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ABSTRACT

This report and its companion, volume I, provide a snapshot of people experiencing homelessness in Minnesota. The information in this volume, which focuses on unaccompanied youth, is intended as a resource for planners, policymakers, service providers, and others addressing the problems associated with homelessness. On October 27, 1994, trained volunteers conducted interviews with 114 homeless youth (44 males and 70 females) aged 11 through 17 years unaccompanied by adults. Key findings were that, on a given night, approximately 500 unaccompanied youth in Minnesota are without permanent shelter, and over the course of a year, nearly 10,000 Minnesota youth experience at least one episode of homelessness. Since 1991 the percentage of homeless youth enrolled in secondary schools has declined from 79% to 52%, and the percentage of homeless youth in need of medical services has risen from 19% to 31%. Younger homeless youth are less likely to receive governmental assistance than homeless young adults aged 18 and over. Youth experiencing homelessness are nearly three times more likely to have been sexually or physically abused and six times more likely to report that they have no close friends. Homeless youth are also much more likely to be members of minority groups. (Contains 146 tables and 32 references.) (SLD)



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MINNESOTA STATEWIDE SURVEY OF PERSONS WITHOUT PERMANENT SHELTER

VOLUME II: UNACCOMPANIED YOUTH

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MINNESOTA STATEWIDE SURVEY OF PERSONS WITHOUT PERMANENT SHELTER

VOLUME II: UNACCOMPANIED YOUTH

Survey conducted on October 27, 1994

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Scott Parks, Research Analyst

Mr. Parks conducted the data analysis activities for the statewide study including sample weightings, initial table preparation and statistical summaries.



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Sue Watlov Phillips and Val Baertlein of the Minnesota Coalition for the Homeless encouraged service providers and volunteers to participate.

Pat Leary and Judy Johnson from the Minnesota Department of Economic Security helped identify sites throughout the state where homeless people could be found and provided historical data from the Department's quarterly shelter counts.

Housing Finance Commissioner Kit Hadley, former Commissioner Jim Solem, as well as staff members Denise Rogers and Brenda Nieland helped bring state and local agencies together to collaborate on the study.

Dave Schultz, Jerry Storck and Suzanne Guttsen from the Minnesota Department of Human Services consulted on health and service questions.

In addition to those named above, there were many who helped with the design of the survey including: Mark Barta, Steve Boland (with Congressman Bruce Vento's office), Representative Karen Clark, Kevin Cwayna, Tom Gray, Yvonne Jacobson, Michael Kaplan, Trish LeRoy, Edward McBrayer, Mary Jo Meuleners, Ron Mortenson, Susan Phillips, Thomas Sawyer, Barbara Stone and Terry Tilsen.

Gordan Thayer and Judy Olson helped organize and coordinate research efforts among American Indian people in Minneapolis.

Wilder Research Center staff members Marilyn Conrad, Louann Graham and Darlene Zappa prepared this document and many other WRC staff served as site leaders and interviewers. Dan Mueller provided helpful comments on earlier drafts of this report. Members of the Minnesota Coalition for the Homeless, Streetworks, and individuals from many other agencies and voluntary associations served as site leaders, coordinators and interviewers for our survey effort. The



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None of this would have been possible without the cooperation of more than 100 homeless youth who answered questions and described their personal experiences in shelters, transitional programs, drop-in centers, on the streets and in other locations. Our report is dedicated to them.



LIST OF INTERVIEWERS

We wish to thank the following people who volunteered their time to help contact and interview youth experiencing homelessness in Minnesota:

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Pam Wise



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

On October 27, 1994, trained volunteers conducted interviews with 114 homeless youth (ages 11-17) unaccompanied by adults throughout Minnesota. The study design, based on a similar survey of homeless youth conducted by Wilder Research Center in 1991, utilized a network of service providers, shelters and agency staff to identify potential respondents. The purpose of the study is to provide a current description of the characteristics and needs of unaccompanied youth experiencing homelessness.

For purposes of the research, homeless youth were defined as:

Youth who currently have no parental, substitute, foster or institutional home to which they can safely go. They are unaccompanied minors who have spent at least one night in formal emergency shelter, improvised shelter, or on the streets.

Youth who met the criteria were asked to participate in a 30 minute personal interview in which they were asked questions about family background, housing history, physical and mental health, experiences while being homeless, school and employment status, service use and related needs. A total of 44 males and 70 females were interviewed in locations throughout Minnesota including shelters, drop-in sites, health clinics, schools and on the street.

In addition, information from other youth related research was assembled in order to provide relevant and useful comparisons to the Minnesota homeless youth sample. Key findings include the following:

- On any given night in Minnesota, approximately 500 unaccompanied youth (persons 17 or younger) are without permanent shelter.
- Over the course of one year, nearly 10,000 Minnesota youth experience at least one episode of homelessness.
- Since 1991, the percentage of homeless youth enrolled in secondary schools has declined from 79 percent to 52 percent.
- Since 1991, the percentage of homeless youth in need of medical attention has increased from 19 percent to 31 percent.
- In comparison to homeless young adults (18-21), homeless youth (17 and younger) are less likely to receive governmental assistance of any kind.



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- Compared to the general population of 11 to 17 year olds, youth experiencing homelessness are nearly three times more likely to have been sexually or physically abused and six times more likely to report that they have no close friends.
- Nearly half (45%) of all homeless youth grew up in a single parent household.
- Girls who are homeless are nine times more likely than girls in the general population to report that they have had at least one pregnancy.
- One-third of homeless youth have spent at least one night in a correctional facility and more than one-quarter have been previously placed in a residential treatment program.
 Sixty percent of all homeless youth have experienced some type of out-of-home placement.
- Homeless youth are much more likely than youth in the general population to be persons of color. African Americans are disproportinately represented in the Metro area and American Indians are disproportinately represented in greater Minnesota.
- The average age at which homeless youth have begun to live on their own is 14.3 years.
- The primary sources of income for homeless youth are employment earnings and support from parents or other relatives.
- One-quarter of all homeless youth report that they need help in applying for services.
- More than one-third (37.7%) of all homeless youth have been recently told by a doctor or nurse that they have a serious mental health problem.
- Two-thirds of all homeless youth report drug or alcohol problems within their immediate family.
- Conflict with parents is the most common reason for youth to be homeless.
- Forty-five percent of all youth surveyed report that they felt they could return home if they wished to do so.



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INTRODUCTION

Youth homelessness is considered an important issue facing the State of Minnesota, the Nation and many countries around the world. Many newspaper and television headlines have covered topics related to violent death among street kids in Brazil and survival prostitution among homeless youth in the United States. One recent example, "Out in the Cold", a January article in the Saint Paul Pioneer Press, describes the plight of homeless youth in the Twin Cities area and how advocates were able to get HUD's attention to help form a new local collaborative, Streetworks, to help deal with the increasing homeless youth problem.

Although articles, books and television specials about homeless youth are more common now than in the 1980's, there is still relatively little that is known about the causes and consequences f youth homelessness. Marjorie Robertson, one of the leading researchers on homeless youth in the 1990's reports:

"Despite the apparent large numbers, runaway and homeless youth are considered the most understudied subgroup among the contemporary homeless population" (Robertson, 1991, p. 33)

Since Robertson's (1991) review of the literature on homeless youth there has been no other comprehensive review of findings from research studies with this population. The current study utilizes recent data on homeless youth to help provide a context for interpreting the Minnesota survey results.

The purpose of this report is to help further our understanding of youth who experience homelessness and to stimulate our thinking about interventions that might prove to be helpful in meeting the needs of youth without permanent shelter.



PERSONAL ACCOUNTS

This report provides a statistical profile of unaccompanied youth who were homeless on October 27, 1994. It describes a population troubled by conflicts with parents, abusive relationships, and at times a simple desire for freedom from authority. Behind the numbers, however are the individual stories of each study respondent. We begin our report with a few of their stories.

• Pam is a 16 year old White female who grew up in North Dakota close to the Minnesota border. She lived with her grandparents most of her life. There had been a lot of conflict within her home and when she became pregnant, she was asked to leave. She is not sure if she could return home even if she wanted to.

For the last three months, she has been in a shelter for young pregnant women. Since she has recently given birth to her child, she hopes to get into a transitional housing program, finish her high school education, and get a job. Her main source of income is AFDC. Pam has completed the 10th grade and has continued her education while living at the shelter. Her last job was at McDonalds but she had to quit because of her pregnancy. She thinks her biggest barriers to employment are her lack of education, the cost of child care, and lack of good work experience.

Pam has no history of out-of-home placements or chemical dependency. She has been told by a doctor that she has major depression. Pam has also attempted suicide in the past. She sees her main needs now as completing her education and getting into a transitional housing program. She describes her ability to work well with people and trying to maintain a positive outlook as her primary strengths.

Lamont is a 15 year old African American male who grew up in Illinois and moved to Minnesota about three years ago with his mother. He grew up in a single parent family but his mother recently remarried. He left home because of the constant conflict with his step-father. He was also tired of taking care of his younger siblings while his parents were involved with drugs and alcohol. Because his step-father was physically abusing him, he did not feel safe at home anymore. He has been living with friends for the last two months while one of the youth drop-in centers has tried to get him enrolled in school. He has never held a job but is interested in some type of job training. Although Lamont admits to using cigarettes, alcohol, and marijuana, he does not feel that he is chemically dependent and has not sought help for chemical dependency problems. He has no history of out-of-home placements.

Life on the streets has been tough and Lamont has had to rely on free hot meals and drop-in centers to survive. Lamont sees that his main needs right now are to find a job and a safe place to stay. He sees his main strength as his mind and feels that his intelligence will help him survive.

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Devon is a 16 year old male of mixed racial background who grew up in the Twin Cities area. He had been living in some type of out-of-home placement since he was four. He has lived in a foster home, drug or alcohol treatment facility, community residential treatment program for person with emotional or behavioral problems, a correction facility, hospital for persons with mental health problems, and a group home. Most recently he lived in a foster home, but ran away at the age of 15. He does not think he will ever live with his family again. He is currently living in a reasonably safe temporary arrangement with friends. He has completed 10th grade. Although, he attended three schools last year, he is not currently attending school because he is homeless and has according to Devon, a "bad attitude." He has never held a job but has attended a program that teaches people how to seek and find a job and is interested in receiving some type of job training. He sees his biggest barriers to getting a job as the lack of housing and his gang involvement. The main reasons he feels he is unable to obtain housing is that his main source of income is from robbing people and selling illegal drugs.

Devon has been physically beaten since he has been without housing and has sought medical care as a result of this injury. He feels he needs to see a doctor because he is still having problems from the injury. In the last week, he reports using cigarettes, alcohol, and marijuana. He does not consider himself to be chemically dependent although he has been treated for chemical dependency in both in-and outpatient settings. He reports that he has problems with money, housing, and jobs because of his drug and alcohol use.

Devon was both physically and sexually mistreated as a child. He reports that his real mother has drug problems. He identifies himself as bisexual and sees his main strengths as his ability to learn quickly and survive.

• Michelle is a 17 year old American Indian from a reservation in Minnesota. She has lived in Minnesota all of her life. She has completed the 11th grade in school and is hoping to get back into school soon. For the last two months, she has been living with friends and family in the Twin Cities area. She has not had any type of job training in the past but is interested in finishing her high school education.

Michelle has lived in a foster home and a drug treatment facility. Both of her parents have problems with alcohol. After her release from chemical dependency treatment she felt she needed to get away from the reservation.

Michelle believes there is hope for a better future in the Twin Cities area because there are many more opportunities here. She could return home if she wanted to but has no desire to do so. She just started a job at a fast food restaurant and is hopeful that she will be in her own apartment in the very near future. She reports that she was physically mistreated as a child. Michelle says that she is in need of birth control and is able to get it. She is in contact with her family frequently. She sees her strengths as her determination to make it on her own and her ability to make friends easily.



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BACKGROUND

This report is intended as a resource for planners, policy makers, service providers and others who are interested in addressing the problems associated with youth homelessness. The study is a supplement to a comprehensive statewide report on homeless adults also available from Wilder Research Center.¹ The information in this report comes from a study of 114 youth in Minnesota who were homeless on October 27, 1994. Detailed data tables are presented for all questions asked of youth respondents in the survey.

In 1991 The Roundtable for Youth Without Permanent Shelter identified a need for information on homeless youth in Minnesota. Participants from the Roundtable worked with Wilder Research Center to help conduct the first Minnesota Survey of Homeless Youth in 1991. In 1994 many of the roundtable participants, representatives from several state agencies, and a few elected officials served on a Homeless Youth Advisory Committee assembled by Wilder Research Center. The advisory committee helped develop the 1994 survey instrument, identified youth serving agencies, and specified non-shelter sites where homeless youth could be found throughout the state.

METHODS

Agency staff, youth workers and other interested volunteers conducted interviews with 114 youth (44 males and 70 females) between the age of 11 and 17 who were homeless on October 27, 1994. Additional interviews were conducted with homeless young adults between 18 and 21 years of age, but for the purpose of this report they are considered adults and included in the adult report.²

This report provides a comparison table showing differences between homeless youth and 18 to 21 year old young adults on page 32.



Minnesota Statewide Survey of Persons Without Permanent Shelter: Adults and Their Children, (St. Paul: Wilder Research Center, July, 1995) 300 pages, \$20.00. Includes information from four sources: a statewide population count of all persons residing in emergency shelters, battered women's shelters and transitional housing programs on October 27, 1994; a statewide survey of a sample of persons living in these facilities on October 27, 1994; a survey of homeless adults found in non-shelter locations on October 27, 1994; and a survey of persons using Community Assistance Programs and Community Action Council housing assistance services during the month of October, 1994.

For the purpose of this study, homeless youth are defined as follows:

Youth who currently have no parental, substitute, foster or institutional home to which they can safely go. They are unaccompanied minors who have spent at least one night either in formal emergency shelter, improvised shelter, or or the streets.³

In all, 50 unaccompanied homeless youth were interviewed in shelters and 64 homeless youth were interviewed in non-shelter locations including drop-in centers, health clinics, schools and on the street. Interviews were completed with 74 homeless youth in the Twin Cities Metro Area, and 40 youth in Greater Minnesota. (Research sites are listed in Appendix I.) This sample of 114 unaccompanied homeless youth represents only a portion of all youth who were homeless in Minnesota on the night of the survey.

NOT A SURVEY OF ALL HOMELESS YOUTH

This purposive sample of unaccompanied homeless youth does not represent all youth who were homeless in Minnesota on October 27, 1994. In our study, only limited attempts were made to identify and interview those who were not connected to youth serving agencies. It was not feasible to "sweep" the state for homeless youth in non-shelter locations. In addition, only limited attempts were made to identify youths who were doubled-up with friends on that night. Consequently, our results are primarily descriptive of homeless youth who are in some way connected to service providers and are not necessarily representative of all youth experiencing homelessness on the date of the survey.

BEST ESTIMATES

If we combine figures for the total number of homeless youth counted in the shelters in Minnesota and the best estimate of the doubled up population of homeless youth for both 1991 and 1994, we show the following results:

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Components of this definition are described in <u>Homeless Children and Youth: A New American Dilemma</u>, (ed.) Julee Kryder-Coe, Lester Salamon, and Janice Momer, (New Brunswick, NJ: Transaction Publishers, 1991) pg. 34-35.

Best Estimates⁴ of Youth Without Permanent Shelter in Minnesota During November 1991 and November 1994

1991 Estimate

Count or Estimate	Description	Number
Count	Homeless youth connected to shelters or services	124
Estimate ^a	"Doubled-up" Youth (2.7 times the number of sheltered youth)	<u>335</u>
		459

1994 Estimate

Count or Estimate	<u>Description</u>	<u>Number</u>
Count	Homeless youth connected to shelters or services	132
Estimate ^a	"Doubled-up" Youth (2.7 times the number of sheltered youth)	<u>356</u>
		488

The most recent estimate means that nearly 500 unaccompanied youth were homeless in Minnesota on any given night in 1994. This should be regarded as a conservative estimate since the number could be substantially higher if large numbers of youth avoid services and seek shelter in places not intended for habitation.



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Methods for calculating these estimates:

a) Total number of sheltered youth X(2.7) = Estimate of the number of youth who are "doubled-up." (124) X(2.7) = 335 for 1991

⁽¹³²⁾ X (2.7) = 356 for 1994

Based on the U.S. General Accounting Office Report. 1989. Children and Youths: about 68,000 homeless and 186,000 in shared housing at any given time. This report found 2.7 times as many children and youth in doubled-up situations as in emergency shelter.

It is also possible to provide an estimate of the total number of youth who experience at least one episode of homelessness over the course of a year. The following estimate is based on a national study of homeless youth conducted by the Research Triangle Institute in 1992.

Research Triangle Institute found that 2.8 percent of their national sample of currently housed youth (12-17) had spent at least one night unaccompanied by a parent or guardian in one of the following places: outside, in a public place, in an adult or youth shelter, with a stranger, in an abandoned building, or in a subway in the last 12 months. If we apply this finding to the youth (12-17) population of Minnesota (350,250) we estimate that approximately 9,807 youth have spent at least one night wi hout regular or permanent shelter in the last 12 months.⁵

STUDY RESULTS

The results of the statewide survey of Unaccompanied Homeless Youth are presented in six sections. They include:

- I. Responses to Key Questions
- II. Descriptive Summary
- III. Comparison of Homeless Youth to General Youth Population
- IV. Comparisons to Other Studies of Homeless Youth
- V. Comparison of Youth (17 and under) and Young Adults (18-21) Experiencing Homelessness
- VI. Comparison of Homeless Youth to Youth in Residential Facilities

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⁵ Methods for calculating these estimates:

¹⁾ Total youth population X (2.8%) = Estimate of the number of youth who have been without regular or permanent shelter during a 12 month period.

^{2) 1990} Census figure for Minnesota youth (12-17 year old) population = 350,250.

³⁾ 2.8% = .028

⁴⁾ 350,250 X (.028) = 9,807 for 1990.

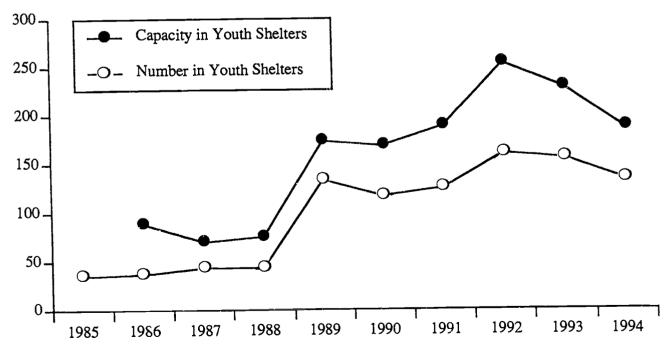
I. RESPONSES TO KEY QUESTIONS

1. Does the study show an increase in the number of homeless youth in Minnesota?

The first study of homeless youth in Minnesota was conducted in 1991 as part of a statewide study of the homeless population. In 1991, 81 youth were interviewed. In 1994 when the statewide survey was repeated, 114 youth were interviewed. The increase in the number of homeless youth interviewed in the two studies, however, most likely reflects increased efforts to recruit volunteers to interview youth as well as the increased involvement of youth workers and youth serving agencies in identifying homeless youth. We cannot accurately determine whether or not the number of homeless youth currently living in Minnesota is substantially larger than the number identified in 1991.

Nonetheless, an examination of reports on youth using temporary housing programs in Minnesota over the past ten years shows a considerable increase in the total number of youth using shelters. The Minnesota Department of Economic Security has conducted quarterly shelter counts since 1985. These counts show the number of youth using designated youth shelters. The following graph shows the number of youth sheltered from 1985 to 1994.

Capacity and Total Sheltered



Source: Minnesota Department of Economic Security Quarterly Shelter Survey



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This graph shows that the number of youth using temporary housing programs in Minnesota increased from 35 in 1985 to 132 in 1994, representing an overall increase of 377 percent. The largest increase in the number of youth using temporary housing programs in a single year occurred between 1988 and 1989, with an increase of 307 percent. Increased utilization of temporary housing programs by youth is likely to reflect the availability of shelter beds.

The patterns for capacity and utilization are not identical. Nonetheless, increases in the number of youth using temporary housing programs generally parallel the increases in shelter capacity. This finding suggests that the availability of shelter beds and shelter use are linked. It is not known, however, whether the increased demand for services prompted the creation of new facilities (increased capacity) or whether increased availability of shelter beds prompted more youth to use shelters. One time period in particular (1988-89) appears to show rapid growth in both the number of homeless youth and the availability of services for youth. In 1989 three shelters provided data to the Department of Economic Security that had not previously reported. These figures account for most of the increase in reported capacity during this time period.

2 Are homeless youth different from youth who are housed?

Overall, homeless youth report having more <u>difficult life experiences</u> than youth who are housed. Homeless youth report experiencing abuse, using substances, having sexually transmitted diseases, and being pregnant more often than youth who are housed (see the section titled "Comparison of Homeless Youth to General Youth Population").

Comparisons to information from the Minnesota Student Survey (1992) and Search Institute's study of attitudes and behaviors among youth (forthcoming) show that homeless youth, in comparison to youth in the general population, are:

- Two times more likely to be hit by a date or intimate partner.
- Two times more likely to have a sexually transmitted disease.
- Three times more likely to be physically or sexually abused.
- Three times more likely to report that parents have drug or alcohol problems.
- Four times more likely to be treated for drug or alcohol problems.



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- Six times more likely to smoke cigarettes.
- Six times more likely to report having no close friends.

(and for Girls)

• Nine times more likely to have been pregnant at least once.

3. Has the homeless youth population changed during the 1990's?

Two studies have been conducted with Minnesota's homeless youth population during the 1990's. The first study conducted in October 1991 and the current study (October, 1994) provide a number of useful comparisons.

First, homeless youth are less likely to receive government assistance in the form of AFDC or GA and more likely to receive government food assistance in 1994 than in 1991. From 1991 to 1994 the percentage of homeless youth receiving AFDC decreased from 19 percent to 11 percent and youth receiving GA benefits decreased from 20 percent to 11 percent. The percentage of youth sampled receiving government food assistance increased from 17 percent in 1991 to 29 percent in 1994. However, these decreases were not statistically significant.

Second, youth surveyed in 1994 were considerably less likely to be enrolled in school than those interviewed in 1991. Enrollment decreased from 8 in 10 youth in 1991 to a little over half in 1994. This may reflect differences in the population interviewed. A more concentrated effort was made to interview youth in non-shelter locations during the 1994 survey effort.

Third, more youth report a need for medical attention in 1994 than in 1991. In 1991, 19 percent of youth felt they needed to see a doctor. In 1994, almost one-third of the respondents felt a need to see a doctor. Respiratory related problems are the number one reason cited by youth for needing medical care.

Fourth, services available to youth have changed from 1991 to 1994. In particular, school based assistance programs and transitional housing services are now more widely available for youth.

4. Does Minnesota attract homeless youth?

Minnesota is known for its responsive social service system, good schools and safer streets. Many people are drawn to Minnesota for these very reasons. Although, homeless youth may be drawn here because of the perception of it as a safer environment with more services, the



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homeless youth interviewed are primarily long term residents of Minnesota. Three-quarters of the youth interviewed grew-up in the Minnesota and fewer than one-fifth have moved here within the last two years. These numbers are constant for 1991 and 1994. A higher percentage of Metro Area youth report growing up in another state (30%) than youth in Greater Minnesota (16%).

5. How does youth homelessness differ from adult homelessness?

Youth and adults differ in their pathways to and experiences with homelessness.

Pathways to Homelessness

Fleeing domestic abuse and economic circumstances are the two main reasons cited for leaving last housing by homeless adults. Economic circumstances such as job loss, low pay, eviction due to inability to pay rent, and no money are common themes with the adult homeless population. Homeless youth cite interpersonal factors, primarily conflict with parents, as the most common reasons for leaving previous housing arrangements. Other reasons, including loss of housing, eviction, abuse and violence are also noted.

Experiences While Homeless

Because of age requirements or the need for parental consent, youth often do not qualify for services that adults can obtain with relative ease. Home'ess adults are much more likely than homeless youth to receive governmental help in the form of financial assistance, health care and food assistance. Homeless youth more often describe their main needs other than housing to be necessities like food and clothing. Adults, on the other hand, more often mention income or employment as their main needs.

Homeless youth are more likely than homeless adults to have contact with a family member within the last month (82% vs. 67%, p \ge .01), and more likely to have close friends (82% vs. 71%, p \ge .05).

6. What is the profile of youth who use government services?

Many studies indicate that homeless youth who use services may differ from those who do not. It has been suggested that youth who do not use services do so for a variety of reasons. Some homeless youth may not be aware of services, some may refuse services for a variety of reasons including fear.



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Greenblatt and Robertson (1993) state:

Runaways shun authority, fearing either being sent back to a detention center or to the family from which they separated. Social services for this population are scarce and often inadequate.⁶

The Stanford Studies of Homeless Families, Children and Youth (1991)⁷ found that 52 percent of their sample "chose to remain on the streets and not use any social services." They also found that youth who chose not to use services were much worse off than youth who used services. Increased understanding of the similarities and differences between homeless youth who use services and those who do not is important for planning services for this population.

The following table examines the characteristics of homeless youth who are receiving government assistance⁸ in comparison to those who are not.

CHARACTERISTICS OF HOMELESS YOUTH BY GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE STATUS

·	Receiving Services (<u>N=57)</u>	Not Receiving Services (N=55)
Place you stayed last night was safe.	93%	84%
Less than one month without regular place to live.*	11%	26%
More than one year without a regular place to live.*	35%	18%
On section 8 waiting list.**	25%	6%
Want permanent housing in this area.	81%	67%
Lived wit! parents in last regular housing.	51%	67%
Previously homeless.	37%	29%
Employed.	19%	26%

Receiving governmental assistance was defined as those receiving any one of the following: AFDC (Aid to Families with Dependent Children), GA (General Assistance), SSI (Social Security Income), MA (Medical Assistance, or GAMC (General Assistance Medical Care).



Greenblatt, Milton and Marjorie Robertson (1993). "Life-styles, adaptive strategies, and sexual behaviors of homeless adolescents." Hospital and Community Psychiatry, 44(12), 1177-1183.

Stanford Center for the Study of Families, Children and Youth (1991). The Stanford studies of homeless families, children and youth.

CHARACTERISTICS OF HOMELESS YOUTH BY GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE STATUS (Continued)

	Receiving Services (N=57)	Not Receiving Services (N=55)
Consider self chemically dependent.	25%	13%
Physically abused as child or youth.*	63%	44%
Median Income.*	\$250	\$100
Attacked or beaten since homeless.	35%	22%
Ever been told how to engage in sex activities for money.	35%	20%
Consider self heterosexual.	91%	69%
Sources of Income:		
Parents.	26%	38%
Sale of personal belongings.*	16%	35%
Asking for money on the streets.	16%	31%
Prior Placements:		•
Foster care.	46%	27%
Group home.	39%	29%

^{*} p<.05

The table shows that youth who are receiving government services are more likely than those who are not to:

- live without regular housing for more than a year
- be on a waiting list for housing
- report physical abuse by an adult
- have more income

Other differences, although not statistically significant, suggest that chemical dependency, prostitution and prior out-of-home placements may also be more common for youth who are receiving state or county welfare benefits.



^{**} p<.01

II. DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY

DEMOGRAPHICS

Age. Youth ranged in age from 11 to 17.9 The average age of those surveyed was 16.

Gender. Thirty-nine percent of the youth surveyed were male, 61 percent were female. There is a slightly higher proportion of females to males in the Metro Area (67% vs. 33%).

Race/ethnicity. Fifty-nine percent of youth surveyed were persons of color. The following table shows the racial/ethnic breakdown for homeless youth in the Twin Cities Metro Area and Greater Minnesota compared to U.S. Census figures for 1990.

	White	African <u>American</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	Native <u>American</u>	<u>Asian</u>	Mixed Racial Background
U. S. Census						
Minnesota 1990 (11-18 year old)	91%	3%	1%	2%	3%	Not Reported .
1994 Twin Cities Metropolitan Homeless Sample	31%	47%	1%	6%	3%	12%
1994 Greater Minnesota Homeless Sample	60%	0%	3%	17%	0%	20%

As shown above, homeless youth are more likely than the youth population as a whole to be persons of color. Only 9 percent of the overall Minnesota population in this age range were persons of color, compared to 59 percent in the survey sample. When we look at the racial and ethnic composition of the males and females, we find that homeless female youth are more likely to be persons of color than are homeless male youth $(72\% \text{ vs. } 50\%, p \geq .05)$.

<u>Sexual orientation</u>. Eighty percent of youth in our sample identified themselves as heterosexuals. Five percent identified themselves as bi-sexual, and less than 1 percent of the sample identified themselves as gay or lesbian. Thirteen percent of the sample responses were missing for this question.

By definition, those 18 and older were excluded from the homeless youth sample. For a comparison of youth (17 and younger) and young adults (18 to 21) see page 31.



Type of family. One-fifth of the respondents grew up in a two parent family. About one-half of the sample grew up in a single parent family. The remainder grew up in adoptive families, foster families, blended families, with other relatives, or in multiple arrangements. Males were slightly more likely than females to grow up in a single parent home. For those who grew up in a single parent family, the vast majority (94%) lived with their mother.

Marital status. Almost all youth in our sample have never been married. Only one female in the Metro Area sample was currently married.

PLACE OF ORIGIN

Area where respondent grew up. Three quarters of the youth had lived in Minnesota most of their lives. The remainder came from 12 states and three countries. Females were more likely than males to have grown up in another state or country (31% vs. 14%, $p \ge .05$).

Those who grew up in Minnesota were most often from Minneapolis (27%). Youth who did not grow up in Minnesota were mainly from the following states: Illinois (25%), Texas (14%), California (7%), Florida (7%), and Indiana (7%).

Length of time in Minnesota. Fewer than one-fifth of the homeless youth interviewed have lived in Minnesota for less than two years. Over half of all homeless youth in our sample have lived in Minnesota for 11 or more years. Homeless youth are more likely to be longer term residents than homeless adults (56 percent of youth vs. 40 percent of adults have resided in Minnesota for 11 or more years). Approximately three-quarters of the homeless youth who are recent residents (those in Minnesota two years or less) have never previously lived in Minnesota.

According to new residents, the two main reasons for coming to Minnesota are to be with friends or family (52%) or to flee a violent environment (24%). Two-thirds of new residents originally lived with friends or family and one-third originally stayed in shelters when they fi st arrived in Minnesota.



PRIOR USE OF RESIDENTIAL SERVICES

<u>Placement history</u>. The following table indicates the percentage of females and males who have had some type of residential service history.

Type of Residential Service	Percent <u>Males</u>	Percent <u>Females</u>	<u>Total</u>
Foster Care	38.6	32.9	36.0
Drug or alcohol treatment	29.5	4.3	14.0
Residential treatment	38.6	18.6	26.3
Corrections	52.3	22.9	34.2
Residence for persons with physical disabilities	2.3	1.4	1.8
Halfway house	18.2	7.1	11.4
Mental health hospital	20.5	17.1	18.4
Facility for mental retardation	0	0	0
Orphanage	0	1.4	.9
Group home	50.0	22.9	33.3
Indian school	6.8	2.9	4.4
Any of the above	75.0	51.4	60.5

Homeless youth have a high rate of residential service use. Three-fourths of homeless males and just over one-half of homeless females have experienced some type of out-of-home placement. Foster care, correctional programs and group homes are the most common types of placements for youth in our sample. Homeless youth in Greater Minnesota have a higher level of out-of-home placements than youth in the Metro Area (75% vs. 53%, $p \ge .05$).

EDUCATION AND JOB TRAINING

Education. Over half of the youth surveyed (52%) are currently enrolled in school. Sixty-one percent of those enrolled attended school and 39 percent did <u>not</u> attend school on the day of the survey. The three main reasons given by those who were enrolled but did not attend school on the day of the survey were: 1) they over slept or had no sleep the night before, 2) they were sick (or their child was sick), and 3) school wasn't scheduled on that day. Of those youth currently not in school, the majority felt that a lack of permanent housing was the main reason they were not enrolled.

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<u>Job training</u>. Thirteen percent of youth have received some type of job training. The main training experiences include: medical assistant training, carpentry or other trades, and food services. Forty percent of those with job training had completed their training. Over one-fourth (27%) of youth with training were employed in jobs using that training. Of those without training, one-half indicated they would like to receive some kind of job training.

EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME

Employment. Twenty-two percent of youth are currently employed. Youth in the Metro Area are more likely than youth in Greater Minnesota to be employed (24% vs. 18%, $p \ge .01$). Hours worked per week ranged from 10 to 52, with an average of 28.7 hours per week. About one-third (32%) had held a job for three months or more. Eighteen percent of the respondents have never been employed. 10

For those who are currently unemployed, the average length of time since their last job is approximately eight months.¹¹ The main barriers to employment identified by unemployed youth are: having no address or phone (29%), transportation (23%), age (23%), cost of child care (17%) and attitude and motivation (15%).¹²

Income. The primary sources of income for youth respondents include: short-term or steady employment (28%), parents (13%), friends or relatives (12%), AFDC (7%), GA (7%), SSI (6%), and other activities including theft, sale of personal belongings, and asking for money on the streets. The median total monthly income for all youth surveyed was \$200 per month. Some youth reported no current income while a few respondents reported incomes of more than \$500 per month. Homeless youth in the Metro Area had higher monthly incomes on average than youth in Greater Minnesota (\$250 vs. \$150).



Twenty-five percent of youth in Greater Minnesota and 15 percent of youth in the Metro Area have never been employed.

¹¹ Most youth in our sample are employed in either the food or retail industries (36% and 28%, respectively).

¹² Youth in Greater Minnesota, on average, have been unemployed longer than Metro Area youth.

HISTORY OF HOUSING AND HOMELESSNESS

<u>Current sleeping arrangements</u>. Homeless youth were found in a number of different types of temporary living situations. Almost half of the respondents had spent the previous night in some type of emergency shelter (46%). Forty-two percent stayed in a temporary arrangement with friends. Seven percent stayed outdoors and 5 percent spent the last night in a temporary arrangement where they paid some money for their lodging.

Although, all homeless youth were without permanent housing, some youth were more likely than others to stay in certain types of temporary arrangements. Only 3 percent of females and 14 percent of males spent the previous night outdoors. One-half of youth in Greater Minnesota and one-third of Metro Area youth spent the previous night with friends. Of those who spent the previous night in some kind of shelter, nearly one-third stayed in emergency shelters (30%) and more than one-third stayed in a transitional housing program (39%).

Temporary housing arrangements for youth appear to be less stable than for adults. Forty-two percent of the youth report that their current living arrangement has lasted only one week or less. Females in the Metro Area have the longest average stay in current living arrangements (28 days). Most youth spent the previous night with either friends (42%) or alone (29%). Eighty-eight percent of youth interviewed thought that the last place they stayed was reasonably safe. For those who had concerns about their safety (8%), the main concerns were fights, violence, and being outdoors (generally unsafe).

Although, most youth have been in their current living situations for a week or less, most have been without regular or permanent housing for much longer. More than half of the youth surveyed (54%) had been homeless, "without a regular or permanent place to live", for more than three months. One-fourth had been homeless for more than one year.

Assessment of current housing needs. Homeless youth have housing needs similar to those of single homeless adults. More than one-third of the youth respondents (39%) report that they cannot afford to pay any amount for rent. On average, youth can afford to pay \$112.50 (median) per month, including rent and utilities. The median amount homeless youth in Greater Minnesota are able to pay is \$0, but the median for Metro Area youth is \$200. Most youth surveyed (76%) need only a one bedroom or a studio apartment, yet close to one-quarter (23%) need two or more bedrooms. Fifteen percent of the respondents are currently on a waiting list for Section 8 housing. Of those on a waiting list, the average wait has been five months.



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<u>Housing history</u>. Although personal history varies widely, there are many similarities in the following areas: location of last housing, who they have lived with, the main reason(s) for leaving that housing, number of episodes of homelessness, barriers to obtaining housing, when and why they left home originally, and whether or not they have relatives who are homeless.

The vast majority of homeless youth surveyed (84%) lived in Minnesota in their last regular or permanent housing. A higher proportion of homeless youth in the Metro Area than in Greater Minnesota resided in another state or country (16% vs. 3%). In their last housing, homeless youth lived primarily with a parent or parents (59%). Only 4 percent of youth lived alone in their last housing. Of those who lived with their parent(s), over half (54%) lived with their mother only and over one-third (36%) lived with both parents. The main reasons cited for leaving last housing include: conflicts with parent(s) (44%), fleeing abuse (11%), loss of housing (11%), and violence in area (6%).

One-third (33%) of the respondents experienced multiple episodes of homelessness. This was somewhat more likely for females than for males (36% vs. 27%). The average (median) number of episodes of homelessness was three and ranged from two to 30 episodes. Age was cited as the most common barrier to obtaining housing.

Most homeless youth originally left home around the age of 15. The main reasons cited for leaving home include: conflict with family (37%), personal decision (27%), and abuse (18%). Almost half (45%) indicated that if they wanted to return home, they could. Yet, only about one-quarter of the youth respondents (27%) believe they will ever live with their families again.

Eighteen percent of homeless youth in our sample indicate that they have relatives who have been homeless.

SERVICE Use

Service use. Respondents used many different services in the month prior to the survey. Thirty-seven percent used medical assistance, 34 percent used drop-in centers, 25 percent used food stamps, 24 percent used free medical services, and 14 percent used food shelves. Out of all services used by youth, medical assistance and drop-in centers were considered the most helpful.

The perceived usefulness of services varied by geographical area. Youth in Greater Minnesota were more likely than youth in the Metro Area to find medical assistance to be most helpful (33% vs. 12%, $p \ge .01$).



Of those who used food stamps, the average amount received in September, 1994 was \$116.50 (median). Youth in Greater Minnesota reported receiving more food stamp benefits than those in the Metro Area.

HEALTH CARE

More than one-third of the youth surveyed (39%) have received care for a mental or physical health problem within the six months prior to the survey.¹³ The two most common problems cited by youth are respiratory systems problems (27%) (such as asthma, hay fever, pneumonia or a cold) and major depression (18%).

Physical health. Thirty-one percent of the youth in our sample feel they need to see a doctor about a current health problem. One-quarter of the respondents (25%) report that they have encountered barriers to getting needed health care. No insurance and no money were the main reasons cited by youth as barriers to obtaining health care. Nonetheless, 41 percent of the respondents were receiving health benefits through a county welfare office.

Over half of the youth interviewed (52%) have had respiratory problems and one-forth have had problems with teeth or gums during the 12 months preceding the survey. Fifteen percent of youth were <u>not</u> taking medication they should be taking. The main reasons for not taking needed medications include: bad reaction to medication (24%), no money (24%), and personal reasons (18%), such as "I don't want to." Almost one-third of the youth surveyed (30%) had received services in an emergency room during the last six months. Females were more likely than males to have used emergency room services (39% vs. 16%, p \geq .05).

Mental health. Thirty-one percent of youth in our sample have been told by a doctor or nurse within the last two years that they have a serious mental health problem. Twenty-two percent were diagnosed with major depression, 16 percent were diagnosed with alcohol abuse disorder and 16 percent were diagnosed with drug abuse disorder. Fourteen percent report a dual diagnosis.¹⁴

ERIC*

Fifty percent of youth in Greater Minnesota and 32 percent of youth in the Metro Area received health care in the last six months (50% vs. 32%).

Dual diagnosis refers to the presence of a severe or persistent mental illness in addition to a diagnosis of alcohol or drug abuse disorder.

One-third of homeless youth in our sample have missed or quit school because of mental health problems. Less than one-fifth have quit a job (14%) or received out-patient care (18%) because of mental health problems. Four out of 10 youth surveyed (41%) have considered suicide, and 12 percent have attempted suicide.

Sex related issues. Pregnancy, birth control and the use of safer sex practices can affect one's health in a variety of ways. One-third (33%) of youth surveyed report having had sexual relationships that resulted in pregnancy (33 females and 5 males). Forty-five percent of all female respondents have been pregnant at least once, but fewer than one-quarter (23%) report a need for birth control. Eleven percent of those who do report a need for birth control indicate they are not able to get what they need.

The vast majority of youth in our sample (90%) state that they know about safer sex practices and 68 percent indicate that they use safer sex practices. Ten percent of respondents report that they have had a sexually transmitted disease within the past 12 months.

CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY

There is a high level of both familial and personal substance abuse reported by youth in our survey. Substance abuse in the family of origin is often mentioned by youth as a reason for leaving home. In our sample, about two-thirds report that someone in their immediate family has problems with drugs or alcohol. Of those who report familial substance abuse, more than half indicate that at least one parent has a problem with drugs or alcohol. Familial substance abuse is more likely among youth in Greater Minnesota than in the Metro Area (83% vs. 57%, $p \ge .01$).

Many of the survey respondents had used substances during the week prior to the study. The majority of youth had smoked cigarettes (66%), about one-third (34%) had used marijuana, 30 percent had used alcohol and 11 percent had used pain killers.

Almost one-fifth of the respondents (19%) consider themselves chemically dependent. Males were slightly more likely than females to report chemically dependency (23% vs. 17%, $p\geq .05$). Over ten percent of youth in the sample have had problems with money, housing or jobs due to drug or alcohol use; have sought help in some form for problems due to drugs or alcohol; have been through an out-patient drug or alcohol treatment facility; have been through an inpatient drug or alcohol treatment facility, and have been admitted to detox at least once. Homeless males are more likely than females to have been admitted to detox (18% vs. 4%).



ABUSE ISSUES

Homeless youth report a high level of both physical and sexual abuse. Over half (54%) have been physically maltreated and one-third (33%) have been sexually maltreated. Females generally report higher levels of abuse than males. Sixty percent of females compared to 43 percent of males report physical abuse and 50 percent of females compared to 7 percent of males report sexual abuse. Nearly half (49%) of the females compared to less than one-fifth (18%) of the males report that they have been assaulted or threatened with violence in a relationship during the past year.

Over one-quarter of all the youth surveyed (28%) and over one-third of all Metro Area youth, have been physically attacked or beaten since being homeless. When asked if they had performed survival sex, ¹⁵ 10 percent of the respondents responded affirmatively. About equal proportions of homeless males and females (9% vs. 10%) have engaged in survival sex. Similarly, more than one-quarter of the homeless youth surveyed (27%) report they have been told how to make money through sex activities. Forty-one percent of homeless Metro Area females have been told that they could make money by dancing, stripping, working in saunas, phone sex or by dating adults. While none of the respondents in Greater Minnesota reported actually doing any of the above, one-tenth of the Metro Area youth report that they have engaged in these activities.

SOCIAL CONTACTS

The majority of youth surveyed (82%) have had contact with a family member or relative within the month preceding the survey. Fourteen percent have had contact with family members within the past year but not during the past month. Four percent have had no contact with any family members for over one year. The majority of youth in our sample have three or fewer close friends.

Survival sex was defined as being sexual with someone for the purpose of getting shelter, clothing, food or other things.



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MAIN NEEDS AND STRENGTHS

Main needs other than housing. The youth in our sample indicated many needs other than housing. The top five needs reported by respondents include:

- 1) money (28%),
- 2) employment (26%),
- 3) school or training (26%),
- 4) clothing (20%), and
- 5) food or food stamps (18%).

Main strengths and assets. Being without regular or permanent shelter can be very taxing and homeless youth often develop a range of survival skills. When asked about their most important strengths or assets, many youth describe different types of mental and physical attributes.

This included examples like: having a good attitude, being motivated, being a hard worker, and having hope for the future. Almost one-third of the respondents indicated that interpersonal skills were their most important strength. The interpersonal skill category includes responses like the following: "I get along well with others"; "I am a nice friendly person"; "I am a good listener"; and "I make good first impressions." About one-fifth of the youth surveyed report that their most important strength or asset is a survival skill like: being streetwise, having good self-control, having good coping skills, and staying to themselves.

CHILDREN OF YOUTH WITHOUT PERMANENT SHELTER

Eighteen percent of homeless youth (N=21) are parents (18 females and 3 males). Of this group, 71 percent are responsible for the care of their children (15 females and 0 males). There were 19 children who accompanied the 15 youth parents on the night of our survey. Some youth were not involved in the day-to-day care of their children. For these youth, their children were being cared for by primarily the other parent, another family member or foster care. All of the youth parents in our survey had children under three years of age. Seven of the children were infants under one year of age.



A number of homeless youth parents face problems related to caring for their children. Over one-quarter (27%) have not been able to obtain health care for their children during the last 12 months. In the month preceding the survey, 13 percent of youth parents report that their children had to skip meals due to a lack of money. Not surprisingly, the majority of youth parents (60%) have been unable to obtain regular child care during the past year.

The main needs of children as identified by parents include: clothes/shoes (47%), food (40%), day care (20%), and safety (20%). One-third of the youth parents believe that housing (33%) would help their child the most at this time. Clothes, day care, and medical treatment were also cited as goods or services most needed by their children.

III. COMPARISON OF HOMELESS YOUTH TO GENERAL YOUTH POPULATION

In order to get better understanding of the extent to which homeless youth are similar to or different from other youth, it is necessary to provide a comparison to the general population. In this section, we compare the study sample to two general population samples of youth.

The first comparison examines data from the 1992 Minnesota Student Survey. This survey effort collected data from 6th, 9th and 12th graders throughout Minnesota in 1992. The second comparison uses data from Search Institute's Attitudes and Behaviors Survey. This survey was conducted with 450 schools nationally, most of which are located in the Midwest. The study has gathered data from more than 250,000 students in 6th through 12th grades between 1989-1994.

Comparable questions are illustrated in the following tables.

For more information regarding Search Institute's Attitudes and Behaviors Survey, contact Search Institute at 1-800-888-7828.



For more information regarding the Minnesota Student Survey data, contact Project Director Barbara Yates at (612) 296-4081.

Comparison of the Minnesota Student Population to a Sample of Homeless Youth

	Minnesota Survey, N=123	1992	Homeless Youth Study, 1994 N=114			
Live with single parents*	179	6	45	3%		
Run away from home in last year	8%	·		-		
Substance Use: Cigarettes Alcohol Marijuana Cocaine Sedatives Amphetamine-Speed	Weekly or M 119 109 2% <19 <19	Past Week 5% 6% 6% 6% 6% 6% 6% 6% 6% 6% 6% 6% 6% 6%				
Treated for drug or alcohol problem	4%	<u> </u>	18%			
Told by doctor or nurse have an STD	4%	<i>b</i>	11%			
Have been hit by date	139 (eve		37% (in past 12 months)			
Ever been pregnant (females)	5%	6	4	7%		
Ever gotten someone pregnant (males)	69	6	1	1%		
Physically abused**	120	7⁄ ₀	54	1%		
	Females Males		Females	Males		
Sexually abused***	11%	11% 3%		7%		
Suicide attempt	13%	8%	6%	23%		

- * For the Minnesota Student Survey (MSS) the question stated, "Do you live with one or both parent(s)?' and the Homeless Youth Survey stated, "What type of family did you grow up in?"
- ** The MSS states, "physically abused by adult in the household." The Homeless Youth Survey states, "physically mistreated as a child or youth."
- *** The MSS states, "sexually abused by non-family member." The Homeless Youth Survey states, "sexually mistreated as a child or youth."



This table shows that homeless youth are more likely than youth in the general Minnesota student survey population to have lived in a single parent home, to have attempted suicide, to have been physically or sexually abused, to use substances, to have experienced violence recently in a relationship, and to have been pregnant.

The next table provides information on comparable items found in the Search Institute's study of youth attitudes and behaviors.¹⁸ This large sample is primarily derived from school based surveys conducted in Midwestern communities over the past five years.

Benson, P., Blyth, D., and Roehlkepartain, E. (1995). <u>National report on public school students in 450 communities</u>. Minneapolis: Search Institute.



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	Search Institute's Attitu Behavior Survey, 1989 N=254,234		Homele	ss Youth, 1994 N=114			
Gender:							
Female	51%			61%			
Male	49%			39%			
Race/Ethnicity:							
American Indian	3%			10%			
Asian .	1%			2%			
Black	8%			31%			
Latino	3%		2%				
White	85%		41%				
Bi-racial			15%				
Live with two parents ^a	79%		22%				
Live with a single parent ^b	21%		45%				
Parent with drug or alcohol problem ^c	16%			58%			
No close friends ^d	3%			18%			
Ever considered suicide ^e	34%			41%			
Attempted suicide ^f	18%			12%			
Physically abused ^g	13%			54%			
	Females	Males	Females	Males			
Sexually abused ^h	19%	3%	50%	7%			

- Search version: "Did you live all or most of the time in a family with two parents?" Homeless Youth version: "What type of family did you grow up in?"
- Search version: "Did you live all or most of the time in a single parent family?" Homeless Youth version: "What type of family did you grow up in?"
- Search version: "Do you think your mother or father has a serious problem with alcohol or drugs?" Homeless Youth version: "Did anyone in your immediate family have problems with drugs or alcohol?" (response category a parent).
- d Search version: "How many really close friends your age do you have?" Homeless Youth version: "How many close friends do you have regular contact with?"
- Search version: "In the last year, how often, if at all, have you thought about killing yourself?" Homeless Youth version: "Have you ever considered suicide?"
- Search version: "Have you ever tried to kill yourself?" Homeless Youth version: "Have you ever attempted suicide?"
- Search version: "Have you ever been physically abused by an adult (that is, where an adult caused you to have a scar, black and blue marks, welts, bleeding or a broken bone)?" Homeless Youth version: "Have you ever been physically mistreated as a child or youth?"
- Search version: "Have you ever been sexually abused by someone (that is, someone in your family or someone else did sexual things to you that you did not want or forced you to touch them sexually)?" Homeless Youth version: "Were you ever sexually mistreated as a child or youth?"



IV. COMPARISONS TO OTHER STUDIES OF HOMELESS YOUTH

In order to provide some perspective on Minnesota's population of homeless youth, other recent studies of youth homelessness have been identified. The survey samples described in this section of the report (including both the 1991 and 1994 Wilder samples) suggests that there are a number of common characteristics shared by homeless youth throughout the United States. The comparisons have been drawn from the following studies:

Minnesota	1991	Interviews were conducted with youth in shelters and non-sheltered locations throughout Minnesota during the evening of October 24, 1991. ¹⁹
New York	1992	Interviews were conducted with youth residing at Covenant House (a large shelter in New York City) from July, 1990 to February, 1991. ²⁰
California	1993	Structured face-to-face interviews were conducted with youth in Hollywood, California during the spring of 1987. ²¹
National (USA)	1995	Interviews were conducted by Research Triangle Institute during the fall of 1992 with youth residing in 23 shelters nationally and youth on the streets in 10 urban areas (two samples). ²²
Minnesota	1994	Interviews were conducted with youth in shelters and non-sheltered locations throughout Minnesota during the evening of October 27, 1994. ²³

19	MN 1991	Wilder Research Center, 1991. Homelessness in Minnesota: A Profile of Homeless Youth.
20	NY 1992	Feitel, Barbara, Neil Margetson, John Chamas, & Cindy Lipman, 1992. "Psychological Background and Behavioral and Emotional Disorders of Homeless and Runaway Youth." Hospital and Community Psychiatry, 43(2): 155-159.
21	CA 1993	Greenblatt, Milton & Marjorie Robertson, 1993. "Life-Styles, Adaptive Strategies, and Sexual Behaviors of Homeless Adolescents." <i>Hospital and Community Psychiatry</i> , 44(12): 1177-1180.
22	RTI 1995	Greene, Jody M. and Christopher Ringwalt, 1995. Youth with Runaway, Throwaway and Homeless Experiences: Prevalence, Drug Use, and Other At-Risk Behaviors. Prepared for U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Administration for Children and Families, Maryland: National Clearinghouse on Families and Youth.
23	MN 1994	Wilder Research Center, 1995. Homelessness in Minnesota: Youth Without Permanent Shelter.



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The following tables illustrate the demographic profiles and the life experiences of youth described in these varied samples.

Demographic Profiles

Study	MN, 1991 Street & Sheltered N=81	NY, 1992 Sheltered N=150	CA, 1993 Street & Sheltered N=93	RTI, 1995 Street N=600	RTI, 1995 Sheltered N=640	
Sample population	Statewide sheltered and street youth.	Sheltered youth at Covenant House in New York City.	Sheltered and street youth from Hollywood CA.	Statewide sheltered and street youth.	Street youth from 10 urban areas.	Sheltered youth from 23 shelters nationally.
Gender % male % female	51 49	65 35	61 39	39 61	61 39	39 61
Age Average Age Age Range	16 11-18	18.5 13-22	16-17 13-17	16.0 11-17	17.9 12-21	16.1 12-21
Race % African American % White % American Indian % Latino/Hispanic % Asian % Other	20 57 11 4 9	49 15 31 5	13 60 8 13 5	31 41 10 2 2 15	28 46 - 18 - 9	41 32 - 20 - 8
Family Type % single parent		57*		45	48	52
Originally From % immediate area % other states % other countries	74 (state) 25 1	58 24 7		75 (state) 21 3		

^{*} This item indicates that 57 percent of all youth surveyed in this study were living in single parent families by age 10.



Life Experiences

STUDY	MN, 1991 Street & Sheltered N=81	NY, 1992 Sheltered N=150	CA, 1993 Street & Sheltered N=93	MN, 1994 Street & Sheltered N=114	RTI, 1995 Street N=600	RTI, 1995 Sheltered N=640
Sample population	Statewide sheltered and street youth.	Sheltered youth at Covenant House in New York City.	Sheltered and street youth from Hollywood CA.	Statewide sheltered and street youth.	Street youth from 10 urban areas.	Sheltered youth from 23 shelters nationally.
Placements % drug/ alcohol treatment % mental health hospital	15 19	20	24 25	14 18	24	18
Reasons for Leaving % pushed out % wanted independence	10 16	20 32 16 22 68* 27		1		
Abuse % physical % sexual	47 50% girls, 11% boys	52% girls, 21% boys**		54 50% girls, 7% boys	 14	 8
Survival Sex % engaged in sex for food, money or shelter		21% boys, 5% girls	33	10	21	7
Children % who have children % who have been pregnant	16 40	22	45		50	41
Suicide % attempted suicide		27	59	12	32	26
Violence % had been assaulted			42(12 months)	28 (since homeless)	29	15

^{*} Respondents reported here indicated that they left home of their own choosing and the 32 percent that were marked as "pushed out" were told to leave.



^{**} This question was not asked until one-third of the interviews were completed, the number of interviews represented in these figures were: 25 girls and 68 boys.

The tables show that:

- Homeless youth are disproportionately youth of color.
- About half of the studies included young adults (18-22 years old) in their samples.
- A large proportion of homeless youth come from single parent homes. Homeless youth are almost twice as likely to be from single parent homes than the general youth population (45-50 percent [homeless samples] vs. 24 percent [U.S. youth population] vs. 18 percent [Minnesota youth population]).²⁴
- The majority of homeless youth are from the immediate area or the state in which they were interviewed.
- Between 14 and 24 percent of homeless youth have been in drug or alcohol treatment facilities compared to 4 percent of the general youth population.
- Homeless youth report high levels (8% to 52%) of past sexual abuse. Research Triangle Institute's national sample reported the lowest levels of sexual abuse. This may be due, in part, to differences in social climate with regard to reporting abuse in different locales.
- Close to half of all homeless females report that they have been pregnant.
- Many homeless youth report attempting suicide, yet, the proportion varies from 12 percent in the 1994 Minnesota sample to 50 percent in the 1993 California sample.
- Youth in the California sample are 50 percent more likely than the youth in the 1994 Minnesota sample (42% vs. 28%, p≥.05) to have been assaulted since becoming homeless.
- Between one-fifth and one-fourth of homeless youth have been admitted to a mental health hospital.

IMPLICATIONS

Despite various locales and sampling methods, it is clear from these studies that homeless youth often face difficult life circumstances. A high proportion of homeless youth have histories of physical and sexual abuse, have engaged in sex for money, have children, have been victims of violence, and have been pushed out of their homes. These life experiences should be considered when designing youth services. Homeless youth may have many past problems to overcome, but many have developed a variety of skills in order to survive and programming should try to build on youth's strengths and adaptive skills.

These data were derived from the 1990 Census for the Untied States and Minnesota.



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V. COMPARISON OF YOUTH AND YOUNG ADULTS EXPERIENCING HOMELESSNESS

Many youth serving organizations work with both youth and young adults up to 21 years of age. To provide program planning information for this age group and to better understand the characteristics of the overall population, separate analyses were conducted comparing youth 17 and younger to young adults 18 to 21 years of age.

The following table provides comparisons on selected 1994 survey items:

Characteristics	Homeless Youth Age 11-17	Homeless Young Adults <u>Age 18-21</u>
Sample size	N = 114	N = 289
MN resident for 2 years or less	18%	27%
On section 8 waiting list	15%	29%
Persons in need of more than one bedroom	23%	40%
Average amount respondent could pay for rent (median)	\$112.50	\$250.00
Median monthly income	\$200.00	\$437.00
Used emergency room in last 6 months	30%	43%
Currently employed	22%	33%
AFDC recipient	11%	33%
Accompanied by children	13%	37%
Sought health care due to violence	19%	20%
Physically abused as a child	54%	45%



Overall, homeless young adults are more likely to be new to Minnesota. Twenty-seven percent of 18 to 21 year olds have lived in Minnesota for two years or less compared to 18 percent of those in the youth sample. Young adults are nearly twice as likely as youth to be on Section 8 waiting lists (29% vs. 15%, $p \ge .01$). Young adults are also more likely than youth to need more than one bedroom (40% vs. 23%, $p \ge .01$). This is related primarily to the fact that they are nearly three times more likely to be accompanied by children (37% vs. 13%, $p \ge .001$).

Young adults have a higher median monthly income than youth (\$250 vs. \$112.5). Approximately one third of young adults are employed compared to one-fifth of those in the youth sample. Young adults are more likely to have used emergency room services in the last six months (43% vs. 30%, p≥.001), but no more likely to seek health care as a result of violence (20% vs. 19%). Youth and young adults report similar levels of current and childhood abuse, except that youth in this sample are more likely to report childhood physical abuse (54% vs. 45%).

In general, the pattern suggests that young adults have greater access than youth to available services and resources. This is most likely due to age (being eligible for benefits), education and job related training experiences.



VI. COMPARISON OF HOMELESS YOUTH TO YOUTH IN RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITIES

In many ways, the experiences of homeless youth parallel those of children who are served in residential treatment programs. In both cases, backgrounds of abuse, domestic violence, alcoholism and truancy are common. The table below provides selected comparisons for samples derived from these two populations.

	Youth (11-17) in Residential Treatment Facilities in 1994* (N=97)	1994 Homeless Youth (11-17) Sample (N=114)
Average (mean) Age	14 years	16 years
Gender:		
Percent Female	54%	61%
Percent Male	46%	39%
Percent Problems With Drugs or Alco	ohol 12%	14%**
Percent Youth of Color	38%	59%
Victimization:		
Percent Physical Abuse	66%***	54%
Percent Sexual Abuse	53%***	33%
Prior Placement:		
Foster Care	55%	36%
Drug or Alcohol Treatment	6%	14%
Residential Treatment	32%	26%
Mental Health Hospital	41%	18%
Correctional Facility	10%	34%

^{*} Data on residential treatment provided by Wilder Foundation, Services to Children and Families.



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^{**} Based on self-reported admission to alcohol or drug treatment facility.

^{***} This abuse was either suspected or documented. Thirteen percent of the cases were unknown for physical abuse.

Twenty-six percent of the cases were unknown for sexual abuse.

The table suggests that homeless youth may have experienced many of the same life situations as youth treated in residential programs. Homeless youth, however, appear somewhat less likely than those in treatment to report sexual abuse problems. Homeless youth are far more likely to be persons of color and are slightly older on average than those in residential treatment facilities.

Information on previous out-of-home placements shows additional similarities between institutionalized and homeless youth in 1994. A substantial percentage of both groups have had prior placements in foster care, residential treatment facilities, correctional facilities, and mental health hospitals. Youth in residential treatment, however are more likely than homeless youth to have had prior placements in foster care settings, residential treatment settings, and mental health hospitals. Homeless youth are slightly more likely than institutionalized youth to have been placed in a drug or alcohol treatment facility and substantially more likely to have been in a correctional facility.

DATA TABLES

Tables in the next section report frequency distributions for all questions included in the survey with breakdowns by geographic area (Metro Area vs. Greater Minnesota) and by gender (males vs. females).



Table 1
How Old Were You On Your Last Birthday?

		Metropolitan Area							Gre Minn		Total			
	M	Male N %		1 1		tal %	Male N %		Female N %		Total N %		N	%
11	1.	-		-	-	-	1	5.3	•		1	2.5	1	.9
12	1	4.0	•	-	1	1.4	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	3	2.6
13	-	-	2	4.1	2	2.7	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	4	3.5
14	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7		-	2	9.5	2	5.0	4	3.5
15	8	32.0	3	6.1	11	14.9	1	5.3	4	19.0	5	12.5	16	14.0
16	7	28.0	19	38.8	26	35.1	3	15.8	5	23.8	8	20.0	34	29.8
17	8	32.0	24	49.0	32	43.2	12	63.2	8	38.1	20	50.0	52	45.6
Missing	-	•	•	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		•	•
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0
Mean	15	5.8	16	6.3	16	5.1	15	5.7	15	5.7	15	5.8	16	6.0
Median	1	6	1	6	1	6	1	7	1	6	16	8.5	1	6

Table 2 Gender

		ropolitan Area	Gr Min	To	otal	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Male	25	33.8	19	47.5	44	38.6
Female	49	66.2	21	52.5	70	61.4
Total	74	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0



Table 3
Racial or Ethnic Background?

		Metropolitan Area					-		Greater Minnesota					Total	
	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M: N	ale %	Fen N	1ale %	To N	tal %	N	%	
White	9	36.6	14	28.6	23	31.1	13	68.4	11	52.4	24	60.0	47	41.2	
African American/Black	11	44.0	24	49.0	35	47.3	•	-		-	•	•	35	30.7	
American Indian	2	8.0	2	4.1	4	5.4	3	15.8	4	19.0	7	17.5	11	9.6	
Latino/Hispanic	1	4.0	•	•	1	1.4	•	•	1	4.8	1	2.5	2	1.8	
Asian/Pacific Islander	-	•	2	4.1	2	2.7	•	٠.	•	•	•	-	2	1.8	
Multi-Racial	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.2	3	15.8	5	23.8	8	20.0	17	14.9	
Missing		•		•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	<u> </u>	•	•	
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0	

Table 3-A
If American Indian, What Is Your Home Reservation?

		Ŋ		politan ea	1				Gre Minn	ater esota			To	tal
	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M: N	ale %	Fen N	aale %	To N	tal %	N	%_
Red Lake, Minnesota	1	50.0		•	1	16.7	1	16.7			1	6.7	2	9.5
Leech Lake, Minnesota		-		•	٠	•	2	33.3	1	11.1	3	20.0	3	14.3
White Earth, Minnesota		•	•	•	•	-		•	1	11.1	1	6.7	1	4.8
Northwest Bay	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	1	11.1	1	6.7	1	4.8
Don't Know			1	25.0	1	16.7		•	•	-	•	-	1	4.8
Not Applicable		•		•		•		•	1	11.1	1	6.7	1	4.8
Missing	1	50.0	3	75.0	4	66.7	3.	58.0	5	55.6	8	53.3	12	57.1
Total	. 2	100.0	4	100.0	6	100.0	6	100.0	9	100.0	15	100.0	21	100.0



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Table 4
What Is Your Current Marital Status?

		N		politan rea	ł				-	ater iesota			To	tal
	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tai %	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%_
Never Married	25	100.0	48	98.0	73	98.6	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	113	99.1
Married	-	-}	1	2.0	1	1.4	•	-	-	-	•		1	.9
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 5
Do You Identify Yourself As:

		N		politan ea	1				Gre Minn				To	tal
	M . N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Heterosexual person	19	76.0	35	71.4	54	73.0	18	94.7	20	95.2	38	95.0	92	80.7
Gay or lesbian person	1	4.0		-	1	1.4	•	-		-	•	•	1	.9
Bisexual person	2	8.0	4	8.2	6	8.1	•	-	•	-	•	•	6	5.3
Don't Know	1	4.0	•	-	1	1.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	.9
Missing	2	8.0	10	20.4	12	16.2	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	14	12.3
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0



Table 6
Where Did You Live While Growing Up (To Age 16)?

		N		politan ea						ater iesota			To	tal
	M:	ale %	Fen N	aale %	To N	tal %	M: N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
St. Paul	5	20.0	2	4.1	7	9.5	-	-	1	4.8	1	2.5	8	7.0
Minneapolis	10	40.0	20	40.8	30	40.5	1	5.3	•	-	1	2.5	31	27.2
Other Metro	3	12.0	6	12.2	10	13.5		•	2	9.5	2	5.0	12	10.5
Greater Minnesota	2	8.0	4	8.2	5	6.8	17	89.5	13	61.9	30	75.0	35	30.7
Other States or Countries	5	20.0	17	34.7	22	29.7	1	5.3	5	23.8	6	15.0	28	24.6
Missing	-	•	•	-	-	-	 	•	•	•	-		·	
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0



Table 6-A
For Those Who Grew Up In Greater Minnesota, Which Town Or City?

		M	letrop Ar	olitan ea					Grea Minne				Tot	al
	M:	ale %	Fem N	ale %	To:	tal %	Ma N	ıle %	Fem N	ale %	Tot N	ai %	N_	%
Adrian	1.		1	33.3	1	20.0		-		-	•		1	2.9
Aitkin	1	50.0	•	-	1	20.0	•	-	•	-	•	-	1	2.9
Albert Lea		-	-	-	•	-	1	5.9	-	-[1	3.3	1	2.9
Backus		-	-	-	•	-	-	-	1	7.7	1	3.3	1	2.9
Brainerd	-	-	-	-	•	-	3	17 .6	1	7.7	4	13.3	4	11.4
Cambridge	-	-	-	-	-	•	- -	•	1	7.7	1	3.3	1	2.9
Cannon Falls	-	-	•	•	•	-	1	5.9	•	-	1	3.3	1	2.9
Cass Lake		-	•	•	-	-	1	5.9	1	7.7	2	6.7	2	5.7
Detroit Lakes	.	-	•	-	-	-	1	5.9	•	-	1	3.3	1	2.9
Duluth		-	•	-		-	6	35.3	1	7.7	7	23.3	7	20.0
Grand Rapids			•	•		-	1	5.9	•	-	1	3.3	1	2.9
Hinckley	.	-	•	•		•	1	5.9	٠	-	1	3.3	1	2.9
International Falls	.	•		•		-	1	5.9		•	1	3.3	1	2.9
McGrath		•	1	33.3	1	20.0		•		•	•	•	1	2.9
Mantorville		•		-		-		•	1	7.7	1	3.3	1	2.9
Pequot Lakes		······································		•	-	•		•	2	15.4	2	6.7	2	5.7
Plummer	1	50.0		•	1	20.0	1	5.9		•	1	3.3	2	5.7
Rochester		•		•				•	2	15.4	2	6.7	2	5.7
Staples						•			1	7.7	1	3.3	1	2.9
Warroad								-	1	7.7	1	3.3	1	2.9
Missing	-	•	1	33.3	1	20.0			1	7.7	1	3.3	2	5.7
Total	2	100.0	3	100.0	5	100.0	17	100.0	13	100.0	30	100.0	35	100.0



Table 6-B
For Those Who Grew Up In Another State Or Country, Which One?

			N	letroj Ar	politan ea	ı					ater iesota			То	tal
		Ma N	de %	Fen N	rale %	To:	tal %	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
California			-	1	5.9	1	4.5	1	100.0			1	16.6	2	7.1
Colorado	1	•	-		-	-	-			1	20.0	1	16.6	1	3.6
Florida		1	20.0	1	5.9	2	9.1	-	-	•	-	•	-	2	7.1
Illinois	ļ	2	40.0	5	29.4	7	31.8	-		•	-	•	-	7	25.0
Indiana	1		-	2	11.8	2	9.1		•	•	•	•	-	2	7.1
Massachusetts		•	-	•	-	•	-	•	-	1	2.0	1	16.6	1	3.6
New York		•	-	1	5.9	1	4.5	٠		-	•	•	-	1	3.6
North Dakota		•	-		-		-	-	•	1	20.0	1	16.6	1	3.6
South Dakota				1	5.9	1	4.5		•		•	•	-	1	3.6
Texas		1	20.0	2	11.8	3	13.6	-	•	1	20.0	1	16.6	4	14.3
Washington		•	-	1	5.9	1	4.5	٠	•	•	-	•	-	1	3.6
Wisconsin	1	1	20.0		•	1	4.5			-			-	1	3.6
Canada			-			-	-		•	1	20.0	1	16.6	1	3.6
Caribbean Island			-	1	5.9	1	4.5				•		•	1	3.6
Africa			-	1	5.9	1	4.5		•	-	-		•	1	3.6
Missing		-		1	4.5	1	4.5							1	3.6
Total		5	100.0	17	100.0	22	100.0	1	100.0	5	100.0	6	100.0	28	100.0



Table 7
How Long Have You Lived In Minnesota?

		N		politan ea	l				Gre Minn				То	tal
	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Less than 1 year	3	12.0	10	20.4	13	17.6	1	5.3	•		1	2.5	14	12.3
1 - 2 years	2	8.0	4	8.2	6	8.1		-	1	4.8	1	2.5	7	6.1
3 - 5 years	4	16.0	11	22.4	15	20.3	٠	-	3	14.3	3	7.5	18	15.8
6 - 10 years	3	12.0	2	4.1	5	6.8	3	15.8	3	14.3	6	15.0	11	9.6
11+ years	13	52.0	22	44.9	35	47.3	. 15	78.9	14	66.7	29	72.5	64	56.1
Missing		-	•	•		•		•	•	•	•	•	•.	·
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 7-A (For Those In Minnesota Two Years Or Less), Where Did You Live Before Coming To Minnesota

		N	letrop Ar	oolitan ea						ater esota			То	tal
	M:	ale %	Fen N	ale %	To	tal %	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
California		-	1	7.1	1	5.3	1	100.0	•	-	1	50.0	2	9.5
Georgia		-	1	7.1	1	5.3	•	-	•	-	•	-	1	4.8
Illinois	1	20.0	4	28.6	5	26.3		-	•	-			5	23.8
Indiana		-	2	14.3	2	10.5		-	•	-	•	•	2	9.5
Iowa		-	1	7.1	1	5.3		-	•		•	•	1	4.8
New York	1	20.0		-	1	5.3		-	•	•	•	•	1	4.8
South Dakota		•	1	7.1	1	5.3		•		•		•	1	4.8
Texas	1	20.0	2	14.3	3	15.8				-		-	3	14.3
Washington	†****		2	14.3	2	10.5		•		•		•	2	9.5
West Virginia				-		-		•	1	100.0	1	50.0	1	4.8
Wisconsin	2	40.0			2	10.5		•		-		•	2	9.5
Missing		•		•	-			-	-	•		•		•
Total	5	100.0	14	100.0	19	100.0	1	100.0	1	100.0	2	100.0	21	100.0



Table 7-B (For Those In Minnesota Two Years Or Less), Have You Ever Lived In Minnesota Before That?

		N		politar rea	1					ater iesota	_		To	tal
	M N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	1	20.0	5	35.7	6	31.6	•	- 1	-	-	•	-	6	28.6
No	4	80.0	9	64.3	13	68.4	1	100.0	1	100.0	2	100.0	15	71.4
Missing		•		-				•	•		•	•	•	
Total	5	100.0	14	100.0	19	100.0	1	100.0	1	100.0	2	100.9	21	100.0

Table 7-C
(For Those In Minnesota Two Years Or Less),
What Were The Main Reasons You Came to Minnesota

		N		politan ea	l					ater resota			То	tal
	N	Iale I=5	N=	nale =14	To N=	:19	M:	=1	N	nale =1	To N:	=2		=21 %
	N	- %	N	%	N	<u>*</u>	N	%	<u> </u>	<u>%</u>	N_	%	N_	
Look for job	1	20.0	3	21.4	4	21.1		-	•	•	-	•	4	19.1
Friends or Family	4	80.0	6	42.9	10	52.6	-	-	1	100.0	1	50.0	11	52.4
Relocate	-	•	1	7.1	1	5.3	-	•	•	-	-	•	1	4.8
For Shelter	.	•	1	7.1	1	5.3		•	•	-	-	-	1	4.8
Alcoholic Treatment	•	-	1	7.1	1	5.3		-	-	•	•	•	1	4.8
To go to school		•	2	14.3	2	10.5		•	-	•		•	2	9.5
Flee Abuse		-	3	21.4	3	15.8		•		•	-	•	3	14.3
Improve Opportunities	-		3	21.4	3	15.8	٠.	•		•		•	3	14.3
Flee Violence (environment)	1	20.0	3	21.4	4	21.1	1	100.0		•	1	50.0	5	23.8
Personal Reasons	-			•	-	•	1	100.0		•	1	50.0	1	4.8
Better Environment Here	.		2	14.3	2	10.5		•		-		•	2	9.5
To get away from people	1	20.0	2	14.3	3	15.8		-				-	3	14.3
Death in Family			2	14.3	2	10.5						-	2	9.5



Table 7-D
(For Those In Minnesota Two Years Or Less),
What Were Your Living Arrangements When You First Moved To Minnesota?

		N	/letro	politan ea	l					ater iesota			To	tal
	M: N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	<u>N</u> _	%
Friends/Family	4	80.0	8	57.1	12	63.2	1	100.0	1	100.0	2	100.0	14	66.7
Shelter	1	20.0	6	42.9	7	36.8	-	-	•	-	-	-	7	33.3
Missing	•	•		•	•		-		•	-	·		•	
Total	5	100.0	14	100.0	19	100.0	1	100.0	1	100.0	2	100.0	21	100.0



Table 8
What Type Of Family Did You Grow Up In?

				politan rea	1				Gre Minn				To	tal
	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M N	ale %	Fen N	iale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Two parent	6	24.0	12	24.5	18	24.3	5	26.3	2	9.5	7	17.5	25	21.9
Single parent	12	48.0	19	38.8	31	41.9	10	52.6	10	47.6	20	50.0	51	44.7
Adoptive	2	8.0		•	2	2.7	-	-	1	4.8	1	2.5	3	2.6
Blended	3	12.0	3	6.1	6	8.1	1	5.3	2	9.5	3	7.5	9	7.9
Foster	•	•	1	2.0	1	1.4	•	•	-	•	-	•	1	.9
Other relatives	•		4	8.1	4	5.4		-	4	19.0	4	10.0	8	7.0
Multi-arrangements	.	•	3	2.0	3	4.1	2	10.5	2	9.5	4	10.0	7	6.1
Missing	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.2	1	5.3	-	•	1	2.5	10	8.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 8-A
If From A Single Parent Family,
Did You Live With Your Mother Or Father?

	Metropolitan Area									To	otal			
	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Mother	12	100.0	17	89.5	29	93.5	10	100.0	9	90.0	19	95.0	48	94.1
Father	٠	•	1	5.3	1	3.2	-	-	•		•	·	1	2.0
Missing		-	1	5.3	1	3.2			1	10.0	1	5.0	2	3.9
Total	12	100.0	19	100.0	31	100.0	10	100.0	10	100.0	20	100.0	51	100.0



Table 9
How Old Were You When You Left Home?

		Metropolitan Area								ater esota			Total		
	M N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M: N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%	
<11	2	8.0	1	2.0	3	4.1	1	5.3	-	-]	1	2.5	4	3.5	
11	1	4.0	-	-	1	1.4	2	10.5	•	-	2	5.0	3	2.6	
12	2	8.0	4	8.2	6	8.1	3	15.8	3	14.3	6	15.0	12	10.5	
13	2	8.0	8	16.3	10	13.5	2	10.5	1	4.8	3	7.5	13	11.4	
14	4	32.0	3	6.1	7	9.5	2	10.5	3	14.3	5	12.5	12	10.5	
15	9	36.0	6	12.2	15	20.3	2	10.5	3	14.3	5	12.5	20	17.5	
16	2	8.0	10	20.4	12	16.2	5	26.3	6	28.6	11	27.5	23	20.2	
17	1	4.0	7	14.3	8	10.8	1	5.3	5	23.8	6	15.0	14	12.3	
Missing	2	8.0	10	20.4	12	16.2	1	5.3	-	-	1	2.5	13	11.4	
Total	25	160.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0	
Mean Age (Years)	1:	3.6	14	.5	14	.2	13	3.7	15	5.1	14	.4	14	.3	
Median Age (Years)	1	15	1	5	1	5	1	4	1	6	1	5	1	5	



Table 10
Why Did You Leave Home Originally?

		N	/letroj Ar	politan ea	1			_		Total				
	1	ale -25		nale :49	To N=		Male N=19		Female N=21		Total N=40			114
	N N	%	N	%	N	<u>%</u>	N	_%_	N	%	N	_*	N	<u>%</u>
Conflict with family	6	24.0	21	42.9	27	36.5	8	42.1	11	52.4	19	47.5	42	36.8
Choose to leave	6	24.0	15	30.6	21	28.3	4	21.1	6	28.6	10	25.0	31	27.2
Abuse	4	16.0	8	16.3	12	16.2	2	10.5	6	28.6	8	20.0	20	17.5
Kicked out/thrown ou.	6	24.0	2	4.1	8	10.8	6	31.6	4	19.0	10	25.0	18	15.8
Parent drug use	2	8.0	8	16.3	10	13.5	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	12	10.5
To be with family/partner	-	•	4	8.2	4	5.4	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	6	5.3
Got pregnant .		-	4	8.2	4	5.4	-	-	1	4.8	1	2.5	5	4.4
Abandoned/neglect	1	4.0	3	6.1	4	5.4	1	5.3	•	•	1	2.5	5	4.4
Free violence/gangs	1	4.0	3	6.1	4	5.4	1	5.3	-	•	1	2.5	5	4.4
Parents unable to care for them			3	6.1	3	4.1		•	2	9.5	2	5.0	5	4.4
Sexual abuse	•	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	2	4.1	2	2.7		•	1	4.8	1	2.5	3	2.6
Opportunities		•	1	2.0	1	1.4		-	2	9.5	2	5.0	3	2.6
Drug or alcohol (unspecified)	2	8.0		•	2	2.7	-	-		•		-	2	1.8
Own drug use				-		•	1	5.3		•	1	2.5	1	9



Table 10 - Detail Why Did You Leave Home Originally?

		N	letrop Ar	olitan ea			Greater Minnesota							al
	Ma N= N		Fem N= N		Tot N='		Ma N=		Fem N=		Tot N= N	al 40 %	N=1 N	114
Conflict With Family:											,			
Conflict with family	4	16.0	20	40.8	24	32.4	7	36.8	9	42.9	16	40.0	40	35.
Had too many chores	-	-	1	2.0	1	1.4	•	\cdot	1	4.8	1	2.5	2	1
Didn't like home situation	1	4.0	•	-	1	1.4		-	1	4.8	1	2.5	2	1
Hated family members		-	1	2.0	1	1.4	•	-	1	4.8	1	2.5	2	1
Parent didn't understand me	.	-	1	2.0	1	1.4	-	•	•	-	•		1	
Kicked Out/Taking Out:				•••••			 		•••••••		•			••••••
Kicked out/thrown out	4	16.0	1	2.0	5	6.8	٠		3	14.3	3	7.5	8	•
Court-ordered out of home	2	8.0	1	2.0	3	4.1	2	10.5	1	4.8	3	7.5	6	
Arrested	2	8.0		•	2	2.7	2	10.5	-	-	2	5.0	4	:
Got into trouble	-	-	-	-	-		3	15.8	-	-	3	7.5	3	:
Parents Unable To Take Care Of Them:			•••••••	••••••••		•-•		•-•••		•••••	······································			•••••
Parent died/was dying	-	-	2	4.1	2	2.7		•	1	4.8	1	2.5	3	
Parent moved		•	-					•	1	4.8	1	2.5	1	
Pa ent hospitalized		•	1	2.0	1	1.4		•	-	•	-	•	1	
Choose To Leave:				•••••••••••	········	•••••	İ	••••						
Tired of rules	3	12.0	7	14.3	10	13.5	٠	-	2	9.5	2	5.0	12	1
Wanted freedom	1	4.0	7	14.3	8	10.8	1	5.3	3	14.3	4	10.0	12	•
Don't want to stay	3	12.0	1	2.0	4	5.4				•		-	4	
To be with other parent	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7	2	10.5		•	2	5.0	4	
To move to another city						•	2	10.5	2	9.5	4	10.0	4	
To Be With Friends/Partner		••••••		••••••		••-•••	†	••••••		•••••••	†	••••••	1	••••••
Peer pressure	.	•	2	4.1	2	2.7	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	4	
Got married	.	•	1	2.0	1	1.4		•			-	•	1	
To be with boy/girl friend	.		1	2.0	1	1.4	· -						1	



Table 11
If You Wanted To Return Home, Would Your Parent(s) Allow You To Do So?

		Metropolitan Area							Greater Minnesota							
	M			Female N %		Total N %		Male N %		nale %	Total N %		N	%		
Yes	9	36.0	19	38.8	28	37.8	9	47.4	14	66.7	2:3	57.5	51	44.7		
No	11	44.0	21	42.9	32	43.2	3	15.8	4	19.0	7	17.5	39	34.2		
Don't know	3	12.0	2	4.1	5	6.8	6	31.6	3	14.3	9	22.5	14	12.3		
Missing	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.2	1	5.3	•	• :	1	2.5	10	8.8		
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0		

Table 12
Do You Think That You Will Ever Live With Your Family Again?

	Metropolitan Area									ater esota			Total	
	M N			Female N %		Total N %		Male N %		nale %	Total N %		N	%
Yes	9	36.0	7	14.3	16	21.6	7	36.8	8	38.1	15	37.5	31	27.2
No	14	56.0	33	67.3	47	63.5	9	47.4	13	61.9	2 2	55.0	69	60.5
Don't know		-	2	4.1	2	2.7	2	10.5	•	•	2	5.0	4	3.5
Missing	2	દ.ડ	7	14.3	9	12.2	1	5.3	•	•	1	2.5	10	8.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.6

Table 13
Can You Tell Me Where You Slept Last Night?

	Metropolitan Area									ater iesota			To	otal	
		ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%	
Shelter	12	48.0	23	46.9	35	42.5	8	42.1	9	42.9	17	42.5	52	45.6	
Outdoors	5	20.0	2	4.1	7	2.5	1	5.3	•	-	1	2.5	8	7.0	
Friends/Family	8	32.0	20	40.8	28	37.8	10	52.6	10	47.6	20	50.0	48	42.1	
Rent		•	4	8.2	4	5.4	-	_	2	9.5	2	5.0	6	5.3	
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0	

Table 13-A
If In Shelter, Which Type Of Shelter?

		Ŋ		politar rea	1					ater nesota			To	otal	
		ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%	
Emergency Shelters	2	16.7	4	17.4	6	17.1	7	87.5	7	77.8	14	82.3	20	38.5	
Battered Women's Shelter			4	17.4	4	11.4	-	•	•	-	•	-	4	7.7	
Transitional Housing	7	58.3	11	47.8	18	51.4		-	2	22.2	2	11.8	20	38.5	
Missing	3	25.0	4	17.4	7	20.0	1	12.5	-	•	1	5.9	8	15.3	
Total	12	100.0	23	100.0	35	100.0	8	100.0	9	100.0	17	100.0	52	100.0	

Table 14
Counting Last Night, How Long Have You Stayed There?

-		ľ		politan ea	1				Gre Minn				To	tal
	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M: N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
0 - 7 days	14	56.0	16	32.6	30	40.5	10	52.6	8	38.1	18	45.0	48	42.1
8 - 14 days	4	16.0	3	6.1	7	9.5	3	15.8	2	9.5	5	12.5	12	10.5
15 - 30 days	3	12.0	13	26.5	16	21.6	3	15.8	6	28.6	9	22.5	25	21.9
31 - 90 days	4	16.0	12	24.5	16	21.6	2	10.5	3	14.3	5	12.5	21	18.4
91 - 180 days		•	3	6.1	3	4.1	-	-	2	9.5	2	5.0	5	4.4
181 - 364 days			1	2.0	1	1.3		-	•	-	•	•	1	.9
365+ days	.	•	1	2.0	1	1.3	1	5.3		٠	1	2.5	2	1.8
Missing		•		-	•	•	٠	•	•		•	•	•	•
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0
Mean number of days	17	7.7	45	5.5	36	5.1	32	2.5	35	.0	33	3.9	35	5.3
Median number of days		7	2	8	14	1.5	6	3	1	9	1	1	1	4



Table 15
Who Did You Stay With Last Night?

-		N		politan ea	1				Gre Minn		_		To	tal
	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M	ale %	Fen N	1ale %	To N	tal %	N	%_
Alone	10	40.0	11	22.4	21	28.4	9	47.4	3	14.3	12	30	33	28.9
With a spouse		-	8	16.3	8	10.8		-	1	4.8	1	2.5	9	7.9
With spouse and children		-	•	-	•		•	-	1	4.8	1	2.5	1	.9
With children only	-	-	8	16.3	8	10.8		-	1	4.8	1	2.5	9	7.9
With friends	12	48.0	20	40.8	32	43.2	8	42.1	8	38.1	16	40.0	48	42.1
With family	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7	2	10.6	2	9.5	4	10.0	6	5.3
Roomate	2	8.0	•	-	2	2.7		-	5	23.8	5	12.5	7	6.1
Friends and children			1	2.0	1	1.4		•	•	•	•	-	1	.9
Missing	-	•	•	•		•		•		•	•	•	·	
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 15-A
If With Children, How Many?

			N		politan ea	1					ater nesota			To	tal
		M:	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
1	ĺ			5	62.5	5	62.5	•	•	2	100.0	2	100.0	7	70.0
2	ļ		•	2	25.2	2	25.0				-	•	•	2	20.0
3		-	•	1	12.5	1	12.5	-	•	•	•	•	•	1	10.0
Missing			•	•	•	•	•		٠	•	-	-		٠	•
Total		•	-	8	100.0	8	100.0		•	2	100.0	2	100.0	10	100.0

Table 16 Would You Say That The Place You Stayed Last Night Was Reasonably Safe?

		N		politar rea	1					ater iesota	_		To	tal
	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	20	80.0	42	85.7	62	83.8	19	100.0	19	90.5	38	95.0	100	87.7
No	3	12.0	4	8.2	7	9.5	-	-	2	9.5	2	5.0	9	7.9
Don't Know	2	8.0	1	2.0	3	4.1	•	•	•	-	•	•	3	2.6
Missing	-	•	2	4.1	2	2.7		•	•	•	•	•	2	1.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 16-A Could You Describe Any Concerns You Had About Your Safety?

		- I		politar ea	1				Gre Minn	ater esota			To	tal
		ale =3		nale =4	To N:			ale =0		ale =2	To N:		N=	=9
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N_	_%_
Drinking/drugs		•	1	25.0	1	14.3			-	•		-	1	11.1
Fights/violence	1	33.1	1	25.0	2	28.6		•	•	-	•	•	2	22.2
Fear of being killed		•	1	25.0	1	14.3		-		•		•	1	11.1
Outdoors/generally unsafe	2	66.7	-	•	2	28.6	•	•	-	•	-	-	2	22.2
Fear of rape/sexual assault		•		•		-		•	1	50.0	1	50.0	1	11.1
Generally bad environment		•	1	25.0	1	14.3		•	-	٠	-	•	1	11.1

Table 17
Have You Ever Lived In Any Of The Following Facilities?

		N	letrop Ar	olitan ea					Grea Minne				Tot	al
	Ma N=		Fem N= N		Tot N=		Ma N=	1	Fem N=: N		Tot N= N		N=1 N	114 %
Foster Home	8	32.0	15	30.6	23	31.1	9	47.4	9	42.9	18	45.0	41	36.0
Drug or alcohol treatment facility	6	24.0	3	6.1	9	12.2	7	36.8	•		7	17.5	16	14.0
Community residential treatment program for persons with emotional or behavioral problems	9	36.0	5	10.2	14	18.9	8	42.1	8	38.1	16	40.0	30	26.3
Detention center or corrections facility	14	56.0	12	24.5	26	35.1	9	47.4	4	19.0	13	32.5	39	34.2
Residence for people with physical disabilities	1	4.0	-		1	1.4		-	1	4.8	1	2.5	2	1.8
Some type of half-way house	6	24.0	3	6.1	9	12.2	2	10.5	2	9.5	4	10.0	13	11.4
Hospital for persons with mental health problems	5	20.0	7	14.3	12	16.2	4	21.1	5	23.8	9	22.5	21	18.4
Facility for persons with mental retardation		•		•	-	•			•	•			•	
Orphanage	-	•		•		-		•	1	4.8	1	2.5	1).
Group Home	12	48.0	10	20.4	22	29.7	10	52.6	6	28.6	16	40.0	38	33.
Indian School	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7	2	10.5	1	2.0	3	7.5	5	4.
Any of the above	18	72.0	21	42.9	39	52.7	15	78.9	15	71.4	30	75.0	69	60.

Table 17-A
In The Last Two Years Have You Ever Lived In Any Of The Following Facilities?

		N	letrop Ar	oolitan ea					Gre: Minn				Tot	tal
	M: N=		Fem N=		To N=	tal 74		ale :19	Fen N=	21	Tot N=	40	N=1	
	N	%	N	%	N	<u>%</u>	N	%	N_	%	<u> </u>	%	<u>N</u>	%
Foster Home	4	16.0	9	18.4	13	17.6	5	26.3	9	42.9	14	35.0	27	23.7
Drug or alcohol treatment facility	3	12.0	2	4.1	5	6.8	6	31.6	-	•	6	15.0	11	9.6
Community residential treatment program for persons with emotional or behavioral problems	6	24.0	2	4.1	8	10.8	4	21.1	7	33.3	11	27.5	19	16.7
Detention center or corrections facility	8	32.0	8	16.3	16	21.6	6	31.6	3	14.3	9	22.5	25	21.9
Residence for people with physical disabilities	1	4.0	-	•	1	1.4	-		1	4.8	1	2.5	2	1.8
Some type of half-way house	4	16.0	1	2.0	5	6.8	2	10.5	1	4.8	3	7.5	8	7.0
Hospital for persons with mental health problems			1	2.0	1	1.4	2	10.5	5	23.8	7	17.5	8	7.0
Facility for persons with mental retardation		•		-	-	•	·	•	-	-				-
Orphanage	-	•		•		•		•	-	•		-	٠	-
Group Home	9	36.0	5	10.2	14	18.9	6	31.6	4	19.0	10	25.0	24	21.1
Indian School	-	-		•		•	1	5.3		-	1	2.5	1	.9
Any of the above	14	56.0	13	26.5	27	36.5	13	68.4	15	71.4	28	70.0	55	48.2



Table 18
How Long Have You Been Without A Regular Or Permanent Place to Live?

		N		politan ea	1				Gre Minn				То	tal
	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M	ale %	Fen N	iale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Less than 1 month	4	16.0	4	8.2	8	10.8	5	26.3	7	33.3	12	30.0	20	17.5
1 to 3 months	4	16.0	15	30.6	19	25.7	5	26.3	7	33.3	12	30.0	31	27.2
4 to 6 months	2	8.0	10	20.4	12	16.2		-	5	23.8	5	12.5	17	14.9
7 to 12 months	6	24.0	7	14.3	13	17.6	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	15	13.2
More than 1 year	9	36.0	12	24.5	21	28.4	8	42.1	1	4.8	9	22.5	30	26.3
Missing		•	1	2.0	1	1.4	-	٠			•	•	1	.9
Tota!	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0



Table 19
Are You Currently On A Waiting List For Public Housing Or Section 8 Housing?

		ľ		politar rea	1					ater iesota			To	tal
	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	M N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To . N	tal %	N	%
Yes	4	16.0	9	18.4	13	17.6	1	5.3	3	14.3	4	10.0	17	14.9
No	21	84.0	38	77.6	59	79.7	18	94.7	18	85.7	36	90.0	95	83.3
Don't Know	-	-	1	2.0	1	1.4		•	•	•		•	1	.9
Missing	.	•	1	2.0	1	1.4		•	•	•	•	٠	1	.9
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 19-A (If Currently On Public Housing Waiting List), How Long Have You Been On The Waiting List?

		N		politar rea	ì			_		ater nesota			To	tal_
	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Less than 1 month	1	25.0	•	-	1	7.7	_	-	1	33.3	1	25.0	2	11.8
1 to 3 months	2	50.0	5	55.6	7	53.8	1	100.0		-	1	25.0	8	47.1
4 to 6 months			1	11.1	1	7.7	•	-		-	•		1	5.9
7 to 9 months			•	-	•		•			-	•	-	•	•
10 to 12 months	1	25.0	•	•	1	7.7	-	-	1	33.3	1	25.0	2	11.8
More than 1 year		•	1	11.1	1	7.7	•	•	1	33.3	1	25.0	2	11.8
Missing		-	2	22.2	2	15.4	-	-		-	-	•	2	11.8
Total	4	100.0	9	100.0	13	100.0	1	100.0	3	100.0	4	100.0	17	100.0
Mean number of months	3.	3	5.	3	4.	5	1	l	8.	3	6.	5	5.	1
Median number of months	1		2	!	1		1	I	19	0	5.	5	1	



Table 20
How Much Money Would You Be Able To Pay Each Month,
Including Rent and Utilities, For Your Own Place To Live?

,		M	letrop Ar	olitan ea					Gre Minn				Tot	tal
	M:	ale %	Fem N	ale %	To	tal %	Ma N	ile %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
\$0	12	48.0	7	14.3	19	25.7	12	63.2	13	61.9	25	62.5	44	38.6
\$1 - \$100	2	8.0	.3	4.1	4	5.4	1	5.3	4	19.0	5	12.5	9	7.9
\$101 - \$200	6	24.0	7	14.3	13	17.6	1	5.3	2	9.5	3	7.5	16	14.0
\$201 - \$300	-	-	12	24.5	12	16.2	4	21.1	٠	- }	4	10.0	16	14.0
\$ 301 - \$ 400	1	4.0	7	14.3	8	10.8	-	-	1	4.8	1	2.5	9	7.9
\$401 - \$500	2	8.0	8	16.3	10	13.5		•	•	-	•	-	10	8.7
\$501 - \$600	-	-	1	2.0	1	1.4	•	-	-	-	•	•	1	.9
\$601 - \$700		-	•	-	•	•		•		•	•	•	٠	-
\$701 - \$ 800		-	1	2.0	1	1.4		•		•	•	•	1	.9
Don't Know	2	8.0	2	4.1	4	5.4	1	5.3	-	٠	1	2.5	5	4.4
Missing	-	-	2	4.1	2	2.8	-	•	1	4.8	1	2.5	3	2.6
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0
Mean	\$11	6.30	\$27	4.69	\$22	1.12	\$70	.83	\$ 5	1.80	\$60).82	\$16	3.65
Median	1	0	\$ 3	00	\$2	00:	()	!	0	(0	\$11	2.50

Table 21
How Many Bedrooms Would You Need?

		N		politan ea	1				Gre Minn				То	tal
	M.	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M: N	ale %	Fen N	ıale %	To N	tal %	N	%
0	9	36.0	5	10.2	14	18.9	6	31.6	4	19.0	10	25.0	24	21.1
1	13	52.0	31	63.3	44	59.5	10	52.6	8	38.1	18	45.0	62	54.4
2	2	8.0	10	20.4	12	16.2	3	15.8	8	38.1	11	27.5	23	20.2
3	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7			1	4.8	1	2.5	3	2.6
Missing		•	2	4.1	2	2.7	·	٠	-	•	•		2	1.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 22
What Was The Last City Or Town Where You Had Regular Or Permanent Housing?

		N	letroj Ar	politan ea	٠.				Gre Minn				То	tal
	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M: N	ale %	Fen N	rale %	To N	tal %	N_	%
St. Paul	3	12.0	1	2.0	4	5.4	-		•	-	-	•	4	3.5
Minneapolis	12	48.0	23	46.9	35	47.3	1	5.3	•	-	1	2.5	36	31.6
Other Metro area community	6	24.0	10	20.4	16	21.6	-		2	9.5	2	5.0	18	15.8
Greater Minnesota		-	2	4.1	2	2.7	17	89.5	19	90.5	36	90.0	38	33.3
Other States/Countries	4	16.0	8	16.3	12	16.2	1	5.3	-	-	1	2.5	13	11.4
Never had regular housing	-	-	4	8.2	4	5.4		-		-	•	•	4	3.5
Missing	-	•	1	2.0	1	1.4	·		•	-	-	•	1	.9
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0



Table 22-A
If Last Housing Was In Greater Minnesota, Which Town Was That?

		N		politar rea					Gre Minn				To	tal
	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M: N	ale %	Fen N	ale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Albert Lea		-		•			1	5.9		-	1	2.8	1	2.6
Alexandria		-	1	50.0	1	50.0	•	-	•	-	•	-	1	2.6
Bemidji		-	1	50.0	1	50.0		-	1	5.3	1	2.8	2	5.3
Brainerd	-	-		-	•	-	3	17.6	3	15.8	6	16.7	6	15.8
Cambridge	.	-	•	-	•	-	•	-	1	5.3	1	2.8	1	2.6
Cass Lake	-	•	-	•	-	-	1	5.9	1	5.3	2	5.6	2	5.3
Duluth	.	•	•	-	•	-	4	23.5	3	15.8	7	19.4	7	18.4
Floodwood		•			•	•	1	5.9	•	-	1	2.8	1	2.6
Grand Rapids		-	•	•		-	1	5.9	•		1	2.8	1	2.6
Hawley	.	•		-		•		-	1	5.3	1	2.8	1	2.6
International Falls	-	•	•	-	•	-	1	5.9	•	-	1	2.8	1	2.6
Mantorville		•	•	-		-			1	5.3	1	2.8	1	2.6
Park Rapids	.	•	-	-		•	1	5.9	•	-	1	2.8	1	2.6
Pequot Lakes	.	•		-		•		-	2	10.5	2	5.6	2	5.3
Plummer	.	•		•		•	1	5.9	•	٠	1	2.8	1	2.6
Rochester	-	•	•	······································	•	•	1	5.9	3	15.8	4	11.1	4	10.5
Salway		•		•		•		•	1	5.3	1	2.8	1	2.6
Sturgeon Lake		•		-		•	1	5.9	-	•	1	2.8	1	2.6
Two Harbors		-				•	1	5.9		•	1	2.8	1	2.6
Wadena	.	•		•		•		•	1	5.3	1	2.8	1	2.6
Warroad									1	5.3	1	2.8	1	2.6
Total	1.	•	2	100.00	2	100.0	17	100.0	19	100.0	36	100.0	38	100.0



Table 22-B
If Last Housing Was In Another State Or Country, Which One?

		N	/letroj Ar	politan ea	l				Gre: Minn				То	tal
	M	ale	Fen	ıale	To	tal	M	ale	Fen		T	otaï		
	N	%	N	%	_N	%	N	_%	<u>N</u>	<u>%</u> _	N	<u>%</u>	N	<u>%</u>
California	-	-	•	-	•	-	1	100.0	-	-	1	100.0	1	7.7
Florida	1	25.0	•		1	8.3		•	-	-	-	•	1	7.7
Illinois			3	37.5	3	25.0		-	•	-	-	-	3	23.1
Indiana	.	-	2	25.0	2	16.7		•	•	•		•	2	15.3
Iowa	-	•	1	12.5	1	8.3		•		-	-		1	7.7
Nebraska	1	25.0	-	-	1	8.3	٠	•	•	•		•	1	7.7
New York	1	25.0	-	•	1	8.3	-	•	-	•		•	1	7.7
Texas		-	2	25.0	2	16.7					-	•	2	15.3
Wisconsin	1	25.0		•	1	8.3		-	-	•		-	1	7.7
Total	4	100.0	8	100.0	12	100.0	1	100.0			1	100.0	13	100.0



Ta! 2.3
In Your Last Regular Or Permanent rousing, Who Did You Live With?

		N		politan rea	l			_		ater esota			То	tal
	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M:	ale %	Fen N	aale %	To N	tal %	N	%
By yourself	3	12.0	1	2.0	. 4	5.4	•	-	-	-	•	-	4	3.5
Spouse or partner only	-	-	5	10.2	5	6.8	•	-	•	-	•	-	5	4.4
Spouse or partner and kids	.	-	3	6.1	3	4.1		-	•	-	•	-	3	2.6
Kius only	.	-	2	4.1	2	2.7	-	-	•	-	•	-	2	1.8
Friends	2	8.0	6	12.2	8	10.8	•	-	1	4.8	1	2.5	9	7.9
Parents	16	64.0	19	38.8	35	47.3	18	94.7	14	66.7	32	80.0	67	58.8
Treatment population	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7		-	-	•	•	•	2	1.8
Friends and kids	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7		•	•	-	•	•	2	1.8
Foster parents	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7		-	1	4.8	1	2.5	3	2.6
Relatives	.	•	4	8.2	4	5.4		-	3	14.3	3	7.5	7	6.1
Relatives and kids	-	•	1	2.0	1	1.4		-	2	9.5	2	5.0	3	2.6
Missing	1	4.0	4	8.2	6	8.1	1	5.3		•	1	2.5	7	6.1
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 23-A
For Those Who Lived With Parents, Was That With Mom, Dad, Or Both Parents?

		N		politan ea	ì					ater esota			To	tal
	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Mom only	10	62.5	11	57.9	21	60.0	9	50.0	6	42.9	15	46.9	36	53.7
Dad only		•	1	5.3	1	2.9	2	11.1	2	14.3	4	12.5	5	7.5
Both parents	5	31.2	7	36.8	12	34.3	6	33.3	6	42.9	12	37.5	24	35.8
Missing	1	6.2	-	•	1	2.9	1	5.6	٠	•	1	3.1	2	3.0
Total	16	100.0	19	100.0	35	100.0	18	100.0	14	100.0	32	100.0	67	100.0

Table 24
What Are The Main Reasons You Left Your Last Housing?*

		N	Ar	politan ea					Gre Minn				То	tal
		ale =25	Fen N=	ale 49	To N=		M: N=	1	Fen N=		To N= N		N=: N	114 %
Interpersonal factors	11	44.0	22	44.9	33	44.6	14	73.7	15	71.4	29	72.5	62	54.4
Loss of housing	3	12.0	13	26.5	16	21.6	•	-	1	4.8	1	2.5	17	14.9
Environmental factors	2	8.0	11	22.4	13	17.6	•	-	3	14.3	3	7.5	16	14.0
Abuse	2	8.0	4	8.2	6	8.1	1	5.3	5	23.8	6	15.0	12	10.5
Quality of life	4	16.0	4	8.2	8	10.8			3	14.3	3	7.5	11	9.6
Substance abuse factors	4	16.0	3	6.1	7	9.5	2	10.5	1	4.8	3	7.5	10	8.8
Legal factors	2	8.0	1	2.0	3	4.1	4	21.1	2	9.5	6	15.0	9	7.9
Financial factors	3	12.0	4	8.2	7	9.5	1	5.3	•	-	1	2.5	8	7.0
Personal factors	1	4.0	3	6.1	4	5.4	1	5.3	3	14.3	4	10.0	3	7.0
Physical/mental health factors	.		2	4.0	2	2.7		-	1	4.8	1	2.5	3	2.6
Work related factors	-					•		•	2	9.5	2	5.0	2	1.8
Miscellaneous reasons	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7	Ŀ	•	•	•		•	2	1.8

^{*} Respondent could list up to three reasons.



Table 24 - Detail
What Are The Main Reasons You Left Your Last Housing?*

		N	letroj Ar	politan ea	l				Gre Minn				Tot	al
	Ma N=		Fen N=	ale 49 %	To		Ma N= N		Fen N=		Tot N=		N=1 N	114
Interpersonal Factors:				_										
Problems with parents	10	40.0	15	30.6	25	33.8	13	68.4	12	57.1	25	62.5	50	43.9
Moved to be with friend/family		-	3	6.1	3	4.1	2	10.5	2	9.5	4	10.0	7	6.1
No support system there for me	1	4.0	4	8.2	5	6.8	1	5.3	-	•	1	2.5	6	5.3
Relationship problems	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7	-	-	-	-	•		2	1.8
Needed privacy	-	•	1	2.0	1	1.4		-		•	•	-	1	
Grief/death in the family		-	•	•	-			-	1	4.8	1	2.5	1	.9
Loss of Housing:			••••••			••••••			••••••	•••••	•••••	 [•••••••	•••••
Evicted/lease not renewed	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.2		•		•	-	·	9	7.
Lost housing due to others moving	-	-	3	6.1	3	4.1		•	1	4.8	1	2.5	4	3.
Couldn't get along with roommate	1	4.0	3	6.1	4	5.4		-	-		-	-	4	3.
Environmental Factors:				•••••	 	•••••		••••••		••••••				••••••
Violence in area/drugs/gangs	2	8.0	4	8.2	6	8.1		-	1	4.8	1	2.5	7	6.
Overcrowded		-	1	2.0	1	1.4		•	2	9.5	2	5.0	3	2.
Housing not safe due to others	-	-	3	6.1	3	4.1	-	•		•	-	-	3	2.
Too many parties			1	2.0	1	1.4		-				•	1	
Stolen property	-		1	2.0	1	1.4	٠.	•			-	•	1	
Substandard housing	-		1	2.0	1	1.4		-			-	•	1	
Too small			1	2.0	1	1.4						•	1	
Abuse:		•••••		••••••	ļ	•••••	†	••••••	.	•••••		••••••	ļ	••••••
Fleeing abuse	2	8.0	4	8.2	6	8.1	1	5.3	5	23.8	6	15.0	12	10
Quality of Life:										_		_ =		
Decision to move	4	16.0	3	6.1	7	9.5		•	2	9.5	2	5.0	9	7
Better schools/schools		-	-	•	-				1	4.8	1	2.5	1	
Relocated here			1	2.0	1	1.4							1	



Table 24 - Detail (Continued) What Ai e The Main Reasons You Lest Your Last Housing?*

		N	letrop Arc		<u> </u>				Grea Minn				Tot	al ·
	Ma N= N		Fem N=	L	Tot N=			ale =19 %	Fem N= N		To: N= N		N=1	114
Substance Abuse Factors:														
L inking/drugs	2	8.0	-	-	2	2.7	2	10.5	1	4.8	3	7.5	5	5.5
Parents drinking/drugs users	1	4.0	2	4.1	3	4.1	-	-			•	-	3	2.6
Went into treatment	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7		•	-	-	-	-	2	1.8
Legal Factors:			••••••		••••••			••••••						•••••
Arrested/taken out of home	2	8.0	1	2.0	3	4.1	4	21.1	1	4.8	5	12.5	8	7.0
Couldn't stay legal reasons	-	-		•		-		•	1	4.8	1	2.5	1	.9
Financial Factors:			•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	•••••				••••••						
Rent was too high	1	4.0	3	6.1	4	5.4	٠	•	-	-	-	•	4	3.5
No money/financial problems	2	8.0	1	2.0	3	4.1		•	-	-	-	•	3	2.6
Loss of income/job	-	•			-		1	5.3		•	1	2.5	1	.9
Personal Factors:		••••		••••		••••••		••••••••		•••••••				•••••••
Needed my own place		•	3	6.1	3	4.1	-	•	2	9.5	2	5.0	5	4.4
Runaway	1	4.0		-	1	1.4	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	3	2.6
Physical/Mental Health Factors:		••••••		••••••		••••••	 	••••••	·	•••••		•••••		••••••
Depression/stress		•	1	2.0	1	1.4		•	-	•		•	1	2.
Fear (unspecified)		•				•			1	4.8	1	2.5	1	.9
Medical reasons		-	1	2.0	1	1.4		-		-	-	-	1	.9
Work Related Factors:		••••••		••••••	ļ	•••••	†	••••••	-	••••••		••••••		·••••••
Moved for a new job		•	-	-		•	-	•	2	9.5	2	5.0	2	1.8
Miscellaneous Reasons:		•••••					1			••••••	<u> </u>	••••••		
Landlord rules	•	•	1	2.0	1	1.4		•	•	•	•	•	1	
Program/school ended	1	4.0	.	•	1	1.4	-	•	-	-	-	-	1	

^{*} Respondent could list up to three reasons.



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Table 25
Were You Ever Without Regular Or Permanent Housing
Before Leaving Your Last Permanent Housing?

		λ		politan ea	1				Gre Minn	ater iesota			То	tal
	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	7	28.0	19	38.8	26	35.1	5	26.3	6	28.6	11	27.5	37	32.5
No	17	68.0	24	49.0	41	55.4	14	73.7	15	71.4	29	72.5	70	61.4
Missing	1	4.0	6	12.2	7	9.5	•	•	•	•	•	•	7	6.1
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 25-A
If Previously Without Housing, How Many Times Have You Been Without Housing?

		M	letrop Ar	oolitan ea					Gre Minn				То	tal
	M:	ale %	Fem N	ale %	To	tal %	Ma N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To:	tal %	N	%
1	2	28.6	2	10.5	4	15.4	2	40.0	2	33.3	4	36.4	8	21.6
2	1	14.3	2	10.5	3	11.5	1	20.0	2	33.3	3	27.3	6	16.2
3		-	3	16.8	3	11.5	-	-	•	-	•	-	3	8.1
4	1	14.3	2	10.5	3	11.5	1	20.0	1	16.7	2	18.2	5	13.5
5		•	3	16.8	3	11.5		-	•		•	-	3	8.
	-	······································	1	5.3	1	3.8	•	-	•	• ···	•	•	1	2.7
10	1	14.3	2	10.5	3	11.5		•		•	•	•	3	8.
15	1	14.3	-	-	1	3.8		-		•	٠	•	1	2.
30	-		1	5.3	1	3.8		•	•	•	٠	•	1	2.
Missing	1	14.3	3	16.8	4	15.4	1	20.0	1	16.7	2	18.2	6	16.
Total	7	100.0	19	100.0	26	100.0	5	100.0	6	100.0	11	100.0	37	100.
Mean	5	.5	5	.9	5	8		2	;	2	:	2	4	.7
Median	:	3	4	4		4	1	.5	;	2	:	2	:	3



Table 26
What Are The Main Reasons You Are Unable To Obtain Housing Now?*

		N	letroj Ar	politan ea	<u> </u>		-	_	Gre Minn				To	tal
	N=	ale 25	Fen N= N	ale 49	To N=	tal :74 %	M: N=		Fen N= N		To: N= N		N=: N	114
Personal reasons	N 11	44.0	29	59.2	40	54.1	5	26.3	6	28.6	11	27.5	51	44.7
Financial factors	8	32.0	21	42.9	29	39.2	5	26.3	11	52.4	16	40.0	45	39.5
Work related factors	8	32.0	6	12.2	14	19.0	3	15.8	6	28.6	9	22.5	23	20.2
Interpersonal factors	3	12.0	5	10.2	8	10.8	3	15.8	3	14.3	6	15.0	14	12.3
Housing market	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.1	٠	-	1	4.8	1	2.5	10	8.8
Rental history	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.1	1	5.3	•	-	1	2.5	10	8.8
Environmental factors	2	8.0	5	10.2	7	9.5		-	2	9.5	2	5.0	9	7.9
Physical or mental health factors	2	8.0	4	8.2	6	8.1	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	8	7.0
System related factors		-	1	2.0	1	1.4	2	10.5	1	4.8	3	7.5	4	3.5
Miscellaneous reasons				•	-	•	3	15.8	1	4.8	4	10.0	4	3.5
Substance abuse factors	-	•	-	•			1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	2	1.8
Transportation		-	1	2.0	1	1.4			1	4.8	1	2.5	2	1.8

^{*} Respondent could list up to three reasons.



Table 26 - Detail
What Are The Main Reasons You Are Unable To Obtain Housing Now?*

		M	letrop Arc	olitan ea					Grea Minn				Tot	al
	Ma N=		Fem N≔ N		Tot N='		Ma N≔ N	1	Fem N= N		Tot N=		N=1 N	114 %
Personal Reasons:														
Age	8	32.0	25	51.0	33	44.6	3	10.5	5	23.8	7	17.5	40	35.
Attitude	2	8.0	1	2.0	3	4.1	3	15.8	1	4.8	4	10.0	7	6.
Looks	.	-	2	4.1	2	2.7		-				-	2	1.
Student/in school		-	1	2.0	1	1.4		-	•	-			1	
Don't know how to	1	4.0		-	1	1.4		-	-			-	1	
Day care		-	1	2.0	1	1.4		_	•	-	•	-	1	
Financial Factors:							5		11	52.4	16	40.0	45	39
No money/no credit	8	32.0	21	42.9	29	39.2	5	26.3	- 11	JZ.4	10	40.0	40	33
Money for deposit		•	-	•		•	•		1	4.8	1	2.5	1	
Work Related Factors:									•••••					••••••
No job/unemployed	8	32.0	6	12.2	14	18.9	3	15.8	6	28.6	9	22.5	23	20
Interpersonal Factors:			•••••	•••••					•••••					
Problems with parents	3	12.0	5	10.2	8	10.8	3	15.8	3	14.3	6	15.0	14	12
Housing Market:				•••••••		••••••								•••••
Shortage of affordable housing	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.2		•	1	4.8	1	2.5	10	ŧ
Rental History: Rent history/previous eviction		-	4	8.2	4	5.4			•	•	-	-	4	
No references		•	2	, 4.1	2	2.7				-	!] -		2	
Criminal background	2	8.0			2	2.7		•			! •		2	
No choice/ward of the state		-	1	2.0	1	1.4	1	5.3	-		1	2.5	2	
Environmental Factors:		••••••		••••••			ļ	•••••	ļ	••••••				••••
In shelter	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7	١.	•	1	4.8	1	2.5	3	
Finding suitable housing			2	4.1	2	2.7			-				2	
Don't know area			1	2.0	1	1.4		•	1	4.8	1	2.5	2	
Prejudice/discrimination	1	4.0	-	-	1	1.4		•	-			•	1	
Family size			1	2.0	1	1.4							1	



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Table 26 - Detail (Continued) What Are The Main Reasons You Are Unable To Obtain Housing Now?*

	_	N	letrop Ar	olitan ea					Grea Minn				Tot	al
	M: N=	ale =25 %	Fem N=	- 1	To: N=		Ma N= N	1	Fem N=		Tot N=		N=1 N	14 %
Physical or Mental Health Factors:	-	- 1									_			
Unable to care for self	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7	1	5.3	-	-	1	2.5	3	2.6
Need to stabilize life first	-	•	1	2.0	1	1.4	-	-	1	4.8	1	2.5	2	1.8
Mental health	1	4.0	-	-	1	1.4		-			•	-	1	.9
Depression/stress		,	1	2.0	1	1.4		•		•	•	-	1	.9
Health problems/pregnancy		•	1	2.0	1	1.4	-	•		•	•	-	1	.9
System Related Factors:	ļ	•••••		•••••••		••••••		40.5			•	7 5	3	2.6
The system		•	•	- '		•	2	10.5	1	4.8	3	7.5	3	2.6
On mailing list	.	•	1	2.0	1	1.4	-	•	-	•	٠	•	1	.9
Miscellaneous Reasons:		•••••••				•••••••				••••••	_			
Nothing		•		•		•	3	15.8	-	•	3	7.5	3	2.6
Not planning to stay				•					1	4.8	1	2.5	1	.9
Substance Abuse Factors:	-	•••••		**.*.	······	•••••••					_			
Drinking/drugs	.	•	•	•		•	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	2	1.8
Transportation:	1	••••••										۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰		4.0
Transportation		•	1	2.0	1	1.4	1	•	1	4.8	1	2.5	2	1.8



Table 27
Do You Have Any Relatives Who Do Not Have Permanent Or Regular Housing?

		Ŋ		politar rea	1					ater iesota			To	otal
	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	M N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	2	8.0	10	20.4	12	16.2	4	21.1	4	19.0	8	20.0	20	17.5
No	18	72.0	30	61.2	48	64.9	13	68.4	17	81.0	30	75.0	78	68.4
Not Applicable	1	4.0	•	•	1	1.4		•	٠	•	•	-	1	.9
Don't Know	2	8.0	2	4.1	4	5.4	1	4.3		-	1	2.5	5	4.4
Missing	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.2	1	5.3	-	•	1	2.5	10	8.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 27-A

If Yes To Above, Which Relatives Do Not Have Regular Housing?

		N	Metroj Ar	politar ea	1				Gre: Minn				Tot	tal
	M: N=		Fen N=	1	To N=		Ma N= N		Fem N=	i	To N= N	i i	N=1 N	114 %
Brother			4	8.2	4	5.4	1	5.3	2	9.5	3	7.5	7	6.1
Uncle	1	4.0	3	6.1	4	5.4	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	6	5.3
Cousin		-	2	4.1	2	2.7	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	4	3.5
Mother	1	4.0	2	4.1	3	4.0	1	5.3	•	•	1	2.5	4	3.5
Sister	-	•	2	4.1	2	2.7	1	5.3		-	1	2.5	3	2.6
Father	-	-	1	2.0	1	1.4	1	5.3		•	1	2.5	2	1.8
Missing		-	1	2.0	1	1.4	1	5.3		•	-	•	1	.9

Table28

Do You Want To Have Permanent Housing In This Area?

		N		politan rea	ı					ater iesota		_	To	otal
	Ma N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%_
Yes	15	60.0	41	83.7	56	75.7	12	63.2	16	76.2	28	70.0	84	73.7
No	10	40.0	8	16.3	18	24.3	7	36.8	5	23.8	12	30.0	30	26.3
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0



Table 29
What Is The Highest Grade In School You Have Completed?

		N	/letroj Ar	politan ea	1		_		Gre Minn	ater esota			То	tal
	M	ale %	Fen N	1ale	To N	tal %	M:	ale %	Fen N	ale %	To N	tal %	N	%
6	-	•			-		2	10.5			2	5.0	2	1.8
7	4	16.0	3	6.1	7	9.5	1	5.3	3	14.3	4	10.0	11	9.6
8	3	12.0	3	6.1	6	8.1	1	5.3	3	14.3	4	10.0	10	8.8
9	5	20.0	9	18.4	14	18.9	6	31.6	7	33.3	13	32.5	27	23.7
10	8	32.0	19	38.8	27	36.5	7	36.8	4	19.0	11	27.5	38	33.3
11	3	12.0	12	24.5	15	20.2	2	10.5	4	19.0	6	15.0	21	18.4
12	1	4.0		•	1	1.4			•		•	•	1	.9
Missing	-	-	3	6.1	4	5.4		•	•	•	-	-	4	3.5
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0
Mean	9	.3	9	.7	9.	.6	9.	.1	9.	.1	9.	.1	9	.4
Median	9	.5	1	0	1	0	ç)	ģ	9	9	•	1	0

Table 29-A
Youth Under 17 Years Old Who Have Dropped Out Of School

		N		politar rea	<u> </u>		_			ater nesota			To	otal
	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	N_	%
Dropped out	1	5.9	3	12.0	4	9.5	4	57.1	3	23.1	7	35.0	11	17.8
Total	17	100.0	25	100.0	42	100.0	7	100.0	13	100.0	20	100.0	62	100.0



Table 30
Did You Attend School During The Last School Year?

		7		politar rea	1					ater esota_			To	otal
	1	ale		nale		otal		ale		nale		tal		
	j N	%	N	%	N	<u>%</u>	N_	%	<u> </u>	%	N	%	N	%
Yes	18	72.0	32	65.3	50	67.6	13	68.4	21	100.0	34	85.0	84	73.7
No	5	20.0	10	20.4	15	20.3	5	26.3	•	•	2	12.5	20	17.5
Missing	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.2	1	5.3	•	•	1	2.5	10	8.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 31
For Those Who Attended School,
Did You Attend More Than One School Last Year?

				politar rea	1					ater esota			To	tal
	I N	/Iale	Fe	male %	To N	otal %	M N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %_	N	%_
Yes	6	24.0	13	26.5	19	25.7	1	5.3	6	28.6	7	17.5	26	22.8
No	12	48.0	19	38.8	31	41.9	12	63.2	15	71.4	27	67.5	58	50.9
Not applicable	7	28.0	17	34.7	24	32.4	6	31.6	•	•	6	15.0	30	26.3
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	10	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 31-A
For Those Who Attended More Than One School,
How M^o v Different Schools Did You Attend?

		N		politan ea					Gre Minn	ater esota			То	tal
	M	ale %	Fen N	iale %	To N	tal %	M: N	ale %	Fen N	aale %	To N	tal %	N	<u>%</u>
1			1	2.0	1	1.4			•	-		-	1	.9
2	2	8.0	9	18.4	11	14.9	1	5.3	4	19.0	5	12.5	16	14.0
3	3	12.0	2	4.1	5	6.8	-	-	2	9.5	2	5.0	7	6.1
5	•		1	2.0	1	1.4	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	•	•	-	•	-	1	.9
8	1	4.0		•	1	1.4	•			-	•	•	1	2.
Not applicable	19	76.0	36	73.5	55	74.3	18	94.7	15	71.4	33	82.5	88	77.2
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0
Mean	3	.5	2	3	2.	.7	2	?	2	.3	2.	.3	2	.6
Median		3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Table 32
Are You Enrolled In School Now?

		N		politar rea	1					ater iesota			To	otal
	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	<u>%</u>
Yes	11	44.0	18	36.7	29	39.2	12	63.2	18	85.7	30	75.0	59	51.8
No	12	48.0	24	49.0	36	48.6	6	31.6	3	14.3	9	22.5	45	39.5
Missing	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.2	1	5.3	•	•	1	2.5	10	8.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 32-A
Did You Attend School Today?

		N		politan rea	<u> </u>					ater iesota			To	otal
	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	6	24.0	11	22.4	17	23.0	8	42.1	11	52.4	19	47.5	36	31.6
No	5	20.0	7	14.3	12	16.2	4	21.1	7	33.3	11	27.5	23	20.2
Not applicable	14	56.0	31	63.3	45	60.8	7	36.8	3	14.3	10	25.0	55	48.2
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 32-AA
If Respondent Is Enrolled But Did Not Attend School Toda, Why Not?

		N	letroj Ar	politan ea	1				Gre Minn				То	tal
	M: N=	=5	Fen N:	=7	N=	tal =12	M: N=	=4	N=			tal =11 %	N= N	=23 %
	N	<u>%</u>	N_	%	<u> </u>		N_	%	<u>N</u>	<u>%</u>		70	N_	
Over slept	2	40.0	1	14.3	3	25.0	-	-{	1	14.3	1	9.1	4	17.4
Will start soon	-	-	1	14.3	1	8.3	1	25.0	•	•	1	9.1	2	8.7
Sick		-	3	42.9	3	25.0		-	1	14.3	1	9.1	4	17.4
Not scheduled today	.		•	-		٠,	1	25.0	2	28.6	3	27.3	3	13.0
Didn't want to		•	1	14.3	1	8.3	1	25.0	•	-	1	9.1	2	8.7
Parents didn't want me to	1	20.0	······································	•	1	8.3		*	•	•	•	•	1	4.3
Transportation			•	•		•		•	1	14.3	1	9.1	1	4.3
Had an appointment		•		•		•		•	1	14.3	1	9.1	1	4.3
Location of housing	1	20.0			1	8.3					-	-	1	4.3
Don't know	1	20.0			1	8.3		•	·			•	1	4.3

Table 32-B
For Those Enrolled In School, Do You Usually Attend School?

		N		politan rea	1					ater iesota			То	tal
	Ma N	le %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To_N	tal %	N	%
Yes	7	63.6	17	94.4	24	82.7	9	75.0	15	83.3	24	80.0	48	8í.4
No	4	36.3	1	5.6	5	17.2	2	16.7	3	16.7	5	16.7	10	16.9
Not applicable		•	•	-	-	-	1	S.3	•		1	3.3	1	1.7
Total	11	100.0	18	100.0	29	100.0	12	100.0	18	100.0	30	100.0	59	100.0

Table32-BB Why Not?

	_	N		politar rea	1					ater esota			To	tal
	M:	1		nale =1		tal =5	M: N=			nale =3	To N:	tal =5	N=	=10
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	<u>%</u> _	N	<u>%</u>
Don't want to go	2	50.0		•	2	40.0	1	50.0	1	33.3	2	40.0	4	40.0
Too far away	1	25.0	•	-	1	20.0			•	•	•	-	1	10.0
Illness			1	100.0	1	20.0		•	•	•		•	1	10.0
Frustrated with progress			1	100.0	1	20.0		•	•	•	٠	-	1	10.0
Lack of child care		-	•	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	-	-	-	•	1	33.3	1	20.0	1	10.0
Haven't started yet				•		•	1	50.0		•	1	20.0	1	10.0
Worried about mother when she drinks		•		-		•		•	1	33.3	1	20.0	1	10.0
Missing	1	25.0	-		1	20.0		•	-	•		•	1	10.0



Table 32-C
For Those Not In School Now,
What Are The Main Reasons You Are Not Enrolled?

		N	/letro	politan ea	l					ater iesota			То	tal
	1	ale =12	Fen N= N	nale =24 %	To N=	tal -36 %	M: N= N			nale =3 %	Tot N= N		N=	=45 %
No interest/personal choices	6	50.0	7	29.2	13	36.1	5	83.3	•		5	55.6	18	40.0
No place to stay	5	41.7	11	45 .8	16	44.4	•	-	1	33.3	1	11.1	17	37.8
Need parents signature		-	1	4.2	1	2.8	2	33.3	3	100.0	5	55.6	6	13.3
Dealing with other problems		-	3	12.5	3	8.3		-	1	33.3	1	11.1	4	8.9
No transportation	1	8.3	1	4.2	2	5.6	1	16.7	•	•	1	11.1	3	6.7
No money/can't afford college	1	8.3	2	8.3	3	8.3		•	٠	-		•	3	6.7
Have to work	1	8.3	1	4.2	2	5.6		•	•	•	-	•	2	4.4
Child care	.	_	2	8.3	2	5.6	-	-	-	-	-	•	2	4.4
Pregnant	-	-	2	8.3	2	5.6	-	-		•		•	2	4.4
Moved somewhere new	1	8.3	1	4.2	2	5.6		-		•		-	2	4.4
Clothes	1	8.3		-	1	2.8		•	-	•		•	1	2.2
No food	-	•	1	4.2	1	2.8		•		•	<u> </u>	•	1	2.2
Depressed	•	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	1	4.2	1	2.8	-	-		-		•	1	2.2
I graduated		•	1	4.2	1	2.8		•		•		•	1	2.2
On waiting list	1	8.3		•	1	2.8		-	-	•		•	1	2.2
School records	-	-	1	4.2	1	2.8		•	-	•	-	•	1	2.2
Don't know	-	-	1	4.2	1	2.8		•	.	•		•	1	2.2
Missing		•	1	4.2	1	2.8	1	16.7			1		2	4.4

Table 33
Have You Ever Attended A Program That Teaches
People Independent Living Skills?

		N		politan rea	1					ater esota			To	tal
	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	M	aie %	Fen N	nale %	7'0 N.	tal %	N	%
Yes	9	36.0	20	40.8	29	39.2	3	15.8	3	14.3	6	15.0	35	30.7
No	13	52.0	22	44.0	35	47.3	15	78.9	18	85.7	33	82.5	68	59.6
Missing	3	12.0	7	14.3	10	13.5	1	5.3	•	•	1	2.5	11	9.6
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0



Table 34
Have You Ever Gone To School To Learn A Particular Job?

		N		politar rea	1					ater nesota			To	tal
	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	M N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	T(otal %	N	%
Yes, in past	1	4.0	5	10.2	6	8.1	2	10.5	3	14.3	5	12.5	11	9.6
Yes, now	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	4	3.5
No	23	92.0	42	85.7	65	87.8	16	84.2	17	81.0	33	82.5	98	86.0
Missing		•	1	2.0	1	1.4		•	•	_	-	-	1	.9
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 34-A
(If Respondent Has Received Job Training)
What Type Of Job Training Have You Received?

		ĸ	/letroj Ar	politar ea	1					ater esota			То	tal
		ale =2 %		iale =6 %		tal =8 %	M: N= N	I		1ale =4 %	To N= N	1	N= N	:15 %
Trades			1	16.7	1	12.5	1	33.3			1	14.3	2	13.3
Mechanical			•				1	33.3		-	1	14.3	1	6.7
Secretarial		•		-	•	-		-	1	25.0	1	14.3	1	6.7
Medical		-	2	33.3	2	25.0		-	. 1	25.0	1	14.3	3	20.0
Food Service	-		1	16.7	1	12.5		•	1	25.0	1	14.3	2	13.3
Cleaning Services	1	50.00	•	-	1	12.5	-	•	•	•	•	-	1	6.7
Forestry		-					٠.	•	1	25.0	1	14.3	1	6.7
Education		•	1	16.7	1	12.5		•		•		•	1	6.7
Auto Body	-					•	1	33.3	-	٠	1	14.3	1	6.7



Table 34-B
(If Respondent Has Received Job Training)
Was (Is) That Through A Vo-Tech School Or College?

		N		politar rea	1					ater nesota	 سر	/	То	tal
	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	1	50.0	1	16.7	2	25.0	2	66.7	2	50.0	4	57.1	6	40.0
No	1	50.0	3	50.0	4	50.0	1	33.3	2	50.0	3	42.9	7	46.7
Missing		•	2	33.3	2	25.0	٠	•		•	-	•	2	13.3
Total	2	100.0	6	100.0	8	100.0	3	iŭ0.0	4	100.0	7	100.0	15	100.0

Table 34-C
(If Respondent Has Received Job Training)
Did You Complete The Training?

		Ŋ		politar rea	1					ater esota	_		To	otal
	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	M N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%_
Yes	1	50.0	2	33.3	3	37.5	1	33.3	2	50.0	3	42.9	6	40.0
No	.	-	3	50.0	3	37.5	2	66.7	2	50.0	4	57.1	7	46.7
Missing	1	50.0	1	16.7	2	25.0	-	•		•	•	-	2	13.3
Total	2	100.0	6	100.0	8	100.0	3	100.0	4	100.0	7	100.0	15	100.0

Table 34-D
(If Respondent Has Received Job Training)
Did You Ever Have A Job That Used That Kind Of Training?

		N		politan ea	l					ater nesota			To	tal
	Ma N	le %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%_
Yes				16.7	1	12.5			3	75.0	3	42.9	4	26.7
No	2	100.0	4	66.7	6	75.0	3	100.0	1	25.0	4	57.1	10	66.7
Missing		-	1	16.7		12.5		•		-	-	-	1	6.7
Total	2	100.0	6	100.0		100.0	3	100.0	4	100.0	7	100.0	15	100.0



Table 35 Are You Interested In Receiving Any Kind of Job Training Now?

		N		politan rea	1					ater esota	_		То	tal
	M N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %_	N	%
Yes	13	52.0	23	46.9	36	48.6	y	47.4	11	52.4	20	50.0	56	49.1
No	10	40.0	19	38.8	29	39.2	9	47.4	10	47.6	19	47.5	48	42.1
Missing	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.2	1	5.3	•	-	1	2.5	10	8.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table35-A What Kind Of Job Training Would You Like?

		N	letroj Ar	oolitan ea					Gre Minn				To	tal
	M: N= N		Fen N≔ N		To: N=		Ma N= N	- 1	Fen N= N	1	To N= N		N=	-56 %
Medical training	-		9	39.1	9	25.0	•	-	1	9.1	1	5.0	10	17.9
Anything .	4	30.8	2	8.7	6	16.7	•	-	2	18.2	2	10.0	8	14.3
Cooking	1	7.7	1	4.3	2	5.6	1	11.1	2	18.2	3	15.0	5	8.9
How to get a job	3	23.1	2	8.7	5	13.9	•	-	•		-	-	5	8.9
Child care	٠	-	3	13.0	3	8.3	•	•	1	9.1	1	5.0	4	7.1
Computers	1	7.7	•	-	1	2.8	1	11.1	1	9.1	2	10.0	3	5.4
Construction		•	•	-	•	•	3	33.3	•		3	15.0	3	5.4
Art		•	1	4.3	1	2.8	•	•	2	18.2	2	10.0	3	5.4
Architect	-	•	1	4.3	1	2.8	1	11.1	1	9.1	2	10.0	3	5.4
Mechanics	1	7.7	-	•	1	2.8	2	22.2	•	-	2	10.0	3	5.4
Law enforcement	1	7.7	1	4.3	2	5.6	٠	•	٠	•		•	2	3.6
Office skills		•	1	4.3	1	2.8	٠	•	1	9.1	1	5.0	2	3.6
Hair styling	† ·	•	2	8.7	2	5.6	•	•		•		•	2	3.6
Teaching	.	-	1	4.3	1	2.8		-	1	9.1	1	5.0	2	3.6
Other	2	15.4	3	13.0	5	13.9	2	22.2	4	36.4	6	30.0	11	19.6
Don't know		•	-	•		•		•	1	9.1	1	5.0	1	1.8
Missing	2	15.4	1	4.3	3	8.3	2	22.2		•	2	10.0	5	8.9

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Table 36
Are You Currently Enrolled In Any Other Type Of School Or Educational Program?

		N		politar rea	1					ater iesota			To	otal
	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	11	44.0	20	40.8	31	41.9	13	68.4	17	81.0	30	75.0	61	53.5
No	14	56.0	29	59.2	43	58.1	6	31.6	4	19.0	10	25.0	53	46.5
Missing		-		•	•	-	•	•	•		•	•	•	·
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	2.1	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 36-A (If Enrolled In Other School), What Type Of Program Is It?

		Metropolitan Area							Gre Minu				Total		
		Male N=11		Female N=20		Total N=31		Male N=13		iale :17	Total N=30		N=	=61	
	N	%	N	%	N	%_	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	
High School	4	36.4	6	30.0	10	32.3	3	23.1	11	64.7	14	46.7	24	39.3	
GED Program	1	9.1	6	30.0	7	22.6		•	-		•		7	11.5	
Alternative School	5	45.5	7	35.0	12	38.7	7	53.8	6	35.3	13	43.3	25	41.0	
College	-	-	•	-		-		-		-	•	•	•	-	
Other		•	3	15.0	3	9.7	4	30.8	2	11.8	6	20.0	9	14.8	

Table 37
Have You Received Income From Any Of The Following Sources In The Last Month?

		N	Ar	poli:an	1				Gre Minn		_		Total		
	N=	ale =25	Fen N=	49	To N=	74	Male N=19		Female N=21		Total N=40			N=114	
	N	%	N	<u>%</u>	N_	%	N	%	<u> </u>	%	N	_*	N N	%	
Day labor	3	12.0	2	4.1	5	6.8	3	15.8	2	9.5	5	12.5	10	8.8	
Blood sales	2	8.0	2	4.1	4	5.4	-	-	•	- [•	-	4	3.5	
AFDC	1	4.0	9	18.4	10	13.5		-	2	9.5	2	5.0	12	10.5	
General Assistance	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.2	•	-	3	14.3	3	7.5	12	10.5	
Social Security	1	4.0	3	6.1	4	5.4	1	5.3	3	14.3	4	10.0	8	7.0	
Employment	5	20.0	14	28.6	19	25.7	2	10.5	4	19.0	6	15.0	25	21.9	
Supplemental Security Income (SSI)	2	8.0	2	4.1	4	5.4	3	15.8	•	-	3	7.5	7	6.1	
Child Care	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7		-	1	4.8	1	2.5	3	2.6	
Child support	•	•	1	2.0	1	1.4	1	5.3	3	14.3	4	10.0	5	4.4	
Other money from spouse		-	2	4.1	2	2.7		•		•		-	2	1.8	
Parents	6	24.0	15	30.6	21	28.4	9	47.4	6	28.6	15	37.5	36	31.6	
Relatives	13	52.0	20	40.8	33	44.6	9	47.4	7	33.3	16	40.0	49	43.0	
Sale of personal belongings	6	24.0	15	30.6	21	28.4	3	15.8	4	19.0	7	17.5	28	24.6	
Asking for money on the streets	10	40.0	15	30.6	25	33.8	-	•	1	4.8	1	2.5	26	22.8	



Table 37-A

If Respondent Received Day Labor Income, How Many Days Last Month?

		N	Tetro Ar	politan ea	l		Greater Minnesota							tal
	M:	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
2	1	33.3			1	20.0		-	1	50.0	1	20.0	2	20.0
10	-	-	1	50.0	1	20.0		-		-	•	-	1	10.0
14	-	•	•	-	-	-	1	33.3	•	-	1	20.0	1	10.0
15	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	1	50.0	1	20.0	1	10.0
Missing	2	66.7	1	50.0	3	60.0	2	66.7	•	-	2	40.0	5	50.0
Total	3	100.0	2	100.0	5	100.0	3	100.0	2	100.0	5	100.0	10	100.0
Mean		 ?	1	0		3	1	4	8	.5	10).3	8.	.6
Median	2	2	1	0	•	3	1-	4	8	.5	1	4	1	0

Table 37-B
If Respondent Received Other Income, What Were The Sources?

		N	Ar	politar ea	1				Total						
	N=	N=25		Female N=49 N %		Total N=74 N %		Male N=19 N %		ale 21 %	Total N=40		N=1 N	N=114 N %	
Tilogal salas	<u>"</u>	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7	1	5.3	<u>N</u>		•	-	2	1.8	
Illegal sales			·				3	15.8					3	2.6	
Stealing	3	12.0	•	•	3	4.0	3	15.6	•	•	_	-			
Odd jobs	-	-	2	4.1	2	2.7		-	8	38.1	8	20.0	10	8.8	
Church	1	4.0	-	•	1	1.4	1	5.3	-	-	-	-	1	.9	
Work at shelter	2	8.0	3	6.1	5	6.8	2	10.5	-	-	-	-	5	4.4	
Missing	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7	1	5.3	-	•	-	•	2	1.8	



Table 38
Which Of The Ones You Mentioned Is Your Main Source Of Income?

		. Metropolitan Area							Gre Minn			٠٠	Tot	tal
	M:	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To:	tal %	M: N	ale %	Fen N	ale %	To N	tal %	N	%_
Day labor	1	4.0	•		1	1.4	2	10.5	2	9.5	4	10.0	5	4.4
Blood		-	1	2.0	1	1.4	•	-	•	-	•	-	1	.9
AFDC		-	6	12.2	6	8.1	•	-	2	9.5	2	5.0	8	7.0
General Assistance	1	4.0	5	10.2	6	8.1	-	-	2	9.5	2	5.0	8	7.0
Social Security	-	-	2	4.1	2	2.7		-	2	9.5	2	5.0	4	3.5
Employment	3	12.0	9	18.4	12	16.2	2	10.5	3	14.3	5	12.5	17	14.9
Social Security Income (SSI)	2	8.0	2	4.1	4	5.4	3	15.8	-	•	3	7.5	7	6.1
Child support		-	•	-	•	-	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	2	1.8
Parents	1	4.0	5	10.2	6	8.1	8	15.8	1	4.8	9	22.5	15	13.2
Other relatives/friends	3	12.0	6	12.2	9	12.6	2	10.5	3	14.3	5	12.5	14	12.3
Sale of personal belongings	1	4.0	2	4.1	3	4.1	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	5	4.4
Asking for money on streets	4	16.0	2	4.1	6	8.1		•	•	-		. •	6	5.3
Supported work	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7		•	2	9.5	2	5.0	4	3.5
Illegal sales	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7		-		-	-	-	2	1.8
Stealing	1	4.0		•	1	1.4		•		•		. •	1	.9
Odd jobs			1	2.0	1	1.4		•	2	9.5	2	5.0	3	2.6
Church	1	4.0			1	1.4		•	-	•		•	1	.9
Work at shelter	2	8.0	1	2.0	3	4.1		-		-		•	3	2.6
Missing	3	12.0	5	10.2	8	10.8				-		•	8	7.0
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 39
What Was Your Total Income In September From All Sources?

		N	letroj Ar	politan ea	l .				То	tal				
	M:	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	:યો *	M: N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
\$0		·Ì	6	12.2	6	8.1		-	•	-	•		6	5.3
\$1 - \$100	6	24.0	7	14.3	13	17.6	8	42.1	8	38.1	16	40.0	29	25.4
\$101 - \$200	5	20.0	4	8.2	9	12.2	4	21.1	4	19.0	8	20.0	17	14.9
\$201 - \$300	1	4.0	7	14.3	8	10.8	-	-	2	9.5	2	5.0	10	8.8
\$301 - \$400	-	-	7	14.3	7	9.5	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	9	7.9
\$401 - \$ 500	2	8.0	3	6.1	5	6.8	3	15.8	3	14.3	6	15.0	11	9.6
\$501 - \$600	2	8.0	3	6.1	5	6.8	-	-	2	9.5	2	5.0	7	6.1
\$601 - \$700	-	-	2	4.1	2	2.7	-	-	•	-	•	-	2	1.8
\$701 - \$800	-	-	1	2.0	1	1.4		-	٠	-	•	-	1	.9
\$801 - \$900	•	-	•	-	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	-	•	•
\$901 - \$1000		-	1	2.0	1	1.4	•	•	٠	•	•	-	1	.9
Don't know	8	32.0	7	14.3	15	20.3	3	15.8	1	4.8	4	10.0	19	16.7
Missing	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7	-			•	•	•	2	1.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0
Mean	\$22	\$226.56		5.20	\$26	8.74	\$17	8.00	\$228.15		\$205.86		\$24	4.40
(SD)	(21	1.8)	(239.4)		(231.6)		(157.3)		(179.1)		(169.2)		(21	0.9)
Median	\$2	200	\$250		\$250		\$ 125		\$175		\$150		\$200	





Table 40
Which Of The Following Services Have You Used Or Received In The Last Month?

		M	letrop Ar	olitan ea					Greater Minnesota						
	M: N= N		Fem N= N		Tot N='		Ma N=		Fem N=	1	Tot N=		N=1	114	
Food stamps	3	. 12.0	20	40.8	23	31.1	2	10.5	4	19.0	6	15.0	29	25.4	
Women, Infant & Children Food Program (WIC)	•	-	7	14.3	7	9.5		-	2	9.5	2	5.0	9	7.9	
Medical Assistance	4	16.0	20	40.8	24	32.4	5	26.3	13	61.9	18	45.0	42	36.8	
General Assistance Mediçai Care	1	4.0	4	8.2	5	6.8		-	•	-	-	-	5	4.4	
Minnesota Care		-	2	4.1	2	2.7	1	5.3	-		1	2.5	3	2.6	
Housing Assistance	2	8.0	9	18.4	11	14.9			2	9.5	2	5.0	13	11.4	
STRIDE	-	-	2	4.1	2	2.7	-	-		-	•	-	2	1.8	
Transportation Assistance	6	24.0	17 -	34.7	23	31.1	1	5.3	3	14.3	4	10.0	27	23.7	
Job or Employment Training or JTPA	1	4.0	7	14.3	8	10.8		-	1	4.8	1	2.5	9	7.9	
Legal Assistance	-	-	-	······································	-	-	1	5.3	3	14.3	4	10.0	4	3.5	
Community Voice Mail	-	•	S	0.1	3	3.1		•	-	-	-	-	3	2.6	
Free clothes	8	32.0	11	22.4	19	25.7		•	2	9.5	2	5.0	21	18.4	
Drop-in centers	13	52.0	20	40.8	33	44.6	4	21.1	2	9.5	6	15.0	39	34.2	
Food shelf	3	12.0	9	18.4	12	16.2	2	10.5	2	9.5	4	10.0	16	14.0	
Hot meal program	7	28.0	9	18.4	16	21.6	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	18	15.8	
Free medical clinic	ii	44.0	12	24.5	23	31.1		•	4	19.0	4	10.0	27	23.7	
Free dental clinic	2	8.0	5	10.2	7	9.5		-		-		•	7	6.	
Free mental health clinic	2	8.0	3	6.1	5	6.8	-	-				-	5	4.	



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Table 40-A If Respondent Has Received Food Stamps, About How Many Dollars Worth Of Food Stamps Were Received?

		N		politan rea	i				To	tal				
	M			Female N %		Total N %		Male N %		nale %	Total N %		N	%
\$0 - \$25				-	•				•		•	-	•	•
\$26 - \$50	.	-		-		-		-		-	•	- i	•	•
\$51 - \$75	-	-		-	•	-	•	-		-	•	-	•	•
\$76 - \$100	-	-	6	30.0	6	26.1	•	-	1		1	16.6	7	24.1
\$101 - \$125	-	-	4	20.0	4	17.4		-	•	-	•	- 1	4	13.8
\$126 - \$150	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	-	•	•
\$151 -\$175		-	1	5.0	1	4.3	-	-	1		1	16.6	2	6.9
\$176 - \$200	-	•	3	15.0	3	13.0	•	-	1		1	16.6	4	13.8
\$201 - \$225	.	-	1	5.0	1	4.3	•	. !	•	•	•		1	3.4
Missing	3	100.0	5	25.0	8	34.8	2	100.0	1	25.0	3	50.0	11	37.9
Total	3	100.0	20	100.0	23	100.0	2	100.0	4	100.0	6	100.0	29	100.0
Mean		•	\$127.07		\$12	7.07			\$150.00		\$150.00		\$13	0.89
(SD)		- (4		(49.34)		(49.34)		•		(62.45)		(62.45)		.41)
Median		-	\$11:	2.00	\$11	2.00	,		\$17	0.00	\$17	0.00	\$11	6.50



Table 41 Of The Services You Have Used, Which ONE Would You Say Has Been The Most Helpful To You?

		M	letrop Ar	olitan ea					Gre: Minn				Tot	al
	Ma N	ile %	Fem N	ale %	Tot N	al %	Ma N	ile %	Fem N	ale %	Tot N	al %	N	%
Food Stamps	1	4.0	3	6.1	4	5.4	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	6	5.3
Women, Infant & Children Food Program (WIC)	-	-	1	2.0	1	1.4	•	•	•	-		-	1	.9
Medical Assistance	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.2	3	15.8	10	47.6	13	32.5	22	19.3
Housing Assistance	2	8.0	6	12.2	8	10.8	-	-	2	9.5	2	5.0	10	8.8
Jobs Focused Program for AFDC Recipients (STRIDE)		-	1	2.0	1	1.4	•	-	•			-	1	.9
Transportation Assistance	1	4.0	2	4.1	3	4.1	•	•	•		-		3	2.6
Job or Employment Training or JTPA	.	-	2	4.1	2	2.7		•	-	\cdot	•	-	2	1.8
Free or almost free clothing	1	4.0	-	-	1	1.4		•	1	4.8	1	2.5	2	1.8
Drop-in centers	7	28.0	9	18.4	16	21.6	2	10.5	2	9.5	4	10.0	20	17.5
Food shelves	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7	1	5.3		-	1	2.5	3	2.6
Free medical clinic	2	8.0	3	6.1	5	6.8		•	2	9.5	2	5.0	7	6.1
Free mental health clinic		•	1	2.0	1	1.4		•		-		•	1	.9
Don't know	1	4.0	-		1	1.4	1	5.3			1	2.5	2	1.8
NA	5	20.0	7	14.3	12	16.2	9	47.4	3	14.3	12	30.0	24	21.1
Missing	2	8.0	6	12.2	8	10.8	2	10.5			2	5.0	10	8.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0



Table 42
Do You Feel That You Need Assistance In Applying
Or Reapplying For These Or Any Other Services?

				politar rea	1					ater iesota			To	otal
	I N	Male %	Fei N	nale %	To N	otal %	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	6	24.0	13	26.5	19	25.7	3	15.8	6	28.6	9	22.5	28	24.6
No	19	76.0	32	65.3	51	68.9	16	84.2	15	71.4	31	77.5	82	71.9
Don't know			2	4.1	2	2.7		-	•	-	•	-	2	1.8
Missing			2	4.1	2	2.7		•		•	-	•	2	1.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 42-A
For Those Needing Assistance In Applying For Help,
Which Services Do You Need Help With?

		N	/letroj Ar	oolitan ea	l				Gre: Minn				То	tal
	N°	ale =6 %	Fen N= N		To: N=		M: N= N	ale =3 %	Fem N= N		To: N= N		N=	28 %
Food stamps	-	-	3	23.1	3	15.8		-			•	-	3	10.7
Medical Assistance	1	16.7	5	38.5	6	31.6	1	33.3	2	33.3	3	33.3	9	32.1
General Assistance Medical Care (GAMC)	1	16.7	1	7.7	2	10.5	•	-	2	33.3	2	22.2	4	14.3
Minnesota Care			-	•	•	•	1	33.3	•	•	1	11.1	1	3.6
Housing Assistance	2	33.3	4	30.8	6	31.6	1	33.3	1	16.7	2	22.2	8	28.6
Jobs Focused Program for AFDC Recipients (STRIDE)	-	•	1	7.7	1	5.3	-	•	•	-	•	•	1	3.6
Transportation Assistance	1	16.7	1	7.7	2	10.5	-	-	l 	•	-	•	2	7.1
Job or Employment Training or JTPA	2	33.3	1	7.7	3	15.8	-		-	•		•	3	10.7
General Assistance	.	-	1	7.7	1	5.3			1	16.7	1	11.1	2	7 1
Everything	1	16.7	-	-	1	5.3			-		-	-	1	3.6
Social Security	•	······································	1	7.7	1	5.3				······································		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	1	3.6
School loan/grants	1	16.7	1	7.7	2	10.5	٠.		-				2	7.1
Energy Assistance		-	1	7.7	1	5.3					-	-	1	3.6
Don't know	.	-	-				-		1	16.7	1	11.1	1	3.6

Table 42-B
For Those Needing Assistance In Applying For Help,
What, If Anything, Keeps You From Getting The Help You Need?

		N	letro _l Ar	politan ea	<u> </u>				Gre Minn	ater esota			To	tal
	1	ale =6	Fen N=		To N=		M: N:	i i		nale =6	To N=	- 1		=28
	N	%	N	%_	N	%	N	%	<u>N</u>	%	N_	-%	N	
Personal choice/pride	-	-	2	15.4	2	10.5	-	-	•	-	•		2	7.1
Don't know where to go	1	16.7	3	23.1	4	21.1	1	33.3	•	-	1	11.1	5	17.9
No services available	-	-	•	-	•	-		-	1	16.7	1	11.1	1	3.6
Prejudice	1	16.7		•	1	5.3		-	•	-	•	-	1	3.6
Don't want to be dependent	1	16.7	•	-	1	5.3		•	•	-	•	-	1	3.6
Haven't asked	-	•	1	7.7	1	5.3	1	33.3	•	•	1	11.1	2	7.1
No GED	1	16.7	•	······································	1	5.3	-	-	•	•	•	•	1	3.6
Nothing	1	16.7	1	7. 7	2	10.5		-	-	•		•	2	7.1
No time to look		-	2	15.4	2	10.5		•	1	16.7	1	11.1	3	10.7
Need ID	.	-	2	15.4	2	10.5		•		•		•	2	7.1
Income eligibility	.	-	3	23.1	3	15.8		•	2	33.3	2	22.2	5	17.9
Can't get services	1	16.7	1	7.7	2	10.5		-	-	•		•	2	7.1



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Table 43
Do You Currently Have A Job?

		ľ		politar rea	1					ater iesota			To	otal
	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	5	20.0	13	26.5	18	24.3	4	21.1	3	14.3	7	17.5	25	21.9
No, but have in the past	15	60.0	28	57.1	43	58.1	9	47.4	14	66.7	23	57.5	66	57.9
Never employed	5	20.0	6	12.2	11	14.9	6	31.6	4	19.0	10	25.0	21	18.4
Missing		-	2	4.1	2	2.7	•	•	•	•	•	•	2	1.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 43-A
For Those Employed, How Many Hours, On Average, Do You Work Per Week?

		ľ		politan rea	ļ					ater iesota			To	tal
	i i	ale =5		nale =13		tal =18		ale =4		nale =3		tal =7	N=	=25
	N	_%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	_ <u>N</u>	<u>%</u>	<u> N</u>	<u>%</u>
0 - 10	1	20.0	•	-	1	5.6	•		1	33.3	1	14.3	2	8.0
11 - 20	2	40.0	2	15.4	4	22.2	-	-	1	33.3	1	14.3	5	20.0
21 - 30	1	20.0	3	23.1	4	22.2	3	75.0	•	-	3	42.9	7	28.0
31 - 40	1	20.0	5	38.5	6	33.3	1	25.0	•	-	1	14.3	7	28.0
41 - 50	-	•	1	7.7	1	5.6	•	•	•	-	•	-	1	4.0
51 - 60		-			•	-		-	1	33.3	1	14.3	1	4.0
Don't know		•	1	7.7	1	5.6		-		-	-		1	4.0
Missing		•	1	7.7	1	5.6		•			•	•	1	4.0
Total	5	100.0	13	100.0	18	100.0	4	100.0	3	100.0	7	100.0	25	100.0
Mean	2	2.6	31	.3	28	3.6	31.	75	25	5.7	29	1.1	28	3.7
(SD)	(1	1.1)	(10).1)	(10).9)	(5.	7)	(22	9)	(14	.2)	(11	1.7)
Median	2	20	3	5	3	0	3	0	1	5	3	0	3	ю

Table 43-B
For Those Employed, What Is Your Current Job?

		N		politan ea	l					ater iesota			То	tal
	M	ale	Fen N	aale %	To N	tal %	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Sales worker	1	20.0	6	46.2	7	38.9	-					-	7	28.0
Records Processing		-	1	7.7	1	5.6		-	•	-	•	-	1	4.0
Financial Records	1	20.0		-	1	5.6		-	•	-	-		1	4.0
Mail distributing	-	-	2	15.4	2	11.1	-	-	•	-	•	·	2	8.0
Food preparation	2	40.0	2	15.4	4	22.2	2	50.0	3	100.0	5	71.4	9	36.0
Cleaning	-	-	1	7.7	1	5.6			-	•	-	-	1	4.0
Machine operations				-		-	1	25.0	•	•	1	14.3	1	4.0
Handler,	1	20.0	1	7.7	2	11.1	1	25.0	-	-	1	14.3	3	12.0
Missing		•		•	-		-	•	-	•	-	•	-	•
Total	5	100.0	13	100.0	18	100.0	4	100.0	3	100.0	7	100.0	25	100.0



Table 43-C
For Those Employed, Has Your Job Lasted For At Least 3 Months?

		N		politan rea	<u> </u>					ater esota			To	otal
	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tai %	M N	ale %	Fen N	aale %	To N	otal %	N	%
Yes	3	60.0	3	23.1	6	33.3	1	25.0	1	33.3	2	28.6	8	32.0
No	2	40.0	10	76.9	12	66.7	3	75.0	2	66.7	5	71.4	17	68.0
Missing		-	-	•	-	-	-	-	•	•	•	•	•	
Total	5	100.0	13	100.0	18	100.0	4	100.0	3	100.0	7	100.0	25	100.0

Table 43-D
For Those Not Employed, How Long Has It Been Since You Last Held A Job?

		N	letroj Ar	oolitan ea				The state of the s	Gre Minn				То	tal
	M	ale %	Fen	iale %	To N	tal %	M: N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To:	tal %	N	%
0 - 3 months	7	46.7	13	46.4	20	46.5	3	33.3	5	35.7	8	34.8	28	42.4
4 - 6 months	1	6.7	3	10.7	4	9.3	1	11.1	1	7.1	2	8.7	6	9.1
7 - 9 months	1	6.7	1	3.6	2	4.7		-	1	7.1	1	4.3	3	4.5
10 - 12 months	3	20.0	5	17.9	8	18.6	2	22.2	1	7.1	3	13.0	11	16.7
13 - 15 months	1	6.7	•	-	1	2.3		-	•	-	•	-	1	1.5
16 - 18 months	· ·	-	2	7.1	2	4.7	•	•	1	7.1	1	4.3	3	4.5
19 - 21 months		-	•	-	•	-		•	•	-		-		•
22 - 24 months	1	6.7	2	7.1	3	7.0	1	11.1	3	21.4	4	17.4	7	10.6
Missing	1	6.7	2	7.1	3	7.0	2	22.2	2	14.3	4	17.4	7	10.6
Total	15	100.0	28	100.0	43	100.0	9	100.0	14	100.0	23	100.0	66	100.0
Mean (Months)		·.0	7.:	27	7.	18	7.	 86	10).1	9.:	26	7.	85
(SD)	(6	.99)	(7.	28)	(7	.1)	(8.	69)	(9	.9)	(9.:	27)	(7.	84)
Median	3	3.0	3	.5	3	.5	4	.0	6	.0	4	.0	4	.0



Table 43-E
For Those Not Employed, What Was Your Last Job?

		N	letro Aı	politan ea	l					ater esota			То	tal
	M:	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M: N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Sales workers		-	6	21.4	6	14.0	1	11.1	1	7.1	2	8.7	8	12.1
Computer equipment operators	-	-	•	-	-	-	1	11.1	-	-	1	4.3	1	1.5
Secretarial	-	-	1	3.6	1	2.3	-	-	1	7.1	1	4.3	2	3.0
Mail and message distributors	1	6.7	2	7.1	3	7.0	-	-	•	-	•	-	3	4.5
Material recording scheduling	-	-	1	3.6	1	2.3	•	-	•	-	•	-	1	1.5
Private household occupations	1	6.7	1	3.6	2	4.7	-	•	2	14.3	2	8.7	4	6.0
Food service	3	20.0	10	35.7	13	30.2	-	-	4	28.6	4	17.4	17	25.8
Health service occupations	-		•	•	-	-	-	•	1	7.1	1	4.3	1	1.5
Cleaning and building services	2	13.3	1	3.6	3	7.0	2	22.2	1	7.1	3	13.0	6	9.1
Personal services occupations		-	1	3.6	1	2.3	1	11.1	-	-	1	4.3	2	3.0
Other Agricultural	•	-	1	3.6	1	2.3	3	33.3	•	•	3	13.0	4	6.1
Forestry	1	6.7	•	-	1	2.3		•		•	•	-	1	1.5
Handlers, equipment cleaners	5	33.3	2	7.1	7	16.3	1	11.1	2	14.3	3	13.0	10	15.2
All other/non-classified	1	6.7	•	-	1	2.3		-	-	-	-	-	1	1.5
Missing	1	6.7	2	7.1	3	7.0	•	-	2	14.3	2	8.7	5	7.6
Total	15	100.0	28	100.0	43	100.0	9	100.0	14	100.0	23	100.0	66	100.0



Table 43-F
For Those Not Employed, What Do You Feel Are The
Biggest Barriers Or Problems To Your Getting A Job Now?

		N	letroj Ar	politan ea	1				Gr: Minn				To	tal
	Ma N=	15	Fen N=		To N=		M: N=		Fen N= N		To: N= N		N=	66 %
	N	%	<u> </u>	- 1				-				17.4		9.1
Lack of job skills/experience	1	6.7	1	3.6	2	4.7	1	11.1	3	21.4	4		_	
Lack of education	2	13.3	3	10.7	5	11.6	1	11.1	•	-	1	4.3	6	9.1
Cost of child care	-	-	9	32.1	9	20.9	î	11.1	1	7.1	2	8.7	11	16.7
Age	4	26.7	2	7.1	6	14.0	4	44.4	5	35.7	9	39.1	15	22.7
No address/stigma of being homeless	7	46.7	10	35.7	17	39.5	1	11.1	1	7.1	2	8.7	19	28.8
Lack of English	1	6.7		•	1	2.3	-	-	1	7.1	1	4.3	2	3.0
Motivation	4	26.7	1	3.6	5	11.6	4	44.4	1	7.1	5	21.7	10	15.2
Transportation	. 3	20.0	6	21.4	9	20.9	2	22.2	4	28.6	6	26.1	15	22.7
Currently in school	2	13.3	3	10.7	5	11.6		-	3	21.4	3	13.0	8	12.1
Appearance	2	13.3	2	7.1	4	9.3		-	-	-	-	-	4	6.1
Need to move home with children	1	6.7	3	10.7	4	9.3		-	1	7.1	1	4.3	5	7.6
Need ID	3	20.0	2	7.1	5	11.6	-	•		-		-	5	7.6
Mental health problems	-	•	1	3.6	1	2.3	1	11.1	1	7.1	2	8.7	3	4.5
Can't fill out applications	2	13.3	1	3.6	3	7.0	-	-		•	-	•	3	4.5
Health problems/pregnancy		•	4	14.3	4	9.3	-	-		-		-	4	6.1
Other	2	13.3	2	7.1	4	9.3	5	55.6	3	21.4	8	34.8	12	18.2
Don't know	1	6.7		-	1	2.3		-	-	•		•	1	1.5
Missing	1	6.7	4	14.3	5	11.6	2	22.2	2	1.43	4	17.4	9	13.6



Table 44
Have You Ever Attended A Program That Teaches
People How To Seek And Find A Job?

		1		politar rea	1	-				ater esota			Т	otal
	M N	ale %	Fei N	nale %	To N	otal %	M N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	otal %	N	%_
Yes	8	32.0	16	32.7	24	32.4	3	15.8	7	33.3	10	25.0	34	29.8
No	17	68.0	31	63.3	48	64.9	16	84.2	14	66.7	30	75.0	78	68.4
Missing		. •	2	4.1	2	2.7		•	-		-	•	2	1.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0



Table 45
Do You Have Any Children Under 18?

		Ŋ		politar rea	1					ater iesota			To	otal
	M	ale %	Fer	nale %	To N	otal %	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	T(otal %	N	<u>%</u> _
Yes	2	8.0	14	28.6	16	2:.2	1	5.3	4	19.0	5	12.5	21	18.4
No	23	92.0	35	71.4	58	78.4	18	94.7	17	81.0	35	87.5	93	81.6
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

TABLES 45-A THROUGH 46-I APPLY ONLY TO THOSE RESPONDENTS WITH CHILDREN (N=21)

Table 45-A
Have You Been Involved In The Day-To-Day Care
Of Your Child(ren) During The Past Month?

-		N		politar rea	ì					ater iesota			To	tal
	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes		•	12	85.7	12	75.0	•	-	3	75.0	3	60.0	15	71.4
No	2	100.0	2	14.3	4	25.0	1	100.0	1	25.0	2	40.0	6	28.6
Total	2	100.0	14	100.0	16	100.0	1	100.0	4	100.0	5	100.0	21	100.0

Table 45-AA

For Those Not Involved In The Care Of Their Children,
Who Is Caring For Your Children Now?

		N	Metro Aı	politan ea	l					ater iesota			To	tal
	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Family		•	1	50.0	1	25.0		-		-	•	-	1	16.7
Child's mother	1	50.0			1	25.0	1	100.0	•	-	1	50.0	2	33.3
Foster Care		•	1	50.0	1	25.0	•	-	•	-	•	•	1	16.7
Grandparents	-	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	1	100.0	1	50.0	1	16.7
Don't know	1	50.0		-	1	25.0	-		•	-	•	•	1	16.7
Missing		•	-			•	-	•	-		•			
Total	2	100.0	2	100.0	4	100.0	1	100.0	1	100.0	2	100.0	6	100.0

Table 45-B How Many Children Under 18 Do You Have?

		N		politan rea	l					eater nesota			To	otal
	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	ital %	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	N	%
1	1	50.0	10	71.4	11	68.8	1	100.0	4	100.0	5	100.0	16	76.2
2	1	50.0	3	21.4	4	25.0		•		-			4	<u> 10 7</u>
3		•	1	7.1	1	6.3		-	•	•	•	•	1	4.8
Total	2	100.0	14	100.0	16	100.0	1	100.0	4	100.0	5	100.0	21	100.0
Mean	1.	.5	1.	.4	1.	.4	1			1		1	1	.3
Median	1.	.5	•	I	1		1	l		1		1		1

Table 45-C
Are Any Of Your Children (Is Your Child) Enrolled In A
Head Start Program Or Other Childhood Development Program?

		N		politar rea	1					ater iesot a			To	otal
	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%_
Yes .	1	50.0	4	28.6	5	31.2		•	1	25.0	1	20.0	6	28.6
No	1	50.0	10	71.4	11	68.8	1	100.0	3	75.0	4	80.0	15	71.4
Total	2	100.0	14	100.0	16	100.0	1	100.0	4	100.0	5	100.0	21	100.0

Table 45-D
How Many Of Your Children Are With You Today?

		N		politan ea	1					ater iesota			To	tal
	M:	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
0	2	100.0	1	7.1	3	18.8	1	100.0	1	25.0	2	40.0	5	23.8
1		-	9	64.3	9	56.3		•	3	75.0	3	60.0	12	57.1
2		-	2	14.3	2	12.5			•		•	-	2	9.5
3			1	7.1	1	6.3		•	•		•	-	1	4.8
Missing			1	7.1	1	6.3		•			•	·Ì	1	4.8
Total	2	100.0	14	100.0	16	100.0	1	100.0	4	100.0	5	100.0	21	100.0
Mean	C		1.	.2	1.	.1	(ס	.7	'5	.1	6		1
Median	C)	1	I	1	1	(0	1	I		1		1

ERIC

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Table 46-A What Are The Ages Of The Children With You Today? (Total N equals the number of children)

		N		politan rea	1					ater iesota			To	tal
	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	M N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Less than one year old			6	37.5	6	37.5		•	1	33.3	1	33.3	7	36.8
One			6	37.5	6	37.5		-	1	33.3	1	33.3	7	36.8
Two			3	18.8	3	18.8		•	1	33.3	1	33.3	4	21.1
Missing			1	6.3	1	6.3		•		•		•	1	5.3
Total			16	100.0	16	100.0	·		3	100.0	3	100.0	19	100.0

Table 46-B

Do Any Of Your Children With You Today Have A Chronic Or Severe
Physical Health Problem That Interferes With Their Daily Activities?

(Total N equals the number of parents)

		- 1		politar rea	1					ater nesota			To	tal
	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes		•		-				٠		-		-	-	•
No			11	91.7	11	91.7	•	•	3	100.0	3	100.0	14	93.3
Missing		•	1	8.3	1	8.3	-	•			•	•	1	6.7
Total			12	100.0	12	100.0	-	-	3	100.0	3	100.0	15	100.0

Table 46-C
Do Any Of Your Children With You Today Have An Emotional Or Behavior Problem That Interferes With Their Daily Activities?

		ľ		politan rea						eater nesota			To	tal
	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %_	M: N	ale %	Fei N	nale %	To N	otal %	N	%
Yes		•	1	8.3	1	8.3	-	•			-		1	6.7
No			10	83.3	10	83.3	•	•	3	100.0	3	100.0	13	86.7
Missing		-	1	8.3	1	8.3	•	•	-	-		-	1	6.7
Total			12	100.0	12	100.0			3	100.0	3	100.0	15	100.0

NOTE: One child had an emotional or behavior problem that interferes with their daily activities but had <u>not</u> received needed services.



Table 46-D

During The Past 12 Months, Have You Ever Been Unable to Obtain

Needed Health Care (Not Including Dental Care) For Any Of

Your Child(ren) Who Are With You?

			opolitar Area	1					eater iesota			To	tal
,	Male N %	F	emale %	To N	tal %	M: N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %_	N	%
Yes	•		33.3	4	33.3	-	•		•		•	4	26.7
No	•	- 1	66.7	8	66.7		•	3	100.0	3	100.0	11	73.3
Total		- 1:	2 100 n	12	100.0	·		3	100.0	3	100.0	15	100.0

Table 46-E
During The Past 12 Months, Have You Ever Been Unable To Obtain
Needed Dental Care For Any Of Your Children Who Are With You?

		ľ		politar rea	1					ater iesota			To	tal
	M:	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M: N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	otal %	N	%
Yes		•	3	25.0	3	25.0		•		-	•		3	20.0
No		•	9	75.0	9	75.0		•	2	66.7	2	66.7	11	73.3
Not Applicable		•		-	-	•	٠	•	1	33.3	1	33.3	1	6.7
Total			12	100.0	12	100.0			3	100.0	3	100.0	15	100.0

Table 46-F

Have Any Of Your Children Here Today Had To Skip Meals In The
Past Month Because There Wasn't Enough Money To Buy Food?

	7		politar rea	1		_			eater nesota			To	otal
	Male N %	Fei N	nale %	To N	otal %	M: N	ale %	Fei N	nale %	T(otal %	N	%
Yes		2	16.7	2	16.7		•				-	2	13.3
No		10	83.3	10	83.3	٠		3	100.0	3	100.0	13	86.7
Total		12	100.0	12	100.0	·		3	100.0	3	100.0	15	100.0



Table 46-G
During The Past 12 Months, Have You Ever Been Unable
To Obtain Regular Child Care When You Needed It?

		ľ		politan rea	<u> </u>					ater iesota			To	ı
	Ma N	le %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	M: N	de %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes		•	9	75.0	9	75.0	•	•		-		-	9	60.0
No		-	3	25.0	3	25.0	·		3	100.0	3	100.0	6	40.0
Total	·		12	100.0	12	100.0	•		3	100.0	3	100.0	15	100.0

Table 46-H
Other Than Housing, What Do You See As The Main
Needs Of Your Children Who Are With You?

		N		politan ea	i					ater esota			To	tal
	M	ale		nale =12	To N=		M	ale	-	ale =3		tal =3	N=	
	N	%	N	%_	N	%	N	%	N_	%	N	%	N_	%
Clothes/snoes		-	5	41.7	5	41.7	•	-	2	66.7	2	66.7	7	46.7
Day car-		-	1	8.3	1	8.3	•	-	2	66.7	2	66.7	3	20.0
Safety		-	3	25.0	3	25.0	٠	-	•	-	•	-	3	20.0
Nothing		-	1	8.3	1	8.3		-	1	33.3	1	33.3	2	13.3
Stability	-	•	2	. 16.7	2	16.7		•	•	•	•	-	2	13.3
Housing		•	1	8.3	1	8.3		•	-	-	•		1	6.7
Medical treatment		•	2	16.7	2	16.7				•		•	2	13.3
Food	.		4	33.3	4	33.3		•	2	66.7	2	66.7	6	40.0
School		•	1	8.3	1	8.3		-		•		-	1	6.7
Support			1	8.3	1	8.3		•				•	1	6.7



Table 46-I
What Would Help Your Children Most At This Time?

			-	politar ea	1					ater esota			То	tal
	4	ale =0		nale =12	To N=	1	Ma N=	,		aale =3	To N=			=15
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	<u>%</u>	N	%	N	<u>%</u>
Clothes		-	3	25.0	3	25.0	-	-	1	33.3	i	33.3	4	26.7
Day care		•	2	16.7	2	16.7		•	•	-	-	•	2	13.3
Safety		-	1	8.3	1	8.3		•	•	-	-	- [1	6.7
No violence/peaceful environment		-	1	8.3	1	8.3	-	٠	•	-	-	-	1	6.7
Stability	•	-	1	8.3	1	8.3	•	•	-	-		•	1	6.7
Housing	-	•	3	25.0	3	25.0	٠.	•	2	66.7	2	66.7	5	33.3
Medical treatment		-	2	16.7	2	16.7		•	•	•		-	2	13.3
Food		•		•		•		•	1	33.3	1	33.3	1	6.7
Money		•	1	8.3	1	8.3	-	•	-	•	-	-	1	6.7
Toys/books	•	······································	-	-	•	······································		-	1	33.3	1	33.3	1	6.7
Support	.	•	1	8.3	1	8.3				-	-	•	1	6.7
Health care	-	-	1	8.3	1	8.3	-	-		•		•	1	6.7
Yard		-	-	-		•	-	•	1	33.3	1	33.3	1	6.7



Table 47
Have You Received Care For Any Physical Or
Mental Health Problems During The Past 6 Months?

		N		politan rea	l					ater iesota			To	otal
	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%_
Yes	8	32.0	16	32.7	24	32.4	7	36.8	13	61.9	20	50.0	44	38.6
No	17	68.0	33	67.3	50	67.6	12	63.2	8	38.1	20	50.0	70	61.4
Missing	-	-	•	-	•	•	•	•	•		•		٠	•
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 47-A
For Those Who Have Received Care In Past 6 Months,
What Problems Or Needs Have You Received Care For?

		N	Ar	politan ea	l				Gre Minn				To	tal
		ale =8 %	Fen N= N		To N=		M: N= N		Fen N≃ N		To N= N	tal :20 %	N=	44 %
Respiratory problems	3	37.5	6	37.5	9	37.5	1	14.3	2	15.4	3	15.0	12	27.3
Physical health problems (unspecified)	1	12.5	7	43.8	8	33.3	3	42.9	3	23.1	6	30.0	14	31.8
Dental problems	1	12.5	•	-	1	4.2		-	1	7.7	1	5.0	2	4.5
Sexually Transmitted Diseases	1	12.5	2	12.5	3	12.5		•	2	15.4	2	10.0	5	11.4
Major depression	· · · ·	-	3	18.8	3	12.5	1	14.3	4	30.8	5	25.0	8	18.2
Other mental health (unspecified)	2	25.0	3	18.8	5	20.8	2	28.6	5	38.5	7	35.0	12	27.3
Pre/post natal care		•	6	37.5	6	25.0	.	-	1	7.7	1	5.0	7	15.9
Abuse	1	12.5	1	6.2	2	8.3		•	1	7.7	1	5.0	3	6.8
Injury/stitches/gunshot		-	2	12.5	2	8.3		•	1	7.7	1	5.0	3	6.8



Table 48

Did You Receive Any Care In An Emergency Room In The Last <u>Six</u> Months?

		N		politar rea	1			_		ater iesota			To	otal
	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	M N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	4	16.0	20	40.8	24	32.4	3	15.8	7	33.3	10	25.0	34	29.8
No	21	84.0	29	59.2	50	67.6	16	84.2	14	66.7	30	75.0	80	70.2
Missing	-	•	•	•		•	٠		•	•	-	•	•	•
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0



Table 49
Do You Feel That You Now Need To See A Doctor About Any Health Problem?

		N		politan rea	ì				Gre Minn	ater esota			To	tal
	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M N	ale %	Fen N	aale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	5	20.0	19	38.3	24	32.4	4	21.1	7	33.3	11	27.5	35	30.7
No	19	76.0	28	57.1	47	63.5	15	78.9	14	66.7	29	72.5	76	66.7
Don't know	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7			•	-	•	•	2	1.8
Missing	-	•	1	2.0	1	1.6		•	•	•	•	•	1	.9
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 49-A
If Yes To Current Health Problem, What Kind Of Health Problem Is It?

		N	letrop Ar	oolitan ea					Grea Minn				To	tal
	M: N=	ale :25 %	Fen N= N		Tot N=		Ma N= N		Fem N= N		To: N= N		N=1 N	114 <u>%</u>
Miscellaneous physical health problems	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.1	2	10.5	2	9.5	4	10.0	13	11.4
Respiratory system problems	1	4.0	4	8.2	5	6.7	•	-		-	-		5	4.4
Bone or muscle problems	-		1	2.0	1	1.4	1	5.3	2	9.5	3	7.5	4	3.5
Mental health other than major depression	1	4.0	2	4.1	3	4.1	1	5.3		•	1	2.5	4	3.5
Pre/post natal care	·	•	3	6.1	3	4.1	•	•	1	4.8	1	2.5	4	3.5
Digestive system or stomach problems		•	3	6.1	3	4.1		•		•		•	3	2.6
Nervous system problems		•	2	4.1	2	2.7		•		•			2	1.8
Gums or teeth problems		•	2	4.1	2	2.7		-		•		•	2	1.8
Major depression	•	•	1	2.0	1	1.4		•	1	4.8	1	2.5	2	1.
Abuse related problems			1	2.0	1	1.4			1	4.8	1	2.5	2	1.8
Heart			1	2.0	1	1.4		•		•		-	1	
Sexually transmitted diseases	.		1	2.0	1	1.4		•	-	•		•	1	
Injuries, stitches, or gunshot			1	2.0	1	1.4				•	•		1	

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Table 50
Is There Anything That Prevents You From Getting Needed Health Care?

		N		politar rea	1					ater les ^{ot} ?			To	otal
	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M N	ale %	Fen N	nalı %	To N	otal %	N	%
Yes	7	28.0	12	24.5	19	25.7	3	15.8	6	28.6	9	22.5	28	24.6
No	18	72.0	36	73.5	54	73.0	15	78.9	15	71.4	30	75.0	84	73.7
Don't know		-		•	•	-	1	5.3	•	-	1	2.5	1	.9
Missing		-	1	2.0	1	1.4		•	•	-	•		1	.9
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 50-A
If Barriers To Care, What Prevents You From Getting Heath Care?

		Ŋ		politar ea	t					ater esota			То	tal
		ale =7 %		nale =12 %		tal =19 %	ľ	ale =3 %		nale =6 %	To N: N	tal =9 %	N=	28 %
No insurance	2	28.6	5	41.7	7	36.8	1	33.3	3	50.0	4	44.4	11	39.3
No money	2	28.6	4	33.3	6	31.6	2	66.7	4	66.7	6	66.7	12	42.9
Transportation	.	-	2	16.7	2	10.5	-	•	1	16.7	1	11.1	3	10.7
Don't know where to go	3	42.9	•	-	3	15.8		•	-	-	•	•	3	10.7
Paperwork/red tape	-	•	1	8.3	1	5.3		•		-		-	1	3.6
No place to live		-	2	16.7	2	10.5		•			•	•	2	7.1
Missing		-		•						•		•		-

Table 51

During The Last 12 Months, Did You Have Any Of
The Following Illnesses, Conditions, Or Problems?

		N	letrop Ar	oolitan ea					Gre: Minn				Tot	al
	Ma N=		Fem N=	[Tot		Ma N=	19	Fem N=	21	Tot	40	N=1	
	N	%	N	%	_ <u>N</u>	<u>%</u>	<u> </u>	%	<u> </u>	*	N	%	N_	%
Respiratory system or breathing problems such as bronchitis, asthma, hay fever, pneumonia, emphysema, flu or cold	10	40.0	26	53.1	36	48.6	7	36.8	16	76.2	23	57.5	59	51.8
Heart or circulatory system problems including high blood pressure, anemia, heart disease	1	4.0	8	16.3	9	12.2	1	5.3	2	9.5	3	7.5	12	10.5
Digestive system or stomach problems such as ulcers or colitis		•	8	16.3	8	10.8	1	5.3	4	19.0	5	12.5	13	11.4
Bone and muscle problems such as paralysis, bursitis, or arthritis	-	•	5	10.2	5	6.8	2	10.5	1	4.8	3	7.5	8	7.0
Nervous system problems such as epilepsy, migraines, convulsions	1	4.0	9	18.4	10	13.5	3	15.8	4	19.0	7	17.5	17	14.9
Skin ulcers or rashes	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.2	1	5.3	3	14.3	4	10.0	13	11.4
Problems with teeth or gums	6	24.0	15	30.6	21	28.4	3	15.8	5	23.8	8	20.0	29	25.4
Frostbite	2	8.0	1	2.0	3	4.1	1	5.3			1	2.5	4	3.5

Table 52
In The Last 12 Months, Have You Been Told
By A Doctor Or Nurse That You Have:

		N	1etroj Ar	oolitan ea					Gre Minn				Tot	al
	M: N= N		Fen N=		To N=		Mal N=1 N	i	Fen N= N		To N= N	- 1	N=1 N_	114
Hepatitis or yellow jaundice					•	•	-	•		•		•		•
Syphilis, gonorrhea, chlamydia, chlamydia, trichomonas or other sexually transmitted diseases	3	12.0	7	14.3	10	13.5		•	2	9.5	2	5.0	12	10.5
Tuberculosis (TB)	1	4.0	•		1	1.4		•	-	•		•	1	.9
AIDS or HIV				•		•		•	-	•	-	•		



Table 53
Have Any Of Your Sexual Relationships Resulted In Pregnancy?

-		N		politan rea	l					ater iesota			To	tal
	M N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	4	18.0	26	53.1	30	40.5	1	5.3	7	33.3	8	20.0	38	33.3
No	18	72.0	16	32.7	34	45.9	17	89.5	13	61.9	30	75.0	64	56.1
Don't know	1	4.0	•	-	1	1.4	-	-	1	4.8	1	2.5	2	1.8
Missing	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.2	1	5.3	-	•	1	2.5	10	8.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.J	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 54
Do You Need Birth Control?

		N		politar rea	1				_	ater iesota			To	tal
	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	M N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	3	12.0	12	24.5	15	20.3	5	26.3	6	28.6	11	27.5	26	22.8
No	20	80.0	30	61.2	50	67.6	13	68.4	15	71.4	28	70.0	78	68.4
Missing	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.2	1	5.3	•	-	1	2.5	10	8.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 54-A

If In Need Of Birth Control, Are You Able To Get Birth Control?

		n		politar rea	1					ater iesota			То	tal
	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	2	66.7	8	66.7	10	66.7	4	80.0	5	83.3	9	81.8	19	73.1
No	1	33.3	2	16.7	3	20.0	-	. •	•	-	•	-	3	11.5
Don't know		-	•	-	-	-			1	16.7	1	9.1	1	3.8
Missing			2	16.7	2	13.3	1	20.0	-		1	9.1	3	11.5
Total	3	100.0	12	100.0	15	100.0	5	100.0	6	100.0	11	100.0	26	100.0

Table 55
Do You Know About Safer Sex Practices?

		N		politar rea	ı					ater iesota			To	otal
	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	22	88.0	42	85.7	64	86.5	18	94.7	20	95.2	38	95.0	102	89.5
No	1	4.0	•	-	1	1.4	-	-	1	4.8	1	2.5	2	1.8
Missing	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.2	1	5.3	•	•	1	2.5	10	8.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 55-A
Do You Use Safer Sex Practices?

		N		politar rea	1					ater nesota			To	tal
	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	15	60.0	34	69.4	49	66.2	13	68.4	16	76.2	29	72.5	78	68.4
No	4	16.0	5	10.2	9	12.2	4	21.1	3	14.3	7	17.5	16	14.0
Missing	3	12.0	3	6.1	6	8.1	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	8	7.0
Not Applicable	3	12.0	7	14.3	10	13.5	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	12	10.5
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 56
During The Past Two Years, Have You Been Told By
A Doctor Or Nurse That You Have:

		N	letrop Ar	oolitan ea					Gre Minn				To	tal
	Ma N=		Fen		To:		M: N=	ale 19	Fen N=		To:	40	N=1	ı
	N	%	N	%	<u> N</u>	%	N	%	N	_%	_ N	<u>%</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>%</u>
Schizophrenia	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7	-	•	1	4.8	1	2.5	3	2.6
Paranoid or delusional disorder, other than schizophrenia		-	1	2.0	1	1.4	1	5.3	2	9.5	3	7.5	4	3.5
Manic episodes or manic depression, also called bipolar disorder	2	8.0	6	12.2	8	10.8	2	10.5	3	14.3	5	12.5	13	11.4
Major depression	4	16.0	11	22.4	15	20.3	4	21.1	6	28.6	10	25.0	25	21.9
Anti-social personality, obsessive- compulsive personality, or any other Severe emotional disorder	2	8.0	3	6.1	5	6.8	3	15.8	3	14.3	6	15.0	11	9.6
Alcohol abuse disorder	4	16.0	8	16.3	12	16.2	5	26.3	1	4.8	6	15.0	18	15.8
Drug abuse disorder	6	24.0	5	10.2	11	14.9	5	26.3	2	9.5	7	17.5	18	15.8
Has one or more	11	44.0	18	36.7	29	39.2	7	36.8	7	33.3	14	35.0	43	37.7



Table 57

Have You Ever Quit A Job Because Of Nervousness,
Depression Or Mental Health Problems?

		N		politan rea	1					ater esota			To	otal
	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	M N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	-	-	10	20.4	10	13.5	3	15.8	3	14.3	6	15.0	16	14.0
No	25	100.0	39	79.6	64	86.5	16	84.2	18	85.7	34	85.0	98	86.0
Missing		•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	-	
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 58

Have You Ever Received Out-Patient Care Because
Of Nervousness, Depression Or Mental Health Problems?

		N		politan rea	l					ater iesota			To	tal
	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	3	12.0	8	16.3	11	14.9	3	15.8	7	33.3	10	25.0	21	18.4
No	22	88.0	41	83.7	63	85.1	16	84.2	14	66.7	30	75.0	93	81.6
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 59
Have You Missed Or Quit Going To School Because
Of Nervousness, Depression or Mental Health Problems?

		ľ		politar rea	1					ater iesota	-		To	otal
	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	4	16.0	17	34.7	21	28.4	6	31.6	11	52.4	17	42.5	38	33.3
No	21	84.0	32	65.3	53	71.6	13	68.4	10	47.6	23	57.5	76	66.7
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0



Table 60
Have You Ever Considered Suicide?

		N		politan rea	1					ater esota			To	otal
	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	% _
Yes	9	36.0	20	40.8	29	39.2	6	31.6	12	57.1	18	45.0	47	41.2
No	14	56.0	21	42.9	35	47.3	12	63.2	9	42.9	21	52.5	56	49.1
Missing	2	8.0	8	16.3	10	13.5	1_	5.3	•	•	1	2.5	11	9.6
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 60-A
Have You Ever Attempted Suicide?

		ī	Metroj Ar		1				Gre: Minn				То	tal
	M: N=		Fen N=		To:		M: N=		Fen N=	21	To N=	-4 0	N=	114
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Yes	3	12.0	2	4.1	5	6.8	7	36.8	2	9.5	9	22.5	14	12.3

Table 61
Are There Any Medications You Should Be Taking But Don't?

		Ŋ		politai rea	ì				-	ater iesota			To	otal
	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	2	8.0	11	22.4	13	17.6	2	10.5	2	9.5	4	10.0	17	14.9
No	23	92.0	36	73.5	59	79.7	17	89.5	19	90.5	36	90.0	95	83.5
Don't know	-	-	2	4.1	2	2.7	-	•	•	•	•	•	2	1.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 61-A
For Those Not Taking Needed Meds, Why Don't You Take Them?

		N	. '	politar rea	1					ater nesota			То	tal
	1	ale =2		nale =11	To N=	tal :13	M: N:			nale =2	To N=		N=	=17
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N_	<u>%</u>
Personal reasons	-	-	3	27.3	3	23.1	-	-	-	•		-	3	17.6
No money	1	50.0	3	27.3	4	17.4		-		•	•	•	4	23.5
Doesn't work	1	50.0	•	-	1	7.6		-	•		•	-	1	5.9
No insurance	-	-	1	9.1	1	7.6		-	-	-	•	-	1	5.9
Bad reaction		•	4	36.4	4	28.6		•	-	• '	•	-	4	23.5
Don't know		-	-	-		-	1	50.0		-	1	25.0	1	5.9
Missing	-	•	2	18.2	2	15.4	1	50.0	2	100.0	3	75.0	5	29.4

Table 62
During The Past Week Have You Used Any Of The Following Substances?

		N	letroj Ar	oolitan ea					Gre: Minn				Tot	al
	Ma N=		Fem N=		To: N=		M: N= N	- 1	Fen N=		To N= N		N=1 N	114
Cigarettes	21	84.0	28	57.1	49	66.2	13	68.4	13	61.9	26	65.0	75	65.8
Alcohol (beer, wine, hard liquor)	9	36.0	16	32.7	25	33.8	5	26.3	4	19.0	9	22.5	34	29.8
Marijuana (reefer, hash, THC, pot)	13	52.0	18	36.7	31	41.9	6	31.6	2	9.5	8	20.0	39	34.2
Inhalants (glue, amyl nitrite, poppers, aerosol sprays)	-	•	1	2.0	1	1.4	•	-	•	•		-	1	.9
Crack cocaine	•	•	3	6.1	3	4.1	•	•	•	-	•	•	3	2.6
Other cocaine		•	1	2.0	1	1.4	1	5.3	•	•	1	2.5	2	1.8
Hallucinogens (LSD, PCP, peyote, mescaline, ecstasy)	4	16.0	5	10.2	9	12.2	1	5.3			1	2.5	10	8.8
Heroin		•		•	-			•	-	•	-	•		•
Other stimulants (amphetamines, speed, ice, uppers, Preludin)	3	12.0	2	4.1	5	6.8	2	10.5	1	4.8	3	7.5	8	7.0
Sedatives (barbiturates, sleeping pills, Seconal, downers)	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7		-	-			······································	2	1.8
Tranquilizers (Librium, Valium, benzodiazepine)						•				-				
Pain killers (Darvon, Demerol, Tylenol #3, Vicodin, Percocet)	4	16.0	8	16.3	12	16.2	1	5.3			1	2.5	13	11.4
Other			1	2.0	1	1.4	1	5.3			1	2.5	2	1.8

Table 62-A
If Other, Please Specify:

		1	Metroj Ar		1				Gre Minn				To	tal
	N=	ale =25	Fen N=	49	To N=	74	N=	ale :19	N=		To N=	4 0	N=	
	N	<u>%</u> _	N	%	N	%	N -	%	N_	<u> </u>	N	<u>%</u>	N	% _
Anti-depressants		•	1	2.0	1	1.4	-	•	•	•		•	1	.9
Muscle relaxers		•				•	1	5.3		•	1	2.5	1	.9



Table 63
Do You Consider Yourself To Be Chemically Dependent?

		ľ		politan rea						ater iesota			To	otal
	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	N	%
Yes	5	20.0	9	18.4	14	18.9	5	26.3	3	14.3	8	20.0	22	19.3
No	19	76.0	38	77.6	57	77.0	13	68.4	17	81.0	30	75.0	87	76.3
Don't know	1	4.0	2	4.1	3	4.1	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	5	4.4
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 64
Have You Ever Been Treated In An Outpatient
Alcohol Or Drug Treatment Program?

		N		politar rea	ı			-		ater iesota			To	otal
	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%_
Yes	3	12.0	2	4.1	5	6.8	7	36.8	2	9.5	9	22.5	14	12.3
No	22	88.0	47	95.9	69	93.2	12	63.2	19	90.5	31	77.5	100	87.7
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 65
Have You Ever Been Admitted To A Detox Center?

		Ŋ		politan rea	l			_		eater nesota			To	otal
	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	3	12.0	3	6.1	6	8.1	5	26.3	-	-	5	12.5	11	9.6
No	22	88.0	46	93.9	68	91.9	14	73.7	21	100.0	35	87.5	103	90.4
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 65-A
If Admitted To Detox, Approximately How Many Times?

		<u> </u>	•	politar ea	ì				Gre Minn	ater esota			To	tal
	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	% _
1	2	66.7	2	66.7	4	66.7	3	60.0	•	•	3	60.0	7	63.6
2		•	1	33.3	1	16.7		-	-	-		•	1	9.1
3	1	33.3	-	•	1	16.7	. 1	20.0	-	-	1	20.0	2	18.2
Missing		-	-		•		1	20.0	•	•	1	20.0	1	9.1
Total	3	100.0	3	100.0	6	100.0	5	100.0			5	100.0	11	100.0

Table 66
Have You Ever Had Problems With Money, Housing
Or Jobs Because Of Drug Or Alcohol Use?

-		N		politar rea	1					ater iesota			To	otal
	M.	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	N	%
Yes	5	20.0	4	8.2	9	12.2	3	15.8	-	-	3	7.5	12	10.5
No	18	72.0	38	77.6	56	75.7	15	78.9	21	100.0	36	90.0	92	80.7
Missing	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.2	1	5.3	•	-	1	2.5	10	8.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 67
Have You Ever Sought Help For Problems Related To Drugs Or Alcohol?

		N		politar rea	1					ater esota			То	otal
	M N	ale %	Fen N	naie %	To N	tal %	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	3	12.0	3	6.1	6	8.1	5	26.3	3	14.3	8	20.0	14	12.3
No	20	80.0	39	79.6	59	79.7	13	68.4	18	85.7	31	77.5	90	78.9
Missing	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.2	1	5.3	•		1	2.5	10	8.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 67-A
For Those Who Sought Help For Problems Related To
Drugs or Alcohol, Did You Receive Help?

		· N		politar rea	1					ater iesota			To	tal
	1	ale =3		nale =3		otal =6		ale =5		nale =3		tal =8	N=	=14
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	<u>%</u>
Yes	3	100.0	2	66.7	5	83.3	5	100.0	2	66.7	7	87.5	12	85.7
No		-	1	33.3	1	16.7	-	•	1	33.3	1	12.5	2	14.3
Total	3	100.0	3	100.0	6	100.0	5	100.0	3	100.0	8	100.0	14	100.0



Table 68
Did Anyone In Your Immediate Family Have
Problems With Drugs Or Alcohol?

		Ŋ		politar rea	1					ater nesota			To	otal
	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %_	N	%
Yes	13	52.0	29	59.2	42	56.8	16	84.2	17	81.0	33	82.5	75	65.8
No	10	40.0	13	26.5	.53	31.1	2	10.5	4	19.0	6	15.0	29	25.4
Missing	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.2	1	5.3	•	•	1	2.5	10	8.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 68-A
If Respondent's Family Member Had Problems With
Drugs Or Alcohol, Who Was This Family Member?*

		N		politar rea	1				Gre Minn				То	tal
	M: N= N	ale :26 %		nale =49 %	To N=		M: N= N		Fen N=			tal =40 %	N=	114 %
Parent(s)	13	52.0	27	55.1	40	54.1	13	68.4	13	61.9	26	65.0	66	57.9
Sibling	1	4.0	7	14.3	8	10.8	4	21.0	6	28.6	10	25.0	18	15.8
Other Relative	6	24.0	14	28.6	20	27.0	8	42.1	13	61.9	21	52.5	51	36.0

* Some respondents listed multiple family members.



Table 69
Were You Ever Physically Mistreated As A Child or Youth?

		ľ		politar rea	1					ater nesota			To	otal
	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	9	36.0	29	59.2	38	51.4	10	52.6	13	61.9	23	57.5	61	53.5
No	16	64.0	20	40.8	36	48.6	9	47.4	8	38.1	17	42.5	53	46.5
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 70
Were You Ever Sexually Mistreated As A Child Or Youth?

		N		politar rea	1					ater lesota			To	otal
	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %_	To N	otal %	M N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	2	8.0	26	53.1	28	37.8	1	5.3	9	42.9	10	25.0	38	33.3
No	23	92.0	23	46.9	46	62.2	18	94.7	12	57.1	30	75.0	76	66.7
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0



Table 71

During Anytime In The Past 12 Months Have You Been In A Relationship With Someone Who Hit You, Slapped You Or Pushed You Around Or Threatened To Do So?

		Ŋ		politan rea	1					ater iesota			To	tal
	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	6	24.0	28	57.1	34	45.9	2	10.5	6	28.6	8	20.0	42	36.8
No	18	72.0	20	40.8	38	51.4	17	89.5	15	71.4	32	80.0	70	61.4
Missing	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7	٠	-	•	•	•	-	2	1.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 72

During The Past 12 Months Have You Had To Seek Health Care
Because Of An Injury Or Illness Resulting From Violence?

		N		politan ea						ater esota			То	tal
	Ma N	ile %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	3	12.0	12	24.5	15	20.3	3	15.8	4	19.0	7	17.5	22	19.3
No	21	84.0	:16	73.5	57	77.0	16	84.2	17	81.0	33	82.5	90	78.9
Missing	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7	•	-	•	-	•	•	2	1.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 73

Have You Ever Been Physically Attacked Or Beaten
Since You Have Been Without A Regular Place To Stay?

		N		politan rea						ater esota			То	tal
	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N_	%
Yes	9	36.0	16	32.7	25	33.8	3	15.8	4	19.0	7	17.5	32	28.1
No	14	56.0	26	53.1	40	54.1	15	78.9	17	81.0	32	80.0	72	63.2
Missing	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.2	1	5.3	-	•	1	2.5	10	8.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0



Table 74

Have You Ever Been Sexual With Someone Only For The Purpose of Getting Shelter, Clothing, Food Or Other Things?

		N		politar rea	1			·		ater iesota			To	otal
	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %_	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %_	N	%
Yes	2	8.0	6	12.2	8	10.8	2	10.5	1	4.8	3	7.5	11	9.6
No	21	84.0	36	73.5	57	77.0	16	84.2	20	95.2	36	90.0	93	81.6
Missing	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.2	1	5.3	•	-	1	2.5	10	8.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 75
Have You Ever Been Told By An Adult Or Another Youth How You Could Make Money By Dancing, Stripping, Working In Saunas, Phone Sex, Or Dating Adults?

				politar rea	1					ater iesota			To	otal
	M	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	7	28.0	20	40.8	27	36.5	1	5.3	3	14.3	4	10.0	31	27.2
No	16	64.0	22	44.9	38	51.4	17	89.5	18	85.7	35	87.5	73	64.0
Missing	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.2	1	5.3	•	-	1	2.5	10	8.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 75-A
Have You Done Any Of These?

		N		politar rea	1					ater resota			То	tal
	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	otal %	M N	ale %	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Yes	3	12.0	5	10.2	8	10.8		-	•	-	•	•	8	7.0
No	3	12.0	12	24.5	15	20.3	1	5.3	3	14.3	4	10.0	19	16.7
Missing	1	4.0	3	6.1	4	5.4	-	-	•	•	•	-	4	3.5
Not Applicable	18	72.0	29	59.2	47	63.5	18	94.7	18	85.7	36	90.0	83	72.8
Total	25	100.0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0



Table 76
How Long Has It Been Since You Have Had Contact With
Any Of Your Family Or Relatives?

		1		politar rea	ì					ater iesota			To	ital
	N N	Tale	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	M N	ale %	Fer N	nale %	To N	tal %	N	%
Less than 1 month	18	72.0	40	81.6	58	78.4	16	84.2	19	90.5	35	87.5	93	81.6
One month to 1 year	4	32.0	7	14.3	11	14.9	3	15.8	2	9.5	5	12.5	16	14.0
One year or more	2	8.0	2	4.1	4	5.4		-	-	-	•	-	4	3.5
Don't know	1	4.0	-	•	1	1.4	-	•	•	-	•	-	1	.9
Total	25	100,0	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0

Table 77
How Many Ciose Friends Do You Have Regular Contact With?

			N		politan ea	ì					ater iesota			To	tal
	N N	lale	*	Fen N	nale %	To N	tal %	M	ale %	Fen N	nale %_	To N	tal %	N	%
None	3	1	12.0	10	20.4	13	17.6	5	26.3	3	14.3	8	20.0	21	18.4
One to three	7	2	28.0	23	46.9	30	40.5	5	26.3	4	19.0	9	22.5	39	34.2
Four to six	6	2	24.0	8	16.3	14	18.9	5	26.3	7	33.3	12	30.0	26	22.8
Seven to ten	3	•••••	12.0	7	14.3	10	13.5	2	10.5	6	28.6	8	20.0	18	15.8
More than ten	6	2	24.0	1	2.0	7	9.5	2	10.5	1	5.8	3	7.5	10	8.8
Missing	-			-	-	-		-	•	-	-	•			•
Total	25	10	0.00	49	100.0	74	100.0	19	100.0	21	100.0	40	100.0	114	100.0
Mean		10.4		3.	.3	5	.7	4	.1	6	.0	5	.1	5	.5
Median		5		2	2	2	.5	;	3	į	5	4	.5	;	3

Table 78
What Are Your Main Needs, Other Than Housing?*

		N	letroj Ar	oolitan ea	 [Gre Minn				То	tal
	M: N=		Fen N=		To N=		M: N=	19	Fen N=	21	To N=	40	N=	
	N	%	<u> </u>	<u>%</u>	<u>N</u> _	%	<u>N</u>	%	N	%	<u> </u>	<u>*</u>	N_	<u> %</u>
Necessities (food and clothing)	10	40.0	16	32.7	26	35.1	4	21.1	6	28.6	10	15.0	36	31.6
Financial help	8	32.0	16	32.7	24	32.4	3	15.8	7	33.3	10	25.0	34	29.8
Employment related	7	28.0	13	26.5	20	27.0	5	26.3	7	33.3	12	30.0	32	28.1
School training	7	28.0	14	28.6	21	28.4	3	15.8	6	28.6	9	22.5	30	26.3
Medical/dental	2	8.0	10	20.4	12	16.2	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	14	12.3
Material needs	3	12.0	5	10.2	8	10.8	1	5.3	2	9.5	3	7.5	11	9.6
Miscellaneous	2	8.0	1	2.0	3	4.1	3	15.8	4	19.0	7	17.5	10	8.8
Transportation	1	4.0	4	8.2	5	6.8	1	5.3	4	19.0	5	12.5	10	8.8
Interpersonal needs	3	12.0	4	8.2	7.	9.5	.	-	1	4.8	1	2.5	8	7.0
Mental health	-	-	2	4.1	2	2.7	1	5.3	2	9.5	3	7.5	5	4.4
Improve life	1	4.0	2	4.1	3	4.1	2	10.5	-	•	2	5.0	5	4.4
Affordable housing	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7	1	5.3	2	9.5	3	7.5	5	4.4
Child care	-	-	4	8.2	4	5.4		-	.	-		-	4	3.5
Intimate partner	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7	•	-	•	-	-	-	2	1.8

Respondents could list up to 3 needs.



Table 79
What Are Your Most Important Strengths Or Assets?

		N		politan ea	1				Gre Minn	ater esota			То	tal
		ale =25	N=	nale =49		74	M: N=	:19	Fen N=	21	To N=	40	N=:	
	N _	%	N	%	N	*	N	<u>%</u>	<u> </u>	%	<u> </u>	_*	N	<u>%</u>
Personal ambition	6	24.0	23	46.9	29	39.2	4	21.1	11	52.4	15	37.5	44	38.6
Interpersonal skills	7	28.0	10	20.4	17	23.0	7	36.8	11	52.4	18	45.0	35	30.7
Survival skills	8	32.0	7	14.3	15	20.3	4	21.1	7	33.3	11	27.5	26	22.8
Personal attributes	6	24.0	7	14.3	13	17.6	6	31.6	2	9.5	8	20.0	21	18.4
Parenting	-	-	9	18.4	9	12.2		-	1	4.8	1	2.5	10	8.8
Creative outlets	2	8.0	3	6.1	5	6.8	2	10.5	2	9.5	4	10.0	9	7.9
Other	4	16.0	3	6.1	7	9.5	1	5.3	•	-	1	2.5	8	7.0
Education	1	4.0	4	8.2	5	6.8	1	5.3	2	9.5	3	7.5	8	7.0
Social network	2	8.0	3	6.1	5	6.8	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	7	6.1
Caring for others	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7	·	-	1	4.8	1	2.5	3	2.6
Coping mechanisms		-	1	2.0	1	1.4	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	3	2.6
Don't know	-	-		-	-	-	2	10.5		-	2	5.0	2	1.8
None	-	-		-	.	-		-	1	4.8	1	2.5	1	.9



Table 79 - Detail What Are Your Most Important Strengths Or Assets?

	Metropolitan Area					Greater Minnesota							Total	
	N=	Male Female N=25 N=49 N % N %		49	Total N=74 N %		Male N=19 N %		Female N=21 N %		Total N=40 N %		N=114 N %	
Personal Amibtion:	\	-~+		~										
Good attitude	3	12.0	11	22.4	14	18.9	2	10.5	5	23.8	7	17.5	21	18.4
Motivated			7	14.3	7	9.5	1	5.3	6	28.6	7	17.5	14	12.3
Hard worker	3	12.0	4	8.2	7	9.5			2	9.5	2	5.0	9	7.9
		12.5	5	10.2	5	6.8	2	10.5	_		2	5.0	7	6.1
Hope for the future			5	10.2	5		-	10.5	•					
Trying to get things straightened out			2	4.1	2	2.7	٠	•	1	4.8	1	2.5	3	2.6
Interpersonal Skills:			••••••••	••••••					••••••					•
Get along well with others	4	16.0	3	6.1	7	9.5	5	26.3	7	33.3	12	30.0	19	16.
Nice/friendly	2	8.0	7	14.3	9	12.2	1	5.3	5	23.8	6	15.0	15	13.
Good listener	1	4.0	•	•	1	1.4	1	5.3	•	•	1	2.5	2	1.
Good first impressions				-	-	•	1	5.3	•	•	1	2.5	1	
Survival Skills:			•••••	•••••••		•••••		••••••	••••••	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			•••••••	•••••
Streetwise	6	24.0	5	10.2	11	14.9	2	10.5	7	33.3	9	22.5	20	17.
Self-control		•		•			2	10.5		•	2	5.0	2	1.
Good coping skills			2	4.1	2	2.7				•			2	1
Stay to myself	1	4.0		-	1	1.4						•	1	
The fact I am alive	1	4.0			1	1.4				-	-	•	1	
Personal Attributes:		•••••		••••••		•••••	 	••••••		•••••••	†······	••••••		•••••
My mind	3	12.0	3	6.1	6	8.1	5	26.3	1	4.8	6	15.0	12	10
Sense of humor	2	8.0	1	2.0	3	4.1	3	15.8	1	4.8	4	10.0	7	6
My personality	1	4.0	4	8.2	5	6.8				•	-		5	4
Parenting:					 	••••••	-	••••••		••••••	·	••••••	 	••••••
My baby			9	18.4	9	12.2	·	•		•		•	9	7
I am a good mother	.			•					1	4.8	1	2.5	1	
Creative Outlets:		•••••	·		-	•••••	 	•••••	·	•••••••••••		•••••		•••••
: Artists	1	4.0	3	6.1	4	5.4	۱ <u> </u> ۱	•	2	9.5	2	5.0	6	,
Sports	1	4.0			. 1	1.4	1 2	10.5			- 2	5.0	3	:

Table 79 - Detail (Continued) What Are Your Most Important Strengths Or Assets?

	T	Metropolitan Area					Greater Minnesota							Total	
	Ma N= N		Fem N= N		Tot N='			9	Female N=21 N %		Total N=40 N %		N=114 N %		
Other:			_									1			
My boy/girlfriend	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7	-	-	•	-	•		2	1.8	
I can sell drugs	2	8.0	•	•	2	2.7	•	-	•	-	•	·	2	1.8	
Pet	-	-	1	2.0	1	1.4	•		•	-	•	- }	1	.9	
Have job skills		-	1	2.0	1	1.4	•	-	•	-	•	-	1	.9	
Good with mechical things	1	4.0	•	-	1	1.4	•	-	•	-	•	-	1	.9	
Architectural skills		•	•	•	•	-	1	5.3	•	-	1	2.5	1	.9	
My independence	-	-	1	2.0	1	1.4		-	-		•	-	1	.9	
Education:					_			•••••	············	٥٤	2	5.0	7	6.1	
Go to school	1	4.0	4	8.2	5	6.8	-	-	2	9.5	. 2		,		
Good at math		•	-	•		-	1	5.3	•	-	1	2.5	1	.9	
Social Networks:		•••••••		•••••		•••••									
Have resources/people that help	1	4.0	3	6.1	4	5.4		-	1	4.8	1	2.5	5	4.4	
Hang with good people	1	4.0			1	1.4	1	5.3	-	-	1	2.5	2	1.8	
Caring for Others:			ļ	••••••		••••••	 	••••••		••••••	}	••••••			
Take care of grandmother	1	4.0	1	2.0	2	2.7		•	•	•	-	•	2	1.8	
Good with kids		-		•	-	-		-	1	4.8	1	2.5	1	.9	
Coping Mechanism:		••••••	-	•••••		••••••						F ^			
Sleep	-	•		•		•	1	5.3	1	4.8	2	5.0	2	1.8	
Alcohol	.		. 1	2.0	1	1.4	-	•		-	-	•	1	.9	
TV								•	í	4.8	1	2.5	1		
Don't know:					-		2	10.5		•	2	5.0		1.8	
None:] .						· <u>l </u>		1	4.8	1_1_	2.5	1_1		



APPENDIX I RESEARCH SITES



YOUTH SHELTERED SITES

YOUTH NON-SHELTERED SITES

Region 1: Northeast (N=11)	Region 1: Northeast (N=6)								
LSS Bethany	Life House, drop-in								
Life House	Duluth, street locations								
ITASKIN	Area 2: Northwest (N=1)								
Area 2: Northwest (N=9)	Youth Works, street locations								
Evergreen House	Area 3: Central (N=8)								
April Shelter	Brainard, street locations								
Region 4: Metro (Minneapolis) (N=24)	Area 4: Metro (Minneapolis) (N=37)								
LSS Phoenix Apts.	Project Offstreets, drop-in								
The Bridge	Frameworks								
People Serving People	Project Solo								
Four-Ten, Inc.	Central, street locations								
Home Free	Downtown, street locations								
B. Robert Lewis House	Uptown, street locations								
Central Community Housing Trust	Region 4: Metro (St. Paul) (N=5)								
Project Solo Transitional	Safe Zone								
Region 4: Metro (St. Paul) (N=3)	Region 4: Other Metro (N=2)								
Arlington House	Teens Alone								
Casa de Esperanze	Region 6: Southeast (N=5)								
Region 4: Other Metro (N=3)	Rochester, street locations								
B. Robert Lewis House									
Home Free									

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