Technical College of the Lowcountry, Beaufort, SC: Anne S. McNutt, President: Robert Hogan, Project Coordinator
- Tri-County Technical College, Pendleton, SC; Don Garrison, President; Ann Libby, Project Coordinator
- Trident Technical College, Charleston, SC: Mary Dellamura Thornley, President: Rich Johnson, Project Coordinator
- Williamsburg Technical College, Kingstree, SC: Norman H. Scott, President: Beverly Grossman, Project Coordinator
- York Technical College, Rock Hill, SC: Dennis F. Merrell, President: Jo Ann Gardiner, Project Coordinator

### OTHER PARTNERS

South Carolina State Board for Technical and Comprehensive Education

### RESOURCES PRODUCED

- Assessment instruments (available by request to Midlands Technical College Office of Research and Analysis).
- Cannon, D., et al. (1992, August). Institutional Effectiveness Resource Manual. Columbia, South Carolina: South Carolina State Board for Technical and Comprehensive Education. (ERIC Document Reproduction Service No. ED 358-874).
- E. In Focus : Volumes 1-2. (1990-1991). Columbia. South Carolina: Midlands Technical College.



# CRINCALIHIRACY INSHIUH

COMMUNITY:

taculty and.

community college

adramstrators ma

carrety of disciplines

lo create faculty

critical thinking. reading, and writing

comises nerves the

development programs, to teach

currenhun

### **INITIATIVES**

Critical Literacy Institute was designed to implement the Beacon project. The Institute began with a week-long seminar at Oakton Community College in January 1992 and continued through the Associate College network. Teams of faculty and administrators examined several topics: critical thinking; the connection between critical thinking and the critical literacy classroom; ways that cognitive development, learning styles, and gender affect teaching and learning; tools for teaching critical literacy; design of classroom materials and activities; and development of a successful college-wide critical literacy program. Site visits and personal communication followed this formal program.

### **SUCCESSES**

Important changes occurred at classroom, participant, and institutional levels. The intensity of the Institute served not only to heighten the participants' awareness of the scope of change implied in the critical literacy classroom model, but also to forge important links among the network of colleges. Institute

to the Associate Colleges as they began implementing their own programs. In April 1992 Oakton conducted its fifth annual national conference on Critical literacy, attended by nearly 400 faculty from around the country, including the Associate Colleges. A subsequent four-day seminar in April 1993 reinforced previous training and, more importantly collaborative partnerships with upper-level administrators. Two topics identified by Beacon participants were highlighted—multicultural issues and

assessment of critical thinking skills and dispositions.

instructors continued to serve as mentors

More than 400 faculty at the Associate Colleges learned about critical literacy. William Rainey Harper. Madison Area Tech, and Montgomery conducted yearlong faculty development programs, and the others sponsored a variety of short-term symposia and workshops. One of the colleges created a resource library. At North Idaho critical literacy has become the umbrella structure for faculty development efforts on assessment, writing, humanities enrichment, and the development of the general education core curriculum.

The Institute unequivocably achieved its goal of

### OAKTON COMMUNITY COLLEGE

1600 East Golf Road Des Plaines, Illinois 60016

### CONTACTS

Margaret B. Lee, President PH: 708/635-1600

Alan Rubin, Professor of Psychology PH: 708/635-1933 FAX: 708/635-1987 Internet:

rubin@oakton.edu

Richard Storinger,
Dean, Communications
Division



64

ereating a vital collaborative network of colleges committed to critical literacy programs.

### SPINOFFS

The eapstone of the Beacon project was the development of a seven-part series of videoprograms for PBS' Adult Learning Satellite System. Some 200 high schools, colleges, and universities have ordered part or all of the series to use in their own faculty development programs.

The project served as the primary eatalyst in transforming faculty development efforts. It also revitalized the spirit of educational reform through the continued contacts among the Associate Colleges. Many of the collaborative relationships are being continued through the Internet. By summer 1993 more than \$400,000 in institutional support had been leveraged by the Beacon grant. The mentor relationships continue to be a strength of the project, blossoming and supporting Associate College program activities, including a second full year of faculty seminars at Montgomery College.

Many participants became interested in what makes an individual predisposed toward critical thinking, and in September 1993 Oakton began research on the impact of critical thinking initiatives on classroom outcomes and students in general. Does one's tendency to think critically change over time? Is it influenced by course, gender, or age? Is it associated with academic

achievement? Preliminary results suggest that gender and age play an important role, and that maintaining the motivation to think critically may be an issue.

### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

- Madison Area Technical College, Madison, WI; Beverly Simone, President; Carol Holmes, Project Coordinator
- Montgomery College, Rockville, MD; Robert Parilla. President: Christine McMahon, Project Coordinator
- North Arkansas Community College, Harrison, AR: Bill Baker, President; Joan Lipsmeyer, Project Coordinator
- North Idaho College, Coeur d'Alene, ID; C. Robert Bennett, President; Kathleen Baird, Project Coordinator
- North Lake College, Irving, TX: Jim Horton, President: Yvonne Abatso, Project Coordinator
- Owensboro Community College, Owensboro, KY; John N. McGuire, President: Jennifer Stevens, Project Coordinator
- Truman College, Chicago, IL: Donald Smith, President; Barbara Kessel, Project Coordinator
- William Rainey Harper College, Palatine, IL; Paul N. Thompson, President, Lee Vogel, Project Coordinator



# THE COMMUNITY OF THE FUHURE IS THE CLASSROOM OF TODAY: USING CLASSROOM ASSESSMENT OF CHAPTER PRODUCESTY STRAIL(III).

### **INITIATIVES**

CAMMINITY
California community
college presidents,
information officers,
campus leaders,
faculty and students

CAM
To make diversity a
critical element in
classroom and
campus elimate

In California the minority is the majority. Recognizing the implieations of this demography. Rio Hondo College began with the premise that change has happened, it is vital, and its needs must be met. The Beacon project goals were threefold: to build diverse communities in the classroom, to build community with campus leaders, and to build a campus climate that supports diversity. The community-building project goals fit nicely with previous campus and community initiatives.

For the classroom part of the project, the working premise was that the classroom is the community. When the classroom maximizes diversity, it serves as a microcosm of a diverse society. Rio Hondo and its Associate Colleges incorporated active learning strategies, collaborative learning techniques, and anti-bias and pro-diversity materials into the college classrooms. The project focused on teaching and learning: increasing the use of inclusive, pro-diversity curricula and methods across programs and increasing the success of students from all groups in California. At the same time, Beacon leaders including Rio Hondo's president led efforts to encourage college leaders at every level to become advocates for diversity and to plan for an institutional

elimate that supports diversity.

### SUCCESSES

Nine colleges used the concept of community-building to address difficult and sometimes explosive issues facing California campuses. A two-day conference that kicked off the project in November 1991 stressed the importance of valuing diversity in education and in reaching people who are in a position to influence others. At least ten faculty development workshops later featured approaches for addressing issues of diversity in the classroom—and for creating positive climates for learning. The Cross-Angelo classroom assessment technique was used at each campus, and faculty learned how to develop a multicultural curriculum in any discipline. Participants learned to appreciate invisible as well as obvious cultural values.

A live teleconference, "Voice and Visibility: Improving Gender and Ethnic Relations in the Classroom," was

### RIO HONDO COLLEGE

3600 Workman Mill Road Whittier, California 90608-0060

### CONTACTS

Jesus Carreon, President PH: 310/692-0921

Carol Sigala, Professor of Child Development PH: 310/692-0921. ext. 3237 EAX: 310/692-7386

ERIC \*

66

broadcast nationally in March 1992. Produced by Rio Hondo and sponsored by the American Association of University Women, it focused on practical strategies for overcoming biases in the classroom and on campus.

Several pro-diverse curriculum and methods and materials were developed heross disciplines. More than 50 faculty were trained and in-service programs were provided to 1,000 college staff.

### SPINOITS

Partnering with fellow Beacon Colleges, Kapi olani Community College and Kalamazoo Valley Community College, in June 1994 Rio Hondo sponsored a Beacon Community Forum, "International Markets: Redefining Our Training Needs and Practices," to examine diversity and international trade. Among the panelists were a former Soviet diplomat, Japanese and Vietnamese businessmen, and experts on immigration issues and the North American Free Trade Agreement. The event triggered discussions of bridges between nations and about where a community college can and should fit in. The three community colleges have continued through 1995 to "think collaboration" as new international intercultural opportunities arise.

Some \$150,000 was leveraged by the grant—more than three times the grant itself.

The key challenge facing the community colleges in the 1990s is to develop leadership that represents the diversity of their students and communities.

-Bearon College Fresident

### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

- Cerritos College, Norwalk, CA: Fred Gaskin, President: Jackie Lemen and Cesi Medina, Project Coordinators
- College of the Desert, Palm Desert, CA: David George, President; Diane Ramirez, Project Coordinator
- Cuesta College, San Luis Obispo, CA: Grace N. Mitchell, President: Darlene Smith, Project Coordinator
- Mt. San Antonio College, Walnut, CA: William H. Fedderson, President; Patti Flannigan and Jim Oeampo, Project Coordinators
- Oxnard College, Oxnard, CA: Elise Schneider, President; Cheryl Shearer and Marsha Albert, Project Coordinators
- Palomar College, San Marcos, CA: George R. Boggs, President: Patrick Schwerdtfeger and Doris Pichon, Project Coordinators
- Rancho Santiago College, Santa Ana, CA; Vivian B. Blevins, Chancellor: Julie Slark, Project Coordinator
- Santa Barbara City College, Santa Barbara, CA; Peter R. MacDougall, President: Georgia Duran, Project Coordinator
- Ventura College, Ventura, CA; Robert W. Long, President: Mike Seely, Project Coordinator

### RESOURCES PRODUCED

- Sanchez, A. (1993), "Diversity in Leadership, Diversity in the Classroom," AACC Journal, 63(3), 31-33.
- Sigala, C. A. (1993). The Classroom of Today Is the Community of the Future. The Beacon College Project, Class of 1993. Executive Summary. Whittier, California: Rio Hondo College.

Various curriculum materials.



# RICOGNAVICALIĞLÜRLY ACTATABATIONORS STÜĞLMENLA ONTRUNCES

### **INITIATIVES**



Rockland Community College led a coalition of colleges to establish scholarly conferences for honors students in the Mid-Atlantic region. The conferences recognized students' independent research and scholarly presentation. Faculty juries selected papers to be presented and distinguished researchers acted as chief judges; both students and faculty mentors received awards. The aim was to build community through faculty collegiality as they developed the conferences, through student-faculty relationships as research papers were produced, through the interactions of students attending the conferences, between two-year colleges and the four-year institutions that supplied panel judges, and through the communal spirit of the conferences themselves.

Since the idea of a student scholar conference for community college students was a new one. Rockland worked closely with its Associate Colleges to design the process of soliciting research papers, evaluating them, and presenting them in a formal setting. The resulting one-day conference featured morning and afternoon panels at

which students presented their papers and ended with a plenary session for awards.

Several approaches were used to help individual faculty members participate at the Associate Colleges: release time, stipends, transportation expenses, Associates received honoraria in the project's second year.

### **SUCCESSES**

The two conferences, "Beacon '93" and "Beacon '94," were enormously successful. In 1993 students from 28 community colleges submitted 99 papers, of which 41 were presented at the conference's 13 panels. Some 175 people attended. The following year, students from 30 colleges offered papers: 16 different panels were created with 49 students presenting and 200 people attending. To obtain overall feedback on the conference, organizers attached the evaluation form to a raffle, creating high interest in evaluation.

Although planners had hoped for papers in all disciplines, many submissions fell into the categories of creative writing, history, psychology, and literature. Deliberate mechanisms will be implemented in future years for soliciting papers in technological areas

### ROCKLAND COMMUNITY COLLEGE

145 College Road Suffern, New York 10901

### CONTACTS

Neal Raisman, President PH: 914/574-4000

Libby Bay, Humanities Cluster Chair

Naney Hazelton, Professor of English

Robert Kahn, Dean of Professional Services PH: 914/574-4338 EAX: 914/574-4423



68

Response to the conferences has been highly positive. The project engaged a large community with prospects for involving still more faculty, students, and community people. It also enlivened already-existing honors programs and led to inquiries from colleges without them. Since submissions were invited from all disciplines, the Beacon spirit pervaded entire campuses. Some students wrote afterwards of their excitement about being a "presenter."

The conferences confirmed that community colleges are indeed a place for high caliber academic accomplishments. Although not an official partner in the Beacon project, Phi Theta Kappa—the community college honor society—sent a representative to each of the conferences.

### SPINOFFS

Rockland received one of three AACC Beacon Community Forum grants in 1994 to host a "conference about conferences." Key leaders met with representatives of Phi Theta Kappa and eight other colleges in California, Florida, Michigan, New Jersey, North Carolina, Texas, Virginia, and Washington after "Beacon '94" for an orientation on producing student scholar conferences. The idea was to encourage similar conferences in other regions of the country.

The Beacon leaders' hope for a grassroots movement for continuance of the student scholar conferences has come true. "Beacon '95" was hosted by Dutchess Community College, and Harford Community College will bring "Beacon '96" to Maryland—two full cycles beyond the original AACC. Kellogg grant period. With seven colleges committed to the consortium, the outlook for continuance is good.

### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

- Bergen Community College, Paramus, NJ; Judith K. Winn, President; Roanne Angielo, Project Director
- Brookdale Community College, Lineroft, NJ; Peter F. Burnham, President; Cathy Folio, Project Director
- Catonsville Community College, Catonsville, MD; Frederick J. Walsh, President: Mary Hines and Suzanne Hill, Project Directors
- Dutchess Community College,
  Poughkeepsie, NY: D. David Conklin.
  President: Judith Kohl, Project
  Director
- Harford Community College, Bel Air, MD; Claudia E. Chiesi, President; Nancy Fertig, Project Director
- Kingsborough Community College, Brooklyn, NY; Leon M. Goldstein, President: Thelma Malle, Project Director
- Middlesex Community-Technical College, Middletown, CT, Robert Miller, Interim President; Peter Caprioglio, Project Director
- Nassau Community College, Garden City, NY; Sean A. Fanelli, President; Carol Farber, Project Director
- Westchester Community College, Valhalla, NY: Joseph N. Hankin, President: Carol Klein, Project Director

### RESOURCES PRODUCED

- Beacon '93: A Conference for Student Scholars at Two-Year Colleges, Proceedings, AACC/ Kellogg Beacon College Grant. (1993, June). Suffern, New York: Rockland Community College.
- Beacon '94: A Conference for Student Scholars at Two-Year Colleges, Proceedings, AACC/ Kellogg Beacon College Grant, (1994, June), Suffern, New York: Rockland Community College.
- Kahn, R., Hazelton, N., and Bay, L. (1995). Hote to Run a Student Conference. Suffern, New York: Rockland Comunity College.



## BUILDIXG COMMUNITY TIROUGH STUDI NI DIVERSITY: CONNECTIVE NOWAR ADHIONAL STUDI NESTO THER LEAR MISG COMMUNITES

### **INITIATIVES**

A risk middle and secondary school students community college students, and their instructors

In connect at risk students to their learning enginements and help them succeed academically

t. Louis Community College at Meramee led a coalition of eleven community colleges and eight middle and secondary schools in a project to invigorate instructors and help students learn better. Determined to connect with students that did not conform to schools' views of "traditional," the Beacon teachers set out to empower students to be active learners. Project leaders invited the Critical Literacy faculty from Oakton Community College to serve as mentors and seminar leaders for a series of workshops on classroom practices held during the 1990-91 academic year. After the training, the Beacon teachers each selected one technique or topic from those presented by the Oakton trainers and agreed to embed it into one course the following semester. Afterwards, the Associate College teachers themselves became presenters for their colleagues in a second series of workshops. They covered a variety of topics: classroom assessment techniques, writing to learn, reading strategies, critical thinking aeross the disciplines, student diversity and the learning environment, collaborative learning, and assessing teachers and students.

### **SUCCESSES**

Two communities were created—a community of teachers as learners, and learners as teachers. Second-year workshops, led by "homegrown" talents—the Beacon teachers—engaged teachers in ways that allowed them to

become students and to experience first-hand new ways of learning and participating in a classroom setting. Collaboration among participants became common-place, and participants were pleased when their ideas were "stolen" by their colleagues.

A new sixth-grade teacher was surprised but pleased to see that what was important in her classroom was the same as what was important in high school and college classrooms, such as active reading, cooperative learning, and writing across the curriculum. As she implemented techniques learned in the workshops, even so-called at-risk or low-achieving students became enthralled with a writing project and were asking to go to the libray. An Associate College teacher introduced critical thinking skills into an Introduction to Word Processing course with equally impressive results:

ST. LOUIS COMMUNITY COLLEGE AT MER AMEC

11333 Big Bend Boulevard St. Louis, Missouri 63122

CONTACTS

Richard Black, President PH: 314/984-7500

Elizabeth M. Mahony, Project Director PH: 314/984-7500 EAX: 314/984-7117



70

improved student satisfaction and a reduction in the course dropout rate from 35 percent to 15 percent. Other Beacon participants reported similar successes in promoting active learning techniques that would reach students who had previously been more apathetic about their classes.

We truly built community from diversity and Imadel "invisible crossings" between disciplines and educational levels to experiment with classroom approaches.

### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

-Beacon project director

Jefferson College, Hillsboro, MO; Gregory D. Adkins, President: Thomas Burke, Campus Coordinator

Longview Community College, Lee's Summit, MO: Aldo W. Leker, President: Barbara Eubank, Campus Coordinator

Mineral Area College, Flat River, MO; Dixie A. Kohn, President; Elvis Clark, Campus Coordinator

North Central Missouri College, Trenton, MO; James Selby, President: Georgia Lappas, Campus Coordinator Ozarks Technical Community College, (formerly Heart of the Ozarks Community Technical College), Springfield, MO; Norman Myers, President: Mary Farmer, Campus Coordinator

Penn Valley Community College, Kansas City, MO; E. Paul Williams. President; Mary Simpson. Campus Coordinator

St. Charles County Community College, St. Charles. MO; Donald D. Shook, President: Carol Ballantyne, Campus Coordinator

St. Louis Community College at Forest Park, St. Louis, MO: Henry Shannon, President: Hattie Jackson. Campus Coordinator

State Fair Community College, Sedalia, MO; Marvin Fielding, President; Bob Solomon, Campus Coordinator

### OTHER PARTNERS

Missouri Association of Community and Junior Colleges, Jefferson City

These Missouri Schools:

Hazelwood East High School, St. Louis
Hazelwood School District, Florissant
Holy Innocents School, St. Louis
Humboldt VPA Middle School, St. Louis
McCluer North High School, Florissant
Parkway East Junior High School, Creve
Coeur

St. Justin the Martyr School, St. Louis Valley Park Elementary School, Valley Park

Valley Park High School, Valley Park

### RESOURCES PRODUCED

Mahony, E. M. (1992, June). Building Community from Diversity: Connecting Students to Their Learning Environments. An Anthology of Classroom Projects Undertuken for the Kellogg Beacon Grant. St. Louis: St. Louis Community College.

Videotapes of seminar presentations; workshop materials.



# CIMPEDIATE CHANNEL BRAINING CONSORTHUM

### INITIATIVES

COMMUNITY

Two year and four
year college faculty in
early cluldhood
education programs

(CN)

To create training
materials for use with
eat-risk Native
American and
Hispanic students in
early cluldhood
education programs

he Four Corners area's San Juan College led a collaborative effort among colleges in New Mexico and Arizona that serve rural, poor, culturally diverse regions. Members of the Child Development Training Consortium were invited to contribute materials that reflected a particular strength and expertise in early childhood training. The Beacon grant provided production support for training materials, including technical assistance in video, still photography, writing, graphic design, and reproduction.

The aim was to promote effective learning for at-risk students in early childhood education programs, and in the process to adapt techniques that work well with young children.

The Consortium used a process that combines fundamental principles of self-directed learning, storytelling, media communications, and quality management. A two-day conference at the beginning of the project featured shared stories of successful teaching strategies for adult learning. The result was a clear consensus that the project would emphasize high quality training materials, respect for learners, and celebration of young children. The use of portfolios in adult learning was endorsed.

### **SUCCESSES**

The creative spirit of the Beacon participants showed in their products. UNM-Los Alamos produced a black and white photo essay showing graduates of its Nanny Program at work with families, with a narrative telling the story of four students and their personal growth. Santa Fe Community College documented its process of encouraging adult learners to develop high literacy skills. Northland Pioneer College produced a video about a Native American man in the Navajo Nation. tracing his evolution from a Head Start bus driver, to Head Start teacher, to teacher trainer, Luna Vocational Technical Institute produced videotapes showing the link between literacy and hands on art activity, and how the expressive and creative arts can be used successfully as teaching tools, UNM-Gallup documented a curriculum for Native American preschool teachers that emphasizes an explicit process for addressing basic skills in math and English. And at San Juan College, materials were developed that reflect experience with approaches

### SAN JUAN COLLEGF

4601 College Blvd. Farmington, New Mexico 87402-4699

### CONTACTS

James C. Henderson. President PH: 505/326-3311 FAX: 505/599-0385

Pat Dalton, Director, Early Childhood Education

PH: 505/326-3311 FAX: 505/599-0385



72

to collaborative learning in multicultural classrooms. As colleges with new early children programs. Northern New Mexico Community College and UNM-Valencia served as testers for the materials the others produced.

The project resulted in print and video products that came to be called a "tool kit" for early childhood educators. Participants cited both the collaborative process and products that resulted as key to the Beacon project's success. They saw a growing interest at the state level in the benefits of the collaborative network of early childhood professionals.

### RESOURCES PRODUCED

- Atwater, V. (1993). Three American Nannies. Los Alamos, NM: University of New Mexico-Los Alamos.
- Beers, C. D. (1993). "Telling Our Stories: The CDA Process in Native American Head Start." In: Growing Teachers: Partnerships in Staff Development, edited by E. Jones. Washington, DC: National Association for the Education of Young Children.
- Beers, C. D. and Ott, R. (1992, Fall). Good Beginnings. Community Collaboration in Child Development Programs. Santa Fe. New Mexico: New Mexico Children, Youth and Families Department, Office of Child Development.
- Beers, C. D., Ott, R., and Dunn, P. (1993).

  Sharing Stories: Active Learning for Adults and Children. An Introduction to the Tool Kit. Farmington, New Mexico: San Juan College, Child Development Training Consortium.
- Child Development Training Consortium. (1993). Childhood Isses as Seen by Scholars and Grassroots Practitioners: Choice and Commitment: Well Told Stories: and Good Beginnings. Farmington, New Mexico: San Juan College, (video anthology).
- Enfield, C. (1993). CDA Stories. Northland Pioneer College.
- MeLeod, J. (1993). Imagine That: A Trilogy of Early Childhood Films. Las Vegas, New Mexico: Luna Vocational Technical Institute. (video).
- Workman, S. (1992). Integrating Culture into an Early Childhhod Classroom. Farmington, NM: San Juan College.
- Workman, S. (1993). Building Learning Communities Among Adults and Children. Farmington, NM: San Juan College.
- Workman, S. and McDonald, M. (1993). Creating Cultural Communion in the Early Child-hood Classroom. Farmington, New Mexico: San Juan College. (video).

### ASSOCIATECOLLEGES

- Luna Vocational Technical Institute, Las Vegas, NM; Samuel F. Vigil, President: John McLeod, Project Coordinator
- Northland Pioneer College, Holbrook, AZ; John H. Andereson, President; Claude Endfield, Project Coordinator
- Northern New Mexico Community College, Espanola, NM; Connie A. Valdez, President; Tim Crone, Project Coordinator
- Santa Fe Community College, Santa Fe. NM; Leonardo de la Garza, President; Tish Wilson, Project Coordinator
- University of New Mexico-Gallup, Gallup, NM; Marta Dempsey, Project Coordinator
- University of New Mexico-Los Alamos, Los Alamos, NM; Vann Atwater, Project Coordinator
- University of New Mexico-Valencia, Las Lunas, NM; Linda Lawrence, Project Coordinator

### OTHER PARTNERS

- Artworks, Durango, CO
- Coalition for Children, Youth, and Families, Albuquerque, NM
- Jenson & Ott Communication Arts, Albuquerque, NM
- New Mexico State Office of Child Development, Santa Fe, NM
- New Mexico State University, Las Cruces, NM
- Western New Mexico University, Silver City, NM

### SPINOFFS

Among projects that followed Beacon is one for training Native American early childhood teachers in the Southwest. In addition, a statewide early childhood educator training project was established in 1995 that builds on the collaborative structure established during the Beacon project. The "tool kit" developed during the Beacon project was the subject of a 1994–95 statewide Effective University Instruction Research project at Eastern New Mexico University. The results showed overwhelmingly positive student reaction to the portfolio-based educational materials during the Beacon project.

Three colleges involved in San Juan's Beacon project became involved in Wheelock College *Partners in Change*, a major New Mexico state professional development initiative geared to those who work with children birth through age eight.

The conceptual framework of quality management, as described by Deming and others, shares some of the basic principles or early childhood education. respect for individuals . . . tapping intrinsic motivation . . . considering the quality of products and services from the point of view of the user—beacon participants.



# COLLGE SUCCESS METMORRE BUILDING COMMUNITY HIROUGHEN INDED ORIENTATION

### INITIA FIVES

COMMUNITY:
Freshmen in Florida
community colleges,
and the facility and
stait who advise them

COMMUNITY

To improve student
performance and
retention through
special orientation

anta Fe Community College built from the strength of its semester-long, credit orientation course called the College Success Seminar to create a Beacon College Success Network. The orientation course, with faculty and administration support, was launched in 1990 by 26 faculty and adjunct instructors who had received common training. Approximately 900 students were enrolled in 31 sections. Findings by Santa Fe's Office of Institutional Research indicated that the College Success students, compared to students who did not take the course, carned higher grade point averages, completed more credit hours and enrolled in greater numbers in the following semester. Seventy percent of the College Success students also said they thought the course helped them feel more connected to the college.

The Beacon consortium aimed to replicate the positive results seen at Santa Fe. Participants dedicated themselves to establishing communication and support among network colleges. In general, it aimed to strengthen community-building activities on the campuses

through increased student participation and connection with faculty.

### **SUCCESSES**

The original six Associate Colleges in the network were joined quickly by Edison Community College, Miami-Dade Community College, and Valencia Community College. Other Florida colleges followed, and by the end of the Beacon project in August 1994, 21 community colleges were part of the Beacon College Success Network.

The Beaeon grant supported two annual workshops for the network colleges in November 1992 and February 1994. The first provided basic training in teaching the seminar and developed statewide research objectives and methods. Each network college was also assigned an experienced Sante Fe instructor as a mentor. The second workshop included 110 participants from 20 colleges and focused on refining the seminar, extending network membership, identifying exemplary programs in the state, and planning for the future of the network beyond the Beaeon grant.

Network colleges implemented the seminar in ereative ways. Broward offered a three-eredit course that was expanded to include critical thinking skills; Central

### SANTA FE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

3000 NW 83rd Street Gainesville, Florida 32606

### CONTACTS

Lawrence Tyree,
President
PH: 904/395-5168

Clifford LeBlanc, College

Success

PH: 904/395-5508 FAX: 904/395-9041



Florida's course work centered on critical reading and thinking skills, career exploration, and tutorials for other courses. At Daytona Community College, a Title III grant helped expand the Dynamics of Student Success course from three to 22 sections, reaching 450 students in a single semester. A counselor at Edison Community College used a special unit on students with disabilities. Lake-Sumter, Palm Beach, and Polk Community Colleges reported plans for mandatory courses or courses with increased credits. In fall 1994 Santa Fe offered the seminar to high school students in a laboratory school at the University of Florida.

### **SPINOFFS**

The project continues. In April 1995 Broward Community College and Miami-Dade Community College jointly hosted a two-day workshop for colleges in commuting distance of Ft. Lauderdale. Eight universities in Florida have established or explored the possibility of providing College Success seminars or courses for entering students.

### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

- Broward Community College, Pembroke Pines, FL; Willis Holeombe, President: Debbie Sloan, Project Coordinator
- Central Florida Community College, Oeala, FL: William J. Campion, President: Pete Barbatis. Project Coordinator
- Edison Community College, Ft. Myers. FL: Kenneth Walker, President: Don Leonard, Project Coordinator
- Lake City Community College, Lake City, FL; Kay Heimer, President; Erie Wilson, Project Director
- Oklaloosa-Walton Community College, Niceville, FL; James R. Richburg, President: Ann James, Project Coordinator
- Polk Community College, Winter Haven, FL; Maryly VanLeer Peek, President: Georgia Newman, Project Coordinator
- St. Johns River Community College, Palatka, FL; Robert L., McLendon, Jr., President; Shann Purinton, Project Coordinator

### OTHER PARTNERS

College Survival, Inc., Rapid City, SD Freshman Year Experience, University of South Carolina, Columbia, SC

### RISOURCES PRODUCED

The Web, "Spinning Strategies for Student Success" (newsletter of the Beacon College Success Network)



# DIVILOPMENTOLICOMPRIHENSIVE IN-PROGRESS IND, VII VII ASSISSMINI PROGRAM

### INITIATIVES

🐧 inclair and its five Associate Colleges tackled the topic of educational quality in its Beacon project, including research and development, field testing, publishing, and dissemination of inprogress and at-exit assessment methodologies of student achievement in community and technical coileges. Results were described in a guidebook of ease studies written by faculty participants, and a National Conference on Assessment in the Two-Year College was hosted by Sinelair Community College in 1993.

### **SUCCESSES**

Assessment methodologies were developed in a wide array of courses: algebra, applied arts, beginning math, business management, eareer exploration, chemistry, dental public health, developmental reading, early childhood education, electronics, English composition, English-asa-Second Language, general and technical education, information systems, mechanical engineering technology, mechanics, music, nursing, and office administration. They were also developed for a transfer opportunities program and for post-graduate assessment by an employer (for field experience programs).

Several specific assessment methodologies were tested: affective display, basic skills assessment, capstone courses, checkpoint courses, classroom assessment, eognitive assessment, eomputer adaptive

testing, continuous quality improvement, DACUM (designing a curriculum), exit examinations, final projects, performance observations, portfolio assessment, pre-tests, post-tests, review components/review modules, and sequence-embedded assessments.

The first National Conference on Assessment in the Two-Year College took place in May 1993 at Sinclair Community College. It disseminated information about various assessment methods in various disciplines and divisions. Sponsored by the eollege's Assessment Steering Committee, the conference was also guided by the



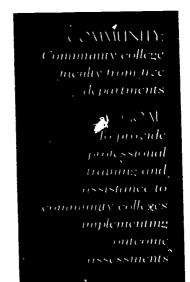
444 West Third Street Davton, Ohio 45402

### CONTACTS

David H. Ponitz, President

PH: 513/226-2500

Gary L. Mitchner, Professor of English PH: 513/226-2594 FAX: 513/449-4596 Internet: gmitche@sinclair.edu





Beacon Project Advisory Board, which included faculty and administrators.

### **SPINOFFS**

The assessment project led to subsequent national conferences, which developed into The Quality Institute, sponsored by the Assessment Steering Committee and the Quality Council at Sinelair Community College.

### ASSOCIATE COLLEGES

Community College of Philadelphia, Philadelphia, PA; Frederick W. Capshaw. President: James Oswald. Project Coordinator

Lakeland Community College, Mentor. Kirtland, OH; Ralph R. Doty, President; Judith Doerr, Project Coordinator

Montgomery College, Rockville, MD; Robert Parilla, President; Betty Wells, Project Coordinator

North Central Technical College, Mansfield, OH; Byron Kee, President: Peter Grant, Project Coordinator

William Rainey Harper College, Palatine, IL; Paul N. Thompson. President; Tom Choice, Project Coordinator

### RESOURCES PRODUCTO

Mitchner, G., Ed. (1993), Guidelines for Assessment in the Two-Year College, Beacon Project Reports, Proceedings from a National Conference on Assessment in the Two-Year College, Dayton, Ohio: Sinelair Community College.



78

· AACC

- Armes, N. and McClenney, K. (1989). "Mirror, Mirror... Challenges for Colleges in Building Communities." Community, Technical, and Junior College Journal, 59(5), 17–21.
- Atwater, V. (1933). Three American Nannies. Los Alamos, New Mexico: University of New Mexico-Los Alamos.
- Ballobin, K., et. al. (1993, April). A Cultural Diversity Plan. Paper presented at the Annual Meeting of the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, Chicago. (ERIC Document Reproduction Service No. ED 356 021).
- Barnett, L., Ed. (1992). Beacon College Project Directory. Washington. DC: American Association of Community Colleges. (ERIC Document Reproduction Service No. ED ED 349 075).
- Barnett, L. (1996, forthcoming). "Service Learning: Why Community Colleges?" New Directions for Community Colleges. (Civic Literacy: Catalyst for Community Renewal). No. 93.
- Beers, C. D. (1993). "Telling Our Stories: The CDA Process in Native American Head Start." In: *Growing Teachers: Partnerships in Staff Development*, edited by E. Jones, Washington, DC: National Association for the Education of Young Children.
- Beers, C. D. and Ott, R. (1992, Fall). Good Beginnings. Community Collaboration in Child Development Programs. Santa Fe, New Mexico: New Mexico Children, Youth and Families Department, Office of Child Development.
- Beers, C. D., and Ott, R. W. (1992). The Child Development Training Consortium. A Status Report on the San Juan College AACJC-Kellogg Beacon College Project. Farmington. New Mexico: San Juan College. (ERIC Document Reproduction Service No. ED 350 021).
- Beers, C. D., Ott, R., and Dunn, P. (1993). Sharing Stories: Active Learning for Adults and Children. An Introduction to the Tool Kit. Farmington, New Mexico: San Juan College, Child Development Training Consortium.
- Berson, J. S. (1994). "Service Learning: Students Helping Themselves by Helping the Community." *Community College Journal*, 64(6), 14–19.
- Bourque, M. (1994). "An International Community (College)." Community College Times, 6(14), 7.
- Bucher, R. (1995). "Institute for Intercultural Understanding," *Innocation Abstracts*, 17(17).
- Building Communities: A Vision for a New Century. (1988). Washington, DC: American Association of Community Colleges. Commission on the Future of Community Colleges. (ERIC Document Reproduction Service No. ED 293 578).
- Building Communities: A Vision for a New Century. AACJC National Teleconference Live via Satellite. The American Seminar V Teleconference Workbook. (1988, November). Washington, DC: American Association of Community and Junior Colleges. (ERIC Document Reproduction Service No. ED 307 012).
- Building Communities by Assessing the Outcomes: AACJC/Kellogg Beacon College
- Initiative Minigrant. Final Report. (1994). Wellesley Hills, Massachusetts: Massachusetts Bay Community College. (ERIC Document Reproduction Service No. ED 375 864).
- Building Partnerships with Agencies & Employers To Help High Risk Students Succeed. The AACJC/Kellogg Beacon Colleges Initiative. (1991, April). Salem, Oregon: Chemeketa Community College. (ERIC Document Reproduction Service No. ED 332-750).



- Childhood Issues as Seen by Scholars and Grassroots Practitioners: Choice and Commitment: Well Told Stories: and Good Beginnings. (1993). Farmington. New Mexico: San Juan College. Child Development Training Consortium. (video anthology).
- Developing Winners in Our Communities: Partnerships for At-Risk Students in Urban Rural Communities, Final Report, Beacon College Project, (1994), Benton Harbor, Michigan: Lake Michigan College.
- DiCroce, D. (1995), "Where Education Meets Democracy," Community College Times, 7(11), 2,12.
- Edwards, Allen. (1992). "A Model for Growing Your Own Leaders: The Kentucky Community College Leadership Academy." Community, Technical, and Junior College Times, 4(24), 2.9.
- Enfield, C. (1993). CDA Stories. Northland Pioneer College.
- "Ethies-Aeross-the-Curriculum: Community College of Aurora Project Explores Civie Responsibility," (1993). Community College Times. 5(16), 9.
- Etzioni, A. (1993). The Spirit of Community: Rights, Responsibilities, and the Communitarian Agenda. New York: Crown Publishers.
- Eubanks, Barbara. (1993). "Envisioning the Future: Collin County Community College's S. E. E. Project for Tomorrow's Workforce." Community College Times, 5(9), 6.
- Franco, R. W. and Shimabukuro, J. N., Eds. (1992). Beyond the Classroom: International Education and the Community College, Volume 1. Internationalizing the Curriculum with an Asian-Pacific Emphasis. Honolulu: University of Hawai'i Kapi'olani Community College.
- Franco, R. W. and Shimabukuro, J. N., Eds. (1992). Beyond the Classroom: International Education and the Community College, Volume II. Internationalizing the Campus Environment. Honolulu: University of Hawai'i Kapi'olani Community College.
- Franco, R. W. and Shimabukuro, J. N., Eds. (1992). Beyond the Classroom: International Education and the Community College. Volume III. Creating Institutional Links in Asia and the Pacific. Honolulu: University of Havai'i Kapi'olani Community College.
- Franco, R. W. and Shunabukuro, J. N., Eds. (1992). Beyond the Classroom: International Education and the Community College Volume IV Working with Local Business to Enhance Asian Pacine Understanding. Honolulu: University of Hawai'i Kapi olani Community College.
- Hendley, V. (1994). "Building Communities: Building a Community." Community College Times, 6(14), 1.6.
- Houle, C. O. (1960). "The Obligation of the Junior College for Community Service," *Junior College Journal*, 30(8) 502-516
- "Improving Class Technology: Miami-Dade's Multimedia Institutes Train Community College and High School Faculty." (1993). Community College Times, 5(16), 8.
- Joning Forces: Communities and Schools Working Together for a Change Special Report. (1994). Flint, Michigan: Charles Stewart Mott Foundation.
- Kalin, R., Hazelton, N., and Bay, L. (1995). Hore to Rim a Student Conference. Suffern, New York, Rockland Community College.
- Kretzmann, J. P. and McKnight, J. L. (1993). Building Communities from the Inside Out: A Path Toward Finding and Mobilizing a Community's Assets. Chicago. ACTA Publications.



80

- "Lessons About Learning: Student Catalysts at American River College Strive to Build Community," (1993). Community College Times. 5(9), 6.
- Mahony, E. M., Ed. (1992, June). Building Community from Diversity: Connecting Students to Their Learning Environments. An Anthology of Classroom Projects Undertaken for the Kellogg Beacon Grant. St. Louis: St. Louis Community College. (ERIC Document Reproduction Service No. ED 349 064).
- Maradian, S. (1988). "Future Options: An Agenda for Community Services and Continuing Education." Community Services Catalyst. 18(4), 5-9.
- Marges, D., and Neilsen, C. (1992, June). Collaborating to Help High Risk Students Succeed. Beacon Guide. Salem. Oregon: Chemeketa Community College. (ERIC Document Reproduction Service No. ED 346 926).
- McCarty, Marietta. (1994). "Philosophy in the Third Grade," AACC Journal. 64(3), 6-7.
- McClenney, K., LeCroy, N. A., and LeCroy, R. J. (1991). Building Communities Through Strategic Planning. A Guidebook for Community Colleges. Washington, DC: American Association of Community Colleges. (ERIC Document Reproduction Service No. ED 331-550).
- McLeod, J. (1993). Imagine That: A Trilogy of Early Childhood Films. Las Vegas. New Mexico: Luna Vocational Technical Institute. (video).
- Mitchner, G., Ed. (1993). Guidelines for Assessment in the Two-Year College.

  Beacon Project Reports. Proceedings from a National Conference on Assessment in the Two-Year College. Dayton, Ohio: Sinclair Community College.
- Obler, S., et. al. (1991, Summer). "Using Cooperative Learning and Classroom Research with Culturally Diverse Students," New Directions for Teaching and Learning. (No. 46 Classroom Research: Early Lessons from Success), 46, 105–16.
- Phillips, Joann. (1990). "Lake Michigan Finds Success in Early-Intervention Programs," Community, Technical, and Junior College Times, (2)2, 1.
- Pierce, D.R. and Green, M.L. (1992). "Community-Based Programming and Diversity," Community College Review, 20(3), 26–28.
- Reitz, N. and McCuen, S. (1993). American River College Beacon Project Student Catalyst Program: Peer Assisted Learning. Annual Report, 1992–93. Sacramento, California: American River College. (ERIC Document Reproduction Service No. ED 365-383).
- Retention: Articulation and Recruitment of the At-Risk Student, S.E.E. Model Program: "Students with Education and Experience," A Workshop Presented for Skyline College: "Developing Students for the 90's". (1991, April). McKinney, Texas: Collin County Community College. (ERIC Document Reproduction Service No. ED 342-428).
- The Road to Mentoring, (1994, May). Benton Harbor, Michigan: Lake Michigan College.
- Robinson, G. and Barnett, L. (1996, forthcoming). Service Learning in Community Colleges: Where We Are. Washington, DC: American Association of Community Colleges.
- Roueche, J. E., Taber, L. S., and Roueche, S. D. (1995). *The Company We Keep: Collaboration in the Community College*. Washington, DC: American Association of Community Colleges.
- Rude, J. C. (1993), "Fragile Families, Fragmented Services," AACC Journal, 63(3), 27–30.



- Sanchez, Alex. (1993). "Diversity in Leadership, Diversity in the Classroom," AACC Journal, 63(3), 31–33.
- Sigala, C. A. (1993). The Classroom of Today Is the Community of the Future. The Beacon College Project, Class of 1993. Executive Summary. Whittier, California: Rio Hondo College.
- Simpson, M. M., Ed. (1993). Beyond the Vision: Implementation Strategies for Diversifying Community College Leadership. Omaha. Nebraska: Metropolitan Community College. (ERIC Document Reproduction Service No. ED 361 041).
- Simpson, M. M., Ed. (1993). Great Plains Beacon, Volumes I and II. Omaha, Nebraska: Metropolitan Community College. Clearinghouse for Exemplary Practices in Leadership Diversity. (ERIC Document Reproduction Service No. ED 363-376).
- Simpson, M. M., and Gilliland, J. R. (1994). "Pressures from Within: Is the Community College Workplace Undermining Diversity?" AACC Journal, 64(3), 30–33.
- Sypris, T., et. al. (1993). Building Community for an Interdependent World among Michigan Community Colleges. AACC-Kellogg Beacon Project. Kalamazoo, Michigan: Kalamazoo Valley Community College. (ERIC Document Reproduction Service No. ED 371-777).
- Tangman, R. S. (1994), "Beyond Building Communities: To Collaborate with Its Neighborhood, TVI Had to First Build Trust." Community College Journal, 64(3), 12–16.
- "Teaching 'College Success': Santa Fe Community College Builds Community Through Extended Orientation," (1993). Community College Times, 5(16), 8.
- Washington, V., Johnson, V., and McCraeken, J. B. (1995), Grassroots Success! Preparing Schools and Families for Each Other. The W. K. Kellogg Foundation Readiness Initiatives. Washington, DC: National Association for the Education of Young Children.
- Wirthlin Group, (1995, August). The Prudential Spirit of Community Youth Survey. A Survey of High School Students on Community Involvement. Report of the Prudential Spirit of Community Initiative. New York: Prudential Insurance Company of America.
- Workman, S. (1992). Integrating Culture into an Early Childhood Classroom. Farmington, New Mexico: San Juan College.
- Workman, S. (1993). Building Learning Communities Among Adults and Children. Farmington. Mew Mexico: San Juan College.
- Workman, S. and McDonald, M. (1993). Creating Cultural Communion in the Early Childhood Classroom. Farmington, New Mexico: San Juan College. (video).
- Wynn, J. R., Merry, S. M., and Berg, P. G. (1995). Children, Families and Communities: Early Lessons from a New Approach to Social Services. Washington, DC: American Youth Policy Forum.



6

# NDEX OF COLLEGES

Α	Delgado Community College 53
Aiken Technical College 63	Delta College 45
Alvin Community College 43	Denmark Technical College 63
American River College 24	Dundalk Community College 26, 27
Ashland Community College 49	Dutchess Community College 69
Atlantic Community College 61	
Austin Community College 57	E
, ,	Eastern New Mexico University 74
В	Edison Community College 75, 76
Baltimore City Community College 10, 12, 26,	El Paso Community College 36
27	El Paso Community College District 53
Belleville Area College 34	Elizabethtown Community College 49
Bergen Community College 69	Essex Community College 26, 27
Bessemer State Technical College 29	•
Bevill State Community College 29	F
Blue Mountain Community College 31	Florence-Darlington Technical College 62, 63
Brazosport College 43	Fox Valley Technical College 47
Brookdale Community College 69	Front Range Community College, 17, 40, 57
Broward Community College 59, 76	
Bunker Hill Community College 55	G
Burlington County College 61	Galveston College 43
	Garden City Community College 34
C	Golden West College 47
Calhoun State Community College 15, 53	Grand Rapids Community College 51
Cape Cod Community College 55	Greenville Technical College 62, 63
Catonsville Community College 26, 27, 69	Creenine reminent timege wat or
Central Carolina Technical College 63	И
Central Community College 57	Hagerstown Junior College 18, 38, 39, 53
Central Florida Community College 75.76	Harford Community College 26, 27, 69
Cerritos College 67	Harold Washington College 34
Chemeketa Community College 17, 18	Hazard Community College 49
Chesterfield-Marlboro Technical College 63	Heart of the Ozarks Community Technical
City Colleges of Chicago 53	College 71
Claekamas Community College 31	Henderson Community College 49
Coastline Community College 47	Hennepin Technical College 57
College of DaPage 33	Honolulu Community College 18, 38, 47
College of Lake County 51	Hopkinsville Community College 49
College of the Desert 67	Horry-Georgetown Technical College 62, 63
College of the Mainland 43	Houston Community Colleges 36, 42, 43
Collin County Community College 16, 35, 53	Humber College of Applied Arts and
Columbia Basin College 41	Technology 38
Columbia State Community College 29	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Community College of Aurora 32, 37, 53	I
Community College of Denver 38	Illinois Community College Board 41
Community College of Philadelphia 53, 78	
Community College of Southern Nevada 41	J
Cosumnes River College 25	Jackson Community College 34, 45, 51
County College of Morris   61	Jefferson College 34, 71
Cuesta College   67	Jefferson Community College 49
Cumberland County College   61	Johnson County Community College 38, 53
Cuyahoga Community College 53	someon county community comege tool co
Chyanaga College 41	К
D	Kalamazoo Valley Community College 10, 16,
17	manufactor date; confilmante; conego 100 100

Daytona Community College 76

44, 45, 47, 51, 67

Kapr'olani Community College 45, 46, 67 Kellogg Community College 45 Kentucky Community College System 13, 48 Kingsborough Community College 69 Kirkwood Community College 34, 57

L
Lake City Community College 76
Lake Michigan College 15, 50
Lake Tahoe Community College District 25
Lake-Sumter Community College 76
Lakeland Community College 78
Lane Community College 31, 36, 59
Lee College 43
Leeward Community College 47
Lexington Community College 49
Longview Community College 71
Los Angeles Community College District 53

M
Macomb Community College 34, 44, 45
Madison Area Technical College 57, 64, 65
Madisonville Community College 49
Maricopa Community College District 16, 39, 52
Massachusetts Bay Community College 54
Mani Community College 47

Luna Vocational Technical Institute 72, 73

Maui Community College 47
Maysville Community College 49
Metropolitan Community College 12, 13, 56
Miami-Dade Community College 11, 15, 58, 75, 76
Middlesex Community Technical College 69

Midlands Technical College 62 Mineral Area College 74 Mississippi Gulf Coast Community College 59 Missouri Association of Community and Junior

Middlesex County College, 12, 60

College 71 Modesto Junior College 25 Monroe Community College 59

Montgomery College 26, 27, 58, 59, 64, 65, 78

Moraine Valley Community College 34, 41 Mort Community College 45 Moint Wachusett Community College 55 Mt. Hood Community College 31 Mt. San Antonio College 67 Musele Shoals Community College 29 Napa Valley College 25 Nassau Community College 69 Neumann College, 36 New Mexico State University 73 North Arkansas Community College | 65 North Central Missouri College, 74 North Central Technical College 78 North Harris Montgomery Community College District 43 North Idaho College 64, 65 North Lake College | 65 North Texas Community Junior College Consortium 36 Northeast Alabama State Junior College 29 Northeast Mississippi Community College 29 Northern Essex Community College 55 Northern Marianas College 47 Northern New Mexico Community College 73 Northland Pioneer College 72, 73 Northwest Shoals Community College 29

O Oakland Community College 45 Oakton Community College 34, 64, 70 Oklahoma City Community College 53 Oklahoosa-Walton Community College 76 Orangeburg-Calhoun Technical College 63 Owensboro Community College 49, 65 Oxnard College 67 Ozarks Technical Community College 71

Paducah Community College 49
Palm Beach Community College 76
Palomar College 67
Paradise Valley Community College 59
Penn Valley Community College 71
Peralta Community College 71
Peralta Community College District 53
Phoenix College 59
Piedmont Technical College 63
Piedmont Virginia Community College 18.
37, 38
Polk Community College 76
Portland Community College 41
Prestonsburg Community College 49
Prince George's Community College 49

**Q** Quinsigamond Community College [55]

N

84

### R

Rancho Santiago College 67 Raritan Valley Community College | 61 Rio Hondo College 8, 12, 45, 47, 66, 67 Rockland Community College 8, 68, 69 Rogers State College 36 Rogue Community Coilege 31

### $\mathbf{S}$

Sagramento City College 25 San Diego Community College District 53 San Francisco Community College District 53 San Jaeinto College District 43 San Jose, Evergreen Community College District 53 San Juan College 72, 74 Santa Barbara City College | 67 Santa Fe Community College, FL 12, 75 Santa Fe Community College, NM 72, 73 Sierra College 25 Sizelair Community College 12, 34, 77 Skyline College 36 Solano Community College 25 Somerset Community College 49 South Carolina State Board for Technical and Comprehensive Education 63 South Carolina Technical College System 62 South Suburban College 51 Southeast Community College 49 Southern Michigan Community Colleges 44 Southern Union State Community College 29 Spartanburg Technical College 63 Springfield Technical Community College 55 St. Charles County Community College 71 St. Clair Community College 45 St. Johns River Community College 76 St. Louis Community College at Forest Park 71 St. Louis Community College at Meramee 15, 70 St. Louis Community College District 53

State Fair Community College 71

### T

Tarrant County Junior College 36 Technical College of the Loweountry 63 Texas State Technical College at Waco 41 The Metropolitan Community Colleges 57 Tri-County Technical College 62 Trident Technical College 63 Truman College 65

### ľ

University of Florida 76 University of Hawaii Community College System 53 University of New Mexico-Gallup 72, 73 University of New Mexico-Los Alamos 72, 73 University of New Mexico-Valencia 73

### ٧.

Valencia Community College 53, 75 Ventura College 67

### И.

Walker State Technical College 29 Wallace Community College 29 Washtenaw Community College 51 Westehester Community College 69 Western Community College Area 57 Western Iowa Technical Community College 57

Western New Mexico University 73 Wharton County Junior College 43 William Rainey Harper College 64, 65, 78 Williamsburg Technical College 63 Windward Community College 47

### J.

York Technical College 62, 63 Yuba College 25



AACC

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF COMMUNITY COLLEGES

National Center for Higher Education

One Dupont Circle, &V. Smite 410

Washington, DC 20036

2027728-0200