DOCUMENT RESUME

EC 303 901 ED 381 954

Ysseldyke, James E.; And Others **AUTHOR**

TITLE Possible Sources of Data for Early Childhood (Age 3)

Indicators.

INSTITUTION National Association of State Directors of Special

Education, Alexandria, VA.; National Center on

Educational Outcomes, Minneapolis, MN.; Saint Cloud

State Univ., MN.

SPONS AGENCY Special Education Programs (ED/OSERS), Washington,

DC.

PUB DATE Nov 94 CONTRACT

H159C00004

NOTE

43p.; For a companion booklet, see ED 361 326.

AVAILABLE FROM

National Center on Educational Outcomes (NCEO), Publications Office, 350 Elliott Hall, 75 East River Rd., University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, MN 55455

(\$10).

PUB TYPE

Guides - Non-Classroom Use (055)

EDRS PRICE

MF01/PC02 Plus Postage.

DESCRIPTORS

Child Health; *Data Collection; *Disabilities;

Evaluation Criteria; Family Involvement; *Information Sources; Literacy; *Measurement Techniques; Models; Participation; Personal Autonomy; Physical Health; *Preschool Education; Responsibility; Satisfaction; Social Adjustment; *Student Educational Objectives

ABSTRACT

This booklet is designed to be used in developing a system of indicators of educational outcomes for 3-year-old children, including those with disabilities. The document summarizes a conceptual model of educational outcomes, lists specific outcomes for the early childhood level, and matches indicators with each of the outcomes. It then focuses on identifying information sources for each of the 62 indicators listed in the conceptual model. The model addresses eight outcome domains: presence and participation, family involvement/accommodation and adaptation, physical health, responsibility and independence, contribution and citizenship, academic and functional literacy, personal and social adjustment, and satisfaction. Sample information sources suggested for use in measuring the outcomes include: parent surveys or interviews, local or state poverty rate statistics, surveys of private and community day care programs, local education agency records, and teacher observations. Appendices list instruments for assessing each domainand sources of the instruments. (Contains 12 references.) (JDD)

are a price and a price a prince a price a pri

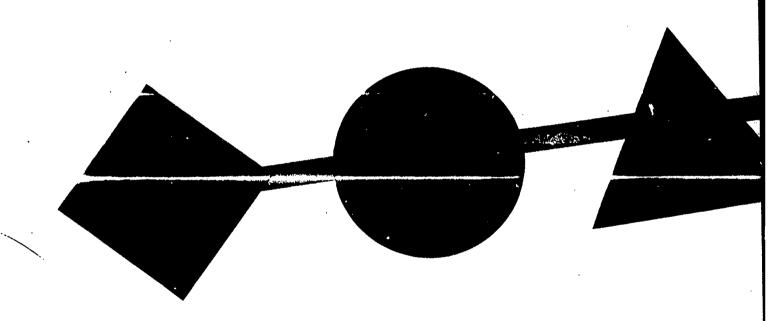


Reproductions supplied by EDRS are the best that can be made

from the original document.

Possible Sources of Data for Early Childhood (Age 3) Indicators

Points of view or opinions stated in this docu-ment do not necessarily represent official OERI position or policy



30390,



NATIONAL EDUCATIONAL

The College of Education UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

November, 1994

Prepared by James E. Ysseldyke, Martha L. Thurlow, and Ronald N. Erickson

Additional copies may be ordered for \$10.00. Please write:

Publications Office NCEO 350 Elliott Hall 75 East River Road University of Minnesota Minneapolis, MN 55455 The National Center on Educational Outcomes (NCEO), established in 1990, works with state departments of education, national policy-making groups, and others to facilitate and enrich the development and use of indicators of educational outcomes for students with disabilities. It is believed that responsible use of such indicators will enable students with disabilities to achieve better results from their educational experiences. The Center represents a collaborative effort of the University of Minnesota. the National Association of State Directors of Special Education, and St. Cloud State University.

The Center is supported through a Cooperative Agreement with the U.S. Department of Education, Office of Special Education Programs (H159C00004). Opinions or points of view do not necessarily represent those of the U.S. Department of Education or offices within it.

NCEO Core Staff:

Robert H. Bruininks
Judith L. Elliott
Ronald N. Erickson
Patricia J. Grafstrom
Kevin S. McGrew
Dorene L. Scott
Patricia S. Seppanen
Martha L. Thurlow, assistant director
James E. Ysseldyke, director

Acknowledgments

Several professionals contributed to the development of this publication. Those who supplied possible sources of information for the specific indicators are listed below along with their professional affiliations:

Steve Bagnato
University of Pittsburgh
Lizanne DeStefano
University of Illinois
Scott McConnell
University of Minnesota
Mary McEvoy
University of Minnesota
Corey Robinson
University of Colorado
Debbie Wood
Missouri Department of Education

An additional thank you to Kathryn Thor who assisted in the preparation of this document.

Editing and Desktop Publishing Trish Grafstrom



Table of Contents

Using Outcomes and Indicators	1
Conceptual Model of Domains and Outcomes	2
Presence and Participation	6
Family Involvement/Accommodation and Adaptation	9
Physical Health	13
Responsibility and Independence	16
Contribution and Citizenship	18
Academic and Functional Literacy	20
Personal and Social Adjustment	23
Satisfaction	26
References	29
Appendix	
Instruments for Assessing Each Domain	3
Sources of Instruments	



Using Outcomes and Indicators

As an educator you can't ignore the public's growing desire to know what the results of education are for all of America's students. But you may be asking yourself "Where do I begin?" The National Center on Educational Outcomes (NCEO) agrees that educational results are important and knows that finding the data to answer questions about results can be difficult. That's why NCEO has been working to help you get the information you need to get started.

After first developing a conceptual model of educational outcomes, NCEO produced the publication *Educational Outcomes and Indicators for Early Childhood (Age 3)*. This document explains the model (see Figure 1, page 2), along with specific outcomes and indicators of those outcomes for this early childhood level.

By using outcomes and indicators like those in NCEO's early childhood model, you can make data-based decisions about your early childhood educational system. You can also have goals that will increase progress toward desired outcomes. But first, you need to identify where you will get the information for each indicator. This easy-to-follow booklet will help you obtain the information you need.

Using This Booklet

In this booklet, which is a companion piece to Educational Outcomes and Indicators for Early Childhood (Age

3), you will find suggestions for possible sources of information for each of the 62 indicators listed in the conceptual model. As Figure 2 (page 3) indicates, each of the eight outcome domains (represented by diamonds) has several outcomes (circles) and indicators (triangles) of those outcomes.

As you read through this booklet, you will find that the information follows the order of outcome domains and outcomes presented in Figure 3 (pages 4 and 5). Indicators and possible sources of information are listed for each outcome (A1 to H3). For example, outcome A1 of Presence and Participation has four indicators: A1a, A1b, A1c, and A1d. Each of these indicators has several sources of information that can be used to get a measure of the degree that children are present and participate in their community.

NCEO wants you, along with state department and school district personnel, to use this booklet as a resource when developing a system to document indicators of educational outcomes for all students, including those with disabilitie. Documents listing sources of data are also available for models of educational outcomes and indicators at the early childhood (Possible Sources of Data for Early Childhood (Age 6)), school completion (Possible Sources of Data for School Completion Indicators) and post-school (Possible Sources of Data for Post-School Level Indicators)

levels. Additional sources of data will soon be published as companion pieces for Educational Outcomes and Indicators for Grade 4, and Educational Outcomes and Indicators for Grade 8.

For information on these and other helpful publications, turn to page 29.

As you implement your assessment program, NCEO strongly encourages you to share your results with NCEO staff. By doing so, your experience and information can be shared with state and local early childhood educators. Write or call NCEO, University of Minnesota, 350 Elliott Hall, 75 East River Road. Minneapolis, MN 55455, 612-626-1530.



Conceptual Model of Domains and Outcomes

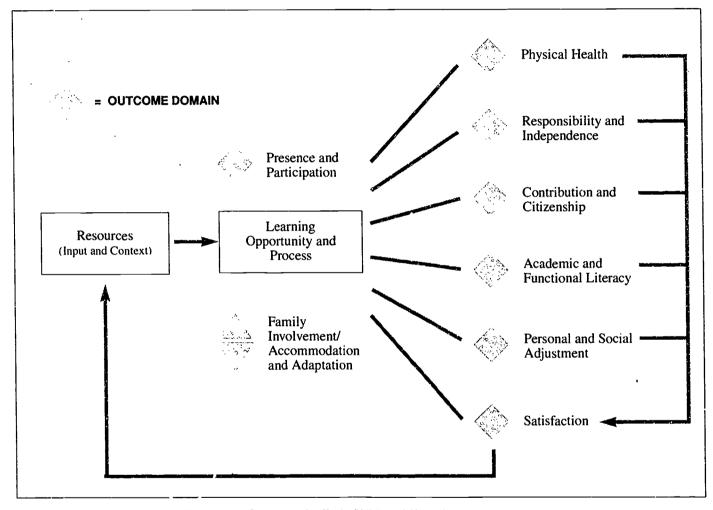


Figure 1. Conceptual Model of Educational Outcomes for Early Childhood (Age 3)



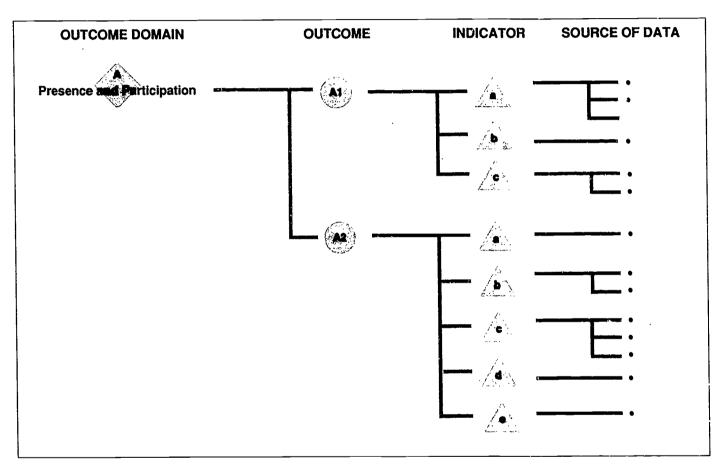


Figure 2. NCEO's Model of Outcomes, Indicators, and Sources of Data



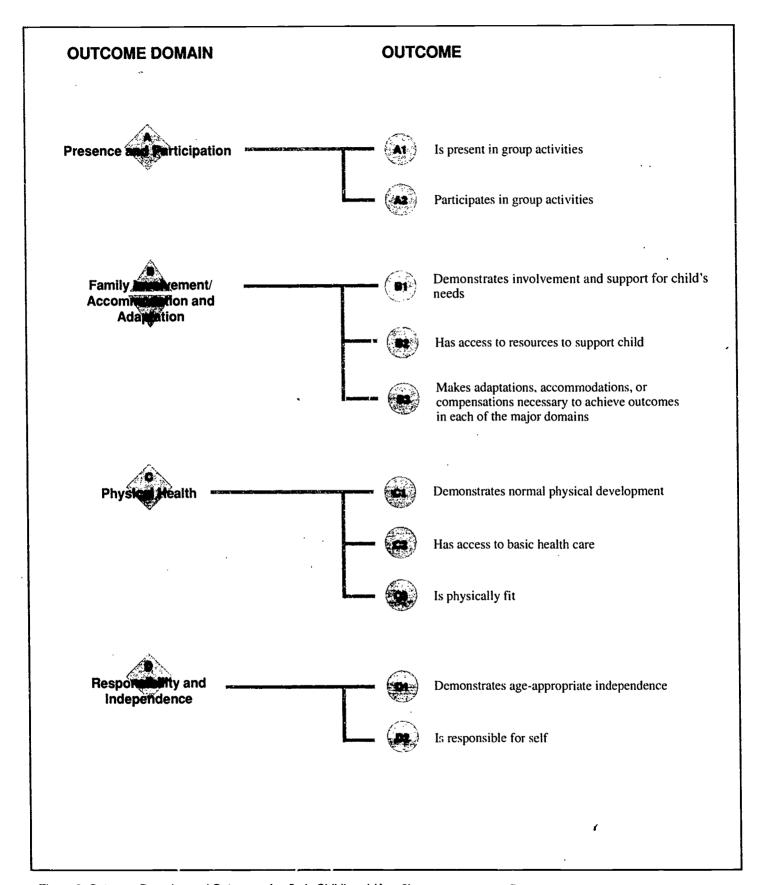
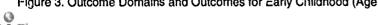


Figure 3. Outcome Domains and Outcomes for Early Childhood (Age 3)



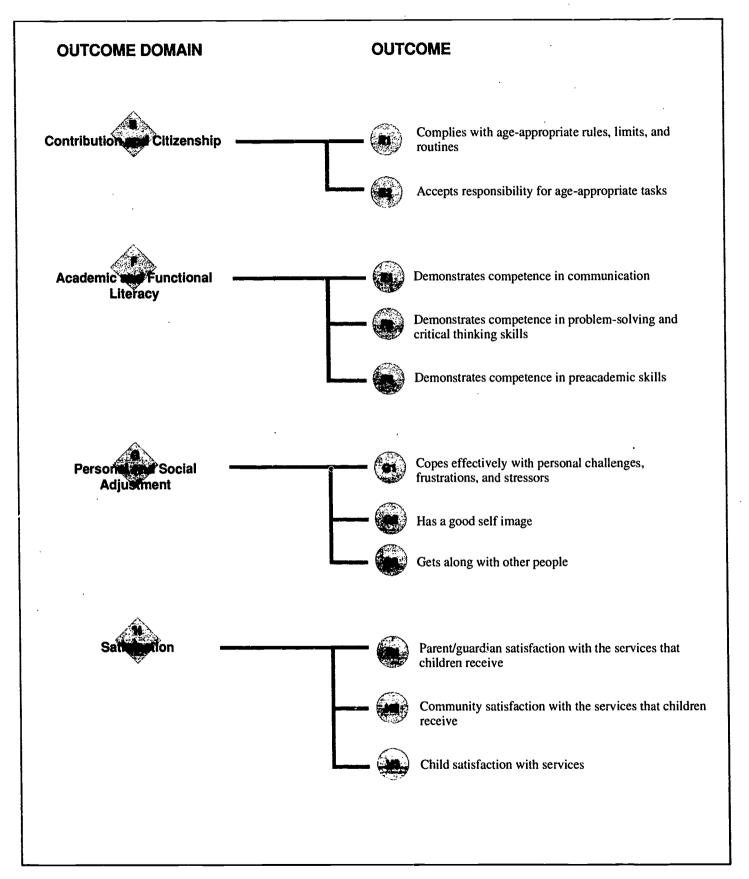


Figure 3., continued





OUTCOME



= INDICATOR



= POSSIBLE SOURCES OF INFORMATION

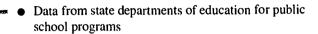




Is present in group activities



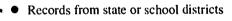
Percent of children enrolled in early care and education programs (differentiated by type of program and enrollment of children with and without disabilities)



- State licensing agency records for private day care facilities, nursery schools, etc.
- Data from the National Association for the Education of Young Children or Early Childhood Institute on Mainstreaming
- Data from the National Center for Education Statistics (for example, Access to Early Childhood Programs for Children at Risk or Profile of Preschool Children's Child Care and Early Education Program Participation)
- Survey of private and community day care programs



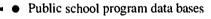
Percent of children excluded or terminated from programs for typically developing children



- Survey of Early Childhood Special Education programs
- Parent/guardian interviews taken at sites such as county health departments, WIC programs, screening programs



Absenteeism rate from day care, preschool, or other early childhood programs



- Survey of private and community programs
- Parent/guardian interviews





Is present in group activities, continued



Percent of children who received early intervention services who no longer need special education services Records from state departments of education or human services

• Local education agency records

• State child count data

State follow-up surveys for early intervention services

 Survey of Early Childhood Special Education programs or Parents As Teachers programs

Parent/guardian interviews

 Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*

*See Appendix for a full listing of published instruments that may be helpful in collecting pertinent data for this indicator.



11





🙈 = INDICATOR



= POSSIBLE SOURCES OF INFORMATION



Participates in group activities



Percent of children who participate in family activities

Parent/guardian or family survey or interview



Percent of children participating in community activities with parents, siblings, or friends

Records of city or county recreational programs

Survey of community organizations and/or park and recreation departments

Parent/guardian survey or interview

 Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*



Percent of children enrolled in early care and education programs who are engaged in ongoing activities within those programs

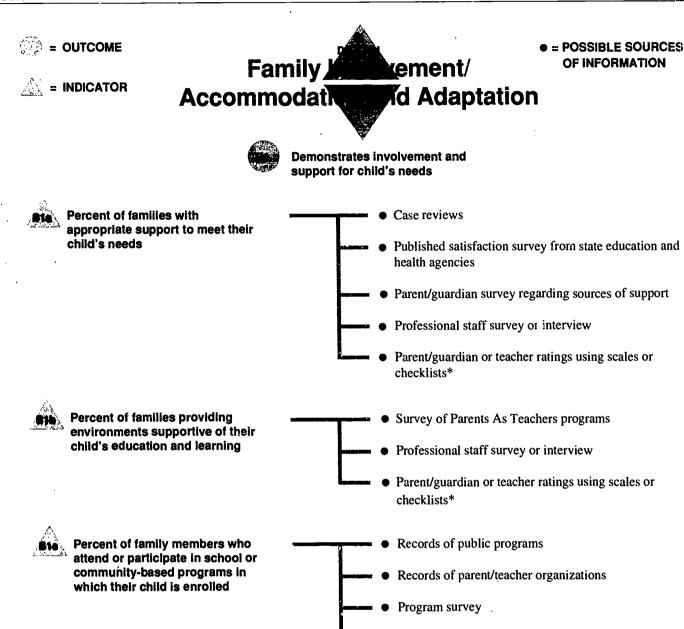
Records from public and private early childhood programs

Survey of early care and education programs to determine level of participation in ongoing activities

Parent/guardian survey or interview

Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*





Percent of children whose family system positively supports their development

 Items from the National Center for Education Statistics' National Household Education Survey

Parent/guardian survey or interview

Parent/guardian survey

Professional staff survey or interview

 Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*







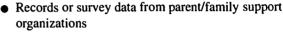
= POSSIBLE SOURCES OF INFORMATION



Has access to resources to support child



Percent of families knowledgeable about community resources and programs needed by their child



- Parent/guardian survey or interview regarding awareness of resources
- Survey of Parents As Teachers and Head Start programs



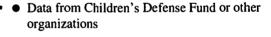
Percent of families who are connected to appropriate service providers/agencies



- Records from state departments of social or family services
- Case reviews
- Parent/guardian survey or interview to measure access to identified resources in the Individualized Family Service Plan



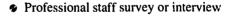
Percent of families with adequate social and economic resources to appropriately parent children



- Local or state poverty rate statistics
- Parent/guardian survey or interview regarding sources of support



Percent of families with appropriate parenting skills to anticipate and meet developmental needs of children



- Survey of Parents As Teachers programs
- Parent/guardian survey or interview
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*



^{*}See Appendix for a full listing of published instruments that may be helpful in collecting pertinent data for this indicator.

Family vement/ Accommodate and Adaptation



Has access to resources to support child, continued



Percent of families living in safe environments (free of community and family violence, and substance abuse) Community statistics on crime trends

• Data from state or local child protection services

• State demographic records on high risk indicators

• Data from state departments of health

• Data from home visits

• Parent/guardian survey or interview

 Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*

*See Appendix for a full listing of published instruments that may be helpful in collecting pertinent data for this indicator.

1 15





= INDICATOR



= POSSIBLE SOURCES OF INFORMATION



Makes adaptations, accommodations, or compensations necessary to achieve outcomes in each of the major domains



Percent of children needing adaptive devices or skills who use them to participate in activities in home, school, and community environments

- Data from local education agencies or state divisions of Early Childhood Special Education
- Medicaid/Medicare records
- Case review of goals, methods, and materials section in Individualized Family Service Plans
- Parent/guardian survey or interview regarding need for, access to, and use of adaptive devices
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*







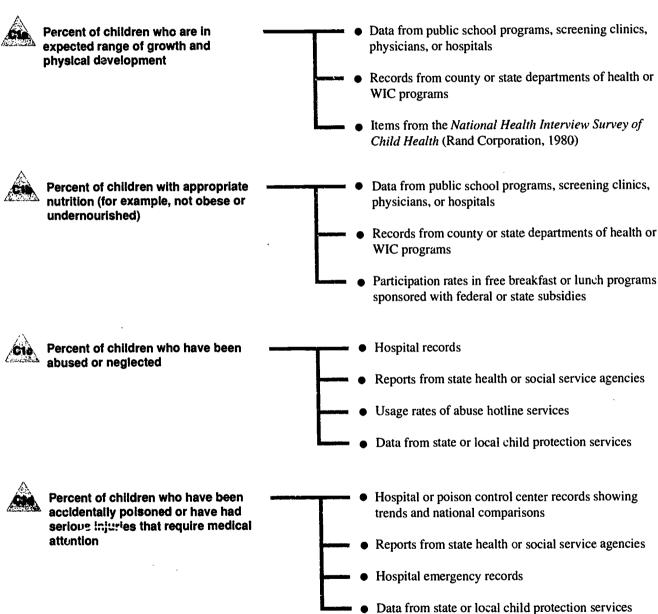




= POSSIBLE SOURCES OF INFORMATION



Demonstrates normal physical development









= INDICATOR



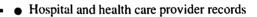
= POSSIBLE SOURCES OF INFORMATION



Has access to basic health care



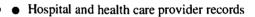
Percent of children who have received age appropriate immunizations



- Records from child care centers
- School health records
- Reports from state health or social service agencies
- Data from U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Services
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*



Percent of children who receive health care supervision including education, diagnosis, and treatment services



- Medicaid/Medicare records
- Review of Individualized Family Service Plans for children with disabilities who have chronic illnesses
- Records from state departments of education, health or human services
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*



Percent of children who have had a dental exam and appropriate treatment



- School health records
- Data from state departments of health
- Results from screening summaries
- Survey of local health departments



^{*}See Appendix for a full listing of published instruments that may be helpful in collecting pertinent data for this indicator.





= INDICATOR



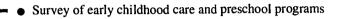
= POSSIBLE SOURCES OF INFORMATION



Is physically fit



Percent of children who actively engage in developmentally appropriate large motor play activities



- Teacher reports of early childhood lessons stressing gross motor playground activities
- Survey of local park and recreation departments regarding participation rates







= INDICATOR



• = POSSIBLE SOURCES
OF INFORMATION



Demonstrates age-appropriate independence



Percent of children who initiate and follow through on activities



- Parent/guardian survey or interview
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*



Percent of children who separate easily from parents/guardians in familiar and comfortable situations



- Parent/guardian survey or interview
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*

Percent of children who can occupy themselves without continuous adult involvement



- Parent/guardian survey or interview
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*







= INDICATOR



= POSSIBLE SOURCESOF INFORMATION



Is responsible for self



Percent of children who can feed themselves with limited assistance



- Parent/guardian survey or interview
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*



Percent of children who use the toilet with limited assistance



- Parent/guardian survey or interview
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*



Percent of children who dress themselves with limited assistance



- Parent/guardian survey or interview
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*







= INDICATOR



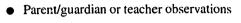
• = POSSIBLE SOURCES
OF INFORMATION



Complies with age-appropriate rules, limits, and routines



Percent of children who participate in simple routines in familiar environments



 Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*



Percent of children who follow simple rules/limits

Parent/guardian or teacher observations

 Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*

*See Appendix for a full listing of published instruments that may be helpful in collecting pertinent data for this indicator.



22





= INDICATOR



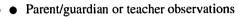
• = POSSIBLE SOURCES
OF INFORMATION



Accepts responsibility for age-appropriate tasks



Percent of children who help with simple tasks in natural environments



Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*







= INDICATOR



= POSSIBLE SOURCES OF INFORMATION



Demonstrates competence in communication



Percent of children who comprehend and effectively use verbal and nonverbal communication skills for self-expression and interaction with others



- Parent/guardian or teacher observations
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*



Percent of children who follow directions/respond to simple commands



- Parent/guardian or teacher observations
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*







= INDICATOR



= POSSIBLE SOURCES OF INFORMATION



Demonstrates competence in problemsolving and critical thinking skills



Percent of children who demonstrate an understanding of cause and effect



- Parent/guardian or teacher observations
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*



Percent of children who begin to participate in problem solving



- Parent/guardian or teacher observations
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*



Percent of children who demonstrate curlosity, persistence, and exploratory behavior in play and age-appropriate activities



- Parent/guardian or teacher observations
- Play-based assessment
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*



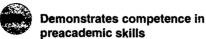




= INDICATOR



= POSSIBLE SOURCES
 OF INFORMATION





Percent of children who demonstrate an interest in books and listening to stories



- Parent/guardian or teacher observations
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*



Percent of children who demonstrate an understanding of basic relational concepts



- Parent/guardian or teacher observations
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*



Percent of children who begin to recognize that symbols/objects can be used to represent other objects and events



- Parent/guardian or teacher observations
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*



Percent of children who participate in and enjoy the arts



- Parent/guardian or teacher survey or interview
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*





lack

= INDICATOR



• = POSSIBLE SOURCES
OF INFORMATION



Copes effectively with personal challenges, frustrations, and stressors



Percent of children who deal with frustration and unfavorable events in age-appropriate ways



- Parent/guardian or teacher survey or interview
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*



Percent of children who differentiate familiar from unfamiliar people, settings, and situations



- ▶ Parent/guardian or teacher survey or interview
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*



- OUTCOME



= INDICATOR



POSSIBLE SOURCES
 OF INFORMATION



Has a good self image



Percent of children who demonstrate a positive sense of self-worth

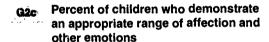
- Parent/guardian or teacher survey or interview
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*



Percent of children who perceive themselves as competent



- Parent/guardian or teacher survey or interview
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*





- Parent/guardian or teacher survey or interview
- Parent/guardian or teacher observations
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*







INDICATOR



• = POSSIBLE SOURCES
OF INFORMATION



Gets along with other people



Percent of children who initiate and respond to social contacts with other children



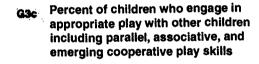
- Parent/guardian or teacher survey or interview
- Parent/guardian or teacher observations
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*



Percent of children who engage in extended social interactions with other children

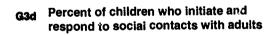


- Parent/guardian or teacher survey or interview
- Parent/guardian or teacher observations
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*





- Parent/guardian or teacher survey or interview
- Parent/guardian or teacher observations
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*





- Parent/guardian or teacher survey or interview
- Parent/guardian or teacher observations
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*

Percent of children who appropriately express needs to other children and adults



- Parent/guardian or teacher survey or interview
- Parent/guardian or teacher observations
- Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*



^{*}See Appendix for a full listing of published instruments that may be helpful in collecting pertinent data for this indicator.



OUTCOME



= INDICATOR



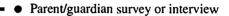
• = POSSIBLE SOURCES OF INFORMATION



Parent/guardian satisfaction with the services that children receive

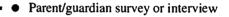


Percent of parents/guardians who understand early childhood services and rate them as effective, efficient, coordinated, and responsive in meeting child needs





Percent of parents/guardians who understand early childhood services and rate them as effective, efficient, coordinated, and responsive in meeting family needs





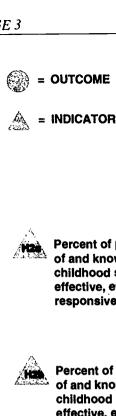
Percent of parents/guardians who are satisfied with their own level of involvement in educational decision making (differentiated by individual, local, and state)



Parent/guardian survey or interview

Parent/guardian or teacher ratings using scales or checklists*







= POSSIBLE SOURCES **OF INFORMATION**

Community satisfaction with the services that children receive

 Provider survey or interview Percent of providers who are informed of and know how to use early childhood services and rate them as effective, efficient, coordinated, and responsive in meeting child needs Provider survey or interview Percent of providers who are informed of and know how to use early childhood services and rate them as effective, efficient, coordinated, and responsive in meeting family needs Provider st ey or interview Percent of providers who are satisfied = with their own level of involvement with service-related decision making and delivery of services

Percent of community (policymakers, members of the business community, general public) who understand early childhood services and rate them as effective, efficient, coordinated, and responsive in meeting child needs

 Community member survey or interview Policymaker survey or interview

Percent of community (policymakers, members of the business community, general public) who understand early childhood services and rate them as effective, efficient, coordinated, and responsive in meeting family needs

Community member survey or interview

• Policymaker survey or interview





= INDICATOR



• = POSSIBLE SOURCES
OF INFORMATION



Child satisfaction with services



Percent of children who enjoy their participation in early childhood settings



- Parent/guardian observations or reports
- Teacher observations or reports
- Child interview



Vanderwood, M. L., & Ysseldyke, J. E. (1993). Consensus Building: A Process for Selecting Educational Outcomes and Indicators. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, National Center on Educational Outcomes.

Ysseldyke, J. E., & Thurlow, M. L. (1993a). *Developing a Model of Educational Outcomes*. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, National Center on Educational Outcomes.

Ysseldyke, J. E., & Thurlow, M. L. (1993b). Self-Study Guide to the Development of Educational Outcomes and Indicators.
Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, National Center on Educational Outcomes.

Ysseldyke, J. E., Thurlow, M. L., & Erickson, R. N. (1994a). Educational Outcomes and Indicators for Grade 4. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, National Center on Educational Outcomes.

Ysseldyke, J. E., Thurlow, M. L., & Erickson, R. N. (1994b). *Educational Outcomes and Indicators for Grade* 8. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, National Center on Educational Outcomes.

Ysseldyke, J. E., Thurlow, M. L., & Erickson, R. N. (1994c). *Possible Sources of Data for Early Childhood (Age 3)*. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, National Center on Educational Outcomes.

Ysseldyke, J. E., Thurlow, M. L., & Erickson, R. N. (1994d). *Possible Sources of Data for Post-School Level Indicators*. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, National Center on Educational Outcomes.

Ysseldyke, J. E., Thurlow, M. L., & Erickson, R. N. (1994e). *Possible Sources of Data for School Completion Indicators*. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, National Center on Educational Outcomes.

Ysseldyke, J. E., Thurlow, M. L., & Gilman, C. J. (1993a). Educational Outcomes and Indicators for Early Childhood (Age 3). Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, National Center on Educational Outcomes.

Ysseldyke, J. E., Thurlow, M. L., & Gilman, C. J. (1993b). Educational Outcomes and Indicators for Early Childhood (Age 6). Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, National Center on Educational Outcomes.

Ysseldyke, J. E., Thurlow, M. L., & Gilman, C. J. (1993c). Educational Outcomes and Indicators for Individuals at the Post-School Level. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, National Center on Educational Outcomes.

Ysseldyke, J. E., Thurlow, M. L., & Gilman, C. J. (1993d). *Educational Outcomes and Indicators for Students Completing School*. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, National Center on Educational Outcomes.



Appendix

Some of the individuals who suggested possible sources of data also cited assessments that might be helpful in collecting information on the indicators. To help you find available instruments, this appendix lists a variety of published materials that might be used for some of the indicators. Publication information for each assessment begins on page 38.

Please review these materials carefully to determine their usefulness in gathering data. Inclusion of any particular assessment within this appendix does not imply its endorsement by the National Center on Educational Outcomes or its funding agency.







= INDICATOR



= INSTRUMENT **APPLIES TO THIS INDICATOR**





Instruments for Assessment

Early Childhood

Environment Rating Scale

Social Skills Rating System

System to Plan Early Childhood Services









Instruments for Assessment

Family Needs Survey

Family Support Scale

Family Resource Scale

Home Observation for the Measurement of the

Environment Scale

National Survey of Children Educational Aspirations Scale

System to Plan Early **Childhood Services**



35





= INDICATOR



■ = INSTRUMENT
APPLIES TO THIS
INDICATOR







Instruments for Assessment







Early Screening Profiles

System to Plan Early Childhood Services

Responsibility Independence





Instruments for Assessment





Child Behavior Checklist

Denver Developmental Screening Test-II

. . .

Social Attributes Checklist

Temperament Assessment Battery for Children

. . .

. .

Vineland Adaptive

Behavior Scales

. .

- -





= INDICATOR



= = INSTRUMENT **APPLIES TO THIS INDICATOR**





truments for Assessment		A
Battelle Developmental		
Inventory Screening Test		
Beginning Milestones	• •	
BRIGANCE Diagnostic		
Inventory of Early		
Development		
Carolina Curricula:		
Preschoolers with Special		
Needs	• •	•
Child's Observation Record	•	
The Developmental		
Resource		
Help for Special		
Preschoolers Assessment		
Checklist: Ages 3-6	• •	
Learning Accomplishment		
Profile - Diagnostic Edition	• •	
Vineland Adaptive		
Behavior Scales		•









= INDICATOR



■ = INSTRUMENT **APPLIES TO THIS INDICATOR**

			(
Instruments for Assessment					Â		A	<u> </u>	
Battelle Developmental Inventory Screening Test			•		•		•	•	
Beginning Milestones	•	•	•	•	•	• •	-	•	
Boehm Test of Basic Concepts - Preschool Version						•			
Bracken Basic Concept Scale						•			
BRIGANCE Diagnostic Inventory of Early Development	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	
Carolina Curricula: Preschoolers with Special Needs	•	•	•	.	•		•	•	
Child's Observation Record	•		•	•	•		-	•	
The Developmental Resource	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	
Early Screening Inventory		•				• •			
Help for Special Preschoolers Assessment Checklist: Ages 3-6		•	•	•			•	•	
Learning Accomplishment Profile - Diagnostic Edition	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	
Preschool Language Scales	•	•							
Temperament Assessment Battery for Children					•				
Vineland Adaptive Behavior Scales	•	•	•	•	•		-	•	
Work Sampling System	•		•		•				







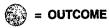
= INDICATOR



■ = INSTRUMENT **APPLIES TO THIS INDICATOR**

Instruments for Assessment					À						
Battelle Developmental Inventory Screening Test	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		•	
Beginning Milestones	•	•		•	•						
BRIGANCE Diagnostic Inventory of Early Development	•	-	•	•	•						
Carolina Curricula: Preschoolers with Special Needs	•	-	•	•	•						
Child's Observation Record						•	-	•		•	
The Developmental Resource	•	-	•	•							
Early Coping Inventory											
Ecobehavioral Assessment of Social Interaction (EASI)						•	•	•	•	•	
Ecobehavioral System for Complex Assessment of Preschool Environments (ESCAPE)						•	•	•	•	•	
Help for Special Preschoolers Assessment Checklist	•	•	•	•	•						
Learning Accomplishment Profile - Diagnostic Edition	•	•	•	•	•						
The Pictorial Scale of Perceived Competence and Social Acceptance for Young Children			•	•	•		•	•	×	•	
Social Attributes Checklist	•	•			•	-	•	•	•	•	
Social Skills Rating System						-	•	•	•	-	
Vineland Adaptive Behavior Scales	•	-			•			•		•	









■ = INSTRUMENT **APPLIES TO THIS INDICATOR**







Instruments for Assessment











Measuring Individual Participation on the **Interdisciplinary Team**

40



CARE CALL TO BE STORY BURNET OF A ST

Battelle Developmental Inventory Screening Test

Year: 1984

Publisher: DLM Teaching Resources (now owned by Riverside Publishing)

Beginning Milestones

Year: 1984 Publisher: DLM

Boehm Test of Basic Concepts -Preschool Version

Year: 1984-86

Publisher: The Psychological

Corporation

Bracken Basic Concept Scale

Year: 1984

Publisher: Psychological Corporation

BRIGANCE Diagnostic Inventory of Early Development

Year: 1978

Publisher: Curriculum Associates

Carolina Curricula: Preschoolers with Special Needs

Year: 1990

Publisher: Paul Brookes

Child Behavior Checklist

Year: 1980-88

Publisher: Thomas M. Achenbach

Child's Observation Record (COR)

Year: 1992

Publisher: High/Scope Educational

Research Foundation

Denver Developmental Screening Test-II

Year: 1990

Publisher: Denver Developmental

Materials

The Developmental Resource

Year: 1979

Publisher: Grune & Stratton

Early Childhood Environment Rating Scale

Year: 1980

Publisher: Teachers College Press

Early Coping Inventory

Year: 1988

Publisher: Scholastic Testing Service

Early Screening Inventory

Year: 1976-87

Publisher: Teachers College Press

Early Screening Profiles

Year: 1990

Publisher: American Guidance

Service

Ecobehavioral Assessment of Social Interaction (EASI)

Year: 1994

Available from: Mary McEvoy, Ph.D., University of Minnesota

Ecobehavioral System for Complex Assessment of Preschool Environments (ESCAPE)

Year: 1985

Publisher: Juniper Gardens Chil Iren's Project, Bureau of Child Research, University of Kansas

Family Needs Survey

Year: 1988

See: The Journal of Special Education, 22(1), 117-127

Family Resource Scale

Year: 1985

Publisher: Western Carolina Center

Family Support Scale

Year: 1984

See: Journal of individual, Family, and Community Wellness, 1, 45-52

Help for Special Preschoolers Assessment Checklist: Ages 3-6

Year: 1987

Publisher: VORT Corporation

Home Observation for the Measurement of the Environment (HOME) Scale

Year: 1984

Publisher: University of Arkansas

Press

Learning Accomplishment Profile - Diagnostic Edition

Year: 1983

Publisher: Kaplan Press

Rating Individual Participation in Teams

Year: 1981

Available from: D.B. Bailey, UNC-

Chapel Hill

National Survey of Children Educational Aspirations Scale

Year: 1992

See: Children & Youth Services Review, 14(1-2), 119-136

The Pictorial Scale of Perceived Competence and Social Acceptance for Young Children

Year: 1983

Available from: Susan Harter, Ph.D.,

University of Denver

Preschool Language Scales

Year: 1992

Publisher: Psychological Corporation

Social Attributes Checklist

Year: 1992

Publisher: Clearinghouse on Elementary and Early Childhood

Education



SOURCES OF INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Social Skills Rating System

Year: 1990

Publisher: American Guidance

Service

System to Plan Early Childhood Services (SPECS)

Year: 1990

Publisher: American Guidance

Service

Temperament Assessment Battery for Children

Year: 1988

Publisher: Clinical Psychology

Vineland Adaptive Behavior Scales

Year: 1984

Publisher: American Guidance

Service

Work Sampling System

Year: 1992

See: Meisels, S.J. The Work Sampling System: An overview. Ann Arbor:

University of Michigan



NCEO works in collaboration with St. Cloud State University and National Association of State Directors of Special Education



Printed on recycled paper with 10% post-consumer waste

