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ABSTRACT

A comprehensive guide to parenting resources in Montgomery County (Maryland), this publication is divided into four chapters. "Getting more involved with your child" focuses on communication, inexpensive ways to have fun, parent involvement techniques, and suggested party tips with information about the legal consequences of serving alcohol to minors. "Raising a Drug-Free child" discusses how to teach your child skills for resisting drugs and alcohol, including how to use your "parent power" and "teachable moments." "How to get your child the help he or she needs" tells how to recognize signs of drug use and what to do if your child is high, stoned, or drunk. Treatment programs and other assistance are identified. The final chapter, "Where to find the help you need" has specific referrals for crisis situations, health matters, and other services for families. Each chapter offers advice on child rearing followed immediately by a listing of related community resources from YMCA classes to local events to local parent newsletters. (JBJ)



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The Parent Resource Guide from



Montgomery County Community Partnership

he Partnership is a network of people, groups, and organizations in Montgomery County who are joining together to reduce problems related to alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs.

Community problems demand community solutions. As a member of the Partnership, you will learn more about the problems, have opportunities to network with others, help mobilize resources for solving community problems, and be a positive role model.

The Partnership seeks to involve all segments of the community in prevention. This includes all ethnic groups, genders, ages, and institutions.

To reach out to all members of the community, the Partnership invites concerned persons to become involved with various Action Groups. These groups identify the key prevention issues and strategies. Working with others, they initiate awareness efforts, events, and programs.

Organizations and individuals become involved for many reasons:

- To benefit from the exchange of information, networking, sharing resources, receiving skills training, and experience in using those skills.
- To collaborate with other organizations and individuals.
- To be part of a county-wide effort to reduce alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs, as well as a national movement to build healthy communities.

Join us! Call or write:

Montgomery County Community Partnership 4915 Aspen Hill Road, Rm. #7 Rockville, Maryland 20853 Phone: (301) 929-8550



Parent Resource Guide

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Chapter I:

Getting more involved with your child

Families, Kids and Communication

There is no "normal" family. All parents make "mistakes" or do or say the "wrong thing: "This is especially true when periods of stress, crisis, or transitions from one stage (such as childhood to adolescence) to another occur. Families then need to strive to find new ways of coping, new rules, and new relationships with each other.

Characteristics which are important in coping are:

Flexibility:

Ready capability to adapt to new, different or

changing requirements

Values:

Values about life. rights of others, personal

responsibility. loving, caring are communicated consistently by parents and other concerned adults.

Authority:

Children can predict what will happen in their lives -

parents establish reasonable expectations and guidelines for their children and reasonable ways of

exerting authority.

Communication:

Effective communication is marked by careful and open listening, the ability to accept reasonable

feelings of one another, respect for confidentiality, fairness, an ability to disagree and seek alternative solutions, and an ability to disclose personal

feelings.

Caring:

Caring is often affectionate, warm and empathic (i.e.

hugs, an expression of love). Care can also be tough, strong and demanding (i.e. rules, expectations,

punishment, and consequences).

When families are unable to find successful ways to work out problems, communication in the family breaks down, issues of trust become paramount and family rules for conduct and behavior become stretched and



tested. For many adolescents, the family and parents become a threat to

their struggle for independence and autonomy.

Reasonable efforts to establish rules become overturned by a game of "one-upmanship" between parents and children. Sides are drawn: frustration escalates. Experimentation with alcohol and other drugs may be used by the adolescent as an act of defiance. They may also be used by parents as a way of coping.

Where do kids get drugs or alcohol? From your own liquor cabinet; from old prescriptions left in your medicine cabinet; from older peers, brothers, sisters, dealers or parents. They may also purchase over the counter drugs

such as diet pills, cough medicine and other drugs.

What happens to the family characteristics?

Flexibility:

is replaced by rigidity.

Values:

Values of parents and values of children become a battlefield. In an effort to assert autonomy and independence, children may take extreme measures.

Authority:

Authority no longer holds. Parents lose reasonable controls. The assumption of control by kids becomes marked by manipulation. Patterns of predictability fall apart. Each event becomes a source of tensions.

Communication: Communication becomes increasingly negative. Frustration and anger escalate. Trust becomes replaced by accusation. In an effort to survive. parents and children isolate themselves from each other. The ability to disclose personal feelings becomes too difficult to risk. Fear of being "hurt" becomes the guiding rule.

Caring:

When frustration and anger lead to the point of "not caring", effective solutions to problems between parents and children are elusive--frequently. solutions cannot be found.

Being a parent is one of the most important jobs anyone can have. However, it is also one of the only jobs you are expected to do without any training or preparation. Schools don't provide "parenting classes" or B.A.'s in Parenting. Help is available if you find yourself in a situation that is unfamiliar. Preparing yourself for some of these natural changes can help you avoid problems later. Realize that transitions will occur and keep in mind your own feelings as an adolescent. With open communication, understanding and a lot of patience, you too can survive being a parent.

Resources: Fun

Adventure Theater. Glen Echo Park

320-5331

Year-round theatrical productions for children. performed at Glen Echo Park and in schools.

Aquatics Program, Montgomery County Recreation Department

217-6840

Three indoor pools and four outdoor pools in the county.

Brookside Gardens

929-6509

Large greenhouse and extensive gardens. Open all year.

Brookside Nature Center

946-9071

Nature programs for all ages, including live animal displays and nature trails.

Drawing the Line Under-21 Activity Calendar

The calendar contains alcohol and other drug-free activities happening around the county. Calendar is distributed monthly to public high schools and libraries. For information about activities call 929-8550, ext. 3009 (The Partnership's Prevention Resource Center). For information about the Drawing the Line campaign to reduce underage drinking, call 217-1123.

Glen Echo Park

492-6282 Offers art classes, a carousel, dances and dance lessons, play and other events for children.

McCrillis Gardens and Gallery

217-6880 (Rec. Dept. recording)

Five-acre garden with 750 varieties of azaleas. 300 varieties of rhododendrons, and an art gallery.

Montgomery County Department of Recreation Community Centers

These centers offer activities for children, teens, and adults.

Bauer Drive Community Center, Rockville	468-4015
Clara Barton Community Center, Cabin John	229-0011
Good Hope Community Center, Silver Spring	989-1210
Leland Community Center, Chevy Chase	652-2249
Longwood Community Center, Brookeville	570-1200
Plum Gar Community Center, Germantown	601-0966
Potomac Community Center, Potomac	983-4471
Rosemary Hills Community Center, Silver Spring	565-7308
Ross J. Boddy Community Center, Sandy Spring	570-1204
Scotland Community Center, Potomac	983-4455
Upcounty Community Center, Gaithersburg	840-2469
Wheaton Center, Wheaton	949-5690

Montgomery County Youth Orchestras Association

Three youth orchestras schedule a concert season. For students in fourth through twelfth grades.

National Capital Trolley Museum

384-6088

Collection of antique trolleys, trams, and streetcars.

Olney Theater

924-3400

Many plays are offered that are appropriate for families: staff will give information about age range suggested for each play. Acorn Family Project offers performances geared to ages 4 and up.

Rockville City Department of Recreation and Parks

309-3340

Provides a swim center (309-3040), a golf course, a sports and athletic program, a teen club, day care program, performing arts, summer day camps and playground programs, and a variety of classes for adults, teens, and children. Open to residents of the City of Rockville and county residents.

Round House Theater

933-1644

Plays for adults and children. Trains children, teens, and adults in performing arts. Traveling educational productions for children deal with issues such as prejudice and alcohol and drug use prevention and are performed in schools.

School for the Performing and Visual Arts, Jewish Community Center

Dance, theater, music, and art classes for children and adolescents.

Strathmore Hall Arts Center

530-0540

Art shows, special events, concert series, and a resource guide to the arts in Montgomery County.

YMCAs of Montgomery County

Classes for all ages including sports and summer camp.

Bethesda-Chevy Chase YMCA:

530-3725

Silver Spring YMCA:

585-2120

Upper Montgomery County YMCA:

948-9622

Parent Involvement Principles

Athletic events - Show support for your child by attending his/her games. If he or she is not on a team, enhance your parent-child time and show school support by attending events anyway.

Attendance - Make sure your child attends school regularly and is on time. If your child is not in school, they cannot learn from the teacher. Special provisions can be arranged for children with chronic illnesses.



- **Availability** Be available to listen to your child read, guide them through their homework, listen and talk. Spend time with your child at all stages of schooling; keeping the lines of communication open.
- **Basic necessities** Be sure your child eats a balanced diet and comes to school well fed in clean clothes on a clean body.
- **Board meeting attendance** Attend at least one Board meeting each year. Board members represent you and the community. Public participation is encouraged at meetings so take the opportunity to express your concerns. Remember the line of command for voicing specific complaints is teacher, principal, central office, then the Board.
- **Booster clubs (music, athletic, etc.)** Donate your time and money to one of the variety of booster clubs helping support your child's activities at school.
- **Chaperone** Be available as a chaperone for field trips, school dances, or other activities involving your child.
- **Chauffeur** Take advantage of the time you spend driving your child to and from events to develop a special relationship with him or her. Look at this major consumption of time as an opportunity rather than a drudgery.
- **Chores** Give your child responsibilities at home. Children who have everything done for them at home often go into shock at school when the teacher cannot or will not do for them what they are capable of doing for themselves.
- **Class volunteer** Volunteer to work specifically for your child's class. If you don't know what you can do to help, just ask your child's teacher what you can do. The task might be as simple as saving milk cartons for a class project, but the teacher is sure to be grateful.
- **Clinic volunteer** Volunteer to staff your school's clinic. This may require getting training in first aid, but the training can be invaluable to you as a parent.
- **Conferences** Make time to attend parent-teacher conferences. While this is often difficult, the sacrifice is well worth the effort. Also, don't hesitate to call your child's teacher any time during the school year.
- **Enriching activities** Make available to your child outside activities that complement his or her unique qualities and contribute to his/her total development. Examples of these activities are lessons in dance, gymnastics, music and/or.art.
- **Extracurricular activities** Encourage your child to get involved in extracurricular school activities. Many of life's important lessons are learned on a team or in an independent sport in which self-discipline is mastered.



- **Family rules** Make sure that your rules are explicit and understood. Knowing the boundaries gives a child a sense of security. Make sure that rules are reasonable and compatible with your child's developmental level and that discipline is appropriate, consistent, and **never** abusive.
- **Festival support** Help at your elementary school's festival. It's fun and a good way to meet other parents. If you can't staff a booth or be present, you can still help by providing a bake-sale or craft item.
- **Handbook** Read and review with your child the rules and procedures listed in your school's student and parent handbooks.
- **Homeroom parent** Volunteer to serve, or at least be available when needed, as a homeroom parent to assist the teacher with various activities.
- **Homework** Provide a designated time and place for your child to complete his/her homework. Be available to answer questions and provide assistance and guidance, but **never** do the homework for your child.
- **Menu review** Evaluate the school menu and discuss proper food choices with your child. Proper diet is an important health factor. Provide a packed lunch if necessary to insure proper nutrition.
- Morals/values training Teach specific morals and values to your child. Assume that this is one of your responsibilities as a parent. Many of the most important morals and values are based upon religious principles that cannot be taught independently of religion. A public school teacher is forbidden to talk about religion, and rightly so since most parents would not want a teacher to instill his/her religious views on their children.
- **Open house** Attend your child's annual school open house. Teachers find out early in the year which parents are going to be involved by noting who attends these meetings. It's important for you to be there to let your child's teacher know you are interested in your child's education and want to be involved.
- Parent/Teacher Organization (PTO) membership Join the PTO at your school, as a bare minimum. Your name on the membership roles shows concern and support for the school. Ideally, you should get directly involved to have an effect on your school. The PTO provides a chance to work directly with the staff and administration in an informal setting.
- **Permanent record** Make an appointment with the principal at least once during your child's school experience to find out what is in your child's permanent record. (Both custodial and noncustodial parents have access to records.) You may petition to have entries removed it you consider them detrimental to your child.



- **Program attendance** Attend all school programs in which your child participates, or send another significant adult in your place if you cannot attend. Children are proud of their accomplishments and enjoy sharing them not only with their parents, but also with extended family members, such as grandparents, aunts and uncles.
- Progress report check Check in the student-parent handbook to determine if and when progress reports are available between grading periods. Knowing when to expect these and whether they are to be hand delivered by your child or mailed can help you keep tabs on your child's progress and encourage him or her to improve a grade while there is still time. Take action if your child is consistently having difficulty with homework or expresses concern about a class. Communicate with the school staff and your child.
- **Rules awareness** Become familiar with all school rules, including those for the bus, the classroom, and the school in general. If you are not routinely given these, ask for them.
- **Sales campaigns** Almost every school conducts fund-raising campaigns. If you do not want your child to participate, consider making a donation to the cause. Heartily support the effort if you can,
- **School calendar** Secure a copy of the school calendar, which lists dates school begins and ends and vacation times. Plan family activities accordingly with an emphasis on maximum school attendance.
- **Sex education** Sex education cannot be adequately taught without morals training, which falls within the family's area of responsibility.
- **Teacher appreciation** Give your child's teacher an encouraging phone call or personal note. Teachers are often with students for longer periods of time than almost any other adult, yet parents routinely call them only when something goes wrong. You can prevent many problems by keeping in touch and letting the teacher know periodically how you feel about your child's progress.
- **Telephone conferences** Take advantage of the time schools have built into the regular work day for teachers to have personal conferences with parents by telephone. Remember, however, that your child's teacher needs time outside of the classroom to prepare lessons. Try not to monopolize his or her time.
- **Textbook review** Know the content of your child's textbooks. It can set the curriculum; so if you have concerns, talk with your child's teacher.
- **Vote** Be sure to register and to vote for school levies. Schools are supported by public tax dollars that are approved by voters in the community. Roughly 70% of the people in any community do not have children in school.



Resources:

Parenting Classes for Strengthening Families

Family Education Network

888-1020 (toll-free number dialed directly)

Parenting and marriage enrichment classes in Rockville, Kensington, and Silver Spring.

Family Support Center

718-2467

Workshops and ongoing support groups for parents and adolescents.

Head Start

230-0676

Parent support and guidelines for parents of preschool children.

Jewish Social Service Agency

881-3700

Variety of classes and support groups for parents, children, and adolescents.

Living Room Learning, Dept. of Family Resources (Frankie Engelking) 217-1100

A small group of parents and their adolescent children meet in the home of one of the families to discuss ATOD issues, teen parties, limit setting and other issues of mutual concern.

M.O.M.S. (Mothers Offering Maternal Support), Mental Health Association

424-0656

Support groups for teen mothers.

The Parent Connection, Inc.

320-2321

Community based, non-profit provides classes, information and support.

Parent Education and Responsive Life Skills (P.E.A.R.L.S.)

565-9333

Crittenton Services of Greater Washington offers support groups and workshops which offer knowledge about parenting to pregnant women. Some classes are for teen mothers exclusively.

Parent Education/Family Support Program Montgomery County Public Schools, Dept. of Adult Education 279-3000



Parent Encouragement Program

929-8824

Offers workshops and classes for parents, teachers and counselors.

Parents After Childbirth Education (PACE)

983-9133

Offers classes for parents of infants.

Parent Network, Dept. of Family Resources, Frankie Engelking

217-1100

Parents are trained to organize networking events for other parents in their communities.

Parenting Classes and Parent-Child Classes, Montgomery County Public Schools, Adult Education

929-2025

Five drop-in centers offer parents and young children a chance to play and learn together in a family-friendly environment with the guidance of a parent educator.

Parents Supporting Parents (Mental Health Association of Montgomery County)

424-0656

Classes which teach parents how to access resources and cope with stresses of living with a child with a disability.

Project Family Outreach (Community Psychiatric Center, Inc.)

656-5220

Parent and child discussion groups in areas such as stress management, self esteem, and communication.

Project TEAM

984-5792

Training courses for parents of children with mental, physical, or emotional handicaps.

Working Family Centers

929-2025

Five drop-in centers around the county for parents and toddlers where parents can learn parenting skills.



Suggested Party Tips/Legal Consequences

SUGGESTED PARTY TIPS

When Your Child is Invited To a Party:

Call the host parents and thank them for hosting the party. Offer your assistance with refreshments and/or with supervision. Ask if alcoholic beverages will be served. If you are uncomfortable with their response, you may have to tell your child she/he cannot attend. Don't forget to include transportation arrangements. Know when the party is to begin and when it will end. Make it easy for your child to leave the party if there is any behavior which makes your child feel uncomfortable. Discuss these situations in advance and let your child know it is okay for them to call you or another designated adult, whatever time, for assistance. Make it easy for your child to talk to you when arriving home. Being up and available when your child comes home from a party encourages communication and could alert you to a potential problem.

When Your Child is Having a Party:

Check your child's guest list and party plans. Suggest changes if necessary, but try to be tactful. Set specific beginning and ending times for the party. Consider daytime parties as alternatives to nighttime parties: other party ideas could include; skating, swimming, borrowing a movie from the library, bowling, etc. Set ground rules that are clearly understood by both you and your child in advance. These include:

 No alcohol or other drugs--remember it is illegal to serve alcohol or other drugs to minors, even in a private home. Parents are legally responsible for anything that may happen to a minor who has been served alcohol or other drugs in their home.

No smoking.

No leaving the party and then returning.

Limit the party to a certain area of your house.

 Leave lights on. Try to reconcile your child's plan for the party with your own standards. Don't compromise your standards, but be understanding of your child's feelings.

LEGAL CONSEQUENCES:

Parental Responsibility According to the Law

Did you know that...

Serving Alcohol to Underage Youth

Adults who promote or allow the use of alcoholic beverages on their premises by underage persons face both a criminal and civil liability. If an adult elects to provide or allow the consumption of alcoholic beverages on their premises and the underage person using the alcoholic beverages are not their children, they exposes themself to criminal charges, which could be brought by either parent of the underage person or by law enforcement



officials. Parents whose child is illegally served alcoholic beverages have grounds for a civil suit with good prospects of receiving judgment in their favor. If an adult is convicted of contributing to delinquency or a violation of a minor (a criminal charge), the adult could be fined up to \$2,500.00 and spend up to three years in jail. (The minor need not be convicted or found delinquent for the adult to be held responsible.)

Selling or Buying Alcohol for a Minor

Any person who gives or sells alcoholic beverages to an individual under the age of 21 is subject to a first-time fine of up to \$500.00.

Using False Identification

Any person who presents false proof of age or an I.D. that is not his or her own for the purpose of purchasing an alcohol beverage or gaining entry to a bar where alcohol is sold may:

• receive a civil citation with penalties.

 receive a traffic summons in which you must appear in court and will need legal representation.

• be jailed for up to 2 months and/or fined up to \$500.00.

receive 12 points on your driver's license (12 points and you lose your license!)

Selling, issuing, or offering for sale blank or incorrect age identification cards can result in a \$2,000.00 fine and up to two years in jail for each card sold!

ALSO:

In Montgomery County and in our County Parks

If you are under 18 and are found in possessions of alcohol; are in a car with alcohol: and/or are where alcohol is served you can receive a civil citation. If this occurs, your parents will be notified; you may be fined; and you may be assigned to community service.

If you are 18-20 years old and receive a citation for an alcohol violation you will be required to appear in court. You may also be fined up to \$500.00

for a first offense or \$1,000.00 for a second offense.

If you are a parent and you've cosigned your child's application for a driver's license, you can contact the Motor Vehicle Administration and have the license revoked.

Parents share the responsibility for reversing the current trends in alcohol and drug use among youth. The bottom line is that it is illegal. There are very costly legal consequences to providing alcoholic beverages to minors.



Resources:

Periodicals for Parents

Children's Post

494-7013

Newspaper created by children for children.

El Montgomery

309-0129

Biweekly newspaper in Spanish.

PANDAA

(703) 750-9285

Newsletter published four times a year by Parents Association to Neutralize Drug and Alcohol Abuse.

Parent & Child

924-9338

Magazine published bi-monthly by Parent Communications, Inc.

Parent Care News

294-9338

Published for Montgomery County parents by Parent Care.

Parentline: Parents Supporting Parents

424-0656

Newsletter published quarterly by the Mental Health Association of Montgomery county.

Potomac Children News

656-2133

Magazine for parents and children in D.C., Maryland, and Northern Virginia.

Washington Parent

320-2321

Magazine/newsletter published six times a year by the Parent Connection, Inc.

Raising a Drug-Free child:

How to teach your child skills for resisting drugs and alcohol

As a parent, the best way to deal with and to ensure the safety and healthiness of your child is to tackle the problem of alcohol and other drug abuse before it arises. Communication is the key and it is never too early to start talking. A well informed child is best prepared to fight off the temptation of drugs and alcohol. Below are tips to help prevent substance abuse.

Know The Facts

Children often think they are invincible. Dispel the myths about alcohol and other drug abuse. Know the facts. Alcohol related accidents are the number one cause of death for individuals between the age of fifteen and twenty four. Marijuana is psychologically addictive. Approximately eighty percent of first-time crack users become instantly addicted.

Be Specific

Set specific rules and regulations for your child. Let them know that under no circumstances do you permit the use of drugs and alcohol. Be clear about the consequences for breaking these rules and follow through if they are broken.

Be Consistent

Tell your child that your rules apply wherever the child may be. This means no alcohol use on holidays, at weddings, special occasions or family parties.

Follow Through

Whatever the consequences, make sure you follow through. If your child uses alcohol or drugs and the consequences are set aside or weakened, he or she will interpret that as a lack of seriousness or sincerity.

Set An Example

Children are great imitators. Often they follow the example set by the parent--good or bad. If a child sees a parent abuse drugs or alcohol, they will often follow suit. Parents should know their limit with alcohol and be responsible.

Get Involved

Get involved with your child's life. Know what your kids are doing and who they are doing it with. Encourage healthy activities and talk with your kids. Two-way communication is extremely important.



Resources:

Prevention of Alcohol, Tobacco, and other drug (ATOD) Use/Abuse

Drawing the Line

217-1123

Montgomery County's program designed to reduce the incidence of underage drinking. A monthly calendar listing ATOD-free activities is distributed in public libraries and high schools at the beginning of each month.

Drug-Free Schools of Montgomery County

279-3041

Programs that educate students in grades K-12 and their parents about the dangers of alcohol, tobacco, and other drug use and promote healthy lifestyles and good communication.

Montgomery County Community Partnership

929-8550

This organization's mission is to help create a healthy county by bringing all communities together in partnership to reduce problems related to alcohol and other drug abuse. The Partnership offers community outreach services: training to introduce and implement prevention strategies in the community and workplace setting; and a telephone information and referral service regarding alcohol, tobacco, and other drug abuse prevention and related topics. The Partnership also runs a Prevention Resource Center consisting of over 250 videotapes, 400 books, and pamphlets and posters on ATOD prevention and related topics like parenting and family issues. All segments of the community are encouraged to participate. All services are free.

Mothers Against Drunk Driving (M.A.D.D.)

294-2228

Programs to prevent drinking and driving.

Students Against Driving Drunk (S.A.D.D.)

217-1100

High school program to prevent alcohol and other drug-impaired driving.



Parent Power

Using Teachable Moments

- 1. An important aspect of teaching about drugs is to listen carefully to the child's views.
- 2. Drugs are a part of our society and are all around us: it is the parents' right and responsibility to be active in the drug education of the child.
- 3. Emphasize the immediate negative consequences of substance abuse. Long range risks are of no value in deterring experimentation or use.

4. Dispel the "myth" that everyone is doing it.

5. Teach them "refusal skills." Teach them how to resist the social influences and still be accepted by their peer group. Rehearse situations they may be confronted with and how they can get out of it or delay a decision.

6. Make them aware of advertising techniques that promote the myths

about drugs and alcohol use.

- 7. Stress the fact that drug/alcohol induced "highs" are short-lived and not long-lasting concrete experiences. Highs achieved through hard work and effort are fond memories and can be recreated.
- 8. Parents, share your own personal experiences both negative and positive. Be honest. Let your children know that adolescence is not an easy, fun-loving time. Share with them that it is a time of difficult decisions and explorations.

9. Parents are significant models for their children in all respects including drug use. Children imitate behaviors and learn attitudes about drugs from

important adults in their lives, especially parents.

10. Drinking behaviors are learned through observing and imitating parents, other adults and peers. Some children drink because a) it appears to produce feelings of pleasure and b) because it is a symbol of adulthood to them and they want to be like those adults they look up to.

11. An exchange of views and beliefs is more effective than parental "scare

tactics".

Common Sense Tips

The Prevention Center and members of the Montgomery County Community Partnership would like to encourage you to:

• Know your child's friends as well as their parents.

Know where your children are, and let them know where you are.

- Be aware or ask to be awakened when your children and their friends come home at night.
- Assure your children that they can telephone you to be given a ride home whenever needed without questions and reprisals.
- Call other parents about activities, parental supervision, and make sure there will be no alcohol or other drugs served.
- Be consistent with set curiews on weekdays and weekends.

• Be visible hosts.

• It you suspect any youth to be stoned, high or drunk, call the parents and be willing to provide a ride to protect that youth. Be prepared to call the appropriate law enforcement agency it necessary.

• Take a firm anti-drug/alcohol stand. Children learn by role models.



Resources:

Children's Clubs and Organizations

B'nai B'rith Youth Organization

984-6073

Social, athletic, community service, cultural, leadership and religious programs for Jewish youth in grades 9-12.

Boy Scouts of America

530-9360

Extensive program which teaches skills, leadership, and citizenship to boys from elementary school through high school.

4-H Club

590-9638

Programs and classes for children including communication and practical skills.

Boys and Girls Clubs of Greater Washington

593-4600

Many activities for boys and girls ages 7-17. Also counseling, job referrals and educational assistance.

Camp Fire Boys and Girls

(703) 536-2432

Fun and educational activities for children.

Children's Library

929-5533

Extensive children's book collection.

Girl Scouts of America

(202) 337-4300

Programs for girls in elementary school through high school.

10 Ways to Help Your Child Say "NO"

- 1. Learn the facts and talk to your child about alcohol and other drugs.
- 2. Learn to not only hear what your child is saying, but to listen to what he or she is saying.
- 3. Build self-confidence in your child so he or she will feel good about himself or herself.
- 4. Teach your child strong values.
- 5. Be a good role model or example.
- 6. Help your child deal with peer pressure.
- 7. Know what to do if you suspect a problem.
- 8. Encourage healthy, creative activities.
- 9. Join with other parents or other community organizations, to help create a good school and community environment for your children.
- 10. Create family policies to help your child say "NO".

If you are interested in learning more about the above skills you may contact The Prevention Center at (301) 770-3280, or The Montgomery County Community Partnership (301) 929-8550.



How to get your child the help he or she needs

Please remember that these symptoms do not necessarily mean there is a drug problem. They could be just variations of normal behavior or indicate other health problems. It is impossible to predict exactly how a person will behave while under the influence of drugs (including alcohol). Not all drugs produce similar effects, but overall there are warning signs that may indicate a problem.

In other words, signs are not proof.

Conclusions should be based on fact, not assumption.

Signs of Drug Use

CHANGING PATTERNS OF ...

PERFORMANCE:

- Grades beginning a downward trend--not just C's to F's, but A's to B's and C's.
- Tardiness, skipping classes and a failure to turn in assignments, especially when this is inconsistent with past performance.

APPEARANCE:

- Indifference to hygiene and grooming.
- Bloodshot eyes, dilated pupils, and wearing sunglasses, even when indoors.
- Change in clothing, jewelry and hair styles completely unlike his or her previous style.

BEHAVIOR:

- Changing friends or reluctance to discuss new friends.
- Increasing anger, hostility, irritability, secretiveness.
- Stealing from family and friends.
- Losing interest in activities and hobbies that were once important.
- Reducing motivation, energy, self-discipline, and self-esteem.
- Feeling or appearing depressed over a period of time.
- Rebelliousness against set rules and regulations.
- Argumentativeness and an increased unwillingness to discuss opposing ideas or feelings.
- Isolation.



When a Kid is High or Drunk

What To Do If Your Son or Daughter Comes Home Drunk or Stoned

That Night:

Do Try to remain cool and calm.

Verbally attempt to find out what substance they have ingested and under what circumstances.

If your son or daughter is incoherent and/or quite ill, call a doctor or take them to the emergency room.

Tell them you will talk about this tomorrow.

Send them to bed and check frequently during the night.

Don't Shout at, accuse, or physically abuse your child. All this is quite useless when they are in this condition. (Shouting at, accusing, and physically abusing your child is not useful at ANY time!)

The Next Day:

Do Have them assume responsibility for their actions, including clean-up.

Have a talk with your son or daughter immediately.

If your son or daughter is incoherent and/or quite ill. call a doctor or take them to the emergency room.

Try to find out the circumstances under which they came to use drugs/alcohol, including the people he/she was with.

Let your child know you do not condone this behavior and you will be watching him/her closely in the future.

Establish guidelines for behavior with your son/daughter as well as curfews for going out with friends. | xpect compliance.

Consider with your child alternative activities to avoid repeat exposure to drugs/alcohol.

Don't Have your discussion with your son/daughter if you are too angry to talk about it without losing your temper. Wait until you can discuss it calmly. Don't try to hide the incident from other family members.

Confronting the Drug Issue

Confront the Issue: Be open and honest about your feelings but don't let anger or fear overwhelm your effectiveness in communicating with your child. Very little good comes out of an emotionally charged situation. Take a walk and cool down before considering the best way to respond. Don't confront when your child or you are "high" or drunk - it's just a waste of time. There are healthy and unhealthy ways to respond to a problem. Healthy responses take time, energy and planning.

Don't Minimize and Deny: Sometimes, even in the face of unalterable facts, we as parents, want to believe otherwise. Putting your head in the



sand may be comforting, but it is also counterproductive. Under-reacting is as harmful as over-reacting.

- **Treat the Behavior and Set Standards:** Name calling, scolding, blaming, and threatening can create bitterness. Mutual respect should be safeguarded, especially when serious problems arise.
- **Don't Be Afraid to Set Standards:** One of the comments counselors often hear from adolescents is that parents have not taken a stand at appropriate times. Often they wish parents would say "NO" clearly and firmly. Not taking a stand may lead the adolescents to wonder if their parents really care for them. Failing to carry through with promised consequences is often more damaging than having no consequences at all.
- **For the Time Being, Don't Ask Why:** Sometimes parents are made to feel guilty when problems arise with their children. The home environment is only one of the several forces affecting your child. If you feel guilty, your child can more easily exploit these feelings in order to avoid the real issue. For the time being, work with what's happened rather than why it happened.
- **Ask for Help:** There are many confidential resources available to parents if you'll only ask. They can help you sort out whether there is a serious problem and what you might do about it. You can ask another adult. school counselor, social worker, school psychologist, or professional alcohol or drug counselor for advice.

Collect Information Suspend Judgment Ask for Help and Support

Resources:

HelpLines for Parents (not 24-hour)

(If you are in need of more immediate help, please see the section entitled "In Crisis Situations" under Chapter IV)

Hispanic Hotline

230-3073

For school-related questions.

Montgomery County Community Partnership's Prevention Resource Center

929-8550, ext. 3009

Information and referrals regarding problems with alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs.

Parenting Helpline, Montgomery County Public Schools

929-2025

Schools, parenting, child development, and home and school issues 8:30 A.M.-5:00 P.M. weekdays.



Types of Treatment Programs Available

Detoxification:

Medically supervised detoxification is a three to seven day inpatient admission designed to ensure the safety and well-being of patients experiencing alcohol withdrawal syndrome and/or suffering from other ailments related to their chemical abuse.

Inpatient Treatment:

A 28-day residential program provides a structured supportive environment for those chemically dependent persons with intensive counseling needs and/or relapse risk that would be unmanageable outside an inpatient setting.

Outpatient Treatment:

Outpatient treatment can range from four to nine months depending on the individual progress of each patient. Through education and counseling both in a group and individual therapy sessions, each patient will learn the skills necessary, enabling them in a positive sense to recognize and resolve personal issues vital to recovery.

Self-Help Support Groups:

Self-help support groups are introduced at the very beginning of any level of treatment and include A.A., N.A., ALANON, Co-dependency groups, Alateen, ACOA and children's recovery programs.

How Do I Refer And/Or Seek Assistance?

- I. Referrals are most commonly made by professionals who may come in contact with a patient with a dependency problem. These may include employee assistance program coordinators, private therapists, social workers, parole officers, court system, family and friends of the sufferer.
- II. Referrals are encouraged and successful when the dependent person admits he/she has a problem and is willing to accept a recommendation to pursue treatment. Otherwise, motivating a dependent person for treatment will be a long, uphill battle.
- III. Referrals are made by matching the client's health care benefits to the agency accepting their benefit plan. In the case where there are no existing insurance benefits, referrals are made to several area treatment agencies functioning on a sliding fee scale basis. Also, a consideration should be made when making the referral to match the agency to the client's geographic location making treatment convenient and accessible to both the client and his/her family members.
- IV. Referrals can be made by contacting the listed treatment programs available or by contacting the employee assistance coordinator within your agency or company. (You may also qualify to use an Employee Assistance Program at a family member's place of employment). All calls remain strictly confidential.

ERIC

Full Text Provided by ERIC

Resources:

Counseling, Therapy, and Treatment Services

Adult Addiction Treatment Program, Montgomery County Government

For People over 18 years of age. 217-1680 Lawrence Court Halfway House 279-1202

Affiliated Community Counselors

251-8965

Individual, couples, and family counseling and therapy.

Adolescent Treatment and Family Therapy Services, Montgomery County Government

217-1430 for adolescents

217-1450 for children 12 years of age and under

Family, individual, and group counseling for youth exhibiting problem behaviors as a result of alcohol and other drug abuse or emotional disorders. Available only to Montgomery County residents who do not have insurance coverage for these services.

AMIGO

279-5866

Free counseling for Spanish-speaking individuals and families with children attending Rolling Terrace, New Hampshire Estates, Piney Branch, Highland, and Highland View Elementary Schools.

Catholic Charities

434-2550

Counseling of families and unwed parents. Foster homes and group homes for infants, children and adolescents.

Child and Adolescent Community Support Services, Montgomery County Government

217-1385

Counseling services for families including children under 18. Available only to county residents who do not have insurance coverage for these services.

Child Center and Adult Services

279-5866

Twelve-session counseling program for children ages 6-12 and their parents.

Child and Adolescent Outpatient Treatment Services

Children: 217-1450 Adolescent: 217-1430

Evaluation and treatment of children with emotional disorders and counseling for their parents.

Children of Separation and Divorce Center

384-0079

Parenting seminars and individual counseling for families experiencing divorce.



Children's Services, Jewish Social Service Agency

881-3700

Individual, family, and group counseling for parents, families, and adolescents. Available to the public.

Community Psychiatric Clinic

933-2402

Counseling services for individuals, families, abused children, and couples. Addiction treatment also available

English as a Second Language (ESOL)

Program of Montgomery County Public Schools

Parent Center: 230-0674 Counseling Center 230-0675
Programs offer information and counseling services to parents in Spanish, Chinese, Vietnamese, Cambodian, Russian, French, Yiddish, Hindi, and

Korean.

A Family Place

929-0262

Support groups and counseling for families affected by alcohol or drugs. A 6-week program for children ages 6-11 and 12-16 is offered.

Family Services of Montgomery County

840-2000

Counseling services for couples, families, individuals, children and adolescents.

Frost Counseling Center

933-9033

Individual, group, and family counseling for children, and adolescents.

Jewish Social Service Agency

881-3700

Variety of classes and support groups for parents, children, and adolescents available to the public.

Karma Academy for Boys

340-8880

Intensive therapeutic residential services for young men who, because of alcohol or other drug abuse or behavioral problems, are not manageable at home. For ages 14 and up.

Make It Work: Workshop for Divorcing Families (Community Psychiatric Center, Inc.)

656-5220

Courses for parents and children experiencing divorce.

Mental Health Association of Montgomery County

424-0656

Programs for children, adolescents, and youth that promote emotional wellness.



Montgomery County Public Schools Counseling and Guidance Department

279-3584

Most public schools have a guidance counselor who can provide referrals to a variety of services.

Pastoral Counseling and Consultation Centers of Greater Washington

(703) 281-1870

Thirty centers in Washington metropolitan area provide pre-marital, marital, family, and adolescent counseling.

Second Genesis

656-1545

Twenty-four hour residential therapeutic community for people age 14 and up who want to recover from addiction to alcohol or other drugs.

Youth Services

Offer discussion groups and counseling for parents, adolescents, and children.

Bethesda Youth Services:	229-1347
Gaithersburg GUIDE:	590-9864
Kensington/Wheaton Youth Services:	933-2818
Olney GUIDE:	774-3581
Rockville Youth Services:	309-3390
Silver Spring Youth Services:	593-1160
Upcounty GUIDE:	972-0307



Other Important Numbers:

Chapter IV:

Where to find the help you need

Child Care

Child Care Connection

279-1773

Referrals to child care in the county.

Children's Resource Center

279-1260

Resources for child care providers and parents who have questions about child care, parenting, and child development.

Working Parents Assistance Program

217-1155

Assistance for low income families in paying for day care services.

Tutoring and Mentoring Programs

Concerned Black Men of Parkland

949-2934

A group of men tutor boys at Parkland Middle School in Rockville.

PALS Program

424-0656

Mentoring program for children and youth ages 7-17.

Raising Hispanic Academic Achievement

890-7986

Saturday morning tutoring for Hispanic students of all ages at Blair High School in Silver Spring.



Resource Centers and Libraries

Noyes Children's Library

929-5533

Contains large collection of children's books and offers programs for children.

Children's Resource Center

279-1260

Resources for child care providers and parents who have questions about child care.

Montgomery County Community Partnership's Prevention Resource Center

929-8550, ext. 3009

Videotapes, books, and literature on preventing ATOD use and abuse and related topics. Telephone information and referral service also available. Prevention information and training available to the community at no charge.

Montgomery County Library System

217-4636

Every library in the county contains materials relevant to the challenge of parenting. Also, many current activities and programs for parents and families are listed on the bulletin boards of libraries.

Single and Divorcing Parents

Center for Divorcing Families, Montgomery County Government

217-1170

Offers workshops about family law issues and publications about separation and divorce.

Children of Separation and Divorce Center

384-0079

Parenting seminars and individual counseling for families experiencing divorce.

Crossway Community

929-2505

Comprehensive transitional housing services for single parent families. Classes in life skills and parenting.

Fathers United for Equal Rights

927-7638

Education and referral regarding divorce and custodial care. Support groups for fathers.

Jewish Singles Information Hotline

654-5397



Jewish Social Service Agency

881-3700

Wide variety of classes and support groups for parents, children, and adolescents available to the public.

Mothers Without Custody

984-4307 or 540-4307

Support group for others whose children do not live with them.

Make It Work: Workshop for Divorcing Families

656-5220

Courses for parents and children experiencing divorce.

New Beginnings

384-0111

Support and discussion groups for newly separated and recently divorced single parents.

Parents Without Partners

(202) 638-1320

Self-help and social group for single parents and their children.

Project PRIDE

983-4200

Jewish non-sectarian support group for single parents and their children.

Women's and Mothers' Services

Commission for Women Counseling and Career Center

279-1800

Courses. services, and support groups for women.

La Leche League

(202) 269-4444

Offers support and expertise to mothers who want to nurse their babies.

Mothers Without Custody

989-4307

Support groups for mothers whose children do not live with them.

Parent Education and Responsive Life Skills (PEARLS)

565-9333

Crittenton Services of Greater Washington offers support groups and workshops which offer knowledge about parenting to pregnant women. Some classes are for teen mothers exclusively.

Men's and Fathers' Services

Fathers United for Equal Rights

927-7638

Education and referral regarding divorce and custodial care. Support groups for fathers.



Self-Help and Support Groups

Adult Children of Alcoholics (ACOA)

(202) 882-1334

Support self-help groups for people who grew up in a household in which one or both parents had a problem with alcohol.

Alateen

(202) 882-1334

Self-help support groups for teenagers who have a relative or friend who abuses.

Al-Anon

(202) 882-1334

Self-help support groups for people who have a relative or friend who abuses alcohol. An Al-Anon meeting specifically for parents meets Wednesday evening in Potomac.

Alcoholics Anonymous

(202) 966-9115

Spanish language service (202) 797-9738 Self-help support groups for people who abuse alcohol.

AMICAN

229-7811

Support group for parents of children and adolescents with mental illness or serious emotional disturbances.

Codependents Anonymous

(703) 536-6009

Support and self-help groups for people who are codependent.

Commission for Women Counseling and Career Center

279-1800

Courses, services, and support groups for women.

Crittenton Services of Greater Washington

565-9333

Support groups and workshops offer knowledge about parenting to pregnant women; some classes are for teen mothers exclusively.

Ephesians 5:18

439-7191

Christian-based support groups for people who abuse alcohol or other drugs.

A Family Place

929-0262

Support groups and counseling for individuals and families affected by alcohol or other drug abuse.

Family Support Center

718-2467

Workshops and ongoing support groups for parents and adolescents.



Fathers United for Equal Rights

927-7638

Education and referral regarding divorce and custodial care. Support group for fathers.

Mental Health Association of Montgomery County

424-0656

Programs for children, adolescents, and youth that promote emotional wellness.

Mothers Without Custody

989-4307

Support group for mothers whose children do not live with them.

M.O.M.S.: Mothers Offering Maternal Support

424-0656

Support groups for teen mothers.

Narcotics Anonymous

731-7221

Self-help support groups for people who have problems with drugs other than alcohol.

Operation Runaway

251-4545

Support groups for adolescents who are contemplating running away from home, or who already have run away, and their parents.

Parent Education/Family Support Program,

Montgomery County Public Schools, Department of Adult Education 999-9025

Many classes and support programs for parents.

Parents Anonymous

(410) 243-7337 (Collect calls are encouraged)

Self-help group for parents who want to improve their parenting skills and may have problems expressing their anger and frustration without using violence.

Parents and Friends of Lesbians and Gays

439-3524

Support group for parents, family, and children of lesbians and gays.

Parents of Multiples

649-7869

Support group for parents who have had twins, triplets, or other multiple births.

Parents Supporting Parents

424-0656

Support group for parents of emotionally troubled children.

Parent Survival Training

770-0194

Peer support group for parents of teenagers at The Open Door.



Project Family Outreach

656-5220

Parent and child discussion groups in areas such as stress management, self esteem, and communication.

Project PRIDE

983-4200

Jewish non-sectarian support group for single parents and their children.

Survivors of Incest, Anonymous

(202) 298-9750

Toughlove

Bethesda: 530-3597 Gaithersburg: 972-2847

Main number for metropolitan area: (703) 255-0575

Support groups for parents dealing with adolescent behavior problems which may be due to alcohol or other drug use.

Youth Services

Offer parent's discussion groups and counseling, and programs and counseling children and adolescents.

Bethesda Youth Services:	652-2820
Gaithersburg GUIDE:	590-9864
Kensington/Wheaton Youth Services:	933-2818
Olney GUIDE:	774-3581
Rockville Youth Services:	309-3390
Silver Spring Youth Services:	593-1160
Upcounty Youth Services:	972-0307

Services for Families

Living with a Person Who Has a Disability

Division of Disability Resources, Montgomery County Government

217-1246

Referral service to many resources for families dealing with a disability.

Jewish Social Service Agency

881-3700

Wide variety of classes and support groups for parents, children, and adolescents who are living with a disability.

Mental Health Association of Montgomery County

424-0656

Many programs for children, adolescents, and youth that promote emotional wellness for people living with a disability.



Montgomery County Department of Recreation

Eastern Region: 217-3980: Western Region: 983-4467; Northern Region; 217-3380.

Contact your region to see what activities are offered.

Parents Supporting Parents

424-0656

Support group for parents of emotionally troubled children.

Project Team

984-5792

Training courses for parents of children with a mental. physical, or emotional disability.

Services in Languages Other Than English

Alcoholics Anonymous, Spanish language

(202) 797-9738

Support self-help group for people who abuse alcohol.

AMIGO

279-5866

Free counseling for Spanish-speaking individuals and families in Rolling Terrace. New Hampshire Estates, Piney Branch, Highland, and Highland View Elementary Schools.

English as a Second Language (ESOL) Program of Montgomery County Public Schools

Parent Center, 230-0674 and Counseling Center, 230-0675 Services offered in Spanish, Chinese, Vietnamese, Cambodian, Russian, French, Yiddish, Hindi, and Korean.

Raising Hispanic Academic Achievement

890-7986

Saturday morning tutoring for Hispanic students of all ages at Blair High School in Silver Spring.

Takoma East Silver Spring (TESS) Community Center, Silver Spring 565-7675

Problem-solving assistance including income tax help, legal aid services, food stamp assistance, public assistance, emergency transportation, and refugee resettlement unit. Services in English, Spanish, and Vietnamese.



In Crisis Situations:

<u> </u>	
654-1881	
1 (800) 342-AIDS	
1 (800) 344-7432	
1 (800) 243-7889	
1 (800) 638-6252	
(202) 722-1245	
1 (800) COCAINE	
656-9161	
ederal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms 1 (800) ATF-GUNS to anonymously report suspicious gang, gun, and drug activity)	
1 (800) 231-6946	
770-0193	

Hotlines: 24-Hour

Abused Persons, Children, and Spouses

(to anonymously report underage drinking or sale of alcohol to minors)

217-1966

656-9420

738-2255

Abused Persons Hotline

Party Buster Hotline

Sexual Assault Hotline

217-4417

Crisis counseling and referrals.

Abused Persons Program, Montgomery County Government

Youth & Adult Crisis Hotline for Montgomery County

654-1881

Crisis intervention, counseling, shelter, support and advocacy for persons being physically, sexually, or emotionally abused and their abusers.

Chesapeake Institute

949-5000

Specialized therapy for sexually abused or assaulted children and adults. Services include individual, group, family, and marital therapy.



Child Abuse Hotline

217-4417

Call to anonymously report actual or suspected cases of sexual or physical abuse or neglect.

Child Protective Services, Montgomery County Government 217-4417

To report suspected cases of sexual or physical abuse, or neglect.

Human Relations Commission, Montgomery County Government 468-4265

Call to report cases of discrimination or physical injury due to discrimination.

Sexual Assault Service, Montgomery County Government 656-9490

Provides crisis counseling, support and advocacy to women and men of all ages who have been raped or experienced other types of sexual abuse.

Bereavement, Death, and Dying

Jewish Social Service Agency

881-3700

Variety of classes and support groups for parents, children, and adolescents.

Montgomery Hospice

279-2566

Provides care and support to terminally ill patients in their homes.

Seasons: Suicide Bereavement

493-8302

Self-help support group for families and individuals who have experienced a loss by suicide.



With Health Matters:

Health Services

AIDS Program, Montgomery County Government

217-7681

Information and anonymous testing.

Child and Adolescent Health Program, Montgomery County Government

217-1600

Child health clinics offer medical and health screening and immunizations.

Colesville Health Center, Silver Spring

989-1900

Family health care including dental, maternity, family planning, and immunizations.

Community Clinic, Inc., Rockville

340-9666

Routine general medical services, and legal clinic.

Developmental Evaluation Services for Children

279-1178

Multidisciplinary team approach to diagnostic evaluation of infants and preschool children.

Germantown Health Center, Germantown

217-3260

Family health care including dental, maternity, family planning, and immunizations.

Health Care for the Homeless, Community Clinic, Rockville

340-9666

Primary health care to homeless men, women, and children.

Mobile Medical Care

460-3535

Family health care in many locations around the county.

Rockville Health Center, Rockville

217-1645

Family health care including dental, maternity, family planning, and immunizations.

Reginald S. Lourie Children's Center for Infants and Young Children 984-4444

Prevention and treatment for children with behavioral, emotional, movement and coordination, and/or speech and language problems.

Silver Spring Health Center, Silver Spring

217-3160

Family health services including TB testing for children and immunizations.



Stopping AIDS For Everyone: S.A.F.E.

657-0058 (Landon School Guidance Office)

Program of peer education about AIDS for high school students.

Wheaton Health Center, Wheaton

217-4888

Family health services including family planning clinics, immunizations, and counseling.

Whitman-Walker Clinic

439-0733

HIV and AIDS testing, counseling, and treatment.

Housing and Shelter

Baptist Home for Children

365-4480

Long-term group residential care for adolescents ages 12-19. Homeless shelter for families. Family counseling.

Boys and Girls Homes of Montgomery County

589-8444

Permanent group housing and temporary shelter for adolescents in eight facilities around the county. Foster care. Family and individual counseling.

Catholic Charities

434-2550

Counseling of families and unwed parents. Foster homes and group homes for infants, children and adolescents.

Crossway Community

929-2505

Comprehensive transitional housing services for single parent families. Classes in life skills and parenting.

Housing Opportunities Commission, Montgomery County Government 929-6700

Information about low income housing in the county.

Karma Academy for Boys

340-8880

Intensive residential counseling services to young men ages 13-17 1/2 who are not manageable at home. Includes education and recreation programs.

PLEASE NOTE: The Montgomery County Government. The Department of Family Resources, and The Montgomery County Community Partnership do not endorse the services in this Parent Resource Guide, nor assume legal responsibility resulting from use of these services. This Parent Resource Guide is not intended to reflect all available resources to parents in Montgomery County, but is designed to serve as a handy resource for parents, youth, and families. Your comments about the usefulness of the Parent Resource Guide are welcome.



Other Important Numbers:

ERIC Pruit hast Provided by EBIC